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The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1919.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Delhi, the 4th January 1919.

No. 9.—The Governor General in Council has learnt with great regret of the death of the Most Reverend George Alfred Lefroy, D.D., Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan in India and Ceylon. The late Bishop had worked in India for forty years and had held the See of Lahore for over thirteen years and that of Calcutta for nearly six. During the latter part of this period he had continued unfailingly to perform the functions of his office despite increasing ill health which finally forced him to resign. His death on the very day of his resignation is a heavy loss to the communities over which his duties had extended and will be regarded as a personal calamity by all those who had known his work and influence in India.

H. SHARP,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

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No. 1.] DELHI, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1919.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 3rd January, 1919.

No. 1.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. John Thomas Marten, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 2.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. C. E. Low, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 3.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Arthur Herbert Ley, C.I.E., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 4.—Mr. H. Moncrieff Smith, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, is appointed Joint Secretary in that Department from the 1st January, 1919, to the 31st March, 1919.

No. 5.—Mr. W. T. M. Wright, Attaché in the Legislative Department, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in that Department, with effect from the 1st January, 1919, *vice* Mr. H. Moncrieff Smith.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 2nd January 1919.

No. 29-C.—The services of Colonel W. E. Jennings, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 11th January 1919.

PORT BLAIR.

The 2nd January 1919.

No. 35-C.—Saiyad Bunyad Husain, Revenue Assistant in the Andamans, is appointed to be an Assistant Commissioner in the Settlement for so long as he holds his present office or until further orders.

J. H. DUBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 2nd January 1919.

No. 2-Est. A.—Captain E. W. Geidt, 1-107th Pioneers, is placed on special duty under the orders of His Britannic Majesty's Consul General and Agent to the Government of India in Khorasan for employment with the Khorasan Levy Corps, with effect from the 5th September 1918.

No. 8-Est. A.—Sir George Macartney, K.C.I.E., was employed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department during the period from the 11th August to the 25th November 1918, inclusive.

No. 4-Est. B.—Captain G. A. R. Spain, 1-103rd Mahratta Light Infantry, is appointed Second-in-Command (Infantry) Zhob Militia, with effect from the 1st December 1918.

No. 1-G.—With reference to notification No. 580-G., dated the 13th May 1918, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. Chow Kwo-Hsien as Consul for China at Rangoon has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

The 3rd January 1919.

No. 17-Est. A.—Sir George Macartney, K.C.I.E., is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for one year and nine months, with effect from the 26th November 1918, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

Notification No. 2188-Est. A., dated the 3rd October 1918, is hereby cancelled.

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The 2nd January 1919.

No. 12-Est. A.—Major D. M. Field, of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent, Southern Rajputana States, with effect from the 4th December 1918.

No. 25-I. B.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by section 26(*ii*) of the Regulation for the better administration of the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, 1895, the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt members of the Indian Defence Force from payment of the tax imposed by the Residency Orders Notification No. 44-J., dated the 25th May 1913, in respect of motor cycles owned by them, subject to the following condition, *viz.*,

that the exemption shall apply to officers and soldiers of a motor cycle company, platoon or section; to other officers and soldiers whose motor cycles are certified by the Officer Commanding their Corps to be in good order and of actual service for the work of the Corps; and to one motor cycle only for each officer or soldier.

The 3rd January 1919.

No. 19-Est. A.—The furlough granted to Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. Windham, C.I.E., of the Political Department, in Notification No. 998-Est. A., dated the 13th May 1918, is extended by one day.

No. 21-Est. A.—Captain P. G. Loch, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for 3 months and 15 days with effect from the 20th September 1918.

No. 22-Est. A.—Lieutenant D. V. MacCollum, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is appointed temporarily to officiate in the Political Department and is posted as Political Agent, Koweit, with effect from the 20th September 1918 and until further orders.

No. 25-Est. A.—Captain N. N. E. Bray, M.C., 18th Lancers, is appointed temporarily to officiate in the Political Department of the Government of India and is posted as Political Agent, Bahrein, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCE—WAR.

Delhi, the 4th January 1919.

No. 32-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

Additions.

Amidani, L. and Company, Shanghai.
Assurance Franco-Asiatique, Shanghai.
Bejonjee and Company, Shanghai.
Iqbalahmed, S. A., Shanghai.
Tai Sang and Company (Late Ben and Company), Swatow.
Takara, Yoko, Shanghai.
Toa Seima Kabushika Kaisha (Toa Jute Mill), Shanghai.
Tsirentschikoff, S., Shanghai.
Yih Dah, Shanghai.
Yung, Bartlett G., Shanghai.

Alterations.

Nile Rheams and Cie, Shanghai

should read

Nile Rheims and Company, Shanghai,

Th. Culty, So Kuan Yin Ssu Hutung, Peking

should read

Culty, Th., Peking.

Vicajee, F. and Company, Shanghai

should read

Viccajee, F. and Company, Shanghai.

Removal.

Ben and Company, Swatow.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 4th January 1919.

No. 70-D.—The following extracts from the Board of Trade Journals, dated the 21st and 28th November 1918, are published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT AND IMPORT SECTION.

Relaxation of export and import prohibitions.

The Board of Trade announce that the following relaxation of the existing prohibitions of export and import have been brought into force. Further relaxations will be announced in subsequent issues of the " Journal."

A.—EXPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The following is a list of the articles affected and of the changes made in the nature of the prohibitions applicable to each. In explanation of the changes it should be noted that goods on List A are prohibited to all destinations, and goods on List B to all destinations outside the British Empire, while goods on List C are prohibited only to countries neighbouring enemy countries.*

It will of course be understood that the existing position regarding trading with enemy countries is in no way affected by these modifications.

[NOTE.—Attention is called to the fact that by the Proclamation of the 1st October, 1918, *all goods*, whether mentioned by name or not (except printed matter and accompanied by personal effects), are prohibited on List C.]

* All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal, and to all Ports in any such foreign countries.

HEADINGS TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER.

Heading.	From List.	To List.
Agar agar	A	C
Aluminium, oxides of, and mixtures containing aluminium oxides	B	C
Aluminium sulphate	B	C
Alunite	B	C
Baskets and basket ware	A	C
Baudruche skin	A	B
Bedsteads, metal, and metal frames for bedsteads	A	C
Belting, cotton (including belting made with cotton duck, impregnated with balata or with rubber)	A	C
Bins, iron or steel	A	C

HEADINGS TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER—*contd.*

Heading.	From List.	To List.
Buckets, iron or steel	A	C
Camp equipment, military articles of, not otherwise prohibited	B	C
Carbons suitable for searchlights	A	C
Cerium and its alloys (except ferro-cerium)	A	C
Cinematograph films	A	B
Cotton belting, see Belting.		
Cotton canvas, duck or sailcloth, weighing more than 25 oz. per square yard	A	C
Cotton pulp	A	C
Cotton shoddy	A	C
Cotton wadding, and articles containing cotton wadding	A	C
Crucibles, plumbago	B	C
Curry combs	A	C
Electrodes, carbon, for electric furnaces	A	C
Ferro-chrome	B	C
Ferro-molybdenum	A	C
Fireclay, and articles wholly manufactured of fireclay, including firebricks	A	C
Forges, portable	B	C
Fuses	A	C
Gramophone and other sound records, including perforated music rolls	A	C
Graphite, and mixtures containing graphite	B	C
Harness and saddlery, materials and tools used in the manufacture of, the following :—		
Harness and saddlery-making machines and their component parts	A	C
Harness and saddlery tools, hand and machine	A	C
Needles for harness and saddlery-making machines	A	C
Hollow-ware, wrought, made wholly or partly from iron and steel sheet or plate, the following :— Bottles, empty ; braziers, cans, measures, scoops, pails, pans, riddles, skips, troughs and trunks ; cisterns and tanks ; domestic utensils ; fountains ; hods ; hoppers, seed	A	C
Horse, mule and pony shoes	B	C
Kola seeds (or kola nuts)	A	C
Lanterns suitable for camp use	B	C
Linoleum	A	C
Magnetos and component parts thereof	A	B
Matchets	A	C
Mercury, compounds of mercury, and mixtures and preparations containing mercury or its compounds	A	C
Mica waste, mica powder, micanite, and articles made from and insulating materials containing mica in any form	B	C
Nozzles, metal, having an orifice less than one and one-half inches in diameter	B	C
Ovens, suitable for camp use	B	C
Photographic materials, sensitised, of all kinds, whether exposed or not	A	C
Pickaxes	A	C
Raffia	A	C
Shovels	A	C
Signalling lamps and their component parts	B	C
Sparking plugs	A	B
Surgical bandages and dressings	A	B
Tantalum, alloys of tantalum, and ores containing tantalum	A	C
Tarpaulins	A	C
Tools,* small, the following :— Adzes ; augers ; awls ; bars, boring, jumping and pinching ; chisels ; choppers ; cleavers ; cramps ; crowbars ; drilling posts ; gimlets ; gouges ; knives, carpenters', coopers', farriers', glaziers', saddlers', and painters' ; pencils, carpenters' picks, rules, carpenters' and smiths' ; saws, hand, cross-cut frame and pit ; scrapers, mud, road and similar scrapers ; screwdrivers, shaves and snips, tinman's ; spanners ; spirit-levels ; squares, carpenters', fitters', smiths' ; trowels ; wedges, wood-splitting ; wrenches (except pipe wrenches)	A	C

* All other such tools named in the existing A prohibition remain prohibited as List A.

HEADINGS TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER—*concld.*

Heading.	From List.	To List.
Tubs, washing, iron or steel	A	C
Umbrella ribs, tubes and tube frames	A	C
Waggon covers	A	C
Watches and watch movements	B	C
Waxed paper	B	C
Wire, card	A	C
Wire, heald	A	C
Whalebone meal	A	C
Zirconium and its alloys	A	C
Zirconium minerals	B	C
Chemicals.		
Acetate of lime	A	C
Mantles, incandescent	A	C

HEADINGS REQUIRING ALTERATION.

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Aerated and Mineral Waters.	(A) Aerated and Mineral Waters except unsweetened mineral waters. (C) Unsweetened mineral waters.
(A) Aluminium, alloys of aluminium and manufactures of aluminium or of its alloys.	(A) Aluminium and alloys of aluminium. (C) Manufactures of aluminium or of its alloys.
(A) Bicycles and their component parts, except tyres.	(A) Bicycles, component parts of, except tyres. (C) Bicycles, complete, and bicycle tyres.
(A) Boots and shoes with soles or uppers of leather.	(A) Boots and shoes (children's), with soles or uppers of leather. (C) Boots and shoes (except children's), with soles or uppers of leather.
(A) Brooms and brushes	(A) Tooth brushes. (C) Brooms and brushes, except tooth brushes.
(A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds and their component parts and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot gun cartridges.	(A) Cartridges and charges of all kinds and their component parts. (C) Tools, appurtenances, etc.
(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof, suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives.	(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha) suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives. (C) Solvent naphtha.
(A) Copper manufactures the following :— All articles wholly or partly manufactured of copper or its alloys except articles partly manufactured of copper and its alloys in which the total weight of copper and copper alloy does not exceed 5 per cent. of the total weight of the article and does not exceed 56 lb.	(A) Copper or its alloys, all articles wholly or partly manufactured of except the following (which are on List C) :— Armlets, armbands, bedsteads and parts, belts, braces, buttons, calendars, cameras, candlesticks, clocks, and clock movements, collar studs, coffin furniture, dating stamps, dog collars, domestic balances, and spring balances, drawing pins, drawing instruments, electric lamps, electro-plate ware, fancy goods with metal mounts and fittings, fire-irons, fishing tackle, fountain pens, fountain pen clips, garters, golf clubs gramophones and gramophone parts, gauges, steam and water, hatpins, hair slides, harness and saddlery fittings, inkstands, lamps, letter clips, letter

HEADINGS REQUIRING ALTERATION—*contd.*

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
	balances, letter files, locks and lock furniture, military badges, manicure sets, mathematical instruments, measuring tapes and rules, musical instruments and parts thereof, nozzles, padlocks, pencil holders, pencil cases, pen-holders, pen nibs, photograph accessories, pipes and smokers' sundries, pocket electric lamps, pocket knives, safety razors and parts, spectacle and eyeglass frames, suspenders, thimbles, tie-clips, toys, games and athletic goods, umbrella and umbrella furniture, valves, walking sticks, whistles.
(A) Cork and cork dust and articles manufactured therefrom, not otherwise prohibited.	(A) Cork and cork dust. (C) Articles manufactured of cork and cork dust not otherwise prohibited.
(B) Equipment, military, not otherwise prohibited.	(B) Badges, military. (B) Buttons, military, made of metal. (C) Equipment, military, not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Firearms and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for use in connection therewith.	(A) Firearms and their component parts. (C) Tools, appurtenances, etc.
(A) Glue, osseine, and concentrated size (and other sizes and sizings made from glue), fishglue, isinglass, finings and other kinds of gelatine.	(A) Glue, osseine, and concentrated size (and other sizes and sizings made from glue), fishglue, finings and other kinds of gelatine. (C) Isinglass (not including gelatine).
(A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts, not otherwise prohibited, fish bladders and fish skins.	(A) Gluestock of all kinds, fish bladders. (C) Fish skins.
(B) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations.	(B) Hair, all manufactures, to all destinations, and except the following, which are on List C. :— Bedding, belting, carpets and carpet rugs, hats.
(A) Horns, animal, and articles manufactured therefrom in which the total weight of horn exceeds 50 per cent. of the total weight of the article.	(A) Ox and cow horn. (A) Horn, buttons and combs manufactured of. (C) Horn, manufactures of, not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Ivory, vegetable and manufactures thereof.	(A) Ivory, vegetable, and buttons manufactured thereof. (C) Ivory, vegetable, manufactures of, not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Leather.	(A) Leather except chamois, skivers and seal. (C) Chamois leather, skivers, seal leather.
(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming, and component parts thereof, including hand tools for agricultural or farm purposes.	(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming and component parts thereof, including hand tools for agricultural or farm purposes, except the following (which are on List C) :— Hoes; hooks, bill, brushing and reaping and similar hooks; matchets; mattocks; picks and pickaxes; planting bars; pruning saws and knives; shears, sickles; scythes.
(A) Needles, hosiery machine (latch and bearded).	(A) Needles, hosiery machine, latch. (C) Needles, hosiery machine, bearded.
(A) Nickel, its ores, alloys and manufactures (except nickel-plated goods not otherwise prohibited).	(A) Nickel, its ores and alloys. (C) Manufactures of nickel and its alloys.

HEADINGS REQUIRING ALTERATION—*concld.*

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Paraffin wax, and mixtures and preparations thereof containing 20 per cent. and upwards of paraffin wax, but not including wax paper.	(A) Paraffin wax. (C) Mixtures and preparations of paraffin wax.
(A) Resins, resinous gums and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc) and articles containing them.	(A) Resins, risinous gums and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc), and except the following, which are on List C :—Gum ammoniacum, gum Caramania (hog gum), gum galbanum, gum gamboge, guaiacum resin, Indian gum (gum ghati) jalap resin, kaladana resin, gum olibanum, podophyllum resin Indian podophyllum resin, gum sagapenum, gum Thus, and articles containing resins, etc.
(A) Salt.	(B) Salt other than rock salt. (C) Rock salt.
(B) Silk manufactures the following :— Tissues and fabrics of silk of all kinds (including artificial silk), whether pure or mixed . . and all made-up articles not otherwise prohibited.	(B) Silk bolting cloth. (C) Tissues and fabrics of silk of all kinds (except silk bolting cloth) . . . and made-up articles not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin and articles wholly or mainly manufactured of silvor	(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin. (C) Articles wholly or mainly manufactured of silver.
(A) Spices and mixtures thereof not otherwise specifically prohibited.	(A) Spices, the following :— (B) Black pepper, white pepper, cloves, ginger. (C) Spices not otherwise prohibited and mixtures containing spices.
(A) Terneplates and receptacles from terneplates.	(A) Terneplates. (C) Receptacles made from terneplates.
(A) Tinplates and receptacles made wholly or partly therefrom (not otherwise specifically prohibited), the following :— Receptacles, empty. Bottles, cans, measures, pots, pans, tins and bowls, empty. Lamps. Bakery, dairy and domestic utensils. Gas meters and component parts thereof.	(A) Tinplates. (A) Gas meters and component parts thereof. (C) Receptacles made from tinplates not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured.	(A) Tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured (except cigars and snuffs). (C) Cigars and snuffs.
(A) Tppewriters and parts thereof.	(A) Typewriters. (C) Parts of typewriters.
(B) Tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles (whether attached to a vehicle or cycle or not), together with articles and materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.	(B) Tyres for motor vehicles and for motor cycles (whether attached to a vehicle or cycle or not), together with . . repair of tyres. (C) Tyres for cycles other than motor cycles.
(B) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations.	(B) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations and except the following, which are on List C :— Bedding, carpets and carpet rugs, hats, and caps, ready-made wearing apparel.

B.—IMPORT PROHIBITIONS.

A General Licence has been issued to permit of the import of any quantity of the following articles. The licence will be valid for three months.

[The General Licence above referred to does not for the present relieve importers from the necessity for procuring a "permit to purchase" if the goods are imported from the United States. A further intimation in regard to this requirement will be made as soon as possible.

Fruit, canned, bottled and preserved.

Soap.

HEADINGS TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER.

Heading.	From List.	To List.
Anvils	A	C
Barographs suitable for aircraft	A	B
Binoculars and their component parts	A	C
Bobbins and their component parts	A	C
Compasses (other than ships' compasses) and their component parts	A	C
Cotton, wool and articles containing cotton wool	B	C
Dental instruments, appliances and materials (including dental chairs, artificial teeth and dental fittings manufactured mainly from gold)	A	C
Electric lamps	B	C
Field glasses and their component parts	A	C
Grindstones	A	C
Insulating materials, the following: Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk and tape	A	B
Shuttles and their component parts	A	C
Surgical bandages and dressings	B	C
Surgical instruments	A	C
Theodolites and their component parts	A	C
Chemicals.		
Acriflavine, proflavine, and other acridine derivatives, having antiseptic or therapeutic properties, and mixtures or preparations containing any of those substances	A	C
Amidol and mixtures containing amidol	B	C
Amidopyrine	B	C
Antipyrine (phenazone) and its preparations	A	C
Belladonna and its preparations	B	C
Belladonna alkaloids and their salts and preparations	B	C
Caffeine and its salts	B	C
Cascarilla bark	A	B
Citrate of iron and ammonium	A	C
Citric acid	B	C
Colocynth	A	B
Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium	B	C
Emetin and its salts	B	C
Guaiacol and guaiacol carbonate	B	C
Iron, reduced	A	C
Lycopodium	A	C
Metol and mixtures containing metol	A	C
Neo-Salvarsan	A	C
Phenacetin and its preparations	B	C
Pyrogallic acid, and mixtures containing pyrogallic acid	A	B
Salipyrine	B	C
Salvarsan	A	C
Senna leaves and pods	A	B
Strophanthus seeds	A	B
Tannic Acid	A	C
Thymol and its preparations	B	C

HEADINGS ALTERED.

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Emery and corundum and manufactures thereof, carborundum, alundum, crystolon and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof.	(A) Carborundum, alundum, crystolon and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof. (C) Emery and corundum and manufactures thereof (except such as are prohibited as parts of shoe-making machines).

HEADINGS ALTERED—*contd.*

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Platinum, alloys of platinum and manufactures containing platinum.	(A) Platinum, alloys of platinum and manufactures containing platinum except artificial teeth (which are on List C).
(A) Steel containing tungsten or molybdenum, and any tools or other articles made from such steel.	(A) Steel containing tungsten or molybdenum. (C) Tools or other articles made from steel containing tungsten or molybdenum.
(A) Steel and steel articles containing chrome, cobalt, nickel or vanadium.	(A) Steel containing chrome, cobalt, nickel or vanadium. (C) Steel articles containing chrome, cobalt nickel or vanadium.
(A) Thermometers.	(A) Thermometers, clinical. (C) Thermometers not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Wire rods and wire of iron or steel and articles manufactured wholly of such wire rods or wire.	(A) Wire rods and wire of iron or steel. (A) Wire cloth (iron or steel). (A) Wire netting (iron or steel). (A) Wire rope (iron or steel). (A) Nails manufactured from iron or steel wire. (A) Screws manufactured from iron or steel wire. (C) Manufactures of wire and wire rods not otherwise prohibited.

OTHER EXPORT RELAXATIONS.

In addition to the foregoing amendments an open General Licence will be issued by the War Trade Department on the 6th December which will permit of the export of flax and linen and hemp piece goods and make-up articles of flax and linen not otherwise prohibited to all destinations outside the area defined in Section C of the prohibited list.

B.—IMPORT PROHIBITIONS.

A General Licence will be issued on the 6th December to permit of the import of any quantity of the following articles. The licence will be valid until 1st March 1919.

This General Licence will not for the present relieve importers from the necessity for procuring a "permit to purchase" if the goods are imported from the United States. A further intimation in regard to this requirement will be made as soon as possible.

Mats and Matting.

Plaiting of all descriptions including plaiting of straw.

No. 72-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the schedule attached to the Notification in this Department No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

(i) *Delete* the following :—

(A) Medical stores and equipment of every description, including drugs not otherwise specified.

(A) Surgical stores of every description.

(ii) *Add* the following as new items :—

(A) Emetine and its salts.

(A) Gentian and its preparations.

(A) Ipecacuanha root.

(A) Neo-salvarsan.

(A) Novocain.

(A) Salvarsan.

(A) Trional.

No. 76-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (III of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in the preamble to the notification in this Department No. 3075, dated the 11th of May 1918, as subsequently amended, namely, for the third proviso substitute the following :—

(iii) The export of any article (other than rice, kerosine oil, or silver bullion or coin) shipped to any Indian port ;

CUSTOMS—ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 4th January 1919.

No. 28-D.—Mr. T. A. Stewart, I.C.S., is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service with effect from the 1st January 1919, or such subsequent date as he may assume charge of his duties; and is posted to Burma.

SALT.

The 4th January 1919.

No. 59-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the import and export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the schedule appended to this Department notification No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1818, as subsequently amended:—

Delete the following entries:—

(A) Saltpetre,

(A) Saltpetre, manurial mixtures containing.

And under the head "Chemicals, the following":—

(A) Potassium bicarbonate and carbonate and mixtures containing potassium bicarbonate and carbonate.

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS.

The 4th January 1919.

No. 23-D.—In pursuance of section 3 of the Indian Companies (Foreign Interests) Act, 1918 (XX of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare the Manipur Tea Company, Limited, to be a Company with restrictive provisions within the meaning of the said Act, and the following clauses of the Articles of Association of the said Company to be restrictive provisions:—

Article 4. A. The Company shall not be entitled to issue share warrants to Bearer.

B. Every application for the allotment of shares and every transfer of shares presented for registration shall be accompanied by:—

(1) In the case of an application made by, or transfer to an individual, a declaration by the applicant or transferee stating whether he is or is not a British subject, and whether he has or has not ever taken an oath of allegiance or otherwise become a citizen or subject of any, and, if so, what, enemy or foreign sovereign or State; and, if a British subject, whether he is a natural born British subject, or a British subject by naturalisation or otherwise, and if naturalised, whether he remains for any purpose in the allegiance of any and, if so, what, enemy or foreign sovereign or State.

(2) In the case of an application made by, or transfer to a corporation, a declaration made on behalf of the corporation by the Secretary or other officer authorised in that behalf stating whether the corporation is an enemy or foreign corporation or a corporation under enemy or foreign control, and

(3) In each of the said cases a declaration made as aforesaid, stating whether there is or is not any arrangement under which the applicant or transferee will hold the shares or any of the shares, if allotted or transferred to such applicant or transferee in trust for or on behalf of or in any way directly or indirectly under the control or directions of any enemy or foreigner or enemy or foreign State, or enemy or foreign corporation, or any corporation under enemy or foreign control, and if any such arrangement exists the nature thereof;

And in any case the Directors may, before making any allotment or passing any transfer, require such further evidence as in their absolute discretion they think necessary in support of any such declaration.

C. No share shall, without the previous consent in writing of the Government of India, be held by any enemy or by any member in trust for or on behalf of, or in any way, directly or indirectly, at the disposal or under the control or directions of any enemy or enemy State or enemy corporation or corporation under enemy control.

D. The Directors shall not, without the previous consent in writing of the Government of India, allot any shares or register any transfer of shares which it may appear from the declaration to be made under Clause B would upon such allotment or transfer be held in contravention of Clause C.

E. In the event of its being proved to the satisfaction of the Directors (*a*) that any share is at any time held in contravention of the provisions of Clause C or (*b*) that the declaration to be made under Clause B is untrue as regards any of the shares to which such declaration relates such shares shall in case (*a*), and may in case (*b*), be forfeited by resolution of the Directors, which shall be final and conclusive and not subject to question by any person on any ground whatever and upon such resolution being passed the holder of such shares shall cease to have any interest therein or claim against the Company in respect thereof or for the payment of any sums paid up thereon.

F. The Directors shall not, without the consent of the Government of India, allot any shares or register any transfer of shares, the allotment of registration of which would cause more than forty per cent. of the total of the issued share capital or more than twenty-five per cent. of the voting power for the time being of the Company to be held by foreigners and/or foreign corporations, or corporations under foreign control and/or by any person who as shown by the declaration to be made under Clause B holds shares in trust for or on behalf of or in any way directly or indirectly under the control or directions of any foreigner, foreign State, foreign corporation, or corporation under foreign control, and may also decline to register any transfer of shares to any person who, even though such person be a British subject, may by resolution of the Directors (which shall be final and conclusive, and not subject to any question by any person on any ground whatever), be declared to be an undesirable person to admit to membership, on the ground that such person is, in the opinion of the Directors, subject to the influence of any enemy State, body, person or corporation, or corporation under enemy control.

G. If at any time, by reason of the holder of any shares in the Company ceasing to be a British subject or dying, or coming under any arrangement under which he holds any share in trust for or on behalf of or in any way directly or indirectly under the control or directions of or becoming in the opinion of the Government of India subject to the influence of, any foreign State, body, person, or corporation, or corporation under foreign control, or for any other reason, more than forty per cent. of the issued share capital or more than twenty-five per cent. of the voting power for the time being of the Company is, without the consent of the Government of India held by or under the control of any foreigners, foreign State and/or foreign corporations, or corporations under foreign control, the Directors may at any time and shall at the request of the Government of India serve on the holder of the shares in question, a notice in writing requiring such holder to retire from the Company, and upon such notice being given, the Shares shall not confer any vote until they have been transferred.

PROVIDED ALWAYS that in the case of the 1949 shares in the Company numbered 1 to 1949 inclusive registered or intended to be registered in the names of Walter Osbern Grazebrook and Edward Snell Wallis Roberts it is required that the said Walter Osbern Grazebrook and Edward Snell Wallis Roberts or other the persons or person in whose names or name the said shares shall for the time be registered shall within the period of one year after declaration of Peace between Great Britain and Germany sell all the said shares to a British purchaser or purchasers of pure British nationality and origin PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS that the Government of India shall have power to extend the said period and that the said Walter Osbern Grazebrook and Edward Snell Wallis Roberts or other the persons or person in whose names the said shares shall for the time being be registered shall be entitled to act upon any directions or suggestions of the Government of India in respect of such sale and shall be free from all liability and responsibility for so acting the intention of these provisions being that the said Walter Osbern Grazebrook and Edward Snell Wallis Roberts or such other persons or person as aforesaid shall act in the matter of the said sale of the said shares or any part thereof in such manner as the Government of India may desire or approve.

H. If, within thirty days from the date of the service of such notice on such holder (hereinafter referred to as the "retiring member"), there have not been duly lodged for registration transfers to individuals being British subjects approved by the Directors as desirable persons to admit to membership of all shares in the Company held by the retiring member, executed both by the retiring member and the transferees, the retiring member shall be bound at any time within three calendar months from the expiration of such thirty days, when called upon by the Directors by notice in writing so to do, to sell and transfer all the shares in the Company for the time being held by him to any person selected by the Directors to purchase the same (hereinafter called the "proposed transferee"), at the price hereinafter mentioned.

I. The price shall be such price as may be agreed upon between the retiring member and the proposed transferee, or in default of agreement shall be such price as may be certified by the Company's Auditors for the time being, as being the fair value of the shares to be transferred.

J. The notice calling upon any retiring member to sell and transfer any shares in the Company pursuant to the last preceding paragraphs, shall state the name and address of the proposed transferee, and shall fix a time and place for the completion of the transfer, and should the retiring member make default in transferring the shares to the proposed transferee at the time and place so named, otherwise than by reason of default by the proposed transferee in payment of the purchase price therefor, the Company may receive the purchase price, and shall thereupon cause the name of the proposed transferee to be entered in the register as the

holder of the shares, and shall hold the purchase price in trust for the retiring member. The receipt of the Company for the purchase price shall be a good discharge to the proposed transferee, and he shall not be bound to see to the application thereof, and after the name of the proposed transferee has been entered in the register in purported exercise of the aforesaid powers, the validity of the proceedings shall not be questioned by any person or in any manner whatsoever.

K. In the event of any shareholder ceasing to be a British subject or coming, without the consent of the Government of India under any arrangement under which he holds any share in trust for or on behalf of or in any way directly or indirectly under the control or directions of any foreign State, body, person, or corporation or corporation, under foreign control, he shall within thirty days disclose the fact to the Directors, and failure to make such a disclosure within such period shall render the shares liable to forfeiture in the manner provided by Clause (*e*) hereof. Provided that no such right of forfeiture under this Article shall be exercised by the Directors without the consent of the Board of Trade.

L. No enemy shall be qualified to be a Director or alternate Director, and not less than three-fourths of the Board including the Chairman thereof, shall at all times be British subjects.

M. The office of a Director shall be vacated :—

(*a*) If he cease to be a British subject and by reason of his so doing there ceases to be a three-fourths majority of the Board who are British subjects.

(*b*) If he be called upon in writing by at least three-fourths of all the other Directors for the time being, to resign office on the ground that he is, in their opinion, subject to the influence of an enemy State, body, person, or corporation, or a corporation under enemy control and for that reason is not a desirable person to hold office as a Director and so that the opinion of a three-fourths majority of the other Directors so expressed shall not be subject to question or control by any person or on any ground whatsoever.

N. In these provisions :—

The expression " Director " includes any member of any Local Board or Committee of Management or other like body.

The expression " enemy " means a citizen or subject of any State which was on the 1st January, 1917, at war with His Majesty the King.

The expression " enemy corporation " means any corporation incorporated in and subject to the laws of any enemy State.

The expression "corporation under enemy control" means :—

(A) A corporation of which the majority of the Directors, or persons occupying the position of Directors, by whatever name called, are enemies.

(B) A corporation members of which, holding shares or stock conferring a majority of the votes, are enemies, or enemy corporations, or persons who hold such shares or stock directly or indirectly on behalf, or under the control or directions of enemies, an enemy state or enemy corporations.

(C) A corporation which is by any other means, whether of a like or of a different character, in fact under the control of enemies an enemy state or enemy corporations.

(D) A corporation the executive whereof is a corporation within (A), (B) or (C).

The expression " foreigner " means every person other than an enemy as hereinbefore defined, who is not a British subject.

The expression " foreign corporation " means any corporation other than a corporation incorporated in or under the laws of any enemy state which is not incorporated in and under the laws of and has not its principal place of business in some part of the British Empire.

The expression " corporation under foreign control " means :—

(*a*) A corporation of which the majority of Directors or persons occupying the position of Directors by whatever name called are foreigners.

(*b*) A corporation members of which holding shares or stock conferring a majority of the votes are foreigners or foreign corporations or persons who hold such shares or stock directly or indirectly on behalf or under the control or directions of foreigners a foreign state or foreign corporations.

(*c*) A corporation which is by any other means, whether of a like or of different character in fact under the control of foreigners, a foreign state or foreign corporations.

(*d*) A corporation whereof the executive is a corporation within (A), (B) or (C).

The expression "shares " shall include any securities issued by the Company which carry any power of voting with respect to the management of the Company, and the expressions "shareholder" and "share warrant" shall have a corresponding meaning. Any resolution purporting to give any power of voting by reason of which the limit of voting power imposed by Clause F would be exceeded shall be null and void.

O. For the purposes of the foregoing provisions, service of a notice shall be deemed to be effected by sending by registered post a prepaid letter containing the notice and addressed to the holder of the shares at his registered address, and service shall be deemed to have been effected at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

No. 25-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1915 (XIV of 1915), and in supersession of this Department notification No. 8359-W.-II, dated the 9th September 1916, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. G. Milne, I.C.S., to act as Custodian for the province of Bihar and Orissa, *vice* the Registrar of Co-operative Societies with effect from the afternoon of the 10th April 1918, for the purpose of receiving, holding and dealing with such money as may be paid to him in pursuance of the said Act.

No. 26-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1915 (XIV of 1915), and in supersession of this Department's notification No. 25-D., dated the 4th January 1919, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Director of Land Records and Surveys to act as Custodian for the province of Bihar and Orissa, *vice* Mr. G Milne, I.C.S., for the purpose of receiving, holding and dealing with such money as may be paid to him in pursuance of the said Act.

A. H. LEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 3rd January 1919.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 4.—Captain D. D. Goldingham, The Norfolk Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General. Dated 5th October 1918.

No. 5.—Captain W. W. Lang, Army Veterinary Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Director of Veterinary Services. Dated 18th December 1918.

No. 6.—Captain R. C. Lord, M.C, Royal Engineers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Major while employed as an officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer. Dated 17th October 1918.

No. 7.—Lieutenant T. L. Williams, The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 21st November 1918.

No. 8.—In Army Department Notification No. 1910, dated the 23rd August 1918, *for* "5th August 1918" *read* "4th June 1918."

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 9.—Captain G. H. Plinston, 11th Rajputs, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 2nd grade. Dated 7th November 1918.

No. 10.—The promotion of Lieutenant Elliot James Dowell Colvin, Political Department, to the rank of Captain, notified in Army Department Notification No. 719, dated the 14th August 1914, is antedated to the 9th January 1918, his previous forfeited service having been restored for good service in the field.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 11.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Anthony Edwin Almeida *seconded* is absorbed in the rank of Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain and to remain *seconded*,

Supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Alfred Beale is absorbed in the rank of Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain,

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Christopher Charles Augustus Wale, supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years, with effect from the 20th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 12.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Infantry Branch:

Arthur Cecil Balloch.	Dated 1st November 1918.
Cyril Quixano Henriques. Gerald Cairns Shannon.	} Dated 5th November 1918.
Edwin Bruce.	Dated 19th November 1918.

No. 13.—Lieutenant H. G. Rochfort, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while employed as a Garrison Engineer, Military Works Services. Dated 21st November 1918.

No. 14.—Army Department Notification No. 685, dated the 4th May 1917, so far as it relates to the promotion of Second Lieutenant Matthew White Halley, is cancelled.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 15.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) L. Arneil relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a brigade of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 26th October 1918.

Captain (acting Major) F. C. Hoare relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 26th October 1918.

Lieutenant L. Arneil to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 10th November 1918, *vice* Captain F. C. Hoare, vacated with effect from the 26th October 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Captain (acting Major) M. J. Curry relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 1st December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Foddy, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 1st December 1918.

Captain R. L. O. Carew to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 16th December 1918, *vice* Captain M. J. Curry, vacated with effect from the 1st December 1918.

Royal Artillery.

Captain A. B. Merrett, Royal Garrison Artillery, to be acting Major while commanding a Royal Artillery Depôt. Dated 23rd July 1918.

Captain C. T. W. King, Royal Garrison Artillery, to be acting Major while commanding a Mountain Artillery Depôt. Dated 23rd July 1918.

INFANTRY.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

The Buffs (East Kent Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. R. McDonnell relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 4th December 1918.

Machine Gun Corps.

Captain P. C. Lisle to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 19th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. W. Baring to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 19th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 16.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).

Captain R. F. Lewis to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 6th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. B. Souter, vacated with effect from the 21st November 1918.

27th Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. R. W. M. O'Keeffe, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 22nd November 1918.

30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).

Lieutenant G. R. Coles, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 10th November 1918, *vice* Captain F. V. Spooner, vacated with effect from the 26th October 1918.

31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. W. Muirhead, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. R. Campbell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 23rd November 1918.

Lieutenant G. R. Campbell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 8th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. W. Muirhead, vacated with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

37th Lancers (Baluch Horse).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. G. Collyns, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 12th November 1918.

Lieutenant G. G. Collyns, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 27th November 1918, *vice* Captain R. P. J. Mitchell, vacated with effect from the 12th November 1918.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. H. Jameson, D.S.O., attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 29th August 1918.

Lieutenant J. H. Jameson, D.S.O., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a wing. Dated 13th September 1918, *vice* Major F. G. Swayne, vacated with effect from the 29th August 1918.

Lieutenant L. R. Knight, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant A. J. L. Pritchard, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st October 1918.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant T. G. Partridge, Indian Army Reserve, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th June 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Captain A. C. H. A. Eales to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 7th November 1918.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).

Lieutenant D. H. Lee, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th October 1918, *vice* Captain W. H. H. Dawson, M.C., vacated with effect from the 5th October 1918.

Lieutenant A. W. Cameron, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th October 1918, *vice* Major J. H. G. Marriott, vacated with effect from the 12th October 1918.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Downie, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th September 1918.

Lieutenant A. M. P. Luscombe to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. Downie, vacated with effect from the 18th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. G. Jordan, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 5th October 1918.

Lieutenant C. F. B. Pearce to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. G. Jordan, vacated with effect from the 5th October 1918.

21st Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. M. Barnes, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 12th October 1918.

Lieutenant T. R. Lee, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 12th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. M. Barnes, vacated with effect from the 12th October 1918.

30th Punjabis.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. O. de Gale, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th October 1918.

Lieutenant L. M. Goodall, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. G. Parkinson, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Captain J. A. Story, M.C., to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 28th March 1918 to 12th May 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant I. P. Massy, vacated with effect from the 18th March 1918.

Captain A. F. Hamilton, M.C., to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 28th May 1918 to 27th July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain J. A. Story, M.C., vacated with effect from the 13th May 1918.

Lieutenant E. d'A. Monypenny, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 23rd October 1918, *vice* Major C. G. M. Plumer, vacated with effect from the 8th October 1918.

Lieutenant A. J. Revell to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant I. A. Kenworthy, vacated with effect from the 10th November 1918.

86th Carnatic Infantry.

Lieutenant S. J. W. Baldwin, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. A. Farbrother, relinquishes his acting rank with effect from the 13th November 1918.

93rd Burma Infantry.

Lieutenant E. P. Coffey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt. Dated 14th November 1918, *vice* Major J. W. J. Alves (deceased), vacated with effect from the 30th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. M. B. Highley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 25th April 1918.

98th Infantry.

Captain G. J. E. Manisty, 67th Punjabis, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 2nd April 1918 to 13th May 1918, inclusive.

107th Pioneers.

Lieutenant P. W Finch, attached, to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 23rd October 1918.

154th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant L. J. Clapp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 17th May 1918.

4th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain W. A. Gardiner to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 14th September 1918, *vice* Major E. F. D. Money, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 30th August 1918.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. B. Webb, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant E. C. O'Brien, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. B. Webb, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

64th (Bengal) Indian Labour Company.

Temporary Lieutenant G. W. Shaw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 4th June 1918 to 15th July 1918.

No. 17.—In Army Department Notification No. 2672, dated the 15th November 1918, relating to the relinquishment of acting rank by Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. C. Lloyd, Alexandra Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment), *delete* the words "The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached."

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 18.—Lieutenant Aga Murtaza Khan, Indian Land Forces, to be temporary Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, while employed with an Indian Cavalry Regiment. Dated 1st October 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 19.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, with effect from the dates specified :—

Harabilas Chatterjea.	Dated 28th October 1918.
Sudhansu Mohan Gupta.	Dated 26th November 1918.
Kalpathi Ramakrishna Pattar Chidambaram.	Dated 9th December 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

24th North Western Railway Battalion.

No. 20.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Major.

Ernest Bruce Beatson. Dated 1st April 1917.

20th Hyderabad Rifles.

No. 21.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Arthur Maurice Ward.
Frank Buckley.
William Gordon Ponsonby.
} Dated 16th December 1918.

No. 22.—In Army Department Notification No. 1563, dated the 13th July 1918, *for* 'Alexander Rankin Cox" *read* "Alexander Ranken Cox."

No. 23.—In Army Department Notification No. 2113, dated the 14th September 1918, against the names of Second Lieutenants Arthur George Pearce and William Russell Creeke *for* "Dated 1st April 1917" *read* "Dated 28th May 1918" and "Dated 29th May 1918," respectively.

No. 24.—In Army Department Notification No. 2574, dated the 2nd November 1918, *delete* the words "4th (Bombay) Group Garrison Artillery."

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 25.—In Army Department Notification No. 788, dated the 18th May 1917, against the name of Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) C. E. G. Norton, 7th (Queen's Own) Hussars, *for* "24th March 1917" *read* "24th April 1917."

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 26.—The Viceroy and Governor General of India has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 7th December 1918 :—

To be Aide-de-Camp.

Lieutenant C. M. G. Gordon Ives, Scots Guards, *vice* Captain (temporary Major) E. H. Arkwright, Royal Artillery, resigned.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 27.—The following direct appointments are made :—

22nd Punjabis.

Suraj Bhan to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 15th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

123rd Outram's Rifles.

Abdul Rahman to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 10th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Abbas Ali Shah to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 3rd May 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 28.—The following promotions are made :—

15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).

Jemadar Muhammad Afzal Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 6th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Muhammad Afzal to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; Quartermaster-Dafadar Inayatullah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 31st July 1918; Kot-Dafadar Ghulam Sarwar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Cavalry).

Jemadar Buta Ram to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 25th September 1918; Jemadar Sher Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 29th October 1918; Kot-Dafadar Sher Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th September 1918; Dafadar Khan Bahadur to be Jemadar, with effect from the 29th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).

Jemadars Sardar Khan and Lachho to be Subadars, with effect from the 19th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depôt, Roorkee.

Havildar Fazal Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

7th Divisional Machine Gun Battalion.

Jemadar Pakhar Singh (21st Kohat Mountain Battery, Frontier Force), to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th March 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Jemadars Shiucharan Singh, Bharat Singh and Raghunath Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 14th October 1918; Havildar Badan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Brahmans.

Naik (acting Havildar-Major) Bihari Pande, Lance-Naik (acting Havildar) Shiubalak Dube to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; Havildars Dhanraj Dichhit, Saligram Misr and Sribhagwan Upadhya to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Jemadar Partab Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Bhag Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

18th Infantry.

Quartermaster-Havildar Abdul Karim Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

21st Punjabis.

Havildar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildars Labh Singh, Lal Khan and Jag Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Havildars Surain Singh and Gurmukh Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 and Havildars Bishan Singh and Buta Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 30th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

47th Sikhs.

Colour-Havildar Hira Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

50th Kumaon Rifles.

Havildar-Major Gopal Sing Takuli, Havildars Sohan Sing Saun, Moti Chand and Bir Datt Kapri to be Jemadars, with effect from the 21st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Dayal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Allah Dad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Nadir Khan to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Bhagwan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Havildar Mahtab Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th September 1918 and Havildar Abuzar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

69th Punjabis.

Jemadar Suba Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Barru Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

71st Punjabis.

Jemadar Mathew to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; Jemadar Paul Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 3rd November 1918 and Jemadar Dhana Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

75th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Kasturirangam Pillai to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Loganathan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar R. Gnanabishegam to be Subadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

85th Burma Rifles.

Jemadar Mandabir Chetri to be Subadar, with effect from the 23rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

92nd Punjabis.

Havildar Chanda Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

112th Infantry.

Jemadar Hayat Muhammad Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th August 1918; Colour-Havildars Amir Ali Shah, Sanwalia Singh and Pirut Ram, Havildars Ahmad Din and Bhagwana Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

114th Mahrattas.

Subadar Ramchandar Bhosle to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 30th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

117th Mahrattas.

Havildar Gopal Sawant to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Jemadar Dula Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 25th May 1918; Jemadar Allah Dad Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 8th September 1918; Havildar Panna Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

151st Punjabi Rifles.

Jemadar Parmanand to be Subadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

152nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Chhog Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 7th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

154th Indian Infantry.

Havildar Ramsarup Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles.)

Havildar Hari Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th September 1918 and Havildar Setea Rana to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 29.—Civil Sub-Assistant Surgeon, No. 601 Bhola Ram who is employed on temporary military duty, in accordance with paragraph 16, Army Regulations, India, Volume VI, is temporarily granted, while so employed, the rank of Warrant Officer, with effect from the 15th July 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

No. 30.—His Excellency the Right Honourable Freeman Freeman-Thomas Baron Willingdon of Ratton, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., resigns the appointment of Honorary Commandant of the 4th Bombay Light Horse, Indian Defence Force. Dated 16th December 1918.

RETENTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 31.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Captain Christopher Charles Augustus Wale is retained in the service after the age of 55 years, until further orders, and will be borne as supernumerary in his rank and grade, with effect from the 20th September 1918.

REWARDS.

No. 32.—The following amendments are made to Army Department Notification No. 1938, dated the 9th November 1917:—

Under "Indian Distinguished Service Medal" *for* "No. 2450 Lance-Naik Jalal Din, Punjabis" *read* "No. 2450 Lance-Naik Jalal Din, Burma Military Police, attached Punjabis. and *for* "No. 1302 Lance-Naik Magar Singh" *read* "No. 1392 Lance-Naik Magar."

No. 33.—The following amendment is made to Army Department Notification No. 2051, dated the 30th November 1917:—

Under "Meritorious Service Medal" *for* "No. 2247 Havildar Kaze Khan" *read* "No. 2447 Havildar Kale Khan."

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 34.—The following extracts are published for information :—

Fifth Supplement, dated the 26th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, page 9963.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S.W.,
26th August, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia :—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Exalted Order.

* * * * *

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) William Nevile Campbell, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Colonel Thomas Aylet Harrison, Financial Adviser to the General Officer Commanding-in-Chief.

* * * * *

Third Supplement, dated the 15th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 11th October 1918, pages 12051, 12063, 12079, 12091 and 12101.

War Office,
15th October, 1918.

His Majesty The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following awards to the undermentioned officers and warrant officers in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

* * * * *

AWARDED THE MILITARY CROSS.

* * * * *

Lt. Edward Herbert Keeling, I.A.R.O.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He commanded the battalion machine guns and handled them boldly and efficiently. Although wounded he refused to be evacuated, and remained at duty with a besieged force. He was taken prisoner, but made a daring escape, and after severe hardships reached his own country safely. He showed the greatest pluck and devotion to duty.

* * * * *

Lt. Francis William Stewart, I.A.R.O.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when the enemy got round the flank and rear of camp. He collected all available old men, and by prompt dispositions and gallant leading held off the enemy until reinforcements arrived, thereby averting complete disaster. Although wounded he continued fighting, and throughout showed great pluck and tenacity.

* * * * *

The following are the correct descriptions of officers upon whom Rewards have recently been conferred :—

* * * * *

Capt. Charles Newton-Davis, M.C., M.B., I.M.S.
(M. C. gazetted 26th March, 1918.)

* * * * *

Fourth Supplement, dated the 15th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 11th October 1918, pages 12103 and 12105.

War Office,
15th October, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Meritorious Service Medal to the undermentioned warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men in recognition of valuable services rendered with the Forces in Mesopotamia during the present war :—

* * * * * *

INDIAN ARMY.

9 Coy. S./M. H. Ball, Indian Unattd. List.
6567 Sjt. F. C. Barker, S. & T. Corps.
20 Sjt. C. Berry, Indian Unattd. List.
Sub-Condr. H. Bruce, S. & T. Corps.
4th Cl. Asst. Surg. A. N. de Monte, Indian Sub. Med. Dept.
Sub-Condr. W. J. Dixie, S. & T. Corps.
S./Sjt. H. L. E. Grundy, Mily. Works Service.
S./Sjt. C. Harper, S. & T. Corps.
S./Sjt. J. Hiley, S. & T. Corps.
Sub-Condr. G. H. Holmes, Mily. Works Service.
Sub-Condr. H. Jones, S. & T. Corps.
5637 S./Sjt. (A./Cond.) R. W. Lindsay, Mily. Works Service.
S./Sjt. R. Love, Indian Misc. List.
9973 Pte. (A./Sjt.) S. R. Mennie, Vol. Rifles.
S./Sjt. (Sub-Condr. P. T.) W. B. Moorman, Indian Misc. List.
4th Cl. Asst. Surg. S. W. A. Moul, Indian Sub. Med. Dept.
S./Sjt. (Sub-Condr.) E. E. T. Poole, S. & T. Corps.
30058 T.-Sjt. H. Rees-Jones, S. & T. Corps.
Sjt. E. J. Rhodes, Indian Unattd. List.
S./Sjt. C. F. Rogers, S. & T. Corps.
Sjt. P. F. Stiff, Indian Unattd. List.
22 Sjt. J. Wilkinson, Indian Unattd. List.

* * * * * *

Fifth Supplement, dated the 15th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 11th October 1918, pages 12107, 12111, 12112, 12113 and 12114.

War Office,
15th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

* * * * * *

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

GENERAL STAFF.

Brig.-Gen.—Bt. Col. J. H. K. Stewart, D.S.O., Rif., Ind. Army, and to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst so empld., *vice* Col. (temp. Maj.-Gen.) T. Fraser, C.B., C.S.I., C.M.G. 3rd Oct. 1918.

* * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * *

Capt. C. A. L. Howard, Ind. Army, to be temp. Maj. whilst actg. as Comdt., Ind. Contingent. 16th Oct. 1918.

* * * * * *

The date of appt. to Ind. Army (on prob.) of temp. Lt. S. W. Whitaker, Gen. List, is 29th July 1918, with seniority from 1st Mar. 1918.

* * * * * *

INFANTRY.

* * * * * *

General List.—Tem. Lt. N. V. Smith, from a Serv. Bn., Durh. L. I., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Aug. 1918, with seniority 22 June 1916.

* * * * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. G. Sussex, M.M., from E. Surr. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 1 May 1918.

* * * * * *

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 3rd January 1919.

ORGANISATION.

No. 2.—The following Order in Council, dated the 8th November, 1918, is published for information :—

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

The 8th day of November, 1918.

PRESENT.

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

LORD PRIVY SEAL.
LORD STEWARD.
LORD SOMERLEYTON.
MR. CHANCELLOR OF THE DUCHY OF LANCASTER.
SIR AUCKLAND GEDDES.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India in Council, dated the 4th day of November, 1918, in the words following, *viz.* :—

" Whereas by Orders in Council dated the 20th March, 1891, and the 30th July, 1891, Her late Majesty Queen Victoria was graciously pleased to approve certain titles and ranks for the Officers of the Royal Indian Marine :

" And whereas by Order in Council dated the 18th June, 1917, Your Majesty was pleased to approve of the designation of the said Officers being changed in order to assimilate their titles to those of officers of the Royal Navy ;

" And whereas it is desirable that the Officers of the Royal Indian Marine should have the full status of Commissioned Officers :

" I beg leave, therefore, humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by Your Order in Council, to approve the following proposal :—

" ' Officers of the Royal Indian Marine shall receive from the Secretary of State for India in Council Commissions appointing to the Royal Indian Marine Service which may, at Your Majesty's pleasure, bear Your Royal Sign Manual.'

" The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty and the Army Council have signified their assent to this proposal."

HIS MAJESTY, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed.

And the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India in Council is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Almeric FitzRoy.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 3.—Temporary Lieutenant G. A. V. Howes, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 15th December 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th December 1918.

No. 926-P.—16.—It is hereby notified for general information, that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the Agency of the Bengal Nagpur Railway for a line of Railway on the 5′ 6″ gauge from the neighbourhood of Leiyo in the Bokharo Coalfield to serve the South Karanpura Coalfield, a distance of about 40 miles.

2. The survey will be known as the South Karanpura Coalfield Railway Survey.

The 2nd January 1919.

No. 1810-E.—18.—Lieut.-Col. H. A. Cameron, C.I.E., R.E., Controller of Traffic, is granted under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 8 months (privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period) with effect from the 5th January 1919 or subsequent date of relief.

No. 1810-E.-1—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1810-E.—18, dated the 2nd January 1919, Mr. H. B. Holmes, Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is appointed to officiate as Controller of Traffic until further orders.

No. 1810-E.-2—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1810-E.-1—18, dated the 2nd January 1919, Mr. G. Richards, Chief Engineer with the Railway Board, is appointed to officiate as Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, with effect from the afternoon of the 31st December 1918. From the 29th January 1919, he will hold the appointment sub. *pro tem.*

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 26th December 1918.

No. G.-365.—Dr. N. L. Sheldon, Ph: D., F.I.C., is placed on special duty at the Government Acetone Factory, Nasik Road, with effect from the 12th December 1918.

The 28th December 1918.

No. E.-729.—The services of Lieutenant F. W. Hart, A.O.D., lately Assistant Controller (Textile Stores), Munitions (Textiles) Depôt, Bombay, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

The 2nd January 1919.

No. E.-841.—Mr. L. Leigh Smith is appointed sub. *pro tem.* Manager and Chemist at the Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, with effect from the 1st December 1918, *vice* Dr. N. L. Sheldon transferred.

The 3rd January 1919.

No. E.-232.—Mr. C. S. Waite, C.I.E., Deputy Controller (Inspection), Calcutta, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 9th December 1918, under Articles 242, 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. E.-545 (1).—Mr. P. D. Woods, Assistant Controller (Stores), Calcutta, is appointed Assistant Controller (Hardware, Implements and Metals), Calcutta, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

No. E.-545 (2).—Mr. G. A. Meade, Deputy Controller (Stores), Calcutta, is appointed Deputy Controller (Miscellaneous Stores), Calcutta, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

No. E.-964.—Lieutenant A. D. Butchart, I.A.R.O., is appointed Deputy Controller (Oils and Paints) at the Headquarters of the Indian Munitions Board, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

T. RYAN,

Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 2nd January 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Disturbed conditions in the northwest gave rain or snow in Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province, Kashmir, the north and central Punjab, Sind and north Rajputana. With the exception of a few falls of rain in the south of the Peninsula, weather was dry in other parts of the country.

2. *Burma.*— } Weather was dry.
Northeast India, including Orissa.— }

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.— Mussooree had a light fall of rain.

Northwest India.—Nearly general snowfall occurred in Kashmir on the 30th, and nearly general rain in the northern half of Baluchistan on the 26th and 27th. Local falls of rain were reported during the week from the north and central Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind and north Rajputana.

The Peninsula.—Tinnevelly and Pamban had light falls of rain.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

December 26th. Chaman 1·25", Pishin 1·15", Quetta 0·95", Dalbandin 0·65" and Panjgur 0·61".

" 27th. Sonamarg 0·55", Dras 0·38", Quetta 0·39", Chaman 0·48" and Dalbandin 0·58".

" 29th. Hyderabad (Sind) 0·15".

" 30th. Sonamarg 2·77", Dras 1·15", Srinagar 0·69", Skardu 0·39", Rawalpindi 0·24", Khushab 0·30" and Hyderabad (Sind) 0·20".

" 31st. Srinagar 0·82", Sonamarg 0·44", Simla 0·20" and Pamban 0·57".

4. The week's rainfall is 20 per cent or more in excess in Kashmir, the Punjab Southwest, Baluchistan and Sind; and is 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Assam, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and the Madras Presidency. It was normal in the North-West Frontier Province and Rajputana West. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Rajputana, Central India West, the Bombay Deccan, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar. No rain is expected during this period in Gujarat. In the remaining divisions rainfall differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent.

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 2nd January 1919.			Rainfall data from 29th November 1918 to 2nd January 1919.			Percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0·3	0·7	−0·4	7·5	7·9	−0·4	−5	0
Lower Burma	0	0	0	2·0	0·7	+1·3	+186	+186
Upper Burma	0	0	0	0·4	0·6	−0·2	−33	−33
Assam	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·5	−0·5	−100	−100
Bengal	0	0	0	0·1	0·4	−0·3	−75	−75
Orissa	0	0	0	0·1	0·4	−0·3	−75	−75
Chota Nagpur	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·3	−0·3	−100	−100
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0·1	−0·1	−100	−100
United Provinces, East . .	0	0·1	−0·1	0·1	0·3	−0·2	−67	−50
United Provinces, West . .	0	0·2	−0·2	0·2	0·5	−0·3	−60	−33
Punjab, East and North . .	0	0·3	−0·3	0·3	0·7	−0·4	−57	−25
Punjab, South-West . . .	0·2	0·1	+0·1	0·4	0·4	0	0	−33
Kashmir	1·5	0·4	+1·1	3·1	1·7	+1·4	+82	+23
N.-W. Frontier Province . .	0·1	0·1	0	0·5	0·4	+0·1	+25	+33
Baluchistan	0·7	0·1	+0·6	1·4	0·8	+0·6	+75	0
Sind	0·1	0	+0·1	0·2	0	+0·2	—	—
Rajputana, West	0·1	0·1	0	0·1	0·2	−0·1	−50	−100
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	0·1	0·2	−0·1	−50	−50
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West . . .	0	0·1	−0·1	0·1	0·3	−0·2	−67	−50
Central India, East . . .	0	0·1	−0·1	0·8	0·5	+0·3	+60	+100
Berar	0	0·2	−0·2	1·6	0·7	+0·9	+129	+220
Central Provinces, West . .	0	0·1	−0·1	1·4	0·5	+0·9	+180	+250
Central Provinces, East . .	0	0·1	−0·1	0·7	0·3	+0·4	+133	+250
Konkan	0	0	0	0·2	0·1	+0·1	+100	+100
Bombay Deccan	0	0·1	−0·1	0·3	0·4	−0·1	−25	0
Hyderabad, North	0	0·1	−0·1	1·6	0·2	+1·4	+700	+1500
Hyderabad, South	0	0·1	−0·1	1·5	0·1	+1·4	+1400	—
Mysore	0	0·1	−0·1	1·0	0·6	+0·4	+67	+100
Malabar	0	0·2	−0·2	2·2	1·6	+0·6	+37	+57
Madras, South-East . . .	0·2	0·9	−0·7	6·3	5·5	+0·8	+15	+33
Madras Deccan	0	0·1	−0·1	0·4	0·6	−0·2	−33	−20
Madras Coast, North . . .	0	0·2	−0·2	0·9	1·6	−0·7	−44	−36

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 2nd January 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 28th December 1918.

Burma.—The week was practically rainless. Reaping of winter rice is nearing completion. Threshing and winnowing have commenced in a few districts in Upper Burma. Cultivation of miscellaneous winter crops is proceeding. Harvesting of cotton, groundnuts, winter rice and late sesamum is progressing. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Price of new crop unhusked rice in Rangoon is Rupees 111 and is above normal. The market for white rice is quoted at Rs. 320 per hundred baskets for new crop specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Rain is wanted for spring crops. Harvesting of winter rice, pulses and cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue. Outturn of winter rice, pulses and cotton and prospects of other crops except mustard are generally fair. Cattle disease is reported from three districts. Price of common rice has fallen slightly.

Bengal.—No rain fell during the week. Standing spring crops are suffering from want of moisture and their outlook is generally reported unsatisfactory. Reaping of winter paddy is proceeding briskly. Threshing continues. Average price of common rice has fallen by about 0·71 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week. Harvesting of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane continue. Prospects of standing crops are bad. Sowing of spring crops is still in progress in Purnia. Rain is urgently wanted in all districts. In Angul test works are going on at 13 places. Gratuitous relief was given to 971 persons. The price of common rice has risen in eight districts, fallen in three and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. Light showers fell in parts of the Orissa and Chota Nagpur Feudatory States. Harvesting of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane are going on. Condition of standing crops is bad.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Damage to crops by insects is reported from parts of Budaun and Benares. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring and extra crops are nearing completion. Harvesting and threshing of late rice is almost complete. Irrigation of spring crops, harvesting and pressing of sugarcane and picking of cotton continue in places. Standing crops are generally doing well and prospects of spring crops on area sown are at present fair but rain is badly wanted. Condition of agricultural stock is fair but cattle disease is still prevalent in parts of some districts. Fodder is getting scarce and dear. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Prices are almost stationary but tend to rise. Test works have been opened in Etawah, two at Meja and Bara in the Allahabad district, two in Banda and four in Jalaun district. Number on test works:—Etawah 1,762, Allahabad 155, and Jalaun 839. A poor house has also been opened at Banda. Number of persons relieved has not been reported.

Punjab.—Except for light showers in parts of a few districts the weather remained dry. Rain is badly wanted everywhere. Picking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue. The yield is below normal to normal on irrigated and poor on unirrigated areas. Sowings of wheat and other spring crops are proceeding in some districts and are below normal to normal. Condition of standing spring crops is average to good on irrigated and much below average on unirrigated lands. *Toria* is being harvested. The yield is below normal to normal. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is scarce in most districts. Sugarcane is being used as fodder. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary but have risen slightly in some districts. They are generally above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat:—Lyallpur 5½, Ambala and Lahore 6 and Ferozepore 6¼ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is greatly needed throughout the province. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan but restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu, and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Maize and *chari* are being reaped with average outturn. Prices of wheat: Peshawar 7$\frac{1}{16}$ and Dera Ismail Khan 7$\frac{13}{16}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—There was no rain during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—The weather was cold. Sowings and irrigation of spring crops are going on. The condition of cattle is poor in places owing to scarcity of fodder. Water is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. It was insufficient in Gwalior and Bundelkhand. Autumn crops are being harvested in Bhopal, Indore, Malwa and Southern States and have been completed in Gwalior and Baghelkhand. Cotton is being picked in Gwalior, Indore, Malwa and Southern States. Spring crops are being sown in Gwalior, Bundelkhand, Malwa and Southern States. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain in Bhopal, are indifferent in Gwalior except certain districts where they are average and fair elsewhere. Probable outturn is not satisfactory in Gwalior, average in Bhopal, except in Bhopal, itself where it is 10 annas, is expected below average in Dhir and Jhabua and fair elsewhere, except in Jaura, Rutlam and Sailana. Agricultural stock is bad in Gwalior and fair to good elsewhere except where cattle disease prevails. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal, Bundelkhand and parts of Baghelkhand, Malwa and Southern States. Prices are stationary. Poppy cultivation is in progress in Gwalior and Indore. Number on gratuitous relief in Bijna 57.

Central Provinces.—No rain fell anywhere during the week. The weather continues to be clear and cool with occasional clouds. Threshing and winnowing of autumn crops and picking of cotton are well advanced. Condition of spring crops is generally satisfactory and prospects are favourable. The supply of fodder and water is reported to be inadequate in parts of Hoshangabad, Betul, Chindwara and Berar. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Relief works in Sironcha continue and influenza still prevails there. The price of wheat and gram in Akola, rice in Betul, *juar* in Chanda, fell, while that of gram in Damoh and Chanda and *juar* in Akola rose by 1 and 1¾ seers per rupee. Other variations are unimportant but indicate a tendency to fall.

The report on Sironcha for last week is as follows :—

Influenza and cholera continue in Sironcha, but in Jubbulpore and Damoh public health is good except for after effects of influenza. Owing to weakness numbers on village gratuitous relief are larger. Charitable fund has been organised in Jubbulpore to provide clothing for the poor. Wandering is insignificant. Distribution of loans is in progress. Prices of food grains are high but stationary. Number on works :—Sironcha 261, Damoh 369, Jubbulpore *nil*, total 630. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—Sironcha 1,636, Damoh 654, Jubbulpore 1,476, total 3,769.

Feudatory States.—Spring crops are faring well.

Bombay.—Slight but beneficial rain fell during the week in parts of Sind. Standing crops are withering in parts of Poona, Satara and Karnatak ; elsewhere they are fair to good. Autumn harvesting is nearly over. Spring sowing is progressing wherever moisture is sufficient. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sind, Gujarat, East Khandesh and Sholapur. Fodder supply is generally deficient but is being supplemented under control arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in most districts Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Demand for labour is sufficient. Small test-works continue in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Ahmednagar.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. Autumn cotton is still being picked. Early rice is being harvested in parts, the crop has suffered in some districts. Spring crops are being weeded and need rain. Crop is generally fair to good, except in Aurangabad, Bir and Warangal districts. Late rice land are being prepared and sown. Cattle are healthy but disease is reported in some Taluks. Prices of grain have a slight downward tendency. *Juar* is selling at 2¼ seers per rupee in the Parbhani district.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Markets are fairly supplied. Standing corps are in fair condition. Harvested paddy and *ragi* outturn is poor to fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was cold. Reaping of rice continues. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was light in Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Pudukkottai and Tinnevelly and *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of eighteen districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in places for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in twelve districts. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of three districts. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of nine districts. Prices though fallen in parts are stationary or have slightly risen in majority of cases. Prospects are fair generally but conditions in parts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari are unsatisfactory. Relief measures are not required immediately except in one centre in Anantapur where weavers' relief has just been sanctioned.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 3rd January 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 21st December 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 30,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	..	1
		Ahmedabad District	8	8
		Kaira District	...	1
		Broach Port	1	...
	Central	Satara District	49	22
		Poona District	16	12
		Sholapur Town	2	2
		Sholapur District	7	6
	Southern	Belgaum District	23	19
		Dharwar District	12	12
		Bijapur District	62	27
	Sind	Keamari Port	1	1
	Political Charges.	Satara Agency	4	2
		Kathiawar Agency	9	4
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	16	12
		TOTAL	205	124
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	20	10
		Anantpur District	41	30
		Bellary District	18	1
		Coimbatore District	52	46
		Salem District	17	9
		Guntur District	18	10
		Kurnool District	1	1
		Malabar District	3	1
		Nilgiris District	1	1
		TOTAL	172	115
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna District	6	6
	Tirhut	Saran District	29	17
		Champaran District	5	5
		Muzaffarpur District	18	12
		Darbhanga District	59	47
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	8	8
		TOTAL	125	95

In the return for the week ending 14th December 1918, the following addition should be made :—
Bihar and Orissa—Gaya District, *add* 7 cases, 2 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	2	2
	Benares	Mirzapur District	1	1
		Ghazipur District	18	12
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	40	25
		Basti District	31	24
		Azamgarh District	26	18
	Lucknow	Rae Bareli District	6	2
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	9	8
		TOTAL	133	92
Punjab.	Ambala	Rohtak District	10	13
	Lahore	Gurdaspur District	1	1
	Rawalpindi	Jhelum District	2	1
		Rawalpindi District	3	4
		Mianwali District	12	1
	Multan	Lyallpur District	17	9
		Jhang District	3	2
	Native States.	Patiala State	5	5
		TOTAL	53	36
Burma.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	6	5
		Insein District	2	1
		Tharrawaddy District	17	14
		Prome District	6	4
	Irrawaddy	Henzada District	4	4
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	5	6
		Bhamo District	2	3
		Katha District	6	7
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	7	5
		Sagaing District	4	3
		Lower Chindwin District	12	6
	Magwe	Magwe District	3	3
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	15	10
		Yamethin District	5	3
		Myingyan District	11	11
	Native States.	Southern Shan States	2	1
		TOTAL	107	86
Central Provinces.	Nagpur	Nagpur District	2	...
		Balaghat District	5	3
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	73	56
		Jubbulpore District	15	8
		Seoni Town	15	12
		TOTAL	110	79
Mysore State.		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	25	23
		Bangalore City	22	9
		TOTAL	47	32

In the return for the week ending 14th December 1918, the following correction and addition should be made:—

Burma { Mandalay Town, *read* 1 case, 1 death for 9 cases, 7 deaths.
{ Maymyo Town *add* 4 cases, 7 deaths

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Gulburgah District	1	1
		Usmanabad District	8	7
		Medak District	110	79
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	57	40
		Secunderabad	11	11
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	5	4
		TOTAL	192*	142*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	4	5
		TOTAL	4	5
		GRAND TOTAL	1 148	810

* Includes previous weeks The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending December 21st were 156 and 121, respectively.

In the return for the week ending 14th December 1918, the following addition should be made —

Central India . Gwalior State . . . . one case, one death

DELHI:
The 4th January 1919.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.	Mean Mileage worked.			Total earnings for week ending			Earnings per mean mile worked for week			Total earnings from 1st April to—			Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, + 2 days.		Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18.	
	During official year 1917-18.	1913.	1917.	1918.	19th December 1913.	21st December 1917.	21st December 1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.	19th December 1913.	21st December 1917.	21st December 1918.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
State Railways.	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,696	2,695	9,17,400	11,27,404	12,14,000	344	418	450	2,87,97,392	3,94,52,167	4,28,42,000	1,40,44,608	...	33,89,833	...
Bezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	6,955	9,617	8,300	331	458	395	2,66,938	3,74,837	3,49,000	82,062	...	...	25,837
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,008	1,002	7,19,714	8,82,685	11,04,000	721	880	1,102	2,45,36,808	3,19,63,757	3,61,65,000	1,16,28,192	...	42,01,243	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,572	1,589	1,581	8,40,954	7,33,429	7,49,000	535	464	474	2,72,15,953	2,48,72,661	2,71,22,000	...	93,953	22,49,339	...
East Indian	865	2,549	2,618	2,612	20,17,339	24,65,675	23,77,000	791	942	910	7,33,38,537	8,38,73,774	9,75,64,000	2,42,25,463	...	1,36,90,226	...
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	19,87,732	21,33,761	2[illegible],19,000	784	817	964	5,65,47,591	7,33,00,323	8,22,46,000	2,56,98,409	...	89,45,677	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	45,035	75,089	78,8[illegible]	882	596	625	15,78,782	22,52,386	30,95,000	15,16,218	...	8,42,614	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	3,265	3,235	4,400	81	81	110	1,14,341	1,27,215	1,57,000	42,659	...	29,785	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*26,922	20,922	21,300	474	1,743	1,775	*11,63,145	6,56,763	8,17,000	...	3,46,146	1,60,237	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	423	5,610	5,800	13	74	76	43,335	2,19,858	2,26,000	1,82,665	...	6,142	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	387	2,585	2,551	2,55[illegible]	7,41,778	10,77,938	9,75,000	287	423	382	2,61,86,848	3,67,09,821	3,94,03,000	1,32,16,152	...	26,93,179	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,055	4,00[illegible]	16,89,664	21,19,318	21,60,000	421	523	540	6,21,18,973	8,69,39,258	9,21,55,000	3,00,36,027	...	52,15,742	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,76,432	5,45,976	4,30,000	298	343	270	1,67,31,328	2,02,59,611	2,24,81,000	57,49,672	...	22,21,389	...
Assam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,32,081	1,35,389	1,39,000	164	153	156	48,36,417	51,21,039	52,76,000	4,39,583	...	1,54,961	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,07,180	7,02,326	8,54,000	332	382	464	2,02,65,658	2,42,26,175	2,98,17,000	95,51,342	...	55,90,825	...
Burma	319	1,552	1,342	1,342	4,33,489	4,44,596	5,10,000	279	331	380	1,62,17,831	1,48,32,791	1,79,88,000	17,20,169	...	31,05,209	...
Burma Extensions	212	...	187	187	...	37,475	41,000	...	200	219	...	13,60,429	17,41,000	17,41,000	...	3,80,571	...
Southern Shan States	121	...	70	70	...	9,774	8,000	...	140	114	...	3,15,070	3,41,000	3,41,000	...	25,930	...
Dhone-Kurnool	72	...	32	32	...	2,858	2,500	...	89	78	...	89,065	1,05,000	1,05,000	...	15,935	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	24,753	39,476	33,700	199	318	272	9,68,398	14,30,862	14,70,000	5,01,602	...	39,138	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	168	287	303	287	35,107	50,321	63,500	122	167	221	15,36,451	18,12,148	23,01,000	7,64,549	...	4,88,852	...
Mysore	191	*411	401	401	*82,145	77,032	77,200	200	192	193	*27,15,395	28,22,971	30,82,000	3,66,605	...	2,59,029	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,451	1,587	1,587	5,98,609	6,99,647	6,51,000	364	441	410	2,00,86,338	2,58,48,907	2,57,54,000	56,67,662	...	...	94,907
Travancore Branch	151	106	106	146	17,977	19,848	25,600	166	184	175	6,60,324	7,76,319	10,24,000	3,63,676	...	2,47,681	...
Tirhoot	223	785	804	801	2,36,576	1,98,840	2,05,000	301	247	258	71,18,543	68,61,894	78,15,000	1,96,457	...	9,53,106	...
Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,310	1,800	...	77	60	...	95,812	98,200	98,200	...	2,388	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	83	32	32	32	2,480	2,657	1,500	76	81	45	92,138	1,04,776	86,400	...	5,738	...	18,376
TOTAL	495	26,189	26,737	26,693	1,15,77,010	1,36,23,201	1,42,60,400	442	510	534	39,31,37,465	48,62,00,689	54,09,70,600	14,78,33,135	...	5,47,69,911	...
All other Railways.																	
Amritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	17,476	8,929	8,000	312	159	143	6,33,555	3,49,067	3,58,000	...	1,75,555	8,933	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	25,543	25,700	...	568	571	...	8,02,129	9,91,000	9,91,000	...	1,88,871	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	21,401	15,088	17,700	187	132	155	7,41,997	6,33,939	7,51,000	9,003	...	1,17,061	...
Bina-Goona-Baran	60	148	149	149	11,773	7,821	10,200	80	52	68	3,90,101	3,38,110	3,59,000	...	31,101	20,890	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	257	192	239	239	58,501	1,04,397	72,800	278	437	305	23,15,995	32,77,045	32,87,000	9,21,005	...	...	40,045
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8,41,066	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mandra-Bhaun	70	...	47	47	...	2,947	[illegible]	...	63	51	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,11,000	...	...	[illegible]
Nagda-Ujjain	152	34	33	33	6,328	3,549	5,300	184	106	158	2,00,916	1,71,480	2,00,000	...	916	28,520	...
Nizam's Guaranteed State	416	334	334	334	1,22,643	1,24,840	1,61,000	367	374	482	43,72,134	48,34,070	52,38,000	8,65,866	...	4,03,930	...
Petlad-Cambay	192	34	34	33	5,992	7,077	7,200	176	208	218	2,08,666	2,48,133	2,71,000	62,334	...	22,867	...
Phagwara-Rahon	79	...	47	47	...	6,377	4,700	...	136	100	...	1,41,889	1,85,000	1,85,000	...	43,111	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	385	108	108	108	37,851	44,762	49,500	350	414	458	12,66,884	15,97,638	21,50,000	8,83,116	...	5,52,362	...
Salem District Board	65	...	4	4	...	328	500	...	82	125	...	(a)6,928	19,700	19,700	...	12,772	...
Sara-Sirajganj	97	...	53	53	...	5,358	8,900	...	101	168	...	1,99,612	2,74,000	2,74,000	...	74,388	...
Sialkot-Narowal	114	...	38	38	...	4,355	3,100	...	115	82	...	1,61,617	1,66,000	1,66,000	...	4,383	...
Southern Punjab (Main Line)	329	425	428	428	1,14,790	1,38,379	1,60,000	270	323	374	38,48,934	51,75,589	69,50,000	31,01,166	...	17,74,411	...
Jullundur-Doab	60	99	133	133	9,643	7,257	7,100	97	55	53	1,72,127	3,11,761	3,05,000	1,32,873	...	...	6,761
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	22,165	18,038	24,100	143	116	155	9,50,522	9,51,228	10,03,000	52,478	...	51,772	...
Tapti Valley	194	155	156	156	42,882	37,156	33,800	276	238	213	9,73,184	10,42,810	12,81,000	3,07,816	...	2,38,190	...
Tenali-Repalli	96	...	22	22	...	1,878	1,500	...	85	68	...	84,652	68,500	68,500	...	...	16,152
Ahmedabad-Dholka	84	34	34	34	2,331	3,038	3,800	69	89	112	91,472	1,12,587	1,15,000	23,528	...	2,413	...
Ahmedabad-Parantij	78	89	89	89	8,260	5,845	5,800	93	66	65	2,70,451	2,67,772	3,30,000	59,549	...	62,228	...
Bengal and North-Western	188	1,239	1,244	1,248	2,07,583	2,30,119	2,62,000	168	185	210	76,46,638	82,35,703	1,05,95,000	29,48,362	...	23,59,297	...
Bengal-Dooars	215	153	153	158	36,709	31,763	31,800	240	208	201	12,31,375	13,17,201	13,75,000	1,43,625	...	57,799	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	137	52	52	52	6,768	7,712	6,300	131	148	121	2,49,513	2,72,279	2,50,000	487	...	...	22,279
Bhavnagar State	148	227	249	249	28,892	31,369	38,900	127	126	156	10,49,902	13,33,618	19,26,000	8,76,098	...	5,92,382	...
Cooch Behar State	157	33	33	33	6,200	6,396	5,600	187	194	170	2,02,733	1,92,935	2,02,000	...	733	9,065	...
Dibru-Sadiya	322	86	86	86	27,330	28,486	22,600	318	331	263	9,66,084	9,80,215	9,51,000	...	15,084	...	29,215
Gaekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kaloi Kadi)	90	184	209	209	15,617	17,878	15,100	85	86	72	5,59,723	7,04,265	10,39,000	4,79,277	...	3,34,735	...
Gondal-Porbandar State	150	211	231	231	29,028	36,175	45,900	138	156	199	9,67,339	12,65,280	17,79,000	8,11,661	...	5,13,720	...
Hyd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	179	442	441	441	1,09,271	88,072	1,19,000	247	200	270	27,30,470	27,45,282	32,19,000	4,88,530	...	4,73,718	...
Jaipur State	69	73	107	122	5,656	5,460	6,900	78	51	57	2,12,035	2,80,620	3,58,000	1,45,965	...	77,380	...
Jamnagar	133	54	54	54	6,011	7,404	7,000	111	137	130	2,05,915	2,71,200	3,53,000	1,47,085	...	81,800	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	129	1,030	1,106	1,106	1,06,483	1,45,811	1,3[illegible],000	103	132	118	39,20,771	52,20,821	61,50,000	22,29,229	...	9,29,179	...
Junagad State	129	113	121	136	11,920	15,022	18,100	105	124	133	4,16,837	5,64,332	6,70,000	2,53,163	...	1,05,668	...
Kolhapur State	242	29	29	29	8,440	6,257	6,700	291	216	231	2,20,566	2,44,371	2,85,000	64,434	...	40,629	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	52	100	100	1[illegible]	5,310	4,875	5,900	53	49	59	1,50,043	1,86,823	2,08,000	57,957	...	21,177	...
Morvi (incldg. Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	2[illegible]2	93	93	93	13,993	18,501	17,000	150	199	183	5,67,467	6,88,802	9,82,000	4,14,533	...	2,93,198	...
Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	83	...	88	100	...	8,790	11,000	...	124	110	...	(b)1,40,121	4,20,000	4,20,000	...	2,79,879	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	219	55	56	56	10,544	18,085	10,100	191	323	180	3,54,600	4,65,111	4,34,000	79,400	...	...	31,111
Mysore-Arsikere (a)	49	...	...	105	...	...	6,100	...	...	59	...	...	2,46,000	2,46,000	...	2,46,000	...
Podanur-Pollachi	139	...	25	25	...	3,496	5,200	...	140	208	...	1,30,751	1,41,000	1,41,000	...	10,249	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	176	268	270	270	33,099	43,045	43,800	124	159	161	14,86,395	17,43,846	19,55,000	4,68,605	...	2,11,154	...
Sangli State	189	5	5	5	920	955	1,300	184	191	240	25,811	33,716	53,500	27,689	...	19,784	...
Secunderabad-Gadwal	71	...	103	103	...	6,715	5,300	...	65	51	...	2,64,786	2,57,000	2,57,000	...	...	7,786
Shoranur-Cochin	263	65	65	65	12,630	20,249	18,500	194	312	285	4,65,502	6,32,330	6,38,000	1,72,498	...	5,670	...
Tanjore District Board	162	103	112	112	15,205	16,606	16,400	148	148	146	7,25,575	7,01,189	6,38,000	...	87,575	...	63,189
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	79	67	67	67	6,608	5,425	4,500	98	81	67	2,05,806	2,09,047	2,33,000	27,194	...	23,953	...
Arni	141	116	117	118	28,497	15,887	23,200	246	135	197	8,06,939	6,34,046	6,17,000	...	1,89,939	...	17,046
Bilimora-Kalamba	34	...	35	35	...	1,029	1,000	...	29	29	...	39,949	62,500	62,500	...	22,551	...
Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur (d)	52	...	22	23	...	1,092	1,000	...	49	44	...	3,276	36,600	36,600	...	33,324	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	76	20	32	32	1,267	2,807	1,000	63	88	31	61,270	85,200	72,900	11,630	...	...	12,300
Dhond-Baramati	68	...	27	27	...	1,577	2,400	...	58	89	...	69,569	87,700	87,700	...	18,131	...
Ellichpur-Yeotmal	92	...	139	139	...	12,699	23,800	...	91	171	...	4,37,436	5,60,000	5,60,000	...	1,22,564	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	97	142	154	154	13,580	12,677	10,700	96	82	69	4,48,988	5,62,319	6,74,000	2,25,012	...	1,11,681	...
Godhra-Lunavada	42	...	25	25	...	658	800	...	26	32	...	40,144	48,400	48,400	...	8,256	...
Jacobabad-Kashmor	34	...	76	76	...	2,000	2,500	...	26	33	...	1,00,890	95,600	95,600	...	...	5,290
Khulna-Bagerhaut (e)	...	...	...	20	...	...	2,400	...	...	120	...	...	33,600	33,600	...	33,600	...
Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	49	...	99	102	...	4,298	5,200	...	44	51	...	1,85,014	2,19,000	2,19,000	...	33,986	...
Kosamba-Zankhvav	27	26	26	26	455	735	1,300	17	28	50	18,354	22,701	31,200	12,846	...	8,499	...
Nadiad-Kapadvanj	108	28	28	28	2,009	3,444	4,100	72	123	146	71,642	1,15,967	1,49,000	77,358	...	33,033	...
Pachora-Jamner (f)	...	...	...	25	...	...	1,800	...	...	72	...	...	32,000	32,000	...	32,000	...
Petlad-Vaso	66	...	19	19	...	1,533	1,200	...	80	63	...	49,740	62,000	62,000	...	12,260	...
Rajpipla State	67	37	37	39	1,932	2,632	2,500	52	71	64	86,390	96,377	1,14,000	27,610	...	17,623	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	485	51	51	51	19,565	22,985	16,400	384	451	322	8,99,873	9,97,155	10,78,000	1,78,127	...	80,845	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	7,654	7,500	...	77	75	...	2,37,927	2,75,000	2,75,000	...	37,073	...
Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	424	460	700	17	18	28	19,301	12,034	21,700	2,399	...	9,666	...
TOTAL	174	7,253	8,633	8,838	13,04,533	15,10,511	16,15,900	180	175	183	4,43,73,093	5,46,45,187	6,53,69,600	2,09,96,507	...	1,07,24,413	...
GRAND TOTAL	417	33,442	35,370	35,533	1,28,81,543	1,51,33,712	1,58,76,300	385	428	447	43,75,10,558	54,08,45,876	60,63,40,200	16,88,29,642	...	6,54,94,324	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.

(a) From 1st June 1917.
(b) From 15th August 1917.
(c) Opened from 3rd January 1918.
(d) Opened from 1st December 1917.
(e) Opened from 10th June 1918.
(f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

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FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

No. 1-S. I.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to, and promotion in, the said Order :—

To be a Knight Commander.

The Honourable Mr. OSWALD VIVIAN BOSANQUET, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

To be Companions.

The Honourable Mr. HUGH McPHERSON, Indian Civil Service, Chief Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa.

And, for meritorious service in connection with the war :—

The Honourable Mr. HENRY FRASER HOWARD, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

Doctor HENRY HUBERT HAYDEN, C.I.E., Director, Geological Survey of India.

Lieutenant-Colonel HERBERT DESVOEUX, Inspector-General of Police, Burma.

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

A

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

No. 1-I. E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to, and promotions in, the said Order :—

To be Knights Grand Commanders.

His Highness Farzand-i-Khas-i-Daulat-i-Inglishia Maharaja Sir SAYAJI RAO GAEKWAR SENA KHAS KHEL SHAMSHER Bahadur, G.C.S.I., Maharaja of Baroda.

Lieutenant-Colonel His Highness Sawai Maharaja Sir JAI SINGH Bahadur, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., Maharaja of Alwar, Rajputana.

To be Knights Commanders.

The Honourable Mr. NICHOLAS DODD BEATSON-BELL, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Chief Commissioner of Assam.

WILLIAM SINCLAIR MARRIS, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (on deputation).

And, for meritorious service in connection with the war :—

Mehtar SHUJA-UL-MULK, C.I.E., of Chitral, North-West Frontier Province.

Maulvi RAHIM BAKHSH, C.I.E., President, Council of Regency, Bahawalpur, Punjab.

JAMES HERBERT SEABROOKE, Esquire, C.I.E., Joint Secretary, Military Department, India Office.

To be Companions.

The Honourable Mr. LEWIS SYDNEY STEWARD O'MALLEY, Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

The Honourable Mr. PROVASH CHANDRA MITTER, Calcutta, Bengal.

The Honourable Mr. JAMES GEORGE JENNINGS, Director of Public Instruction, Bihar and Orissa.

The Honourable Mr. SAMUEL PERRY O'DONNELL, Indian Civil Service, Chief Secretary, Government of the United Provinces.

EDWARD MITCHENER COOK, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Controller of Currency, Bombay.

CHRISTIAN TINDALL, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

The Honourable Mr. ARTHUR INNES MAYHEW, Director of Public Instruction, Central Provinces.

WILLIAM CROOKE, Esquire, Indian Civil Service (retired).

VINCENT ARTHUR SMITH, Esquire, Indian Civil Service (retired).

AUSTIN LOW, Esquire, J.P., Partner, Messrs. Grindlay & Co.

Lieutenant-Colonel ANDREW ALEXANDER IRVINE, Punjab Commission, District Judge, Montgomery, Punjab.

HUBERT DIGBY WATSON, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Deputy Commissioner, Jullundur, Punjab.

GEORGE ERNLE CHATFIELD, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Collector and Magistrate, Ahmedabad, Bombay.

Lieutenant-Colonel JOHN TELFER CALVERT, Indian Medical Service, Principal, Medical College, Calcutta, Bengal.

CHARLES GILBERT ROGERS, Esquire, Chief Conservator of Forests, Burma.

BERNARD D'OLIER DARLEY, Esquire, Executive Engineer, Tarai, United Provinces.

THOMAS REED DAVY BELL, Esquire, Chief Conservator of Forests, Bombay.

WALTER FRANCIS PERREE, Esquire, Conservator of Forests, Kumaon, United Provinces.

BERTRAM BERESFORD OSMASTON, Esquire, President, Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, United Provinces.

Major JOHN HANNA MURRAY, Indian Medical Service, Andaman Islands.

The Reverend Dr. WILLIAM SKINNER, Principal, Madras Christian College, Madras.

And, for meritorious service in connection with the war :—

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) HERBERT AUGUSTUS IGGULDEN, Commanding Bangalore Brigade, Mysore.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) RICHARD STUKELEY ST. JOHN, Embarkation Commandant, Bombay.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) STANLEY SOMERSET WREFORD PADDON, General Staff Officer, 1st Grade, attached Military Department, India Office.

The Honourable Major WALTER MASON, V.D., Chairman, Surma Valley Branch of the Indian Tea Association, Assam.

WILLIAM ALFRED RAE WOOD, Esquire, His Britannic Majesty's Consul, Chiengmai, Siam.

JOHN CARLOS KENNEDY PETERSON, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Controller of Munitions, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel ANDREW LOUIS CHARLES MCCORMICK, Royal Engineers, Senior Mint Master, Calcutta, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel FRANCIS EDWARD SWINTON, Indian Medical Service, Medical Storekeeper, Bombay.

Lieutenant-Colonel JOHN CHARLES LAMONT, Indian Medical Service (retired), Professor of Anatomy, Medical College, Lahore, Punjab.

Captain CHARLES JAMES COPE KENDALL, D.S.O., Royal Indian Marine.

Sardar Bahadur Lieutenant-Colonel MUHAMMAD AFZAL KHAN, Commandant, Bahawalpur Imperial Service Camel Corps.

ERNEST ALBERT SEYMOUR BELL, Esquire, Agent, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

Major FRANCIS RICHARD SOUTTER GERVERS, Officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer, Nowshera, North-West Frontier Province.

COLIN JOHN DAVIDSON, Esquire, His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul, Yokohama, Japan.

FRANCIS JOHN PRESTON, Esquire, Chief Engineer, Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

ALBERT HARLOW SILVER, Esquire, Indian Munitions Board.

FREDERICK WILLIAM HANSON, Esquire, late General Traffic Manager, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.

Nawab Malik KHUDA BAKHSH KHAN, Tiwana, O.B.E., Revenue Member, Bahawalpur, Punjab.

Khan Bahadur MAULA BAKHSH, Attaché, Foreign and Political Department.

Colonel VINDESHRI PRASAD SINGH, Chief Secretary, Benares State, United Provinces.

Sardar LAKHAMGOUDA BASAVA PRABHU SIR DESAI, Vantmuri, Bombay.

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

No. 1-I. C.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to, and promotions in, the most Exalted Order of the British Empire:—

To be Knights Commanders.

Lieutenant-Colonel HECTOR TRAVERS DENNYS, C.I.E., Inspector-General of Police, Punjab.

Sir STANLEY REED, *Kt.*, Vice-President, Central Publicity Board.

The Honourable Sir HENRY GEORGE RICHARDS, *Kt.*, K.C., Chief Justice of the High Court of Allahabad, United Provinces.

Lieutenant-Colonel JAMES WISHART THOMSON, Agent to the Shipping Controller in India.

To be Commanders.

FREDERICK WARNER ALLUM, Esquire, Engineer-in-Chief, Nushki Extension Railway, Baluchistan.

Colonel WILLIAM GEORGE BEYTS, V.H.S., Royal Army Medical Corps, Bombay Brigade.

VICTOR HOPE BOALTH, Esquire, Traffic Manager, North-Western Railway.

Second-Lieutenant (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) CHARLES STEWART CAMPBELL, Indian Civil Service, Recruiting Officer, Kirkee, Bombay.

Lady (EVA) CARDEW, Madras.

Mrs. GERTRUDE CARMICHAEL, Bombay.

HAROLD ARDEN CLOSE, Esquire, C.I.E., Inspector-General of Police, North-West Frontier Province.

ANTHONY CATHCART COUBROUGH, Esquire, Indian Munitions Board.

RAJA SUDHAL DEO, Feudatory Chief, Bamra, Bihar and Orissa.

GODFREY CHARLES DENHAM, Esquire, C.I.E., O.B.E., Indian Police, Officiating Deputy Director, Central Intelligence.

THOMAS ARCHIBALD FERRIER, Esquire, Mathematical Instrument Office, Calcutta, Bengal.

JAMES ALEXANDER OSSORY FITZPATRICK, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Political Agent, Wana, North-West Frontier Province.

HENRY HARCOURT, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Deputy Commissioner, Rohtak, Punjab.

JOHN PERCY HARDIMAN, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Controller of Munitions, Burma.

WILLIAM FALKINER HARNETT, Esquire, V.D., Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

EDGAR JOSEPH HOLBERTON, Esquire, Consul for Siam, Burma.

HENRY BURVILL HOLMES, Esquire, V.D., Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

The Honourable Nawab Mumtaz-ud-daula Sir MUHAMMAD FAIYAZ ALI KHAN, K.C.I.E., K.C.V.O., C.S.I., Pahasu, United Provinces.

Honorary Captain Nawab MALIK MUHAMMAD MUBARIZ KHAN, Tiwana, O.B.E., Shahpur, Punjab.

DARCY LINDSAY, Esquire, Secretary, Royal Insurance Company, Calcutta, Bengal.

Mrs. MIRIAM ISABEL LYONS, President, Poona Women's Branch of the War and Relief Fund, Bombay.

BHUPENDRA NATH MITRA, Esquire, C.I.E., O.B.E., Controller of War Accounts.

EDMUND ALEXANDER MOLONY, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner, Agra Division, United Provinces.

ALEXANDER ROBERTSON MURRAY, Esquire, Manager, Thomas Duff & Co., Calcutta, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel AUBREY JOHN O'BRIEN, C.I.E., Punjab Commission, Deputy Commissioner, Gujranwala, Punjab.

JAMES PETER ORR, Esquire, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Chairman, City Improvement Trust, Bombay.

Colonel CHARLES MARSHALL PEARCE, V.D., General Traffic Manager, East Indian Railway.

DAVID PETRIE, Esquire, C.I.E., O.B.E., Punjab Police (on special duty with the Government of India).

Sir JOHN STANLEY, K.C.I.E., Vice-Chairman, Indian Soldiers' Fund, London.

Lieutenant-Colonel ELLACOTT LEAMON WARD, Indian Medical Service, Inspector-General of Prisons, Punjab.

To be Officers.

JOHN HAROLD ABBOTT, Esquire, V.D., Jhansi, United Provinces

FREDERICK HENRY ADDIS, Esquire, V.D., Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.

Captain ALFRED STEVENSON BALFOUR, Royal Indian Marine, A.-D.-C. to His Excellency the Governor of Madras.

RAI RAJESHWAR BALI, Esquire, Honorary Magistrate, Bara Banki, United Provinces.

The Reverend Major GEORGE DUNSFORD BARNE, Principal, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar, Punjab.

ARTHUR MORTON BELL, Esquire, Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

The Honourable JAMES W. BEST, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Hoshangabad, Central Provinces.

CLEMENT AYERST BEYTS, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Collector, Ahmednagar, Bombay.

Lady MABEL BINGLEY, Member of the Council of the Simla-Delhi Red Cross Work Party.

The Reverend JAMES BLACK, Chaplain, St. Andrew's Kirk, Simla, Punjab.

GEORGE BLACKSTOCK, Esquire, Managing Director, Messrs. Rowe & Co., Burma.

HAROLD BRANFORD, Esquire, Manager, Carpet Factory, Mirzapur, United Provinces.

Major PHILIP WILLIAM LILIAN BROKE-SMITH, Royal Engineers, Officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer, Peshawar, North-West Frontier Province.

ARTHUR CECIL BROWN, Esquire, Agent, Bank of Bengal, Dacca, Bengal.

Major CHARLES EDWARD BRUCE, Political Department, late Political Officer, Mari Punitive Force, Baluchistan.

JOHN ARTHUR EVANS BURRUP, Esquire, I.S.O., Customs Department, Calcutta, Bengal.

The Honourable Rao Bahadur CHOUDHRI LAL CHAND, Pleader, Rohtak, Punjab.

Rai Bahadur LALA KARAM CHAND, M.B.E., Banker, Peshawar, North-West Frontier Province.

ALFRED JAMES CHASE, Esquire, Locomotive Superintendent, North-Western Railway.

Major RICHARD HENRY CHENEVIX-TRENCH, First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Baluchistan.

MARMADUKE ROBERT COBURN, Esquire, Deputy Controller, War Accounts.

Second-Lieutenant (temporary Captain) GODFREY FERDINADO STRATFORD COLLINS, Indian Civil Service, Recruiting Officer, Kirkee, Bombay.

THOMAS FOTHERGILL COOKE, Esquire, Superintendent of Police, Hissar, Punjab.

ROBERT MANSFIELD COWLEY, Esquire, V.D., Traffic Manager, East Indian Railway.

Mrs. MAUD LILIAN DAVYS, Laboratory Assistant, Kasauli, Punjab.

RANI CHANDELIN JU DEO, Rampura, United Provinces.

Lieutenant Commander HENRY ALOYSIUS BRUNO DIGBY-BESTE, Royal Indian Marine.

JOHN COLLARD BERNARD DRAKE, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Ranchi, Bihar and Orissa.

Mrs. KATE HANNAH ELLIS, Madras.

Mrs. ALINE ELWES, Honorary Work Secretary of Ladies' Depôt of Madras War Fund, Madras.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) KEITH GRAHAME FEILING, Secretary, Central Recruiting Board.

Second-Lieutenant JOHN ALEXANDER FERGUSON, Indian Civil Service, Registrar, Chief Court, Punjab.

Major MICHAEL LLOYD FERRAR, Indian Army, Postal Censor, Bombay.

ROBERT LORAINE GAMLEN, Esquire, Master of His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Mint, Hyderabad (Deccan).

JAMES AINSWORTH GILBERT, Esquire, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, Bengal.

Mrs. MARIE GIRARD, Bengal.

Engineer Commander JAMES WILLIAM MINEARD GODDEN, Royal Indian Marine, Engineer in charge of Factory, Bombay Dockyard.

Mrs. MARY HANNYNGTON, Indian Soldiers' Fund, London

Major THOMAS GEORGE MARRIOTT HARRIS, Political Department, Assistant Political Agent, Kalat, Baluchistan.

ROBERT HEMISS HANDASYD HOPKINS, Esquire, Shipping Master, Bombay.

WILLIAM STENNING HOPKYNS, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel FRANCIS DILLON HUNT, Army Veterinary Corps, Ahmednagar, Bombay.

The Honourable Khan Bahadur MUHAMMAD AZIZ-UD-DIN HUSAIN, C.I.E., I.S.O., Madras.

SHAIKH SHAHID HUSAIN, Barrister-at-Law, Lucknow, United Provinces.

SIDNEY JOHN KENDRICK, Esquire, Superintendent, Carriage and Wagon Department, East Indian Railway.

The Honourable Khan Bahadur Nawab MUHAMMAD MUZAMMILULLAH KHAN, Bhikampur, United Provinces.

Khan Bahadur ARBAB DOST MUHAMMAD KHAN, M.B.E., Takkal Bala, North-West Frontier Province.

The Honourable Khan Bahadur Malik MUHAMMAD AMIN KHAN, Shamsabad, Punjab.

Commander GEORGE HENRY STRAUSHAM LATOUCHE, Royal Indian Marine, Deputy Port Officer, Calcutta, Bengal.

MAXWELL STUDDY LEIGH, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Sub-Divisional Officer, Khushab, Punjab.

THOMAS HENRY LEMESURIER, Esquire, Secretary, South Indian Railway.

WILLIAM JAMES LITSTER, Esquire, Alliance Bank, Simla, Punjab.

Major EDWARD CAMPBELL LOCH, Army Remount Department, Calcutta, Bengal.

Major HUGH ARTHUR LOMAS, Indian Civil Service, Deputy Commissioner, Almora, United Provinces.

Mrs. ETHEL LUXMORE, Secretary, Women's War Work Bureau, Delhi.

VIVIAN HARDY MACCAW, Esquire, Kettlewell, Bullen & Co., Calcutta, Bengal.

Mrs. DOROTHY MAFFEY, Secretary, Simla-Delhi Red Cross Work Party.

ABDUL MAJID, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Central Intelligence Department.

Khan Bahadur ARDESHIR DOSSABHOY MARKER, Baluchistan.

FREDERICK BARCLAY MARTIN, Esquire, Superintendent, Kalabagh-Bannu Section, North-Western Railway.

Mrs. ADELINE MASON, Cachar, Assam.

The Reverend JAMES MATHERS, Provincial Army Secretary for South India Young Men's Christian Association, Bangalore, Mysore.

JOHN FISHER MCMICHAEL, Esquire, District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway.

ARTHUR WYNDHAM MCNAIR, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector, United Provinces.

JOHN JAMES MEIKLE, Esquire, Superintendent, Government Printing, Calcutta, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) HUGH HENRY GORDON MITCHELL, A.-D.-C. to His Excellency the Viceroy, Madras Group Garrison Artillery.

Captain WIGRAM SEYMOUR ELLIOT MONEY, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Madras.

Captain CLAUDE EMANUEL MONTEFIORE, Assam Military Police, Assam.

ARTHUR MORT, Esquire, Mining Manager, Khost Colliery, Baluchistan.

HORACE CHARLES MULES, Esquire, C.S.I., M.V.O., Chairman, Port Trust, Karachi, Bombay.

CHARLES ALLAN MUMFORD, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector, Bulandshahr, United Provinces.

ARTHUR EDWARD NELSON, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of Excise, Central Provinces.

RALPH OAKDEN, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Magistrate and Collector, Aligarh, United Provinces.

FREDERICK JAMES PAGE, Esquire, Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.

Commander HERBERT JOHN PATERSON, Royal Naval Reserve (retired).

JOHN POWELL, Esquire, Honorary Magistrate, Rawalpindi, Punjab.

CAMPBELL WARD RHODES, Esquire, Vice-Consul, Argentine Republic, Calcutta, Bengal.

HORACE ASTELL LYNN ROBINSON, Esquire, Eastern Telegraph Company.

ALEXANDER RODGER, Esquire, Imperial Forest Service, Burma (Indian Munitions Board).

JOTINDRA NATH ROY, Esquire, Press Censor, Bengal.

GEORGE DRURY RUDKIN, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Revenue and Finance Member, Bikaner, Rajputana.

Honorary Second-Lieutenant RAJA LOKENDRA SAH, Jagamanpur, United Provinces.

CHARLES EDWARD WALKER SANDS, Esquire, Superintendent of Police, Bareilly, United Provinces.

ERNEST ALEXANDER SCOTT, Esquire, Signal Engineer, North-Western Railway, Lahore, Punjab.

The Honourable KHAN BAHADUR SAYYID MAHDI SHAH, Gojra, Punjab.

ROBERT MELVIN SHELTON, Esquire, Chief Secretary, Young Men's Christian Association, Overseas, Bengal.

COLIN JOSEPH SILVESTER, Esquire, Inspector of Munitions, Calcutta, Bengal.

Mrs. HELEN SIMKINS, Sibsagar, Assam.

Rai Bahadur BHAIYA GANGA BAKSH SINGH, Honorary Magistrate, Balrampur, United Provinces.

The Honourable Sardar Bahadur GAJJAN SINGH, Pleader, Ludhiana, Punjab.

Raja PARBAL PARTAB SINGH, Honorary Magistrate, Etawah, United Provinces.

JAMES ALGERNON STEVENS, Esquire, Chief Collector of Customs, Burma.

Mrs. HELEN OSMER STEWART, War Depôt, Calcutta, Bengal.

ALEXANDER MONTAGU STOW, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Settlement Officer, Jammu and Kashmir State.

Mrs. CLARE STREET, Bombay.

Miss ETHEL SWAINE, Secretary, Ranchi Ladies' Committee of Joint Red Cross and St. John Ambulance Association, Bihar and Orissa.

RUDOLPH VICTOR SYMONS, Esquire, District Engineer, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Bombay.

The Honourable Mr. MAUNG PO THA, Head Broker, Messrs. Steel Bros., Burma.

EDGAR THOMPSON, Esquire, Indian Telegraph Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel FRANK STUART CORBITT THOMPSON, Indian Medical Service, Superintendent, Presidency Jail, Bengal.

REGINALD TODD, Esquire, Agent, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.

Mrs. ALICE TODHUNTER, Ladies' Depôt, Madras War Fund, Madras.

JOHN WALKER TOMB, Esquire, Chief Sanitary Officer, Asansol Mines Board of Health, Bengal.

DIGBY BRUCE TREVOR, Esquire, Officiating Traffic Manager, North-Western Railway, Lahore.

The Honourable Mr. LIM CHIN TSONG, Merchant, Burma.

Commissary and Honorary Major JAMES WILSON TURNER, Inspector of Explosives with the Government of India.

Mrs. GEORGINA JEAN ELIZABETH URE, in charge of Rangoon Depôt of Comforts for Troops, Burma.

CHARLES ARCHIBALD WALPOLE, Esquire, Manager, Anglo-Persian Oil Company, Mohammerah, Persian Gulf.

The Reverend GARFIELD WILLIAMS, Editor, *War Journal*, United Provinces.

GEOFFREY WORSLEY, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Political Assistant and Commandant, Border Military Police, Dera Ghazi Khan, Punjab.

To be Members.

EBRAHIM AHMED *alias* BE SHWE MYA, Wolfram mine and rice-mill owner, Burma.

Mrs. JULIET ALEXANDER, United Provinces.

HENRY ARMITSTEAD, Esquire, Deputy Superintendent, Carriage and Wagon Department, North-Western Railway.

SHAIKH MAHBUB BAKHSH, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Soneput, Punjab.

RAYMOND THOMAS BARKER, Esquire, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Karachi, Bombay.

Mrs. BETTY BEACHCROFT, Calcutta National Indian Association Branch of Lady Carmichael's War Fund, Bengal.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant WILLIAM BEARD, India Miscellaneous List (retired).

ARTHUR RUSSELL BENNETT, Esquire, Customs Department, Bombay.

Mrs. MARGARET WILKE BHORE, Cochin, Madras.

SHAPURJI BOMANJI BILLIMORIA, Esquire, Tardeo, Bombay.

GEORGE BIRCH, Esquire, Assistant to Commissioner in Sind, Bombay.

Mrs. MURIEL BLACK, Red Cross Depôt, Lahore, Punjab.

Mrs. MARGARET BRENT, Bombay.

CHARLES CECIL TRELAWNY BRERETON, Esquire, District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, Rawalpindi, Punjab.

FREDERICK PERCIVAL BUCKNER, Esquire, Superintendent, Foreign and Political Department, Government of India.

BRYCE CHUDLEIGH BURT, Esquire, Deputy Director of Agriculture, United Provinces.

MAUNG MAUNG BYA, A.T.M., Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Burma.

Lala FATEH CHAND, Sahni, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Gujrat, Punjab.

Pandit NARAYAN CHAND, Zaildar of Khad, Hoshiarpur District, Punjab.

Lala RAM CHANDAR, Chandarnagar, Punjab.

Lieutenant CLAUDE WILLOUGHBY COLE, Agent, Bank of Madras, Bangalore, Mysore.

JOSEPH VEASY COLLIER, Esquire, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Haldwani, United Provinces.

JOHN COWAN, Esquire, Inspector of Factories, Bengal.

HUBERT CRAWFORD, Esquire, Customs Department, Bombay.

CHARLES ARTHUR CUTTRISS, Esquire, Secretary, Burma Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. SUNBAI KAIKOBAD DASTUR, Women's Branch Depôt, Poona, Bombay.

Mrs. MARION DAVIDSON, Sind Women's Branch, Bombay.

Mrs. SAROJINI DE, Chittagong, Bengal.

RENDALL HAMILTON DENNIS, Esquire, Assistant to Chief Engineer, Bengal and North-Western Railway, Gorakhpur, United Provinces.

WALTER CLEMENT GODDARD DUNNE, Esquire, Court of Wards, Sitapur, United Provinces.

ERNEST HENRY HUISH EDYE, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Assistant Commissioner, Jhansi, United Provinces.

Mrs. MILDRED FANNY EGGAR, Calcutta National Indian Association Branch of Lady Carmichael's War Fund, Bengal.

Miss MABEL FRANKLIN, Honorary Secretary, Young Men's Christian Association, Multan, Punjab.

SYDNEY HUGH GLACKAN, Esquire, Postmaster, Simla, Punjab.

BERNARD FRANCIS GOMES, Esquire, Indian Telegraph Department.

Miss ISABEL GREAVES, Honorary Secretary, Depôt of Lady Carmichael's Bengal Women's War Fund, Calcutta, Bengal.

QUAH CHENG GUAN, Municipal Commissioner, Tavoy, Burma.

Maulvi MUHAMMAD SAVAN HABIB, Bihar and Orissa.

Mian ABDUL HAI, Pleader, Ludhiana, Punjab.

FREDERICK JOSEPH HALL, Esquire, Government of India Press, Delhi.

ERNEST WALTER HAMMOND, Esquire, Inspector of Factories, Bengal.

Mrs. ANITA HARVEY, Baptist Mission, Calcutta, Bengal.

ROBERT WILLIAM HIND, Esquire, Assistant Honorary Secretary of Dera Ismail Khan Centre of St. John's Ambulance Association, North-West Frontier Province.

Captain RICHARD HOWARD HITCHCOCK, District Superintendent of Police, Madras (on military duty).

Chaudhri NABI JAN, Tahsildar, Moradabad, United Provinces.

Reverend FREDERICK WILLIAM JARRY, Baptist Missionary, Bihar and Orissa.

THOMAS WHITE JOHNSTONE, Esquire, Inspector of Factories, Bombay.

Sardar Bahadur Sardar ABDUL RASHID KHAN, Shahwani, Kalat, Baluchistan.

Khan Sahib AHMED MIR KHAN, Resaldar-Major, Zhob Militia, Baluchistan.

Khan Bahadur AIN-UD-DIN KHAN, Merchant and Honorary Magistrate, Quetta, Baluchistan.

Chaudhri ALI AKBAR KHAN, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Attock, Punjab.

Malik ALLAH BAKHSH KHAN, Tiwana, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Gujrat, Punjab.

Honorary Captain Malik GHULAM MUHAMMAD KHAN, Tiwana, Khan Bahadur, Sardar Bahadur, Khushab, Punjab.

Honorary Captain Subedar-Major Khan Bahadur KURBAN ALI KHAN, 14th Sikhs, Kamra, Punjab.

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ASHRAFF KHAN, Poonch, Kashmir State.

Khan Bahadur Munshi MUHAMMAD ALI KHAN, Honorary Magistrate, Cawnpore, United Provinces.

Khan Bahadur MUSA KHAN, Provincial Service, North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Bahadur SOHBAT KHAN, Gola Buledi, Baluchistan.

Khan Bahadur SARDAR WAHAB KHAN, Panezai Kakar, Baluchistan.

CECIL WILLIAM KIRKPATRICK, Esquire, Superintendent, Foreign and Political Department, Government of India.

Captain LIONEL EDWARD KIRWAN, 1st Madras Guards, Madras.

MALCOLM RATAJI KOTHAWALA, Esquire, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bombay.

LOUIS PATRICK LAJOIE, Esquire, Customs and Excise Department, Bikaner State, Rajputana

Chaudhri KISHORI LAL, Health Officer, Muttra, United Provinces.

Miss ILINABAI LALKAKA, Women's Branch Depôt, Bombay.

ERNEST LANE, Esquire, Superintendent, Chota Nagpur Mica Syndicate, Kodarma, Bihar and Orissa.

CHARLES FREDERICK LANGER, Esquire, Controller of Stores, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

FRANK LANGLEY, Esquire, Pilot Service, Bengal.

JOHN LAPRAIK, Esquire, Bank of Bengal, United Provinces.

ALEXANDER SAMUEL LAWRENCE, Esquire, Superintendent, Home Department, Government of India.

MILTON LEACH, Esquire, Jail Department, Bengal.

Major FREDERICK REGINALD LEE, Principal, Government School, Taunggyi, Burma.

ARTHUR JOHN LEECH, Esquire, Managing Partner, Taylor & Co., Madras.

CHARLES THOMAS LETTON, Esquire, Government Central Press, Simla, Punjab.

Surgeon CECIL HENNING LINCOLN, Acting Consul, Mohammerah, Persian Gulf.

BAI CHAMPABAHEN MANIBHAI, Shethani, Kapadwanj, Bombay.

DAVID BARRY MANN, Esquire, Inspector of Factories, Bengal.

Mrs. CHRISTINA MAY, wife of General E. S. May (retired).

DUNCAN LOUIS MCPHERSON, Esquire, Eastern Bengal State Railway (Indian Munitions Board).

Mrs. HOMIA MEHTA, Calcutta National Indian Association Branch of Lady Carmichael's War Fund, Bengal.

Shaikh YAKUB VAZIR MUHAMMAD, Provincial Service, Thar and Parkar, Sind, Bombay.

BHALCHANDRA VAMAN MULE, Esquire, Sholapur, Bombay.

KHAGENDRA CHANDRA NAG, Esquire, Secretary, Mymensingh Recruiting Committee, Bengal.

Pandit ANAND NARAYAN, Dehra Dun, United Provinces.

Rai Bahadur AMAR NATH, Sub-Registrar, Lahore, Punjab.

Lala BAIJ NATH, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Jhelum, Punjab.

Mrs. ZOE ELLESMERE DAVIDSON NEWTON, Shiraz, Persia.

Malik SAHIB KHAN NUN, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Gujranwala, Punjab.

The Honourable Mr. MAUNG NYUN, A. T. M., Proprietor, Star of Burma Press, Mandalay, Burma.

Captain MALCOLM OSTREHAN, Assam Military Police.

RAJARAM TUKARAM PADAM, Bombay.

Pandit BHOLA DAT PANT, Assistant Recruiting Officer, Bareilly, United Provinces.

Babu RAJANI KANTA PATTADAR, Recruiting Agent, Ranchi District, Bihar and Orissa.

Mrs. DOROTHY PENNELL, Prome, Burma.

Mrs. WINIFRED WARD PERKINS, in charge of Amherst Branch of Red Cross Depôt, Burma.

JOHN RUSKIN PHILLIPS, Esquire, Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Burma Railways.

HARI KRISHNA PILLAY, Esquire, Chetty, President, Madras Hindu Association, Rangoon, Burma.

JULIAN HUGH PRICE, Esquire, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Cuttack, Bihar and Orissa.

Mrs. HIRABAI PUDUMJI, Women's Branch Depôt, Poona, Bombay.

Rai Bahadur BISWAMBHAR RAI, Vice-Chairman, District Board, Bengal.

Mrs. VIDHYAGOURI RAMANBHAI, Honorary Secretary of the Women's Branch, Ahmedabad War Relief Fund, Bombay.

CHARLES HERBERT ROBERTS, Esquire, War Relief Fund, Bombay.

MICHAEL ANTHONY ROZARIO, Esquire, in charge of the Records of the Baghdad Residency, Persian Gulf.

Commissary and Honorary Major ALFRED JAMES RUEGG, India Miscellaneous List, Army Headquarters.

KUNVARI RUPALBAI SAHEB, Limbdi, Bombay.

Rai Bahadur SALIGRAM, Ghazipur, United Provinces.

Babu PANCHANAN SARKAR, Rajshahi, Bengal.

Bawa BHAG SINGH, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kalsia, Punjab.

Lieutenant ISHAR SINGH, Benares State Service, United Provinces.

Munshi SUNDAR SINGH, Honorary Secretary, Gujranwala War League, Punjab.

Mrs. MAUDE STEWART, War Work Depôt, Calcutta, Bengal.

Mrs. MARY SWAN, War Work Depôt, Calcutta, Bengal.

CHARLES LEWIS TAYLOR, Esquire, V.D., Traffic Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

Commissary and Honorary Major THOMAS TAYLOR, India Miscellaneous List, Personal Assistant to the Chief of the General Staff, Army Headquarters.

MESRUP THADDEUS, Esquire, Extra Financial Assistant, Basrah.

Commissary and Honorary Major THEOPHILUS THORNE, Indian Ordnance Department, Karachi, Bombay.

Mrs. MURIEL CLARA TURNER, United Provinces.

WILLIAM JAMESON TOMES, Esquire, Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, Jamalpur, East Indian Railway.

HARRY FINNIS WAGSTAFF, Esquire, Retired Merchant, Mussoorie, United Provinces.

Mrs. MARGARET DEWAR WALKER, Secretary, Railway Section, Gorakhpur Red Cross, United Provinces.

FREDERICK BLUNT WATHEN, Esquire, General Traffic Manager, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.

Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel GEORGE RICHARD WEBB, V.D., General Stores Superintendent, Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

Mrs. HELEN OWEN WELMAN, Library Department, Poona War and Relief Fund, Bombay.

Miss MAY JULIA WHITCOMBE, Women's Branch Depôt, Poona, Bombay.

Mrs. FLORENCE WILLIAMSON, Women's Branch Depôt, Bombay.

HORACE WILLIAMSON, Esquire, Superintendent of Police, Allahabad, United Provinces.

J. B. WOOD,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

KNIGHTHOOD.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

No. 2-I. C.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on :—

The Honourable Mr. Justice ERNEST EDWARD FLETCHER, a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Calcutta, Bengal.

The Honourable Mr. CHIMANLAL HARILAL SETALVAD, Vice-Chancellor, Bombay University.

The Honourable Mr. JOSEPH HENRY STONE, C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

WILLIAM ARTHUR BEARDSELL, Esquire, Sheriff of Madras.

LUCAS WHITE KING, Esquire, C.S.I., LL.D., Indian Civil Service (retired).

Doctor PRAFULLYA CHUNDER ROY, C.I.E., Indian Educational Service, Bengal.

ROBERT HERRIOT HENDERSON, Esquire, C.I.E., Assam.

GEORGE COCHRANE GODFREY, Esquire, Coal Controller.

J. B. WOOD,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

KAISAR-I-HIND MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

No. 3-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the First Class for Public Service in India to :—

Miss SARAH ISABEL HATCH, Canadian Baptist Telugu Mission, Madras.

The Reverend Doctor LEWIS ROUSSEAU SCUDDER, American Arcot Mission, Madras.

WALTER SAMUEL MILLARD, Esquire, Senior Partner, Messrs. Phipson & Co., Bombay.

MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Esquire, Merchant, Bombay.

Mrs. PANDITA RAMABAI, Bombay.

ALFRED DONALD PICKFORD, Esquire, Begg, Dunlop & Co., Calcutta, Bengal.

Lala MUL CHAND THAKRAL, Multan, Punjab.

AMEDEE GEORGE DUBERN, Esquire, Managing Partner, D. Bern & Co., Burma.

Miss GERTRUDE DAVIS, Principal Matron, Australian Army Nursing Service, Victoria War Hospital, Bombay.

JOHN DODDS PRICE, Esquire, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Nowgong, Assam.

No. 4-I.C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India to :—

HENRY EDWARD HOUGHTON, Esquire, Superintendent, Madras Agri-Horticultural Gardens.

Miss AMY WILSON CARMICHAEL, Church of England Zenana Mission, Madras.

LALJEE NARAYENJEE, Esquire, Partner, Mulji Jetha & Co., Bombay.

Khan Bahadur DOSABHAI PESTANJI COOPER, Assistant Surgeon (retired), Bombay.

The Reverend FRANK BURNESS HADOW, Old Mission, Calcutta, Bengal.

JOHN WILLIAM ATKINSON, Esquire, Jail Department, Bengal.

Miss EDEN ARNOLD, Australian Board of Baptist Foreign Mission, Pabna, Bengal.

EDMUND HOOGEWERF, Esquire, Principal, Government Weaving Institute, Serampore, Bengal.

The Reverend JOHN GRANT, Missionary, Mirzapore, United Provinces.

Miss MINA MACKENZIE, Lily Sytle Broadwell Hospital, United Provinces.

Bibi KASHMIRI DEVI, Muttra, United Provinces.

Doctor ROBERT JOHN ASHTON, Church Missionary Society, United Provinces.

SHAMS-UD-DIN SADIQ, Assistant Surgeon, Mission Hospital, Jagadhri, Punjab.

ALEXANDER THOMAS DAWSON, Esquire, Vice-President, Ma-ubin Municipality, Burma.

MAUNG YAW, Esquire, Customs Department, Burma.

Miss ELIZABETH ELLEN MORGAN, Mission Girls' School, Sylhet, Assam.

THOMAS HUMPHREY VINES, Esquire, Principal, Sind Madrassah-Tul Islam, Karachi, Bombay.

Miss DINBANU HORMASJI VAJIFDAR, Sind Women's Branch of Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, Karachi, Bombay.

THOMAS JOSEPH GATELEY, Esquire, Superintendent, Waterworks, Delhi.

Miss MARY RONALD BISSET, Baptist Zenana Mission, Delhi.

J. B. WOOD,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

No. 5-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon His Highness Raja Birendra Kishore Deb Barman Manikya, Raja of Hill Tippera, in Bengal, the title of Maharaja, as an hereditary distinction.

No. 6-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja, as a personal distinction, upon—

Thakur Hari Har Baksh Singh, Taluqdar of Saraura, Sitapur District, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Kumar Radhika Raman Prashad Sinha, of Surajpura, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

No. 7-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Nawab Khan-i-Zaman Khan, as Chief of Amb, in the North-West Frontier Province, the permanent title of Nawab to be attached to the Chiefship of Amb.

No. 8-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Mahamahopadhyaya, as a personal distinction, upon—

Shastri Hathibhai Harishankar, of Jamnagar, in the Bombay Presidency.

Pandit Jayadeva Misra, of Benares, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

No. 9-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Shams-ul-Ulama, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maulana Abdul Majid, of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Maulvi Abdul Hamid, of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

No. 10-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Diwan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur Pitti Thyagaraya Chetti Garu, of Madras.

The Honourable Rao Bahadur Mocherla Ramachandra Rao Pantulu Garu, Chairman of the Ellore Municipal Council, in the Madras Presidency, and Additional Member of the Madras Legislative Council.

M. R. Ry. Chunampet Arunachala Mudaliyar Avargal, Proprietor of Chunampet, Chingleput District, in the Madras Presidency.

MEMORANDUM.

It was the intention of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General to confer upon Rao Bahadur Ramkrishna Raoji Pandit, Extra Assistant Commissioner (retired), Nagpur, in the Central Provinces, the title of Diwan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, had he survived.

No. 11-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Sardar Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Sardar Sahib Bhai Hari Singh, M.A., Inspector of Schools, Multan Division, in the Punjab.

Subadar Kulbahadur Lama, Myitkyina Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Sardar Mir Habibullah Khan, Nausherwani, Chief of Kharan, in Baluchistan.

Khan Bahadur Sardar Zarghun Khan, Jogizai, in Baluchistan.

Sardar Sahib Harnam Singh, Secretary to the Chief Minister to His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir.

No. 12-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Muhammad Sibgathulla Sahib Chida, Registrar, Madras-Chingleput District, in the Madras Presidency.

Khan Sahib Dadabhai Ratanji Balsarwala, Contractor, Karwar, in the Bombay Presidency.

Sayad Mahmud Shah, B.A., LL.B., Deputy Superintendent, Acting Superintendent of Police, Nawabshah, in Sind.

Mir Ghulam Mahomed Khan, Zamindar, in Sind.

Maulvi Asad-uz-Zaman, Deputy Collector on special duty in the Co-operative Department, in Bengal.

Haji Ghulam Muhammad Khan, Landholder and Honorary Magistrate, Etah District, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Maulvi Wahid Baksh, Honorary Magistrate, Budaun, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Khan Sahib Muhammad Mustafa, Zamindar and Honorary Magistrate, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Chaudhri Wajid Husain, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Munshi Muhammad Azim Khan, Deputy Collector, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Khan Muzaffar Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab (at present Mir Munshi to the Punjab Government).

Sirdar Hasan Khan, Gurchani, Dera Ghazi Khan District, in the Punjab.

Khan Sahib Abdul Ghani, Pleader, Karnal, in the Punjab.

Maulavi Muhammad Habib-Ullah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Maulavi Muhammad Jan, of Motihari, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Naib-Commandant Nawab Khan, Reserve Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Mr. Ahmad Muhammad, Superintendent of Police, in Assam.

Khan Sahib Kuli Khan, Tahsildar, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Mian Muhammad Azeem, Civil Surgeon, Dera Ismail Khan, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Muhammad Hussain Khan, Swati, Chief of Garhi Habibulla, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Ardisher Cowasji, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Mount Abu, in Rajputana.

Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdul Ahad, of Delhi.

Sartip Khan, Chief of the Sagwand tribe, Dizful District, Arabistan.

Khan Sahib Nur-ul-Islam, British Representative, Kandahar, in Afghanistan.

Khan Sahib Mahbub Ali Khan, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, British Agency, Kabul, in Afghanistan.

Khan Sahib Mirza Muhammad bin Ahmed, Assistant Judicial Officer, Basrah.

Khan Sahib Burjojee Cowasjee Lichmore, Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, in the Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 5th (Mhow) Division.

Mr. Judah Hyam, F.Z.S., Veterinary Overseer, Agricultural Research Institute, Pusa.

No. 13-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Mannur Venkata Raghavulu Reddi Garu, Vice-President of the Chingleput District Board, in the Madras Presidency.

Babu Sharat Kishore Basu, Subordinate Judge (retired), in Bengal.

Babu Chandra Bhusan Banarji, Subordinate Judge (retired), in Bengal.

Babu Bijay Krishna Basu, Superintendent, Zoological Gardens, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Suresh Chandra Sen, Additional Magistrate, Tippera, in Bengal.

Rai Sahib Sharat Kumar Raha, Superintendent of Excise, in Bengal.

Babu Bhawani Nath Nandi, Additional Superintendent of Police, Bakarganj, in Bengal.

Babu Gopal Chandra Mitra, Assistant Serologist to Government, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Prasanna Narayan Chaudhuri, Government Pleader, Pabna, in Bengal.

Babu Rajendra Kumar Ghosh, Zamindar, Khulna, in Bengal.

Rai Sahib Hari Das, of Benares, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Rai Sahib Raghunath Singh, Kamdar of Rampura, Court of Wards Estate, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Lala Ganesh Prasad, Taluqdar of Maurawan, Unao, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Babu Mohan Lal, M.A., LL.B., Vakil and Zamindar and Vice-Chairman, Municipal Board, Hardoi, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Thakur Raghunath Singh, Taluqdar of Isanpur, Partabgarh District, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Rai Sahib Sewak Ram, Barrister-at-Law, Honorary Magistrate, Lyallpur District, in the Punjab.

Rai Sahib Lala Tara Chand, Honorary Magistrate of Bhiwani, Hissar District, in the Punjab.

Munshi Brij Narayan, Minister of Council Wizarat, Jind State, in the Punjab.

Rai Sahib Badri Das, Pleader of Jullundur, in the Punjab.

Lala Wazir Chand, Chopra, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, in the Punjab.

The Hon'ble Lala Jawahir Lal, Bhargava, B.A., LL.B., Pleader, Hissar, and Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab for making Laws and Regulations.

Babu Sarjug Prashad Singh, Zamindar and Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner, Sitamarhi, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Kashi Nath Singh, Zamindar of Gaya, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Nimai Charan Mitra, of Cuttack, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Sarat Chandra Roy, of Ranchi, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Tarak Nath Mitra, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Shahabad, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Rai Sahib Jagannath Prasad Misra, Pleader, Hoshangabad, in the Central Provinces.

Rai Sahib Ganeshdas Kundanmal, Amraoti, in Berar.

Babu Pramod Chandra Datta, Government Pleader, Sylhet, in Assam.

Srijut Krishna Chandra Chaudhuri, Extra Assistant Commissioner (retired), in Assam.

Mr. Vaishnava Das, B.A., Accountant-General, Indore State, in Central India.

Sah Mehar Chand, Nazim of Suratgarh, Bikaner State, in Rajputana.

Babu Bijay Krishna Banarji, Superintendent in the Home Department, Government of India.

Rai Sahib Gouri Kant Roy, Superintendent, Office of the Central Publicity Board.

Rai Sahib Debendra Nath Ghosh, B.A., Senior Superintendent, Department of Statistics, India.

Rai Sahib Daya Ram Sahni, M.A., Officiating Superintendent, Hindu and Buddhist Monuments, Northern Circle, Archæological Survey Department in India.

Babu Amrita Lal Banerji, B.A., Superintendent in the Legislative Department, Government of India.

No. 14-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

The Honourable Mr. Thiruvengada Ranga Achariyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., High Court Vakil, and Additional Member of the Madras Legislative Council.

M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib Malikayil Chandappan Koman Avargal, L.M.S., Assistant to Professor of Chemistry, Medical College, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Otilingam Kandaswami Chettiyar Avargal, Lecturer in English in the Madras Christian College.

M. R. Ry. Konkoth Ramunni Menon Avargal, M.A., Professor of Zoology, Presidency College, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Peruvemba Sundara Ayyar Sesha Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., Subordinate Judge, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Talakodi Madattil Appu Nedungadi Avargal, Chairman of the Calicut Municipal Council, Malabar District, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Sujir Raghunathayya Avargal, B.A., B.L., President of the Mangalore Taluk Board, South Kanara District, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Arasanipalai Venkatachari Kuppuswami Ayyangar Avargal, Government Pleader, Cuddalore, South Arcot District, in the Madras Presidency.

Rao Sahib Anant Krishna Pai, Assessment Department, Bombay Municipality.

Rao Sahib Raghavendrarao Krishna Kembhavi, retired Public Prosecutor and Government Pleader, Bijapur, in the Bombay Presidency.

Mr. Chandravidyanand Shrikrishnanand Pandia, B.A., J.P., Assistant Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Irrigation and Railways, in Bombay.

Hanmantram Ramnath, Merchant of Poona, in the Bombay Presidency.

Rao Sahib Ambashankar Uttamram Malji, Divisional Honorary Organiser, Co-operative Societies, Broach (Northern Division), in the Bombay Presidency.

Chaudhri Kishan Singh, Honorary Assistant Collector, Sehra, District Bulandshahr, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Chaudhri Tara Singh, Superintendent of Police, Etah, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Rai Sahib Daji Ramchandra, Medical Practitioner, Nagpur, in the Central Provinces.

Mr. Nanguneri Streenivasa Tirumalai Aiyangar, B.A., District Judge, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Pandit Vinayak Rao Krishna Rao Mulye, B.A., late Dewan of the Jhabua State, in Central India.

No. 15-I.C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Sardar Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Munshi Amar Singh, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Chaudhri Balwant Singh, Safedposh of Mahilpur, Hoshiarpur District, in the Punjab.

Bhai Punjab Singh, Moga Tahsil, Ferozepore District, in the Punjab.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kesar Singh, I.M.D., attached to the Jaipur Imperial Service Transport Corps.

Sant Singh, lately temporary Engineer on the Mysore and West Coast Railway Survey.

Bhai Jawahir Singh Sahni, Base Post Master, Egyptian Expeditionary Force.

No. 16-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Muhammad Qasim Ali Sahib, Deputy Superintendent of Police, on special duty as District Assistant Recruiting Officer, Vizagapatam, in the Madras Presidency.

Aspandiar Rustam Irani, of Poona, in the Bombay Presidency.

Maneckji Merwanji Karaka, Merchant, Dharwar, in the Bombay Presidency.

Mir Ahmed Ali, Inspector, Bombay City Police.

Dr. Alibhai Mahomedbhai Mansuri, of Ahmedabad, in the Bombay Presidency.

Wadero Shah Nawaz Ghulam Murtaza Bhutto, Zamindar, in Sind.

Maulvi Abdul Rashid Khan, Vice-Chairman, District Board, Noakhali, in Bengal.

Munshi Amjad Ali Khan, Tahsil Utraula, Gonda District, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Munshi Abbas Ali Khan, Shahjahanpur, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Munshi Bashir Ali Khan, District Recruiting Officer, Banda, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Doctor Tasadduq Husain, Civil Assistant Surgeon, second grade, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Munshi Abdul Jalil, Inspector of Police, United Provinces, City Inspector, Bareilly, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Khan Sher Ali Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Malik Sardar Ali, Inspector of Police, in the Punjab.

Pir Munawar Ahmad, Deputy Collector, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, in the Punjab.

Sardar Fateh Khan, of Malal, Tahsil Fatehjang, Attock District, in the Punjab.

Chaudhri Yusaf Ali, Zaildar, of Mungi Tahsil Toba Tek Singh, Lyallpur District, in the Punjab.

Munshi Mansab Ali Khan (Superintendent of Police), Officiating Diwan of Maler Kotla State, in the Punjab.

Maulavi Chaudhuri Badr-ud-din, Manager, Court of Wards Estates, Shahabad, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Maulavi Abdur Rahim, of Nawada, District Gaya, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Mahomed Gulam Hussein Surti, Twinza, Yenangyaung, in Burma.

Nazir Abbas, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nimar District, in the Central Provinces.

Qazi Shamsher Khan, Raipur District, in the Central Provinces.

Muhammad Rafiq Khan, Inspector of Police, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Ajab Khan, Temporary Sub-Overseer, Irrigation Department, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Munshi Sarbuland Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Barkhan, in Baluchistan.

Muhammad Amin, late Ressaldar, Mekran Levy Corps, in Baluchistan.

Mr. Shawakshaw Phorozeshaw, Merchant of Quetta, in Baluchistan.

Seth Abdus Sattar, Merchant and Contractor of Quetta, in Baluchistan.

Khan Tama Khan, Tahsildar, in Baluchistan.

Mir Sohrab Khan, Tahsildar, in Baluchistan.

Mr. Dorabji Fardunji Vakil, B.A., Member of Council, Ratlam State, in Central India.

Mr. Wajid Ali Khan, Judicial Secretary, Bhopal State, in Central India.

Mehrwan Manakji Khambatta, Superintendent, Rajputana Agency Office, Mount Abu, in Rajputana.

Sayid Bashiruddin Hasan, Vice-President, Delhi Municipality.

M. Fazal Mahomad, Tahsildar, of Delhi.

Mir Hussain Shah, Officiating Tehsildar, Jammu and Kashmir State.

Umar Daraz Khan, Superintendent, Office of the First Revenue Officer, Baghdad.

Agha Mirza Muhammad Afshar, of Meshed, in Khorasan.

Hafiz Ghulam Sarwar Khan, Mir Munshi, British Agency, Kabul, in Afghanistan.

Risaldar-Major (Honorary Captain) Ali Haidar Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Shaik Ahmed Sahib, Temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd Grade, in the Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 6th (Poona) Division.

Mr. Hamid Gul, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Upper Subordinate Service, Survey of India.

Karim Bux, Sub-Inspector, 1st Grade, Post and Telegraph Department.

No. 17-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Anam Subba Reddi Garu, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Krittiventi Nageswara Rao Pantulu Garu, B.A., Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Nilakar Chengal Rao Avargal, B.A, Registrar, Local and Municipal, &c., Departments of the Secretariat, Madras.

Babu Ramapada Chatarji, Deputy Collector, in Bengal.

Babu Rai Charan Das, Overseer, Public Works Department, in Bengal.

Babu Ananda Gopal Mukharji, Inspector of Registration Offices, in Bengal.

Babu Tarak Nath Maitra, Pleader, Pabna, in Bengal.

Babu Panchanan Sarkar Barman, Pleader, Rangpur, in Bengal.

Babu Ram Nath Mukharji, Medical Practitioner, Bankura, in Bengal.

Babu Kedar Nath Sen, Zamindar, Hooghly, in Bengal.

Babu Narendra Nath Chatarji, Registrar, Revenue Department, Bengal Secretariat.

Babu Nibaran Chandra Chatarji, Superintendent, Office of the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Priya Lal Sen, Cashier, Customs House, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Lala Sita Ram, M.A., LL.B., of Meerut, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

M. Parbhu Dayal II, Tahsildar, Kairana, District Muzaffarnagar, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Munshi Sunehri Lal, Deputy Collector, 5th Grade, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Lala Kunj Bihari Lall, Honorary Magistrate, Shahjahanpur, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Chaube Rash Bihari Lal, of Ghazipur, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Babu Abhainandan Prasad, Agarwala, of Gorakhpur, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Lala Anti Ram Sah, Thulgharia, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Lala Kotu Ram, Deputy Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, in the Punjab.

Lala Bhagat Ram, Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Lala Jugal Kishor, Officiating Civil Surgeon, in the Punjab.

Seth Dwarka Nath, Deputy Superintendent of Police (temporary), in the Punjab.

L. Girdhari Lal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Lala Khushi Ram, Head Master, Government High School, Gujranwala, in the Punjab.

L. Mathura Das, Assistant Surgeon, Moga, Ferozepore District, in the Punjab.

Lala Kidar Nath, of Gujrat, in the Punjab.

Pandit Sri Kanth, Commandant, Chamba State Troops, in the Punjab.

Mian Ishar Das, of Bani, Hamirpur Tahsil, Kangra District, in the Punjab.

Lala Bhagwan Das, Nazim, Kapurthala State, in the Punjab.

Pandit Janki Parshad, Zaildar, of Radaur, Karnal District, in the Punjab.

Diwan Gyan Nath, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Babu Lakshmi Narayan Singh, Zamindar of Chandragarh, District Gaya, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Amar Nath Singh, Zamindar of Bihar, District Patna, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Mahendra Prashad, of Siwan, District Saran, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Ajay Chandra Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Ramsharan Lal, Inspector of Police, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Annada Prashad Mitra, B.A., Officiating Inspector of Schools, Patna Division, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Narayan Chandra Mukharji, 1st Grade Assistant in the Office of the Inspector-General of Police, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Gobind Ram, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Burma.

Munshi Niranjan Lal, Tahsildar, Surguja State, in the Central Provinces.

Pandit Manmohanlal Guru, Damoh District, in the Central Provinces.

Srijut Das Ram Chaudhuri, Mauzadar, in Assam.

Babu Dinanath Dhar, Overseer, Shillong Municipality, in Assam.

Babu Sarat Chandra Das, Overseer, Public Works Department (Gauhati Sub-division), in Assam.

Dina Nath, Overseer, Military Works Services, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Raizada Eshwar Dass, Bar.-at-Law, Kohat, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Pundit Ayodhya Pati, late First Grade Assistant Surgeon, in Baluchistan.

Lala Charan Das, late Deputy Settlement Commissioner, Gwalior State, in Central India.

Babu Ram Prasad, B.A., Superintendent of the Kurwai State, in Central India.

Seth Narayan Dass, Member of the Legislative Council, Gwalior State, in Central India.

Munshi Shanker Lal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer.

Munshi Pyarey Lal, Superintendent of Excise, Ajmer-Merwara.

Lala Chhotey Lal Ghiya, Public Works Department Contractor, and Honorary Magistrate, Bharatpur, in Rajputana.

Babu Bindraban Chandra Sur, First Class Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in charge of the Mayo College Hospital, Ajmer.

Lala Madho Pershad, of Delhi.

Babu Brij Lal, Wazir of Poonch.

Bakhshi Sardar Singh, Vernacular Secretary to the Chief Minister to His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir.

Subadar Sobh Narain Shukul, of the Resident's Escort, Nepal.

Babu Reoti Prasad, Treasury Clerk, Nepal Residency, Nepal.

Seth Mahan Singh, partner of Messrs. Chuhar Mal, Jowala Singh & Co., at Sistan.

Jowala Singh, Merchant of Birjand, in Persia, partner in the firm of Seth Chur Mull & Co. of Quetta.

Bawa Behar Singh, Head Clerk, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

B. Ladha Ram, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services (Sub-Divisional Officer, North Quetta).

Mr. Ramjidass, Temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd Grade, in the Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division.

Babu Manmathanath Gupta, Senior Accountant, Office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Mr. Nanak Chand Puri, B.A., Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Upper Subordinate Service, Survey of India.

Babu Ruramal, Supervisor, Engineering Department, Metre Gauge Section, Abu Road, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.

Lala Janki Pershad, Rates Superintendent, Traffic Manager's Office and Officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

Lala Devi Ditta Mal, Electrical Chargeman, Locomotive Department, North-Western Railway.

Tinkori Roy, Superintendent of Post Offices, Jessore Division (Khulna), in Bengal.

Babu Umrao Singh, Head Clerk, Postal Workshop, Aligarh, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Babu Surendranath Banerji, B.A., Superintendent in the Department of Commerce and Industry, Government of India.

Doctor Sarojini Nath Bardhan, B.A., L.M.S., of the Medical School, Singapore, Straits Settlements.

No. 18-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Chengalath Karunakara Menon Avargal, Vakil, Walluvanad, Malabar District, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Pallikarana Tirumala Srinivasa Achariyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., Assistant Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Manamadura Rajam Ayyar Ramaswami Sivan Avargal, Senior Assistant to the Government Agricultural Chemist, Coimbatore, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Titte Sreenivasa Sreenivasa Raghava Acharlu Garu, Sheristadar, District Court, Masulipatam, Kistna District, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Miriyala Govindarajulu Nayudu Garu, Civil Assistant Surgeon, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Adyam Hanumanta Rao Avargal, Senior Superintendent, Chief Secretariat, Madras.

Maganlal Motilal Gandhi, District Assistant Recruiting Officer, Kaira, in the Bombay Presidency.

Gopal Sitaram Dikshit, First Grade, Mamlatdar, in the Bombay Presidency.

Rajaram Venkatesh Marathe, Prosecuting Police Inspector, Second Grade, Ahmednagar District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Sadashiv Balwant Kale, District Assistant Recruiting Officer, Sholapur, in the Bombay Presidency.

Atmaram Keshav Kulkarni, District Assistant Recruiting Officer, in Bombay.

Balchand Mulchand Butani, Head Clerk to the Chief Engineer, in Sind.

Manekrai Pranshankar Vakil, Senior Grade (Second Class), Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in the Bombay Presidency.

Dhondo Vishramrao Chavan, District Assistant Recruiting Officer, North Ratnagiri, in the Bombay Presidency.

Balkrishna Anant Palekar, District Assistant Recruiting Officer, Southern Ratnagiri, in the Bombay Presidency.

Jeysukram Laxmiram Parghi, Kamdar, of Maliya, Kathiawar, in the Bombay Presidency.

Dattatraya Bhikaji Nesarikar, District Assistant Recruiting Officer, Dharwar, in the Bombay Presidency.

Harischandra Vishram Rajwadkar, Chairman, Lower Colaba Co-operative Credit Society, in Bombay.

Murijmal Bulchand Malkani, L.C.E., Supervisor, first grade, sub. *pro tem.*, Public Works Department, in the Bombay Presidency.

Dr. Vinayek Sadashiv Tengshe, Durbar Surgeon, Kolhapur State, in the Bombay Presidency.

Ganesh Govind Joshi, Head Clerk to the General Officer Commanding, Bombay, Deolali Brigade.

Vishnu Mahadev Karnik, District Assistant Recruiting Officer, Colaba, in Bombay.

Ramchandra Sundar Narayan Bidkar, Hinganghat, Wardha District, in the Central Provinces

Sham Rao Ramchandra, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Akola District, in Berar.

Mr. Ketoli Chengappa, B.A., Assistant Commissioner, Coorg.

Mr. Balkrishna Vinayak Samarth, B.A., LL.B., Member of Council, Dewas State (Junior Branch), in Central India.

Pandit Nagesh Abaji Khatwate, B.A., Nazim of the Rajgarh State, in Central India.

Mr. Damodar Govind Jeste, Temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 4th (Quetta) Division.

Mr. Coimbatore Padmanabha Anantanarayana Aiyar, Assistant War Controller, Office of Controller of War Accounts, Simla, in the Punjab.

Mr. Govind Mahadeo Vaidya, Assistant War Controller, Office of Controller of War Accounts, Bombay.

Mr. Kasanji Dayalji Naik, B.A., Assistant Superintendent, Office of the Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India, Pusa.

Ganesh Narayen Gokole, Assistant Station Master (Goods), Poona, Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

Narayana Thiagaraja Ayyar, Traffic Inspector, South Indian Railway.

No. 19-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Kyet thaye zaung shwe Salwè ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Thaing, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Burma.

Maung Bwa, Deputy Inspector of Schools (retired), in Burma.

No. 20-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Po Taw, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Burma, the title of Thuyè gaung ngwe Da ya Min, as a personal distinction

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No. 21-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Ahmudan gaung Tazeik ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Pe, Supervisor, Public Works Department, in Burma

Maung Hmat, Deputy Inspector of Schools, in Burma.

Maung Ba, Forest Ranger, in Burma.

Maung Maung, Bar.-at-Law, Judicial Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Chit Maung, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

No. 22-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Taing kyo Pyi kyo Saung, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Myin, Advocate, Prome, in Burma.

Maung Chit Tun, Secretary, Thatôn Municipality, in Burma.

Maung Tun Lin, Honorary Magistrate, and Vice-President, Myanaung Municipality, in Burma.

Maung Po Thaung, Advocate and Municipal Commissioner, Pakokku, in Burma.

Maung Ba Sain, Chief Clerk, Chief Engineer's Office, Burma Railways.

No. 23-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Aggamahapandita, as a personal distinction, upon—

U Seinda, Rangoon, in Burma.

U Pandawa, Sagaing District, in Burma.

J. B. WOOD,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

KING'S POLICE MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

(POLICE.)

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

No. 1-C.—His Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to confer the King's Police Medal on the following officers and men of the Indian Police establishments:—

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
MADRAS.	
1 Frank Seaver Scotney George, Superintendent of Police.	This officer rendered signal service in October 1916, when Kurnool town was visited by floods of a very disastrous nature. Portions of the town were from 5 to 12 feet under water and all drains were blocked with debris and filth. It was largely due to the unremitting efforts made by Mr. George at great personal risk that only one life was lost. The work effected under the personal direction of this officer after the floods had subsided, *viz.*, that of clearing the streets and lanes of flood water and filth, was invaluable in that it prevented the serious threatened danger of a subsequent epidemic.
2 Khan Bahadur Muhammad Amin-ud-Din Sahib, Deputy Superintendent of Police (retired).	Mr. Amin-ud Din has recently retired after a total service of nearly 3[illegible] years of which 29 years 9 months were spent in the Police. He has borne a reputation for integrity and trustworthiness. He was responsible for the detection of many important and difficult cases.
3 Paramanandam Pillai Dūraswami Pillai, B.A., Inspector of Police.	This Inspector has throughout his service had an excellent reputation for honesty and efficiency. Of the cases which he has been called upon to deal with the most important was one in which a very wealthy Muhammadan of Kulasekharapatnam, Tinnevelly district, was murdered in 1917. The case was most complicated and enquiries had to be made in various parts of the Tinnevelly district and in Ceylon. The principal accused was a very wealthy man with enormous influence both in Tinnevelly and Colombo and it was almost entirely due to this officer's integrity and great ability that the case was properly put up.
4 Abdul Quadir Sahib, Police constable.	On the 21st May 1917 the sub-inspector of police, Annur station, in the Coimbatore district, accompanied by this constable went to conduct searches in two villages inhabited by Valayars and Vellalas. The former are a criminal tribe and the latter act as their protectors and receivers of stolen property and are notorious for

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.

MADRAS—*concld.*

defying authority. They objected to the searches being conducted and, when the sub-inspector insisted, set upon him and his party and handled them very severely. The police party had to retreat before superior numbers and being pursued scattered in different directions. Constable Abdul Quadir stayed by the sub-inspector against whom the attack was chiefly directed and did his best to defend him. On reaching a neighbouring village, the constable got the sub-inspector whose leg had been fractured into the shelter of a house. Though deserted by the few friendly villagers who had been with them and advised by the sub-inspector to look after himself the constable remained and closed the house against the assailants. The mob however began to break open the door and threatened to set fire to the house; so he was forced to open it. The mob again attacked the sub-inspector but the constable defended him receiving severe injuries in doing so.

BOMBAY.

5 Vithoo Jagojee Bhonslay, third class Jamadar, Bombay City.	This officer joined the Bombay City Police as a fourth class constable in 1898. He earned his first good conduct stripe within 2 years, his second good conduct stripe after 8 years, and a silver stripe after 16 years' service, having by then risen to the grade of third class head constable and having up to that time been awarded 25 good service tickets and several rewards. Every officer under whom he has worked has spoken in the highest terms of his zeal, capacity, and detective ability. From the date of his promotion to the grade of a head constable he has had scope for independent work, and his record up to date shows 47 commendatory entries. The promptness with which he acted in what is known as the Hajam Gully murder case, led to the unravelling of one of the most horrible crimes perpetrated in Bombay, ending in the trial and conviction of a Pathan brothel keeper, his wife and their so-called daughter. The Pathan and his wife were sentenced to death, and a sentence of transportation for life was passed on the daughter. At the end of this sensational trial, the presiding judge complimented this officer on his excellent work. Departmentally his work was recognized by special promotion and he received soon after further promotion for work done in rounding up a gang of notorious ruffians who were a terror in the locality. One of them perpetrated a cowardly and vicious assault on Vithoo Jagojee which has resulted in permanent disfiguration. He still continues to work with exceptional zeal and detective ability and he is recognised as one of the ablest detectives of the force.
6 Frederick George Collett, Assistant Superintendent of Police.	This officer joined the police department on 7th June 1885 as an European constable and after a total service of over 32 years in the Department retired on the 6th March 1918 as first grade Assistant Superintendent of Police. But for a block in promotion he would ordinarily have been a District Superintendent of Police. In addition to his work in the department, which was characterized by zeal and a high sense of duty, he did excellent work in the Savantwadi State in connection with recruiting for the army.

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
	BOMBAY—*contd.*
7 Yadav Sadoba, Police constable.	On 12th June 1916 this constable went unarmed into the camp of a gang of dacoits in the guise of a receiver of stolen property. By so doing he discovered the hiding place of a large amount of property which the gang had stolen. He further kept the attention of the gang occupied until it was surrounded by other policemen. Had the constable's identity been discovered there is little doubt that he would have been murdered at once.
8 Rajawali Nadirkhan, Acting head constable of police, Sind. 9 Bhagwan Luxman, head constable of police, Sind.	On the 26th February 1918, a wooden lighter loaded with 1,092 cases of petroleum was lying along side the Bulk Oil pier at Keamari. Two railway trucks loaded with about 860 cases of petroleum were standing on the pier close by. At about 8-30 P.M. an explosion occurred on the lighter which immediately burst into flames. Head constable Bhagwan Luxman who received information of the fire rushed on to the pier in order to free the burning lighter from its moorings. He found that the stern rope had been burnt through whereupon he proceeded to untie the forward rope. In the meantime head constable Rajawali Nadirkhan who was on patrol duty in a tony sculled up rapidly to the burning lighter where he found the tug "Bhisti" standing by to try and tow the burning lighter away from the pier. A rope was thrown to the tony and head constable Rajawali then paddled in the tony ahead of the lighter and passed the rope to head constable Baghwan. The latter fastened the rope to the forward rope of the lighter, which was then towed from the Oil pier into the stream where it eventually burnt itself out. These two head constables showed great pluck and initiative at considerable personal risk in view of the imminent danger of further explosions. Their prompt and plucky action prevented what might have been a very serious danger to the Bulk Oil pier and possible damage to the Port.
10 Umar Buran, Inspector of Police.	This officer joined the police department on the 1st March 1894 as a constable and has worked his way up through all the grades of head constable and sub-inspector to his present rank of fourth grade inspector. He was reported last year by the Superintendent of Police for his excellent work in hunting down the Berad dacoits in the Belgaum District.
11 Khan Saheb Shaikh Ahmed Shaikh Daud, Headquarters Chief Constable, Mahi Kantha Agency.	He has served about 19 years in the police department and 19 years in the Army. He received the title of Khan Saheb in 1913. His police record is an excellent one. He is drawing near the end of a long and meritorious career.
12 James William Fellowes, District Superintendent of Police.	This officer joined the police department on 5th August 1891, and has therefore about 27 years' service. He commenced as a probationer and has worked himself up through the various grades to that of first grade District Superintendent of Police and was lately appointed to officiate as Deputy Inspector General of Police, Sind. His force in whichever district he has held charge, has been always noted as one of the best turned out and equipped forces in this Presidency. He has been a quiet unostentatious worker, but his work has always been characterized by a high sense of zeal and rectitude, and his kindly solicitude for his subordinates is worthy of the highest praise.

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
	BOMBAY—*concld.*
13 Edwin Alfred John Barnes, Senior Inspector, the Aden Police.	Mr. Barnes entered the Aden police in December 1893. His record has been unblemished. As a police inspector he has always done his duties to the entire satisfaction of everyone. He has lived in Aden all his life and has obtained an unique personal knowledge of not only the local population but a large majority of the people who come to Aden either for business or passing through. He has acquired a full knowledge of Arabic and Somali. Since the outbreak of war he has been called upon to perform various duties requiring energy, intelligence, tact and trustworthiness and he has in every case shown that he possessed these qualities. In the early days of the war inspector Barnes did valuable work in organizing the coolie corps. Subsequently he has been the means of settling many labour difficulties and was also employed in the raising of the first two hundred men for the local labour corps. He was on account of his qualifications deputed specially for duty with the troops which attacked and took Sheikh Said in November 1914, and was present with the troops throughout these operations. He was subsequently sent to Khor Omeria after the Arabs had fired on the boats of H. M. S. "Dufferin." Though no result accrued at the time it was due to his influence that the Sheikh subsequently came into Aden and the situation was cleared. He has exhibited conspicuous devotion to duty and his services in connection with the war have been of very special value.
	BENGAL.
14 Bijoy Narayan Basu, Inspector of Police.	A very useful and reliable officer who has done most meritorious detective work in important and dangerous cases.
15 Phanindra Kumar Basu, Inspector of Police.	He has done exceptionally valuable detective work and shown absolute fearlessness and great devotion to duty.
16 Ban Behari Mukherji, Inspector of Police.	An officer of great tact, ability and courage, whose work has led in many instances to the arrest of some most desperate characters.
17 Rasik Lal Basu, Officiating Sub-Inspector of Police.	This officer, though very junior, has done exceptionally valuable detective work and has shown great devotion to duty. He has been instrumental in effecting the arrest of several dangerous characters.
18 Amrita Lal Bhattacharji, Inspector of Police.	This officer has fearlessly carried out duties which have exposed him to considerable personal risk and has done most useful work besides effecting the arrest of a notorious character.
19 Shamsuddahar, Sub-Inspector of Police.	A fearless officer possessed of great tact and presence of mind, who has an excellent record. His services have also been of the greatest use since the outbreak of the war in enquiries of great importance.
20 Nityananda Nandi, Sub-Inspector of Police.	Towards the end of 1917 an outbreak of *hat* looting occurred in his jurisdiction and this officer accompanied only by a few subordinates faced a mob of several thousand persons and by his tact and courage averted the looting of the *hat*. He displayed conspicuous bravery and incurred great personal risk in saving property and preventing crime. His efforts in collecting evidence against the leaders of the mob had the effect of putting a stop to further looting in his jurisdiction.

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.

BENGAL—*concld.*

21 Hazari Lall Mukherji, Inspector of Police.	This officer rendered special services in dealing with the outbreak of *hat* looting in Jessore towards the end of 1917 and it was chiefly owing to his efforts that the disturbance did not spread throughout the district and that the cases were brought to a successful conclusion. He was in direct charge of three of these cases and the Special Tribunal have recorded their high appreciation of his services.
22 Brian Wardle, Officiating Additional Superintendent of Police.	This officer displayed conspicuous gallantry and risked his life in dealing with some armed desperadoes.
23 Prafulla Kumar Biswas, Inspector of Police.	He has done exceptionally good work and shown great devotion to duty at the risk of his life.
24 Basanta Kumar Mukerji, Officiating Inspector of Police.	He has done exceptionally valuable work at great personal risk and displayed conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty.

UNITED PROVINCES.

25 Musleh-ud-din, head constable of police.	On the 21st December 1917, a very large and well-armed gang of dacoits made an attack on a house in the town of Sirsaganj. The police station to which this head constable was attached is situated in this town. On receiving the alarm the head constable proceeded to the spot with a musket and in spite of being fired at, advanced to within about 15 yards and opened fire on the gang. He wounded one of the dacoits and, on attempting to secure this man, was himself hit. The head constable succeeded in retiring with his musket for a short distance before falling unconscious. In his devotion to duty he exhibited courage of the highest order by attacking a gang well armed and immeasurably superior in numbers.
26 Muhammad Shafiq, police constable.	On the 26th February 1918, a report was made at the Atraulia police station that a mad camel had severely injured two men, one of them mortally. Shortly afterwards the camel accompanied by another camel made its appearance close to the police station. Several people working in the field close by were chased but succeeded in escaping to their huts. The Sub-Inspector with a posse of police and some unarmed villagers proceeded to the spot. When within a hundred yards of the animals the Sub-Inspector advanced to within forty yards. The mad camel on seeing the Sub-Inspector charged. The Sub-Inspector's gun missed fire in both the barrels with the result that he was caught by the camel severely wounded and rendered unconscious. Constable Muhammad Shafiq seeing the plight of the Sub-Inspector and taking the initiative, where other superior officers failed, seized an old single-barrelled gun from a head constable and, advancing to a close range, fired at the hind quarters of the mad camel whereupon the animal made off. The next day the mad camel again made an appearance and this constable was responsible for its death. He laid wait on a piece of rising ground and had the camel driven out to him by a crowd of villagers armed with lathis. When within about 60 yards the constable who was using the Sub-Inspector's gun that had failed the day before, fired and brought the camel down. The action of this constable throughout was exceedingly

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.

UNITED PROVINCES—*concld.*

	plucky. On the first day he was using a very old gun and if it had failed him, he would probably have received the same treatment as he had seen meted out to the sub-inspector; moreover on the same day he took the initiative where his superior officers failed and thereby saved the life of the sub-inspector.
7 Robert John Sherwood Dodd, Superintendent of Police.	Mr. Dodd joined the service in 1899. After doing good work as Superintendent at Budaun from 1907—1911 he was posted in 1912 to Cawnpore and is still Superintendent of that district. Mr. Dodd's administration of the Cawnpore police had been uniformly excellent. He has rendered excellent services in Cawnpore during the last 5 years in the maintenance of law and order in this very important city, and in spite of difficulties has continued to command the respect and confidence of all classes. His management of the clashing festivals in 1917 was especially successful. In 1917 Mr. Dodd, in collaboration with the Inspector General, thoroughly revised the rules for the surveillance of bad characters.
8 Henry Robert Sharpe, Deputy Inspector General of Police.	Mr. Sharpe joined the service in 1892. Throughout his service he has held charge of many of the most important districts including Bareilly, Fyzabad, Lucknow and Moradabad. He has shown very marked ability as Superintendent and with his rare knowledge of men and intimate insight into all matters connected with police work in India, has been of valuable assistance to the department and to Government. In November 1916 he was promoted to the rank of Deputy Inspector General and, up to the time of his taking, in June 1918, long leave preparatory to retirement, proved himself to be an officer of exceptional ability and merit.
William Edmund Botting, Executive Officer, Lucknow Municipality.	Mr. Botting is Executive Officer of the Lucknow Municipality and as such is practically head of the Lucknow Fire Brigade which has been trained by him. He has taken a foremost part in the suppression of every outbreak of fire in Lucknow in which the Brigade has been engaged. It was due to his efforts this year that the outbreak of fire at the Lucknow Paper Mills was successfully combated and property worth several lakhs of rupees saved. Mr. Botting on this occasion worked for hours day and night holding himself the hose and directing the water in the midst of the flames.

PUNJAB.

Agha Saadat Ali Khan, B.A., Deputy Superintendent of Police.	This officer, a member of the well known Kazilbash family, entered the Punjab Police as a Sub-Inspector in 1905, and on his own merits rose to the gazetted grades in 1911, a promotion which he justified by consistently sound and reliable work. In February 1918, when he was officiating as Superintendent of Police, Shahpur, the inhabitants of Lak, a village of the Shahpur District, were giving trouble by opposing efforts to secure recruits for the army, not only in Lak itself but in neighbouring villages also. Proceedings were therefore taken under the Defence of India Rules against seven of the ringleaders, and, as serious opposition was expected, Agha

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
	PUNJAB—*contd.*
	Saadat Ali himself set out with a police detachment of about 80 rank and file accompanied by local notables to execute the warrant of arrest. On the 14th February on the way to Lak the police managed to secure one of the ringleaders at an outlying hamlet, and then proceeded towards the main village. As they advanced, the beating of drums became plainly audible, a clear indication that the villagers were assembling to resist, and at 800 yards from Lak the police were confronted with a mob of some 1,500 men armed with lathis, hatchets and spades. Attempts were made to parley and induce the rioters to disperse, but they were in a very truculent mood, and after demanding the release of the arrested ringleaders advanced on the police in a crescent-shaped formation. It may here be mentioned that a few timid spirits had just at this juncture counselled discretion as the better part of valour, but the officiating Superintendent of Police wisely held his ground and refused to imperil his men by an imprudent retreat, although vastly out-numbered. The police met the attack at first with buckshot at long range in the hope that the mob would be thus deterred from advancing further. As however the latter continued to advance apparently regardless of consequences, the police opened fire in volleys. The crowd then fell back about 300 yards whereupon firing was stopped and the police advanced. However, the villagers again facing round advanced on the police and, meeting more volleys of buckshot, once more retreated. A lambardar was then sent out to inform them that ball ammunition would be employed if they persisted in their attitude. The mob however advanced for a third time with vigorous beating of drums, and the police were in great danger of being outflanked. Agha Saadat Ali accordingly threw out a section which opened fire with ball ammunition. This had the desired effect. The mob wavered, broke and fled, having suffered casualties of 2 killed and about a dozen wounded. Subsequently about 150 of the rioters were arrested, of whom 50 were sent for trial.
	It is obvious that the officiating Superintendent of Police did all in his power to avoid bloodshed, and when this became inevitable, used no more force than was absolutely necessary to quell the disturbance. Agha Saadat Ali's calm courage and wise determination averted a serious disaster to the small police force, asserted the prestige of the administration, and quelled a disturbance that might have had very dangerous consequences.
31 Khan Sahib Munshi Ghulam Rasul, Deputy Superintendent of Police.	This officer entered the police as a constable in 1893 and by sheer merit worked his way up to the gazetted grades in 1916, having in the previous year been awarded the title of Khan Sahib in consideration of numerous valuable services rendered by him to the administration.
	In 1917 the Khan Sahib was engaged in operations having as their objective the rounding up of a desperate gang of dacoits known as the Dina gang, which has perpetrated many atrocious outrages in the Ferozepore and other neighbouring districts and Indian States. After some months of patient and unremitting endeavour, Munshi Ghulam Rasul received information that one of the ringleaders of the gang, Gujjan Singh, an ex-Sepoy of the 14th Sikhs, was being harboured in a house in the village of Patto (Ferozepore District). The

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
	PUNJAB—*contd.*
	information also showed that the dacoit, who had already at different times shot four men, was armed with a Winchester repeating rifle, a six chambered revolver and a plentiful supply of ammunition. The Deputy Superintendent of Police at once left for Patto taking a few men with him. Arriving at Patto he rushed straight into the house indicated and finding the outlaw in an inner room managed, at great personal risk, to bolt the door from outside. The outlaw was then called upon to surrender but refused. The Deputy Superintendent of Police then mounted the roof of the house and dug a hole in the portion over the outlaw's room. Gajjan Singh was then again summoned to surrender, and this time, believing discretion to be the better part of valour, quietly handed up his loaded rifle and revolver through the hole and then gave himself up. The cool and courageous action of the Deputy Superintendent of Police, who exposed himself to what appeared to be certain risk of being shot by a well armed desperado, is worthy of all praise.
32 Hakim Ikram-ul-Haq, Temporary Deputy Superintendent of Police.	This officer entered the police department as a 2nd grade head constable in August 1897. Since then by steady application to work and consistent uprightness and singleness of purpose he has risen through the sub-inspector's and inspector's grades to his present position of a provincial gazetted officer. Hakim Ikram-ul-Haq's character roll is one long record of excellent work without a blemish and the numerous commendations and rewards that he has earned, bear evidence of his excellent service to Government. Among the better known cases of late years in which this officer has distinguished himself may be mentioned the murder of Corporal Barlett in the train in 1911 in which he brought the offenders to justice and was presented with a double barrelled shot gun by Government; also the enquiries in the Faridkot State into the malpractices of officials in which the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab remarked that he had shown commendable zeal and devotion to duty in exceptional and trying circumstances. Hakim Ikram-ul-Haq's consistent excellent work render him a fitting officer for special recognition.
33 Sardar Anup Singh, Inspector of Police. (No. 205).	This officer after having served as a Risaldar in an Indian Cavalry regiment joined the police as an inspector in 1915, and in 1916 rendered excellent service in charge of a police camel corps which was raised for service in disturbed tracts. In April last it came to notice that a number of headmen in the Lodhran Tehsil of the Multan District had collected the people of the vicinity and made an illegal compact that no recruits should be allowed to enlist from their neighbourhood. This was followed by the appearance of mobs of villagers armed with axes and sticks. The local police were ordered to take action under the Defence of India Rules and the Indian Penal Code, and, as serious opposition was expected, Sardar Anup Singh was sent to the scene of the trouble with a detachment of police reserves. On the 6th May the police succeeded in arresting some of the ringleaders in the neighbourhood of Salsadr and confined them in a village school room. But, on the morning of the next day the school room was surrounded by two armed mobs numbering several hundred persons who

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
	PUNJAB—*concld.*
	were bent on rescuing the prisoners. The police were in a very critical position, but Inspector Anup Singh, who was in command of the party, promptly opened fire on the rioters who broke and fled after sustaining a few casualties. The inspector then pursued and succeeded in arresting about 30 of the offenders. The courageous attitude of the small police party and the prompt and decided action taken by Anup Singh put an end to a dangerous disturbance which, if unchecked, might have had very serious results.
34 Lancelot Colin Bradford Glascock, M.V.O., Superintendent of Police.	Mr. Glascock joined the Punjab Police in 1899 and, as an officer with a reputation for exceptional ability, has held charge of very important appointments such as Principal of the Police Training School and Superintendent of Police of the headquarters district of the province. At the Delhi Durbar, 1911, he was placed in charge of His Majesty the King-Emperor's camp, and for his services in this connection was appointed a member of the Royal Victorian Order. He has twice held charge of the Lahore district, on the first occasion for three years and on the second occasion for nearly two years. His services in charge of this, the largest and most important district in the province, earned the unstinted praise of the Commissioner of the Division and the Deputy Inspector-General of Police of the Range. Mr. Glascock has done ample justice to the most difficult police charge in the province in which he has shown himself to be possessed of, and to have exercised, specially distinguished administrative ability.
	BURMA.
35 Sydney Jennings, District Superintendent of Police.	Mr. Jennings has a specially distinguished record in administrative as well as in detective service. He joined the Burma Police as an Inspector in May 1888, and officiated as an Assistant Superintendent of Police from 1889 to 1903, when he was confirmed in that rank. He was made a District Superintendent of Police in May 1908, and as such has been in charge of the heaviest criminal districts of the Province, such as Henzada and Amherst. His work in the prevention and detection of crime has been distinguished by exceptional ability and merit.
36 Shanker Singh, 2nd grade Subadar, Chin Hills Battalion.	Prolonged service distinguished by very exceptional ability and merit; special service in dealing with serious and widespread outbreak of crime. This officer enlisted in the Burma Military Police in 1887, and has rendered over 30 years' service. He was in command at Haka at the outbreak of the rising in the Chin Hills in November 1917, and his dispositions for the defence of the station averted the possibility of any surprise by the rebels. He was in action with the enemy on the 11th December 1917 and had a bullet through his clothing.
37 Maung Ba, 1st grade Head Constable.	Conspicuous gallantry in attempting to arrest two armed thieves. On the night of the 2nd November 1910 Maung Ba was on night patrol duty in Mandalay when he heard a cry of "thieves." He ran to the spot and encountered two men, whom he challenged. One of the thieves was armed with a *dah* and the other with a stick. Maung

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
	BURMA—*concld.*
	Ba, who was alone, immediately engaged them both. A hand-to-hand struggle ensued, in which Maung Ba was badly wounded on the head and the left hand. The men retreated, followed by Maung Ba who closed with them again and wounded one of them in the chest, and then fell, too seriously injured to continue the encounter.

BIHAR AND ORISSA.

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.
38 Walter Swain, Superintendent of Police.	Mr. Swain is an exceptionally energetic and keen officer. He was entrusted with the organisation of the Constables' Training School. As Principal of that School and Principal of the Police Training College Mr. Swain had a distinguished record. Though a comparatively junior officer he has officiated as Deputy Inspector General of Police on two occasions. While acting as Range Deputy Inspector General in 1917, the anti-kine killing disturbances in Shahabad in his Range broke out. Mr. Swain was early on the scene with the Police Reserve and was in more than one critical situation. He displayed considerable courage and presence of mind. Though the police force under him was too small to control the mobs numbering from 25 to 50 thousand, the police never lost their heads and displayed the utmost forbearance and steadiness, a result which was mainly due to the example set by Mr. Swain. The Commissioner in his report on the disturbances remarks as follows :— "Mr. Swain grappled with the situation with his usual ability and with untiring energy. He was everywhere and never seemed to rest. Not only was he of the greatest help in quelling the outbreak but ever since then his services in connection with the prosecution of the cases in Court have, as Government are aware, been invaluable." Subsequent to the disturbances Mr. Swain rendered valuable services in the preparation of the briefs of cases connected with the disturbances sent for trial before the Tribunals under the Defence of India Act. He was also most useful in raising and organizing a very large additional police force sanctioned for the affected area and in planning and supervising the construction of buildings required for them.
39 John Dun Boylan, Superintendent of Police.	Mr. Boylan has a blameless record and on several occasions has been specially commended in the annual report. He was the Superintendent of Police in Shahabad when serious anti-kine killing disturbances broke out. Mr. Boylan with a small armed force of some 25 constables proceeded to the scene of the outbreak and for the whole night held the rioters in check. The mobs numbered anything from 25 to 50 thousand when the rioters eventually attacked the village of Piru. Mr. Boylan with his handful of police succeeded in keeping them in check for a considerable time, and when the mob eventually got beyond control the small force of the police held its own in such areas as it was able to protect. Mr. Boylan was often in a critical situation and but for his coolness and presence of mind, an example of loyalty followed by his men, the police might easily

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.

BIHAR AND ORISSA—*contd.*

have been overpowered and disarmed. The Special Tribunal which tried the rioters concerned in one of the first cases of the outbreak remarked as follows :—

" We cannot speak too highly of Mr. Boylan's untiring energy, coolness and presence of mind."

The Commissioner of the Division in his report on the disturbances says :—

" Mr. Boylan, the Superintendent of Police, Shahabad, showed remarkable coolness and presence of mind in a particularly trying and difficult situation."

When the disturbances were eventually brought under control with military help, Mr. Boylan supervised the investigation of cases and rendered valuable services in restoring the affected area to a normal condition.

40 Wilfred Arthur Prince Sealy, Superintendent of Police.

Both as an Assistant and as Superintendent of Police Mr. Sealy has a distinguished record. Though a comparatively junior officer Mr. Sealy has officiated as Deputy Inspector General on three occasions.

Mr. Sealy's services have been marked by exceptional ability and merit. No amount of work has been too much for him and the local Government consider his services deserving of special recognition.

41 Rai Bahadur Sri Krishna Mahapatra, Deputy Superintendent of Police.

In 1908 Rai Bahadur Sri Krishna Mahapatra was made a Deputy Superintendent. Up till then he had been attached to the Calcutta Police. In 1908 he was transferred to the Central Intelligence Department and for his good work in that Department he was granted the Royal Victorian Medal in 1912.

From July 1913 to August 1914 he was placed on special duty under the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, and during September and August of 1914 he was placed on special duty under the Home Department of the Government of India. He was granted the title of Rai Bahadur in 1914. Since his return to Bihar and Orissa in 1915, he has several times held charge of districts in which capacity his work has been of a very high order. In 1917 he was specially deputed to Shahabad to supervise enquiries into cases arising out of the Bakr Id disturbances which he did with his customary energy and skill, personally checking all the evidence on the spot before the cases came before the Tribunal Courts. After the work of investigation was complete he prepared the briefs for the public prosecutors appearing before the Special Tribunal at Arrah. In this connection too his work was of the first order. His specially valuable services deserve recognition.

42 Allan Stainer Hayling, Inspector of Police.

Mr. Hayling joined the police in 1887 as a European constable and after officiating as Subadar of "B" and "C" companies of the Military Police was confirmed as such in 1898 in which year he was promoted to the fourth grade of Inspector of Police. He has worked himself up to the first grade of Inspector, and had he possessed higher educational qualifications would doubtless have earned a Deputy Superintendentship. For the past six years he has, except for a short time, been in charge of the Constables' Training Schools at Ranchi, Nathnagar and Cuttack which post he has filled with marked efficiency. Throughout his service of thirty-one years he has never had a censure or reprimand

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.

BIHAR AND ORISSA—*concld.*

	recorded against him and has worked loyally and faithfully throughout. He retired from the service of Government on the 1st April 1918, after rendering consistently good service.

ASSAM.

43 Dandi Ram Salai, Police constable (No. 190).	This constable has rendered meritorious service and has shown great courage and devotion to duty at personal risk.
44 Chandi Ram Katoni, Police constable (No. 242).	He has shown great courage and devotion to duty at the risk of his life in dealing with a band of armed desperadoes.
45 Subadar Bhowan Singh Bisht of the Lushai Hills Battalion.	His work throughout his service has been excellent. He has assisted in training drafts for the regular army. In the Kuki rising in Manipur he had for four months independent command of a column based on Bangmual at the trijunction of Manipur with the Lushai and Chin Hills districts. He captured the village of Ngaljang, an exceptionally good piece of work.
46 Subadar Pokul Thapa of the Naga Hills Battalion.	For excellent work with the Henima column against the Kukis in which he displayed cool determination and commanded his men in action on several occasions in a fine soldierly manner deserving of recognition.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

47 John Murray Ewart, Superintendent of Police.	In April 1913 this officer was in command of the Bannu Frontier Constabulary when the raid known as the Kalur dacoity took place. In this affair Mr. Ewart had a very trying time for 5 days; his arrangements for intercepting the gang were most complete; and the pursuit was carried out with the very greatest energy and determination on his part. Mr. Ewart as Superintendent of Police of Bannu again came to notice in March 1917 in connection with the "Baran Nalla" case. He was present throughout the fighting by day and was in charge of night operations when it became too dark to continue an assault. Attempts to break through were frustrated and in the morning ten raiders, seven others being dead, surrendered to Mr. Ewart. In December 1917 Mr. Ewart was concerned in the rounding up near Bannu of a party of sixteen well armed raiders from Afghanistan. He was the officer who first received news of the whereabouts of the gang, and was responsible for all the preliminary arrangements. He was present throughout the fighting and rendered material assistance to the Military and the Frontier Constabulary. The annihilation of this gang was a remarkably fine piece of work. On these three occasions Mr. Ewart showed remarkable tenacity, courage and resource.
48 Umar Khan, Head Constable of Police (No. 330).	In April 1917 this officer was in command of a guard on the lockup at Darban, when the town was attacked. Though entirely beyond the sphere of his responsibilities he with a small party of police immediately made for the bazaar. No cover being available the police stood in the street and opened fire at close range. Throughout the affair this head constable led the resistance offered to the gang and was undoubtedly mainly responsible for saving the place being looted and set on fire.

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which in particular the decoration has been conferred.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—*concld.*

49 Arther Finch Perrott, Assistant Superintendent of Police.	In May 1917, a gang of dacoits was located in gardens near Peshawar City. Mr. Perrott accompanied the party of police sent to deal with it. During the course of the operations Mr. Perrott at considerable personal risk rushed a number of the dacoits ; this led to the death of the leader and the capture of the gang. In December of the same year Mr. Perrott was with a party of the Frontier Constabulary when a well armed gang of sixteen raiders from Afghanistan was located in the Bannu district. During the operations Mr. Perrott led his party under heavy fire to a ditch within point blank range of the gang. There in addition to fire from the raiders the party was in considerable danger from bombs from our own side which were being thrown to induce the enemy to leave cover. In spite of the heavy casualties the gang was eventually annihilated. On both of these occasions Mr. Perrott behaved with great gallantry and showed fine tenacity and leadership.

ANDAMANS AND NICOBAR ISLANDS.

50 Khan Bahadur Aga Jan, Subadar Major.	Has always borne an excellent character, very well reported on throughout his service, educated and absolutely trustworthy and reliable. He is respected by all ranks and castes and upholds his position in a most praiseworthy manner.

CENTRAL INDIA AGENCY.

51 Thakur Din, Police constable (No. 221).	On the 25th March 1917 at Manpur a woman attempted to commit suicide by throwing herself down a well, which was 50 feet deep to the surface of the water. Constable Thakur Din, who is 50 years of age jumped in after her, and in spite of her struggles to drown herself managed to keep her afloat for an hour till help came, thereby saving her life at imminent risk of his own. Constable Thakur Din has been rewarded for good service on seven occasions during his career in the police.

AJMER-MERWARA.

52 Allen George Blanchett, Inspector of Police.	Mr. Blanchett was appointed to the Ajmer Police in the year 1889 and was transferred to the Bharatpur State in the year 1905. He has reorganised the State Police force and brought it to a high state of efficiency. All the Officers under whom he served in Ajmer and the different Political Agents in Bharatpur have had a high opinion of his honesty, capacity and work, and under his Superintendency the relations and co-operation of the State Police with the Agra and Muttra Police have been close and cordial. Mr. Blanchett has also held charge of the two Criminal Tribes Settlements in the Bharatpur State and has managed these institutions very well. The settlements are kept in excellent order and the inmates are looked after carefully and considerately.

J. H. DUBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

REWARDS.

No. 1.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotion in the Most Honourable Order of the Bath :—

To be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the First Class, or Knight Grand Cross, of the said Most Honourable Order.

His Excellency General Sir CHARLES CARMICHAEL MONRO, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., A.-D.-C.

No. 2.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotions in, and admissions to, the Order of British India, with effect from the dates specified :—

To the 1st Class with the title of "Sardar Bahadur".

Risaldar-Major Balwant Singh, *Bahadur*, 3rd Skinner's Horse, *vice* Subadar-Major and Honorary Captain Chinnasami, *Sardar Bahadur*, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, deceased, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Subadar-Major Bhola Sing Kandari, *Bahadur*, 1st Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Subadar-Major and Honorary Captain Nand Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, 23rd Sikh Pioneers, deceased, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Subadar-Major Akbar Ali, *Bahadur*, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners, *vice* Subadar-Major and Honorary Captain Sayid Yakub, *Sardar Bahadur*, 27th Madras Infantry, deceased, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Subadar Bansraj Gurung, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Subadar-Major Asadulla Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, 22nd Punjabis, deceased, with effect from the 25th July 1918.

Subadar Mahadeorao Sondkar, *Bahadur*, 116th Mahrattas, *vice* Subadar-Major and Honorary Captain Yasin Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, *C.I.E.*, 24th Punjab Infantry, deceased, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

Subadar-Major Atar Khan, *Bahadur*, *I.O.M.*, 33rd Punjabis, *vice* Subadar-Major and Honorary Captain Saiyid Husain, *Sardar Bahadur*, 61st King George's Own Pioneers, deceased, with effect from the 20th October 1918.

Subadar-Major Maluk Singh, *Bahadur*, *I.O.M.*, 33rd Punjabis, *vice* Subadar-Major and Honorary Captain Shah Muhammad, *Sardar Bahadur*, 25th Punjab Infantry, deceased, with effect from the 26th October 1918.

To the 2nd Class with the title of "Bahadur".

Risaldar-Major Wariam Singh, 16th Cavalry, *vice* Risaldar-Major Balwant Singh, promoted, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Risaldar Faiz Muhammad Khan, *I.O.M.*, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), A.-D.-C. to H. E. the Governor of Bengal, *vice* Subadar-Major Bhola Sing Kandari, promoted, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Risaldar Phul Singh, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers, *vice* Subadar-Major Akbar Ali, promoted, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Subadar-Major Bo Kin Po, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, *vice* Risaldar-Major Sarfaraz Ali Khan, *Bahadur*, 12th Cavalry, deceased, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Subadar-Major Jhagarnand, 3rd Battalion, 9th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Subadar Jowand Singh, *Bahadur*, No. 6 Bombay Mountain Battery, deceased, with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Subadar-Major Sheikh Ali Muhammad, 1st Battalion, 9th Bhopal Infantry, *vice* Subadar Bansraj Gurung, promoted, with effect from the 25th July 1918.

Subadar-Major Rangayya, 1st Battalion, 61st King George's Own Pioneers, *vice* Subadar Mahadeorao Sondkar, promoted, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

Subadar Indar Singh, 90th Punjabis, *vice* Subadar-Major Govindaraju, *Bahadur*, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, deceased, with effect from the 10th October 1918.

Subadar-Major Nisar Husain, 79th Carnatic Infantry, *vice* Subadar-Major Atar Khan, promoted, with effect from the 20th October 1918.

Subadar Kirpa Ram Pun, 1st Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Subadar-Major Maluk Singh, promoted, with effect from the 26th October 1918.

Subadar-Major Narayan Singh, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs, *vice* Subadar-Major Ballia, *Bahadur*, No. 3 Field Battery, Hyderabad Contingent, deceased, with effect from the 5th November 1918.

No. 3.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the award of the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity) to the undermentioned for meritorious service and devotion to duty :—

No. 1884 Temporary Daffadar Ahmad Shah, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's).

No. 158 Temporary Havildar Awal Nur, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's).

No. 152 Temporary Havildar Abdullah Shah, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's).

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General*,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 1st January 1919.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 1.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the promotion of the undermentioned officer in recognition of services rendered in connection with the war :—

To be temporary Lieutenant-Commander, Royal Indian Marine.

Temporary Lieutenant E. Whayman, Royal Indian Marine.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General*,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, *by the* SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, *Delhi.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India."

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 4th January 1919.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The last issue of the Notices of the Patent Office appeared in the "Gazette of India," Part II, dated the 21st December 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

December 17.

4066. K. S. Sanghani. *Horizontal motion and double shaft piston pump.*

December 18.

4067. Mahboobalum. *Improved hand cotton gin.*
4068. K. D. Banerjee. *Automatic railway collision preventor and signallor.*

December 20.

4069. L. J. Martin. *Lock for railway wagon doors.*
4070. A. D. Dean-Butcher. *Improvements in and relating to the construction of pipes, culverts and the like.*

December 21.

4071. W. J. Melhuish. *Improvements in the manufacture of soya bean milk and the complete utilization of bye products.*
4072. E. S. Luard. *Improvements in hose pipe clips.*
4073. R. de H. St. Stephens, and the Climax Rock Drill & Engineering Works, Ld. *Improvements in valve gear for rock drills and other percussion tools.*
4074. T. Pettigrew. *Improved circuit arrangements for operating the selecting device of telephone installations by number impulses.*
4075. E. A. Laidlaw. *Improvements relating to automatic or semi-automatic telephone systems.*

December 23.

4076. J. L. Connor. *War memorial.*
4077. S. S. Sayad and Timber and Shuttle Loom Co. *Seamless automatic shuttle loom.*
4078. A. Newton-Smith. *Improvements in the pickers of looms.*
4079. A. Newton-Smith. *Improvements in shuttle buffers for pickers of looms.*
4080. E. Roirant. *Improvements in or relating to glass delivering and melting apparatus.*
4081. G. T. Macfarlane. *Improvements in winches.*
4082. G. T. Macfarlane. *Improvements in winches.*
4083. Berendonck's Syndicaat voor Banden in Deelen. *Improvements in pneumatic tyres.*
4084. C. A. Parsons. *Improvements in the mounting of reflectors.*
4085. S. H. Menzies. *Improvements in apparatus for use in treating liquids with gases.*
4086. A. Kerr. *Improvements relating to train and like control systems.*
4087. C. A. Parsons. *Improved turbine blade attachment.*
4088. The Singer Manufacturing Co. *Rotary hook sewing machine.*
4089. The Singer Manufacturing Co. *Rotary take-ups for sewing machine.*
4090. The Singer Manufacturing Co. *Lubricating means for sewing machines.*
4091. The Luckenbach Processes, Incorporated. *Mineral selective and frothing agent and processes or methods of producing and using the same.*
4092. The Luckenbach Processes, Incorporated. *Mineral selective and frothing agent and processes or methods of producing and using the same.*
4093. The Luckenbach Processes, Incorporated. *Composition of matter and methods of and apparatus for using the same.*
4094. W. E. Kimber. *Improved lifting truck or trolley.*
4095. J. H. Green. *Improved metallic non-skidding and protecting device for pneumatic tyres.*
4096. J. C. Gordon. *A new or improved socket or device for receiving or bearing screws such as are employed for fastening purposes.*
4097. Kohler Co. *Improvements in the process of producing cast metal objects.*
4098. R. E. R. James and C. W. James. *An improved combination of plough and motor tractor.*
4099. W. E. W. Richards. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of moulded articles from cement.*
4100. R. S. Portham. *Improvements in and relating to condensers and coolers.*
4101. J. R. Partington and G. J. Jones. *Improvements in the manufacture of ammonium nitrate.*
4102. J. R. Partington and L. H. Parker. *Improvements in and relating to fertilisers.*

4103. J. R. Partington and E. K. Rideal. *Improvements in the production of nitrates.*
4104. J. R. Partington, G. J. Jones and T. K. Brownson. *Improvements in and relating to the production of ammonium nitrate.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3707. L. C. Stukenborg. *Cotton picker.*
3758. C. N. Chamberlain. *Improvements in rubber heels.*
3952. A. N. Thorpe and E. Beecroft. *Automatic slack gathering coupler.*
3979. F. S. Hughes. *Device for repairing inner tubes of pneumatic tyres.*
4010. L. J. Martin. *Improved water tap with limited delivery.*
4012. S. D. Master. *Swords or weapons.*
4035. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improvements in the manufacture of lampblack.*
4037. F. L. Impey. *Improvements relating to loose-leaf binders.*
4039. H. M. Butler and C. W. Davis. *Improvements in axles for motor-driven road vehicles.*
4040. Singer Manufacturing Co. *Sewing machine.*
4041. W. C. Cartland and R. H. Martin. *Improvements in code or combination locks.*
4043. S. K. Sibbald. *New or improved products for treating road surfaces, for water-proofing surfaces and for coating surfaces of materials and the like, and processes for the manufacture thereof.*
4048. Heatly and Gresham Ld. *Improvements in filters.*
4049. F. D. S. Sandeman. *A machine for dividing materials such as jute into short lengths.*
4052. W. J. Stewart and J. Woolcock. *Improvements in or relating to ferro-concrete ship construction.*
4053. J. V. Clarke. *An improved process for separating thorium from other rare earths and for the manufacture of thorium nitrate and other thorium salts.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

2989. E. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt. *A process for the synthetic production of methane.*
3428. McKenzie Holland and Westinghouse' Power Signal Co., Ld. *Improvements relating to railway traffic controlling apparatus.*
3685. Movette, Incorporated. *Moving picture apparatus.*
3718. Williams' Foreign Patents Ld. *Improvements in or relating to reinforced concrete ships, barges, floating structures and the like.*
3719. Williams' Foreign Patents Ld. *Improvements in or relating to the construction of reinforced concrete ships, barges, floating structures, floors, decks, deck floors for bridges and the like.*
3759. C. H. Chubb. *Improvements in trailable railway switches.*
3816. F. Caproni. *Improvements in flying machine construction.*
3817. G. Caproni. *Improvements in or relating to flying machines.*
3818. G. Caproni. *Improvements in or relating to flying machines.*
3821. C. H. Chubb. *Improvements in trailable railway switches.*
3823. C. H. Chubb. *Improvements in trailable railway switches.*
3905. Mineral Separation Ld. *Improvements in or relating to the concentration of ores.*
3915. J. MacFarlane. *Improvements in sliver, breaker, drawing and roving cans or cap boxes or the like.*
3925. Tinogen Products Co., Ld. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of power gas and the recovery of hydrocarbon oils.*
3947. C. H. F. Bagley. *A process and apparatus for removing molten slag from fixed open-hearth steel furnaces, by means of air or steam blast.*
3948. H. C. E. Jacoby and Enclosed Motor Co., Ld. *Improvements in or relating to cooling arrangements for dynamo electric machines.*
3949. P. A. H. Mossay, H. C. E. Jacoby and Enclosed Motor Co., Ld. *Improvements in or relating to cooling arrangements for dynamo electric machines.*

3950. G. Mairet. *A debris-removing device for percussive rock drills.*
3955. J. M. Malloch. *Improved drag device for regulating the rate of rotation of bobbins for spinning, twisting, roving and like machines.*
3957. E. E. R. Gaudart. *Improved process for the extraction of coconut butter.*
3958. J. H. Marshall. *Improvements in machines or apparatus for drying tea leaves or other produce, or the like.*
3960. A. B. C. Coupler Ld. *Improvements in buffers for railway vehicles and the like.*
3961. J. G. Robinson. *Improvements in or relating to steam superheaters for locomotive, marine and other boilers.*
3962. D. M. Lewis. *Improvements in locomotive draft appliances.*
3964. Worthington Pump and Machinery Corporation. *Improvements in feed water heating systems.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7 accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3308. Mahindra and Withers.
3662. Nomi.
3783. Waine.
3837. Ross and Temple.
3839. Woolley and Gethin.
3842. Raye.
3843. Pearson.
3844. Peirce.
3846. Hayes.

PATENTS SEALED.

3409. Moore.
3603. Wheatley, Judge, Saxby & Farmer Ld. and Saxby & Farmer (India) Ld.
3673. Wheatley, Judge, Saxby & Farmer Ld. and Saxby & Farmer (India) Ld.
3795. Belden.
3796. Belden.
3820. Ohtani.
3826. Small.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

92 of 1907. Khan. (To 17 September 1919.)
270 of 1907. Little. (To 18 December 1919.)
286 of 1907. Durham. (To 20 December 1919.)
407 of 1907. Wilson. (To 18 December 1919.)
343 of 1908. Foden & ors. (To 14 October 1919.)
89 of 1910. Rawlings & ors. (To 31 March 1920.)
131 of 1910. Handcock & ors. (To 18 April 1920.)
599 of 1910. Allen-Liversidge Portable Acetylene Co., Ld. (To 13 January 1920.)
659 of 1910. Levick Jr. (To 26 January 1920.)
97 of 1911. Beavourt. (To 30 March 1920.)
132 of 1911. Phonofilm Co., Ld. (To 20 December 1919.)
266 of 1911. Paterson. (To 19 December 1919.)
298 of 1911. Burdon & ors. (To 20 December 1919.)
304 of 1911. Perman. (To 20 December 1919.)
359 of 1911. Perman. (To 22 December 1919.)
209 of 1912. Biernacki. (To 25 April 1920.)
630 of 1912. Mills. (To 2 December 1919.)
670 of 1912. General Electric Co. (To 23 December 1919.)
678 of 1912. Biddlecombe. (To 23 December 1919.)
1230 of 1913. Indra Shanker & ors. (To 16 October 1919.)
1379 of 1913. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. Ld. (To 22 December 1919.)
1380 of 1913. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co., Ld. (To 22 December 1919.)
1382 of 1913. Societe Generale Des Nitrures. (To 22 December 1919.)
1383 of 1913. Fredrikson. (To 22 December 1919.)
1403 of 1914. Barnfather. (To 6 January 1920.)
1404 of 1914. Barnfather. (To 6 January 1920.)
1522 of 1914. Det Kontinentale Syndikat for Poulsen Radio-Telegraphi. (To 11 March 1920.)
1559 of 1914. Martins. (To 30 March 1920.)
1878 of 1914. Mullick. (To 17 September 1919.)
1949 of 1914. Danforth. (To 25 November 1919.)
1962 of 1914. Olsson & anr. (To 18 December 1919.)
1963 of 1914. Olsson & anr. (To 18 December 1919.)
1964 of 1914. Olsson & anr. (To 18 December 1919.)
1965 of 1914. Siegwart. (To 18 December 1919.)

1969 of 1914. Peter. (To 23 December 1919.)
1970 of 1914. Peter. (To 23 December 1919.)
2018 of 1915. Copeman. (To 10 February 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1906.

108, (Wheatley).

1912.

504, (Cowles). 505, (Cowles). 506, (Cowles). 512, (Compagnie Generale de Phonographes, Cinematographes et Appareils de Precision). 513, (Compagnie Generale de Phonographes, Cinematographes et Appareils de Precision). 514, (Compagnie Generale de Phonographes, Cinematographes et Appareils de Precision). 515, (Compagnie Generale de Phonographes, Cinematographes et Appareils de Precision).

1913.

1182, (Brunn).

1914.

1870, (Haugh). 1871, (Jack). 1872, (Shorten).

EXTENSION OF COPYRIGHT IN DESIGN.

Class 14. No. 1187 of 1914. Abdeali Shaikh Mahomed Ali Anik C/o H. V. Williams & Co., 8/20 Esplanade East, Calcutta, February 10, 1914, (copyright in design extended for five years.)

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

From 16th to 21st December 1918.

Class 4. Nos. 8106 and 8107. Caribonum Co., Ld., Caribonum Works, Laura Road Leyton, London, England. November 26.
Class 4. No. 8109. William Tice, Gun and Shell Factory, Cossipore. December 12.
Class 13. Nos. 8110 to 8166. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. December 21.
Class 13. Nos. 8174 to 8200. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. December 21.
Class 14. No. 8167. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. December 21.
Class 14. Nos. 8201 to 8203. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. December 21.
Class 15. Nos. 8168 to 8173. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. December 21.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the inter pretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and design or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in th public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposa of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must b on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings a given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot b secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911,* is i force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the Unitec Kingdom or any of the British possessions The International Convention for the Pro tection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent office in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within th time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must b clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that ma occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta i subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it i not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send then by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents an Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received i payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are no patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Lav in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photo graphs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are publishe within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India* These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 anna per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Paten Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.
BOMBAY	Record Office.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
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CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.
DELHI	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.
HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Higl ness the Nizam's Government.
JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Ra shahi Division.
KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampto Buildings, W.C.
MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	College of Engineering.
MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Govern ment, General and Revenu Department.
NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
POONA	College of Engineering.
RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary Government of Burma.
ROORKEE	Thomason College.
SHOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.
WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* a filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1 Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and th Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications an other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Paten Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price. R	a.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)	1	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi) . each	0	2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*)	0	1
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(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1911, and Chronological lists, 1905-1911)	3	0
(h) Patent Office Journals (Issued quarterly) . each	0	8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917 . each	1	0
(j) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912 . each	0	8

H. A. F. LINDSAY, I.C.S.,
Offg. Controller of Patents and Designs

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List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

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*M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, 1, Gun Troop Road, Ulsoor P. O., Bangalore Cantonment
†M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).
M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Akmal Ali Akmal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Mohd. Israil Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Muhammad Muslim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.
BAREILLY—
M. Mohd. Arif, B. I. Bazar, Bareilly.
BOMBAY—
†Mr. H. M. Anwar, Karelwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.
CALCUTTA—
M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S., 2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
M. Badru-z-Zaman, 212/1, Linton Street, Calcutta.
M. Abdul Badi, 5, Ramsanker Roy Lane, Calcutta.
M. A. M. F. Wahhab, Librarian, Calcutta Madrassah, 14, Zakaria Street, Calcutta.
M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat, 27, Karaya Bazar Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya Ibrat, 17/1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Balligunge Road, Calcutta.
*M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A., 3, Elliot Lane, Calcutta.
M. Syed Nawab Ali, 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
M. Wahidun Nabi Khan, 88/1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road P. O.
†M. Daliluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
M. Abdul Wajid, 106, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A., 4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley, Calcutta.
M. Nisar Ahmad Khan, 49, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
M. Azherus Sadain, 138/1, Karaya Road.
M. Abdul Habib Khan, 44, Gora Chand Road, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
M. Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
*M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, 27, Jhowtala Lane, Balligunge P. O.
M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 28, Park Lane.
M. Md. Quasim Khan, C/o H. A. Rahaman & Co., 44, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Aazam, 19, Tilzala 1st Lane, P. O. Balligunge, Calcutta.
†M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A., M.F., 11, Colootolla Street, Calcutta.
*M. Aziz Mohd. Khan Afridi, 41, Gardner's Lane, Entally P. O.
CAWNPORE—
M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.
DERA GHAZI KHAN.—M. M. Waris Ali Khan, Block No. 43, Dera Ghazi Khan.
FEROZEPORE—
M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.
HISSAR.—M. M. I. Jan Bukhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Biwani District, Hissar.
HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.
JHANSI.—M. S. R. Kapur, 75, Saddar Bazar, behind Kotwali, Jhansi.
JHELUM—
M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.
M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phurianwala Bazar, Jhelum.
JUBBULPORE—
M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
JULLUNDUR—
M. Karam Chand, C/o Jacki Mall & Sons, Suddar Bazaar, Jullundur Cantonment.
M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depôt, Jullundur.
M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.
KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadamal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.
KASAULI.—M. Anand Sarup, Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.
KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.
LAHORE—
M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.
M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. M. Abdul Hamid, C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Mochi Gate, Lahore.
M. Muhammad Din, 2090, Pir Gilavian Street, Lahore.
LUCKNOW—
M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.
†M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, C/o Munshi Karim Khan, Chhitwapur, near Takya Langara Shah, Lucknow.
M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, Kandhari Bazar, Lucknow.
LUDHIANA.—M. Kishori Lall Jethi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.
LYALLPUR.—M S. Sadiq Ally, Munshi Fazil—D. M. A. S. High School, Lyallpur.
MADRAS.—M. Mubiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.
MEERUT—
M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.
M. S. M. Aminuddin, C/o M. Amir Hassan Khan, Regimental Kotwal, Jamal Mohalla Lal, Kurti Bazar, Meerut.
MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah, Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.
MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.
MULTAN—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.
MURREE HILLS—
M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.
NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
PANIPAT.—M. Jiya Lall, C/o L. Shadi Ram, Petition writer, Panipat (Karnal).
PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.
PESHAWAR—
M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
*M. Saiyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N.-W. F. P., Peshawar.
QUETTA—
M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Abdul Aziz, The King's Regiment, Quetta.
M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.
M Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Aulad Husain, Cadet College, Quetta
M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shair Manzil (M. W. S., Military District).
RAWALPINDI—
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).
†M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.
M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
RISALPUR.—M Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.
ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.
SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.
SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.
SUBATHU—
*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriey, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu
M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
WELLINGTON—
M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktaram Row, Calcutta.
RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.
KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothen, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—
Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.
Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.
RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.
SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

Qualified Tamil Teachers.

MADRAS—
M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachri, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpotta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA, *The 21st November 1918.*

O. F. JENKINS, *Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.*

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system,* and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „
QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
   (*a*) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (*b*) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, " these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,
Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
The 30th October 1918.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 28th December 1918.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	2,26,00,000	0	0			
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below* .	67,50,000	0	0			
				1,58,50,000	0	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments				67,50,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	4,15,54,231	12	8			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,47,72,373	6	3	5,63,26,605	2	11
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				22,95,03,595	8	6
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .				15,33,332	12	2
Sundries				21,54,354	7	0
RUPEES .				33,21,22,887	14	7

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities . .				6,40,30,882	0	0
Other authorized Investments .				1,41,32,214	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .				9,05,26,482	4	7
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				5,76,94,269	1	4
Bills discounted and purchased .				1,77,90,532	5	5
Balances with other Banks .				35,64,853	11	5
Bullion				......		
Dead Stock				27,94,730	2	8
Stamps				11,715	12	4
Sundries				4,33,707	6	9
				25,09,79,386	12	6
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	2,95,22,385	1	2			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	5,16,21,116	0	11	8,11,43,501	2	1
RUPEES .				33,21,22,887	14	7

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,77,205 0 0

† Do. do. do. „ 5,31,570 0 0

Rs. 9,08,775 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, 2nd January 1919.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
Percentage 28·02.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 2nd January, 1919.

LEAVE.

No. 1698.—Mr. J. A. Chapman, Librarian, Imperial Library, is granted privilege leave, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and nine days with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd of January, 1919.

Babu Surendra Nath Kumar, Superintendent of the Reading Rooms, is appointed to officiate as Librarian, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. A. Chapman.

By order of the Library Council,

J. A. CHAPMAN,

Secretary to the Council of the Imperial Library.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, DELHI.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 23rd December 1918.

Appointment and posting.

No. 6299-39-*E.-B.*—Mr. Farman Ali is appointed as a temporary Engineer and posted to the New Cantonment Division, 2nd Circle, with effect from the forenoon of the 12th November 1918.

H. T. KEELING,
Secretary.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Indore, the 26th December 1918.

No. 1765-*B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Central India (Administered Areas) Excise Law, 1917, and in supersession of the notification of the Central India Agency No. 1207-C., dated the 8th July 1915, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to empower the officer in charge of the country spirit warehouse established by the Gwalior Darbar in Nimach City to grant passes for the import of country spirit into Nimach Cantonment and for its transport through the said Cantonment to the villages of the Gwalior or Tonk State served by the warehouse, subject to the following conditions:—

(*a*) Passes for the import or transport of such spirit shall be granted only to persons holding licenses for the retail sale of country spirit within the area to which the Central India (Administered Areas) Excise Law, 1917, applies, or in the said villages respectively.

(*b*) Such passes shall be granted only in respect of spirit supplied from the country spirit warehouse established in the Nimach City by the Gwalior Darbar, and under and in accordance with the rules prescribed by the Darbar for the management of the said warehouse and for the supply of the spirit therefrom.

(*c*) Such passes shall be in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by the Darbar and approved by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India in this behalf. Every such pass shall be returned by the importer to the officer in charge of the warehouse within such time as may be specified in it in that behalf.

(*d*) The duty payable in respect of such import or transport shall, before the spirit is removed from the said warehouse, be paid by the licensed vendor desirous of importing or transporting the same to the Cantonment Magistrate of Nimach (in cash or by debit in an account kept by that officer) in the case of spirit to be imported into the Nimach Cantonment or transported to villages in the Tonk State, and to the Officer in charge of the warehouse in other cases.

(*e*) The spirit shall be carried in receptacles sealed by the Officer in charge of the warehouse, which shall be presented, together with the pass, to the Officer in charge of the Octroi Post at which the consignment enters the Cantonment, by whom the date and time of entry will be endorsed on the pass, and also, in the case of spirit transported through the Cantonment, to the Officer in charge of the Octroi Post at which it leaves the Cantonment, by whom the date and time of exit will be endorsed on the pass. In the event of the consignment having been delayed or tampered with in transit, the said Officer may detain it, reporting the case immediately for the orders of the Cantonment Magistrate.

By order, etc.,

A. R. JELF,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

CHIEF COURT OF THE PUNJAB.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 24th December 1918.

List of general holidays to be observed by the Civil Courts in the Delhi Province during the year 1919.

Description of holidays.	Names of holidays.	Dates on which they fall.	Number of days including Sundays.	Day or days of the week.
General	Proclamation day	1st January	1	Wednesday.
Hindu	Basant Panchmi	5th February	1	"
"	Sheoratri	28th February	1	Friday.
"	Holi	16th March	1	Sunday.
"	Dulandhi	17th March	1	Monday.
"	Durga Ashtmi	8th April	1	Tuesday.
"	Baisakhi	13th April	1	Sunday.
Christian	Good Friday	18th April	1	Friday.
"	Saturday before Easter	19th April	1	Saturday.
"	Easter Monday	21st April	1	Monday.
Muhammadan	Shab-i-Barat	15th May	1	Thursday.
Hindu	Nirjala Ikadshi	9th June	1	Monday.
Muhammadan	Juma-ul-Wida	27th June	1	Friday.
"	*Id-ul-Fitr	30th June	1	Monday.
Hindu	Bias Puja	13th July	1	Sunday.
"	Solono	11th August	1	Monday.
"	Janam Ashtmi	19th August	1	Tuesday.
Muhammadan	*Id-ud-Zuha	6th September	1	Saturday.
Hindu	Anant Chaudas	9th September	1	Tuesday.
Muhammadan	*Muharrum	2nd to 5th October	4	Thursday to Sunday.
Hindu	Dusehra	1st to 4th October	4	Wednesday to Saturday.
"	Diwali	23rd October	1	Thursday.
"	Jam Dutia	25th October	1	Saturday.
"	Moon Eclipse	8th November	1	"
Muhammadan	Bara Wafat	6th December	1	"
Christian	Christmas Vacation	24th to 31st December	8	Wednesday to Wednesday.

* Subject to the appearance of the moon.

NOTES.—Every Sunday in the year is a holiday.
The last Saturday in every month is a holiday provided the state of the business in the Courts admits.
All Civil Courts will be closed during the month of September.
The day fixed for the celebration of the King Emperor's birthday will be notified separately hereafter.

J. A. FERGUSON,
Registrar.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 28th December 1918.

No. 633-*G*.-*Camp*.—Mr. J. N. Sein, B.A., Officiating Superintendent in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

No. 634-*G*.-*Camp*.—Lieutenant E. J. Saunders, I.A.R.O., attached to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 6th (Poona) Division, was granted leave in India under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for sixty days, with effect from the 26th August to 24th October 1918, and thereafter leave on medical certificate under India Army Order 1086 of 1917 and Army Instruction (India) 882 of 1918 up to and for the 23rd November 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 2-6th Battalion, Devonshire Regiment, 8th Reserve Battalion (India), dated at Trimulgherry, this 26th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—39324, Private Egerton David.
Age—22 years 9 months.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—25th April 1916.
Place of Enlistment—Not known.
Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or absence—Between 16th December 1918 and 18th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Between Secunderabad Station and Poonamallee Station.
Marks—Very Dull.
A venereal patient.
Deserted while being transferred from British Station Hospital, Secunderabad, to British Station Hospital, Poonamallee.
Under three years' service.

G. B. HOLE, Captain,
Commanding, 8th Reserve Battalion (India).

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 68th Heavy Battery, R. G. A., dated at Roorkee, U. P., this 28th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—181964, Gunner Screaton I. I.
Age—28 years 8 months.
Height—5 feet 10½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, light brown.
Trade—Bricklayer.
Date of Enlistment—10th December 1915.
Place of Enlistment—Loughborough, Leicester.
Parish and County in which born—Willoughby or Wells, Notts.
Date of Desertion or absence—25th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Cautley Barracks, Roorkee, U. P.
Marks—At date of absence suffering from boil on left temple. Prominent cheek bones.
No helmet in possession.

P. HAYES, Lieut., for Major, R. G. A.,
Commanding, 68th Heavy Battery, R. G. A.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 21st December 1918.

No. 8802-*C. & I.*—The following draft amendment, which it is proposed to make in the rules made under section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, and issued in Punjab Government Notification No. 90, dated the 15th February 1909, as applied to the Delhi Province, is published for criticism. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 22nd January 1919, together with any remarks or suggestions received on or before that date:—

Draft Amendment.

In Chapter III of Part II of the said rules, after rule 5 the following shall be inserted as rule 5-A:—

"5-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, the Local Government may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, omit, alter or add to any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of license."

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

IN THE COURT OF MAJOR R. W. E. KNOLLYS, I.A., DISTRICT JUDGE, AT DELHI.

CITATION.

In the matter of the Estate of late William Edward Ashton James, Esquire, Executive Engineer, Provincial Division, Delhi, who died at Delhi on the 29th October 1918.

Whereas Mrs. Guinvere S. James, residing at No. 2, Racquet Court Road, Delhi, widow of the abovenamed deceased has applied for grant of Letters of Administration to have effect throughout British India of the estate of the abovenamed deceased and whereas the 10th day of January 1919 at 10 A. M. has been fixed for hearing the said petition, this citation is issued in terms of section 250 of Act X of 1865 to all persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the deceased to come and see the proceedings in this court before the grant is made.

Given under my hand and the seal of the court this 23rd day of December 1918.

E. KNOLLYS,
District Judge, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

In Insolvency.

Summary Case.

No. 80 OF 1918.

Dated the 19th December 1918.

Re Walter Ignatius Baptiste.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 11th day of February 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 171 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 16th December 1918.

In the matter of Theerathram, son of Tahalram (deceased), Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Theerathram, unemployed, residing at No. 83, Fraser Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Theerathram.

CASE NO. 172 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 17th December 1918.

In the matter of Ko Bein, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ko Bein, Cigar Trader, residing at No. 24, 61st Street, Botataung, Rangoon, on the 17th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ko Bein.

CASE NO. 173 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 18th December 1918.

In the matter of Rajah Khan, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Rajah Khan, Hospital Khalasee, of Government House Dispensary, Rangoon, on the 17th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Rajah Khan.

CASE NO. 175 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 19th December 1918.

In the matter of Abdul Rahman, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Abdul Rahman, Fitter Maistry, residing at No. 30, in 59th Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 18th day of December 1918 against the said Abdul Rahman.

CASE NO. 63 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 15th December 1918.

In the matter of John Moorthy, Fitter, residing at No. 77, Tiger Ally Road, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said John Moorthy, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 was annulled by an order made on the 10th day of December 1918.

CASE NO. 89 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 20th December 1918.

In the matter of Raghudas Chintamani, Milk Seller, Halpin Road, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Raghudas Chintamani, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 17th day of December 1918.

CASE NO. 112 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 20th December 1918.

In the matter of Hori Ahir, Cooly, residing at No. 151, Merchant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Hori Ahir, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 19th day of December 1918.

CASE NO. 131 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 20th December 1918.

In the matter of Bhibhubiti Bhosan Dutta, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Bhibhubiti Bhosan Dutta, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 18th day of December 1918.

E. W. W. XAVIER,

Offg. Registrar.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 18th—31st December 1918.

No. 23.—3rd Class Assistant Surgeon F. H. Johnson, I.M.D., is appointed to the X-Ray Department, Ripon Hospital, Simla, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th November 1918.

R. A. NEEDHAM, Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,

for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th December 1918.

No. 3131-*Ap.*—Khan Bahadur H. M. Abdul Gany is promoted to the 2nd grade of Deputy Postmasters-General, with effect from the 27th November 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 2nd January 1919.

No. 18-E.-E.—The following permanent promotions in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Technical Branch) are sanctioned with effect from the dates specified :—

Names	From	To	With effect from
Mr. J. C. Parthew . .	Telegraph Master (Technical).	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	1st December 1918.
Mr. E. D'Sa . . .	Telegraph Master (Technical).	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	1st December 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 2nd January 1919.

No 17-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 18th December 1918 to 1st January 1919.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Jodhpur Kachery . . .	Rajputana	25th November 1918 . .	Opened.
Rajkot City	Bombay	17th August 1918 . .	Closed.
Ranala	Ditto	19th October 1918 . .	Do.
	Railway Telegraph Offices.		
Amli	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	1st December 1918 . .	Opened.
Chikhli Road . . .	Ditto . .	1st March 1917 . .	Do.
Durgapur Ghat . . .	Eastern Bengal Railway .	1st December 1918 . .	Closed.
Kurlasi	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	Ditto . .	Opened.
Simodra	Ditto . .	20th November 1918 . .	Do.

The following alteration in the name of a Government telegraph office is notified :—

" Calcutta Camac Street " instead of " Calcutta Wellesley."

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph office is notified —

On the Madras and Southern Markatta Railway.

" Kollur Road " instead of " Ravikampadu."

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

II C

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Camp Ajmer, the 31st December 1918.

No. 1965-C—269.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Sah Udai Mal to be an Honorary Magistrate and invest him with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class to be exercised in regard to cases generally within the Municipal limits of the town of Beawar for a term of 3 years.

No. 1968-C—979.—Consequent on the retirement of Munshi Abid Hussain on pension, Munshi Hamidullah Khan, Head Moulvi, Government High School, Ajmer, is hereby confirmed in his officiating appointment as Professor of Persian in the Government College, Ajmer, with effect from the 1st December 1918.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Lt.-Col.,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Madras Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
H.-174 and 222 (1918-1919)	J. C./26 43669	Rs. 100	Abdul Kareem, Government Pensioner, Gaighat Post, Gulzarbagh (Patna).
	J. C./80 14950	100	

FORT ST. GEORGE, OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF PAPER CURRENCY.
The 30th December 1918.

T. R. PANCHAPAGESAN,

Asst. Accountant-General, in charge of Paper Currency Dept.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the last day of October 1918 and of the form in which they were held:—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	957,499	...
Short loans	5,349,437	6,000,563
TOTAL	6,306,936	6,000,563
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts	12,307,499	

E. M. COOK,

Offg. Controller of Currency.

THE TREASURY;
Calcutta, the 3rd January 1919.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 31ST DECEMBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.													COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.											
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	91	..	...	91	217	...	217	4	(a) 283	7	2	296	..	..	..	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	91	...	91	...	(b) 12	1	..	13	...	..	...	...	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 290 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received, and of 282 transferred to the Bombay Mint.
(b) Exclusive of 483 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 3rd Jan. 1919.

J. J. BOURKE, LT.-COLONEL, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

II O 2

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LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER TO DECEMBER 1918.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

A Digest of Indian Law Cases for 1917.—Compiled under the orders of the Government of India. By B. D. Bose, Esq., Bar-at-Law. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 4 (4a.)

The Sea Customs Act, 1878 (Act No. VIII of 1878), as modified up to 1st August 1918. Royal 8vo. Stitched Re. 1-8 (2a. 6p.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Bureau of Education, India—Pamphlet No. 3—Natural Science in the Educational System of Great Britain. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4 (1a. 6p.)

Bureau of Education, India—Pamphlet No. 4.—Vocational Education, etc. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 9 (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, corrected to 1st July 1918. Royal 8vo Paper cover. As. 11 (1a.)

Report on the Administration of India for the year 1916-17. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 6-6 (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Classified List of Officers in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, Government of India, and the Departments under its administrative control, corrected to 1st July 1918. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (2a.)

FOREST BRANCH.

Annual Return of Statistics relating to Forest Administration in British India for the year 1916-17. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 12-6 (1a. 6p.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1918. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1 (2a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Civil Estimates, 1918-19, Volumes I and II. Foolscap Boards. Rs. 3 (Re 1-10) each.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, Nos 496, 497 and 498 (25th August, 25th September and 25th October 1918). Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4 (1a.) each.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, BENGAL.

History of Services of Gazetted and other officers serving under the Government of Bengal corrected to 1st July 1918. Part I. Royal 8vo. Limp. Rs. 2 (5a. 6p.); Part II, Rs. 2 (5a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

Annual Report on the Posts and Telegraphs of India for the year 1917-18. Foolscap. Paper cover As. 12 (2a.)

Indian Industrial Commission, 1916-18—Report. Royal 8vo. Boards. Re. 1 (4a. 6p.)

Appendices to the Report. Foolscap. Paper cover Re. 1 (4a.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS.

Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for each month during the year 1918-19 (August, September and October 1918), Nos. 5, 6 and 7 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1a. 6p.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade by Land of British India with Foreign Countries (April 1918), No. 1 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo, Paper cover, As. 8 (1a. 6p.)

Agricultural Statistics of India, 1915-16. Thirty-Second Issue, Volume II. Foolscap. Limp. Re. 1 (2s.)

Cotton Press Return, Nos. 22, 23 and 24 of 1917-18.—Return showing the quantity of Cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories, and of Cotton received in the Spinning Mills in India, in the half-months ending 31st July to 31st August 1918, together with progressive totals from 1st September 1917. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Cotton Press Return, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 of 1918-19.—Return showing the quantity of Cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories, and of Cotton received in the Spinning Mills, in India in the half-months ending 15th and 30th September, and 15th and 31st October 1918, together with progressive totals from 1st September, 1918. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Crop Forecasts—

First Groundnut Forecast, 1918-19. (October 21, 1918. Pies 6 (6p.)

First Indigo Forecast, 1918-19. (October 17, 1918.) Pies 6 (6p.)

First Rice Forecast, 1918-19. (October 22, 1918.) Pies 6 (6p.)

Second Cotton Forecast, 1918-19. (October 18, 1918.) Pies 6 (6p.)

Second Sesamum Forecast, 1918-19. (October 21, 1918.) Pies 6 (6p.)

Second Sugarcane Forecast, 1918-19. (October 22, 1918.) Pies 6 (6p.)

Foreign Sea-borne Trade during September 1918.—Review of the Sea-borne Trade of British India for the month of September 1918, and for the six months ended September 1918. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 4 (1s.)

Foreign Sea-borne Trade during October 1918.—Review of the Sea-borne Trade of British India for the month of October 1918, and for the seven months ended October 1918. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 4 (1s.)

Imports into Chief Ports during July, August and September 1918.—Return showing the quantities of the Principal Staples of Agricultural Produce imported into Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Madras ports by rail, river and sea during the months of July, August and September 1918. Foolscap. As. 1-6 (1s.) each.

Indian Customs Revenue.—Return showing the Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) in the six months April to September of 1918-19, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding nine years. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.)

Indian Customs Revenue.—Return showing the total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) in the seven months, April to October 1918-19, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding nine years. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.)

Inland Trade (Rail and River-borne) of India. Twenty-ninth Issue (No. 371). Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 1-12 (4s.)

Joint Stock Companies in British India and Mysore 1916-17. Third Issue. Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 3-4 (4s.)

Joint Stock Companies.—Increase or decrease in the Capital of Companies, incorporated in India and registered under the Indian Companies Act (VII of 1913), during the half-year ending 31st June 1918. Pies 6 (6p.)

Joint Stock Companies. August, September and October 1918. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Monthly Accounts relating to the Trade by Land of British India with Foreign Countries, May and June 1918. Nos. 2 and 3 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1s. 6p.) each.

Monthly Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in Indian Mills (July, August and September 1918), Nos. 4, 5 and 6 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 3 (1s.) each.

Return showing the Imports into, and Exports from, Chief Ports of Wheat, Jute, Cotton and Rice, for the weeks ending 21st and 28th September, 5th, 12th, 19th and 26th October and 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd and 30th November and 7th December 1918. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Wheat Prices in India.—Return showing the Wholesale and Retail Prices of Wheat in India from the Second Half of July 1914 to the Second Half of August and the First Half of September 1918. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 1-6 (1s.) each.

Wholesale and Retail (Fortnightly) Prices.—Return showing the Wholesale and Retail Prices of Cereals, Pulses, Oilseeds, Sugar (Raw), Salt, etc., in India by Districts, for the Fortnights ending 31st August, 15th and 30th September and 15th and 31st October 1918. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 6 (1s.) each.

RAILWAY BOARD.

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 30th June 1918. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1 (2s.)

Forms referred to in the State Railway Construction Code—Accounts of Sub-Divisional Officers, Executive Engineers, and Examiners of Accounts. Provisional issue. Foolscap. Boards. Rs. 6 (7s.)

Technical Paper No. 191.—Ferro Concrete in India. Foolscap. Paper cover. Re. 1 (2s.)

Technical Paper No. 192.—Rules for the preparation of Railway Projects, 1918, with notes by Mr. G. Richards, M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer with Railway Board, India. Foolscap. Paper cover, Re. 1 (2s.)

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificates Nos. 137 U.P. 1 & 2 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds for Rs. 7,000 originally issued in the name of Raghubar Singh, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificates and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—RAJ RAGHUBAR SINGH, Talukdar,

Residence—Jhandipurwa estate, C/o Sham Lal Pleader, Kheri Lakhimpur.

LOST.

The lower half of Government Promissory Note No. 024276 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 3,600, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to H. K. Kirpalani, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—H. K. KIRPALANI, I.C.S.,

Residence—Surat.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{1469 \text{ Bom}}{\text{F-I}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1922 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Dhondiram Bahadarmal, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—DHONDIRAM BAHADARMAL MARWADI,

Residence—Pimplad Taluka Chandor, District Nasik.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. Bo. 59637 and Bo. 38333 of the 3½ per cent. loans of 1865 and 1842-43 respectively for Rs 1,000 each, the former originally standing in the name of the Bank of India Limited and the latter in the name of Gajanan Vinayek and last endorsed to Balabhai Motilal, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, NOTICE is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in the favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—BALABHAI MOTILAL, Contractor,

Residence—Ahmedabad, Malini Pole.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 029489 and 020638 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 and 1922 for Rupees 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Shree Rajkunwar, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

THAKURAIN SHREE RAJKUNWAR OF
Udrahra (Rajaman),

Resident of Village Rajaman, Pargana Bachhrawan, P. O. Rajaman, District Rai Bareli (Oudh).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 3095 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1922 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Ma Hpaw, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MA HPAW,

Residence—Gaunggwe Village, Tadau Township.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No 023978 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 800, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Mohamed Hussein Allahibux, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MOHAMED HUSSEIN ALLAHIBUX
Skin Merchants,

Residence—Hide Market, Amritsar.

DESTROYED.

The Allotment Certificate No. $\frac{421\text{-B.}}{1.}$ of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 1,000 originally issued in the name of Khetshidas Jaluram, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—KHETSHIDAS JOLURAM,
Residence—P. O. Mohimaganj (Rangpur).

LOST.

The Allotment Certificates Nos. $\frac{1923\text{ B.}}{1\ \&\ 2}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Kanakprova Devi, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificates and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—RANI KANAKPROVA DEVI,
Residence—Chanchra Raj Bati.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{6486\text{ Bom.}}{\text{F.-1}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Uma Kanta Mitter, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—UMA KANTA MITTER,
Residence—29, Husaingunj Road, Lucknow.

LOST.

The upper halves of Government Promissory Notes No. B. 000079 and 023465 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively, the former originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and the latter in the name of the Central Bank of India, Limited, and last endorsed to Miss A. M. Gilmore, the proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—AGENT, ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.,
Residence—Lahore.

Estate S. Klingenstein, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Sidney Klingenstein of the Indian Civil Service, Jessore, who died on 15th February 1918 at Dignagore, near Jessore, E. Bengal, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to George Henry McCausland of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 26th January next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

G. H. McCAUSLAND.

CALCUTTA;
The 4th December 1918.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 7372, dated 22nd Augus 1918, of the 5½ per cent. War Loan of 1922 for Rs. 123-12-0.

The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Benga Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—JOSEPH HARPWOOD,

Address—109 Bungalow, Sakchi (India).

REGISTERED No. C. 696



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 1. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1919.

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A Supplement *to the* Gazette of India *will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* Part VI *of the* Gazette.

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DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 28, 1918

First Forecast WINTER OILSEEDS (Rape, Mustard, and Linseed), 1918-19

This forecast is based on reports received from those provinces where rape, mustard, and linseed are grown to any considerable extent. These provinces contain 98·6 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard and 98·9 per cent of the total linseed area in British India. Of the Indian States, estimates are furnished only for Hyderabad and the States in the Bombay Presidency (including Baroda). No report is made by any other Indian State.

Owing to scanty rains, the weather conditions have, on the whole, been unfavourable for sowings and the present condition and prospects of the crops are not satisfactory.

I

The total estimated area under rape and mustard reported up to date is 2,950,000 acres (excluding the mixed crop of the United Provinces for which no estimate is made at this stage). This is 23 per cent below the revised area at this time last year. The detailed figures for the provinces are:—

RAPE AND MUSTARD

First forecast, December

Provinces	1918-19	1917-18	Decrease -
	Acres	Acres	Acres
United Provinces (unmixed crop) . . .	120,000	160,000	-40,000
Bengal . .	1,119,000	1,151,000	-32,000
Punjab . . .	573,000	(b)987,000	-414,000
Bihar and Orissa . .	706,000	795,000	-89,000
Assam	270,000	279,000	-9,000
Bombay and Sind (a) .	109,000	292,000	-183,000
North-West Frontier Province . . .	47,000	155,000	-108,000
Hyderabad . . .	6,000	9,000	-3,000
Total .	2,950,000	3,828,000	-878,000

(a) Including Indian States.

(b) Revised figure.

A

II

The total estimated area under linseed reported up to date is 2,002,000 acres (excluding the mixed crop of the United Provinces for which no estimate is at present available). This is 29 per cent below the area estimated at this time last year. The detailed figures for the provinces are :—

LINSEED

First forecast, December

Provinces	1918-19	1917-18	Increase + or Decrease −
	Acres	Acres	Acres
Central Provinces and Berar	686,000	1,161,000	−475,000
United Provinces (unmixed crop)	210,000	350,000	− 140,000
Bihar and Orissa	582,000	732,000	−150,000
Bengal	141,000	142,000	−1,000
Bombay (*a*)	41,000	103,000	−62,000
Punjab	29,000	34,000	−5,000
Hyderabad	313,000	305,000	+8,000
TOTAL	2,002,000	2,827,000	−825,000

The following is a summary of the provincial reports in respect of each crop :—

I—Rape and Mustard

United Provinces (39·7 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard in British India).—The area sown with the *unmixed* rapeseed crop is estimated, on the basis of reports furnished by selected landholders, at 120,000 acres, which is 25 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. No estimate of the area under rape and mustard* sown interspersed with other crops is made at this time of year.* Owing to the failure of the September rains the season was unfavourable for sowings, and the area under the crop has in consequence been restricted. In the western districts the area sown will be considerably below normal. In unirrigated tracts prospects are at present uncertain. Where irrigation has been possible they are so far fair.

Bengal (20·5 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 1,119,000 acres, which is 3 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The rainfall in September was deficient in the northern and western districts, but somewhat excessive in the eastern districts. There was plenty of moisture for the preparatory tillage. In most districts sowings began at the usual time, but soil moisture was much below the normal on account of the drought in October. The present condition of the crop is reported to be generally fair in the northern and eastern districts and poor elsewhere.

Punjab (16 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard in British India).—The area sown up to the end of November is estimated at 573,000 acres, which is 42 per cent below the revised area at this date last year. Owing to deficient rainfall and shortage of canal water, the season has been very unfavourable for sowings. The condition and prospects of the irrigated crop are average to good, but the unirrigated crop, for which rain is badly wanted, is much below the average.

Bihar and Orissa (11·5 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard in British India).—The area sown is at present estimated at 706,000 acres, which is 11 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is attributed to unfavourable weather conditions owing to the failure of the late rain. Sowings were generally normal in Bihar, but were late in parts of Orissa and Chota Nagpur. The present condition of the crop is reported to be fair to good in the Tirhut division and in north Bhagalpur, but generally poor in the rest of the province.

Assam (4·8 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 270,000 acres, which is 3 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date last year. The weather was generally dry at sowing time, and rain is wanted in most districts for the growth of the crop. The average outturn per acre is at present estimated at 83 per cent of the normal, as against 85 per cent estimated in the corresponding forecast of last year.

Bombay and Sind (4·2 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard in British India).—The estimates are up to the 5th December, and the information then available was incomplete. The total area so far sown is reported to be 109,000 acres (12,000 acres being in the Indian States), which is 63 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. Deficient water supply, due to low inundation, and want of rain account for the decrease in cultivation. The condition of the crop is good in Nawabshah and Upper Sind Frontier, but less satisfactory elsewhere.

North-West Frontier Province (1·9 per cent of the total area under rape and mustard in British India).—The area sown up to the end of November is estimated at 47,000 acres, which is 70 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date last year. The decrease is chiefly attributed to drought, but the influenza epidemic was also a contributing factor. The condition of the crop is so far average in Peshawar, Kohat, and Bannu, but generally below average elsewhere. The prospects of the crop depend on the winter rains, which are badly wanted.

Hyderabad reports 6,000 acres under mustard, which is 33 per cent below the area reported last year. The outturn is estimated at 50 per cent of the normal, as against 56 per cent in the previous year.

II.—Linseed.

Central Provinces and Berar (37·1 per cent of the total area under linseed in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 686,000 acres, which is 41 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. Sowings were generally made under favourable conditions in Seoni, Narsinghpur, Hoshangabad, Chhindwara, Nagpur, Amraoti, and the Vindyan districts ; but in the remaining districts the season was unfavourable. Germination was poor except in rich soils, and no resowing was possible anywhere owing to hardening and drying of the soil. Prospects are not satisfactory, for in addition to poor germination the crop has been seriously damaged by drought and insects. The recent rain, which fell in the last week of November and early in December, however, has improved the condition of the crop to some extent.

(*a*) Including Indian States.

* The area under rape and mustard sown interspersed with other crops, such as gram, barley, etc., is given in the final forecast published in June.

United Provinces (28·9 per cent of the total area under linseed in British India).—On the basis of the reports furnished by selected landholders, the area under *unmixed* linseed is at present estimated at 210,000 acres which is 40 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. No estimate of the area under linseed sown interspersed with other crops is made at this time of year.* The decrease is attributed to the failure of the September rains. Prospects are at present uncertain in unirrigated tracts, but they are so far fair where irrigation has been possible.

Bihar and Orissa (21·1 per cent of the total area under linseed in British India).—The area sown is at present estimated at 582,000 acres, which is 20 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The shrinkage in area is attributed to unfavourable weather conditions owing to the failure of late rains. In September the rainfall was below normal everywhere except in certain districts. Light and insufficient showers were received in a few districts in October and November. The present condition of the crop is reported to be fair to good in the Tirhut division and in north Bhagalpur, but generally poor elsewhere.

Bengal (5·8 per cent of the total area under linseed in British India).—The total area under linseed is estimated at 141,000 acres, as compared with 142,000 acres estimated at this date last year. In September the rainfall was deficient in the northern and western districts, but somewhat excessive in the eastern districts. The present condition of the crop is reported to be generally fair in the northern and eastern districts, and poor in the remainder of the province.

Bombay (4·8 per cent of the total area under linseed in British India).—Estimates are made up to the 5th December and at that date the information as to sowings was, as in former years, incomplete. The area so far sown is estimated at 41,000 acres (7,000 acres being in the Indian States), which is 60 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is attributed to insufficient sowing rains. The present condition of the crop is reported to be generally fair.

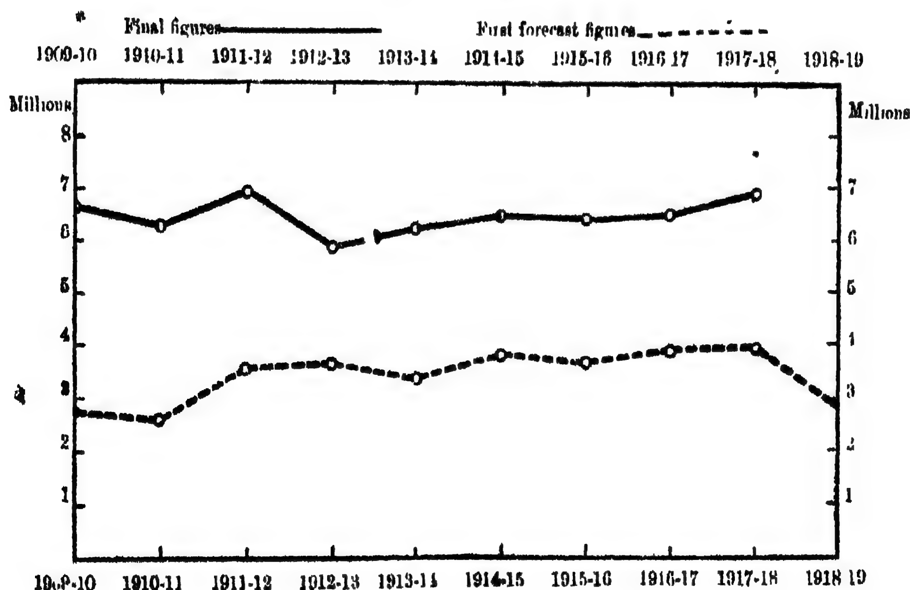
Punjab (1·2 per cent of the total area under linseed in British India).—The area sown is at present estimated at 29,000 acres which is 14 per cent below the estimate at this date last year. The season has been very unfavourable for sowings on account of deficient rainfall and shortage of canal water. The condition and prospects of the irrigated crop are average to good, but the unirrigated crop, which badly wants rain, is much below average.

Hyderabad.—The area under linseed is estimated at 313,000 acres, which is 3 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The average outturn is at present estimated at 67 per cent of the normal, as against 64 per cent last year.

Chart.—The charts below illustrate the variations in the preliminary estimates of acreage, as compared with those in the final estimates, for all the reporting provinces in respect of each crop :—

(1) AREA OF RAPE AND MUSTARD

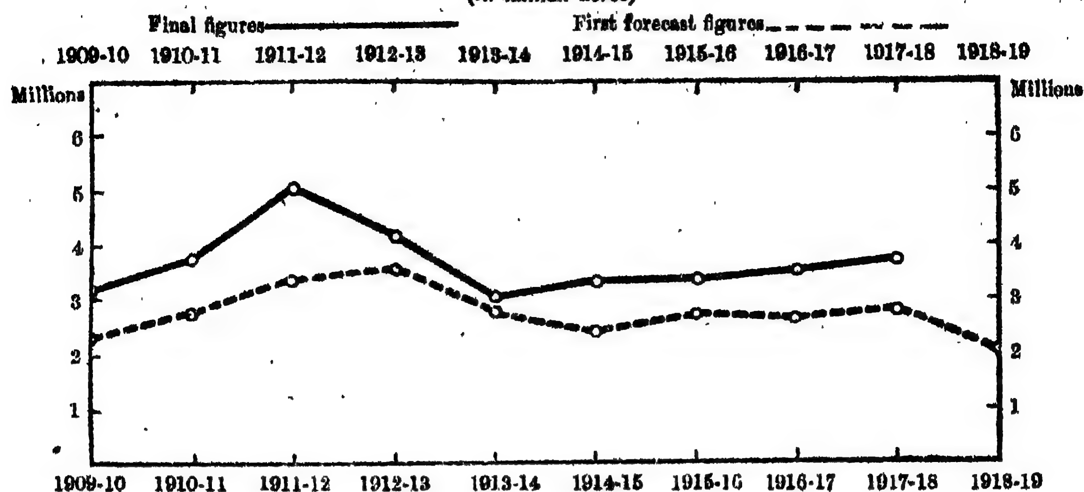
(In million acres)



*The area under linseed sown interspersed with other crops, such as gram, barley, etc., is given in the final forecast published in June.

(ii) AREA OF LINSEED

(In million acres)



Oilseeds crops in Foreign Countries.—The latest information published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, shows that the estimates of the linseed crop of 1918 in the United States of America are 1,966,000 acres and 389,000 tons, as compared with 1,808,000 acres and 211,000 tons in the preceding year. The estimates for the Canadian crop of linseed are 927,000 acres and 175,000 tons, as against 918,000 acres and 148,000 tons in the previous year.

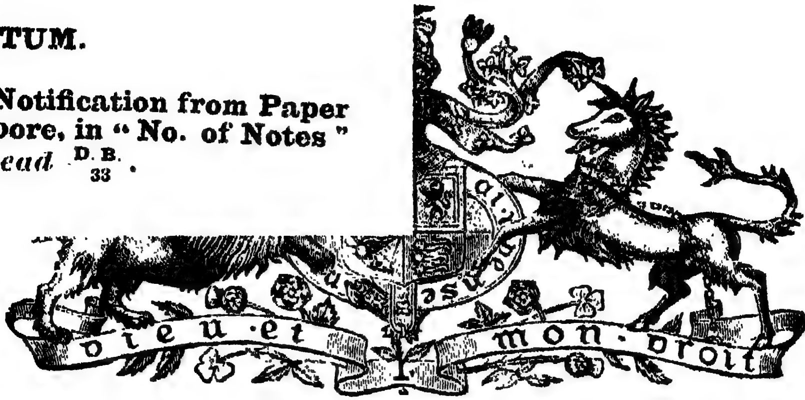
From un-official sources it appears that in the Argentine prospects of the linseed crop are excellent, and a very heavy yield per acre is anticipated. The area under the crop is estimated at about 3,400,000 acres.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

REGISTERED No. C. 696

ERRATUM.

ge 2212, last Notification from Paper Office, Cawnpore, in "No. of Notes" for Series $\frac{P.B.}{33}$ *read* $\frac{D.B.}{33}$.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India."

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India.*

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

No. B. & R. 57.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first seven months of 1918-1919 as compared with the corresponding period of 1917-1918.

ENGLAND.						RECEIPTS.	INDIA.					
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO OCTOBER.					WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO OCTOBER.			
Preliminary Accounts, 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.		Preliminary Accounts, 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Revenue.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
						PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation)	35,23,40,000	37,67,99,000	14,02,63,000	15,19,18,000	1,16,55,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	Opium	3,58,06,000	4,78,77,000	1,54,94,000	1,81,46,000	...	5,48,000
...	...	...	..		...	Salt	8,25,00,000	5,23,53,000	4,90,60,000	3,51,13,000	...	1,39,47,000
...	..	...	...	...	...	Stamps	8,40,[illegible],000	8,90,70,000	4,95,85,000	5,06,18,000	10,33,000	...
...	..	...	.	...	...	Excise	15,20,19,000	17,97,05,000	8,37,41,000	9,64,15,000	1,26,74,000	...
...	...	.	..	...	...	Customs	16,50,04,000	16,22,16,000	8,72,96,000	10,61,65,000	1,88,69,000	...
...	...	...	...	...		Other Heads	14,[illegible],95,000	15,10,59,000	6,60,59,000	7,26,50,000	56,61,000	...
						TOTAL PRINCIPAL HEADS	1,02,01,82,000	1,07,51,09,000	49,59,[illegible]	53,10,25,000	3,50,97,000	...
1,306,800	2,619,600	933,900	1,710,900	777,000		Interest	1,22,91,[illegible]	1,39,95,000	60,25,000	1,02,07,000	41,82,000	...
48,800	83,200	22,100	12,700	...	9,400	Posts and Telegraphs and Mint	[illegible],68,58,000	7,61,34,000	3,94,26,000	4,51,07,000	56,81,000	...
900	1,300	600	400	...	200	Receipts by Civil Departments	[illegible],79,82,000	2,[illegible],3,22,000	1,39,76,000	1,51,23,000	11,47,000	...
234,500	64,600	31,200	27,600	...	3,600	Miscellaneous	2,08,20,000	1,84,59,000	1,78,78,000	1,49,04,000	...	29,74,000
177,800	78,500	171,700	87,300	..	84,400	Railways	59,0[illegible],17,000	70,52,42,000	3[illegible],78,57,000	44,48,36,000	5,69,79,000	...
...	...	...	...	..		Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	4,54,32,000	5,09,65,000	2,54,47,000	2,48,27,000	...	6,20,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Other Public Works	45,20,000	45,74,000	25,09,000	23,64,000	..	1,45,000
280,400	284,000	138,000	135,200	...	2,800	Military Receipts	1,78,77,000	1,87,59,000	84,[illegible],000	95,26,000	11,15,000	...
2,048,700	3,131,200	1,297,500	1,974,100	676,600		TOTAL REVENUE	1,91,12,79,000	1,95,25,59,000	99,74,57,000	1,05,79,19,000	9,04,62,000	...
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
...	...	...	..	...	..	Capital subscribed by Native States towards outlay on State Railways.	15,00,000	5,00,000			...	...
..	2,000	..		...	...	Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)	26,72,000	45,32,000		52,06,000	52,06,000	...
.	2,000	...	..	...		TOTAL	41,72,000	50,32,000		52,06,000	52,06,000	...
						Debt, Deposits and Advances.						
64,426,800	...	...	...	.	..	Permanent Debt (net incurred)	*43,14,6[illegible],000	29,43,40,000*	16,09,22,000	26,17,59,000	...	19,91,63,000
...	...	...	.	..	...	Temporary do. (do.)	16,96,08,000		7,25,10,000	17,02,71,000	9,77,61,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Unfunded do. (do.)	2,48,51,000	1,52,30,000	54,97,000	3,29,58,000	2,74,61,000	...
..		197,500	50,800	..	146,700	Deposits and Advances (net)	...	6,31,29,000	...	18,56,29,000	18,56,29,000	...
...		...	...	...	...	Loans and advances by Imperial Government	45,78,000	27,99,000	20,22,000	25,48,000	5,26,000	...
...		...	...	...	...	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	1,72,75,000	1,60,40,000	97,91,000	80,93,000	..	16,98,000
...		...	..	...	...	Loans to Local Boards	6,26,000	1,30,000	44,000	1,75,000	1,31,000	...
61,722,100	46,268,300	973,700	35,770,100	34,796,400		Remittances (net)		...	...	...	..	...
24,800,000	...	14,015,400	6,573,000	...	7,442,400	Secretary of State's bills drawn	...	...	..	...	...	...
..	...	...	...	...		Drafts on London (net)	..	...	.	...	...	...
150,948,900	46,268,300	15,186,600	42,393,900	27,207,300	...	TOTAL	94,56,93,000	39,46,78,000	55,07,86,000	66,14,33,000	11,06,47,000	..
152,997,600	49,401,500	16,484,100	44,368,000	27,883,900		TOTAL RECEIPTS	2,86,41,44,000	2,35,[illegible]2,30,000	1,54,82,43,000	1,75,45,58,000	20,[illegible]3,15,000	...
11,392,000	14,036,100	11,392,000	16,625,400	5,233,400	...	Opening Balance	22,93,9[illegible],000	24,78,39,000	22,98,98,000	22,98,77,000	4,79,000	...
164,389,600	63,437,600	27,876,100	60,993,400	33,117,300	..	GRAND TOTAL	3,09,35,42,000	2,60,00,99,000	1,77,76,41,000	1,98,44,35,000	20,67,94,000	...

* Includes figures on account of War Bonds 1920 and 1922 and Post Office Cash Certificates.

ENGLAND						DISBURSEMENTS	INDIA					
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO OCTOBER.					WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO OCTOBER.			
Preliminary Accounts, 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.		Preliminary Accounts, 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Expenditure.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
119,700	128,000	65,200	99,900	34,700	...	Direct Demands on the Revenue	14,61,23,000	15,49,02,000	9,53,35,000	10,79,03,000	1,25,68,000	...
6,161,600	9,196,200	2,741,400	5,878,500	3,137,400	...	Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)	9,50,75,000	11,95,55,000	3,95,93,000	6,39,80,000	2,43,87,000	...
302,300	459,100	211,900	132,800	..	79,100	Posts and Telegraphs and Mint	4,15,14,000	5,46,34,000	2,70,85,000	2,63,36,000	...	7,49,000
547,200	656,200	289,300	489,500	200,200	...	Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments	29,09,12,000	33,76,22,000	15,95,97,000	17,16,14,000	1,20,17,000	...
2,789,200	2,332,100	1,723,900	1,392,400	...	331,500	Miscellaneous Civil Charges	5,00,34,000	5,00,91,000	2,98,03,000	3,20,90,000	22,87,000	...
1,500	10,600	1,300	500	...	800	Famine Relief and Insurance	51,000	1,48,41,000	27,81,000	24,08,000	...	3,73,000
9,549,800	5,727,000	6,670,000	3,791,300		2,878,700	Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	22,99,85,000	36,34,96,000	18,75,69,000	22,37,14,000	3,61,45,000	...
124,400	400	96,400	...	..	96,400	Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	3,34,28,000	3,63,86,000	1,77,37,000	1,73,73,000	...	3,64,000
42,100	39,200	26,700	20,600	..	6,100	Other Public Works	7,21,39,000	9,02,77,000	3,28,52,000	3,70,39,000	41,87,000	...
6,427,700	5,064,700	2,551,600	2,556,500	4,900	...	Military Services	27,10,00,000	35,20,19,000	13,65,26,000	14,39,67,000	74,41,000	...
26,065,500	23,613,500	14,377,700	14,362,300	..	15,400	TOTAL EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL AND PROVINCIAL	1,33,32,67,000	1,60,48,23,000	72,88,78,000	82,64,24,000	9,75,46,000	...
...	...	.	..	...		*Add*—Provincial Surpluses, that is portion of allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year		+85,59,000	..	...	...	...
	...	...		..		*Deduct*—Provincial Deficits that is portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from Provincial balances		−66,19,000	..	...	...	...
26,065,500	23,613,500	14,377,700	14,362,300		15,400	TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE	1,33,32,67,000	1,60,65,93,000	72,88,78,000	82,64,24,000	9,75,46,000	–
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
439,900	778,000	196,600	334,800	138,200		Capital outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works	4,37,69,000	5,46,47,000	1,49,21,000	2,80,41,000	1,31,20,000	...
1,381,900	3,178,200	130,400	1,597,900	1,467,500		Capital of Railway Companies (net payments)	...	...	1,09,000	...	...	1,09,000
6,300	13,700	1,200	900	...	300	Initial expenditure on new Capital at Delhi	33,01,000	37,95,000	15,50,000	27,05,000	11,55,000	...
100,000,000	..	..	..	...		India's Financial Contribution to the War	...	...	...	...	...	...
101,828,100	3,969,300	328,200	1,933,600	1,605,400	...	TOTAL	4,70,70,000	5,84,42,000	1,65,80,000	3,07,46,000	1,41,66,000	...
						Debt, Deposits and Advances						
...	20,500,000	494,100	32,390,000	31,895,900	..	Permanent Debt (net discharged)	..		...	.	...	...
..	...	...		...	..	Temporary do. do.	..	4,00,00,000	...	...	...	...
		..	...		...	Unfunded do. do.	..	...	...	..	...	...
19,794,400	69,800	...	...	...	...	Deposits and Advances (net)	5,42,91,000	...	2,16,38,000	...	...	2,46,38,000
...		...		...	..	Loans and Advances by Imperial Government	55,05,000	36,91,000	43,26,000	6,73,000	...	36,48,000
...		...			.	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	94,26,000	1,42,53,000	47,85,000	82,10,000	44,25,000	...
.		...	..	...	..	Loans to Local Boards	6,30,000	...	6,30,000	...	...	6,30,000
..		..	...		...	Remittances net	1,05,63,82,000	66,40,24,000	61,15,01,000	85,68,78,000	24,53,77,000	...
..	...	.	...		..	Secretary of State's Bills paid	37,24,61,000	3,06,45,000	20,70,06,000	12,13,50,000	...	8,56,56,000
...	...	..	.	...	..	Do do. do. exchange	−1,54,28,000	−16,45,000	−65,11,000	−2,87,69,000	...	2,22,58,000
.	...		...	..	...	Drafts on London (net)	...	...	...	...	...	...
19,794,400	20,569,800	494,100	32,390,000	31,895,900		TOTAL	1,43,32,67,000	75,09,68,000	84,63,75,000	95,83,47,000	11,19,72,000	...
147,688,000	48,153,200	15,200,000	48,685,900	33,485,900		TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	2,86,36,04,000	2,41,00,03,000	1,59,18,33,000	1,81,55,17,000	22,36,84,000	...
16,701,600	15,284,400	12,676,100	12,307,500		368,600	Closing Balance	22,99,38,000	18,40,96,000	18,58,08,000	16,89,18,000	..	1,68,90,000
164,389,600	63,437,600	27,876,100	60,993,400	33,117,300	...	GRAND TOTAL	3,09,35,42,000	2,60,00,99,000	1,77,76,41,000	1,98,44,35,000	20,67,94,000	...

THE TREASURY,
Calcutta, the 8th January 1919.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 11th January 1919.

CORRIGENDUM.

The following entries which appeared in the Notification published by this office in Part II of the *Gazette of India,* dated the 4th January 1919, under the heading "Cessation of Exclusive Privileges" are hereby cancelled :—

1912—504, (Cowles). 505, (Cowles).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

January 2.

4105. Morgan Crucible Co., Ld. *Improvements in or connected with carbon brushes for dynamo-electric machines.*

4106. S. S. Ghodke. *Telescopic portable lina.*

4107. H. E. Wilkinson. *An improved ventilator.*

4108. D. Jagannadharow. *Improvements in pycota water lift.*

4109. C. T. Thorssell and H. L. D. Lunden. *Process for the production of nitrates by means of bacteria.*

4110. C. T. Thorssell and H. L. D. Lunden. *Improvements in process for the production of nitrates from ammonia, ammonium combinations or organic nitrogen combinations.*

4111. C. T. Thorssell and H. L. D. Lunden. *Improvements in process for the production of nitrates by means of bacteria.*

4112. C. T. Thorssell and H. L. D. Lunden. *Process for the production of calcium nitrate.*

4113. C. T. Thorssell and H. L. D. Lunden. *Process for oxidising ammonia, ammonium combinations or organic nitrogen combinations.*

4114. D. J. Smith. *Improvements in and connected with gas producers.*

4115. D. J. Smith. *Improvements in scrubbers cleansers and coolers for gas.*

4116. D. J. Smith. *Improvements in or connected with cooling cleansing and filtering devices for gas.*

4117. F. Heath. *Improvements in wall construction.*

4118. R. W. Mumford. *Decolorizing and purifying agents and methods of making the same.*

4119. F. Niblock. *An improved form of tropical helmet*

4120. Gramophone Co., Ld. *Improvements in containers for talking machine styluses.*

4121. E. B. Killen. *Improvements in or relating to pneumatic tyres.*

4122. A. E. Harms and M. W. Moller. *Machine for grinding the blades of safety razors.*

4123. (Miss) A. L. Warbrick. *Starlight silverine.*

4124. G. Haglund. *Improvements in or relating to the separation and refining of metals.*

4125. N. J. Bose. *Carbonate of soda and sodium compounds.*

4126. A. W. Wall. *Improvements in the casings of internal-combustion engines.*

4127. A. W. Wall. *Improvements in or relating to engine pistons and connecting rods.*

4128. A. W. Wall. *Improvements in or relating to the cranks or crankshafts of internal-combustion engines.*

4129. J. V. McManis and W. L. Sherwood. *Improvements in treating tables for use by osteopathic and similar practitioners.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India,* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3448. T. G. Mylchreest. *Improvements in doffing mechanism for spinning, doubling, twisting and like machines used in the production of yarns or threads of fibrous substances.*

3688. G. G. Turner and C. H. Leighton. *Improvements in and relating to processes of extracting cocoanut oil.*

4062. E. Box. *Improvements in and connected with the destruction of house and other refuse and the recovery therefrom of useful materials.*
4063. D. L. Cecil. *Variable speed gear.*
4068. K. D. Banerjee. *Automatic railway collision preventor and signaller.*
4070. A. D. Dean-Butcher. *Improvements in and relating to the construction of pipes, culverts and the like.*
4071. W. J. Melhuish. *Improvements in the manufacture of soya bean milk and the complete utilization of bye-products.*
4072. E. S. Luard. *Improvements in hose pipe clips.*
4073. R. de H. St. Stephens and the Climax Rock Drill & Engineering Works, Ld. *Improvements in valve gear for rock drills and other percussion tools.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3871. F. Luke, H. I. Crawcour and J. Solomon. *Improvements in and connected with the economization of hydrocarbon engine fuel.*
3898. W. & T. Avery Ld. *Improvements in and connected with scales for automatically weighing granular or like substances.*
3965. O. F. Stafford. *Process of destructive distillation of wood.*
3967. B. H. Tilston and T. Melbourne. *Improvements in or relating to the treatment of hides, skins or other goods.*
3970. A. J. Gange. *Automatic flushing latrine.*
3973. G. L. Hart and C. A. Bush. *Method of and apparatus for separating light or heavy coins from those of standard weight.*
3977. G. C. Chadwick. *Improved means for unloading coal or other suitable goods from vessels.*
3981. J. W. Smith and Industrial Appliances Ld. *Improvements in valves, used on lubricating systems, for retaining oil pressure in the feed pipes and controlling the discharge of lubricant from the pipes.*
3984. F. E. Berry. *Improvements in or relating to electrical transformers.*
3985. C Hyland. *Improvements in wheels for railway and tramway, road and other vehicles or for other purposes.*
3986. A. Bonde and T. Norman. *Improvements in crafts of steel concrete.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3375. Bernardi.
3491. Rapson.
3708. Tokyo Sensui Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha.
3782. Smith.
3847. Belden.
3848. Rogers.
3852. Ashcroft.
3853. Ashcroft.
3854. Ashcroft.
3856. Kanhiyalal.
3859. Woolley and Gethin.
3861. Lewtey.
3864. McReynolds and Slade.
3869. Ellis.

PATENTS SEALED.

3107. General Electric Co.
3108. Haran.
3109. F. W. Cotterill Ld., Bayley and Wilson.
3110. Leary.
3111. The Diver Mineral Separator Co., Ld.
3123. Chane.
3830. Dutt and Dutt.
3831. Dutt and Dutt.
3832. Dutt and Dutt.
3833. Dutt and Dutt.
3834. Dutt and Dutt.
3835. Dutt and Dutt.
3836. Doran.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

178 of 1906. Jackson. (To 8 November 1920.)
586 of 1906. Jackson. (To 9 July 1920.)
577 of 1907. Rees. (To 27 January 1920.)
578 of 1907. Rees. (To 27 January 1920.)
173 of 1908. Societa Generale per la Cianamide. (To 18 November 1919.)
240 of 1908. Bellini & anr. (To 5 January 1920.)

58 of 1909. Barlow & anr. (To 13 March 1920.)
301 of 1909. Ashford. (To 22 March 1920.)
557 of 1909. Wall. (To 3 January 1920.)
578 of 1909. Jackson. (To 21 December 1920.)
589 of 1909. Mills Equipment Co., Ld. (To 3 January 1920.)
598 of 1909. Jackson. (To 11 February 1920.)
667 of 1909. Bandfield. (To 20 January 1920.)
673 of 1909. Donovan. (To 21 February 1920.)
231 of 1910. Jackson. (To 29 July 1920.)
512 of 1910. Balfours Patents Ld. (To 20 January 1920.)
554 of 1910. Hume and anr. (To 22 December 1919.)
624 of 1910. Nissen and ors. (To 19 January 1920.)
652 of 1910. Mills Equipment Co., Ld. (To 26 January 1920.)
1 of 1911. Jackson. (To 8 March 19 0.)
43 of 1911. Jackson. (To 11 April 1920.)
557 of 1911. Jackson. (To 13 March 1920.)
652 of 1911. Jackson. (To 13 March 1920.)
659 of 1911. Mills Equipment Co., Ld. (To 12 January 1920.)
660 of 1911. Mills Equipment Co., Ld. (To 12 January 1920.)
745 of 1911. Harris. (To 27 February 1920.)
796 of 1911. Jagger. (To 22 July 1920.)
797 of 1911. Jagger. (To 30 July 1920.)
798 of 1911. Jagger. (To 20 February 1920.)
3 of 1912. Killen. (To 2 January 1920.)
6 of 1912. Inshaw. (To 2 January 1920.)
9 of 1912. Vandervell and anr. (To 2 January 1920.)
292 of 1912. Jackson. (To 10 June 1920.)
488 of 1912. Jackson. (To 9 September 1920.)
504 of 1912. Cowles. (To 16 September 1919.)
505 of 1912. Cowles. (To 16 September 1919.)
621 of 1912. Kahn. (To 25 November 1919.)
642 of 1912. Hamm. (To 9 December 1919.)
679 of 1913. Minerals Separation Ld. (To 2 January 1920.)
684 of 1913. Nizam Din. (To 2 January 1920.)
687 of 1913. Compagnie Generale Radiotelegraphique. (To 6 January 1920.)
737 of 1913. Munro and ors. (To 5 February 1920.)
780 of 1913. Paterson. (To 24 February 1920.)
810 of 1913. Hayes (Universal) Printing Machinery Ld. (To 4 March 1920.)
819 of 1913. Schmidt's Superheating Co. (1910), Ld. (To 10 March 1920.)
1387 of 1914. Gramophone Co., Ld. (To 2 January 1920.)
1394 of 1914. Sheffield and ors. (To 2 January 1920.)
1397 of 1914. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co., Ld. (To 5 January 1920.)
1398 of 1914. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co., Ld. (To 5 January 1920.)
1401 of 1914. Societe Generale Des Nitrures. (To 5 January 1920.)
1468 of 1914. Brothers. (To 16 February 1920.)
1509 of 1914. Underwood Typewriter Co. (To 3 March 1920.)
1536 of 1914. Jackson. (To 16 March 1920.)
1561 of 1914. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ld. (To 30 March 1920.)
1927 of 1914. Jackson. (To 9 November 1920.)
1972 of 1915. Standard Oil Co. (To 2 January 1920.)
1973 of 1915. Groom and anr. (To 2 January 1920.)
1975 of 1915. Uberoi Ld. (To 2 January 1920.)
1985 of 1915. Mitchell. (To 7 January 1920.)
1999 of 1915. Watson. (To 19 January 1920.)
2013 of 1915. Jones & ors. (To 2 February 1920.)
2014 of 1915. Jones & ors. (To 2 February 1920.)
2052 of 1915. Constantinesco and anr. (To 3 March 1920.)
2062 of 1915. Stemming and anr. (To 15 March 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1907.

157, (Hamm). 158, (Hamm).

1911.

420, (Hooring).

1914.

1876, (The United Telegraph and Cable Co.).

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.
BOMBAY	Record Office.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.
DELHI	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.
HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	College of Engineering.
MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
POONA	College of Engineering.
RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
ROORKEE	Thomason College.
SHOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.
WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(*a*) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)		1	0
(*b*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(*c*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each	0	2
(*d*) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(*e*) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(*f*) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1908, and Chronological lists, 1900-1904)		2	0
(*g*) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1911, and Chronological lists, 1905-1911)		3	0
(*h*) Patent Office Journals (Issued quarterly)	each	0	8
(*i*) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917	each	1	0
(*j*) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912	each	0	8

H. A. F. LINDSAY, I.C.S.,
Offg. Controller of Patents and Designs.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 7th January 1919.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund Rs. 1,89,00,000 0 0			
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below* Rs. 25,00,000 0 0	1,64,00,000	0	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	25,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office Rs. 3,08,10,582 9 7; Public Deposits at Branches Rs. 1,60,10,791 15 4	4,68,21,374	8	11
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	24,24,21,504	9	0
Bank Post Bills, etc.	24,10,508	6	11
Sundries	20,11,219	3	1
RUPEES	33,25,64,606	11	11

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities	6,35,89,576	0	0
Other authorized Investments	1,41,32,214	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	8,96,90,596	0	3
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,77,58,563	15	2
Bills discounted and purchased	1,89,23,424	6	7
Balances with other Banks	31,88,363	10	9
Bullion	......		
Dead Stock	37,84,613	14	0
Stamps	10,706	13	5
Sundries	17,97,206	1	10
	25,18,25,293	14	0
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* Rs. 3,34,75,767 13 2; Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† Rs. 4,72,63,545 0 9	8,07,39,312	13	11
RUPEES	33,25,64,606	11	11

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,77,205 0 0
† Do. do. do. „ 5,32,620 0 0

Rs. 9,09,825 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, 9th January 1919.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
Percentage 27·49.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

Text-books, etc., for sale.

List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

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Two fully qualified instructors, natives of Persia and Arabia, respectively, are maintained by the Government of India, for the convenience of officers wishing to study Persian and Arabic. The services of these instructors may be obtained in Calcutta, on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners.

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M. S. Athar Husain Jafari, Head Maulavi, A. P. Mission High School, 257 Chak, Allahabad.
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M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Chhote Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.
M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Gulam Qadir, Karimullah's Compound, near H. M. High School, Ambala Cantonment.
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M. Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
*M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, 1, Gun Troop Road, Ulsoor P. O., Bangalore Cantonment.
†M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).
M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Akmal Ali Akmal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Mohd Israil Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Muhammad Muslim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
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Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.
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M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.
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M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phusianwala Bazar, Jhelum.
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M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depôt, Jullundur.
M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.
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KASAULI.—M. Anand Sarup, Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.
KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.
LAHORE—
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M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.
M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment
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M. Muhammad Din, 2999, Pir Gilavian Street, Lahore.
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MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.
MURREE HILLS—
M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.
NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
PANIPAT.—M. Jiya Lall, C/o L. Shadi Ram, Petition writer, Panipat (Karnal).
PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.
PESHAWAR—
M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
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M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College
M. S. Abdul Aziz, The King's Regiment, Quetta.
M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.
M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Aulad Husain, Cadet College, Quetta
M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shair Manzil (M. W. S., Military District).
RAWALPINDI—
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only)
†M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.
M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Coantonment.
ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City
SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.
SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.
SUBATHU—
*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriey, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu
M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
WELLINGTON—
M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktaram Row, Calcutta.
RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.
KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothen, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. L[illegible] Narayan Ph[illegible]ndis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor [illegible]

POONA CITY—
Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.
Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.
RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.
SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore

Qualified Tamil Teachers.

MADRAS—
M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachri, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA, O. F. JENKINS,
The 21st November 1918. *Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.*

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „
QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs. A. P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 8 0

N.B.—**Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.**

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, " these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,
Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
The 30th October 1918.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st December 1918.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT.		INDIAN WAR LOAN.			2ND INDIAN WAR LOAN.	TOTAL
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.	5 per cent. War Loan 1929-1947.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922.	5½ per cent War Bonds 1923.	
Balance of 15th Decr. 1918	27,62,800	91,73,000	3,80,92,400	1,41,96,000	61,85,300	19,16,400	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,55,000	7,40,84,700
Add—													
Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between and 191	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27,62,800	91,73,000	3,80,92,400	1,41,96,000	61,85,300	19,16,400	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,55,000	7,40,84,700
Deduct—													
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balance on 31st Dec. 1918	27,62,800	91,73,000	3,80,92,400	1,41,96,000	61,85,300	19,16,400	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,55,000	7,40,84,700

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st Oct. 1918 Enfaced from India 12,429 lakhs. re-transferred from London 13,037 lakhs.
,, 1st Novr. 1918 ,, 15th Novr. ,, ditto ... ditto 1 lakh.
,, 16th ,, .. ,, 30th ,, ,, ditto ... ditto ..
,, 1st Dec. .. ,, 15th Dec. ,, ditto ... ditto 2 lakhs.
,, 16th ,, .. ,, 31st ,, ,, ditto ... ditto ...
12,429 13,040

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 6th January 1919.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 4th January 1919.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st December 1918.

	Total amount of notes in circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.	In transit between India, England and H. M.'s Dominions.			Securities (Purchase price).			Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion	Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Held in India.	Held in England.	Total.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	18,01,500	36,93,94,907	37,11,96,407	4,48,80,403	2,36,48,092	6,84,04,735	12,35,865	...	...	...		8,73,68,185	(a) 12,65,99,946	(b) 82,49,17,440 (c)	1,17,79,54,666	(a) Nominal value—R10,28,81,500 of rupee paper and R2,80,00,000 Indian Treasury Bills.
Cawnpore	...	11,57,05,228	11,57,05,228	76,19,792	52,29,683	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			1,28,49,475	(b) Nominal value—R84,12,00,001.
Lahore	...	11,44,25,200	11,44,25,200	89,50,649	1,79,54,729	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2,69,05,378	(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under Section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918 and Ordinance III of 1918.
Bombay	6,02,625	49,50,46,132	49,56,48,757	2,16,98,612	4,03,02,692	5,99,35,595	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	22,19,36,899	
Karachi	...	7,80,34,811	7,80,34,811	31,99,491	21,38,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53,38,191	
Madras	13,94,735	19,32,28,987	19,46,23,722	1,03,87,295	40,42,448	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,44,29,743	
Rangoon	...	11,53,96,169	11,53,96,169	88,92,192	34,83,795	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,23,75,987	
	37,98,360	1,47,62,21,434	1,48,00,20,294	10,56,28,434	19,68,00,139	12,83,40,330	12,35,865	...	...	...		8,73,68,185	12,65,99,946	82,49,17,440	1,47,08,90,339	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			91,29,955	*Deduct*—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											...	
Total Circulation R			1,47,08,90,339											Total Reserve R	1,47,08,90,339	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 31st December 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st December 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 10th January 1919

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th January 1919.

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE. COIN AND BULLION. In India.			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.	In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.		Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	25,21,000	37,17,81,682	37,43,02,682	3,00,66,538	2,36,48,047	6,57,04,735	12,35,865	...	...	...	78,00,000	8,03,78,185	(a) 14,17,99,946	(b) (c) 82,49,05,395	1,17,55,38,621	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500 of rupee paper & R4,40,00,000 Indian Treasury Bills. (b) Nominal value—R84,11,70,001. (c) Includes British Treasury Bills purchased under section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918 and Ordinance III of 1918.
Cawnpore	...	11,73,07,757	11,73,07,757	69,52,212	52,29,682			...	...			...			1,21,81,894	
Lahore	...	12,33,99,557	12,33,99,557	86,45,346	1,79,77,229				...	...		...			2,66,23,075	
Bombay	13,44,665	48,62,96,802	48,76,31,467	3,68,56,577	14,02,27,692	6,15,25,595		...	...	...	...	...		...	23,86,09,864	
Karachi	...	8,17,68,219	8,17,68,219	18,15,359	21,38,700	...		...	...	...		...	...	...	39,54,059	
Madras	4,37,605	19,48,14,408	19,52,52,013	1,04,47,351	40,42,448	...		...	...		...	...		...	1,44,89,799	
Rangoon	...	11,74,81,859	11,74,81,859	74,86,532	34,80,795				...	...		...		...	1,09,67,327	
	43,03,270	1,49,28,40,284	1,49,71,43,554	10,22,70,415	19,67,44,593	12,72,30,330	12,35,865	...	...	...	78,00,000	5,03,78,185	14,17,99,946	82,49,05,395	1,48,23,64,639	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			1,47,78,915	*Deduct*—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											...	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			1,48,23,64,639	TOTAL RESERVE R											1,48,23,64,639	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th January 1919.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 7th January 1919.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTIFICATION.

Notice is hereby given under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that the undermentioned treasure is stated to have been found on the 12th July 1918 in S. F. 973 of Dudukur Pet Village, Nellore Taluk, belonging to one Golla Serbhayya *alias* Sanyaku Venkatasubbia by one Gaddam Subbadu while digging earth on behalf of Varanati Seshayya.

Details of the find.	Weight.	Estimated value. Rs.	A.	P.
(1) One gold Nanu with two hooks and 100 gold beads of the shape of fishes . .	10¾ Varahas and 3 Guriginjas	75	0	0
(2) A gold bangle double edged with two green and one red stone . . .	10½ Varahas and 2 Guriginjalu with lac inside.	65	0	0

All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are requested to appear in person or by a duly authorized agent before the Collector of Nellore at his office in Nellore on the 1st August 1919 in view of their claims being enquired into and disposed of according to law.

S. M. V. OOSMAN,
For Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, NELLORE.
Dated 21st December 1918.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 4th January 1919.

No. 51-*R*.—Rai Bahadur Diwan Jamiat Rai, C.I.E., an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd grade, and Settlement Extra Assistant Commissioner in Baluchistan, was promoted to be Provisional Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 1st grade on Rs. 800 a month, with effect from the 15th November 1918.

No. 56-*R*.—The services of Mr. B. H. Ford, Superintendent of the Office of the Agent to the Governor General, and sub. *pro. tem.* Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th grade, and Treasury Officer, Quetta, were placed at the disposal of the Military Department for employment as Indian Army Reserve Officer, with effect from 12th November 1918, forenoon.

No. 57-*R*.—Mr. H. G. R. Adie, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, and Registrar of the Office of the Agent to the Governor General, was posted as Treasury Officer, Quetta, with effect from 12th November 1918.

No. 58-*R*.—Bhai Kabul Singh, an Additional Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, and Assistant Director, Civil Supplies, Baluchistan, was appointed sub. *pro. tem.* Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, and posted as Registrar of the Office of the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan, with effect from the 12th November 1918 forenoon.

No. 60-*R*.—The Agent to the Governor General is pleased to sanction the retention in foreign service, as Wazir Las Bela State, of Khan Bahadur M. Sharbat Khan, for a further period of one year with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd July 1918.

The 6th January 1919.

No. 82-*R*.—The unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to Mr. Gul Muhammad Khan, provisional Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, in this office Notification No. 7260, dated the 26th October 1918, was cancelled and he was reposted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nushki, with effect from the 14th December 1918.

No. 84-*R*.—Khan Sahib M. Juma Khan, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Barkhan, was granted privilege leave for one month and 6 days with effect from the 9th December 1918.

No. 85-*R*.—M. Khan Tama Khan, Tahsildar of the 3rd, sub. *pro. tem.* 2nd grade, and Tahsildar Duki, was appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Barkhan, with effect from the 9th December 1918 forenoon.

No. 89-*R*.—Mr. Hote Chand, sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of the office of the Revenue Commissioner and Registrar of the Court of the Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan, was appointed Assistant Director, Civil Supplies, Baluchistan, with effect from the 12th November 1918.

By order,
G. HARRIS,
First Assistant.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY

Total Abstract of Capital Account of the Benares Hindu University, for the year ending 30th June, 1918.

Particulars.	Capital Account. Amount or value.			Remarks.
	Rs.	A.	P.	
Permanent Reserve Fund, as per Statement No. 1	50,00,054	0	0	
Endowments for Chairs ditto No. 2	9,75,914	4	6	
Do. for Scholarships, Prizes and Medals, as per Statement No. 3	2,93,200	0	0	
Moveable and Immoveable properties including Live and Dead Stock, as per Statement No. 4.	8,79,277	8	0	
Properties given for general purpose, as per Statement No. 5	44,01,408	8	7	
Provident Fund, as per Statement No. 6	41,170	3	4	
Advances, as per Statement No. 7	34,443	12	2	
TOTAL	1,16,25,468	4	7	

B. P. MUKERJEE,
Accountant.

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 1.

Of the permanent Reserve Fund required by Section 14 of the Benares Hindu University.

Properties constituting the Reserve Fund.	Capitalised value at 3½ per cent. of face-value in case of G. P. notes. Rs. A. P.	Receipts from 1st July 1917 to 30th June 1918. Rs. A. P.	Particulars of disbursement.	Amount from 1st July 1917 to 30th June 1918. Rs. A. P.	Remarks.
1. Patna property purchased for Rs. 72,000 (Nurpur, Sattar and Shahpur).	...	2,457 6 1	Amount transferred to the recurring expenditure of the Benares Hindu University.	2,457 6 1	*Vide* G. I. order, dated 1st April 1916, received with Government of India Education Department Secretary's No. 256, dated 23rd March 1916.
2. Cawnpore property given in gift in lieu of Rs. 5,000. (share in Gedha).	...	197 5 6	Do. do.	197 5 6	
3. Benares property for Rs. 2,500 (Kalua garden)	71,235 0 0 (items 1–3)	...	...	...	
4. Perpetual annuities granted by the following Indian Chiefs :—	...	...	...	...	
(a) Jodhpur Durbar, Rs. 24,000 a year	...	...	...	...	Do. do.
(b) Kashmir Durbar, „ 12,000 „	...	12,000 0 0	Do. do.	12,000 0 0	
(c) Bikaner Durbar, „ 7,800 „	...	...	...	...	Annuity received on 11th September 1918.
(d) Jhalawar Durbar, „ 1,000 „	...	1,000 0 0	Do. do.	1,000 0 0	
„ 44,800	12,80,000 0 0				
5. Government Promissory Notes of 3½ % loans of 1854-55, 1900-01, 1842-43 and of 1865 as shown in Statement No. 8 appended to the Audit Note.	35,89,400 0 0	1,25,391 8 0	Do. do.	1,25,391 8 0	
6. Pension payment order No. 509, dated 23rd March 1915, of Rs. 66-13-7 monthly (*i.e.*, Rs. 802-3-0 per annum).	22,919 0 0	799 10 0	Do. do.	799 10 0	
7. Trust Securities, as shewn in Statement No. 9	36,500 0 0	1,519 11 6	Do. do.	1,519 11 6	
TOTAL	50,00,054 0 0	1,43,365 9 1	TOTAL Rs.	1,43,365 9 1	

B. P. MUKERJEE,
Accountant.

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 2.

Showing Chairs endowed by the Donors of the Hindu University.

Details.	Capitalised value or face-value in case of G. P. Notes.	Receipts from 1st July 1917 to 30th June 1918.	Particulars of Disbursement.	Amount from 1st July 1917 to 30th June 1918.	Balance to be carried forward to the next year.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.	
1. Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandy Bahadur, K.C.I.E., of Cossimbazar. Amount endowed has been invested in Government Promissory notes for the "Manindra Chandra Chair of Ancient Indian History and Culture" as specified below:—	...	...	Amount paid to Dr. Radha Kumud Mukerjee, M.A., Ph.D., being his salary from 1st July 1917 to 7th August 1918.			
Notes No. — Rs.						
178438 of 1854-55 10,000						
169351 ,, ... 10 000						
175419 ,, ... 1,000						
172635 ,, ... 1,000						
203385 of 1900-01 25,000						
203586 ,, ... 25,000						
203887 ,, ... 25,000						
203588 ,, ... 25,000						
203889 ,, ... 25,000						
203820 ,, ... 25,000	1,72,000 0 0	6,008 3 0		1,112 14 6	4 895 10 6	The sum of Rs. 1,668-9-5, which was spent in excess in last year in anticipation of the realization of the interest, *vide* remark as per last year's statement No. 2, has now been adjusted.
2. Hon'ble Raja Moti Chand, C.I.E., of Benares. Amount endowed in Government Promissory notes for the "Moti Chand Chair of Chemical Technology" as specified below:—						
Notes No. — Rs.						
156449 of 1854-55 1,00,000						
145713 ,, ... 10,000						
018312 ,, ... 2,000						
018320 ,, ... 5,000						
017317 ,, ... 1 000						
124157 ,, ... 200	1,18,200 0 0	4,128 15 0	... ...	...	4,128 15 0	
3. H. H. Farzand-i-Khas-Daulat-i-Englishia Mansur-ul-zaman, Amir-ul-Umra, Maharaja Dhiraj Rajeshwar Sri Maharaja Rajgan Maharajah Bhupender Singh Mahinder Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Patiala (Punjab), granted a perpetual annuity of Rs. 24,000 for 2 special Chairs for Electrical and Mechanical Engineering.	6,85,714 4 6					*Vide* Farman Sahi No. 38, dated 24th April 1918, forwarded with Foreign Secretary's letter No. 1969, dated 13th May 1918.
TOTAL	9,75,914 4 6	10,137 8 0	..	1 112 14 6	9,024 9 6	

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant.

B. M MEHROTRA, General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 3.

Of moneys given in Trust for Establishing Scholarships, Prizes and Medals.

Serial No.	Name of endowment, with the amount in cash.	Amount invested in Pro. Notes or lands.	Balance on 1st July 1917.	Receipts during 1917-18.	TOTAL.	Payment during 1917-18.	Balance.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
	(1) Those given to the Hindu University Society or the Benares Hindu University.							
1	Pandit Kanhaiyalal Scholarship invested in G. P. Notes.	3,500 0 0	122 8 0	122 0 0	244 8 0	...	244 8 0	
2	Akhauri Babu Prem Narayan Scholarship invested in landed property.	10,000 0 0	604 12 0	604 10 0	1,209 6 0	...	1,209 6 0	
3	Swami Madhusudanand Saraswati Matar Shanker Vedanta Prize invested in G. P. Notes.	2,500 0 0	131 4 0	87 0 0	218 4 0	...	218 4 0	
4	Mahant Satish Chandra Giri Scholarships and Prizes charged upon landed estate.	1,00,000 0 0	1,750 0 0	3,500 0 0	5,250 0 0	...	5,250 0 0	
5	H. H. The Maharaja Bikaner Scholarships—part of the perpetual Annuity, Rs. 4,200.	1,20,000 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
	TOTAL .	2,36,000 0 0	2,608 8 0	4,313 10 0	6,922 2 0	...	6,922 2 0	
	(2) Those given to the Central Hindu College.							
6	Pandit Dina Nath Kak Scholarship . .	2,000 0 0	70 0 0	70 0 0	140 0 0	...	140 0 0	
7	The Nrisinha Prasad Hari Prasad Buch Metaphysics Prize.	6,000 0 0	1,803 11 9	209 0 0	2,012 11 9	...	2,012 11 9	
8	The Annie Besant Prize	500 0 0	38 1 3	17 0 0	55 1 3	14 15 0	40 2 3	
9	The Mansukhram Surajram Tripathi Scholarship	850 0 0	73 11 3	29 4 0	102 15 3	...	102 15 3	
10	The Bhawani Shanker Prize	900 0 0	...	31 0 0	31 0 0	...	31 0 0	
11	The Ganga Shanker Sookh Chand Scholarship .	1,000 0 0	—0 2 6	34 8 0	34 5 6	30 0 0	4 5 6	
12	Munshi Behari Lal Prize	650 0 0	2 6 9	22 12 0	25 2 9	...	25 2 9	

13	Raja Udit Narain Roy Scholarship	2,000 0 0	21 4 0	69 8 0	90 12 0	60 0 0	30 12 0
14	The J. S. Gadgill Scholarship	7,000 0 0	—22 1 0	244 0 0	221 15 0	240 0 0	—18 1 0
15	The Hari Sukh Prize	200 0 0	...	7 8 0	7 8 0	...	7 8 0
16	Rai Gokul Chand Bahadur Scholarship and Medal	2,000 0 0	36 8 0	70 0 0	106 8 0	48 0 0	58 8 0
17	Thakur Kokersay Jadavji Sanatan Dharma Scholarship.	1,000 0 0	8 9 8	35 0 0	43 9 8	35 0 0	8 9 8
18	Pandit Harikrishen Scholarship	10,000 0 0	26 10 2	350 0 0	376 10 2	330 0 0	46 10 2
19	Kuar Dakshineshwar Malia Memorial Scholarship.	5,000 0 0	31 5 3	175 0 0	206 5 3	174 0 0	32 5 3
20	The Reid and Utmi Scholarship (remits Rs. 12 monthly for life).	...	...	144 0 0	144 0 0	120 0 0	24 0 0
21	A. T. Banerji Scholarship	350 0 0	4 4 0	12 4 0	16 8 0	10 0 0	6 8 0
22	The Gunaria Prize	500 0 0	17 8 0	17 8 0	35 0 0	...	35 0 0
23	Rai Bahadur Mata Prasad Medal and Prize	500 0 0	60 15 6	17 8 0	78 7 6	...	78 7 6
24	Pandit Amarnath Trust Scholarship (remits Rs. 30 p.m.)	...	—85 0 0	180 0 0	95 0 0	255 0 0	—160 0 0
25	Dr. Basudeo Sahaya Medal	1,500 0 0	128 0 0	52 0 0	180 0 0	...	180 0 0
26	Pandit Vishwanath Shastri Lote Prize	1,000 0 0	133 8 0	35 0 0	168 8 0	...	168 8 0
27	Pandit Debi Prasad Agnihotri Memorial Prize	1,000 0 0	131 4 0	35 0 0	166 4 0	...	166 4 0
28	Krishna Kumari Debi Scholarship	...	...	70 0 0	70 0 0	76 0 0	—6 0 0
29	Debi Prasad Thakur Kiran Scholarship	...	...	90 0 0	90 0 0	...	90 0 0
30	Vasudev Scholarship	...	...	50 0 0	50 0 0	...	50 0 0
	TOTAL	43,959 0 0	2,480 8 1	2,067 12 0	4,548 4 1	1,392 15 0	3,155 5 1
	(3) Those given to the Benares Sanskrit Pathshala and Oriental College.						
31	Native Official Charity Association Port Blair Prize.	100 0 0	1 12 0	3 8 0	5 4 0	...	5 4 0
32	Besant's Bhagvatgita Prize	100 0 0	1 12 0	3 8 0	5 4 0	...	5 4 0
33	Ratansey Scholarship	5,000 0 0	165 4 0	174 0 0	339 4 0	119 12 0	219 8 0
34	Babu Keshav Deo Bhargava Scholarship	...	38 4 0	...	38 4 0	...	38 4 0
35	Vaidyak Student Scholarship	...	...	...		48 0 0	—48 0 0*
	TOTAL	5,200 0 0	207 0 0	181 0 0	388 0 0	167 12 0	220 4 0

* To be transferred from the General Fund.

Serial No.	Name of endowment, with the amount in cash.	Amount invested in Pro. Notes or lands.	Balance on 1st July 1917.	Receipts during 1917-18.	TOTAL.	Payment during 1917-18.	Balance.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
	(4) *Those given to the Central Hindu School.*							
56	Durga Janki Scholarship	...	—10 0 0	...	10 0 0	24 0 0	—34 0 0	
	Ram Chandra and Shyam Sunder Scholarship	920 0 0	12 8 9	33 3 0	45 11 9	24 12 0	20 15 9	
37	Sadasiva Prize	100 0 0	1 0 9	3 8 0	4 8 9	4 8 9	...	
38	Girjanath Shivapayan Scholarship	1,200 0 0	28 10 0	42 0 0	70 10 0	70 10 0	...	
39	Nathabhai Kriparam Prize	30 0 0	1 9 6	1 1 0	2 10 6	2 10 6	...	
40	The Parvati Prize	50 0 0	1 2 9	1 12 0	2 14 9	2 14 9	...	
41	The Naraindas Kalyandas Motiwala Prize	200 0 0	1 3 6	7 0 0	8 3 6	8 3 6	...	
42	The Purshottam Sunderjizala Prize	50 0 0	...	1 12 0	1 12 0	1 12 0	...	
43	The Gopal Krishna Commemoration Medal	300 0 0	...	10 8 0	10 8 0	2 8 0	8 0 0	
44	N. Sankuni Warrior Prize	100 0 0	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	...	
45	Pandit Bishambharnath Dube Scholarship	400 0 0	8 0 0	14 0 0	22 0 0	12 0 0	10 0 0	
46	The Kamini Memorial Prize	100 0 0	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	...	
47	The Annada Prasad Mazumdar Memorial Prize	100 0 0	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	...	
48	Hukumat Rai Prize	100 0 0	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	...	
49	Rai Pandit Krishna Narain Gurtu Scholarship (Rs. 7 a month).	...	20 5 0	84 0 0	104 5 0	84 0 0	20 5 0	

50	The Thirlwall Prize	300 0 0	...	10 8 0	10 8 0	6 5 0	4 3 0
51	Pandit Manohar Lal Kichloo Scholarship	1,700 0 0	118 8 0	59 0 0	177 8 0	126 8 0	51 0 0
52	The Jugal Kishore Dharmapatni Prize	100 0 0	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	2 10 0	0 14 0
53	The Shivadayal Scholarship	1,000 0 0	2 8 0	35 0 0	37 8 0	36 0 0	1 8 0
54	Durga Prasad Memorial Scholarship	...	—60 0 0	...	—60 0 0	24 0 0	—84 0 0*
55	Molil Bai Prize	250 0 0	25 7 3	8 12 0	34 3 3	32 1 6	2 1 9
56	Nandgiri Krishna Prize	500 0 0	113 12 0	17 8 0	131 4 0	131 4 0	...
57	The Gajapati Rao Freeship	500 0 0	10 0 0	17 8 0	27 8 0	25 4 0	2 4 0
58	L. N. Sankhadhar Scholarship	...	—143 0 0	223 12 6	80 12 6	84 0 0	—3 3 6*
	TOTAL	5,000 0 0	131 11 6	588 4 6	720 0 0	720 0 0	...
	ABSTRACT.						
	University Scholarships and Prizes	2,36,000 0 0	2,608 8 0	4,313 10 0	6,922 2 0	...	6,922 2 0
	Central Hindu College	43,950 0 0	2,480 8 1	2,067 12 0	4,548 4 1	1,392 15 0	3,155 5 1
	Ranavir Samskrit Pathshala	5,200 0 0	207 0 0	181 0 0	388 0 0	167 12 0	220 4 0
	Central Hindu School	8,000 0 0	131 11 6	588 4 6	720 0 0	720 0 0	...
	GRAND TOTAL	2,93,150 0 0	5,427 11 7	7,150 10 6	12,578 6 1	2,280 11 0	10,297 11 1

* To be transferred from the General Fund.

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MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 4.

Of properties forming part of the College, School, and Ranavir Pathshala buildings, their hostels and residential quarters of the staff, also the furniture, equipment, Library and other moveables appertaining to the said institutions and the stock and materials belonging to the Hindu University.

Particulars.	Estimated value.	Total.	Remarks.
IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1. (a) Central Hindu College Premises valued at.	3,87,138 2 0	...	
(b) Staff quarters	16,000 0 0	...	
(c) Residential houses	7,686 0 0	...	
(d) Stables	500 0 0	4,11,324 2 0	
2. (a) University Building in progress	2,00,119 8 8	...	
(b) Tools and Plants	41,108 4 11	...	
(c) Materials in stock, as shewn by P. W. Dept. Rs. 57,179 A. 7 P. 8	...	...	
Credit sale 772 13 0	...	...	
Total 57,952 4 8	...	...	
Less credit purchase 10,371 9 0	47,580 11 8	2,88,808 9 3	
MOVEABLE PROPERTY.			
1. *Physical Laboratory*—			
(a) Science apparatus	23,881 7 0	...	
(b) Electric fittings	750 0 0	...	
(c) Gas and Water fittings	750 0 0	...	
(d) Furniture	2,909 12 0	28,291 3 0	
2. *Chemical Laboratory*—			
(a) Apparatus	7,018 12 0	...	
(b) Chemical	3,176 8 0	...	
(c) Balances and weights	1,542 0 0	...	
(d) Minerals	450 0 0	...	
(e) Gas plant and fittings	10,000 0 0	...	
(f) Charts	38 4 0	...	
(g) Water tank and fittings	1,165 0 0	...	
(h) Furniture	6,217 8 0	29,608 0 0	
3. *Biological Laboratory*—			
(a) Apparatus	5,107 4 9	...	
(b) Furniture	899 11 0	6,006 15 9	
4. *Library and Museum*—			
(a) Books and Magazines	42,570 6 0	...	
(b) Museum Exhibits	3,147 0 0	45,717 6 0	
5. Sporting and Gymnasium	2,621 2 0	2,621 2 0	
6. Furniture, etc., at College, Boarding houses, Pathshala and University Office, etc.	30,256 6 3	30,256 6 3	
7. *Book Depôt*—			
Books for sale	17,385 0 0	17,385 0 0	
8. *Central Hindu School*—			
(a) Science apparatus	3,623 5 6	...	
(b) Manual Training apparatus	984 9 6	...	
(c) Books and Magazines	962 0 0	...	
(d) Furniture at School, Boarding houses, etc.	13,083 4 0	18,653 3 0	
9. *Live Stock and Carriage*—			
(a) Horse and Mare	200 0 0	...	
(b) Carriage, harness, etc.	405 8 9	605 8 9	
TOTAL	...	8,79,277 8 0	

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant. B. M. MEHROTRA, General Superintendent. MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor. P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor

STATEMENT No. 5.

Of properties given for general purposes or specifically given for building not included in Statements Nos. 1 to 4 or not forming part of the Provident Fund.

Properties constituting the General Fund of the Benares Hindu University.	Capitalised value or face-value in case of G. P. Notes.	Receipts from 1st July 1917 to 30th June 1918.	Particulars of Disbursement.	Amount from 1st July 1917 to 30th June 1918.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
1. Gouripur property (District Mymensingh) charged by Hon'ble Babu Brajendra Kishore Rai Chaudhury, Zamindar, with the payment of Rs. 4,000 annually in lieu of one lac promised.	1,00,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	Amount transferred to the recurring expenditure of the Benares Hindu University.	3,000 0 0	
2. Amawan property (District Patna) gifted by Raja Harihar Prasad Narayan Singh, yielding an income of Rs. 2,000 a year.	50,000 0 0	...	......	...	Arrangements are being made to lease the properties to the donors.
3. Aghwar property (District Mirzapur) gifted by Mahant Anand Giri, yielding a perpetual rent of Rs. 1,200.	40,000 0 0	...	......	...	Ditto.
4. (a) Share Certificate of Newspaper Co., Ltd., Allahabad	1,000 0 0	...	......	...	
(b) Share Certificate of Broach Industrial Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ahmedabad.	200 0 0	...	......	...	In Liquidation. Full amount of share has been paid by the Liquidator on 10th August 1918.
(c) Share Certificate of Delhi Cloth and General Mills Co., Ltd., Delhi.	250 0 0	25 0 0	Ditto .	25 0 0	
5. Perpetual grants by H. H. Sir Jagatjit Singh Bahadur, G.C.S.I., of Kapurthala, Rs. 2,000 a year.	57,142 13 8	2,000 0 0	Ditto .	2,000 0 0	
6. Perpetual grant by the Government of India of Rs. 1,00,000 a year.	28,57,142 13 9	1,00,000 0 0	Ditto .	1,00,000 0 0	
7. Grants by Col. H. H. Maharaja Sir Sri Krisnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur, G.C.S.I., of Mysore, Rs. 12,000, a year.	...	12,000 0 0	Ditto .	12,000 0 0	
8. University Mahal at Benares acquired through the Collector of Benares, *vide* Collector's letter No. 2028-VIII—76, dated the 5th April 1917.	5,80,561 3 11	13,326 4 10	Ditto .	13,326 4 10	
9. Government Promissory Notes of 3½% loan of 1842-43, 1865, 1879, 1896-97, and 1854-55, as shewn in Statement No. 8, including the amount received for building purposes, as per Statement No. 6.	11,38,400 0 0	39,873 9 6	Ditto .	39,873 9 6	
10. Cash balance with the Banks and offices, as detailed in the Balance-Sheet.	70,102 13 4	...	.. ...	...	
TOTAL .	48,94,799 12 8	1,70,224 14 4	......	1,70,224 14 4	
Less Balance carried to the next year's account, as shewn in the Balance-Sheet.	4,93,469 14 7	...	......	..	
TOTAL .	44,01,329 14 1	...	.....	...	

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant.
B. M. MEHROTRA, General Superintendent.
MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor.
P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 5-A.

Of Donations given for Building purposes.

Names of Donors.	Object of Donations.	Amount paid in cash.			REMARKS.
		Rs.	A.	P.	
1. Rai Bahadur Lala Ramcharan Das, Allahabad.	Amount paid for the construction of a Hostel.	50,000	0	0	
2. Bhateley Shyam Behari Lal of Etawah.	For a building to be constructed and the name of his brother, Bhateley Shyam Sunder, be engraved on a stone affixed to the building.	25,000	0	0	
3. Rani Phul Kuwari, widow of Rai Bahadur Chaudhury Ranjit Singh of Moradabad.	Rooms to be constructed in memory of her husband, Rai Bahadur Chaudhury Ranjit Singh.	6,000	0	0	
4. Soti Krishna Swarup, B.A., LL.B.	A room to be constructed in the name of his mother.	300	0	0	
5. Pandit Premballabh Bhatt, Naini Tal.	A room to be constructed in memory of his father.	500	0	0	
6. Lala Ramdass of Meerut	A room to be constructed in his name in one of the hostels.	1,000	0	0	
7. Lala Kewal Kishen of Azamgarh.	For a well*.	200	0	0	*If this amount be insufficient, he promises to pay more.
	TOTAL .	83,000	0	0	

STATEMENT No. 6.

Of Endowment of Provident Fund.

Endowment of Provident Fund.	Amount invested in G. P. Notes and other Security.			Amount of Interest.		
1. Amount invested in 3½% G. P. Notes for Benares Hindu University—	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
PROVIDENT FUND.						
(a) Note No. 170768 of 1854-55 . . .	25,900	0	0	906	4	0
(b) 5½% War Bond No. 041721 of 1922 .	7,500	0	0	158	1	0
(c) Post Office Savings Bank, including interest.	7,770	3	4	194	14	9
TOTAL .	41,170	3	4	1,259	3	9

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant. B. M. MEHROTRA, General Superintendent. MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor. P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 7.

Of the amount of advances outstanding on the 30th June, 1918.

Name of person to whom advance is made.	ADVANCE MADE. Date.	purpose.	No. of voucher.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	TOTAL. Rs. A. P.	Signature of officer	ADVANCE RECOVERED. Date.	Whether in cash or by work-bill.	No. of chalan in cash book or voucher No.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	TOTAL. Rs. A. P.	Balance after each transaction. Rs. A. P.	Signature of officer.
Pandit Raj Nath, Agra	Balance	on 1-7-17	...	...	25 0 0	...	...		...	...	...	25 0 0	
Hon'ble Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya	,,	Travelling expense.	...	...	200 0 0	...	4-5-18	Cash.	482	200 0 0	200 0 0	...	
...	31-5-18	,,	1325	55 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	88 7 0	
...	30-6-18	,,	1549	33 7 0	88 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dr. I. J. S. Taraporewala	Balance	on 1-7-17	...	...	122 3 0	...	17-7-17	,,	24	17 0 0	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8-12-17	,,	145	6 0 0	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-10-17	,,	71	12 0 0	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 2 0	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31-10-17	...	97	4 0 0	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30-11-17	,,	134	6 0 0	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18-12-17	...	157	12 14 6	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-2-18	...	231	4 0 0	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20-2-18	...	243	2 4 6	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,,	,,	243	45 14 0	122 3 0	...	
Supdt. C. H. C. Boarding House	Balance	on 1-7-17	...	...	50 0 0	...	21-1-18	,,	207	50 0 0	50 0 0	...	
Librarian, C. H. C.	,,		...	...	100 0 0	...	,,	,,	207	100 0 0	...	...	
...	30-6-18	For clearing V. P.	1438	55 0 0	55 0 0	...	25-6-18	,,	584	55 0 0	155 0 0	...	
Pandit Gokaran Nath Misra	Balance	on 1-7-17	...	...	200 0 0	...	7-5-18	,,	490	91 0 0	...	...	
...	6-5-18	...	1211	10 0 0	...	...	30-6-18	,,	609	75 7 9	...	...	
...	30-6-18	...	1431	292 0 0	...	...	,,	,,	609	109 0 0	...	...	
...	,,	...	...	190 8 0	...	...	,,	,,	609	657 0 3	...	...	
...	,,	...	1439	100 0 0	...	...	,,	,,	613	10 0 0	...	...	
...	...	...	1561	150 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
					742 8 0	...					942 5 0	...	
Pandit Gurdayal Tiwari	Balance	on 1-7-17	...	...	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	
Babu Gauri Shankar Prasad	,,		...	...	25 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 0 0	
Collector of Benares	,,	For land acquisition.	...	...	20,438 12 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,438 12 1	
Mr. V. P. Vaidya, Bombay	,,	...	...	...	537 13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	537 13 9	
M. Sirajuddin, Benares	,,	For purchase of Rozina.	...	...	125 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	125 0 0	
Mr. P. B. Adhikari	,,	...	...	...	0 12 0	...	21-1-18	...	208	0 12 0	0 12 0	...	
People's Bank, Lahore	,,	...	...	...	1,891 7 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,891 7 11	
India Specie Bank, Bombay	,,	on 1-7-17	...	...	456 6 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	456 6 7	
Upper India Bank, Ld.	,,	,,	...	...	2 15 6	...	4-2-18	Cash.	224	2 15 6	2 15 6	...	

STATEMENT No. 7—*contd.*

Of the amount of advances outstanding on the 30th June, 1918.

Name of person to whom advance is made.	ADVANCE MADE. Date.	Purpose.	No. of voucher.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	TOTAL. Rs. A. P.	Signature of officer.	ADVANCE RECOVERED. Date.	Whether in cash or by work-bill.	No. of chalan in cash book or voucher No.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	TOTAL. Rs. A. P.	Balance after each transaction. Rs. A. P.	Signature of officer.
Rajputana and Punjab Bank, Ambala	Balance	on 1-7-17	...	...	50 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	50 0 0	
Babu Gokul Chandra, Calcutta	..	..	...	...	228 10 10	...	...	...	...	...	..	228 10 10	
People's Industrial Bank, Fyzabad	,,	..	...	...	2,000 0 0	...	...	...	...	..	...	2,000 0 0	
Manager, Tara Printing Works	,,	For Printing Religious Text-Books.	..	..	200 0 0	...	...	...			...	200 0 0	
The Treasurer, Hindu University	..	Imprest money.	...		5,000 0 0	...	30-6-18	...	611	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	...	
Principal, C. H. College	31-7-17	For Chemicals.	82	97 11 0	...	...	4-8-17	Work bill.	34	97 11 0		...	
...	..	,,	89	284 2 0		...	1-9-17	..	53	284 2 0	...	...	
...	12-10-17	,,	356	50 0 0	...	...	19-10-17	..	89	150 0 0	...	...	
...	18-10-17	For Athletic Dept.	390	150 0 0	...	...	31-10-17	..	97	1,865 0 0		...	
...	12-10-17	For Chemicals.	359	1,365 0 0	...	...	30-11-17	.	134	50 0 0	...	...	
...	18-10-17	For Athletic Dept.	425	155 0 0		...	..	.	..	155 0 0	...	...	
...	2-3-18	,,	1010	110 0 0	...	...	28-2-18	..	252	110 0 0	...	...	
...	19-3-18	,,	1033	150 0 0	...	...	2-5-18	..	472	150 0 0	...	...	
					2,361 13 0	...					2,361 13 0	...	
Superintendent, Landed Estate	24-8-17	...	142	8 4 2	8 4 2	...	30-6-18	By transfer account.	T. E. No 26	8 0 0	8 0 0	0 4 2	
,, College Athletics	17-12-17	For Games.	631	200 0 0	200 0 0		18-12-17	Work bill.	157	200 0 0	200 0 0	...	
Messrs. John Grant, Edinburgh	4-2-18	For Library books.	880	1,414 5 10	1,414 5 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,414 5 10	
Mr. A. K. Chakravarty	14-5-18	For Servants' Uniforms.	1241	40 0 0	40 0 0	...	27-4-18	Cash.	459	40 0 0	40 0 0	...	
Manager, B. H. U., Book Depôt	10-4-18	For books.	1142	487 3 0	...	...	14-5-18	..	500	487 3 0	...	...	
...	14-5-18	,,	1242	177 13 0	...	...	,,	,,	501	177 13 0	...	...	
...	31-5-18	,,	1339	43 0 3	...	...	30-6-18	..	606	409 14 9	...	...	
...	,,	,,	1340	6 14 6	.	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	
...	30-6-18	,,	1382	360 0 0	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
					1,074 14 9	...					1,074 14 9		
Manager, C. H. C. Magazine	,,	For paper.	1426	1,147 8 0	1,147 8 0	...	...	...	...	.	...	1,147 8 0	
Bhaggal Mistri	,,	For Training College furniture.	1446	20 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	,,	,,	1549	30 0 0	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	,,	..	...	50 0 0	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
					100 0 0	...	25-6-18	Cash.	587	26 0 0	26 0 0	74 0 0	
Purshottam Mistri	,,	For furniture.	...	40 0 0	40 0 0	...	,,	,,	...	...	...	40 0 0	
Abdul Karim Patwari	,,	For purchase of land.	...	100 0 0	100 0 0	...	,,	,,	...	...	...	100 0 0	
Babu Durga Prasad	,,	For cost of land for Kohea School.	T. E. Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14.	6,100 0 0	6,100 0 0	...	30-6-18	By transfer account.	T. E. No. 30.	500 0 0	500 0 0	5,600 0 0	
TOTAL	...	...	...	13,472 12 9	45,127 14 5	...	...	...	...	10,684 2 3	10,684 2 3	34,443 12 2	...

B. P. MUKERJEE,
Accountant.

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

P S SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 8.

Showing the G. P. Notes in the possession of the Benares Hindu University.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

Permanent Reserve Fund.

No. of securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments. 1st Due.	Dates of Instalments. 2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
		Rs.					
140773	1854-55	50,000	30th June	31st December			
133111	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
121277	Do.	3,000	Do.	Do.			
125871	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
113209	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
137746	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
137740	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
140622	Do	200	Do.	Do.			
139024	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
139025	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
139026	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
139027	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
139028	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
139029	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
139030	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
139031	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
138015	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
138016	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
138038	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
120839	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
121482	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
137381	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
143317	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
143318	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
129085	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
129086	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
125746	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
125747	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
144454	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
144455	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
145358	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
145359	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
145276	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
144809	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
144857	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
145534	Do.	11,500	Do.	Do.			
084357	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
084358	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
084359	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
084360	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
129733	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
145223	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
147146	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
146709	Do.	14,500	Do.	Do.			
147078	Do.	5,000	Do	Do.			
145864	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
147504	Do.	28,600	Do.	Do.			
147468	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
147495	Do.	20,000	Do.	Do.			
148313	Do.	6,000	Do.	Do.			
115195	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
147846	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
148088	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
148089	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			

No. of securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments. 1st Due.	Dates of Instalments. 2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
		Capital Account—*contd.*					
		Rs.					
148090	1854-55	1,000	30th June	31st December			
148548	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
148505	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
148506	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
148507	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
140028	Do.	700	Do.	Do.			
147576	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
148619	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
148767	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
137697	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
135808	Do.	600	Do.	Do.			
148455	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
148795	Do.	1,500	Do.	Do.			
147353	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
149373	Do.	2,500	Do.	Do.			
149640	Do.	3,000	Do.	Do.			
149667	Do.	15,000	Do.	Do.			
150460	Do.	6,000	Do.	Do.			
150485	Do.	1,500	Do.	Do.			
150635	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
150650	Do.	6,000	Do.	Do.			
150651	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
150652	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
150653	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
151401	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
151989	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
151482	Do.	600	Do.	Do.			
152068	Do.	1,05,000	Do.	Do.			
152231	Do.	4,500	Do.	Do.			
152707	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
152708	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
152711	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
153121	Do.	7,500	Do.	Do.			
154147	Do.	3,300	Do.	Do.			
154511	Do.	1,500	Do.	Do.			
156487	Do.	2,500	Do.	Do.			
157055	Do.	6,000	Do.	Do.			
158391	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
158341	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
120345	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
120346	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
116254	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
125663	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
116965	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
142676	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
148304	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
155986	Do.	4,000	Do.	Do.			
154256	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
160104	Do.	3,000	Do.	Do.			
161461	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
161823	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
166234	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
166364	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
166365	Do.	12,000	Do.	Do.			
166558	Do.	4,800	Do.	Do.			
166195	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
166268	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
166995	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
166996	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			

No. of securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments. 1st Due.	2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
		Capital Account—*contd.* Rs.					
166997	1854-55	25,000	30th June	31st December			
166998	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
168265	Do.	1,00,000	Do.	Do.			
169322	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
157685	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
167533	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
167534	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
165008	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
169755	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
169894	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
170047	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
170048	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
170275	Do.	20,000	Do.	Do.			
017744	Do.	900	Do.	Do.			
018410	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
018654	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
170181	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
171627	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do			
171592	Do.	2,50,000	Do.	Do.			
145378	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
170771	Do.	700	Do.	Do.			
170770	Do.	30,700	Do.	Do.			
145896	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
		18,71,800					
149599	1900-01	1,000	Do.	Do.			
148964	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
*149578	Do.	100	Do.	Do			
150080	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
		6,600					
150202	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
150203	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
150204	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
158582 to 158604	Do.	5,75,000	Do.	Do.			
159042	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
162355	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
148736	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
148737	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
168317	Do.	6,000		Do.			
157748 to 157767	Do.	2,00,000	Do.	Do.			
045379	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
043844	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
155991	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
157853	Do.	100	Do.	Do.			
158004	Do.	100	Do.	Do.			
158005	Do.	100	Do.	Do.			
170188	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
170189	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
171950	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
167143	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
173126	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			

No. of securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments.		Amount of Interest.	Object of Invest-ment.	Remarks.
			1st Due.	2nd Due.			
		Capital Account—*contd.*					
		Rs.					
172659	1900-01	25,000	30th June	31st December			
172660	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
172661	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
172662	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
168604	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
168605	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
168606	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
168607	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
172863	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
174090	Do.	15,000	Do.	Do.			
180867	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
181166	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
181591	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
152995	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
182527	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
182528	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
182529	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
182530	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
182575	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
182705	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
182706	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
182707	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
182708	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
175239	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
185174	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
185206	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
189187	Do.	3,200	Do.	Do.			
183171	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
191994	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
191995	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
191996	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
191997	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
190840	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
190931	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
190932	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
190933	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
190934	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
194550	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
128921	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
200015	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
200016	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
125857	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
206233	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206234	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206235	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206236	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206237	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206238	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206239	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206240	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206816	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
206677	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
206678	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
206679	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
189497	Do.	300	Do.	Do.			
206350	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
206351	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
082422	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			

No. of Securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments. 1st Due.	2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
		Capital Account—*contd.* Rs.					
211258	1900-01	25,000	30th June .	31st December			
211259	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
211260	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
211261	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
211269	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
210286	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
065188	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
065213	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051991	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051922	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051993	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051994	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051995	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051996	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051997	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
051998	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
195518	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
208474	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
221057	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
221707	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
210285	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
	Total .	16,63,900					
120975	1842-43	25,000	1st August .	1st February.			
138458	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
138585	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
135260	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
144691	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
146512	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
110275	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
121589	Do.	100	Do.	Do.			
		53,600					
184566	1865	100	1st August .	1st February.			
Loan of	1854-55	18,71,800					
Do.	1900-01	16,63,900					
Do.	1842-43	53,600					
Do.	1865	100					
	Total .	35,89,400					

Special Chairs.

(1) The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi Bahadur, K.C.I.E., of Cossimbazar. Amount endowed in Government Promissory Notes for the Manindra Chandra Chair of Ancient Indian History and Culture, as specified below :—

		Rs.					
173438	1854-55	10,000	30th June	31st December			
169351	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
175419	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
172635	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
203885	1900-01	25,000	Do.	Do.			
203886	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
203887	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
203888	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
203889	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
203890	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
		1,72,000					

No. of securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments. 1st Due.	Dates of Instalments. 2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
		Special Chairs—*contd.*					
		(2) The Hon'ble Raja Motichand Saheb, C.I.E., of Benares. Amount endowed in Government Promissory Notes for the Chair of Chemical Technology, as specified below:—					
		Rs.					
156449	1854-55	1,00,000	1st August	1st February			
145713	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
018312	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
018320	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
017317	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
124157	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
		1,18,200					
	Total	2,90,200					
		Scholarships, Prizes, and Medals.					
		Rs.					
170769	1854-55	50,200	30th June	31st December			
116245	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
130901	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
130902	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
147122	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
145182	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
145181	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
272477	1865	5,000	1st May	1st November			
270618	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
225655	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
236551	Do	500	Do.	Do.			
	Total	63,200					
		Provident Fund Account.					
		Rs.					
170768	1854-55	25,900	30th June	31st December			
	Total	25,900					
		Building Account.					
		Rs.					
128842	1842-43	25,000	1st August	1st February			
131357	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
138826	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
140585	Do.	9,000	Do.	Do.			
140978	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
125450	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
122985	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
122991	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
	Total	83,000					
		General Purposes					
		Rs.					
239183	1865	10,000	1st May	1st November			
239182	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
242174	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
242445	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
244640	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			

No. of Securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments.		Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
			1st Due.	2nd Due.			

General Purposes—*contd.*

No. of Securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	1st Due.	2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
		Rs.					
236330	1865	10,000	1st May	1st November			
243472	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
243473	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
247474	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
152534	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
152535	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
166797	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
166798	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
166799	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
248344	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
247532	Do.	4,000	Do.	Do.			
247917	Do.	4,000	Do.	Do.			
248059	Do.	4,000	Do.	Do.			
247491	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
248610	Do.	6,500	Do.	Do.			
248471	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
247198	Do.	100	Do.	Do.			
248639	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
249795	Do.	1,500	Do.	Do.			
249913	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
249954	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
249955	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
252289	Do.	3,000	Do.	Do.			
252290	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
252276	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
191216	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
250546	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
252495	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
250975	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
253594	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
253595	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
254027	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
254011	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
254296	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
254336	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
257332	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
257333	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
257334	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
257335	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
244951	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
244501	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
244588	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
244589	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
244590	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
244591	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
252917	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
258549	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
199106	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
199230	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
235812	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
224624	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
260254	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
260255	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
262158	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
163047	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
163048	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
242548	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
211442	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
211443	Do.	500	Do.				

No. of securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments. 1st Due.	Dates of Instalments. 2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Invest-ment.	Remarks.
			General Purposes—contd.				
		Rs.					
240700	1865	1,500	1st May	1st November			
263885	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
263886	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
263887	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
263888	Do.	7,000	Do.	Do.			
263883	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
263889	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
263881	Do.	4,500	Do.	Do.			
221333	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
277379	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
276866	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
276509	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
278325	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
278196	Do.	4,000	Do.	Do.			
278019	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
278020	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
273383	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
273384	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
273193	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
277812	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
277972	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
277973	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
276952	Do.	400	Do.	Do.			
273924	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
273925	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
273926	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
273710	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
277772	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
277773	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
278002	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
278003	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
278805	Do.	900	Do.	Do.			
278030	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
272308	Do.	400	Do.	Do.			
245638	Do.	100	Do.	Do.			
024956	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
243141	Do.	4,000	Do.	Do.			
270391	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
267501	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
276976	Do.	900	Do.	Do.			
276912	Do.	100	Do.	Do.			
273571	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
273735	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
273420	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
262393	Do.	25,000	Do.	Do.			
276125	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
254437	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
213903	Do.	2,68,600	Do.	Do.			
	Total	9,84,300					
		Rs.					
023665	1879	400	15th July	15th January			
023943	Do.	1,200	Do.	Do.			
011026	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
022487	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
021008	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
025158	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
	Total	10,100					

No. of securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments. 1st Due.	2nd Due.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	Remarks.
			General Purposes—*concld.*				
		Rs.					
069557	1896-97	100	29th June	30th Decr.			
069569	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
069570	Do.	200	Do.	Do.			
040339	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
	Total	1,500					
116930	1854-55	500	30th July	31st Decr.			
	Total	500					
140575	1842-43	10,000	1st Aug.	1st Febr.			
111087	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
143234	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
143235	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
135060	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
14992	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
101078	Do.	500	Do.	Do.			
154193	Do.	10,000	Do.	Do.			
122992	Do.	1,000	Do.	Do.			
157908	Do.	5,000	Do.	Do.			
157942	Do.	2,000	Do.	Do.			
	Total	59,000					
Loan of	1865	9,84,300					
Do.	1879	10,100					
Do.	1896-97	1,500					
Do.	1854-55	500					
Do.	1842-43	59,000					
	Total	10,55,400					
			Security Deposit.				
		Rs.					
141326	1854-55	100	30th July	31st Decr.			
	Total	100					

Total Abstract to Government Promissory Notes.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Government Promissory Notes for Permanent Reserve Fund—*vide* pages Nos. 53 to 57.	35,82,400	0	0
2. *Vide* pages for Special Chairs, *vide* pages No. 57 and 58 . .	2,90,200	0	0
3. *Vide* pages for Scholarships, Prizes, and Medals, page No. 58 .	63,200	0	0
4. *Vide* pages for Provident Fund Account, page No. 58 . .	25,900	0	0
5. *Vide* pages for Building accounts, page No. 58 . . .	83,000	0	0
6. *Vide* pages for General purposes, pages Nos. 58 to 61 . .	10,55,400	0	0
7. *Vide* pages for security deposit, page No. 61	100	0	0
Total .	51,07,200	0	0

B. P. MUKERJEE,
Accountant.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 9.

No. of Securities.	Year to which the loan appertains.	Value.	Dates of Instalments.	Amount of Interest.	Object of Investment.	REMARKS.
	4% Bombay Municipal Debentures.					
3848	1902	500	1st May, 1st Nov.		Permanent Reserve Fund.	
00048	1908	500	" "			
511, 597, 786	1949	1,500	" "			
224, 225	1949	2,000	" "			
00037 to 40	1949	2,000	" "			
00384	Repayable on 1-5-20	500	" "			
00162	1909	500	1st June, 1st Dec.			
00574, 00948	Repayable on 1-6-1940	2,000	" "			
2951	1914	1,000	1st April, 1st Oct.			
2952	1914	1,000	" "			
253 to 257	1934	2,500	1st Feb., 1st Aug.			
4493	1905	500	" "			
1515	1903	500	1st July, 1st Jan.			
531 to 537	1903	7,000	" "			
4556	1903	500	" "			
2094 to 2100	1904	7,000	" "			
3404	1904	500	" "			
	5% Bombay Municipal Debentures.					
14162-72	1933	6,000				
10162	1933	500				
	Total .	36,500		1,909 3 0		

B. P. MUKERJEE,
Accountant.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 10.

Of the Amount of Perpetual Annuities granted by the Government of India and Indian States.

Name of Donor.	Number and date of the letter of authority.	Capitalized value of the perpetual grants calculated at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Rs. A. P.	Perpetual grants per annum. Rs. A. P.	Payment received. Date.	Payment received. Amount. Rs. A. P.	Remarks.
1. The Government of India, of one lac a year.	Government of India, Department of Education letter No. 2002, dated the 31st December 1915.	28,57,142 13 9	1,00,000 0 0	...	1,00,000 0 0	
2. His Highness Raj Rajeshwar Maharaja Dhiraja Shri Summer Singhji Bahadur of Jodhpur.	Finance Member of Council letter No. 287-J. D.-31, dated the 7th February 1913, forwarding copy of proceeding of the meeting of Council of Regency, Marwar State, dated the 4th February 1913.	6,85,714 4 $6\frac{6}{7}$	24,000 0 0	...	...	For a chair of Technology to be called Jodhpur Hardinge Chair and annuity accepted by the Government *vide* Education D.O. No. 40, dated 2nd February 1916.
3. Major-General His Highness Maharaja Sir Partab Singhji Bahadur, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., of Kashmir.	Chief Minister's office letter No. 5602-G.-37-11, dated the 14th October 1912.	3,42,857 2 $3\frac{3}{7}$	12,000 0 0	18th June 1918.	12,000 0 0	
4. Colonel H. H. Raj Rajeshwar Narendra Shrimani Shri Maharajadhiraj Sir Ganga Singh Bahadur, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., LL.D., A.-D.-C., of Bikaner.	Office of the Home Member of Council of Bikaner State D. O. No. 250, dated the 25th September 1913, forwarding the terms.	3,42,857 2 $3\frac{3}{7}$	12,000 0 0	...	...	Rs. 12,000 yearly, *less* Rs. 4,200 earmarked for Scholarship.
5. H. H. Raj Rana Sir Bhawani Singh Bahadur, K.C.S.I., of Jhalawar.	Foreign Member letter No. 67-1916, dated the 17th January 1916.	28,571 6 $10\frac{2}{7}$	1,000 0 0	30th Nov. 1917.	1,000 0 0	
6. H. H. Sir Jagadjit Singh Bahadur, G.C.S.I., of Kapurthala.	His Highness's letter, dated the 27th January 1915, addressed to the Maharaja of Darbhanga.	57,142 13 8	2,000 0 0	18th May 1918.	2,000 0 0	
7. H. H. Farzand-i-Khas-Daulat-i-Englishia Mansur-ul-Zaman-Amir-ul-Umra, Maharaja Dhiraj Rajeshwar Sri Maharaja Rajgan Maharaja Bhupender Singh Mahinder Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Patiala (Punjab).	Farman Sahi No. 38, dated 24th April 1918, forwarded with Foreign Secretary's letter No. 1969, dated 13th May 1918.	6,85,714 4 6	24,000 0 0	...	...	
8. Colonel H. H. Maharaja Sir Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur, G.C.S.I., of Mysore.	...	...	12,000 0 0	4th July 1917.	12,000 0 0	
	Total	49,99,999 15 11	1,87,000 0 0	...	1,27,000 0 0	

B. P. MUKERJEE,

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 11.

Statement showing the amount of annuities granted by the Ruling Chiefs for a limited number of years.

Name of Donor.	Number and date of the letter of authority.	Capitalized value of the annuity for the period promised.	Payment received.		Balance, if any, due up to 30th June 1917.	Remarks.
			Date.	Amount.		
		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1. H. H. Maharawal Shri Sir Bijoy Singhji Saheb, K.C.I.E., of Dongerpur.	Diwan's office letter No. XI-661, dated the 20th June 1917.	10,000 0 0	19-6-1917	3,000 0 0	7,000 0 0	Rs. 1,000 per annum for 10 years.
2. Major-General H. H. Maharaja Sri Sir Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Mysore.	Order No. F. L. 5643-5-G. F. 203-15-3, Bangalore, dated the 29th April 1916.	1,20,000 0 0	13-6-1916 4-7-1917	24,000 0 0	96,000 0 0	Rs. 12,000 per annum for 10 years.
3. H. H. Sawai Maharaja Sir Jai Singhji Bahadur, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., of Alwar.	Announced in the meeting, held on 7th February 1915, at the time of the Foundation-laying ceremnyy.	60,000 0 0	...	...	60,000 0 0	Rs. 12,000 per annum for five years.
	Total .	1,90,000 0 0	...	27,000 0 0	1,63,000 0 0	

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant.

B. M. MEHROTRA, General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 12.

Abstract statement showing the total amount of Donations, promised and paid, excluding Perpetual Annuities granted by Ruling Chiefs.

Description.	Amount promised.			Amount paid.			Balance.			REMARKS.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Total of District Donations, as per Statement No. 12A.	87,07,929	11	4½	50,16,962	4	8½	36,90,967	6	8	
Total of Annuities for a limited period, as per Statement No. 11.	1,90,000	0	0	27,000	0	0	1,63,000	0	0	
Total .	88,97,929	11	4½	50,43,962	4	8½	38,53,967	6	8	

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant. B. M. MEHROTRA, General Superintendent. MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor. P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor.

STATEMENT No. 12A.

Statement showing the total amount of Donations, promised and paid, to the Benares Hindu University, up till 30th June, 1918.

Serial number.	District or Station.	Amount promised up till 30th June, 1918.			Amount paid up till 30th June, 1917.			Amount paid up till 30th June, 1918.			Total paid Amount, 1917 and 1918.			Balance up till 30th June, 1918.			REMARKS.
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
1	Agra . . .	60,523	3	7	14,579	13	5	11	0	0	14,590	13	5	45,932	6	2	
2	Ajmer . .	40,480	1	3	15,654	7	3	...			15,654	7	3	24,825	10	0	
3	Aligarh . .	2,184	6	0	1,679	6	0	45	0	0	1,724	6	0	460	0	0	
4	Allahabad . .	3,89,482	13	4½	2,01,127	2	10½	147	0	0	2,01,274	2	10½	1,88,208	10	6	
5	Alwar . . .	2,25,000	0	0	2,02,250	0	0	...			2,02,250	0	0	22,750	0	0	
6	Ambala . .	19,191	8	0	3,811	8	0	1,000	0	0	4,811	8	0	14,380	0	0	
7	Amritsar . .	60,249	2	9	13,812	0	9	155	0	0	13,967	0	9	46,282	2	0	
8	Amroha . .	6,999	15	9	3,010	4	6	...			3,010	4	6	3,989	11	3	
9	Azamgarh . .	4,248	4	3	4,248	4	3	...			4,248	4	3	...			
10	Bahraich . .	33,540	4	0	16,318	12	0	2,527	0	0	18,845	12	0	14,694	8	0	
11	Ballia . . .	351	4	0	351	4	0	...			351	4	0	...			
12	Banda . .	82	0	0	82	0	0	...			82	0	0	...			
13	Bankhera .	21	0	0	21	0	0	...			21	0	0	...			
14	Bankipur . .	49,609	4	6	25,813	4	6	354	0	0	26,167	4	6	23,442	0	0	
15	Barabanki . .	866	8	0	866	8	0	...			866	8	0	...			
16	Baregaon . .	85	7	0	85	7	0	...			85	7	0	...			
17	Bareilly . .	86,610	14	9	37,911	1	9	890	8	0	38,801	9	9	47,809	5	0	
18	Baroda . .	1,01,500	0	0	1,01,500	0	0	...			1,01,500	0	0	...			
19	Basti . . .	503	14	0	503	14	0	...			503	14	0	...			
20	Benares . .	1,86,669	1	5	1,41,621	5	8	3,045	8	5	1,44,666	14	1	43,002	3	4	
21	Bhagalpore . .	2,19,746	8	4½	70,350	12	4½	...			70,350	12	4½	1,49,395	12	0	
22	Bijnor . .	363	2	0	363	2	0	...			368	2	0	...			
23	Bikaner . .	1,39,694	0	0	1,26,296	0	0	5	0	0	1,26,301	0	0	13,393	0	0	
24	Bilaspur . .	1,123	0	0	1,123	0	0	...			1,123	0	0	...			
25	Bombay . .	2,91,420	12	1	56,363	12	1	20,061	0	0	76,424	12	1	2,14,996	0	0	
26	Budaun . .	5,647	12	0	1,694	12	0	100	0	0	1,794	12	0	3,853	0	0	
27	Bulandshahar .	537	0	0	537	0	0	...			537	0	0	...			
28	Burmah . .	8,800	0	0	3,500	0	0	...			3,500	0	0	80[illegible]	0	0	
29	Calcutta . .	11,49,347	4	8	8,26,966	4	3	1	0	0	8,26,967	4	3	3,22,380	0	0	
30	Cawnpore . .	1,32,680	1	3	67,352	3	6	615	3	9	67,967	7	3	64,712	10	0	
31	Chandausi . .	10,598	0	0	6,427	0	0	...			6,427	0	0	4,171	0	0	
32	Chapra . .	19,949	5	9	748	12	9	70	0	0	818	12	9	19,130	9	0	
33	Darbhanga . .	5,50,210	5	0	4,39,146	7	0	3	0	0	4,39,149	7	0	1,11,060	14	0	
34	Dattia . .	10,000	0	0	2,000	0	0	...			2,000	0	0	8,000	0	0	
35	Dehra-Dun . .	29,901	7	0	23,737	15	0	25	0	0	23,762	15	0	6,138	8	0	
36	Delhi . . .	6,732	11	6	6,183	3	6	49	8	0	6,232	11	6	500	0	0	
37	Dholepur . .	5,000	0	0	...			...			...			5,000	0	0	
38	Etawah . .	1,15,235	8	0	91,248	5	0	...			91,248	5	0	23,987	3	0	
39	Fatehgarh . .	148	8	0	146	0	0	2	8	0	148	8	0	...			
40	Fyzabad . .	99,643	12	0	39,456	11	9	1,516	0	0	40,972	11	9	58,671	0	3	
41	Garhwal . .	135	0	0	135	0	0	...			135	0	0	...			

Serial number.	District or Station.	Amount promised up till 30th June, 1918.	Amount paid up till 30th June, 1917.	Amount paid up till 30th June, 1918.	Total paid Amount 1917 and 1918.	Balance up till 30th June, 1918.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
42	Gwalior	5,01,420 0 0	1,01,120 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	2,01,120 0 0	3,00,300 0 0	
43	Gaya	24,043 0 0	11,628 0 0	11 0 0	11,639 0 0	12,404 0 0	
44	Ghazipur	1 0 0	1 0 0	...	1 0 0	...	
45	Gidhaur	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	...	15,000 0 0	...	
46	Gonda	1,35,845 0 0	1,25,563 0 0	...	1,25,563 0 0	10,282 0 0	
47	Gorakhpur	68,567 10 3	40,289 8 3	120 0 0	40,409 8 3	28,158 2 0	
48	Gurdaspur	235 0 0	235 0 0	...	235 0 0	...	
49	Guzerat	10 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0	...	
50	Hamirpur	138 7 0	138 7 0	...	138 7 0	...	
51	Hardoi	16,162 0 0	307 0 0	5 0 0	312 0 0	15,850 0 0	
52	Hathras	5,100 0 0	5,100 0 0	...	5,100 0 0	[illegible]	
53	Indore	5,51,926 2 0	5,09,917 0 0	1,624 8 0	5,11,541 8 0	40,38[illegible] 10 0	
54	Jaipur	5,00,060 0 0	2,00,010 0 0	...	2,00,010 0 0	3,00,050 0 0	
55	Jaunpur	11,380 8 0	3,123 0 0	...	3,123 0 0	8,257 8 0	
56	Jhansi	86 0 0	56 0 0	30 0 0	86 0 0	...	
57	Jodhpur	2,45,198 10 3	2,19,017 1 9	367 0 0	2,19,384 1 9	25,814 8 6	
58	Kalka	53 0 0	53 0 0	...	53 0 0	...	
59	Kanauj	1,275 0 0	...	.	...	1,275 0 0	
60	Kapurthala	4,325 4 0	4,225 4 0	...	4,225 4 0	100 0 0	
61	Kashmir	19,630 9 0	5,541 15 0	25 0 0	5,566 15 0	14,063 10 0	
62	Kheri	57,733 1 0	35,449 9 3	...	35,449 9 3	22,283 7 9	
63	Khurja	2,171 8 0	1,095 14 0	...	1,095 14 0	1,075 10 0	
64	Kishengarh	50,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	
65	Kotah	1,00,156 3 3	1,00,156 3 3	...	1,00,156 3 3	...	
66	Lahore	99,926 10 0	13,276 13 0	5,021 8 0	18,298 5 0	81,628 5 0	
67	Lucknow	1,80,488 5 3	1,09,985 12 11	4,901 0 0	1,14,886 12 11	65,601 8 4	
68	Madras	82,695 1 0	19,165 1 0	830 0 0	19,995 1 0	62,700 0 0	
69	Malda	3,750 0 0	824 0 0	...	824 0 0	2,926 0 0	
70	Meerut	1,20,265 4 0	48,064 3 9	3,408 0 0	51,472 3 9	68,793 0 3	
71	Mirzapur	67,255 6 3	53,156 8 3	10 0 0	53,166 8 3	14,088 13 0	
72	Moradabad	1,38,864 0 7½	63,813 8 7½	4,946 2 0	68,759 10 7½	70,104 6 0	
73	Muzaffarnagar	30,118 0 0	13,728 0 0	1 4 0	13,729 4 0	16,388 12 0	
74	Muzaffarpur	63,960 14 6	8,191 9 2	615 0 0	8,806 9 2	55,154 5 4	
75	Mysore	2,00,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	80,000 0 0	1,20,000 0 0	
76	Nabha	1,00,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	...	1,00,000 0 0	..	
77	Nahan	3,542 14 3	1,029 14 0	...	1,029 14 0	2,513 0 3	
78	Naini Tal	47,290 6 3	7,301 12 9	100 0 0	7,401 12 9	39,888 9 6	
79	Nagpur	63 0 0	63 0 0	...	63 0 0	...	

Serial number.	District or Station.	Amount promised up till 30th June, 1918.			Amount paid up till 30th June, 1917.			Amount paid up till 30th June, 1918.			Total paid Amount 1917 and 1918.			Balance up till 30th June, 1918.			Remarks.
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
80	Pertabgarh . .	460	0	0	100	0	0	...			100	0	0	360	0	0	
81	Rai Bareli . .	2,25,541	9	3	39,183	12	0	5,700	0	0	44,883	12	0	1,80,657	13	3	
82	Rawalpindi . .	13,400	0	0	2,629	0	0	...			2,629	0	0	10,771	0	0	
83	Saharanpur . .	26,052	2	6	14,167	7	6	2,519	11	0	16,687	2	6	9,365	0	0	
84	Sahwal . .	225	0	0	225	0	0	...			225	0	0	...			
85	Saugor . .	9,410	0	0	5,865	11	6	5	0	0	5,870	11	6	3,539	4	6	
86	Shahjahanpur .	14,569	8	0	894	8	0	100	0	0	994	8	0	13,575	0	0	
87	Sikandrabad .	3,875	10	0	3,276	7	0	...			3,276	7	0	599	3	0	
88	Simla . . .	7,260	0	0	6,255	0	0	5	0	0	6,260	0	0	1,000	0	0	
89	Sitapur . .	1,77,473	8	2	1,30,759	5	8	1,650	0	0	1,32,409	5	8	45,064	2	6	
90	Sultanpur . .	5,226	5	0	5,001	5	0	10	0	0	5,011	5	0	215	0	0	
91	Surat . . .	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	...			1,000	0	0	...			
92	Udaipur . .	1,51,240	0	0	1,51,240	0	0	...			1,51,240	0	0	...			
93	Unao . . .	95,810	14	6	20,117	13	6	10	0	0	20,127	13	6	75,683	1	0	
94	Miscellaneous .	17,584	4	3	5,316	15	3	2,630	11	0	7,947	10	3	9,586	10	0	
95	Patiala . .	5,00,000	0	0	...			...			...			5,00,000	0	0	
	Grand Total Rs. .	87,07,929	11	4½	48,01,688	4	6⅓	2,15,274	0	2	50,16,962	4	8	36,90,967	6	8	

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant. B. M. MEHROTRA, General Superintendent. MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor. P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor.

COPY.

BANK OF BENGAL:
Allahabad, 24th September, 1918.

THE VICE-CHANCELLOR,
Benares Hindu University,
Benares.

DEAR SIR,

With reference to your letter No. 2294-103 of the 21st instant, I beg to inform you that the following securities were held by the Bank in safe custody on your account, on the 30th June, 1918:—

4% Bombay Municipal Debentures of 1899-1900	Rs	1,500
4% Bombay Port Trust Debentures of 1914	„	2,000
3% G. P. Notes, 1896-97	„	1,500
3½% G. P. Notes	„	45,15,100
	Rs.	45,20,100
A/c Manindra Chandra Chair 3½ G. P. Notes	„	1,72,000
	Rs.	46,92,100

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) Illegible,
Agent.

Copy of statement of securities received from the Agent, Bank of Bengal, Benares.

Statement of securities aggregating Rs. 4,51,100 (Rupees four lakhs fifty one thousand and one hundred) held in safe custody by the Bank of Bengal, Benares, on the 30th June 1918, account Benares Hindu University.

Account Benares Hindu University.

3½% G. P. Notes	Rs.	3,11,300		
5% Bombay Municipal Debentures	„	6,500		
4% Ditto ditto	„	26,500	Rs.	3,44,300
Account Benares Hindu University (Provident Fund) 3½% G. P. Notes			„	25,900
Account Benares Hindu University (Scholarships) 3% ½G. P. Notes .			„	50,200
Account Benares Hindu University (R. S Pathshala) 3½% G. P. Notes .			„	30,700
Total .			Rs.	4,51,100

BANK OF BENGAL, BENARES,
26th September, 1918.

(Sd.) Illegible,
Agent.

II F 2

Balance-Sheet of the Benares Hindu University for the year ending 30th June, 1918.

CAPITAL.

Date	Particulars	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1918. June 30th.	Permanent Reserve Fund, as per Statement No. 1.	50,00,054	0	0			
	Property endowed for Special Objects, as per Statement No. 2.	9,75,914	4	6			
	Scholarships, Prizes and Medals, as per Statement No. 3.	2,93,200	0	0			
	Properties (Moveable and Immoveable), as per Statement No. 4.	8,79,277	8	0			
	Properties given for General purposes, as per Statement No. 5.	44,01,329	14	1			
	Provident Fund, as per Statement No. 6.	41,170	3	4			
	Advances, as per Statement No. 7.	34,443	12	2			
					1,16,25,389	10	1
	Balances to be carried forward to the next year as follows :—						
	Interest on Provident Fund	3,407	7	9			
	Scholarships, Prizes and Medals	10,297	11	1			
	Motichand Chair account	8,255	7	0			
	Monindra Chandra Chair account	3,227	1	1			
	Balance for recurring expenditure	4,68,282	3	8			
					4,93,469	14	7
	Liabilities.						
	Security Deposit	..			100	0	0

ASSETS.

Date	Particulars	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
	Investment, Bank of Bengal, Allahabad.						
1918. June 30th.	3½% Government Promissory Notes, as per Bank's certificate. (This includes a G. P. Note for Rs. 500 received back from the Bank for endorsement.)	46,87,600	0	0			
	3% Do. as per Bank's certificate.	1,500	0	0			
	4% Bombay Municipal Debenture certificate	3,500	0	0			
					46,92,600	0	0
	Investment, Bank of Bengal, Benares.						
	3½% Government Promissory Notes, as per Bank's certificate.	4,18,100	0	0			
	4% Bombay Municipal Debenture	26,500	0	0			
	5% Do. do.	6,500	0	0			
	Pension Payment Order	22 919	0	0			
					4,74,019	0	0
	5½% War Bond	...			7,500	0	0
	Perpetual Annuity Fund.						
	Perpetual grant by the Government of India. Rs. 1,00,000						
	Perpetual grant by the Indian Ruling Chiefs. 75,000						
	1.75,000	...			49,99,999	15	11
	Shares of Joint Stock Companies.						
	Share Certificate of 100 shares of Newspaper Co., Allahabad.	1,000	0	0			
	Share Certificate of 2 shares, Broach Industrial Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ahmedabad.	200	0	0			
	Share Certificate of one Share of Delhi Cloth and General Mills Co., Delhi.	250	0	0			
					1,450	0	0
	Immoveable Property.						
	Landed Estates	9,51,796	3	11			
	Central Hindu College premises valued at	4,11,324	2	0			
	Hindu University Building in progress, including Materials, Stock, Tools and Plants, etc.	2,88,808	9	3			
					16,51,928	15	2

	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Moveable Property.		
1. Physical Laboratory—		
(a) Science apparatus	23,881 7 0	
(b) Electric fittings	750 0 0	
(c) Gas and water fittings	750 0 0	
(d) Furniture	2,909 12 0	28,291 3 0
2. Chemical Laboratory—		
(a) Apparatus	7,018 12 0	
(b) Chemical	3,176 8 0	
(c) Balance and weights	1,542 0 0	
(d) Minerals	450 0 0	
(e) Gas Plant and fittings	10,000 0 0	
(f) Charts	38 4 0	
(g) Water tank and fittings	1,165 0 0	
(h) Furniture	6,217 8 0	29,608 0 0
3. Biological Laboratory—		
(a) Apparatus	5,107 4 9	
(b) Furniture	899 11 0	6,006 15 9
4. Library and Museum—		
(a) Books and Magazines	42,570 6 0	
(b) Museum Exhibits	3,147 0 0	45,717 6 0
5. Sporting and Gymnasium—		
(a) C. H. College Sporting and Gymnasium.	...	
(b) C. H. School do. do.	...	3,621 2 0
6. Furniture at College, Boarding Houses—Pathshala and University Office		30,256 6 3
7. Book Depot—Books for sale	...	17,385 0 0
8. C. H. Schools—		
(a) Science apparatus	3,623 5 6	
(b) Manual training	984 9 6	
(c) Books and Magazines	962 0 0	
(d) Furniture at School, Boarding House, etc.	13,033 4 0	18,653 3 0

Balance-Sheet of the Benares Hindu University for the year ending 30th June, 1918.—*concld.*

	CAPITAL—*contd.*				ASSETS—*contd.*	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
				1918. June, 30th—*contd.*	**Live stock and carriages.**		
					Horse and Mare	200 0 0	
					Carriage, Harness, etc.	405 8 9	605 8 9
					Advances and suspense.		
					Debts considered good (advances with Collector of Benares, etc).	34,443 12 2	
					Debts doubtful	...	34,443 12 2
					Bankers' account.		
					Post Office Savings Bank (Deposit of Provident Fund)		7,770 3 4
					Bank of Bengal, Benares	24,375 13 11	
	Total	...	1,21,18,959 8 8		Bank of Bengal, Allahabad	29,198 13 4	
					Bank of Bengal, Benares, Building Fund	10,990 10 11	
					Benares Bank, Ld., Benares	4 4 1	
					Allahabad Bank, Ld., Allahabad	2,932 14 6	67,502 8 9
					Cash at office	82 6 0	
					Do. P. W. D. office	2,517 14 7	2,600 4 7
					Total	...	1,21,18,959 8 8

B. P. MUKERJEE,
Accountant.

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,
Auditor.

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,
Vice-Chancellor.

Revenue Statement of the Benares Hindu University for the year ending 30th June, 1918.

1918. June 30th.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	University Office Expenditure.		
	To Registrar	5,100 0 0	
	„ Establishment	6,802 9 3	
	„ Contribution to Provident Fund	161 5 3	
	„ Allowance to Auditor	500 0 0	
	„ Stationery and Printing	3,145 1 6	
	„ Postage and Telegrams	697 3 8	
	„ Travelling allowance	4,456 5 8	
	„ House-tax and water rate	1,[illegible]7 5 7	
	„ Stables	1,050 13 9	
	„ House rents	960 5 3	
	„ Interest on overdraft	2,070 13 6	
	„ Miscellaneous	2,311 0 9	
			28,343 0 1
	Treasurer's Dept.		
	To Establishment	438 12 9	
	„ Contribution to Provident Fund	10 5 0	
	„ Miscellaneous	21 8 0	
			470 9 9
	University Estate Expenditure.		
	To Establishment	1,639 9 9	
	„ Revenue and Cesses	6,228 0 1	
	„ Stationery and Printing	97 11 3	
	„ Postage and Telegram	51 7 0	
	„ Rent of shops and stables	689 13 6	
	„ Other expenses	234 4 0	
			8,940 13 7
	Collection Committee Department.		
	To Establishment	894 8 0	
	„ Travelling allowance	1,396 14 3	
	„ District Committee Expenses	1,301 2 3	
	„ Miscellaneous	102 6 0	3,694 14 6
	Manindra Chandra Chair.		
	To Establishment	1,112 14 6	1,112 14 6
	Scholarships and Prizes.		
	To Scholarships for C. H. College	1,392 15 0	
	„ Scholarships for C. H. School	720 0 0	
	„ Scholarships for R. S. Pathshala	167 12 0	
			2,280 11 0
	University Examinations.		
	To Miscellaneous expenses	568 7 3	568 7 3

1918. June 30th.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	General Income.		
	By Income, as per Statement No. 1 (capital account).	1,43,865 9 1	
	„ Income, as per Statement No. 5 (capital account).	1,70,224 14 4	
	„ Income, as per Statement No. 6 (capital account).	1,259 3 9	
	„ Interest received on other sources	479 4 10	
	„ Sales of books	1,670 7 6	
	„ Miscellaneous receipts	2,614 10 6	
			3,19,614 2 0
	Manindra Chandra Chair.		
	By Income, as per Statement No. 2 (capital account).	...	6,008 9 0
	Motichand Chair.		
	By Income, as per Statement No. 2 (capital account).	...	4,128 15 0
	Scholarships and Prizes.		
	By Income, as per Statement No. 3 for University.	4,313 10 0	
	„ Income, as per Statement No. 3 for C. H. College.	2,067 12 0	
	„ Income, as per Statement No. 3 for R. S. Pathshal.	181 0 0	
	„ Income, as per Statement No. 3 for C. H. School.	588 4 6	
			7,150 10 6
	University Examination.		
	By Enrolment fees	290 0 0	
	„ Examination fees for Intermediate	2,920 0 0	
	„ Examination fees for B. A.	2,670 0 0	
	„ Examination fees for B. Sc.	570 0 0	
	„ Examination fees for M. A. Previous	140 0 0	
	„ Examination fees for M. A. Final	30 0 0	
	„ Examination fees for M. Sc. Previous	100 0 0	
	„ Examination fees for M. Sc. Final	60 0 0	
			6,780 0 0
	Magazine Income.		
	By subscriptions	3,583 7 9	
	„ Advertisements	113 8 0	
			3,696 15 9

Revenue Statement of the Benares Hindu University for the year ending 30th June 1918—*concld.*

1918. June 30th.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	Magazine Expenditure.		
	To Establishment	1,287 0 0	
	" Contribution to Provident Fund	17 3 0	
	" Paper and Printing	3,079 12 3	
	" Postage	892 10 9	
	" Miscellaneous	49 12 0	
			5,326 6 0
	Central Hindu College Expenditure.		
	To Establishment	70,092 3 11	
	" Contribution to Provident Fund	1,549 9 6	
	" Laboratory expenses	2,582 13 5	
	" Gas Works	447 6 0	
	" Miscellaneous expenses	1,987 13 6	
	" Library Books and Magazines	1,614 1 9	
	" Library, other expenses.	1,808 7 3	
	" Boarding House expenses	3,401 2 3	
	" Games	3,359 7 3	85,842 15 10
	Teachers' Training College Expenditure.		
	To Miscellaneous expenses	1 14 0	1 14 0
	Ranavir Sanskrit Pathshala.		
	To Establishment	6,386 8 0	
	" Contribution to Provident Fund	179 9 6	
	" Other expenses	83 6 0	
	" Chhatravas expenses	3,401 3 4	
	Central Hindu School Expenditure.		10,050 10 10
	To Establishment	24,995 10 9	
	" Contribution to Provident Fund	657 10 6	
	" Laboratory expenses	1,029 6 6	
	" Manual Training expenses	91 13 3	
	" Other expenses	1,826 8 7	
	" Repairs to Buildings and Furniture	678 12 6	
	" Games	1,836 15 3	
	" Boarding House expenses	7,293 10 11	
	" Balance transferred to Balance account, as detailed below:—		38,410 8 3
	To Scholarships, Prizes and Medals	4,869 15 6	
	" Interest on Provident Fund.	1,259 3 9	
	" Motichand Chair account	4,128 15 0	
	" Manindra Chandra Chair account	4,895 10 6	
	" Balance for recurring expenditure for the next year.	2,05,773 5 1	2,20,927 1 10
	Total	...	4,05,970 15 5

1918. June 30th.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	Central Hindu College Income.		
	By College Fees, fines, Subscriptions, etc.	30,239 1 2	
	" Game fees	1,443 10 0	
	" Boarding House receipts	3,889 12 0	
			35,572 7 2
	Ranavir Sanskrit Pathshala Income.		
	By Kashmir grant for R. S. Pathshala.	3,258 0 0	
	" Kashmir grant for Chhatravas	1,440 0 0	
	" Porebunder State grant for Chhatravas	2,010 12 0	
	" Miscellaneous receipts	79 1 0	
			6,787 13 0
	Central Hindu School Income.		
	By School fees, fines, etc.	9,063 14 0	
	" Game fees	1,006 5 0	
	" Boarding House receipts	6,161 4 0	
			16,231 7 0
	Total	...	4,05,970 15 5

B. P. MUKERJEE,
Accountant.

B. M. MEHROTRA,
General Superintendent.

MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA,

P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER,

Final Account of Income and Expenditure of the Benares Hindu University for the year ending 30th June, 1918.

Heads of Income.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
I.—VICE-CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE.				**I.—VICE-CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE.**			
				1. Establishment . . .	...		
				2. Contribution to Provident Fund.	...		
				3. Stationery	...		
				4. Postage and Telegrams . .	...		
				5. Miscellaneous charges . .	...		
Total .				Total .	...		
II.—PRO-VICE-CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE.				**II.—PRO-VICE-CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE.**			
A.—GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.				A.—GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.			
1. Donation	2,15,274	0	2	1. Pro-Vice-Chancellor . .	...		
2. Subscription	2,675	0	0	2. Personal Assistant to Pro-Vice-Chancellor.	...		
3. Interest on G. P Notes . .	1,76,466	14	6	3. Establishment . . .	5,200	2	2
4. Interest on other securities .	2,823	10	4	4. Menial establishment . .	769	15	6
5. Government Grant . . .	1,00,000	0	0	5. Contribution to Provident Fund.	134	13	6
6. Grants from Indian Durbars .	27,000	0	0	6. Allowance to Auditor . .	500	0	0
7. Sale-proceeds of books, &c. .	1,670	7	6	7. Stationery	550	6	3
8. Scholarships and Prizes, &c., endowed.	7,150	10	6	8. Postage and Telegrams . .	697	3	8
9. Provident Fund . . .	...			9. Printing charges . . .	2,594	11	3
10. Miscellaneous receipts . .	894	3	11	10. Travelling allowance . .	2,872	15	3
				11. Furniture . . .	526	13	9
				12. Hot weather charges . .	125	15	9
				13. Servants' uniforms - . .	115	15	3
				14. House-tax and Water-rate .	1,097	5	7
				15. Purchase of securities and shares.	1,000	0	0
				16. Purchase of landed property .	...		
				17 Stables	1,050	13	9
				18. Rents	960	5	3
				19 Compensation for land . .	...		
				20. Advance	13,472	12	9
				21. Suspense	...		
				22. Interest on overdrafts . .	2,070	13	6
				23. Miscellaneous charges . .	1,844	1	8
Total .	5,33,954	14	11	Total .	35,585	4	5
				B.—TREASURER'S DEPT.			
				1. Treasure	...		
				2. Establishment . . .	360	0	0
				3. Menial establishment . .	78	12	9
				4. Contribution to Provident Fund.	10	5	0
				5. Miscellaneous charges . .	21	8	0
				Total .	470	9	9
C.—MANAGEMENT OF UNIVERSITY ESTATES.				C.—MANAGEMENT OF UNIVERSITY ESTATES.			
1. Rents and Cesses . . .	15,065	3	5	1. Establishment . . .	1,196	13	3
2. Sayar and Manorial dues . .	923	14	0	2. Menial Establishment . .	443	12	6
3. Miscellaneous receipts . .	3,001	15	0	3. Contribution to Provident Fund	...		
				4. Revenue and cesses . .	6,228	0	1
				5. Stationery . . .	7	2	3
				6. Postage and Telegrams . .	51	7	0
				7. Printing	90	9	0
				8. Travelling allowance . .	22	13	0
				9. Furniture	32	7	6
				10. Legal expenses . . .	88	13	6
				11. Rents	689	13	6
				12. Miscellaneous charges . .	122	9	6
Total .	18,991	0	5	Total .	8,973	5	1

Heads of Income.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
				D.—COLLECTION COMMITTEE'S DEPT.			
				1. Establishment	894	8	0
				2. Contribution to Provident Fund	...		
				3. Travelling allowance	1,396	14	3
				4. District Committees' expenses	1,301	2	3
				5. Miscellaneous	102	6	0
				Total	3,694	14	6
E.—GARDENING AND KEEPING GROUNDS IN ORDER.				E.—GARDENING AND KEEPING GROUNDS IN ORDER.			
1. Sale-proceeds of fruits and grass				1. Establishment	...		
2. Miscellaneous Receipts				2. Tools and Implements	...		
				3. Miscellaneous	...		
				Total	...		
				F.—WATCH AND WARD.			
				1. Menial establishment	...		
				2. Servants' uniforms	...		
				3. Miscellaneous	...		
				Total	...		
G.—MEDICAL AND SANITATION.				G.—MEDICAL AND SANITATION.			
1. Sale of medicines				1. Medical Officer	...		
2. Miscellaneous receipts				2. Establishment	...		
				3. Medicines	...		
				4. Miscellaneous	...		
Total				Total	...		
H.—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.				H.—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.			
1. Revenue	1,538	12	8	1. Remittance to Bank	1,519	4	8
2. Deposits	13,054	8	9	2. Expenditure against Budget grants—			
3. Provident Fund	3,578	12	0	(a) Original works	1,18,723	9	9
4. Cheques paid	2,44,684	1	7	(b) Repairs	5,936	6	8
				(c) Establishment	41,864	10	0
				(d) Tools and Plants	33,829	5	10
				(e) Suspence—			
				(i) Stock	19,002	14	9
				(ii) Miscellaneous advances	14,338	5	6
				(iii) Purchases	1,881	15	8
				(iv) Sales	...		
				3. Deposits	7,898	3	9
				4. Provident Fund	3,625	0	6
				5. Cheques issued	2,55,674	12	6
Total	2,62,856	3	0	Total	5,04,291	9	7
				I.—ELECTRIC INSTALLATION FOR LIGHTS, WORKSHOP AND PUMPING WATER STATION.			
J.—MISCELLANEOUS.				J.—MISCELLANEOUS.			
1. Ceremonial receipts	...			1. Ceremonials	161	6	3
2. Refund of Advances, &c.	10,684	2	3	2. Refunds of Deposits	2,993	13	2
3. Other refunds and recoveries	2,301	0	4				
4. Deposits	2,413	3	5				
TOTAL	15,398	6	0	TOTAL	3,155	3	5

Heads of Income.	Amount.			Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.		
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
III (A).—REGISTRAR'S OFFICE.				III(A).—REGISTRAR'S OFFICE.			
				A.—GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.			
1. Examination fees	6,490	0	0	1. Registrar	5,100	0	0
2. Enrolment fees	290	0	0	2. Establishment	772	7	6
				3. Menial Establishment	60	0	0
				4. Contribution for Provident Fund.	16	7	9
				5. Stationery	...		
				6. Postage and Telegrams	...		
				7. Printing Charges	...		
				8. Travelling allowance	1,583	6	5
				9. Furniture	1,494	5	0
				10. Hot weather charges	...		
				11. Servant's uniforms	4	7	0
				12. Rent	...		
				13. Miscellaneous charges	59	3	3
TOTAL	6,780	0	0	TOTAL	9,090	4	11
B.—EXAMINATIONS.				B.—EXAMINATIONS.			
				1. Fees for setting papers 2. Remuneration to Examiners. 3. Confidential printing 4. Printing of Rolls, Diplomas and Certificates. 5. Invigilators and centre expenses. 6. Printing Answer-books 7. Convocation expenses 8. Travelling expenses to Examiners. 9. Miscellaneous charges	568	7	3
				TOTAL	568	7	3
				C.—SCHOLARSHIPS.			
				1. College of Arts (C. H. C.)	...		
				and College of Science	1,378	0	0
				2. College of Oriental Learning (R. S. P.)	111	0	0
				TOTAL	1,489	0	0
				D.—PRIZES AND MEDALS.			
				1. College of Arts and Science	14	15	0
				2. College of Oriental Learning	56	12	0
E.—UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE.				TOTAL	71	11	0
1. Subscription	3,583	7	9				
2. Advertisement	113	8	0				
3. Miscellaneous receipts	...			E.—UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE.			
TOTAL	3,696	15	9	1. Editor's allowance	550	0	0
				2. Establishment	737	0	0
				3. Cotribution to Provident Fund	17	3	0
				4. Stationery	26	11	6
				5. Postage and Telegrams	892	10	9
				6. Printing	1,273	7	9
				7. Paper	1,806	4	6
				8. Allowance to Contributors	...		
				9. Miscellaneous charges	23	0	6
				TOTAL	5,326	6	0

Heads of Income.	Amount.			Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.		
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
F.—Library and Museum.				**F.—Library and Museum.**			
1. Subscription	...			1. Establishment . . .	1,051	9	9
2. Miscellaneous . .	...			2. Menial Establishment . .	177	1	6
				3. Contribution to Provident Fund.	18	10	0
Total .	...			4. Books and Periodicals . .	5,339	0	6
				5. Bookbinding . . .	181	11	0
				6. Museum account . . .	...		
				7. Miscellaneous charges . .	379	7	0
				Total .	7,147	7	9
IV.—CENTRAL HINDU COLLEGE.				**IV.—CENTRAL HINDU COLLEGE.**			
1. Admission fees . . . } 2. Fees and fines . . . . }	27,290	14	0	1. Establishment . . .	69,554	10	11
3. Miscellaneous . . .	10	11	2	2. Menial establishment . .	1,650	7	6
4. Common Room . . .	262	8	0	3. Contribution to Provident Fund.	1,549	9	6
5. Game fees	1,443	10	0	4. Laboratories—			
6. Boarding House receipts—				(i) Physical . . .	6,448	7	6
(a) Lodging . . .	3,247	4	0	(ii) Chemical . .	6,768	2	9
(b) Establishment . .	595	0	0	(iii) Biological . . .	2,466	13	5
(c) Lighting . . .	...			5. Stationery . . .	184	8	6
(d) Miscellaneous . .	17	8	0	6. Postage and Telegrams . .	98	13	6
Total .	32,897	7	2	7. Printing	224	0	6
				8. Furniture	2,749	4	3
				9. Hot weather charges . .	289	4	3
				10. Servant's uniforms . .	178	9	6
				11. Miscellaneous charges . .	832	9	3
				12. Common Room . . .	180	0	0
				13. Gaswork	447	5	0
				14. Hostels—	...		
				(a) Establishment . .	2,731	2	9
				(b) Miscellaneous . .	499	5	3
				(c) Medical . . .	170	10	3
				(d) Furniture . . .	1,296	4	3
				15. Games	3,359	7	3
				Total .	1,01,679	8	1
V.—RANAVIR SANSKRIT PATHSHALA.				**V.—RANAVIR SANSKRIT PATHSHALA.**			
1. Kashmir grant for R. S. P. .	3,258	0	0	1. Salaries	6,230	8	0
2. Kashmir grant for Chhatravas. .	1,140	0	0	2. Menial establishment . .	156	0	0
3. Porebunder Annakshetra . .	2,010	12	0	3. Contribution to Provident Fund.	179	9	6
4. Other Grants	...						
5. Miscellaneous	79	1	0	4. Stationery	5	13	9
				5. Printing	...		
				6. Furniture	...		
				7. Servants' uniform . .	...		
				8. Miscellaneous charges . .	77	8	3
				9. Chhatravas—	...		
				(a) Kashmir State . .	1,540	3	8
				(b) Porebunder . . .	1,861	0	1
				10. Medicines	...		
Total .	6,787	13	0	Total .	10,050	10	10
VI.—COLLEGE OF THEOLOGY.				**VI.—TEACHERS' TRAINING COLLEGE.**			
				Miscellaneous . . .	1	14	0
				Total .	1	14	0
VII.—COLLEGE OF LAW.				**VII.—COLLEGE OF LAW.**			

Heads of Income.	Amount.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
VIII.—CENTRAL HINDU COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.		VIII.—CENTRAL HINDU COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.	
1. Admission fees	297 12 0	1. Salaries	23,981 12 6
2. Fees and fines	8,748 3 0	2. Menial establishment	1,013 14 3
3. Miscellaneous receipts	17 15 0	3. Contribution to Provident Fund.	657 10 6
4. Games fees	1,006 5 0	4. Stationery and Printing	390 1 3
5. Boarding House receipts—		5. Postage and Telegrams	55 6 3
(a) Boarding and Lodging fees	3,618 4 0	6. Printing charges	153 12 0
(b) Establishment	2,152 8 0	7. Furniture	669 6 0
(c) Lighting	17 0 0	8. Hot weather charges	261 10 7
(d) Miscellaneous	373 8 0	9. Servants' uniforms	79 2 9
TOTAL	16,231 7 0	10. Miscellaneous charges	476 4 3
		11. Science Laboratory expenses	1,852 12 0
		12. Manual Training expenses	405 3 3
		13. Books and Magazines	97 12 0
		14. Bookbinding	41 13 6
		15. Prizes and Medals	319 8 0
		16. Scholarships	400 8 0
		17. Maps and Globes	124 8 6
		18. New Buildings	...
		19. Repairs to Buildings and Furniture.	678 12 6
		20. Games	1,836 15 3
		21. Hostels—	
		(a) Establishment	3,162 9 5
		(b) Diet	3,280 7 6
		(c) Lighting charges	247 5 0
		(d) Medical	96 4 3
		(e) Miscellaneous	507 0 9
		22. Examination expenses	368 6 0
		TOTAL	41,148 14 8
		TOTAL EXPENDITURE	7,32,745 2 10
		OPENING CASH BALANCE	1,52,400 0 5
TOTAL INCOME	8,97,584 3 3	CLOSING CASH BALANCE	59,112 2 5 —Including P. W. D. cash balance.
OPENING CASH BALANCE P. W. D.	46,673 2 5		
GRAND TOTAL	9,44,257 5 8	GRAND TOTAL	9,44,257 5 8

B. P. MUKERJEE, Accountant. B. M. MEHROTRA, General Superintendent. MAHADEO PRASAD ACHARYA, Auditor. P. S. SIVASWAMY AIYER, Vice-Chancellor.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 21st December 1918.

No. 8802-C. & I.—The following draft amendment, which it is proposed to make in the rules made under section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, and issued in Punjab Government Notification No. 90, dated the 15th February 1909, as applied to the Delhi Province, is published for criticism. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 22nd January 1919, together with any remarks or suggestions received on or before that date :—

Draft Amendment.

In Chapter III of Part II of the said rules, after rule 5 the following shall be inserted as rule 5-A :—

" 5-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, the Local Government may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, omit, alter or add to any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of license."

The 2nd January 1919.

No. 22-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information:—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 16th December 1918.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.		ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.	
	Srs.	Chts.		Srs.	Chts.
Wheat, red	6	0	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	7	8
" white	5	12	Maize	8	0
Barley	7	8	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	4	8
Rice { Best sort	2	12	Firewood	55	0
Rice { Common sort	4	0	Salt { Wholesale	...	
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)	6	0	Salt { Retail	13	8
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum)	4	4	Gur	4	0
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana)	...		Cotton (unginned)*	2	14
Kangni (Setaria Italica)	...				

* The increase is due to the importation of cotton.

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 16th December 1918.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82⅔ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.			ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.		
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Rice, unhusked	..			Cotton seed	...		
" husked	7	12	0	Ghi	69	0	0
Wheat, white	6	10	0				
" red	6	5	0	Flour (wheat)	7	4	0
Barley	5	0	0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8	0	0
Oats	...			Turmeric (unground)	18	0	0
Jowar	6	6	0	Salt	2	12	0
Bajra	9	4	0	Raw hides (cow)	50	0	0
Maize	4	12	0	Bran	...		
Gram	5	0	0	Grass (dry)	3	0	0
Arhar Dál	8	8	0	Bhusa (white)	2	8	0
Linseed	7	0	0	Jowar stalks	...		
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	8	7	0	Bengal coal	1	4	0
Poppy-seed	...			Kerosine oil (per tin stating the brand) Sovereign mark	3	11	3
Til (jinjili seed), white	16	0	0	Plough bullocks, per pair	800	0	0
Sugar (raw), Gur, Lawar	9	8	0	Sheep, per score	100	0	0
Cotton (cleaned)	45	0	0		...		

The 3rd January 1919.

No. 41-*Home*.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending the 15th December 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
			Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		
Rural Circles in the Province.	Deaths registered in previous half months.	Total in present half month.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.
P. S. Alipur	644	125	...	...	...	113	...	11	...	...	1	...	14	16	30
Nangloi	734	155	...	. .	...	142	...	12	...	...	1	...	15	13	28
Najafgarh	615	151		...	..	135	...	15	...	...	1	1	5	13	18
Subzimundi	24	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	.	...		...	...	...
Paharganj	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
Mehrauli	360	302	..	...	...	288	...	14	...	...	...	...	14	9	23
Raisina	135	77	...	...	...	77	...	. .	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
Shahdara	285	72	...	...	...	71	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
New Cantonment	165	62	...	...	...	53	...	8	...	1	...	...	3	6	9
Total of the District .	2,962	948	...	...	...	883	...	61	...	1	3	1	53	61	114

No. 42-*Home*.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 21st December 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
			Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.				
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
	Delhi . .	225,471	110	92	202	81	73	154	...	...	...	60	5	78	2	9	...	23	33	61	46·58	35·51
	Notified Area	3,673	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total .	229,144	110	92	202	81	73	154	...	...	...	60	5	78	2	9	...	23	33	61	45·84	34·94

Delhi, the 3rd January 1919.

No. 43-*Home*.—The following returns of births and deaths in the Delhi Province for the month of November 1918 are published for information :—

Division.	No.	Name of District or Municipal towns.	Population according to the census of 1911. Male.	Female.	Total.	Births registered. No. registered excluding still births.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum of population.	Still born No.	Deaths registered. Cholera. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Small-pox. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Plague. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Fever. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Dysentery & Diarrhœa. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Respiratory disease. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Injuries including suicide. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Other causes. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Total all causes. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Total of corresponding month of previous year. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Delhi Province.		District excluding Delhi Municipal Town.	102,699	88,486	191,185	906	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	11,220	...	...	...	283	..	9	..	5	...	5,323	6,199	11,522	...	403	407	810	...	
		Total of corresponding month of previous year.	102,699	88,486	191,185	1,184	...	9	..	...	3	..	...	...	487	...	17	..	277	..	4	...	22	...	403	407	810	...	...	...	...	...	
		Increase	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	10,733	...	...	...	6	...	5	...	...	...	4,920	5,792	10,712	...	...	...	...	...	
		or Decrease	...	...	...	278	...	9	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	17	..	...	...	..	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Division.	No.	District excluding towns.	Population according to the census of 1911. Male.	Female.	Total.	Births registered. No. registered excluding still births.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum of population.	Still born No.	Deaths registered. Cholera. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Small-pox. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Plague. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Fever. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Dysentery & Diarrhœa. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Respiratory disease. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Injuries including suicide. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Other causes. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Total all causes. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Total of corresponding month of previous year. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Delhi Province.		Delhi Municipality	129,521	95,950	225,471	920	48·96	17	...	...	...	...	..	...	1,266	67·38	18	0·96	757	40·29	3	0·16	103	5·48	944	1,203	2,147	114·27	356	380	736	39·17	
		Total of corresponding month of previous year.	129,521	95,950	225,471	1,163	61·90	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	277	14·74	39	2·08	288	15·35	3	0·16	129	6·87	356	380	736	39·17	...	...	...	...	
		Increase or	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	989	52·64	...	...	469	24·93	...	...	...	...	538	823	1,411	75·10	...	...	...	...	
		Decrease	...	...	...	243	12·94	24	...		...	...	...	...	...	..	21	1·12	...	...	...	...	26	1·39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

The 3rd January 1919.

No. 48-*R. & A.*—The following list of Revenue Agents, who are qualified to appear in the Court of the Chief Commissioner of the Province of Delhi and subordinate Courts and offices is published for general information.

Serial No.	Name.	Father's Name.	Grade.	Place of business.	Date of first admission as Revenue Agent.	Date on which the certificate was renewed for the year 1919.
1	Din Dayal .	Parmesari Das .	2nd .	Delhi .	13th December 1879.	2nd January 1919.
2	Gopal Das .	Jagan Nath .	" .	" .	21st February 1881.	2nd January 1919.
3	Balkishen Das .	Mohan Lal .	" .	" .	8th January 1918	2nd January 1919.

The 6th January 1919.

No. 80-*Home.*—In anticipation of his services being placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, Mr. C. B. Barry, I. C. S., Assistant Commissioner, is appointed Personal Assistant to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, and assumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 2nd January 1919.

No. 91-*Home.*—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 28th December 1918 is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
	Delhi .	225,471	100	116	216	90	82	172	...	...	...	66	4	74	1	27	...	36	33	69	49·81	39·66
	Notified Area	3,673	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total .	229,144	100	116	216	90	82	172	...	...	...	66	4	74	1	27	...	36	33	69	49·01	39·08

The 7th January 1919.

No. 114-*C. & I.*—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi Province at the close of the half month ending 31st December 1918.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.		ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.	
	Srs.	Chts.		Srs.	Chts.
Wheat, white	5	8			
" red	5	12	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked) .	7	0
Barley	7	8	Maize	7	0
Rice { Best sort	2	8	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál) .	4	0
Rice { Common sort	4	0	Firewood	55	0
Jowár (Andropogon sorghums) . .	5	0	Salt { Wholesale . . .	...	
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum) . .	4	0	Salt { Retail	13	8
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . .	...		Gur	4	0
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . .	...		Cotton (unginned)	...	

11 H

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food-grains, etc., in the mart at the head quarters of the Delhi Province during the fortnight ending 31st December 1918.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82⅞ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees. Rs. A. P.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees. Rs. A. P.
Rice, unhusked	...	Cotton seed	4 12 0
„ husked	...	Ghi	69 0 0
Wheat, white	6 14 0		
„ red	6 10 0	Flour (wheat)	7 12 0
Barley	5 0 0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8 0 0
Oats	...	Turmeric (unground)	18 0 0
Jowar	7 5 0	Salt	2 12 0
Bajra	9 8 0	Raw Hides (cow)	50 0 0
Maize	5 5 0	Bran	...
Gram	5 5 0	Grass, dry	3 0 0
Arhar dál	9 8 0	Bhusa, white	2 8 0
Linseed	7 0 0	Jowar stalks	...
Rapeseed (sarshaf)	9 0 0	Bengal coal	1 2 0
Poppy-seed	...	Kerosine oil (per tin, Sovereign Mark)	3 11 3
Til (jinjili seed),	{ 15 8 0 { 13 5 0	Plough bullocks, per pair	300 0 0
Sugar (raw), gur	9 8 0	Sheep, per score	100 0 0
Cotton (cleaned)	50 0 0		

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 6th January 1919.

No. 755-*G.-Camp.*—Mr. Provakhar Chatterjee, Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office, with effect from the 17th October 1918.

No. 756-*G.-Camp.*—Messrs. J. H. Brown and Provakhar Chatterjee, officiating Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division, are appointed temporary Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, in that office with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

No. 757-*G.-Camp.*—Mr. Teja Singh, Accountant, 1st grade, sub. *pro tem.* in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

The 8th January 1919.

No. 796-*G.-Camp.*— Messrs. A. K. Sunderesa Iyer and R. Davies, officiating Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, reverted to their own grades with effect from the 11th and 6th December 1918 respectively.

No. 797-*G.-Camp.*—Mr. L. S. Deane, an officer of the Indian Finance Department, attached to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 798-*G-Camp.*—Mr. E. F. Gonsalves, Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, temporary and supernumerary, attached to the office of the Military Accountant General, is granted privilege leave for one month, on medical grounds, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Camp Ajmer, the 31st December 1918.

No. 1971-C.—In exercise of the powers vested in him under section 130 of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908) the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased to direct that the forms hereto appended be substituted for the Civil forms Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 11 published in this office Notification No. 149, dated the 19th February 1895 and revised forms Numbers 1, 3, 10 and 12 published in this office Notification No. 483, dated the 3rd May 1895.

FORM No. I (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register of Civil Suits for the year 19 .

(NOTE.—In this register will be entered all suits originally instituted or received by transfer or on remand, review or revival. A fresh serial number will be assigned to every suit originally instituted or received by transfer and that number will be entered in column 3. In the case of a suit received on remand, review or revival, no fresh number will be assigned but the number and year of the original entry of such suit will be entered in column 3, a note of such remand, review or revival being made against the original entry of the institution of the suit.

Date of institution.	How instituted, *i.e.*, (1) Originally instituted. (2) Received by transfer. (3) *Remanded O. 41, R. 23.* (4) On review *O. 47, R. 4.* (5) Revived *Order IX R. 4, R. 9, R. 13. Order XXII R. 9(2).*	Number of suits.	Name, description and place of abode of Plaintiff.	Name, description and place of abode of Defendant.	Cause of action.	Demand or relief.	Value of claim.	Date fixed for parties to appear.	JUDGMENT.			APPEAL.		APPEAL FROM APPELLATE DECREE.		EXECUTION.					RESULT OF EXECUTION.			REMARKS.
									Date.	For whom.	For what or Amount.	Number and date of appeal.	Date and purport of judgment in appeal.	Number and date of appeal.	Date and purport of judgment in appeal.	Number and date of application.	Date of order.	Against whom.	For what and Amount, if any.	Amount of costs.	Amount paid into Court.	Arrested.	Minute of other result than payment or arrest, and date of every result.	Here note particulars of orders under *Order IX* rr. 4, 9, 13; o. 22 r. 9 (2); o. 41, r. 23 and any order of review or other similar order with a reference to any other register in which the suit may be entered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

FORM No. 3 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register showing the classification and value of suits instituted during the year 19 .

(NOTE.—The entries in the Register will be totalled monthly, quarterly and annually. In this register will be entered only suits which have been newly instituted and admitted and registered (order 4 rule 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure) and not suits received by transfer, or on remand, review or revival.)

Number.	Plaintiff.	Defendant.	Value.	Suits for money or moveable property.	Suits for immoveable property.	Suits for specific relief.	Suits to establish a right of pre-emption.	Mortgage suits.	Suits relating to religious and other endowments.	Matrimonial suits.	Testamentary suits.	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	Total.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

REGISTER No. 4 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF .

Register of Miscellaneous Cases for the year 19 .

	How instituted.					Nature of Case.				Number of days case remained pending.			How disposed of.																
													Without trial.			Without contest.				On reference on arbitration.		With contest.		Appeal.					
Date of institution.	Whether originally instituted or received on remand, review or revival.	Whether received by transfer from another court.	Number of case.	Other case (if any) to which application refers.	Name of Parties.	Cases specified below.*	Other cases.	Date of Disposal.	Abstract of final order.	Contested.	Un-contested.	Transferred to other Courts.	Rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default or want of Prosecution or withdrawn without leave.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Granted on confession.	Granted *Exparte*.	Dismissed *Exparte*.	For applicant.	For opposite party.	Judgment for applicant in whole or in part.	Judgment for opposite party.	Date of institution.	Date of disposal.	Judgment.	Number of Papers on record.	Signature of Record Keeper.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

* The following cases will be entered in col. 7, the other cases for which no special register has been provided being entered in col 8; no entries need be made in cols. 11 to 27 against cases entered in col. 8:—as to the numbering of cases see instructions appended to Register No. I.

1. Orders rejecting or returning plaints or memoranda of appeal.
2. Applications under sections 23 and 24, C. P. C. for transfer of suits or appeals.
3. Ditto. O. 9, Rules 4, 9 and 13: O. 41, Rules 19, and 21, C. P. C.
4. Cases under Order 21, Rule 16 and Section 47, C. P. C.
5. Ditto. Order 21, Rule 2, C. P. C.
6. Claims to and objections to attachment of attached property under Order 21, Rule 58 and Order 38, Rule 9, C. P. C.
7. Applications under Order 21, Rules 66 and 70, C. P. C.
8. Ditto. Order 21, Rule 90—93, C. P. C.
9. Ditto. Order 21, Rules 95, 96.
10. Complaints under Order 21, Rules 97, 98. Except Cases falling under Order 21, Rule 99, which are to be treated as Suits.
11. Applications under Order 21, Rules 100, 101 and 103.
12. Applications under Order 21, Rules 97, 99, 103.
13. Commissions under Section 76, Order 26, Rule 4, received from other Courts and executed by the Court
14. Applications under Order 33, Rule I and Order 44, Rule I.
15. Ditto. Section 114, Order 47, Rule I.
16. Miscellaneous Criminal proceedings under Order 16, Rule 12, Rules 10 to 13, 17 and 18, C. P. C. and Sections 195, 435, 471 and 474, Cr. P. C.
17. Applications under Act VIII of 1890.
18. Ditto. XXXV of 1858.
19. Ditto. VII of 1889 Succession Certificate Act.
20. Applications under Act V. of 1881.
21. Ditto. X of 1865.
22. References under the Land Acquisition Act No. I of 1894.
23. Ditto. Section 18, Ajmer Courts Regulation I of 1877.
24. Applications under Section 83 of Act IV of 1882.
25. Ditto. Order 34, Rules 3, 5, 6, and 8, C. P. C.

REGISTER No. 5 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register of applications for executions of decrees and orders for the year 19 .

[NOTE.—Oral applications under *O. 21, R. 11 (1)* are to be entered in this register. Decrees and orders sent for execution by other Courts will not be entered unless after transferred, an application has been made for execution under *S. 43, O. XXI, R. 10 and 21*, or unless the decrees or orders have been sent by a superior Court to a Subordinate Court for execution. Applications under sections *38, 39 and 41, Order XXI, R. 4 and 5*, simply for the transfer of decrees or orders to other Courts for execution are not applications for execution and will not be entered in this register. As to the numbers of applications see instructions on Register No. 1].

Date of application.	HOW INSTITUTED. Whether application is for execution of a decree or order of the Court.	Whether application is for execution of a decree or order of another Court received by transfer.	Whether the application has been restored to the file for any cause.	Number of application.	Names of decree-holder and Judgment-debtor.	Number of case and date of decree or order sought to be executed.	Amount property or other relief sought to be obtained by execution.	Costs incurred after institution of application not included in column 8.	Amount property or other relief attained by execution.	Amount property or other relief not attained by execution.	Date of disposal.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

REGISTER No. 6 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register of disposal of applications for execution of decrees and orders during the year 19 .

[NOTE.—The entries in this Register will be totalled monthly, quarterly and annually].

DATE OF DISPOSAL. Month.	Day.	Number of applications and Names of Parties.	Whether decree or order was transferred to another Court under § 38, 39, and 41 O. 21, rr. 4 and 5.	Whether the application was wholly infructuous.	Whether satisfaction was obtained in full.	Whether satisfaction was obtained in part.	Whether satisfaction was made through the Court.	Whether adjustment was made under *Order 21, r. 2*.	Whether satisfaction was obtained with the issue of process.	Whether satisfaction was obtained without the issue of process.	AMOUNT REALIZED. With the issue of process.	Without the issue of process.	Whether the judgment debtor was imprisoned.	Whether the judgment-debtor was arrested *under § 55* but released without imprisonment.	Whether the judgment-debtor's salary was ordered to be withheld under *O. 21, r. 46*.	WHETHER THE JUDGMENT-DEBTOR'S OTHER MOVEABLE PROPERTY Was sold.	Was attached but subsequently released under *O. 21, r. 55*.	WHETHER THE JUDGMENT-DEBTOR'S, IMMOVABLE PROPERTY Was sold.	Was dealt with under *Order 21, r. 83*.	Was attached but subsequently released under *O. 21, r. 55*.	Whether specific performance was enforced.	WHETHER POSSESSION WAS GIVEN On movables, *Order 21, r. 31*.	On immovables *Order 21, rr. 35, 36*.	Whether Execution was effected otherwise than in preceding columns, and, if so, how.	Number of Papers on the record.	Record-Keeper's signature.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28

REGISTER No. 7 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Insolvency Register for the year 19 .

Date of application.	Name of applicant with description and place of abode.	Number in Miscellaneous Register.	Whether filed in Court or received by transfer.	If filed in Court by whom. By judgment-debtor			Date of disposal.	How disposed of							Number of persons declared insolvent.	Persons discharged. Under Section 44 of Act III of 1907.		Persons discharged. Under Section 44 of Act III of 1907.		Amount of creditors' claims dealt with.		Gross amount of insolvents assets realized and disbursed.		Remarks.
				Under arrest or imprisonment.	Not under arrest or imprisonment.	By decree-holder.		Transfer.	Withdrawn or otherwise not prosecuted.	Granted. A Receiver being appointed.	Granted. A Receiver not being appointed.	Rejected. Penal proceedings under Section 43 of Act III of 1907 not being taken.	Rejected. Sentence of imprisonment being passed under Section 43 of Act III of 1907.	Rejected. Applicant being sent to the Magistrate to be dealt with.		Date.	Number.	Date.	Number.	Admitted.	Satisfied.	Realized.	Disbursed.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

REGISTER No. 9 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register of persons committed to Jail during the year 19 .

Serial number of entry.	Number of case in which commitment was directed and names of parties.	Date of commitment.	Name of person committed with description and place of abode.	Grounds of commitment with section of Code of Civil Procedure or other law.	If commitment was made under section 55 of the Code of Civil Procedure, amount of judgement debt sought to be recovered.	Term of imprisonment.	Date of release.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

REGISTER No. 10 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register of Appeals from Decrees for the year 19 .

(NOTE.—*N.B.*—In this register will be entered all appeals originally instituted or received by transfer or on remand, review, or revival. A fresh serial number will be assigned to every appeal originally instituted, or received by transfer and that number will be entered in column 3 in the case of an appeal, received on remand, review, or revival, no fresh number will be assigned, but the number and year of the original entry of such appeal will be entered in column 3, a note of such remand, review, or revival being made against the original entry of the institution of the appeal.)

Date of presentation of memorandum.	How instituted. (1) Originally presented. (2) Received by transfer. (3) Remanded. *O. 41, R. 23.* (4) Reviewed. *O. 47, R. 4.* (5) Revived. *O. 41, R. R. 19 and 21.*	Number of appeal.	Name of appellant with description and place of abode.	Name of respondent with description and place of abode.	Decree appealed from: Of what court.	Decree appealed from: Number of original suit.	Decree appealed from: Particulars.	Decree appealed from: Amount of value.	Date fixed for hearing.	Judgment: Date.	Judgment: Confirmed, reversed or altered.	Judgment: For what or amount.	Appeal from Appellate Decree: Date of institution.	Appeal from Appellate Decree: Date of disposal.	Appeal from Appellate Decree: Judgment.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

REGISTER No. 11 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register of Appeals from Decrees disposed of during the year 19 .

(NOTE.—The entries in this Register will be totalled monthly and annually.)

Date of disposal: Month.	Date of disposal: Date.	Number of appeal and names of parties.	Value of appeal.	Date of institution.	Number of days appeal remained pending.	How disposed of: Transferred to other courts.	How disposed of: Summarily rejected, Order 41, R. 11.	How disposed of: Dismissed for default, Order 41, R. 17 and 18, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard ex parte: Confirmed.	Heard ex parte: Modified.	Heard ex parte: Reversed.	Heard ex parte: Remanded under Order 41, R. 23.	Contested: Confirmed.	Contested: Modified.	Contested: Reversed.	Contested: Remanded under Order 41, R. 23.	Whether objection under Order 41, R. 22 was preferred.	Number of papers on the record.	Signature of Recordkeeper.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21

REGISTER No. 12 (CIVIL).

COURT OF THE OF

Register of Miscellaneous Appeals from the year 19 .

(*N. B.*—In this register will be entered all appeals originally instituted or received by transfer or on remand, review, or revival. A fresh serial number will be assigned to every appeal originally instituted, or received by transfer and that number will be entered in column 7. In the case of an appeal received on remand, reviewed, or revival no fresh number will be assigned, but the number and year of the original entry of such appeal will be entered in column 7, a note of such remand, review, or revival being made against the original entry of the institution of the appeal.)

	How instituted.								Order appealed from.							How disposed of													
																			Heard *exparte*.				Contested.					
Date of institution.	Originally instituted.	Received by transfer.	Remanded, *Order 41, R. 23.*	Reviewed, *Order 47, R. 4.*	Revived, *Order 41, R.R. 19 & 21.*	Number of appeal.	Name of appellant with description and place of abode.	Name of respondent with description and place of abode.	of what Court.	Number of case in which order was passed.	Particulars.	Date fixed for hearing.	Date of disposal.	Abstract of Order in Appeal.	Number of days appeal remained pending.	Transferred to other Courts.	Summarily rejected, Order 41, R. 11.	Discussed for default under O. 41, rules 17 and 18, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded under O. 41, R. 23.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded under Order 41, R. 23.	Whether objection under O. 41, rule 22, was preferred.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29

Camp, Rajputana, the 6th January 1919.

No. 76-c—8-II.—This office notification No. 423—8, dated, the 29th March 1916, issued under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, is hereby cancelled.

By order,
R. E. A. HAMILTON, Lt.-Col.,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

CASE No. 12 OF 1916.
Dated the 20th December 1918.

In the matter of the Insolvency of Maya Shanker, son of Sham Shanker, Insolvent of Delhi.

On the application of Maya Shanker, the debtor named above, and on reading the said application and hearing the creditors it is ordered that the order of adjudication dated 10th March 1916 against the said Maya Shanker of Delhi, be and the same is hereby annulled.

TOPAN RAM,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 131 OF 1918.
Dated the 8th January 1919.

Re Askaran Setty, residing at No. 222, Harrison Road, in the town of Calcutta, lately carrying on business as Banker at the aforesaid place under the name and style of Chuni Lall Askaran and at present doing nothing.

Ex parte the debtor.

Babu K. N. Dey—Debtor's Solicitor.

On the 30th day of August 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 159 OF 1918.
Dated the 3rd January 1919.

Re Suprovat Das, residing at No. 13, Ghose Lane, in the town of Calcutta, and carrying on business at Nos. 14, 15 and 16, Cornwallis Street, in Calcutta aforesaid, as dealers in motor accessories and keeper of a motor garage under the name style and firm of the "Chowringhee Motor Garage."

Ex parte the debtor. Messrs. Newgi & Dey. —Debtor's Attorney.

On the 20th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 160 OF 1918.
Dated the 3rd January 1919.

Re Minas Elias Horsepian, residing at No. 1, Marquis Street, in the town of Calcutta, formerly carrying on business at No. 1, Marquis Street, in Calcutta and at Jubbulpore, as cooly suppliers in partnership with Thaddeus Marooth Jordon, at present without any employment.

Ex parte the debtor.—Babu Khogendra Nath Dey—Debtor's Attorney.

On the 23rd day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 161 OF 1918.

Dated the 6th January 1919.

Re Kanhyalal and Beharilal, both residing at No. 58, Clive Street, in the town of Calcutta, lately carrying on business in co partnership in Hessian Cotton Gunny bags, wheat, linseed, grain and shares at the same place under the firm and style Kanhyalal Beharilal and the former now and heretofore employed in the firm of Messrs. Hart Brothers, Livery Stable-keepers, Calcutta, and the latter now and heretofore working as a grain, seed, seedcake and salt broker.

Ex parte the debtors.—Messrs. Kar Mehta & Co.—Debtors' Solicitors.

On the 26th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as Insolvents.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 2 OF 1919.

Dated the 8th January 1919.

Re Goberdhone Seal, residing at No. 2, Issur Thakur Lane, Darjipara, in the town of Calcutta, and carrying on business as a petty dealer in gold and silver at the same place.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 3rd day of January 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No. 160 OF 1918.

Dated the 20th December 1918.

Mahmud Ali, son of Mu Changa, Musalman of Jaipur, now residing at Ajmer, Insolvent Applicant,

against

Chitor Mal, son of Roor Mal, Mahajan, Ajmer, Creditor. ...... Debt Rs. 182-9-0.

The Insolvent has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907, and the application will be heard on 18th January 1919 at 10-30 A.M. The Creditors are hereby informed that they either must personally or through an authorised agent appear before the Court on the date fixed and oppose the application.

In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 20th December 1918.

No. 161 OF 1918.

Dated the 21st December 1918.

Fateh Mohamed, son of Abdul Rehman *alias* Bhaiji Patwa, Ajmer, Applicant, Insolvent.

versus

	Debt. Rs.	A.	P.
1. Saolal, son of Sugan Chand of Ajmer	157	0	0
2. Wazir Box, son of Mohamed Boxsh	225	0	0
3. Mohamed Said, Ajmer	150	0	0
4. Ramlal of Ajmer	17	0	0
	549	0	0

The Applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 and the application will be heard on 22nd January 1919 at 10-30 A. M. The creditors are hereby informed that they either personally or through an authorised agent appear in Court on the date fixed and oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 21st December 1918.

No. 162 OF 1918.

Wali Mohamed, son of Panny Khan, Pathan of Ajmer, Insolvent, Applicant,

against

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. S. Chegalal, son of Mul Chand of Ajmer	242	14	0
2. P. Beharey Lal	192	3	0
3. B. Kanan Ullah *alias* Kallu	100	0	0
4. Abdulla *alias* Abdul Rahim	59	0	0
	594	1	0

The Insolvent has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 and the application will be heard on 23rd January 1919 at 10-30 A.M. The Creditors are hereby informed that they either personally or through an authorised agent appear in Court on the date fixed to oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex-parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 21st December 1918.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment, dated at Lucknow, this 1st day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—35928, Private, Jackson, John.
Age—42 years.
Height—5 feet 11 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, dark brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—Butcher.
Date of Enlistment—28th March 1916.
Place of Enlistment—Southampton.
Parish and County in which born—Heanor.
Date of Desertion or absence—27th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Lucknow.
Under two years' service.

R. P. STUART, Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding, 1st Garrison Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1-1st Brecknockshire Battalion, (S. W. B.), dated at Mhow, this 4th day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—31818, Private, Lewis, B.
Age—21 years 8 months.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, dark brown.
Trade—Farm Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—25th August 1917.
Place of Enlistment—Not known.
Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or absence—28th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Mhow, Central India.
Under two years' service.

A. B. WIGLEY, Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding, 1-1st Brecknockshire Battalion.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1097th Battery, 216th Brigade, R. F. A., dated at Mhow, this 5th day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—69001, Driver, Ferris, R. W.
Age, Height and Colour of Complexion, Hair and eyes. } Recently posted to this unit without documents.
Trade—Stable Apprentice.
Date of Enlistment—7th February 1912.
Date of Desertion or absence—Absent without leave from 7th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Bareia Camp, Jubbulpore.
On furlough.
This man was last heard of at Allahabad on 12th December 1918 when he visited the Station Staff Officer to obtain an advance of pay to continue his journey to Jubbulpore.

F. EASTWOOD, Major, R. F. A.,

Commanding, 1097/216th Brigade, R. F. A.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH JANUARY 1919.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.												Coinage for Egyptian Government.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.										
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta . . .	15	...	...	15	27	...	27	15	(a)260	6	2	283	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . .	193	...	...	193	76	...	76	...	(b)128	1	...	129	...	...	...	1	...	55

(a) Exclusive of 275 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 419 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 10th Jan. 1919.

J. J. BOURKE, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 4th January 1919.

No. 47-*E.-E.*—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. St. John Jackson	Inspecting Telegraphist	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	8th October 1918 to 7th December 1918.

No. 50-*E.-E.*—The following permanent promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned, on probation for six months, with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. E. Masterson	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class sub *pro tem.*	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, permanent.	27th August 1918.

The 10th January 1919.

No. 136-*E.-E.*—Mr. H. West, Assistant Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, is granted Special war leave for three months with effect from the 1st November 1918, under Government of India Army Department letter No. 10841, dated the 23rd July 1917.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(POST OFFICE.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 9th January 1919.

No. 106-*Ap.*—The following promotions and appointments in the grades of Superintendents of post offices are made with effect from the date noted against each :—

Mr. C. Srinivasa Rao to be promoted to the 1st grade from the 21st November 1918 ;
Mr. K. A. Appleby, on field service, to be promoted to the 1st grade from the 27th November 1918 ;
Mr. Suresh Chandra Gupta to be promoted to the 2nd grade from the 21st November 1918 ;
Mr. Lachmi Narayan Tewari to be promoted to the 2nd grade from the 27th November 1918 ;
Mr. G. D. Fanshawe to be promoted to the 2nd grade from the 1st January 1919 ;
Mr. Abdur Rahim to be confirmed in the 3rd grade from the 21st November 1918 ;
Mr. Jiya Lall to be confirmed in the 3rd grade from the 27th November 1918 ;
Mr. K. K. Lalkaka to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 21st November 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 1st January 1919 ;
Mr. A. R. Augier, on field service, to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 27th November 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 1st January 1919 ;
Mr. J. H. Owens, C.I.E., on field service, to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 1st January 1919 ;
Mr. K. S. Aslam to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 1st January 1919 ;
Mr. N. M. Buckner, on field service, to be confirmed in the 4th grade from the 21st November 1918 ;

Mr. S. G. Little, on field service, to be confirmed in the 4th grade from the 27th November 1918;

Mr. Shankar Lal to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade from the 21st November 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 1st January 1919;

Mr. Uttam Chand to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade from the 27th November 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 1st January 1919;

Mr. D. L. Scott to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade from the 1st January 1919;

Mr. Dina Nath Gossain to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade from the 1st January 1919;

Mr. G. V. Tulpule, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bombay, and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 21st November 1918;

Mr. Ashutosh Sarkar, Investigating Inspector, office of the Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam and sub *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 27th November 1918;

Mr. Suresh Chandra Dutt, clerk, office of the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs and officiating Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 1st January 1919;

Mr. Lahori Ram, Inspector of post offices, Muzaffarnagar Sub-Division and sub *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Reserve Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, United Provinces, from the 1st January 1919.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificates Nos. $\frac{1938 \text{ B.}}{1 \& 2}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs 400, originally issued in the name of Kanakprova Devi, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificates and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—RANI KANAKPROVA DEVI,
Residence—Chanchra Raj Bati.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{6486 \text{ Bom}}{\text{F-1}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Uma Kanta Mitter, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—UMA KANTA MITTER,
Residence—29, Husainganj Road, Lucknow.

LOST.

The upper halves of Government Promissory Notes No. B, 000079 and 023465 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively, the former originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and the latter in the name of the Central Bank of India, Limited, and last endorsed to Miss A. M. Gilmore, the proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—AGENT, ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.,
Residence—Lahore.

Estate S. Klingenstein, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Sidney Klingenstein of the Indian Civil Service, Jessore, who died on 15th February 1918 at Dignagore, near Jessore, E. Bengal, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to George Henry McCausland of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 26th January next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

G. H. McCAUSLAND.

CALCUTTA;
The 4th December 1918.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 7872, dated 22nd August 1918, of the 5½ per cent. War Loan of 1922 for Rs. 123-12-0.

The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—JOSEPH HARPWOOD,
Address—109 Bungalow, Sakchi (India).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 2577 $\frac{P}{T.-1 \& 2}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 6,000, originally issued in the name of Mohkam Chand, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and the application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MOHKAM CHAND son of RAMCHAND NANGPAL,
Residence—Fazilka, District Ferozepore.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 558 M.-F. 1 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Dara Subbarao, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—DARA SUBBARAO,
Residence—Masulipatam, Kojjiliget, Krishna Distri

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{[illegible]}{P.-1}$ P. of the 5½ per cent. War bond 1920 for Rs. 600, originally issued in the name of Wishnu Mal, son of Havna Mal Setia, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—WISHNU MAL SETIA.

Residence—Mailsi (District Multan).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{428\text{-}P.}{P.-1}$ of the 5 per cent. Loan of 1929-47 for Rs 1,00,000, originally issued in the name of His Highness the Maharaja Govind Sinh Lokendra Bahadur, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

G. S. JOSHI,

Accountant General, Datia, Bundelkhand.

NOTICE.

The interest and responsibility in our firm of Mr. Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston ceases from this date.

GRINDLAY & Co.

31ST DECEMBER 1918.

We have this day admitted Mr. James Edmund Vallance a Partner in our firm in India.

GRINDLAY & Co.

1ST JANUARY 1919.

THE EASTERN FORESTS PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Simla, the 25th day of November 1918.

Notice is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company held at Kelvin Grove, Simla, on the 25th day of November 1918, the following extraordinary resolution was passed, *viz.*—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Company that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its businesses and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and that Mr. H. Hunter be hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the Company."

A. V. LAVER,

Secretary.

IN THE MATTER OF THE EASTERN FORESTS PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.

Simla, the 26th day of November 1918.

The creditors of the above-named Company whose claims have not been admitted are required forthwith to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims together with proofs thereof and the name and address of their Solicitors, if any, to me, the Liquidator of the said Company, at my office at Brightlands, Simla.

In the event of any creditor not sending in such particulars or proofs on or before the 15th February 1919, he will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before his debt or claim is proved.

H. HUNTER,

Liquidator.

REGISTERED No. C. 696



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 2. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1919.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 5 of 1918-19.

PREFATORY NOTE.

The Cotton Season, 1918-19.

In the Third Cotton Forecast published on the 18th December, 1918, the yield of the crop is provisionally estimated at 3,282,000 bales on an area of 19,677,000 acres, as compared with 4,035,000* bales on an area of 24,781,000 acres, the final estimates of last year. There is a decrease of 19 per cent in the outturn. There were 132,000 bales of cotton pressed in the pressing factories, and 62,000 bales of unpressed cotton received in the spinning mills, from 1st September to 15th November, 1918, as against 92,300 bales and 65,200 bales respectively, during the corresponding period of last year, showing an increase of 43 per cent in the case of presses, but a decrease of 5 per cent in the case of mills. Too much stress should not be laid on the accuracy of these returns as a means of checking the forecast estimates of outturn, as there is at present no system in vogue of furnishing complete returns from all presses and mills. The figures for the Indian States of Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore are, as will be seen from the footnotes to the tables, mostly incomplete and have been excluded from this comparison.

* The trade estimate is, however, 3,860,000 bales. (Net exports 1,409,000 bales, mill consumption 1,701,000 bales and extra-factory consumption 750,000 bales.)

I.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 15th November, 1918.

(Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (*a*)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total quantity pressed from 1st September to 15th November, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	630,000	19·2	198	16	4,323	14,202	18,027
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	789,000	24·0	162	56	19,244	20,439	10,082
Madras	519,000	15·8	58	55	(*b*) 5,257	42,856	(*f*) 33,961
Punjab (including Indian States)	501,000	15·3	92	6	2,155	5,909	519
United Provinces	175,000	5·3	85	24	12,073	28,019	24,501
Sind	98,000	3·0	15	6	5,213	8,590	...
Burma	70,000	2·1	(*g*) 19	7	5,528	11,997	(*f*) 6,121
Bihar and Orissa	19,000	·6	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	26,000	·8	3	...	...	...	...
Assam	12,000	·4	...	...	...	...	...
North-West Frontier Province	9,000	·3	1	1	139	139	1,427
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	·4	9	...	...	...	...
Delhi	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (*c*)	2,862,000	87·2	643	171	54,532	132,151	94,638
Hyderabad	200,000	6·1	41	(*e*)	(*e*)	...	...
Central India	133,000	4·0	32	(*e*)	(*e*)	...	...
Rajputana	61,000	1·9	10	(*e*)	(*e*)	212	1,347
Mysore	26,000	·8	3	(*e*)	(*e*)	...	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (*d*)	420,000	12·8	86	(*e*)	(*e*)	212	1,347
GRAND TOTAL	3,282,000	100	729	171	54,532	132,363	95,985

(*a*) The figures in column 2 are the provisional estimates for 1918-19, as published in the Third Cotton Forecast, dated the 18th December, 1918. Final estimates for 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of February, 1919.
(*b*) Figures for the weeks ending 2nd and 9th November, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.
(*c*) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.
(*d*) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(*e*) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.
(*f*) Revised figure.
(*g*) Of this number 8 presses worked during the half-month.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 15th November, 1918. (Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED FROM 1ST SEPTEMBER TO 15TH NOVEMBER, 1918 (BALES OF 400 lbs EACH)	
				Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	165	51	17,577	34,533	42,367
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	10	9	5,352	6,805	950
Madras	12	12	(a) 433	3,850	(c)5,145
Punjab	3	...	...	476	1,075
United Provinces	15	5	860	1,258	4,968
Sind	1	...	...	...	...
Bengal	10	10	2,293	13,826	(e)11,068
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	174	817	589
Delhi	3	2	143	385	870
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (b)	221	91	26,832	61,950	67,032
Hyderabad	3	1	21	23	185
Central India	3	1	1	1,515	2,311
Rajputana	1	(d)	(d)	...	...
Mysore	2	(d)	(d)	...	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (c)	9	2	22	1,538	2,496
GRAND TOTAL	230	93	26,854	63,188	69,528

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of *unpressed* cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 2nd and 9th November, 1918. [See footnote (b) on preceding page.]
(b) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.
(c) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(d) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.
(e) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 15th November, 1918, in *British Provinces (including Indian States within provincial boundaries)*.

Province	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 15th November, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 15 November, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	630,000	14,202	34,533	48,735	7·7
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	789,000	20,439	6,805	27,244	3·5
Madras	519,000	42,856	3,850	46,706	9·0
Punjab (including Indian States), North-West Frontier Province, Delhi	510,000	6,048	861	6,909	1·4
United Provinces	175,000	28,019	1,258	29,277	16·7
Sind	98,000	8,590	...	8,590	8·8
Burma	70,000	11,997	...	11,997	17·1
Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Assam	57,000	...	13,826	13,826	24·3
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	...	817	817	5·8
TOTAL	2,862,000	152,151	61,950	194,101	6·8

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

January 3, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics.

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	In the nine months, April to December, of									
	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
Sea Customs—Imports										
Special Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	3,76	3,74	3,67	4,67	4,94	4,31	4,09	5,79*	3,71*	3,85*
Coal, coke, and patent fuel (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	10	26
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	3,74	5,03	5,80	6,35	6,21	5,38	3,92	5,28	3,55	4,03
Spirits and liqueurs	69,81	79,52	80,38	79,99	85,46	81,66	75,63	82,71	76,98	73,53
Wines	2,84	4,17	4,22	4,03	4,21	3,29	3,32	4,49	3,25	3,27
Opium	3	5	5	5	5	3	3	5	2	2
Petroleum	34,96	43,57	55,99	49,25	49,03	62,02	51,68	29,97†	28,50†	11,94†
Silver—										
Silver bullion and coin (b)	44,42	1,26,90	79,83	83,54	63,81	1,07,84	75,83	12,97	17,04	...
„ manufactures (c)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,73	2,32	1,23
Sugar, all sorts (d)	43,90	47,65	42,63	53,84	73,32	34,81	39,81	96,91‡	96,78‡	1,26,36‡
Tobacco (b)	3,26	22,32	19,88	19,80	21,74	19,15	20,14	34,08	45,51	57,42
Duty at 2½ per cent										
Machinery (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8,29	6,80	6,77
Metals—Iron and Steel	6,88	7,20	7,79	8,19	11,70	8,06	6,93	13,55	12,29	17,49
Railway plant and rolling stock (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,21	1,10	3,00
Other articles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,12	2,81	2,63
Duty at 7½ per cent										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar and vinegar) (e)	18,00	19,09	19,98	21,58	22,72	20,57	23,13	39,83	39,72	40,20
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured (f)	11,83	11,85	11,90	14,31	11,70	11,61	11,59	28,06	30,06	28,24
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—										
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments	16,29	18,65	20,27	22,15	27,17	20,62	17,52	31,73	26,31	32,89
Metals, other than Iron and Steel	14,51	17,50	15,62	11,07	21,18	17,84	7,47	8,05	12,53	16,71
Cotton manufactures—										
Piecegoods, grey	45,58	42,90	50,00	63,74	65,23	58,21	45,21	42,24	95,08	1,39,11
„ white	17,42	22,69	27,28	32,27	36,34	30,38	25,93	32,67	84,72	69,49
„ coloured	21,34	29,75	32,71	30,47	49,61	31,78	20,55	38,44	1,03,10	76,00
Other goods	4,91	6,49	6,69	7,23	10,28	5,26	3,37	6,74	10,96	8,16
Yarn and textile fabrics (other than cotton manufactures) (g)	21,82	27,68	30,52	33,57	30,28	22,78	21,47	47,00	39,59	44,93
All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured (h)	48,69	59,52	63,11	67,53	79,85	59,92	64,12	1,31,49	1,30,16	1,35,00
Miscellaneous (i)	4,16	5,96	6,34	8,58	7,36	5,98	5,79	18,89	14,06	19,01
Total Imports	4,38,15	6,03,13	5,84,66	6,29,11	6,88,28	6,12,05	5,27,28	7,28,37	8,86,65	9,21,63
Sea Customs—Exports										
Jute (a)—										
Raw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	42,43	30,47	45,39
Manufactured	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36,69	94,08	1,08,06
Rice	52,08	69,23	74,93	86,11	75,53	54,53	42,22	58,19	66,10	94,03
Tea (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33,29	28,65	33,31
Total Exports	52,08	69,23	74,93	86,11	75,53	54,53	42,22	1,70,60	2,19,30	2,80,79
Sea Customs—Miscellaneous (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,67	7,12	6,62§
Land Customs (k)	7,44	7,37	8,55	9,59	10,16	10,88	10,07	3,85	5,57	3,78
Excise duty on cotton manufactures	24,04	25,50	31,37	34,49	34,89	33,11	28,67	28,45	47,00	1,06,36
„ „ on motor spirit	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18,57	31,21
Warehouse and wharf rents (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	19	31
Miscellaneous (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,40	2,50	4,58
GRAND TOTAL	5,21,71	7,05,23	6,99,51	7,59,30	8,08,86	7,10,57	6,08,24	9,39,54	11,86,90	13,55,28
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal — Imports	1,56,54	1,89,73	2,05,03	2,14,73	2,47,10	2,14,44	1,88,27	2,59,39	3,46,52	3,57,59
Bengal — Exports	8,40	12,87	15,65	18,93	12,68	7,53	2,72	1,11,25	1,52,71	1,90,13
Bihar and Orissa — Imports	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa — Exports	—	-	—	83	76	14	...	...	...	...
Bombay — Imports	1,06,38	2,08,47	2,21,85	2,47,23	2,43,53	2,41,79	2,00,78	2,72,75	3,13,80	3,34,93
Bombay — Exports	2,30	1,55	90	1,39	1,74	1,88	1,87	4,61	6,08	8,09
Sind — Imports	39,58	53,05	57,86	59,62	66,83	52,54	49,21	65,28	84,62	88,06
Sind — Exports	1,90	1,57	1,51	1,59	2,45	1,94	2,29	3,49	3,99	2,60
Madras — Imports	36,87	43,59	47,69	49,06	57,20	53,99	41,26	65,79	75,89	99,35
Madras — Exports	4,77	4,62	5,87	4,68	6,90	7,47	10,00	10,58	7,99	5,82
Burma — Imports	41,78	48,29	52,23	58,47	68,62	49,29	47,76	65,16	65,82	71,70
Burma — Exports	34,71	48,02	50,91	58,79	51,90	35,57	25,34	40,67	47,93	78,95

(a) Not subject to duty prior to March, 1916
(b) Figures for the year 1909-10 were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff
(c) Figures prior to March, 1916, are included with "All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured"
(d) Figures prior to March, 1916, were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff
(e) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include vinegar
(f) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are exclusive of raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax, which are included with "Yarn and textile fabrics"
(g) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax but exclude haberdashery and millinery
(h) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include haberdashery and millinery and coral
(i) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent articles imported by post only
(j) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are included under "Land Customs"
(k) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent the old combined head "Land Customs and miscellaneous"
* Exclude the duty collected on explosives, namely, blasting gun powder, etc., at 7½ per cent *ad valorem*
† Exclude the duty collected on petroleum which has its flashing point at or above 150°F. or 200°F. at 7½ per cent *ad valorem*
‡ Exclude the duty collected on confectionery at 7½ per cent *ad valorem*
§ Includes indigo cess

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA,

PRESS COMMUNIQUÉ.

Census of Coal Consumption in India during 1917.

Under orders of the Government of India, a special census was undertaken in 1918, similar to that of 1917, by the Department of Statistics, with regard to the consumption of coal in the various industrial establishments in India during 1917. Circular letters were issued to the owners or managing agents of all coal consuming establishments, whose names and addresses were available, asking for statements of their actual consumption of coal in 1917. The circulars were responded to by all except by a few small concerns, *viz.*, certain cotton gins and presses, a small number of brick and tile factories, and one or two rice and oil mills.

The results of the census are not without interest. It will be remembered that the total quantity of coal produced in India both from Act and non-Act mines (as well as from the coal-producing areas in Indian States) amounted in 1917 to the record production of 18,213,000 tons.* The census shows how much coal was consumed by railways, steamers, and Indian industries. Railways consumed 5,620,000 tons, or about 31 per cent of the total production. The consumption by railways seems to govern the year's production, the total production of coal and the consumption by railways moving together always in the same direction. In other words, the expansion of our railways closely affects the production of our coal mines. Bunker coal other than that required by the Admiralty and Royal Indian Marine was 1,514,000 tons. The quantity of coal consumed on Admiralty and Royal Indian Marine accounts was 1,429,000 tons and was exported by rail to Bombay and Karachi and by sea from Calcutta to Colombo, Rangoon, Basra and Singapur. This figure includes coal shipped for military purposes to East Africa, Aden, Mesopotamia and Persian Gulf Ports. Coal carried by rail in 1917 on account of the Admiralty and Royal Indian Marine to Bombay and Karachi amounted to 1,152,000 tons. The consumption of coal other than the above amounted to 6,322,000 tons. The net exports, including re-exports (exports to foreign countries on private account 409,000 tons *minus* imports 46,000 tons), were 363,000 tons. In short, the consumption by railways, steamers, Indian industries, and foreign countries amounted to 15,248,000 tons, as compared with a production of 18,213,000 tons. The balance, therefore, *i. e.*, for which statistics are not completely available, is only 2,965,000 tons. This may be debited to :—

(1) Consumption at collieries and wastage. This amounted to 2,186,000 tons, equal to 12 per cent of the total production in India. This is the percentage arrived at in consultation with the Chief Inspector of Mines, India.

(2) Consumption in those industrial establishments which did not furnish returns—a small figure, and

(3) Domestic consumption. †

Detailed figures for the different classes of consumers are given below. Classes of industrial establishments, etc., consuming less than 50,000 tons each, have been included under "Others."

	Consumption in 1917.	Percentage of the total production.
1 Railways (including railway workshops)	(*a*) 5,620,000	30·9
2 Bunker coal	1,514,000	8·3
3 Admiralty and Royal Indian Marine	(*b*) 1,429,000	7·8

* Represents 17,326,000 tons in mines under the Indian Mines Act, 2,000 tons in non-Act mines and 885,000 tons in mines in Indian States.

† Domestic consumption in Calcutta and its neighbourhood is estimated by the Coal Controller at 200,000 tons per year.

(*a*) Figures for the official year 1917-18.

(*b*) Includes bunker coal supplied to the vessels carrying cargo coal for the Admiralty and Royal Indian Marine.

	Consumption in 1917.	Percentage of the total production.
4 Jute Mills	1,026,000	5·6
5 Cotton Mills	927,000	5·1
6 Iron and Brass Foundries (including Engineering workshops)	807,000	4·4
7 Inland Steamers	508,000	2·8
8 Brick and Tile Factories (including Potteries and Cement work)	358,000	2·0
9 Cotton Gins and Presses and Jute Presses	294,000	1·6
10 Tea Gardens	248,000	1·4
11 Flour and Rice Mills	225,000	1·2
12 Port Trusts and Dockyards	201,000	1·1
13 Arms and Ammunition Factories (including Arsenal and Gun-Carriage Factory).	178,000	1·0
14 Paper Mills	170,000	·9
15 Oil Mills	160,000	·9
16 Water Works	124,000	·7
17 Electric Supply Installations	96,000	·5
18 Tramway Works	85,000	·5
19 Gold Mines	84,000	·5
20 Sugar Factories	77,000	·4
21 Gas Works	63,000	·3
22 Lime Works	61,000	·3
23 Breweries and Distilleries	54,000	·3
24 Petroleum Refineries	51,000	·3
25 Others (chiefly small concerns)	525,000	2·9
TOTAL	14,885,000	81·7
Add—Net Exports	363,000	2·0
Consumption at collieries and wastage.	2,186,000	12·0
(a) { Consumption on those industrial establishments which did not furnish returns. Domestic consumption }	779,000	4·3
TOTAL PRODUCTION	18,213	100

(a) Estimated.

It will be seen from the above table that 31 per cent (or nearly a third) of the total production of coal in India was consumed by railways, 8·3 per cent was used as public bunker coal, and 7·8 per cent was consumed on admiralty and Royal Indian Marine shipping accounts. The important industries, etc., consuming coal to a considerable extent were: jute mills (5·6 per cent), cotton mills (5·1 per cent), iron and brass foundries including engineering workshops (4·4 per cent), inland steamers (2·8 per cent), and brick and tile factories including potteries and cement works (2 per cent).

CALCUTTA,
The 30th December 1918.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

REGISTERED No. L 848.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 2.} DELHI, SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 7th January, 1919.

No. 6.—Mr. D. D. Baird, an Assistant in the Legislative Department, Government of India, is appointed a temporary Superintendent in that Department with effect from the 1st January, 1919.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The 10th January, 1919.

No. 7.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council, the Governor General is pleased to renominate Mr. Reginald Arthur Mant, being an official, whose term of office as an Additional Member of the said Council will expire on the 14th January, 1919, to be an Additional Member of the said Indian Legislative Council.

The 10th January, 1919.

No. 8.—The following Statute is published for general information :—

TERMINATION OF THE PRESENT WAR (DEFINITION) ACT, 1918.

[8 & 9 GEO. 5, CH. 59.]

An Act to make provision for determining the date of the termination of the present war, and for purposes connected therewith.

[21st November 1918.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

Power to determine date of termination of the present war.

1.—(*1*) His Majesty in Council may declare what date is to be treated as the date of the termination of the present war, and the present war shall be treated as having continued to, and as having ended on that date for the purposes of any provision in any Act of Parliament, Order in Council, or Proclamation, and, except where the context otherwise requires, of any provision in any contract, deed, or other instrument referring, expressly or impliedly, and in whatever form of words, to the present war or the present hostilities :

Provided that in the case of any such Act conferring powers on any Government Department, or any officer of any Government Department, exerciseable during the continuance of the present war, if it appears to His Majesty that it is expedient that the powers shall cease before the date so fixed as aforesaid, His Majesty in Council may fix some earlier date for the termination of those powers

(*2*) The date so declared shall be as nearly as may be the date of the exchange or deposit of ratifications of the treaty or treaties of peace :

Provided that, notwithstanding anything in this provision, the date declared as aforesaid shall be conclusive for all purposes of this Act.

(*3*) His Majesty in Council may also similarly declare what date is to be treated as the date of the termination of war between His Majesty and any particular State.

Short title.

2. This Act may be cited as the Termination of the Present War (Definition) Act, 1918.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 7th January 1919.

No. 145-C.—Mr. A. Macleod, of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Additional Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, with effect from the 9th December 1918 and until further orders.

The 10th January 1919.

No. 232-C.—Mr. E. P. Chapman is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 26th October 1918.

JUDICIAL.

The 8th January 1919.

No. 195-C.—His Majesty the King-Emperor has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. W. S. Coutts, Barrister-at-Law, C.I.E., I.C.S., at present officiating as a Judge of the Patna High Court to be a Judge of that Court, with effect from the 26th October 1918, *vice*

The 10th January 1919.

No. 246-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 527, sub-section (1), of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the criminal case of Emperor *versus* Amir Hasan Auladali, accused under sections 193 and 209, Indian Penal Code, from the court of the 4th Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, to that of the District Magistrate, Lucknow, United Provinces.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Delhi, the 10th January 1919.

No. 14.—The Reverend R. MacOmish, M.A., B.D., a temporary chaplain on the Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment, Church of Scotland, is permitted to resign the service with effect from the date on which he relinquishes charge of his duties.

EDUCATION.

The 10th January 1919.

No. 27.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Mr. J. M. Bottomley, B.A., (Oxon), to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

Delhi, the 7th January 1919.

No. 185-C.—Mr. G. Taylor, M.R.C.V.S., Indian Civil Veterinary Department, is placed temporarily on special duty under the Government of Bombay with effect from the forenoon of the 17th December 1918.

FORESTS.

The 9th January 1919.

No. 195-C.—Consequent on the grant of leave on medical certificate to Mr. H. H. Forteath, Conservator of Forests, 2nd grade, Mr. S. L. Kenny, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is appointed to officiate, until further orders, as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, in charge of the Berar Circle, Central Provinces, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th December 1918.

GENERAL.

The 10th January 1919.

No. 198-C.—Mr. A. B. E. Thomson, Superintendent, 3rd grade, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 23 days under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th January 1919, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. F. W. Schofield, Secretariat Assistant, 1st Grade, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, during the absence on leave of Mr. Thomson or until further orders.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 10th January 1919.

No. 5-I. E.—The following extract from the Fifth Supplement dated the 26th August 1918, to the *London Gazette* of the 23rd August 1918, is published for general information :—

Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood,
St. James's Palace, S. W.,
26th August 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia :—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Eminent Order.

* * * * * *

Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel Llewellyn William Lewis, Special List.

* * * * * *

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 7th January 1919.

No. 85-I. C.—*Erratum.*—In the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 18-I. C., dated the 1st January 1919, *for* "Pandit Nagesh Abaji Khatwate, B.A., Nazim of the Rajgarh State, in Central India" *read* "Pandit Nagesh Abaji Khatwate, B.A., Nazim of the Narsingarh State, in Central India."

No. 71-Est. A.—Mr. P. B. Warburton, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-one days, combined with furlough on medical certificate for four months and nine days, with effect from the 5th December 1918, under Articles 233 and 311 (*a*), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 72-Est. A.—Major E. J. D. Colvin, of the Political Department, on return from military duty, is posted as Political Agent in Baghelkhand, with effect from the 5th December 1918.

The 8th January 1919.

No. 89-Est. A.—Mr. B. J. Glancy, of the Political Department, is posted as First Assistant to the Resident in Kashmir, with effect from the 13th December 1918.

No. 91-Est. A.—Major C. H. Gabriel, of the Political Department, was employed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, from the 25th to the 31st December 1918, inclusive.

No. 92-Est. A.—Major C. H. Gabriel, of the Political Department, is posted as First Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 1st January 1919.

No. 94-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel P. T. A. Spence, of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Political Agent in Malwa, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. 104-Est. A.—The services of Major J. S. Crosthwaite, of the Political Department, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 9th January 1919.

No. 109-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1918, namely:—

For section 68 of the Code the following shall be substituted:—

"68 (1) The Cantonment authority shall make rules to provide for the registration of all dogs kept within cantonment limits.

Registration and control of dogs. (2) Such rules shall provide amongst other matters—

(a) that in the case of dogs kept in the lines of military units, the registration shallt be carried out by the Officers Commanding the units;

(b) that every registered dog shall wear a collar to which shall be attached a metal token to be issued by the registration authority;

(c) that any dog not registered and wearing such token shall, if found in any public place, be detained at a place set apart for the purpose; and

(d) that a fee shall be charged for such detention, and any such dog shall be liable to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of, unless it be claimed within one week and the fee be paid.

(3) The Cantonment authority may—

(a) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined, for such period as the authority may direct, any dog or other animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering, from rabies or bitten by any dog or other animal so suffering or suspected;

(b) appoint by public notice certain periods within which any dogs without collars or other marks distinguishing them as private property found straying on the streets or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such dogs, may be destroyed, and destroy or cause them to be destroyed accordingly.

(4) No damages shall be payable in respect of any dog or other animal destroyed or otherwise disposed of under this section.

(5) Whoever, being the owner or person in charge of any dog, neglects to restrain it so that it shall not be at large in any street without a muzzle of such pattern as may be prescribed by the cantonment authority and a chain-lead,

(a) if such dog is likely to annoy or intimidate passengers, or

(b) if the cantonment authority has by public notice during the prevalence of rabies directed that dogs shall not be at large without muzzles and chain-leads,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 20."

The 10th January 1919.

No. 123-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Watson, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Agency Surgeon in Bundelkhand, with effect from the 14th December 1918.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 8th January 1919.

No. 85-Est. B.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave on medical certificate out of India under the Leave Rules of 1886 for the Indian Army, for one year with effect from the 16th October 1918:—

Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Kemball, Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province.

Pension service 30th year commenced on 11th February 1918.

The 9th January 1919.

No. 118-Est. A.—Lieutenant W. I. Lang, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis, is placed on special duty under the orders of His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Sistan and Kain for employment with the Sistan Levy Corps, with effect from the 23rd December 1918.

The 10th January 1919.

No. 80-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Captain Hedley William Fox as Vice-Consul for Norway at Chittagong.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

Delhi, the 11th January 1919.

No. 287-D.—The following War Trade Department list, dated the 2nd December 1918, and Order in Council, dated the 6th December 1918, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom are published for general information :—

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT,
4, CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
WESTMINSTER, S. W. 1,
2nd December, 1918.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited by the Royal Proclamation of the 10th May, 1917, as amended by Orders of Council of the 22nd June, 1917, the 13th July, 1917, the 14th August, 1917, the 28th August, 1917, the 18th October, 1917, the 27th November, 1917, the 18th December, 1917, the 22nd January, 1918, the 8th February, 1918, the 26th February, 1918, the 8th March, 1918, the 12th April 1918, the 25th April, 1918, the 14th May, 1918, the 11th June, 1918, the 2nd July, 1918, the 30th July, 1918, the 6th August, 1918, the 27th August, 1918, the 1st October, 1918, the 15th October, 1918, and the 19th November, 1918, further amended by Notices appearing in the *" Board of Trade Journal," to be exported from the United Kingdom to the following destinations, viz. :—

Goods marked (**A**) to All Destinations ;

Goods marked (**B**) to All Ports and Destinations Abroad other than Ports and Destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates ;

List C.—By order of Council dated the 1st October, 1918, All Goods [other than (1) printed matter and (2) personal effects accompanied by their owners] are prohibited from export to All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal, and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries. [As regards (1) it should be noted that certain forms of printed matter are prohibited under the prohibition on (B) Paper, etc., page 15.]

NOTE.—Goods removed from " A " or " B " automatically come under List C.

* *Orders of Council and notices issued subsequently to the date of this list are published in the* " Board of Trade Journal," *which may be obtained either directly or through any bookseller from the undermentioned branches of H. M. Stationery Office* :—

London : Imperial House, Kingsway, W. C. 2 ;

Cardiff : 1, St. Andrew's Crescent ;

Manchester : 37, Peter Street ;

Edinburgh : 23, Forth Street ;

or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Ltd , 115, Grafton Street, Dublin.

The attention of exporters is drawn to the fact that various articles marked B may, in view of the percentage of copper contained in them, be subject to the Copper Prohibition (List A). (See " Copper.")

Application must therefore be made to the War Trade Department for licences to export goods which fall within the aforementioned copper prohibition on account of the quantity of copper contained therein. Such applications should always indicate clearly the actual quantity of copper and/or copper alloys the goods contain.

This list cancels all similar lists issued by the War Trade Department prior to 2nd December, 1918.

A

Abrasives, artificial, see Carborundum.
(B) Accoutrements, not otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
(A) Acetanilide; (11-6-18).
(A) Acetates, all metallic.
(A) Acetic acid.
(A) Acetic anhydride; (19-2-17).
(A) Aceto-celluloses.
(A) Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) and its preparations.
(B) Aconite root; (11-6-18) (19-11-18).
Adzes, see Handles.
(A) Aerated and Mineral Waters, except unsweetened mineral waters; (1-5-17).
(A) Aeroplane dope.
(A) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
Agricultural machinery, see Machinery.
(A) Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
Aircraft, Steel stampings suitable for, see Steel.
Ajowan seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Albumen; (8-9-16) (19-2-17).
Ale, see Beer.
Alkaline bromides, see Bromine.
Alkaline tartrates, see Tartaric Acid.
(B) Aloes (30-3-17); (12-4-18) (9-11-18).
Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.
(A) Aluminium and alloys of aluminium; (18-10-17).
(A) Aluminium nitrate.
(A) Aluminium powder.
Alundum, see Carborundum.
(A) Ambergris; (8-2-18).
(A) American cotton ties, varnished or blacked; (28-7-16).
(A) Ammonia and its salts, whether simple or compound, and mixtures containing such salts; (19-1-17) (22-1-18) (6-8-18).
(A) Amyl acetate and other amyl esters; (15-1-17).
(A) Anchors; (30-3-17).
(A) Aneroids suitable for aircraft.
Animal fats, see Fats.
Animal hair, see Hair.
Animal hoofs, see Gluestock.
Animal oils, see Oils.
Animal waxes, see Waxes.
(A) Animals, living, for food; (12-12-16).
(A) Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war; (8-1-15).
(A) Antimony and alloys of antimony; (15-10-18).
(A) Antimony, sulphides and oxides of, and mixtures containing sulphides and oxides of antimony; (11-6-18).
(A) Anti-tetanus serum.
Apatites, see Phosphate Rock.
(B) Araroba or Goa powder; (27-11-17) (11-6-18) (19-11-18).
(A) Areca or betel nuts; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Arecoline; (27-11-17); (12-4-18).
(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
(A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.
(A) Arrowroot.
(A) Asbestos and articles manufactured wholly or partly of asbestos; (27-11-17).
Aspirin, see Acetylsalicylic Acid.
(A) Asphalt and articles containing asphalt; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
(A) Asphalt, coal tar; (25-5-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).
Awls, handles for, see Handles.
(A) Axes (10-5-17); (27-11-17); see also Handles.

B

(B) Badges, military.
(A) Baggings, old.
(A) Bags and sacks made wholly or partly of jute other than such bags or sacks as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
(A) Baking powder; (12-3-17).
Balata, see Rubber.
Ball bearings, see Bearings.
(A) Balsam of tolu; (19-11-18).
(A) Banana meal and banana flour and preparations containing banana meal and banana flour; (22-6-17).
Banknotes, see Notes.
Barbed wire, see Wire.
(B) Barium peroxide; (30-3-17).
(A) Barium sulphate and mixtures containing barium sulphate; (11-6-18) (6-8-18).
Bark, see Cascarilla, Cinchona, Witch Hazel.
(A) Barley, barley meal and pearled and pot barley.
(B) Barographs suitable for aircraft.
(A) Barometers and their component parts; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Barrels and casks, wooden (other than such barrels or casks as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods), whether whole or in shooks, and their distinctive component parts; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
(A) Basic slag; (23-10-16).
(B) Baudruche skin.
(B) Bauxite.
(A) Bayonets and their component parts.
(A) Beans of all kinds including haricots; (12-12-16) (27-11-17).
(A) Bean flour and meal.
(A) Bearings, ball and roller and steel balls and rollers suitable for bearings; (15-8-16).
(A) Beer and ale; (1-5-17).

(A) Beeswax; (28-8-17).
Beet seed, see Seeds.
Belaying pins, see Ships' rigging
Belt fasteners, see Castings.
Belting, see Rubber, &c.
(A) Benzoic acid (synthetic) and benzoates; (12-4-18).
(A) Benzol and its compounds and preparations.
Betel nuts, see Areca.
(A) Bicycles, component parts of, except tyres; (14-8-17) (15-10-18).
(A) Binder twine; (23-10-16) (12-3-17).
(A) Binnacles; (30-3-17).
Biscuit meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Biscuits.
(A) Bitumen, liquid or solid, and articles containing bitumen; (10-5-17) (22-6-17), (22-1-18), (26-2-18).
(A) Bladders (19-2-17), see also Fish Bladders.
(B) Blankets, manufactured wholly or partly of wool or hair; (8-3-18).
Blocks, wood and iron rigging, see Ships' rigging.
(A) Boats and craft, (10-5-17) (18-12-17).
(A) Boilers, including portable boilers and their component parts; (25-5-16) (14-5-18).
(A) Boiler tubes.
(A) Bolts, iron or steel; (13-7-17).
Bolts, see also Ships' rigging.
Bone ash, see Bones.
(A) Bone black; (15-1-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Bones (except fish bones) in any form and bone ash (see also Whalebone).
(A) Boots and shoes (children's), with soles or uppers of leather; (8-7-16) (30-3-17).
Boots and shoes materials and tools used in the manufacture of, the following; (8-9-16) (15-1-17) (19-2-17) (1-5-17) (22-6-17) (13-7-17).
- (A) Boot and shoe grindery, including clog nails.
- (A) Cutters; (2-7-18).
- (A) Drivers; (2-7-18).
- (A) Eyelets; (2-7-18).
- (A) Groovers; (2-7-18).
- (A) Hooks; (2-7-18).
- (A) Lasts; (14-8-17).
- (A) Shoemakers' machines and their component parts; (14-8-17).
- (A) Shoemakers' tools, hand and machine; (14-8-17).

Boring cutters, see Tools.
(A) Bottles, metal, such as can be used for containing mercury; (1-5-17).
Braces and bits, see Tools.
Braid, see Silk.
Bran, see Offals of Corn.
Brass, see Copper.
(A) Bread.
Brewers' grains, see Grains.
Bricks, see Magnesite, Silica.
(A) Bristles; (26-6-16); (8-3-18); (2-7-18).
Broccoli seed, see Seeds.
(A) Bromine and alkaline bromides: (12-4-18).
Bronze, see Copper.
(A) Brushes, Tooth; (19-11-18).
Brussels sprouts seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Buchu leaves; (27-11-17) (12-4-18)
Buckles, see Castings.
(A) Buckwheat; (12-12-16).
Buffalo hides, see Hides.
Builders' ironmongery, see Castings.
Bullion, see Silver.
(A) Burettes and their component parts (15-10-18).
(A) Butter.
(B) Buttons, military, made of metal.
Buttons, see Horn; Ivory.

C

Cabbage seed, see Seeds.
(A) Cables, chain.
(B) Cables, insulated.
Cables, see also Copper manufactures.
(B) Cadmium, alloys of cadmium and cadmium ore; (15-8-16).
(A) **Cakes and Meals** (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
- Biscuit meal;
- Calf meal;
- Cocoanut and poonac cake;
- Compound cakes and meal;
- Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal;
- Fish meal and concentrated fish;
- Gluten meal or gluten feed;
- Ground nut or earth nut cake and meal;
- Hemp seed cake and meal;
- Husk meal;
- Linseed cake and meal;
- Locust bean meal;
- Maize germ meal;
- Maize meal and flour;
- Meat meal;
- Palm nut cake and meal;
- Poppy seed cake and meal;
- Rape seed or colza seed cake and meal;
- Sesame seed cake and meal;
- Soya bean cake and meal;
- Sunflower seed cake and meal;
- Whale cake;
- Whale meal.

(A) Cakes.
(B) Calabar beans; (27-11-17) (12-4-18) 19-11-18).
(A) Calcium carbide; (12-3-17).
Calf meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Calfskins.
(A) Calumba root; (11-6-18).
(A) Calves' stomachs; (25-5-16).
Cambrics, see cotton.
Camp kettles, see Kettles.
(B) Camphor; (1-5-17).
(A) Candles (1-5-17) (8-2-18).
Cannabis Indica, see Indian hemp.
(A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
(A) Cantharides; (12-4-18).
(A) Canvas cuttings.
Caoutchouc, see Rubber, also Gums.

(A) Capsicum, including oleo-resin of Capsicum (2-7-18).
(A) Caramel, liquid or solid; (1-5-17).
(A) Carbon, coke oven; (6-8-18).
(B) Carbon disulphide; (19-11-18).
(A) Carbon, gas; (19-2-17).
(A) Carbon, pitch; (6-8-18).
Carbonyl chloride, see Phosgene.
(A) Carborundum, alundum, crystolon and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof; (7-6-16) (17-11-16) (11-6-18).
(A) Card clothing; (1-5-17) (10-5-17).
Card pins, see Steel.
Cardboard, see Paper.
Carnauba wax, see Wax.
Carrot seed, see Seeds.
(A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
Carriages, see Railway.
(A) Cartridges and charges of all kinds, and their component parts; (8-2-18).
(A) Casein and preparations thereof; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Cascara Sagrada and its preparations; (30-3-17) (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
(B) Cascarilla bark; (12-4-18).
(A) Casings; (19-2 17).
Casks, see Barrels.
(A) Cassava powder.
(A) Cassia pods and pulp (15-10-18).
(A) **Castings**, malleable, hæmatite iron, the following; (12-3-17) (14-8-17):—
Belt fasteners;
Buckles;
Builders' ironmongery;
Chain fittings;
Coat and hat hangers;
Conduit fittings;
Furniture fittings;
Hinges;
Horse clippers;
Lamp fittings;
Pipe flanges;
Spurs;
Stove fittings;
Tramway fittings;
Castings, see Armour Plates and Shipbuilding material.
Cast iron guttering, &c., see Guttering.
Cast iron pipes, see Pipes.
(B) Catechu; (11-6-18) (19-11-18).
Cattle foods, see Cakes and Meals.
Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, see Patent.
Cattle hides, see Hides.
Cauliflower seed, see Seeds.
Caustic potash, see Potash.
Caustic magnesite, see Magnesite.
Cedar-wood, oil of, see Oils.
Celery seed, see Seeds.
(A) Celluloid.
(A) "Celluloid" sheet, non-inflammable, and similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water.
(A) Cement for building and engineering purposes; (14-5-18).
(A) Cereals, Prepared foods derived wholly or partly from.
Chain cables, see Cables.
Chain fittings, see Castings.
Chains, rigging, see Ships' rigging.
Charges, see Cartridges.
(A) Cheese.
(A) Chicory; (30-3-17) (27-11-17).
Chicory seed, see Seeds.
(A) Chick peas; (12-12-16).
(B) Chiretta (15-10-18) (19-11-18).
Chisels, see Handles.
(A) Chloral, and its compounds and preparations; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
(B) Chlorates, metallic, other than potassium chlorate; (19-11-18).
(A) Chlorate, potassium, and mixtures containing potassium chlorate (19-11-18).
(B) Chrome ore.
(B) Chromium, compounds of (except chromium acetate, chromium chlorate and chromium nitrate), and mixtures containing such compounds of chromium.
(B) Chromium acetate; (19-11-18).
(B) Chromium chlorate; (19-11-18).
(B) Chromium nitrate; (19-11-18).
(A) Chronometers and their component parts; (23-10-16) (15-10-18).
(B) Chrysarobin; (27-11-17) (11-6-18) (19-11-18).
Chucks, see Tools.
Cigarette paper, see Paper.
(A) Cinchona bark, its alkaloids and their salts and preparations of any of these substances; (1-5-17) (27-11-17) (22-1-18).
(B) Cinematograph films; (19-11-18).
Cleats, see Ships' rigging.
Clog nails, see Boots and Shoes.
Clothing, see Card; Uniform; Wool; Silk.
Cloth, see Cotton; Insulating materials; Jute; Wool; etc.
Clover seed, see Seeds.
Cloves, see Spices.
(A) Coal, except coal, allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal; (27-11-17).
Coal tar asphalt, see Asphalt.
(B) Coal tar pitch (15-10-18).
(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof, (except solvent naphtha), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives; (26-7-16).
Coat and hat hangers, see Castings.
(B) Cobalt, cobalt ore, and alloys of cobalt.
(A) Cobaltchrom and similar alloys; (12-4-18).
(A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations; (17-11-16).
Cocoanut cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Copra, raw, and manufactures thereof; (19-2-17).

(A) Cocoa husks; (19-2-17).
(A) Cocoa shells; (19-2-17).
Cocoons, see Silk.
(A) Coffee; (19-2-17).
(A) Coffee essence, including coffee essence containing Chicory; (27-11-17).
(B) Coir yarn; (1-5-17).
(A) Coke and manufactured fuel; (18-12-17).
(B) Colchicum and its preparations.
Collar check, see Wool.
(B) Colocynth; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
Comb pins, see Steel.
Combs, see Horn.
Combings, see Malt.
(A) Compasses for ships, and component parts thereof; (30-3-17).
Compound cakes and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Condenser tubes, see Shipbuilding Materials.
(A) Condiments (except table salt) not otherwise specifically prohibited (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
Conduit fittings, see Castings.
(A) Confectionery manufactured wholly, or partly of sugar; (12-3-17).
(A) **Copper,** whether refined or unrefined, unwrought, wrought, or partly wrought of all kinds and descriptions, including brass, bronze, yellow metal, and all other alloys of copper; (23-2-17).
(A) Copper or its alloys, all articles wholly or partly manufactured of, except the following:—
Armlets; armbands; bedsteads and parts; belts; braces; buttons; calendars; cameras; candlesticks; clocks and clock movements; collar studs; coffin furniture; dating stamps; dog collars; domestic balances and spring balances; drawing pins; drawing instruments; electric lamps; electro-plate ware; fancy goods with metal mounts and fittings; fireirons; fishing tackle; fountain pens; clips; garters; golf clubs; gramophones and gramophone parts; gauges, steam and water; hatpins; hair slides; harness and saddlery fittings; inkstands; lamps; letter clips; letter balances; letter files; locks and lock furniture; military badges; manicure sets; mathematical instruments; measuring tapes and rules; musical instruments and parts thereof; nozzles; padlocks; pencil holders; pencil cases; pen holders; pen nibs; photograph accessories; pipes and smokers' sundries; pocket electric lamps; pocket knives; safety razors and parts; spectacles and eyeglass frames; suspenders; thimbles; tieclips; toys; games and athletic goods; umbrella and umbrella furniture; valves; walking sticks; whistles; and other articles in which the total weight of copper and copper alloys does not exceed 5 per cent. of the total weight of the article and does not exceed 56 lbs.
(A) Copper ore; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate; (27-2-17).
(A) Copper stamps for stamping woven piece goods; (28-6-16).
(A) Copper sulphate; (12-4-18).
(A) Coppers and their component parts (14-5-18).
Cordage and twine, see Binder twine; Flax; Hemp manufactures; Jute cordage.
Cordite presses, see Implements, &c.
(A) Cork and cork dust; (22-1-18) (14-5-18).
(B) Corks, crown; (14-5-18).
(A) Cornflour.
(A) Corn grits.
Corn offals, see Offals.
Corrugated sheets, see Galvanised sheets.
Cotton, manufactures of, the following:—
(A) Typewriter cloth and fine cotton cambrics, in the grey, from 40 to 50 inches wide and weighing from 1½ ounces to 4 ounces per square yard; (11-6-18).
(A) Cotton rags and rags containing cotton.
(A) Cotton, raw; (12-3-17).
(A) Cotton yarn, made from or containing Sea Island cotton, whether grown in the United States of America or the West Indies; (1-5-17) (14-5-18).
Cotton seed cake, and cotton seed meal, see Cakes and Meal.
Cotton ties, see American.
(A) Cotton waste, and articles containing cotton waste.
Craft, see Boats.
Cream of Tartar, see Tartaric Acid.
Cresol, see meta-cresol; para-cresol.
(A) Crysolite; (15-8-16).
Crystolon, see Carborundum.
(B) Cubebs; (27-11-17) (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
Culms, see Malt.
(A) Culvers root (15-10-18).
(B) Cutch, and extracts thereof; (28-8-17) (19-11-18).
Cutters, see Boots and Shoes, materials for; Tools, small; Wire, barbed.
Cycle fittings, see Bicycles.
Cycles, see Bicycles, Motor Vehicles.
(B) Cylinders, metal, capable of use for the storage of gases or liquids under pressure; (14-8-17) (19-11-18).

D

(B) Damiana; (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
(A) Dari.
Deadeyes, see Ships' rigging.
(A) Deer skins; (15-10-18).
Delta metal, see Copper.

(A) Dextrine and all articles and mixtures and preparations containing dextrine; (19-2-17), (10-5-17).
Dhol, see Gram.
Dies for cartridge cases, see Implements, &c.
Diesel engines, see Shipbuilding material.
(A) Dimethylaniline.
Distillers' grains, see Grains, &c.
(B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
Drawings, see Maps.
(B) Draw plates, jewelled for drawing wire; (8-1-15).
Drivers, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
(A) Drums, iron or steel, other than such drums as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods; (14-5-18).
(A) Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.

E

Earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Eggs in shells.
(A) Egg Powder; (1-5-17).
(A) Egg, yolk and liquid; (8-9-16) (19-2-17).
Electrical insulating materials, see Insulating.
Electric lamp filaments, see Tungsten.
Enamel, gold, see Gold.
Engines, internal combustion, see Shipbuilding material.
Engines, see Aeroplane; Railway carriages.
Equipment, military, see Badges; Buttons.
Equipment web, see Web.
(A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot; (10-5-17) (12-4-18) (15-10-18).
(A) Esparto grass.
(A) Explosives, other than industrial; (19-11-18).
Eyelets, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
Eyeplates, see Ships' rigging.

F

Faller pins, see Steel.
(A) Farina; (19-2-17).
Farming implements, see Machinery, agricultural.
(A) Fats, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such fats, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (19-2-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Fatty acids, and articles and mixtures containing fatty acids, not otherwise specifically rohibited; (27-11-17).
(B) Felt made wholly or partly of wool or hair (except roofing felt and saddle felt, which see); (8-3-18).
(A) Felt, roofing; (26-2-18).
Felt, saddle, see Wool.
Fenugreek seed, see Seeds.
Ferberite, see Tungsten Ores.
Ferro-alloys, the following:—
(B) Ferro-cerium.
(A) Ferro-manganese; (22-6-17).
(B) Ferro-titanium.
(B) Ferro-vanadium.
(B) Solicon spiegel; (15-8-16).
(B) Spiegeleisen.
(A) Ferro-silicon.
Fibre, Maguey, see Hemp.
(A) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (15-8-16). (19-12-16) (1-5-17) (28-5-17) (8-2-18).
Fibre, vulcanised, see Insulating materials.
Filaments for Electric Lamps, see Tungsten.
Files, see Shoemakers' tools; Tools, small; Handles.
Films, see Cinematograph, Photographic.
Finings, see Glue.
(A) Firearms and their component parts; (8-2-18).
(A) Fish.
Fish bladders, see Gluestock.
Fish glue, see Glue.
(A) Fish hooks; (18-10-17).
Fish oil, see Oils.
(A) Fishing gear, including fish hooks, but not including other tackle for fishing by rod and line; (15-10-18).
Fishmeal and concentrated fish, see Cakes and Meal.
Fittings, metal, see Castings.
(A) Flax and linen, all goods wholly or partly manufactured of, except made up articles of wearing apparel; (29-9-16) (28-8-17) (27-11-17) (18-12-17) (8-2-18).
(A) Flax cordage and twine; (18-12-17).
(A) Flax, raw.
(A) Flax shakings.
(A) Flax tow.
(A) Flax waste.
Fleshes, see Pickled Grains.
Flour, see Banana; Bean; Corn; Lentil; Malt; Maize; Pea; Potato; Rice; Rye; Sago; Tapioca; Wheat.
Flyers, see Steel.
Foods prepared from cereals, see Cereals.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, see specific headings as, *e.g.*, Beans; Cakes; Hay, Oats, &c.
(A) Forage, green.
Forks, see Tools; see also Handles.
(A) Formic acid; (27-11-17).
(A) Formic aldehyde; (12-4-18).
Formic ether, see Ether.
(A) Fruit and fruit preserves; (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (19-2-17).

(A) Fuel economisers constructed of cast iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers; (12-12-16).
Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.
Fuel oil, see Oil.
Furniture fittings, see Castings.
(B) Fustic (chips and extracts); (22-1-18) (19-11-18).

G

(A) Gall nuts and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
(A) Galvanised sheets, corrugated or flat; (26-7-16) (10-5-17).
Galvanised wire, see Wire.
(A) Gambier and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
(A) Game.
Gas carbon, see Carbon.
Gas Mantles, see Ramie.
(A) Gas meters and component parts thereof.
Gauges for cartridges and shells, see Implements, &c.
Gelatine, see Glue.
(B) Gelsemium root; (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
(B) Gentian root; (10-5-17) (11-6-18) (19-11-18).
Gilding solution, see Gold.
Gill pins, see Steel.
Gimlets, see Handles.
(A) Ginger crystallised or preserved; (2-2-17) (10-5-17), see also Spices.
(A) Glass for optical instruments.
(A) Glucose, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
(A) Glue, osseine, and concentrated size (and other sizes and sizings made from glue), fishglue, finings and other kinds of gelatine; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).
(A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts not otherwise specifically prohibited, and fish bladders; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (14-5-18) (19-11-18).
Gluten meal, or gluten feed, see Cakes and Meals.
Goa powder, see Araroba.
(A) Goat skins; (18-10-17).
(A) Goldbeater's skin.
(A) Gold leaf; (15-10-18)
(A) Gold, liquid, including gold paint, gold enamel, gilding solution and all other pigments containing gold; (12-4-18).
Gouges, see Handles.
(A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'; (12-12-16).
Grains, Pickled, see Pickled.
(A) Gram or dhol; (12-12-16).
(A) Grass, esparto.
Grass seed, see Seeds.
(A) Grates and registers for heating purposes, and their component parts; (6-8-18).
(A) Green forage; (12-12-16).
(A) Grenades and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
(A) Grindelia; (12-4-18).
Grindery, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.
Ground nut, or earth nut, cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Grovers, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.
(A) Guanos; (2-2-17).
(B) Gums containing caoutchouc.
(A) Gums not otherwise specifically prohibited, see also Resins; (1-5-17) (12-4-18).
Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
Gun-metal, see Copper.
Gutta-percha, see Rubber.
(A) Guts: (19-2-17). See also Silkworm.
(A) Guttering, cast iron, and cast iron gutter fittings and connections; (2-7-18).

H

Hackle pins, see Steel.
Hacksaws and their component parts; see Tools
(A) Hair, animal, and tops, noils, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).
(B) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations; and except the following:—Bedding, belting, carpets and carpet rugs and hats; (8-3-18) (19-11-18).
Hair, see Blankets; Felt; Rugs.
(B) Hammers, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-3-17) (27-11-17); see also Tools, also Handles.
(A) Handles and helves for grubbers, pickaxes, spades, and shovels; (12-3-17).
(A) Handles for adzes, awls, axes, chisels, files, forks (agricultural, stone, roadmaking, and coke), gimlets, gouges, hammers (hand), hoes, hooks (brushing and reaping), rakes, roadscrapers, screwdrivers (or turnscrews) and scythes; (27-11-17) (14-5-18) (15-10-18).
Haricots, see Beans.
(A) Hatchets; (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
Hat hangers, see Castings.
Hawsers, see Steel.
(A) Hay.
(A) Heliographs and their component parts; (2-7-18).

Hemp and Hemp manufactures, the following:—
(A) Hemp ropes, old.
(A) Hemp waste.
(A) Hemp of all kinds (including Indian hemp used in textile manufacture), Maguey fibre and manufactures thereof, except Tagal braid; (8-3-18).
See also Indian Hemp.

Hempseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(B) Henbane and its preparations; (10-5-17).

(A) Hexamethylene tetramin (urotropine) and its compounds and preparations; (11-6-18).
(A) Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses.
(A) Hides and pelts, clippings of; (12-12-16) (14-5-18).
Hides and pelts untanned, see Gluestock, &c.
Hinges, see Castings.
Hoe handles, see Handles.
(A) Hominy
(A) Honey and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing honey; (25-5-16) (19-2-17).
Hoofs, animals, see Gluestock.
Hooks, see Boots and Shoes, material for; Fish; Handles.
(A) Horn, buttons and combs, manufactured of.
Horn, see ox and cow.
Horse clippers, see Castings.
Horsehides, see Hides.
Horse rugs, see Rugs.
Hosiery needles, see Needles.
Hubnerite, see Tungsten Ores.
Husk meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(B) Huts, wooden.
(A) Hydrastis canadensis and hydrastine; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (12-4-18).
(A) Hydrobromic acid; (11-6-18).
(B) Hydrogen peroxide; (30-3-17).
(A) Hydrometers made of glass (15-10-18).
(A) Hydroquinone, and mixtures containing hydroquinone.

I

(A) **Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea,** the following:—
Cordite presses;
Dies for cartridge cases;
Gauges for cartridges or shells;
Incorporators;
Lapping machines;
Rifling machines;
Wire-winding machines.
Implements for cutting or fixing barbed wire, see Wire.
(A) Incandescent gas mantle rings; (18-12-17).
Incorporators, see Implements.
(B) Indian hemp (*Cannabis indica*); (27-11-17).
(A) Indigo, synthetic; (6-8-18).
(A) Ingot moulds manufactured of hæmatite iron; (14-5-18).
Insulated cables, see Cables.
Insulated wires, see Wires.
Insulating materials, the following:—
(B) Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk, and tape; (14-5-18).
(B) Vulcanised fibre; (14-5-18).
(A) Invert sugar, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing invert sugar; (28-8-17).
(B) Ipecacuanha root; (19-11-18).
(B) Iridium and its alloys and manufactures containing iridium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Iron and steel castings, and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships, see Shipbuilding Material.
(A) Iron and iron articles containing chrome, cobalt, molybdenum, nickel, tungsten or vanadium; (1-5-17).
Iron (1-5-17), the following:—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and and other sectional material.
(A) Bars, including flats, rounds and other sections and shapes.
(A) Billets, blooms and slabs.
Bolts, see Bolts.
(A) Bridgework, pierwork and constructional material.
Castings, see Castings; also Shipbuilding material.
Channels, see Angles above.
Constructional material, see Bridgework above.
Drums, see Drums.
Flats, see Bars above.
Forgings, see Castings, also Shipbuilding material
Guttering, &c., cast, see Guttering.
(A) Hoops and strips.
(A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles above.
Moulds, see Ingot.
Nails see Nails.
Nuts, see Nuts.
(A) Ore.
Pierwork, see Bridgework above.
(A) Pig.
(A) Pipes, wrought (see also Pipes, cast).
(A) Piping, see Piping.
(A) Plates and sheets.
(A) Pyrites.
Radiators, see Radiators.
Rails, see Railway material.
Rivets, see Rivets.
Rounds, see Bars above.
(A) Scrap.
Sections, see Bars above.
(A) Sheet bars.
Sheets, see Plates above.
Slabs, see Billets above.
Sleepers, see Railway material.
Springs, see Railway material.
Tees, see Angles above.
(A) Tubes.
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
(A) Iron, oxides of, and mixtures containing iron oxides; (2-7-18).
Ironmongery, builders, see Castings.
(A) Ivory, vegetable, and buttons manufactured thereof; (10-5-17) (22-6-17).

J

(B) Jaborandi leaves; (15-10-18) (9-11-18).
(A) Jalap; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
Jellies, see Mineral; Rubber.
Jimcrows, see Tools, small.

(A) Jute cordage and twine; (7-6-16) (18-12-17).
(A) Jute, padding; (30-3-17) (18-12-17).
(A) Jute, piece goods made wholly or partly of; (28-7-16) (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
(A) Jute rags; (15-1-17).
(A) Jute, raw and carded; (12-3-17).
(A) Jute threads; (18-12-17).
(A) Jute twist; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
(A) Jute waste.
(A) Jute webbing; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
(A) Jute wrappers (Surat tares) other than such wrappers as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (28-6-16) (19-12-16).
(A) Jute yarns; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).

K

Kale seed, see Seeds.
Kernels, oleaginous, see oleaginous.
(B) Kettles, camp.
Kohl rabi seed, see Seeds.

L

(A) Lacs, not including lac dye; (12-4-18).
(A) Lactates, not otherwise prohibited; (22-6-17).
(A) Lactic acid; (22-6-17).
Lactose, see Milk Sugar.
Lamp fittings, see Castings.
Lapping machines, see Implements.
(A) Lard of all kinds and imitation lard; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
Lasts, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
Latch needles, see Needles.
Lathe tools, see Tools, small.
(A) Lead coated sheets; (15-8-16).
(A) Lead ore; (18-10-17).
(A) Lead, lead alloys, and manufactures of lead or of lead alloys; (12-12-16) (30-3-17).
(A) Lead compounds and mixtures containing lead compounds; (30-3-17).
(A) Leather, except chamois, skivers and seal; (30-3-17) (19-11-18).
(A) Leather, waste; (8-3-18).
Leek seed, see Seeds.
(A) Lentil flour and meal.
(A) Lentils; (12-12-16).
Lettuce seed, see Seeds.
(A) Levulose; (22-6-17).
Lime phosphate, see Phosphate Rock.
Lime soda, see Soda.
Linen, see Flax.
(A) Linen rags.
Linen thread, see Flax.
(A) Linen waste.
Linen yarn, see Flax.
Linseed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Liquorice roots and juice; (22-6-17) (11-6-18).
(A) Lobelia; (15-10-18).
Locomotives, see Railway Carriages.
Locust bean meal, see Cakes and Meals.

(A) Lubricants not otherwise specifically prohibited and articles and mixtures containing such lubricants; (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Lupin seed, see Seeds.

M

(A) Macaroni.
(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming, and component parts thereof, including hand tools for agricultural or farm purposes except the following:—Hoes; hooks; bill, brushing and reaping and similar hooks; matchets; mattocks; picks and pickaxes; planting bars; pruning saws and knives; shears; sickles; scythes; (26-7-16) (12-12-16) (12-3-17) (14-8-17) (18-10-17).
Machinery, Ships, see Shipbuilding material.
Machines, shoemakers, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
(B) Magnesite and magnesite bricks.
(A) Magnesite, caustic or lightly calcined, and dead burnt magnesite.
(B) Magnesium chloride, and sulphate and mixtures containing magnesium chloride or sulphate.
(A) Magnesium and its alloys.
(B) Magnetos and component parts thereof; (10-5-17) (19-11-18).
Maguey Fibre, see Hemp.
(A) Maize; (12-12-16).
(A) Maize germs; (12-12-16).
Maize germ meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Male fern rhizome; (12-4-18).
(A) Malt; (19-2-17).
(A) Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings; (12-12-16).
(A) Malt sugar (maltose) and articles and preparations containing malt sugar; (19-2-17) (28-8-17).
(A) Mandioca.
(A) Manganese, peroxide of, and mixtures and preparations thereof; (12-12-16).
(B) Manganese and Manganese ore.
Mangold seed, see Seeds.
(A) Mannite; (22-6-17).
Mantles, see Ramie.
(A) Manures, compound; (2-2-17).
(A) Manures, organic; (2-2-17).
(B) Maps and Plans of any place within the territory of any belligerent or within the area of military operations, on a scale of four miles to one inch or on any larger scale, and reproductions on any scale by photography or otherwise of such maps or plans.
(A) Margarine; (19-2-17).
(A) Matches; (29-9-16) (18-12-17).
(A) Mattresses, wire, fixed on wooden frames; (14-5-18).
Meals, see Banana; Barley; Bean; Cakes; Lentil; Oat; Pea; Rye; Sago; Wheat.

Measuring tools, see Tools, small.
(A) Meat of all kinds (including tinned and potted meat); (19-2-17).
(A) Meat, extract of; (19-2-17).
Meat meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Meta-cresol; (19-11-18).
Metals and Ores, see specific headings, *e.g.*, Copper, Iron, &c.
Metal containers, see Bottles; Cylinders
Metal-working machinery, see Machinery.
(A) Methylaniline.
(B) Methyl salicylate; (10-5-17).
(A) Mica block, mica sheets, and mica splittings; (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Middlings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Milk, condensed or preserved.
(A) Milk powder; (12-12-16).
(A) Milk sugar (lactose); (22-6-17).
Mill dust and screenings, see Offals of Corn.
Millboard, see paper.
(A) Millet; (12-12-16).
Milling cutters, see Tools, small.
(A) Mineral jellies; (22-6-17).
Mineral waters, see Aerated.
Mineral waxes, see Waxes.
(B) Mines and their component parts.
(A) Molasses, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing molasses; (26-7-16) (22-6-17).
(B) Molybdenum and molybdenite.
Motor ploughs, see Machinery, Agricultural.
(A) Motor spirit; (22-6-17).
(A) Motor vehicles, motor bicycles, and their component parts and accessories; (14-8-17) (12-4-18).
Moulds, ingot, see Ingot.
Mungo, see Woollen Rags.
(A) Mustard; (1-5-17) (11-6-18).
Mustard seed, see Seeds.

N

(A) Nails manufactured from iron or steel wire.
(A) Nails, wrought and cut, iron or steel; (11-6-18).
(A) Nautical instruments and their component parts; (30-3-17) (2-2-18).
(A) Needles for bootmaking machines; (10-5-17).
(A) Needles, hosiery machine, latch; (23-10-16) (18-10-17).
(A) Nickel, its ores, and alloys; (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
(B) Nickel nitrate; (19-11-18).
(B) Nickel, oxides and salts of (except nickel ammonium sulphate and nickel nitrate, which are prohibited to all destinations), and mixtures containing such oxides or salts of nickel; (22-1-18).
(A) Nicotine and its compounds; (6-8-18).
(A) Nightlights; (18-12-17) (8-2-18).
(A) Nitrometers, and their component parts; (15-10-18).
Noils, see Silk; Wool.
*Notes of the Bank of France; (27-8-18).
† Notes of the United States Government and United States Bank notes; (27-8-18).
(A) Notes, Russian rouble; (26-2-18).
(A) Nuts, iron or steel; (13-7-17).
(A) Nuts used as fruit.
Nuts, see Ground Nuts, Oleaginous, Saponaceous.
(A) Nux vomica; (12-4-18) (14-5-18) (11-6-18).
(B) Nux vomica alkaloids and their preparations; (12-4-18).

O

(A) Oakum; (8-2-18).
(A) Oats.
(A) Oatmeal and rolled oats.
(A) Ochres and mixtures containing ochres; (15-10-18).

Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following :—

(A) Bran.
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mill dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.

Oils, various :—

(A) Oils, fish, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing such oils; (1-5-17) (18-10-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Oil fuel, except oil fuel allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped for use on board the exporting ship; (22-6-17).
(A) Oil fuel, shale; (22-6-17).
(A) Oil of cedarwood; (15-10-18).
(A) Oil of peppermint; (15-10-18).
(A) Oil of sassafras; (15-10-18).
Oil, paraffin, see Paraffin.
Oils, petroleum, see Petroleum.
(B) Oil, sandalwood; (18-10-17).
(B) Oil waste.
(A) Oils, fixed, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such oils, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (27-11-17).

Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk and tape, see Insulating material.
(A) Oilstones; (27-11-17).
(A) Oleaginous kernels, nuts, seeds, and products of all kinds; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Oleo-margarine; (19-2-17)
Oleo-resin of capsicum, see Capsicum.
(A) Onions.
Onion seed, see Seeds.
(A) Opium and its preparations.
(A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Optical glass, see Glass.
Ordnance, see Cannon; Carriages.
Osiers, see Willows.

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France.
† Notes and bank notes of the United States are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in the United States.

(B) Osmium and its alloys and manufactures containing osmium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Osseins, see Glue.
(A) Ox and cow horn.
(B) Oxalic acid.

P

(A) Packing cases, empty wooden, and their distinctive component parts, including box shooks and staves, other than such wooden packing cases as have been previously imported full and are being returned empty whether whole or in parts.
Padding, see Jute.
Paint, gold, see Gold.
(B) Palladium and its alloys and manufactures containing palladium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Palmnut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Paper, cigarette; (2-7-18).
(B) Paper and cardboard (including strawboard, pasteboard, millboard, and wood pulp board) and manufactures of paper and cardboard, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (2-7-18).
(A) Paper, waste.
(A) Par -cre-ol; (19-11-18).
(A) Paraffin, liquid medicinal; (22-6-17).
(A) Paraffin oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Paraffin wax, (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Paraformaldehyde.
Parsnip seed, see Seeds.
Pasteboard, see Paper.
(A) Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
(A) Pea flour and meal.
(A) Peas; (2-2-17).
(A) Pegs, wooden, suitable for use in the manufacture of boots and shoes; (15-1-17).
Pelts, see Gluestock, etc.; Hides; Sheepskins
Pepper, see Spices.
Peppermint, oil of, see Oils.
(A) Periscopes and their component parts; (10-5-17)
(A) Petroleum fuel oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum gas oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum lighting oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum spirit and articles containing petroleum spirit; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum and its products not otherwise specifically prohibited; and mixtures thereof (22-6-17).
(A) Phosgene (carbonyl chloride).
(A) Phosphate rock, namely:—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina; (2-2-17).
(A) Phosphorus compounds; (22-1-18) (19-11-18).
Photographs, see Maps.
(B) Pickled grains and fleshes; (26-7-16).
(A) Pickles; (15-1-17).
(A) Pigeon peas; (12-12-16).
Pigments containing gold, see Gold.
(A) Pigskins (15-10-18).
Pincers, see Tools, small.
Pins, see Steel.
Pipe cutters, see Tools, small.
Pipe flanges, see Castings.
(A) Pipes, cast iron, and cast iron pipe fittings and connections; (26-7-16) (2-7-18).
Pipes, see also Copper; Iron; Lead.
(A) Piping, sheet iron or steel, for stoves or for ranges, and parts thereof; (14-5-18).
Pistols, see Firearms.
Planes, wood and iron, see Tools, small.
Plans, see Maps.
Plates, see Copper; Drawplates; Iron; Photographic; Steel; Tin Plates.
(A) Platinum, alloys of platinum, and manufactures containing platinum, except artificial teeth.
(A) Platinum, salst of.
(B) Plumbago.
(A) Plywood; (1-5-17).
(A) Podophyllum rhizome; (12-4-18) (1-5-18).
Pollard, see Offals of Corn.
Poonac cake, see Cakes and Meals.
Poppy seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
(A) Potash, muriate, nitrate (saltpetre), sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances; (19-2-17).
(B) Potash salts, and mixtures containing such potash salts, not otherwise prohibited; (19-2-17).
(A) Potassium bicarbonate and mixtures containing potassium bicarbonate; (18-7-17).
(A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate; (22-6-17).
Potassium chlorate, see Chlorate.
(A) Potassium cyanide, and mixtures containing potassium cyanide.
(A) Potassium perchlorate.
(A) Potassium permanganate.
(A) Potassium prussiates and mixtures containing potassium prussiates; (12-3-17).
(A) Potatoes; (7-6-16).
(A) Potato flour; (7-6-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Poultry; (4-7-16) (23-9-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
Preserves, see Fruit.
Prints see Maps.
(A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
Pulp, see Tomato; Wood.
(A) Pulp-board waste.
Pyrites, see Iron.
(B) Pyrogallic acid, and mixtures containing pyrogallic acid.

Q

(B) Quassia wood; (11-6-18) (19-11-18).
Quinine, see Cinchona.

(A) Cauliflower.
(A) Celery; (14-8-17).
(A) Chicory; (14-8-17).
(A) Clover; (14-8-17).
(A) Fenugreek; (22-6-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Grass; (14-8-17).
(A) Kale; (14-8-17).
(A) Kohl rabi.
(A) Leek; (14-8-17).
(A) Lettuce; (14-8-17).
(A) Lupin; (12-12-16).
(A) Mangold.
(A) Mustard; (23-2-17).
(A) Onion
(A) Parsnip.
(A) Shallot; (14-8-17).
(A) Spinach; (14-8-17).
(B) Strophanthus; (12-4-18).
(A) Swede.
(A) Tomato; (14-8-17).
(A) Turnip.
(A) Vetch or tare; (15-10-18).

Seeds, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
(B) Selenium.
(A) Semolina.
(A) Senega root; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
(B) Senna leaves and pods; (12-4-18).
(A) Serpentary rhizome; (12-4-18).
Sesame seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Shackles, see Ships' rigging.
Shale, see Oil, Fuel.
Shallot seed, see Seeds.
Sharps, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Sheepskins, haired or woolled and pelts; (23-10-16) (18-10-17).
Sheets, see Galvanised; Iron; Lead coated; Mica; Steel.
Shipbuilding Materials; (15-1-17) (30-3-17) the following:—
(A) Condenser tubes.
(A) Engines for use on board ships (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines.
(A) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
(A) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
(A) Sectional materials for shipbuilding; (26-7-16).
(A) Ships' auxiliary machinery.
(A) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof.
(A) Steering gear and component parts thereof.
(A) Winches.
(A) Windlasses.
See also Fuel Economisers.

Ships' Rigging; (27-11-17) Fittings for the following:—
(A) Belaying pins.
(A) Blocks, wood and iron rigging.
(A) Bolts.
(A) Chains, rigging.
(A) Cleats.
(A) Deadeyes.
(A) Eyeplates.
(A) Screws, rigging, set or stretching.
(A) Shackles
(A) Thimbles.

Ships' compasses, see Compasses.
Shoddy, see Wool.
Shoemakers' tools and materials, see Boots.
Shoes, see Boots.
(A) Siennas and mixtures containing siennas; (2-7-18) (15-10-18.)
Signalling apparatus, see Submarine.
(A) Silica bricks.
(A) Silicon manganese; (10-5-17).
(B) Silicon-speigel; (15-8-16)
Silk and Silk Manufactures; (23-10-16) (15-1-17) the following:—
(A) All threads, yarns and twists of Tussah silk and of artificial silk.
(A) Cocoons
(A) Raw silk and all threads, yarns and twists thereof; (15-1-17).
(B) Silk bolting cloth.
(A) Silk waste of all kinds (including artificial silk waste) and all threads, yarns and twists thereof, including noils and noil yarns.
(B) Silkworm gut (surgical); (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin; (12-4-18)
(A) Sisal strings, old.
(A) Sisal waste.
Skins, see Calf; Deer; Goat; Gold-beater; Hides; Pig; Sausage; Seal; Sheep.
Slitting saws, see Tools.
Small tools, see Tools.
(A) Soap including soft soap; (26-2-18).
(A) Soda crystals; (19-11-18).
(B) Sodium hyposulphite (thiosulphate) and mixtures containing sodium hyposulphite.
(A) Sodium peroxide; (22-6-17).
(B) Sodium prussiates and mixtures containing sodium prussiates; (12-3-17) (19-11-18).
Solder, see Copper, Lead.
(A) Soups, compressed and desiccated; (19-2-17).
Soya bean cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Spaghetti.
(B) Sparking plugs; (15-8-16) (19-11-18).
(A) Spelter and spelter dross.
(A) Spermaceti; (1-6-17).
Spices, the following:—
(A) Cloves.
(A) Ginger.
(A) White Pepper
(B) Black Pepper.
(B) Spiegeleisen; (12-12-16) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).
Spinach seed, see Seeds.
Spirit, Motor, see Motor.

Spirit, Petroleum, see Petroleum.
(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 43 degrees above proof; (26-7-16) (22-1-18).
Spokeshaves, see Tools, small.
Spurs, see Castings.
(A) Squills; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
Stamps, copper, used for stamping woven piece goods. See Copper.
(A) Starch, articles containing starch and mixtures, and preparations of starch (19-2-17).

Steel; (1-5-17) (10-5-17), the following:—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other steel sectional material.
Balls, see Bearings.
(A) Bars, including flats, rounds, and other sections or shapes; (1-5-17).
(A) Billets.
(A) Blooms.
Bolts, see Bolts.
(A) Bridgework, pierwork, and structural material.
Castings, see Shipbuilding Material.
Channels, see Angles, &c., above.
Drums, see Drums.
(A) Flats, see Bars above.
(A) Flyers; (10-5-17).
(A) Hawsers; (25-5-16).
(A) Hoops; (8-9-16).
(A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles, &c., above.
Nails see Nails.
Nuts, see Nuts.
Pierwork, see Bridgework, &c., above.
Piping, see Piping.
(A) Plates and sheets; (29-9-16) (1-5-17).
Pins, see Textile, below.
Rails, see Railway Material.
Rivets, see Rivets.
Rounds, see Bars, &c., above.
(A) Scrap.
Screws, see Wood Screws.
Sectional material, see Angles, &c., above.
Sections, see Bars, &c., above.
Sheets, see Plates, &c., above.
(A) Sheet bars.
(A) Slabs.
Sleepers, see Railway Material.
Springs, see Railway Material.
(A) Stampings suitable for aircraft.
Structural Material, see Bridgework, above.
Tees, see Angles, &c., above.
(A) Textile pins of all kinds, including card pins, comb pins, faller pins, gill pins, and hackle pins.
(A) Travellers.
(A) Tubes.
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
(A) Wire rope; (25-5-16).
(A) Steel, containing tungsten or molybdenum.
(A) Steel containing chrome, cobalt, nickel, or vanadium; (29-9-16), (1-5-17).
(A) Stellite and similar alloys; (12-4-18).
(A) Stoves, heating, capable of consuming coal, coke, or other solid fuel, and their component parts; (14-5-18).
Stoves, piping for, see Piping.
Stove fittings, see Castings.
(B) Stramonium leaves and seeds.
(A) Straw.
Strawboard, see Paper.
(A) Strawboard waste.
Strophanthus seed; see Seeds.
(B) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
(A) Sugar, cane and beet, and articles, mixtures, and preparations contraining sugar, cane or beet; (10-5-17); see also Confectionary; Malt Sugar; Milk Sugar; Invert Sugar.
(A) Sulphonal.
Sunflower seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals
(A) Superphosphates.
Surat tares, see Jute Wrappers.
Swede seed, see Seeds.
(A) Swords and their component parts.
(B) Syringes, hypodermic.
(A) Syrups which may be used as food for man; (19-2-17).

T

(A) Tallow, and acticles, mixtures, and preparations containing tallow; (19-2-17) (1-5-17) (22-6-17).
(A) Tanning extracts, and substances for use in tanning; (23-10-16) (30-3-17) (14-8-17) (28-8-17).
Tape, Oiled, see Insulating Materials.
(A) Tapers; (8-2-18).
(A) Tapioca and tapioca flour.
(A) Tar, vegetable; (6-8-18).
Tare seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Tartaric acid, cream of tartar, alkaline tartrates; (5-12-14) (8-1-15) (12-4-18).
(A) Tea, including tea waste, sweepings, dust and fluff, whether denatured or not; (28-6-16); (19-2-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Telegraphs (including wireless) and telephones, and instruments and material for, including valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus; (15-1-17) (23-2-17) (28-8-17).
Telegraphs, ships, see Shipbuilding Materials.
(A) Telescopes and their component parts; (2-7-18).
(B) Tents and their component parts.
Medicinal terebene only, for painters terebene, see Turpentine Substitute.
(A) Terneplates; (15-8-16).
Textile pins, see Steel.
(A) Thelrmometers, clinical; (17-11-16) (12-12-16).
Thimbles, see Ships' rigging.
(A) Thorium and its alloys; (12-12-16).

(B) Thorium, oxide and salts of; (10-5-17).
(A) **Thread,** see Cotton; Flax; Jute; Silk.
Thread milling hobs, see Tools.
(A) Tin and alloys of tin; (8-2-18).
(B) Tin, manufactures of (not otherwise specifically prohibited); (10-5-17) (8-2-18) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).
(B) Tin, compounds of (except chlorides and oxide of tin); (8-2-18).
(A) Tin ore; (8-2-18).
(A) Tin, oxide of, and mixtures and preparations containing tin oxide; (5-12-16) (10-5-17) (8-2-18).
(A) **Tin plates;** (15-8-16) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).
(A) Tin plate scrap, including scrapped and disused receptacles wholly or partly made of tin plate (11-6-18).
(A) Titanium, titanium alloys, and titanium ores; (10-5-17).
(A) Tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured, except cigars and snuff; (4-7-16) (13-7-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Tomato pulp; (19-2-17).
Tomato seed, see Seeds.
Tongs, see Tools.
Tools, agricultural and farm, see Machinery, also Handles.
Tools, shoemakers', see Boots and Shoes, Material for
(A) **Tools,** small, the following:—
Boring cutters; (27-7-16).
Braces and bits; (27-11-17).
Chucks; (26-7-16).
Files, other than shoemakers' seat files; (8-8-16).
Forks, stone, roadmaking and coke; (27-11-17).
Hacksaws and their component parts; (22-6-17).
Hammers (hand varieties); (27-11-17).
Lathe tools; (26-7-16).
Measuring tools; (26-7-16).
Milling cutters; (26-7-16).
Pincers; (27-11-17).
Pipe cutters; (27-11-17).
Planes, wood and iron; (27-11-17).
Railbenders (or Jimcrows); (27-11-17).
Reamers; (26-7-16).
Screwing tackle; (26-7-16).
Slitting saws; (26-7-16).
Spokeshaves; (27-11-17).
Thread milling hobs; (26-7-16).
Tongs, farriers'; (27-11-17).
Twist drill; (26-7-16).
Wrenches, pipe; (27-11-17).
Tooth brushes, see Brushes.
(B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
(B) Torpedo nets.
(B) Torpedo tubes.
Tramway fittings, see Castings.
Travellers, see Steel.
(A) Trional
(A) Trioxymethylene.
(A) Triphenyl phosphate.
Tubes, see Boiler; Copper Manufactures; Iron; Shipbuilding Material; Steel; Torpedo.
(A) Tungsten alloys; (22-6-17).
(A) Tungsten (except tungsten filaments for electric lamps).
(B) Tungsten filaments for electric lamps.
(B) Tungsten ores (including ferberite, hubnerite, scheelite and wolframite); (19-12-16).
(A) Turnbuckles suitable for aeroplanes.
Turnip seed, see Seeds.
(A) Turpentine (oil and spirit), and articles containing turpentine; (18-12-17).
(A) Turpentine substitute, and articles containing turpentine substitute; (22-6-17) (27-11-17) (18-12-17).
Twine, see Binder; Jute.
Twist drills, see Tools, Small.
Typewriter cloth, see Cotton manufactures.
(A) Typewriters; (13-7-17) (14-8-17) (27-11-17) (19-11-18).
(B) Tyres for motor vehicles and for motor cycles (whether attached to a vehicle or cycle or not), together with articles and materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.

U

(A) Umbers and mixtures containing umbers; (2-7-18) (15-10-18).
(A) Uniform clothing; (15-10-18).
(A) Uranium, alloys of uranium and uranium ores; (12-3-17).
Urotropin, see Hexamethylene.

V

(A) Valerian rhizome; (15-10-18).
Valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus, see Telegraphs.
(B) Valves, metal, of all descriptions; (14-8-17).
(B) Vanadium.
(B) Vanadium ore; (28-8-17).
(A) Vanillin, vanilla and vanilla pods; (22-6-17) (28-8-17) (2-7-18).
Vegetable fats, see Fats.
Vegetable ivory, see Ivory.
Vegetable oils, see Oils.
(A) Vegetables of all kinds, whether fresh, dried, preserved, canned or bottled; (29-9-16) (12-12-16) (15-1-17) (10-5-17).
Venison, see Game.
(A) Vessels; (18-12-17).
(A) Vermicelli.
Vetch or tare seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Vices; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
(B) Vinegar containing not more than 6 per cent. of acetic acid; (28-6-16).
(A) Vinegar essence and similar preparations containing more than 6 per cent. of acetic acid; (28-6-16).
Vulcanized fibre, see Insulating Materials.

W

Waggons, see Railway Carriages.
Waste, see Cotton; Flax; Hemp; Jute; Leather; Linen; Oil; Paper; Pulpboard; Rubber; Silk; Sisal; Strawboard; Wool,

(A) Wax, carnauba; (13-7-17).
(A) Wax, paraffin; (1-5-17).
(B) Waxes, animal, mineral and vegetable not otherwise prohibited; (8-9-16) (1-5-17) (18-10-17).
(A) Waxes, composite; (18-10-17).
(B) Web equipment.
(A) Whalebone; (1-5-17).
Whale cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Whale fins; (1-5-17).
Whale meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
(A) Willows, and osiers; (22-1-18).
Winches, see Shipbuilding material.
Windlasses, see Shipbuilding material,
(A) Wine; (19-12-16) (22-1-18).
(A) Wire, barbed, and galvanised wire, and implements for cutting or fixing such wire; (28-6-16) (10-5-17).
Wire mattresses, see Mattresses.
(A) Wire, reed.
(A) Wire rods, and wire of iron or steel; (8-2-18).
(A) Wire cloth (iron or steel).
(A) Wire netting (iron or steel).
(A) Wire rope (iron or steel).
Wire, iron or steel, see nails; screws.
Wire-winding machines, see Implements.
(B) Wires, insulated.
(A) Witch hazel bark and leaves; (15-10-18).
(B) Wolfenite.
Wolframite, see Tungsten ores.
(A) **Wood and timber** of all kinds, hewn, sawn, or split, planed or dressed; (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (2-2-17) (12-3-17). See also Plywood.
Wood packing cases, see Packing.
(A) Wood pulp; (12-12-16).
Wood-pulp-board, see Paper.
(A) Wood screws, made of iron or steel; (29-9-16) (12-12-16), (18-10-17).
Wooden pegs, see Pegs
(A) Wool grease, and articles and mixtures containing wool grease; (12-4-18).

Wool and Woollen Goods:—
Blankets, see Blankets.
Collar check, see below.
Felt, see Felt.
Rags, see below.
Rugs, see Rugs.
(A) Saddle felt.
(A) Saddle serge.
Sheepskins, woolled or haired, see Sheepskins.
Shoddy, see below.
(A) Wool, raw and mixtures thereof; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).
(A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Wool noils and wool waste and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Woollen collar check.
(A) Woollen rags, shoddy and mungo applicable to other uses than manure; (18-10-17).
(B) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations, and except the following:—Bedding, carpets, and carpet rugs, hats and caps, and ready-made wearing apparel; (17-11-16) (8-3-18) (19-11-18).

Wrappers, see Bags, Jute.

X

(A) X-ray apparatus; (14-5-18.).

Y

Yarns, see Coir; Cotton; Flax; Jute; Silk; wool.
(A) Yeast, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing yeast; (8-9-16) (22-3-17).
Yellow metal, see Copper.

Z

(A) Zinc, alloys of zinc, manufactures of zinc and zinc dust; (2-2-17).
(A) Zinc ashes.
Zinc barium pigments, see the various headings affecting zinc salts.
(B) Zinc ore
(A) Zinc oxide; and mixtures containing zinc oxide; (2-2-17) (14-8-17).
(A) Zinc sulphide and mixtures containing zinc sulphide; (10-5-17) (14-8-17).
(A) Zirconium compounds; (12-12-16).

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of December, 1918.

BY THE LORDS OF HIS MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

Whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900,

may, whether the proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade :

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, and made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and Section 1 of the exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and Section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited :

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars :

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect :—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, should be further amended by making the following amendments in and additions to the Schedule to the same :—

(1) That the following headings should be deleted :—

(A) Anvils ;
(A) Barographs suitable for aircraft ;
(A) Binoculars and their component parts ;
(A) Bobbins and their component parts ;
Boots and shoes, materials and tools used in the manufacture of, the following :—
(A) Shoemakers' machines and their component parts ;
Chemicals, drugs, dyes, dye stuffs, and medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, the following :—
(A) Acriflavine, proflavine and other acridine derivatives having antiseptic or therapeutic properties, and mixtures or preparations containing any of those substances ;
(B) Amidol and mixtures containing amidol ;
(B) Amidopyrine ;
(A) Antipyrine (phenazone) and its preparations ;
(B) Belladonna and its preparations ;
(B) Belladonna alkaloids and their salts and preparations ;
(B) Caffeine and its salts ;
(A) Cascarilla bark ;
(A) Citrate of iron and ammonium ;
(B) Citric acid ;
(A) Colocynth ;
(B) Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium ;
(B) Emetin and its salts ;
(B) Guaiacol and guaiacol carbonate ;
(A) Iron, reduced ;
(A) Lycopodium ;
(A) Metol and mixtures containing metol ;
(A) Neo-salvarsan ;
(B) Phenacetin and its preparations ;
(A) Pyrogallic acid and mixtures containing pyrogallic acid ;
(B) Salipyrine ;
(A) Salvarsan ;
(A) Senna leaves and pods ;
(A) Strophanthus seeds ;
(A) Tannic acid ;
(B) Thymol and its preparations ;
(A) Compasses (other than ships' compasses) and their component parts ;
(B) Cotton wool and articles containing cotton wool ;
(A) Dental instruments, appliances and materials (including dental chairs, artificial teeth and dental fittings manufactured mainly from gold) ;
(B) Electric lamps (except carbon filament lamps, arc lamps for street lighting, and pocket electric lamps and their component parts) ;
(A) Emery and corundum and manufactures thereof, carborundum, alundum, crystolon and all other artificial abrasives, and manufactures thereof ;
(A) Field glasses and their component parts ;
(A) Grindstones ;
Insulating materials, the following :—
(A) Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk and tape ;
(A) Platinum, alloys of platinum and manufactures containing platinum ;
(A) Shuttles and their component parts ;
(A) Steel containing tungsten or molybdenum, and any tools or other articles made from such steel ;

(A) Steel and steel articles containing chrome, cobalt, nickel, or vanadium ;
(B) Surgical bandages and dressings ;
(A) Surgical instruments ;
(A) Theodolites and their component parts ;
(A) Thermometers ;
(A) Wire rods and wire of iron or steel and articles manufactured wholly of such wire rods or wire.

(2) That the following headings should be added :—
(B) Barographs suitable for aircraft ;
Boots and shoes, materials and tools used in the manufacture of the following :—
(A) Shoemakers' machines and their component parts, and sandpaper coils, sand cloth coils, emery paper coils and emery cloth coils used in connexion therewith ;
(A) Carborundum, alundum crystolon and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof ;
Chemicals, drugs, dyes, dye stuffs and medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations the following :—
(B) Cascarilla bark ;
(B) Colocynth ;
(B) Pyrogallic acid and mixtures containing pyrogallic acid ;
(B) Senna leaves and pods ;
(B) Strophanthus seeds ;
Insulating materials, the following :—
(B) Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk and tape ;
(A) Nails manufactured from iron or steel wire ;
(A) Platinum, alloys of platinum and manufactures containing platinum except artificial teeth ;
(A) Screws manufactured from iron or steel wire ;
(A) Steel containing tungsten or molybdenum ;
(A) Steel containing chrome, cobalt, nickel or vanadium ;
(A) Thermometers, clinical ;
(A) Wire rods and wire of iron or steel ;
(A) Wire cloth of iron or steel ;
(A) Wire netting of iron or steel ;
(A) Wire rope of iron or steel.

Now, therefore, their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Director of the War Trade Department, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

COMMERCE—WAR.

The 11th January 1919.

No. 327-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 724-D., dated the 14th December 1918, *viz.* :—

Alterations.

Ah Lee Koh (Yan See Tai Lee Kee) Nakon Lampang

should read

Ah Lee Koh (Yan See Tai Lee Kee), Lampang.

Gian Singh Nandsing, Bangkok

should read

Gian Singh Nandsingh, Bangkok.

Gulamhusein Abdoolkader (Kader, G. A.), Bangkok

should read

Gulamhusein Abdul Kader (Kader, G. A.), Bangkok.

Jewaji Raja and Sons (M. Moosbhoy) (M. Moosbhoy Raja), Bangkok

should read

Jewaji Raja and Sons (M. Moosbhoy or M. Moosbhoy Raja), Bangkok.

Kader, G. A. (Gulamhusein Abdool Kader), Bangkok
should read
Kader, G. A. (Gulamhusein Abdul Kader), Bangkok.
Katoo Dee Book, Renong
should read
Katoo Deebook, Renong.
Rongpim Nangsu Pim Thai Mai, Bangkok
should read
Rong Pim Nangsu Pim Thai Mai, Bangkok.
See Kak Dispensary (Dr. Adamseu), Bangkok
should read
Seekak Dispensary (Dr. Adamsen), Bangkok.
Thakur Singh Lahda Singh, Bangkok
should read
Thakur Singh Ladha Singh, Bangkok.
Tia Peng Ngee (Peng Hak Chieng), Bangkok
should read
Tia Peng Ngee (Peng Hak Chiang), Bangkok.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 11th January 1919.

No. 223-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 8075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the entry :—

(B) Jute, manufactured, not otherwise specified.

Add as a new entry :—

(A) Jute nitrate bags.

No. 280-D.—The following extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 5th December 1918, is published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICE AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT AND IMPORT SECTION.

Relaxation of export and import prohibitions.

The Board of Trade announce that the following relaxation of the existing prohibitions of export and import will be brought into force as from Friday, 13th December. Further relaxations will be announced in subsequent issues of the "Journal".

A.—EXPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The following is a list of the articles affected and of the changes made in the nature of the prohibitions applicable to each. In explanation of the changes it should be noted that goods on List A are prohibited to all destinations, and goods on List B to all destinations outside the British Empire, while goods on List C are prohibited only to countries neighbouring enemy countries.*

It will of course be understood that the existing position regarding trading with enemy countries is in no way affected by these modifications.

[NOTE.—Attention is called to the fact that by the Proclamation of the 1st October, 1918, *all goods*, whether mentioned by name or not (except printed matter and accompanied personal effects), are prohibited on List C.]

* All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal, and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries.

IRON AND STEEL WIRE TO REMAIN ON LIST A.

It has recently been decided that it is necessary to retain on List A all iron and steel wire. The removal of card wire and heald wire to List C, announced on page 6?7 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of 21st November, must therefore be cancelled, and these goods must be regarded as on List A until further notice.

HEADINGS TO BE TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER.

HEADING.	FROM.	TO.
Aeroplane dope	A	C
Aluminium and alloys of Aluminium	A	B
Aluminium powder	A	B
Antimony and alloys of Antimony	A	B
Antimony, sulphides and oxides of, and mixtures containing sulphides and oxides of antimony	A	B
Bolts, iron or steel	A	C
Ferro-manganese	A	B
Ferro-silicon	A	B
Galvanised sheets, corrugated or flat	A	C
Ivory, vegetable, and manufactures thereof	A	C
Nickel, its ores and alloys	A	B
Nickel, nitrate	B	C
Nickel, oxides and salts of (except nickel ammonium-sulphate, which is prohibited to all destinations), and mixtures containing such oxides or salts of nickel	B	C
Nuts, iron or steel	A	C
Oakum	A	B
Rivets, iron or steel	A	C
Screws manufactured from iron or steel wire	A	C
Silicon manganese	A	B
Thorium and its alloys	A	B
Turnbuckles suitable for aeroplanes	A	C
Wire cloth, iron or steel	A	C

HEADINGS ALTERED.

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Asbestos and articles manufactured wholly or partly of asbestos.	(A) Asbestos, raw, crude, and opened fibre. (C) Articles manufactured wholly or partly of asbestos.
Boots and shoes, materials and tools used in the manufacture of, the following :— (A) Lasts.	(B) Wooden lasts. (C) Iron lasts.
(A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds and their component parts.	(A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds and their component parts except detonators. (C) Detonators.
(A) Copper manufactures, the following :— All articles wholly or partly manufactured of copper or its alloys, except articles partly manufactured of copper or its alloys in which the total weight of copper and copper alloy does not exceed 5 per cent. of the total weight of the article, and does not exceed 56 lb.	Copper manufactures, the following :— (A) Wire manufactured of copper or its alloys. (B) Bars, circles, plates, rods, sheets, strip, tubes, manufactured of copper or its alloys. (C) Copper manufactures not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Fishing gear, including fish hooks, but not including other tackle for fishing by rod and line.	(A) Fishing gear, not including tackle for fishing by rod and line. (C) Fishing tackle (including fish hooks) for fishing by rod and line.
(A) Oils, fixed, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such oils not otherwise specifically prohibited.	(A) Oils, fixed, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such oils, except indiarubber substitute and oil varnish.

HEADINGS ALTERED.

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
	(C) Indiarubber substitute. (C) Oil varnish
(A) Phosphorous compounds.	(A) Phosphorous compounds, except phosphorous sesquisulphide and triphenyl phosphate. (C) Phosphorous sesquisulphide. (C) Triphenyl phosphate.
(B) Rubber, gutta-percha, or balata, goods made wholly or partly of, not otherwise specifically prohibited.	(B) Rubber gloves, surgical. (C) Rubber manufactures not otherwise specifically prohibited.
(A) Steel plates and sheets.	(A) Steel plates and sheets, except black steel sheets less than one-eighth inch thick. (C) Black steel sheets less than one-eighth inch thick.
(A) Tools, small, the following: Adzes, augers, bars (boring, jumping and pinching), boring cutters, braces and bits, chisels, choppers, chucks, cleavers, cramps, crowbars, drilling posts, files (other than shoemakers' seat files), forks (stone, roadmaking, and coke), gimlets, gouges, hacksaws, and their component parts, hammers (hand varieties), knives (carpenters', coopers', farriers', glaziers', and painters'), lathe tools, levels (spirit), measuring tools, milling cutters, pincers, pipe cutters, planes (wood and iron), railbenders or jimcrows, reamers, roadscrapers, saws (cross-cut, frame and pit), saws (hand), screwdrivers or turnscrews, screwing tackle, shaves (coopers') shears and snips (tinman's), slitting saws, spanners, spokeshaves, squares (carpenters', fitters' and smiths'), thread milling hops, tongs (farriers'), twist drills, wedges (woodsplitting), wrenches.	(A) Braces and Bits. (A) Forks (stone, road-making and coke). (A) Hammers (hand varieties). (A) Pincers. (A) Pipe-wrenches. (A) Planes (wood and iron), excluding plane-irons. (A) Spokeshaves.
(A) Wire, barbed, and galvanised wire, and implements for cutting or fixing such wire.	(A) Wire, barbed. (A) Wire, galvanised. (A) Nippers. (A) Pliers. (C) Implements for cutting or fixing barbed or galvanised wire, not otherwise specifically prohibited.
(B) Blankets manufactured wholly or partly of wool or hair. (B) Felt made wholly or partly of wool or hair. (B) Rugs, horse. Wool and woollen goods :— (A) Saddle felt. (A) Saddle serge. (A) Woollen collar check.	
(B) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations.	(C) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, not otherwise specifically prohibited.
(B) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations.	(C) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, not otherwise specifically prohibited.

NEW PROHIBITION.

TEXTILE MACHINERY TO BE PLACED ON LIST A.

With regard to this prohibition on Textitle Machinery, it is to be noted that a separate prohibition under this heading is consequent on the removal of the prohibition on manufactures containing copper from the A to the C List (see above). Textile Machinery, the export of

which to all countries has hitherto been regarded as prohibited by virtue of prohibitions upon certain of its component parts, has now to be mentioned specifically on the prohibition list.

No. 315-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the preamble to this Department Notification No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended:—

Before the words "France and French possessions" *insert* the words "Belgium, Greece, Spain, Morocco."

No. 345-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended:—

Delete the following entry—

Lacs of all kinds including shellac, gum lac, seed lac, stick lac, but not lac dye.

No. 282-D.—*Corrigendum.*—In the preamble to the Notification in this Department No. 76-D., dated the 4th January 1919, *for* "(III of 1916)" *read* "(XI of 1916)."

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 11th January 1919.

No. 196-D.—Mr. F. J. G. Geary, I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for one month, with effect from the 10th January 1919 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the leave.

A. H. LEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GENERAL.

The 4th January 1919.

No. 18.—In consequence of the deputation of the Hon'ble Mr. C. E. Low, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India in this Department, on special duty in connection with the Report of the Indian Industrial Commission, Mr. A. H. Ley, C.I.E., I.C.S., is appointed to officiate as Secretary with effect from the 23rd December 1918.

I. D. ELLIOTT,
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

GEOLOGY AND MINES ESTABLISHMENT.

The 11th January 1919.

No. 111.—Mr. R. R. Simpson, Inspector of Mines in India, No. 1 Circle, was granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 10th November 1918.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 11th January 1919.

No. 68.—Mr. A. C. Board is appointed permanently to the first division of the Superior Traffic Branch, with effect from the 7th October 1918.

No. 156.—Babu Kali Prasanna Sen and Khan Bahadur Hafiz Muhammad Abdul Gany are confirmed as Deputy Postmasters-General, 3rd grade, with effect from the 11th October 1918 and 27th November 1918, respectively.

POST OFFICE.

The 11th January 1919.

No. 95.—The following days will be observed as Post Office holidays in the several postal circles during the year 1919 in addition to the holidays on Sundays, New Year's Day, Good Friday, The KING-EMPEROR's Birthday and Christmas Day :—

—	Bengal and Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab and North-West Frontier.	BOMBAY. Presidency proper.	BOMBAY. Sind.	Madras.	Central.	Burma.
Pongul	...	...	...	...	...	...	January 14	...	...
Sri Panchami or Basant Panchami	February 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shivratri	...	...	...	...	February 28	February 23	...	February 8	...
Full Moon of Tabaung	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	March 15
Holi or Doljatra	...	March 17	March 17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Telegu New Year's Day	...	...	...	...	...	...	April 1	...	...
Ram Navami	...	...	...	...	April 9	...	...	...	...
Baisakhi	...	...	...	April 13	...	...	...	...	...
Tamil New Year's Day	...	...	...	...	...	...	April 14	...	...
Burmese New Year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	April 14
Shab-i-Barat	...	(a) May 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Id-ul-Fitr or Ramzan	(b) June 30	(b) June 30	(b) June 30	(b) June 30	(b) June 30	(b) June 30	(b) June 30	(b) June 30	...
Beginning of Buddhist Lent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	July 11
Janamastami or Gokul Ashtami	August 18	August 18	August 18	August 13	August 19	August 19	...	August 19	...
Id-Uz-Zoha or Bakrid	(c) September 5	(c) September 5	(c) September 5	(c) September 5	(c) September 5	(c) September 5	(c) September 5	(c) September 5	(c) September 5
Mohalaya Amavasya	September 23	...	...	...	...	...	September 23	...	...
Dasehra, Ayudha Puja or Durga Puja	October 2	October 4	October 4	October 4	October 4	October 4	...	October 4	...
Tenth day of Moharum	...	...	October 6	October 6	...	October 6	...	(d) October 6	...
End of Buddhist Lent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	October 8
Diwali, Dipavali, or Kali Puja	...	October 23	October 24	October 23	October 23	October 23	...	October 23	October 23
Tazaungdaing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	November 6
Fatiha-Duwazdaham	(e) December 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bara-Wafat	...	...	...	...	...	...	December 6	...	...

(a) If the moon be visible on May 1st, the holiday will be observed on May 15th, otherwise on May 16th.
(b) If the moon be visible on June 29th, the holiday will be observed on June 30th, otherwise on July 1st.
(c) If the moon be visible on August 26th, the holiday will be observed on September 5th, otherwise on September 6th.
(d) If the moon be visible on September 26th, the holiday will be observed on October 6th, otherwise on October 7th.
(e) If the moon be visible on November 23rd, the holiday will be observed on December 5th, otherwise on December 6th.

A. H. LEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Delhi, the 8th January 1919.

No. 38-F.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

November 1918. **Lakhs of Rupees.**

	NOVEMBER.		TO END OF NOV.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1917-1918.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	53	48	15,72	14,03	37,08	35,24
Opium	22	30	2,04	1,90	4,79	3,56
Salt	89	1,16	3,90	4,91	5,24	8,25
Stamps	63	53	5,69	4,96	8,91	8,40
Excise	1,31	1,22	10,95	8,37	15,97	15,20
Provincial Rates	...	...	2	2	4	4
Customs	1,81	1,50	11,53	8,73	16,22	16,50
Income Tax	64	84	5,22	4,25	9,21	9,15
Forest	20	21	1,97	1,58	4,03	3,89
Registration	5	5	54	49	81	79
Tributes from Native States	8	4	26	25	92	72
Other Civil Revenue	46	72	6,69	3,50	5,85	7,05
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	5,77	7,05	64,93	52,94	1,09,07	1,08,79
Major Irrigation Revenue	4	...	2,83	2,33	4,63	4,35
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	4	4	41	34	82	69
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	5,85	7,09	67,67	55,61	1,14,52	1,13,83
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—57	—56	—6,57	—3,90	—10,58	—9,10
Opium	—1	—4	—1,55	—1,57	—1,88	—1,65
Famine Relief (Civil)	...	...	...	...	—6	—1
Other Civil Expenditure	—3,88	—3,87	—34,58	—27,60	—54,46	—48,26
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—4,46	—4,47	—42,70	—33.07	—66,98	—59,02
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—13	—14	—1,21	—1,09	—2,20	—1,87
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—36	—46	—3,28	—2,80	—7,93	—6,00
Famine Relief (Public Works)	—1	—2	—25	—28	—59	—51
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—7	—8	—68	—63	—1,39	—1,07
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—5,03	—5,17	—48,12	—37,87	—79,09	—68,47
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—3	—2	—.1	—35	—68	—57
Delhi Capital Expenditure	—5	—2	—32	—15	—38	—36
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	—8	—4	—53	—50	—1,06	—93
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Posts and Telegraphs (Net)	—24	—1,25	—7,03	—9,13	—6,12	—12,47
Marine (Net)	—58	—1,03	—5,93	—7,22	—9,51	—11,25
Military Works (Net)	—59	—32	—4,88	—3,84	—3,19	—5,96
Military Receipts	+61	+30	+5,74	+2,05	+3,46	+5,79
Military Issues	—13,89	—9,16	—10,589	—55.15	—1,21,41	—1,10,28
Railway Receipt.						
East Indian Railway	+80	+72	+9,84	+5,10	+9,40	+68,02
Other Railways	+4,25	+4,41	+39.72	+32.89	+60,04	
TOTAL	+5,05	+5,13	+49,56	+37,99	+69,44	+68,02
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	—58	—50	—3,97	—3,16	—5,80	—39,20
Other Railways	—2,68	—2,70	—25.43	—20,56	—34,55	
TOTAL	—3,26	—3,23	—29,40	—23,72	[illegible]	—39,20
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	—11,90	—9,56	—96.83	—59,02	[illegible]	—1,05,35
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net + Receipts more, — receipts less than payments)	...	+1,45	—12	+46,09	+29,43	+43,15
Second War Loan	+1,12	...	+51,05	...	..	...
Temporary Loan	—4,57	+7,75	—14,10	+7,25	—4,00	+46,97
Cash certificates	+4	...	+32	...	...	...
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	—3	+19	+2,32	+21	...	+11
Credits against American silver	+5,00	...	+30,12	.	+4,00	—3,80
Payments on behalf of Federal Reserve Board	—87	...	—11,11		...	...
Treasury Credits	...	...	+16	...	...	—
Transfers through Currency	...	...	+3,00	...	+21,52	...
Credits against Secretary of States silver	+4,25	+1,21	+15,38	+11,92	+19.42	+18,67
Deposits of District Funds	—16	—12	+24	—35	+3	—1
Loans by Governments	—84	—1	+66	+21	+11	+70
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R15 per £	—36	—3,95	—12,38	—20 81	—2,90	—37,36
Sterling Transfers on London	+4,74	...	+4,74	...	...	...
Other Debt Heads	—41	—1,00	—6,47	—7,06	—3,67	—7,48
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	+7,91	+5,52	+68,49	+37,42	+66,94	+60,97
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	—3,25	—2,16	—9,32	—4,36	—6,37	+5
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	16,92	20,74	22,99	22,94	24,78	22,94
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	13,67	18,58	13,67	18,58	18,41	22,99

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 8th January 1919.

No. 34-F. E.—Mr. N. Sethurama Ayyar, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 12th December 1918 and until further orders.

No. 35-F. E.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. H. K. Bose in notification No. 1415-F. E., dated the 6th November 1918, published on page 1794 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, and extended by fourteen days in notification No. 1537-F. E., dated the 12th December 1918, published on page 1964 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, has been further extended by nine days.

No. 38-F. E.—Mr. U. L. Majumdar has been appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Burma, with effect from the 16th December 1918.

The 10th January 1919.

No. 60-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 105, sub-section (3) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 322-S. R., dated the 19th January 1899, published at page 31 of Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 21st idem, so far as it relates to the Province of Bihar and Orissa, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that an application made under the said section for a settlement of rent during the preparation of a record-of-rights in the Province of Bihar and Orissa under Chapter X of the said Act, shall bear :—

(*a*) a stamp of eight annas for each tenant making or joining or joined in the application ; and

(*b*) if, at any time during the hearing of the application, an issue is raised by the applicant under section 105-A of the said Act, in addition a stamp to the amount of an *ad valorem* fee chargeable under Article I, Schedule 1 of the Court-fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), subject to a maximum of ten rupees.

H. F. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 10th January 1919.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 35.—Major A. S. Evans, Royal Engineers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while employed as an Officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer. Dated 22nd October 1918.

No. 36.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) A. J. Christian, The Gloucestershire Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding the appointment of General Staff Officer, 2nd grade. Dated 25th February 1918.

No. 37.—Second Lieutenant W. R. Maxwell, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 28th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 38.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captains to be Majors.

Edmund Montagu-Smith, 35th Scinde Horse.	Dated 10th October 1918.
Hugh Reginald Oriel Walker, 25th Punjabis.	Dated 9th January 1919.
William Arthur Henry Bird, 23rd Sikh Pioneers.	
Hollis Martin Burrows, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).	
Frederick Vere Pogson, Supply and Transport Corps.	
James Sinclair Henry Ring, 46th Punjabis.	

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Reinzi Stephen Barry Beckett, 8th Gurkha Rifles.	Dated 16th December 1918.
Cyril Percy Hancock, 114th Mahrattas.	

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Ralph Dundas Hog, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).	Dated 30th April 1917.
James Samuel Couldrey Simpson, attached 125th Napier's Rifles.	Dated 27th October 1918.
Geoffrey Vivian Ropner, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.	
Richard Lindsay Cooke, attached 107th Pioneers.	Dated 1st December 1918.
Henry Taylor Kent, attached 10th Jats.	
Charles George Breton, attached 69th Punjabis.	Dated 11th December 1918.
Coote Edgar Broughton, attached 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.	Dated 21st December 1918.
Cecil Brooksby Crabbe, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.	
Howard Chappell Platt, attached 5th Light Infantry.	Dated 27th December 1918.
James Aloysius Guines, attached 70th Burma Rifles.	Dated 28th December 1918.
George Ballantine Halloran, attached 94th Russell's Infantry.	
Frederick James White, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles.	
Guy Butler Cranwill, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.	
Alexander Munro, attached 95th Russell's Infantry	
James Lambie, attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.	
George Henry Dean, attached 35th Scinde Horse.	
Edward Morrice Alberga, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).	
Cecil Albert Forbes Thornton, attached 99th Deccan Infantry.	Dated 28th December 1918.
Ridley Martin Hall, attached 112th Infantry.	
Lawrence Patrick Arnold, attached 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.	
Edward Hawkshaw Powell, attached 84th Punjabis.	
Walter Reginald Bowden, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).	
William Edwin Dwelley, attached 62nd Punjabis.	
William George Smith, attached 99th Deccan Infantry.	
Frederick George Ralphs, attached 81st Pioneers.	
William Allan Meikle, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).	
Philip George Bree, attached 66th Punjabis.	
David Dunn, attached 112th Infantry.	

Temporary Lieutenant to be temporary Captain.

Cyril Tedman, M.C. Dated 23rd April 1918.

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

Thomas Duncan Foster. Dated 26th November 1918.

Michael John Taggart. Dated 7th December 1918.

Stanley Smith. Dated 11th December 1918.

John Frederick Stone. Dated 20th December 1918.

Wallace Herbert Vanstone. Dated 30th December 1918.

No. 39.—Major R. F. Finlay, D.S.O., 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 1st grade. Dated 20th December 1918.

No. 40.—Captain J. W. S. Hobson, 16th Rajputs, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General. Dated 25th February 1918.

No. 41.—Captain H. M. Wilson, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 2nd grade. Dated 5th October 1918.

No. 42.—Captain H. Cave-Browne, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General. Dated 6th December 1918.

No. 43.—In Army Department Notification No. 474, dated the 8th March 1918, *for* "1st July 1915" *read* "13th May 1915."

No. 44.—In Army Department Notification No. 468, dated the 8th March 1918, against the name of Andrew Hugh Mackie, *for* "1st July 1916" *read* "13th May 1916."

No. 45.—In Army Department Notification No. 2352, dated the 11th October 1918, against the name of James Clyde Johnson, M.C., 97th Deccan Infantry, *for* "14th August 1918" *read* "15th August 1918."

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 46.—Conductor Robert Farrell is promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918; with effect from the 27th September 1918.

No. 47.—In Army Department Notification No. 2599, dated the 8th November 1918, against the name of Conductor Lewis Bertrand Ginns *for* "1st November 1918" *substitute* "27th September 1918."

No. 48.—The promotion of Conductor Parr Cotter to Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant is with effect from the 27th September 1918, and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 2705, dated the 23rd November 1918.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 49.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Sykes, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, United Provinces, to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, *vice* Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain William James Collins, Public Works Department, United Provinces, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 3rd June 1918.

No. 50.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Conductor Charles Edward Bayliss, Sub-Engineer, 2nd grade, Public Works Department, Central Provinces, to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 14th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 51.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

William Chubb.	Dated 24th October 1918.
Frederick Arthur Lacey.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Philip Sydney Bapty, M.C.	Dated 20th November 1918.

Infantry Branch.

George Scott Darby.	Dated 26th March 1918.
James Moffatt.	Dated 10th October 1918.
Bertram Hayfield.	Dated 30th October 1918.
Noel Howard Finglas.	Dated 4th November 1918.
Claude Albany Keatinge.	Dated 6th November 1918.

Beverley Carthew Covell.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Hubert Dudley Stearns.	
Archie McFadyen.	
George Edward Ingram.	
Douglas Gordon Wright.	
Lionel Collins.	
Sydney Seymour Angelo.	Dated 27th November 1918.
Ernest Leslie Duxbury.	
Ronald Wilson Bampton.	
Arthur Havelock Hugh Fraser.	
Noel DeCourcy Hardwick.	Dated 4th December 1918.
Hugh Lionel Bartholomew.	
Harold Anthony Dubois.	Dated 18th December 1918.
Joseph Albert de Rosse, M.C.	Dated 24th December 1918.
John Moriarty, M.C.	Dated 8th January 1919.
Lewis Eric Macgregor.	Dated 9th January 1919.

No. 52.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) F. W. Hurst, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Supply and Transport Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport. Dated 26th April 1918.

No. 53.—Lieutenant Edward John Ronald Corin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed as Assistant Censor-in-charge of the Prisoners of War Censorship, Bombay. Dated 19th December 1918.

No. 54.—The promotion of Second Lieutenant Guy Chester Shortridge, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to the rank of Lieutenant, notified in Army Department Notification No. 346, dated the 9th March 1917, is antedated to the 13th November 1914.

No. 55.—The promotion of Second Lieutenant Thomas Reginald Livesay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to the rank of Lieutenant, notified in Army Department Notification No. 655, dated the 4th May 1917, is antedated to the 1st July 1915.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 56.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Captain S. St. B. Collins to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 27th December 1918, *vice* Major L. M. Davies, vacated with effect from the 12th December 1918.

Lieutenant C. A. Bowden to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 27th December 1918, *vice* Captain S. St. B. Collins, vacated with effect from the 12th December 1918.

CAVALRY.

21st (Empress of India's) Lancers.

Lieutenant F. P. St. Maur, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 17th December 1918, *vice* Captain D. M. Methven, vacated with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

INFANTRY.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

In Army Department Notification No. 2672, dated the 15th November 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank to Major E. W. Worrall, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), *for* "Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. R. C. R. Platt" *read* "Colonel E. H. R. C. R. Platt."

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

In Army Department Notification No. 2790, dated the 29th November 1918, so far as it relates to promotions in the Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry) is cancelled, and the following substituted :—

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. M. Pulman relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant. Dated 16th November 1918.

Lieutenant J. Bell to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while performing the duties of Adjutant. Dated 17th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. M. Pulman, vacated with effect from the 16th November 1918.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

The Bedfordshire Regiment.

Lieutenant H. W. Callaway to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 18th December 1918, *vice* Captain R. B. W. Rushbrooke, vacated with effect from the 18th December 1918.

Reserve Battalions (India).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. Wood, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 2nd December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. G. W. Collins, M.C., The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 29th November 1918.

Lieutenant J. C. Wood to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 2nd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) I. E. Jones, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached, proceeded overseas.

Captain John Howie, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own), attached, to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 14th December 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) Thomas Siddall, General List, vacated with effect from the 29th November 1918.

Captain (acting Major) Thomas Siddall, General List, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 29th November 1918.

Lieutenant R. G. Morris, The Worcestershire Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th October 1918, *vice* Captain R. F. Gridley, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), vacated with effect from the 13th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 57.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

7th Hariana Lancers.

Lieutenant E. W. Lickman, Indian Army, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 8th November 1918, *vice* Major E. G. Hume, transferred with effect from the 24th October 1918.

27th Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant A. D. Gillespie, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 17th May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. R W. M. O'Keeffe, vacated with effect from the 2nd May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. H. Fewtrell, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant A. H. H. Fewtrell, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. L. Philpott, vacated with effect from the 31st July 1918.

32nd Lancers.

Lieutenant P. H. J. Sheil, 13th Hussars, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. C. Gulliland, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. C. Gulliland relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th September 1918.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant J. S. Lethbridge, Royal Engineers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. F. Macdonald Clark, vacated with effect from the 21st November 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant A. P. Tucker to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th October 1918, *vice* Captain A. B. Aitken, appointed Superintendent of Park with effect from the 11th October 1918.

4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. W. Wilcock, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 2nd July 1918.

Lieutenant F. W. Wilcock, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a Special Lodha Company, from 17th July 1918 to 22nd August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant T. P. Carew, vacated with effect from the 2nd July 1918.

Lieutenant F. W. Wilcock, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd August 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant A. J. Lovering, vacated with effect from the 23rd August 1918.

6th Jat Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. C. Gilbert relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant of a depôt. Dated 16th November 1918.

28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant G. E. Tinney to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 27th August 1918 to 2nd October 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant C. W. Stevens, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 20th August 1918 to 12th October 1918, inclusive.

70th Burma Rifles.

Second Lieutenant C. G. Kay-Mouat, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a special company. Dated 16th October 1918.

96th Berar Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. H. Laird relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th September 1918.

99th Deccan Infantry.

Second Lieutenant W. A. Cartwright, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 13th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Waters, attached, relieved.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Waters, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 13th November 1918.

Lieutenant A. W. Coulter, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. C. O. Hall, vacated with effect from the 18th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. C. O. Hall relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th November 1918.

150th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant A. H. J. Snelling, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. V. Davys, vacated with effect from the 24th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. V. Davys, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 24th October 1918.

152nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant J. W. C. Colquhoun to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th July 1918.

104th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. J. Clapp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be an additional acting Captain. Dated 28th June 1918.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. A. Oliphant, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st May 1918.

Lieutenant J. D. Price, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th November 1918, *vice* Major P. A. R. Pritchard, vacated with effect from the 18th November 1918.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Vetch, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 25th November 1918.

Lieutenant K. Burrell, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant W. H. Vetch, vacated with effect from the 25th November 1918.

INDIAN SIGNAL SERVICE.

Signal Service Depôt.

Captain A. H. A. Empson, 8th Cavalry, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depôt company. Dated 14th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. Rayner, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), vacated with effect from the 30th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. Rayner, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt company. Dated 30th November 1918.

No. 58.—In Army Department Notification No. 2439, dated the 18th October 1918, against the name of Lieutenant G. S. Carstairs, 112th Infantry, *for* " 24th September 1918 " *read* " 8th September 1918 ".

No. 59.—In Army Department Notification No. 2885, dated the 14th December 1918, against the name of Major W. Hesketh, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles), *for* " 24th October 1918 " *read* " 26th October 1918 ".

No. 60.—Army Department Notification No. 2791, dated the 30th November 1918, so far as it relates to the relinquishment of the acting rank of Captain by Lieutenant D. A. Oliphant, and grant thereof to Lieutenant J. D. Price, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), is cancelled.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 61.—The undermentioned officers whose appointment to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 28th December 1917, No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 216, dated the 1st February 1918, No. 262, dated the 8th February 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 1116, dated the 31st May 1918, No. 1315, dated the 21st June 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, No. 1576, dated the 19th July 1918, No. 1715, dated the 2nd August 1918, and No. 1834, dated the 16th August 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified :—

Harbin Edward Warry.	Dated 9th January 1919.
Vincent Charles Lisby.	Dated 1st January 1919.
Charles Louis d'Albani.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Walter Frank Quantock Shuldham.	Dated 3rd April 1918.
Eric Wilfred Langlands.	Dated 9th January 1919.
Wilfred Lewis Lloyd, M.C.	Dated 25th November 1918.
Edward Maurice Carter.	Dated 21st August 1918.
John Hay Innes, M.C.	Dated 28th November 1918.
William Hamilton Vetch.	Dated 9th January 1919.
Cyril Grey Snelling.	Dated 12th July 1918.

Gordon Campbell Hutton.	Dated 25th September 1918.
Edwin Pearce Hardy.	Dated 1st January 1919.
Henry Noel Brown.	Dated 4th January 1919.
Wilfrid Francis Webb.	Dated 12th June 1918.
Alfred Leopold Butcher.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Lucien Ennar Raven-Hill.	Dated 31st December 1918.
Alan Wilson Duncan.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
George Leslie Hyde.	Dated 6th May 1918.
Herbert James Brickell.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
David Montague Williams.	Dated 9th January 1919.
William Edward Percy Bleathman.	Dated 3rd January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 62.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary commissions in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified :—

To be temporary Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Robert Farrell, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 18th December 1918.

To be temporary Lieutenants.

27th September 1918.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant William Philip Marketis, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Thomas Henry Freeman, India Miscellaneous List.

No. 63.—Army Department Notification No. 2725, dated the 22nd November 1918, in so far as it relates to Dermot Frederick St. John Woods, is hereby cancelled.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

Medical Corps.

No. 64.—The undermentioned is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval.

To be Lieutenant.

Eudo Somerset Smythe. Dated 5th December 1918.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

No. 65.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of Lieutenant and Quartermaster Edward Owen Bramston, General List, are dispensed with; with effect from the 4th January 1919.

No. 66.—Under the provisions of paragraph 10, Appendix III, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the Governor-General in Council directs that, subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of Lieutenant Charles Montague Maclarron, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, shall be dispensed with ; with effect from the 10th January 1919.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 67.—Lieutenant Roy Harold Bion, Indian Army, is permitted to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 10th January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 68.—Second Lieutenant Patrick Sidney Sultano is permitted to resign his commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, owing to ill-health, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 30th September 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 69.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 403 of 1918, on Farrier Major Tika Ram, 20th Deccan Horse, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 70.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred on Salutri Shaikh Rahmatullah, 35th Scinde Horse, for long and meritorious service.

No. 71.—The following direct appointment is made :—

3rd Brahmans.

Ramadhar Misra to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 28th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 72.—The following promotions are made :—

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Jemadars Jiwan Singh and Imdad Khan to be Ressaidars, with effect from the 25th August 1917; Jemadar Bharpur Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 2nd December 1917; Jemadars Hazur Ahmed (5th Cavalry) and Lehri Singh to be Ressaidars, with effect from the 2nd February 1918; Dafadars Prag Singh and Raj Singh and Kot-Dafadar Afzul Hussain to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th August 1917; Kot-Dafadar Ude Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1917; Dafadars Brij Lal and Gobind Singh, V.C. (28th Light Cavalry) to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd December 1917; Dafadar Teja Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd December 1917; to complete the establishment.

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Ressaidar Harnam Singh to be Risaldar, with effect from the 22nd January 1918; Jemadars Wali Muhammad Khan and Anti Ram to be Ressaidars, with effect from the 25th August 1917; Jemadar Lakhpat Singh (14th Murray's Jat Lancers) to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 3rd December 1917; Jemadar Amir Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 22nd December 1917; Jemadar Ahmed Khan (27th Light Cavalry) to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 22nd January 1918; Kot-Dafadars Muhammad Yar Khan, Bindraban and Kartar Singh, Dafadars Fateh Muhammad Khan and Tek Chand to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th August 1917; Dafadar Maqsud Ali Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd December 1917; Dafadar (Honorary Jemadar) Arjan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th December 1917; Kot-Dafadar Jaswant Singh (10th Cavalry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd December 1917; to complete the establishment.

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Jemadar Rup Chand, I.O.M., to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 9th October 1918; Dafadar Khiali Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

36th Jacob's Horse.

Ressaidar Muhammad Wazir Khan to be Risaldar, with effect from the 15th May 1916; Ressaidar Malik Khan Muhammad Khan to be Risaldar, with effect from the 16th September 1916; Jemadar Abu Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 11th April 1916; Jemadar Muhammad Hashum [21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse)] to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 15th May 1916; Jemadar Alam Sher Khan [37th Lancers (Baluch Horse)] to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 16th September 1916; Jemadars Maqbul Shah and Bahadur Singh to be Ressaidars, with effect from the 15th August 1917; Jemadar Malik Yar Muhammad Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 15th October 1917; Jemadar Wazir Singh, I.O.M., to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 2nd December 1917; Jemadar Altaf Hussain Shah to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 3rd December 1917; Kot-Dafadar Wazir Singh, Dafadar Khazan Singh, Kot-Dafadar Gul Jahan Khan and Dafadar Nur Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 11th April 1916; Dafadar Ali Ahmad Khan [37th Lancers (Baluch Horse)] to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th May 1916; Kot-Dafadar Altaf Hussain Shah and Dafadar Khan Shirin to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th May 1916; Dafadar Ganesha Singh (35th Scinde Horse) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th May 1916; Dafadar Sultan Ahmad and Ghulam Khwaja to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th May 1916; Dafadar Haji Ahmad, I.O.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th November 1916; Dafadars Abdul Khaliq, Umar Khan, Ataullah Khan, Dur Khan and Amar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th

August 1917; Dafadar Abdul Karim to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1917; Kot-Dafadar Abdul Karim to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th October 1917; Dafadars Shah Jahan Khan [21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse)] and Hazara Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd December 1917; Dafadars Fazal Karim [37th Lancers (Baluch Horse)], Indar Singh and Kartar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 3rd December 1917; to complete the establishment.

13th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery.

Havildar-Major Wahab Din to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

215th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery.

Havildar Vir Singh (31st Mountain Battery), to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

221st Brigade, Royal Field Artillery.

Havildar-Major Abdullah Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

Punjabi Brigade Signal Section.

Havildar Pachpal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

Jemadars Tor Khan, Pala, I.O.M., and Mustafa to be Subadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

44th Merwara Infantry.

Havildars Mana, Uma and Wazira to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Company Havildar-Major Arulappan, Company Quartermaster-Havildar Kolan Davelu and Havildar Subbiah Naicker to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

98th Infantry.

Jemadar Maha Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 28th January 1918; Jemadars Hira and Parlad to be Subadars, with effect from the 23rd March 1918; Jemadars Ram Das Singh and Het Ram to be Subadars, with effect from the 27th April 1918; Havildar Muhammad Sidiq Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 28th January 1918; Colour-Havildar Ramsingasan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th February 1918; Havildar Ramjilal, Colour-Havildars Ghisa Ram and Khubi Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd March 1918; Havildars Jiya Ram and Sher Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th April 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Skinner's Horse.

No. 73.—Army Department Notification No. 2244, dated the 27th September 1918, in so far as it relates to this unit, is cancelled.

22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force).

No. 74.—The promotion of Ressaidars Tara Singh and Fateh Muhammad, as published in Army Department Notification No. 2578, dated the 1st November 1918, has effect from the 8th September 1918 and 24th September 1918, respectively, and not as therein stated.

3rd Brahmans.

No. 75.—In Army Department Notification No. 2397, dated the 11th October 1918, *for* "Datnarayan Dube" *read* "Satnaryan Dube."

9th Bhopal Infantry.

No. 76.—The promotion of Jemadar Rajmal Singh, as published in Army Department Notification No. 384, dated the 22nd February 1918, is antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 26th November 1917.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

No. 77.—In Army Department Notification No. 1618, dated the 19th July 1918, *delete* the names of "Arokiasami and Abdul Azim Khan."

154th Indian Infantry.

No. 78.—The promotion of Jemadar Akram Khan, as published in Army Department Notification No. 2855, dated the 6th December 1918, has effect from the 22nd October 1918, and not as stated therein.

INDIAN ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 79.—The following temporary promotions are made to complete the establishment of the two Indian Ordnance Companies, Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force:—

To be Jemadars.

No. 2 Sirdar Shaikh Karim—Kirkee Arsenal.	Dated 30th November 1918.
No. 5 Sirdar Balwanta Ganoo—Kirkee Arsenal.	
No. 573 Sirdar David—Rangoon Arsenal attached to Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force.	
No. 32 Sirdar Rayaja Luxumon—Quetta Arsenal attached to Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force.	

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 3 Mule Depôt.

No. 80.—Kot-Dafadar Benaras Khan, 41st Mule Corps, to be Jemadar, to complete the establishment; with effect from 13th November 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 81.—The undermentioned Indian military pupils having passed their final examination are admitted into the service as 3rd class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 4th October 1918:—

No. 1691 Maharaj Singh.

No. 1692 Gaya Prasad Saksena.

PROMOTIONS.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 82.—Staff Serjeant (temporary Sub-Conductor) Stratton Gurney, Educational Department, United Provinces, to be Sub-Conductor and Staff Serjeant Abbott Louis Edward Grundy, Supervisor, 2nd grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductors, *vice* Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Sykes promoted, with effect from the 3rd June 1918.

No. 83.—Staff Serjeant William Hallsworth, Supervisor, 2nd grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 14th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 84.—Mr. A. B. Kunning, Superintendent, 1st grade (sub. *pro tem.*), is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 3rd January 1919.

JUDICIAL.

No. 85.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the officers mentioned in the first column of the following table shall be the prescribed officers for the

purposes of section 102 of the said Act in respect of Summary Courts Martial held for the trial of persons subject to the said Act specified in the second column thereof.

TABLE.

Officers.	Persons subject to the Act.
The Officer in Charge Administration of a Division .	Persons serving in that Division other than those serving in a Brigade.
The Officer Commanding the Peshawar Brigade .	Persons serving in the Peshawar Division other than those serving in a Brigade.

No. 86.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given:—

First.—That information has been received by me of the deaths of the officers named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there have been received by me, as the surplus of their respective properties, the amounts set opposite their respective names in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the properties of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Brigadier-General L. B. Walton.	20th Punjabis .	Simla .	23rd May 1917.	Intestate .	991 15 8	Administrator-General, Allahabad.
Second Lieutenant W. A. Beath.	Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 117th Mahrattas.	Kohat .	8th May 1918.	Intestate .	587 10 9	

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 87.—Major Charles Thomson, M.B. (retired), whose re-employment was notified in Army Department Notification No. 559, dated the 11th June 1915, has been permitted to resign with effect from the 5th December 1918.

REWARDS.

No. 88.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Captain John Dale Green, 2-24th North Western Railway Battalion, Indian Defence Force.

No. 89.—The following rewards have been granted to the undermentioned for acts of gallantry or devotion to duty in the field:—

Awarded the Military Cross.

Jemadar Ami Lal, Horse.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 5th November 1917 when in charge of a sub-section of machine guns supporting the advance of the cavalry. Although exposed to heavy fire he continued to use his guns with great skill and coolness until the last squadron of cavalry had withdrawn. On another occasion he showed great coolness and judgment when in charge of led horses which were heavily shelled and suffered casualties.

Ressaidar Munsabdar Khan, Lancers.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 2nd November 1917. He was with a patrol which penetrated the enemy's lines at night, gaining much valuable information, and bringing back four prisoners, including two officers. He was of great assistance to his British officer in extricating the patrol from a position of considerable danger.

Subadar Dhirat Sing Pundir, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28th-29th September 1917. His platoon throughout the operations was the most heavily engaged. He was posted on the right of the line and came under severe enfilade fire. He displayed the greatest coolness and ability directing the fire of his men until a bullet broke his leg.

Awarded the Indian Order of Merit (2nd class).

3081 Dafadar Talok Singh, Lancers.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 11th September 1917. He made a daring and successful reconnaissance of a ford across a river, which was close to the enemy trenches. On another occasion he handled the advanced scouts with great coolness under well directed and heavy fire.

3233 Lance Dafadar Kirpal Singh, Cavalry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 5th November 1917. During a reconnaissance of the enemy's position he led his patrol with remarkable coolness in the face of heavy fire to within a few hundred yards of the hostile trenches. Throughout the day he remained with his patrol in observation in an advanced and critical position, sending back most useful information.

Risaldar Sirdar Autar Singh, Cavalry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 27th September 1917. He accompanied his British officer on a reconnaissance round the right flank of the enemy position. When returning, a squadron of enemy cavalry endeavoured to cut them off. Risaldar Sirdar Autar Singh immediately took charge of a Hotchkiss gun and showed great coolness in the handling of it, whereby the hostile cavalry was held up long enough to enable the patrol to reach the cover of our picquet line. He has displayed gallantry on a previous occasion.

Jemadar Karam Ilahi, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the night of the 25-26th March 1918. He led his platoon under heavy fire against the enemy position, which resulted in the capture of two lines of trenches. He was wounded in the chest, yet in spite of his wound walked back two miles and reported himself.

3489 Sepoy Sardara Singh, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 5th November 1917. Although the remainder of his Lewis gun section had become casualties, he succeeded in bringing his gun into action, and kept it in action single-handed throughout the whole day, leaving the trench many times under heavy fire to collect ammunition from the wounded. By his determined and skilful handling of the gun he contributed largely in the repulse of a counter-attack.

2491 Sepoy Bhai Singh, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 5th December 1917. He and the No. 2 of his Lewis gun team charged an enemy trench under heavy fire, capturing five prisoners. He then got his Lewis gun into action and inflicted further casualties on the enemy. He behaved splendidly throughout the action.

2473 Sepoy Kora, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 5th December 1917. As No. 2 of a Lewis gun team he with his No. 1 charged an enemy trench, capturing five prisoners. When the supply of ammunition failed he moved about fearlessly under fire collecting more from casualties, and so kept the gun in action.

Subadar Balbahadur Sing Gusain, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28th September 1917. His company was in the front line of the assaulting waves and came under heavy enfilade fire. He displayed remarkable coolness and the success gained was largely due to his magnificent work. This gallant officer was dangerously wounded in the thigh during the attack and subsequently succumbed to his injuries. His widow, if any, is admitted to the pension of the Order with effect from the date of his death.

Subadar Bir Sing Dahu, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 29th September 1917. He received a bullet wound through the point of his left shoulder, but never left the firing line, though from the nature of the wound, he would have been quite justified in doing so. His general conduct throughout, and his gallant behaviour when wounded, reflects the greatest credit on him. His work under fire and in trying and exhausting conditions was of the greatest value.

Subadar Tilok Sing Sauntiyal, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28-29th September 1917. Although wounded in the head in the afternoon he refused to leave his platoon, and continued

to command it in action throughout that day and the next, though by that time his wound was giving him considerable pain. He took up reinforcements and ammunition under fire to our advanced troops, and showed himself to be an able and courageous officer. He only went to hospital when ordered to do so by the medical officer.

2433 Sepoy Balwant Singh, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28th September 1917. When a portion of his line was driven back 250 yards by an enemy counter-attack, he, supported by heavy artillery fire, remained behind on his own initiative with a non-commissioned officer and kept up rapid fire till the line was re-established.

Subadar Mula Singh, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28-29th September 1917. He commanded two platoons, and greatly inspired his whole company by his coolness, judgment and initiative. His conduct under heavy fire and in difficult circumstances was most praiseworthy.

3890 Sepoy Harnam Singh, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 5th November 1917. When his company was temporarily held up by heavy machine gun fire from a flank, he arose and advanced alone. Stimulated by his fine example, his platoon at once followed him and carried through the attack without further check.

2715 Naik Kesbir Thapa, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 5th December 1917. His company being checked by machine gun fire, he advanced under fire with a Lewis gun and, selecting a good position, silenced the enemy's fire and so enabled the advance to continue.

4683 Naik Anaram Thapa, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28th September 1917. As hospital naik he accompanied the medical officer and displayed marked courage, coolness and ability in attending to the wounded of all units for five hours in the open under continuous and heavy fire.

Subadar Dhan Sing Gurung, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28th September 1917. When his company commander was wounded, he organised the company, dug forward trenches, and showed a splendid example of cool courage under fire that was most inspiring to all around him.

Jemadar Chint Ram Burathoki, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 28th September 1917. Although wounded he assisted in organising the supply of ammunition to the advanced troops, refusing to report to the regimental aid post till the next morning. Throughout the operations he inspired all ranks by his magnificent courage.

This officer has always displayed exceptional bravery.

2608 Naik Lilbahadur Sahi, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 21st October 1917. During a reconnaissance his party came under heavy fire and lost 75 per cent. in casualties. Ordering his lance-naik to withdraw, he remained helping the wounded to get back, carrying one man himself under fire for quarter of a mile. He personally conducted stretcher parties and brought in more wounded who were lying out in the open.

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

2071 Dafadar Ram Autar Singh, Cavalry.

2620 Dafadar Sohbat Khan, Lancers.

1060 Sowar (acting Lance Dafadar) Peshaora Singh, Cavalry.

1012 Sowar Muhammad Saiyid, Cavalry.

18343 Naik Jalal Khan, Artillery.

1492 Havildar Ghulam Jilani, Mountain Battery.

867 Lance-Naik Harnam Singh, Mountain Battery.

1702 Gunner Dalip Singh, Mountain Battery.

2827 Gunner Fazal Elahi, Mountain Battery.

1708 Driver Hazara Singh, Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Bhola Singh, Sappers and Miners.

3831 Sapper Narayansami, Sappers and Miners.

47 Sepoy Muhammad Sarwar, Sappers and Miners.

5808 Pack Driver Neki Ram, Sappers and Miners.

41 Naik Nur Mahi, Sappers and Miners.

5063 Sepoy Lakhi, Infantry.
4038 Sepoy Udmi, Infantry.
3701 Sepoy Dodram, Infantry.
4874 Havildar Gharba, Infantry.
120 Havildar Aksar Khan, Infantry.
2352 Sepoy Zowarai, Infantry.
4459 Sepoy Malik Din, Infantry.
Jemadar Imam Ali, Infantry.
4938 Lance-Naik Lachhman Singh, Infantry.
3556 Sepoy Indar Singh, Infantry.
Subadar Pertab Singh, Infantry.
1750 Naik Maya, Infantry.
2015 Rifleman Chandan Singh Rawat, Infantry.
202 Sepoy Hardit Singh, Infantry.
150 Naik Alawal Khan, Infantry.
Subadar Ali Akbar, Infantry.
357 Sepoy Hasham Khan, Infantry.
4813 Havildar Hukam Dad, Infantry.
Jemadar Malang Khan, Infantry.
3415 Lance-Naik Abdul Sabhan, Infantry.
1535 Havildar Khawas Khan, Infantry.
1834 Naik Puran Singh, Infantry.
2734 Sepoy Jhanda Singh, Infantry.
3357 Sepoy Said Nur, Infantry.
Jemadar Sayad Shams-ud-din, Infantry.
2321 Colour Havildar Ramji Lal, Infantry.
4442 Sepoy Bara Singh, Infantry.
4732 Havildar Nur Khan, Infantry.
Jemadar Nizam-ud-din, Infantry
Subabar Tukaram Jadhow, Infantry.
1915 Rifleman (acting Lance-Naik) Dalbahadur Gurung, Infantry.
Jemadar Manbahadur Gurung, Infantry.
Subadar Akiman Rana, Infantry.
3222 Lance-Naik Maniraj Gurung, Infantry.
3836 Rifleman (acting Lance-Naik) Hariparsad Gharti, Infantry.
4060 Rifleman Narbahadur Thapa, Infantry.
4543 Rifleman Parbir Rana, Infantry.
4227 Colour Havildar Kharak Singh Gurung, Infantry.
4518 Naik Bhagbir Thapa, Infantry.
4749 Lance-Naik Chandra Singh Thapa, Infantry.
426 Rifleman Tekbahadur Thapa, Infantry.
4604 Lance Naik Tularam Thapa, Infantry.
2957 Rifleman Daljit Gurung, Infantry.
1741 Rifleman Mainlal Rai, Infantry.
1444 Rifleman Mangal Sing Gurung, Infantry.
1299 Lance-Naik Narbir Thapa, Infantry.
1061 Lance-Naik Permande Rana, Infantry.
2854 Rifleman Jaman Sing Rai, Infantry.
2104 Naik Dalbahadur Khattri, Infantry.
2277 Havildar Khanabahadur Basnet, Infantry.
3512 Rifleman (acting Lance-Naik) Moti Singh Thapa, Infantry.
1763 Naik Persadman Rai, Infantry.
3755 Havildar Pala Singh, Infantry.
Tota Ram, Lieutenant in the Gwalior Imperial Service Transport Corps.
Jemadar Balbahadur, Jaipur Imperial Service Transport Corps.
Jemadar Narayan Singh, Jaipur Imperial Service Transport Corps.

561 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bindraban Sharma, Indian Medical Department.
382 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kalathil Gopalan, Indian Medical Department.
1337 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Shaikh Farid, Indian Medical Department.
308 1st class sub-Assistant Surgeon Wadilal Mohan Lal, Indian Medical Department.
3017 Lance-Havildar Kutru, Army Bearer Corps.
7224 Bearer Chetan, Army Bearer Corps.
1425 Lance-Naik Akbar Ali, Mule Corps.
1727 Driver (acting Lance-Naik) Saidullah, Mule Corps.
No. 26637 Driver Maharaj Singh, Artillery.
No. 19638 Driver Nathan Singh, Artillery.
No. 30061 Driver Boti Singh, Artillery.
No. 970 Dafadar Nawab Khan, Cavalry.
No. 2784 Sowar Mahmud Khan, Horse.
No. 358 Lance Dafadar Hira Singh, Cavalry.
No. 493 Sowar Abdul Ghani, Cavalry.
No. 2438 Havildar Gangasagar Awasthi, Infantry.
No. 3875 Sepoy Sitaram Sukul, Infantry.
No. 2129 Sepoy Kunjbehari Sukul, Infantry.
No. 3708 Lance-Naik Sangali Thevar, Infantry.
No. 4206 Private Madasami, Infantry.
No. 3705 Private Nayanar, Infantry.
No. 1563 Sepoy Lal Singh, Infantry.

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity).

1084 Sepoy Bhan Singh, Infantry.
1085 Sepoy Ghasi Ram, Infantry.
913 Sepoy Mehar Chand, Infantry.
No. 88 Farrier Dafadar C. Brown, Cavalry.
No. 23324 Lance-Naik Mir Zamin, Artillery.
No. 23309 Gunner Ram Pershad Singh, Artillery.
No. 1442 Driver Naik Ghulam Din, Artillery.
No. 1576 Havildar Qaim Din, Sappers and Miners.
No. 1963 Havildar Jainand, Sappers and Miners.
No. 1628 Havildar Ram Singh, Signal Company.
No. 2244 Havildar Sripal Pande, Infantry.
No. 2340 Havildar Manzar Husain, Infantry.
No. 1329 Havildar Abdulla Khan, Infantry.
No. 557 Havildar Bhagtu, Infantry.
No. 1143 Havildar Imam Din, Infantry.
No. 1973 Havildar Ghulam Ghaus, Infantry.
No. 2414 Havildar Muhammad Waris, Infantry.
No. 2057 Colour Havildar Ghulam Muhiyuddin, Infantry.
No. 3616 Havildar Marian, Infantry.
No. 3521 Naik Muhammad Abdul Subhan, Infantry.
No. 1598 Rifleman (Ward Orderly) Pershad Ali, Infantry.
No. 7833 Bearer Bhagwali Din, Army Bearer Corps.
No. 18442 Bearer Doolie, Army Bearer Corps.
No. 18479 Bearer Ausan, Army Bearer Corps.
No. 1603 Lance-Naik Ghulam Muhammad, Mule Corps.
No. 1029 Kot-Dafadar Fazal Dad, Mule Corps.
No. 292 Quartermaster-Dafadar Bakhsh, Mule Corps.
No. 1037 Naik Abdul Rahman, Mule Corps.
No. 990 Havildar Jwala Singh, Infantry.

No. 90.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following rewards for devotion to duty in the field :—

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

No. 978 Dafadar Faiz Muhammad, Cavalry.

No. 1457 Dafadar Habibullah Khan, Cavalry.

No. 59 Sowar Hanuman Singh, Cavalry.

No. 1267 Havildar Allah Ditta, Infantry.

No. 1686 Naik Asghar Ali, Infantry

Jemadar Nanajirao Palande, Infantry.

No. 1198 Havildar Pareshramrao Ghaj, Infantry.

No. 91.—The following amendments are made to Army Department Notification No. 1631, dated the 19th July 1918 :—

Under "Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity)" *for* "Lance-Dafadar Firoz Khan" *read* "No. 3866 Lance-Dafadar Firoz Khan;" *for* "Acting Lance-Dafadar Balwant Singh" *read* "No. 542 Acting Lance-Dafadar Balwant Singh;" *for* "Dafadar Khwata Muhammad Khan" *read* "No. 846 Dafadar Khwaja Muhammad Khan;" *for* "No. 1039 Sowar Mugh Singh" *read* "No. 1031 Lance-Dafadar Mag Singh."

No. 92.—The following amendments are made to Army Department Notification No 2637, dated the 25th October 1918 :—

Under "Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity)" *for* "No. 4696 Naik Narain Mal" *read* "No. 4496 Naik Narain Mal," and *for* "No. 2625 Havildar Tekbahadur Gurung" *read* "No. 2635 Havildar Tekbahadur Gurung."

SPECIAL.

No. 93.—With reference to paragraph 305, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the undermentioned officer, having been absent from military duty for 10 years, is transferred to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the date specified :—

Major Ralph Edwin Hotchkin Griffith, C.I.E., Political Employ. Dated 19th November 1918.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 94.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

Seventh Supplement, dated the 27th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, pages 9983 and 9984.

War Office,
27th August, 1918.

The Secretary of State for War has received the following despatch addressed to the Chief of the General Staff, India, by Lieut.-General W. R. Marshall, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., Commanding-in-Chief, Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force :—

General Headquarters,
Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force,
15th April, 1918.

SIR,—With reference to the concluding paragraph of my despatch dated the 15th April, 1918, I have the honour to submit herewith a list of names of those officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men serving, or who have served, under my command, whose distinguished and gallant services and devotion to duty I consider deserving of special mention.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your Obedient Servant,
W. R. MARSHALL,
Lieut.-General,
Commanding-in-Chief, Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force.

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STAFF AND HEADQUARTERS.

* * * * *

Bagshawe, T.-Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) E. L., C.I.E., D.S.O., R.E.

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Second Supplement, dated the 16th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th October 1918, page 12207.

War Office,
16th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. HH.—

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Col. C. A. Luck, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 23rd Sept. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 17th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th October 1918, pages 12219, 12222, 12223, 12226, 12227 and 12228.

War Office,
17th October, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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2nd Lt. E. Burrows, L'pool R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 26th June 1918.

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Temp. Hon. Maj. Gurnam Singh relinquishes his commn. 6th Aug. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

* * * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. F. G. Pettifer (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) is apptd. to the Corps (with seniority 22 May 1917), and to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 2 July 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. T. S. Smith (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) is apptd. to the Corps (with seniority 5 Apr. 1917), and to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 5 July 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. T. L. Borrott (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) is apptd. to the Corps (with seniority 5 Apr. 1917), and to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 6 July 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. W. Alderson (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) is apptd. to the Corps (with seniority 1 May 1917), and to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 18 July 1917.

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TERRITORIAL FORCE.

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INFANTRY.

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Shropshire L.I.—Lt.-Col. R. E. Cheyne (Indian Army) relinquishes the command of Bn. 24th Sept. 1918.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 18th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th October 1918, pages 12233, 12236, and 12241.

War Office,
18th October, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Capt. H. C. James, Welsh R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 14th Aug. 1916. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 25th Sept. 1918.)

* * * * *

Lt. W. K. McMullen, Ir. Horse, Spec. Res., is apptd for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 6th Oct. 1917. (Substituted for the notification under "Special Reserve of Officers" in the Gazette of 23rd Sept. 1918.)

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Temp. 2nd Lt. H. Lee (Ind. Army Res. of Off.), Lab. Corps, is transfd. to Gen. List for duty with R. A. Ind. Personnel, and to be temp. Lt. 8th June 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 2nd Oct. 1918.)

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2nd Lt. J. Williams, R. Lanc. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 29th May 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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Labour Corps.

Lt.-Col. E. T. Carwithen (Ind. Army) ceases to be empld. with the Corps. 24 Aug. 1918. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 21 Sept. 1918, incorrectly specifying date.)

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General List.

Temp. Capt. T. W. D. Hay, from R. Scots (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 28 Feb. 1917.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. C. P. Abbott, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 20 Sept. 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. J. M. Muirhead, from R. Lanc. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

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London Gazette, dated the 18th October 1918, pages 12254 and 12256.

Air Ministry,
18th October, 1918.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

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Maj. E. J. E. Hawkins (Capt., Ind. Army Res. of Off.) relinquishes his commn. on ceasing to be empld. 7th Oct. 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 19th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th October 1918, pages 12305, 12306, 12310 and 12314.

War Office,
19th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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CAVALRY.

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Res. Regts. of Cavalry.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. J. H. G. Wall is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, and to be temp. Lt. with seniority from 25th Sept. 1918 whilst so empld.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. E. M. Holt is tranfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 6th April 1918.

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CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS.

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2nd Lt. G. H. Batterbury, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be Adjt., and to be actg. Capt. (with pay and allowances as Lt.) whilst so empld., *vice* Capt. E. A. Glennie, D.S.O. 25th June 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) J. A. Douglas, C.M.G., C.I.E., to be temp. Maj.-Gen. whilst specially empld. 20th Oct. 1918.

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2nd Lt. C. O. Groom, Linc. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off., in the rank of Lt. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 29th Aug. 1918.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. H. N. Lindsay, from a Res. Bn., R. Innis. Fus., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 4 May 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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R. Ir. Fus.—Sjt. (Staff Sjt. Instr., Ind. Unatt'd List) Richard Bell to be 2nd Lt., and to be secd. for emplt. as Adjt., Ind. Vols. 28th Aug. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 21st October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th October 1918, pages 12321, 12393 and 12394.

War Office,
21st October, 1918.

* * * * *

With reference to the announcement of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal which appears in the London Gazette, dated 26th August, 1918, the following are the acts of gallantry for which the decoration has been awarded :—

* * * * *

26 C.Q.M.S. H. G. Kinnard, India Unattached List.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. By his courage, coolness and soldierly spirit under fire, and his untiring energy in the execution of his duties, he has invariably set a splendid example to all ranks, and greatly encouraged them to further efforts at critical times.

* * * * *

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 10th January 1919.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 4.—Engineer-Commander C. F. Laslett, M.B.E., Royal Indian Marine, is appointed Inspector of Machinery, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 28th December 1918; *vice* Engineer-Captain T. H. Knight, C.I.E., Royal Indian Marine, deceased.

No. 5.—The services of Engineer-Commander C. T. Amor, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, for employment as 1st Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to that Government sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* Engineer-Commander C. F. Laslett, M.B.E., Royal Indian Marine, with effect from 22nd December 1918.

DISCIPLINE.

No. 6.—The services of temporary Lieutenant A. Sangster, Royal Indian Marine, are dispensed with, with effect from the 14th December 1918.

No. 7.—The services of temporary Lieutenant W. H. Lee, Royal Indian Marine, are dispensed with, with effect from the 28th December 1918.

JUDICIAL.

No. 8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Impressment of Vessels Ordinance, 1914, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in the first column of the schedule annexed to Marine Department notification No. 73, dated the 18th August 1914, as amended by Marine Department notifications Nos. 77, 30, 46, 16, 36, 50, 55, 15, 26, 55, 61, 77 and 22, dated the 1st September 1914, the 10th September 1915, the 10th December 1915, the 5th May 1916, the 25th August 1916, the 24th November 1916, the 15th December 1916, the 23rd March 1917, the 15th June 1917 the 31st August 1917, the 21st September 1917, the 30th November 1917, and the 22nd March 1918, respectively :—

For "Commander T. H. H. Hand, Royal Indian Marine, Port Officer, sub. *pro tem.*"
substitute "Commander H. Morland, Royal Indian Marine, Senior Marine Transport Officer."

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 9.—Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant J. L. Jewers, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 27th December 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 8th January 1919.

No. 2090-E.—18.—Mr. G. A. R. Trimming, officiating District Locomotive Superintendent on special duty with the Railway Board, is granted combined leave for nine months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 2 months and 17 days and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period under Articles 233 and 308 (*a*), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th January 1919.

No. 73-F.—16.—In the schedule annexed to the notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department (Railway Board) No. 73-F.—16, dated the 21st February 1916, specifying the tax payable in aid of the funds of the Agra Municipality, by the administration of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway *for* the entry "house tax" *substitute* tax on houses, buildings and lands.

No. 3-T.-1—18.—The following is published for general information:—

No. 3-T.-1—18.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 8th January 1919.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 47, sub-section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890) as in force in British India or as locally applied, the Railway Board sanction the following rules made by the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company, Limited, under sub-section (1), clauses (*f*) and (*g*) of the said section, for and to be applicable to the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway system situate in British India or in Native States, for regulating the terms and conditions on which the Railway Administration will warehouse or retain goods at any station or depôt on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway on behalf of the consignee or owner and for regulating the use of rolling stock, engines and trains on the said railway by the public.

THE MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

I.—RULES FOR THE WAREHOUSING AND RETENTION OF GOODS.

Wharfage.

1. Wharfage should be calculated—

(1) where freight is levied on weight—upon such weight;

(2) where freight is levied on the vehicle in or on which the goods are carried—upon the carrying capacity of such vehicle.

Circumstances.	Time allowed free.	Commodities.	Maximum rate per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day in excess of the free time.	REMARKS.
On goods for despatch waiting to be consigned, *i.e.*, consignments brought to station but consignment notes not received.	Closing time of the day.	All goods	1 anna	Goods will in all cases be at owner's risk until a receipt in the prescribed form has been granted duly signed by an authorised railway servant.
On goods available for delivery.				
Consignments not removed.	From time of arrival till closing time of the day following that on which consignments are made available for delivery.	Ditto	1 anna	The goods shall be warehoused either under cover or in the open as space may be available.

2. A consignee must take delivery of goods forming part of a consignment whenever they are available for delivery notwithstanding that the remaining goods are short or damaged or have not arrived at their destination or otherwise not available for delivery; and, if the consignee does not take delivery of such goods forming part of a consignment as are available for delivery, they will be subject to wharfage charges if not removed within the time allowed for removal.

On Luggage and Parcels available for delivery.

3. For unclaimed booked luggage and parcels, a wharfage charge not exceeding the following may be made if they are not removed from railway premises within 48 hours from midnight of the day of arrival.

Rate per maund or part of a maund for 24 hours or part of 24 hours.	Minimum charge per package as for one maund.
Rs. A. P. 0 2 0	

On Carriages, Motor Cars and Palanquins.

4. (*a*) Carriages, motor cars and palanquins left on the railway premises awaiting removal by consignee will, after the expiration of 24 hours from the time they are available for delivery, be subject to a wharfage charge of Rs. 2 per carriage or motor car, and Re. 1 per palanquin for each subsequent day or part thereof.

(*b*) A similar charge will be levied on all carriages, motor cars and palanquins left on the Company's premises awaiting despatch order from consignor after the expiration of 24 hours from the time they are brought to the station, but until a railway receipt is granted the railway does not acknowledge any responsibility in respect to such carriages, motor cars or palanquins which must be at owner's risk.

On Birds, Poultry and Animals.

5. For birds, poultry and animals, charges may be made as follows, after the expiry of 6 hours from the time they are available for delivery :—

Animals—One anna per animal per hour or part of an hour.

Poultry—One anna per head per hour or part of an hour.

Birds in baskets or crates, etc.—One anna per cubic foot or part of a cubic foot per hour or part of an hour.

These charges to be in addition to any expenses entailed in feeding the birds, animals, etc.

Under any circumstances, live animals should be removed from the railway premises within 24 hours from the time of their arrival at destination, failing which they may be disposed of under Section 56, Clause 2, Railway Act, IX of 1890.

Notice of arrival.

6. The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company do not undertake to send notice of arrival of goods and parcels to consignees; and the absence of such notice will not entitle consignees to claim exemption from wharfage or demurrage or storage charges if goods and parcels are not removed within the time allowed. Endeavours will, however, be made at receiving stations to advise consignees, when practicable, of the arrival of their goods and parcels. The cost of advices sent by post will be borne by the Company.

Treatment and disposal of Unclaimed Goods, Parcels and Luggage.

7. (*a*) Subject to the exception mentioned in Rule (*c*) below, unclaimed goods, parcels and luggage are kept on hand at the station to which booked for a period of not less than one month, during which time the notice prescribed

in section 56, sub-section (1), of the Indian Railways Act (IX of 1890), will be issued if the owner of the goods or person entitled thereto is known.

(b) If not taken delivery of within a period of not less than one month after receipt at the station to which invoiced or waybilled, unclaimed goods, luggage and parcels will be sent to the Unclaimed Goods or Lost Property Office and dealt with as laid down in Rule (f) below.

(c) Unclaimed articles will be liable to the wharfage and demurrage charges hereinbefore referred to, as well as to all freight and special expenditure incurred by the railway on account of their custody and disposal.

(d) Where articles such as arms, ammunition, explosives, intoxicating liquors, opium and its preparations and hemp drugs, the sale of which by unlicensed persons is prohibited by law, are left unclaimed in the possession of the railway, they will be made over to the police or excise authorities for disposal under the laws affecting the article. When not of a dangerous, perishable or offensive character, they will, however, be retained in the possession of the railway for the same period as that prescribed for other unclaimed articles.

This rule in so far as it relates to explosives is supplemental to, and not in modification of, the rules made under the Indian Explosives Act.

(e) Perishable articles unclaimed or not taken delivery of, will be disposed of by auction at owner's risk and expense by the Station Master of the station at which they may be left after the expiry of 24 hours or earlier if they are, or are likely to become, offensive.

(f) Public sales by auction will be held from time to time of all unclaimed or lost property which has remained in the possession of the railway over six months. At least fifteen days' previous notice of each auction will be given by advertisement in a newspaper.

(g) Any surplus proceeds arising out of sale of lost property or unclaimed consignments after payment of all charges and expenses due to the railway will be paid to the person or persons thereto entitled.

Lost Property.

8. (a) Lost property found in railway vehicles or on railway premises will, subject to the exception mentioned in paragraph 7 (e) above, be sent to the Lost Property Office after 48 hours, and will be dealt with in the same manner as unclaimed booked goods.

(b) Application for the recovery of lost property should be made to the nearest Station Master, and also to the General Traffic Manager, Madras, marked on the outside cover "Lost Property ".

(c) The Lost Property Office is situated at Madras (Central Station).

(d) A fee of four annas for each article or package will be charged when claim is made after the articles were transferred to the Lost Property Office. If not claimed within one month, an additional storage charge of annas 4 per month or portion of a month will be made.

Left Luggage Offices or Cloak Rooms.

9. (a) Packages may be placed for temporary custody in charge of the Station Masters at certain stations.

(b) A left luggage receipt will be given to any person depositing packages for custody in a cloak room; and delivery will be made to any person presenting such receipt, after which all responsibility of the Railway Administration in respect of such packages shall absolutely cease and determine. The person presenting the said receipt must sign his name on it and enter the date. An Indemnity Bond should be executed by the owner in all cases of loss of left luggage receipts.

(c) Before a left luggage receipt is given, the luggage ticket or parcel receipt issued at the forwarding station in the case of luggage received by railway, must be collected.

(*d*) A charge of two annas per maund or part of a maund, with a minimum charge per package as for one maund, may be levied for each 24 hours or part of 24 hours, during which the luggage or parcel remains in a cloak room.

For the purpose of this rule, Sundays, Good Friday and Christmas Day are not considered *dies non*. The charge will be calculated from the time the package is deposited in the cloak room. This time will be marked on the left luggage ticket, just below the date.

(*e*) The responsibility of the Railway Administration for articles left in a cloak room shall be that of a bailee under sections 151, 152 and 161 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (IX of 1872).

Articles deposited in cloak rooms, which are unclaimed, will, after a period of one month, be transferred to the Lost Property Office and be dealt with as prescribed in rules for unclaimed packages.

II.—RULES FOR REGULATING THE USE OF ROLLING-STOCK, ENGINES AND TRAINS.

10. *Demurrage on Vehicles both Goods and Coaching, other than Passenger Carriages.*

Circumstances.	Time allowed free.	Maximum rate per ton or part of a ton of carrying capacity per hour or part of an hour in excess of the free time.	REMARKS.
IN RAILWAY PREMISES.			
On vehicles ordered and waiting to be loaded by senders or detained for consignment note or otherwise, owing to default or at the request of the sender.	9 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed in position.	1 anna . .	Subject to a minimum of 8 annas per hour per coaching vehicle other than passenger carriages.
On loaded vehicles waiting to be discharged by owners.	9 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed in position for unloading.	1 anna . .	Subject to a minimum of 8 annas per hour per coaching vehicle other than passenger carriages. The Railway Administration will at its option unload the vehicles and charge the consignee for doing so and will also charge wharfage on the contents under Rule I. The Railway Company reserves the right of unloading owner's loads at destination immediately on arrival or within 9 hours of day-light after arrival. In such cases the cost of unloading will be borne by the Railway.
IN PRIVATE SIDINGS.			
On vehicles waiting to be loaded at a private siding.	9 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed within the limits of such a siding.	1 anna . .	Subject to a minimum of 8 annas per hour per coaching vehicle other than passenger carriages.
On loaded vehicles waiting to be discharged in a private siding.	9 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are shunted within the limits of such a siding.	1 anna . .	Subject to a minimum of 8 annas per hour per coaching vehicle other than passenger carriages.

NOTE.—Day-light hours are reckoned as from 6 to 18 o'clock.

Demurrage will be charged for every hour, day or night, in excess of the free time.

Demurrage charge on Reserved Carriages.

11. (*a*) When for the convenience of passengers, reserved carriages are detained at intermediate stations or at destination stations, demurrage at the following rates may be charged.

Description of carriages.	Broad gauge per hour or part of an hour.	Metre gauge per hour or part of an hour.	REMARKS.
Four-wheelers . . .	8 annas	6 annas	Subject to a minimum charge of Rs. 5 per vehicle of either gauge.
Six-wheelers . . .	12 annas	9 annas	
Bogies	1 rupee . . .	12 annas . . .	

(*b*) The same charge applies for detention to carriages ordered by intending passengers and not used from the time the vehicle is available until it is attached to a running train at the starting station or until intimation is received that the carriage is not required.

Demurrage for Passenger Special Trains and Engines.

12. (*a*) Demurrage may be charged for passenger special trains when they do not start at the time ordered, at rates not exceeding those given in paragraph 11 (*a*) and Rs. 10 per hour on the broad gauge and Rs. 8 per hour on the metre gauge for the engine. Fractions of an hour to be reckoned as an hour. Demurrage may be charged for stoppages *en route* or detention at destination station at the same rates.

(*b*) In the case of a special train being countermanded, the charges notified in paragraph (*a*) above may be charged.

III.—CALCULATION OF CHARGES.

13. In calculating wharfage and demurrage charges, fractions of one anna less than six pies shall be dropped and six pies and over shall be charged as one anna. Where the total amount of demurrage or wharfage due on any consignment is less than two annas it shall be foregone.

IV.—GENERAL.

14. (*a*) In the event of goods requiring to be loaded or unloaded by owners becoming liable to both demurrage and wharfage charges, the Railway Administration may levy both demurrage and wharfage charges for such periods as the goods would be liable to such charges under these rules.

(*b*) If and for so long as the state of the traffic or any sudden emergency makes it necessary and after advertisement in the local newspapers, the rate of demurrage or wharfage may be increased and the free time may be curtailed.

(*c*) Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday will be reckoned in charging demurrage on all wagons made available for unloading on those days and stations will also be opened for unloading of wagons on those days so that merchants receiving wagons to their addresses which they are required to unload may do so.

This does not apply in the case of wharfage, in which connection the above days will be treated as *dies non* as hithertofore.

(*d*) Explosives or dangerous goods must be removed by the consignee from the receiving station during the 12 hours of day-light after arrival; if this condition is not strictly complied with, the Railway Administration may return the consignment to the consignor at his risk and expense.

(*e*) The Railway Administration have the same lien on goods for demurrage and wharfage, and, if incurred, for unloading, as for freight, and these charges must be paid before the goods are removed.

No. 3-T.-2—18. -The following is published for general information :—

No. 3-T.-2—18.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 8th January 1919.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 47, sub-section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), as in force in British India or as locally applied, the Railway Board sanction the following rules made by the South Indian Railway Company, Limited, under sub-section (1), clauses (*f*) and (*g*) of the said section, for and to be applicable to the South Indian Railway System situate in British India or in Native States, for regulating the terms and conditions on which the Railway Administration will warehouse or retain goods at any station or depôt on the South Indian Railway, and Nilgiri Railway, on behalf of the consignee or owner, and for regulating the use of rolling-stock, engines and trains on the said railway by the public.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

I.—RULES FOR THE WAREHOUSING AND RETENTION OF GOODS.

Wharfage.

1. Wharfage should be calculated—

(1) where freight is levied on weight—upon such weight;

(2) where freight is levied on the vehicle in or on which the goods are carried—upon the carrying capacity of such vehicle.

Circumstances.	Time allowed free.	Commodities.	Rate per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day in excess of the free time.	REMARKS.
On goods for despatch waiting to be consigned, *i.e.*, consignments brought to station, but consignment notes not received.	Closing time of the day.	For loose cotton, wet hides and skins, and salt fish.	1 anna ...	Goods will in all cases be at owner's risk until a receipt in the prescribed form has been granted duly signed by an authorised Railway servant.
		For other goods.	4 pies.	
On goods available for delivery.				
Consignments not removed.	From time of arrival till closing time of the day following that on which consignments are made available for delivery.	For loose cotton, wet hides and skins, and salt fish.	1 anna ...	The goods shall be warehoused either under cover or in the open as space may be available.
		For other goods	4 pies.	

2. A consignee must take delivery of goods forming part of a consignment whenever they are available for delivery notwithstanding that the remaining goods are short or damaged or have not arrived at their destination or otherwise not available for delivery; and if the consignee does not take delivery of such goods forming part of a consignment as are available for delivery, they will be subject to wharfage charges if not removed within the time allowed for removal.

On Luggage and Parcels available for delivery.

3. For unclaimed booked luggage and parcels, the following warehouse charge will be made if they are not removed from railway premises within seven days from date of receipt:—

Rate per maund or part of a maund for 24 hours or part of 24 hours.	Minimum charge per package.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
0 0 6	0 1 0

On Carriages, Motor Cars and Palanquins.

4. (*a*) Carriages, motor cars and palanquins left on the Company's premises over the South Indian Railway, awaiting removal by consignee will, after the expiration of 24 hours from the time they are available for delivery, be subject to a wharfage charge of Rs. 2 per carriage or motor car, and Re. 1 per palanquin for each subsequent day or part thereof.

(*b*) A similar charge will be levied on all carriages, motor cars and palanquins left on the Company's premises awaiting despatch order from consignor after the expiration of 24 hours from the time they are brought to the station, but until a railway receipt is granted the railway does not acknowledge any responsibility in respect to such carriages, motor cars or palanquins which must be at owner's risk.

On Birds, Poultry and Animals.

5. For birds, poultry and animals, charges may be made as follows, after the expiry of 6 hours from the time they are available for delivery:—

Animals—One anna per animal per hour or part of an hour.

Poultry—One anna per head per hour or part of an hour.

Birds in baskets or crates, etc.—One anna per cubic foot or part of a cubic foot per hour or part of an hour.

These charges to be in addition to any expenses entailed in feeding the birds, animals, etc.

Under any circumstances, live animals should be removed from the railway premises within 24 hours, from the time of their arrival at destination, failing which they may be disposed of under section 56, clause 2, Railway Act (IX of 1890.)

Notice of arrival.

6. The South Indian Railway Company do not undertake to send notice of arrival of goods and parcels to consignees; and the absence of such notice will not entitle consignees to claim exemption from wharfage or demurrage or storage charges if goods and parcels are not removed within the time allowed. Endeavours will, however, be made at receiving stations to advise consignees when practicable of the arrival of their goods and parcels. The cost of advices sent by post will be borne by the Company.

Treatment and disposal of Unclaimed Goods and Parcels.

7. (*a*) Subject to the exception mentioned in Rule (*e*) below, unclaimed goods (parcels and luggage) are kept on hand at the station to which booked

for a period of not less than one month, during which time the notice prescribed in section 56, sub-section (*i*), of the Indian Railways Act (IX of 1890), will be issued if the owner of the goods or person entitled thereto is known.

(*b*) If not taken delivery of within a period of not less than one month after receipt at the station to which invoiced or waybilled, unclaimed goods, luggage and parcels will be sent to the Unclaimed Goods or Lost Property Office and dealt with as laid down in Rule (*f*) below.

(*c*) Unclaimed articles will be liable to the wharfage and demurrage charges hereinbefore referred to, as well as to all freight and special expenditure incurred by the railway on account of their custody and disposal.

(*d*) Where articles such as arms, ammunition, explosives, intoxicating liquors, opium and its preparations and hemp drugs, the sale of which by unlicensed persons is prohibited by law, are left unclaimed in the possession of the railway, they will be made over to the police or excise authorities for disposal under the laws affecting the article. When not of a dangerous, perishable or offensive character, they will, however, be retained in the possession of the railway for the same period as that prescribed for other unclaimed articles.

This rule in so far as it relates to explosives is supplemental to, and not in modification of, the rules made under the Indian Explosives Act.

(*e*) Perishable articles unclaimed or not taken delivery of, will be disposed of by auction at owner's risk and expense by the Station Master of the station at which they may be left after the expiry of 24 hours or earlier if they are, or are likely to become, offensive.

(*f*) Public sales by auction will be held every quarter of the year of all unclaimed or lost property which has remained in the possession of the railway over six months. At least fifteen days' previous notice of each auction will be given by advertisement in a newspaper.

(*g*) Any surplus proceeds arising out of sale of lost property or unclaimed consignments after payment of all charges and expenses due to the railway will be paid to the person or persons thereto entitled.

Lost Property.

8. (*a*) Lost property found in railway vehicles or on railway premises will, subject to the exception mentioned in paragraph (*e*) above, be sent to the Lost Property Office after 48 hours, and will be dealt with in the same manner as unclaimed booked goods.

(*b*) Application for the recovery of lost property should be made to the nearest Station Master, and also to the General Traffic Manager, Trichinopoly, marked on the outside cover " Lost Property. "

(*c*) The Lost Property Office is situated at Trichinopoly.

(*d*) A fee of two annas for each article or package will be charged in addition to a storage charge of annas 4 per month or portion of a month during which it has remained in the possession of the Railway Company as Lost Property.

Left Luggage Offices or Cloak Rooms.

9. (*a*) Luggage may be placed for temporary custody in charge of the Station Masters at certain stations.

(*b*) A left luggage ticket will be given to any person depositing luggage or parcels for custody in a cloak room; and delivery will be made to any person presenting such receipt ticket, after which all responsibility of the Railway Administration in respect of such luggage or parcels shall absolutely cease and determine. The person presenting the ticket must sign his name on the ticket and enter the date. An Indemnity Bond should be executed by the owner in all cases of loss of left luggage receipts.

(*c*) Before a left luggage ticket is given, the luggage ticket issued at the forwarding station in the case of luggage received by railway, must be collected.

(*d*) A charge of two annas per package will be levied, for each 24 hours or part of 24 hours, during which the luggage or parcel remains in a cloak room.

For the purpose of this rule, Sundays, Good Friday and Christmas Day are not considered *dies non*. The charge will be calculated from the time the package is deposited in the cloak room. This time will be marked on the left luggage ticket just below the date.

(*e*) The responsibility of the Railway Administration for articles left in a cloak room shall be that of a bailee under sections 151, 152 and 161 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (IX of 1872).

Articles deposited in cloak-rooms, which are unclaimed, will, after a period of one month, be transferred to the Lost Property Office and be dealt with as prescribed in rules for unclaimed packages.

II.—RULES FOR REGULATING THE USE OF ROLLING-STOCK, ENGINES AND TRAINS.

10. Demurrage.

Circumstances.	Time allowed free.	Rate per ton or part of a ton of carrying capacity per hour or part of an hour in excess of the free time.	REMARKS.
IN RAILWAY PREMISES.			
On vehicles ordered and waiting to be loaded by senders, or detained for consignment note or otherwise, owing to default of or at the request of the sender.	6 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed in position.	4 pies.	
On loaded vehicles waiting to be discharged by owners.	3 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed in position for unloading.	Same rates as above. 18 pies on Nilgiri Railway.	The Railway Administration will at its option unload the vehicles and charge the consignee for doing so and will also charge wharfage on the contents under Rule I. The Railway Company reserves the right of unloading owner's loads at destination immediately on arrival or within 6 hours of day-light after arrival. In such cases the cost of unloading will be borne by the railway.
IN PRIVATE SIDINGS.			
On vehicles waiting to be loaded at a private siding.	6 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed within the limits of such a siding.	4 pies.	
On loaded vehicles waiting to be discharged in a private siding.	6 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are shunted within the limits of such a siding	Same rates as above.	

NOTE.—Day-light hours are reckoned as from 6 to 18 o'clock.
Demurrage will be charged for every hour, day or night, in excess of the free time.

Demurrage charge on Reserved Carriages.

11. When, for the convenience of passengers, reserved carriages are detained at intermediate stations, a charge of 8 annas for an eight-wheeled carriage, 6 annas for a six-wheeled and 4 annas for a four-wheeled carriage per hour or part of an hour will be made, but the charge will only be collected when orders to this effect are specially issued.

The same charge applies for detention to carriages ordered by intending passengers and not used from the time the vehicle is available till the time when intimation is received that it is not required.

Demurrage charge for Engines.

12. A demurrage charge of Rs. 10 per hour or part of an hour on broad gauge and Rs. 8 on metre gauge on account of engine hire will be made for the extra hours if an engine of a public special train is detained *en route* at the party's request.

III.—CALCULATION OF CHARGES.

13. In calculating wharfage and demurrage charges, fractions of one anna less than six pies shall be dropped and six pies and over shall be charged as one anna. Where the total amount of demurrage or wharfage due on any consignment is less than two annas it shall be foregone.

IV.—GENERAL.

14. (*a*) In the event of goods requiring to be loaded or unloaded by owners becoming liable to both demurrage and wharfage charges, the Railway Administration may levy both demurrage and wharfage charges for such periods as the goods would be liable to such charges under these rules.

(*b*) If and for so long as the state of the traffic or any sudden emergency makes it necessary and after advertisement in the local newspapers, the rate of demurrage or wharfage may be increased and the free time may be curtailed.

(*c*) Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday will be reckoned in charging demurrage on all wagons made available for unloading on those days and stations will also be opened for unloading of wagons on those days so that merchants receiving wagons to their addresses which they are required to unload may do so.

This does not apply in the case of wharfage in which connection the above days will be treated as *dies non* as hithertofore.

(*d*) Explosives or dangerous goods must be removed by the consignee from the receiving station during the 12 hours of day-light after arrival; if this condition is not strictly complied with, the Railway Administration may return the consignment to the consignor at his risk and expense.

(*e*) Should the wharfage or storage on actual weight exceed the demurrage charge at the wagon rate for the full time, the latter rate will be charged.

(*f*) The Railway Administration have the same lien on goods for demurrage and wharfage, and, if incurred, for unloading, as for freight; and these charges must be paid before the goods are removed.

The 10th January 1919.

No. 141-E.-3—19.—Mr. W. F. Harnett, C.B.E., Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is placed on deputation in connection with the question of the standardization of wagons, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 141-E.-4—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 141-E.-3—19, dated the 10th January 1919, Mr. H. H. Spalding, Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate as Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent of the railway during the absence of Mr. W. F. Harnett, C.B.E., on deputation.

No. 2074-E.—18.—Mr. A. M. Freeman, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways officiated as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that Establishment from the 25th June to the 4th July 1918.

F. A. HADOW,

Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 3rd January 1919.

No. X-628.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the Defence of India (Wool) Rules, 1916, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 5134-W.—II, dated the 28th June 1916, as subsequently amended.

The 6th January 1919.

No. E.-900.—In Notification No. E.-900, dated the 18th December 1918, regarding the appointment of Mr. V. E. Towlson to the Army Clothing Department *for* "12th November 1918" *read* "15th November 1918".

The 9th January 1919.

No. H.-695.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel Rules 11 EE and 11 EEE of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended.

No. E.-729.—2nd-Lieutenant O. G. Denison, Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Bombay, is appointed Assistant Controller (Textile Stores), Munitions (Textiles) Depôt, Bombay, with effect from the 31st October 1918.

The 10th January 1919.

No. E.-121 (1).—Mr. J. D. Pearson was employed on special duty under the orders of the Controller of Munitions, Bombay Circle, from the afternoon of the 30th November to the afternoon of the 5th December 1918.

No. E.-121 (2).—Mr. J. D Pearson is appointed Deputy Controller (Timber Supplies), Bombay, with effect from the 6th December 1918.

No. E.-121 (3).—The services of Captain G. W. D. Breadon, I.A.R.O., Deputy Controller (Timber Supplies), Bombay, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 6th December 1918.

No. E.-844 (1).—Major H. W. Brady, I.W.T., was employed on special duty under the Indian Munitions Board from the 17th to the 30th October 1918, both days inclusive.

No. E.-844 (2).—Major H. W. Brady, I.W.T., is appointed Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Bombay, with effect from the 31st October 1918.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 9th January 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A western depression gave some rain or snow in the North-West Frontier Province, Kashmir, the northeast Punjab and the northwest of the United Provinces. Conditions were also unsettled in the Peninsula and rainfall occurred at most stations in south and central Madras, and at a few places in Mysore, the north of the Bombay Deccan and the northwest of the Central Provinces. Elsewhere weather was dry.

2. *Burma.*—There was no rain.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Sibsagar had a light fall of rain.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rainfall was nearly general in the northwest of the United Provinces on the 5th, and light falls occurred at Saugor on the 6th and 7th.

Northwest India.—Local rain or snow fell in the hills of the North-West Frontier Province, Kashmir and the Punjab East and North.

The Peninsula.—Rain fell locally in south Madras and the Madras Deccan, and a few scattered falls occurred in other parts of the division.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows:—

January 4th. Tinnevelly 0·85" and Cuddapah 1·45".

" 5th. Sonamarg 0·95", Srinagar 0·43", Simla and Drosh each 0·38", Lahore 0·22" and Trivandrum 0·37".

" 6th. Saugor 0·25", Calicut 0·88" and Kodaikanal 0·78".

" 7th. Saugor 0·25", Ahmadnagar 0·23" and Cochin 0·61".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad North, Mysore and the Madras Presidency; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Assam, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces East, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana East, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces East and Hyderabad South. It was within 20 per cent of the normal in the United Provinces West and the Central Provinces West: no rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Rajputana, Central India West and the Madras Coast North. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Kashmir, Baluchistan, Sind, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar. No rain is expected during this period in Gujarat; in the remaining divisions rainfall differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent.

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 9th January 1919.			Rainfall data from 29th November 1918 to 9th January 1919.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Percentage departure from normal. This week.	Percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	0·3	−0·3	7·5	8·2	−0·7	−9	−5
Lower Burma	0	0	0	2·0	0·7	+1·3	+186	+186
Upper Burma	0	0	0	0·4	0·6	−0·2	−33	−33
Assam	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·6	−0·6	−100	−100
Bengal	0	0	0	0·1	0·4	−0·3	−75	−75
Orissa	0	0·1	−0·1	0·1	0·5	−0·4	−80	−75
Chota Nagpur	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·4	−0·4	−100	−100
Bihar	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·2	−0·2	−100	−100
United Provinces, East	0	0·2	−0·2	0·1	0·5	−0·4	−80	−67
United Provinces, West	0·2	0·2	0	0·4	0·7	−0·3	−43	−60
Punjab, East and North	0·1	0·3	−0·2	0·4	1·0	−0·6	−60	−57
Punjab, South-West	0	0·1	−0·1	0·4	0·5	−0·1	−20	0
Kashmir	0·4	0·5	−0·1	3·5	2·2	+1·3	+59	+82
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·1	−0·1	0·5	0·5	0	0	+25
Baluchistan	0	0·2	−0·2	1·4	1·0	+0·4	+40	+75
Sind	0	0	0	0·2	0	+0·2	—	—
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0·1	0·2	−0·1	−50	−50
Rajputana, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0·1	0·3	−0·2	−67	−50
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0	0	0·1	0·3	−0·2	−67	−67
Central India, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0·8	0·6	+0·2	+33	+60
Berar	0	0·2	−0·2	1·6	0·9	+0·7	+78	+129
Central Provinces, West	0·1	0·1	0	1·5	0·6	+0·9	+150	+180
Central Provinces, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0·7	0·4	+0·3	+75	+133
Konkan	0	0	0	0·2	0·1	+0·1	+100	+100
Bombay Deccan	0·1	0	+0·1	0·4	0·4	0	0	−25
Hyderabad, North	0·1	0	+0·1	1·7	0·2	+1·5	+750	+700
Hyderabad, South	0	0·1	−0·1	1·5	0·2	+1·3	+650	+1400
Mysore	0·1	0	+0·1	1·1	0·6	+0·5	+83	+67
Malabar	0·5	0·1	+0·4	2·7	1·7	+1·0	+59	+37
Madras, South-East	0·3	0·2	+0·1	6·6	5·7	+0·9	+16	+15
Madras Deccan	0·2	0·1	+0·1	0·6	0·7	−0·1	−14	−33
Madras Coast, North	0·2	0·1	+0·1	1·1	1·7	−0·6	−35	−44

HEM RAJ,
for *Director General of Observatories.*

Dated the 9th January 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for week ending Saturday, 4th January 1919.

Burma.—The week was rainless. Reaping of winter rice is practically completed. Threshing and winnowing are becoming general in Upper Burma. Cultivation of miscellaneous winter crops is progressing normally. Harvesting of cotton, groundnuts, late sesamum and winter rice is still proceeding. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Price of unhusked rice in Rangoon remains stationary at Rs. 111 and is above normal. There is a great demand for white rice for early milling at Rs. 325 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was generally seasonable but rain is wanted for mustard. Harvesting of winter rice and pulses, plucking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue. Pruning of tea is going on. Prospects of crops, except mustard, and outturns of winter rice, pulses, cotton and sugarcane are fair. Cattle disease is reported in one district. Price of common rice is practically stationary.

Bengal.—The week was rainless. Reaping of winter paddy is fast approaching completion. Threshing continues. Harvesting of potatoes, pulses and sugarcane is in progress. Prospects of standing crops are generally reported unsatisfactory owing to drought. Price of common rice has fallen by about 2 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week. Harvesting of winter paddy still continues. Threshing has commenced. Pressing of sugarcane is in progress. Prospects of the spring crops are bad owing to the absence of rain which is urgently wanted. Test works are going on in 20 places in Angul. Gratuitous relief was given to 1,188 persons in this district. Of the seventeen districts from which reports have been received the price of common rice has risen in five districts, fallen in three and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. The condition of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is bad. Harvesting of winter paddy continues and pressing of sugarcane is going on.

United Provinces.—With the exception of light showers in Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Bareilly and Muzaffarnagar the week was rainless. Rain is badly needed. Some damage to spring crops by insects is reported from Ballia and Benares districts. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops are nearly finished. Irrigation of spring and extra crops and pressing of sugarcane continue. Condition of standing crops is fair. Prospects of spring crops on area sown are at present fair but mostly depend on winter rains. Condition of agricultural stock is good but cattle disease is still reported from some districts. Fodder is scarce and dear. Water and market supplies are generally sufficient. Prices have a tendency to rise. Test works have also been opened at Jhansi, Hamirpur and Banda districts. Numbers relieved on 4th January:—Etawah 2,367, Allahabad 453, Jalaun 1,185, Jhansi 171, and Banda 3,660. Number of inmates in poorhouses opened at Jhansi and Banda is 1 and 53 respectively. Forest hay has been supplied to the affected tracts and is being sold.

Punjab.—Light rain fell in parts of nearly all the reporting districts and was useful to the standing crops which are average to good on irrigated and much below average on unirrigated areas. More rain is badly wanted. Picking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane are in progress. The yield is below normal to normal on irrigated and poor on unirrigated areas. Wheat and other spring crops are being sown on irrigated areas in some districts. Area sown is below normal to normal. Harvesting of *toria* continues. The yield is below normal to normal. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is scarce in most districts. Sugarcane is being used as fodder. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary but have risen slightly in some districts. They are above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat:—Ambala, Lahore and Rawalpindi 5¼, Lyallpur 6 and Ferozepore 6¾ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—Slight rain fell in one district. More rain is greatly needed throughout the province. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in places. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and generally below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Harvesting of maize and *chari* and pressing of sugarcane continue. Outturn is average. Prices of wheat:—Peshawar 7$\frac{1}{16}$ and Dera Ismail Khan 7$\frac{5}{16}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary. Fodder is insufficient.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—The weather was cold and cloudy in places. Sowings and irrigation of spring crops continue. Cattle disease is prevailing in places. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and stationary.

Central India.—Rainfall was insufficient in Gwalior and Bundelkhand. Autumn crops are being harvested in Indore, Malwa and Southern States and have been completed in Gwalior and Baghelkhand. Cotton is being picked in Gwalior, Indore and Malwa. Spring crops are being sown in Gwalior, Bundelkhand, Malwa and Southern States. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain in Bhopal, are indifferent in certain districts of Gwalior, good on irrigated areas and fair elsewhere. Probable outturn is bad in northern districts of Gwalior, average in Bhopal except in Bhopal itself where it is 10 annas, is expected bad in Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana, below average in Dhar and Jhabua and fair elsewhere. Agricultural stock is bad in Gwalior and fair to good elsewhere except where cattle disease prevails. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal, Bundelkhand and parts of Malwa and Southern States. Prices are high but stationary. Sowings of opium have been completed in Gwalior and Indore. Number of persons on famine relief in Bundelkhand 174.

Central Provinces.—Only Saugor had twenty-five cents of rain. Elsewhere the weather has been clear and cool with occasional clouds. Picking of cotton and threshing and winnowing of other autumn crops are approaching completion. Generally speaking the condition of spring crops, except linseed, is satisfactory and prospects are favourable. Fodder and water are insufficient in parts of Nerbudda and Berar divisions. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Damoh, Jubbulpore, Chanda, Raipur and Yeotmal. Relief measures continue in Jubbulpore and Sironcha. *Juar* rose in Chindwara while gram became cheaper in Chanda by one seer per rupee. The prices of wheat and gram are falling but those of rice and *juar* indicate an upward course in parts of Jubbulpore and Nerbudda divisions.

The weekly report on Sironcha is as follows :—General health is improving in Sironcha and is good in Jubbulpore and Damoh, except for after effects of influenza. Distress is slightly increasing in Jubbulpore where there is some influx of people from adjoining states. Emigration to Assam from Jubbulpore is increasing. Prices of food grains are falling slightly. Numbers on works :—Sironcha 93, Damoh 957, Jubbulpore 951, total 2,001. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—Sironcha 1,701, Damoh 1,976, Jubbulpore 3,258, total 6,935.

Feudatory States.—Standing crops are generally in good condition.

Bombay.—Slight but beneficial rain fell during the week in parts of Sind. Standing crops are withering in parts of Sholapur, Satara and Karnatak; elsewhere they are fair to good. Autumn harvesting and spring sowing are nearly over. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Sholapur and Baroda. Fodder supply is generally deficient but is being supplemented under control arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in most districts. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Test works are in progress in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Ahmednagar. Scarcity has been declared in two talukas of Broach. Number on test works on last day of week ending 28th December 2,570. Number on gratuitous relief, Kathiawar 1,329.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. Autumn cotton is still being picked. Early rice is being harvested in parts, the crop suffered in some districts. Spring crops need rain. Condition is generally fair to good except in Aurangabad, Bir and Warangal districts. Late rice lands are being prepared and sown. Cattle are healthy except in some taluks in river districts where disease is reported. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices of grains continue abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at three seers per rupee in the Parbhani and Gulbarga districts.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi* outturn is poor to fair. Rice and sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was cold. Reaping of rice and picking of cardamom and coffee continue. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was light in Madras and *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of most districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in places for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in twelve districts. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of four districts. Fodder is sufficient, except in parts of eight districts. Prices have slightly risen. Prospects are fair generally but conditions in parts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godaveri continue unsatisfactory. Starting of relief measures in one division in Ganjam is contemplated. Weavers' relief in Anantapur is no longer necessary owing to sudden change in conditions.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces, and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 14th December 1918.

No.	Name of District or State	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3	Number of persons employed on relief works	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF: Dependants of relief-workers relieved on works	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	UNITED PROVINCES.									
	Garhwal	295	81,919	..	...	...	...	...	...	361
	CENTRAL PROVINCES									
1	Jubbulpore	3,912	746,000	...	...	...	.	...	..	1,399
2	Chanda district (Sironcha) .	3,089	70,000	..	...	...	...	...	..	1,277
	Total .	7,296	897,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,037

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 21st December 1918.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				BRITISH PROVINCES.						
	UNITED PROVINCES.									
1	Garhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	448
	BIHAR AND ORISSA.									
2	Angul	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	...	879
	CENTRAL PROVINCES.									
3	Jubbulpore	1,956	399,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,470
4	Damoh	1,774	210,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	634
5	Chanda	372	39,290	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,636
	Total (British Provinces) .	4,397	730,309	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,066
				NATIVE STATES.						
	CENTRAL INDIA.									
1	Lugasi	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	...	117
2	Bajna	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	55
	Total (Native States) .	.A	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	172

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 187-C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

RESOLUTION.

ABOLITION OF THE CENTRAL TRANSPORT AND FOODSTUFFS BOARD WITH THE CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES FROM THE 1ST JANUARY 1919.

Delhi, the 8th January 1919.

With the cessation of hostilities, the Government of India desire to review the circumstances in which, as a result of the Delhi Conference in April 1918, it was decided to constitute, among other organizations at Headquarters, a Central Transport and Foodstuffs Board, the functions of which were primarily to secure the more efficient exploitation of India's resources in the matter of animal and mechanical transport and to obtain information and advise Government as to measures calculated to develop the production of foodstuffs, to encourage the local consumption of local products and generally to inculcate economy of resources in allied directions.

The full Board consisted of the following gentlemen :—

Chairman.

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S.

Deputy Chairman and Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Waddington, C.I.E., M.V.O.

Members.

His late Highness the Maharaja of Faridkot.

Brigadier-General Sir Hugh Bray, Kt., Controller of Contracts.

A representative *ad hoc* of the Army Remount Department, when necessary. (Brigadier-General C. F. Templer, C.M.G., C.I.E.)

J. MacKenna, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India.

The Hon'ble Khan Zulfikar Ali Khan, C.S.I., of Malerkotla.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Cameron, C.I.E., R.E., Controller of Traffic.

Colonel F. W. Hallowes, C.I.E., Director of Grass Farms, Quartermaster-General's Branch.

E. A. A. Joseph, Esq., I.C.S., Director of Agriculture, Punjab.

Colonel H. T. Pease, C.I.E., M.R.C.V.S., Principal, Punjab Veterinary College.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. P. Robinson, D.S.O., Assistant Director of Transport (Mechanical Transport), Quartermaster General's Branch.

Sirdar Jogendra Singh.

H. T. Conville, Esq., of Montgomery.

Khan Bahadur Khalifa Hamid Hussain, of Patiala.

G. A. Moncrieff, Esq., of the Alliance Bank of Simla.

G. S. Henderson, Esq., N.D.A., N.D.D., Controller (Agricultural Requirements), Mesopotamia.

2. For the purposes indicated above, the Board was divided into two Sub-Committees dealing respectively with animal and mechanical transport and with foodstuffs, the latter of which also undertook the work of collating indents from the forces overseas for agricultural supplies and of corresponding with the Agricultural Directorate in Mesopotamia on behalf of the Quartermaster General's Department. In connection with the Central Board analogous Committees were constituted in all the provinces and in many of the Indian States in furtherance of the resolutions of the Delhi Conference, and the work of these advisory bodies has proceeded *pari passu* with that of the Central Board, which has co-ordinated their efforts and disseminated information likely to be useful in pursuance of the objects enumerated above.

3. In consequence of the heavy demands for food-grains made upon India by the United Kingdom and the allied nations, combined with the difficulty of railway transport in India caused by the exigencies of the war, one of the main functions of the Board since its inception has been to collect information regarding the stocks and requirements of food-grains and fodder in the different provinces and States of India and to advise as to the distribution of available supplies from exporting to importing provinces in the most efficient and economical manner. With these objects, a Conference of Directors of Civil Supplies, Railway Officers and others was held at Nagpur on the 19th and 20th of August 1918, and a second Conference at Delhi on the 15th of October. Before the latter Conference was held, however, the continued and widespread failure of the monsoon had created such a critical situation over the greater part of India that the Government of India found it necessary to restrict the export of wheat to all destinations except Mesopotamia, to control the export of rice, and to substitute for a purely advisory body an executive officer with extensive powers. The consequent appointment of a Foodstuffs Commissioner relieved the Board of its functions relating to the distribution of food-grains. The remaining functions of the Board may be summarised as measures to stimulate the production of food-grains, the distribution of fodder, the registration of animal and mechanical transport, and the supply of seeds, cattle and agricultural machinery to Mesopotamia and other theatres of war. The measures initiated under these heads have been to a great extent completed, and in the opinion of the Government of India the time has arrived when the remainder of the Board's work can be resumed by the departments to which each function of the Board is specially related. The Central Board has accordingly been dissolved with effect from the 1st January 1919, and the Government of India desire to express their acknowledgment of the very useful purpose which it has served in furthering those of the objects of the Delhi Conference which were committed to its care, and their appreciation of the care and attention which the Deputy Chairman and members of the Board have devoted to the various important matters submitted for their consideration. The Board included on its *personnel* several non-official members and the Governor General in Council desires to convey to them his appreciation of the public spirit which induced them, in many cases, to attend and afford their assistance at great personal inconvenience.

Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* and forwarded to Local Governments and Administrations for information, and to all members of the Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

MEMORANDUM ON THE PROBABLE CHARACTER OF THE WEATHER IN NORTHWEST INDIA IN JANUARY AND FEBRUARY, 1919.

DATA OF RECENT WEATHER.

(*a*) *The retreat of the monsoon.*—The retreat of the monsoon from northern and central India occurred much before the usual date with the result that weather was abnormally dry over the tract from Assam to Rajputana and Gujarat. In the Peninsula there was abundant rain in November in most places, and in December only in Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar. Hardly any rain due to the monsoon has occurred since the 19th, but it is doubtful whether the current has yet withdrawn finally from the Peninsula.

(*b*) *The conditions in Persia and northwest India.*—Disturbances of the cold weather type were more numerous than usual, but most of them were of small vitality and gave appreciable rain or snow only in the extreme north.

In Persia rainfall was on the whole scanty in November and about the average in December. Little information is available regarding the character of the snowfall in Afghanistan, but in Baluchistan the season has begun rather more severely than usual. In the mountain zone bordering the Punjab snowfall appears to have begun earlier than usual and to have been unusually heavy in Drosh, Kulu and perhaps Ladak, in moderate excess in Kashmir and the Simla Hills, and up to the average in the North-West Frontier Province apart from Drosh. The snowline is reported to have come down to 6000 feet in the Kulu hills on November 30th. At present the depth of snow on the Lowarai pass is said to be about 15 feet, or 5 feet more than the average.

The December rainfall in the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province is on the whole normal.

(*c*) *The seasonal changes in the upper air.*—During the monsoon period the winds at heights of five or six miles are of moderate strength, but with the advent of winter these increase; they are now of about a hundred miles an hour. Data at Agra go back to 1914, and the upper winds of 1918 though very slightly less strong in October than in 1914 have become very slightly stronger in December.

DISCUSSION.

2. There is a tendency when the monsoon extends farther north than usual in December for the southern limit of the winter rains to be further north than usual, so that they are lighter in northwest India. From (*a*) it will be seen that there is nothing abnormal in this respect this year. There is also a strong tendency towards persistency in the character of the winter, so that it is likely to be severe when December is severe. This year according to (*b*) the season has been rather more severe than usual.

It is on general grounds highly probable that the seasonal changes of the upper air discussed in (*c*) will afford an indication of the character of the season at ground level; and this idea is strongly supported by the evidence available. In 1915-16 and 1916-17, when the January and February rains failed, the previous upper winds were feeble; and in 1917-18, when the winter precipitation was in defect, the winds were less strong than in 1914-15, when the season was normal. At the present time the indication derived from this consideration is that the winter will be normal.

SUMMARY.

The indications suggest that the total rainfall of northwest India in January and February and the snowfall on the neighbouring hills will be roughly normal.

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

SIMLA:
The 4th January 1919.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 10th January 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 28th December 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	Northern	Bombay City	2	1
		Ahmedabad District	8	3
		Kaira District	8	1
	Central	Ahmednagar District	6	5
		Satara District	64	36
		Poona Town	4	3
		Poona District	7	5
	Southern	Belgaum District	66	33
		Bijapur District	50	29
	Political Charges.	Baroda State	2	1
		Satara Agency	4	3
		Mundra Port	1	1
		TOTAL	212	121
Madras Presidency.	...	Madras City	3	4
		Anantpur District	48	32
		Bellary District	19	13
		Coimbatore District	94(a)	57(a)
		Mangalore Port	2	2
		Salem District	14	6
		Guntur District	40	28
		Nilgiris District	1	1
		TOTAL	221	138
Bihar and Orissa.	Patna	Gaya District	11	9
	Tirhut	Saran District	16	10
		Champaran District	9	7
		Muzaffarpur District	6	8
		Darbhanga District	44	42
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	3	3
		TOTAL	89	79

(a) One imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh District	9	9
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	6	7
		TOTAL	15	16
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Hissar District	20	13
		Rohtak District	11	11
	Lahore	Gurdaspur District	1	1
	Rawalpindi.	Jhelum District	...	1
		Rawalpindi District	1	2
		Mianwali District	...	1
	Multan	Montgomery District	4	3
		Lyallpur District	...	2
		Jhang District	3	2
	Native States.	Patiala State	1	1
		Jind State	17	9
		TOTAL	58	46
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	5	2
		Tharrawaddy District	22	21
		Prome District	3	4
	Irrawaddy	Henzada District	2	2
	Tenasserim	Thaton District	3	2
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	5	4
		Bhamo District	2	...
		Katha District	3	2
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	16	9
		Sagaing District	7	5
		Lower Chindwin District	24	17
	Magwe	Magwe District	6	6
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	21	17
		Yamethin District	18	8
		Myingyan District	8	8
	Native States.	Northern Shan States	2	1
		TOTAL	147	108
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur	Nagpur District	...	1
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	25	17
		Jubbulpore District	34	28
		Seoni District	25	12
		TOTAL	85	58
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore District	10	14
		Mysore City	15	11
		Mysore District	4	3
		Tumkur District	23	13
		Kolar District	36	37
		TOTAL	88	78

In the return for the week ending 14th December 1918, the following correction and addition should be made:—

Burma . { Mandalay Town, *read* 1 case, 1 death for 9 cases, 7 deaths.
Maymyo Town *add* 4 cases, 7 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Gulburgah District	4	7
		Usmanabad District	48	21
		Medak District	61	42
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	91	63
		Secunderabad	10	10
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	9	8
		TOTAL	223*	151*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	13	10
		TOTAL	13	10
RAJPUTANA.	...	Bikaner State	13	8
		TOTAL	13	8
		GRAND TOTAL	1,164	818

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending December 28th were 168 and 122, respectively.

In the return for the week ending 21st December 1918, the following addition should be made:—

Central India . Gwalior State . . . . two cases, one death.

The incidence of plague mortality remains uniformly low throughout the country. Ther were 813 deaths attributed to plague in the week under report as compared with 15,162 in the corresponding week of 1917. The mean incidence of plague mortality for the month of December during the last twenty years has been 35,808. The present outbreak is, without parallel, the mildest hitherto experienced.

DELHI:
The 9th January 1919.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 1559-F. E.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

PAY, ALLOWANCES AND FINANCE OFFICERS.

RESOLUTION.

MODIFICATION IN THE REVISED SCHEDULE OF SUBJECTS FOR THE INDIAN FINANCE DEPARTMENT COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

Simla, the 23rd December 1918.

The penultimate paragraph of Resolution No. 1363-F. E., dated the 27th December 1915, in which a revised schedule of subjects for the Indian Finance Department competitive examination was prescribed is hereby cancelled.

ORDERED that the Resolution be forwarded to the Departments of the Government of India; to the several Local Governments and Administrations with the request that it may be communicated to Directors of Public Instruction and all heads of colleges and schools in their respective provinces; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; to the Controller of Currency; to all Accountants General and Comptrollers; to all Chief Auditors of State Railways; to the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services; to the Examiner of Press Accounts; to all Government Examiners of Railway Accounts; to the Audit Officer, Delhi Province; and to the Superintendent, Government Printing, India, Calcutta.

ORDERED also that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

H. F. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week. During official year 1917-18.	Mean Mileage worked. 1913.	1917.	1918.	Total earnings for week ending 26th December 1913.	28th December 1917.	28th December 1918.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1913.	1917.	1918.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 26th December 1913.	28th December 1917.	28th December 1918.	Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, +2 days. Increase.	Decrease.	Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18. Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
State Railways.																	
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	403	2,669	2,696	2,695	9,50,309	10,28,510	10,21,030	356	381	379	2,97,47,701	4,04,80,677	4,38,63,000	1,41,15,299	...	33,82,323	...
Bezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	7,159	10,371	9,300	341	494	443	2,74,097	3,85,208	3,59,000	84,903	...	...	26,208
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,003	1,002	7,22,428	10,03,201	10,14,000	724	1,000	1,012	2,52,59,236	3,29,66,958	3,72,68,000	1,20,08,764	...	43,01,042	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	422	1,572	1,582	1,581	7,32,311	6,39,409	6,68,000	466	404	423	2,79,48,264	2,55,12,070	2,80,54,000	1,05,736	...	25,41,930	...
East Indian	865	2,549	2,618	2,612	19,88,451	22,99,285	24,01,000	780	878	919	7,53,26,988	8,61,73,009	9,99,65,000	2,46,38,012	...	1,37,91,991	...
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	19,53,469	19,32,182	24,10,000	770	740	923	5,85,01,060	7,52,32,505	8,46,56,000	2,61,54,940	...	94,23,495	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	49,443	62,239	80,000	393	494	635	16,28,225	23,14,625	31,75,000	15,46,775	...	8,60,375	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	2,716	3,170	4,600	67	79	115	1,17,057	1,30,385	1,61,000	43,943	...	30,615	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*25,915	19,151	20,900	457	1,596	1,742	*11,89,061	6,75,914	8,38,000	...	3,51,061	1,62,086	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	593	5,731	6,000	18	75	79	43,928	2,25,589	2,32,000	1,88,072	...	6,411	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3⅜″ gauge lines)	387	2,585	2,551	2,550	7,53,456	10,34,412	9,69,000	291	405	380	3,69,40,304	3,77,44,233	4,03,66,000	34,25,696	...	26,21,767	...
North-Western (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,055	4,001	16,66,355	19,16,022	19,70,000	415	473	493	6,37,85,328	8,88,55,280	9,41,25,000	3,03,39,672	...	52,69,720	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,72,152	5,51,654	4,83,000	293	346	272	1,72,03,480	2,08,11,265	2,29,13,000	57,09,520	...	21,01,735	...
*Assam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,32,081	1,28,991	1,31,000	164	144	147	49,68,498	52,50,030	54,07,000	4,38,502	...	1,56,970	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,03,820	6,06,925	7,82,000	330	330	425	2,08,69,478	2,48,33,100	3,07,66,000	98,96,522	...	59,32,900	...
Burma	319	1,552	1,342	1,342	4,34,159	4,67,205	5,21,000	280	348	388	1,66,51,990	1,52,99,996	1,84,57,000	18,05,010	...	31,57,004	...
Burma Extensions	212	...	187	187	...	40,894	43,000	...	219	230	...	14,01,323	17,90,000	17,90,000	...	3,88,677	...
Southern Shan States	121	...	70	70	...	11,142	10,000	...	159	143	...	3,26,212	3,51,000	3,51,000	...	24,788	...
Dhone-Kurnool	72	...	32	32	...	2,771	2,500	...	87	78	...	91,836	1,07,000	1,07,000	...	15,164	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	211	124	124	124	24,752	39,476	27,100	200	319	219	9,93,150	14,70,338	14,97,000	5,03,850	...	26,662	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	166	288	303	295	37,926	58,557	59,500	132	193	202	15,74,377	18,70,705	23,69,000	7,94,623	...	4,98,295	...
Mysore	191	*411	401	401	*83,448	74,606	78,700	203	186	196	*27,98,843	28,97,577	31,60,000	3,61,157	...	2,62,423	...
South Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	429	1,451	1,587	1,587	5,36,124	6,97,420	6,40,000	363	439	403	2,06,12,462	2,65,46,327	2,64,64,000	58,51,538	...	...	82,327
Travancore Branch	151	106	106	146	17,972	19,752	25,800	266	183	177	6,78,296	7,96,071	10,59,000	3,80,704	...	2,62,929	...
Tirhoot	223	785	804	804	2,35,373	1,95,708	1,98,000	287	243	246	73,43,916	65,57,602	75,14,000	1,70,084	...	9,56,398	...
Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,310	2,000	...	77	67	...	98,122	1,01,000	1,01,000	...	2,878	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	83	32	33	33	2,460	2,658	1,800	76	81	55	94,598	1,07,434	88,200	...	6,398	...	19,234
TOTAL	495	26,190	26,738	26,703	1,14,12,879	1,28,53,702	1,35,29,200	436	481	507	40,45,50,337	49,90,54,391	55,51,05,300	15,05,54,963	...	5,60,50,909	...
All other Railways.																	
Amritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	15,480	7,655	7,000	276	137	125	5,49,035	3,56,722	3,65,000	...	1,84,035	8,278	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	23,402	25,100	...	520	558	...	8,25,531	10,17,000	10,17,000	...	1,91,469	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	21,589	15,219	18,500	189	133	162	7,63,586	6,49,156	7,69,000	5,414	...	1,19,844	...
Bina-Goona-Baran	60	148	149	149	12,917	8,787	10,500	88	59	70	4,02,318	3,46,897	3,70,000	...	32,318	23,103	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	357	192	239	239	58,218	93,999	75,300	303	393	315	23,74,213	33,71,044	33,13,000	9,38,787	...	...	58,044
[illegible]	[illegible]	32	32	32	2,697	9,955	10,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Phagwara-Rahon	79	...	47	47	...	4,431	4,500	...	94	96	...	1,45,310	1,89,000	1,89,000	...	43,690	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	385	106	106	108	39,327	43,912	51,400	364	407	476	13,06,211	16,41,550	22,01,000	8,94,789	...	5,59,450	...
Salem District Board	65	...	4	4	...	332	400	...	83	100	...	(a)7,260	20,500	20,500	...	13,240	...
Sara-Sirajganj	97	...	53	53	...	4,386	7,300	...	83	138	...	2,03,998	2,84,000	2,84,000	...	80,002	...
Sialkot-Narwal	114	...	38	38	...	4,875	3,400	...	128	89	...	1,66,492	1,69,000	1,69,000	...	2,508	...
Southern Punjab (Main Line)	339	425	428	428	1,25,768	1,47,383	1,48,000	296	344	346	39,74,622	53,22,972	70,98,000	31,23,378	...	17,75,028	...
Jullundur-Doab	60	99	133	133	10,649	7,036	7,000	107	53	53	1,82,769	3,18,797	3,12,000	1,29,231	...	...	6,797
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	24,550	20,992	24,000	158	135	155	9,75,072	9,72,220	10,27,000	51,928	...	54,780	...
Tapti Valley	194	156	156	156	42,889	37,156	33,800	276	238	217	10,16,066	10,79,966	13,03,000	2,86,934	...	2,23,034	...
Tenali-Repalli	96	...	22	22	...	1,866	1,500	...	85	68	...	86,518	69,000	69,000	...	...	17,518
Ahmedabad-Dholka	84	34	34	34	2,331	3,038	3,000	69	89	88	93,803	1,15,625	1,12,000	18,197	...	...	3,625
Ahmedabad-Parantij	78	89	89	89	8,260	5,845	5,900	93	66	66	2,78,711	2,78,617	3,29,000	50,289	...	50,383	...
Bengal and North-Western	188	1,239	1,244	1,248	1,99,021	2,36,288	2,52,000	161	182	202	78,45,659	84,61,991	1,08,47,000	30,01,341	...	23,85,009	...
Bengal-Dooars	215	153	153	158	35,957	30,135	24,000	235	197	152	12,67,332	13,47,336	14,09,000	1,41,668	...	61,664	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	137	53	53	53	6,933	7,627	7,000	184	147	135	2,56,446	2,79,906	2,58,000	1,554	...	...	21,906
Bhavnagar State	146	227	249	249	27,016	29,200	44,300	119	117	178	10,76,918	13,62,818	19,70,000	8,93,082	...	6,07,182	...
Cooch Behar State	157	33	33	33	5,749	5,565	5,500	174	169	167	2,08,482	1,98,500	2,12,000	3,518	...	13,500	...
Dibru-Sadiya	332	86	86	86	24,842	27,590	21,000	289	321	244	9,90,926	10,07,805	9,72,000	...	18,926	...	35,805
Gaekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	90	184	209	209	15,617	17,878	15,400	85	86	74	5,75,340	7,22,143	10,35,000	4,59,660	...	3,12,857	...
Gondal-Porbandar State	150	211	231	231	28,943	36,477	49,100	137	158	213	9,96,282	13,01,757	18,28,000	8,31,718	...	5,26,243	...
Hyd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	179	442	441	441	1,13,000	82,577	1,27,000	256	187	288	28,43,470	28,27,659	33,45,000	5,01,530	...	5,17,341	...
Jaipur State	69	73	107	122	5,656	5,460	6,500	78	51	53	2,17,691	2,86,080	3,52,000	1,34,309	...	65,920	...
Jamnagar	133	54	54	54	4,997	7,232	7,700	92	134	143	2,10,912	2,78,422	3,66,000	1,55,088	...	87,578	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	129	1,039	1,106	1,106	1,06,454	1,45,810	1,30,000	103	132	118	40,27,255	53,66,631	62,80,000	22,52,745	...	9,13,369	...
Junagad State	129	113	121	136	11,384	15,413	18,600	101	127	137	4,28,221	5,79,745	6,89,000	2,60,779	...	1,09,255	...
Kolhapur State	242	29	29	29	8,457	6,178	6,600	292	213	228	2,29,023	2,50,549	2,92,000	62,977	...	41,451	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	52	100	100	100	5,311	4,875	6,300	53	49	63	1,55,354	1,91,698	2,15,000	59,646	...	23,302	...
Morvi (incldg. Wankaner-Morvi, 2′ 6″ gauge)	202	93	93	93	13,993	18,501	20,200	150	199	217	5,81,460	7,07,303	10,34,000	4,52,540	...	3,26,697	...
Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	68	...	88	100	...	7,733	14,000	...	88	140	...	(b)1,47,854	4,34,000	4,34,000	...	2,86,146	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	219	55	56	56	12,532	10,002	9,000	227	179	161	3,67,132	4,75,113	4,51,000	83,868	...	...	24,113
Mysore-Arsikere (e)	49	...	...	103	...	...	6,100	...	...	59	...	...	2,52,000	2,52,000	...	2,52,000	...
Podanur-Pollachi	139	...	25	25	...	3,426	3,600	...	137	144	...	1,34,177	1,43,000	1,43,000	...	8,823	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	176	268	270	270	37,036	56,301	48,800	138	208	181	15,23,431	18,00,047	20,04,000	4,80,569	...	2,03,953	...
Sangli State	189	5	5	5	933	924	1,200	187	185	240	26,744	34,640	54,700	27,956	...	20,060	...
Secunderabad-Gadwal	71	...	103	103	...	7,815	5,200	...	76	50	...	2,72,601	2,63,000	2,63,000	...	...	9,601
Shoranur-Cochin	263	65	65	65	12,589	20,304	18,400	194	312	283	4,78,091	6,52,634	6,51,000	1,72,909	...	...	1,634
Tanjore District Board	163	103	112	112	15,251	16,348	15,600	148	146	139	7,40,826	7,17,537	6,62,000	...	78,826	...	55,537
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	79	67	67	67	6,608	5,425	3,900	98	81	58	2,12,414	2,14,472	2,36,000	23,586	...	21,528	...
Barsi	141	116	117	118	28,497	15,887	26,000	246	135	220	8,35,436	6,49,933	6,47,000	...	1,88,436	...	2,933
Billimora-Kalamba	34	...	35	35	...	1,029	1,200	...	29	34	...	40,978	62,300	62,300	...	21,322	...
Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur	52	...	22	23	...	1,092	1,500	...	49	65	...	(d)4,368	38,400	38,400	...	34,032	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	76	20	32	32	1,267	2,807	900	63	88	28	62,537	88,007	75,200	12,663	...	...	12,807
Dhond-Baramati	68	...	27	27	...	1,579	2,500	...	58	93	...	71,148	90,200	90,200	...	19,052	...
Ellichpur-Yeotmal	92	48	139	139	1,399	11,314	22,500	29	81	162	4,733	4,48,750	5,84,000	5,79,267	...	1,35,250	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	97	142	154	154	13,580	12,677	16,700	96	82	108	4,62,568	5,74,996	6,94,000	2,31,432	...	1,19,004	...
Godhra-Lunavada	42	24	25	25	651	658	900	27	26	36	2,046	40,802	50,300	48,254	...	9,498	...
Jacobabad-Kashmor	34	...	76	76	...	2,112	2,600	...	28	34	...	1,03,002	98,200	98,200	...	...	4,802
Khulna-Bagerhat (c)	...	...	...	20	...	...	1,800	...	...	90	...	...	35,800	35,800	...	35,800	...
Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	49	11	99	102	400	4,463	5,600	36	45	55	755	1,89,477	2,24,000	2,23,245	...	34,523	...
Kosamba-Zankhvav	27	26	26	26	455	735	1,000	17	28	38	18,309	23,436	32,200	13,891	...	8,764	...
Nadiad-Kapadvanj	108	28	28	28	2,009	3,444	3,800	72	123	136	73,651	1,19,411	1,52,000	78,349	...	32,589	...
Pachora-Jamner (f)	...	...	...	25	...	...	1,800	...	...	72	...	...	33,800	33,800	...	33,800	...
Petlad-Vaso	66	...	19	19	...	1,533	1,600	...	80	84	...	51,273	64,200	64,200	...	12,927	...
Rajpipla State	67	37	37	39	1,932	2,632	2,600	52	71	67	88,322	99,009	1,15,000	26,678	...	15,991	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	485	51	51	51	19,232	19,285	15,100	377	378	296	9,19,105	10,16,440	10,94,000	1,74,895	...	77,560	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	8,215	8,200	...	82	82	...	2,46,142	2,83,000	2,83,000	...	36,858	...
Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	424	461	600	17	18	24	19,725	12,495	22,400	2,675	...	9,905	...
TOTAL	174	7,336	8,633	8,838	13,23,988	14,80,442	16,17,800	180	171	183	4,57,02,165	5,61,25,629	6,70,03,900	2,13,01,735	...	1,08,78,271	...
GRAND TOTAL	417	33,526	35,371	35,541	1,27,36,860	1,43,34,144	1,51,47,000	380	405	426	45,02,52,502	55,51,80,020	62,21,09,100	17,18,56,598	...	6,69,29,080	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.
(a) From 1st June 1917.
(b) From 15th August 1917.
(c) Opened from 3rd January 1918.
(d) From 1st December 1917.
(e) Opened from 10th June 1918.
(f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

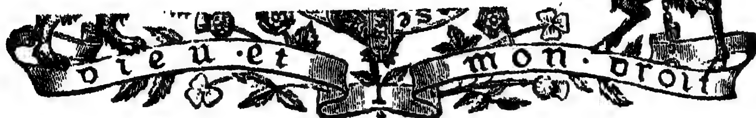
S. TOMKINS,
[illegible]

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, *by the* SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, *Delhi*

REGISTERED No. C. 696

ERRATUM.

On page 2035, under Survey of India, 'List of Maps published, during quarter ending 31st December 1918, *read* for quarter ending 30th September 1918.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 18th January 1919.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

January 6.

4130. P. E. Billinghurst. *Improvements in the preparation of linseed oil or other oils.*
4131. P. E. Billinghurst. *Extraction of alkalies and phosphorus.*

January 7.

4132. C. E. Nicholson. *Improvements in the construction of wood ships.*
4133. John MacDonald & Son Ld., and W. Walker. *An improved blower for portable rivet hearths or forges.*
4134. W. L. F. Faithfull. *Improvements in or relating to stirrup leathers.*
4135. F. G. Gasche. *A process and apparatus for perfecting metal ingots.*
4136. E. G. E. Langbert. *Improvements in refrigerating systems.*
4137. Mauss Continuous Centrifugal Separator Ld. *Improvements in centrifugal filters.*
4138. C. A. Cleghorn and The Gayner Pneumatic Co., Ld. *Improvements in or relating to receptacles for containing fluids, flexible conduits, gas-masks and the like.*
4139. C. A. Cleghorn and The Gayner Pneumatic Co., Ld. *Improvements in or relating to materials or the process of producing materials for coating substances to protect them or render them non-porous.*
4140. M. G. Farquhar and A. H. Hill. *A new or improved cartridge magazine for rifles and machine guns.*

January 8.

4141. C. H. White. *A process for the recovery of brass from foundry ash and the like.*
4142. J. Hettinger and C. A. Vandervell. *Improvements in and relating to telegraphic and other instruments and installations.*
4143. F. G. Gasche. *A machine for perfecting ingots.*
4144. F. G. Gasche. *A machine for perfecting ingots.*
4145. F. G. Gasche. *Method of and means for treating metal ingots or the like.*
4146. A Pringle and T. S. Kirk. *Improvements in and relating to operating mechanism for artificial hands.*
4147. S. J. Dunstan. *Improvements in bag closures or mouth clamps.*

January 10

4148. J. Bateman. *Emergency tomb or grave.*
4149. T. F. G. Jones. *Hand power baling press.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3910. G. Rigg. *Improvements in the desulphurisation of zinc sulphide ores.*
3969. F. Walford and J. White. *A sectional filter.*
3971. H. L. T. Wolfe. *Improvements in and relating to electric motors of the ceiling fan type.*
3972. A. W. Halliday and E. MacIver. *Automatic spark quencher, for use in chimneys of steam generators, or the like.*
3983. J. C. Snelling. *Improvements in or relating to the construction of reinforced concrete ships.*
4007. W. Stocks. *New or improved composition of matter for use in lieu of leather or for other suitable purposes and method or process of manufacturing same.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3337. Peerbhoy.
3865. Dutton.
3872. Gerrard.
3874. Craymer.
3876. Waine.
3877. (Mrs.) Beaumont.
3878. The British Potash Co., Ld.
3879. Scott.
3882. Carter and Maconochie.

PATENTS SEALED.

3154. Larymore.
3356. Harper-Nelson.
3558. Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of America.
3662. Nomi.
3711. Crozier.
3729. Stock and Chandler.
3837. Ross and Temple.
3844. Peirce.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

270 of 1906. Hoyle & anr. (To 9 January 1920.)
579 of 1906. Tice. (To 23 January 1920.)
325 of 1907. Steele. (To 29 January 1920.)
330 of 1907. Walker & anr. (To 14 December 1919.)
512 of 1909. Wakefield. (To 22 March 1920.)
665 of 1909. Sharp. (To 20 January 1920.)
694 of 1909. Watson. (To 16 February 1920.)
695 of 1909. Gare. (To 8 February 1920.)
52 of 1910. Powell Wood Process Co. (India) Ld. (To 5 April 1920.)
290 of 1910. Stock. (To 9 January 1920.)
432 of 1910. Anderson & ors. (To 22 March 1920.)
433 of 1910. Anderson & ors. (To 20 March 1920.)
656 of 1910. Drage. (To 6 March 1920.)
540 of 1911. Lackawanna Steel Co. (To 12 January 1920.)
740 of 1911. Rees. (To 3 February 1920.)
18 of 1912. Brown. (To 9 January 1920.)
32 of 1912. Hybinette. (To 15 January 1920.)
79 of 1912. Manganese Steel Rail Co. (To 12 February 1920.)
696 of 1913. Gum Tragasol Supply Co, Ld. (To 13 January 1920.)
1411 of 1914 Lancaster-Sutton. (To 12 January 1920.)
1488 of 1914. Coleman & anr. (To 24 February 1920.)
1544 of 1914. Long. (To 23 March 1920.)
1974 of 1915. Williams & anr. (To 2 January 1920.)
1989 of 1915. Spencer. (To 12 January 1920.)
1990 of 1915. Fraser & ors. (To 12 January 1920.)
1991 of 1915, Pateson. (To 12 January 1920.)
1994 of 1915. Thune. (To 15 January 1920.)
2060 of 1915. Manganese Steel Rail Co. (To 15 March 1920.)
2139 of 1915. Macfarlane & anr. (To 17 May 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1914

1881, (Parmfelt). 1884, (McCool).

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

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2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

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Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

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NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

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2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
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W. G. WOOD,
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DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,
Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
The 30th October 1918.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 14th January 1919.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,89,00,000	0	0			
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below*	25,00,000	0	0	1,64,00,000	0	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments				25,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	3,24,10,206	9	4	4,74,67,912	15	0
Public Deposits at Branches	1,50,57,706	5	8			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				23,23,53,761	12	10
Bank Post Bills, etc.				67,33,080	10	4
Sundries				18,99,292	12	3
RUPEES				32,68,64,048	2	5

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities				6,24 91,614	0	0
Other authorized Investments				1,41,24,214	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				9,10 53,575	11	5
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				5,62,48,347	12	1
Bills discounted and purchased				1,72,73,253	13	10
Balances with other Banks				42,04,812	15	9
Bullion				......		
Dead Stock				27,72,152	3	8
Stamps				11,315	0	5
Sundries				12,95,859	13	9
				25,00,75,475	5	11
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	2,16,15,700	14	4	7,67,78,572	12	6
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	5,51,62,871	14	2			
RUPEES				32,68,64,048	2	5

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,77,205 0 0
† Do. do. do. „ 5,32,395 0 0

Rs. 9,09,600 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, 16th January 1919.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 26·66.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL SIDE.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated 13th January 1919.

Babu Sarasi Mohan Roy, B.L., Attorney-at-Law, an Assistant Registrar, High Court, Original Side (on Rs. 400—600), having obtained privilege leave for three months under Article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations from the 9th December 1918, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice has, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, made the following acting arrangements during his absence on leave or until further order with effect from the 9th December 1918:—

Babu Monmotha Nath Ganguli *vice* Babu Sarasi Mohan Roy, Assistant Registrar, on Rs. 300.

Babu Ojit Coomar Ganguli *vice* Babu Monmotha Nath Ganguli on Rs. 200—300.

Babu Surendra Nath Banarji *vice* Babu Ojit Coomar Ganguli, Assistant, High Court, Original, side on Rs. 200.

By order,
J. H. HECHLE,
Registrar.

H B

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS, BURMA DIVISION.

List of Government promissory notes and other securities remaining in deposit with the Controller of Military Accounts, Burma Division, on 31st December 1918, on account of security deposits of contractors, etc.

No.	Designation of officer from whom received and to whom interest is sent.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.								
		3½ per cent. 1854—55.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3 per cent. 1896—97.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1921.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1923.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928	Debentures and bonds.	Bank deposit receipts.	TOTAL.
275788/283448	Divisional Disbursing Officer.	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
108306/103585	Ditto	...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	600
M.-009935/M.-005886	Ditto	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
108309/103585	Ditto	...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	600
M.-009937/M.-005886	Ditto	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
M.-007375/083997	Ditto	...	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	700
100191/056150	Ditto	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
209170	Ditto	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	300
106637/065580	Ditto	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
150583	Ditto	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300
011741	Ditto	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	100
M.-003358/M.-002164	Ditto	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	100
M.-004140	Ditto	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	500
57—15	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	800
56—12/I.-3464	Ditto	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	500	500
56—45/I.-3497	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	700	700
56—59/I.-3511	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	800
56—69/I.-3521	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	800
56—67/I.-3519	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	400
56—70/I.-3522	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	300
57—161	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	400
56—78/I.-3528	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	800
56—84/I.-3537	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	800
56—101/I.-3554	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	500
56—103/I.-3556	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	500
56—112/I.-3565	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	800

List of Government promissory notes and other securities remaining in deposit with the Controller of Military Accounts, Burma Division, on 31st December 1918, on account of security deposits of contractors, etc.—*contd.*

No.	Designation of officer from whom received and to whom interest is sent.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.								
		3½ per cent. 1854—55.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3 per cent. 1896—97.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1921.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1923.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928.	Debentures and bonds.	Bank deposit receipts.	TOTAL.
56—284 / J.-647	Divisional Disbursing Officer.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	700	700
56—132 / I.-3586	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	400
57—380	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	300
56—380 / J.-746	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	300
57—424	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	300
56—166 / I.-5621	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	300
56—177 / I.-3632	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	800
240	Messrs. A. Scott. & Co. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
241	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
242	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
243	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
244	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
245	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
246	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
247	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
248	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
249	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
250	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
251	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
252	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
253	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
254	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
255	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
256	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
257	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000
D.-017144	Ditto .	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	100
D.-006220	Ditto .	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	100
E.-008200	Ditto .	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	200
E.-008201	Ditto .	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	200
H.-000854	Ditto .	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	5,000
H.-000187	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	5,000
H.-005720	Ditto .	...	...	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	5,000

H. CHANDLER, LT.-COL.,
C. M. A., Burma Division.

MAYMYO,
The 7th January 1919.

EXAMINER OF ACCOUNTS MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.

Dated the 10th January 1919.

No. 46-*E I*.—Account of Government Promissory Notes deposited as security by subordinates, contractors and on account of Endowment of Monuments in the Military Works Services as per Register of Securities kept up by the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services, and posted up to the 31st December 1918.

List of Government Promissory Notes in the custody of the Controller of Currency, Calcutta, on the 31st December 1918, deposited through the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services, under Articles 164—166, Civil Account Code, Volume I.

Serial No.	Name of District, Military Works Services.	Name of person or Fund in whose behalf held.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.						Name of officer to whom Interest is sent.
			3½ per cent. of 1842-43.	3½ per cent of 1854-55.	3½ per cent. of 1865.	3½ per cent. of 1900-01.	3 per cent. of 1896-97.	TOTAL.	
1	Presidency .	Babu Rakhal Dass Shome, Store-keeper.	...	...	100	...	...	100	Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services.
2	" .	Endowment of Monuments in Dinapur cemetery.	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	
3	" .	Endowment of Monuments in Calcutta cemetery.	...	...	2,800	...	...	2,800	
4	" .	Babu Nagendra Nath Bose, Cashier.	...	...	1,000	...	500	1,500	
5	" .	Endowment of Monuments in Barrackpur cemetery.	...	...	500	...	...	500	
6	" .	Endowment of Monuments in Dum Dum cemetery.	...	...	500	...	...	500	
7	" .	Babu Naresh Chandra Sarcar, Store-keeper.	...	...	...	500	...	500	
8	" .	Babu Ram Saroop, Sub-overseer.	...	...	...	200	...	200	
9	Amballa .	Babu Satya Charan Ghose, Cashier.	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000	
10	" .	Babu Shugan Chand, Cashier.	...	...	...	...	1,000	1,000	
11	Jubbulpur .	Babu Beni Pershad, Cashier.	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	
12	" .	Endowment of Monuments in Saugor cemetery.	...	...	500	...	...	500	
13	Bombay .	Mr. Krishnarao Vasudeo Ajinkya, Cashier.	...	...	...	...	1,000	1,000	
14	" .	Mr. P. N. D'Silva, Store-keeper.	...	...	...	500	...	500	
15	" .	Messrs. Jiwajee Sorabjee & Co., Auctioneers.	...	1,000	...	...	...	1,000	
16	Secunderabad	Mr. T. Venkannah, Store-keeper.	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	
17	"	Mr. Sachdanand, Cashier	...	2,000	...	...	...	2,000	
18	Poona .	Mr. Ganga Ram Vithoba Hendre, Store-keeper.	...	...	...	500	...	500	
19	" .	Mr. Nilkanth Gopal, Store-keeper.	500	...	...	...	...	500	
20	Meerut .	Babu Harjeewan Lall, Cashier.	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	
21	Bareilly .	Endowment of Monuments in Rosa (Shahjahanpur) cemetery.	200	...	...	...	...	200	
22	" .	Babu Chote Lall, Cashier	...	...	900	...	...	900	
23	Ahmednagar	Mr. Baghirath Shanker, Cashier.	...	1,000	...	...	...	1,000	
24	Mhow .	Mr. Byramjee Jamsetjee Jagur, Cashier.	500	...	...	...	...	500	
25	" .	Mr. Umrao Singh, Store-keeper.	...	...	500	...	...	500	
26	Dehra Dun and Garhwal.	Babu Rahim Khan, Cashier.	500	...	...	...	...	500	
27	Wellington	Mr. P. M. Sama Sundra Mudliar, Cashier.	...	500	...	...	500	1,000	
28	Allahabad .	Babu Guptao Nath, Cashier	...	500	...	...	...	500	
		TOTAL .	1,700	5,000	10,800	2,700	3,000	23,200	

J. C. CONNELL,
for Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Rangoon Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	Number of Notes.	Value.	Name of claimant.
H. D-67 of 1918-19	N. C/56-05774	R 100	Abdool Kareem, Government Pensioner, Gaighat Post Office, Gulzarbagh, Patna.
	N. C/65 03140	100	

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT :
Rangoon, the 6th January 1919.

J. J. LATTA,
Assistant Accountant General, In charge Paper Currency.

The following Currency Notes of the Bombay Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	Number of Notes.	Value.	Name of claimant.
D/3 of 1918-19	C C/57 13018	R 100	Mr. Abdool Kareem, Government Pensioner, Gaighat Post Office, Gulzarbagh, Patna.
	C C/57 13019	100	
	Z B/81 39059	100	

PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE :
Bombay, 7th January 1919.

CYRIL E. GWYTHER,
Assistant Accountant General In charge Paper Currency

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 7th January 1919.

No. 1.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave in India on medical certificate, with effect from the date and for the period specified against his name :—

Temporary Engineer, Lieutenant J. C. Brookes, R.I.M., one month and 12 days, with effect from 8th December 1918.

B. H. JONES,
for Offg. Director, Royal Indian Marine.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 16th January 1919.

No. 794.—In supersession of Notification No. 17, dated the 5th December 1918, by the Superintendent, Southern Circle, Mr. F. C. Pilcher, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 1 day combined with leave on medical certificate for 6 days, under Articles 233, 260 and 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th October 1918.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 14th January 1919.

No. 875-*G. Camp.*—Mr. A. P. C. Cody, Superintendent in the Office of the Controller of Military Accounts, Burma Division, is appointed as a temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 27th December 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA, AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Bundi, the 11th January 1919.

No. 60-*C.B.*—Mr. H. J. Hope is appointed as a whole-time Director of Civil Supplies for Rajputana and Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th December 1918.

By order,
R. E. A. HAMILTON, Lt.-Col.,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 9th January 1919.

No. 148-*R.*—The privilege leave for one month and 19 days, granted to Khan Sahib M. Sultan Hussain, sub. *pro tem.* Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, in this office Notification No. 7947, dated the 21st December 1918, is extended by 16 days.

Quetta, the 11th January 1919.

No. 31-*J.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, clause 3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to appoint Mr. J. G. Acheson, I.C.S., Assistant Political Agent, Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway District, to be an Additional Sessions Judge of the Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway Sessions Division, and under section 193(2) of the same Code to authorise him to try all classes of Sessions cases occurring in the said Sessions Division.

By order,
T. M. G. HARRIS,
First Assistant.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Indore, the 6th January 1919.

No. 27-*B*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 10 and 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 as applied to the Cantonment and Civil Lines of Nowgong and pending the appointment of a Cantonment Magistrate, the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India is pleased to appoint

(1) Mr. A. C. Lothian, to be a Magistrate of the First Class and District Magistrate, and

(2) Lieutenant R. D. Thompson while holding charge of the duties of the Cantonment Magistrate to be a Magistrate of the Third Class within the said Cantonment and Civil Lines.

By order, etc.,

A. R. JELF,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

Indore, the 8th January 1919.

No. 33-*B*.—Under the provisions of Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), as applied to the Cantonment of Mhow, the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India is pleased to appoint Mr. F. G. Taylor while Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class within the limits of the Cantonment.

By order, etc.,

P. NANDLAL,

for First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 7th January 1919.

No. 12—1093.—The following draft of a Notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner on or after the 15th February, 1919.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner :—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following addition in the Ajmer-Merwara Petroleum Rules issued in this office Notification No. 1530-1093, dated the 14th October, 1909 :—

Chapter III of Part II, after rule 5, the following shall be inserted as rule 5-A :—

" 5-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, the Local Government may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, omit, alter or add to any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of license."

H. C. GREENFIELD,

for First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 9th January 1919.

No. 146-*Home*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12, sub-section (1) of the Indian Press Act, 1910, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of the book printed in Urdu and entitled "Majuni Malikholia," in as much as the said book contains matter of the nature described in section 4, sub-section (1), clause (*c*) of the said Act.

The 10th January 1919.

No 171-*Home*.—It is hereby notified for general information that the 30th January 1919 will be observed as a public holiday within the meaning of section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881, in all the public offices in the Province of Delhi, on account of the Review of the Nepalese Contingent by His Excellency the Viceroy.

The 11th January 1919.

No. 194-*Home*.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending the 31st December 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
			Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		
Rural Circles in the Province.	Deaths registered in previous half months.	Total in present half month.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.
P. S. Alipur	125	183	...	...	...	169	...	11	...	...	3	2	15	18	33
Nangloi	155	74	...	...	...	60	...	13	...	...	1	...	7	11	18
Najafgarh	151	62	...	...	...	57	...	5	...	...	...	...	13	5	18
Subzimundi	4	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paharganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mehrauli	302	56	...	...	...	35	...	21	...	...	...	...	6	8	14
Raisina	77	15	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	4
Shahdara	72	25	...	...	...	23	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	2	5
New Cantonment	62	23	...	...	...	17	...	6	...	...	...	...	8	7	15
Total of the District	948	442	...	...	...	380	...	58	...	...	4	2	53	54	107

No. 199-*Financial*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 43 of the Indian Income Tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), and delegated to him by the Notification of the Government of India, Finance Department, No. 778-F., dated the 28th March 1918, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules under the said Act published in *Gazette of India* Notification No. 8125-Financial, dated 5th December 1918, and to direct that the said amendments shall come into force with effect from the 1st January 1919.

Amendments.

Rule 23 (*j*) and (*k*), *delete* the word "Chief" before "Commissioner".

Rule 25 (*b*), *delete* the word "Chief" before "Commissioner".

Rule 26 (*b*), *last line*, *delete* the word "Chief" before "Commissioner", and for the words "whose decision shall be final" *substitute* "who shall exercise a similar discretion".

Add the following as clause (*c*) :—

"Any petition to the Chief Commissioner praying for the revision of a decision on a matter of fact regarding which the Collector and Commissioner agree shall ordinarily be withheld".

Form XV, 5th paragraph and in Forms XVII and XVIII *delete* the word "Chief" before "Commissioner".

Delhi, the 15th January 1919.

No. 299-*Home*.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 4th January 1919, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
	Delhi .	225,471	111	93	204	97	92	189	...	...	...	76	7	73	2	81	...	35	31	66	47·05	43·59
	Notified Area	3,678	1	2	3	16	18	34	.		...	34	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	42·47	481·35
	Total .	229,144	112	95	207	113	110	223	...	..	..	110	7	73	2	81	..	36	31	67	46·97	50·60

CORRIGENDUM.

Delhi, the 10th January 1919.

No. 164-*Home*.—In the schedule attached to the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 8745-Home, dated the 19th December 1918, publishing the list of holidays to be observed in public offices under the Chief Commissioner of the Province of Delhi during the year 1919, *for* the dates given for the Sheoratri and Janam Ashtmi festivals *read* "28th February, Friday and 19th August, Tuesday" respectively.

C. A. BARRON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

FORM No. 4.

Order of Adjudication.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 22, 1918.

Dated the 3rd January 1919.

In the matter of Fahim Bakhsh, son of Mukim Baksh of Delhi, Pahari Dhiraj, Debtor.

Pursuant to a petition dated 4th December 1918 on behalf of the said debtor and on reading the said petition and hearing the creditors it is ordered that the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Notice to Creditors of application for discharge.

SECTION 44(1).

Dated the 3rd January 1919.

In the matter of Insolvency of Ram Chand, son of Ballu Mal, caste Vaish, of Delhi, Debtor.

To

The Creditors.

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 28th day of January 1919 at 10 o'clock for hearing the application.

TOPAN RAM,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

11 C

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909):—

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address.	Description.	Date of presentation of petitions — Day.	Month.	Year.	Date of the adjudication — Day.	Month.	Year.
1—1919	Bhurekhan Merwankhan Pathan	Mahomedan	Kamatipura 13th Lane	Lately doing business in partnership with Ardesir Pestonji Bharucha and Abdul Karim Nabibakhas as Building Contractor in the name of Bhureswan Merwankhan, Mistry, and now unemployed.	6th	January	1919	6th	January	1919
2—1919	Putoba Narayen Mantri	Hindu	Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar	Dealer in country tobacco and bidees	"	"	"	"	"	"
3—1919	Ramchandra Gajanan Tawaday	"	No. 70, Khandera Building, Khoja's Park, Girgaum Back Road	Sub-Inspector in the Bombay Municipality	"	"	"	"	"	"
5—1919	Pestonji Rustomji *alias* Pestonji Sorabji, Fitter.	Parsi	La Gunj	Fitter in the David Mills, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
6—1919	Harilal Ranchoddas Shah	Hindu	Bhuleshwar	Lately Stone merchant, and now unemployed	"	"	"	7th	"	"
7—1919	Maruti Ramchandra Chinderkar	"	Chinchpokli	Lately Jobber in the Spring Mills, Ltd., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
8—1919	Ranoo Laxuman Kamlay and Bai Manjula Bai, wife of Ranoo Laxuman Kamlay.	"	Nali Bazar, Sindi Gully	1st Debtor Cooli and the 2nd Debtor, unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
9—1919	Ali Haji Khoja	Mahomedan	Khadak	Lately dealer in country biscuits, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
10—1919	Mahomed Hassan Ebrahim Khatri.	"	Ali Oomer Street	Dyer under the name and style of Hasam Ebrahim.	"	"	"	"	"	"
11—1919	Chandrabhaga, widow of Shivram Bal Desai.	Hindu	Mazagan	Dealer in tobacco and country bidees	"	"	"	"	"	"
12—1919	Gangaram Ramji Dewlekar	"	1st Marine Lines	Painter in the G. I. P. Railway (Matunga St. Workshop).	"	"	"	8th	"	"
13—1919	Krishna Saolaram Kardele	"	Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar.	Jobber in the Ruby Mills, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
14—1919	Dhandu Ramji Patkar	"	Narelwadi, Parel	Jobber in the Rachael Sassoon Mills, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
15—1919	Dhunjibhoy Hormusji Patel	Parsi	Dadar	Clerk in the employ of the Gold Mohor Mills, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
16—1919	Krishna Narayan *alias* Keshow Narayen Punchol.	Hindu	Mazagan	Boiler maker in the G. I. P. Railway Co. (Byculla Workshop.)	"	"	"	"	"	"
17—1919	Sadu Krishna Thakoor	"	15, Mugbhat Lane	Hawker in toddy	"	"	"	"	"	"
18—1919	Haji Jawad Shaik Karim	Mahomedan	Bhendy Bazar	Lately rent farmer, and now unemployed	9th	"	"	9th	"	"
19—1919	Maneksha Muncharsha Dubash	Parsi	Cowasji Patel Street, Fort	Reader in the Jame Jamshed Printing Press	"	"	"	"	"	"
20—1919	Ramchandra Raghu Sutar	Hindu	10th Kamatipura Lane	Carpenter in the Bombay Municipality	"	"	"	"	"	"
21—1919	Bakridin Husein Khan	Mahomedan	Kamatipura 7th Lane	Jobber in the Planet Mills, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"

22—1919	Gopal Vithoo Shetay and Gambaji Raghuji Shetay.	Hindu	Durgadevi Road	Lately officiators of Liquor and Toddy shop and now 1st Debtor Servant in the employ of Jamasji Sorabji and the 2nd Debtor unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
23—1919	Vasant Vithal Sawant	,,	Mughbhat Cross Lane	Cap-lining maker	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
24—1919	Ardeshir Aspandiarji Panthaki	Parsi	No. 33, Frere Road, Fort	Formerly doing business in partnership with Dossabhai Pallenji Dubash as dealers in milk at Bombay and Goregaum in the name of Ardeshir Dossabhai & Co. and lately doing business in partnership with Sha Juthalal and Goonvantlal Desai as dealers in milk at Bombay and Goregaum in the name of Juthalal Goonvantlal Punthaki & Co. and now unemployed	10th	,,	,,	10th	,,	,,
25—1919	Chandbhoy Miya Noorkha Pathan	Mahomedan	Two Tanks	Lately stone polisher, and now unemployed	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
26—1919	Pirojsha Edulji, Mistry	Parsi	Lower Parel	Shunter in the B., B. & C. I. Railway Co. at Parel (Running Shed).	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
27—1919	Donald James Barnes	Anglo-Indian	Dadar, near Market	Guard in the B., B. & C. I. Railway Co.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
28—1919	Goculdas Ranchhoddas Thaker	Hindu	Vadgadi	Lately trading in partnership with Walji Topan Thaker, Ganji Kemji Thaker and Purshotam Doongersy Thaker under the name, style and firm of Goculdas Ranchoddas and Co. as grain merchants and commission agents, and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
29—1919	Jehangir Burjorji Dubash	Parsi	Grant Road	Clerk in the firm of Messrs. Khambata & Co.	11th	,,	,,	11th	,,	,,
30—1919	Karoonashankar Mulji Acharya	Hindu	Bhuleshwar	Boarding house-keeper	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
31—1919	Waman Gopal Gulgule	,,	Girgaum	Clerk in the Chief Auditor's Office, Non-Military Pay and Pension Accounts, Dadar.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
32—1919	Ballaji Dhondiba Dhorey	,,	Mandvi, Kaliwada	Lately petty dealer in vegetables, and now unemployed.	13th	,,	,,	13th	,,	,,
33—1919	Moreshwar Laxuman Muccadum	,,	Chinchpoogli Cross Lane	Lately clerk in the employ of G. I. P. Railway, and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
34—1919	Haji Ebrahim Haji Ismail Ora	Mahomedan	Mahim Bazar Road	Lately milk man and now unemployed	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
35—1919	Saul Vishwas Kedar	Native Christian	Morland Road, Byculla	Record clerk in the G. I. P. Railway at Wari Bunder (Goods Dept.)	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
36—1919	Haraklji Moolji Khatri	Hindu	New Modykhana	Servant in the Hindustan Press, Bombay	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
37—1919	Samuel David	Native Christian	Jacob's Circle	1st Class Brakesman or second Guard in the G. I. P. Railway at Victoria Terminus.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
38—1919	Ramchandra Hiraji Nirgudav	Hindu	Nagdevi Street	Lately clerk in the Bombay Port Trust, and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
39—1919	Kewal Manji Lohar	,,	Old Chorwadi	Lately blacksmith in the B. B. & C.I. Railway at Parel Workshop, and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, Bombay, this 13th day of January 1919.

R. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the orders of adjudication made herein against the undermentioned Insolvents have been this day annulled.

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of the adjudication. Day.	Month.	Year.
115—1917	*Re* Shaik Ebram Shaik Abdul Naiban	Mahomedan	Matharpakdi, Mazagaon	A Farrier	3rd	March	1917.
116—1917	,, Gangaram Ramji Telli	Hindu	Lalwady, Parel	A dealer in parched rice	,,	,,	,,
117—1917	,, Satiaba Dhondiba Soopekar	,,	Matarpakdy	Lately a Contractor for supplying Bullock Carts and Stones, etc., and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,
119—1917	,, Dhondu Ramji Patkar	,,	Nareiwadi, Parel	A Jobber in the Rachael Sassoon Mills, Ltd.	6th	,,	,,
120—1917	,, Lindsay Emmanuel Monsurate	Anglo-Indian	Frere Road, Arab Building	A Telegraphist in the Central Telegraph Office	,,	,,	,,
121—1917	,, Yasin *alias* Hassam Jamal Kasai	Mahomedan	Byculla Haines Road	Lately a dealer in Mutton and now a servant in the employ of Rutton Chhotoo.	,,	,,	,,
122—1917	,, Laloo Kison Gowli	Hindu	Lower Colaba	A Milk Vendor	7th	,,	,,
124—1917	,, Saul Viswas Kedar	Native Christian	255, Chinchpoogly, Arthur Road	A Record Clerk in the G. I. P. Railway Co., Wadi Bunder Goods Department.	,,	,,	,,
126—1917	,, Baburam Dhondiram *alias* Baboo Dhondi *alias* Baboo Ramjee Kelsekar.	Hindu	Parel	A Storeman in the G. I. P. Railway at Parel, (Loco.) Department.	12th	,,	,,
127—1917	,, Syed Jabber Syed Ali *alias* Syed Jaffer Syed Ali Dakhni.	Mahomedan	Chinchpoogli	Lately a Motor Driver in the employ of Bhugwandas Goverdhandas and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,
131—1917	,, Navnitlal Tuljaram Matia	Hindu	Bhooleshwar	Lately a Managing Clerk to Messrs. Jamsedji Rustomji and Devidas, Solicitors, High Court, Bombay, and now unemployed.	15th	,,	,,
132—1917	,, Haji Jawad Shaik Karim	Mahomedan	Bhendy Bazar	Lately a Rent farmer and now unemployed	,,	,,	,,
133—1917	,, Dhunjibhoy Hormasji Patel	Parsi	Dadar	A Clerk in the Gold Mohur Mills, Ltd., Dadar	16th	,,	,,
134—1917	,, Furdunji Jamasji Gharda and Chhaganlal Sarupchand Dalal.	Parsi and Hindu	1st Insolvent at No. 6, Colaba and 2nd Insolvent at Vithalwadi.	Lately carrying on business in partnership as Commission Agents in Bengal Coal, etc., in the name of Furdunji and Chhoganlal and now unemployed.	17th	,,	,,
135—1917	,, Morarji *alias* Vithaldas Khatao Thucker.	Hindu	Kirand Bazar	A Mehta in the employ of Valabhdas Dayal	,,	,,	,,
136—1917	,, Pitamber Soorji *alias* Mumoobhai Soorji Thucker.	,,	Khalasi Chukla	Lately a Coal Mukadam and now unemployed	,,	,,	,,
137—1917	,, Keshow Ramji *alias* Govind Narayan Dabilkar.	,,	Parbhadevi Road	A Sizer in the Textile Mills, Ltd.	19th	,,	,,
139—1917	,, Janardhan Harischandra Pathare	,,	No. 10, Gamdevi	Lately a Clerk in the employ of Sobhamal Dhanamal and now unemployed.	20th	,,	,,

140—1917	,,	Arthur Cressh. *alias* Clarence Manuel *alias* Godfrey Wilfred Cotgrave.	European	Bellasis Road	A Tally man in G. I. P. Railway, Pare	,,	,,	.	,,
144—1917	,,	Krishnaji Sakharam Mapenkar	Hindu	Elphinstone Road	A Catlocar in the Textile Mills, Ltd., Elphinstone Road.	22nd	,,	.	,,
146—1917	,,	Nagesh Makoond Sthalekar	,,	New Bhatwadi	Lately a Clerk in H. M's. Customs and now unemployed.	,,	,,	.	,,
151—1917	,,	Shripad Narsing Bichu	,,	Mugbhat	A Typist in the employ of Messrs. Siemans Bros.	27th	,,	.	,,
152—1917	,,	Fredrick James Bayley	Eurasian	Telegraph Quarters, Waudby Road	A Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.	28th	,,	.	,,
154—1917	,,	Vundrawan Jepal Wasmal	Hindu	Moombadevi	Lately an American Kachee Cotton Speculator and now unemployed.	29th	,,	.	,,
157—1917	,,	Shiwdoolari Gayadin Dikshit	,,	Warden Road	Lately a dealer in Hay and now unemployed	2nd	April	.	,,
160—1917	,,	Arthur Hubert Mensurate	Anglo-Indian	Fort opposite General Post Office	A Telegraphist in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.	,,	,,	.	,,
161—1917	,,	Peter Paul Morris	Native Christian	Grant Road, Khoja's Chawl	Lately a Servant in the employ of Messrs. Marcelina D'Souza and now unemployed.	3rd	,,	.	,,
163—1917	,,	Dagadu Bhicaji Zodge	Hindu	De Lisle Road	Lately a Jobber in the Indian Mills, Ltd., Ripon Road and now unemployed.	,,	,,	.	,,
164—1917	,,	Rothar Nellor	Native Christian	Kamathipura, 12th Lane	A Chargeman in the G. I. P. Railway at Matunga Workshop.	,,	,,	.	,,
165—1917	,,	Gopal Vithoo Shetey, and Gambaji Raghooji Shete.	Hindu	Durgadevi	Lately officiators of Country Liquor and Toddy Shops and now the 1st Insolvent a Servant in the employ of Jamasji Sorabji and the 2nd Insolvent unemployed.	4th	,,	.	,,
167—1917	,,	Laxuman Babaji Shinde	,,	De Lisle Road	A Fitter in the Ramdas Mills, Ltd., Elphinstone Road.	10th	,,	.	,,
169—1917	,,	Esmail Hassum M[illegible]	Mahomedan	Kambekar Street	Formerly a Bullock Cart-keeper and lately trading as a Grocer in the name of Esmail & Co. and now unemployed.	,,	,,	.	,,
173—1917	,,	Narotam Dhanjee Thacker	Hindu	Old Hanuman Galli	A Mehta in the Firm of Messrs. Thakurdas & Co., Merchants.	,,	,,	.	,,
175—1917	,,	Ebrahim *alias* Ebram Ahmed Thakoor *alias* Mookri and Abdul Rahiman Adam Thakoor *alias* Mookri.	Mahomedan	Emamwada, Improvement Trust Chwal No. 6.	Motor Drivers in the Bombay Port Trust	11th	,,	.	,,
176—1917	,,	Ramchandra Heeraji Nirgooday	Hindu	Abdul Rehman Street	Lately a Clerk in the Bombay Port Trust and now unemployed.	,,	,,	.	,,
177—1917	,,	Krishna Savlaram Kardele	,,	Lady Jamsedji Road, Dadar	A Jobber in the Ruby Mills, Ltd.	,,	,,	.	,,
179—1917	,,	Ebrahim Jusab Memon	Mahomedan	Null Bazar	Lately a dealer in fruits and now a Servant in the employ of Power Jusab.	12th	,,	.	,,
182—1917	,,	Pandurang Waman Patnis	Hindu	Dadar, Chawl No. 637	A Clerk in the G. I. P. Railway (Locomotive Department) at Parel.	13th	,,	.	,,
183—1917	,,	Nagindas Mulchand Shah	,,	Bhuleshwar	A Cloth Merchant	,,	,,	.	,,
[illegible]—1917	,,	Baboo Ananta Adenwala	,,	Dadar	A Fitter in the employ of Alcock Ashdown & Co., Ltd.	,,	,,	.	,,
188—1917	,,	Gajanan Shanker Tambat	,,	Kandewady	A Coppersmith	14th	,,	.	,,
189—1917	,,	Rustanji Hormasji Daruwalla	Parsi	Chira Bazar, Colbhat Lane	Lately a Turner in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company and now unemployed.	,,	,,	.	,,
192—1917	,,	Samuel Yacoob Charekar	Jewish	Jacob Circle	A Carpenter in the Bombay Municipal Workshop.	16th	,,	.	,,
19[illegible]—1917	,,	Syad Esmail Syad Hoosein *alias* Esmail Hoosein Arisia Gowli.	Mahomedan	Market, Furniture Bazar Chakla Street	Lately a dealer in Milk and now unemployed	17th	,,	.	,,
196—1917	,,	Jamshedji Dhunjibhoy Mistry	Parsi	Grant Road	An Extra Fitter				

No.	Names	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of the adjudication. Day.	Month.	Year.
198—1917	*Re* Mancharam Prema Sikligar	Hindu	Nagdevi Cross Road No. 1	A Fitter in the Bombay Municipal Workshop.	18th	April	1917
199—1917	„ Tatia Gangaji Sawant	„	Mazagaon Mount Road	A Jobber in the Dawood Sassoon Mills, Ltd., Mazagaon.	„	„	„
203—1917	„ Benedich Felix D'Souza *alias* B. L. D'Souza	East Indian	2 Row Umerkhadi	A Clerk in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company, Carnac Bridge.	23rd	„	„
204—1917	„ Bachoo Khooban Bhoi	Hindu	Koombharwada	A Painter in the B. B. & C. I. Railway (Parel Workshop.	„	„	„
205—1917	„ Jamnadas Tribhowandas Sha and Harilal Ramji Sha.	„	Girgaum	Lately doing business in partnership as Furniture Makers in the name of Jamnadas Tribhowandas & Brothers and now unemployed.	„	„	„
207—1917	„ Francis Edward Cornwell	European	Apollo Bunder	An Assistant Manager, Bombay Port Trust	24th	„	„
208—1917	„ Deepchand Tekchand Multani	Hindu	Barbhaya Molla	A servant in the employ of Ramji Ludha	25th	„	„
210—1917	„ Gangaram Ramji Dewlekar	„	1st Marine Street Nos. 109 and 111	A Painter in the G. I. P. Railway at Matunga Workshop).	„	„	„
212—1917	„ Girdhar Mohan Barot	„	Parsi Gully	Lately doing business in partnership with Kantilal Sakerlal as a dealer in cloth in the name of Kantilal Sakerlal and now unemployed.	27th	„	„
216—1917	„ Lewis De'Silva	Anglo-Indian	Parbadevi Road	A Guard in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Co.	„	„	„
217—1917	„ Peraj Rowji *alias* Ludoo Rowji Thucker.	Hindu	Kalbadevi Road	Lately a servant in the employ of Mawji Ramji and now unemployed.	30th	„	„
218—1917	„ Balkrishna Ramji Soorvey	„	Baboola Tank Road	A Dealer in Tobacco	„	„	„
219—1917	„ Peroshaw Edulji Mistry	Parsi	Lower Parel	A Shunter in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Co. at Parel (Running Shed).	„	„	„
220—1917	„ Hariram Shriramji Vora	Hindu	Bhooleshwar	Lately a Broker and Speculator in Government Papers and Silver and now unemployed.	„	„	„
221—1917	„ Chagon Mitha Khoja	Mahomedan	Umerkhady	Lately a dealer in Kerosene Oil and now a servant in the employ of Esmail Juma.	„	„	„
222—1917	„ Haji Mahomed *alias* Haji Miya Hasan Miya Bangi.	„	Temkar Molla	A Fitter in the service of Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas.	„	„	„
620—1914	Manilal Chhotalal Parikh	Hindu	Pithapoor	Lately carried on business of Shroffs and Commission Agents in Bombay in the name and style of Parikh Keshowlal Chhotalal and now unemployed.	6th	October	1914

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 7th day of January 1919.

R. A. BHOJWANI,
Offg. Chief Clerk.

IN THE COURT OF THE 1ST MUNSIFF, SITAMARHI.

TITLE SUIT No. 714 OF 1918.

Kishundayal Sah, son of Ajaib Sah, deceased, by caste Roniar, by profession shop-keeper, resident of Sitamarhi, Plaintiff

versus

Mahamad Ishaq, son of Shekh Rahimbux, deceased, Kulfiwalla, Sadar Bazar, Delhi, Defendant.

To the abovenamed Mahamad Ishaq.

Whereas the Plaintiff has brought the above suit against you for setting aside the decree in Suit No. 1038 of 1917 passed on 31st August 1917 by the Court at Delhi, you are called upon to appear in this Court on 27th January 1919, or the case will be disposed of *ex parte*.

KAMALA PRASADA,
Munsiff.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

In Insolvency.

No. 116 OF 1917.

Dated the 14th January 1919.

Re Mohatap Chand Singhee.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 11th day of February 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 1 OF 1919.

Dated the 10th January 1919.

Re Charles Henry Brooke whose present address is unknown and who lately carried on business at No. 9, Canning Street, in the town of Calcutta, in the name of Charles H. Brooke & Co., as Merchant, Builder and Contractor.

Ex parte Moni Bhusan Mitter, the Creditor.

Babu B. L. Mukherjee, Attorney for the Creditor.

On the 3rd day of January 1919 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 3 OF 1919.

Dated the 10th January 1919.

Re Kanai Lal Jaju, late of Calcutta and Cawnpore, at present residing at No. 86, Beadon Street, in the town of Calcutta, lately carrying on business as Commission Agent in Calcutta and Cawnpore and at present working as a broker in Calcutta aforesaid.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Babu Abbas Ch. Ghosh, Attorney for the Insolvent.

On the 3rd day of January 1919 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 4 OF 1919.

Dated the 18th January 1919.

Re Kamini Kumar Dutt, residing at No. 57, Clive Street, in the town of Calcutta, and lately employed in the firm of Messrs. Ananda Mohon De, Girish Mohon De, of No. 57, Clive Street, Calcutta, and at present an employee in the firm of Rajendra Nath De & Co., of No. 57, Clive Street, in Calcutta aforesaid.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Messrs. Bonerjee and Bonerjee, Insolvent's Solicitors.

On the 9th day of January 1919 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 1 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 2nd January 1919.

In the matter of P. Soobiah Servay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. Soobiah Servay, unemployed, residing at Seikkyi, Kemmendine, on the 2nd day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said P. Soobiah Servay.

CASE No. 2 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 8th January 1919.

In the matter of Hajee Vally Mahomed Hajee Latiff & Co., Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Hajee Vally Mahomed Hajee Latiff & Co., piece-goods dealers, residing at No. 44, Edward Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 4th day of January 1919 against the said Hajee Vally Mahomed Hajee Latiff & Co

CASE No. 3 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 8th January 1919.

In the matter of A. V. Subramoney Iyer, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. V. Subramoney Iyer, unemployed, residing at No. 104, Fraser Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. V. Subramoney Iyer.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No. 2 OF 1919.

Ranjit Mal, son of Neeka Ram Mahajan Agarwala of Ajmer, Applicant, Insolvent,

versus

	Debt. Rs.	A.	P.
1. Chitarmal Mahajan, Pushkar	100	0	0
2. Tejmal of Pushkar	225	0	0
3. Sunderlal of Pushkar	53	0	0
4. Kishenlal of Pushkar	35	0	0
5 Girwar Mal of Ajmer	100	0	0
	513	0	0

The applicant has filed an application under Section 11 of Act III of 1907 and the application will be heard on 6th February 1919 at 10-30 A.M. The Creditors are hereby informed that they must appear in person or through an authorised agent on the date fixed to oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *exparte.*

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 6th day of January 1919.

No. 9 OF 1919.

Kani Ram, son of Ridh Karan, Mahajan, Srinajar, Applicant, Insolvent.

versus

	Debt. Rs.	A.	P.
1. Rattanlal Pannalal, son of Motilal of Beer	700	0	0
2. Nathulal Sugan Chand, son of Kajoriwal, Mahajan of Srinajar	200	0	0
3. Manmal, son of Surajmal, Mahajan, Beer	63	0	0
4. Tulchi Ram Chouthmal, Mahajan of Nasirabad	150	0	0
5. Heeralal, son of Ram Dial, Mahajan, Dilwara	200	0	0
6. Ganga Bishen, son of Mahadeo, Mahajan, Dilwara	325	0	0
7. Sri Kisen, son of Mahadeo, Mahajan, Dilwara	100	0	0
8. Ram Sukh, Aheer of Srinagar	90	0	0
9. Nathu Ram, Brahman, Srinagar	80	0	0
10. Peareylal, son of Hathe Ram, Brahman, Srinagir	91	0	0
11. Balu Ram Pehladmal, Mahajan, Ajmer	33	0	0
12. Chitarmal Srikishen, Ajmer	300	0	0
13. Rampal, Mahajan, Srinagir	5	8	0
14. Balu Ram, son of Rampertab, Mahajan, Srinagir	13	0	0
15. Seeta Ram, son of Jagannath, Mahajan, Srinagir	21	2	0

Creditors.

The Applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 and the application will be heard on the 8th February 1919 at 10-30 A. M. The Creditors are hereby informed that they either must appear in person or through an authorised agent to oppose the application on the date fixed. In default of appearance the application will be heard *ex parte.*

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 7th day of January 1919.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(POST OFFICE.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 10th January 1919.

No. 121-*Ap.*—Mr. Syed Niaz Qutb, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for fifty days with effect from the 18th December 1918.

No. 128-*Ap.*—Mr. Suresh Chandra Dutt, clerk, office of the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs and Officiating Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days, with effect from the 12th December 1918.

Mr. Mobini Mohan Lahiri, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 3rd grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Suresh Chandra Dutt, or until further orders.

Calcutta, the 11th January 1919.

No. 140-*Ap.*—Mr. M. R. Mahima Das, Deputy Postmaster, Madras, pay Rs. 400—500 is granted privilege leave as a special case for one month with effect from the 10th October 1918.

The following officiating appointments are made during his absence on privilege leave:—

Mr. Subba Row Narasingha Row, 1st Assistant Postmaster, Madras, pay Rs. 300—400, to act as Deputy Postmaster, Madras;

Mr. C. Singaravelu Mudaliar, 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Madras, pay Rs. 200—300, to act as 1st Assistant Postmaster, Madras.

No. 143-*Ap*.—Mr. Hassomal Hotchand, Investigating Inspector, office of the Post-master-General, Bombay, is appointed sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 1st December 1918 and until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 14th January 1919.

No. 309-*T*.—Mr. R. J. Keys, I.S.O., is appointed permanently to the second division of the Superior Traffic Branch with effect from the 7th October 1918.

Calcutta, the 15th January 1919.

No. 340-*T*.—Mr. V. E. Carville, Telegraph Master on Field Service, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, with effect from the 12th June 1918.

Calcutta, the 16th January 1919.

No. 369-*T*.—Mr. S. E. Doggett, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, and officiating Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, on probation with effect from the 6th November 1918.

Mr. W. Glassup, Telegraph Master and officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, on probation with effect from the 6th November 1918.

Mr. J. Goddard. Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, with effect from the 6th November 1918.

No. 373-*T*.—Mr. V. E. Carville, Telegraph Master and Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, on probation for one year with effect from the 26th October 1918.

Mr. H. J. Chapman, Telegraph Master, officiated as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, from the 24th November 1918 to the 25th December 1918.

No. 377-*T*.—Mr. S. E. Doggett, Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, has been granted privilege leave for four weeks with effect from the 12th December 1918.

Mr. N. Raghavendra Rao, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, and Mr. T. Gopal Krishna Mudaliar, Telegraph Master, as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, during the absence of Mr. Doggett.

No. 380-*T*.—Mr. P. Wallis, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, with effect from the 21st November 1918.

No. 383-*T*.—Mr G. A. Le Styne, Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, has been granted privilege leave for thirty-six days with effect from the 4th December 1918.

Mr. A. McGhee, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, and Mr. B. M. Dasu, Telegraph Master, as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, during the absence of Mr. Le Styne.

No. 386-*T*.—The date of effect of the reversions of Messrs. A. Eaton and J. A. Howse to the grades of Telegraph Master and Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, respectively, published in Notifications No. 6118-T., dated the 2nd November 1918 and No. 6467-T., dated the 20th November 1918, is altered to the 7th October 1918.

No. 389-*T*.—Mr. H. R. W. Charles, Assistant Director-General, Telegraph Traffic, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 10th January 1919.

Calcutta, the 17th January 1919.

No. 397-*T*.—Mr. V. A. Hughes is appointed provisionally to the 2nd division of the Superior Traffic Branch from the 7th to 10th October 1918, and is made permanent in that division from the 11th October 1918.

Mr. H. Pounde, who was officiating in the 2nd division of the Superior Traffic Branch in the arrangements *vice* Mr. C. W. Sowerby-Coo while on leave, continues to officiate from the 7th October 1918, *vice* Mr. H. E. Greene on field service.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 16th January 1919.

No. 367-*T*.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 2nd January 1919 to 15th January 1919.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Jehan Khelan Camp . .	Punjab	5th January 1919 . .	Closed.
Banala	Bombay	11th December 1918 . .	Opened.
Shiroda	Ditto	17th December 1918 . .	Do.
	Railway Telegraph Office.		
Bhikna Thoree . . .	Bengal and North-Western Railway.	24th November 1918 .	Opened.

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th January 1919.

No. 180-*E.E.*—Mr. G. H. Wallace, Deputy Superintendent, Technical, is granted privilege leave for one month and eighteen days, combined with leave on medical certificate for one month and eight days, with effect from the 11th September 1918.

Calcutta, the 16th January 1919.

No. 292-*E.-E.*—Mr. P. B. R. Ralston, Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

No. 295-*E.-E.*—Mr. G. A. Hopkins, Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, has been granted privilege leave for 20 days, with effect from the 11th November 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the last day of November 1918 and of the form in which they were held:—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	1,725,199	...
Short loans	6,324,065	6,025,935
TOTAL .	8,049,264	6,025,935
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts .	14,075,199	

E. M. COOK,

Offg. Controller of Currency.

THE TREASURY;
Calcutta, the 17th January 1919.

Return of the Rupee Debt of the Government of India for 30th September 1918.

(Thousands of R

PUBLIC DEBT BEARING INTEREST.

Particulars.	Date of issue.	Conditions of Repayment.	Amount outstanding.	TOTAL.
			R	R
RAILWAY LOANS—				
Maharaja Holkar, 4½ p.c.	(1870-77) .	After 101 years	1,00,00	
Maharaja Scindia, 4 p.c.	...	Perpetual	1,50,00	
Nawab of Rampur, 4 p.c.	(1892-93) .	After one year's notice to be given on or after 1st Dec. 1917	47,00	2,97,00
SPECIAL LOAN—				
Gwalior, 4 p. c., 1887 .	...	By annual instalments of twelve lakhs .	74,00	74,00
FIVE AND HALF PER CENT—				
War Bonds, 1928 . .	15th Sept. 1918	On 15th September 1928 at 105 per cent	16.82,46	
War Bonds, 1925 . .	Do. .	Do. do. 1925 at 103 do.	3.28,46	
War Bonds, 1923 . .	Do. .	Do. do. 1923 . .	1,93,30	
War Bonds, 1921 . .	Do. .	Do. do. 1921 . .	19.01,68	
War Bonds, 1922 . .	15th Aug. 1917	On 15th August 1922	11,02,01	
War Bonds, 1920 . .	Do. .	Ditto 1920	19,79,03	72,76,94
FIVE PER CENT—				
War Loan, 1929—47 .	Do. .	On or before 15th August 1947 but not preceding 15th August 1929, with three months' previous notice . .	(c) 25,59,80	25,59,80
FOUR PER CENT TERMINABLE LOAN OF 1915-16 . . .	1st Dec. 1915	On or before 30th November 1928, but not preceding 30th November 1920, with three months' previous notice .	4,99,86	
Conversion Loan of 1916-17	1st Oct. 1916 .	On or before 1st October 1936, but not preceding 1st October 1931, with three months' previous notice . . .	9,90,46	14,90,32
THREE AND HALF PER CENT—				
1842-43 . . .	1st Feb. 1843	On or after 1st August 1904, with three months' previous notice . . .	20,21,62	
1854-55 . . .	30th June 1854	Do. do. . . .	28,99,38	
" coupon (a) .		Do. do. . . .	39,90	
1865	1st May 1865	Do. do. . . .	33,94,77	
Reduced, 1879 . .	16th Jan. 1879	Do. do. . . .	3,38,72	
1900-1 . . .	30th June 1900	On or after 31st December 1920, with three months' previous notice . .	31,35,68	1,18,99,42
THREE PER CENT—				
1896-97 . . .	22nd July 1896	On or after 31st Dec. 1916, with three months' previous notice . . .	6,73,21	6,73,21
POST OFFICE CASH CERTIFICATES . . .	...	......	8,60,80	
TREASURY BILLS . .	...	......	19,80,39	28,41,19
		TOTAL		2,71,11,88

PUBLIC DEBT NOT B[...] INTEREST.

Particulars.	Date of Discharge.
Cawnpore-Achneyra Ry 4 p.c. .	31st Mar. 19
Cawnpore-Achneyra Section of R. M. Ry. 4 p.c. .	Do.
Muttra Hattras 4 p.c. . .	1st July 1
Stock Notes . .	24th Aug. 1
	TOTAL

(a) Issued in London on conversion of the 4½ per cent. Loans of 1878 and 1879 into Loan of 1854-55.
(c) Inclusive of 13,47,56 due to conversion operations.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Cur

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY;
The 11th January 1919.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the British Malaria Convalescent Depôt, of 94th Coy., R. G. A., dated at Dagshai, this 12th day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—14877, Trumpeter, O. E. Williams.
Age—About 18 years.
Height—Six feet (about).
Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, light brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—*Nil*.
Date of Enlistment—No record.
Place of Enlistment—India.
Parish and County in which born—Home address:—Manmad, India—Mr. E. C. Williams, Driver, G. I. P. Railway, Manmad, India.
Date of Desertion or absence—Absent since 24th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Dagshai, Simla Hills.
Marks—Tall and thin, and speaks with slight burr similar to Eurasians. Lips rather thick. Not fully developed.

H. W. ACTON, Captain, I.M.S.,
Commanding British Malaria Convalescent Depôt, Dagshai.

REGISTERED No. C 606.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 2577 $\frac{P.}{F.-1 \& 2}$ of the 5½ per cent War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 6,000, originally issued in the name of Mohkam Chand, the proprietor, by whom it was never, endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and the application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MOHKAM CHAND son of RAMCHAND NANGPAL,
Residence—Fazilka, District Ferozepore.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 558 M.-F. 1 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Dara Subbarao, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—DARA SUBBARAO,
Residence—Masulipatam, Kojjilipet, Krishna District.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 7372, dated 22nd August 1918, of the 5½ per cent. War Loan of 1922 for Rs. 128-12-0.

The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—JOSEPH HARPWOOD,
Address—109 Bungalow, Sakchi (India).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{4109}{\text{F-1}}$ P. of the 5½ per cent. War bond 1920 for Rs. 600, originally issued in the name of Wishnu Mal, son of Hovna Mal Setia, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—WISHNU MAL SETIA,
Residence—Mailsi (District Multan).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{42\text{ P}}{\text{F-1}}$ of the 5 per cent. Loan of 1929-47 for Rs 1,00,000, originally issued in the name of His Highness the Maharaja Govind Sinh Lokendra Bahadur, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

G. S. JOSHI,
Accountant General, Datia, Bundelkhand.

LOST.

The Allotment Letters Nos. $\frac{376\text{ C P.}}{\text{F 1}}$ & $\frac{377\text{ C P.}}{\text{F 1}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 100 each originally issued in the name of Himmatram Marwadi, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letters and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—HIMMATRAM MARWADI,
Residence—Sankra Tahsil Balod Sunjari, District Drug.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No 140 $\frac{\text{C. P.}}{\text{F. 1}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500, originally issued to Gajadharsao Bani, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—GAJADHARSAO BANI,
Residence—Of Mungeli, Central Provinces, Nilkant, Benares (Present Address).

LOST.

The upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 020434 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 800, originally standing in the name of J. Hutchison and last endorsed to Major H. Herries Crosbie, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—GRINDLAY & Co.,
Residence—Bankers and Agents, Bombay.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{1401\ O.P}{F.1.}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Son Raj Sultan Chand, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—SON RAJ SULTAN CHAND,
Residence—Mungeli, District Bilaspur, Central Provinces.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{2135\text{-}P}{F\ 1\ \&\ 2}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 600, originally issued in the names of Ghanumal, Karnumal, Gangamal, Beharimal, Pokhermal, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of Advertisers—GHANUMAL, KARNUMAL,
GANGAMAL, BEHARIMAL, POKHERMAL,
Residence—Village Bulandpur, Mailsi (Multan).

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 175723, 175724 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01, for Rs. 5,000 each, originally standing in the name of Hari Charan Ganguli, and last endorsed to Haridas Chatterjee, and Note No. 231101 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01, for Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of Hari Das Chatterjee, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor's administratrix. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

BIBHUTI BHUSAN BANERJEE, Pleader,
Judge's Court, Alipore,
for my Client,
Anila Bala Debi, Administratrix,
of the estate of late Haridas Chatterjee, of
Nangi, 24-Parganas.
15-1, Circular Garden Reach Road, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

LOST, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED.

The Temporary Scrip for bearer bond No. 8772 of the 5½ per cent. of War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of F. M. Willan and blank endorsed by her has been stolen payment of the above Temporary Scrip and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor.

Name of the Advertiser—F. M. WILLAN,
Residence—Convent of S. Mary, Panch Howd, Poona.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. Bhaichand Amulakh and Rajpal Fulchand have as from the 10th of December instant retired from the firm of piece goods merchants carrying on business in Bombay under the name of Vanechand Bhaichand and in Delhi under the name of Shah Bhikhalal Jagjiwan and that the said firm and its business will be continued by the other two continuing partners, *viz.*, Messrs. Bhikhalal Parshotam and Jagjiwan Nagji at Delhi, Bombay and elsewhere under the name of Bhikhalal Jagjiwan. All debts and liabilities of the said business shall be paid and all outstandings shall be recovered by the said continuing partners.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
Solicitors, for the said firms of Vanechand Bhaichand & Bhikalal Jagjiwan.

Dated at Bombay, this 16th day of December 1918.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 3. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

Return showing the Wholesale and Retail Prices of Cereals, Pulses, Oilseeds, Sugar (Raw), Salt, etc., in India by Districts for the fortnight ending the 15th December 1918

Department of Statistics, India }
January 14, 1919 }

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
[Dir]ector of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 15th December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 15th December of

Province	Rice Common (Oryza Sativa) 1917	1918	Wheat (Triticum Sativum) 1917	1918	Barley (Hordeum Vulgare) 1917	1918	Jawar (Andropogon Sorghum) 1917	1918	Maize (Zea Mays) 1917	1918	Gram (Cicer arietinum) 1917	1918	Arhar Dál (Cajanus Indicus) 1917	1918	Ghi 1917	1918	Raw Sugar (Gur) 1917	1918	Salt 1917	1918
Burma	100	145	100	166	...	...	100	114	...	...	100	127	100	128	100	125	...	...	100	101
Assam	100	173	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	118	100	117	100	[illegible]
Bengal	100	102	100	145	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	155	100	170	100	107	100	87	100	[illegible]
Bihar and Orissa	100	175	100	140	100	165	100	160	100	290	100	180	100	171	100	99	100	89	100	[illegible]
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	154	100	143	100	178	100	187	100	185	100	175	100	167	100	117	100	118	100	[illegible]
Delhi	100	124	100	132	100	143	100	167	100	149	100	143	100	219	100	110	100	140	100	[illegible]
Punjab	100	158	100	120	100	128	100	147	100	127	100	111	100	147	100	120	100	187	100	115
North-West Frontier Province	100	174	100	113	100	123	100	138	100	99	100	110	100	109	100	128	100	183	100	121
Sind and Baluchistan	100	109	100	132	100	130	100	134	100	105	...	...	100	110	100	121	...	...	100	[illegible]
Bombay	100	140	100	148	100	137	100	214	...	...	100	149	100	140	100	157	100	100	100	[illegible]
Central Provinces and Berar	100	189	100	155	...	...	100	263	...	...	100	174	100	188	100	131	...	...	100	[illegible]
Madras	100	159	...	...	...	...	100	155	...	...	100	160	100	149	100	143	100	101	100	[illegible]
Average India { Unweighted	100	163	100	139	100	143	100	166	100	144	100	148	100	154	100	123	100	116	100	[illegible]
Average India { Weighted	100	164	100	135	100	168	100	193	100	171	100	152	...	...	...	...	100	116	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, the rise in the prices of all food grains in all the reporting provinces, except in the case of maize in the North-West Frontier Province, continues: the most noticeable increases were in rice in Sind and Baluchistan, and the Central Provinces and Berar, in wheat in Burma and the Central Provinces and Berar, in barley, maize and gram in Bihar and Orissa and the United Provinces, in jawar in the Central Provinces and Berar, and the Bombay Presidency and in arhar dál in Delhi and the Central Provinces and Berar. The rise in the price of ghi in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies, and of raw sugar (gur) in the Punjab and Delhi is noteworthy. The fall in the price of salt in Delhi, Bihar and Orissa, Bengal, the United Provinces, and Assam is also noticeable.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 15th December, 1918, as compared with the previous fortnight

Index number of prices during the fortnight ending

Province	Rice common (Oryza Sativa) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Wheat (Triticum Sativum) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Barley (Hordeum Vulgare) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Jawar (Andropogon Sorghum) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Maize (Zea Mays) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Gram (Cicer arietinum) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Arhar Dál (Cajanus Indicus) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Ghi 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Raw Sugar (Gur) 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	Salt 30th Nov. 1918	15th Dec. 1918
Burma	100	100	100	101	...	...	100	100	...	...	100	109	100	108	100	87	...	...	100	[illegible]
Assam	100	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	109	100	[illegible]
Bengal	100	109	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	111	100	110	100	100	100	97	100	[illegible]
Bihar and Orissa	100	104	100	101	100	107	...	...	100	105	100	101	100	105	100	104	100	102	100	[illegible]
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	102	100	98	100	101	100	102	100	97	100	103	100	98	100	101	100	97	100	[illegible]
Delhi	100	97	100	96	100	91	...	...	100	98	100	91	100	118	100	100	100	97	100	[illegible]
Punjab	100	99	100	10[illegible]	100	101	100	105	100	95	100	100	100	100	100	102	100	109	100	[illegible]
North-West Frontier Province	100	96	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	100	100	96	100	100	100	102	100	98	100	[illegible]
Sind and Baluchistan	100	107	100	120	100	101	100	100	100	105	100	97	100	100	100	100	100	102	100	[illegible]
Bombay	100	90	100	93	100	100	100	90	...	...	100	100	100	98	100	106	100	100	100	[illegible]
Central Provinces and Berar	100	85	100	99	...	...	100	71	...	...	100	100	100	99	100	91	...	...	100	[illegible]
Madras	100	94	...	...	...	...	100	94	...	...	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	101	100	[illegible]
Average India { Unweighted	100	98	100	101	100	100	100	95	100	99	100	101	100	102	100	100	100	100	100	[illegible]
Average India { Weighted	100	101	100	99	100	102	100	90	100	99	100	101	...	...	...	...	100	110	...	[illegible]

NOTE.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of wheat in Sind and Baluchistan and the fall in that of rice, jawar and salt in the Central Provinces and Berar are noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82⅐ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending 15th December of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

All prices in Rs. A. P.

Marts	Wheat (Triticum sativum) 1918	1917	1916	Rice (common) (Oryza sativa) 1918	1917	1916	Jawar (Andropogon sorghum) 1918	1917	1916	Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum) 1918	1917	1916	Gram (Cicer arietinum) 1918	1917	1916
Calcutta	7 4 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 6 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6 0	3 8 0	3 8 [illegible]
Bombay	11 10 8	6 9 0	5 6 4	6 14 6	5 4 9	5 2 10	10 0 0	5 0 0	3 2 0	13 11 8	4 8 10	3 11 8	5 11 5	4 0 4	3 12 3
Karachi	7 1 0	5 11 0	4 13 6	12 0 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	...	...	...	...	4 2 0	3 2 0	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	8 7 6	5 1 9	5 10 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 1	4 9 5	4 8 [illegible]
Rangoon	...	...	...	4 6 7	2 13 6	3 6 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11 5	3 8 0	3 14 [illegible]
Dacca	...	...	...	7 12 0	3 6 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna	5 11 6	4 8 0	4 6 0	6 2 6	3 1 0	3 5 0	4 0 0	2 8 9	2 3 0	...	...	...	4 9 0	2 7 6	3 1 0
Ranchi	8 0 0	5 8 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	3 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8 0	3 8 0	4 2 [illegible]
Cuttack	9 6 7	5 1 2	5 1 3	5 0 0	3 6 2	3 15 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 6	4 11 3	4 1 2
Benares	6 14 1	4 10 3	3 14 3	5 5 2	4 8 8	5 0 1	5 10 3	2 14 11	2 14 0	6 10 8	3 0 11	3 4 2	5 10 3	2 13 3	3 1 11
Cawnpore	6 10 8	4 14 0	4 7 0	7 0 0	5 9 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	3 0 0	2 8 0	7 4 0	3 13 0	3 0 0	5 6 0	3 4 0	3 0 0
Meerut	6 4 0	4 13 7	4 9 0	6 14 9	4 11 4	5 12 6	...	3 1 3	2 13 8	...	3 10 2	3 5 3	5 2 0	3 14 5	3 5 3
Agra	*	3 5 4	5 5 4	*	6 2 6	6 6 4	*	3 0 8	2 12 1	*	4 0 0	3 1 3	*	3 7 9	3 6 5
Lucknow	*	4 11 3	4 11 3	*	4 0 0	4 3 4	*	2 12 2	2 13 9	*	3 3 2	2 15 5	*	2 13 9	2 13 9
Ferozepur	5 14 9	5 0 0	4 3 6	9 6 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 7 0	3 13 3	3 3 3
Lahore	6 2 6	5 0 0	4 7 0	8 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	...	3 5 3	3 3 3	7 4 3	3 14 3	3 4 3	4 7 0	4 0 0	3 5 3
Amritsar	5 14 0	4 14 0	4 5 0	8 8 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 10 0	4 0 0	3 7 0
Rawalpindi	6 0 6	5 0 0	4 6 0	8 0 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	4 9 0	3 5 3	2 8 0	6 2 6	3 5 3	3 5 3	4 9 0	3 14 6	3 8 0
Lyallpur	6 0 0	4 14 0	4 1 0	8 0 0	5 2 0	5 9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	3 6 0
Ambala	6 10 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	9 0 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	...	2 12 0	2 10 0	...	3 8 0	3 10 0	4 15 0	3 15 0	3 4 0
Delhi	6 10 0	5 0 0	4 11 0	7 12 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	6 6 0	3 13 0	2 14 0	9 4 0	4 4 0	2 14 0	5 0 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
Peshawar	5 4 7	4 13 7	4 4 3	9 4 5	5 5 4	5 9 5	...	...	...	...	3 5 4	3 5 4	4 4 9	4 1 2	3 9 6
Quetta	4 13 6	5 5 0	5 8 3	...	...	...	4 12 0	3 8 9	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
[illegible]	9 7 1	6 8 11	4 12 8	8 4 0	6 0 9	5 13 6	...	5 0 0	2 6 11	11 15 1	5 4 5	3 6 5	6 8 5	4 12 4	3 14 11
Ahmednagar	8 8 4	5 11 11	3 11 8	8 0 1	6 8 11	5 9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 1 3	4 5 10	3 7 0
Ahmedabad	8 8 0	6 0 0	4 13 0	8 12 0	7 4 0	6 15 0	...	...	...	10 4 0	4 8 0	2 12 0	6 8 0	4 0 0	3 10 0
[illegible]pur	8 6 4	5 1 6	4 1 11	12 5 0	4 9 10	4 6 8	...	3 9 2	2 10 11	...	...	...	7 2 4	3 10 10	3 8 4
Jubbulpore	6 15 4	5 0 0	4 7 1	7 9 11	3 12 11	4 7 1	4 11 4	2 13 8	...	...	...	...	5 11 5	3 11 6	3 10 2
Cocanada	...	...	...	6 0 10	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
[illegible]	...	...	...	3 3 5	5 4 11	5 4 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Figures have not so far been reported.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, JANUARY 18, 1919.

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER [The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds]

Districts	Rice, unhusked		Rice, husked		Wheat		Flour (wheat)		Barley		Jawar		Bajra		Ragi		Maize		Gram		Arhar dal		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
Burma*—																																	**Burma—**
Tenasserim—																																	*Tenasserim—*
Mergui	...	...	45·71	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61·84	61·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
Tavoy	...	...	32 99	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	43·84	27 47	86 49	45 71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68·82	65·98	66·67	68·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moulmein and Amherst
Pegu (deltaic)—																																	*Pegu (deltaic)—*
Rangoon	...	...	44·14	28·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57·14	34·97	94·12	51·61	68·82	52·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
Maubin	...	...	46·04	32·33	16 0	05·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	55·17	80	61·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
Bassein	...	...	42 67	28·83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43·84	34 41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bassein
Pegu (inland)—																																	*Pegu (inland)—*
Henzada	...	...	44 76	30 19	108·47	71 91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68·08	40·72	96 97	75·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Henzada
Toungoo	...	...	37·21	25·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Toungoo
Upper Burma—																																	*Upper Burma—*
Mandalay	...	...	41·29	28 02	84 21	48 81	...	...	...	...	22·38	19·69	...	...	...	...	...	18·71	56·14	34·41	75·29	60 95	74·42	53 78	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
Pakokku	...	...	45 7	32 90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34·41	86 49	71 31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pakokku
Arakan—																																	*Arakan—*
Akyab	...	...	40	33 33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83 33	72 73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akyab
Assam*—																																	**Assam—**
Surma—																																	*Surma—*
Sylhet (Balaganj)	22·5	18·28	47·5	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	Sylhet (Balaganj)
Brahmaputra—																																	*Brahmaputra—*
Goalpara	20	15	37 5	27 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82·5	65	Goalpara
Gauhati	20	20	48 75	28·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	90	95	57 5	Gauhati
Bengal*—																																	**Bengal—**
Eastern—																																	*Eastern—*
Chittagong	26 25	..	55	37·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	42 5	100	65	...	...	...	...	100	100	95	80	Chittagong
Dacca	28 75	17 5	77·5	33 75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	47·5	...	...	...	...	120	60	120	70	Dacca
Deltaic—																																	*Deltaic—*
Calcutta	30	25	62·5	50	72 5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	35	77 5	50	...	...	...	...	90	50	90	55	Calcutta
Western—																																	*Western—*
Burdwan	26 87	16 87	68 75	35	...	51 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53 75	30	85	45	...	...	...	...		60	125	52·5	Burdwan
Midnapore	27·5	15	...	35 to 41 25	90	57·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57 5 to 70	38 75 to 43 75	85 to 90	50 to 65	...	...	...	...	100	45	115 to 130	62·5 to 75	Midnapur
Northern—																																	*Northern—*
Pabna	30	...	53 75	32 5	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	60	...	...	...	...	80	40	110	70	Pabna
Rangpur	25	20	45	45	60	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	32 5	70	50	...	...	...	...	..	...	75	67 5	Rangpur
Bihar and Orissa*—																																	**Bihar and Orissa—**
Bihar, north—																																	*Bihar, north—*
Bhágalpore	30	20	60	35 62	65	46 25	...	...	37 5	23 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	30	48 75	26 25	70	40	50	25	...	..	92 5	40	80 to 95	60 to 66·25	Bhágalpur
Muzaffarpur	30	20·94	66 56	40	61·56	44 87	...	...	38 12	28·19	...	...	..	...	...	...	40	20·62	46 56	26 56	61 56	40	50	28·44	...	...	.	..	...		Muzaffarpur
Bihar, south—																																	*Bihar, south—*
Patna	27 19	15	61 56	30·62	57·19	43·75	...	...	40	23 44	40	35	...	...	...	...	40	18·75	45·62	24·69	63 87	34 37	42 5	25	...	...	90	41·25	100	67 5	Patna
Orissa—																																	*Orissa—*
Cuttack	30 31	12·31	55 62	33·85	94·11	50·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60 94	47·03	87 06	47·03	...	38 07	...	..	...	...	..		Cuttack
United Provinces—																																	**United Provinces—**
(a) AGRA—																																	(a) AGRA—
Eastern—																																	*Eastern—*
Benares	38 59	22·92	63·28	45·42	68·8	46·41	73·33	48·91	40·62	28·23	56·41	29·32	66 67	30·57	...	...	48·12	22·92	56·41	28 23	73·33	30·63	...	...	...	...	86·25	41·77	86 25	46 41	Benares
Central—																																	*Central—*
Cawnpore	37·5	23·75	70	57·62	66·67	48 75	70	57·5	52 5	28 75	56·25	30	72·5	33·12	...	...	41·87	25·62	38·75	32·5	68 75	37·5	...	35	40 62	38·75	85	50	90	50	Cawnpore
Jhánsi	...	...	76 56	48 44	75·31	47 2 and 53 33	...	...	50·78	27·34	55·16	32·03	...	...	...	...	40·67	..	39·72	36·72	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	.	...	...	Jhánsi
Western—																																	*Western—*
Meerut	..	..	69·22	47 06	62 5	48·49	69·22	55·16	40 87	30 78	...	30·78	...	36·39	...	...	47·19	30·78	41·56	30·01	68·75	38·07	...	...	...	...	80	...	96·25	51 61	Meerut
Agra†	...	..		61·56	.	53 33	...	66 01		33·28	...	30·16	...	40	...	...	...	30·16	...	34·64	...	50	...	...	...	40	...	50	..	40	Agra
Submontane, west—																																	*Submontane, west—*
Shahjahánpur	43 75	20	79 37	40	72·5	44·37	53·12	53 12	52·5	28 59	...	...	68·75	38·75	...	...	43·75	24 69	36·25	30·31	...	35·12	...	...	...	32 5	77·5	42·66	...	55	Shahjahánpur
(b) OUDH—																																	(b) OUDH—
Southern—																																	*Southern—*
Lucknow†	...	..	.	40	..	47 03	.	53·16	.	..	...	27·6	...	31 96	...	...	...	32·49	...	28·59	...	...	...	...	...	...		40	...	60·67	Lucknow
Northern—																																	*Northern—*
Fyzabad	42·03	25	72 5	45	63 91	43 28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45·62	24 53	53·98	29·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Fyzabad

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice
† Figures have not so far been reported

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district headquarters) in each province on the last (or nearest market) day of

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER—continued.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Sesamum (Til or jinjili) 1918	Sesamum 1917	Ghi 1918	Ghi 1917	Sugar raw (Gúr) 1918	Sugar raw 1917	Salt 1918	Salt 1917	Tobacco leaf 1916	Tobacco leaf 1917	Turmeric 1918	Turmeric 1917	Grass 1918	Grass 1917	Straw 1918	Straw 1917	Jawar stalks 1918	Jawar stalks 1917	Bhusa (white) 1918	Bhusa (white) 1917	Bran 1918	Bran 1917	Coal (Bengal) 1918	Coal (Bengal) 1917	Sheep, per score 1918	Sheep, per score 1917	Plough bullocks, per pair 1918	Plough bullocks, per pair 1917	Kerosene oil, per tin 1918	Kerosene oil, per tin 1917
Burma—																														
Tenasserim—																														
Mergui	...	...	800	581·82	...	...	35·75	27·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·94	14·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·31
Tavoy	...	...	640	640	...	...	25·7	25·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·75
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	711·11	457·14	...	...	31·68	24·69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11·9	11·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·44	2·75
Pegu (deltaic)—																														
Rangoon	...	...	914·29	533·33	...	...	32·69	35·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15·43	...	...	...	...	3·12	2
Maubin	...	...	640	640	...	...	41·03	43·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	640	640	...	...	45·71	45·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·44	2·06
Pegu (inland)—																														
Henzada	...	...	914·29	800	...	...	42·95	36·36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	49·23	40·51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—																														
Mandalay	...	...	800	711·11	...	...	44·76	41·83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55·65	34·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	914·29	711·11	...	...	45·39	45·39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·37	2·19
Arakan—																														
Akyab	...	...	914·29	711·11	...	...	36·36	47·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·18	9·18	...	...	...	...	3·19	3·12
Assam—																														
Surma—																														
Sylhet (Balaganj)	...	...	750	620	70	65	38·12	58·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·7	2·34
Brahmaputra—																														
Goálpára	...	...	690	560	90	80	38·75	57·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·81	3·62
Gauhati	...	...	720	610	87·5	75	40	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8·75	3·62	...	...	...	...	3	2·25
Bengal—																														
Eastern—																														
Chittagong	...	...	750	700	85	85	35	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·25	2·25
Dacca	...	...	660	...	95	110	45	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·5	3·34
Deltaic—																														
Calcutta	...	...	700	650	82·5	90	36·25	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	7·5	...	...	...	...	3·12	3·23
Western—																														
Burdwan	...	...	650	540	85	65 to 70	35	42·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·62	5	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·31
Midnapur	...	...	750 to 800	580 to 630	77·5	100	36·25	57·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		3·25
Northern—																														
Pabna	...	...	1070	900	...	86·25	42·5	62·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·75	3·75
Rangpur	...	...	650	700	80	105	43·75	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·62	3·25
Bihar and Orissa—																														
Bihar, north—																														
Bhágalpur	120	60	550	600	75	75	36·62	61·25	110	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	21·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·77	2·5
Muzaffarpur	...	...	533·12	533·12	50	50	31·87	57·19	200	266·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	33·28	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·09	2·42
Bihar, south—																														
Patna	100	60	540	510	55	60	30·78	60	20	22·5	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	10	10	37·5	18.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·0	3·17
Orissa—																														
Cuttack	...	...	647·6	609·49	55·62	64·74	30·73	36·35	130·47	91·41	...	...	6·25	6·25	6·2[illegible]	5·25	...	...	...	...	6·67	6·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·8	3·25
United Provinces—																														
(a) Agra—																														
Eastern—																														
Benares	112·81	57·97	651·87	533·33	64·84	72·19	40·78	56·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42·08	21·81	13·75	6·25 to 8·75	...	...	...	...	4·75	4·12
Central—																														
Cawnpore	135	70	620	500	60	55	30·78	46·25 and 47·5	140	160	155	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·5	10	42·5	22·5	8·12	8·75	65	65	...	...	4·57	3·56
Jhánsi	123·12	...	585	469·69	...	66·25	28·28	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·69
Western—																														
Meerut	...	...	...	609·38	80	50	29·06	66·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	20	13·33	46·87	25	15	10	...	...	...	...	...	3·44
Agra*	...	72·71	...	533·33	...	88·91	...	61·56	...	120	...	180	...	10	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	25	...	...	...	60	...	100	...	3·69
Submontane, west—																														
Shahjahánpur	...	58·12	560	505	...	...	35·09	49·37	180	180	160 to 200	180 to 190	...	...	...	...	...	...	18·12	11·25	...	30	10	6·25	120 and 150	70 and 90	50 and 150	60 and 110	4·75	3·5
(b) Oudh—																														
Southern—																														
Lucknow*	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	38·91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11·41	...	17·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·37
Northern—																														
Fyzabad	...	...	540	460	47·81	...	31·87	55	...	...	...	...	6·25	8·12	...	...	...	...	...	10	40	29·87	15	13·75	...	...	60	60	3·25	3·28

* Figures have not so far been reported.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, JANUARY 18, 1919.

TABLE No. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER—*continued*

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1918	Rice, unhusked 1917	Rice, husked 1918	Rice, husked 1917	Wheat 1918	Wheat 1917	Flour (wheat) 1918	Flour (wheat) 1917	Barley 1918	Barley 1917	Jawar 1918	Jawar 1917	Bajra 1918	Bajra 1917	Ragi 1918	Ragi 1917
Rajputana—																
Eastern— Ajmer	26·67	26·67	...	...	80	58·44	...	...	58·38	34·79	60·56	38·28	106·56	44·48	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	...	...	77·5	62·5	66·25	50	72·5	60	50	35	63·75	38·12	92·5	42·5	...	...
Punjab—																
Southern— Ferozepur	44·37	28·59	94·06	57·19	59·22	50	69·53	51·56	42·08	38·41	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	47·03	26·72	80	48·44	61·56	50	72·66	57·19	...	30·78	...	38·28	72·66	38·91	...	...
Submontane— Amritsar	48·75	28·12	83·75	52·5	58·75	46·87	66·25	58·28	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	80	48·75	60·31	50	59·53	53·28	36·41	28·59	45·62	38·28	61·56	33·28	...	...
Western— Lyallpur	...	30	80	51·25	60	48·75	65	55	38·75	30	...	...	...	...	...	...
Multan	43·75	27·5	75	50	56·87	49·06	63·75	55	42·5	33·12	55	35	71·25	33·5	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—																
Peshawar	...	...	92·76	53·33	52·86	48·49	57·08	53·33	31·98	28·96	...	...	...	38·33	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	105·94	60·94	50·91	43·49	56·72	47·86	40·31	29·84	39·37	29·44	56·56	31·85	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—																
Karachi	...	...	120	57·5	70·62	50·87	...	...	58·75	...	...	...	...	41·25	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	80	...	70	51·87	...	...	51·56	36·25	78·12	...	78·12	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	...	...	46·25 to 50·62	51·87 to 54·37	...	85	48·75	40·62	47·5	35·47	...	...	...	...
Bombay—																
Konkan— Bombay	50·63	33·8	69·06	52·97	116·41	65·62	...	...	50·78	37·03	100	50	126·98	45·32	...	...
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	98·59	53·18	75·62	45·57	...	...	...	...	84·48	31·67	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	76·56	55·47	77·29	47·71	...	...	...	...	71·56	39·48	74·06	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	82·5	60·47	94·43	61·82	...	...	...	...	...	50	119·43	52·76	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	80·05	65·57	85·21	57·45	...	...	...	...	...	41·72	...	49·8	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	86·77	...	98·12	55·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	86·87	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41·82	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	87·5	72·5	85	60	...	...	60	...	...	...	102·5	45	...	...
Central Provinces*—																
Western— Nagpur	...	37	123·12	46·13	83·94	50·94	114·31	65	...	...	...	35·75	...	...	...	...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	76·19	38·06	69·56	50	88·87	61·5	...	...	47·06	28·56	...	...	...	...
Eastern— Raipur	53	30	62	35	73	37	80	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—																
Akola	...	...	79·69	42·12	83·31	...	...	...	...	...	75	28·44	...	...	...	...
Amraoti	...	...	94·44	46·69	100	52·94	...	...	...	...	100	33·75	...	...	...	...
Madras—																
South, central— Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61·1	43	...	39·1	[illegible]	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	33·9	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	54·2	30·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37·6	50	33·3	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	46·7	28·8	84·7	51·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	35·5	75·8	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52·5	33·8	54·9	44·6	...	...
Mysore—																
Mysore	38	25	88	56	132	60	104·58	65	...	...	50	34	...	...	...	...
Bangalore	52	21	128	60	128	54	...	67·76	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	...

Maize 1918	Maize 1917	Gram 1918	Gram 1917	Arhar dal 1918	Arhar dal 1917	Oats 1918	Oats 1917	Cotton seed 1918	Cotton seed 1917	Linseed 1918	Linseed 1917	Mustard and rapeseed 1918	Mustard and rapeseed 1917	Districts
														Rajputana—
62·4	34·79	57·81	34·79	...	...	...	...	...	...	106·56	92·86	...	...	*Eastern—* Ajmer
7·5	31·87	50	35	85	88·75	...	...	...	40	70	60	84·37	58·73	**Delhi—** Delhi
														Punjab—
40	36·41	44·37	33·28	88·91	72·81	...	...	47·03	44·37	114·22	66·72	...	...	*Southern—* Ferozepur
48·44	36·41	44·37	40	88·91	48·44	57·19	35·62	45·78	43·28	66·72	57·19	80	48·44	*Central—* Lahore
50	36·41	46·25	40	81·87	...	...	...	45·62	42·5	75	65	80	55	*Submontane—* Amritsar
40·94	31·84	45·62	29·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	84·22	43·75	66·72	44·37	*Northern—* Rawalpindi
50	32·5	40·62	40	65	...	...	...	49·5	36·72	...	...	92·5	44·87	*Western—* Lyallpur
43·75	30·25	48·12	40	...	...	46·87	36·87	46·25	37·5	90	55	92·5	47·5	Multan
														N.-W. Frontier Province—
31·98	32·34	42·97	40·73	46·35	42·34	...	...	...	...	...	...	69·58	46·04	Peshawar
...	...	41·41	35·73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dera Ismail Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	52·5	...	87·5	...	...	...	...	42·97	...	...	...	...	Karachi
...	...	52·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	Shikarpur
50	47·5	...	...	70 to 80	61·25 to 75	60	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
														Bombay—
...	...	57·13	40·21	90·16	67·29	107·13	39·27	44·9	31·61	92·86	58·01	...	...	*Konkan—* Bombay
...	...	69·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·19	...	...	...	...	*Deccan and Karnátak—* Dharwar (Hubli)
...	...	55·72	46·14	70·81	56·25	...	...	...	...	77·5	46·77	...	...	Sholapur
...	...	65·26	47·71	54·06	57·8	...	...	...	82·45	...	...	...	...	Poona
...	...	70·78	48·65	...	...	...	...	...	26·07	...	...	...	...	*Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—* Ahmednagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35·09	39·43	...	...	...	...	Dhulia
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*Gujarat—* Surat
...	...	65	40	80	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ahmedabad
														Central Provinces—
...	...	71·44	36·75	105·19	...	...	...	33·5	35·09	105·75	61·37	...	...	*Western—* Nagpur
...	...	57·12	37·19	94·12	47·06	50	33·31	41·44	28·56	80	47·06	...	...	*Central—* Jubbulpore
...	...	51	29	61	38	...	...	...	...	73	50	...	...	*Eastern—* Raipur
														Berar—
...	...	62·75	...	79·56	...	...	...	38·09	37·75	...	...	...	...	Akola
...	...	75·36	40·69	68·25	47·06	...	...	45·36	21·37	105·09	64·25	...	...	Amraoti
														Madras—
...	...	77·3	55·8	...	...	...	...	52·3	35·2	...	...	...	...	*South, central—* Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	80·6	40·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Salem
...	...	74	40·3	44·1	35·8	...	...	23·6	23·8	...	...	...	...	*Central—* Bellary
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
...	...	...	...	...	40·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*East Coast, central—* Nellore
...	...	80·7	45·9	...	...	99·4	54·9	57·6	57·6	...	...	...	...	*East Coast, south—* Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	52·5	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*Southern—* Madura
														Mysore—
...	...	54	35	92	62	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	59	32	120	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the price of cleaned rice

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER—*concluded.* (The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Sesamum (Til or Jinjili) 1918	Sesamum 1917	Ghi 1918	Ghi 1917	Sugar, raw (Gur) 1918	Sugar, raw 1917	Salt 1918	Salt 1917	Tobacco leaf 1918	Tobacco leaf 1917	Turmeric 1918	Turmeric 1917	Grass 1918	Grass 1917	Straw 1918
Rajputana— *Eastern—*															
Ajmer	123·12	78·91	711·09	492·19	80	91·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...
Delhi—															
Delhi	160	75	690	630	95	65	27·5	60	80	80	180	210	30	12·5	...
Punjab— *Southern—*															
Ferozepur	152·84	66·72	691·87	595·81	97·03	58·91	47·03	50	177·81	160	160	160	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	123·12	70·25	775·78	640	94·06	72·66	48·44	40	160	133·28	152·34	188·28	11·41	10	...
Submontane— Amritsar	135	75	750	645	77·5	52·5	50	40	110	100	145	180	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	609·53	540	88·91	47·03	38·12	38·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Lyallpur	130	90	680	575	85	58·75	52·5	47·5	200	160	160	180	...	...	...
Multan	115	60	710	570	80	56·67	48·12	48·75	122·5	100	150	210	15	10	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	...	...	640	568·91	80	58·7	30·05	23·18	98·44	94·11	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	852·66	640	79·37	60·94	39·37	32·71	...	...	...	...	...	12·5	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi	...	...	735	...	127·5	...	18·75	32·5	...	...	...	...	31·08	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	730	...	77·5	...	21·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	700 to 770	572·05 to 637·5	...	...	23·44	23·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— *Konkan—*															
Bombay	135·73	84·27	914·27	628·59	85·05	100	25	32·5	...	...	134·69	164·63	18·38	16·82	...
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	68·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	105·26	51·72	783·33	492·19	73·18	79·43	30	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	817·55	505·26	83·75	82·86	28·96	35·21	3 5·43	210·58	126·3	164·9	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—															
Ahmednagar	158·91	...	...	...	86·67	86·67	28·65	34·9	...	...	...	160	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	73·33	...	31·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	864·84	588·8	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	760	520	...	...	17·19	16·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces— *Western—*															
Nagpur	...	86·62	800	590	...	...	...	40	185·31	108·31	171·44	...	11·81	6·44	...
Central— Jubbulpore	88·87	76·19	640	500	...	...	28·31	40	160	180	170	177·75	10	5	8
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	680	520	...	...	48	38	195	160	150	120	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola	...	...	838·12	571·44	...	...	38·12	42·87	183·31	123·81	...	...	...	...	...
Amraoti	...	...	680	480	...	...	30	35	288·31	184·44	...	...	...	...	...
Madras— *South, central—*															
Coimbatore	139·6	82·8	731·7	487·8	76·9	70·4	24·9	21·6	...	...	144	176	...	...	15[illegible]
Salem	...	...	684·9	488	...	...	...	...	171·3	171·3	123·4	127	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	110·8	62·1	666·7	507·9	71·4	71·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	723·9	559·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	107·1	161·5	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	333·3	100	116·9	125·3	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	690	466·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10[illegible]
East Coast, south— Madras	108·7	...	790	543·1	62·6	65·8	18·9	25·6	362·1	139·9	102·9	164·7	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	600	466·7	...	...	23·4	23·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	810·7	608·1	...	...	25	23·1	128·4	123·4	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	133·4	66·8	945·9	675·7	...	...	...	...	217·7	141·1	...	...	...	...	1[illegible]
Mysore—															
Mysore	104	60	780	583·86	77·18	94·27	...	...	274·27*	205·13*	154·32	154·27	4·43	4·43	4[illegible]
Bangalore	120	72	857·13	617·18	80	77·13	...	...	240*	240*	187·13	120	8·8	8·8	14[illegible]

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 maunds.

Districts	Straw 1917	Jawar stalks 1918	Jawar stalks 1917	Bhusa (white) 1918	Bhusa (white) 1917	Bran 1918	Bran 1917	Coal (Bengal) 1918	Coal (Bengal) 1917	Sheep, per score 1918	Sheep, per score 1917	Plough bullocks, per pair 1918	Plough bullocks, per pair 1917	Kerosene oil, per tin 1918	Kerosene oil, per tin 1917
Rajputana— *Eastern—*															
Ajmer	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	...	...	80 to 90	2·89 and 3·75	6 and 7
Delhi—															
Delhi	...	..	12·5	25	14·17	...	18·75	12·5	7·5	100	80	300	250	3·7	2·7
Punjab— *Southern—*															
Ferozepur	...	...	...	13·28	8·91	42·03	22·19	...	...	113	142	225	225	...	3·75
Central— Lahore	...	...	...	16·72	14·84	40	28·59	12·5	10	160	160	170	170	5·75	4·12
Submontane— Amritsar	...	...	...	17·5	13·44	38·75	23·75	11·25	10	160	140	...	...	4·12	3·87
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	...	28·59	20	...	...	13·75	22·5	120	100	140	120	4	4·06
Western— Lyallpur	...	...	...	13·75	10	42·5	20	18·75	12·5	140	120	270	200	5·5	4
Multan	...	...	...	13·28	10·62	41·25	25	...	...	120	105	...	...	5·12	3·64
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	...	...	...	9·9	7·86	34·23	27·34	15	13·38	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	5	4·94
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	...	19·37	10	46·56	27·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·5	3·94
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi	...	...	...	...	...	47·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·28
Shikarpur	...	...	...	28·25	13·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	3·53
Quetta	...	...	...	15	15	45	28·75	15·42	12·86	120 to 220	120 to 220	...	...	4·87	3·72
Bombay— *Konkan—*															
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	40·16	19·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·06
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97·5	...	...	4·45	3·62
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·64	2·75
Poona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·37	3·36
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—															
Ahmednagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·75	2·64
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·75
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	...	...	40	27·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·62
Central Provinces— *Western—*															
Nagpur	7·5	16	21	...	...	...	...	10	9·25	75 to 80	80	120 to 175	125	3·06	3·87
Central— Jubbulpore	7	...	...	...	...	40	26·69	...	...	60	60	70	70	2·5	2·37
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·94	2·75
Berar—															
Akola	...	11·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	95	64	64	3·06	2·87
Amraoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·87	8·94	70	70	50	70	4·25	3·12
Madras— *South, central—*															
Coimbatore	...	10·4	6	...	...	102·9*	90·5*	...	...	...	...	60	60	...	4
Salem	7·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	...	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	...	12·5	10·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4·57	3·74
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·08
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4
East Coast, central— Nellore	5·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·83	2·11
East Coast, south— Madras	...	...	...	...	...	53·9	26·6	9·2	14·4	280†	202·5†	...	...	2·25	...
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	10·4	10·7	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	5·83	2·84
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	41·1	38·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·76	3·53
Southern— Madura	15	...	...	...	...	20·4	20·4	...	...	...	...	60	60	3·75	3·5
Mysore—															
Mysore	4·43	3·75	5	...	...	...	40	...	15·42	50 to 100	50 to 100	50 to 100	50 to 100	4·75	3·87
Bangalore	9·8	4·27	4·27	...	...	52·5	33·8	...	...	160	160	160 to 200	120 to 150	6	3·25

* Superior quality.

† Sheep or goats.

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER, 1918

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Morgui	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	3 4	3 8	...	...	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	...		...	...	7 13	7 10	8 9	7 15	...	...	...	...
Maubin	2 5	2 13	...	...	7 5	7 5	8 9	8 5	...	...	...	...
Bassein			...	...	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...		...	...	7 11	6 12	8 9	8 1	...	...	...	...
Henzada	3 8	3 8	...	...	7 4	7 10	8 9	8 1	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	4 9	4 9	...	...	7 10	7 10	9 1	9 1	16 5	16 5	...	...
Bhamo	...	...	...	...	9 1	10 6	10 7	10 12	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	...	...	6 10	7 5	6 15	8 2	...	...	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	2 —	2 —	...	...	12 12	12 12	15 4	15 4	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	2 4	2 12	...	...	11 —	12 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 12	8 8	9 12	...	...	...	...
Cachar	4 —	4 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 12	10 14	...	...	...	...
Hill Tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills	...	...	...	...	8 —	3 —	7 10	9	...	...	...	...
Manipur	6 8	6 —	...	...	24 —	27 —	20 —	30 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	4 8	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp (Gauhati)	4 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Sibságar	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	4 8	5 8	...	...	4 —	5 —	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 1	6 2	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10	5 8	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	6 9	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 2	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 1	8 —	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 10	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 7	...	...	...	...
Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	7 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	...		...	...	...	...	7 —	6 12	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	Mergui
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	5 1	5 1	...	...	4 7	4 7	10 2	10 2	Pegu
...	...	...	...	6 12	7 2	...	...	3 13	4 5	9 5	9 7	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	4 11	5 —	...	...	4 11	5 10	9 5	9 5	Maubin
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	5 9	6 11	...	...	5 14	7 14	8 10	8 —	Tharrawadi
...	...	...	...	5 9	6 4	...	...	3 11	4 —	8 —	8 —	Henzada
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 2	8 2	Prome
...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 —	7 —	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 —	7 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	32 1	32 1	13 7	12 7	9 6	9 6	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 10	2 10	11 6	11 6	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 4	3 4	13 —	12 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	Akyab
												Assam—
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	6 —	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 8	10 —	10 —	Sylhet
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 5	8 —	8 8	Cachar
												Hill Tracts—
...	...	...	...	5 5	5 6	12 4	12 4	4 9	4 10	7 12	8 1	Khási and Jáintia Hills
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	Gáro Hills
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	21 —	22 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	5 8	Manipur
...	...	...	...	4 —	5 4	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 4	5 4	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 12	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	6 8	7 —	9 —	9 —	4 12	5 —	8 —	8 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 12	7 8	9 8	9 8	Kámrúp (Gauhati)
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	5 —	5 4	8 —	8 —	Sibságar
...	...	...	...	5 8	8 —	...	...	4 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	Lakhimpur
												Bengal—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	9 —	9 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 9	8 —	8 —	Backerganj
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 5	8 8	8 8	Tippera
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	...	...	9 —	Dacca
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 9	10 —	10 10	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 12	5 —	10 —	11 5	Howrah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 14	10 —	10 —	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Jessore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 4	4 4	8 —	8 —	Faridpur

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER 1918—continued

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—*continued*												
Western—												
Bankura	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 12	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	8 4	...	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	...	..	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Bhágalpur	6 2	6 4	10 2	10 4	...	...	6 —	...	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	6 14	7 2	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Sáran	5 12	5 12	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Champáran	6 8	5 12	9 8	11 —	...	...	7 8	5 12	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	5 —	5 4	7 —	5 —	...	...	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	6 5	6 5	...	11 9	...	...	5 4 to 6 5	15 4	...	...	...	...
Gaya	6 —	6 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	9 —	...	...
Patna	7 —	7 —	10 —	12 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	10 —	...	...	...
Shahabad	6 —	6 8	9 8	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum*	...	5 8	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	5 4	5 8	...	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	5 —	5 —	7 8	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Palámau	6 3	6 8	10 2	10 2	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	5 —	5 8	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	4 6	4 9	...	...	...	...	8 8	7 3½	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	4 4	4 14	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Balasore	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	4 12	5 —	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 — to 9 12	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 8	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	7 —	4 8	6 12	7 8
Benares	5 7	5 7	7 9	7 13	4 5	*4 6½	5 7	5 7	6 12	6 12	5 11½	5 11½
Ghazipur	5 2	5 12	7 8	8 14	3 12	4 11	5 10	6 3	8 8	9 8	5 14	7 3
Jaunpur	5 11½	5 12	7 3	7 8	3 11	3 12	5 5	5 2	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	5 12	5 10	7 8	7 10	4 4	4 4	5 4	5 2	8 —	7 12	6 4	6 6
Central—												
Bánda	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 2	3 8	3 8	5 4	5 6	7 8	...	...	...
Fatehpur	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 4	3 —	3 —	5 8	6 —	7 —	...	5 8	6 —
Hamirpur	6 4	5 14	6 —	6 —	3 12	4 —	5 —	5 —	7 12	6 12	6 4	6 4
Jalaun	5 12	6 —	7 8	7 8	3 —	3 —	6 —	8 12	...	...	5 8	5 —
Cawnpore	5 12	5 12	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 —	6 12	5 6	5 14
Jhansi	5 3	5 7	6 15	7 10	3 8	3 8	5 2	5 2	6 14	...	...	...
Etáwah	5 14	6 —	6 13	6 13	3 8	3 8	5 1	5 4	7 —	7 3	5 15	5 15
Farrukhabad*	...	5 8	...	7 8	...	3 8	...	4 6	...	...	...	5 10
Mainpuri	6 4	5 15	7 —	7 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	7 8	7 —	5 12	5 12
Etah	6 4	5 12	8 —	8 —	2 8	2 8	5 8	5 —	7 8	7 8	5 12	5 12
Western—												
Meerut	6 —	5 12	8 4	...	3 —	3 —	5 6	5 6	...	...	...	...
Agra*	...	5 9	...	7 12	...	3 9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muttra	5 12	5 10	8 8	8 4	3 —	3 —	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 —
Aligarh	6 4	6 —	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 12	5 4	5 12
Bulandshahr	6 —	6 —	7 13	7 8	3 —	3 — to 5 —	4 — to 5 —	5 —	7 —	6 —	5 —	5 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	5 15	6 4	8 12	9 12	3 12	4 6	5 —	6 14	7 8	...	...	...
Azamgarh	6 —	6 8	7 8	9 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	6 6	6 4	9 4	9 4	5 4	5 4	6 6	6 10	...	...	...	...
Basti	6 4	6 8	10 —	10 —	4 12	4 12	5 4	5 8	...	...	...	...

* Figures have not so far been reported.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Ragi or marua (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—*continued*
												Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	Bankura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	5 —	10 10	10 10	Burdwan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Birbhum
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	Midnapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 4	9 —	9 —	Murshidabad
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 4	Pabna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 8	8 8	Malda
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 6	10 8	10 8	Bogra
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 —	8 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Rangpur
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	Darjeeling
												Bihar and Orissa—
												Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	7 —	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	10 —	Purnea
...	...	...	...	...	10 —	11 7	10 6	5 11	6 4	10 6	11 6	Bhágalpur
13 12	14 14	...	...	9 5	9 5	11 —	11 —	6 9	7 2	12 —	12 —	Darbhanga
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 8	10 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Muzaffarpur
10 —	10 —	8 —	8 —	7 8	7 8	9 —	10 —	5 12	6 10	9 8	10 —	Sáran
18 —	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	10 8	11 8	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	Chámparan
												Bihar, south—
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	9 8	10 —	6 —	6 8	10 8	11 —	Santhal Parganas
...	...	...	...	8 6	9 7	10 —	10 8	8 8	8 7	11 —	10 —	Monghyr
11 —	11 —	10 —	10 —	7 12	8 —	9 8	10 —	5 8	5 8	13 5	13 5	Gaya
...	...	13 —	13 —	8 12	...	10 —	...	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	Patna
...	...	...	...	8 8	10 —	...	10 8	6 —	...	13 —	13 —	Shahabad
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	...	7 —	...	...	...	5 —	..	10 —	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	9 —	5 —	...	9 —	10 —	Mánbhum
12 —	11 —	...	...	5 14	6 —	10 —	9 8	5 8	5 8	9 —	8 —	Ranchi
...	...	...	...	8 7	9 —	10 2	10 2	6 8	6 12	12 15	12 15	Palámau
10 —	10 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 —	8 8	4 8	4 10	13 —	13 —	Hazáribágh
												Orissa—
...	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	4 12	4 14	11 —	15 —	Puri
...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	4 9	4 15	13 —	13 —	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	5 12	5 8	...	...	4 12	4 8	10 10	10 10	Balasore
...	...	...	...	6 8	7 —	9 —	9 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	11 —	Sambalpur
												United Provinces—
												(a) AGRA—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	9 —	7 8	4 12	5 —	10 —	10 —	Mirzapur
...	...	11 6	12 7	6 12	7 6¼	8 11	8 15	5 2	5 10	...	...	Benares
...	...	...	...	7 3	8 8	...	10 4	5 7	6 1	11 9	11 9	Ghazipur
3 11	3 10	8 6	8 12	7 8	7 14	7 10	8 15	5 2	5 2	14 12	14 12	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	7 6	7 6	...	...	4 10	5 12	10 12	10 12	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	7 14	5 8	5 10	11 4	11 4	Bánda
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	8 —	...	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 2	7 12	...	5 4	5 4	11 12	11 —	Hamirpur
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	9 —	9 —	6 —	6 —	16 4	16 4	Jalaun
...	...	4 8	4 8	7 4	7 4	9 4	9 4	6 —	6 —	12 —	16 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 12	8 —	7 —	4 8	4 10	13 —	12 —	Jhansi
3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	6 15	6 15	7 13	7 14	5 7	5 9	13 6	12 14	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	...	7 8	...	8 4	...	5 4	...	10 —	Farrukhabad
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 4	10 —	10 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	16 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	7 6	7 —	8 4	8 —	6 —	6 —	13 12	12 —	Meerut
...	...	...	...	...	7 5	...	7 6	...	...		...	Agra
...	...	...	...	8 10	8 4	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	13 —	Muttra
...	...	5 —	5 —	7 8	7 8	8 8	8 8	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Aligarh
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 8	7 8	7 —	5 12	5 8	16 —	16 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...	...	8 2	7 8	8 2	9 2	5 —	5 15	10 6	10 6	Ballia
...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	9 8	10 8	5 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Azamgarh
...	...	...	...	8 2	8 3	...	...	6 —	6 12	11 8	11 8	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	10 —	10 8	6 4	6 8	15 —	15 —	Basti

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER, 1918—continued

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces— *continued*												
(a) AGRA—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur	5 8	5 4	7 8	8 —	2 8	2 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 12	5 12
Budaun	5 3	5 1	7 2	7 4	2 8	3 4	4 8	5 —	7 8	7 8	5 12	5 4
Pilibhit	5 6	5 4	7 8	7 8	4 —	3 14	5 6	5 8	7 12	...	6 —	6 —
Bareli	5 6	5 3	7 8	7 14	3 12	3 7	5 1	5 8	...	...	5 13	6 1
Moradabad	5 6	5 6	7 6	7 11	3 2	3 4	6 2	...	...	...	5 10	...
Bijnor	5 6	5 4	7 8	7 10	2 12	2 12	4 8	4 8	...	...	5 4	5 12
Muzaffarnagar*	...	6 —		8 12	...	4 8	...	5 8	...	5 8	...	5 —
Saharanpur	5 10	5 10	8 4	8 -	2 11	2 11	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Dehra Dun	5 4	5 4	7 8	8 —	2 8	2 9	5 —	5 6	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 4
Hills—												
Naini Tal	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	2 12	2 12	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Almora	4 6	4 10	6 4	6 4	2 8	2 8	4 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Garhwal*	...	3 12	...	6 —	...	2 4	...	3 8	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	4 —	4 —	5	5 4	7 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Sultanpur	6 4	6 8	8 4	8 8	...	...	5 4	5 8	7 8	...	6 12	...
Rae Bareli	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Unao	5 9	5 10	7 8	7 3	3 12	3 12	5 4	5 10	6 12	7 —	5 12	5 2
Lucknow*	...	5 12	...	8 —	...	3 —	...	5 4	...	7 2	...	6 4
Hardoi	5 8	5 12	7 —	7 8	3 —	3 —	6 —	5 —	6 8	...	6 —	6 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	6 —	6 —	8 4	8 4	...	...	5 2	5 10	7 10	8 —	6 —	5 12
Barabanki	6 3	6 3	7 13	8 4	4 5	4 —	6 1	6 3	8 3	8 6	.. 8	6 8
Gonda	5 10	6 —	7 8	8 —	3 12	4 —	5 14	6 8	8 4	8 8	6 12	6 6
Bahraich	6 —	5 12	9 —	9 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	8 12	9 —	6 8	6 8
Sitapur	5 12	5 12	8	7 12	2 8	2 8	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	5 4	5 8
Kheri	6 —	6 12	11 —	11 —	2 8	2 4	6 —	5 4	8 4	8 12	6 —	6 8
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Mewar (Udaipur)	6 —	6 —	7 12	7 7	3 12	3 4	4 12	5 4	8 4	8 4	5 8	5 4
Ajmer	5 —	5 —	6 12	6 12	4 4	4 4	5 8	5 8	6 —	...	3 8	...
Kishangarh	5 —	...	8 —		2 8	...	4 —	...	7 —	..	3 8	...
Tonk	5 —	5 2	8 —	7 14	4 4	4 3	5 5	5 4	6 14	6 13	4 12	...
Jaipur	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 —	4 4	4 4	4 8	—	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4
Karauli	5 5	5 5	6 13	6 6¼	4 6	4 1	4 11	4 6	...	...	5 10	5 10
Dholpur	5 14½	6 4	6 12	6 3	3 12	3 12	4 —	4 —	4 6	4 11	6 —	6 —
Bharatpur*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alwar	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	4 —	4 —	4 2	4 8	6 2	6 —	6 4	6 4
Nasirabad	5 —	5 —	..	...	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	4 —	4 —
Western—												
Bikaner	5 —	5 —	7 8	7 4	2 12	2 12	3 8	3 8	...	...	3 8	3 —
Jaisalmer	5 —	3 4	...	...	2 4	2 8	2 8	2 12	..	...	4 8	4 —
Jodhpur	5 —	5 — and 5 8	6 8	6 7	3 12	3 12	4 6	4 6	...	...	4 8 and 5 —	5 5
Central India—												
Indore	7 —	6 6	6 —	6 —	5 —	5 —	5 12	6 —	10 —	9 8	...	6 12
Neemuch	6 —	5 12			4 —	4 8	5 —	5 8	8 —	...	6 12	...
Gwalior	5 15	5 3	8 7	8 7	3 13	3 13	5 3	4 11	8 —	7 8	6 6	6 2
Delhi—												
Delhi	5 12	5 8	7 8	7 —	2 14	3 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	...	4 4	3 12
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	5 12	6 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	3 9
Ferozepur	6 8	6 4	9 —	8 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	6 4	6 4	...	10 12	...	...	4 12	4 8	...	...	5 4	6 8
Gujranwala	6 8	6 6	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 14	5 —	...		...	...
Gujrat	6 4	6 4	5 8	6 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Jhelam	6 4	6 4	8 4	7 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	5 —	7 —	6 —	6 —

* Figures have not so far been reported.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Bagi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												United Provinces— *continued*
												(a) AGRA—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	5 8	5 8	11 —	12 —	Shahjahanpur
...	...	6 —	6 —	6 4	6 10	8 3	8 —	4 —	4 8	11 —	11 —	Budaun
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 6	5 6	12 —	12 —	Pilibit
7 12	7 12	...	...	7 4	7 3	8 2	8 8	5 5	5 9	11 4	11 4	Bareli
...	...	...	7 2	6 14	8 4	7 10	...	5 2	5 12	12 4	11 2	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 2	...	...	4 —	4 4	13 —	13 —	Bijnor
...	...	...	...	...	6 14	...	7 10	...	3 8	...	16 —	Muzaffarnagar
...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	7 7	...	5 5	5 1	16 —	16 —	Saháranpur
7 8	7 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	5 4	5 8	8 —	8 —	Dehra Dun
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	Naini Tal
6 —	6 4	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	4 —	4 4	7 8	7 4	Almora
6 —	6 —	...	...	...	4 12	...	...	...	4 —	...	7 8	Garhwál
												(b) OUDH—
												Southern—
8 —	9 —	6 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	5 4	5 8	15 —	15 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	8 4	8 8	...	...	5 4	5 8	16 —	16 —	Sultanpur
9 —	9 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	8 —	8 —	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Rae Bareli
...	...	...	...	6 12	6 14	8 4	8 8	5 4	5 4	12 8	12 8	Unao
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 8	8 12	8 8	6 4	5 8	11 —	1 —	Lucknow
...	...	...	...	7 —	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	15 —	12 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	...	5 10	5 8	7 4	7 4	8 8	8 8	5 6	5 12	12 2	11 8	Fyzabad
...	...	...	...	7 9	7 11	8 4	8 10	5 1	5 5	13 12	13 12	Barabanki
...	...	4 —	4 —	7 6	7 12	9 4	9 13½	5 —	5 10½	14 10	14 10	Gonda
...	...	...	6 —	7 8	7 8	9 8	10 —	5 12	6 —	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
11 4	11 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	9 —	9 —	6 —	6 —	11 8	11 —	Sitapur
...	...	...	...	7 8	9 —	9 —	11 4	6 4	6 12	12 —	12 —	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	5 4	5 4	6 —	6 —	7 7	7 12	4 12	5 —	11 7	11 7	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	3 8	3 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Ajmer
...	...	...	...	7 8	...	5 8	...	...	...	20 —	...	Kishangarh
...	...	...	...	8 4	8 2	6 6	...	...	...	17 —	16 12	Tonk
...	...	6 —	6 8	5 8 and 7 —	7 8	7 —	7 —	8 8	8 8	20 14	20 14	Jaipur
...	...	...	...	6 14	6 9	7 8	6 14	...	...	12 8	12 8	Karauli
...	...	6 4	6 8	7 [illegible]	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Dholpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bharatpur
...	...	9 8	9 8	10 —	10 —	7 4	8 —	8 5	9 10	15 4	15 —	Alwar
...	...	...	...	7 —	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	Nasirabad
												Western—
...	...	...	...	7 2	7 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	16 —	16 —	Bikaner
...	...	...	...	4 4	3 8	...	...	...	...	22 — and 24 —	22 — and 24 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 3	7 —	6 6	4 6	4 6	20 —	20 —	Jodhpur
												Central India—
...	...	...	...	7 —	6 12	12 —	11 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	8 —	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	12 —	13 —	Neemuch
...	...	...	...	8 —	7 6	8 10	8 5	10 5	10 —	11 10	11 10	Gwalior
												Delhi—
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	8 —	7 8	4 8	5 —	13 8	12 —	Delhi
												Punjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Hissar
...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	9 8	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 8	Ferozepur
												Central—
...	...	7 8	8 —	8 12	8 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	Lahore
...	...	...	...	9 4	9 8	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 —	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	8 4	8 —	7 8	7 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	Gujrat
...	...	...	...	8 8	8 4	6 —	...	...	...	9 —	8 —	Jhelam

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER 1918—*continued*

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Punjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 —	...	...	4 —	4 8	5 —	5 —	4 4	4 —
Rohtak	6 —	6 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	5 —	4 8	4 —
Karnál	6 8	6 4	8 4	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	...	4 8	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	6 —	6 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	...	...	...	...
Ludhiana	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	4 8	5 —	4 —	5 —
Jullundur	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	4 —	5 —	4 —	...
Hoshiárpur	6 3	5 10	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Gurdáspur	6 —	5 8	6 8	7 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...
Amritsar	6 6	6 8	8 12	8 12	...	...	4 8	4 12	8 12	10 —	5 —	4 12
Siálkot	6 —	6 —	7 —	8 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Simla	5 —	5 4	6 4	5 8	...	...	4 —	4 4	3 12	4 12	3 12	2 8
Kángra	5 8	5 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	6 6	6 2	10 12	9 12	...	...	4 12	4 4	8 8	8 8	6 4	6 4
Attock	6 8	6 8	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	8 —	8 —
Western—												
Sháhpur	6 15	6 10	9 1	9 —	...	...	4 8	4 —	...	...	5 15	5 10
Jhang	6 14	6 14	10 —	10 —	...	...	3 12	4 —	...	...	...	...
Lyallpur	6 4	6 8	10 —	9 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Multan	6 14	6 12	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 4	...	7 —	7 12	5 8	5 4
Montgomery	7 4	6 14	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffargarh	6 12	6 10	8 8	8 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	8 —	8 8	7 —	8 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 —	4 11	6 8	7 —	6 4	6 4
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hazára	6 4	6 —	9 12	9 3	2 14	2 14	4 13	4 10	...	...	5 14	5 14
Peshávar	7 8	7 13	12 6	12 5	3 10	3 5	4 4	3 15	...	...	...	...
Kohát	7 1	6 14	10 11	9 15	...	2 4	4 —	4 —	...	...	7 12	7 8
Bannu	8 2	8 6	10 8	11 —	3 2	3 2	5 5	5 5	...	...	7 13	8 2
Dera Ismail Khan	7 12	7 8	9 12	9 6	2 12	3 —	3 12	3 8	10 —	10 —	7 —	6 8
Tochi	6 2	6 —	9 10	9 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Kurram	6 —	6 12	9 —	10 —	5 —	5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	7 12	8 —	13 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Wano †	...	6 —	...	10 —	...	2 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	5 —	5 12	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —
Hyderabad	5 4	4 8	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	4 8	4 4
Thar and Parkár (Mirpur Khas)	4 12	4 12	...	...	2 12	2 12	3 4	3 4	...	...	4 4	4 —
Shikárpur	...	5 12	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	4 9	4 8	4 9	4 8
Upper Sind Frontier	5 4	5 4	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	5 4	5 —	5 4	4 12
Quetta	...	...	7 13	7 10	3 12	3 12	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	5 —	5 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	2 15	3 3	...	...	4 1	4 1	4 11	4 11	...	...	...	...
Ratnagiri	3 1	3 7	...	...	3 14	3 14	4 10	4 10	...	...	...	...
Alibág	3 4	3 4	...	...	3 11	3 4	4 10	4 3	...	...	...	...
Bombay	*3 3	*3 3	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 6	3 6	2 9	2 9
Thána	5 15	4 7	...	...	3 13	4 3	4 9	4 10	...	...	3 —	4 7
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	4 8	4 12	...	...	3 7	3 7	4 6	4 6	4 5	4 1	4 9	4 9
Belgaum	4 7	4 2	...	...	4 —	3 11	4 9	4 —	4 11	4 2	6 2	5 6
Satara	3 11	4 3	...	...	...	...	3 12	4 5	3 11	4 3	3 11	4 3
Sholapur	4 8	4 8	...	...	3 3	3 3	4 12	4 4	4 15	4 —	4 15	...
Bijapur	4 10	4 10	...	...	3 13	3 13	4 6	4 6	4 10	3 15	...	...
Poona	3 14	3 14	...	...	3 2	3 —	3 10	3 10	3 14	3 10	...	3 5
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	...	...	4 3	4 3	4 9	4 9	3 15	3 15	3 8	3 8
Násik	4 1	4 1	...	...	3 11	3 11	4 1	4 1	...	...	3 10	3 10
Dhulia	3 8	3 8	...	...	4 3	4 3	4 9	4 9	3 8	3 8	3 9	3 9
Jalgaon	3 15	3 15	...	...	4 4	4 4	4 11	4 11	3 13	3 13	3 8	3 8
Gujarat—												
Surat	3 11	3 11	...	...	3 4	3 4	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	3 11	3 11
Broach	4 4	4 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	3 12	4 —
Kaira	3 12	3 12	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 4	3 4
Baroda	4 12	4 10	...	...	4 4	4 3	4 8	4 12	...	...	3 4	3 4
Ahmedabad	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 8	3 8
Godhra	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	4 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	4 —
Disa	4 8	4 12	...	...	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	6 4	...	5 —	4 12
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	4 4	4 8	...	...	3 —	2 12	4 —	4 —	4 4	4 4	3 8	3 2
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 4	4 4	...	...	3 6	3 6	4 8	4 8	4 13	4 13	...	...
Hoshangabad	5 2	5 2	...	...	2 8	2 8	6 5	6 2	3 2	3 2	...	...
Betul	5 3	4 10	...	...	2 12	2 12	6 —	6 —	8 10	7 9	...	...
Chhindwara	4 6	4 6	...	...	3 12	3 12	4 6	4 6	7 7	7 2	...	...
Nagpur	4 13	3 14	...	...	3 4	2 10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wardha	5 —	3 12	...	...	3 3	2 9	5 7	4 8	5 6	...	...	...

*Relates to Khandwa wheat.
†Figures have not so far been reported.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Ragi or marua (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dal (*Cajanus indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Punjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	...	8 —	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	11 —	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	8 8	8 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Rohtak
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 —	...	12 —	12 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
...	...	7 12	7 12	7 14	7 12	7 14	...	6 —	6 1	9 4	9 4	Ambala
...	...	8 —	8 —	8 6	7 8	9 —	8 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Ludhiána
...	...	8 —	8 —	8 4	7 14	8 4	6 14	...	...	8 4	8 5	Jullundur
...	...	...	...	8 —	7 4	8 4	7 4	...	...	8 —	8 —	Hoshiárpur
...	...	4 —	4 —	6 8	8 —	8 —	7 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	Gurdáspur
...	...	9 —	9 —	8 6	8 8	7 12	7 12	4 8	4 12	7 12	8 12	Amritsar
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	6 4	6 4	3 12	4 —	7 —	6 8	Simla
...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	..	7 8	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Kángra
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	8 8	8 4	9 8	9 8	4 12	3 13	10 4	8 4	Ráwalpindi
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	9 8	9 8	4 8	5 —	21 —	21 —	Attock
												Western—
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	8 12	7 14	5 8	6 12	8 —	8 —	Sháhpur
12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	9 —	8 12	9 8	9 —	..		8 —	8 —	Jhang
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 —	8 —	...	6 —	5 8	6 12	7 —	Lyallpur
...	...	9 —	9 —	9 —	8 12	8 12	7 12	...	...	8 —	8	Multan
...	...	...	...	9 14	9 6	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	Montgomery
...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 —	Muzaffargarh
...	...	...	...	8 8	9 1	..	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. F. Province—
...	...	7 —	7 —	7 14	7 10	9 —	9 —			7 10	7 10	Hazára
...	...	8 8	8 13	9 2	9 2	12 6	12 6	8 8	8 8	18 —	13 —	Peshawar
...	...	...	...	9 9	8 15	9 8	8 —	...	..	15 —	15 8	Kohát
...	...	...	...	11 4	10 15	12 11	12 13	...	...	17 8	16 4	Bannu
...	...	...	...	9 8	8 12	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 6	Dera Ismail Khan
...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 6	...	...	14 —	14 —	Tochi
...	...	...	...	7 —	8 —	12 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	Kurram
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	Malakand
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	...	...	..	...	Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 8	...	21 —	20 —	Karáchi
...	...	...	...	6 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Hyderabad
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...		16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkár (Mirpur Khas)
...	...	...	...	7 5	7 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
...	...	...	...	7 1	6 15	8 —	8 —	4 11 to 5 5	4 11 to 5 5	16 —	16 —	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
6 4	...	...	...	5 5	5 5	...	...	4 13	4 1	11 14	11 14	Karwar
6 12	6 12	...	...	6 5	5 15	...	...	4 13	5 8	9 6	8 12	Ratnagiri
...	..	...	...	6 —	5 10	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 13	7 8	Alibág
3 2	3 2	...	...	4 13	4 13	...	...	3 11	4 5	12 10	10 5	Bombay
...	...	...	...	5 11	6 5		...	4 13	5 5	9 10	7 14	Thana
												Deccan and Karnátak—
5 6	5 13	...	...	5 3	5 10	...	...	3 14	3 14	9 —	9 —	Dharwar
6 —	5 8	...	...	6 4	6 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	9 —	8 4	Belgaum
...	...	...	...	5 11	6 7	...	...	4 3	4 3	8 6	8 6	Satara
...	...	...	...	6 10	6 3	...	...	5 4	5 4	9 —	7 8	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	8 6	6 14	Bijapur
...	...	...	...	5 3	5 15	...	...	4 10	4 5	10 4	7 6	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	5 5	5 5	...	...	4 7	4 13	12 —	10 1	Ahmednagar
4 10	4 10	...	...	5 6	5 12	...	...	4 6	5 1	13 4	8 10	Násik
...	...	...	...	5 10	6 1	...	...	4 —	4 —	12 2	10 9	Dhulia
...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	7 3	7 3	Jalgáon
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	...	...	4 10	4 10	9 4	9 4	Surat
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	13 5	16 —	Broach
5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	20 —	20 —	Kaira
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	17 12	17 12	Baroda
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	20 —	20 —	Ahmedabad
6 —	6 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Godhra
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 4	...	...	4 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	...	...	...	5 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	3 8	50 —	50 —	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	...	...	4 4	4 13	8 12	8 12	Nimar
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	4 9	4 9	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	...	...	...	7 5	6 12	...	...	3 13	3 2	13 —	13 —	Betul
...		...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	3 6	3 6	13	13 —	Chhindwara
...	...	...	...	5 8	4 15	...	...	4 4	4 4	9 10	6 12	Nagpur
...	...	...	...	5 5	4 12	...	...	4 12	4 2	10 15	9 7	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER 1918—concluded

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice Best sort		Rice Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces— *continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	5 10	5 1	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 12	4 12	8 10	8 1	...	...
Saugor	5 12	6 —	...	...	2 12	2 12	4 —	4 —	8 13	8 —	...	...
Damoh	5 9	5 9	...	...	4 —	4 —	4 11	4 11	8 9	8 9	...	...
Jubbulpore	5 8	5 8	...	...	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...
Mandla	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 —	3 —	5 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Seoni	6 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	4 —	7 —	6 —	8 —	...	...	...
Bálághát	4 13	4 1	...	...	4 4	4 4	7 —	7 —	..	...	...	..
Bhandara	4 3	4 13	...	...	...		5 13	4 14	6 14	...	...	...
Chánda	4 14	3 4	...	...	3 10	3 —	4 3	5 13	6 2	4 5	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur	5 12	5 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 4	...	...	...	...
Raipur	5 4	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	5 12	...	...	...	...
Drug	6 6	6 —	...	...	4 9	4 9	7 2	6 —	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	3 14	3 14	...	...	3 9	3 14	5 —	4 9	4 9	4 6	...	...
Akola	4 7	3 5	...	...	2 14	2 14	4 5	3 7	4 4	3 7	...	...
Amráoti	3 12	3 12	...	..	2 4	2 4	3 15	3 15	4 —	3 8	...	...
Yeotmal	4 4	4 4	...	...	2 13	2 13	5 10	5 10	4 11	3 11	...	...
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad	3 1	3 2	...	...	3 1	3 —	4 1	4 1	4 11	4 8	...	...
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	4 12	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 15	4 15	6 4	7 1	...	...
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 14	4 5	..	...	...	..
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 2	4 2	7 1	6 11	6 14	6 14
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 6	4 2	6 12	5 12	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	6 1	9 6	8 5	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 15	5 —	...	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 15	4 9	8 5	6 2	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 14	4 14	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	5 —	...	...	7 8	8 7
Godávari	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	4 15	...	...	10 —	10 —
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 1	4 13	4 14	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	4 15	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 5	6 7	7 13	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 15	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 1	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 15	4 15	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 9	...	...	7 9	7 9
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 3	...	...	...	6 14	7 9
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	5 6	7 14	7 1	8 4	7 9
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 —	...	...	7 8	6 7
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 2	4 2	7 7	7 7	7 8	7 8
Mysore—												
Mysore	3 —	3 —	2 8	2 12	4 —	4 2	4 8	4 8	7 —	6 8	...	...
Bangalore	3 —	3 —	...	..	3 —	3 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg	3 —	3 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 14	6 —	...	...	...	...
Aden	3 6	3 6	...	...	3 9	3 9	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 —	2 2	2 1

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces —*continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	...	...	4 7	4 7	12 —	12 13	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 4	14 —	15 8	Saugor
...	...	...	...	8 7	8 7	...	...	4 —	4 —	11 —	11 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	4 —	4 4	13 —	13 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	3 8	4 —	13 —	13 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	7 —	6 —	...	...	3 8	3 —	11 8	11 8	Seoni
...	...	...	...	6 2	5 7	...	...	4 —	3 11	7 15	7 15	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	6 —	5 15	...	...	4 11	5 —	7 12	7 12	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	5 10	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 9	9 9	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 8	11 8	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 -	Raipur
...	...	...	...	6 7	6 9	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 8	7 12	Drug
												Berar—
...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	3 15	3 13	7 3	6 9	Buldána
...	...	...	...	5 9	5 5	...	...	4 11	4 7	7 14	7 —	Akola
...	...	...	...	...	4 14	...	...	...	3 12	...	11 7	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	5 14	4 13	...	...	4 3	4 3	9 9	8 8	Yeotmal
												Hyderabad—
7 —	7 —	...	...	5 6	5 10	...	...	5 7	6 11	9 5	8 3	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 8	10 1	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	9 9	S. Canara
												South, central—
7 6	8 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Nilgiris
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 15	8 15	Salem
												Central—
7 15	6 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	Bellary
9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 6	10 6	Anantapur
9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 9	15 9	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 12	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	Ganjam
10 3	10 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 9	18 —	Vizagapatam
8 15	8 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 9	20 9	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
8 2	7 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 2	15 11	Kistna
8 6	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 2	14 9	Guntur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
8 12	7 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 4	17 4	Madras
8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 11	18 10	Chingleput
8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 11	14 12	N. Arcot
8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 13	12 3	S. Arcot
8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 10 and 16 —	14 10 and 16 —	Tanjore
9 4	8 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 7	15 7	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
7 9	8 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	18 3	Tinnevelly
8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 1	12 14	Madura
												Mysore—
10 —	10 —	...	...	4 —	5 —	...	...	4 4	4 —	9 —	8 —	Mysore
11 —	11 —	...	...	4 8	4 12	...	...	3 4	3 4	8 —	8 —	Bangalore
												Coorg—
9 8	9 8	...	...	6 8	7 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	10 —	8 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	4 14	4 14	...	...	4 7	4 7	32 —	32 —	**Aden**

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER, 1918.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA
January 14, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market	Fortnight ending 31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915	30th September 1915.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P	Rs. A P	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 9	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	....	5 0 3
	Calcutta (Club No 2)	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	3 5 8	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Lyallpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 7 0
	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0	4 12 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3
	Cawnpore	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 6	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2	4 13 7
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 8 10	4 6 2
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 12 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 5 4
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 6	3 11 9	3 12 1
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	5 0 0
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5* 0 0
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0
	Cuttack	4 6 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	5 9 0	5 9* 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	*5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
	(Median Average)	4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 8	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 12 10
	Index Numbers (a).	100	104	125	121	106	116

* 5% barley 3% dirt, and 30% red

NOTE —These statistics are compiled from *fortnightly* returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82⅐ lbs

Fortnight ending											
31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.	15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6	4 13 3	4 12 3	4 13 3
5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10	4 10 9	4 9 10	4 0 11
5 3 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 14 6	4 9 0	4 11 0
4 7 0	3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3
4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 9	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 1 9	3 14 6
4 2 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 1 0
4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 1 0	3 13 6	3 15 0
4 3 6	3 7 0	3 2 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6
4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0
4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 6 0	3 14 0	3 15 0
4 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 14 3	4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 5 10	4 5 0	4 3 1
4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 8 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5	4 5 4	4 3 8	3 14 6
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 14 0
4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 0	4 1 6
4 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 9	3 12 0
5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 9 1
5 2 8	3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0	4 1 9	4 1 7	4 0 0
5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 7 1	4 0 0	3 12 11
4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6	4 1 11	3 13 2	4 0 4
4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 5 2	4 1 8
4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 10	3 12 10
4 12 2	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8	3 4 8	3 7 6
4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 8	4 9 8	4 8 7	4 10 2
4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
5 6 8	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7	4 13 9	4 11 7	...
3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6	3 13 0	3 9 11	3 15 5
5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0
3 13 8	3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2	3 5 11	3 3 10	3 9 4
5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 6 0	3 15 0
6 8 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	3 12 0
5 5 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
6 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
5 9 0	4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 8	4 5 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 7	3 10 10	3 14 1	3 14 1
4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 5 0	4 0 8
118	95	90	95	107	110	107	106	106	106	104	98

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending 30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 13 3	4 5 3	4 7 3	4 7 8	4 7 3	4 7 9	4 10 9	4 8 8
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy).	4 9 10	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 13 11	4 15 4	4 14 7	4 13 2	...
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 8 6	4 8 6	4 11 0	4 9 0
Punjab	Lahore	4 3 9	3 13 0	3 14 8	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 9	4 1 6
	Ferozepur	3 14 6	3 10 3	3 11 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 14 6
	Lyallpur	4 2 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0
	Amritsar	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 11 6	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0
	Multan	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6
	Rawalpindi	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 3 5	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 6 0
	Ambala	4 0 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 0	4 0 6	4 0 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 15 3	4 0 9	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 3 1	4 1 2	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 2 10	4 2 10
	Aligarh (Hathras)	3 13 0	3 11 5	3 14 4	3 14 5	3 14 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6
	Cawnpore	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 1 6	4 1 6
	Meerut	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 11
	Shahjahanpur	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 3	3 11 6	3 12 6	3 11 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2
	Fyzabad	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 1 6	...	...	4 3 4	4 2 0
	Lucknow	3 12 11	3 14 0	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 3 5	4 3 5
	Jubbulpore	3 14 5	3 10 2	3 11 6	3 15 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 5
	Raipur	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
	Akola	3 10 11	3 3 7	3 11 11	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	4 2 1	4 2 10	4 2 11	4 2 1	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 5 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 13 0	4 13 6
Bombay	Poona	4 10 5	4 9 4	4 14 11	4 13 9	5 3 4	5 4 5	5 4 5	5 2 2
	Ahmednagar	3 13 7	3 12 8	4 0 5	4 2 2	4 4 1	4 7 9	4 5 11	4 6 10
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 2 6	3 7 11	3 6 1	3 11 8	3 11 8	3 11 8	4 1 7	4 1 8
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 0 0	3 5 0	3 1 0	3 5 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 9 0	3 9 0
	Bhagalpur	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	3 5 3	3 5 3	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
	Ranchi	4 14 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 12 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 4	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8
Bengal	Rangpur	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
	Mandalay	3 14 1	3 7 8	3 3 5	3 6 7	3 14 1	3 14 1	4 6 1	4 13 7
	(Median Average)	4 0 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 0 2	4 0 11	4 2 10	4 1 10
	Index Numbers (a)	97	92	94	99	97	98	101	99

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100

India per maund of 82⅐ lbs—*contd.*

FORTNIGHT ENDING

31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
4 9 3	4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 3	4 14 3	5 2 3	5 6 4	5 3 9	5 6 4	5 4 4	4 14 9	5 3 3
4 6 6	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 5	5 2 3	4 15 6	5 1 7	5 0 10	5 1 2	5 0 10	5 0 1	5 1 11
4 9 0	4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 11 0	5 6 0	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 12 6
4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 3	4 11 3	4 9 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0
3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 3	4 9 0
4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 3 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 11 0
3 12 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 4 3	4 5 3	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 12 0	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 12 6	4 14 6	4 13 0
4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 5 3
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 1 0
4 1 6	4 2 8	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 1 0
4 2 10	4 2 10	4 1 7	4 8 5	4 3 10	4 8 10	4 5 5	4 10 3	4 11 5	4 11 5	4 11 5	5 3 6
3 14 6	4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 8	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 9 5	4 13 7	4 14 9	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 7 2
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 8 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 3 0
3 12 11	3 14 5	3 12 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 11 4	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 5 4
3 11 6	3 11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 4 3	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	5 2 0
4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	...	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 8 3
3 15 3	3 15 3	3 15 3	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 5 3	4 12 0	4 13 6	4 11 3	4 12 0
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 11 3	4 11 8	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 8 3
4 1 10	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	5 1 6	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5
3 10 10	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 14 10	4 14 10	5 0 0	5 2 7	5 3 11	5 9 10	5 5 5
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 7 11	...	...	...	...	...	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11
4 2 6	4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 13 7	4 15 4	4 15 4	5 1 3	5 1 3
4 12 10½	4 14 6	5 0 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 13 0	5 12 0
5 4 5	5 3 4	5 2 2	5 13 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	...	6 2 11	...	7 6 11	...	...
4 11 5	4 6 10	4 15 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 8	4 15 1	5 11 11	5 13 10	...	6 0 7	5 13 10
4 8 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
4 1 8	3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	...	4 3 4	4 1 8	...
3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 12 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	5 0 0
3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 6
4 12 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0
4 4 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 1 3
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2
4 13 7	4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	4 4 3	4 6 2	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 8 1	4 13 7
4 1 10	4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	4 11 2	4 14 9	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 7	5 1 11
99	101	102	104	104	106	113	119	120	121	119	124

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 8 8	5 4 4	5 4 4	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	5 2 10	5 1 4	5 1 9	5 3 9	5 2 10	5 7 10	5 8 2	5 13 8	6 0 7
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	6 6 6	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 10 3	4 1 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0
	Ferozepur	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 3	3 14 6
	Lyallpur	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 0 1
	Amritsar	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0
	Multan	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 13 0	4 6 8	3 13 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	4 1 6
	Rawalpindi	5 14 9	5 14 9	6 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	4 13 6	4 11 8	5 6 2	5 1 8
	Ambala	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0
Delhi	Delhi	5 8 0	5 3 6	4 15 0	5 0 8	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0
United Provinces	Benares	5 3 6	5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	4 3 2	4 4 0	4 6 8	4 7 1	4 10 6
	Aligarh (Hathras)	5 6 8	5 8 2	4 11 2	4 3 8	4 1 8	4 1 8	4 2 6½	4 7 2⅓	4 14 6
	Cawnpore	5 5 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 14 0
	Meerut	5 5 3	4 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	
	Shahjahanpur	5 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 7 9
	Agra	5 11 5	5 14 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 5 4	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 5 4
	Fyzabad	4 15 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 9	4 1 9
	Lucknow	5 5 4	4 5 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 9 2	4 9 2
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	4 14 5	4 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 8	5 14 1	5 14 1	5 10 8
	Jubbulpore	5 1 4	5 1 4	5 1 4	4 6 1	4 9 1	4 9 1	4 14 10	5 2 7	5 2 7
	Raipur	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 10	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 8 0
	Akola	5 15 11	5 15 4	5 9 11	5 3 11	5 3 10	5 3 11	5 3 11	5 4 10	5 4 10
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	5 6 9	5 1 8	5 1 11	4 15 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 10 9	4 3 9	4 1 2
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 8 0	5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6
Bombay	Poona	...	6 12 11	6 9 7	7 1 11	7 3 7	8 3 1	7 9 8	...	7 6 11
	Ahmednagar	5 15 2	5 10 1	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 1 6	5 15 8	6 3 4	6 5 1	6 5 1
	Ahmedabad	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 6 0	6 2 0	5 12 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 11	4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	5 7 6	6 2 6	...	5 15 0	5 8 7
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	3 9 0	3 9 0
	Bhagulpur	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
	Muzaffarpur	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
	Ranchi	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0
	Cuttack	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	6 1 6	6 1 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 5 4
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0
	Mandalay	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6	5 13 1	5 13 1
	(Median Average)	5 3 2	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	4 10 3	4 9 1	4 8 11	4 9 1	4 14 3
	Index Numbers (b)	126	122	119	117	112	110	110	110	118

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Prices at ports after 15th December 1918, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 20th December 1918.	On 27th December 1918.	On 3rd January 1919.	On 10th January 1919.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Karachi (white)	Maund	6 14 5	6 14 5	6 14 5	7 0 5
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	"	8 4 3	8 2 9	8 2 9	8 1 7
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	8 8 0	...	8 6 0	7 12 0

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82 2/7 lbs—contd.

Fortnight ending: 15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	30th November 1918.	15th December 1918.	Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th December 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Per cent
5 5 3	5 8 4	5 8 4	5 8 4	5 10 4	6 8 4	6 10 4	6 10 4	6 12 4	6 13 4	6 13 4	*Nil*
6 3 11	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2	7 1 2	7 2 10	8 8 8	8 5 9	8 2 9	—2
5 10 0	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	9 1 0	7 8 0	8 4 0	7 12 0	8 14 0	8 12 0	—1
4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	*Nil*
4 1 6	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 14 9	—4
4 5 0	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 11 0	5 12 6	5 14 0	5 15 0	6 0 0	+1
4 10 0	4 11 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 6 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 14 6	5 12 9	5 14 0	+1
4 5 0	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 10 0	5 8 3	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 11 0	—2
5 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 3	5 14 9	6 0 0	6 0 6	6 0 6	6 4 6	6 0 6	—4
4 5 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0	6 9 0	6 9 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	*Nil*
5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 15 0	6 15 0	6 10 0	—5
4 8 3	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	6 8 0	6 10 8	6 7 9	6 2 7	6 7 1	6 14 1	6 14 1	*Nil*
5 1 4½	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7½	6 10 0	7 4 8	7 4 8	6 5 6	6 12 0	6 11 0	6 13 10½	+3
5 8 0	5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	7 4 0	6 15 0	6 13 0	6 15 3	6 10 8	6 10 8	*Nil*
4 11 3	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9	6 6 0	6 6 0	6 10 9	6 10 9	6 4 0	—6
4 11 0	5 0 0	5 9 9	5 9 9	6 6 0	7 10 0	6 10 0	6 7 0	6 14 0	7 6 0	7 4 0	—2
5 11 5	5 14 10	5 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	7 4 8	7 4 7	7 5 2	7 1 5	6 15 8	...	...
4 5 0	5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3	7 1 3	6 2 9	...	6 5 9	6 6 3	*Nil*
4 14 0	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	8 0 0	6 10 6	6 6 4	6 15 4	6 15 3	...	...
5 7 10	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 7 4	8 6 2	8 6 4	8 6 4	8 6 4	*Nil*
5 2 7	5 6 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8	7 1 10	6 15 4	7 12 11	6 15 4	6 15 4	*Nil*
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 0 0	6 3 2	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 4 10	—3
5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2	7 0 2	9 1 6	9 13 7	9 13 7	8 5 4	—15
4 1 2	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 4 7	+4
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	*Nil*
7 15 9	8 0 11	7 8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	...	9 7 1	...	9 11 7	9 1 7	9 7 1	+4
6 7 11	6 14 4	7 5 8	...	9 3 1	...	8 11 9	8 11 9	8 4 5	8 15 5	8 8 4	—5
6 2 0	6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	*Nil*
5 14 11	7 3 7	7 9 1	7 11 8	9 4 0	*8 5 10	...	8 15 10	9 7 11	8 5 0	7 9 0	—9
3 9 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0	6 0 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 6	+1
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	6 0 0	6 6 0	6 10 0	6 6 0	6 8 0	+2
4 7 0	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	6 10 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	*Nil*
5 11 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	7 8 0	8 0 0	+7
6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11	6 12 11	8 3 3	8 3 3	8 3 3	9 6 7	+15
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	*Nil*
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 10 5	+8
5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9	7 12 11	8 1 7	8 6 9	8 6 9	8 6 9	*Nil*
5 2 0	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 9	6 6 0	6 12 11	6 10 6	6 8 0	6 14 6	6 14 1	6 13 4	—1
124	125	133	134	154	164	161	157	167	166	165	

* Revised.

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th December, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	30th November.	15th December.	Increase or Decrease.	30th November.	15th December.	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent			Per cent
India . . .	100	99	—1	100	105	+5
Punjab . .	100	97	—3	100	105	+5
United Provinces .	100	101	+1	100	106	+6
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	98	—2	100	106	+6

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0
	Bombay *	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 3
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 5	...	...	...
Punjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14
	Ambala	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares	9 8	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
	Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	9 9	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 4	8 8	8 0
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 3
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack	9 8	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5
	(Median Average)	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0
	Index Numbers (a)	100	106	127	123	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

Fortnight ending										
31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.	15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0	9 0	9 8
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7	9 9	10 0
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 4
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 12
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 8	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 6	8 8	8 8	8 14	10 0
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 12
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	9 6	8 6	8 13	9 1
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8	8 8
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 5	8 8	8 8	8 4	8 4	9 0
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	8 0	7 12
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	8 12	9 12
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4	9 4	9 4
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 8
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 6	8 10	8 10	8 14	8 14	9 12
8 2	10 0	10 3	10 3	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 3
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4	9 4	9 0
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 2
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	10 12	10 12
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	9 2	9 3	8 11	8 10	8 10	8 12
8 9½	8 11	9 0	8 6½	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 3	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	10 2	10 2
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 8	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	10 4	10 11
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	9 0
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8	9 4	9 0
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8	9 8	9 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 8	9 3	10 8	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8	8 8	9 3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5	10 5	9 9
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14	8 14	9 3
120	96	93	96	111	112	111	109	108	108	104

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—*contd.*

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
	Bombay*	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
Punjab	Lahore	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 8
	Ferozepore	10 0	10 0	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0
	Amritsar	9 14	9 12	11 2	10 6	10 4	10 8	10 0	10 0
	Rawalpindi	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 4
	Lyallpur	9 12	9 8	10 8	10 4	10 8	10 4	10 0	10 0
	Multan	9 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0
	Ambala	9 12	9 10	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12
Delhi	Delhi	9 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 12	9 12	9 7
United Provinces	Benares	9 1	9 10	9 8	9 3	9 3	9 1	9 1	9 1
	Cawnpore	10 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 4
	Meerut	9 8	10 4	10 8	10 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 0
	Agra	8 4	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8	9 0
	Lucknow	10 4	10 4	10 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4
	Aligarh	10 12	11 4	11 4	10 12	10 8	10 7	10 8	10 8
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 12	10 12	10 10	10 8
	Fyzabad	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 14	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 8
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	9 9	10 3	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 4
	Jubbulpore	9 8	10 0	10 12	10 8	9 14	9 12	9 12	9 12
	Raipur	10 2	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
	Akola	10 12	9 11	10 9	9 7	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	8 9	9 10	9 7	9 7	9 10	9 14	9 14	9 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	7 8	7 8	7 12	8 0¼	8 3½	8 3½	8 3½	8 5½
Bombay	Poona	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 3	7 3	7 3
	Ahmednagar	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	8 11	8 11	8 11	8 11
	Ahmedabad	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0
	Dharwar	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 0	12 0	10 8	10 8	11 0
	Bhagalpur	10 8	10 12	11 3	11 3	10 8	10 0	10 8	10 8
	Muzaffarpur	9 8	9 8	12 0	12 0	11 0	9 8	9 8	9 8
	Ranchi	7 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 4
	Cuttack	9 3	9 3	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 3	9 3
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
	Mandalay	9 9	9 9	10 13	11 5	10 5	9 9	9 9	8 4
	(Median Average)	9 8	9 10	10 4	9 14	9 9	9 8	9 8	9 5
	Index Numbers (*a*)	101	99	93	97	100	100	100	103

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

(*a*) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

Fortnight ending												
15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 0
7 0	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 6	6 6	5 12	5 12	5 7	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2
9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0	8 8
10 4	10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 6	8 10	8 8	8 10
9 0	9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4
9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 4	8 0	7 8	8 0	8 0	8 8
10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	7 14	8 2
10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 0	7 12
9 8	9 8	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 12	8 10	7 12	7 13½	7 12	8 0	7 10
9 8	9 4½	9 4½	9 6½	9 2½	8 15	8 15	8 13	8 4	8 1½	8 1½	8 1½	7 5½
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	7 8
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0	8 4	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 0
9 0	8 8	...	8 8	...	8 1	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 12
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	7 8	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 0
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 4
10 10	10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	9 12	9 2	8 11	8 14	8 4	8 1	7 10
9 0	9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12	...	8 14	8 4	8 0	8 2	8 0
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5	8 5	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11
10 0	10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 14	7 14	7 12	7 8	7 6	6 14	7 4
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	7 13	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	5 9
9 14	9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 2	8 0	8 0	7 13	7 13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8
8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8
8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	8 6
11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 8	9 0	9 0	7 8
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 14	9 0	9 0	9 0
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 0
8 4	8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 0	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0	6 0
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 3	9 8	7 14	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 14
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 9	7 12	7 12	8 4	7 12
9 4	9 6½	9 4½	9 4	9 2½	9 0	8 12	8 4½	7 14	7 12	7 12	7 15½	7 9
103	102	103	103	105	106	109	115	121	123	123	120	126

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—*concld.*

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8
	Bombay*	5 2	5 2	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 12
Punjab	Lahore	8 0	7 12	8 0	8 0	8 8	9 8	8 12	8 12
	Ferozepore	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 8
	Amritsar	8 4	8 8	8 10	9 0	9 8	9 10	9 0	9 0
	Rawalpindi	6 8	6 8	6 4	7 8	6 12	8 0	8 4	7 8
	Lyallpur	8 4	8 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	10 0	10 0	10 0
	Multan	8 2	8 2	8 6	8 2	8 14	10 4	10 4	9 12
	Ambala	7 12	8 0	8 14	8 8	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12
Delhi	Delhi	7 0	7 6	7 14	7 11	8 6	8 8	8 12	8 12
United Provinces	Benares	7 5½	7 7½	8 10	9 8	8 15	8 14½	8 13	8 11
	Cawnpore	7 4	8 0	8 4	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
	Meerut	7 4	8 0	7 8	8 12	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8
	Agra	6 8	6 8	7 0	7 0	7 8	8 4	8 4	8 0
	Lucknow	7 4	9 0	8 12	8 12	9 4	9 0	8 12	8 8
	Aligarh	7 12	7 12	9 0	9 0	10 8	10 0	9 12	9 12
	Shahjahanpur	7 10	8 10	8 10	8 14	10 0	9 9	9 14	9 6
	Fyzabad	7 14	9 2	9 10	9 6	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 4
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 10	7 0	6 11	6 11
	Jubbulpore	7 10	7 10	7 10	8 14	8 8	8 8	7 14	7 8
	Raipur	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12
	Akola	5 9	5 9	5 14	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 10
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	7 8	7 13	7 10	8 0	8 8	8 5	8 8	9 5
Bombay	Poona	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	4 13	4 13	4 13
	Ahmednagar	6 8	6 8	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13
	Ahmedabad	6 8	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	6 0
	Dharwar	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 0	6 8	6 8	6 8
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	7 0	8 0	8 12	10 8	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0
	Bhagalpur	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Muzaffarpur	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Ranchi	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 6	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
	Cuttack	7 14	7 14	7 14	6 9	6 9	7 3	7 3	7 3
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	7 0	7 0	7 0	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10
	Mandalay	7 12	7 5	7 5	7 12	7 5	7 5	6 14	6 11
	(Median Average)	7 6¾	7 13	7 14	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 10	8 9½
	Index Numbers (a)	129	133	121	120	112	112	111	111

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.
* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

Fortnight ending 30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	30th November 1918.	15th December 1918.	Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th December 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
6 8	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	5 12	5 12	5 0	+5
4 12	4 12	4 12	4 7	4 7	3 13	3 13	3 13	3 11	3 6	3 3	5 3	*Nil*
8 8	8 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 0	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	*Nil*
10 4	9 8	8 8	8 4	8 0	7 4	6 4	6 8	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 8	−4
8 12	8 8	8 4	8 0	8 0	7 4	6 4	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 6	+2
7 10	7 8	7 8	6 12	7 2	7 0	6 8	6 4	6 6	6 6	6 2	6 6	−4
9 8	9 4	8 6	8 2	8 4	7 8	6 10	6 12	6 10	6 8	6 8	6 4	+4
9 8	9 0	8 12	8 0	7 12	7 8	7 0	6 14	7 0	6 12	6 12	6 14	−2
9 12	9 2	8 12	7 12	7 12	7 2	6 5	6 1	6 1	6 0	6 0	6 0	*Nil*
8 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	5 12	5 8	5 12	5 12	5 8	5 8	5 12	−4
8 4	8 8	7 10½	7 9	6 14	6 8	5 12	5 11½	6 1½	5 14	5 7	5 7	*Nil*
8 0	7 0	7 4	6 8	7 0	5 12	5 4	5 8	5 14	5 8	5 12	5 12	*Nil*
8 12	8 4	7 8	7 0	6 12	6 0	5 8	6 0	6 0	5 12	5 12	6 0	−4
7 8	7 0	6 12	7 0	7 1	6 2	5 6	5 4	5 10	5 7	5 9	...	...
8 8	8 0	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 0	4 12	5 12	6 0	5 12	5 12	...	...
9 8	8 12	8 0	7 12	7 4	6 12	6 0	5 12	6 4	6 0	6 0	6 4	−4
8 14	8 7	8 0	6 14	6 14	6 1	5 6	6 6½	6 2	5 12	5 4	5 8	−5
9 4	9 0	7 12	7 8	7 6	7 0	5 8	5 6	6 4	6 2	6 0	6 0	*Nil*
6 11	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 1	5 12	5 12	4 14	4 14	3 14	3 14	4 13	−19
7 8	7 8	7 4	6 14	6 13	6 0	5 12	5 6	5 8	4 15	5 8	5 8	*Nil*
8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	6 2	6 4	6 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 4	−5
6 10	6 10	6 10	6 10	5 13	5 8	5 4	5 4	3 9	3 5	3 5	4 7	−25
9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 8	+4
4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	3 14	3 14	3 14	3 14	...	3 14	3 14	*Nil*
5 13	5 13	5 7	5 1	4 11	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	*Nil*
6 8	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8	4 8	4 0	4 8	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	*Nil*
6 8	6 8	5 9	5 2	5 2	4 14	5 2	4 11	4 12	4 8	4 12	4 8	+6
11 0	11 0	8 8	9 0	8 8	8 0	6 0	7 0	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	*Nil*
9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	7 0	6 10	6 4	6 0	6 4	6 2	+2
9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	7 0	7 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	*Nil*
7 0	6 12	6 4	6 4	6 0	6 0	5 0	4 8	4 8	4 8	5 0	5 0	*Nil*
7 8	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	5 14	5 14	4 14	4 14	4 14	4 4	+13
4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 4	+8
6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	5 14	5 6	4 15	4 12	4 9	4 9	4 9	*Nil*
8 6	7 10	7 8	7 0	7 0	6 3	5 10	5 11½	6 0	5 12	5 1½	5 10	+1
114	125	127	137	137	155	170	167	159	166	169	170	

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th December as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	30th November	15th December	Increase or Decrease.	30th November	15th December	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India . . .	100	101	+1	100	105	+5
Punjab . .	100	98	−2	100	108	+8
United Provinces .	100	98	−2	100	106	+6
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	88	−12	100	107	+7

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	Karachi. White (8% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red). Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Karachi. Red (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 92% red). Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pissi). Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Calcutta Club No. 2. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.
ek ending 30th July 1914	31 6	100	31 3	100	32 9	100	34 9½	100
" 6th August "	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September "	34 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	112	33 7	103	...	...
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	122	34 9½	106	41 8½	120
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th " "	44 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 4th February "	45 0	143	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 25th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 3	126	50 10	146
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June "	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 3	106	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September "	36 3	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	122	40 4½	116
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	122
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 6	114	38 10	112
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	32 11	95
" 5th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	103	32 11	95
" 12th " "	34 3	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	33 5	98
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 3	96
" 30th " "	29 0	92	28 9	92	33 4	102	32 6	94
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 5	93
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	33 3	95
" 28th " "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	96
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	94
" 11th " "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	98
" 25th " "	35 10½	114	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	99
" 31st " "	36 3	115	34 3	113	36 2	111	33 4½	96
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	98
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 13th October "	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	98
" 20th " "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	105	34 1½	98
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 2	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November "	36 3	115	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 10th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 17th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	112	36 10	106
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	109
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 3	120	41 1	118
" 8th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	117
" 22nd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 0	116	38 10	112
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	122	37 6	114	...	...
" 5th January 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 4	113
" 12th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 3	117	38 4	110
" 19th " "	40 3	128	39 3	126	37 6	114	37 4	107
" 26th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	36 9	111	36 10	106
" 2nd February "	40 0	127	39 0	125	36 8	112	36 10	106
" 9th " "	39 6	125	38 6	123	37 3	113	36 10	106
" 16th " "	38 3	121	37 3	119	37 3	113	37 4	107
" 23rd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	37 2	113	37 10	109
" 2nd March "	38 7½	123	37 7½	120	36 9	112	38 4	110
" 9th " "	38 6	123	37 6	120	37 0	113	37 10	109
" 30th " "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112	36 4	104
" 6th April "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 13th " "	38 6	123	37 6	120	37 4	114	37 4	107
" 4th May "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112	34 3	99

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON.

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	Choice White Karachi. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Red Karachi. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Delhi. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Choice White Bombay. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Club No. 1. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Club No. 2. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.
10th July, 1914	39 6 July-Aug.	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st October "	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th November "	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9 May-June.	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	10(
30th " "	51 6 May-June.	130	53 0 Jany.-Feb.	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	10.
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do.	132	...	...	53 3 May-June.	10F	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	10(
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4½ Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	...
25th " "	60 3 Do.	153	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar.-April.	12.
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do.	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	11
8th April "	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	12
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	12
12th " "	63 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do.	127	66 0	100	67 0	100	...	...
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	12
2nd July "	53 0 June	134	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do.	10
23rd " "	56 0 July	142	55 7½ July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	55 9 July	11(
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1½	112	56 9	113	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1½	11
27th " "	54 0	137	56 1½	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1½	11
3rd September "	54 0 July, Sellers.	137	53 7½ July, Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers	85	...	...
24th Sept., '15 to 18th Apl., '16.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th April, 1916	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th April to 15th May 1916.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	57 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd " "	56 0 June, Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29th June to 7th July, 1916.	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	59 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug. Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	61 3 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th August "	65 0 Aug.-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11th " "	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug.-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th " "	69 3 Do. Sellers.	175	68 9 Do., Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25th " "	72 0 Do. Sept.-Oct.	182	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st " "	72 6 Sept., Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th September "	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th " "	72 3 Oct., Sellers.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	71 9, Sellers.	182	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th October "	72 3 Oct., Paid.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th " "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st " "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd November "	79 0, Paid	200	Nominal	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th " "	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th " "	80 3 Nov.-Dec., Sellers.	203	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th " "	81 0, Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th and 15th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th December, 1916	82 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid.	163	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd to 29th Dec., 1916.	No sellers	...	Nominal	...	79 6 Do.	153	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 12th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th and 26th Jan. 1917.	82 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd February to 30th March 1917	82 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th April 1917	83 0 April-May	210	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
13th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 " "	215	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN INDIAN PORTS—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914=100.]

Date.	Karachi. White (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red). Price.	Karachi. White. Index Numbers.	Karachi. Red (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 92% red). Price.	Karachi. Red. Index Numbers.	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pissy). Price.	Bombay. Index Numbers.	Calcutta Club No. 2. Price.	Calcutta. Index Numbers
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
[Wee]k ending 11th May 1917	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 8	115	34 2	98
„ 18th „ „	34 6	110	33 6	107	37 2	113	34 8	100
„ 25th „ „	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 6	114	35 8	103
„ 1st June „	35 6	113	34 6	110	37 8	115	35 10½	103
„ 8th „ „	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 2	120	35 2	101
„ 15th „ „	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	35 5	102
„ 22nd „ „	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	36 1	104
„ 29th „ „	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121	36 1	104
„ 6th July „	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 6	121	36 1	104
„ 13th „ „	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 2	120	36 1	104
„ 20th „ „	36 9	117	35 9	114	39 6	121	36 7	105
„ 27th „ „	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 5	117	37 4	107
„ 3rd August „	37 0	117	36 0	115	38 1	116	37 4	107
„ 10th „ „	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	35 8	102
„ 17th „ „	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	36 4	104
„ 24th „ „	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 3	111	36 4	104
„ 31st „ „	36 6	116	35 6	114	35 2	107	36 4	104
„ 7th September „	37 3	118	36 3	116	36 3	111	35 10	103
„ 14th „ „	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 2	113	35 10	103
„ 21st „ „	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	35 10	103
„ 28th „ „	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 8	115	38 2	110
„ 5th October „	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 11	116	37 4	107
„ 12th „ „	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
„ 19th „ „	38 6	122	37 6	120	38 1	116	37 7	108
„ 26th „ „	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 8	124	...	...
„ 2nd November „	39 0	124	38 0	122	41 0	125	37 10	109
„ 9th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 1	122	37 1	107
„ 16th „ „	41 0	130	40 0	128	39 7	121	37 4	107
„ 23rd „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 1	122	39 4	113
„ 30th „ „	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	124	42 10	123
„ 7th December „	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	42 4	122
„ 14th „ „	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	40 10	117
„ 21st „ „	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 2	123	41 7	120
„ 28th „ „	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	...	...
„ 4th January, 1918	42 3	134	41 3	132	40 5	123	45 10	132
„ 11th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 0	125	46 4	133
„ 18th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123	44 10	129
„ 25th „ „	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 2	123	45 7	131
„ 1st February „	39 3	125	38 3	122	39 11	122	45 7	131
„ 8th „ „	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	123	44 10	129
„ 15th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 10	125	46 1	132
„ 22nd „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 10	125	48 10	140
„ 1st March „	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 3	123	51 1	147
„ 8th „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 1	125	48 4	139
„ 15th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	40 4	116
„ 22nd „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	39 4	113
„ 29th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 9	124	40 10	117
„ 5th April „	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 2	126	40 10	117
„ 12th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 9	127	41 1	118
„ 19th „ „	41 0	130	40 0	128	41 10	128	42 10	123
„ 26th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 3	126	40 4	116
„ 3rd May „	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 1	128	39 4	113
„ 10th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 5	133	39 10	114
„ 17th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 9	134	40 4	116
„ 24th „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 7	133	41 1	118
„ 31st „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 11	134	40 4	116
„ 7th June „	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 6	130	41 1	118
„ 14th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	46 8	142	40 10	117
„ 21st „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	42 10	131	40 10	117
„ 28th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	48 1	147	40 4	116
„ 5th July „	41 6	133	40 6	130	47 8	146	41 7	120
„ 12th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 8	152	43 4	125
„ 19th „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	49 9	152	44 10	129
„ 26th „ „	43 0	137	42 0	134	50 7	154	45 1	130
„ 2nd August „	44 0	140	43 0	138	50 9	155	45 7	131
„ 9th „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 9	164	46 4	133
„ 16th „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 10	170	47 7	137
„ 23rd „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 7	164	51 10	149
„ 30th „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 3	169	48 1	138
„ 6th September „	44 0	140	43 0	138	56 2	172	50 10	146
„ 13th „ „	45 0	143	44 0	141	59 6	182	50 10	146
„ 20th „ „	46 0	146	45 6	146	60 5	184	55 10	160
„ 27th „ „	52 0	165	51 6	165	61 10	189	72 3	208
„ 4th October „	52 0	165	51 6	165	56 11	174	70 3	2 2
„ 11th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 7	173	59 9	172
„ 18th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 4	172	—	—
„ 25th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	59 4	171
„ 1st November „	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	65 9	189
„ 8th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	68 1	208	62 9	180
„ 15th „ „	54 0	171	53 6	171	68 1	208	61 9	177
„ 22nd „ „	54 6	173	54 0	173	68 1	208	59 9½	173
„ 29th „ „	54 6	173	54 0	173	66 8	204	70 9	208
„ 6th December „	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	69 9	200
„ 13th „ „	54 6	173	54 0	173	65 2	199	69 9	200
„ 20th „ „	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 11	201	67 9	195
„ 27th „ „	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	...	...
„ 3rd January, 1919	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 9	199	66 9	192

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	Choice White Karachi. Price.	Choice White Karachi. Index Numbers.	Red Karachi. Price.	Red Karachi. Index Numbers.	Delhi. Price.	Delhi. Index Numbers.	Choice White Bombay. Price.	Choice White Bombay. Index Numbers.	Club No. 1. Price.	Club No. 1. Index Numbers.	Club No. 2. Price.	Club No. 2. Index Numbers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
5th to 11th May 1917	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	No Sellers	...	79 6 Noml.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
18th May to 6th July „	86 9 „	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	...
13th to 20th July „	86 9 „	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug. 1917	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th to 24th Aug. '17	86 9 sellers	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
31st Aug. 1917	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom.	172	86 9 Nom.	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	...	...
7th September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	...	...	78 0	154
3rd January to 17th October '18	80 0	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	158
18th October '18 to 6th January '19	80 0 afloat	203	80 0 afloat	160	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	...	80 0 afloat	159

NOTE.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Chambers of Commerce. The statistics for London are compiled from Reuter's telegrams.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 6 of 1918-19.

PREFATORY NOTE.

The Cotton Season, 1918-19.

In the Third Cotton Forecast, published on the 18th December, 1918, the yield of the crop is provisionally estimated at 3,282,000 bales on an area of 19,677,000 acres, as compared with 4,035,000* bales on an area of 24,781,000 acres, the final estimates of last year. There is a decrease of 19 per cent in the outturn. There were 228,000 bales of cotton pressed in the pressing factories, and 77,000 bales of unpressed cotton received in the spinning mills, from 1st September to 30th November, 1918, as against 172,000 bales and 98,000 bales, respectively, during the corresponding period of last year, showing an increase of 33 per cent in the case of presses, but a decrease of 21 per cent in the case of mills. Too much stress should not be laid on the accuracy of these returns as a means of checking the forecast estimates of outturn, as there is at present no system in vogue of furnishing complete returns from all presses and mills. The figures for the Indian States of Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore are, as will be seen from the footnotes to the tables, mostly incomplete and have been excluded from this comparison.

* The trade estimate is, however, 3,860,000 bales. (Net exports 1,409,000 bales, mill consumption 1,701,000 bales and extra-factory consumption 750,000 bales.) The estimate of mill consumption is based on the statistics of yarn produced by the mills, and excludes the quantity of waste cotton sold by the mills, which is included partly in "net exports" and partly in "extra-factory consumption."

I.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 30th November, 1918.

(Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (*a*)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total quantity pressed from 1st September to 30th November, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda . .	630,000	19·2	198	18	5,338	19,540	30,385
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States) .	789,000	24·0	182	101	59,153	79,592	43,080
Madras	519,000	15·8	58	58	(*b*) 6,319	49,175	(*f*) 42,169
Punjab (including Indian States)	501,000	15·3	92	4	1,033	6,942	2,763
United Provinces . . .	175,000	5·3	85	23	11,448	39,467	33,725
Sind	98,000	3·0	15	4	5,877	14,467	952
Burma	70,000	2·1	(*g*) 19	8	6,341	18,281	(*f*) 11,733
Bihar and Orissa . . .	19,000	·6	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	26,000	·8	3	...	...	...	...
Assam	12,000	·4	...	...	...	...	...
North-West Frontier Province	9,000	·3	1	1	336	474	1,894
Ajmer-Merwara . . .	14,000	·4	5	1	164	164	25
Delhi	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (*c*)	2,862,000	87·2	639	218	96,009	228,102	171,726
Hyderabad . . .	200,000	6·1	41	(*e*)	(*e*)	...	...
Central India . . .	133,000	4·0	32	(*e*)	(*e*)	...	...
Rajputana	61,000	1·9	10	1	378	590	1,727
Mysore	26,000	·8	3	(*e*)	(*e*)	...	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (*d*) .	420,000	12·8	86	1	378	590	1,727
GRAND TOTAL .	3,282,000	100	725	219	96,387	228,692	173,453

(*a*) The figures in column 2 are the provisional estimates for 1918-19, as published in the Third Forecast, dated the 18th December, 1918. Final estimates for 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of February, 1919.
(*b*) Figures for the weeks ending 16th, 23rd, and 30th November, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.
(*c*) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.
(*d*) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(*e*) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.
(*f*) Revised figure.
(*g*) Of this number 8 presses worked during the half-month.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 30th November, 1918 (Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total quantity received from 1st September to 30th November, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	
				Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	165	44	6,585	41,118	64,03[illegible]
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	10	7	5,056	11,861	4,08[illegible]
Madras	12	12	(a) 383	4,233	(e) 5,88[illegible]
Punjab	3	...	...	476	2,47[illegible]
United Provinces	15	4	182	1,440	4,96[illegible]
Sind	1	...	...	...	...
Bengal	10	10	1,517	15,343	(e) 14,47[illegible]
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	404	1,221	1,09[illegible]
Delhi	3	2	298	863	94[illegible]
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (b)	221	81	14,425	76,555	97,96[illegible]
Hyderabad	3	1	130	153	62[illegible]
Central India	3	2	396	1,911	3,24[illegible]
Rajputana	1	(d)	(d)	...	...
Mysore	2	(d)	(d)	...	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (c)	9	3	526	2,064	3,86[illegible]
GRAND TOTAL	230	84	14,951	78,619	101,82[illegible]

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of *unpressed* cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton comin[g] through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 16th, 23rd and 30th November, 1918. [See footnote (b) on preceding page.]

(b) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.

(c) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(e) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in th[e] Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 30th November, 1918, in *British Provinces (including India[n] States within provincial boundaries).*

Province	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) *	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 30th November, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 30th November, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2 *
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	[illegible]	19,540	41,118	60,658	9[illegible]
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	789,000	79,592	11,861	91,453	11[illegible]
Madras	519,000	49,175	4,233	53,408	10[illegible]
Punjab (including Indian States) } North-West Frontier Province } Delhi }	519,000	7,416	1,389	8,755	17
United Provinces	175,000	39,467	1,440	40,907	23[illegible]
Sind	98,000	14,467	...	14,467	14[illegible]
Burma	70,000	18,281	...	18,281	26[illegible]
Bengal } Bihar and Orissa } Assam }	57,000	...	15,348	15,348	26[illegible]
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	164	1,221	1,385	9[illegible]
TOTAL	2,862,000	228,102	76,555	304,657	10[illegible]

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }
January 15, 1919. }

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistic[s].

REGISTERED No. L 848.



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CONTENTS.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 14th January, 1919.

No. 9.—In pursuance of the second proviso to Regulation X (1) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, published under the Notification of the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, No. 61, dated the 14th November, 1912, as amended by the like Notification No. 67, dated the 13th December, 1918, the Governor General is pleased to extend up to the 20th July, 1920, the terms of office of those Additional Members, being non-officials, whose terms of office would, under the Regulations, but for this notification, expire before that date.

No. 10.—In pursuance of the second proviso to Regulation X(1) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, published under the Notification of the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, No. 61, dated the 14th November, 1912, as amended by the like Notification No. 67, dated the 13th December, 1918, the Governor General is pleased to extend up to the 20th July, 1920, the terms of office of those Additional Members, being officials nominated by him, whose terms of office would, under the Regulations, but for this notification, expire within one year before that date.

The 15th January, 1919.

No. 11.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel S. L. Aplin, C.S.I., of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 12.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. Walter Francis Rice, C.S.I., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

The 17th January, 1919.

No. 15.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Sir Robert Gillan, K.C.S.I., of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 16.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Sir Arthur Robert Anderson, Kt., C.B.E., C.I.E., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

H. M. SMITH,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 17th January 1919.

No. 444-C.—Mr. H C. Marsden, a Superintendent in the Home Department, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

JUDICIAL.

The 13th January 1919.

No. 335-C.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4, Part II, of the Punjab Courts Act, 1918 (Punjab Act VI of 1918), and in continuation of the Home Department notification no 950, dated the 9th October 1918, the Governor General in Council is pleased to extend the term of the appointment of the Hon'ble Mr. A. E. Martineau, I.C.S., a temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, to the end of March 1919.

MEDICAL.

The 17th January 1919.

No. 438-C.—The services of Lieutenant Colonel J. L. Marjoribanks, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of his duties.

PUBLIC.

The 13th January 1919.

No. 327-C.—Professor L. F. Rushbrook Williams, M A., is appointed temporarily to be an officer on special duty in the Home Department of the Government of India, with effect from the 1st January 1919.

J. H. DUBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

AGRICULTURE.

Delhi, the 17th January 1919.

No. 207-C.—Dr. E. J. Butler, Imperial Mycologist, is appointed Joint-Director of the Agricultural Research Institute at Pusa in addition to his present duties with effect from the 1st January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 208-C.—Mr. M. W. Sayer, B.A., whose appointment as Assistant to the Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India has been temporarily placed in abeyance, is with effect from the 1st January 1919 appointed to officiate as Imperial Agriculturist during the absence on deputation under the Indian Munitions Board of Mr. G. S. Henderson, N.D.A., N.D.D., Imperial Agriculturist, or until further orders.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 13th January 1919.

No. 168-Est. A.—The services of Captain (temporary Major) L. V. S. Blacker, Queen's Own Corps of Guides, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 22nd December 1918.

The 14th January 1919.

No. 178-Est. A.—Mr. A. G. Phillips, Superintendent of Police, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 7th November 1918.

No. 180-Est. A.—Captain E. T. R. Wickham, 39th Central India Horse, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 20th November 1918.

The 16th January 1919.

No. 218-Est. A.—In Notification No. 1842-Est. A., dated the 17th August 1918, appointing an Indian Assistant at Bahrein, *for* "Sadiq Hassan" *substitute* "Siddiq Hasan".

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The 14th January 1919.

No. 203-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11-D(1) (*c*) of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 3237-I. B., dated the 9th October 1918, regulating the tannage of sheep or goat skins in the Administered Areas in the Hyderabad State.

The 15th January 1919.

No. 196-Est. A.—Mr. G. Cunningham, of the Political Department, is posted as Assistant Commissioner and Sub-Divisional Officer, Tank, with effect from the 12th December 1918.

No. 197-Est. A.—Major R. E. H. Griffith, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Assistant Commissioner and Sub-Divisional Officer, Mardan, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 198-Est. A.—Major J. A. Brett, of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent, Dir, Swat and Chitral, with effect from the 4th January 1919.

No. 199-Est. A.—Mr. H. N. Bolton, C.S.I., C.I.E., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 9 months under Articles 233 and 308(b), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 7th January 1919.

No. 200-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. J. Keen, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Peshawar, with effect from the 7th January 1919.

No. 209-Est. A.—Rai Bahadur Pandit Nand Lal, I.S.O., Extra Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, is appointed temporarily to officiate in the Political Department of the Government of India, and is posted as Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 3rd December 1918, and until further orders.

No. 210-Est. A.—Mr. H. A. F. Gibbon, Superintendent, Magistrate and Treasury Officer, Sehore, is appointed to officiate as Extra Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 3rd December 1918 and until further orders.

The 17th January 1919.

No. 230-Est. A.—Mr. F. S. Madden, Indian Educational Department, is posted as Vice-Principal, Mayo College, Ajmer, with effect from the 23rd December 1918.

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 14th January 1919.

No. 61-F. E.—Mr. B. N. Mitra has been posted as Deputy Auditor, North Western Railway, with effect from the 12th December 1918.

The 15th January 1919.

No. 67-F. E.—Mr. A. Rajagopala Ayyar, an officer in Class II of the Public Works List of the Indian Finance Department, has been placed on special duty in the Finance Department Secretariat for six months, with effect from the 19th December 1918.

The 17th January 1919.

No. 78-Gl. (F. E.).—The following promotions and reversions of officers in the Indian Finance Department are notified :—

With effect from the 10th September 1918.

Mr. W. H. Scott to officiate in Class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 23rd September 1918.

Mr. F. J. Pruce to officiate in Class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 21st October 1918.

Mr. W. H. Scott and Mr. F. J. Pruce to revert to Class II of the Public Works List.

H. F. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCE—WAR.

Delhi, the 18th January 1919.

No. 502-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), and in supersession of the Notification in this Department, No. 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the import and export of all goods, directly or indirectly, from and to China, except such goods as are shipped by or consigned to the trading concerns in China named in the Schedule hereto attached.

Provided that nothing in this Notification shall be taken to apply to the British Colony of Hongkong.

Provided also that nothing in this Notification shall be deemed to authorise the import or export of any article, the import or export of which is prohibited by or under any enactment.

SCHEDULE.

His Majesty's Diplomatic, Consular, Military, and Naval Officers.
His Majesty's Office of Works.
His Majesty's Supreme Court for China.
British Missionary Bodies, and Missionary Bodies of Neutral and Allied Countries.
Aaron, F.
Abdoolally, Ebrahim, & Co., Shanghai and Canton.
Abduljalil, H. A. G., Shanghai.
Abe Kobei, Shanghai.
Abe & Co., Mukden.
Abeichi & Co., Shanghai.
Abraham, D. E. J., Shanghai.
Adair, Graham & Co., Tientsin.
Adair, N., Tientsin.
Adair, T., Shanghai.
Ah Ho & Co., Amoy.
Ah Kow (Ah Kau) P., & Sons, Amoy.
Aird & Skinner, Drs., Hankow.
Akai Yoko, Tientsin.
Albert & Wullschleger, Canton.
Algar and Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Ali Hassanoff, Shanghai.
Alieff Oudkouli, M. H., Shanghai.
Allen, Edgar, & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Allen & Hanburys, Limited.
Allen and Lucker, Tientsin.
Alma Estates Limited, Shanghai.
American Asiatic Trading Co. of San Francisco, Shanghai.
American Chinese Drug Store, Chungking.
American Dry Egg Company (H. Kirschbaum), Shanghai.
American Express Co., The (Department for Asia and Australia).
American Food Manufacturing Co., Ltd., The, Shanghai.
American Hospital Supply Co., Harbin.
American Machinery and Export Company, Tientsin.
American Sales Corporation, Shanghai.
American Trading Company.
Amherst Rubber Estates Limited, Shanghai.
Amidani, L., and Company, Shanghai.
Amos Bird Co. (Inc.), The, Shanghai.
Amouroux, J. (Hai Lin Yang Hang), Peking.
Amoy Dispensary, Amoy.
Amoy Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd.
Amoy Ice Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
Amoy Tinning Company Limited.
Andersen, Meyer, & Co.
Anderson, A. L., & Co., Shanghai.
Anderson, J. O., Shanghai.
Anderson, Robert, & Co.
Andrew, J. H., & Co., Limited, Shanghai.
Andrews & George, Shanghai.
Ang Hing & Co., Foochow.
Ang Hoon Cho, Dr., Swatow.
Anglo-Chinese Dispensary, Shanghai, Hankow.
Anglo-Chinese Eastern Trading Company Limited, Harbin.
Anglo-Chinese Engineering Association, Peking.
Anglo-Chinese Indenting Company, Shanghai.
Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations Limited.
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.
Anglo-German Brewery, Shanghai.
Anglo-Java Estates Limited, Shanghai.
Aquarius Company, Shanghai.
Arcade Amusement Company, Tientsin, Peking.
Ardath Tobacco Co., Ltd.
Arkell & Douglas, Inc.
Arnaud Coste & Dent, Shanghai.
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Arnhold, H. E.
Arthur & Co., Ltd.
Arts & Crafts Limited, Shanghai.
Ashton & Co., Ltd.
Asiatic Petroleum Company Limited.
Assomull, W., & Co., Shanghai.
Assurance Franco-Asiatique, Shanghai.
Astor Drapery Store, Shanghai.
Astor House Hotel Limited, Tientsin.
At Chi, Shanghai.
Atkinson & Dallas Limited.

Atlas Assurance Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Atwood, Dr. Paul H., Tientsin.
Au Petit Louvre, Shanghai.
Ault & Wiborg Co.
Australian Dairy Farm, Shanghai.
Australian Produce Co., Shanghai.
Australian Trading Company, Shanghai.
Auto Castle, Shanghai.
Auto Palace Co., Shanghai.
Ayer Tawah Rubber Plantation Company Limited, Shanghai
Azadian, J., Shanghai.
Azie, Technische Export Maatschappij, Shanghai.

Babcock & Wilcox Limited.
Bailey, H. G. C, Hankow.
Bakels & Co.
Ban Lam Drug Stores, Amoy.
Banham, F. C, Shanghai.
Bank of Chosen.
Bank of Taiwan Limited.
Banker & Co.
Bannister, T. D. W.
Banque Belge pour l'Etranger.
Banque de l'Indo-Chine.
Banque Industrielle de Chine.
Bansuiken, Shanghai.
Bardwil Bros.
Baring, E., Shanghai.
Barkley Company, Inc.
Barlow & Co.
Barma, S. T., Shanghai.
Barrant, C. E., Harbin.
Barrett, E. G., Shanghai.
Barry and Dodwell Ltd., Chungking.
Barry, G. R., & Co., Shanghai.
Batavia Sea and Fire Insurance Co.
Bathgate & Co., Foochow.
Batu Anam Rubber Company Limited.
Baudet & Compagnie, R., Canton.
Beck, M. G., Shanghai.
Bègue, Henri, Tientsin.
Bejonjee and Company, Shanghai.
Belgian Brick Factory, Tientsin.
Belgian Trading Co.
Bell, G. E., Pakhoi.
Bell, H. F. L, Shanghai.
Bén, Albert & Co., Shanghai.
Bena, G. A.
Benigno Crespi, Soc. Anon.
Benjamin, D. H. and Company, Shanghai.
Benjamin and Potts, Shanghai.
Bentz, Otto, Shanghai.
Berelson, J. B. (Pacific Orient Company), Tientsin.
Berger, Lewis, & Sons, Ltd., Shanghai.
Bergmann. Edward, Tientsin.
Bezpaloff, F. P., Harbin.
Bianchi, C. Shanghai.
Bielfield, Alex., & Co., Shanghai.
Birchal, E. F., Peking.
Bissett, J. P., & Co., Shanghai.
Black, Alfred, Shanghai
Black, J. F., Tientsin.
Blake, F. A., & Sons, Shanghai.
Blanche, Charles, Harbin.
Bland, H. E., & Co., Tientsin.
Blix, Carl, Shanghai.
Block, E., Shanghai.
Blockhuys, V., Shanghai.
Bomanjee & Co., Canton.
Bona, F., Peking.
Bookless, A., Ningpo.
Boolchand, W., Canton.
Botelho Bros., Shanghai.
Bourgery, C., Peking.
Bow On Drug Company, Canton.
Bowern & Co., Shanghai.
Boyd & Co., Amoy.
Boyer, Mazet & Co., Canton.
Boyes, Bassett, & Co., Shanghai.
Boylan, J. H., Shanghai.
Bracco, C., & Co., Shanghai.
Bradford Dyers' Association.
Bradley & Co. Limited.
Brand, H. S., & Co.
Brandt, A., & Co., Hankow.
Brandt, A. L., Shanghai.
Brandt, & Rodgers, Shanghai.
Brangwyn & Hobson, Drs., Swatow.
Brent, A. D.
Brewer & Co., Limited, Shanghai.
Bridges, H.
Bristol & Chinese Dispensary, Shanghai.
British-American Tobacco Company, Limited.
British and Chinese Corporation.
British Cigarette Company Limited.
British Dominions General Insurance Co.
British Flower Shop, Shanghai.
British and Foreign Bible Society.
British and Foreign Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.
British Insulated and Helsby Co., Ltd.
British Manufacturers' Agency (Wong Chuen Yung).
British Medical Imports Co. (F. J. Norbury & Son).
British Municipal Councils in China.
British Post Offices in China.
British Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Brockett & Co., Foochow.
Brockett, E. & Co, Foochow.
Brossard, Mopin & Co., Tientsin.
Brossay, René, Harbin.
Browett, H., Shanghai.
Brunner, Mond & Co., Ltd.
Brush Electrical Engineering Company.
Bryant & Ryde, Shanghai.
Bukit Toh Alang Rubber Estates, Ltd.
Bulin & Co., Hankow.
Bulsara Bros., Tientsin.
Brin Yoko.
Burkhardt, Amidani & Co., Shanghai.
Burkhardt, L. R, Shanghai.
Burkill, A. R., & Sons, Shanghai.
Burn, S. J. (representing Susmann, Paul & Co., Manchester), Swatow.
Burr Photo Co., Shanghai.
Burroughs, Wellcome & Co.
Burtenshaw & Co, Hankow.
Buto Plantations (1913) Limited.
Butler, A., Cement Tile Works, Ltd., Shanghai.
Butterfield & Swire

Cabeldu, A., & Co., Shanghai.
Caissial, F, Peking.
Calavitis, G., & Co., Shanghai.
Caldbeck, MacGregor & Co.
Calder Marshall & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Calico Printers' Association, Ltd.

Camark, E., & Co., Shanghai.
Camera Craft Company, Peking.
Campbell, Alex., & Co.
Canadian Government Trade Commissioner.
Canadian Methodist Mission Press.
Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.
Canton Club.
Canton Drug Co., Canton.
Canton Insurance Office Limited.
Canton Medical Hall (Tai On & Coy.), Canton.
Cantorovitch, Is.
Caprion, P., Tientsin.
Caravan Commercial Co., Shanghai.
Carisio, Co., Shanghai.
Carr-Ramsey, T., & Co.
Carter, Macy & Co.
Carvalho, C. C., Amoy.
Ca-y & Co., Canton.
Casa do Povo, Shanghai.
Castellano, C., Tientsin.
Castilho, C. M., & Co., Shanghai.
Cathay Trading Co., Shanghai.
Cathay Trust Limited, Shanghai.
Catoire, Veuve A., et Fils, Hankow.
Cattaneo, P., & Co., Peking.
Cavadia, T. P., & Co., Shanghai.
Cawasjee Pallanjee & Co., Shanghai.
Central Agency Limited.
Central China Dispensary, Hankow.
Central China Export & Import Company, Shanghai.
Central China Import Company, Shanghai.
Central China Post, Hankow.
Central China Printing Company, Hankow.
Central Garage Limited, Shanghai.
Central Hospital, Peking.
Central Insurance Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Central Trading Company, Shanghai.
Cercle Sportif Francais, Shanghai.
Chai Shing & Co., Swatow.
Chandless & Co., Inc., Tientsin.
Chang Dah Tuen, Shanghai.
Chang, J. D., & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Chang Ka Pang Wharves, Shanghai.
Chang Pei-Shu, Chefoo.
Chang Seng Yiq Kee & Co., Swatow.
Chang T. S., Hankow.
Chang Ma Electric Light and Power Co, Ltd., Amoy.
Chao Chow Fu Dispensary, Swatow.
Ch'ao Hsing Steam Navigation Company, Newchwang.
Chapeaux, A., Shanghai.
Charrey & Conversy, Shanghai.
Charrey H., Shanghai.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.
Chauvin, Mme., Shanghai.
Cheap Jack, Shanghai.
Chee Hsin Cement Co., Tientsin.
Chefoo Hairnet Company.
Chefoo Hairnet Manufactory.
Chefoo Lace and Hairnet Company (Chung Fah & Co.), Chefoo.
Chefoo Pharmacy.
Chellaram, D., Canton.
Chemor United Rubber Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Chempedak Rubber & Gambier Estate Co.
Chen Kee & Co., Hankow.
Cheng Hing Saw Mill Company, Foochow.
Chêng Lung Bank (Shoryu Ginko), Newchwang.
Cheng Rubber Estate Limited, Shanghai.
Cheng Sèng Dispensary, Swatow.
Cheong Wo, Swatow.
Cheung Hing Tai, Canton.
Cheung On, Canton.
Chi Hing Hairnet Co., Chefoo.
Chiam Commercial Co., Shanghai.
Chic Parisien, Shanghai.
Chieng Hing Saw Mill Company, Foochow.
Chin Qua, Swatow.
Chin Tong Dispensary, Kityang *via* Swatow.
China Agents Company, Shanghai.
China American Lumber Company, Tientsin.
China American Trading Company, Inc., Tientsin.
China Baptist Publication Society, Canton.
China Commercial Co. (S.S. Somekh), Shanghai.
China Commercial Steam Navigation Company, Newchwang.
China Dispensary, Tientsin.
China Dispensary (Kwong On and Co.), Canton.
China Engineering Co., Ltd., Hankow.
China Film Syndicate.
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited.
China Flour Mill Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
China-French Tobacco Company, Harbin.
China Import & Export Lumber Company, Limited, Shanghai.
China Industrial Supply Co., Shanghai.
China Inland Mission.
China & Japan Trading Company, Limited.
China & Java Export Co., Shanghai.
China Land & Building Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
China Land & Finance Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
China Merchants Pongee Association, Chefoo.
China Merchants Steam Navigation Company.
China Mining and Metal Co., Ltd., Tientsin,
China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
China Mutual Steam Navigation Company.
China National Life Assurance, Shanghai.
China Navigation Company, Limited.
China Overseas Trading Co.
China Pencil Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
China Press, Shanghai.
China Publicity Company & Information Bureau, Shanghai.
China Realty Company.
China Silk Agency Company Limited.
China Soap & Candle Co., Ltd.
China Strawbraid Export Company, Shanghai.
China Sugar Refining Company.
China Times Limited, Tientsin.
China Trading Company (Tin Fah Hong) Shanghai.
Chinai, J. C., & Co., Shanghai.
Chinese-American Company, Shanghai.
Chinese & Foreign Dispensary, Amoy.
Chinese Government Railways.
Chinese National Supply Company, Tientsin.

Chinese Optical Company, Shanghai.
Chinese Postal Supply Dept., Shanghai.
Chinese S K. F. Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Ching Chang Jen, Tienstin.
Ching Cheng Yung, Tientsin.
Ching Chong & Co., Shanghai.
Ching Chong Hung & Co., Chefoo, Shanghai.
Ching Fong, Shanghai.
Ching Ho Hsiang, Peking
Ching Kee & Co., Amoy.
Ching Kong, H, & Co, Chefoo.
Ching Lan Drug Store, Canton.
Ching Siu Tong, Foochow.
Ching Tai & Co., Mukden.
Chinsin Chao (Peking Motor Company, Peking).
Chiris, A. (Coffiney & Charrie), Chungking.
Chistiakoff, J., Harbin.
Chiyo Yoko, Shanghai.
Chiyoya, Shanghai.
Chojudo & Co., Mukden, Newchwang.
Chotirmall K. A. J., Canton.
Christian Literature Society, Shanghai.
Christiansen, B., Canton.
Chuan Chang, Shanghai.
Chuan Kee & Co., Amoy.
Chuma & Co., Newchwang.
Chun Shing, Shanghai.
Chun Sing, Shanghai.
Chun Wo Company, Shanghai.
Chung, C. P., Mr. (Manager Nanking Dispensary, Nanking and Tientsin).
Chung Fah & Co. (Chefoo Lace and Hairnet Co), Chefoo.
Chung Fah Pharmacy, Ltd, Hankow.
Chung Hang Company Dispensary, Canton.
Chung Hua Book Company, Shanghai.
Chung Mei Drug Company, Canton.
Chung On & Co., Canton.
Chung Tak Dispensary, Canton.
Chung Tung Lithographic Works.
Chung Yue & Co., Tientsin.
Cinzano, F., & Co.
Clark, D. & Co., Shanghai.
Clarkson Dye, Mr., Shanghai.
Clerici, Bedoni & Co., Shanghai.
Coddington & Lamb.
Codsi, A. E., Shanghai.
Codsi Frères (Bacha, M., & Co.), Shanghai.
Coffiney & Charrie (A. Chiris), Chungking.
Cohen, André, Shanghai.
Colman, P. C., Newchwang.
Collaco Bros, Shanghai.
Collins & Co., Tientsin and Shanghai.
Colonial Stores, The, Canton.
Combfort, E, & Co.
Commercial Museum, Tichling.
Commercial Press, Limited.
Commercial Union Assurance Company.
Compagnie d'Eclairage et de Tramways de Tientsin.
Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes.
Compagnie Francaise des Tramways de l'Eclairage Electrique et des Eaux de Shanghai.
Compagnie Générale de Chemins de Fer et de Tramways en Chine.
Compagnie Générale d'Extrême-Orient.
Compagnie Sino-Française, Swatow.
Comptoir Commercial Anversois.
Comptoir Mandchourien d'Exportation et Importation, Harbin.

Confiance (La) Insurance Co.
Connell Brothers, Shanghai.
Conner, T. C., Harbin.
Consolidated Rubber Estates, Ltd., Shanghai.
Consortium des Industriels Belges en Extrême-Orient (Charles Ley, representative), Peking, Tientsin.
Continental Import & Export Co, Shanghai.
Cook & Anderson, Tientsin.
Cook, Thomas, & Sons.
Cooper & Co., Canton.
Cooper, L. D, Harbin.
Cornabé, Eckford, & Co.
Corsane, Anderson, & Co. (Hankow Ice Works).
Cosmopolitan Dock, Shanghai.
Cossanteli & Co., Hankow.
Cotta, J. M., Shanghai.
Country Club, Shanghai.
Cox, W., Wakeford, Shanghai.
Cozzi, E., Hankow.
Crédit Foncier d'Extrême-Orient.
Crofts, George and Co, Tientsin.
Cros, Paul, Changchun.
Crosfield, J. & Sons, Limited.
Crosthwaite, P. A, Shanghai.
Crystal Limited, Tientsin.
Culpeck, E. A., Tientsin.
Culty Dairy Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Colty, Th., Peking
Currimbhoy, Co., Ltd. (late Pabaney, E. Shanghai).
Curtis Brothers, Chefoo.
Curtis Sons & Co., Shanghai.
Customs Club.
Cuthbert, R. R., Kiungchow.

Dah Daw, Hankow.
Dah Lung & Co., Shanghai.
Dah Sung & Co., Shanghai.
Dah Sung Cotton Mill, Shanghai.
Dai Nippon Brewery Company.
Daibun Yoko, Tientsin,
Daishin & Co., Shanghai.
Dallas Livery Stable Company, Shanghai.
Danese, E., Hankow.
D'Arc, G. L., Tientsin.
Dastoor, F. R., & Co., Shanghai.
Dastoor, N. C., Canton.
David & Co., Shanghai.
David, S. J., & Co., Ltd, Shanghai.
Davies and Brooke, Shanghai.
Davis, Malcom, Harbin.
Davis, R. S., & Co., Tientsin.
Davis, W. Arthur, Tientsin.
Davis, W. Trenchard, Shanghai.
De Mao Heng & Co., Tientsin.
Deacon & Co., Canton.
Deane, T. P., Shanghai.
Debenham & Co., Ltd., Chefoo.
Dedenseff's, P. P., Soap Factory, Harbin.
Deeks, S. J., Shanghai.
Delbourgo & Co., Shanghai.
Dell' Oro & Co., Shanghai.
Denegri, E., & Co, Shanghai.
Denegri, M., Shanghai.
Denham & Rose, Shanghai.
Denniston & Sullivan, Shanghai.
Dent, A., & Co, Shanghai.
Dent, Herbert, Canton.

Dhabhar, H. K., Canton.
Dialdas, M., Canton.
Dick, Bellamy & Co., Shanghai.
Dickinson, John, & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Dieden & Co., Shanghai.
Dittman, S., Shanghai.
Dixon, H. C., & Co, Limited.
Dodge & Seymour (China), Ltd., Shanghai.
Dodwell & Co., Ltd.
Doko Trading Co. (The), Canton.
Dollar Lumber Company, Tientsin.
Dollar, Robert, Co., Inc.
Dombey & Son, Shanghai.
Dominion Express Company.
Donaldson, H. B., Peking.
Dong, Chong & Co., Shanghai.
Dong Chong Bicycle Co., Shanghai.
Dong Fong Tai, Shanghai.
Dong Sing Wo, Shanghai.
Dong Ting Gee, Dr. (Ping Yee Hau Drug Store), Canton.
Donnelly & Whyte, Canton.
Dos Remedios A. G, Shanghai.
Dossabhoy, S, & Co., Canton.
Dowdall, W. M., Shanghai.
Dowler, Forbes & Co. (China), Ltd., Shanghai.
Downs, Dr. N. L., Shanghai.
Drakeford & Co., Mukden.
Dreyfus, Edmond, & Bros., Shanghai.
Drummond & Holborow, Shanghai.
Dubois, Jean, Hankow.
Duff, John L., & Co., Kiukiang and Kuling.
Duncan " Co., Shanghai.
Dunlop Rubber Company.
Dunlop, W. & C., Shanghai.
Dunn, Walter, Shanghai.
Dunne, T. E, Hankow.
Duplessis, G., Shanghai.
Dupré, L. W, Shanghai.
Dutch Colonial Trading Company, Shanghai.
Dutton, W., & Co., Shanghai.
Dyce & Co., Shanghai.
Dzing Nye Hsing, Hankow.

E Yuang Tung & Co. (Yi Yüan Tung), Newchwang.
Eagle & Globe Steel Company Limited.
Eagle, J. H. & C K., Shanghai.
Early and Moor (Dr. A. P. Peck), Tientsin.
East Asia Produce & Estate Co., Shanghai.
East Asiatic Company.
East India Sea & Fire Insurance Co.
Eastern & Australian Import & Export Co, Shanghai.
Eastern & Australian Steamship Company.
Eastern Critic, Shanghai.
Eastern Engineering Works (James Turner), Tientsin.
Eastern Extension Australasia & China Telegraph Company Limited.
Eastern Fur & Skin Company, Shanghai.
Eastern Syndicate, Shanghai.
Eastern Trading Company Limited.
Eastman & Co., Shanghai.
Echo de Chine, Shanghai.
Echo de Tientsin.
Economou, Demetrios, Tientsin.
Edgar Brothers & Co., Newchwang.
Eishingo & Co., Mukden.
Ekman & Co.
Ekman Foreign Agencies.
Electric Light Works, Changsha, Mukden.
Ellis & Hays, Shanghai.
Emens, W. S., & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
En Ching Low (Nun Cheng Lo), Tientsin.
Encyclopædia Britannica Corporation, Shanghai.
Energie Electrique de Tientsin.
Enjudo & Co., Mukden.
Enterprise Tobacco Company Limited.
Enticknap, P. (Kemp, Thos., & Co., Manchester).
Equitable Life Assurance Society
Erasmic Company.
Eskaline, Carl J, Harbin.
Essor, L. C., & Co., Shanghai.
Essex & Suffolk Equitable Insurance Soc. Ltd.
Etablissements de Tongkou.
Evans, A. M. A., Shanghai.
Evans, D., Tientsin.
Evans, Edward, & Sons Limited.
Evans, Pugh & Co., Hankow.
Eveleigh & Co., Shanghai.
Ewo Cotton Spinning & Weaving Company Limited, Shanghai.
Ewo Yuen Press Packing Company, Shanghai.
Excess Insurance Company Limited.
Express Cigarette Company.
Ezra, E. I., Shanghai.
Ezra, Edward, and Co., Shanghai.
Ezra, Fred, & Co., Shanghai.
Ezra, N. E. B., & Co., Shanghai.
Ezra, Y., & Co.

Fa Hsing, Tientsin.
Fairchild, F. A., Tientsin.
Far East Oxygen & Acetylene Co., Shanghai.
Far Eastern Geographical Establishment, Shanghai.
Far Eastern Review, Shanghai.
Farley, W. A., Shanghai.
Farmer, F. D., & Co, Newchwang.
Farmer, William, & Co, Canton.
Fearon, Daniel & Co.
Federal Life Assurance Company of Canada.
Fengtien District Inspectorate of Salt Revenue.
Fenton & Co., John, Peking.
Ferguson, J. C. G., Harbin.
Fernbach, R. R., Dr. (Mei Lung Silk Filature), Newchwang and Haicheng.
Ferretti, C., Peking.
Fielding, H. R., Harbin.
Findlay, Richardson, & Co, Ltd., Hankow.
Finney, Arthur C., Shanghai.
Finocchiaro, G., & Co., Shanghai.
Firth, W., & Sons.
Fitzsimmons, A. E., Harbin.
Fitzsimmons, P. J., Shanghai.
Fobes & Co., Shanghai.
Focken, F. C., Shanghai.
Fog, William (representing Kreglinger & Fernau).
Fohkien Mercantile Co., Foochow.
Fomin, A. N, & Co., Shanghai.
Foo Sing, Chefoo.
Foo Tai Company, Hankow.

Foochow Dock & Arsenal, Pagoda Anchorage (Government Dock & Engineering Works), Foochow.
Foochow Electric Co., Foochow.
Foochow Native Hospital.
Foochow Pharmacy (W. Lu Si).
Foochow Printing Press, Foochow.
Forbes, William, & Co., Tientsin.
Foreign & China Dispensary, Shanghai.
Fortin, A. M., Mengtze.
Foster, McClellan, & Co., Shanghai.
Frankau, A., & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Frazar & Co., Shanghai.
Frazar, E. W., Shanghai.
Fredericks, J. A., Shanghai.
French Bakery, Peking.
Frodsham, G. W. (Fu Chung Corporation), Tientsin.
Fu Seng, W. & Co, Foochow.
Fu Hsing Tai, Tientsin.
Fuchs Brothers, Inc., Harbin.
Fujita & Co, Mukden.
Fukien Drug Company, Amoy.
Fuking & Co.
Fukui & Co., Shanghai.
Fukuja Yoko, Shanghai.
Fulford & Co., Ltd., G. T. (Dr. Williams Medicine Co.).
Funder, W., & Co., Shanghai.
Fung Tang, Shanghai.
Furukawa & Co., Shanghai.

Gakuyodo Mori (see Mori, S., Canton).
Gallusser, A., & Co., Tientsin.
Gande, Price, & Co., Shanghai.
Garner, Quelch, & Co., Shanghai.
Gaston Williams and Wigmore Electrical Engineering Corporation, Shanghai.
Gaston Williams & Wigmore Far Eastern Division Inc., Shanghai.
Gates, F., Shanghai.
Gatton, S., Shanghai.
Geddes & Co., Hankow.
Geddes & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
General Accident, Fire, & Life Assurance Company.
General Electric Company.
General Electric Company of China Limited.
General Electric Company of New York.
Gensburger, Henri, Shanghai.
Gensburger, Victor, Shanghai.
Gerin, Drevard, & Co., Shanghai, Canton.
Gerolimatos, D., Yunnan Fu.
Getz Bros. & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Gibb, Livingston, & Co., Shanghai.
Gibbins, J., & Co., Peking.
Gibson & Steward, Shanghai.
Gidai Yoko, Shanghai.
Gillard, G. M., & Co., Peking.
Gillespie, L. C., and Sons.
Gilman & Co., Foochow.
Gilson, E. H., Shanghai.
Ging Chong Hung & Co., Chefoo.
Gittins & Co., Foochow.
Glaxo Limited.
Glen Line Steamers.
Glikin, E. I., Harbin.
Globe Trading Co. (The), Shanghai.
Gobhai, M. N., & Co., Shanghai.
Goldenberg, H., & Co., Shanghai.
Goldsmith, Leopold A.
Gonda Shoten, Tieh Ling.
Gordes, E., Changchun.
Gordon & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha, Shanghai.
Government Dock & Engineering Works (Foochow Dock & Arsenal, Pagoda Anchorage), Foochow.
Government Universities in China.
Goyet, E., Shanghai.
Grand Hôtel des Wagons-Lits, Peking.
Grant, Archibald, Hankow.
Grayrigge, G., Shanghai.
Great China Dispensary, Shanghai.
Great Eastern Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Great Eastern Dispensary.
Great Northern Telegraph Company.
Great Union Dispensary, Shanghai.
Green, S., Shanghai.
Greer, H. & W., Limited.
Greig, M. W., & Co., Foochow.
Grenard, Bettines & Co.
Griffith, T. E., Limited, Canton.
Griffiths' Stores, Shanghai.
Grilk, G. J., Shanghai.
Grimes, A. C., Tientsin.
Grimshaw, R. (S. Hinrichsen & Aron), Shanghai.
Gromuiko, I. I., Harbin.
Grosjean & Co., Hankow.
Grünberg, H. M., Shanghai.
Grundy, R., Shanghai.
Grundy, V., Shanghai.
Guarantee Trust Company of New York
Guardian Assurance Co., Ltd.
Gula Kalumpong Rubber Estates Limited.
Gunn, Hugh, Mukden, Harbin.
Guzdar, Dhun H., Hankow.

Hager, A. R., Shanghai.
Hai Ho Conservancy Commission, Tientsin.
Hai Lin Yang Hang (J. Amouroux), Peking.
Hall & Holtz, Limited.
Han Yeh Ping Iron & Coal Company.
Handa Menko & Co., Shanghai.
Handel Maatschappij, N. V. (Tay Tjhiang Hong), Shanghai.
Handelmaatschappij "Transmarina," Shanghai.
Hankow Club Limited.
Hankow Dispensary Limited.
Hankow Ice Works (Corsane, Anderson, Co.).
Hankow International Hospital.
Hankow Light & Power Company.
Hankow Motor and Engineering Co.
Hankow Printing Office.
Hankow Race Club & Recreation Ground, Ltd.
Hankow Waterworks.
Hankow Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.
Hannibal, W. A. & Co., Canton.
Hansen, Wallace J., Canton.
Hanson, McNeill, Jones & Wright, Shanghai.
Hardoon, S. A., Shanghai.
Hardy, Walter, Tientsin.
Harper, Ralph, & Co., Tientsin.
Harrison, G. F. L., Shanghai.
Harrisons, King & Irwin, Ltd.
Hartwell, P. F., Newchwang.
Harvey's Billposting Agency, Shanghai.

Harvie, Cook, & Co., Shanghai.
Hatch, Carter, & Co., Tientsin.
Hattori, K., Shanghai.
Hausheer, M. E., Shanghai.
Haworth, R., & Co., Ltd.
Hay, William, & Co.
Heath & Co., Ltd.
Heath, P., & Co., Shanghai, Tientsin.
Heffer, F. C., & Co., Shanghai, Tientsin.
Heimann, S., & Co., Shanghai.
Heimendinger, J., Shanghai.
Hemmerdinger Frères, Shanghai.
Hemmings & Berkley, Hankow.
Henderson, J., & Co. (Legation Pharmacy), Peking.
Heng Chang Ter, Newchwang.
Heng Cheong & Co., Amoy.
Heng Kee Company, Swatow.
Heng Tick Hoat & Co., Amoy.
Henningsen, H. F., Peking.
Henningsen Produce Co., Ltd., The.
Héron, Charles, & Co., Tientsin.
Hetherington, J., & Sons, Limited.
Hill, H. G., Shanghai.
Hillel, E. A., Shanghai.
Hiramoto & Co., Newchwang.
Hirao & Co., Antung.
Hiraoko, (I.) Bros., Canton.
Hirsbrunner & Co., Shanghai.
Hirsbrunner & Co., Tientsin.
Hispano Import & Export Co., Shanghai.
Ho Chay Co., Amoy.
Ho En Seong, Nanking.
Hock, Cheang & Co., Swatow.
Hoffman, John D., Harbin.
Hogg & Karanjia, Canton.
Hogg, E. Jenner, Shanghai.
Holland-China Trading Company.
Holliday, C., & Co., Limited, Shanghai.
Holt's Wharf, Shanghai.
Home & Foreign Trade Co., Shanghai.
Hon Mee Co., Ltd., The, Shanghai.
Hongkew Book Store, Shanghai.
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited.
Hongkong Mercantile Co., Ltd., Hongkong & Canton.
Hongkong Trading Company, Shanghai.
Hong Sun, C., Shanghai.
Hong Yue Cotton Mill, Shanghai.
Honig, Bertin, Shanghai.
Honigsberg, H. S., & Co., Shanghai.
Hoo Aik & Co., Swatow.
Hopkins, Dunn, & Co., Shanghai.
Horenstein, Tientsin.
Horrobin, S. L., Shanghai.
Hôtel de France, Shanghai.
Hôtel de la Paix, Tientsin.
Hôtel de Pékin, Peking.
Hovenier, H. A. (Mason, Scheidler & Co.), Shanghai.
Hsiao, Dr. C. N. (Union Disp.), Tientsin.
Hsin Chong Cycle Co.
Hsin Kong & Co., Shanghai.
Hsin-li & Co., Chungking, Shanghai.
Hsing Kee.
Hsing Tai, Shanghai.
Hsu, W. T. O. (Imperial Medical College), Peking.
Hua Eng Tai, Swatow.
Hua Min Dispensary, Swatow.
Huber, E., & Co., Shanghai, Tientsin.
Hudson's Bay Company of Canada.
Hudson & Co., Ningpo.
Hueber, T., & Co., Shanghai.
Hui Lun Dispensary, Swatow.
Humphreys, W. G., & Co.
Hung Chong Ter, Newchwang.
Hung Tah Medicine Co. (Hung Dah Medical Hall), Shanghai.
Hunt, C., Newchwang.
Huntley & Palmer, Limited (W A. Farley).
Hupei Government Cotton Mill, Hankow.
Hurst, M., & Co., Ltd.
Hutchison, John D., & Co., Shanghai.

Iah Siu Dispensary, Swatow.
Iak Seng Dispensary, Swatow.
Ilbert & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Imperial Hotel, Limited, Tientsin.
Imprimerie Francaise, Shanghai.
Imprimerie de Tou-se-wei, Shanghai.
Inabata Shoten, K., Tientsin.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company.
Indra Line of Steamers.
Inniss & Riddle, Shanghai.
Inshallah Dairy Farm and Stock Co., Shanghai.
International Banking Corporation.
International Bicycle Company, Shanghai.
International Book and Stationery Store, Shanghai.
International Correspondence Schools (China Agency), Shanghai.
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited, Shanghai.
International Dispensary, Shanghai.
International Dock, Shanghai.
International Estate and Finance Company, Shanghai.
International Export Company (Kiangsu), Ltd., Nanking.
International Export Co., Ltd., Hankow.
International Import and Export Co., Shanghai.
International Recreation Club, Peking.
International Saving Society, Shanghai.
International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Company, Shanghai.
Iqbalahmed, S. A., Shanghai.
Isenman & Smith, Drs., Shanghai.
Italian-Chinese Import and Export Company, Hankow.
Italian Trading Co., Shanghai.
Ito, G., Shanghai.
Itoh, C., & Co., Shanghai.
Ivy Dairy, Shanghai.
Ivy & Robinson, Drs., Shanghai.

Jacks, William, & Co.
Jackson, Hanwell, Jackson & Neild, Drs., Shanghai.
Jackson, J. A., & Co., Shanghai.
Jai Tai Chang, Shanghai.
Japan-China Oil Refining Co., Hankow.
Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd., (Nippon Menkwa Kabushiki Kaisha).
Japan Dental Manufacturing Co., Shanghai.
Japanese Red Cross Hospital, Mukden.
Japanese Posts and Telegraphs in Manchuria.

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.
Jarrot, George, Harbin.
Java Consolidated Rubber and Coffee Estates, Limited.
Java Sea and Fire Insurance Company.
Jee, Dr. Pond M., Tientsin.
Jeejeebhoy, D., & Co., Canton.
Jemadar Buddha Singh (Sikh Gurdwara).
Jensen, G. S., Shanghai.
Jespersen, J. T., Tientsin.
Jinn Ann Wholesale Drug Depôt, Swatow.
Jin Sin Tong, Amoy.
Joseph Bros., Shanghai.
Joseph, Ellis, Shanghai.
Joseph, J. M., Shanghai.
Joseph, R. M., Shanghai.
Jourdan, Ami-Tcheou, Yunnan.
Jovansen, Miss M., Tientsin.
Judah, J. J., Shanghai.
Jun Chee, Tientsin.
Juvet, Leo, & Co.

Kadoorie, E. S., Shanghai.
Kadoorie, R. E., Shanghai.
Kai See & Co., Amoy.
Kailan Mining Administration.
Kaitendo Company, Newchwang.
Kakiage, B., & Co., Shanghai.
Kalachund & Co., Shanghai.
Kale, E., Shanghai.
Kalgan Dairy Farm, Shanghai.
Kameya (Kamaya), S., & Co., Antung.
Kamunting (in Kedah) Rubber Plantation Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Kapayang Rubber Estate Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Karamelahi, H. Z. H., & Co., Shanghai.
Karan Rubber Estate Co., Ltd.
Karatzas Bros., Tientsin.
Karimbaksh, H. K. B., Shanghai.
Kashimura Company, Tientsin.
Kato & Co., Newchwang.
Katz, Wm., & Co, Shanghai.
Kavarana, B. F. & Co., Canton.
Kavarana, M. H., & Sons, Canton.
Kavarana, S. F., Canton.
Kay, W., & Co., Shanghai.
Kelly & Walsh, Limited.
Kemp, Thomas, & Co. (P. Enticknap).
Kempton, M. K., Shanghai.
Kent & Mounsey, Tientsin.
Kermani, R. S., Shanghai
Keylock, Pratt & Hobbs, Shanghai.
Keystone Tobacco Company, Limited.
Kew, Dr. Chadwick, Shanghai.
Khuri, S. A.
Ki Heng Co., Swatow.
Kiangnan Dock and Engineering Works, Shanghai.
Kiangsu Chemical Works, Shanghai.
Kin Yamei, Tientsin.
King, Dr. H. Y., Tientsin.
King, Zunglieh D., Shanghai.
Kingsley, T. L., & Co., Shanghai.
Kirschbaum, H. (American Dry Egg Co.).
Klauber Trading Co., Shanghai.
Klemantaski, Bates & Co, Harbin.
Knapp & Baxter, Inc., Shanghai.
Ko Bros., Amoy.
Kodak Shop, Tientsin.
Kodera & Co.
Kokando Company, Amoy.
Kongmoon Paper Mills, Canton.
Konshyn, N. N., Limited, Shanghai.
Koosnetzoff, A., & Co., Shanghai.
Kopelman, S. I., Harbin.
Korn (I.) & Edelstein (E.), Mukden and Harbin.
Koshin Yoko, Canton.
Koskinin, E. L., Harbin.
Kowkee, J. L., & Co., Shanghai.
Kreglinger & Fernau (William Fog, representative).
Kroewoek Java Plantations, Limited.
Kroll & Co.'s Candle Factory, Harbin.
Ku, S. D., Chefoo.
Kua Seng Watt & Co., Amoy.
Kuang Li Ho, Shanghai.
Kuang-ming Soap & Candle Factory.
Kuang Sui Chiang Dispensary, Swatow.
Kukushkin, A. G., Harbin.
Kung Ho & Co, Tientsin.
Kung Yik Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, Shanghai.
Kuroki & Co., Shanghai.
Kwan, Dr K. H., Tientsin.
Kwang Chi Shiang, Tientsin.
Kwang Tung Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Canton.
Kwong Chek Dispensary, Swatow.
Kwong Fat Yuen, Shanghai.
Kwong On & Co. (China Dispensary), Canton.
Kwong Sang Hong, Ltd., Shanghai.
Kwong Shing, Swatow.
Kwong Tung Ice Co., Ltd., Canton.
Kwong Wo Company, Canton.
Kyosan Yoko, Shanghai.
Le Belle Jardinière (E. A. Culpeck), Tientsin.
La Générale Soies, Canton.
Lafille, J., Tientsin.
Lafuente & Wootten, Shanghai.
Lalcacca & Co., Shanghai.
Lam Fong Drug Company, Amoy.
Landau, A., Shanghai.
Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.
Laou Kung Mow Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Shanghai.
Lao Sen Kee, Hankow.
Lapshin, S., Harbin.
Large, F., & Co., Shanghai.
Lau, BittaksLing, & Co., Canton
Lau, E. C., Foochow.
Lau Tsz Wai, Shameen, Canton.
Lau, Woodland & Co., Canton.
Laurent, Marius, Harbin.
Lauro Cinema China Co., Shanghai.
Lavers & Clark, Shanghai.
La Vogue, Shanghai.
Law, H. D., & Co., Shanghai.
Lazard Godchaux Co. (The) of Far East, Shanghai.
Lazarus, N. (G. Tobias), Shanghai.
Le Lion (Life Assurance Co.).
Le Munyon, Peking.
League, T. J. (Union Business Agency), Tientsin.
Lee Bros. & Co., Swatow.
Lee, J. M., and Co., Hankow.
Lee Jui Kheng, Swatow.
Lee Son Ann Dispensary, Swatow.
Lee Tai Chiang, Swatow.
Leeds, E. S., & Co., Newchwang.

Lefkowitz, Joseph Harbin.
Legations of Allied and Neutral Powers, Peking.
Legation Pharmacy (J. Henderson), Peking.
Lekhomall Pinyamall, Peking.
Lem Peh Wo, Canton.
Lem Tak See, Swatow.
Lerner, M. J., Harbin.
Leslie, T., Shanghai.
Lester, Johnson, & Morriss, Shanghai.
Lester, W. H., Kiukiang.
Letanneur, E. (Union Commerciale Sino-Française), Tientsin.
Leung Pin Kee, Dr., Canton.
Lever Brothers, Limited.
Levy, Leone A., Shanghai.
Levy, N. S., Shanghai.
Levy, Simon, & Co., Shanghai.
Ley, Charles (representing Consortium des Industriels Belges en Extrême-Orient), Peking.
Leyte, F., Amoy.
Liang Dan An. Hankow.
Liao River Conservancy Authority, Newchwang.
Liddell, Bros. & Co.
Lih Teh Oil Mill Company Limited, Shanghai.
Lim Chin Tsong & Co., Amoy.
Lim, E. V. S., & Co., Swatow.
Lim, Mrs. Katie, Swatow.
Ling Chong Cycle Co.
Lion, Lucien, Shanghai.
Little, Adams & Wood, Canton.
Little, O. S., Harbin.
Little, William, & Co., Shanghai.
Litvinoff & Co., Hankow.
Liverman, G. S., & Co., Ltd., Harbin.
Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company Limited.
Liverpool Salvage Association.
Llewellyn & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.
Loa Hai Shing, Shanghai.
Lo (Loa) Wai Dispensary, Canton.
London Guarantee & Accident Co. Ltd.
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.
London Salvage Association.
London Varnish and & Enamel Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Lopato, A., & Sons Limited.
Louis, G., Shanghai.
Loup & Young, Tientsin.
Louwean, P., Peking.
Lowe, Bingham and Matthews, Shanghai.
Lowe, J., & Co., Shanghai.
Loxley, W. R., & Co., Canton.
L. P. Medical Hall, Foochow.
Lu Si, W. (Foochow Pharmacy).
Lucas, S. E., Peking.
Luen Steamship Company, Limited, Shanghai.
Luk Wo & Co. (Luk Wo Dispensary), Canton.
Lyons, A., & Co., Shanghai.

Maatschappij Tot-Mijn Bosch-en Landbouexploitatie in Langkat.
Ma Fel & Co., Shanghai.
Macbeth, Pawsey, & Co.
Macdonald, Ronald (H. Whitworth & Manchester).
Macdonald, Thomas, & Co.
Macdonnell Chow Corporation, Shanghai.
Macdougall & Co., Shanghai.
Macey & Co., Hankow, Shanghai.
Mack, J., & Co., Tientsin.
Mackay, A. H., & Co., Tientsin.
MacAndrews and Forbes Co., Tientsin.
MacKenzie, A. C., Harbin.
MacKenzie & Co., Ltd.
MacKie, A., & Co, Tientsin.
Maclay & Co., Tientsin.
Macleod, Marshall. Marsh, Billinghurst & Murray, Drs., Shanghai.
Macleod, Dr. N. Shanghai.
Mactavish & Co, Limited.
Madier Frères, Shanghai, Canton.
Magasin Francais d'Alimentation, Shanghai.
Magasins Généraux, Tientsin.
Magill & Co., Shanghai.
Main, S. D., Hangchow.
Maison Parisienne, Shanghai.
Maison des Modes, Shanghai.
Maison de Parfumerie, Shanghai.
Maitland & Co., Ltd.
Maitland & Fearon, Shanghai.
Major Brothers, Limited, Shanghai.
Malcampo & Co., Amoy.
Malthoid Roofing Manufacturers, Shanghai.
Manchuria Christian College, Mukden.
Manchuria Flour Company, Tiehling.
Manchurian Development Co., Harbin.
Manufacturing Company, Limited.
Manila Shanghai Export & Import Co., Shanghai.
Manini, E., Hankow.
Manners & Backhouse, Ltd., Canton.
Mappin & Webb, Ltd.
Marco, Finkelstein & Co., Shanghai.
Marges, Charles and Co., Tientsin.
Maritime Custom Houses. (Throughout China.)
Martens Gardner Co.
Martens, R., & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Marthoud Frères, Shanghai.
Martin, Wm., & Co., Shanghai.
Martinho, Marques & Co., C. A., Shanghai.
Marzoli, E., Shanghai.
Mascarello, H., Chungking.
Masuda & Co., Shanghai.
Masuda Yoko, Tientsin.
Matheson, G., & Co., Shanghai.
Mathew, M., & Sons, Shanghai.
Matsuda Yoko, Tientsin.
Matsumoto & Co., Mukden.
Matsuoko & Co., Mukden.
Mavrokephalos & Co., Hankow.
Mavromaras E. ("French Bakery"), Tientsin.
May Chong & Co., Shanghai.
Mayers, F. J., Chinkiang.
May War Lee & Co.
McBain, G., Shanghai.
McDermid Bros., Harbin.
McDermid, R. R., Harbin.
McGillivray, J. P., Harbin.
McKean, S. H., Shanghai.
McMullan, James, & Co., Ltd., Chefoo.
Mee Cheung Studio, Amoy.
Mehta, & Co., Foochow.

[illegible], M. N., Canton.
[illegible]ung Silk Filature (Fernbach, R. R., [illegible]r.), Newchwang and Haicheng.
[illegible]ei Te Cheng, Tientsin.
[illegible]eiji Trading Company, Shanghai.
Melvani, R. D., & Co., Canton.
Mencarini & Co., Shanghai.
Menga, C.. Tientsin.
Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.
Mercantile Printing Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Merian, J. (representing Society of Chemical Industry in Basle), Shanghai.
Methodist Publishing House.
Metropole Café, Tientsin.
Meurer Frères, Canton.
Michael, Albert, Shanghai.
Middleton & Co., Ltd , Shanghai.
Miffret, A., Hankow.
Miller, E. D., Canton.
Min Yuen Paper Works, Kuangtung.
Minemura, S., & Co., Tsingtao.
Ming Chong Cycle Company, Shanghai.
Ministries and Departments of the Chinese Government.
Minseng Dispensary, Hankow.
Mission Book Company, Shanghai.
Mission of Seventh Day Adventists, Mukden.
Missionary Home & Agency, Shanghai.
Mitsubishi Goshi Kaisha.
Mitsubishi Goshi Kaisha Banking Dept., Shanghai.
Mitsu Bishi Shoji Kaisha, Ltd. (Mitsu Bishi Trading Co., Ltd.), Canton.
Mitsui Bank, Ltd., Shanghai.
Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd. (Mitsui & Co., Ltd., in Europe and America).
Miyawaki & Co., Shanghai.
Moalem, J., Joseph, Shanghai.
Mogi & Co. (Mogi Yoko), Shanghai.
Mogra, E. R., & Co., Canton.
Molchanoff Pechatnoff & Co., Hankow.
Moller & Co., Shanghai.
Monbaron, Charles, Hankow.
Monbaron & Van der Stegen, Hankow.
Mong Hong, Swatow.
Mongolian Trading Co., Tientsin.
Moore, J. H., Shanghai.
Moore, L., & Co., Shanghai.
Moorhead & Halse, Shanghai.
Moosa, A. J., & Co., Shanghai.
Morgan Crucible Company, Limited.
Mori, S. (agent Gakuyodo), Canton.
Mortimer-Reid & Slee, Shanghai.
Mosca & Prario, Shanghai.
Moser, J. H., Hankow.
Mossop, A. G., Shanghai.
Moukden Club, Mukden.
Moukden Hospital, Mukden.
Moukden Trading Co., Mukden.
Moutrie, S., & Co , Ltd.
Moyler, Powell & Co., Peking.
Moyroux, V., Tientsin.
Moysey, H. J. (A./B. Svenska Kullager Fabriken).
Muller & Phipps (Asia), Ltd., Shanghai.
Municipal Councils of British, Allied and Neutral Concessions.
Murphy, J. R. (Dowler, Forbes & Co.), Shanghai.
Mustard & Co.
Mutual Stores, Canton.
Myers, M., Shanghai.
Nabholz & Co., Shanghai.
Nagai Bunko, Shanghai.
Nagano Yoko, Mukden.
Nagase Yoko (D. Nagase & Co., Ltd.), Shanghai.
Naigai Wata Kaisha, Ltd., Shanghai.
Naishin Company.
Nakagiri & Co., Shanghai.
Nakvasin, D J , & Co., Hankow.
Nanking Dispensary (Manager C. P. Chung), Nanking, Tientsin.
Nanri Yoko, Mukden.
Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Company.
Nanyang Dispensary, Shanghai.
Nathan, M. J., Shanghai.
National Cash Register Company.
National Mercantile Corporation, Shanghai.
National Provincial Plate Glass & General Insurance Co , Ltd.
National Union Society of Bedford.
Naval College, Pagoda Anchorage.
Navalrai, M., Canton.
Naylor, J., & Co., Shanghai.
Neil, James, & Co.
Nemazee, H. M. H., & Co., Shanghai.
Neotia & Co., Shanghai.
Nernheim & Hebda, Harbin.
Nestlé and Anglo-Swiss Milk Company.
Netherlands Harbour Works Company.
Netherlands Lloyd of Amsterdam and Batavia Marine Insurance Co., Shanghai.
Netherlands Trading Society.
Nettle, P. Edward, Chungking.
New Amoy Dock Company.
New Chinese Antimony Company.
New Engineering and Shipbuilding Works, Limited, Shanghai.
New Zealand Insurance Company.
Newchwang Wharf and Godown Company.
Newman, E.
Nia Tang Dispensary (new style for Jin Ann Dispensary), Swatow.
Nicolas, G., & Cie., Peking.
Nicholas Tsu Engineering & Shipbuilding Works, Shanghai.
Nielsen and Winther (China Engineering Co , Ltd.), Hankow.
Nigniewitzky, D., Tientsin.
Nikka Yoko, Shanghai.
Nile, Rheims and Co., Shanghai.
Nippon Marine Insurance Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Nippon Menkwa Kabushiki Kaisha (Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd.).
Nippon Paint Manufacturing Co., Shanghai.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Nisshin Kisen Kaisha.
Nisshin Yakubo, Shanghai.
Noel, Murray & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Noor, Mahomed & Co., Shanghai.
Nor Kung Leong, Canton.
Norbury, F. J., & Son (Proprietors of British Medical Imports Co.), Shanghai.
Norbury, Natzio & Co., Ltd.
Nordisk Fjor Fabrik, Shanghai.
Nardisk Fjorfabrik, Ltd., Canton.
Noronha Fernandez & Co., Canton.
North British Mercantile Insurance Company.
North China Carpet Co., Tientsin.

North China Daily Mail, Tientsin.
North China Daily News and Herald, Limited, Shanghai.
North China Engineering Co., Tientsin.
North China Insurance Company, Limited.
North China Printing and Publishing Company, Tientsin.
North China Produce Co., Ltd., Tientsin.
North Great China Dispensary, Tientsin.
Northern Assurance Company.
Norwegian Lloyd Insurance Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Noury & Co., Hankow.
Nozawa Gumi, Shanghai.
Nun Cheng Lo (En Ching Low), Tientsin.
Nutter, Walter, & Co., Shanghai.
Nye, Dr. D. B., Tientsin.

Nye, Dr. S. P., Canton.
O Brien Trading Co. Harbin.
Ocean Accident and Guarantee Company.
Ocean Marine Insurance Company.
Ocean Steamship Company, Limited.
Odell & Co., Foochow.
Office Appliance Co., Shanghai.
Okura & Co.
Old Dock, Shanghai.
Old Ningpo Wharf, Shanghai.
Olivier & Co.
Olivier Import and Export Company, Shanghai.
Olsen & Co., Shanghai.
Omi & Co., Newchang.
Ommid & Co, Shanghai.
Ong Mah Chao & Co., Amoy.
Onomura & Co., Shanghai.
Oriental Advertising Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Oriental Cigarette and Tobacco Co.
Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Oriental Dispensary, Shanghai.
Oriental Export Company, Chefoo.
Oriental Land Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Oriental Optical Company, Shanghai.
Oriental Press, Shanghai.
Oriental Transportation and Trading Co, Ltd., Shanghai.
Osaka Kobayashi Shoten, Shanghai.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha, Canton and Shanghai.
Osawa Yoko, Tientsin.
Oshima & Co., Mukden.
Oussiatinski, A. K., Chefoo.
Overseas Trading Company of California.
Oxford University Press, China Agency, Shanghai.
Oxygen and Drum Company, Limited.

Pabaney, E. (See Currimbhoy Co. Ltd, Shanghai.)
Pacific Mail Steamship Company, Shanghai.
Pacific Orient Co. (Berelson, J. B.), Tientsin.
Pacific Transport Co.
Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.
Paizis, Ch. J., & Co., Chefoo.
Paizis, E. N, & Co., Tientsin.
Palatine Insurance Co., Ltd.
Palmer & Turner, Shanghai.
Pang, C. E., Hankow.
Pang Hing & Co., Foochow.
Panoff, J. K., & Co., Hankow.
Pao Chen Dispensary, Swatow.
Paokee, Kuan Yin Ssu, Peking.
Paradissis, Alex. E., & Co., Ltd., Chet
Parisian Hairdressing Saloon, Shanghai.
Parker, J. H. P., & Co, Shanghai.
Parker, Reilly & Co., Shanghai.
Parsee Trading Company, Shanghai, Canton.
Patel A. C., & Co., Shanghai.
Patel, J. B., Canton.
Patell & Co., Canton.
Pathé Phono-Cinema, Chine.
Patisserie Parisienne, Shanghai.
Paturel, C., Shanghai.
Paul, L., & Co, Shanghai.
Paulsen & Bayer-Davey, Shanghai.
Pavri, K. S, Canton.
Pearce & Garriock, Hankow.
Pearson, S., & Son, Limited.
Peck, Dr. A. P. (Early and Moor), Tientsin.
Pei Yang Medical College, Tientsin.
Peiyang Tannery, Tientsin.
Peking Chinese Electric Light & Power Co., Peking.
Peking Club, Peking.
Peking Daily News.
Peking Electric Light Co., Ltd., Peking.
Peking Gazette.
Peking Motor Company (Chinsin Chao).
Peking Pavilion.
Peking Syndicate, Ltd.
Peking Technical College.
Peng Kee (Siuliong and Co.), Amoy.
Pengkalan Durian Estate, Ltd., Shanghai.
Penneil, E., & Co., Tientsin.
Pereña y Muñoz, Shanghai.
Permata Rubber Estate Limited.
Perrin, Cooper & Co., Tientsin.
Persian Commercial Company, Shanghai.
Petersen, A., & Co., Hankow.
Peterson. V, Peking.
Petit Marshall Co, Harbin.
Pfister, R., & Co, Shanghai.
Pharmacie Centrale, Hankow.
Philippidi, C. M, Chungking.
Phillips, Walter, Dr
Phœnix Assurance Company Limited.
Phœnix Oriental Exploitatio Co.
Piccs & Co., Hankow
Pickwick, F. H., Tientsin.
Pierson, P J. F., Shanghai.
Pike, A. T. J., Shanghai.
Pilcher, H. W, Shanghai.
Ping Yee Hau Drug Store, Canton.
Platt, Macleod & Wilson, Shanghai.
P. & O. Steam Navigation Company.
Po Tai Wo & Co., Swatow.
Po Wah & Co., Canton.
Po Wai Dispensary, Swatow and Canton.
Pocha, M. J., Shanghai.
Podarikis, Nicholas, Shanghai.
Polverino, Adolfo, Toilet Club, Chefoo.
Poo Tung & Co., Swatow.
Poo Yien Kung, Shanghai.
Poohoomull Bros., Canton and Shanghai.
Pootung Dye Works, Pootung, Shanghai.
Pootung Wharves, Shanghai.
Popoff Bros & Co, Harbin.
Popoff Frères, C. & S., Hankow.
Pottinger & Co., Tientsin.
Powell, S. J., & Co., Shanghai.

...an Mission Press, Shanghai.
Pre...ientale, Shanghai.
P..., Nanchang.
...(China) Limited, Shanghai.
...twood, J. G., Shanghai.
...ost, Hanbury, & Co., Ltd.
...oduce Export Company Limited, Harbin.
...rotopapas & Co, Tientsin.
Provincial Governments and their Departments throughout China.
Puech, C., Tientsin.
Purnell & Paget, Canton.
Pursumall, T., Canton.
Puthod, A., Shanghai.

Quan Yuen & Co., Shanghai.
Quark, F. W., Wuchow.
Queen's Hotel, Tientsin.
Quelch, C. W. & Co., Shanghai.

Racine, Ackermann & Co.
Railton, H. E., & Co., Ltd., Chefoo.
Railways, Chinese Government.
Rakusen, H. & Co., Shanghai.
Ramello, F., Hankow.
Ramos Amusement Company (Olympic & Victoria Theatres), Shanghai.
Ramsay & Co., Hankow.
Ramsay, N. B., Shanghai.
Rasool, C. G., & Son, Shanghai.
Rayner, Heusser & Co, Shanghai.
Real Estate and Trading Co., Ltd., Hankow.
Red Hand Compositions Limited.
Reid, Evans, & Co., Shanghai.
Reiss & Co.
Reiss, Hugo, & Co., Shanghai
Rembrandt Photo Company, Shanghai.
Remington Typewriter Company.
Repah Rubber and Tapico Estates.
Representation for British Manufacturers Limited.
Reuter Telegram Company.
Reynaud & Colinet, Newchwang.
Reynolds, Dr. W. G., Canton.
Richards, John, & Co., Shanghai.
Rigge, H. E., Shanghai.
Riggio, A., Shanghai.
Rizaeff Frères, Shanghai.
Robert, Lang & Co, Shanghai.
Robinson Piano Company.
Rodsil & Co., Shanghai.
Rondon, L., Shanghai.
Roneo Limited.
Rose, Downs & Thompson, Limited.
Rose, Hewett, & Co.
Rosenfeld, A. B., Shanghai.
Rosenfeld, Julius, Shanghai.
Ross, Alex., & Co., Shanghai.
Roth, B., & Co, Shanghai.
Roumanian Asiatic Mercantile Co., Shanghai.
Rouse, E. H., Hankow.
Rousseau, E., Tientsin.
Roxburgh, R., Limited.
Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.
Royal Insurance Company Limited.
Royal Mail Steam Packet Company.
Rozario and Co., Shanghai.
Runacher, J., Tientsin.
Russian Internal & Export Trading Co., Shanghai.
Russo-Asiatic Bank.
Russo-Asiatic Fur Co., (Inc.), Mukden.
Russo-British Mining and Industrial Co., Tientsin.

Sadikoff, H. H. K., Shanghai.
Saey Tai, Shanghai.
Saintly and Co., Peking.
Sakamoto & Co., Mukden.
Salmon, J. E., Shanghai.
Salomos (French Bakery), Peking.
Sam, Joe, & Co, Shanghai.
Samagaga, Rubber Plantation Company, Ltd., Shanghai.
Samson, E. (Eastman & Co.), Shanghai.
Samuel & Co., Ltd.
Sanderson & Co., Hankow.
Sang Cheong Yue, Shanghai.
Sanitas Packing Co., Shanghai.
Sanrin Tobacco Company, Shanghai.
San Sing Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Saou Kee, Shanghai.
Saseido & Co, Shanghai.
Sassoon, D., & Co., Limited.
Sassoon, E. D., & Co.
Satoh Shokai, Shanghai.
Sauvayre, J., Shanghai.
Savonnerie Franco-Chinoise, Tientsin.
Schen & Co., H. K., Shanghai.
Schiller & Co.
Scotson, Jas. and Co., Shanghai.
Scott & Bowne Limited.
Scott, Harding & Co., Shanghai.
Scottish Union & National Insurance Company.
Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.
Seishin & Co., Mukden and Newchwang.
Semambu Rubber Estates Limited.
Senawang Rubber Estates Limited.
Seng Ann Hong Kee Dispensary, Swatow.
Seng Kee, Amoy.
Sennet Frères.
Senri & Co., Mukden.
Seo & Co., Mukden.
Serebriannikoff, S. A., Shanghai.
Seth., S. A., Shanghai.
Seu Yin Sei Dispensary, Foochow.
Shainin, L. (Shainin's Russian Provision Store), Shanghai.
Shahmoon, E. E., Shanghai.
Shahmoon, S. E., Shanghai.
Shameen Lawn Tennis Club, Canton.
Shang Tai Ye & Co., Tientsin.
Shanghai Brush Co., The, Shanghai.
Shanghai Building & Investment Co., Limited, Shanghai.
Shanghai Building Company.
Shanghai Club.
Shanghai Co-operative Society Limited.
Shanghai Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Dispensary.
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd
Shanghai Electric and Asbestos Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Electric Construction Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Garage Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Gas Company.
Shanghai General Hospital.
Shanghai General Store.
Shanghai Golf Club.
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.

Shanghai Hotels Limited (Astor House Hotel, Palace Hotel, Central Stores, Ltd.).
Shanghai Horse Bazar and Motor Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Ice and Cold Storage Company.
Shanghai Import & Export Co.
Shanghai Klebang Rubber Estates Limited.
Shanghai Land Investment Company.
Shanghai Life Insurance Co.
Shanghai Malay Rubber Estates Limited.
Shanghai Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Mercury Limited.
Shanghai Municipal Council.
Shanghai Mutual Telephone Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Co.
Shanghai Optical Company.
Shanghai Paper Mill.
Shanghai Silk Spinning Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Stores Company.
Shanghai and Sumatra Tobacco Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Tannery Company Limited.
Shanghai Times.
Shanghai Toilet Club.
Shanghai Transportation Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Tug and Lighter Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Waterworks Company, Limited.
Shantung Products Export Co., Chefoo.
Shantung Silk and Lace Company, Chefoo.
Shaw, Charles R., Shanghai.
Shaw, Geo. L., Antung.
Shaw. Geo. L., Brothers, Mukden.
Shekury, G. I., Shanghai.
Shengwo & Co., Hankow.
Sheroinin & Co., A. G. de, Shanghai.
Shewan, Tomes & Co.
Shinano & Co., Mukden,
Shing (Ching) Kee, Amoy.
Shing Yue & Co., Shanghai.
Shinri Yoko, Mukden.
Shoryu Ginko (Chêng Lung Bank), Newchwang.
Shroff, P. B., Shanghai.
Shun, Chang and Co., Chefoo.
Shun Chee & Co., Tientsin.
Shun Kee & Co., Shanghai.
Shun Tah & Co., Shanghai.
Shushterovitch G., Harbin.
Sikh Gurdwara (Jemadar Buddha Singh.)
Silas & Co., Shanghai.
Silbermann & Co., Shanghai.
Simmons & Co, Inc., Thomas W.
Sims & Co., Tientsin.
Sin An Tong Dispensary, Amoy.
Sin Hong Ho, Amoy.
Sin Tek Kee, Amoy.
Sincere Co.
Sing, A., Shanghai.
Sing Chong & Co., Shanghai.
Sing Tai, Chefoo.
Singer Sewing Machine Company.
Sino-American Industrial Co., Tientsin.
Sino-American Trading Corp., Tientsin.
Sino-Foreign Coal Mining Co., Ltd. (T'ung Hsing), Tientsin.
Sino-Swiss Commercial Company, Shanghai.
Sit Heng & Co., Amoy.
Siu Jen Tong, Amoy.
Siu Leng Dispensary, Swatow.
Siu Se Tong, Amoy.
Siuliong and Co. (Peng Kee), Amoy.
Skinn, Alfred John, Peking.
Sligh, J., Tientsin.
Sloane, W. & J. Messrs., Canton.
Slowe & Co., Shanghai.
Smith, Edwin R., D. D. S., Hankow.
Smith, Frank W., & Co., Chefoo.
Smith, L H. & Co, Chefoo.
Societa Commissionaria di Esportazione, Shanghai.
Société Anonyme Belge pour L'Industrie des Oeufs, Hankow.
Société Anonyme de Mines de Luhan, Peking.
Société Belge de Chemins de Fer en Chine, Peking.
Société d'Exportation et d'Importation Coloniales, Tientsin.
Société Foncière de Shameen, Canton.
Société Forestière de Haïlin, Mukden.
Société Franco-Chinoise de Batillerie et Cabotage en Chine.
Société Franco-Chinoise de Crédit, Shanghai.
Société Franco-Chinoise de Distillerie, Hankow.
Société Franco-Chinoise d'Entreprises Générales et de Travaux Publics (Successors of Etablissements Fei Yen Ateliers de Constructions Mécaniques), Peking
Société Indo-Chinoise, Tientsin.
Society of Chemical Industry in Basle (Representative J. Merian), Shanghai.
Soeka Warna Tea Estate
Solina, R. V., & Co. (Viccajee, F. & R., proprietors,, Shanghai.
Solomon, S. J., Shanghai.
Somekh, B. A., Shanghai.
Somekh, D. S., Shanghai.
Somekh, S. S., Shanghai.
Sopher & Co., Theodore, Shanghai.
South British Insurance Company Limited.
South China Trading Co., Canton.
South Manchuria Railway Company.
Sowa, K., & Co., Shanghai.
Spalinger, U., Canton.
Sparke, C. E., Shanghai.
Sparklis Aerated Water Factory, Ltd., Shanghai.
Speyer, C. S., Shanghai.
Spunt, J., & Co.
Squires, Bingham, Co, Shanghai.
St. Nicholas Industrial School for Blind Girls, Mukden.
St. Vourvoulias, Tientsin.
Standard Bank of South Africa.
Standard Life Assurance Company.
Standard Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.
Standard Oil Company of New York.
State Assurance Co., Ltd. Shanghai.
Stearns, J. C., Harbin.
Steiner, F., & Co., Ltd. Shanghai.
Stevenson, Spencer B, Shanghai.
Stewardson, R E., Shanghai.
Stewart Mackenzie, & Co., Ltd. (Manchester).
Straits & China Textile Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Sua Manggis Rubber Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Sobira, J M, Shanghai.
Sudka, J. A., Shanghai.
Sugiyama & Co., Canton.
Sui Chong & Shun.
Sui Leng Dispensary, Swatow.

Sullivan, J., & Co., Peking.
Sulzer, Rudolph. & Co., Shanghai.
Sumitomo Bank Limited.
Sumitomo Yoko, Shanghai.
Sun Insurance Office Company.
Sun Co., Ltd, Canton.
Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.
Sung Chuan Tien and Co., Tsingchowfu Shantung.
Sung, Y. S., Shanghai.
Sungala Rubber Estate Limited.
Susmann, Paul & Co. (Manchester) (Burn, S. J., representative), Swatow.
Suzuki & Co., Shanghai.
Svenska Kullager Fabriken A.-B. (Moysey, H J.).
Swatow Dispensary.
Syndicat Industriel et Commercial, Shanghai.
Sys, Peter, & Co.
Sze Hing & Co., Chefoo.
Szechwan Co-operative Soc., Ltd., Chungking.

Tabaqueria Filipina, Shanghai.
Tackey, M. M, & Co., Shanghai.
Tai, E., Tientsin.
Tai Feng Kung Sen, Shanghai.
Tai Fu Lim, Dr., Newchwang.
Tai King & Co, Canton.
Tai On & Co. (The Canton Medical Hall), Canton.
Tai Sang and Co., Swatow (late Ben and Co.).
Tai Wah Dispensary Swatow.
Taikoo Sugar Refining Co., Limited.
Taiping Rubber Estates Limited.
Taiseng & Co., Foochow.
Taiseng Printing Office, Hankow.
Tait & Co., Amoy.
Takaiwa, K., & Co., Shanghai.
Takara Yoko, Shanghai.
Takata & Co., Shanghai.
Takkee & Co., Foochow.
Taku Tug and Lighter Co. Ltd., Tientsin.
Talati Brothers, Peking and Tientsin.
Talati & Co., Tientsin.
T'am Lai t'ing, Canton.
Tanah Merah Estates (1916) Limited.
Tan Seong Chee & Co., Amoy.
Tannerie Franco-Chinoise, Tientsin.
Tata, Sons, & Co., Shanghai.
Tay Choon Keng, Amoy.
Tay Tjhiang Hong (Handel Maatschappij N. V.), Shanghai.
Taylor, Albert, Shanghai.
Taylor & Co., Tientsin.
Tcheleby. A. S., Harbin.
Tebong Rubber and Tapioca Estate Ltd., Shanghai.
Technical Supply Co., Shanghai.
Technische Export Maatschappij Azie, Shanghai.
Teerathdas, N., Shanghai.
Teesdale & Godfrey, Shanghai.
Teh Kee Dispensary, Hankow.
Tehun Tet Dispensary, Swatow.
Tek Hua Dispensary, Swatow.
Tek Shun Hing, Chefoo.
Teplitzky, M. L, Import & Export, Shanghai.
Tetley, L. T. (Liquidator of the Austrian Export & Import Co., Ltd.), Shanghai.
The Trading Company, Successors to Alexis Goobkin, A. Koosenetzoff, & Co.
Theodor & Rawlins, Hankow.
Theological College, Mukden.
Thomas, F., & Co., Tientsin.
Thomas, W. A. H., Peking.
Thompson, A. E. S., & Co, Shanghai.
Thompson, James A., & Co., Shanghai.
Thomson, G. H. & N, Shanghai.
Thomson, Irvin, Newchwang.
Thomson, J., Tsingtao.
Thoresen, O., Shanghai.
Thunder, C., Newchwang.
Thurier & Kohr, Hankow.
Tibbey, H. M, Shanghai.
Tibesart, J. A., Shanghai.
Tien Yung Woo, Shanghai.
Tien Zung & Co., Shanghai.
Tientsin Bicycle Company.
Tientsin Club.
Tientsin Dispensary.
Tientsin Gas and Electric Light Co., Ltd.
Tientsin Ironworks Limited.
Tientsin Lighter Co., Ltd.
Tientsin Native City Waterworks Limited.
Tientsin Optical Co.
Tientsin Press Limited.
Tientsin Soap Manufacturing Company.
Tientsin Tobacco Company.
Tientsin Waterworks Company Limited.
Tilley & Limby, Shanghai.
Times Dharwar & Co., Shanghai.
Tin Fah Hong (China Trading Co.), Shanghai.
Tin See Tong Dispensary, Amoy.
Tipper & Co., Tientsin.
Tiram Estates Limited, Shanghai.
Tiriolo, C., & Co., Antung.
Tisdall, R. D., Amoy.
Toa & Co., Ltd., Tientsin.
Toa Koshi, Shanghai.
Toa Seima Kabushiki Kaisha (Toa Jute Mill), Shanghai.
Toa Tobacco Company, Newchwang and Shanghai.
Tobacco Products Corporation, Shanghai.
Toeg & Read, Shanghai.
Toh Tiong Hok, Amoy.
Tom, H., Tientsin.
Tom, S., Chefoo.
Ton Ying & Co., Shanghai.
Tong Chee Drug Co., Amoy.
Tong Cheong & Co., Amoy.
Tong Seng & Co., Amoy.
Tonglin & Co., Canton.
Topas, M. A., & Co., Shanghai.
Torin & Co., Canton.
Toshado Shiten, Shanghai.
Touliatos, Gérassimo, Manchuria Station, C. E. R.
Towa & Co., Newchwang.
Trans-Pacific Corporation, Shanghai.
Travers Smith & Sons, Tientsin.
Trumann, R. N. & Co.
Tschurin, I. I., & Co., Harbin.
Tshun Tak Dispensary, Swatow.
Tsirentschikoff, S., Shanghai.
Tsui Dr. Y. Y., Tientsin.
Tsuji & Co., Shanghai.
Tsung Jsoon Sing, Amoy.
Tsurutani Yoko, Shanghai.
Tuck, Charles H., Harbin.

Tuckwo Egg Factory, Yin Cheng.
Tung Chi Dispensary, Shanghai.
Tung Ho & Co., Newchwang.
T'ung Hsing Sino-Foreign Coal-mining Co., Ltd., Tientsin (Doney & Co., Managers).
Tung Shen Te, Tientsin.
Tung Tai & Co., Shanghai.
Tung Yu Brothers, Shanghai.
Tungshan Golf Club, Canton.
Tunkadoo Dock, Shanghai.
Tunkadoo Wharves, Shanghai.
Turner, E. W., Shanghai.
Turner, James (Eastern Engineering Works), Tientsin.
Twigg, P. O'Brien, Shanghai.
Twyford, J., & Co, Tientsin.
Tze Hop Shing, G., & Co., Tientsin.

Ullmann & Co.
Underwood Typewriter Company.
Union Assurance Company Limited.
Union Business Agency (T. J. League), Tientsin.
Union Commercial Company Limited, Shanghai.
Union Commerciale Sino-Française (Letanneur, E), Tientsin.
Union de Paris (Compagnie d'Assurances), Shanghai.
Union Dispensary, Tientsin.
Union Eastern Trading Co., Shanghai.
Union Insurance Society of Canton Limited.
Union Marine Insurance Company.
Union Medical College, Peking.
Union Trading Co, Ltd., Canton.
United Netherlands Lloyds.
United States Steel Products Company.
United States Trading Co., Shanghai.
Upham, Frank S., & Co., Peking.
Urbaine Fire Insurance Co. of Paris.

Vacuum Oil Company.
Vaid, K. Edulji, Shanghai.
Van Ess. A, & Co., Newchwang.
Van Lee Yuen & Co., Shanghai.
Vanderloo & Co., Shanghai.
Vanderstegen, L., & Co., Hankow.
Vania, A. D., Canton.
Varalda & Co., Shanghai.
Varenne, Th., & Cie., Canton.
Vasunia, J. P., Canton.
Venturi, F., Shanghai.
Veroudart, Tientsin.
Viccajee, F., & Co., Shanghai.
Viccajee, H., & Co, Tientsin.
Vickers Limited.
Vicula Morosov, Newchwang.
Villa, A. P., & Brothers, Canton.
Viloudaki & Co., Shanghai.
Vishindas, H., & Co., Shanghai.
Volkart, Adolf, Shanghai.
Vordoni, S. J., & Co., Tientsin.
Vrard & Co., Tientsin.

Wadman, H. P., Shanghai.
Wa Sun, Canton.
Wagman, N., Mukden.
Wah Chang Mining and Smelting Co., Changsha.
Wah Loong, Canton.
Wah Mei Dispensary, Canton.
Wah Ming Optical Company, Shanghai.
Wah On Company, Canton.
Wai Chi Tientsin.
Wallem & Co., Shanghai.
Wang Hung Kee, Shanghai.
Wang, Dr. Y. N, Tientsin and Peking.
Wannieck, L. Peking.
Warren, C. E., & Co., Canton.
Washin & Co., Shanghai.
Wassiamull Assomull & Co., Canton.
Waste Silk Boiling Company, Shanghai.
Watson, A. S, & Co., Shanghai and Tientsin.
Watson, A. S., & Co., Ltd., Canton.
Watt, Dr. W. T. (Imperial Medical College), Peking.
Wattie, J. A & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Watts & Co., Tientsin.
Wee Hock Siang & Co., Amoy.
Weeks & Co., Ltd., Shanghai, Hankow.
Wegelin, L, Shanghai.
Weihaiwei Land and Building Company.
Weil, M., and Co, Tientsin.
Weippert, W. H. C., Amoy.
Wells Fargo & Co.
Wen Hua Printing Press, Hankow.
West of Scotland Insurance Office Limited, Shanghai.
Western Electric Co., Inc.
Westinghouse Electric Export Co., Shanghai.
Westminster Tobacco Company.
Wheeler, Stanley J., Shanghai.
Wheelock & Co., Shanghai.
Wheen, Edward, & Sons, Shanghai.
Whitall, J., & Co, Limited.
Whitamore, R. A, Tientsin.
White Brothers, Shanghai.
White-Cooper & Master, Shanghai.
Whiteaway, Laidlaw, & Co.
Whitehead & Co., Shanghai.
Whitefield & Co., Amoy
Whitham, R. P., Shanghai.
Whitney, J. C., & Co.
Whitworth, Herbert, Limited.
Widler & Co. (E. Widler & A. Woodgate), Chungking.
Widler, E., and A. Woodgate (Widler & Co.).
Wiik & Co., Shanghai.
Wilkinson, H. P., Shanghai.
Wilkinson, Heywood, & Clark Ltd.
Wilkinson, T. M., & Co., Foochow.
Williams, Dr., Medicine Company (Fulford Co. Ltd. G. T.).
Williams, K. J., Shanghai.
Willits & Patterson, Shanghai.
Wilson & Co., Tientsin.
Wing On Co. (Shanghai) Limited.
Wing Tai, Shanghai.
Winston, Dr. Warwick, Tientsin.
Winteler, M., Shanghai.
Wisner & Co., Shanghai.
Wisner, P. F., & Co., Shanghai.
Wissotsky & Co.
Wollowra Steamship Co., Ltd.
Wo Sang, Canton.
Wong Ah Ming, Tientsin.
Wong Chuen Yung (British Manufacturers' Agency), Shanghai.
Wong Kuei Cheek, Shanghai.
Wong Shing Chong, Shanghai.
Wong Yuen Kee, Tientsin.

Wong Zung Chong, Shanghai.
Woo Chong, Shanghai.
Woo, M. L., Tientsin.
Woods, J., Hankow.
Woollen, Vosy & Co., Ltd., Tientsin.
Worthington Pump Company Limited.
Wrightson & Co., Shanghai.
Wu Lien Teh, Dr.
Wuchow Electric Light Co., Wuchow.
Wulfsohn, Max, Mukden.

Yah Leng Dispensary, Swatow (late Iah Leng Dispensary).
Yamamoto & Co., Tientsin.
Yan Sun & Co., Ltd., Canton.
Yan Shau & Co., Ltd., Canton.
Yang, I. C., & Co., Peking.
Yang, J., Peking.
Yangtsze Engineering Works, Hankow.
Yangtsze Insurance Company Limited.
Yangtsze Land and Finance Co., Shanghai.
Yangtsze Poo Cotton Mill, Shanghai.
Yap Eck Liok, Amoy.
Yat Ling Dispensary, Swatow.
Yates, T.M., Shanghai.
Yau, Dr. K.S., Peking and Tientsin.
Yee Gwan & Co., Amoy.
Yee Lung & Co., Canton.
Yen Fuh, Dr., Peking.
Yeoh Haing & Co., Amoy.
Yeo Swee Swan & Co., Amoy.
Yih Dah, Shanghai.
Yik Sang Dispensary, Swatow.
Ying Fong Sang Kee Yong Fong, Canton.
Yingkow Electric Light & Waterworks Co., Newchwang.
Yishin & Co., Mukden.
Yoan Siu Dispensary, Swatow.
Yokohama Specie Bank.
Yokohama Kiito Kwaisha, Ltd. (Yamato Yoko), Shanghai.
Yorkshire Insurance Company.
Yoshida & Co., Shanghai.
Young Brothers Trading Co. (Foreign Department), Chungking.
Young Men's Christain Association, Mukden, Kirin.
Yu Tai, Shanghai.
Yuan T'ung Li, Shanghai.
Yuasa, T. & Co., Hankow and Shanghai.
Yue Chong Tai, Shanghai.
Yue Loong Hing Kee, Canton.
Yuen Cheong and Co., Shanghai.
Yuen Fong, Hankow.
Yuen Sui Chang Dispensary, Swatow.
Yuen Tah & Co., Shanghai.
Yui Tai & Co., Tientsin.
Yung, Bartlett, G., Shanghai.
Yung Chi Dispensary, Shanghai.
Yung Fong Photo Supply Co., Peking.
Yung Hing Printing Co., Shanghai.
Yunnanfu Electric Light Company.
Yut Sao Chang & Co., Shanghai.
Yuwasei Yoko, Tiehling.

Za Chong Shun, Shanghai.
Zellensky, A. L., Shanghai.
Zi Ka Wei Press, Shanghai.
Ziangbe Rubber Co., Ltd., Shanghai.
Ziervogel & Bolton, Drs., Shanghai.
Zong Lee & Sons, Shanghai.
Zündel, Emile, Manufacturing Company.
Zurn, Ed., & Co., Peking.
Zylstra & Co., Shanghai.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 553-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), and in supersession of the orders embodied in the Notification in this Department No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the export of all goods mentioned in the Schedule hereto attached be prohibited as indicated in the said Schedule:

Further, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the export from British India—

(*a*) of coffee and tea to the United Kingdom;

(*b*) of all cereals to Kowcit, Mesopotamia and Mohammerah; and

(*c*) of all goods to Shehr and Mokalla and to all destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas other than Belgium, Morocco, France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, Spain, Portugal and Greece:

Provided that nothing in this Notification shall be deemed to prohibit—

(*i*) the export of any article by the Crown;

(*ii*) the export of any article shipped for use or consumption on the voyage, except where the Governor General in Council by general or special order otherwise directs;

(*iii*) the export of any article (other than rice, kerosene oil or silver bullion or coin) shipped to any Indian port;

(*iv*) the export of any article for use or consumption in any Native State in India; and

(*v*) the export of any article shipped under a license granted by the Chief Customs Officer at the place of export.

SCHEDULE.

The export of the goods mentioned below is prohibited as follows:—

(i) Goods marked (A) **to all destinations.**

(ii) " " (B) **to all destinations except the United Kingdom.**

(iii) " " (C) **to all destinations except the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates.**

(A) Aluminium, its ores and alloys.
(A) Ammunition.
(A) Arms and their component parts.
(A) Avaram Bark.
(A) Bajra.
(C) Benzine.
(A) Camels.
(A) Castor seed.
(B) Castor oil.
(B) Chrome iron ore (Chromite).
(B) Cinchona Bark.
(A) Coal.
(B) Coconut oil.
(A) Coke.
(C) Copra.
(C) Cottonseed oil.
(A) Drugs, the following:—
 Emetine and its salts.
 Gentian and its preparations.
 Ipecacuanha root.
 Neo-Salvarsan.
 Novocain.
 Quinine.
 Salvarsan.
 Trional.
(A) Dyes and Dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products.
(A) Ferro-manganese.
(C) Goatskins, raw.
(A) Goatskins, tanned.
(C) Groundnut oil.
(A) Hides, buffalo and cow (including calf), raw, partially tanned or tanned.
(A) Iron, pig.
(A) Jowar.
(A) Jute nitrate bags.
(A) Jute, raw.
(A) Kerosene oil.
(A) Konnam bark.
(A) Linseed.
(B) Linseed oil.
(A) Manganese and manganese ore.
(A) Mica.
(B) Monazite sand.
(B) Myrabolans and myrabolan extract.
(A) Oil cakes of all kinds.
(A) Paper-making materials including waste paper, waste materials (linen, cotton or jute) and rags.
(A) Pearls.
(C) Petrol.
(A) Printed matter of all descriptions.
(A) Railway material.
(A) Rice.
(A) Russian rouble notes.
(C) Sheep skins, raw.
(A) Sheep skins, tanned.
(A) Silver bullion and coin.
(C) Tanning materials, not otherwise specified.
(A) Telegraph material.
(A) Telephone material.
(A) Tin and tin ore.
(A) Tungsten and tungsten ore.
(A) Uniforms.
(A) Wheat and wheat flour.
(A) Wolfram.
(A) Wool, raw.

GENERAL.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 259.—Mr. D. O'Sullivan, Superintendent, 3rd grade, is granted an extension by one week of the privilege leave for six weeks sanctioned in Notification No. 13166, dated the 30th November 1918.

No. 367.—Mr. G. L. Corbett, I.C.S., is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary in this Department with effect from the 17th January 1919.

The services of Mr. I. D. Elliott, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces, with effect from the 17th January 1919.

No. 373.—Mr. J. F. Reed, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, with effect from the 17th January 1919.

The services of Mr. P. Wood-Collins, Officiating Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 17th January 1919.

R·D

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 499-D.—The following extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 12th December 1918, is published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT AND IMPORT SECTION.

Relaxation of export and import prohibitions.

The Board of Trade announce that the following relaxation of the existing prohibitions of export and import will be brought into force as from Friday, 20th December. Further relaxations will be announced in subsequent issues of the "Journal."

A. EXPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The following is a list of the articles affected and of the changes made in the nature of the prohibitions applicable to each. In explanation of the changes it should be noted that goods on List A are prohibited to all destinations and goods on List B to all destinations outside the British Empire, while goods on List C are prohibited only to countries neighbouring enemy countries.*

It will of course be understood that the existing position regarding trading with enemy countries is in no way affected by these modifications.

[NOTE.—Attention is called to the fact that by the Proclamation of the 1st October, 1918, *all goods*, whether mentioned by name or not (except printed matter and accompanied personal effects), are prohibited on List C.]

HEADINGS TO BE TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER.

HEADING.	FROM.	TO.
Bicycles, component parts of	A	C
Binnacles	A	C
Castings, malleable hæmatite iron	A	C
Compasses for ships and component parts thereof	A	C
Corks, crown	B	C
Cotton, manufactures of, the following :—		
Cotton, Yarn made from or containing Sea Island Cotton whether grown in the United States of America or the West Indies	A	C
Typewriter cloth and fine cotton cambrics, in the grey, from 40 to 50 inches wide and weighing from 1½ ounces to 4 ounces per square yard	A	C
Fenugreek seed	A	C
Glass for optical instruments	A	C
Grindstones	A	C
Guts other than silkworm gut	A	C
Iron and iron articles containing chrome, cobalt, molybdenum, nickel, tungsten or vanadium	A	C
Nautical instruments and their component parts	A	C
Ochres and mixtures containing ochres	A	C
Plumbago	B	C
Rugs manufactured wholly or partly of wool or hair	B	C
Siennas and mixtures containing siennas	A	C
Telescopes and their component parts	A	C
Thermometers, clinical	A	C
Umbers and mixtures containing umbers	A	C
CHEMICALS.		
Iron oxides of, and mixtures containing iron oxides	A	C
Lactic acid	A	B
Magnesium chloride and sulphate and mixtures containing magnesium chloride or sulphate	B	C

* Many commodities which are commonly styled gums in trade circles are prohibited under the heading Resins, etc.

HEADINGS ALTERED.

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Albumen.	(A) Albumen other than blood albumen. (C) Blood albumen.
(A) Barium sulphate and mixtures containing barium sulphate.	(A) Barium sulphate. (C) Mixtures containing barium sulphate.
(A) Casings.	(A) Hog casings. (C) Casings other than hog casings.
(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from, and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha) suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives.	(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from, and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha, cresylic acid and mixtures containing cresylic acid) suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives. (C) Cresylic acid and mixtures containing cresylic acid.
(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof.	(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof except cocoa butter. (B) Cocoa butter.
(A) Gums not otherwise specifically prohibited.*	(A) Gum arabic. (A) Gum tragacanth. (C) Gums not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Molasses and articles, mixtures and preparations containing molasses.	(A) Molasses and feeding-stuffs containing molasses. (C) Articles, mixtures and preparations containing molasses not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Nails manufactured from iron or steel wire. (A) Nails, wrought and cut, iron or steel.	(A) Horse-shoe nails. (C) Nails not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Pickles.	(A) Pickled onions and pickled walnuts, bottled separately.
(A) Vegetables of all kinds, whether fresh, dried, preserved, canned or bottled.	(A) Vegetables, fresh of all kinds. (B) Vegetables, dried, preserved, canned or bottled, except pickles. (C) Pickles not otherwise specifically prohibited.
(A) Wire manufactured of copper or its alloys.	(A) Wires and cables manufactured of copper or its alloys except armoured cable.
(B) Cables, insulated. (B) Wires, insulated.	(B) Armoured cable. (C) Insulated wires and cables not otherwise prohibited.

* Many commodities which are commonly styled gums in trade circles are prohibited under the heading Resins, etc.

B. IMPORT PROHIBITIONS.

A General Licence has been issued to permit of the import of any quantity of the following articles. The licence will be valid until 1st March, 1919 :—

Gum Copal.

Gum Kauri.

The General Licence above referred to does not for the present relieve importers from the necessity for procuring a "permit to purchase" if the goods are imported from the United States. A further intimation in regard to this requirement will be made as soon as possible.

EXPORT OF SPICES: CORRECTION.

The following correction should be made in the list of alterations of headings of export prohibitions which appeared on pages 657-659 of the "Journal" for 21st November :—

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Spices and mixtures thereof, but otherwise specifically prohibited.	Spices, the following :— (A) Cloves. (A) Ginger. (B) Pepper, black. (A) Pepper, white. (C) Spices not otherwise prohibited, and mixtures containing spices.

Telegraphic information has also been received of the following further relaxations made by the Board of Trade :—

Wrought iron pipes and iron and steel tubes . . . Removed to class B.

Turpentine oil and spirit and articles containing turpentine „ „ C.

Post Office.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 458-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 25th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In rule 1 of the said rules the following shall be substituted for the three entries under the head "letters" :—

"For a letter not exceeding one tola in weight . .	Half-an-anna.
For a letter exceeding one tola, but not exceeding two and a half tolas in weight	One anna.
For every additional two and a half tolas, or part of that weight	One anna."

Post and Telegraph Establishments.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 257.—Mr. R. G. Walker, Superintendent of the Rangoon Telegraph Office, is appointed to officiate in the third grade of the first division of the Superior Traffic Branch as Deputy Postmaster-General, Telegraph Traffic, Burma Circle, with effect from the 29th October 1918 *vice* Mr. S. C. Mitra on privilege leave.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 17th January 1919.

PART A.

Promotions.

No. 95.—Major F. R. S. Gervers, Royal Engineers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while employed as an Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer. Dated 11th July 1918.

No. 96.—Captain G. C. Pullman, The East Surrey Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 6th December 1918.

No. 97.—Lieutenant S. Hollins-Fisher, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 15th June 1918.

No. 98.—Lieutenant J. W. Ross, Army Service Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 27th October 1918.

No. 99.—The undermentioned temporary Lieutenants, Army Ordnance Department, are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain, while employed as Ordnance Officers, 4th Class :—

J. C. E. Gillham.	Dated 29th June 1918.
M. R. FitzWilliam.	Dated 30th June 1918.

S. C. R. Chester. — Dated 4th July 1918.

J. A. Chamberlain. — Dated 14th August 1918.

L. D. Henderson. — Dated 15th August 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 100.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Barstow, Commandant, 38th Dogras. — Dated 4th January 1919.

Captains to be Majors.

David Ogilvy Wight Lamb, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse).
Arthur Cuthbert Henry Trevor, 24th Punjabis.
Gerald Travers Drake-Brockman, 18th Infantry.
Nicholas Hugh Lawrence Watts, 92nd Punjabis.
Charles William Wallace, 22nd Punjabis.
Walter Kenworthy, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.
Brevet Major Edward Pellew Quinan, 27th Punjabis.
Edward Wallace Claud Ricketts, 23rd Sikh Pioneers.
Percy Charles Russell Dodd, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.
Arthur Richard Ogilvie Mallock, 42nd Deoli Regiment.

Dated 9th January 1919.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Alford Hastings Heap Fewtrell, attached 27th Light Cavalry. — Dated 16th December 1918.

Wam Russell Willoughby Weallens, 4th Gurkha Rifles. — Dated 23rd December 1918.

Arthur Beaumont Smith, 42nd Deoli Regiment. — Dated 13th January 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Philip Eustace Congreve Jermy Gwyn, attached 22nd Punjabis. — Dated 27th October 1918.

Reginald Austen Voit, attached 35th Sikhs.
Godfrey Edward Roberts, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).
Henry Garnett Radcliff, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles.
Eric Herbert Moodie, attached 4th Cavalry.
George Hewitt Christie, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles.
Thomas Reed Harrison, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
Frances Charles Miller Forward, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
John Gawden Kirkup Robinson, attached 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).
Algy Emlyn Dalgety, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
Samuel Frederick Evans, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).
Harry Victor Partridge, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
Harold Wallis Long, attached 125th Napier's Rifles.
Thomas Frederick Glenelge Fraser, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse.

Dated 21st December 1918.

Oscar Cenric Jones, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
John Cosmo Ross, attached 22nd Punjabis.

Dated 28th December 1918.

Gilbert Moore, attached 72nd Punjabis.	Dated 13th January 1919.
Sydney Phillips Cane, attached 7 th Burma Rifles.	Dated 15th January 1919.
Charles Cleaver Bock, attached 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).	Dated 17th January 1919.
James Gordon Lightbody, attached 36th Jacob's Horse.	
Henry William Frederick McCleery, attached 35th Scinde Horse.	
Walter Duncan Kelso, attached 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.	

No. 101.—Major G. R. Maitland, D.S.O., 14th Murray's Jat Lancers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Embarkation Commandant (graded as Assistant Quartermaster General). Dated 12th September 1918.

No. 102.—Major W. M. Macleod, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 1st January 1919.

No. 103.—Major K. Henderson, D.S.O., 39th Garhwal Rifles, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 3rd January 1919.

No. 104.—Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) D G. Ridgeway, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 8th January 1919.

No. 105.—Captain H. H. R. Deane, 64th Pioneers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 31st December 1918.

No. 106.—Captain H. J. Huxford, 125th Napier's Rifles, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Assistant Military Secretary (graded for purposes of rank as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General). Dated 6th January 1919.

No. 107.—Lieutenant L. N. Roach, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 3rd grade. Dated 20th December 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 108.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the following promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

William Miller Will, M.B.	Dated 29th January 1918.

Temporary Lieutenants to be temporary Captains.

Mohammad Salamat Ullah, M.B.	Dated 5th February 1918.
Sailendra Nath Chandra, M.B.	Dated 2nd June 1918.
Jitendra Nath Ray.	Dated 2nd August 1918.
Manindra Chandra Datta (since resigned).	Dated 24th August 1918.
Bharat Chandra Ghosh, F.R.C.S.E.	Dated 6th October 1918.
Raja Singh, M.B.	
Jiwan Mal Chopra, M.B.	Dated 19th October 1918.
Leonard John Pavilet Mordaunt.	Dated 20th October 1918.
Kelat Chandra Bhattacharya, M.B.	Dated 1st November 1918.
Sistla Lakshmipatni Somayaji.	Dated 6th November 1918.
Bhola Nath.	

Kandathil Mathulla Mathew. Dated 8th November 1918.
Bantwal Rama Bhatji. Dated 9th November 1918.
Chakkingal Krishna Menon. Dated 13th November 1918.
Daivasi Kawany Iyer Kanka Sabhesan. Dated 22nd November 1918.
Suresh Chandra Banerji, M.B. Dated 23rd November 1918.
Subbaraya Kumaraswami Pillai. Dated 25th November 1918.
Bola Dayanand Rao. Dated 26th November 1918.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—GENERAL LIST.

No. 109.—Conductor Heber Murdock Hill is promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 6th January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 110.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Cavalry Branch.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Edward Francis Marriott. Dated 11th March 1918.
Ernest Ayscoghe Floyer, M.C. Dated 3rd October 1918.
George William Fulcher. Dated 2nd December 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Frank Burton Leach. Dated 1st December 1918.
John Thomas Lloyd. Dated 22nd December 1918.
Harold Douglas Huggins. Dated 25th December 1918.
James Brown Birch. Dated 28th December 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Percival Francis Purves.
Walter Aloysius Doyle Kelly. } Dated 13th November 1918.
Arthur Davies.
David Alexander Reid Humphrey. } Dated 20th November 1918.
Harold Arthur Wilkinson. Dated 27th November 1918.
Philip James Rolt. Dated 14th January 1919.
Hunter Innis Phillips. Dated 18th January 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Gerald Eyre Wilson, I.S.O.
Harold Bertram Mathew. } Dated 1st December 1918.
John Joseph Murphy.
William Norman Gordon Aitken.
John Pomfret Rushton. } Dated 4th December 1918.
Samuel Lesser. Dated 7th December 1918.
John Patrick Thomas McAuliffe.
Sam Lord Ashworth. } Dated 8th December 1918.
Henry George Russell.
Percy Edward Perry.
Aldworth Marnock Walker.
John Saunders. } Dated 10th December 1918.
George Frederick Byles.
Harold Coster Stevens. } Dated 11th December 1918.
William Edwards.
Hugh Abercrombie Childers Saunders. } Dated 14th December 1918.
George Elliott. Dated 15th December 1918.
Robert Treslove Harridence. Dated 16th December 1918.

Godfrey Sutcliffe Marsh. Dated 20th December 1918.
John Syddall.
George Percy Edge. } Dated 22nd December 1918.
Eric Francis Berrill. Dated 23rd December 1918.
George Symon.
William Henry McGrath. } Dated 26th December 1918.
David Alroy Judah.
Leonard Kildin Beckwith.
Louis Walker.
John Samuel Morris. } Dated 28th December 1918.
Harold John Sykes.
John Fenstone. } Dated 29th December 1918.
Frank Bower. Dated 30th December 1918.
Henry Charles Mills. Dated 31st December 1918.

No. 111.—The promotion of Lieutenant Marcus Hamilton Raikes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to the rank of Captain, notified in Army Department Notification No. 2359, dated the 11th October 1918, is antedated to the 10th November 1917.

No. 112.—Captain E. J. A. Hart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Major while employed as Commandant of the Combined Labour and Porter Corps Depôt, Lahore. Dated 13th November 1918.

No. 113.—Second Lieutenant Ernest Higginson Ardagh Travers-Drapes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while employed as Commandant, 110th Labour Corps. Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 114.—Lieutenant E. J. R. Mitchell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as an Assistant Technical Recruiting Officer. Dated 21st October 1918.

No. 115.—Second Lieutenant (temporary Lieutenant) Llewellyn Hector Upshon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while in command of the Secunderabad Labour Corps Depôt, from 5th October 1918 to 6th November 1918, inclusive.

No. 116.—Lieutenant N. H. Cohen, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 9th December 1918.

No. 117.—Second Lieutenant Lionel James Dee, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant while employed as Adjutant, Secunderabad Labour Corps Depôt, from 5th October 1918 to 6th November 1918.

No. 118.—Second Lieutenant Llewellyn Hector Upshon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant while employed as Adjutant, Secunderabad Labour Corps Depôt, with effect from the 30th September 1918.

No. 119.—Second Lieutenant Henry William James Holmes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Lieutenant while employed as Adjutant, 141st Labour Corps. Dated 18th October 1918.

No. 120.—In Army Department Notification No. 3017, dated the 27th December 1918, *for* "William Louis Lindsay Read, V.D." *read* "William Louis Lindsay Reed, V.D."

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

14th Tenasserim Battalion.

No. 121.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Arthur John Sutherland Darwood. Dated 7th September 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 122.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank, are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant J. C. Mellor to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 25th May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) J. C. J. Nicol, promoted with effect from the 10th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. E. R. Moss to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 28th May 1918, *vice* Major (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) W. A. Clayton, vacated with effect from the 13th May 1918.

Lieutenant L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 28th May 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. E. R. Moss, promoted with effect from the 13th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Major) C. E. R. Moss relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 31st May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 16th June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Major) C. E. R. Moss, transferred to Home Establishment with effect from the 1st June 1918.

Lieutenant C. B. Gray to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 16th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., promoted with effect from the 1st June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery and reverts to his acting rank of Captain while second-in-command of a battery. Dated 3rd July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. B. Gray relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 3rd July 1918.

Captain G. O. Furlong to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 19th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., vacated with effect from the 4th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. Mellor relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 2nd August 1918.

Captain (acting Major) G. O. Furlong relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 4th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 19th September 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) G. O. Furlong, vacated with effect from the 4th September 1918.

Lieutenant W. Cunningham, M.C., to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 19th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., promoted with effect from the 4th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery and reverts to his acting rank of Captain while second-in-command of a battery. Dated 6th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Cunningham, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 6th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) J. C. J. Nicol relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery and reverts to his acting rank of Captain while second-in-command of a battery. Dated 22nd October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. T. Umfreville relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 22nd October 1918.

Army Department Notification No. 2555, dated the 1st November 1918, in so far as it relates to Lieutenant L. M. Blomenstok, M.C., is cancelled.

Royal Engineers.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) F. R. S. Gervers relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of an Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer. Dated 30th August 1918.

INFANTRY.

Regular Forces.

The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. E. Kent relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 30th November 1918.

Lieutenant C. S. Agar to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. E. Kent, relinquished acting rank with effect from the 30th November 1918.

Territorial Force.

The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own).

Captain H. D. Cann to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 20th December 1918, *vice* Major W. A. Wills, vacated with effect from the 5th December 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 123.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).

Captain (acting Major) I. Campbell relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 7th November 1918.

Captain J. A. C. May-Somerville to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 22nd November 1918, *vice* Captain I. Campbell, vacated with effect from the 7th November 1918.

8th Rajputs.

Lieutenant F. R. Ommanney, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. E. Hicks relinquishes his acting rank with effect from the 20th September 1918.

Lieutenant C. P. B. Sawyer, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. R. Ommanney relinquishes his acting rank with effect from the 16th November 1918.

30th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) K. O. Carleton, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th September 1918.

33rd Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. C. Jackson, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant J. P. Richmond, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant N. C. Jackson, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

Captain (acting Major) G. Broughton to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 25th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. Fraser, vacated with effect from the 10th November 1918

Lieutenant W. H. Stevenson, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. T. Pender, vacated with effect from the 10th November 1918.

66th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. J. Horner, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 5th November 1918.

Lieutenant C. W. Tatham, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. H. Cameron, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th October 1918.

67th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. R. D. Torrance, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 15th November 1918.

68th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Major) W. J. Horner, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, reverts to acting Captain on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion and while commanding a company. Dated 1st December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. H. Cameron relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 1st December 1918.

130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Captain (acting Major) G. A. Pim relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 16th December 1918.

9th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. S. Gribble, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant D. S. Gribble, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th September 1918, *vice* Captain H. R. Harington, vacated with effect from the 9th September 1918.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant H. G. Dennehy, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 23rd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. L. Evans, relinquishes his acting rank with effect from the 8th December 1918.

105th Labour Corps.

Lieutenant H. J. C. Turner, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a Labour Corps, with effect from the 5th September 1918.

Mechanical Transport.

Lieutenant D. F. Bartlett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while holding an appointment as Workshop Officer. Dated 13th December 1917.

Lieutenant D. F. Bartlett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to hold an appointment as Workshop Officer. Dated 20th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. E. Dobson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while holding an appointment as Workshop Officer. Dated 13th December 1917.

Lieutenant J. W. Messenger, Army Service Corps, to be acting Captain while holding an appointment as Workshop Officer. Dated 14th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. E. Dobson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, appointed to command a company with effect from the 30th May 1918.

Lieutenant S. M. Thompson, Army Service Corps, to be acting Captain while holding an appointment as Workshop Officer. Dated 13th December 1917.

No. 124.—Army Department Notification No. 2885, dated the 14th December 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of the acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant J. A. B. Garle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 17th Cavalry, is cancelled.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 125.—The undermentioned officer is appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the date specified :—

Second Lieutenant Harold Alfred Daws, The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment), attached 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

No. 126.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Lieutenants.

Captain George Geoffrey Harris, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), attached 106th Hazara Pioneers. Dated 20th November 1918, but to rank from the 15th May 1916.

Lieutenant Edward Melville Forbes-Taylor, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment), attached 84th Punjabis. Dated 1st March 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1916.

Captain James Moffatt, The Devonshire Regiment (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 10th July 1916.

Lieutenant Bruce William Seymour Stiles Baily, The Welsh Regiment, attached 61st King George's Own Pioneers. Dated 2nd November 1918, but to rank from the 24th July 1916.

Lieutenant Charles Newell Price, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 10th September 1916.

Lieutenant Richard Cecil Hewat Riddel, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 11th September 1916.

Second Lieutenant Ralph Jeanrenand Smith, Army Cyclist Corps, attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 2nd November 1918, but to rank from the 23rd November 1916.

Lieutenant Paul William Suys, Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers), attached 19th Punjabis. Dated 27th November 1918, but to rank from the 29th January 1917.

Lieutenant Robert Norman Cox, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 32nd Lancers. Dated 27th November 1918, but to rank from the 5th February 1917.

Sub-Lieutenant Charles Primrose Cochrane, Royal Naval Division, attached 28th Light Cavalry. Dated 23rd October 1918, but to rank from the 12th May 1917.

Lieutenant Leslie Frank Ewers, Machine Gun Corps, attached 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 14th October 1918, but to rank from the 13th May 1917.

Lieutenant Cyril Godfrey Shepherd, The East Lancashire Regiment, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 5th December 1918, but to rank from the 18th June 1917.

Lieutenant Robert Oldfield Fitzroy Martyn, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 18th October 1918, but to rank from the 21st June 1917.

Second Lieutenant Ian McIntyre Christie, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 75th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 26th November 1918, but to rank from the 16th September 1917.

Captain Eric Walter Hamilton Hamilton, The Devonshire Regiment, attached 19th Punjabis. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 11th April 1918.

Second Lieutenant Gilbert, The Lawson Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 11th Rajputs. Dated 2nd December 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant John Cosmo Ross, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 8th November 1918, but to rank from the 28th December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Albert John Eastwick, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers. Dated 3rd December 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 127.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, with effect from the dates specified :—

Girija Sankar Chatarji.	Dated 23rd September 1918.
Sorab Dinshawji Anklesaria.	Dated 1st November 1918.
Hem Chandra Barua.	Dated 25th November 1918.
Surendra Nath Chowdhury.	Dated 1st December 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 128.—In Army Department Notification No. 1037, dated the 22nd October 1915, so far as it relates to Second Lieutenant Marcus Hamilton Raikes, *for* "Second Lieutenant" *substitute* "Lieutenant, to rank from the 10th November 1914."

No. 129.—The undermentioned are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenants.

George Edward Charlton. Horace Parkhouse.	} Dated 20th November 1918.
Charles Tresidder Rogers.	Dated 6th December 1918.

Cecil Charles Swayne. Dated 13th December 1918.
Cecil Axford Boumphrey. Dated 30th December 1918.

No. 130.—The date of appointment of Frederick Wernham Gerrard as Second Lieutenant is 15th January 1915 and not as notified in Army Department Notification No. 355, dated the 16th April 1915 as amended by Army Department Notification No. 581, dated the 18th June 1915.

No. 131.—Army Department Notification No. 2621, dated the 8th November 1918, in so far as it relates to Frederick James Stanes is cancelled.

No. 132.—The undermentioned officer is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified :—

To be temporary Captain.

Dated 6th January 1919.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Heber Murdock Hill, Ordnance Department, General List.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

9th Mussoorie Battalion.

No. 133.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

James Henry Elias Beer, C.I.E., V.D. Dated 1st April 1917.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 134.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of temporary Lieutenant Jnanendranath Chatterjee, Indian Medical Service, are dispensed with on account of medical unfitness; with effect from the 18th December 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 135.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary Captain Vinayak Balvant Gokhale, Indian Medical Service, is permitted to resign his commission with effect from the 3rd January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 136.—Charles Henry Walpole Phillips, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 31st December 1918.

No. 137.—Lieutenant Velters Cornwallo Fitzhardinge Berkeley is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to relinquish his commission on account of ill-health, with effect from the 17th January 1919.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 138.—Major A. C. Ogg, D.S.O., O.B.E., 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs, is appointed an Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department, sub. *pro tempore, vice* Major G. D. Ogilvie, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the forenoon of the 14th January 1919.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 139.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel H. de V. Harvest, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the cantonment magistracy of Deolali.

No. 140.—The services of Major O. C. Molony, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the cantonment magistracy of Quetta.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 141.—The following temporary appointments are made :—

Labour Corps Depôt, Assam.

Jemadar Gunaram Meoh (Assam Military Police) to be temporary Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Dadar.

Khuda Bakhsh (late Risaldar-Major, Alwar Imperial Service Lancers) to be temporary Subadar.

No. 142.—The following promotions are made :—

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Ressaidar Krishna Chandra Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Risaldar, with effect from the 9th April 1918; Ressaidar Imdad Khan to be Risaldar and Jemadar Abdul Wahid Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd June 1918; Jemadar Raj Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 28th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Kot-Dafadar Indar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Jemadar Gulab Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 3rd June 1918; Jemadar Natha Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 17th June 1918; Kot Dafadars Afzal Ali and Ram Charan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 9th April 1918; Kot-Dafadar Mehu Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th April 1918; Dafadar Daryad Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th April 1918; Dafadar Naubat Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd June 1918; Dafadar Jai Lal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Rayyapan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Brahmans.

Havildar Jasodanandan Tewari to be Jemadar with effect from the 30th October 1918; Havildar Ramadhar Pande (1st Brahmans) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).

Jemadar Shankar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 21st October 1918; Jemadar Shiunath Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 4th November 1918; Havildar Chandan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd November 1918; Havildar Putta Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

30th Punjabis.

Jemadar Tota Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 18th August 1916; Jemadar Chet Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th October 1916; to complete the establishment.

36th Sikhs.

Jemadar Kartar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918; Jemadar Jodh Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 27th September 1918; Havildar Harnam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918; Havildar Ram Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th September 1918; Havildars Waryam Singh, Narain Singh and Munshi to be Jemadars, with effect from the 3rd November 1918; to complete the establishment.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lance Dafadar Ghulam Nabi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th October 1918, to complete the establishment.

97th Deccan Infantry.

Jemadar Ajodhya Bakhsh Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; Jemadars Jhonda and Suinaik Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918; Colour-Havildar Shera to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th September 1918; Havildar Jagesar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

153rd Punjabis.

Jemadar Lahir Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Lucknow.

Colour-Havildar Karam Dad (33rd Punjabis) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

No. 143.—The promotions of Ressaidar Muhammad Islam and Jemadar Mehar Singh, as published in Army Department Notification No. 2578, dated the 1st November 1918, should have effect from the 10th May 1918; and not as stated therein.

22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force).

No. 144.—The promotions of Jemadars Amrik Singh and Abdullah Khan, as published in Army Department Notification No. 2578, dated the 1st November 1918, should have effect from the 8th September 1918 and 24th September 1918, respectively, and not as stated therein.

3rd Brahmans

No. 145.—The promotions of Jemadars Surajpal Dube, Paramsukh Misr, Patandin Sukul, Parmeshwardin Misr and Ramdas Pathak, as published in Army Department Notifications No. 976, dated the 10th May 1918, and No. 1748, dated the 2nd August 1918, are antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 1st January 1918.

26th Punjabis.

No. 146.—In Army Department Notification No. 3948, dated the 27th December 1918, *delete* the name of Havildar Budha Khan.

103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

No. 147.—Army Department Notification No. 1869, dated the 16th August 1918, is hereby cancelled.

140th Patiala Infantry.

No. 148.—The promotions of Jemadars Ali Muhammad, Fateh Khan and Jot Ram as published in Army Department Notification No. 2914, dated the 13th December 1918, should have effect from the 2nd July 1918, and not as stated therein.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

54th Silladar Camel Corps.

No. 149.—Medhi Khan, Farrier-Major, Depôt 18th King George's Own Lancers, to be Ressaidar, to complete the establishment; with effect from 13th November 1918.

No. 3 Company, 14th Divisional Train.

No. 150.—Peshawar 2094 Kot-Dafadar Badar Din, 1st Mule Corps, to be Jemadar, to complete the establishment; with effect from 23rd August 1918.

PROMOTIONS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—GENERAL LIST.

No. 151.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 104 of 1918, the undermentioned Staff-Serjeants are promoted Sub-Conductors with effect from the 1st January 1919:—

Staff-Serjeant Henry Chapman Jenkins.

Staff-Serjeant Arthur John Pepper.

Staff-Serjeant Frederick Walter Arnold.
Staff-Serjeant Frank Cossey.
Staff-Serjeant George Stone.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 152.—The services of 3rd class Assistant Surgeon Anthony Leo Gonsalves are dispensed with on account of medical unfitness, with effect from the 19th November 1918.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 153.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 2580, dated the 1st November 1918, Lieutenant-Colonel P. N. Leslie, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, has been granted by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate to the 4th April 1919.

FARMS.

No. 154.—Mr William Smith, Assistant Director, Dairy Farms, Southern Circle, is granted combined leave out of India for six months, the first three months being privilege leave and the remainder furlough ; with effect from the date of handing over charge of his duties.

No. 155.—Mr. F. W. L. Devine, Registrar, Office of the Military Secretary to the Viceroy, is granted privilege leave for two months and six days with effect from the 25th November 1918.

Mr. W. H. P. de la Hey, 1st Assistant, is appointed to officiate as Registrar, during the absence on leave of Mr. F. W. L. Devine.

JUDICIAL.

No. 156.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910) is published as required by section 25, sub-section (1) of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor-General in Council on or after the 17th February 1919.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received with respect to the draft before that date will be considered by the Governor-General in Council:—

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Cantonment Code, 1912, namely :—

(*i*) In the explanation to sub-section (1) of section 264 of the said Code, for the words "Form A in Schedule VI shall be applicable to leases of land applied for by a railway company, or for the purpose of erecting a hospital, school or other public building," the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"Form A in Schedule VI shall be applicable to leases of land applied for by a railway company, or for the purpose of erecting any building which in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority will be for the public benefit."

(*ii*) In Schedule VI of the said Code for the heading of Form A the following heading shall be substituted, namely :—

(*Form of lease to be executed in case of land applied for by a Railway Company, or for the purpose of erecting any building which in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority will be for the public benefit.*)

No. 157.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
Second Lieutenant W. G. Quigley.	Indian Army .	Subathu .	2nd November 1918.	Intestate.	Rs. A. P. 80 0 4	Secretary to the Government of India, Army, Department.

REWARDS.

No. 158.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following rewards for acts of gallantry or devotion to duty in the field:—

Admission to the 2nd class of the Order of British India with the title of "Bahadur."

Subadar Ghulam Unis, Infantry.
Risaldar-Major Chanda Singh, Mounted Rifles.
These appointments are supernumerary to the authorised establishment.

Awarded Indian Order of Merit, 2nd class.

Subadar Hari Singh, Infantry.
Risaldar Gulzar Singh, I.D.S.M., Mounted Rifles.

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

No. 36 Havildar Habib Khan, Mountain Battery.
No. 2664 Lance-Naik Partab Singh, Infantry.
No. 3739 Sepoy Dhana Singh, Infantry.
No. 2439 Havildar-Major Gulab Singh, Infantry.
No. 2480 Havildar Musaddi-Singh, Infantry.
No. 2513 Naik Bharat Singh, Infantry.
No. 1113 Lance Naik Haidar, Infantry.
No. 193 Havildar Muhammad Karim, Infantry.
Subadar Sallah Muhammad, Infantry.
No. 4239 Havildar Fateh Muhammad, Infantry.
No. 1669 Lance-Naik Rahim Ali, Infantry.
No. 323 Sepoy Kasim Khan, Infantry.
No. 303 Dafadar Shaikh Sundar, Mounted Rifles.
No. 302 Dafadar Mohar Singh, Mounted Rifles.
No. 24 Dafadar Ralla Singh, Mounted Rifles.
No. 68 Sowar Uttam Singh, I.O.M., Mounted Rifles.
1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Muhammad Hussain, Indian Medical Department.
3rd grade Civil Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bhola Ram, Indian Medical Department.
Veterinary Assistant Abdul Wahab, Indian Veterinary Department.

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Eastern Bengal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 159.—Major Colin James Mackay, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 160.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

Sixth Supplement, dated the 21st October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th October 1918, pages 12453, 12456, 12457, 12458 and 12459.

War Office,
21st October, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Capts.:—

* * * * *

Lt. N. M. George, Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst empld. with A. S. C. 16th June 1918.

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Lt. H. R. Bulley, R.F.A., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 31st Jan. 1917.

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2nd Lt. G. H. O. Maunder, R F.A., Spec. Res, is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off., in the rank of Lt. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 21st July 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFFS.

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The undermentioned appts. are made:—

GENERAL STAFF.

G.S.O., 2nd Grade.—Captain M. Saunders, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind. Army, from a G.S.O., 3rd Grade, and to be temp Maj. whilst so empld. 21st Apr. 1918.

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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The undermentioned relinquish their appts.:—

Maj. L. E. Dening, Ind. Cav. 23rd May 1918.

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Cl. G.G.—Lt. L. Barlow, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from 30th Aug. to 7th Dec. 1917.

Lt. L. Barlow, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from 1st Feb. to 4th May 1918.

Lt. A. V. Nash, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. (with pay and allces. as Lt.) whilst so empld., *vice* Lt. R. B. Ramsbotham, Ind Army Res. of Off., from 10th Sept. to 6th Oct. 1917.

Lt. A. C. Sayres, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt (with pay and allces. as Lt.) whilst so empld., *vice* Lt. A. V. Nash, Ind Army Res. of Off., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt. 7th Oct. 1917.

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Lt. R. H. Nicholas, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 3rd Mar. 1917.

Lt. H. Thorne, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 19th Oct. 1916.

Lt. T H. Child Ind Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. (with pay and allces. as Lt) whilst so empld., *vice* Lt. P. C. Sanderson, Ind. Army Res. of Off., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt. 30th May 1918.

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Cl. H. H.—

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And to be temp. Lts. whilst so empld. :—

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2nd Lt. E. H. O'Hara, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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Cl. II.—1st June 1918.

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2nd Lt. E. F. Brayham, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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2nd Lt. L. K. Beckwith, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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2nd Lt. J. E. C. Hedges, Ind. Army Res. of Off.
2nd Lt. E. N. Crewe, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

2nd June 1918.

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Lt. D. E. Augier, Ind. Army Res. of Off.
Lt.-Col. D. C. Phillott, ret. pay, Ind. Army. 1st July 1918.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

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Staff Capts.—2nd Lt. (temp. Capt.) G. H. Allen, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld., *vice* Capt. R. D. Jebb, R. Suss. R., T.F. 11th Aug. 1918.

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

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Dep. Dirs. of Irrigation (*Cl. T.*).—And to be temp. Cols. whilst so empld. :—

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Lt. (temp. Lt.-Col.) P. L. Bowers, M.C., Ind. Army Res. of Off., from Cl. X. 17th May 1918.

Asst. Dir. of Irrigation (*Cl. X*).—Lt. (temp. Capt.) D. R. H. Browne, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from Cl. BB, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 17th May 1918.

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Dept. Asst. Dir. of Trans.—Maj. R. C. Clarke, M C., S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. G. V. Comyn. M C., S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army. 1st June 1918.

Dep. Asst. Dir. of Local Resources (*Cl. BB.*)—Maj. J. L. Murphy, Inf., Ind. Army, from 30th Aug. to 9th Sept. 1917.

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Dep. Dir. of Labour.—Lt. G. F. Elliott, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and temp. rank of Capt. 1st June 1918.

Asst. Dir. of Labour.—Lt. H. W. Morgan, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and temp. rank of Capt. 2nd June 1918.

Asst. Dir. of Grass Farms (Cl. BB.).—Maj. A. S. Kirkwood, S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army. 11th Feb. 1918.

Grass Farms Officer (Cl. FF.).—Capt. C. M. Smith, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from 11th Feb. to 10th Apr. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Capt. E. D. D. Smith, Punjabis, Ind. Army, to be temp. Maj. whilst empld. as an Asst. Comdt. (Indian Wing) of a Sch. of Instrn. 28th June 1918.

Capt. R. N. B. Campbell, Pnrs., Ind. Army, to be Chief Inf. Instr. at a Sch. of Instrn. (Ind. Wing). 10th Apr. 1918.

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Lt. C. E. Fieldsend, M.C., Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Capt. (with pay and allces. as Lt.) whilst empld. as an Adjt. and Qr.-Mr. of a Sch. of Instrn., *vice* Cap. L. A. Stuart, Rif., Ind. Army. 17th July 1918.

Lt. P. C. Sanderson, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and the actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to be empld. as an Adj. and Qr.-Mr. of a Convalescent Depôt. 30th May 1918.

Lt. W. Davies, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to be empld. as an Adjt. of a Depôt. 1st June 1918.

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Seventh Supplement, dated the 22nd October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th October 1918, pages 12471 and 12478.

War Office,
22nd October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

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A. G.'s AND Q. M. G.'s STAFF.

D. A. A. G.—Maj. D. S. Niven, Ind. Cav., *vice* Maj. H. E. P. Pateshall, D.S.O., Hereford. R., T. F. 4th Aug. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. S. N. Openshaw, from a Serv. Bn., Lan. Fus., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 6 Jan. 1917.

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Supplement, dated the 23rd October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 22nd October 1918, pages 12551, 12553, 12554, 12557, 12558 and 12559.

War Office,
23rd October, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. (temp. Capt.) G. A. Quayle, Leic. R., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.) in the rank of Capt. 27th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 4th Sept. 1916.

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The date of the appt. to Ind. Army (on prob.) of temp. Lt. W. F. Reid, Gen. List, is 11th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 22nd Feb. 1917.

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2nd Lt. A. S. Clarkson, High. L. I., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 30th Jan. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

Service Battalions.

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Hamps. R.

Temp. Maj. A. W. Puttick, M.C. (Lt., Ind. Vols.), to be actg. Lt.-Col. while comdg. a Bn. 19 Sept. 1918.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

Temp. Lt. S. K. Furney, M.C., from R. Muns. Fus. (attd.). 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 3 Sept. 1916.

Temp. Lt. E. L. Davies, from a Serv. Bn., R. W. Fus. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 30 Jan. 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. P. Murray, from R. Berks. R. (attd.). 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 23 Aug. 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on apptt. as probrs. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

D. Dunn, from a Serv. Bn., Arg. & Suth'd Highrs. 28 Mar. 1917.

A. C. Brannon, from Hamps. R. (attd.). 27 June 1917.

C. A. Sale, from R. Fus. (attd.). 15 July 1917.

F. E. B. Norman, from a Serv. Bn., R. Fus. 1 Aug. 1917.

W. J. Ballantyne, from M. G. C. 26 Aug. 1917.

C. W. Hebron, from a Serv. Bn., K. R. Rif. C. 29 Aug. 1917.

E. H. Rahles-Rahbula, M.C., from M. G. C. 26 Sept. 1917.

G. O'B. Hourihane, from a Res. Bn, R. Ir. Fus. 31 Oct. 1917.

A. D. Miller, from a Serv. Bn., Bord. R. 28 Nov. 1917.

J. W. K. Kirwan, from R. Dub. Fus. (attd.). 30 Jan. 1918.

G. Paisley, from Wilts. R. (attd.). 1 May 1918.

A. R. Ellis, from Glouc. R. (attd.). 29 May 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. S. Watson, from R. Lanc. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt., on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 24th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 22nd October 1918, pages 12565, 12567, 12568, 12569, 12570, 12571 and 12572.

War Office,
24th October, 1918.

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ARMY MEDICAL SERVICE.

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R. A. M. C.—Maj. D. G. Marshall (Ind. Med. Serv., ret.) to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst specially empld. 10th Oct. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Lt. S. P. Stanley, from W. York. R., to be temp. Lt. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 12th Oct. 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned appts. are made:—

GENERAL STAFF.

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G. S. Os., 2nd Grade.—Lt. (temp. Capt.) E. F. Batten, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from the 3rd Grade, and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld. 25th June 1918.

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Dep. Asst. Dirs. of Inl. Water Transpt. (*Cl. BB*).—And to be temp. Majors whilst so empld.:—

1st Apr. 1918.

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Capt. C. T. Graham, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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HD.-QRS. FOR EMBARKATION DUTIES.

Asst. Mil. Landing Officers (*Cl. FF.*).—The undermentioned relinquish their appts.:—

1st Apr. 1918.

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Capt. C. T. Graham, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. B. F. Dodd, from a Serv. Bn., E. Surr. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 14 May 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. J. H. Whelton, from M. G. C., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 16 Aug. 1918, with seniority 26 May 1917.

Temp. Lt. E. A. Nicholson, from Durh. L. I. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 8 Novr. 1916.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 25th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 22nd October 1918, pages 12577, 12578, 12583, 12584, 12585, 12587 and 12588.

War Office,
25th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. HH.—Lt. W. C. Barnes, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 1st Apr. 1918.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

Brig. Comdr.—Bt. Col. A. G. Pritchard, C.M.G., Ind. Army, relinquishes the temp. rank of Brig.-Gen. on ceasing to comd. a Brig. 30th Aug. 1918.

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CAVALRY.

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Res. Regts of Cav.—Temp. 2nd Lt. W. Turnbull is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 10th May 1918.

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ARMY ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned to be temp. Majors, with pay and allowances as Commys. of Ord. and extra duty pay under Article 428, R. Warrant for Pay and Promotion, whilst specially empld. 1st Aug. 1918 :—

Commys. of Ord. and Majors—

* * * * * *

H. R. Arthur, ret., Ind. Army Dept.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned Lt-Cols., Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gens. whilst in charge of administration of a Divl. Area in India :—

R. C. W. Lukin, D.S.O. 25th Sept. 1918.

H. W. Jackson, D.S.O. 30th Sept. 1918.

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The undermentioned Lts., Spec. Res., are apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.) :—

J. Laurie, R. Sco. Fus. 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 24th Dec. 1916.

E. A. M. Cleveland, M.C., L'pool R. 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 21st Mar. 1917.

W. S. McHardy, Sco. Bord. 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 26th June 1918.

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The undermentioned 2nd Lts. are apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918 :—

H. A. Pattullo, M.C., R. Scots, with seniority from 30th May 1917.

W. Allen, Midd'x R., with seniority from 4th Jan. 1918.

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The undermentioned Cadets to be temp. 2nd Lts., Gen. List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) :—

Francis Campbell Mason. 11th Sept. 1918.

25th September 1918.

Fred Fryer.
John Greally.
William Henry Jones.
Michael Francis McCaughey.
Richard Benjamin Metchette.
Francis James Murphy.
Joseph Quinn.
Robert Neil Savage.
Arthur Proctor Smith.
James Bernard Lowry Freeley.
Albert Maurice Humby.
Terence Patrick O'Brien.
Charles Archibald Williams.
Charles Owen Butler.
Arthur Frederick Dunnett.
Alexander Duncan Hedstrom.
David William Morris Jenkins.
Lionel Ralph Mitchell.
Richard Pawsey.
Alfred Maurice Phillips.
Allan Stuart Roberts.
Kenneth Heaton Vernon.
Henry Berry.
John Edward Burrows.
William Greenwood.
Ernest James Peter Hales.
Reginald John Heritage.
John Michael Jones.
Albert Edward White.
George Edward Machin.
Joseph Burrows Partington.
Benjamin Rosser.
Robert Sheldon.
John Galloway Small.
Victor Lonsdale Barclay.
Reginald James Daw.
Edgar Austin Hardman.
Eric Pearl Hyem.
Walter Frederick King.
George Andrew Liddiard, M.M.
Harold Marsh Martin.
Walter Brian Rowe.
Wilfred Wales.
Henry Frederick Andrews.
John Bertram Hampshire Buck.
Harry William Scott.
Percy Francis Aubrey Thomas.
William Haughton Ashworth.
Francis Albert Barker.
Richard Noel Battye.
Frederick Richard Beavan.
Arthur Blakebrough.
William James Carter.
John Slater.

9th October 1918.

Robert Alexander.
Alfred John Blunt.
John George Macleod.
Herbert Morgan.
Thomas Murdoch Percival.
David Smith Peters Macintyre.
Charles Ernest Richards.
George William Farrer Brown.
Edward Ogilvy Bryant.
James Barclay Calder.
Arthur Corrigall.
James Allan Donaldson.
Edward Flewitt.
George Harding.
George Henry Oliver.
James Edward Thomas.
Thomas Gray Wardrop.
George Conditt Parkman Greenan.
Guy Featherstone Griffin.
Christopher Charles Fyson.
William Thomas Burke.
Joseph Chatterton.
Aaron Coppock.
Alfred Denman.
Isaiah Dixon.
Donald Sutherland Fainges.
John Emrys Jones.
William Kelly.
Frederick Thomas Price.
Erdmann Doane Beynon.
Charles Herbert Austwick Wills.
Percy Douglas Baynes.
Sydney George Betts.
Gerald Roe Crone.
Piers Cuthbert Reginald Legh.
Malcolm Chester Stiles.
Charles Arthur Cowperthwaite.
Leonard Norman Duchesne.

Herbert Hetherington.
George Henry Hickman.
Ellis Newsome.
Alfred Henry Phillips.
Arthur Edward Purchase.
Robert Gerald Hunter Tait.
Allan Linnell Taylor.
Frank Everitt Thomas.
Norman Vallance Thomson.
Frederick William Wetherall.
Robert Lloyd Wynne.
James Parkyn.

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GENERAL LIST.

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Temp. Lt. A. H. Baker, from a Serv. Bn., Midd'x R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 16 Aug. 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. R. F. R. Higgins, from M. G. C. (Inf.) to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 27 Oct. 1917.

The undermentioned temp. Sub-Lts., from R. N. V. R., to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

R. F. Williams. 9 Oct. 1916.
N. R. Boyd. 29 Oct. 1916.
W. J. W. Sanday. 30 May 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 26th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 25th October 1918, pages 12659, 12661, 12662 and 12664.

War Office,
26th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. GG.—Lt.-Col. A. G. B. Lang, ret. pay, Ind. Army. 10th Oct. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Capt. H. U. S. Nisbet, R. W. Kent R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 15th Augt. 1918.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918 :—

C. G. Snook, from Lan. Fus., with seniority from 26th Apr. 1917.
K. T. Stephens, M.C., from Worc. R., with seniority from 26th June 1917.
A. R. G. Fisher, from Hamps. R., with seniority from 27th June 1917.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

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Temp. Lt. T. E. Amos, from S. Lan. R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority 6 May 1916.

Temp. 2nd Lt. A. Sniders, from E. Kent R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority 27 Feb. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 28th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 25th October 1918, pages 12673, 12674, 12675, 12676 and 12677.

War Office,
28th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

Service Battalions.

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Durh. L.I.

Lt.-Col. R. E. Cheyne (Ind. Army) vacates the comd. of a Bn. 9 Oct. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. R. A. F. Naye, from R. Innis. Fus. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 11 Aug. 1917.

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TERRITORIAL FORCE.

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ROYAL HORSE AND ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

Lt.-Col. C. C. Leveson-Gower, C.M.G. (Maj. ret., Indian Army) (T. F. Reserve), to be Hon. Col. 15th Sept. 1918.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 29th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 25th October 1918, pages 12681, 12683, 12684, 12685, 12686, 12689 and 12690.

War Office,
29th October; 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. W. R. W. Weallens, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, to be temp. Capt. whilst specially empld. 5th Sept. 1918.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. V. G. S. Oldacre, from Leic. R., to be temp. Lt. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 6th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 22nd Nov. 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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GENERAL STAFF.

G.S.Os., 1st Grade.—Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) J. C. M. Hoskyn, Inf., Ind. Army, from an A. A. and Q.M.G., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 2nd June 1918.

2nd Grade.—Maj. A. S. Hay, Ind. Cav., from a Staff Officer (Cl. CC), *vice* Maj. L. C. Wagstaff, C.I.E., Rajputs, Ind. Army. 21st June 1918.

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A. G.'s AND Q.M.G.'s STAFF.

A.Q.M.G.—Maj. H. C. Duncan, D.S.O., Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 11th Jan. 1918.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. FF.—Lt D. R. S. Bourke, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld., *vice* temp. Lt. (temp. Maj.) A. W. Johnson, A.S.C. 10th May 1918.

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Cl. GG.—21st Apr. 1918.

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Lt. S. F. Criper, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be actg. Capt. (without increased emoluments) whilst so empld.

Lt. A. U. M. Spottiswoode, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

Lt. A. G. Noble, Ind Army Res. of Off.

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2nd Lt. F. Provis, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be actg. Capt (without increased emoluments) whilst so empld., *vice* Lt. R. M. Thompson, Ind. Army Res. of Off., who relinquishes the temp rank of Capt. 23rd May 1918.

Lt. E. J. L. Morgan, Ind. Army Res. of Off. *vice* Lt. (temp. Capt.) W. H. Outlaw, Dorset. R., T. F. 28th May 1918.

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Lt. H. W. Morgan, Ind Army Res. of Off. *vice* temp. Lt. C. J. Taylor, Yorks. L. I. 7th June 1918.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR UNITS.

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Staff Capts.—Lt. (temp. Capt.) H. C. Stork, Ind. Army Res. of Off, and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 11th Jan. 1918.

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Admin. Comdt. (*Cl. S.*).—Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) H. E. C. B. Nepean, C.M.G., Ind. Army, from Base Comdt. (Cl. X), and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 11th June 1918.

Admin. Comdts. (*Cl. X.*).—Lt.-Col. R. F. C. Gordon, C.I.E., Ind. Army. 11 June 1918.

Col. E. B. Lang, Ind. Army. 6th June 1918.

Comdts. (*Cl. BB.*).—21st Apl. 1918.

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Capt. G. M. P. Ives, M.C., Ind Army Res. of Off.

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Asst. Dir. of S. & T.—Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) E. H. Lancaster, S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army, and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld., *vice* Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) J. E. Hext, S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army. 12th June 1918.

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Dir. of Labour (*Cl. S.*).—Bt. Maj. (temp. Col.) F. D. Frost, M.C., S. and T. Corps, Ind Army, and to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst so empld. 13th June 1918.

Dep. Dir. of Labour (*Cl. T.*).—Capt. (temp. Maj.) R. E. Alderman, C.I.E., Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Col. whilst so empld. 13th June 1918.

Asst. Dir. of Labour (*Cl. X.*) —Lt. (temp. Capt.) F. F. Mackay, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 13th June 1918.

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Dep. Asst. Dirs. of Labour (*Cl. BB*).

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And to be temp. Majs. whilst so empld. 13th June 1918 :—

Capt. E. C. M. Garrett, Labour Corps, Ind. Army.

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HD.-QRS. FOR EMBARKATION DUTIES.

Embark. Staff Officer (*Cl. BB*).—Maj. W. C. Hutcheson, Brahmans, Ind. Army, from a D.A.Q.M.G., *vice* Lt. T. B. McGuire, Ind. Army Res. of Off., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt. 17th June 1918.

Asst. Embark. Staff Officers (*Cl. FF*).—Lt. (temp. Capt.) F. W. Wilson, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 15th June 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Lt.-Col. A. S. Capper, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., to be temp. Col. whilst empld. as Admin. Commdt. (Cl. X). 24th June 1918.

The undermentioned to be temp. Majors :—

Capt. R. B. Spence, Inf., Ind Army, whilst empld. as D.A.A. and Q.M.G. 25th Feb. 1916.

Whilst empld. as D. A. A. Gs.—25th Feb. 1918 :—

Capt. D. O. W. Lamb, Ind. Cav.

Commy. and Hon. Maj. (temp. Capt.) T. A. Duff, Ind. Misc. List.

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Capt. P. W. Mabbett, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Lt. (temp. Capt.) R. K. Yeld, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Capt. H. M. M. Hackett, M.C., Gurkha R., Ind. Army.

Whilst empld. as D. A. Q. M. Gs.—25th Feb. 1918 :—

Lt. (temp. Capt.) H. J. Lloyd-Evans, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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Capt. E. J. Ross, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

Capt. J. C. H. Holliday, Inf., Ind. Army.

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Whilst empld. as G. S. Os., 2nd Grade—25th Feb. 1918 :—

Capt. W. Leith-Ross, M.C., Rif., Ind. Army.

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Labour Corps.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. A Thomson (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) is apptd. to the Corps (with seniority 28 May 1917) and to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 3 July 1917.

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General List.

Temp. Maj. J. E. MacPherson, from R. Scots (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 31 May 1916.

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London Gazette, dated the 29th October 1918, pages 12706, 12709 and 12711.

Air Ministry,
29th October, 1918.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

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ADMINISTRATIVE BRANCH.

* * * * *

The undermentioned relinquish their commns. on ceasing to be empld. :—

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14th Oct. 1918.

Maj. S. Hutcheson (Maj., Ind. Army).

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 17th January 1919.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 10.—The following extracts are published for information :—

Second Supplement, dated the 10th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th October 1918, pages 11935 and 11937.

War Office,
10th October, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned temp. Capts. relinquish their commns, and are granted the hon. rank of Capt. :—

On appt. to R. Ind. Mar. :—

A. D. Storey. 21st June 1918.

A. L Mitchell. 22nd June 1918.

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The undermentioned temp. Lts. relinquish their commns. on appt. to R. Ind Mar., and are granted the hon. rank of Lt. :—

J. L. Williams. 22nd June 1918.

24th June 1918.

B. Jordan.

R. B. Paynter.

A. S. Ross.

W. T. Smiles. 26th June 1918.

Seventh Supplement, dated the 22nd October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th October 1918, pages 12471 and 12474.

War Office,
22nd October, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. E. C. Withers, C.I.E., R. Ind. Marine, relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt. on ceasing to be empld. as an Asst. Prov.-Marshal. 21st September 1918.

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RESIGNATIONS.

No. 11.—Temporary Lieutenant C. L. McConney, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 20th December 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 11th January 1919.

No. 39-P.-16.—In supersession of Notification No 39-P.-16, dated the 21st December 1918, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Eastern Bengal Railway for a chord line of railway on the metre gauge from Parbatipur to Bonarpara, a distance of about 60 miles.

2. This survey will be known as the Parbatipur-Bonarpara chord railway survey.

Delhi, the 13th January 1919.

No. 1733-E.—18.—Captain A. C. Vining, R.E., Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, is, on return from employment under the Army Department, transferred from the Eastern Bengal Railway to the North Western Railway.

No. 1967-E.—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1967-3-E.—18, dated the 24th December 1918, Mr. H. Lawton, Assistant Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Agent of the Railway until further orders.

The 16th January 1919

No. 1101-E.—18.—In Railway Board's Notification No. 1101-E.-18, dated the 8th November 1918, *for* Goss, G. S. *read* Goss, J. S.

The 17th January 1919.

No. 198-E.—19.—Mr. A. E. S. Fletcher, Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways (on military duty) held the rank of Officiating District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent in class II (Supernumerary) of that Establishment, from the 8th to the 31st October 1918 during the absence of Mr. J. S. Mahony, Officiating District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, on privilege leave.

No. 198-E.-2—19.—Mr. H. M. Walker, Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, officiated as a District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent in class II of that Establishment, from the 8th to the 31st October 1918 during the absence of Mr. J. S. Mahony, Officiating District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, on privilege leave.

No. 198-E.-3—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 198-E.-2—19, dated the 17th January 1919, Mr. T. Brennan, Senior Carriage and Wagon Inspector, North Western Railway, from the 8th to the 31st October 1918, officiated as an Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent of that Railway.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 13th January 1919.

No. E.-985.—Mr. J. Kemp, a Head Examiner in the Army Clothing Department, is appointed Assistant Inspector of Clothing, Jullundur Circle, with effect from the 21st December 1918.

The 15th January 1919.

No. E.-600.—The services of Mr. R. A. Cochrane, Deputy Controller (Tanning Materials), Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Burma with effect from the 15th December 1918.

No. E.-843(1).—Captain W. S. Penn, R.G.A., was employed on special duty at the Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore, from the 17th October to the 20th December 1918, both days inclusive.

No. E.-843(2).—The services of Captain W. S. Penn, R.G.A., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief with effect from the 21st December 1918.

The 16th January 1919.

No. E-165.—The services of Mr. F. G. Edwards, Assistant Controller (Timber Supplies), Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Burma with effect from the 4th January 1919.

The 17th January 1919.

No. E.-868.—Mr. A. H. Hull is appointed Engineering Manager at the Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore, substantive *pro tempore*, with effect from the 6th January 1919.

F. R. R. RUDMAN,
Offg. Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

The 17th January 1919.

No. E.-11 (1).—Mr. T. Ryan, C.I.E., Secretary, Indian Munitions Board, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 13th January 1919, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. E.-11 (2).—Mr. F. R. R. Rudman, I.C.S., Assistant Secretary, Indian Munitions Board, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Board, with effect from the 13th January 1919.

No. E.-11 (3).—Rai Sahib J. P. Ganguli, a Superintendent in the office of the Indian Munitions Board, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Secretary to the Board, with effect from the 13th January 1919.

R. R. REAKS,
Asst. Secy., Indian Munitions Board.

REGISTERED No. L. 848.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1919.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 23rd January 1919.

No. 451-M.—Intelligence having been received of the death of His Royal Highness Prince John Charles Francis, Court Mourning is ordered for 6 weeks from the 20th January, half mourning commencing from the 17th February 1919.

When attending at the Viceregal Court, ladies will appear in black until the 16th February and thereafter in half mourning (white, grey or mauve). Officers in uniform will, when attending Viceregal Lodge, wear a crape band on the left arm throughout the period of Court Mourning.

By Command,

R. VERNEY, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, *by the* SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, *Delhi.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1919.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India.*

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 25th January 1919.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

January 13.

4150. J. Laws. *Method of securing tyres, locomotives, tenders, carriages, wagons, bands and the like.*

January 15

4151. C. A. Collett and L. de Dombal. *Improvements in vacuum brake gear for railway rolling stock and the like.*

4152. P. C. Chattopadhyay. *A new or improved form of portable gas generator for generating gases by the action of liquids on chemicals in the solid state and specially meant for generating oxygen gas.*

4153. P. A. H. Mossay, H. C. E. Jacoby and Enclosed Motor Co., Ld. *Improvements in the cooling of dynamo electric machines.*

4154. Coventry Ordnance Works, Ld. *Improved apparatus for automatically setting tools or for facilitating the setting of the same.*

4155. G. H. Sheffield and F. R. Rand & Co., Ld. *Improvements in axle box guards for railway and other rolling stock.*

January 16.

4156. J. H. Walker. *Improvements in and relating to pad or pot sleepers for railway tracks.*

4157. H. C. Ritchie and M. Kahn. *Improvements in reinforced concrete construction of ships, floating docks, pontoons and the like.*

January 18.

4158. Naamlooze Vennootschap "Pinlock" Maatschappij tot exploitatie van de veiligheidsmoer volgens de Buiten-Europeesche Patenten Systeem van der Valk en van Eek. Improvements in lock nuts.

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3777. P. Poore. *Improvements relating to the distillation of wood, woody fibre, peat and similar carbonaceous substances.*

3934. T. Bateman. *Interlocking detachable wheel.*

3938. Raghubir Prasad and Bed Ram. *Improved padlock.*

3968. J. Rennie. *An improved air valve for water pumps.*

3987. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improvements relating to muffle furnaces.*

3988. G. H. Williams and E. S. Luard. *A combined feed water heater and steam superheater for locomotive and other smoke or fire tube boilers.*

3989. F. C. Lynde. *Improvements in pads used on crutches, artificial limbs and sticks.*

3990. William Morris & Son (Birmingham) Ld. and F. S. Chaplin. *Improvements in the mode of and means for forming metal blanks from which shell casings and other sheet metal articles may be formed.*

3991. J. B. Neesham and John MacDonald & Son, Ld. *Improvements in moulding machines for foundry use.*

3993. W. J. Stewart, J. Woolcock and H Kruse. *Improvements relating to ship construction.*

3994. General Electric Co. *Improvements in and relating to systems of electrical distribution.*

3995. H. J. Fereday and F. Palmer. *Improvements in instruments for measuring and recording vibrations, stresses, and alterations in length, in iron or steel bridges, and other bodies.*

3996. Williams Foreign Patents Ld. *Improvements in or relating to slipways for the construction of reinforced concrete ships, barges, floating structures and the like.*

3998. H. H. Murray. *Improvements in ball bearing tone arms.*

3999. T. G. Mylchreest. *Improvements in and relating to the covers or casings of carding engines, breakers and scutchers and other like covers or casings.*

4000. T. W. S Hutchins. *Improved means for treating gases with liquids.*

4001. A. C. Ionides, Jr. *A method and means for mixing the constituents of a combustible gaseous mixture.*

4004. A. J. Gange. *Permutative lock.*
4009. G. Le Mesurier. *Electrolytic cell for manufacturing caustic alkali.*
4013. J. W. Bradley. *A new or improved wood-splitting machine.*
4015. E. W. Embury. *Improvements in watches.*

PATENTS SEALED.

3141. Subrahmanya Iyer.
3147. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate Ld.
3148. Critall Steel Furnitture Co., Ld.
3149. Widdowson.
3157. Buller-Millikin Co.
3158. Rydberg.
3159. General Rubber Co.
3160. General Rubber Co.
3161. General Rubber Co.
3162. General Rubber Co.
3375. Bernardi.
3478. Hume.
3491. Rapson.
3641. Hume.
3753. Carrington.
3778. Hume.
3842. Raye.
3843. Pearson.
3847. Belden.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

283 of 1905. Phillips. (To 16 January 1920.)
476 of 1905. Roberts. (To 19 February 1920.)
493 of 1905. Jost. (To 18 January 1920.)
286 of 1906. Lock. (To 17 January 1920.)
301 of 1906. Takamine. (To 22 January 1920.)
619 of 1906. Western Syndicate Ld. (To 8 February 1920.)
16 of 1907. Stuart Brown & ors. (To 14 February 1920.)
184 of 1909. Walcutt. (To 19 January 1920.)
505 of 1909. Hudson & anr. (To 11 February 1920.)
129 of 1910. Pierpoint. (To 14 April 1920.)
387 of 1911. Grob. (To 7 February 1920.)
737 of 1911. Dicker. (To 17 January 1920.)
788 of 1911. Lumiere. (To 18 January 1920.)
789 of 1911. Lumiere. (To 18 January 1920.)
805 of 1911. Dicker. (To 17 January 1920.)
85 of 1912. Rees. (To 15 February 1920.)
117 of 1912. Consolidated Brake & Engineering Co. Ld., & anr. (To 7 March 1920.)
121 of 1912. Heenan. (To 11 March 1920.)
238 of 1912. Burn & Co. Ld. (To 10 May 1920.)
848 of 1913. Lawson & anr. (To 25 March 1920.)
849 of 1913. Lawson & anr. (To 25 March 1920.)
1421 of 1914. Killen. (To 19 January 1920.)
1520 of 1914. Linden. (To 10 March 1920.)
1591 of 1914. Turner & anr. (To 14 April 1920.)
1948 of 1914. Duncan Brothers & Co. & anr. (To 25 November 1919.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1911.

732, (McKenzie & Holland & anr.) 735, (Nobel's Explosives Co., Ld.) 763, (Nobel's Explosives Co., Ld.)

1912.

550, (Reichmann.)

1913.

1244, (Kawle.)

1914.

1894, (Ormerod & anr.) 1895, (Wickham.) 1899, (Stewart.) 1901, (Degenhardt.)

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.
BOMBAY	Record Office.
,,	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
,,	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
,,	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner Burdwan Division.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.
DELHI	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.
HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
,,	College of Engineering.
MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
POONA	College of Engineering.
RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
ROORKEE	Thomason College.
SHOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.
WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office,

Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)		1	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each	0	2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(f) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1908, and Chronological lists, 1900-1904)		2	0
(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1911, and Chronological lists, 1905-1911)		3	0
(h) Patent Office Journals (Issued quarterly)	each	0	8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917	each	1	0
(j) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912	each	0	8

H. A. F. LINDSAY, I.C.S.,
Offg. Controller of Patents and Designs.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 21st January 1919.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,89,00,000	0	0			
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below*	25,00,000	0	0			
				1,64,00,000	0	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments				25,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	3,44,48,425	14	8	4,74,23,807	10	9
Public Deposits at Branches	1,29,75,381	12	1			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				23,25,65,252	12	7
Bank Post Bills, etc.				13,27,397	6	1
Sundries				12,39,918	12	2
RUPEES				32,14,56,376	10	7

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities				6,23,04,711	0	0
Other authorized Investments				1,40,94,494	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				9,14,45,111	4	9
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				5,59,18,587	10	6
Bills discounted and purchased				1,74,66,962	13	1
Balances with other Banks				35,42,942	5	5
Bullion				......		
Dead Stock				27,74,239	1	7
Stamps				10,717	12	7
Sundries				12,71,436	4	8
				24,88,29,202	4	7
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	2,38,58,366	9	10	7,26,27,174	6	0
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	4,87,68,807	12	2			
RUPEES				32,14,56,376	10	7

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,77,205 0 0
† Do. do. do. „ 5,32,365 0 0

Rs. 9,09,570 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 25·70.

BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, 23rd January 1919.

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M. S. Athar Husain Jafari, Head Maulavi, A. P. Mission High School, 257 Chak, Allahabad.

AMBALA—

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M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Chhotu Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.
M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Gulam Qadir, Karimullah's Compound, near H. M High School, Ambala Cantonment.

AMRITSAR.—M. Mihruddin, C/o Messrs. Karamdin Bros., Hall Bazar, Amritsar.

BANGALORE—

M. Mohd. Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
M. Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
*M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, 1, Gun Troop Road, Ulsoor P. O., Bangalore Cantonment
†M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).
M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Akmal Ali Akmal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Mohd. Israil Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Muhammad Muslim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BAREILLY—

M. Mohd. Arif, B. I. Bazar, Bareilly.

BOMBAY—

†Mr. H. M. Anwar, Karelwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

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*M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, 27, Jhowtala Lane, Balligunge P. O.
M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 28, Park Lane.
M. Md. Quasim Khan, C/o H. A. Rahaman & Co., 44, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Aazam, 19, Tilzala 1st Lane, P. O. Balligunge, Calcutta.
†M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A., M.F., 11, Colootolla Street, Calcutta.
*M. Aziz Mohd. Khan Afridi, 41, Gardner's Lane, Entally P. O.

CAWNPORE—

M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.

DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

DERA GHAZI KHAN.—M. M. Waris Ali Khan, Block No. 43, Dera Ghazi Khan.

FEROZEPORE—

M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HISSAR.—M. M. I. Jan Bukhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Biwani District, Hissar.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHANSI.—M. S. R. Kapur, 75, Suddar Bazar, behind Kotwali, Jhansi.

JHELUM—

M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.
M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phurianwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Suddar Bazar, Jubbulpore
M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR—

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M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depôt, Jullundur.
M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.

KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadamal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.

[illegible]

KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.
KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.
LAHORE—
M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.
M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment
M. M. Abdul Hamid, C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Moohi Gate, Lahore.
M. Muhammad Din, 2099, Pir Gilavian Street, Lahore.
LUCKNOW—
M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.
†M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, C/o Munshi Karim Khan, Chhitwapur, near Takya Langara Shah, Lucknow.
M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, Kandhari Bazar, Lucknow.
LUDHIANA.—M. Kishori Lall Jethi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.
LYALLPUR.—M S. Sadiq Ally, Munshi Fazil—D. M. A. S. High School, Lyallpur.
MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinnaiah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.
MEERUT—
M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.
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MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore
MULTAN—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.
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M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.
NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
PANIPAT.—M. Jiya Lall, C/o L. Shadi Ram, Petition writer, Panipat (Karnal).
PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.
PESHAWAR—
M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
*M. Saiyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N.-W. F. P., Peshawar.
QUETTA—
M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College
M. S. Abdul Aziz, The King's Regiment, Quetta
M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.
M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta
M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta
M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Aulad Husain, Cadet College, Quetta
M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shair Manzil (M. W. S., Military District).
RAWALPINDI—
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).
†M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.
M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
RISALPUR.—M Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.
ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City
SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.
SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.
SUBATHU—
*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriey, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
WELLINGTON—
M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktaram Row, Calcutta.
RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.
KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothen, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.
Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.

SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

Qualified Tamil Teachers.

MADRAS—

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachri, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st November 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	,, 29 ,,
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	,, 30 ,,

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	,, 12 ,,

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . . .	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	,, 6 ,,

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . . .	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	,, 7 ,,
QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	,, 4 ,,

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . .	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock) .	,, 7 ,,

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—**Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.**

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, " these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,
Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
The 30th October 1918.

II B

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 18th January 1919

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th January 1919.

	Total amount of notes in circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.	In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Securities (purchase price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.		Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	13,11,637	34.79.79.786	34 92.91,423	2,80,13,530	2,36.48.783	5,85.90,852	12,35.865	...	...	..	78,00,000	9,53.78.185	(a) 14,17,99,946	(b) (c) 82,49,92,350	1,18,14.59,511	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81.500 of rupee paper & R4,40 00,000 Indian Treasury Bills.
Cawnpore	.	12,16,92,188	12.16.92.188	80,54.600	52.33 095	.						...	.	.	1,32,87.695	(b) Nominal value—R84,11,70,001.
Lahore	...	12.51.13,701	12.51,13,701	71,74.549	1,79.77,229	..			...	...	.	..			2,51,52,078	(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918 and Ordinance III of 1918.
Bombay	4.02.885	48,68,91,884	45,72,94,769	3,96.28.118	13,05.29.564	5,21.35,231	.		..	...	.	...	..	.	22 43.92,915	
Karachi	..	7.96,01,835	7.96 01,835	22.97,760	21 38,700	.		..	..	...		...			44,36.460	
Madras	13,67,935	19,53,32 260	19,67 00,195	1,03.82,933	40,42.448	.	.		...		.	...		.	1,44.25,381	
Rangoon	.	12,40 83,763	12.40.83,763	55.06 976	34,80,795		.		...	..		...		.	89,87,771	
	30,82,457	1.48 06 95.417	1,48,37,77,874	10,10 58,766	18,90 50,614	11,07,26,083	12,35,865	...	...	...	78,00,000	9,53,78,185	14.17,99,946	82,49,92,350	1,47,20,41,809	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			1,17 36,065	Deduct—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											...	
Total Circulation R			1,47.20,41.809	Total Reserve R											1,47,20,41,809	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th January 1919.

There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 15th January 1919.

E. M. COOK,

Offg. Controller of Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 8TH TO 15TH JANUARY 1919.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Names of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage for Egyptian Government.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	35	...	...	35	73	..	73	10	(a)225	7	1	243	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	112	...	...	112	93	...	93	...	(b)146	1	...	147	...	. . .	...	1	2	54

(a) Exclusive of 243 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 29[illegible] of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 22nd Jan. 1919.

J. J. BOURKE, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and out-standing in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th January 1919

PARTICULARS	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT.		INDIAN WAR LOAN.			2ND INDIAN WAR LOAN.	TOTAL
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.	5 per cent. War Loan 1929-1947.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922.	5½ per cent War Bonds 1925.	
Balance of 31st Decr. 1918	27,62,800	91,73,000	3,80,92,400	1,41,96,000	61,85,300	19,16,400	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,55,000	7,49,84,700
Add—													
Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London	...	...	...	..	...	..	.	..	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No.	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	.	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	.	...	..	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th Jan. 1919	...	...	..	1,500	...	...	...	20,01,200	...	...	...	...	20,02,700
	27,62,800	91,73,000	3,80,92,400	1,41,97,500	61,85,300	19,16,400	4,700	21,01,300	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,55,000	7,60,87,100
Deduct—													
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	1,30,500	18,200	11,600	10,000	6,700	...	...	...	...	..	...	1,77,000
Balance on 15th Jan. 1919	27,62,800	90,42,500	3,80,74,200	1,41,85,900	61,75,300	19,09,700	4,700	20,01,300	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,55,000	7,59,10,400

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th Nov. 1918 Enfaced from India 12,429 lakhs, re-transferred from London 13,038 lakhs.
,, 16th Nov. 1918 ,, 30th ,, ,, ditto ... ditto ...
,, 1st Dec. ,, ,, 15th Dec. ,, ditto ... ditto 2 lakhs.
,, 16th ,, ,, ,, 31st ,, ,, ditto ... ditto ...
,, 1st Jan. 1919 ,, 15th Jan. 1919 ditto 20 ditto 2 lakh.
12,449 13,042

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 22nd January 1919.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

List of Government promissory notes and other securities remaining in deposit with the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division, on 31st December 1919, on account of security deposits of contractors, etc.

No.	Designation of officer from whom received and to whom interest is sent.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.											
		1900-01.	3 per cent. 1896 97.	3½ per cent. 1842-43.	3½ per cent. 1854-55.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3½ per cent. 1879	Debentures and bonds.	Bank deposit receipts.	4 per cent. 1916-17.	1922.	1929-47.	TOTAL.
1	Divisional Disbursing Officer, 3rd (Lahore) Division, Lahore.	...	19,800 600	1,500	1,200	13,900	..	...	11,622 6 7	...	2,000	100	50,722 6 7
2	Principal, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar.	...	...	...	..	11,400	...	..	..	...	...	...	11,400 0 0
3	The Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited, Simla	1,30,100	...	1,78,000	6,81,300	2,20,000	20,000	36,66,000	..	...	...	...	48,95,400 0 0
4	Punjab National Bank Limited, Lahore.	2,000	...	...	...	25,000	...	..	..	30,000	...	...	57,000 0 0
5	Messrs. Padam Singh & Sons, Bankers, Lahore Cantonment.	..	..		..	..	..	..	2,014 0 0	...	...	...	2,014 0 0
6	Messrs. Lalta Parshad & Sons, Bankers, Lahore Cantonment.	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	13,408 0 0	...	...	...	13,408 0 0
7	Messrs. Nanak Chand & Co., Bankers, Kairana, District Mazaffarnagar.	..	2,000	...	..	.	...	..	..	...	...	...	2,000 0 0
	TOTAL .	1,32,100	22,400	1,79,500	6,82,500	2,70,300	20,000	36,66,000	27,044 6 7	30,000	2,000	100	50,31,944 6 7

LAHORE,
Dated the 16th January 1919.

L. F. G. S. WYLDE, MAJOR,
C. M. A., Accounts Branch.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

The I. A. and I. Sc. Examinations will be held on Tuesday, the 22nd April 1919, and following days, one paper to be given out each day to occupy the candidates from 7 A. M. till 10 A. M.

The applications for admission together with the fees for the I. A. and I. Sc. Examinations will be received up to Saturday, the 15th March, 1919.

The applications for admission together with the fees for the B. A. and B. Sc. Examinations will be received up to Wednesday, the 5th March, 1919.

The orders of Examinations in 1919 in the different subjects will be the following:—

I. A. and I. Sc. Examinations.

English, Vernaculars, Second Language, History, Logic, Chemistry, Mathematics, Physics, Botany, Physiology, Geography—one paper a day.

B. A. and B. Sc. Examinations.

Honours papers, English, Vernaculars, Second language, Philosophy, History, Economics, Mathematics—two papers a day.

Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Physiology, Geology—one paper a day.

A. C. BOSE,
Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE;
The 17th January 1919.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FORESTS.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 17th January 1919.

No. 53-315-6.—Mr. Atulananda Das, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests and Assistant Instructor, Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, is granted an extension of privilege for 6 weeks in continuation of the privilege leave for one month and 17 days granted him in this office Notification No. 893-315-4, dated 7th December 1918, with effect from the afternoon of 13th November 1918.

G. S. HART,
Inspector General of Forests.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 21st January 1919.

No. 795.—Mr. H. W. Biggie, Deputy Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for two months under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th February 1919 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 20th January 1919.

No. 1.—Mr. Wazir Singh Agarwal, Assistant Engineer, is granted under Article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations leave on Medical Certificate for one month with effect from the 25th December 1918, in extension of the leave notified in this office Notification No. 11 of the 3rd December 1918, as amended by Notification No. 13, dated the 23rd idem.

J. H. WHITE,
for Agent, North Western Railway.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 10th January 1919.

No 1.—Whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, that land is required by Government for a public purpose, namely:—

Sidings at Killa Abdulla

it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and under section 7 of the said Act; the Deputy Commissioner of the Quetta Peshin District is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

Specification of Land.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauzah.	Area in Acres.	Boundaries.	Places where the plan may be inspected.
Quetta Peshin	Peshin	Killa Abdulla	16·60	*North, South and East*—Joint property of the zemindars. *West*—Railway line.	Offices of the Settlement Officer, Quetta and Chief Engineer, Lahore.

R. S. MACLAGAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Hon'ble A. G. G. in Baluchistan, P. W. D.

Dated the 14th January 1919.

No. 2.—Colonel R. S. Maclagan, C. B., C. S. I., handed over charge of the Office of Secretary to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General, Baluchistan, Public Works Department on the 14th January 1919 afternoon and Bt.-Colonel E. C. Ogilvie, C. M., G. R. E., took over charge as officiating Secretary, Public Works Department, Baluchistan Agency from the same date afternoon.

E. C. OGILVIE, Colonel,
Secretary to the Hon'ble the A. G. G. in Baluchistan, P. W. D.

CHIEF COURT OF THE PUNJAB.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 16th January 1919.

No 394-*G*.—List of Local holidays to be observed in the various Civil Courts of the Delhi Province during the year 1919.

Name of holiday.	Date on which the holiday falls.	Number of days allowed.
Urs Nizam-ud-Din *	20th or 21st January	1
Ram Naumi	9th April	1
Qutab fair	Not fixed	2
Ganga Ashnan	7th November	1
		5

* Subject to the appearance of the moon

NOTE 1.—Where the actual or correct date has not been specified in the above list the Senior Sub-Judge will fix it in consultation with the District Judge and Deputy Commissioner and will give timely notice of the date so fixed to the public.

NOTE 2.—With the previous sanction of the Chief Court and Local Government (but not otherwise) any day not specified in this list may be substituted for any day which is specified therein.

NOTE 3.—The number of Local Holidays allowed will not ordinarily exceed 7 days in each year.

J. A. FERGUSON,
Registrar.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 21st January 1919.

No. 1002-*G.-Camp.*—Mr. A. N. Auditto, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division, is granted privilege leave for three months on medical grounds, with effect from the 7th January 1919.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 1.—The combined leave granted to Lieut.-Colonel F. E. Swinton, I.M.S., Medical Store-Keeper to Government, in this office Notification No. 9, dated the 8th October 1917, and No. 2, dated the 26th March 1918, is extended by one day.

W. R. EDWARDS, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., I.M.S.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 14th January 1919.

No. 2.—The undermentioned Officer is granted leave out of India on Medical Certificate with effect from the date and for the period specified against his name.

Engineer-Lieutenant-Commander P. B. Porter, R. I. M., 6 months with effect from 10th January 1919.

R. H. JONES,
for Offg. Director, Royal Indian Marine.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of an Absentee without leave from No. 8, Mountain Battery, R. G. A., dated at Peshawar, this 15th day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—173212, Gunner, Donnell, J.
Age—27 years.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, dark; eyes, unknown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—28th August 1914.
Place of Enlistment—Not known.
Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or absence—11th January 1919.
Place of Desertion or absence—Peshawar.
Marks—Dressed in English Khaki Stoops slightly.
4 years 5 months service.

W. M. WUNT, Major, R. G. A.,
Commanding No. 8 M. B., R. G. A.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment, dated at Lucknow, this 16th day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—35705, Private Graham, J.
Age—33 years.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—8th January 1906 for 9-3 years.
Place of Enlistment—Not known.
Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or absence—11th January 1919
Place of Desertion or absence—Lucknow.
Marks—Swelling on forehead over left Eye.
Over three years service.

V. G. IVES, Capt. & Adjt. for Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 1st Garrison Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2-61st K. G. O. Pioneers, dated at Dhond, this 16th day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—2nd-Lt. J. Bromley Kent.
Age—26 years.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, clear; hair, dark; eyes, brown.

Date of Desertion or Absence—15th January 1919.
Place of Desertion or Absence—Dhond.
Marks—Long white scar just above left elbow, silver plate just under skin above left elbow, can be felt.

B. M. BLACKBURN, Capt. *for* Lt.-Col.
Commanding 2-61st K. G. O. Pioneers.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 16th January 1919.

No. 319-*Education*.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government under the provisions of Section 58 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act), and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the land is required for a public purpose, namely, for constructing a *dalao,* it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provision of Section 6 of Act I of 1894, and under Section 7 of the said Act the Collector of Delhi is hereby directed to take steps for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

SPECIFICATION.

District.	Tehsil.	Mauza.	Area.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi	Delhi	Delhi	482 square feet or 54 square yards.	*North*—House of L. Sri Ram. *South*—Kuchcha public way and Bazar Turkman Gate. *East*—Land of Abdulla and Kuchcha public way. *West*—Bazar Turkman Gate.	Chief Commissioner's Office Delhi.

Delhi, the 20th January 1919.

No. 423-*Home*.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 11th January 1919, is published for information:—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory	Injuries	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
	Delhi	225,471	103	103	206	98	89	187	...	...	...	73	2	93	2	17	...	46	31	77	47·51	43·13
	Notified Area	3,673	3	5	8	13	10	23	.	..	...	21	...	...	..	2	...	1	1	2	113·25	325·61
	Total	229,144	106	108	214	111	99	210	...	..		94	2	93	2	19	..	47	32	79	48·56	47·65

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

II C

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Camp Sibi, the 15th January 1919.

No. 198-s.—The services of Reverend F. R. Gillespy, Assistant Chaplain of Quetta, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 31st October 1918, afternoon.

Quetta, the 15th January 1919.

No. 222-R.—In accordance with rule 10 of the rules for the grant of licenses to prospect for minerals and of mining leases published in the resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 7552-7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, it is hereby notified that Mr. W. C. Clements of Sharigh has been approved by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner as an applicant for prospecting licenses and mining leases under the above rules.

Camp Sibi, the 17th January 1919.

No. 243-s.—The services of Lieut.-Colonel H. de V. Harvest, Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Army Department, with effect from the 12th December 1918, afternoon.

No. 244-s.—Captain G. Drummond Payne, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, took over charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, from Lieut.-Colonel H. de V. Harvest on the afternoon of the 12th December 1918.

No. 245-s.—Major O. Maloney, took over charge of the Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, from Captain G. Drummond Payne, on the forenoon of the 2nd January 1919.

No. 246-s.—On his relief by Major Maloney, Captain G. Drummond Payne reverted to the appointment of the Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, on the 2nd January 1919, forenoon.

By order,

G. HARRIS, Major,

First Assistant.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUB-JUDGE, 1ST CLASS, BEAWAR, AJMER-MERWARA.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATION.

No. 1 OF 1919.

Bagha, son of Gordhan Mali of Kharwa . . . . . . Applicant.

versus

No.	Names of Creditors.	Residences.	Amount.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
1	Hiralal, son of Jaideo Brahman .	Kharwa . . .	100	0	0
2	Rajmal, son of Dolat Ram, Mahajan .	Do. . .	400	0	0
3	Kajarimal, son of Chaganmal, Mahajan	Do. . . .	200	0	0
		TOTAL .	700	0	0

The insolvent has filed an application under Section 11 of Act III of 1907 (Insolvency Act), and the application will be heard on the 28th February 1919 at 10 A.M. The Creditors are hereby informed that they either appear in person or through an authorised agent on the date fixed. In default of appearance the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the court this 8th day of January 1919.

DURGA PRASAD,

Sub-Judge, 1st Class, with Insolvency Power, Merwar, Beawar.

IN THE COURT OF J. K. M. TAPP, ESQ., ADDITIONAL JUDGE, DELHI.

CIVIL MISC. SUIT No. 1 OF 1919.

In *re* the petition of Mrs. M. Sear, one of the creditors of Harry Frederick Cooke deceased for Letters of Administration under Act X of 1865.

Whereas an application has been made to this court for grant of Letters of Administration to the estate of Harry Frederick Cooke who died intestate at Delhi on the 24th day of September 1917 by Mrs. M. Sear one of the creditors of the abovenamed deceased and whereas 15th day of February 1919 has been fixed for hearing the said petition This citation is issued in terms of section 250 of Act X of 1865 calling upon all persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the said deceased to come and see the proceedings before the grant of the Letters of Administration on the said date if so desired.

Given under my hand and the seal of the court this 17th day of January 1919.

J. K. M. TAPP,
Additional Judge, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.

Summary Case.

No 175 OF 1917.
Dated the 20th January 1919.

Re Hem Chandra Kundu and Atul Chandra Kundu.
Ex parte the Debtor.
Notice is hereby given that Atul Chandra Kundu, one of the abovenamed debtors having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 4th day of March 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

No 9 OF 1918.
Dated the 20th January 1919.

Re Francis Stephen Beahan.
Ex parte the Debtor.
Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 4th day of March 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

No. 27 OF 1918.
Dated the 20th January 1919.

Re Harrish Ch. Roy and another.
Ex parte the Debtors.
Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 4th day of March 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 5 OF 1919.
Dated the 21st January 1919.

Re Mungle Chand, residing at premises No. 32, Armenian Street, in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business as grocer at the above premises No. 32, Armenian Street aforesaid, at present without any employment.
Ex parte the debtor.—Babu Benod Behari Banerjee,—Insolvent's Attorney
On the 16th day of January 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.
NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 6 OF 1919.

Dated the 20th January 1919.

Re Nand Lal and Mohun Lal both residing at No. 192, Cross Street, in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business in piece-goods with Bhojraj and Baij Nath (who were adjudicated Insolvents by this Court) at No. 90, Cross Street, in Calcutta, aforesaid under the name, style and firm of Baij Nath Mohun Lal. The said Nand Lal being at present unemployed and the said Mohun Lal being employed as a gomastha under the firm of Surojmull Nagarmull of Calcutta.

Ex parte the Debtors.

Messrs. B. N. Basu & Co., Insolvents' Solicitors.

On the 16th day of January 1919 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as Insolvents.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 7 OF 1919.

Dated the 22nd January 1919.

Re Kanai Lal Pathak residing at No. 2, Ram Coomar Rakhit Lane in Chinepatty in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business there as a dealer in Hessian and Cotton but at present without occupation.

Ex parte the debtor.

Babu N. K. Sen, Attorney for the Insolvent.

On the 20th day of January 1919 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No. 10 OF 1919.

Mohamed Amir, son of Mohamed Uma, Tailor of Ajmer . Applicant, Insolvent,

versus

	Debt. Rs.	A.	P.
1. Lakshmi Narain, owner of Shop Hazarimal Lakshmi Narain Rajgadia of Ajmer	85	0	0
2. Tan Sukh, owner of Shop Tan Sukhjivan Narain of Ajmer	250	0	0
3. Inder Chand of Ajmer	200	0	0
4. Baghmal of Ajmer	86	0	0
5. Har Narain of Ajmer	60	0	0
6. Ferin of Fatehmal Chand Karan, Ajmer	125	0	0
7. Ghewar Chand Kelanja of Ajmer	250	0	0
8. Shop of Kundanmal Sobhagmal of Ajmer	60	0	0
9. Mulchand Ram Narain of Ajmer	125	0	0
10. Jetmal, son of Gumallmal	90	0	0
11. Gulab Chand of Ajmer	150	0	0

Creditors

The applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 and the application will be heard on the 11th February 1919 at 11 A.M. The Creditors are hereby informed that they either appear in person or through an authorised Mukhtar to appear before the Court to oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 10th day of January 1919.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) :—

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of presentation of petitions. Day.	Month.	Year.	Date of the adjudication. Day.	Month.	Year.
40—1919	Maloo Gawria Gosalkar	Hindu	Jacob Circle	Crane driver in the Bombay Municipality at Worli.	15th	January	1919	15th	January	1919
41—1919	Janoo Ganoo Saigaokar	,,	Madanpura	Steam Roller driver in the Bombay Municipal Workshop.	..	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
42—1919	James Richard Julian	Anglo-Indian	Sankli Street, Byculla	Clerk in Marsland Price & Co., Ltd.	16th	,,	,,	16th	,,	,,
43—1919	Khatao Premji Lohana	Hindu	Vadgadi	Dealer in canvass and brass eyelets under the name of Khatao Premji.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
44—1919	Jiva Amta Lalbhikh	,,	Govt. Central Telegraph Office, Fort.	Sweeper in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.	..	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
45—1919	Faizally Chandabhai Bora	Mahomedan	No. 40, 58, Gujjar Street, Fulgulli.	Lately tin-maker and now unemployed	17th	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
4—1919	Gangji Kamji Thucker, and Parshotam Dangersy Thucker.	Hindu	Vadgoli	Lately doing business in partnership with Valji *alias* Mithoo Topandas Thucker and Goculdas Ranchordas Thucker as Commission Agents and dealers in grains and seeds, etc., and speculator in grains and seeds, etc., in the name of Goculdas Ranchordas & Co. and the 1st debtor also lately doing business as Commission Agent in grains and seeds and grocery, etc., and also speculator in grains and seeds in the name of Damji Valji on his own account, and now both unemployed.	6th	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
578—1919	Akbaralli Sarafalli Bora and Rajaballi Mahomedalli Bora.	Mahomedan	Parsi Gally	Doing partnership business in the name of Abdul Kayum Siwabhai as Iron Merchant.	14th	December	1918	18th	,,	,,
46—1919	Ellappa Ramaya Zeram	Hindu	Kamatipura 13th Lane	Servant in the Mangaldas Mills, Limited	20th	January	1919	20th	,,	,,
47—1919	Jehangir Savaksha Malabarwala	Parsi	Thakurdwar	Lately dealer in shares of different Companies and now clerk in the firm of Maurice Ries and Sesfils, General Merchant.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
49—1919	Joseph Mathias Lobo	Goanese	Lower Parel	Fireman in the B. B. & C. I. Railway (Parel Running shed).	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
48—1919	Jivandas Ludha Thucker	Hindu	Lalbag	Lately loading and unloading Muccadum and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 20th day of January 1919.

R. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 1 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 2nd January 1919.

In the matter of P. Soobiah Servay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. Soobiah Servay, unemployed, residing at Seikkyi, Kemmendine, on the 2nd day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said P. Soobiah Servay.

CASE No. 2 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 8th January 1919.

In the matter of Hajee Vally Mahomed Hajee Latiff & Co., Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Hajee Vally Mahomed Hajee Latiff & Co., piece-goods dealers, residing at No. 44, Edward Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 4th day of January 1919 against the said Hajee Vally Mahomed Hajee Latiff & Co.

CASE No. 3 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 8th January 1919.

In the matter of A. V. Subramoney Iyer, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. V. Subramoney Iyer, unemployed, residing at No. 104, Fraser Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. V. Subramoney Iyer.

CASE No. 145 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 11th January 1919.

In the matter of Khoo Thian San and Lee Guan Leong, Shop-keepers, 14, Oliphant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Khoo Thian San and Lee Guan Leong, insolvents, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 153 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 14th January 1919.

In the matter of Mg San Shwe, Clerk, residing at No. 37, 24th Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mg San Shwe, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 151 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 14th January 1919.

In the matter of Khoda Bux, Fish Seller, residing at No. 207, Merchant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Khoda Bux, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 155 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 15th January 1919.

In the matter of S. Nandi, clerk, No. 34, Oliphant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said S. Nandi, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 158 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 13th January 1919.

In the matter of A. K. Nagoor Gunny, Butcher, residing at No. 60, in 121st Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said A. K. Nagoor Gunny an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 176 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 10th January 1919.

In the matter of A. M. Ismail, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. M. Ismail, Broker, of No. 31, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 18th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 10th day of January 1919, against the said A. M. Ismail.

CASE No. 4 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 9th January 1919.

In the matter of C. K. Mudaliar, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Cuthampakum Kothandapany Mudaliar, Licensed Petition Writer, residing at No. 42, in 122nd Street, Kalabaistee, Rangoon, on the 7th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Cuthampakum Kothandapany Mudaliar.

CASE No. 5 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 15th January 1919.

In the matter of Abdool Kareem Jeewa, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Ahmed Ebrahim Bros., a firm of No. 12, Edward Street of Rangoon, a creditor of Abdool Kareem Jeewa, of No. 12, China Street, Rangoon, on the 9th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of Insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Abdool Kareem Jeewa, was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 13th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 6 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 10th January 1919.

In the matter of Maung San Kyaw, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung San Kyaw, unemployed, residing at No. 4, Dawnagyaung Quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 9th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung San Kyaw.

CASE No. 7 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 14th January 1919.

In the matter of P. R. Kasad, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. R. Kasad, General Merchant and Commission Agent, residing at No. 1, Strand Road, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said P. R. Kasad.

CASE No. 8 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of R. Viswanatha Iyer, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by R. Viswanatha Iyer, Coffee Stall keeper, residing at No. 19-B., Bigandet Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said R. Viswanatha Iyer.

CASE No. 9 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of Chin Ba Thoung, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chin Ba Thoung, clerk, residing at No. 25, in 13th Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chin Ba Thoung.

CASE No. 10 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of G. C. Francis, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by George Chrysostom Francis, Telegraphist, residing at No. 5, Judah Ezekiel Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said George Chrysostom Francis.

CASE No. 11 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of Boddu Sinnavadu, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Boddu Sinnavadu, Cooly, of No. 23, 10th Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Boddu Sinnavadu.

CASE No. 12 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 17th January 1919.

In the matter of M. M. Sheerazee, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by M. M. Sheerazee, unemployed, residing at No. 57-58, Spark Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 15th day of January 1919, against the said M. M. Sheerazee.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA IN THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Camp Ajmer, the 20th January 1919.

AGRA-KARACHI RAILWAY SURVEY.

No. 216-*C. S.*—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, that a survey of a broad gauge line from Agra to Karachi (Ajmer-Phulera-Jaipur-Bandikui-Agra Section) is going to be surveyed and land is likely to be needed for the public purpose, and in accordance with section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that it shall be lawful for any officer either generally or specially authorized by Government in this behalf and for his servants and workmen

to enter upon the survey and take levels of any land in such locality;

to dig or bore into the sub-soil;

to do all other acts necessary to ascertain whether the land is adapted for such purpose;

to set out the boundaries of the land proposed to be taken, and the intended line of the work (if any) proposed to be made thereon;

to mark such levels, boundaries, and line by placing marks and cutting trenches;

and, where otherwise the survey cannot be completed and the levels taken and the boundaries and the line marked, to cut down and clear away any part of any standing crop, fence or jungle;

Provided that no person shall enter into any building or upon any enclosed court or garden attached to a dwelling-house (unless with the consent of the occupier thereof) without previously giving such occupier at least seven days' notice in writing of his intention to do so.

Names of Villages.

Ajmer.
Madarpura.
Rasolpura.
Gowansi.
Ladpura.
Akhri.
Gegal.
Tilornia.

No. 221-*C.S.*—The following villages, which are likely to fall on the alignment of the Agra-Karachi Railway in the British District of Ajmer, in addition to those published in this office Notification No. 216-C.S., dated the 20th January 1919, are hereby notified for information of the public :—

Names of Villages.

Khanpura.
Doria.
Tabeji.
Kaklana.
Rajosi.
Balwanta.
Dilwari.
Dilwara.
Nasirabad.
Richmalia.
Gobindgarh.
Sethana.
Fatehpur.
Dabla.
Badhwara.
Nuriawas.
Bhoonta.
Damara.
Masina.
Mangliawas.
Jethana.
Samla.
Nagelao.
Jaitgarh.
Ratangarh.
Gadherai.
Dhal.
Chandsin.
Kadampura.
Nabab.

C. E. HALL,

Secretary to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara in the P.W.D., Rajputana.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 7th January 1919.

No. 12—1093.—The following draft of a Notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner on or after the 15th February, 1919.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner :—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following addition in the Ajmer-Merwara Petroleum Rules issued in this office Notification No. 1530-1093, dated the 14th October, 1909 :—

Chapter III of Part II, after rule 5, the following shall be inserted as rule 5-A :—

" 5-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, the Local Government may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, omit, alter or add to any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of license."

Abu, the 15th January 1919.

No. 41-1044.—The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to approve of Mr. W. C. Morley, Director of the Rajputana Minerals Syndicate Limited, Bombay, as a candidate for a license to prospect and mine for minerals in the British District of Ajmer-Merwara.

By order,

H. C. GREENFIELD, I.C.S.,

for First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 9th December 1918.

No. 235.—Mr. E. R. Goodwin, Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege for one month, with effect from the 12th December 1918.

(File 828 P. of 1918).

The 28th December 1918.

No. 247.—Mr. N. Daly, Superintendent, Malgin Circle, Kohat Mines Division, is granted leave on medical certificate for two months and 16 days in continuation of and in combination with privilege leave for 15 days in extension of the privilege leave sanctioned in Notification No. 150, dated the 23rd August 1918.

(618 P. of 1918).

The 2nd January 1919.

No. 251.—The following promotions and reversions of officers in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department are ordered during the month of November 1918.

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	With effect from
1. In the vacancy caused by the absence on combined leave up to 15th January 1919 of Mr. P. C. Scott O'Connor, Deputy Commissioner, from 13th May 1917.				
Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. *pro tem.*	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion . .	1st.
2. In the vacancy caused by the absence on 3 months' privilege leave and in transit from Sambhar to Pachbadra of Mr. Bijay Kishen De, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade (Superintendent, 4th grade substantive *pro tempore*) from 3rd August 1918 to 2nd November 1918 and 3rd to 11th November 1918, respectively.				
Mr. R. Aers . .	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. *pro tem.*	Reversion . .	12th.
Mr. Mahmud Hasan .	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, on Rs. 76	Do. . .	12th.
3. In the vacancy caused by the absence on one month and 5 days' privilege leave of Mr. Abdur Rahim Khan, Superintendent, 4th grade, from 7th October 1918 to 11th November 1918.				
Mr. Phami Shah .	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, on Rs. 50	Reversion . .	12th.
4. In the vacancy caused by the absence on combined leave for one year of Mr. E. D. Wilson, Superintendent, 1st grade, from 18th October 1918.				
Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub *pro tem.*	Reversion . .	1st.
Mr. R. Aers . .	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. *pro tem.*	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion . .	12th.

J. C. FERGUSSON,

Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(POST OFFICE.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 18th January 1919.

No. 256-*Ap*.—Mr. Nagendra Nath Mukerji, Postmaster, Chittagong, pay Rs. 300—400, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 3rd January 1919.

Mrs. E. M. Bray, Postmistress, Darjeeling, pay Rs. 200—300, is appointed to officiate as Postmistress, Chittagong, pay Rs. 300—400 during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Nagendra Nath Mukerji, or until further orders.

No. 259-*Ap*.—Mr. Atta-ullah Khan, Postmaster, Jullunder, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 1st January 1919, and until further orders.

No. 265-*Ap*.—Mr. Surendra Nath Das, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 31st December 1918 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Manindra Kumar Mukerji, clerk, office of the Deputy Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam (Dacca), is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Surendra Nath Das, or until further orders.

Calcutta, the 19th January 1919.

No. 270-*Ap*.—Mr. Surendra Bhusan Roy, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months and fifteen days with effect from the 7th February 1919 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Kalika Prasad Tripathi, Inspector of post offices, Orai Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Surendra Bhusan Roy, or until further orders.

No. 275-*Ap*.—Mr. S. R. Kothavala, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 3rd grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 25th January 1919 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. G. V. Datar, Inspector of post offices, Kolhapur Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. S. R. Kothavala, or until further orders.

No. 279-*Ap*.—Mr. S. M. Yusuf Qurashi, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month with effect from the 21st January 1919.

No. 283-*Ap*.—Mr. R. R. Goulding, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for fourteen days with effect from the 20th November 1918.

Dated the 20th January 1919.

No. 299-*Ap*.—Mr. Hem Chandra Dass, Superintendent of post offices, sub. *pro tem.* in the 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 20th January 1919 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Mahmudul Hasan, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Central Circle, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Hem Chandra Dass, or until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 18th January 1919.

No. 322-*E.-E.*—Mr. J. J. Harvey, Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, is granted a further extension of medical leave for one month with effect from the 29th December 1918, in continuation of the leave granted to him in this Department's Notification No. 4782-E.-E., dated the 18th December 1918.

Calcutta, the 23rd January 1919.

No. 491-*E-E*.—The following reversion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified.

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. J. M. Brunton . .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd Class, Officiating.	Inspecting Telegraphist .	28th December 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 21st January 1919.

No. 544-*T*.—Mr. L. L. Rau reverts to the second division of the Superior Traffic Branch with effect from the 17th January 1919.

Calcutta, the 22nd January 1919.

No. 583-*T*.—Mr. S. Lawrence, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, is appointed to officiate in the second division of the Superior Traffic Branch as Superintendent of the Rangoon Telegraph Office with effect from the 29th October 1918 in the arrangements *vice* Mr. S. C. Mitra.

Mr. G. Lawson, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, with effect from the 29th October 1918, *vice* Mr. Lawrence.

Calcutta, the 24th January 1919.

No. 637-*T*.—Mr. W. H. Rowe, who was officiating in the third grade of the first division of the Superior Traffic Branch, *vice* Mr. H. R. W. Charles on special duty, continues to officiate from the 10th January 1919, *vice* Mr. H. R. W. Charles on privilege leave.

Mr. F. Selwyn continues to officiate in the second division of the Superior Traffic Branch from the 10th January 1919, *vice* Mr. Rowe.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 23rd January 1919.

No. 609-*T*.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 16th January 1919 to 22nd January 1919.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
	Railway Telegraph Offices.		
Jabugam	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	1st January 1919 . .	Opened.
Pahur	Great Indian Peninsula Railway.	1st January 1919 . .	Do.
Tejgadh	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	1st January 1919 . .	Do.

The following alteration in the name of a Government Telegraph office is notified :—

"Jamshedpur" instead of "Sakchi."

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

REGISTERED No. C. 696.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 2577 $\frac{P}{F.-1 \& 2}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 6,000, originally issued in the name of Mohkam Chand, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and the application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MOHKAM CHAND son of RAMCHAND NANGPAL,
Residence—Fazilka, District Ferozepore.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 558 M.-F. 1 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Dara Subbarao, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—DARA SUBBARAO,
Residence—Masulipatam, Kojjilipet, Krishna District.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{4109}{F.-1}$ P. of the 5½ per cent. War bond 1920 for Rs. 600, originally issued in the name of Wishnu Mal, son of Hovna Mal Setia, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—WISHNU MAL SETIA,
Residence—Mailsi (District Multan).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{428\text{-P.}}{F.-1}$ of the 5 per cent. Loan of 1929-47 for Rs 1,00,000, originally issued in the name of His Highness the Maharaja Govind Sinh Lokendra Bahadur, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

G. S. JOSHI,
Accountant General, Datia, Bundelkhand.

LOST.

The Allotment Letters Nos. $\frac{376\text{ C. P.}}{F.1}$ & $\frac{377\text{ C. P.}}{F.1.}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 100 each originally issued in the name of Himmatram Marwadi, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letters and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—HIMMATRAM MARWADI,
Residence—Sankra Tahsil Balod-Sanjari, District Drug.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 1408-$\frac{C.P.}{F.1}$-of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500, originally issued to Gajadharsao Bani, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—GAJADHARSAO BANI,
Residence—Of Mungeli, Central Provinces, Nilkant,
Benares (Present Address).

LOST.

The upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 020434 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 300, originally standing in the name of J. Hutchison and last endorsed to Major H. Herries Crosbie, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—GRINDLAY & Co.,
Residence—Bankers and Agents, Bombay.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{1498\ C.P.}{F.I.}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Son Raj Sultan Chand, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—SON RAJ SULTAN CHAND,

Residence—Mungeli, District Bilaspur, Central Provinces.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{2435\text{-}P}{F.1\ \&\ 2}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 600, originally issued in the names of Ghanumal, Karnumal, Gangamal, Beharimal, Pokhermal, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of Advertisers—GHANUMAL, KARNUMAL,
GANGAMAL, BEHARIMAL, POKHERMAL,

Residence—Village Bulandpur, Mailsi (Multan).

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 175723, 175724 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01, for Rs. 5,000 each, originally standing in the name of Hari Charan Ganguli, and last endorsed to Haridas Chatterjee, and Note No. 231104 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01, for Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of Hari Das Chatterjee, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor's administratrix. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

BIBHUTI BHUSAN BANERJEE, Pleader,
Judge's Court, Alipore,
for my Client,
Anila Bala Debi, Administratrix,
of the estate of late Haridas Chatterjee, of
Nangi, 24-Parganas.

15-1, Circular Garden Reach Road, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

LOST, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED.

The Temporary Scrip for bearer bond No. 3772 of the 5½ per cent. of War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of F. M. Willan and blank endorsed by her has been stolen payment of the above Temporary Scrip and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor.

Name of the Advertiser—F. M. WILLAN,

Residence—Convent of S. Mary, Panch Howd, Poona.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. Bhaichand Amulakh and Rajpal Fulchand have as from the 10th of December instant retired from the firm of piece goods merchants carrying on business in Bombay under the name of Vanechand Bhaichand and in Delhi under the name of Shah Bhikhalal Jagjiwan and that the said firm and its business will be continued by the other two continuing partners, *viz.*, Messrs. Bhikhalal Parshotam and Jagjiwan Nagji at Delhi, Bombay and elsewhere under the name of Bhikhalal Jagjiwan. All debts and liabilities of the said business shall be paid and all outstandings shall be recovered by the said continuing partners.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,

Solicitors, for the said firms of Vanechand Bhaichand & Bhikalal Jagjiwan

Dated at Bombay, this 16th day of December 1918.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 783 Bom. of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Rupchand Tansukhdas, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—RUPCHAND TANSUKHDAS,

Residence—Phulpota Taluka Rotodero.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 085340 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 2,000 originally standing in the name of Troilokya Nath Guin, Boikanta Nath Guin and Broja Nath Guin, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—TROILOKYA NATH GUIN,
BOIKANTA NATH GUIN AND BROJA NATH GUIN,

Residence—Nimtollah, P. O. Ghantal, District Midnapore.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. $\frac{386 \text{ C. P.}}{1}$ of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Purshottam Lad, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—G. L. MUKERJI,

Residence—Treasury Officer, Chhindwara, C. P.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 322083, dated 16th December 1918, of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,722-11. The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for Duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—KAMALA DEVI,

Address—77, Russa Road North, Bhowanipur, Calcutta.

IN THE MATTER OF THE EASTERN FOREST PRODUCTS COMPANY LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION:

Simla, the 25th day of November 1918.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to section 209 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at "Brightlands," Simla, on Thursday, the 19th day of December 1918, at noon.

H. HUNTER,

Liquidator.

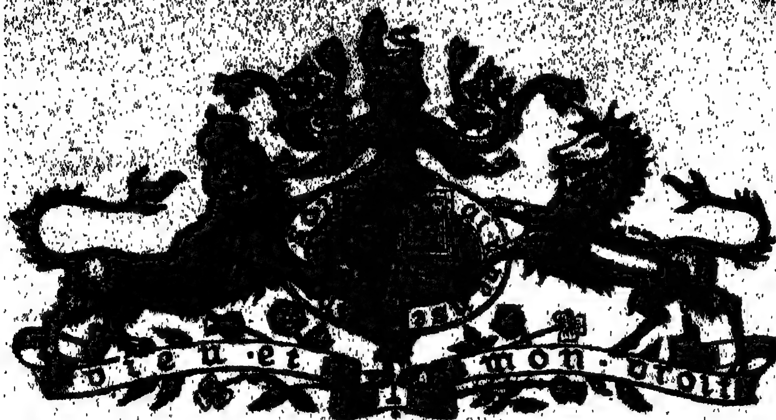
Estate Major R. Hodgins, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Robert Hodgins, Major in the Burma Military Police who died at Shaftesbury House, Formby, Lancashire, on 1st February 1919 Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to George Henry McCausland of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 22nd February next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

G. H. McCAUSLAND,
Administrator to Estate.

CALCUTTA
The 11th January 1919.

REGISTERED No. C. 696.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 4. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1919.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

IMPORTS INTO CHIEF PORTS DURING NOVEMBER, 1918

RETURN SHOWING the QUANTITIES of the PRINCIPAL STAPLES of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE IMPORTED into CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, KARACHI, and MADRAS PORTS by RAIL, RIVER, and SEA during NOVEMBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }
January 23, 1919 }

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN SELECTED ARTICLES IN NOVEMBER, 1918.

The object of the tables appended is to show the quantities of the principal staples of agricultural produce imported from the various provinces, etc., and from foreign countries into the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, and Karachi, and into the Madras ports during the month of November, 1918, and for the eight months, April to November, 1918, as compared with the corresponding periods of 1917. The statistics include sea-borne foreign and coasting trade as well as inland (rail and river-borne) trade. They have been furnished by Collectors of Customs, Steamer Companies, Railway Audit Officers, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, etc.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN NOVEMBER, 1917 AND 1918.

It will be seen from Table I that the imports by rail, river, and sea in November, 1918, as against the corresponding month of 1917, show (in round numbers) an increase of—

942 per cent in linseed
(61,200 tons as against 5,900 tons last year),
54 per cent in jute
(554,600 bales as against 360,000 bales last year),
19 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(11,600 tons as against 9,700 tons last year), and
12 per cent in raw cotton
(168,600 bales as against 151,000 bales last year).

There was a fall of 62 per cent in the imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) (36,500 tons as against 95,700 tons last year) on account of smaller exports from the Punjab, the United Provinces, the Central Provinces and Berar, and Rajputana and Central India. The imports of gram and pulse show a decrease of 54 per cent (34,300 tons as against 75,300 tons last year), due mainly to smaller exports from the United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, and the Central Provinces and Berar. The imports of tea represent a decrease of 30 per cent (29,432,500 lbs as against 42,937,600 lbs last year), owing to smaller exports mainly from Assam and Bengal. The decrease of 2 per cent in the imports of rice (including paddy) (106,900 tons as against 108,700 tons last year) is accounted for by smaller shipments from Burma.

It will be seen from Table IV (wheat, excluding wheat flour) that the principal source of the imports in November, 1917, was the Punjab. During November, 1918 also, the principal source of the imports was the Punjab (61 per cent of the total). Table XI shows the *exports* out of India of wheat (including wheat flour) month by month during the last six years.

NOTE.—One bale of cotton or jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.
One maund is equivalent to 82⅐ lbs.
One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

GENERAL RESULTS—EIGHT MONTHS' IMPORTS INTO THE PORTS FROM UP-COUNTRY, ETC., THIS YEAR AND LAST YEAR.

The eight months' figures in table I show (in round numbers) an increase of—

120 per cent in linseed
(251,900 tons as against 114,600 tons last year),

35 per cent in jute
(3,465,800 bales as against 2,563,600 bales last year),

14 per cent in gram and pulse
(615,100 tons as against 541,400 tons last year),

7 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(690,100 tons as against 645,400 tons last year), and

3 per cent in tea
(196,501,500 lbs as against 189,933,500 lbs last year).

The imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) by rail, river, and sea into ports show a decrease of 52 per cent (772,300 tons as against 1,611,100 tons last year), mainly on account of smaller exports from the Punjab, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India, and Sind and British Baluchistan. The decrease of 22 per cent (1,566,800 bales as against 2,066,300 bales last year) in raw cotton is accounted for by smaller receipts chiefly from Bombay, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India, and Madras. The imports of rape and mustard seed show a fall of 3 per cent (88,600 tons as against 91,700 tons last year) owing to smaller exports, principally from the United Provinces.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN NOVEMBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS MONTH.

As compared with October, 1918, the imports in November, 1918, into the ports referred to above show (in round numbers) an increase of—

154 per cent in raw cotton
(168,600 bales as against 66,300 bales previous month),

64 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(11,600 tons as against 7,100 tons previous month),

52 per cent in linseed
(61,200 tons as against 40,300 tons previous month), and

29 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(106,900 tons as against 82,800 tons previous month).

and a decrease of—

22 per cent in tea
(29,432,500 lbs as against 37,920,900 lbs previous month),

3 per cent in gram and pulse
(34,300 tons as against 35,400 tons previous month), and

3 per cent also in jute
(554,600 bales as against 572,900 bales previous month).

The Statistics for November, 1917 and 1918, as also for the eight months ending November, 1917 and 1918, together with those for October and November, 1918, are summarised below :—

SUMMARY TABLE I.

(1) Articles	(2) Imports, November, 1917	(3) Imports, November, 1918	(4) Imports, April to November, 1917	(5) Imports, April to November, 1918	(6) Increase (+) or decrease (—) of imports in November, 1918, as compared with November, 1917	(7) Increase (+) or decrease (—) of imports in eight months, April to November 1918, as compared with eight months April to November 1917
	bales	bales	bales	bales	Per cent	Per cent
Cotton, raw . . .	150,986	168,597	2,006,288	1,566,838	+12	—22
	tons	tons	tons	tons		
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	95,669	36,467	1,611,062	772,279	—62	—52
Rice (including paddy) .	108,656	106,893	645,358	690,120	—2	+7
Gram and Pulse . .	75,323	34,281	541,442	615,086	—54	+14
Linseed . . .	5,871	61,181	114,591	251,912	+942	+120
Rape and Mustard seed .	9,701	11,591	91,691	88,635	+19	—3
	bales	bales	bales	bales		
Jute	360,045	554,635	2,563,612	3,465,305	+54	+35
	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs		
Tea	42,037,680	29,432,512	189,933,499	196,501,519	—30	+3

SUMMARY TABLE II.

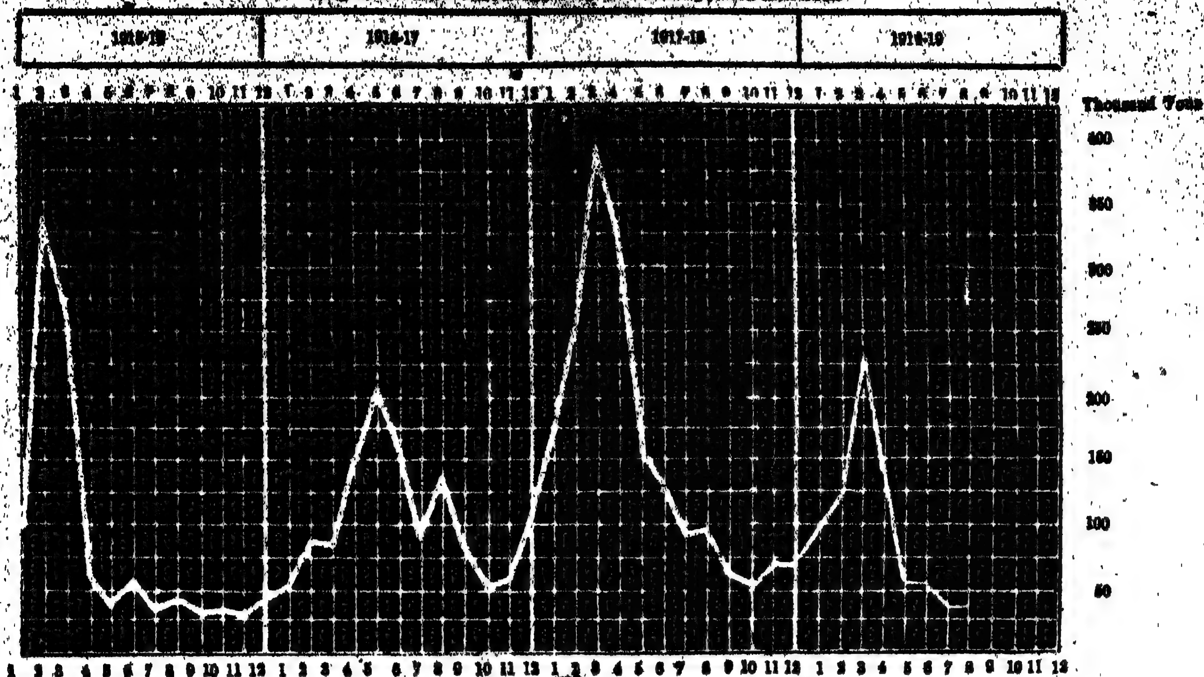
Articles	Imports, October, 1918	Imports, November 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) of Imports in November, 1918 as compared with October, 1918,
	bales	bales	Per cent
Cotton, raw	66,256	168,597	+154
	tons	tons	
Wheat (excluding wheat flour) . . .	36,641	36,467	0
Rice (including paddy)	82,763	106,893	+29
Gram and Pulse	35,411	34,281	—3
Linseed	40,286	61,181	+52
Rape and Mustard seed	7,068	11,591	+64
	bales	bales	
Jute	572,915	554,635	—3
	lbs	lbs	
Tea	37,920,912	29,432,512	—22

The annexed charts show the course of the monthly imports of wheat, cotton, and jute from April, 1915, to November, 1918 :—

IMPORTS BY RAIL, RIVER, AND SEA OF WHEAT, COTTON, AND JUTE FROM APRIL, 1915, TO NOVEMBER, 1918

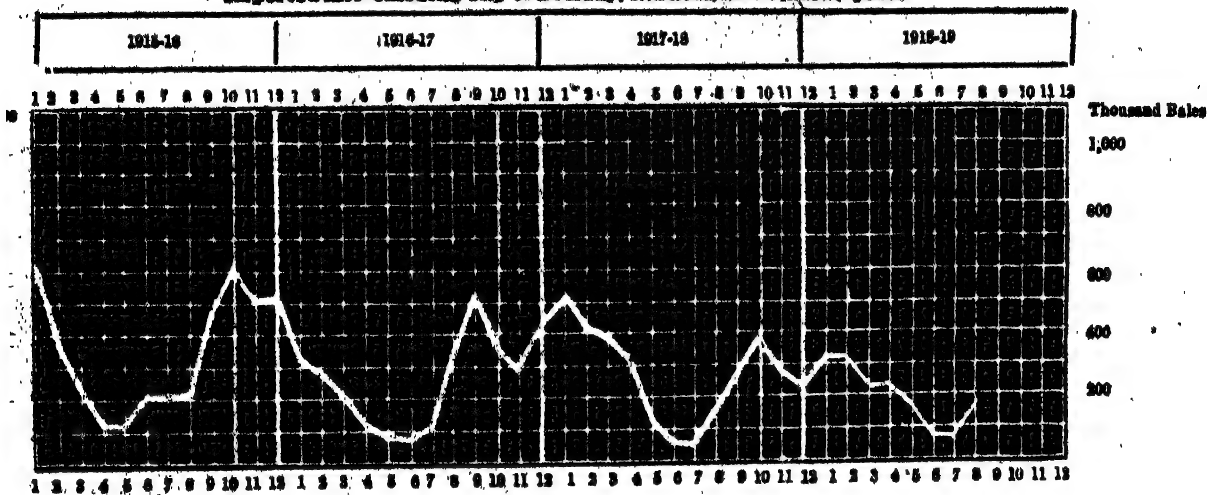
WHEAT

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, and Karachi



COTTON (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, Karachi, and Madras ports



JUTE (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta

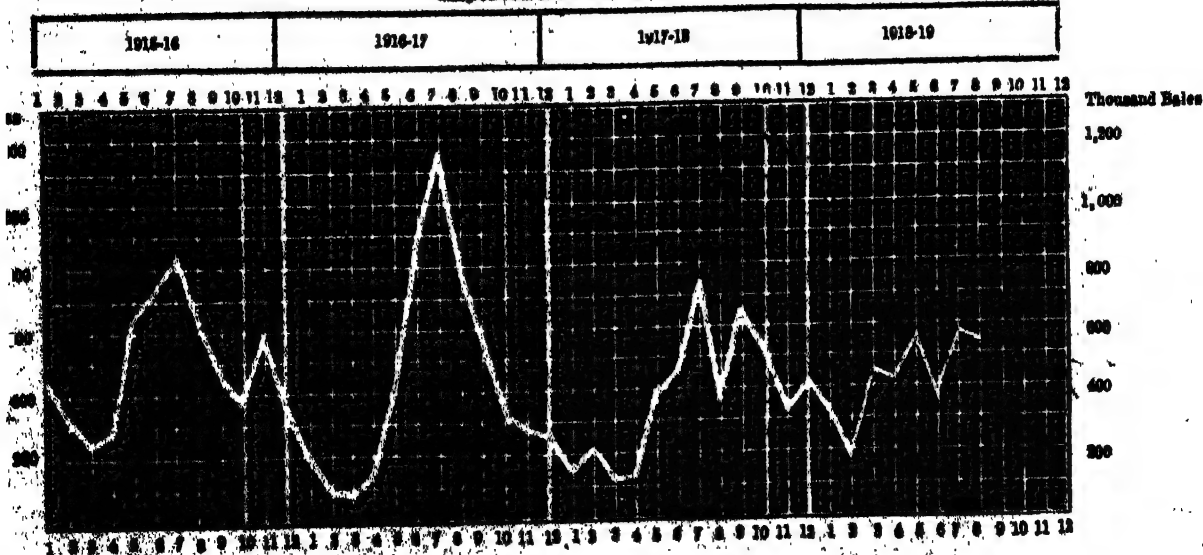


TABLE III.—Cotton, raw

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918	City of Bombay 1917	City of Bombay 1918	Karachi 1917	Karachi 1918	Madras ports 1917	Madras ports 1918	Total 1917	Total 1918
	Imports in November									
	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
By Rail and River—										
Assam	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
Bengal	282	197	878	26	...	...	...	...	1,160	323
Bihar and Orissa	2	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	18
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	556	225	19,460	26,087	...	...	...	...	20,016	26,315
Punjab	1,048	72	12,092	15,180	9	235	...	...	13,144	15,487
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...		920	12,246	...	...	920	12,246
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	2 646	559	...	...	...	...	2,646	559
Bombay	2,095	357	31,818	12,776	...	...	394	1,252	34,307	14,385
Central Provinces and Berar	2,292	536	45 215	52,479	...	...	...	...	47,507	53,015
Nizam's Territory	...	...	5,949	4,284	...	...	12	365	5,961	4,649
Madras	296	...	8,312	10,505	...	...	7,167	5,843	15,775	16,348
Mysore	...	...	412	333	...	...	...	325	412	658
TOTAL	6,569	1,408	126,782	125,229	929	12,481	7,578	7,785	141,853	146,903
By Sea—										
Bengal	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...		...	...	...	...		...	...
Bombay	...	...	7	...	...	70	1	...	8	70
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	20	7,974	...	5	...	...	20	7,979
Madras	1,399		3,869	7,505	...	...	...		5,268	7,505
Burma	727	2,264	...	...	...	...	...	...	727	2,264
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	1,523	1,918	...	...	...	...	1,523	1,918
Foreign Countries	664	...	908	1,958	...	...	15	...	1,587	1,958
TOTAL	2,790	2 264	6,327	19,355	...	75	16	...	9,133	21,694
TOTAL IMPORTS	9,359	3,672	133,109	144,584	929	12,556	7,589	7,785	150 986	168,597
	Imports from April to November									
By Rail and River—										
Assam	1,324	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 324	90
Bengal	23,190	13,862	4,233	2,877	...	...	1	95	27,424	16,834
Bihar and Orissa	942	452	...	...	...	...	...	...	942	452
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	6 894	2,152	47,119	40,436	...	4	...	89	54,008	42,681
Punjab	2,388	3,150	38,761	123,881	17,251	1,760	...	...	58,400	128,791
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	28,156	24 456	...	...	28,156	24,456
Rajputana and Central India	188	63	136 517	28,887	...	...	...	...	136,705	28,950
Bombay	21,252	7,698	680,994	486,772			9,902	4,188	712 148	498,658
Central Provinces and Berar	14,100	3 637	194 458	85,840	...	...	...	...	208,558	89,477
Nizam's Territory		121	50,899	40,176	...	...	2,862	4,105	53,761	44,402
Madras	7,151	5,826	112,834	168,087	...	...	203,860	106,216	323,845	279,579
Mysore	...	...	14 611	5,821	...	...	3,039	408	17,650	6,229
TOTAL	77,419	36,551	1,280,426	982,727	45,407	26,220	219,664	115,101	1,622 916	1,160,599
By Sea—										
Bengal	...	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	380
Bihar and Orissa	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
Bombay	20	1,374	2,669	21	...	259	1	3,137	2,690	5,391
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	85,003	34,976	1	24	...	...	85,004	35,000
Madras	12,421	7,844	37,283	28,756	...	...	11	13	49 717	36,613
Burma	7,497	16,196	79	...	...	...	...	...	7,576	16,196
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	231,805	268,686	...	...	...	1	231 805	268 687
Foreign Countries	664	...	6,364	22,038	...	24	15	5	7,043	22,062
TOTAL	20,604	28,299	362,705	874,472	1	307	27	3,156	383,387	496,384
TOTAL IMPORTS	98,023	64,850	1,643,131	1,857,199	45,408	26,527	219,691	118,257	2,006,303	1,656,983

NOTE.—(1) Provinces named in the first column include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the port of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry with its suburbs Villianur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, Badagara, and Dhanushkodi.

(2) For the purpose of rail and river borne trade the North-West Frontier Province and the Delhi Province are included in the Punjab.

(3) One bale of cotton is equivalent to 400 lbs.

TABLE IV.—Wheat (excluding wheat flour)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
	Imports in Novmeber							
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	...	2	...	...	...	...	.	2
Bengal	170	892	...	...	...	...	170	892
Bihar and Orissa	4,826	7,581	...	..	7		4,833	7,881
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	10,866	2,856	7,273	1,605	4,318	112	22,452	4,573
Punjab	...	2,063	5,866	10,182	35,670	9,985	41,536	22,230
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	.	...	2,767	122	2,767	122
Rajputana and Central India	6	...	7,054	21	709	...	7,769	21
Bombay	.	3	3,213	349	...	...	3,213	352
Central Provinces and Berar	3,482	...	8,352	310	...	...	11,834	310
Nizam's Territory	...	...	108		...	...	108	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...
Mysore	...	..	.	...	...	...	.	...
Kashmir	..	...	.	...	.	...	...	
TOTAL	19,850	13,697	31,866	12,467	43,466	10,219	94,682	36,383
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	58	.	58	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	84	.	..	.	84
Madras	..	...	..	.	...	...	...	...
Burma	..	...	..	...	..	..		...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	927	...	2	...	929	...
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	927	84	60	..	987	84
TOTAL IMPORTS	19,350	13,699	32 793	12,551	43,526	10,219	95,669	36,467
	Imports from April to November							
By Rail and River—								
Assam	3	116	...	.	..	...	2	116
Bengal	10,246	16,012	...	79	..	..	10,246	16,091
Bihar and Orissa	55,954	58,243		1,674	115	2,924	56,069	62 841
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	131,067	66,737	87,759	78,310	128,715	150,978	297 541	296,045
Punjab	597	3,590	25,721	43,283	798,325	289,365	824,643	330 238
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	.		72 342	9,041	72,342	9,041
Rajputana and Central India	5,669	171	103,909	13,193	8,737	1,771	118 315	15 135
Bombay	71	3	31,836	4,761	...	49	31 907	4,813
Central Provinces and Berar	50,858	2,334	134,565	27,166	98	12	185,021	29,512
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,413	4	..	..	1,413	4
Madras	29	...	1	11	...	...	30	11
Mysore	...	...	50	.		...	50	...
Kashmir	...	...		...	...	.	..	..
TOTAL	253,993	147,206	335,254	168,501	1,008,332	454,140	1,597,579	769,847
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	.
Bombay	...	...	23	126	63	268	91	389
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	3	912	...	..	3	912
Madras	...	...	5	...	...		5	...
Burma	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	10,340	1,125	3,044	...	13,384	1,125
Foreign Countries	...	6	...	...	.	..	...	6
TOTAL	...	6	10,376	2,163	3,107	268	13,483	2,432
TOTAL IMPORTS	253,993	147,212	345,630	170,664	1,011,439	454,408	1,611,062	772,279

* See also Table XI

TABLE V.—Rice (including paddy)*

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918	Karachi 1917	Karachi 1918	Madras ports 1917	Madras ports 1918	Total 1917	Total 1918
	Imports in November							
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam		509					...	509
Bengal	21 326	43,872		8,870	2,464	4 521	23,790	57,263
Bihar and Orissa	2,683	1,702			1,968	863	4,651	2,565
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1	1		21	.		1	22
Punjab	51	46	571	..	...	...	622	46
Sind and British Baluchistan			6,742	186	...	...	6,743	186
Rajputana and Central India	...			...	..	..	..	.
Bombay		509	.	.	1	255	1	764
Central Provinces and Berar	29	76	..	.	30	...	59	76
Nizam's Territory			..	...	88	.	88	
Madras	5	14	.	.	31,668	13,860	34,673	13,874
Mysore	...	...	.	..	272	20	272	20
Kashmir	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...
Total	24,095	51,729	7 813	4,077	39,441	19,519	70,849	75,325
By Sea—								
Bengal	..	..		...	765	851	765	851
Bihar and Orissa	57	215	.	..	..		57	215
Bombay	...	.	33	28	294	15	327	33
Sind and British Baluchistan		...	300	200	1		301	300
Madras			.	...	5		5	
Burma	20,987	8,750			15,272	21,511	36,259	30,261
Non-British Ports in India	.	.		...	...		...	.
Foreign Countries	2	1		...	91	2	93	3
Total	21 046	8,966	333	228	16,428	22 379	37,807	31 568
Total Imports	45 141	60,695	7 646	4,300	55,869	41,898	108,656	106,893
	Imports from April to November							
By Rail and River—								
Assam	7	1,114	..				7	1,114
Bengal	125,980	249,247†	...	22,709	11,767	14 998	136,997	286,954
Bihar and Orissa	13,683	6,901	10	485	18,395	33,365	32,088	40,748
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	208	68	4	948		84	212	1,100
Punjab	386	392	6,074	3,395	...	39	6,460	3,826
Sind and British Baluchistan	2		70,899	28,018		...	70,901	28,018
Rajputana and Central India	90	10	...	.	..		90	10
Bombay		511	...		21	1,264	21	1,775
Central Provinces and Berar	1,142	93	...	603	120	39†	1,262	739
Nizam's Territory	2	..	...	.	350	31	352	31
Madras	1,859	121	...		185,379	139,652	187 238	139,773
Mysore	.	...	..	..	1,592	336	1,592	336
Kashmir	...	...	.	.	...	..	..	...
Total	142 609	258,464	76,987	56,158	217,624	189,602	437,220	504,424
By Sea—								
Bengal		..	..	.	1,837	7,458	1,837	7,458
Bihar and Orissa	1,911	336	.	.			1,911	336
Bombay	2	.	169	1,822	1,083	337	1,247	2,159
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	...	2,388	2 510	87		2,475	2,510
Madras			1	1	126	1,588	127	1,589
Burma	121,847	63,422			78,046	108,150	199,893	171,572
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	8
Foreign Countries	162	50	...	3	986	16	1,148	69
Total	123,922	63,808	2,551	4,344	81,665	117,544	208,138	185,696
Total Imports	266,531	322,272	79,538	60,502	299,289	307,346	645,358	690,120

*One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice.
† Revised figures.

TABLE VI.—Gram and Pulse

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918	City of Bombay 1917	City of Bombay 1918	Karachi 1917	Karachi 1918	Total 1917	Total 1918
Imports in November								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	4,285	6,814	490	87	...	88	4,775	6,934
Bihar and Orissa	7,481	3,768	5,160	572	423	85	13,064	4,445
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	4,769	844	14,580	645	5,102	985	24,461	2,474
Punjab	72	31	3,858	2,639	15,370	14,608	19,300	17,268
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	580	123	580	123
Rajputana and Central India	29	...	3,020	10	1,335	157	4,384	167
Bombay	...	...	1,803	179	47	...	1,850	179
Central Provinces and Berar	289	837	6,616	315	...	...	6,905	1,152
Nizam's Territory	85	...	48	506	...	...	133	506
Madras	401	13	...	241	...	...	401	254
Mysore	...	...	...	229	...	...	...	229
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	17,411	12,327	34,585	5,368	22,857	16,041	74,853	33,731
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	1	3	22	6	23	9
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	48	388	50	42	98	430
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	5	94	...	10	...	...	5	104
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	330	2	...	...	330	2
Foreign Countries	...	...	14	4	...	...	14	4
TOTAL	5	95	393	407	72	48	470	550
TOTAL IMPORTS	17,416	12,422	34,978	5,770	22,929	16,089	75,323	34,281
Imports from April to November								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	35	20	...	...	...	...	35	20
Bengal	36,971	50,863	829	158	...	745	37,800	51,766
Bihar and Orissa	43,805	41,441	8,319	7,747	2,986	2,518	55,110	51,706
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	53,724	21,914	57,581	59,591	43,006	25,055	154,311	105,960
Punjab	362	871	21,942	53,830	159,161	272,352	181,465	327,053
Sind and British Baluchistan	3	...	8	10	13,979	8,267	13,990	8,277
Rajputana and Central India	1,327	145	23,035	10,148	23,082	23,921	47,344	34,214
Bombay	...	7	10,974	9,401	47	...	11,021	9,408
Central Provinces and Berar	2,935	1,975	31,810	15,950	40	15	34,785	17,940
Nizam's Territory	305	...	312	534	...	...	617	534
Madras	754	151	13	345	...	...	767	496
Mysore	...	...	...	229	...	...	...	229
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	140,121	116,787	154,823	157,943	242,301	332,873	537,245	607,603
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	1	...	23	...	...	...	24
Bihar and Orissa	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	47
Bombay	...	...	92	440	379	271	471	711
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	1,142	2,941	611	755	1,753	3,696
Madras	...	...	59	...	...	...	59	...
Burma	549	1,797	15	79	...	...	564	1,876
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	1,262	966	9	110	1,271	1,076
Foreign Countries	30	7	26	45	23	1	79	53
TOTAL	579	1,852	2,596	4,494	1,022	1,137	4,197	7,483
TOTAL IMPORTS	140,700	118,639	157,419	162,437	243,323	334,010	541,442	615,086

TABLE VII.—Linseed

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918	City of Bombay 1917	City of Bombay 1918	Total 1917	Total 1918
	Imports in November					
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—						
Assam	1	1	...	...	2	1
Bengal	117	1,640	25	..	142	1,640
Bihar and Orissa	2,004	21,331	835	350	2,839	21,681
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	219	6,958	1,477	6,215	1,696	18,173
Punjab	...	...	..	42	...	42
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	...	.	...	..	..
Rajputana and Central India			335	7,536	335	7,536
Bombay	.	...	88	2,891	88	2,891
Central Provinces and Berar	1	120	399	8,931	400	9,051
Nizam's Territory	..	...	358	4,658	358	4,658
Madras	...	...	4	417	4	417
Mysore	...	..		9	...	9
TOTAL	2,343	30,050	3,521	31,049	5,864	61 099
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	..	.	...
Bihar and Orissa		..	..	.	...	...
Bombay	..	...	.	..	..	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	3		3	...
Madras	..		.	..	.	..
Burma	.	.	.	.	..	.
Non-British Ports in India		.	3	82	3	82
Foreign Countries			1	...	1	
TOTAL	.	...	7	82	7	82
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,343	30,050	3,528	31,131	5,871	61 181
	Imports from April to November					
By Rail and River—						
Assam	683	19	...		683	19
Bengal	3,404	5,718	66	119	3,470	5,837
Bihar and Orissa	25,114	81,297	8,514	16,709	33,628	98,006
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,682	25,079	32,559	38,883	37,241	63,962
Punjab	...	22	1	78	1	95
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	.	..	.	..
Rajputana and Central India	57	260	14,564	24,564	14,621	24,824
Bombay	..	.	3,568	10,965	3,568	10,965
Central Provinces and Berar	54	886	11,260	26,439	11,314	27,325
Nizam's Territory	..	...	8,732	19,190	8,732	19,199
Madras	85	515	220	718	305	1,233
Mysore	...	...	4	10	4	10
TOTAL	34,029	113,796	79,488	137,679	113,517	251,475
By Sea—						
Bengal	..	...	..	..	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	8	...	...	...	8	...
Bombay	...		...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	357	.	357	...
Madras	...	..		...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	673	437	673	437
Foreign Countries	...	...	36	.	36	...
TOTAL	8	...	1,066	437	1,074	437
TOTAL IMPORTS	34,037	113,796	80,554	138,116	114,591	251,912

TABLE VIII.—Rape and Mustard Seed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
	Imports in November					
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—						
Assam	.	14	...	...	...	14
Bengal	27	99	...	...	27	90
Bihar and Orissa	402	1 768	...	..	402	1,768
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	3,877	1,816	32	1,209	1,909	3,025
Punjab	2,813	1,740	9	272	2,822	2 012
Sind and British Baluchistan	548		.		548	
Rajputana and Central India	498	372	295	164	793	536
Bombay	705	18	251	3,500	956	3,518
Central Provinces and Berar	79	19	37	7	116	26
Nizam's Territory	...	.	10	1	10	1
Madras	99	13	...	..	99	13
Mysore		...	...	...	...	..
TOTAL	9,048	5,909	634	5,203	9,682	11,112
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	.	..	...	...	
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	.	1	464	1	464
Madras	...	...		..	...	..
Burma	...	...		..	.	
Non-British Ports in India	...	.	18	15	18	15
Foreign Countries	...	..	...	...	..	.
TOTAL	...		19	179	19	479
TOTAL IMPORTS	9,048	5,909	653	5,682	9,701	11,591
	Imports from April to November					
By Rail and River—						
Assam	2,156	183		.	2,456	162
Bengal	550	270		14	550	284
Bihar and Orissa	3,849	3,591	.		3,809	3,593
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	39 720	10,114	542	1 627	40,262	12 121
Punjab	17 828	45,961	59	814	17,887	46,275
Sind and British Baluchistan	2,084	1 878		2	2,081	1 880
Rajputana and Central India	7 287	2,796	2,200	2 185	9 487	4 981
Bombay	1 174	6,316	7,157	8 131	8 331	11 147
Central Provinces and Berar	4 119	1,762	315	271	4,464	2,083
Nizam's Territory			73	15	73	15
Madras	1 590	807		22	1,590	829
Mysore		.			.	
TOTAL	80,617	74,059	10 356	13 551	91 005	86 610
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...		...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	..	..	...	...
Bombay	..	15	..			15
Sind and British Baluchistan	.	..	640	1,892	640	1 892
Madras	..	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	..	...	.	...	..	...
Non-British Ports in India	..	...	48	118	48	118
Foreign Countries	.	..	...	...	.	
TOTAL	.	15	688	2,010	688	2,025
TOTAL IMPORTS	80,617	74,074	11,044	14,561	91,691	86,635

TABLE IX —Jute

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918
	Imports in November	
	bales	bales
By Rail and River—		
Assam	13,594	19,794
Bengal	331,535	492,417
Bihar and Orissa	12 777	40,447
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	...	..
Punjab	..	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	.	...
Rajputana and Central India	.	...
Bombay	.	..
Central Provinces and Berar	...	..
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	...	...
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	357,906	552,658
By Sea—		
Bengal	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	2 139	1,977
Bombay	..	.
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	...
Madras	.	..
Burma	..	
Non-British Ports in India	..	...
Foreign Countries	...	..
TOTAL	2,139	1,977
TOTAL IMPORTS	360,045	554,635
	Imports from April to November	
By Rail and River—		
Assam	67,355	117,002
Bengal	2 816,557	3,054,757†
Bihar and Orissa	164 976	278,870
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh		
Punjab		
Sind and British Baluchistan		
Rajputana and Central India		...
Bombay		..
Central Provinces and Berar		
Nizam's Territory		..
Madras		.
Mysore		
TOTAL	3,048,888	3,450,629
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	..
Bihar and Orissa	8,133	15,176
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras		...
Burma		...
Non-British Ports in India	..	...
Foreign Countries	6,591	...
TOTAL	14,724	15,176
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,063,612	3,465,805

NOTE —One bale of jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

By "Calcutta" is meant the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks. The imports exclude, therefore, imports into those jute mills which are outside this area Such mills form the large majority of the total number of mills manufacturing jute.

† Revised figures.

TABLE X.—Tea

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918
	Imports in November	
	lbs.	lbs.
By Rail and River—		
Assam	27,792,823	17,901,916
Bengal	14,992,539	10,954,779
Bihar and Orissa	33,490	19,995
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	165	165
Punjab	1,152	2,715
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	82	...
Bombay	329	3,950
Central Provinces and Berar	82	82
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	11,109	13,824
Mysore	...	...
Kashmir	...	...
TOTAL	42,831,771	28,897,426
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	16,635
Bihar and Orissa	...	224
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	386	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	840
Foreign Countries	105,473	517,387
TOTAL	105,859	535,086
TOTAL IMPORTS	42,937,630	29,432,512

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918
	Imports from April to November	
By Rail and River—		
Assam	110,107,358	112,450,259
Bengal	78,842,141	82,375,899
Bihar and Orissa	211,392	194,935
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	17,033	133,986
Punjab	13,989	24,026
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	657	905
Bombay	3,044	18,021
Central Provinces and Berar	575	1,399
Nizam's Territory	...	1,152
Madras	334,245	142,683
Mysore	...	...
Kashmir	...	...
TOTAL	189,620,434	195,342,665
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	30,190
Bihar and Orissa	...	224
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	240	1,260
Burma	9,816	5,695
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	302,979	1,121,485
TOTAL	313,065	1,158,854
TOTAL IMPORTS	189,933,499	196,501,519

NOTE.—One maund is equivalent to 82 2/7 lbs.

TABLE XI.

The following statements show the exports of (1) wheat, (2) wheat flour, and (3) Total (wheat and wheat flour) from British India by sea to foreign countries during each month of the six official years, 1912-13 to 1917-18, and April to November, 1918. The figures are in thousands of tons :—

1.—Wheat.

Months.	1912-13.	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.
April .	69	27	9	11	3	99	48
May .	107	166	24	105	2	167	72
June .	244	260	169	292	42	146	95
July .	328	318	169	187	44	212	77
August .	153	135	43	48	75	149	130
September .	232	135	56	6	139	150	47
October .	148	53	88	... (a)	151	229	17
November	114	47	55	... (a)	79	140	8
December .	80	22	37	... (a)	99	47	...
January .	99	20	25	... (a)	52	25	...
February .	51	10	22	2	15	15	...
March .	35	9	9	1	33	54	...
TOTAL .	1,660	1,202	706	652	734	1,433	...
	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
Production (in 1,000 tons)	9,924	9,853	8,358	10,087	8,518	10,234	10,162

NOTE.—In this statement the figures of production for one year have been placed below those of exports of the next year, because the production of one year is usually exported in the next year.

(a) Exports were below 1,000 tons in these months.

2.—Wheat flour.

Months.	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.
April .	4	6	6	5	2	3	2
May .	4	9	3	2	7	6	2
June .	6	10	5	4	5	5	1
July .	5	8	8	6	4	5	2
August .	6	4	6	4	4	9	2
September .	5	7	4	6	6	7	2
October .	9	9	4	4	8	6	4
November .	5	6	4	7	7	11	3
December .	6	4	3	3	6	3	...
January .	7	6	5	9	5	4	...
February .	5	4	4	4	7	3	...
March .	6	6	2	4	8	6	...
TOTAL .	68	79	54	58	69	68	...

3.—Total (wheat including wheat flour converted into wheat).†

Months.	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18.	1918-19
	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.
April	74	36	17	17	6	103	51
May	113	179	29	108	12	176	75
June	252	274	176	298	49	153	96
July	335	329	181	196	50	219	80
August	161	141	52	54	81	162	133
September	239	145	61	15	148	160	50
October	161	66	94	6	162	238	23
November	122	55	61	10	89	156	12
December	89	27	42	4	108	51	...
January	109	29	32	13	60	31	...
February	59	16	28	6	25	19	...
March	44	18	11	7	44	63	...
TOTAL	1,758	1,315	784	734	834	1,531	...
	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
Production of wheat (in 1,000 tons).	9,924	9,853	8,358	10,087	8,518	10,234	10,162

† Ten tons of wheat are taken as equivalent to seven tons of wheat flour.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule II (except molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *first*, the total imports into India in the month of December 1918, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1920:—

Description of sugar.	Imported during the month of December 1918.		Imported since 1st October 1918.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
	Cwt.	R a.	Cwt.	R a.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	...	...	6	18 8
" " and soft, refined in China	10,299	24 0	14,887	25 4
" " " " from Egypt	...	...	...	...
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 23 Dutch Standard and above.	914,073	14 12	1,947,949	15 0
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 16 to 22 Dutch Standard.	191,114	13 4	397,902	13 8
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 15 Dutch Standard and under.	...	...	...	...
" " " " from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over.	386,204	15 8	535,249	15 12

* This revised classification has been adopted with effect from January 1918, in accordance with the classification of Japanese Sugar in item No. 18 of the Import Tariff Schedule prescribed by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 1547-D., dated the 15th December 1917.

The imports of Sugar from Japan during the three months, October to December 1917, were 2,691 cwt. and the average value per cwt. was R17-8.

H. A. F. LINDSAY,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA:
The 21st January 1919.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

Joint Stock Companies.

DECEMBER, 1918.

During the month under report, 29 companies were registered with an aggregate authorised capital of about R1,19 lakhs, as against 21 companies with an aggregate authorised capital of R13,62 lakhs in the corresponding month of the preceding year. Bengal alone accounted for 19 companies (over R61 lakhs). For the nine months, April to December, 1918, the number of companies registered was 187 with an authorised capital of R7,93 lakhs, as against 183 companies with R22,33 lakhs of authorised capital in the corresponding period of the preceding year. The largest flotation in December was that of the Aerial Transportation Company of India, Bombay (R20 lakhs).

Table 1.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of December, 1918, and in the corresponding month of 1917.

Classification of Companies	December, 1917		December, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital
		R(1,000)		R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	2	12,01,00	4	2,20
Insurance	..	..	1	20
Trading—				
Navigation		.	1	3,00
Printing, publishing, and stationery	2	16,00	1	3,00
Others	6	7,25	13	68,55
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton Mill	1	12,00	...	..
Cotton and Jute screws and presses	..	...	1	6,00
Other mills and presses	1	1,00,00	1	1,00
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	3	15,50	1	1,00
Others	2	1,50	1	6,00
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	...	...	3	12,00
Others	1	2,00	...	...
Sugar manufacturing	1	10	...	...
Land and building	...	...	1	15,00
Companies other than those specified above	2	6,50	1	1.00
TOTAL	21	13,61,85	29	1,18,95

Table 2.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the nine months, April to December, 1918, and in the corresponding period of 1917.

Classification of Companies	April to December, 1917		April to December, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital
		R(1,000)		R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	29	12,25,05	17	80,18
Insurance	.	...	2	10,20
Trading—				
Navigation	...	...	1	3,00
Railways and tramways	3	28,00	...	...
Co-operative association	1	2,50	1	20
Shipping, landing, and warehousing	1	5,00	...	...
Printing, publishing, and stationery	12	20,30	9	8,69
Others	68	5,58,10	82	3,52,80
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton mills	2	47,00	3	51,00
Mill for wool, silk, hemp, etc.	1	1,00	...	...
Cotton and jute screws and presses	3	6,50	2	11,00
Paper mill	1	2,00	.	..
Rice mills	2	1,70	2	90,00
Saw and timber mill	...	..	1	10,00
Other mills and presses	3	1,16,60	5	11,00
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	25	67,13	20	49,00
Coffee and cinchona	1	3,00	...	...
Others	6	6,98	7	25,90
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	6	10,50	14	36,00
Others	6	58,50	10	38,18
Land and building	2	1,10	1	6,00
Breweries	1	6,38	2	1,72
Ice manufacturing	1	60	...	...
Sugar manufacturing	...	...	2	19,00
Companies other than those specified above	9	59,85	6	38,55
TOTAL	183	22,83,29	187	7,92,97

Table 3.

Detailed statement showing particulars of Joint Stock Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of December, 1918.

No.	Class and Name	Situation of Registered Office	Objects	Authorised capital
	I.—Banking, Loan, and Insurance			
	(a) Banking and Loan.			Rs.
1	Arya Bank	Jalpaiguri, Bengal	Banking and money lending.	50,000
2	Naogaon Islamia Bank *	Naogaon, Rajshahi	" "	50,000
3	Sri Paramanandha Benefit Co.	Madras	" "	20,000
4	Vasanta Fund	"	" "	1,00,000
	Total, Banking and Loan	......	......	2 20,000
	(b) Insurance.			
5	Kanauj Scents Provident Insurance Society.	Kanauj, United Provinces	Provident insurance	20,000
	Total, Banking, Loan and Insurance.	......	......	2,40,000
	II.—Trading.			
	(a) Navigation.			
6	Coastal Shipping*	Calcutta	Acquiring steam and other ships.	3,00,000
	(b) Printing, publishing and Stationery			
7	Nationalist Journals	Allahabad, United Provinces.	Printing and publishing newspapers, etc.	3,00,000
	(c) Others.			
8	Diex Aye Rubber Factory	Calcutta	Manufacturing and dealing in rubber goods.	2,00,000
9	Eastern Agency Co.*	Bengal	Agency business, etc.	20,000
10	Assam Central Bricks and Tiles.	Calcutta	Manufacturers and explorers and dealers in fireclay bricks, etc.	1,00,000
11	Maison Alice*	"	Silk mercers, furriers, hosiors, etc.	3,00,000
12	Bilaspore Lime and Cement Co*	Bengal	Manufacturing cement, lime, etc.	2,00,000
13	Indian Timber	Calcutta	Timber merchants	1,00,000
14	Tea Engineering Appliances	"	Manufactures of machinery, fencing wire, etc.	6,00,000
15	Hollingshurst & Co (India)*	Bombay	General trade	7,50,000
16	M. H. Sanjana & Co.*	"	" merchants and commission agents.	15,00,000
17	Aerial Transportation Company of India.*	"	Mechanical and electrical engineers.	20,00,000
18	Govindjee Madhowjee & Co.*	"	General merchants and commission agents.	10,00,000
19	South Indian Stores*	"	" "	60,000
20	Muslim Trading Co.*	Rangoon Burma	General trade	25,000
	Total, Others	......	......	68,55,000
	Total, Trading	......	......	74,55,000
	III.—Mills and Presses			
	(a) Cotton and Jute Screws and Presses.			
21	Ocean Jute Press*	Calcutta	Baling, pressing jute, etc.	6,00,000

*Registered as a private company

Table 3—*contd.*

Detailed statement showing particulars of Joint Stock Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of December, 1918—*contd.*

No.	Class and Name	Situation of Registered Office	Objects	Authorised capital
	III.—Mills and Presses—*contd.*			
	(*b*) *Other Mills and Presses.*			Rs.
22	Express Oil Mills Co.	Calcutta	Manufacturing and dealing in oils, etc.	1,00,000
	Total, Mills and Presses	......	......	7,00,000
	IV.—Tea and other Planting Companies			
	(*a*) *Tea*			
23	Kirun Tea Co.	Calcutta	Cultivation and sale of tea, etc.	1,00,000
	(*b*) *Others*			
24	Dooriah*	Calcutta	Cultivation of indigo, sugar, maize, rice, etc	6,00,000
	Total, Tea and other Planting Companies.	......	......	7,00,000
	V.—Mining and Quarrying			
25	Cliveden Coke Co.	Calcutta	Miners, colliery proprietors, and manufacturers of coke etc.	3,00,000
26	Alliance Coal Co	"	Miners and colliery proprietors.	1,00,000
27	Eastern Circle Collieries*	"	"	8,00,000
	Total, Mining and Quarrying	......	......	12,00,000
	VI.—Sugar Manufacture.			
28	New Savan Sugar and Gur Refining Co.	Calcutta	Manufacturing and refining sugar, molasses, gur and other saccharine substances, etc.	15,00,000
	VII.—Others.			
29	Indian Dairy and Agricultural Co.	Calcutta	Carrying on business of pisciculture in all its branches.	1,00,000
	GRAND TOTAL	......	......	1,18,95,000

* Registered as a private company.

CALCUTTA:
January 20, 1919

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

PRESS NOTE.

Rise in prices at the end of November 1918.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

The general level of wholesale prices in the five chief ports at the end of November 1918, indicates the way in which the war affected the general demand for Indian exports which fetched in almost all markets high prices. The general results showed a rise of 121 per cent above that at the outbreak of war (end of July 1914), and of 19 per cent as compared with December 1917. The prices, however, declined by 6 per cent as compared with the period at the end of the fourth year of war (August 1918), as will be seen from the following table.

Index Numbers of wholesale prices.

(General average)

	Pre-war level (end of July 1914).	At the end of			
		August 1917.	December 1917.	August 1918.	November 1918.
Calcutta	100	142	168	190	183
Bombay	100	179	209	260	238
Karachi	100	175	194	250	212
Madras	100	188	214	293	296
Rangoon	100	133	143	175	178
AVERAGE (UNWEIGHTED)	100	163	186	234	221

Compared with the pre-war level, the rise at the end of November, 1918, was 196 per cent in Madras, 138 per cent in Bombay, 112 per cent in Karachi, 83 per cent in Calcutta, and 78 per cent in Rangoon. The articles in the general index number of each port are the staples of that port and the number so selected is not identical in all these ports.

The fluctuations in the wholesale prices of the principal articles of trade in each port are stated below.

ndex Numbers of wholesale prices in Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, and Rangoon at the end of November, 1918, as compared with those at the end of August 1917, December 1917, and August 1918.

[Prices at the end of July 1914 = 100]

rticles.	End of July 1914	Calcutta				Bombay				Karachi				Madras				Rangoon			
		Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918
. . .	100	97	88	108	127	108	113	142	154	100	122	167	179	81	88	103	164	74	80	90	126
. .	100	105	120	138	203	102	135	158	189	115	135	137	173	...	..	.	..	..	..	...	...
food-grains (cereals and pulses)	100	92	92	119	150	100	126	174	185	105	124	139	172	93	95	119	150	118	113	108	143
. . .	100	190	188	179	193	179	170	180	163	233	205	205	195	160	167	155	160	200	198	149	180
. . .	100	81	90	95	90	..	.	.	...	...	.	..	.	...	..	.		123	124	97	125
. . .	100	345	598	465	419	170	221	230	170	256	279	338	295	147	200	148	148	204	212	220	211
. . .	100	118	132	152	150	150	138	182	194		...	...	.	94	97	129	141	92	92	157	157
ds . .	100	79	88	96	134	82	93	111	119	85	94	126	167	95	104	166	167	72	64	107	153
ies—																					
, raw . .	100	64	51	89	99	...	.	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...
manufactures	100	136	212	240	150	...	...	...	..	111	154	188	111	...	..	.	..	94	130	174	151
ton, raw .	100	175	249	328	259	189	215	354	229	167	237	356	237	169	202	333	280	97	98	98	96
manufactures	100	230	273	399	275	186	240	359	233	183	230	333	237	219	275	413	466	180	191	276	261
goods (average.)	*100*	*221*	*261*	*411*	*261*	*182*	*241*	*371*	*239*	*180*	*217*	*351*	*207*	*239*	*256*	*470*	*561*	*191*	*209*	*313*	*302*
, raw .	100	132	132	156	159	121	138	112	136		.	...	...	..	..	.	...	76	166	129	214
ol, raw .	100	120	136	136	136	.	.		.	132	136	129	129	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
s and Skins* .	100	94	110	83	92	96	96	98	98	81	80	66	78	112	93	126	134	97	115	114	114
ls . .	100	270	288	317	316	456	493	551	612	536	566	832	491	465	505	855	812	213	240	333	272
. . .	100	220	260	175	157	159	217	271	203	156	156	172	172	259	254	257	254	162	203	372	340
sene oil .	100	138	153	199	199	139	152	196	196	138	151	194	191	139	147	219	215	90	135	149	149
etro . .	100	160	160	160	160	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ac . .	100	272	302	295	311	..		...		...	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	...		...	...
to . .	100	257	171	157	214	...	...	...	...		.	...			..	...	..	...	.	...	...
cco leaf .	100	105	100	86	90	..	...	..	.	...	...	..	..	105	106	187	275	114	105	248	271
wood . .	100	103	111	146	146	.		...	...	.		...		...	...	...	...	110	110	82	105
ral Average (Weighted)	**100**	**142**	**166**	**190**	**183**	**179**	**209**	**260**	**238**	**175**	**194**	**250**	**212**	**188**	**214**	**293**	**296**	**133**	**143**	**175**	**178**

Retail Prices.

Retail prices in India, including articles of food, fuel and lighting, at the end of November, 1918, as computed from the index numbers of port prices stated below, showed an increase of 55 per cent above the level of prices which ruled immediately before the war, and of 26 per cent as compared with December, 1917. The prices advanced by 12 per cent in comparison with August, 1918 (end of the fourth year of war).

Index Numbers of retail prices.

(General average)

	Pre-war level (end of July 1914).	At the end of			
		August 1917.	December 1917.	August 1918.	November 1918.
Calcutta	100	120	121	128	138
Bombay	100	120	129	151	181
Karachi	100	123	135	148	159
Rangoon	100	110	117	118	149
Madras	100	107	113	117	146
Average (unweighted) .	100	116	123	138	155

The rise at the end of November, 1918, as compared with December, 1917, was 40 per cent in Bombay, 29 per cent in Madras, 27 per cent in Rangoon, 18 per cent in Karachi, and 14 per cent in Calcutta.

Food prices.

If the retail prices of articles of food only are taken into account, the rise at the end of November, 1918, was 51 per cent above the pre-war level and 27 per cent as compared with December, 1917, as will be seen from the table below.

Index Numbers of retail food prices.

	Pre-war level (end of July 1914).	At the end of			
		August 1917.	December 1917.	August 1918.	November 1918.
Calcutta	100	119	120	124	135
Bombay	100	119	127	148	182
Karachi	100	121	133	143	156
Rangoon	100	102	104	124	135
Madras	100	107	113	117	146
Average (unweighted) .	100	114	119	131	151

It should be remembered here that these calculations are only approximate in gauging the exact rise in the cost of living especially in war time (when articles have large proper variations). It should also be noted that these are based on unweighted index numbers of prices, *i.e.*, the articles have been given generally an equal importance in the general average. Food grains, however, have been indirectly weighted by more than one grade of the article having been included in the index numbers.

The weighted average* of food prices in Calcutta at the end of November, 1918, showed a rise of 29 per cent as compared with July, 1914, and of 16 per cent as compared with December, 1917.

The fluctuations in the retail prices of the principal articles of consumption in each port are shown in the following table:—

· Numbers of retail prices in Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Rangoon, and Madras at the end of ...nber, 1918, as compared with those at the end of August 1917, December 1917, and August 1918.

[Prices at the end of July 1914=100]

...s	End of July 1914	Calcutta				Bombay				Karachi				Rangoon				Madras ‡			
		Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918	Aug. 1917	Dec. 1917	Aug. 1918	Nov. 1918
.	100	104	104	99	105	102	102	127	161	109	113	133	150	90	78	81	105	93	101	104	172
.r .	100	117	117	118	167	114	133	133	149	131	166	142	142	100	111	133	143	...	...	.	...
.	100	109	107	119	112	109	118	134	178	105	117	111	148	136	141	138	148	103	103	136	136
...s (Cor-	100	110	109	113	138	106	119	146	206	110	127	127	152	111	111	114	130	94	98	110	162
...pulses) .	100	194	182	182	195	164	172	156	155	193½	200	182	179	100	96	100	114	160	167	155	160
.	100	119	119	105	119	133	133	133	133	129	129	129	129	100	107	109	109	...	...	...	...
.	100	200	300	200	200	136	184	199	214	152	194	169	143	87	125	150	150	152	177	160	160
...f and	100	96	96	94	94	122	120	148	149	112	112	121	124	93	93	121	131	...	...	...	...
.	100	104	104	104	104	117	114	133	167	99	99	125	125	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	...
.	100	95	65	91	85	115	119	168	183	120	160	160	187	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
.	100	113	91	110	101	...	.	...	.	.		...	.	99	93	111	94	...	...	...	...
...lauts .	100	137	144	150	159	140	139	143	170	146	124	140	190	123	118	135	132	..	..	...	...
...(other ...atoes)	100	102	114	127	148	115	142	160	347	81	164	205	205	100	86	114	171	...	...	...	...
.	100	100	96	130	165	128	134	205	186	136	141	284	284	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
† .	100	81	90	106	128	75	69	106	100	93	81	90	114	80	80	99	130	87	81	87	100
All food ...cles	*100*	*119*	*120*	*124*	*135*	*119*	*127*	*118*	*182*	*121*	*133*	*143*	*156*	*102*	*101*	*124*	*135*	*107*	*113*	*117*	*146*
oil .	100	130	144	187	186	135	147	191	191	134	146	190	190	111	123	130	130	139	147	219	215
Average ...hted)	**100**	**120**	**121**	**128**	**138**	**120**	**129**	**151**	**161**	**123**	**135**	**148**	**159**	**110**	**117**	**148**	**149**	**107**	**113**	**117**	**14[illegible]**

...weighted average was arrived at in the following way:—Detailed information relating to the cost of each article of food consumed i... ...ntative month was obtained from 27 leading European and Indian hostels and hotels in Calcutta. The figures were consolidated in th... ...ent and the cost of each item in the total expenditure (which was taken as 100) was worked out with a view to measure the relative weig... ...ticle. The result, thus obtained, was multiplied by the price of each article and the sum of the products divided by 100 was taken as th... average.

...tard oil in the case of Calcutta, sesamum oil in the case of Rangoon, and coconut oil in the case of the other ports.

...res against pulses, sugar and kerosene oil under Madras relate to wholesale prices and are not included in the general average.

PRICES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

The following statistics mainly compiled from the *Labour Gazette* of the Ministry of Labour, London, show the latest available information regarding the rise in food prices in certain foreign countries, and it is interesting to compare the rise in India with that in the countries abroad:—

	Percentage rise.
Vienna	173 (August 1917)*
Berlin	111 (November 1916)*
Iceland (a)	190 (July 1918)
Norway	184 (August „)
Sweden	184 („ „)†
Switzerland (June 1914=100)	151 (1st September 1918)‡
Italy	136 (April „)
United Kingdom	133 (1st November „)
Portugal (Lisbon) (1913=100)	133 (February „)
France (Paris)	118 (April „)
Brazil (b)	110 (August „)
Denmark (Copenhagen)	87 (July „)
Holland (June 1913=100)	87 (June „)
Canada	81 (August „)
United States (15th June 1913=100)	66 (15th June „)
South Africa (Cape Town)	44 (June „)§
New Zealand	39 (July „)
Australia (Commonwealth)	32 (June „)
India (unweighted)	51 (November „)

The rise in the prices of principal articles of food for the maintenance of human life (*viz* bread, butter, beef and milk) in the following European countries and in the United States was recently published in *the Times*, London, on 25th November 1918. To this table have been added the prices of these articles in the chief ports of India. It must, however, be noted that different forms of control are exercised in the European countries named below, and this is particularly true of Germany where in some cases prices are nominal, goods not being obtainable at the official rates. A caveat is also necessary that in India rice should be taken in place of bread and ghee (clarified butter) in place of butter. The figures would then be:—July 1917 (115), October 1917 (113), and July 1918 (124), and October 1918 (137).

Index Numbers of prices of bread, butter, beef and milk.

(Prices in July 1914=100).

	July 1914.	July 1917.	October 1917.	July 1918.	October 1918.
United Kingdom	100	185	179	179	195
France	100	170	160	203	220
Italy	100	149	154	256	264
Switzerland	100	180	186	213	215
Germany	100	181	201	249	228
Austria	100	318	367	502	622
Sweden	100	160	178	268	305
United States	100	140	148	153	161
India (four ports-Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Rangoon).	**100**	**119**	**117**	**132**	**138**

The price level in December, 1918, will be published as soon as complete returns have been received from local authorities.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA,
1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.
The 22nd January, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics

* Latest available return.
† Including fuel and lighting.
‡ Including fuel, lighting and soap.
§ „ other household necessaries (candles, coal, paraffin, soap and clothing).
(a) Washington Commerce Report No. 237, 9th October 1918.
(b) „ „ „ No 254, 29th October 1918.

CROP FORECAST.

SESAMUM.

Final General Memorandum on the SESAMUM (til or jinjili) crop of 1918-19.

This memorandum is based on reports received from provinces which contain, on an average, 76 per cent * of the total area under sesamum in British India. Of the Indian States, estimates are furnished by Hyderabad and the States in the Bombay Presidency (including Baroda). The present estimates are final for all the provinces and States, except Madras and Hyderabad. A supplementary memorandum will be issued in April containing the final estimates for Madras and Hyderabad.

The total area reported amounts to 3,251,000 acres, which is 19 per cent below the revised area at this time last year.

The total yield is estimated at 188,000 tons (excluding Hyderabad for which no estimate of outturn is made at this date). This is 43 per cent below the revised estimate on this date last year. The detailed figures for the provinces are :—

Provinces and States	Estimated total yield		Area		Yield per acre	
	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19
	Tons	Tons	Acre	Acres	lbs.	lbs.
United Provinces.	82,000	46,000	1,038,000	1,132,000	177	91
Central Provinces and Berar.	30,000	31,000	502,000	464,000	134	150
Madras (a) .	84,000	50,000	630,000	482,000	299	274
Bombay (b) .	74,000	11,000	758,000	241,000	219	103
Bengal . .	28,000	26,000 (d)	225,000	218,000	279	267
Bihar and Orissa.	20,000	10,000	144,000	139,000	311	161
Punjab . .	11,000	5,000	122,000	55,000	202	204
Sind (b) . .	4,000	1,000	44,000	15,000	204	149
Ajmer-Merwara	200	30	25,000	3,000	18	22
Hyderabad (a) .	Not yet available		535,000	502,000	...	.
Total .	(c) 333,000	(c) 188,000	4,023,000	3,251,000	(c) 185	(c) 130

The season, on the whole, has been very unfavourable owing to drought.

The provincial reports are summarised below :—

United Provinces (25 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area under sesamum sown *unmixed* is reported to be 207,000 acres, which is 10 per cent above that of last year. The yield of the *unmixed* crop is estimated at 8,000 tons which is 47 per cent below last year's yield. The area and yield of sesamum sown in combination with other crops and largely retained for local consumption are roughly estimated at 925,000 acres and 38,000 tons, as against 850,000 acres and 67,000 tons last year. The crop suffered severely from drought in all the important sesamum growing districts. For the province as a whole the average outturn per acre is estimated at 35 per cent of the normal, as compared with 60 per cent last year.

Central Provinces and Berar (16 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area is estimated at 464,000 acres (47,000 acres being in Berar), which is 8 per cent below that of last year. The total yield is estimated at 31,000 tons (4,000 tons being in Berar), which is 3 per cent above that of last year. The crop suffered from the prolonged drought which prevailed from the second week of September to the third week of November. The average outturn for the provinces is estimated at 65 per cent of the normal.

Madras (15·8 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown up to 1st January is estimated at 482,000 acres, as against 630,000 acres estimated at this date last year, or a decrease of 23 per cent. The decrease is general and is attributed to the lateness of both the south-west and north-east monsoons. The total outturn is estimated at 59,000 tons, which is 30 per cent below the estimate made at this time last year. The south-west monsoon crop failed in parts of the Deccan and has been poor everywhere ; the cold weather crop has done better. The average outturn is estimated at 91 per cent of the normal.

Bombay (5·5 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area is reported to be 241,000 acres (154,000 acres being in the Indian States), which is 68 per cent below that of last year. The decrease is general and is mainly due to deficient rainfall at sowing time. The yield is estimated at 11,000 tons (6,000 tons being in the Indian States), which is 85 per cent below last year's yield. In Gujarat, except in parts of Surat, the crop withered up owing to a long break after sowing, and the condition of the crop is very poor. Elsewhere, the crop is reported to be in poor to fair condition.

Bengal (4·8 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The total area under both early and late crops now amounts to 218,000 acres, which is 3 per cent below that of last year. The total yield is estimated at 25,000 tons, which is 11 per cent below last year's yield. For the early crop the season was unfavourable, owing to drought from sowing time till the beginning of March ; and at harvest time the crop was greatly damaged by excessive rain. For the late crop the season was unfavourable throughout. The crop suffered from drought and the prospects are poor. The average outturn per acre is estimated at 70 per cent of the normal for the early crop and 62 per cent for the late crop.

Bihar and Orissa (4 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The total area sown with both early and late crops now amounts to 139,000 acres, which is 3 per cent below that of last year. The total yield is estimated at 10,000 tons, which is half that of last year. The weather conditions were generally favourable for the early crop. For the late crop the conditions, although favourable in the beginning of the season, were bad in the latter part owing to the absence of rain. The average outturn per acre is estimated at 90 per cent of the normal for the early crop and 45 per cent for the late crop.

Punjab (3 5 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area is reported to be 55,000 acres, which is 55 per cent below that of last year. The decrease is attributed to insufficient rains at sowing time. The yield is estimated at 5,000 tons, which is 54 per cent below last year's yield. The season was not favourable owing to drought, and the yield was generally below normal or poor.

Sind (1·1 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area is estimated at 15,000 acres (1,000 acres being in the Khairpur

* The area under sesamum in Burma is excluded. On an average this is over 23 per cent of the area under sesamum in British India.

(a) The estimates for Madras and Hyderabad are not final. (b) Including Indian States. (c) Excluding Hyderabad. (d) Subject to revision.

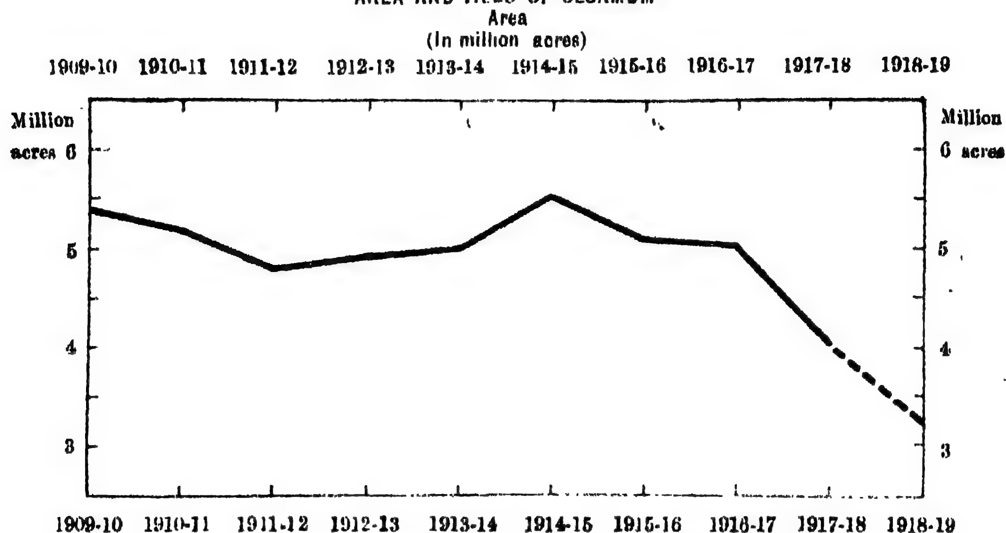
State), which is 66 per cent below last year's area. The decrease is attributed to low inundation and scanty rain. The yield is estimated at 1,000 tons, which is 75 per cent less than last year's yield. The crop is reported to be poor to fair.

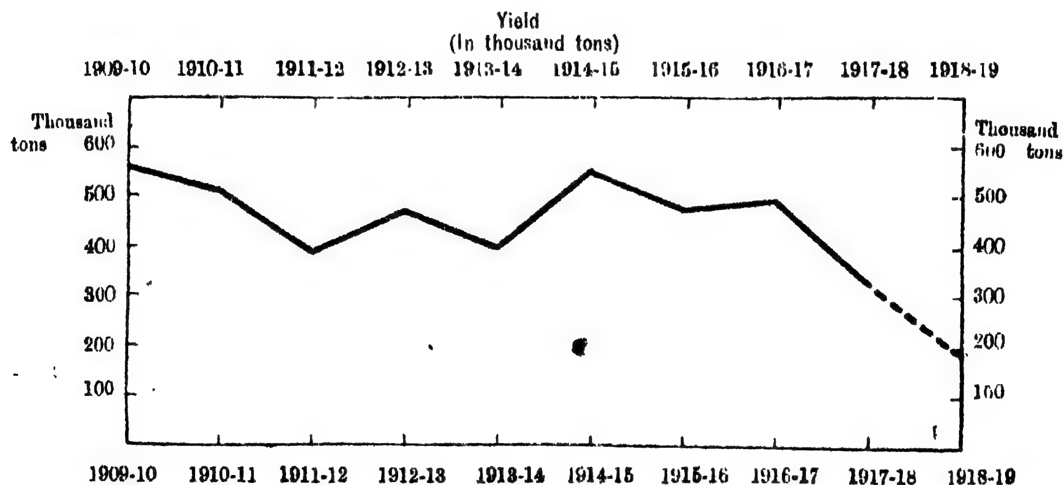
Ajmer-Merwara (0·5 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The total area is reported to be 3,000 acres, as against 25,000 acres last year. The yield is estimated at only 30 tons, as compared with 200 tons last year. The decrease is due to the failure of rains.

Hyderabad reports 502,000 acres, which is 6 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The yield is estimated at 36 per cent of the normal as against 38 per cent last year.

Chart.—The charts below show the present estimates of the total area and yield, as compared with the final figures of the preceding nine years.

AREA AND YIELD OF SESAMUM





CALCUTTA :
The 22nd January, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

Final estimate of the Sesamum crop of 1918-19

Provinces and States		Area (in acres)			Increase (+) or decrease (—) in the current year over	
		Current year (1918-19)	Previous year (1917-18)	Average of preceding five years	Previous year (1917-18)	Average of preceding five years
					Per cent	Per cent
United Provinces	Unmixed	207,000	188,000	329,000	+10·1	—37·1
	Mixed(a)	925,000	850,000	970,000	+8·8	—4·6
Central Provinces and Berar		464,000	502,000	853,000	—7·6	—45·6
Madras		482,000	630,000	819,000	—23·5	—41·1
Bombay (including Indian States)		241,000	758,000	885,000	—68·2	—72·8
Bengal		218,000	225,000	246,000	—3·1	—11·4
Bihar and Orissa		189,000	144,000	20[illegible],000	—3·5	—32·9
Punjab		55,000	122,000	179,000	—54·9	—69·3
Sind (including Indian States)		15,000	44,000	61,000	—65·9	—75·4
Ajmer-Merwara		3,000	25,000	23,000	—88·0	—87·0
Hyderabad		502,000	535,000	595,000	—6·2	—15·6
TOTAL	Unmixed	2,326,000	3,173,000	4,197,000	—26·7	—44·6
	Mixed	925,000	850,000	970,000	+8·8	—4·6
GRAND TOTAL		3,251,000	4,023,000	5,167,000	—19·2	—37·1

Provinces and States		Yield (in tons)			Increase (+) or decrease (—) in the current year over	
		Current year (1918-19)	Previous year (1917-18)	Average of preceding five years	Previous year (1917-18)	Average of preceding five years
					Per cent	Per cent
United Provinces	Unmixed	8,000	15,000	29,000	—46·7	—72·4
	Mixed(a)	38,000	67,000	79,000	—43·3	—51·9
Central Provinces and Berar		31,000	30,000	73,000	+3·3	—57·5
Madras		59,000	81,000	78,000	—29·8	—24·4
Bombay (including Indian States)		11,000	71,000	113,000	—85·1	—90·3
Bengal		25,000	28,000	29,000	—10·7	—13·8
Bihar and Orissa		(b)10,000	20,000	2[illegible],000	—50·0	—65·5
Punjab		5,000	11,000	20,000	—54·5	—75·0
Sind (including Indian States)		1,000	4,000	5,000	—75·0	—80·0
Ajmer-Merwara		30	200	1,000	...	...
Hyderabad		36 per cent of normal	38 per cent of normal	...	...	...
TOTAL	Unmixed(c)	150,000	266,000	377,000	—43·6	—60·2
	Mixed	88,000	67,000	79,000	—43·3	—51·9
GRAND TOTAL(c)		188,000	333,000	456,000	—43·5	—58·8

(a) The estimates of the mixed crop of the United Provinces are highly conjectural.

(b) Subject to revision.

(c) Excluding Hyderabad.

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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Bills introduced in the Indian Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 16th January, 1919

No. 13.—The Governor General has been pleased, under Rule 23 of the Rules for the Conduct of the Legislative Business of the Council of the Governor General, to order the publication in the Gazette of India and in the local official Gazettes in English of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, and the Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information :—

BILL No. 1 OF 1919.

A Bill to provide for the amendment of the Indian Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian
860. Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure,
98. 1898, in order to deal more effectively with certain acts dangerous to the State; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 191 .

Insertion of new section 124-B in Act XLV of 1860.

840. **2.** In Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code after section 124-A the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Possession of seditious documents.

"124-B. Whoever has in his possession any seditious document intending that the same shall be published or circulated shall, unless he proves that he had such document in his possession for a lawful purpose, be punishable with imprisonment, which may extend to two years, or with fine or with both.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expression "seditious document" means any document containing any words, signs or visible representations which instigate or are likely to instigate, whether directly or indirectly—

(*a*) the use of criminal force against His Majesty or the Government established by law in British India, or against public servants generally or any class of public servants or any individual public servant, or

(*b*) the commission or abetment of anything which is an offence against sections 121, 121-A, 122 or 131."

Insertion of new section 196-B in Act V of 1898.

3. After section 196-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898, (hereinafter referred to as the said Code) the following section shall be inserted, namely : —

Preliminary inquiry in certain cases.

"196-B. In the case of any offence referred to in section 196 or 196-A, the District Magistrate or the Chief Presidency Magistrate may, notwithstanding anything contained in those sections or in any other part of this

Code, order a preliminary inquiry by a police-officer not below the rank of an Inspector, in which case such police-officer shall have the powers referred to in section 155 (3)."

Amendment of section 343, Act V of 1898.

4. To section 343 of the said Code, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that a promise of protection to an accused person against criminal force or any promise properly incidental to a promise of such protection, shall not be deemed to be the use of influence within the meaning of this section."

Insertion of new section 510-A. in Act V of 1898.

5. After section 510 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Evidence of previous conviction and association with previous convicts at a trial for offences under Chapter VI, Act XLV of 1860.

"510-A. On the trial of an offence under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, the following facts shall be relevant, namely:—

(a) that the person accused has previously been convicted of an offence under that Chapter, and

(b) that such person has habitually and voluntarily associated with any person who has been convicted of an offence under that Chapter:

Provided that such facts shall nevertheless not be admissible in evidence under the provisions of this section, unless written notice of the intention to call evidence thereof has been served on the accused at least seven days before the commencement of the trial, together with reasonable particulars of the conviction or association intended to be proved."

Insertion of new section 565-A. in Act V of 1898.

6. After section 565 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Security on conviction of an offence under Chapter VI of Act XLV of 1860.

"565-A. (1) When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, the Court may, if it thinks fit, at the time of passing sentence on such person, order him, on his release after the expiration of such sentence, to execute a bond with sureties for his good behaviour so far as offences under Chapter VI of the said Code are concerned, for such period not exceeding two years as it thinks fit.

(2) An order under sub-section (1) may also be made by an Appellate Court, or by the High Court when exercising its powers of revision.

(3) If the Court makes an order under sub-section (1), it shall further direct that, until the person who is the subject of the order furnishes the required security, such person shall notify to the Local Government or to such officer as the Local Government may by general or special order appoint in this behalf, his residence and any change of residence after release for the period for which security is required.

(4) Where any person is under an obligation to notify, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3), his residence and any change of residence after release, the Local Government may by order in writing direct that such person—

(a) shall not enter, reside or remain in any area specified in the order,

(b) shall reside or remain in any area in British India so specified, and

(c) shall abstain from addressing public meetings for the furtherance or discussion of any subject likely to cause disturbance or public excitement, or of any political subject or for the distribution of any writing or printed matter relating to any such subject.

(5) Any person refusing or neglecting to comply with any direction under sub-section (3) or any order under sub-section (4), shall be punishable as if he had committed an offence under section 176 of the Indian Penal Code.

(6) If the conviction is set aside on appeal or otherwise, all orders made under the provisions of this section shall become void.

Explanation.—In this section the expression "public meeting" has the same meaning as is assigned to it by section 3 of the Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911."

Amendment of Schedule II, Act V of 1898.

7. In Schedule II of the said Code in the entries relating to Chapter VI, after the entry relating to section 124-A, the entry contained in the Schedule shall be inserted.

THE SCHEDULE.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Section.	Offence.	Whether the Police may arrest without warrant or not.	Whether a warrant or a summons shall ordinarily issue in the first instance.	Whether bailable or not.	Whether compoundable or not.	Punishment under the Indian Penal Code.	By what Court triable.
124-B.	Possession of seditious documents.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Imprisonment for two years and fine.	Ditto.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Bill gives effect to the recommendations contained in Chapter XVII of the Report of the Rowlatt Committee in so far as they relate to Punitive Measures (Permanent). Further clause 3 adds to the Criminal Procedure Code a new section 196-B as drafted by the Committee appointed to consider and revise the Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Bill.

The relevant portions of the Report of the Rowlatt Committee are printed below:—

"177. * * * * *

(a) We think, however, that no harm can be done by amending section 343 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (which prohibits promises or threats to induce an accused person to disclose or withhold any matter) so as to make it clear that there is no prohibition of a promise, whether to an accused or any other person, of protection against injury caused by the criminal acts of others. We do not think that this is really any alteration of the section at all. Such a promise as is referred to is only an assurance that he will get what he would be entitled to in any case. If it is an alteration, however, its advisability is too obvious for discussion.

(b) As regards changes specially relating to seditious crime, we recommend three permanent additions to the law.

In the first place we think that a permanent enactment on the lines of Rule 25 A under the Defence of India Act is required. That rule provides for the punishment of persons having prohibited documents (which may have to be defined anew) in their possession or control with (as we read the effect of the words used) intent to publish or circulate them. In its present form, however, the substance of the offence is confounded with the presumptive evidence of it. The drafting should, in our judgment, be recast, and the penalty seems too high for times of peace, seeing that the offence is merely possession with an intent not yet acted upon.

We also recommend that the principle of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (which provides for an order requiring notification of residence after release in the cases of persons convicted a second time for certain offences) should be extended to all persons convicted of offences under Chapter VI of the Penal Code (offences against the State) whether previously convicted or not. Such persons might be ordered to give security for a period not exceeding two years for good behaviour so far as offences under Chapter VI are concerned, and in default be directed to notify their residence to Government, who should have power to restrict their movements for the period of two years after their release and prohibit them from addressing public meetings,—the term "public meetings" including in its scope political subjects as in section 4 of the Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act of 1907.

Lastly we think that in all cases where there is a question of seditious intent, evidence of previous conviction for seditious crime or association (of an incriminating kind of course) with persons so convicted should be admissible upon written notice to the accused with such particulars and at such a time before the evidence is given as might be fair. What we have called seditious crime would of course have to be accurately defined." *

"186. * * * * *

In all these cases the District Magistrate should be empowered to order investigation. We are informed that this will be the result of clause 37 of the Amendment to the Criminal Procedure Code Bill now under consideration. If the above mentioned amendment is not enacted, machinery ought, we think, to be devised for giving such power by special order or otherwise in the cases with which we are immediately concerned. It has been suggested to us that the power should extend to Superintendents or even Inspectors of Police, but we cannot endorse this."

W. H. VINCENT.

DELHI;
The 9th January, 1919.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 16th January, 1919.

No. 14.—The Governor General has been pleased, under Rule 23 of the Rules for the Conduct of the Legislative Business of the Council of the Governor General, to order the publication in the Gazette of India and in the local official Gazettes in English, of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, and the Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information :—

BILL No. 2 OF 1919.

A Bill to make provision in special circumstances to supplement the ordinary criminal law, and for the exercise of emergency powers by Government.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision that, in special circumstances, the ordinary criminal law should be supplemented and emergency powers should be exercisable by the Government;

And whereas the previous approval of the Secretary of State in Council has been accorded to the making of this law; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Criminal Law (Emergency Powers) Act, 191 .

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

Definitions.

2. (*1*) In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

"Chief Justice" means the Judge of highest rank in a High Court;

"The Code" means the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898;

"High Court" means the highest Court of criminal appeal or revision for any local area;

"Offence against the State" means any offence under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, and any attempt or conspiracy to commit, or any abetment of, any such offence; and

"Scheduled offence" means any offence specified in the Schedule.

(*2*) All words and expressions used in this Act and defined in the Code, and not hereinbefore defined, shall be deemed to have the meanings respectively attributed to them in the Code.

PART I.

Condition of application of Part I.

3. If the Governor General in Council is satisfied that scheduled offences are prevalent in the whole or any part of British India, and that it is expedient in the interests of the public safety to provide for the speedy trial of such offences, he may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make a declaration to that effect, and thereupon the provisions of this Part shall come into force in the area specified in the notification.

Initiation of proceedings.

4. (*1*) Where the Local Government is of opinion that the trial of any person accused of a scheduled offence should be held in accordance with the provisions of this Part, it may order any officer of Government to prefer a written information to the Chief Justice against such person.

(*2*) No order under sub-section (*1*) shall be made in respect of, or be deemed to include, any person who has been committed under the Code for trial before a High Court, but, save as aforesaid, an order under that sub-section may be made in respect of any scheduled offence whether such offence was committed before or after the issue of the notification under section 3.

(*3*) The information shall state the offence charged and so far as known the name, place of residence, and occupation of the accused, and the time and place when and where the offence is alleged to have been committed and such other facts within the knowledge of the prosecution as shall be reasonably sufficient to enable the accused to meet the accusation.

(4) The Chief Justice may by order require any information to be amended so as to supply further particulars of the offence charged to the accused, and shall direct a copy of the information or the amended information, as the case may be, to be served upon the accused in such manner as the Chief Justice may direct.

Constitution of Court.

5. Upon such service being effected, and on application duly made to him, the Chief Justice shall nominate three of the High Court Judges (hereinafter referred to as the Court) for the trial of the information and shall fix a date for the commencement of the trial:

Provided that, when the total number of Judges of the High Court does not exceed three, the Chief Justice shall nominate not more than two such Judges, and shall complete the Court by the nomination of one or, if necessary, two persons of either of the following classes, namely:—

(a) persons who have served as permanent Judges of the High Court; or

(b) with the consent of the Chief Justice of another High Court, persons who are Judges of that High Court.

Place of sitting.

6. The Court may sit for the whole or any part of a trial at such place or places in the province as it may consider desirable:

Provided that the Governor General in Council, if he is satisfied that such a course is expedient in the interests of justice, may, by notification in the Gazette of India, direct that the Court shall sit for the whole or any part of a trial at such place or places as he may specify in the notification.

Application of Code of Criminal Procedure subject to this Part.

7. The provisions of the Code shall apply to proceedings under this Part, in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions therein contained, and such proceedings shall be deemed to be proceedings under the Code, and the Court shall have all the powers conferred by the Code on a Court of Session exercising original jurisdiction.

Trial.

8. The trial shall be commenced by the reading of the information, and thereafter the Court shall, subject to the provisions of this Part, in trying the accused, follow the procedure prescribed by the Code for the trial of warrant cases by Magistrates.

Adjournment after charge.

9. If a charge is framed, the accused shall be entitled to ask for an adjournment for ten days, or any less period that he may specify, and the Court shall comply with his request.

Record of evidence.

10. The Court shall be required to make a memorandum only of the substance of the evidence of each witness examined and, subject to the adjournment provided for by section 9, shall not be bound to adjourn any trial for any purpose, unless such adjournment is in its opinion necessary in the interests of justice.

Prohibition or restriction of publication of reports of trial.

11. The Court, if it is of opinion that such a course is necessary in the public interest or for the protection of a witness, may prohibit or restrict in such way as it may direct the publication or disclosure of its proceedings or any part of its proceedings.

Examination of accused.

12. (1) No questions shall be put by the Court to the accused in the course of a trial under this Part until the close of the case for the prosecution. Thereafter, and before the accused enters on his defence, the Court shall call upon him to state whether he intends to give evidence on oath or not, and shall at the same time inform him that if he does so, he will be liable to cross-examination. Unless the accused then states that he intends to give evidence on oath, the Court may at any time thereafter question the accused generally on the case in accordance with the provisions of section 342 of the Code.

(2) If when so called upon, the accused states that he intends to give evidence on oath, the Court shall not at any subsequent stage put any question to him:

Provided that if the accused does not so give evidence, then, after the witnesses for the defence have been examined, the Court may question the accused generally on the case in accordance with the provisions of the said section.

(3) If the accused gives evidence on oath, the following rules shall be observed in regard to his cross-examination, namely:—

(a) He may be asked any question in cross-examination notwithstanding that it would tend to criminate him as to the offence charged.

(b) He shall not be asked, and if asked shall not be required to answer, any question tending to show that he has committed or been convicted of, or has been charged with, any offence other than that with which he is then charged, or has a bad character, unless—

(i) proof that he has committed or been convicted of such other offence is admissible evidence to show that he is guilty of the offence with which he is then charged, or

(ii) witnesses for the prosecution have been cross-examined with a view to establish his own good character, or he has given evidence of his good character, or the nature or the conduct of the defence is such as to involve imputations on the character of the witnesses for the prosecution, or

(iii) he has given evidence against any other person charged with the same offence.

Right of reply.

13. If the accused or any one of the accused calls and examines any witness, the right of final reply shall lie with the prosecution, but in all other cases with the accused:

Provided that the examination of an accused as a witness shall not of itself confer the right of final reply on the prosecution.

Differences of opinion.

14. In the event of any difference of opinion between the members of the Court, the opinion of the majority shall prevail.

Conviction for non-scheduled offence.

15. If in any trial under this Part it is proved that the accused has committed any offence, whether a scheduled offence or not, the Court may convict the accused of that offence although he was not charged with it.

Sentence.

16. The Court may pass upon any person convicted by it any sentence authorised by law for the punishment of the offence of which such person is convicted, and no order of confirmation shall be necessary in the case of any sentence passed by it.

Exclusion of interference of other criminal Courts.

17. The judgment of the Court shall be final and conclusive and, notwithstanding the provisions of the Code or of any other law for the time being in force, or of anything having the force of law by whatsoever authority made or done, there shall be no appeal from any order or sentence of the Court, and no High Court shall have authority to revise any such order or sentence or to transfer any case from such Court, or to make any order under section 491 of the Code or have any jurisdiction of any kind in respect of any proceedings under this Part:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect the powers of the Governor General in Council or of the Local Government to make orders under section 401 or 402 of the Code in respect of any person sentenced by the Court.

Special rules of evidence.

18. (*1*) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the
72 Indian Evidence Act, 1872, where—

(*a*) the statement of any person has been recorded by a Magistrate, and such statement has been read over and explained to the person making it and has been signed by him, or

(*b*) the statement of any person has been recorded by the Court, but such person has not been cross-examined,

such statement may be admitted in evidence by the Court if the person making the same is dead or cannot be found or is incapable of giving evidence, and the Court is of opinion that such death, disappearance or incapacity has been caused in the interests of the accused.

(*2*) Depositions recorded under section 512 of the Code may, in the circumstances specified in that section, be given in evidence at the trial under this Part of an accused.

Power to make rules.

19. The Chief Justice may from time to time make rules providing for—

(1) the appointment and powers of a President of the Court, and the procedure to be adopted in the event of any Judge of the Court being prevented from attending throughout the trial of an accused; and

(2) any matters which appear to him necessary for carrying into effect or supplementing the provisions of this Part preliminary or ancillary to trials.

PART II.

Condition of application of Part II.

20. If the Governor General in Council is satisfied that movements which are, in his opinion, likely to lead to the commission of offences against the State are being extensively promoted in the whole or any part of British India, he may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make a declaration to that effect, and thereupon the provisions of this Part shall come into force in the area specified in the notification.

Powers exercisable when Part II is in force.

21. (*1*) Where, in the opinion of the Local Government, there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person is or has been actively concerned in such area in any movement of the nature referred to in section 20, the Local Government may, by order in writing containing a declaration to that effect, give all or any of the following directions, namely: that such person—

(*a*) shall, within such period as may be specified in the order, execute a bond with or without sureties to be of good behaviour for such period not exceeding one year as may be so specified,

(*b*) shall notify his residence and any change of residence to such authority as may be so specified;

(*c*) shall remain or reside in any area in British India so specified,

provided that, if the area so specified is outside the province, the concurrence of the Local Government of that area to the making of the order shall first have been obtained;

(*d*) shall abstain from any act so specified which, in the opinion of the Local Government, is calculated to disturb the public peace or is prejudicial to the public safety; and

(*e*) shall report himself to the police at such periods as may be so specified.

(*2*) Any order under clauses (*b*) to (*e*) may also be made to take effect upon default by the person concerned in complying with an order under clause (*a*).

Service of orders under section 21.

22. An order made under section 21 shall be served on the person in respect of whom it is made in the manner provided in the Code for service of summons, and upon such service such person shall be deemed to have due notice thereof.

Enforcement of orders.

23. The Local Government and every officer of Government to whom a copy of any order made under section 21 may be directed by, or under the general or special authority of, the Local Government, may use any and every means to enforce compliance with the same.

Interim nature of order made by Local Government.

24. An order made under section 21 shall only continue in force for a period of one month, unless it is extended by the Local Government as hereinafter provided in this Part.

Reference to investigating authority.

25. (*1*) When the Local Government makes an order under section 21, such Government shall, as soon as may be, forward to the investigating authority to be constituted under this Act a concise statement in writing setting forth plainly the grounds on which the Government considered it necessary that the order should be made, and shall lay before the investigating authority all material facts and circumstances in its possession in support of its action.

(*2*) The investigating authority shall then hold an inquiry *in camera* for the purpose of ascertaining what, in its opinion, having regard to the facts and circumstances adduced by the Government, appears against the person in respect of whom the order has been made. Such authority shall in every case allow the person in question a reasonable opportunity of appearing before it at some stage in its proceedings and shall, if he so appears, explain to him the nature of the charge made against him and shall hear any explanation he may have to offer, and may make such further investigation (if any) as appears to such authority to be relevant and reasonable :

Provided that the investigating authority shall not disclose to the person whose case is before it any fact the communication of which might endanger the public safety or the safety of any individual :

Provided further that nothing in this sub-section shall be deemed to entitle the person in question to appear or to be represented before the investigating authority by pleader, nor shall the Local Government be so entitled.

(*3*) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (*2*), the inquiry shall be conducted in such manner as the investigating authority considers best suited to elicit the facts of the case; and in making the inquiry, such authority shall not be bound to observe the rules of the law of evidence.

(*4*) On the completion of the inquiry, the investigating authority shall report in writing to the Local Government the conclusions at which it has arrived.

(*5*) If the investigating authority has not completed the inquiry within the period for which the duration of the order is limited by section 24, such authority may recommend to the Local Government that the period of duration of the order shall be extended for such period as it may consider necessary, and on such a recommendation, the Local Government may extend the duration of the order accordingly.

Disposal of report of investigating authority.

26. (*1*) On receipt of the report of the investigating authority, the Local Government may discharge the order made under section 21, or may pass any order which is authorised by the terms of that section :

Provided that—

(*a*) any order so passed shall recite the finding of the investigating authority ; and

(*b*) a copy of such order shall be furnished to the person in respect of whom it is made.

(*2*) No order made under sub-section (*1*) shall continue in force for more than one year from the date on which it was made, but the Local Government may, if it is satisfied that such a course is necessary in the interests of the public safety, on the expiry of any such order, again make any order in respect of the person to whom it related which is authorized by section 21.

(*4*) No order made under sub-section (*2*) shall continue in force for more than one year from the date on which it was made, but on its expiry may be renewed by the Local Government for a further period not exceeding one year :

Provided that any order so made or renewed may at any time be discharged, or may be altered by the substitution of any other order authorised by section 21, and in that case no further reference to the investigating authority shall be necessary.

Penalty for disobedience to order.

27. If any person fails to comply with, or attempts to evade, any order (other than an order to furnish security) made under the provisions of section 21 or section 26, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

Provisions as to bonds.

28. The provisions of section 514 of the Code shall apply to bonds executed under the provisions of this Part, with this modification that the powers conferred by that section on the Court shall be exercisable by any District Magistrate or Chief Presidency Magistrate, on application made on behalf of the Local Government.

Investigating authorities.

29. (*1*) The Local Government shall appoint one or more investigating authorities for the purposes of this Part.

(*2*) Every investigating authority shall be appointed by order in writing, and shall consist of three persons, of whom one shall be a person having held judicial office not inferior to that of a District and Sessions Judge, and one shall be a person not in the service of the Crown in India.

(*3*) The Local Government may by like order appoint persons to fill casual vacancies occurring by reason of death, resignation of office or otherwise on any investigating authority, but in so doing shall observe the provisions of sub-section (*2*).

Visiting Committees.

30. The Local Government shall by order in writing appoint such persons as it thinks fit to be Visiting Committees for the purposes of this Part, and shall by rules prescribe the functions which these Committees shall exercise :

Provided that, in making such rules, provision shall be made for periodical visits to persons under restraint under the provisions of this Part :

Provided further that a person in respect of whom an order has been made under section 21 or section 26 requiring him to abstain from any specified act or to report himself to the police shall not be deemed to be under restraint for the purposes of this section.

Power to make rules by Local Government.

31. (*1*) The Local Government may make rules providing for the procedure to be followed regarding the notification of residence and reports to the police by persons in respect of whom orders have been made under section 21 or section 26.

(2) All rules made under sub-section (1) shall be published in the local official Gazette, and on such publication shall have effect as if enacted in this Part.

PART III.

Condition of application of Part III.

32. If the Governor General in Council is satisfied that scheduled offences have been or are being committed in the whole or any part of British India to such an extent as to endanger the public safety, he may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make a declaration to that effect, and thereupon the provisions of this Part shall come into force in the area specified in the notification.

Powers exercisable when Part III is in force.

33. (1) Where, in the opinion of the Local Government, there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person has been or is concerned in such area in any scheduled offence, the Local Government may make in respect of such person any order authorised by section 21, and may further by order in writing direct—

(a) the arrest of any such person without warrant;

(b) the confinement of any such person in such place and under such conditions and restrictions as it may specify; and

(c) the search of any place specified in the order which, in the opinion of the Local Government, has been, is being, or is about to be, used by any such person for any purpose prejudicial to the public safety.

(2) The arrest of any person in pursuance of an order under clause (a) of sub-section (1) may be effected at any place where he may be found by any police-officer or by any other officer of Government to whom the order may be directed.

(3) An order for confinement under clause (b) or for search under clause (c) of sub-section (1) may be carried out by any officer of Government to whom the order may be directed, and such officer may use any and every means to enforce the same.

Arrest.

34. Any person making an arrest in pursuance of an order under clause (a) of section 33 (1) shall forthwith report the fact to the Local Government and, pending receipt of the orders of the Local Government, may by order in writing commit any person so arrested to such custody as the Local Government may by general or special order specify in this behalf:

Provided that no person shall be detained in such custody for a period exceeding fifteen days.

Search.

35. An order for the search of any place issued under the provisions of clause (c) of section 33 (1) shall be deemed to be a search warrant issued by the District Magistrate having jurisdiction in the place specified therein, and shall be sufficient authority for the seizure of anything found in such place which the person executing the order has reason to believe is being used, or is likely to be used for any purpose prejudicial to the public safety, and the provisions of the Code, so far as they can be made applicable, shall apply to searches made under the authority of any such order and to the disposal of any property seized in any such search.

Application of Part II, procedure.

36. Where an order (other than an order for arrest or search) has been made under section 33, the provisions of sections 22 to 26 shall apply in the same way as if the order were an order made under section 21, save that, on receipt of the report of the investigating authority, the Local Government may, subject to the conditions prescribed by section 26, make any order which is authorized by section 33, and sections 22 to 26 and 28 to 31 shall be deemed to be included in this Part.

Penalty for disobedience to orders under this Part.

37. If any person fails to comply with, or attempts to evade, any order made under section 33 or section 36 other than an order to furnish security, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

PART IV.

Persons already under executive control.

38. (1) On the expiration of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915, every person in respect of whom an order under rule 3 of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, was in force immediately before the expiration of that Act, and who has in the opinion of the Local Government been concerned in any scheduled offence, or who is on such expiration in confinement in accordance with the provisions of the Bengal State Prisoners Regulation, 1818, shall be deemed to be a person resident in an area in which a notification under section 32 is in force, and the provisions of Part III shall apply to every such person accordingly, save that no reference to the investigating authority shall be necessary. IV of 1915. III of 1818.

(2) On the expiration of the Ingress into India Ordinance, 1914, as continued in force by the Emergency Legislation Continuance Act, 1915, any person in respect of whom an order was in force immediately before such expiration under section 2 of that Ordinance read with clause (b) or clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Foreigners Ordinance, 1914, shall be deemed to be a person resident in an area in which a notification under section 20 is in force, and the provisions of Part II shall apply to every such person accordingly, save that no reference to the investigating authority shall be necessary. V of 1914. I of 1915. III of 1914.

PART V.

Effect of cancellation of notifications under sections 3, 20 or 32.

39. When a notification issued under section 3 or section 20 or section 32 is cancelled, such cancellation shall not affect any trial, investigation or order commenced or made under this Act, and such trial, investigation or order may be continued or enforced, and on the completion of any such investigation, any order which might otherwise have been made may be made and enforced, as if such notification had not been cancelled.

40. (*1*) An order made under Part II or Part III directing a person to remain or reside in any area in British India outside the area in which such Part is in force shall be as valid as and enforceable in like manner as if such Part were in force throughout British India.

Effect of orders made under Parts II and III outside notified area.

(*2*) An order made under clause (*a*) of section 33 (*1*) for the arrest of any person may be executed at any place in British India outside the area in which Part III is in force, and the same procedure shall be followed as if Part III was in force throughout British India:

Provided that, if the arrest is made outside the province of the Local Government which made the order, the report required by section 34 shall be made to that Local Government, and the period of detention limited by the proviso to that section shall be extended to thirty days.

41. No order under this Act shall be called in question in any Court, and no suit or prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

Orders under this Act not to be called in question by the Courts.

42. All powers given by this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other powers conferred by or under any enactment, and all such powers may be exercised in the same manner and by the same authority as if this Act had not been passed.

Powers of Act to be cumulative.

THE SCHEDULE.

(*See section 2.*)

(1) Any offence under Chapter VI and sections 131 and 132 of the Indian Penal Code; XLV

(2) Any of the following offences, if, in the opinion of Government, such offence is connected with any movement endangering the safety of the State, namely:—

(*a*) any offence under sections 148, 153A, 302, 304, 307, 308, 326, 327, 329, 332, 333, 385, 386, 387, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 431, 435, 436, 437, 438, 440, 454, 455, 457, 458, 459, 460, and 506 of the Indian Penal Code; XLV

(*b*) any offence under the Explosive Substances Act, 1908; VI o

(*c*) any offence under section 20 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878. XI of

(3) Any attempt or conspiracy to commit or any abetment of any of the above offences.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

IN December, 1917, the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State, appointed a Committee—

(1) to investigate and report on the nature and extent of the criminal conspiracies connected with the revolutionary movement in India;

(2) to examine and consider the difficulties that have arisen in dealing with such conspiracies, and to advise as to the legislation, if any, necessary to enable Government to deal effectively with them.

The Committee advisedly contained a strong judicial element, and was presided over by Sir Sidney Rowlatt, K.C.S.I., a judge of the King's Bench Division of His Majesty's High Court of Justice. This Committee submitted its report on the 15th April, 1918. The report was unanimous, and the Government of India have decided to introduce Bills to give effect to the recommendations of the Committee.

The present Bill gives effect to the recommendations contained in Chapter XVII of the Report in so far as they relate to Emergency measures (Punitive), Emergency measures (Preventive) and provision for existing danger. It is divided into five parts. Under the first three parts (*i*) the punitive measures, (*ii*) preventive measures of a mild character, (*iii*) preventive measures of a more stringent type, can each in turn be called into operation as recommended in paragraph 180 of the Report. Part IV makes provision for existing danger on the lines suggested in paragraph 196 of the Report, and Part V deals with certain miscellaneous matters.

The object has been to follow the recommendations of the Committee as closely as possible, and for facility of reference relevant extracts from the report are printed below:—

"180. Further, as we have said, the powers we suggest will be both Punitive and Preventive and the latter will be of two degrees varying in stringency. The scheme ought to be capable of being called into operation in compartments and it is worth considering whether the necessary notifications might not be required to declare a higher degree of public danger to justify the use of some powers than of others. We venture to lay some stress on the desirability from every point of view of the Government being able to take mild measures early. This is hampered if they are obliged, in order to take mild measures, to declare a state of affairs of great seriousness. On the other hand, they should not have authority to assume power to take stringent measures without pledging

Emergency powers of different degrees.

themselves to the declaration of a crisis of proportionate gravity. We have already intimated that we do not feel called upon to draft any form of notification but, to illustrate our suggestion of progressive notifications, if we may use that phrase, it might be sufficient, in order to call our punitive measures into force, to declare that seditious offences are prevalent and that it is expedient to provide for their speedy trial under the provisions of the Act, while for the invocation of the mild form of preventive measures it might be obligatory to declare that seditious movements were being extensively promoted, and for the more stringent preventive measures, that seditious outrage was occurring to a degree endangering public safety—or some such formulæ."

"The notifications should of course be capable of application to particular provinces of smaller areas."

"181. Coming now to the measures themselves, we are of opinion that provision should be made for the trial of seditious crime by Benches of three Judges without juries or assessors and without preliminary commitment proceedings or appeal. In short, the procedure we recommend should follow the lines laid down in sections 5—9 inclusive of the Defence of India Act. It should be made clear that section 512 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (relating to the giving in evidence under certain circumstances of depositions taken in the absence of an absconding accused) applies to these trials, it having we understand, been questioned whether section 7 of the Defence of India Act has that effect."

Emergency provisions for trials.

"We think it necessary to exclude juries and assessors mainly because of the terrorism to which they are liable. But terrorism apart, we do not think they can be relied upon in this class of case. They are too much inclined to be affected by public discussion. We could give instances which have come before us, where we think there have been miscarriages of justice owing to the causes above mentioned. We may further point out that the trial of such cases without jury or assessors was introduced by the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908."

"As regards the procedure and the absence of right of appeal, we think it essential that the delay involved in commitment proceedings and appeal be avoided. It is of the utmost importance that punishment or acquittal should be speedy both in order to secure the moral effect which punishment should produce and also to prevent the prolongation of the excitement which the proceedings may set up. Furthermore, the delays involved by commitment proceedings and the double examination of witnesses increase the chance of the witnesses being intimidated, add to the hardships involved in their attendance with the consequence of making them less ready to come forward, and also afford time for them to forget the facts."

"We think, however, that there is one important amendment to be made in the procedure. Under the temporary scheme now in operation charges are formulated after the evidence for the prosecution has been closed. In our opinion some expedient must be found for defining the issues and communicating them to the accused a reasonable time before he has to meet or rebut them. We do not apprehend how an accused can deal relevantly either in cross-examination or by preparation of evidence with a case not formulated."

"To meet this difficulty we suggest some such scheme as the following. It is a compromise between having no preliminary proceedings and the ordinary full commitment proceedings. We are told that some Special Tribunals have proceeded to some extent on these lines with satisfactory results. It seems quite fair to the accused :—

(a) Commitment proceedings to be abolished in these cases.

(b) Proceedings to start with a detailed written complaint to be drawn up by the Government Prosecutor setting out full particulars of what is intended to be proved against each accused.

(c) The prosecution witnesses to be first examined in chief, but the accused not to be called upon to cross-examine at this stage.

(d) The charge to be framed with regard to such of the accused against whom there is *primâ facie* evidence.

(e) The case should be adjourned and the Court should fix the period of adjournment suitable to each case, but such period should not be less than ten days.

(f) The accused to remain in the "custody of the Court" as opposed to the "custody of the police," or in other words, the Superintendent of the Jail should be under the directions of the Court so far as the accused are concerned. This does not indicate any real change, but perhaps an insertion of a provision of this nature will have the effect of silencing much mischievous criticism.

(g) The police papers will of course be placed before the Court. The Court after going through the papers may, if it thinks right, allow copies of some of these papers to the accused. Of course in this matter the Court will have absolute discretion, and the Court may refuse to allow copies of any of the police papers to the accused.

(h) At the expiry of the period of adjournment the cross-examination of the witnesses and the rest of the trial will proceed."

"182. While, however, we recommend in substance the procedure established under the Defence of India Act, we think the constitution of the tribunals as provided by these Acts should be altered. It seems to us inadvisable that these tribunals should to any extent be composed of persons not already members of the judiciary but selected by the executive for the purpose of the specific case. Nothing that we have seen suggests that the special tribunals hitherto appointed have been unfair towards the accused, but we think the objections in principle cannot be overlooked. Moreover, as the right of appeal is taken away, the tribunals should be of the highest strength and authority. They should be composed of High Court or Chief Court Judges selected by the head of the Court. It is true that this might mean a grave demand upon these Benches. But, after all, there is no judicial work so important as that with which we are dealing or so imperatively calling for a tribunal of the highest authority. Substitutes can be appointed for the Judges called away, and if there is no power it can be obtained. Substitutes, however, ought not to try these cases."

Composition of Courts.

"183. It has been brought to our attention that the bringing of witnesses to Calcutta or other seats of a High or Chief Court may be attended with inconvenience and may be a source of alarm and confusion to country witnesses. This must arise just as much if the witnesses are brought to such city to attend a special tribunal as at present constituted. If, on the other hand, the three gentlemen composing such tribunal can sit elsewhere than in such city, it seems to us that the three Judges can do so."

Place of trial.

"184. A question to which we have given much consideration is whether the accused should be entitled to give evidence on his own behalf in these cases, subject to the consequences now provided by the law of England. This has been found to afford valuable protection to an innocent prisoner, while exposing sham defences and unfounded suggestions."

Testimony of accused.

"The principle upon which an accused person cannot at present give evidence is that he is interested and interested persons were incompetent as witnesses by the Common Law in all cases, civil as well as criminal. This incompetency was gradually removed in England until the only remnant of the original rule was the case of a person under criminal trial. The incompetency in this case also was gradually removed as regards one crime after another until in 1898 * it was swept away in all cases by an Act of general application. The change was really the concession of a new facility to prisoners, though doubtless it had its inconveniences for persons really guilty. It was hedged about with important safeguards from the prisoner's point of view of which the following are the most notable:—

*61 and 62 Vict., c. 36.

(a) he cannot be called except with his own consent;

(b) if called, he cannot be asked questions as to his character, including previous convictions, unless either—

(i) the facts put would be evidence against him in chief, independently of the Act, as showing design or the like, or

(ii) he has given evidence of his own good character or the character of witnesses for the prosecution has been attacked on his behalf.

In other words, there is a special code limiting his examination, and if the principle were introduced in India, the application of sections inconsistent with it, such as section 165 of the Indian Evidence Act, would have to be excluded."

"This new principle, at first much mistrusted, has been found to work well in England; and in India where, as is so frequently the case, the grave issue arises whether a confession has been improperly extorted, it would seem much more conducive to the discovery of the truth that the accused should be entitled to depose on oath to what has occurred subject to cross-examination than that it should be left to suggestion. And so also as to other issues."

"No doubt only an experienced Court should try cases under these conditions in order to make sure that an ignorant prisoner does not misunderstand his position, and is not unfairly dealt with. This safeguard is ensured when the cases

come before three Judges of the highest rank, and upon the whole we think the provision should be introduced. If it were a question of its general application we should, having regard to the abovementioned considerations, be against it."

"A suggestion made to us that the Court should be at liberty to put any question it pleases to an accused, even though he does not tender himself as a witness, is one that we cannot approve of."

"185. If our proposal is accepted that there shall be no commitment proceedings, the re-enactment or retention of section 13 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act (XIV of 1908) in its present form will not be appropriate. It is, however, necessary that the object which that section was intended to attain, namely, the protection of important witnesses and the perpetuation of their testimony, should be provided for. We think the statements of dead or absent witnesses made at either of two stages of the investigation should be made available for use by the Court, namely, (1) statements proved to have been made to a police officer not below the rank of Superintendent, where such statements have been recorded by such officer and read over and explained to the person making it and signed by him; (2) statements of witnesses made at the trial and not yet cross-examined upon—the condition making them admissible being in each case the same, namely, the belief of the Court that the death or absence of the deponent has been caused in the interests of the accused."

Perpetuation of testimony in particular circumstances.

"186. The Court should have the power, where and so far as they think it advisable in the public interests or for the safety of a witness, to exclude the public or any person from the hearing or any part of it and to prohibit any disclosure of their proceedings or any part of them either wholly or save as authorised by the tribunal, any such disclosure or purported disclosure being dealt with as a contempt of Court. This should not be done as a matter of course, but only where the tribunal is satisfied as to the necessity of it."

Other suggestions.

* * * * * *

"The cases to be tried subject to the provisions above sketched out will be such as are ordered to be so tried by Government, the power to make such orders being limited to certain classes of offences to be named in a schedule. This was the scheme of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908, the schedule to which might be adopted."

* * * * *

"188. The powers at present temporarily possessed by the Government are so far as material for the present purpose to be found in rules 3—7 inclusive and 12-A under the Defence of India Act, 1915. We do not refer for the present to the Foreigners Ordinance, 1914, or the Ingress into India Ordinance, 1914. * * * Shortly stated, their effect is to give power to require persons by executive order to remain in any area to be specified or not to enter or remain in any such area, with penalties for breach of such requirement. These orders may be made and served on the person affected, whereupon they become binding upon him, or the person may be arrested without warrant and detained for a period not exceeding in all one month, pending an order of restriction. There is also a power of search under search warrant. It will be observed there is no provision for an examination of the cases of such persons. The decision lies solely with the Local Government. There is also the power of confinement under Regulation III of 1818."

Existing temporary powers.

"189. We think that provision ought to be made for calling into operation (in the last resort and subject to safeguards) powers going to the full extent of those above quoted."

Scope of our proposals.

"But while we feel bound to formulate such a scheme, we think that the whole of it must be subject to the observance of four main principles—

(i) No interference with liberty must be penal in character. Nothing in the nature of conviction can be admitted without trial in strict legal form. If in the supreme interests of the community the liberty of individuals is taken away, an asylum must be provided of a different order from a jail.

(ii) Any interference with liberty must be safeguarded by an inquiry which, though circumstances exclude the possibility of its following forensic forms, must be judicial in the sense that it must be fair and impartial and as adequate as it can be made.

(*iii*) Every order (which should be made by the Local Government) authorising such interference must recite the holding of such inquiry and declare that, in the opinion of the Local Government, the measures ordered are necessary in the interests of public security.

(*iv*) The order must be made for a limited time only (say, not exceeding a year) and must be renewable only by a new order (not necessarily a new inquiry) reciting that the renewal is necessary in the interests of public security."

"190. We now proceed to elaborate, but without using drafting language or going into every detail, the scheme we suggest"

Two grades of powers desirable.

"We think, as we have already indicated, that the powers to be acquired should be of two grades capable of being called into operation separately, possibly under different forms of notification."

"The first group of powers should be of the following nature:—

(*i*) to demand security with or without sureties;

(*ii*) to restrict residence or to require notification of change of residence;

(*iii*) to require abstention from certain acts, such as engaging in journalism, distributing leaflets or attending meetings;

(*iv*) to require that the person should periodically report to the police

The second group of powers should be—

(*i*) to arrest;

(*ii*) to search under warrant;

(*iii*) to confine in non-penal custody."

"It is not conceivable that the second group of powers would be called into play without the first. Therefore after arrest and search there would be no objection (if thought sufficient) to making an order under the first group of powers."

"191. An 'investigating authority' or 'authorities' should be constituted, as to which we shall say more later on."

Creation of an investigating authority.

"If the first group of powers only is in force, the Government before making a final order should be required to refer the case to the investigating authority. They should, however, have power to make an *interim* order for a limited time. If the second group is in force, the person might be arrested and kept in custody for a time to be limited before the reference and thereafter pending the reference."

"The duty of the investigating authority will be to inquire *in camera* upon any materials which they may think fit and without being bound by rules of evidence. They would send for the person and tell him what is alleged against him and investigate the matter as fairly and adequately as possible in the manner of a domestic tribunal It would not be necessary to disclose the sources of information, if that would be objectionable from the point of view of other persons. No advocates would be allowed on either side or witnesses formally examined, nor need the person whose case is under investigation be present during all the inquiry. Should such person indicate that other persons or any other inquiries may throw light on the matter from his point of view, the investigating authority would endeavour to test the suggestion if it seems relevant and reasonable. At the close of the inquiry the investigating authority would certify their conclusion to the Local Government."

"It will be noticed that though we have suggested the procedure to be followed by the investigating authority, we have not yet indicated our view as to what it should inquire into or the nature of its conclusions.

"192. This seems to us the most difficult of all the matters with which we have had to deal, and yet it is one as to which exactness is imperative. We think what is to be aimed at is that the order of restriction or the like should be executive, but on a basis of fact ascertained judicially (in the sense explained) by the investigating authority. If the investigating authority are to deal with the question of the order to be made, they acquire power without the responsibility for the results. The executive are responsible for the maintenance of law and order. The worst solution of all is that the investigating authority should recommend and that the executive should be able to disregard the recommendation. If, however, the investigating authority is to confine itself to facts, what is the question of fact to be? The states of fact contemplated cannot be reduced to definitions like crimes, such as murder and so on. If they could, no list that we can contemplate would cover the ground. Under these circumstances we suggest the following solution Let the Government propound to the Committee in plain language what

Scope of investigation.

they suggest the man has done or is doing or is likely to do, and let the authority return in plain language what they find upon the subject. Then let the Government recite that finding in its order and proceed to deal with the man as it thinks necessary. The great object will thus be attained of making it known exactly what is ascertained against the man in fact apart from executive conclusion, but the responsibility for action will still rest solely on the Government. It is for consideration whether the order should not be published."

"The nature of the above suggestion explains why we have used the term "Investigating Authority" instead of "Advisory Committee". The use of the latter term seems to condemn one in advance to the embarrassments from which it is the whole object to escape."

"193. If the functions of the investigating authority are such as we have described, the difficulty of its composition is minimised. For an inquiry in a judicial spirit into facts knowledge and experience are the requisites. It has been suggested to us that the judicial, the executive and the non-official elements should be represented upon the body or bodies in question. Having indicated the functions which we recommend for the investigating authority, we do not feel that we are driven to give our views as to its exact composition. But we think we may say as based upon the experience gained in the course of our labours that one member should be a non-official Indian selected for his knowledge of the people."

Composition of the authority.

"194. We suggest one more provision to be made in this scheme of preventive measures. We think there should be Visiting Committees to report upon the condition of persons restricted in residence or in custody. We do not go into the question of the composition of these Committees. This may well vary in different parts of India and possibly in different parts of the same province or with reference to different communities. We were much struck by the useful work of this kind that can be done by Committees, working in very small areas, in the Punjab. Machinery so satisfactory may not be possible elsewhere. The Committees appointed must, of course, be persons who are prepared to accept the scheme and work it effectually though sympathetically."

Visiting Committees.

* * * * * *

"196. The scheme above set forth is, as has already been pointed out, designed for emergencies regarded as contingent. The powers involved are, therefore, to be dormant till the event occurs."

Treatment of existing offenders.

"There are, however, a limited class of persons, namely, those who have been involved in the troubles which have been described who constitute a danger not contingent but actual. Special and immediate provision is required for their case."

* * * * * *

"It seems to us that the simplest device is to provide that in respect of acts committed before the Defence of India Act expires (or an earlier date if preferred) and danger apprehended by reason of such acts in the future it should be lawful to proceed against any person under any of the provisions which we have outlined without any notification. In other words, the new law is to be deemed to be operative for that purpose immediately."

W. H. VINCENT.

DELHI;
The 11th January, 1919.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

REGISTERED No. L 848.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 4.] DELHI, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 23rd January, 1919.

No. 17.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Henry Moncrieff Smith, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 18.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. F. J. Monahan of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 19.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Thomas Emerson, C.I.E., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 22nd January 1919.

No. 561-C.—In consequence of the grant of privilege leave for one month to Mr. H. C. Marsden, a Superintendent in the Home Department, with effect from the 2nd January 1919, the following promotions with effect from the same date are notified :—

Mr. U. C. Stuart to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.
Mr. Tarapada Roy to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

JUDICIAL.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 472-C.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25, sub-section (1), of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following appeal from the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province to the Chief Court of the Punjab :—

First Civil appeal no. 13 of 1918—
Bhoj Raj *versus* Seth Kishan Lal and another.

The 24th January 1919.

No. 614-C.—The Honourable Mr. Justice W. Teunon, I.C.S., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 1st March 1919, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and in continuation furlough up to the 28th August 1919, inclusive.

MEDICAL.

The 24th January 1919.

No. 637-C.—Lieutenant Colonel Sir James Roberts, Kt., C.I.E., M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 15th December 1918.

No. 638-C.—Lieutenant Colonel G. Tate, M.B., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla (East), is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant Colonel Sir James Roberts, Kt., C.I.E., M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S.

POLICE.

The 22nd January 1919.

No. 587-C.—Mr. F. Brewester, Government Examiner of Questioned Documents, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months with effect from the date of his availing himself of it.

PORT BLAIR.

The 18th January 1919.

No. 479-C.—The services of Mr. D. L. Morgan, Assistant Commissioner, Port Blair, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 10th January 1919.

The 24th January 1919.

No. 623-C.—Mr. R. F. Farr, Executive Engineer, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assistant Commissioner in the Settlement for so long as he holds his present office or until further orders.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

SANITARY.

Delhi, the 24th January 1919.

No. 38.—The services of Major T. G. N. Stokes, M.B., I.M.S., were replaced at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of the duties of Sanitary Commissioner of the province.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 23rd January 1919.

No. 1.—The following gentlemen whose appointment as Assistant Engineer on probation was announced in the Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 25, dated the 9th November 1916, are confirmed in the Department:—

Mr. R. C. Bonnaud . . . . Burma.
Mr. Abdul Rahim . . . . United Provinces, Irrigation Branch.

No. 2.—The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed as Assistant Engineers on probation by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India and are posted as follows:—

Mr. Mohammad Basheer Farooki . . . . United Provinces, Irrigation Branch.
Mr. Alampadi Subbaraya Ramalingam . . . Bengal.

F. C. ROSE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 22nd January 1919.

No. 94-F. E.—Mr. H. M. Roy, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Burma, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 2nd January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 95-F. E.—Mr. Abinash Chandra Basu, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Bengal, has been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 7th January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 96-F. E.—Mr. D. N. Sinha, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Postal Branch, Calcutta, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 13th January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 97-F. E.—Mr. T. C. De, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Nagpur, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 7th January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 98-F. E.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. P. N. Mukherji in Notification No. 1384-F. E., dated the 1st November 1918, published on page 1773 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 2nd November 1918, and extended by twenty-three days in Notification No. 1497-F. E., dated the 4th December 1918, published on page 1907 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 7th December 1918, has been further extended up to the 20th January 1919.

No. 99-F. E.—Mr. J. H. Egan has been posted as Deputy Auditor, Eastern Bengal Railway, with effect from the 13th January 1919.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

The 24th January 1919.

No. 233-F.—In modification of the Notification in the Finance Department, No. 3018-F., dated the 11th November 1918, it is notified for public information that the rates for treasury bills with effect from the 27th January 1919 until further notice will be as follows:—

For three months' bills—Rupees ninety-eight and annas twelve per cent.

For six months' bills—Rupees ninety-seven and annas eight per cent.

For nine months' bills—Rupees ninety-six annas *nil* per cent.

For twelve months' bills—Rupees ninety-five annas *nil* per cent.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

The 24th January 1919.

No. 230-F.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

December 1918. **Lakhs of Rupees.**

	DECEMBER.		TO END OF DEC.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1917-1918.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	1,25	1,70	17,01	16,43	37,08	35,24
Opium	23	28	2,77	2,48	4,79	3,56
Salt	44	62	4,36	6,64	5,24	8,25
Stamps	63	61	6,32	6,23	8,91	8,40
Excise	1,32	1,17	12,24	10,78	15,97	15,20
Provincial Rates	...	...	2	2	4	4
Customs	1,61	1,38	13,53	11,86	16,22	16,50
Income Tax	1,06	78	6,29	5,77	9,21	9,15
Forest	31	37	2,29	2,18	4,03	3,89
Registration	6	5	60	59	81	79
Tributes from Native States	5	4	33	33	92	72
Other Civil Revenue	37	65	7,17	4,65	5,85	7,05
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	7,83	7,71	72,03	67,86	1,09,07	1,08,79
Major Irrigation Revenue	8	8	2,46	2,50	4,63	4,35
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	2	5	41	44	82	69
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	7,43	7,84	75,80	70,80	1,14,52	1,13,83
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—42	—43	—6,02	—5,14	—10,58	—9,10
Opium	—1	—1	—1,58	—1,60	—1,88	—1,65
Famine Relief (Civil)	...	...	...	...	—6	—1
Other Civil Expenditure	—4,18	—3,64	—38,92	—34,89	—54,46	—48,26
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—4,61	—4,08	—47,42	—41,63	—66,98	—59,02
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—18	—16	—1,34	—1,40	—2,20	—1,87
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—45	—56	—3,87	—3,87	—7,93	—6,00
Famine Relief (Public Works)	—1	—4	—27	—34	—59	—51
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—9	—7	—77	—76	—1,39	—1,07
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—5,29	—4,91	—53,67	—48,00	—79,09	—68,47
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—2	—4	—22	—43	—68	—57
Delhi Capital Expenditure	—5	—3	—37	—20	—38	—36
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	—7	—7	—59	—63	—1,06	—93
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Posts and Telegraphs (Net)	—17	—92	—6,15	—10,84	—6,12	—12,47
Marine (Net)	—11	—86	—6,03	—9,07	—9,51	—11,25
Military Works (Net)	—60	—16	—4,88	—4,33	—3,19	—5,96
Military Receipts	+63	+56	+6,56	+3,11	+3,46	+5,79
Military Issues	—12,18	—9,95	—1,18,27	—73,56	—1,21,41	—1,10,28
Railway Receipt.						
East Indian Railway	+86	+69	+10,70	+6,56	+9,40	+68,02
Other Railways	+4,42	+4,59	+44,28	+42,31	+60,04	
TOTAL	+5,2[illegible]	+5,28	+54,98	+48,87	+69,44	+68,02
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	—42	—33	—4,41	—4,02	—5,80	—39,20
Other Railways	—3,11	—2,59	—28,62	—25,65	—34,55	
TOTAL	—3,53	—2,92	—33,03	—29,67	—40,35	—39,20
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	—10,68	—8,97	—1,06,82	—75,49	—1,07,08	—1,05,35
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net + Receipts more, — receipts less than payments)	—12	—1,26	—24	+44,79	+29,43	+43,15
Second War Loan	+1,79	...	+55,84	...	...	...
Temporary Loan	+3	+8,72	—14,07	+23,63	—4,00	+46,97
Cash certificates	+2	...	+34	...	...	...
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	—1,55	—2	+93	+26	...	+11
Credits against American silver	+2,50	...	+58,62	...	+4,00	—3,60
Payments on behalf of Federal Reserve Board	—1,49	...	—15,60	...	...	...
Treasury Credits	—3	...	+13	...	...	...
Transfers through Currency	+6,50	...	+9,50	...	+24,52	...
Credits against Secretary of State's silver	+3,24	+1,85	+18,62	+14,04	+19,42	+18,67
Deposits of District Funds	—20	...	+2	—42	+3	—4
Loans by Governments	—31	+4	—97	+16	+11	+70
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R15 per £	...	—2,62	—9,07	—28,22	—2,90	—37,36
Sterling Transfers on London	+9	...	+4,83	...	...	...
Other Debt Heads	—84	—32	—11,89	—7,67	—3,67	—7,43
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	+9,63	+6,39	+76,99	+47,17	+66,94	+60,97
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	+1,02	+28	—8,29	—6,15	—6,37	+5
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	13,68	16,51	22,99	22,94	24,78	22,94
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	14,70	16,79	14,70	16,79	18,41	22,99

H. F. HOWARD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS—SUSPECTED FIRMS.

Delhi, the 25th January 1919.

No. 619-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), and in supersession of this Department Notification No. 2604-D., dated the 2nd March 1918, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the import of all goods from, and the export of all goods to, any of the trading concerns mentioned in the annexed schedule;

Provided that nothing in this Notification shall apply to goods imported or exported under a general license granted under the authority of "The Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamation, 1916, No. 3" or any other power vested in His Majesty or by the Governor General in Council.

SCHEDULE.

AFRICA.

LIBERIA.

Ahlften, V.
Bent, A. A.
Birkenbeuer, W.
Bremer Kolonial Handelsgesellschaft.
Bucholtz, G.
Buhring, F.
Busch, A.
Castelvi, Manuel.
Comercio Español.
Decker, I.
Deutsche Liberia Bank.
Deutsche Sudamerikanische Telegraphengesellschaft, A. G.
Dinkela, H.
Dopffel, Th.
Exposite, Felix.
Franck, A.
Gaede, W.
Gebhardt, Richard.
Gonzalez, Justo.
Hansen, C.
Harmon, S. H., Junior.
Heyn, E.
Hinz, M.
Hoffmann, Jul.
Huber, Oscar.
Jager, Ed. C.
Jantzen, C. F. W.
Klinge, Alberico J.
Koch, N.
Kroell, K.
Kuhrmann, Carl.
Labe, H.
Lafuente y Gordon, Miguel.
Lange, Gustave.
Lange, P.
Lapple, Otto.
Maier, Eugen.
Medicke, W.
Muller, Max.
Munch, N.
Peinate, Augustin.
Petersen, W.
Preuss, E.
Quickenstedt, H.
Richter, N.
Robins, G. B.
Roggenbau, H.
Schaumburg, R.
Scholls, J.
Seifer, A.
Simpson, P. F.
Stevens, A. B.
Thorade, K.
Tobeck, Louis.
Ueckert, Richard.
Vagts, Arthur.
Valle, Arsenio.
Vietor & Huber.
Vormeyer, H. Walter.
Wagner, E.
West, J. W.
Wiebers, V.
Wiechers & Helm.
Woermann, A.
Wursburg, W
Zschorper, M.

MOROCCO.

Abekhzel, Aaron, Laraiche.
*Abitbol, Moses, & Sons (Abitbol, Joseph M., Samuel M., Rafael M.), Laraiche.
Allal Ben Brahim Ben Hima, Tangier.
Amara, Rafael Ben, Tetuan.

* No connection with M. Abitbol et Fils Ainé (Comptoir Commercial Français de l'Afrique du Nord), Boulevard du Lycée 9, Oran.

Amarti, Mohamed Ben Drees el, Laraiche.
Aranguren, José, Laraiche.
Arrevalo, A., Tangier.
Auni, Ahmed el, Laraiche.
Aztot, Abdeslam, Laraiche.
Aztot, Fedel Ben Mohamed, Laraiche.
Aztot, Siddek Ben Ahmed, Laraiche.
Baghar, Dris el, Alcazar.
Bakkali, El Ayashi el, Arzila.
Bakkali, Ahmed, (Hamed, Mohammed), Tetuan.
Belghiti, Abderaham, Tangier.
Belghiti, Hadj Mohammed, Tangier.
Benarroch, Moses J., Melilla.
Benarroch & Sicsu, Melilla.
Benarroch Salama, Isaac, Melilla.
Benarrosh, Brahim, Laraiche.
Benlilti, Touda ben Cheikh, Melilla.
Benmergui, Vidal E., Tetuan
Botbol, Sentob Ha im, Laraiche.
Boumeghait, Hadj Mohammed, Tangier.
Bukhari, Hossein Abdeslam el, Tetuan.
Bustelo, Jose, Ceuta.
Cadosh, Mesod, Laraiche.
Capillay Castilla, José, Tangier.
Chachoh, Mohammed Ben Ahmed, Alcazar.
Cheikh Benlilti, Touda Ben (*see* under Benlilty).
Chica, Juan de la, Laraiche.
Chica, Julio de la, Laraiche.
*Cohen, S. & J. (Cohen, Simon J., Joseph J, Scialon J., Jacob S.), Laraiche.
Cohen, Simon D. (Cohen, Simon D., Jacob S.), Laraiche.
Danan, Shalom, Tetuan.
Deleiro, Abdelkerim, Tetuan.
Denkhaus, Arthur (*alias* Arturo Piensacasa), Tetuan and Ceuta.
Dukali, Hadj Ben Maati el Hayani, Laraiche.
Dukali, Hamed Ben Fekik, Alcazar.
Dukali, Nokhtar Ben el Maati, Laraiche.
Eljarrat, Moses Judah, Alcazar.
Espinoza de las Monteras Antonio Ramos, Ceuta.
Gelool, Mohamed Ben Abdel Krim Ben, Alcazar.
Glaser, Dr., Tetuan.
Gradolph, Emil, Tetuan and Ceuta.
Guerrero, Carlos Massa (*see* Massa Guerrero, Carlos).
Gumpert, Antonio, Tangier.
Gumpert, Francisco, Tangier.
Gumpert, Leopoldo, Tetuan.
Gumpert, Luis, Tangier.
Gumpert, Manuel, Tangier.
Hababi, Mohamed el, Laraiche.
Hadj, Ali Ben el, Arzila.
Haessner & Company, Tangier.
Harrack, Abdeslam el, Alcazar.
Hashmi, Hamed Ben el, Arzila.
Hashmi, Mohamed Ben el, Arzila.
"Heraldo de Melilla," Melilla.
Hisu, Mohamed Ben, Arzila
Hossein, Mohamed el, Laraiche.
H'sisson, Selam (Abdeselam), el, Alcazar.
Huss, Reichardt, Arzila.
Hussein, Ben el Hadj el Jemili, Alcazar.
Jahn & Toledano, Tangier and Laraiche.
Kell, J., & Company, Laraiche.
Kuhlmann, Alfred, Laraiche.
Lauffer, E., Tangier.
Lebady, Mohamed, Tetuan.
Lebady, Mohamed Ben Mohamed el, Tetuan
Lorenzana, Alberto Suarez de (*see* Suarez de Lorenzana, Alberto).
Maarouli, Hadj Mohamed el, Laraiche.
Mannesmann Brothers, Tangier.
Mannesmann Marokko Company, Tangier.
Martinez, Claudio, Tangier.
Massa Guerrero, Carlos, Tangier.
"Mauritania, El" (newspaper), Ceuta and Tetuan.
Maury, José, Laraiche.
Meier, Max, Tangier.
Mesbahi, Mohamed el Kasri, Alcazar.
Mokhtar, Mohamed, Arzila.
Mokhtar, Ulad, Arzila.
Monteras, Antonio Ramos de las (*see* under Espinoza de las Monteras).
Mora, Juan, Laraiche.
Mora, Ricardo, Laraiche.
Moreno, José, Laraiche.
Moryusef, Joseph & Yahia, Laraiche.
Mudden, Mohamed el, Tetuan.
Mzamzi, Mohamed el, Laraiche.
Nolting, Fritz, Laraiche.
Ortiz y Llobell, Francisco, Tetuan.
Ostermayer, Walther, Laraiche.
Oushihi, Abdelrahman el, Alcazar.
Piensacasa, Arturo (*see* Denkhaus, Arthur).
Renschausen, A., & Company, Laraiche.
Rohner, Friedrich, Laraiche.
Rohner, Werner, Laraiche.
Sabbah, Mesod, Laraiche.
Sabbah, Simon, Laraiche.
Sager & Woerner, Laraiche.
Salama, Mokhluf, Laraiche
Sananes, Samuel A, Tangier.
Schiller & Company, Tangier.
Schumacher, Otto, Tetuan.
Sherti, Mohamed, Tetuan.
Sherti, Mohamed Ben el, Arzila.
Si Abdellah Ben Amor, Calle Alfonso XII, Melilla.
Simoni, Mesod, Laraiche.
Soussi Hadj Mailoud el, Laraiche.
Soussi, Hossein el, Laraiche.
Soussi, Mohammed, Melilla.
Steinkampf, Heinrich, Alcazar.
Suarez de Lorenzana, Alberto, Melilla.
Tazzi, Abdel Wahab, Laraiche.
Thum, R., Laraiche.
Tornow, Max L., & Company, Tetuan and Ceuta.
Trujillo, Diego, Ceuta and Teutan.
Trujillo, José, Ceuta.
Trujillo & Murto, Ceuta and Tetuan.
Vidal S. Benmergui, Tetuan.
Villalta, Arcadio, Arzila.
Villa, Miguel, Melilla.
Villa Valentino, Tangier.
Wedele, Jehan, Tetuan.
Zailachi, Abdeslam el Amri, Laraiche.
Zapatero, O., Tetuan.
Zegari, Hamed, Laraiche.
Zegari, Taib, Laraiche.
Zimmermann, Alcazar.
Ziyani, El Mokhtar, Laraiche.
Zwartfeld, W., Laraiche.

* No connection with Joseph J. Cohen, Tangier.

PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA.

Becker, E., Beira.
Behrens, H., Lourenço Marques.
Bosselmann, C., Beira.
Bredenkamp, Lourenço Marques.
Breyde, Johan.
Bruckmann, Lourenço Marques.
Christophides, Christo, Porto Amelia.
Cruz, Alipio, Francesco.
Deneks, Alexander, Lourenço Marques.
Deuss, Ludwig, & Company, Chinde, Tete, and Quelimane.
Deuss, Paul.
Deutsche Ost-Afrika Gesellschaft.
Deutsche Ost-Afrika Linie.
Felgenhauer (alias Ferguson), I. C., Lourenço Marques.
Ferguson, I. C. (alias Felgenhauer), Lourenço Marques.
Frankel, Jacob, Lourenço Marques.
Fuchs, Lourenço Marques.
Grothkop, H., Lourenço Marques.
Haberer & Company.
Herz & Schaberg.
Heuffer, A., Quelimane.
Hoffman, Oswald.
Houben, Walter, Beira.
Hupfer, Beira.
Jung, Lenz & Company.
Koch, J. H., Lourenço Marques.
Krutzfeldt, H. G., Lourenço Marques.
Kunsti, T., Ibo.
Limbrock, H., Tete.
Linder, F., Ibo.
Loeffelbein, F., Lourenço Marques.
Marcus & Harting.
Neider, P., & Company, Ibo.
Niedner, Paul, Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
Oldenburg, E., Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
Orenstein-Arthur Koppel, Limited.
Ost Africa (Deutsche) Gesellschaft.
Ost Africa (Deutsche) Linie.
Pechner, H., Beira.
Petersen, R. H, Quelimane.
Philippi, William, & Company.
Piel, Albert, Lourenço Marques.
Porst, Kurt., Lourenço Marques.
Ressmann, I., Lourenço Marques.
Reuter, Dr., Lourenço Marques.
Rewald, Martin, Lourenço Marques.
Reys, Fernandes & Baptista.
Ribeiro, Antonio Franciso, Beira.
Rolfes, Herman, Lourenço Marques.
Rolfes, Karl, Lourenço Marques.
Rolfes, Nebel & Company, Lourenço Marques.
Rosendorf, Lourenço Marques.
Sambado, Antonio Marques, Mozambique; Santa Maria; Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
Schnutz, H., Tete.
Schreiber, Beira.
Siemsen, T., Beira.
Simba Ibraim, Palma.
Springhorn, C., Lourenço Marques.
Steyn, Kuhn, Lourenço Marques.
Stuben & Company.
Stuhldreier, Palma; Ibo and Porto Amelia.
Uebel, Beira.
Vogel, W, Lourenço Marques.
Wandschneider, Theodor, Lourenço Marques.
Wiese, Carl, Lourenço Marques.
Woernher, Fritz, Inhambane.
Woernher, Rudolf, Inhambane.

PORTUGUESE WEST AFRICA, PORTUGUESE GUINEA, FERNANDO PO, AND RIO MUNI.

Atayi, E., Fernando Po.
Castano, Vicente, San Carlos, Fernando Po.
Espincotte, Wilhelm, Fernando Po.
Hoffman, Fernando Po.
Iniqo, Alfonso, Rio Muni.
Karsten, Friedrich, Bambadinca.
Lafuente y Gordon, Miguel, Fernando Po.
Lieb, Eugen, Santa Isabel and San Carlos.
Mansnetter, Belama.
Moritz, E. H., & Company, Santa Isabel.
Rolf, Luis, Bissao.
Schlayer, Hans, Fernando Po.
Schwartz, Hans, Geba.
Seifert, Paul, Bolama.
Sonnenberg, O., Fernando Po.
Titzck, Rudolf, Bissao; Chinde; Bambadinca; Geba Baffata; Cacheo and Farim.
Torres, Sebastian, Fernando Po.
Voss, Hans, Farim.
Woermann Linie, Fernando Po.

AMERICA.

ALL COUNTRIES IN CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

German Coal Depôt. (Compañia Alemana de Carbon, or Deutsches Kohlen Depôt.)
Hardt, Engelbert, & Company.
Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
Mannesmann, Sociedad Tubos, Limitada.
Sociedad Tubos Mannesmann, Limitada.
Staudt & Company.

ARGENTINA, PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY.

Aachen and München Insurance Company, Calle Cangallo 319, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Abdala, Yabo y Hermano, Calle Patricios 779, and Calle Reconquista 711, Buenos Aires; Calle Maipu 291, Tucuman; and Calle San Luis 1987, Rosario, Argentina.
Accumulatoren Fabrik, A. G., Calle Tucuman 900, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Aders, Alberto, & Company, Calle Venezuela 165-99 & Paseo Colon 486-94, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Adler & Sas, Calle Balcarce 548, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Agencia Maritima "Kosmos" (Kosmos Steamship Line), Calle Sarmiento 442, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Aischmann, Luis, & Company, (Sucesores) Calle Sarmiento 1143 and 1147, Buenos Aires; and Calle Independencia 44, Mendoza, Argentina.
Alaluf & Rousso, Calle Brazil 1164, and Plaza Constitucion, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
"Alemana, La," Compania de Seguros Sobre la Vida en Lubeck, Calle Cangallo 770, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Alianza Pastoril, Sociedad Anonima, Carayao and Villa Rica, Paraguay.
Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft (Compañia Sudamericana de Electricidad), Calle Alsina 434, Buenos Aires, and all branches in Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay.
Alonso, Raphael, Calle General Praga 2181, Montevideo, Uruguay.
"America" Bazar (*see* Roger Balet, J.).
Americano, Bazaar (*see* Bazaar Americano).
Amme, Giesecke & Konegen, Calle Alsina 1110, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Andersen & Company, Calle Esmeralda 179, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Arboleya, A. Fernandez, Montevideo.
Argentina Electricity Company (Compania Argentina de Electricidad), Calle Sarmiento 961, Buenos Aires, and at Olivos, San Isidro, San Fernando, and Tigre, Argentina.
Argentina-Germanica de Abonos (Sociedad) Limitada, Calle Peru 1183-1188, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Argentine Real Estate & Finance Corporation, Limited, Calle Alsina 902, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Argentinisches Tageblatt, Calle Tucuman 309, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ariente, Hector, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Armeria (La) Alemana (*see* Otto Zinnert).
Arnold, H., c/o North German Lloyd, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Aspiri Stein & Company, Calle Rivadavia 870, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Aust, Alfonso, Calle Sarmiento 385, and Calle Aristobolo del Valle 1936, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Austro-American Steamship Company, Calle 25 de Mayo 347, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and all branches in Argentina and Uruguay.
Avellaneda, Compania de Terrenos en, Calle Bernard Irigoyen 330, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bade, Jorge, é Hijos, Calle Callao 714 & Cordoba 3647, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Balet, J. Roger (*see* Roger Balet, J.).
Balzer, Carlos, Calle Cangallo 417, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Balzer, Maximo, Calle Rio de Janeiro 657, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Banco Aleman Transatlantico, (Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank), Calle Reconquista, corner of Calle Bartolomé Mitre, Calle Corrientes 1800, Calle Santa Fe 2401, Calle Lima 1666, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Banco Germanico de la America del Sud (Deutsche Sud-Amerikanische Bank), Calle Reconquista 37-41, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Banque Hypothécaire Transatlantique, Société Anonyme, Calle Florida 171, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Barbe, Anacleto, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Barbiero, Alberto, Dyachcho.
Barth, Eugenio, & Company, Calle Uruguay 757, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Bauer, P., & Company, Calle Piedras 132, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bayer, Federico, & Company, Rivadavia 2263, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bazaar Americano (Sociedad Introductora S.A.), Palma 198, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Bechtel, Kurtz & Company, Calle Tucuman 1575, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bell, José, & Company, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Bonnevitz, R. (Rhodios & Company, q.v.), Calle Patagones 570, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bentos, José S., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Berg, Ricardo (Ferreteria Universal), Palma Esq. Ayola, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Berger, Curt, & Company, Calle 25 de Mayo 382-392; Calle Corientes 344, and Colon 1384, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bernard Hermanos, Calle Cangallo 515, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bernasconi, G. L., Montevideo, Uruguay.
Bernitt, Rodolfo (partner of Dorner & Bernitt), Calle Misiones 1472, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Birle, Carlos, & Company, Calle San Martin 1415 Mendoza; and Calle Mendoza 354, San Juan, Argentina.
Bleyer, Carlos, Cangallo 1264, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Blum, August, Calle Sarmiento 1401, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Boeker & Company, Calle Maipu 463, Calle Santa Rosalia 2656, Buenos Aires, and all other branches in Argentina.
Boer, G. de (partner of Julio Hosmann & Company), Calle Cangallo 319, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Boley Max W., Chacabuco 409c & Calle Belgrano 673, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Boo Brothers & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Boocker, Carl, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Borras, Pedro, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Boston, Exposicion, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bottini, Oscar, Calle Cerro Largo 851, Montevideo, Uruguay; and Argentina.
Brigue, Augustin, Montevideo.
Brauss, Mahn & Company, Florida 171 (Pasaje Genera Guemes), Buenos Aires, Argentina, and Calle Cerrito 407, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Brohme, F., Rio Gallegos, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Brolund, Ricardo, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Bromberg & Company, Calle Moreno 401, Calle Salta 1525, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Buch, A., & Company, Calle Mercedes 967, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Buddensieg, Juan, Calle Sarmiento 385, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bunge, Ernesto A., & Born, J., Calle 25 de Mayo 340, Calle Entre Rios 1676, and Calle Herrera 1253, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Burkart, Norberto, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bustamante, Miguel, Calle Alsina 974, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Callejas, J., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Camosso & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Cantarero & Gonzalez, Calle Bartolome Mitre 1084, and Calle las Heras 647, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Canto, Roberto (c/o Staudt & Company).
Carballo, Juan N., Montevideo.
Carrasco, A., Tacuari 483, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Carreras & Bech, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Carriguy, E. R., Casilla 51, Defensa 542 & P. Mendoza 3457, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Castagnet & Company, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Castro, Ventura, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Cattaneo, Constantino, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Cevini, Luis, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ciganda, Pedro, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Clarfeld, Federico, & Company, Paseo Colon 746, Buenos Aires; Calle Juncal 1461, Montevideo, Uruguay, and all branches.
Clausen & Company, Calle Uruguay 949, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Cohen, Mauss, Levy & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Compañia Alemana de Depositos de Carbon (*see* German Coal Depôt).
Compania Alemana Transatlantica de Electricidad, Calle Sarmiento 961, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Compania Argentina de Electricidad (*see* Argentina Electricity Company).
Compania Argentina Hidraulico-Agricola, Calle Moreno 411, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Compania Explotadora de Usines de Gas S/A., Bernal and Quilmes, Argentina.
Compañia General de Obras Públicas, Calle Bernardo Irigoyen 330, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
* Compañia Mercantil y Ganadera (Alfredo Hirsch), Limitada, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Compania Pastoril y Comercial Harteneck, Limitada (in liquidation), Calle Peru 375, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Compania de Terrenos en Avellaneda, Calle Bernardo Irigoyen 330, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Compania Transatlantica de Tranvias (*see* Transatlantica, La), Montevideo, Uruguay.
Compania Vinicella, Calle Pueyrredon 1136, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
" Continental " Compañia Transatlantica de Caoutchouc Calle Viamonte 758, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Cramer & Weyer, Indepencia Nacional 112, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Crespi, Ernesto J., Calle Gallo 1093, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Curt Berger & Company (*see* Berger, Curt, & Company).
Daniel, Bruno, & Company, Paseo Colon 464-68, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Dávila, José, Calle Bartolomé Mitre 857, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
" Debate, El," Montevideo.
Defescho, Juan, Calle Moreno 508, and Calle Newbery 2671, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Delfino, A. M., & Hermano, Calle Reconquista 335—339, Calle Bouchard 484, and Calle Paraguay 1858, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Duerer, Gustavo, Calle Sarmiento 630, Rosario, Argentina.
Deussen & Henneberg, Calle Montevideo 744, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Deutsche Dampfschiff Gesellschaft (*see* Hansa Steamship Line).
Deutsche La Plata Zeitung, Calle Sarmiento 648, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Deutsche Sud Amerikanische Bank (*see* Banco Germanico de la America del Sud).
Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank (*see* Banco Aleman Transatlantico).
Deutsche Ueberseeische Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Calle Sarmiento 961, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Deutsches Kohlen Depôt (*see* German Coal Depôt).
Diaz, Sabino, Puerto Deseado, Argentina.
Diedrichs & Denker, Calle Alsina 1154, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Dorner & Bernitt, Misiones 1472, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Dorner, Arturo (partner of Dorner & Bernitt), Uruguay.
Dreher, Julio, Avenida de Mayo 715, and Calle General Hornos 1230, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Duckwitz, Gerhard & Company (formerly La Refinadora de Buenos Aires, Calle Peru 1667, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Duckwitz, Otto, Calle Araoz 2918, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Duee, Simon, Calle Paso 427, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Duek & Cohen, Calle Azcuenaga 607, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Dyckerhoff & Widmann Schmidt, Calle Reconquista 37, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Eisenlohr, William, Villarica, Paraguay.
Eisler, Richard, Calle Rivadavia 1255, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Elkan, Pablo S., & Company, Calle Alsina 1147, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ellerhorst, Fernando (of " La Germano Argentina ").
Engelhard, Jorge, Calle Victoria 2900, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

* No connection with Compañia Mercantil y Ganadera del Sud, San Martin 186, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Engels & Company, Calle Chacabuco 430 and Casilla Carso 1364, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Eppenstein, P., & Company, Paseo de Julio 643, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Epperlein, Max, & Company, Calle Cangallo 1620, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Estevez, Casimiro, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Estrader, Pedro, Calle Salispuedes 231, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Exposicion Boston, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Fabrica Alemana de Productos Quimicos (*see* Müller, R., Stigliano & Company).
Fadum & Company, Calle San Martin 1485-89, Mendoza, Argentina.
Feliv, Felipe, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ferreteria Alemana (*see* Honsberg, Spier & Company).
Ferreteria Universal (*see* Ricardo Berg).
Fitzki, Luis, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Fomento Territorial Sud-Americano, Sociedad Anonima, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Fremery, Rodolfo A., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Frese, K., & Company, San Antonio Oeste.
Friz, Theodoro, Calle Piedras 730, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Fuhrmann, H., & Company, Calle Peru 1182-1188, Calle Cochabamba 102-120, and Calle Azopardo 1303-1335, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Funck, Ph., & Company, Calle Upsallata 756 and 1056, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Gaertner, Lampe & Company, Calle Tucuman 724, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Garbin Hermanos, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Garcia Ramos, José, Calle Guayabos 1567, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Gasmotorenfabrik Deutz, Paseo Colon 476-482, Calle General Urquiza 350, Buenos Aires, Argentina, and all branches in Argentina and Uruguay.
Gazzano, Antonio, Calle San Eugenio 77, Montevideo, Uruguay.
German Coal Depôt (Compañia Alemana de Deposito, de Carbon, or Deutsches Kohlen Depôt), Calle Peru 375, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Gieschen, Teodora, Montevideo.
Gilander, Augusto J., Calle Garay 251, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Goedhart, Hermanos, Bdo. de Irigoyen 330, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Goldschmidt, Mauricio (partner of Warburg & Goldschmidt, Buenos Aires).
Gomez, Pedro, Comodoro Rivadavia, Territory of Chubut, Argentina.
Gomez, Boglietti & Company, Levalle 962, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Gonsalez, Tomas, Calle Alsina 434, and P.O. Box 1481, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Gonzalez Vega, Federico, Calle Piedras 369, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Graeff, Fritz, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Grebe & Diebel, Calle Suipacha 467, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Grossenrth & Company, Rio Negro 1641, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Gruber, Hermann, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Gründl & Company, Calle Córdoba 1267, Rosario, Argentina.
Grundland, David, Calle Zabala 1329, and Casilla 489, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Guilbert (or Guibert), David, & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Günther Hermanos, S.A. (Albert Günther), Asuncion, Paraguay.
Guthmann, Ricardo, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Hamburg-American Steamship Company, Calle Sarmiento 442-448, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hamburg-South American Steamship Company, Calle Sarmiento 442-448, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hansa Mining Company ("Hansa" Sociedad Anonima de Minas), Calle Maipu 468, Buenos Aires; and Concaran, San Luis, Argentina.
Hansa Steamship Line (Deutsche Dampfschiff Gesellschaft, Bremen), Calle Sarmiento 320, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hardt, Engelbert, & Company, Calle Bartolomé Mitre 853-871, Calle Patricios 1937, Calle Mejico 243, and Calle Cochabamba 153-175, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
Harteneck Limitada, Compania Pastoril y Comercial (in liquidation), Calle Peru 375, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hartrodt, A., Casilla de Correo 1280, Calle Corrientes 685, and Calle Maipú 427, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hasberg, P. (of "La Germano Argentina").
Hasche, M. E., Calle Tucuman 900, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hasenclever & Company, Calle Belgrano 673, Calle Ayolas 458, Calle Herrera corner of Calle Ituzaingo, Calle Chile 40, Calle Australia 1245, Calle Azopardo 728, Calle Patricios 1916, Calle Azara 1245, Calle España 1226, and Calle P. Mendoza 1657, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Heidenreich, Guillermo, Rosario, Argentina.
Heinlein & Company, Avenida de Mayo 1402-1509, and Calle Garay 2450, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hellmuth, Otto Carl (Staudt & Co., q. v.), Calle Lima 467, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Herber, Gustav, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Herbon, Maximo, Calle Misiones 1434, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Herchmann, Ignacio, Montevideo.
Herder, Friedr. Abr., Sohn, Calle Florida 233, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hermann, Edmundo (Banco Germanico de la America del Sud, q. v.), Loreto 2592, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Herschel, Mauricio, Calle Esmeralda 984, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hess, Julio, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hiller, Ricardo, Calle Bartolomé Mitre 511 & Reconquista 37, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hinderfeld, Martignoni & Company, Calle Lavalle 487; Calle Tandil 5900, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Calle Cerrito 257, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Hirsch, Alfredo, Calle Sarmiento, corner of Calle 25 de Mayo, Calle Conde 2084, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hirsch & Zollfrei, Calle Rivadavia 1369a, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Holzmann, Philipp, & Company, Bdo. de Irigoyen 330, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Homad, Felipe, Calle Tres Sargentos 492, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Honsberg, Carlos, Calle Bartolome Mitre 3036-3058 and Casilla 1671, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Honsberg, Spier & Company (Ferroteria Alemana), Asuncion, Paraguay.
Horn & Company, Calle Sarmiento 385, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Hosmann, Julio & Company, Calle Cangallo 319, Calle Santa Fé 2851, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Huegel, Walter, Concordia, Argentina.
Hulsteyn, Van, Vocke & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Huttemenn, Hermann, Convencion 12, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Industria Quimica Argentina S/A., Montevideo, Uruguay.
Ingenio Azucarero Germano Argentino, Cruz Alta, Galeria General Guemes, Buenos Aires; and at Cruz Alta, Argentina.
Jacobi, Sigismundo, Calle 25 de Mayo 347, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Jacobi and Marx, Calle, 25 de Mayo 347, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Jaenecke Hermanos and F. Schneemann, Calle Independencia 986-1000, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Janowitzer, A., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Junghans Hermanos, Calle Alsina 1156, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kapelusz, A., & Company, Calle B. Mitre 1259, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kaufmann, Gustavo, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kaufman, Rodolfo, Casilla 936 and Balcarce 444-454, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kegeler, Juan & Company, Cordoba and Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kirschbaum & Company, Calle Independencia 401 & Colle Defensa 793, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Klug & Mares, Estrella 435, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Kobelt, G. (of "La Germano Argentina"), Calle Avellaneda 1914 and Calle Olleros 2999, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Koerting Hermands Limitada, Calle Bolivar, 292-300, Calle Moreno 499, and Calle Rincon 450, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Koester, Nicolaus, Calle 25 de Mayo 294, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Koppelmeyer, Carl Christian, (Partner of Clausen & Company), Uruguay.
Korth, Hans, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kosmos Steamship Line (Agencia Maritima "Kosmos"), Argentina.
Kostka & Company, Calle Bernardo de Irigoyen 330, Buenos Aires; and Pehuajo, F.C.O., Argentina.
Kotin, Leon, Avenida de Mayo 1124-34, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kozel, Federico (Partner of Guillermo Stahringer & Company), Galeria General Guemes, Calle Callao 8?, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Krabb, Hermann, & Company, Calle Bartolome Mitre 1177, etc., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Krauch, Federico, & Company, Casilla 301, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Krause, Frederick (or Federico), Calle Tucuman 900, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Kropf & Company, Calle Alsina 365, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Garibaldi 34, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Kropp & Company, Piedras 1448 and Rivadavia 751-761, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Cerrito 513 (formerly of Misiones 158), Montevideo, Uruguay.
Kulcke, Frankel & Company, Avenida de Mayo 1400, Calle Victoria, 1399, and Calle Carranza 2343, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Lafont, J. A., Calle Defensa 542-3, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
"La Germano Argentina" Insurance Company, Calle Reconquista 37, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Lagemann, F., and Company, Calle Piedras 363 Montevideo, Uruguay.
Lahusen & Company; Calle Defensa 542, and Calle Pedro Mendoza 3457, Buenos Aires, Argentina and C. Orillas del Plata 927, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Lang, Luis, & Company, Calle Defensa 369, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
*Lanza and Denis, P. O. Box 431, Montevideo, Uruguay.
*Lanza, Eustaquio, Calle Defensa 1013, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Larsen, Herbert, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Lasker, Otto (formerly Lasker Hnos., formerly Laskor & Co.), Calle Florida 355, Casilla de Correo, 727, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Latté, Curt & Company, Calle Muñiz 106, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Lesser & Company, Calle Bartolome Mitre 980-990, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Levallois, Pablo, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Libreria Alemana Sud-Americana Carlos Balzer y Compañia (*see* Balzer, Carlos), Argentina.
Liendo, Arturo, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Lind, V., & Company, Calle Venezuela 926 and Calle Belgrano 865, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Lindwedel, Schreyer & Company, Calle Venezuela 131 and Calle Azopardo 467, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Lingenfelder, Carlos (of Banco Aleman Transatlantico), Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Linotype Company (Hoffmann & Stocker) Calle Moreno 443, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Longhi, Olivio, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Loriente, Juan F., Montevideo, Uruguay.

* No connection with Lanza & Company Calle Andes 1470-72, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Lubeck, Herman, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Lubeck, Servos & Company, Calle Sarmiento 385, Buenos Aires, Argentina; Calle Uruguay 769, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Luz y Fuerza, Compania (or Empresa) de, San Martin 275-9, Mendoza, Argentina.
Mampoy, Jules, Calle Corrientes 685, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Mannesmann, Sociedad Tubos, Limitada, Calle Defensa 383, Calle Azara 1309, and Calle Espana 1292, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Marquez, Joaquin C. (partner of Dorner & Bernitt), Uruguay.
Marx, Mauricio (of Jacobi & Marx), Calle Rivadavia 1815, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Melber, Leon, Calle Alsina 261, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Mengers & Company, Calle Tacuari 483, Buenos Aires, Argentina
Menth, Fernando, Calle San Martin 955, Rosario, Argentina.
*Mercantil y Ganadera (Alfredo Hirsch), Limitada, Compania, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Mey, Hugo, (of Curt Berger & Co.), Calle Esmeralda 184, Calle Loreto 1748, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Moy, Hugo, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Meyer, D., & Company, Calle San Martin 222, & Calle Belgrano 139, Bahia Blanca; Trelew Chubut; and Puerto Madryn, Patagonia, Argentina.
Meyer, L. D., & Company, Calle Moreno 772, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Meyer, Martin (of "La Germano Argentina").
Miniño, Juan, Patricios 1570, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Minner, Alfredo, & Company (Sociedad Minner Sociedad Anonima), Libertad esq. Iturbe, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Missler, F., Calle San Martin 666, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Mitau & Grether, Calle Cangallo 840-850, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Moering, Edmundo, Calle Defensa 542, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Molino, Hijgo de José Cru, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Moller & Company, Calle Alsina 484, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Montes, Angel, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Moreno, Daniel.
Müller, A. H., Calle, Alsina 430, Buenos Aires, Argentina, and all branches in Paraguay.
Müller, Rodolfo, G. (Partner in R. Müller, Stigliano & Co.)
Müller Hermanos, San Julian Patagonia, Argentina.
Müller, R. Stiglano & Company, Fabrica Alemana de Productos Quimicos, Calle Pueyrredon, 49, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
"Mundial" Bazar (*see* Roger Balet, J.).
"Mundos, Dos." Bazar (*see* Roger Balet, J.).
Mussi, Francisco, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Mutz, Santiago, Calle Vera 851, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Mutzenbecher & Company, Calle San Martin, 170 (Galeria General Guemes), Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Neumann & Grieben, Calle Sarmiento 643, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Nobel, Hugo, Calle Cangallo 309, Calle Buchardo 1040, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Nolle, Usinas de, Calle Florenico Varella 69, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
North German Lloyd, Calle Sarmiento 324, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Novaro, Francisco, Bahia Blanca, Argentina.
Nurnberg, Juan, Encarncion, Paraguay.
Obras Públicas, Compañia General de, Calle Bernardo Irigoyen 330, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Olach & Ohlmstede, San Martin 452, Rosario, Argentina.
Orenstein & Koppel, Calle San Martin 66, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Orioli, Fernando, Calle Parana 1027-45, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ost, Hermann, Calle Esmeralda 179, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Osten, Cornelio, Montevideo.
Osten & Company, Calle Roudeau 303, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Oster, Jorge (of Bunge & Born), Calle Arcos 1661, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ostermeyer, Herman, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ott, Luis, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Pablo, Juan Pison (*see* Pison y Pablo, Juan).
Padro, Palmarin M., & Company, Calle Reconquista 371, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Pala, Peudro & Compania, Calle Rio de Janeiro, 657-61 Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Pallavicini, Erwin, & Company, Paseo Colon 1212, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Panaro, Antonio, Montevideo.
Pels & Lakatos, Calle 25 de Mayo 294, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Peluffo, Esteban, Montevideo.
Pernas Hermanos, Santa Cruz, Argentina.
Peters, Conrado, Calle Corrientes 432, Rosario, Argentina.
Peters Hermanos, Calle San Juan 100, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Peterson, Alexandro, & Company, Ceballos 244, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Peterson & Gutierrez, Calle Sarmiento 385, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Pfeiffer, Bruno & Hermann, Calle Salta 309 and Casilla de Correo 1166, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Pintos, Domingo Manuel, Avenida de Mayo, 1402-1500, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Pison y Pablo, Juan, Calle Paraguay 2547, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Pitzer, Emilio, Calle Maipu 787, Buenos Aires, Aregentina.
Plate, Juan F., Calle Balcarce 470-474, Calle Guemes 4450, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Plaut & Company, Calle Alsina 902, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

* No connection with Compania Mercantil y Ganadera del Sud, San Martin 186, Buenos Aires, Agentina.

Portena Tug Company, Argentina.
Quincke, Ernesto, Calle Cerro Largo 851, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Quintas, Enrique, Calle San Juan 2243, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Rabe, Walder and Company, 25 de Mayo 694, (formerly of Misiones 1373), Montevideo, Uruguay.
Rabe, Margarita N. de (partner of Rabe, Walder & Company).
Rabe, Otto (partner of Rabe, Walder & Company).
Raedler, Bernado, Montevideo.
Raggio, José, Ejido 1594, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Rathje & Company (formerly) Rathje & Muller), Calle Chile 914, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Refinadora de Buenos Aires, La (now Gerhard Duckwitz & Company), Calle Peru 1667, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Rein & Company, Montevideo.
Rein, Friedrich, 15 de Agosto 171, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Reise, Adolfo, Calle Pichincha 343-347, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Retienne, Eduardo, Calle Rivadavia and Calle Sarmiento 1127, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Reverchon, Carlos, Villarcia, Paraguay.
Rey, Luis, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Rey, Luis, Montevideo.
Rhodius and Company, Calle Rivadavia 842, and Calle Herrera 2250-54, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Robert, Eugenio, & Company, Calle Orillas del Plata 813, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Rocholl, Carlos, Calle Presidente Carnot 176, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Roehrs, E., & Company, Calle San Martin 195 and 170 (Pasaje Galeria Guemes), Calle Montes de Oca 604, Avellaneda, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Calle Agraciada 2412, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Roger Balet, J., Bazar "Dos Mundos," Corrientes 3102 and 3126; Bazar "America," Rivadavia 3200; Bazar "Mundial," San Juan 1099, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Rohde, Rappard & Langloh, Chacabuco 138 and Alsina 675, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Romberg, Ernesto, Puerto Deseado, Santa Cruz, Argentina.
Rossi, Francisco, c/o Hasenclover & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Rudolphi, Alfredo, Avenida de Mayo 963, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ruiz, Alejo, Calle Alsina 430, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Ruiz, Raul, Casilla del Correo 1222 and Calle Humberto 12-2807, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Rural Bremen, Compania, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Sadler, Bruno, Calle Mexico 543, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Sala, Juan, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Salinas, S. V., Calle Rio Cuarto 99, and Calle Directorio 551, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Salvini, Geronimo, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Sanguinetti, Jose B., Montevideo, Uruguay.
Sanjines, Dionysio, Calle Aldea 186, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Sartorio & Company, Calle Pueyrredon 1130, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Scapusio, Juan B., & Company, Viamonte 933, and Doblas 447, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Schelp & Schelp, Calle Bartolomé Mitre 1123, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Schlief, Georg, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Schmidt & Gülich, Calle Bartolomé Mitre 1265 & P. O. Box 813, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Schmidt, Pablo, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Schopflocher & Sichel, Calle Alsina 2110, Buenos Aires.
Schroeder, J. & A., Calle Piedras 357, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Schweitzer, Felipe, Santa Fé 951, Rosario; and Santa Cruz de la Sierra, Argentina.
Seidel, E, Calle San Martin. 1525 and 1625, Mendoza, Argentina.
Seras, Pedro, Calle Mexico 543, Buenos, Aires, Argentina.
Servos, Isidore, Montevideo.
Sieburger, Juan Christian, y Hijos, Calle Talcahuano 82, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Siemens Schückert Companies, Calle Bernardo de Irigoyen 330, Calle Sarmiento 1401, and Avenida Velez Sarsfield 318, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Simon, Alberto Maximo (Partner of Guillermo Stahringer & Company).
Sindicato Aleman de Potasa, Calle Colon 135, Cordoba, Argentina.
Sociedad Anonima Fomento Territorial Sud-Americano, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Sociedad Argentina-Germanica de Abonos, Limitada, Calle Peru 1183-1188, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Sociedad Financiera é Industrial Sud Americana, Calle Sarmiento, corner of Calle 25 de Mayo, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Sociedad Tubos Mannesmann Limitada (*see* under Mannesmann).
Societa Anonima Transporti de Mestre, Argentina.
Soler Hill, Juan, & Company, Pasaje Guemes, Buenos Aires; & Calle Santa Fé 911, Rosario, Argentina.
Soteras y Val, Calle Alsina 1251-55, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Spier, German, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Stahringer, Guillermo, & Company, Galeria General Guemes, Calle Montes de Oca 73, Casilla de Correio 672, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Stahringer, Guillermo (Partner of Guillermo Stahringer & Company, q. v.), Calle Sucre 3467, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Staropolski, Franz, Calle Mejico 131, Calle Carlos Pellegrini 340, Calle Bartolome Mitre 1871, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Staudt & Company, Calle Bernardo de Irigoyen 330, Avenida Montes de Oca 1599, and Calle General Hornos 1720, Buenos Aires, Argentina; & Calle Rincon 458, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Staudt & Company, Paraguay.
Steffens, Gustav, Calle Alsina 890, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Steffens & Nolle, A. G., Calle Sarmiento 643, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Stern, Ricardo, Calle Bartolome Mitre 1265, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Sternberg, H., Junior, & Company, Calle Cangallo 840, and Calle Cabildo 500, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Stigliano, Manuel (partner in R. Müller, Stigliano & Co.).
Stocker & Company (late Hoffmann & Stocker), Calle Moreno 443, and Paseo Colon, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Stofen, Schnack, Müller & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Asuncion, Paraguay.
Stremmler, Carlos, Calle Superi 1965, Calle Corrientes 423, and Casilla de Correo 1107, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Strothbaum, Felix (partner of Clausen & Company), Uruguay.
Strothbaum, Guillermo (partner of Clausen & Company), Uruguay.
Stubenrauch & Company, Puerto Deseado, Gobernación de Santa Cruz, Argentina.
Sud-Americana (Compañia) de Electricidad (*see* Allgemeine Electricitäts Gasellschaft).
Svensson, Ohlsson & Company, Calle Cerrito 36, Calle Venezuela 792, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Szende, Amiguel, Calle Treinta y Tres 1321, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Szulc & Raedler, Calle Victoria 851, Buenos Airos, Argentina; and Calle Florida 1430, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Takken, P. A, Calle Bolivar 547 and Calle Balcarce 185, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Terzy, Tiberio, Calle Caseros 485, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Thiel, Francisco, La Quiaca, Argentina.
Thyssen, Compania Comercial Alemana Transatlantica de las Fabricas Calle Reconquista 87, and Rivadavia 651, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Torta, José B., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Torviso, B., & Company, Calle General Mitre 643, Rosario, Argentina.
"Transatlantica, La," Compania de Tranvias, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Truyol, Heidler & Company, Calle Alsina 637, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Tubino, José, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Ullmann, H., & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Union, La, Calle Florida 391, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Usinas de Nolle (*see* under Nolle).
Valois, George, Rosario, Argentina.
Vasquez, Pablo, Calle Salsipuedes 231, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Vega, Federico Gonzalez (*see* Gonzalez Vega, Federico).
Veiroj, Mauricio, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Velasquez, Pedro, c-o Osten & Company, Montevideo, Uruguay.
Vendrell, Delfin, Calle Solis 945, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Vilmar, Rimpler & Company, Defensa 569-571, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Vogel, F. W., & Company, Calle Defensa 467, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wageknecht, E., & Company, 25 de Agosto 422 (formerly of Cerro Largo 791), Montevideo, Uruguay.
Walder, Enrique (partner of Rabe, Walder & Company), Urugua .
*Walter, F., & Company, Calle Defensa 502, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Warburg & Goldschmidt, Calle Bartolome Mitre 1265, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Warburg, Jorge E. (partner of Warburg & Goldschmidt), Calle Canning 2844, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wassermann, J., & Company, Calle Azopardo 579, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wayss & Freytag, Calle Peru 375, and Calle Neuquen 701-729, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Weil Hermanos & Company, Calle Reconquista 450, Buenos Aires; and Rosario, Argentina.
Weiss, J., y Preusche, Calle Patricios, 241-249, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Weitbrecht, Adolfo, Calle Sarmiento 385 and Calle Moreno 655, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wentzky, R. Von, Calle Corrientes 685, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wertheim Exporting Society (Wertheim Sociedad Importadora y Exportadora Limitada), Calle Alsina 1644, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Weygand, Enrique, & Company, Calle Perú 1057, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Weygand & Zum Felde, Calle Venezuela 441, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Willers, F., & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wolff, Buchholz & Company, Calle Cangallo 521, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wolff & Schorr, Buenos Aires; and Calle Cordoba 1160, Rosario, Argentina.
Worns, Pedro (Armeria Alemana), Calle Corrientes 311, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Wulff, Otto, Calle Peru 399, Calle Donato Alvarez 112, Calle Terrero 109, and Calle Rivadavia 6245, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Zeitune (or Seitune) & Asbani, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Zinnert, Otto (La Armeria Alemana), Palma esq. 25 de Novembre, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Zwirner & Dahlmann, Calle Rivadavia 1256, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

BOLIVIA.

*Albrecht, C., & Company, La Paz.
Araca Mining Company.
Arnold & Company, Santa Cruz de la Sierre and Riberalta.

* No connection with F. H. Walter & Company, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

Bacovich, Marcos, Oruro.
Ballerstaedt, Pablo, Potosi.
Ballon, Julio Cesar, La Paz.
Banco Alemán Transatlántico (Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank).
Barber, Alfredo W., & Company, Cochabamba; and Riberalta.
Barber, Alfred Wasey (owner of Alfredo W. Barber & Co.), Cochabamba.
Bazar Boliviano (Dohrmann Dahse & Company), Calle Comercio, Potosi.
Bickenback & Company, Oruro, and Cochabamba.
Blau, Stephen, La Paz.
Boehme, Enrique, La Paz and Oruro.
Boliviana de Wolfram, Compania, Sucre.
Bottiger, Trepp & Company, La Paz.
Bress, Alberto, & Company, Puerto Suarez.
Burgoa Teran, Arturo (*see* Teran, Arturo Burgoa).
Callenius Gustavo, La Paz.
Calsow & Reese, Lagunillas, Yacuiba & Charagua.
Cerveceria Aguila (*see* Liebers, Arturo).
Cerveceria Boliviana Nacional, La Paz.
" Cerveceria Calacala " (*see* Heimberto Hinze & Company).
Cerveceria Germania (*see* Schnorr, Guillermo).
Cerveceria Taquina (*see* Taquina Cerveceria).
Colsman, Boehme & Company, La Paz and Oruro.
Compania (or Sociedade) Commercial Mattogrossense & Boliviana, Limitada, Puerto Suarez & Guajará-Mirim.
Compania Minera y Agricola Huari (*see* Huari-Huari, Cia Minera y Agricola de).
Dauelsberg & Company, La Paz and Oruro.
Demmer (or Demner), Guillermo, Riberalta.
Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank (*see* Banco Aleman Transatlantico.)
Díaz Hijos y Cia, Sucre.
Dorhmann, Dahse & Company, Oruro and Potosi.
Ehrhorn, Oscar A., Cochabamba.
Elsner, August, Santa Cruz and Trinidad, Beni.
Elsner, Juan, & Company, Santa Cruz.
Emmel Hermanos, La Paz.
Empresa Estanifera de Colquechaca.
Empresa Prospera (Quiebra A. Metting).
Enss & Weber, La Paz.
Estrella, La (*see* Schultz, H.).
Eulert, F. G., La Paz.
Exposicion, La (Dohrmann Dahes & Company), Calle Sucre, Potosi.
Ferreccio, Horacio, La Paz.
Franco, José Maria, La Paz.
Freudenthal, Hermanos, La Paz.
Fricke, Arturo, Oruro.
Fricke, Jerman, & Company, Oruro, Cochabamba and Colquechaca.
Fuss, Alfredo (of Hirschmann & Company), La Paz.
" Gallo, El," La Paz.
Gasser, Gebhardt, Santa Cruz.
Graue, Juan, Oruro.
Gundlach, C. F., Oruro.
Günther, Ernest, Sorata.
Gunther, Pablo, Oruro.
Güteirrez, Pablo, Cochabamba and Oruro.
Haack, Heinz, Oruro.
Haan, Pablo, Avicaya, Oruro.
Haase & Company, Calle Bolivar 101, Potosi.
Hardt, E. W., & Company, La Paz; Sucre; Oruro and Cochabamba.
Harrison & Böttiger, La Paz, Oruro and Cochabamba.
Heitmann, Hugo, Imprenta y Litografia, Boliviana, La Paz.
Hinke, Gustavo, & Company, La Paz, Oruro, Potosi and Uyuni.
Hinze, Heimberto, & Company, Oruro.
Hirschmann & Company, La Paz, Oruro and Cochabamba.
Hoffmann, Detlef, Tarija.
Huari-Huari, Compania Minera y Agricola de, Potosi.
Jacoby, Arnold, & Company, Cochabamba.
Joerges & Company, Calle Oruro, Potosi.
Köhler, E., & Company, Guajará-Mirim.
Komarek & Brückner, Baures, Province of Itenezh, Department of Beni.
Krüger, R., & Company, Cochabamba, &c.
Kruzfeldt, Guillermo, Riberalta.
Kuster, Fredk., Sucre.
" La Mariposa, " La Paz.
Lah, Joseph, La Paz and Carabuco.
Lambert, Ernest, Trinidad, Beni.
Lascano, Alejandro, Sucre.
Lehman, Waldemar, La Paz.
Leutenegger, Ernst, Trinidad, Beni.
Liebers, Arturo (Cerveceria Aguila), Tarija.
Lullemann, Oswaldo, Oruro.
Martins, F., & Company, La Paz and Oruro.
Mattis, Juan Calle Bolivar 101, Potosi.
Mattogrossense & Boliviana, Compania (or Sociedade) Commercial, Limitada, Puerto Suarez & Guajará-Mirim.
Mayer, Juan, Trinidad, Beni.
Metting, A., Quiebra (Metting, Bankruptcy), Colavi Mine, Potosi.
Moerch, Bauer and Company, Sucre, Potosi, and Colquechaca.
Montano, Venancio, Cochabamba.
Monterde, Manuel, Sucre.
Morales, Bertram and Company (Morales Hermanos), Cochabamba, Potosi, Sucre and Oruro.
Morales Hermanos (*see* Morales, Bertram, and Company).
Morales, José, Cochabamba.
Muller, Wilhelm, Santa Cruz.
Nolte, Ed., & Company, La Paz and Oruro.
Pastor, Juan Manuel, La Paz.
Paulsen, Bruno, Riberalta.
Payot, Jorge, & Company, Oruro.
Pensamiento, El, Tarija.
Pflanz, Carlos, Villa Montes.
Pingel, Juan, La Paz.
Precht, Henry, La Paz.
Prospera, Empresa (Quiebra A. Metting).
Providencia, La, Santa Cruz.
Quidde & Company (late R. Krüger & Company), Cochabamba, &c.
Quidde and Gatermann, Cochabamba and Sucre.
Quiebra A. Metting (Metting Bankruptcy), Colavi Mine, Potosi.

Ramirez, Luis, Villazon.
Rasdil, Alejandro, Oruro.
Reinecke, Findel & Company, Oruro.
Reinecke, H., Potosi.
Ritter, Otto, Yacuiba.
Rodriguez, Juan, Potosi.
Rubarth, Juan, Potosi.
Ruiz, Carlos, La Paz.
Schacke, G., Avicaya, Oruro.
Schluter & Company (Sucesores), Oruro
Schmidt, Otto & Company (Sucesores), Cochabamba.
Schnack, Heinrich, Santa Cruz, Potosi and Suarez.
Schnorr, Guillermo (Sucesion) "Cerveceria Germania," Tarija.
Schubert, H. G., Oruro and La Paz.
Schuett & Company, La Paz.
Schultz, Enrique, "La Estrella," La Paz.
Schultze, Federico G., La Paz.
Schütt, Nicolas (Partner of Morales, Bertram & Company), Potosi.
Schweitzer, Félipe, Santa Cruz.
Seiler, Emil, Sucre.
Sociedade Commercial Mattogrossense and Boliviana, Limitada (*see* Compania Commercial Mattogrossense and Boliviana, Limitada).
Soliz Hermanos, La Paz.
Stark and Brandenburg, Cochabamba.
Staudt & Company, Villa Montes, (Rio Pilcomayo) Tarija, &c.
Stöfen, Schnack, Müller and Company, Santa Cruz, Pto. Suarez, etc.
Taquina Cerveceria, Cochabamba.
Teran, Arturo Burgoa, Oruro.
Thiel, Francisco, Villazon.
Tigre, El, La Paz.
Torres, Mannel Emilo, Potosi.
Ugrinovich Hermanos F., Uyuni.
Vanguardia, La, La Paz.
Vasquel, Juan, Potosi.
Villalobos, Moises J., La Paz.
Voss, Juan, Velasco San Ignacio.
Walterspiel, German, Potosi.
Wüntig and Muller, Cochabamba.
Weber, Albert, Oruro.
Weisser & Company, Oruri.
Weitbrecht, Adolph, Santa Cruz.
Wichtendahl, Guillermo, La Paz.
Wille, German, Sucre.
Yancovich, Jorge, Oruro.
Yarur & Lolas, Oruro.
Zavala & Company, La Paz.
Zeller, Villinger & Company, Santa Cruz, Trinidad, Yacuiba, Pto Suarez, Guayaramerin, etc.

BRAZIL.

Achim & Company, Joinville, Sta. Catharina.
Acosta, Ferreira & Company, Rua Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro.
Aeckerle, Adolfo (Partner of Ebner & Co.), Galeria Municipal 47 and 49, Porto Alegre.
Aguiar, Francisco, & Company (successors to Friedheim, Aguiar & Co.), Avenida Maranhense 11, San Luis; and Maranhao.
Ahlers, Rudolph Otto, Para.
Ahrns, Eduards, Rua dos Algibebes, and Limoeiro 10, Bahia.
Albrecht, C., & Company, Rio Grande do Sul.
Alfredo, Esteves & Company, Rio de Janeiro.
Allenbernd, C. G., Porto Alegre.
Almeida, Mario de, Rio de Janeiro.
Alsacienne (Société) de Plantations en Brésil, Tapaná and Santarém, Calcual Grande.
Alves. J. B., Rua Primeiro de Marco 53, Rio de Janeiro.
Andrade (Ernesto) & Pinto, Praça Deodoro da Fonseca 25, Rua Martins 4, & P. O. Box 46, Bahia.
AO Cylindro, Porto Alegre.
Araujo & Boavista, Rua Buenos Aires 4, Rio de Janeiro.
Arp & Company, Rua do Ouvidor 102, and Rua Coronel Moreira César 102, Rio de Janeiro.
Baasch, Hermann, Rua Sao Bento 22, Rio de Janeiro.
Bahlmann, John, Rua Sachet 83, Rio de Janeiro.
Banco Aleman Transatlántico (Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank).
Banco Germanico de la America del Sud (Deutsche Sud-Amerikanische Bank).
Bandeira, Luis, Rio de Janeiro.
Barber, Alfredo W., and Company, Para.
Barroso, M. S., & Company, Rua do Rosario 153, Rio de Janeiro.
Barrozo, J., Ceara.
Bartsch, Frederico, Rua Conselheiro Dantas 40 & 42, Bahia.
Barza & Company, Rua Marques de Dens 8, Pernambuco.
Bauer, Walter F., Rua General Camara 88, Rio de Janeiro; and Recife, Pernambuco.
Bayer, Federico, Travessa Santa Rita 22-24, Rio de Janeiro.
Beck, Ernesto, & Company, Florianopolis.
Beckmann & Company, Rua Florencio de Abre 99 and Caixa Postal 1154, Sao Paulo
Behrend, Schmidt & Company, Rua da Alfandega, 46, and P.O. Box 724, Rio de Janeiro.
Behrensdorff (Viuva de F.) & Company, Rua Voluntarios da Patria, Porto Alegre; and Pelotas.
Behrmann & Company, Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
Bellingrodt & Meyer, Rua Sao Pedro 70, Rio de Janeiro.
Barcht, Adolfo, Rio Grande do Sul.
Bercht Brothers, Rua Voluntarios da Patria 46, Porto Alegre.
Bergelt, G., Largo Princezas, Bahia.
Bernadelli Hermenegildo, Pelotas, Porto Alegre, Rio Grande.
Berringer & Company, Para.
Bertholdo, Silva & Company, Rua Florencio de Abreu 59, Sao Paulo.

- Beuster, (P. M.) Lima & Company, Caixa 43, Porto Alegre.
- Bezold, Otto, Ceara.
- Bier, F. G., & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro 106, Porto Alegre.
- Bloch, Eugen, Sao Paulo.
- Blohm, F., Blumenau.
- Bluhm, Bernhard, Rua 28 de Julho, S. Luiz, Maranhao.
- "Blumenau Zeitung," Blumenau.
- Böckmann, A., & Company, Rua do Appolo 28, Pernambuco.
- Boehm, Otto, or C. W. Boehm (Kolonie Zeitung), Joinville, Sta. Catharina.
- Borstelmann & Company, Pernambuco; and Rua Alfandega 121, Maceio.
- Boschen, Carlos, & Company, Rua Conde de Bomfin 1326, Rio de Janeiro.
- Boujurga, H. C., Rue General Setto 354, Pelotas, South Brazil.
- Braghini, Cezar, Rua Sao Bento 55, Sao Paulo.
- Brandao (*see* Lichtenfels, Bernardo).
- Brasil Cooperativa Limitada, Rua 7 de Setembro 1, Rio de Janeiro.
- Brasilianische Bank für Deutschland, Bahia; Porto Alegre; Rio de Janeiro; Santos and Sao Paulo.
- Brazil, A., & Company (Fundiçao Sao Pedro), Rua Marechal Floriano Peixoto 197 and 203, and Rua Sao Pedro 226 and 334, Rio de Janeiro.
- Brazileira de Electricidad, Companhia (Branch of Siemens Schückert Werke), Avenida Rio Branco 79 and 81, Rua General Camara 87, Rua do Hospicio 29, Rio de Janeiro; and Rua Sao Joao, Bahia.
- Breithaupt, Victor, & Company, Rua Itororo 8, Santos.
- Brenne, Rudolpho, Sao Paulo.
- Bromberg & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro 96 and 98; Rua dos Andradas 182, Porto Alegre; Hospicio 22, Rio de Janeiro: Bahia and Sao Paulo.
- Bromberg, Daudt & Company (Uniao de Ferros), Rua Voluntarios da Patria 54 and 56, Porto Alegre.
- Bromberg, Hacker & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro 96 and 98; Rua dos Andradas 182, Porto Alegre; Hospicio 22, Rio de Janeiro; Bahia and Sao Paulo.
- "Brusque Zeitung," Brusque.
- Buckup, P., Santos and Sao Paulo.
- Burkhardt, B. Max (Photographia Allema), Rua S. Antonio, 12, Belem Para.
- Buschmann, C, Avenida Rio Branco, 58 and Post Box 314, Rio de Janeiro.
- Café Companhia Nacional De, Rua 15 do Novembro, Santos.
- Calux, S. L., Rua da Alfandega 347, Rio de Janeiro.
- Camara, Amantino, Rua General Camara 91, Rio de Janeiro.
- Campos, Jose Pinto, Para.
- Casa Allema (Wagner, Schadlich & Company), Rua 15 de Novembro, Santos; & Rua Direita 18, Sao Paulo.
- Casa Brazileira, Bahia (*see* Weber, Karlos).
- Casa do Aço (Schneider, Carl).
- Casa Enxoval (*see* Klaussner & Company).
- Casa Kosmos (*see* Smith, Kessler & Panke).
- Casa Lemcke, Rua Libero Badaro 104, Sao Paulo.
- Casa Lucas (*see* Molina, Manoel Lopes Agero).
- Casa Rosenhain (*see* Schmidt & Company).
- Casella, Leopold, & Company, Rio de Janeiro.
- Chaume, Jorge, Rua Silveira Martins 139, Rio de Janeiro.
- Chave Uniao (owned by Joao Willhoft), Sao Paulo.
- Chaves, J. P., Santos.
- Chaves, Joao Madureira, Rua da Alfandega 101, Rio de Janeiro.
- Cohen, G., (Fabrica de Discos Odeon) Boulevard 28 de Setembro 36-56, Rio de Janeiro.
- "Cometa," Fabrica de Roupas Brancas, Rua Haddock Lobo 94-96, Rio de Janeiro.
- Commerco de Joinville, Joinville.
- Commercial, Companhia, Victoria.
- Companhia Brazileira de Electricidad (Branch of Siemens Schückert Werke), Avenida Rio Branco 79 and 81, Rua General Camara 87, Rua do Hospicio 29, Rio de Janeiro; and Rua Sao Joao, Bahia.
- Companhia Commercial, Victoria.
- Companhia (or Sociedade) Commercial Mattogrossense & Boliviana, Limitada, Corumba.
- Companhia Graphica Rio Grandense O Diario, Porto Alegre.
- Companhia Industrial de Ribeirao Pires, Sao Bernardo.
- Companhia Lithographica Hartmann Reichenbach, Rua Gusmoes 93, Sao Paulo; Avenida Rio Branco 59, Rio de Janeiro; and Santos.
- Comphania Lithographica Ypiranga, Rua Gusmoes 93, Sao Paulo; Avenida Rio Branco 59, Rio de Janeiro; and Santos.
- Companhia Nacional de Café, Rua 15 de Novembro, Santos
- Companhia Sul-Americana de Electricidade, A.E.G., Rua do Hospicio 59, Rio de Janeiro.
- Cooperativa Brasil, Limitada, Rio de Janeiro.
- Correa, Antonio José, Rua da Alfandega 112, Rio de Janeiro.
- Correia, Ceciliano & Company, Paranagua.
- Costa, Rua da Alfandega 60, Rio de Janeiro.
- Costa, M. da, Almeida & Company, Rua Sao Bento 5, Rio de Janeiro.
- Costa, Fernando, & Company, Santos and Sao Paulo.
- Costa, Raymundo, Caixa do Correio 1768, Rio de Janeiro.
- Dannemann & Company, Sao Felix; Rua da Quitanda 52, Rio de Janeiro; and Largo das Princezas 15, Bahia.
- Dantas, Vincente Mesquita, Caixa Postal 47, Bahia.
- Darigo, Michele, Santos.
- Dauch & Company, Rua Frei Gaspar 16, Santos.
- Day, John, Bromberg & Company, Marechal Floriano 51, Vigario José Ignacio 19 and 21 and Rua val Patria 24, Porto Alegre.

Deffner, G., & Company, Manaos.
Deutsche Süd-Amerikanische Bank (*see* Banco Germanico de la America del Sud).
Deutsche Süd Amerikanische Telegraphen Gesellschaft A. G., Rua da Assemblea 8; Rua General Camara 62, Rio de Janeiro; and Pernambuco.
"Deutsche Tageblatt," Sociedad Anonyma, Rio de Janeiro.
Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank (*see* Banco Aleman Trans-atlantico).
"Deutsche Zeitung" (Diario Allemao), Sao Paulo.
"Deutsches Volksblatt," Porto Alegre.
Deutschewaacht, Rio Grande do Sul.
"Diario Espanol," Brigadeiro Tobias 85, Sao Paulo.
"Diario de Rio" (*see* Sociedad Anonyma "Deutsche Tageblatt").
Dibo, Joao M., Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
Diebold, Alexander, Santos.
Diebold & Company, Rua Santo Antonio 56, Santos.
Diehl, P. J., Sao Paulo.
Dienstbach, Theodor C., & Company, Rua dos Andradas 445, Porto Alegre.
Diniz, Benedicto, Rua de Sao Bento 55, Sao Paulo.
Domschke & Company, Rue das Princezas, Bahia.
Drechsler, Max, and Company, Rua do Bon Jesus 20, Pernambuco.
Drecker, Josef, Rio de Janeiro.
Dreher, Edmundo, & Company, Rua Barao do Triumpho 6, Porto Alegre.
Dressler & Henkel, Rua Voluntarios da Patria 197c, Porto Alegre.
Drogaria Martel (*see* Schroeder & Company).
Dunhofer, Juan, Rio de Janeiro.
Ebel, Alfredo, Rua da Alfandega 58, Rio de Janeiro.
Ebner & Company, Porto Alegre.
Eiffler, Bernard, Manaos, Para and Pernambuco.
Empresa Graphica Rio Grandense, Rua Dos Andradas 447, Porto Alegre.
Empreza Hoepcke, Florianopolis, Santa Catharina.
Engel, Fritz, Pelotas, Rio Grande do Sul.
Engelbardt, Carlos, Rua Voluntarios da Patria 32, Porto Alegre; and Rua Maréchal Floriano 58, Rio Grande, Rio Grande do Sul
Fabrica de Discos Odeon (G. Cohen), Boulevard 28, de Setembro 36-56, Rio de Janeiro.
Fabrica Metallurgica Allema (Fabrica Metallurgica de Sao Paulo), Rua Dutra Rodrigues 31, Sao Paulo.
Fabrica Metallurgica de Sao Paulo (*see* Fabrica Metallurgica Allema).
Fabrica de Roupas Brancas "Cometa," Rua Haddock Lobo 94—96, Rio de Janeiro.
Fabrica de Tecidos Renaux (Carl Renaux), Brusque.
Faria, Marcos de, Santos.
Ferrari & Bartholomei, Caixa 453, Santos.
Ferreira, José Germano, Rua Sao Bento 5, Rio de Janeiro.
Festenburg & Company, Corumba.
Figueiredo, Leopold, & Company, Santos.
Flues, Oscar, Rua Libero Badaro 167 and Caixa Postal 1122, Sao Paulo.
Fonseca, Alfredo Rodrigues Da, Porto Alegere.
Fonseca, Arthur, Sao Francisco do Sul.
Fonseca, Raymondo, Pernambuco.
Fraeb & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro 90, Porto Alegre, and Pelotas, Rio Grande do Sul.
Franco, Harmodio, Rua Sete de Setembro 88, Porto Alegre.
Freire, Joao (partner of Lopes, Freire & Company), Rio de Janeiro.
Freitag, M. G., Rua Visconde de Inhauma 89, Rio de Janeiro.
Freitas & Company (successors of Mattheis & Company), Rua General Camara 69-73, and Caixa Postal 619, Rio de Janeiro.
Freyler, Hugo, Rua Voluntarios de Patria, Porto Alegre.
Friedrichs & Timmann, Rua dos Droguistas, Bahia.
Friedrichs, Werner, Rua Quinze Novembro, Para.
Froeling, W., Rua da Alfandega 47, Rio de Janeiro.
Fuchs, J., & Company (Casa Fuchs), Rua Sao Bento 83, Sao Paulo.
Garcia, A., & Company, Rua dos Ourives 65, Rio de Janeiro.
Gasmotorenfabrik Deutz, Avenida Rio Branco 11, Rio de Janeiro; & Rua Floriano Peixoto 11, Pernambuco.
"Gazetta Brusquense," Brusque.
Gazetta do Commercio (*see* Schwartz, Eduardo).
Georg. Otto (partner of Dannemann & Company).
Gerechter & Levinthal, Para.
"Germania," Brigadeiro Tobias 37, Sao Paulo; and Rio de Janeiro.
Gins, Adolf, Porto Alegre.
Gobiz, Manoel, Santos.
Gomes e Irmao (Pohlman & Company), Pernambuco and Maceio.
Gomes, Luiz, (Co-operativa Brasil), Rio de Janeiro.
Gomes, O., & Company, Rua da Alfandega 49, Rio de Janeiro.
Gomes de Oliveira, Joao, Joinville.
Gomez, Candido, Rio de Janeiro.
Gomez, Manoel, Travessa da Sé 17, Sao Paulo; Santos; and Rio de Janeiro.
Gonczy, Porto Alegre.
Graeff, Gustaf, Para
Granja, M. P., Sao Paulo.
Graphica Rio Grandense O Diario, Companhia, Porto Alegre.
Green & Company, Belem, Para.
Griesbach, Max, Para.
"Guerra, A.," Bahia.
Guimares, José, Santos and Rua Direta 9, Sao Paulo.
Gundlach, Germano, & Company, Rua General Victorino 47 & 49, Porto Alegre.
Gunther Companhia, Rio de Janeiro.
Gunzberger, J., & Company, Manaos and Para.

Gutmann, Henrique, Corumba.
Haas, Frederico, Rua Theophilo Ottoni 30, Rio de Janeiro.
Hackradt, Fernando, & Company, Rua A. Penteado 15, Sao Paulo; Rua Voluntarios da Patria 113, Porto Alegre; and Corityba.
Haering, Fritz, Rio de Janeiro.
Hafers, E. Magalhaes, Santos.
Hanau, Casa, Rua Sao Bento 55 & Caixa Postal 45, Sao Paulo.
Hansen, Alfredo, Rua General Camara 62, Rio de Janeiro.
Harm, Heinrich, Manaos and Itacoatiara.
Hartje, J. F., Belem, Para.
Hartmann, H., Rua Barao da Victoria 25, Pernambuco.
Hartmann Reichenbach, Cia Lithographica, Rua Gusmoes 98, Sao Paulo; and Santos.
Hasenclever & Company, Rio de Janeiro; and Rua L. Badaro 70, Sao Paulo.
Haupt & Company, Rua da Alfandega 60, Rio de Janeiro; and Rua Boa Vista 25, Sao Paulo.
Heise, Hugo, & Company, Rua Florencio de Abreu, Sao Paulo; & Santos.
Hellweg, Carl, Santos.
Henrique & Leal, Rua Sao Pedro 52, Rio de Janeiro; and Rua José Bonifacio 36, Sao Paulo.
Hermanny, Louis, & Company, Rua Gonçalves Dias 54 & 57, & Avenida Rio Branco 126, Rio de Janeiro.
Herschel, M., Santa Catharina.
Hesslein, Henrique, & Sergel, Cuyabá.
Hipp, Guillermo, Rua do Hospicio 29, Rio de Janeiro.
Hobbing, Englebert, Marcchal Floriano 62, Porto Alegre.
Hoepcke, Carl, & Company, Florianopolis, Santa Catharina.
Hoepke, Carlos, Junior, Florianopolis.
Hoepke, Max, Florianopolis.
Hoepcke, Empreza, Florianopolis, Santa Catharina.
Hoepcke Irmaos & Company, Florianopolis, Santa Catharina.
Hoff, Von, Tapanã and Santarém, Calcual Grande.
Hoffman, Rudolf W. H., Para.
Hoffmeister, Witte and Company, Rua das Princezas 20, Bahia.
Holdun, Maxim, Caixa 35, Monaos.
Holzgrave, Wilhelm, Bahia.
Huland, Oscar, & Company, Ceará.
Hutter, A. J., Rio de Janeiro.
Industria Quimicia Argentina, Rio Grande do Sul.
Institutos De Artes Graphicas (Turnauer & Machado), Rua 13 de Maio, Rio de Janeiro.
Issler, Julio, Jr., Sao Paulo.
Jacobsen, S., & Company, Rua Santo Antonio 56, Santos.
Jannowitzer, Wahle & Company, Rua do Candelaria 49, Sao Pedro 34, Rio de Janeiro; and Sao Paulo.
Jantsch, Aurelio, & Company, Corumba.
Jericke, H., Rio de Janeiro.
Jessen, Hendrik, Rua Bento Lisboa 17, Rio de Janeiro.
" Joinvillenser Zeitung," Joinville.
Jordan, Gerken & Company, Sao Francisco do Sul and Joinville.
Jordan, Henrique, & Company, Sao Francisco do Sul and Joinville.
Jurgheus, John, & Company, Rua da Alfandega 120, and Caixa do Correio 194, Rio do Janeiro.
Kanitz, Hermann, Rio de Janeiro.
Kanitz, J. R., Rua do Lavradio 30 & Rua Sete de Septembro 127, Rio de Janeiro.
Karp, Henry, Travessa Santa Rita 22-23, Rio de Janeiro.
Klaussner & Company (Casa Enxoval), Rua Direita 36B, and Caixa Postal 112, Sao Paulo.
Knobloch, Gustavo, Sao Paulo.
Koch, Otto, Sao Paulo.
Kohlbach & Company, Joinville, Sta. Catharina (*see* also Schwartz, Eduardo).
Kohn, Isidoro E., & Company, Rua da Alfandega 112, Rio de Janeiro.
Kolonie Zeitung (*see* Boehm, Otto).
Kopinsky, Joseph, Rua Sao Paulo 52, Rio de Janeiro.
Krahe & Company, Rua dos Andradas 497, Porto Alegre.
Krause Irmaos & Company (Krause Brothers), Rua da Sau Antonio 17, Belem, Para; Rua Lobo D'Almada 9, Manaos; Rua Primoiro de Marco 6, Pernambuco; and Maranhao.
Kroneke, Alfred, Parahyba do Norte.
Kroneke & Company, Parahyba do Norte.
Kuehlen, Otto, Para.
Landy, Carlos von, Rua Barao do Triumpho 35A, Pernambuco.
Langkjer, A. V., Santos.
Laves de Moraes, José, Sao Paulo.
Leal, Athanasio, Sao Francisco do Sul.
Leite de Fonseca, A., Rua Sao Bento 5, Rio de Janeiro.
Lemcke, Carlos, & Company, Porto Alegre.
Lemcke, Henrique, Rua Libero, Badaro 25, Sao Paulo.
Lesinski & Company, Rua Voluntarios da Patria 401, Porto Alegre.
Levy, Rafael (or Raphael), Rua Galeria de Crystal 17-19 Sao Paulo.
Lichtenfels, Bernardo (*alias* Brandao), Avenue Centrale, 57, Rio de Janeiro; & Sao Paulo.
Lima, Luzio Horacio (Berringer & Company), Para.
Lind, Von der, & Company, Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
Lisboa, Pedro Christ, Caixa 18, Santos.
Lobo, M., Manaos.
Loeser, Carlos, Aracaju.
Lopes, Freire & Company, Rua da Quitanda, 46, Rio de Janeiro.
Lopes, José (partner of Lopes, Freire & Company), Rio de Janeiro.
Louro, Linhares, Florianopolis.
Lucas & Company (*see* Molina, Manoel Lopes Ageio).
Luce, Guilhermo Adolfo, Rua 7 de Setembro 100, Porto Alegre.
Luckhaus & Company, Rua General Camara 67, Rio de Janeiro.
Ludwig é Irmaos, Rua dos Andradas, Porto Alegre.

Macedo, Alvaro, Rua San Pedro 52, and Caixa Postal 1177, Rio de Janeiro.
Machado, Mello & Company, Rio de Janeiro.
Magnus, James, & Company, Rua Sao Pedro 96, Rio de Janeiro.
Mannesmann Limited, Sociedad Tubos, Rua do Rosario 64, Rio de Janeiro.
Martel, Vicente Porto, Successores, Porto Alegre (*see* also Schroeder & Company).
Martfeldt, C. (alias for Martifield, C.).
Martifield (or Martfeldt), C., Cachoeira, and Muritiba, near Bahia.
Marx, W. (alias "Norbert Hertz," alias "Nils Nissen"), Rua da Alfandega 42, Rio de Janeiro.
Mattheis & Company, Rua General Camara 69-71, Rio de Janeiro.
Mattogrossense & Boliviana, Companhia (or Sociedade) Commercial, Limitada, Corumba.
Mattos, Alberto, Rua dos Ourives 54, Rio de Janeiro.
Mayer, Siegfried, Rua da Quitanda 123, Rio de Janeiro.
Meissner, Arthur, Rua Boa Vista 36, Sao Paulo.
Meister & Company, Caixa Postal 77, Bahia.
Melcher Conrado & Company, Rua Sao Bento 40, Sao Paulo.
Menassa, T., Rua da Alfandega 334, Rio de Janeiro.
Merat, Frederico, & Company, Rua Theophilo Ottoni 20, Rio de Janeiro.
Metzler Hugo, Porto Alegre.
Meyer, Alfredo, Rio de Janeiro.
Meyer, C., Santos.
Meyer, Harold, Bahia.
Meyer Irmaos & Company, Rua Sete de Setembro 175 & 177, Porto Alegre.
Miranda, Agenor, Rua Senador Nabuco 19, Rio de Janeiro.
Moeller, H. Theo., Rua Voluntarios da Patria 32, Porto Alegre.
Molina, Manoel Lopes Agero (Casa Lucas) (Lucas & Company), Avenida Passos 36-38, Rio de Janeiro.
Montana, Industrial Estabelecimento, S/A (E. Spiller, Junior), Rua da Alfandega 143, Rio de Janeiro.
* Moreira, Julio César (Moreira de Carvalho), Rua General Camara 1; and Praia Icarahy 21, Rio de Janeiro.
Moser, Berto, Rua Jose Bonifacio 12, Sao Paulo.
Müller, Paul (late Müller, Costa & Company), Rua da Alfandega 90, Rio de Janeiro.
Naschold, Carlos, Vol da Patria 156, Porto Alegre.
Naschold, Ricardo, & Company, Rua Henrique Dias 57, Sao Paulo.
"Neue Deutsche Zeitung," Pelotas.
Nissen Nils (*see* W. Marx).
"Norbert Hertz" (*see* W. Marx).
Noronha, Carlos de, Rua General Camara 22, Rio de Janeiro.
Nossack & Company, Rua Frei Gaspar 22, Santos.
"Notica, A," Santos.
Novita, J., & Amado, Rua Amador Bueno 72, Santos.
Odeon, Fabrica de Discos (G. Cohen), Boulevard 28 de Setembro 36-56, Rio de Janeiro.
Officina Velhote Silva, Para.
Ohl, Paul (Partner of Seligmann & Company), Para.
Ohliger & Company, Manaos.
Oliveira, Eduardo, Santos.
Oliveira, Joao Gomes de (*see* Gomes de Oliveira, Joao).
Oliveira & Company, Santos, Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro.
Ornstein & Company, Rua Sao Pedro 9, Rio de Janeiro.
Ostermeyer, Frederico, Rua da Quitanda 63 & 175, Rio de Janeiro.
Ottens, K. J., Bahia.
Overbeck, W., Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
Paradeda, Jaime & Company, Rua General Camara 139, Rio de Janeiro.
Pauly & Company, Rua José Bonifacio 14 & Caixa Postal 9, Sao Paulo.
Pereira, E., & Company, Rio de Janeiro.
Perez, Erich, Rio de Janeiro.
Peters, W., Rua Municipal 148-150, Manaos.
Petersen, Adolf, & Company, Rua do Apollo 36 Pernambuco.
Petersen, Emil, Rua 15 de Novembro, Porto Alegre.
Pfeil & Klein-Ellgoth, Bahia.
Pharmacie & Droguerie Caldas, Bahia (*see* Schmidt, Raoul).
Photographia Allema (*see* Burkhardt, B. Max).
Pinatel, Luis, Sao Paulo.
Pinto, de Souza & Company, Bahia.
Pintsch, Julius, Aktiengesellschaft, Rua Sao Pedro 9, Rio de Janeiro.
Pohlman & Company, Pernambuco and Maceio.
Portella Hermengildo, Filho, Rua Marquez Olinda 4, Pernambuco.
Pralow & Company, Para and Manaos.
Prejawa & Company, Rua da Alfandega 70, Rio de Janeiro.
Quesada, Manoel, Rua do Senado 63, Rio de Janeiro.
Raacke & Company, Rua dos Ourives 87, Rio de Janeiro.
Raimbaud, Madame, Rua Direita 18, Sao Paulo.
Ramos, Antonio (or Angelino), Rua da Constituicao 14, Rio de Janeiro; and Bomfim, Minas Geraes.
Raniger, H., Manaos.
Rawlinson Muller & Company, Rua José Bonifacio 35, Sao Paulo; and Villa Americana.
Regis, Joao Deocleciano, Florianopolis.
Reguly, Alexandar, Rua Voluntarios de Partria, Porto Alegre.
Reich, Felix, Manaos.
Reichenbach, Gustavo, Sao Paulo and Santos.
Reinhardt, Cesar, Becco do Rosario & Rua 24 de Maio 14, Porto Alegre.
Reiniger, Schmitt, & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro 118, Porto Alegre.

* No connection with Moreira & Carvalho, Bahia.

Reis, Claudino, Becco Fidalga 20, Rio de Janeiro.
Renaux, Carl, Brusque, Sta. Catharina.
Renaux, Fabrica de Tecidos (Carl Renaux), Brusque.
Ribeirao Pires, Companhia Industrial De, Sao Bernardo.
Ribeiro, Abrahao, Rua da Alfandega 91, Rio de Janeiro.
Ribeiro Chaves, Gualtero, Para.
Ribeiro, Trajano (Jordan, Gerken & Company), Sao Francisco do Sul.
Richter, Alfredo, Sao Paulo.
Richter, Rudolpho A., Sao Paulo.
Rieckmann & Company, Rua Bôa Vista 42, Sao Paulo.
Rodrigues, Carlos, Para and Bahia.
Rombauer & Company, Rua Visconde de Inhauma 84, Rio de Janeiro.
Rosenhain, Elisabetha Cellote, Sao Paulo.
Rosenhain, Henrique, Sao Paulo.
Rothschild & Company, Rua 15 de Novembro 31, Sao Paulo.
Ruiz, Alejo, Florianopolis.
Runes & Bark, Largo Monte Alegre 6, Santos.
Salem Frères & Costoriano, Avenida Rio Branco 117, Rio de Janeiro.
Salemi & Arra, Rua Santa Ephigenia 184, Sao Paulo.
Salinger, Gustavo, & Company, Blumenau, Santa Catharina.
Samuel, Mauricio, Manaos.
Sandgren, A. J., Rio de Janeiro.
Schaible & Kanuitz, Rua José Bonifacio 40, Sao Paulo; & Rua Sao Pedro 52, Rio de Janeiro.
Schaitza, Oscar, & Company, Porto Alegre.
Scheyer, Otto, Rua General Camara 23, Rio de Janeiro.
Schlang, Emilio, Largo Princezas 15, Bahia.
Schlesinger & Company, Rua da Alfandega 91, Rio de Janeiro.
Schlick, Alfredo, & Company, Rua da Assemblea 14 and Rua Quitando 47, Rio de Janeiro.
Schmidt & Company (Casa Rosenhain), Rua Sao Bento 60, Sao Paulo.
Schmidt, E. O., Rio de Janeiro.
Schmidt, Raoul (Pharmacie & Droguerie Caldas), Rua Carlos Gomes 2 and Avenida Sete Setembro, Bahia.
Schmidt, Trost & Company, Rua Santo Antonio 5, Santos; Rua Alvares Pentcado and Caixa 153, Sao Paulo.
Schneider, Carl (Casa do Aço), Rua do Principe, Joinville, Sta Catharina.
Schneider, Carlos Tito, Rio Grande do Sul.
Schoenn, Roberto, & Company, Rua Quitanda 147, Rio de Janeiro.
Scholz, Waldemar, Manaos.
Schott, Adolf, Rua Sao Pedro 38, Rio de Janeiro.
Schrader, Julius, Rio de Janeiro and Sao Paulo.
Schroeder & Company (Drogaria Martel) (Martel, Vicente Porto, Successores), Rua dos Andradas 208 and 405, Rua Seto de Setembro 108, Rua Marechal Florino 91 and Caixa do Correio 41, Porto Alegre.
Schroeder, J., Porto Alegre.
Schumann & Company, Porto Alegre, and Para.
Schwartz, Eduardo, or E. J. Schwartz & Company, or Eduardo J. Schwartz & Company (Gazetta do Commercio) (Kohlbach & Company), Joinville, Sta. Catharina.
Schwartz, E. J., & Company (*see* Schwartz, Eduardo).
Schwartz, Eduardo J., & Company (*see* Schwartz, Eduardo).
Schweneck, Wilhelm, Cuyabá.
See, Willy, Rua dos Ourives, Bahia.
Seligmann & Company, Para.
Semper & Company, Manaos.
Serrario Uniao (owned by Joao Willhoft), Sao Paulo.
Siemens-Schückert Werke, Rio de Janeiro; Bahia; Porto Alegre and Sao Paulo.
Siepmann, Fritz (partner of Dannemann & Company).
Silva, Antonio Carlos de, Caixa 105, Sao Paulo.
*Silva, J. Domingos da, & Company, Rua Sao Bento 28A, Sao Paulo.
Simon, Feliciano, Corumba.
Simon, Heinrich, Rua do Hospicio 47, Rio de Janeiro.
Simon, Israel & Company, Rua General Camara 23, Rio de Janeiro.
Sinjen, M., & Company, Novo Friburgo, Rio de Janeiro.
Sinner, Alfredo, Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
Smith, Charles, Rua Direita 12, Sao Paulo.
Smith, Kessler & Panke (Casa Kosmos), Rua Direita 12, Sao Paulo and Santos.
Sociedad Anonyma "Deutsche Tageblatt," Rio de Janeiro.
Sociedad Tubos Mannesmann Limitada, Rua Sao Pedro 89, Rio do Janeiro.
Sociedade Commercial Mattogrossense and Boliviana, Limitada (*see* Companhia Commercial Mattogrossense and Boliviana, Limitada).
Société d'Entreprises Générales au Bresil, Rua Visconde, de Inhauma 83, and Caixa de Correio 666, Rio de Janeiro.
Sotto-Maior, B. G., & Company, Sao Paulo.
Souza, Joao Silveira de, Joinville.
Souza, R., & Company, Rio de Janeiro.
Spiller, E., Junior (*see* Montana Estabelecimento Industrial, S/A.).
Spiro, Hugo, Sao Paulo.
Steinbach, Hans, Bahia.
Steinberg, Meyer & Company, Avenida Rio Branco 65, Rio de Janeiro; and Sao Paulo.
Steiner, Pedro Maurico, Para.
Steinman, Emilo A., Manaos.
Steinmann, H., Manaos.
Stender & Company, Rua dos Algibebes, Bahia.
Stock, Emilio, Joinville, Sta. Catharina.
Stodieck, Ernesto, Florianopolis.
Stöfen, Schnack, Müller & Company, Corumba.

* No connection with Domingos Joaquim da Silva & Company, Rio de Janeiro.

Stoky, Jorge F., Rua Christovao Colombo 18, Rio de Janeiro.
Stoltz, Hermann, & Company, Avenida Central 66-74 (Rio Branco 66-74), Rio de Janeiro; Praça da Republica, Santos; Rua Alvares Penteado 12, Sao Paulo; and Pernambuco.
Strassberger, E., & Company, Manaos.
Strauch, Richard, Rua Marechal Floriano, Rio Grande do Sul.
Stuck, Otto, Rua Boa Vista 45A, and Rua Sao Bento 67, Sao Paulo.
Stupakoff & Company, Rua Sao Bento 7, Sao Paulo.
Suerdieck & Company, Rua das Princezas, Bahia.
Sul-Americana de Electricidade (Companhia) A.E.G., Rua do Hospicio 59, Rio de Janeiro.

Tapaná Plantations Company, Tapaná, near Para.
Tavares, M., & Arruda, Corumba.
Tettamenti, Joao, Rua Sao Pedro 33, Sobrado, Rio de Janeiro.
Thomas, Carlos A, & Company, Rua Theophilo Ottoni 98, 1st Floor, Rio de Janeiro.
Thun, A., Rua Visconde de Inhauma 83, Rio de Janeiro.
Tollens & Costa, Pelotas.
Trinks, G, & Company, Rua de Santo Antonio 58, Santos; & Rua Quitando 79—81, Rio de Janeiro.
Trinks, Gerhard, Santos.
Trinks, Peter, & Company, Rua de Santo Antonio 38, Santos.
Trommel, A., & Company, Praça Telles 11, Santos; & Rua Alvares Penteado, Sao Paulo.
Turnauer & Machado (Institutos de Artes Graphicas), Rua 13 de Maio, Rio de Janeiro.

Uniao de Ferros (*see* Bromberg, Daudt & Company).
Urban, Eugen, & Company, Rua Conselheiro Saraiva 30, Rio de Janeiro; & Rua Santo Antonio 63, Santos.
Urwaldsbote, Der, Blumenau.
Uslar, J. von, Rua do Commercio, Bahia.

Vasconcellos, C., & Company, Praça da Republica 87, Santos.
Vasconcellos, P., Bahia.
"Vaterland" (Newspaper), Porto Alegre.
Velhote Silva, Officina, Para.
Vianna, Cezar, Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
Vieira de Mello, Francisco, Bahia.
Vieira, Luiz, Rio de Janeiro.
Vieria, Francisco Salles, Manaos.
Voelckers & Franco, Rua Sete de Setembro 88, Porto Alegre.
Voelcker, Luis, & Company, Rua dos Andradas 332, Porto Alegre.
"Volksblatt" (Newspaper), Porto Alegre.
Wachtel, Marzen, & Company, Rio Grande do Sul.
Wachneldt, Bertholdo, Avenida Rio Branco 12 & 50, & Caixa de Correio 1262, Rio de Janeiro.
Wagner, Schadlich & Company (Casa Allema), Santos and Sao Paulo.
Wahnschaffe, Rudolfo, Sao Paulo.
Warnecke, Hermann, & Company, Rua Direita 9, Sao Paulo
Weber & Schweizer, Bahia.
Weber, Karlos (Casa Brazileira), Bahia.
Weinheber, Oscar, Rua Sao Pedro 47, Rio de Janeiro.
Weissflog, Alfredo, (of Weissflog Brothers), Rua Maranhão 21, Sao Paula.
Weissflog Brothers, Rua Libero Badaro 70, Sao Paulo.
Weissflog, Otto (of Weissflog Brothers), Avenida Paulista 112, Sao Paulo.
Weiszflog, Max, Sao Paulo.
Welge, K. M., Rua General Camara 139, Rio de Janeiro.
Werner, Hilpert & Company. Rua da Alfandega 99-101, 104 and 108, Rio de Janeiro.
Wesche & Company (E. Strassberger & Company), Manaos.
Westphal, August, Bahia.
Westphalen Bach & Company, Rua Cons Saraiva, Bahia.
Wiedeman & Gins, Rua do Comercio, Porto Alegre.
Wiedman, Alfredo, Rua do Commercio 3, Porto Alegre.
Wille, Theodor, & Company, Sao Paulo; Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
Willhoft, Joao, Sao Paulo.
Wischendorf, Max Santos.
Witte, Paulo, Edificio do Jornal do Brazil, vAenida Ri-Branco 110, Rio de Janeiro.
Wittrock, Gustav, Pernambuco.
Wöbcken, Adolpho, & Krebs, Rua da Alfandega 74, Rio de Janeiro.
Woebcke, Gustav, Porto Alegre.
Woermke & Linau, Rua Voluntarios da Patria 113, Porto Alegre.
Wolff, Eric, Pernambuco.
Ypiranga, Compania Lithographica, Rua Gusmoes 93, Sao Paulo; & Santos.
Zeising, John & R., Rua Visconde de Juhauma 56, Rio de Janeiro.
Zeising, Ricardo M., Rio de Janeiro.
Zerrenner, Bulow & Company, Rua Santo Antonio 52, Santos; and Rua de San Bento 81, Sao Paulo.
Zsigmondy, Paulo, & Company, Caixa 1256 and Rua General Camara 97, Rio de Janeiro.

CHILE.

Abraldes, R., Concepcion.
Adametz, Arnaldo (Lange & Company), Valparaiso.
Agencia Maritima "Kosmos" (Kosmos Steamship Line).
Aguilar, Rudolf, Talcahuano.
Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Santiago and Valparaiso.
Allianz Insurance Company, Santiago.
Almert, Curt (of Daube & Company), Santiago and Valparaiso.
Andersen, Hans, Casilla 517, Santiago.

Andrade, Adolfo (of Vorwerk & Company), Avenida Pedro Montt 192, Valparaiso.
Anwandter & Bentjerodt, Almirante Prat 1, and Casilla 50, Valdivia.
Araucania, La, Compania de Seguros, Valparaiso.
Arevalo, Manuel, Coquimbo and Avenida Brasil 169, Valparaiso.
Armstrong, Isaac Enrique, Talcahuano.
Arrigoriaga, Saturnino, Valparaiso and Santiago
Bade, Walter (Saavedra Benard & Company) E. (A. Wenz & Company).
Bähre & Company (formerly Bähre, Herbst & Company), San Antonio 425, Santiago; Valparaiso, Talcahuano & Valdivia.
Bähre, Herbst & Company (*see* Bähre & Company).
Banco Aleman Transatlantico, (Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank).
Banco de Chile y Alemana, (Bank für Chile und Deutschland), Antofagasta; Santiago; Valparaiso; Concepcion; Temuco & Valdivia.
Banco Germanico de la America del Sud (Deutsche Sud Amerikanische Bank).
Barrios, Francisco, Iquique
Bauer, Pablo, Antofagasta.
Bayer, Federico, & Company, Casilla 1267, Santiago.
Bayro, Guillermo, Antofagasta.
Becker, A. & F., & Company, Concepcion and Bandera 615, Santiago.
Benedetti, Juan B., Valparaiso.
Benitez, Armando, Casilla 572, Santiago.
Bentjerodt, Arturo, Santiago.
Bischoff, Carlos, San Carlos *corner of* Yungay and Casilla 72, Valdivia.
Blackadder, Guillermo, Iquique.
Blaya, Emilio, Punta Arenas.
Blaya, Roque, Senior, Punta Arenas.
Blech Wegener, T. A., (Sombreria Alemana) (Wegener & Company), Ahumada 346, Santiago; & Avenida Condell 9, Valparaiso.
Boeschmeyer & Kunsenmuller (formerly Preger Hermanos), Antofagasta.
Bohlen, Max von, & Company, San Donso 45, Valparaiso.
Bonder, Victor, Concepcion.
Botica del Indio, Avenida Delicias esquina, Ahumada, Santiago. (See also Doggenweiler & Company.)
Botica Santo Domingo, Calle Santo Domingo esquina 21 de Mayo, Santiago.
Bravo, Guillermo, Valparaiso.
Brinckman & Company, Casilla 127 & Roca 1000, Punta Arenas.
Brockhaus, Carlos, Casilla 3605, Valparaiso; Casilla 619, Santiago; and Valdivia,
Bruchert & Company (late Vogt & Company), Valparaiso.
Cabezas, A., & Company, Antofagasta.
Canelo, Nemesio (of Gildemeister & Company), Iquique.
Cantolla, José Isaac, Antofagasta.
Carrasco, Justiniano (Timmermann & Company), Santiago.
Carstens, F., & Company, Concepcion, San Francisco, Valdivia and Temuco.
Casa Alemana (*see* Klapp, R., & Co.).
Casa Maldini (*see* Schlack, Adolpho, & Company).
"Casa Rusa" (owner David Yudilevich), Santiago de Chile.
Castillo, Anjel C., Coquimbo.
Chaparra, Luis A., Iquique.
Chavez, Eliseo, Antofagasta.
Chile Austral (Newspaper), Santiago.
Chodowiecki & Company, Calle Blanco 370, Valparaiso.
Ciangarotti, Luis A., Valparaiso.
Compania Maritima Alemana, Valparaiso.
Compania Minera Salvadora del Guanaco, Taltal.
Compania Salitrera Alemana, Taltal.
Compania Salitrera H. B. Sloman & Company.
Compania de Seguros La Aracuania, (*see* Aracuania, La).
Compania de Seguros La Germania (*see* Germania, La).
Compania de Tranvias Electricos de Valparaiso (*see* Valparaiso, Cia de Tranvias Electricos de).
Constandie Riadi, E. & S., Santiago.
Curtze, Walter, Korner 1086, Punta Arenas.
Daube & Company, Prat 12, Valparaiso; Merced 798, Santiago; Arana 530, Concepcion; Latorre-Baquedano and Antofagasta.
Dauelsberg & Company, Antofagasta.
Del Rio, Delfin Punta Arenas.
Derpich & Sobrino, Mejillones.
Deutsche Presse (newspaper), Santiago.
Deutsche Sud-Amerikanische Bank (*see* Banco Germanico de la America del Sud).
Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank (*see* Banco Aleman Transatlantico).
Deutsche Zeitung.
Doggenweiler & Company, Botica del Indio, Avenida Delicias esquina, Ahumada & Calle Huerfanos, Santiago.
Doggenweiler, Fernando (of Doggenweiler & Company), & (of Doggenweiler, Hermanos y Cia.).
Doggenweiler Hermanos y Cia., Calle Arturo Prat 166, Santiago; & Calle Condell 340, Valparaiso.
Dübrock & Company (Relojeria y Joyeria Suiza), Punta Arenas.
Durandeau, Luciano, Antofagasta.
Eggers, R., Punta Arenas.
Emanuel, Victor, & Company, Huerfanos 917, Santiago.
Enrique, Juan.
Escobar, Jose Ignacio, Calle Santa Domingo 1372, Santiago.
Faerber, Gustav, Valparaiso.
Fölsch, H., & Company, Casilla 10A, Valparaiso.
Fonck & Company, Calle Brasil 126, Valparaiso; and Calle Puente 571, Santiago.
Foretich, Natalio, Roca 865, Punta Arenas.
Frank, Dr. Miguel, Santiago.
Frey & Elkan, Roca 904, Punta Arenas.

Friedmann Carlos, Moneda 1019, Santiago.
Gac, Samuel de, Valparaiso.
Galeria Alexandri [illegible] Klemesch, Guillermo).
Gandarillas Daniel, Casilla 3232, Valparaiso.
Germania, La, Compania de Seguros, Valparaiso.
Gesswein, E., Concepcion.
Giacoman, Jorge, Brothers, Concepcion and Valdivia.
Gildemeister & Company.
*Girardi & Company, Tocopilla.
Giron, Basilio, Company, Arica.
Glas Dalmatinca, Iquique.
Gleisner, Mauricio & Company, Santiago; Valparaiso and Talcahuano.
Godoy, Juan, & Company, Las Heras 97, Valparaiso.
Gratenau, R. (Steiner & Company), Talcahuano.
Grimm & Kern, S. en C., Calle Esmeralda 17 and Casilla 104, Valparaiso; and Concepcion.
Grisar, Max, Valparaiso.
Grobthoff, A. & O., Iquique.
Grote & Company, Calle Esmeralda 47, and Casilla 396, Valparaiso; and Ahumaba 307, Santiago.
Gunther & Company, Calle O'Higgins 62, Valparaiso.
Guttmann & Maurer, Correa Casilla 85 and Calle Moneda 1065, Santiago; and Valdivia.
Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
Hawlizeck, O., Valparaiso.
Henderson, Henry, Casilla 924, Concepcion.
Hepp & Becker, Talcahuano.
Hepp, Gustavo, Valparaiso.
Herrera, Eduardo, Taltal.
Heubel, Carlos E., Antofagasta.
Heubel, Herbert, Antofagasta.
Hinsch & Company, Valparaiso.
Hirsch & Sylvester (successor, Rodolfo Sylvester), Huerfanos 975, Santiago.
Hochschild, M. & S., Coquimbo.
Hochstetter, A., Fabrica de Oxigeno, Antofagasta.
Hodge, Felipe, Antofagasta.
Hoffman, Pablo, Valdivia.
Holzmann, Philipp, & Company, Santiago.
Horny, A. C., Iquique.
Horst, Jerman, Santo Domingo 860, Santiago.
Hubenbecker, Teodoro, Santiago.
Huber, E. (Weber & Company), Concepion.
Hucke Hermanos, Valparaiso.
Ibanez, Adolfo (of Bähre & Company), Talcahuano.
Imprenta Española Editorial, Santiago.
Inojosa, Maximo, Concepcion.
Jackson, Alberto, Valparaiso and Osorno.
Jackson, Gustavo, Coronel; and Casilla 627, Valdivia.
Jacob, A., & Company (successors of Burmeister & Company), Plaza Anibal Pinto 211, Valparaiso.
Jacobitz, Otto, Santiago.
Jacobsen, Luis, Concepcion and Coronel.
Jacobsen, Rudolf, Concepcion.
Jacsic, Antonio, Antofagasta.
Junge, Arthur, Concepcion and Valparaiso.
Junge, Otto, Concepcion and Valparaiso.
Kehl, Frederico, e Hijo, Chillan.
Kirsinger, R. Weinreich (late Kirsinger & Company), Esmeralda 85, Valparaiso.
Klammer, Guillermo, Valparaiso and Santiago.
Klapp, R., & Company (Casa Alemana), Temuco, Osorno, and Lautaro.
Klemesch, Guillermo (Galeria Alexandri), Santiago.
Koch, H., Punta Arenas.
Konigsberg, Antofagasta.
Kosmos Steamship Line (Agencia Maritima "Kosmos").
Köster & Volmer (Sucesion Charles Williams), Punta Arenas.
Koster & Wyneken, Calle Lincoyan 427, Concepcion; and Coronel.
Kovacs, E., Avenida Brazil and Casilla 1353, Valparaiso.
Krauss, Hermanos, Calle Catedral 1001, and Calle Puente 502, Santiago.
Krauss, Jerman, Calle Catedral 1001, and Calle Puente 502, Santiago.
Krauss, Oscar, Calle Catedral 1001, and Calle Puente 502, Santiago.
Krebs, Jerman (Sucesor de Paarman & Krebs), Valparaiso.
Krüger, Maximo, & Piza, Blanco 466, Valparaiso.
Lago, Gerrado del, Tocopilla.
Lange & Company, Casilla 953, Valparaiso; and Concepcion.
Länger, Federico, Calle Estada 142, & Casilla 607, Santiago.
Lazo, Pedro Antonio, Talcahuano.
Leonhardt, Paul (*see* Pieper & Leonhardt).
Leva & Petrina, Antofagasta.
Lillo, Guillermo, Antofagasta.
Limiñana, Pascual (of Doggenweiler & Company) & (of Doggenweiler Hermanos y Cia.).
Lopez Loayza, Alfredo, Iquique, and Valparaiso.
Luck, Winkelhagen & Company, Valparaiso.
Luer & Paye, San Antonio 164, Santiago; and Brazil 37, Valparaiso.
Maas, Roberto, and Company, Valparaiso.
Mackenthun, E., & Company, Los Andes.
Mally & Reccius, Valdivia.
Manns, Ernesto, Pl. Munoz Gamero, Punta Arenas.
Marinkovich, Pablo Segundo (Oficina "San Remijio"), Iquique.
Medina, Domingo, Concepcion.
Meier, Rodolfo, Calle San Martin 126, Antofagasta.
Mertens & Roepke, Maipú Esquina Independencia, Valdivia.
Mesquida, M., Juan, Antofagasta.
Mex & Company, Brandera 569, Santiago; and Avenida Brasil 419, Valparaiso.
Mex & Schauenberg, Brandera 569 Santiago; and Avenida Brasil 419, Valparaiso.
Meyer, Johann, Punta Arenas.
Misol & Dübrock, (Relojeria y Joyeria Suiza), Punta Arenas.

* No connection with Girardi & Company, Santiago.

Molina Pastor, José (*see* Pastor, José Molina).
Moreno, Fernando, Casilla 953, Valparaiso.
Muecke & Company, Tacna.
*Müller, E., & Company, Iquique.
Müller, Gustavo, Punta Arenas.
Munoz, Francesco, Concepcion.
Neckelmann & Company, Valparaiso.
Nickelsen, Pedro, Barros Arana 377 and Casilla 56, Concepcion.
Nissen, Fischer & Company, Santiago and Concepcion.
Oelckers, Carlos, Calbuco.
Oestreich, Doctor, Santiago.
Oficina "San Remijio" (*see* Marinkovich, Pablo Segundo).
Olivares, Miguel, Angol 1162, Concepcion.
Oppliger, Federico, Valparaiso.
Ostertag, Alberto, Casilla 1000, Concepcion.
Paarman & Krebs, Valparaiso.
Paez, Carlos, Valparaiso.
Pasinovich, José Punta Arenas.
Pasinovich, Mateo, Punta Arenas.
Pastor, José Molina, Santiago.
Pernas Brothers, Punta Arenas.
Petersen, Helmuth, Punta Arenas.
Pieper & Leonhardt (Partners Oscar Pieper and Paul Leonhardt), Catedral 1219 and Casilla 3043, Santiago.
Pieper, Oscar (*see* Pieper & Leonhardt).
Pinnau, Carlos, & Company, Sucre 295, Antofagasta.
Plesch, Julio, B. Arana 281, and Casilla 921, Concepcion.
Polanco, Julio, U., Valparaiso.
Prese Lueje & Company, Calle Augustina 928, Santiago and Valparaiso.
Puebla, Joaquin, Antofagasta.
Rabenalt & Schmidtsdorf, Iquique.
Reinoso, V., Antofagasta, Tocopilla and Valparaiso.
Reitze, Leopold, & Company, Valparaiso.
Relojeria y Joyeria Suiza (*see* Dübrock & Company) & (Misol & Dübrock).
Richter, Alfred, Santiago.
Rio, Delfin Del (*see* Del Rio, Delfin).
Rocher, Eduardo A., Valparaiso.
Roeschmann, Carlos (Partner in Grote & Company, q. v.).
Roland Linie, Valparaiso.
Rolke, Ernest, Calle Condell 65, Valparaiso.
Rolke, Sucesion Conrado, Calle Condell 65, Valparaiso.
Rose, Walter, Calle Cochrane 593, Valparaiso.
Saavedra, Benard & Company, San Augustin 6, Valparaiso; Santiago & Concepcion.
Saavedra, Pedro (of F. Carstens & Company).
Salpeterwerke Gildemeister Aktien Gesellschaft.
Salvadora del Guanaco, Compania Minera, Taltal.
Samhabor, Augusto, Valparaiso; and Casilla 619, & Colle Merced 720, Santiago.
Sassee & Company, Talcahuano.
Schacht, Guillermo (partner of Schacht & Wyneken), Calle Blanco 947, Valparaiso; and Coronel.
Schacht & Company, Valparaiso & Coronel.
Schacht & Wyncken, Valparaiso and Coronel.
Schaeffer, Federico (Gildemeister & Company).
Schindler, Alfred, Valparaiso.
Schlack, Adolpho, & Company (Schlack Nast & Company) (Casa Maldini) Casilla 1447 & Avenida Recoleta 1185, Santiago
Schlack Nast, & Company (*see* Schlack, Adolpho, & Company).
Schmidt & Wehrhahs, Valparaiso.
Schüler, Eisendecher & Company, Calle Condell 42, Valparaiso; Calle Arauco, corner of Perez Rosales, and Calle 61D, Valdivia.
Schulz, Ricardo, and Company, Coquimbo, Concepcion, and Valparaiso.
Schuyler, Eduardo, Talcahuano.
Schwager, Carlos (of Victor Emanuel & Company), Santiago.
Siemens Schückert Limited, Blanco 366, Valparaiso; and Santiago.
Silva, Alfredo, Antofagasta.
Sloman, H. B., & Company, Tocopilla and Valparaiso.
Smith, Charles Dudley (of A. & O. Groothoff), Iquique.
Smits & Assler, Talca.
Smits Brothers, Santiago.
Smits, Oscar (of Smits Brothers; and Smits & Assler).
Sociedad Chilena-Alemana, Calle Santo Domingo 1050, Santiago.
Sporke & Traeger, Coquimbo.
Stanke, Alberto, San Antonio 186, Santiago; Talca, Concepcion and Valparaiso.
Steiner & Company, Talcahuano
Stohr, Walter, & Richter, Alfred, Santiago.
Stubenrauch & Company, Punta Arenas.
Stubenrauch, R., Punta Arenas.
Submarino, El (newspaper) Santiago.
Sylvester, Rodolfo (*see* Hirsch & Sylvester).
Telge, E. (partner in Weber & Company), Valparaiso.
Thiel, W., Concepcion.
Tiempo Nuevo, El, Santiago.
Timmermann & Company, Valparaiso and Santiago.
Toro Brothers, Antofagasta.
Trede, H., Punta Arenas.
Trillo, Victor, Antofagasta.
Tschumi & Company, Huerfanos, esquina Estado, Santiago.
Umlauff, Ehni & Company (Umlauff Hermanos & Company), Calle Estado 376, Santiago.
Ureta, Oscar, Punta Arenas.
Valdes, Julio R., Iquique.
Valparaiso, Compania de Tranvias Electricos de, Valparaiso.
Vega, Luis S., Iquique.
Vigeri, Francisco (*see* Wiegers, Franz).
Visscher, Alejandro, Hijo & Company, Arica.
Vorwerk & Company, Prat 231-239, Valparaiso.

* No connection with Muller, Ernesto, & Company, Valparaiso.

Wagner, Adolfo, & Company (late Wagner, Klein & Company), Valparaiso and Santiago.
Wagner, Klein & Company, Valparaiso and Santiago.
Weber & Company, Santiago, Valparaiso and Concepcion.
Wegener & Company, Santiago & Valparaiso (*see also* Blech Wegener, T. A.).
Weisser Hermanos, Casilla 871, Antofagasta.
Wenz, A., & Company (Grajales Foundry), Casilla 2661, Santiago.
Werner, Fritz (R. Kollmar Relojeria Suiza), Concepcion and Valparaiso.
Wiedmaier, C., Serrano 35, Valparaiso.
Wiegand & Company, Valparaiso and Hausco.
Wiegers, Franz (alias Francisco Vigeri), Casilla 106 and Huerfanos 991, Santiago.
Wilckens, Adolfo (Lange & Company), Valparaiso.
Wohlrath, A., Santiago.
Yudilevich, David ("Casa Rusa"), Santiago de Chile.

COLOMBIA.

Acero, Delfin, Cucuta.
Agencia Maritima "Kosmos" (Kosmos Steamship Line).
Añez, Julio A., & Company, Cucuta.
Ardilla, Manuel, Tumaco.
Banco Aleman-Antioqueño.
Bauer & Company, Bogota.
Beck, Roberto, Bogota.
Beckmann & Company, Cucuta.
Bellingrodt, Federico, Barranquila.
Bellingrodt, Wilhelm (Guilermo), Barranquilla.
Berne, O., & Company, Barranquilla.
Bischoff & Company, Barranquilla.
Bischoff, Ed. (*see* Bischoff & Company).
Bohmer, Herman, Cali.
Böhmer & Linzen, Cali & Pasto.
Borné, A., Medellin & Manizales.
Botica, Alemana, Cucuta.
Breuer, Möller & Company, Barranquilla; Cucvta (and all branches).
Bregmann, Wilhelm von, and Company, Cali.
Cabranes, Carlina, Buenaventura.
Carvagal, Francisco, Orocui.
"Commercio, El," Barranquilla.
Cornelius & Speidel, Orocui.
"Defensa, La, Nacional," Barranquilla.
"Derecho, El," Barranquilla.
Dissel (Van) Rode & Company, Cucuta.
Droescher, William, Bogota.
Empresa Hanseatica, Barranquilla.
Escobar, Augustin, Cali.
Escobar & Company, Medellin.
Faber, Otto, Cucuta.
Fehrmann, G., & Company, Apartado, 140, Barranquilla.
Fischer, Luis, Cali.
Fock, Ferdinand, Apartado 269, Bogota.
Franzius, Juan (*or* Juan Batista), Apartado 295, Bogota.
Fresen, Max, Bogota.
Friedrich, Arthur, Cartagena.
Fuhrhop, Fritz, & Company, Barranquilla.
Garcia, J., Barranquilla.
Germania, Bogota.
Gieseken, Ludwig, & Company, Barranquilla.
Gomez, Hermanos, & Company, Manizales.
Grosser, P., Barranquilla.
Haltermann, F.
Hanseatica, Empreza, Barranquilla.
Hartmann, Adolf (of Banco Aleman-Antioqueño), Medellin.
Heimann, Max, & Company, Tumaco.
Held, A., Bogota, Barranquilla, &c.
Herzog, H., Barranquilla.
Hollmann, Carlos (see Hollmann & Company).
Hollmann, H., Bogota.
Hollmann & Company (Carlos Hollmann), Bogota.
Hulsmann & Reinecke, Medellin.
Hulsmann, H., Medellin.
Illera, Juan de Dios (of Empresa Hanseatica), Barranquilla.
Isaacs Hermanos, Honda, Giradot, Ibague and Circasia.
Kosmos Steamship Line (Agencia Maritima "Kosmos").
Ledeboer, Gustave (*see* Lubinius, Gustavus.)
Ledeboer, Lubinius (*see* Lubinius, Gustavus).
Lindemeyer, Heinrich, (Partner of Empresa Hanseatica).
Lindemeyer, Wiese & Company, Barranquilla.
Loos, Pablo, Cartagena.
Lubinius, Gustavus (*alias* Lubinius Ledeboer *alias* Gustave Ledeboer), Bucaramanga.
Lucking, H. A., Cartagena.
Medina, E., P. O. Box 140, Barranquilla.
Melendez, Simon, Cucuta.
Moll, Otto, Cucuta.
Muñoz, Miguel A., Cali.
Mutis Dazo & Soto, Cucuta.
N[illegible]mann & Company, Barranquilla.
Pinckert, Wilhelm, Tumaco.
Prufert, Emil, Medellin.
Ramirez, Luis Alberto, Bucaramanga.
"Rigoletto," Bucaramanga.
Rosca, Luis, Cali.
Schmidt, Albert, Barranquilla.
Schrader, Camilo A., Bogota.
Schwarten, Hans, Barranquilla.
Siefken, Julio, (Partner of G. Fehrmann & Company), Barranquilla.
Sombreria La Pica Pica (*see* Arbini, Arturo).
Stegmann, Arthur, (widow of) (Partner in Empress Hanseatica).
Steinvorth & Company, Cucuta.
Strauss, Georg, & Company, Barranquilla.
Tapias, Carlos F. (of Bernard Wessels, Bucaramanga).
Thiel, Heinrich (of Banco Aleman-Antioqueño), Medellin.
Transocean, Bogota.
Triemarbini, A. R., Barranquilla.

Vasquez, Martin, (of Empresa Hanseatica)
Weisbach, Eberhardt, Bogota.
Wessels, Bernhard, Bucaramanga.
Wiese. F., (Partner in Empresa Hanseatica).
Wild, Leonard, Bogota.
Wolff, J. F., Cali.
Wolff, Paul.

COSTA RICA.

Altschul, Alfonzo, San José.
Assmann, T., & Company, San José.
Botica de Paris (*see* Knöhr, Juan Hijos).
Camara, A., San José.
Chavez, Maximo, San José.
Compania Agricola de Turrialba, San José and Turrialba.
Esquivel, Jaime, "La Eureka") San José.
"Eureka, La" (Esquivel, Jaime), San José.
Fabian, Victor, San José.
Friese, Carl & Company, San José.
Guido, Esteladie, Punta Arenas.
Heinrichsdorf, Frederick, San José.
Hermann, Friederich, Santa Cruz and San José.
Himmel & Von Storren, San José.
Hubbe, O. J., Successors, San José.
Kayser, Walter W., San José.
Kern, Heinrich, San José.
Knöhr, Alfred Edgar (of Edgar Knöhr & Company).
Knöhr, Edgar, & Company, Avenida Central Este, San José.
Knöhr, Erik Oscar (of Knöhr, Juan Hijos), San José.
Knöhr, Juan, Hijos, Avenida Central Este & Calle la Sur, San José
Koberg & Company, San José.
Koberg & Echandi, San José.
Koberg, Max, San José.
Kohkemper, Josef, San José.
Kopper, Eusebio Otto & Company, Grecia.
Kraske, Erik, San José.
Kruse, Luis, Port Limon & San José.
Kumpel, Juan, Sarchi de Grecia.
Libreria Lehmann (*see* Sauter & Company).
Lohrengel, C. W., Tres Rios and San José.
Luck, Rudolph, Port Limon.
Luthmer, Federico, San José.
Mieschel, Paul, San José.
Montoya, Luis F., Alaguela, San José and Grecia.
Niehaus, Wilhelm, San José.
Orlich, F., & Company, San Ramon.
Orlich, Francisco (*see* Orlich, F., & Company).
Orlich Hermanos, San Ramon.
Orlich, José (*see* Orlich, F., & Company).
Orlich, Nicholas (*see* Orlich, F., & Company).
Pages, Geronimo, San José.
Peters, Wilhelm, San José.
Reimers, Ferdinand, San José.
Rodriguez, José, Port Limon.
Rohrmoser, Francisco, Punta Arenas.
Roldan, Manuel, Punta Arenas.
Rothe, Mandel, San José.
Ruin Debo, Francisco, San José.
Salazar, Enrique, San José.
Sauter, Federico, San José.
Sauter & Company (Libreria Lehmann, Tipografia Lehmann), San José.
Schuster, Otto, San José and Port Limon.
Siebe, Walter (of Edgar Knohr & Company).
Silesky, Juan, San José & Cartago.
Starke, Frederico, Tuis.
Steinworth, W., & Hermanos, Cartago & San José.
Tipografia Lehmann (*see* Sauter & Company).
Turrialba, Compania Agricola (*see* under Compania).
Versmann, Heinrich, San José.
Voss de, Eberhardt (of Edgar Knohr & Company).
Wahle, Carlos Wolfgang, Avenida Central Este, San José.
Weber, José, San José.
Wille, Carlos, San José.
Wiss, Felix, San José.
Wiss, Oscar, San José.

CUBA.

Ballenilla, Daniel, Havana.
Batallan, Juan, Calle Oficios 88B, and P. O. Box 1098, Havana.
Bengochea, Amador, Cienfuegos.
Bernal, Federico, Amargura 11, Havana.
Berndes, Enrique Charles, Havana.
Berndes, J. F., & Company, Calle Cuba 64, Havana.
Berndes, René (Berndes, J. F., (Company), Calle Cuba 64, Havana.
Bohmer, Carlos, Havana.
Cardenas, Enrique de, Havana.
Compania Anonima Electro Alemana Cubana, Havana.
Compania Cubana de Comisiones y Representaciones (partners Frederick Wagner and Carlos Oswald), Sol 74, Havana.
Eppinger Alberto Teniente Rey 61, Havana.
Fernandes, Francisco (of H. Upman & Company), Havana.
Gutmann, R. S., Calle Habana 150, Havana.
Gonzalez Tuya, Vicente, Cardenas.
Heilbut, Enrique (Partner in Heilbut & Company) Calle San Ignacio 54, Havana.
Heilbut & Company, Calle San Ignacio 54, Havana.
Holz, Alfredo (*see* Orenstein & Koppel).
Ibern & Company (partner G. Adolph Kirberg).
Kaupp, Arturo (of A. Kaupp & Company), Calle Industria 130, Havana.
Kaupp & Company, Arturo, Calle Industria 130, Havana.
Kirberg G. Adolph (*see* Ibern & Company).
Koppel, Arthur (*see* Orenstein & Koppel).
Michaelsen, Herman, Cristina Alta 9, Santiago de Cuba.
Michaelsen & Prasse, Obrapia 18, Havana.
Orenstein & Koppel, S/A (Arthur Koppel) (representative Alfredo Holz), Lonja Del Comercio 217, Havana.

Oswald, Carlos (*see* Compania Cubana de Comisiones y Representaciones).
Paetzold, M., & Company, Havana.
Peter, Abelardo (of A. Kaupp & Company), Calle Industria 130, Havana.
Peter, Eberhard (of A. Kaupp & Company), Calle Industria 130, Havana.
Pi, Manuel, Obrapia 16, Havana.
Prasse, German, Havana.
Quintana, A., & Company, Calle San Isidro 24, Havana.
Revuelta, Manuel, Cienfuegos.
Rintelen, Ricardo, Havana.
Rios, Juan (*see* Zalvidea, Rios & Company), Havana.
Rodriguez, German, Havana.
Schumann & Company, Cristina Alta 9, Santiago de Cuba.
Schumann, Gustavo, Santiago de Cuba.
Seeler, Arthur (of Seeler, Pi & Company), P. O. Box 13, Marianao.
Seeler, Pi & Company, Obrapia 16, Havana.
Tillman, M., & Company, Havana.
Toennies, H., Havana.
Upmann, H., & Company (Bankers), Amargura 1, and Mercaderes 34, Havana.
Upmann, H., & Company (Tobacco Manufacturers), Amargura 1, and Mercaderes 34, Havana.
Upmann, Hermann (of H. Upmann & Company), Amargura 1, and Mercaderes 34, Havana.
Uppmann, Alberto, Havana.
Wagner, Frederick (*see* Compania Cubana de Comisiones y Representaciones).
Zalvidea, Pedro (*see* Zalvidea, Rios & Company), Havana.
Zalvidea, Rios & Company, Havana.

ECUADOR.

Agencia Maritima "Kosmos" (Kosmos Steamship Line).
Alban, Alciviades (*see* Alban Hermanos).
Alban, Alfredo (*see* Alban Hermanos).
Alban, Felipe (*see* Alban Hermanos).
Alban, Juan (*see* Alban Hermanos).
Alban, Luis (*see* Alban Hermanos).
Alban, Pedro (*see* Alban Hermanos).
Alban Hermanos (partners Alciviades, Alfredo, Felipe, Juan, Luis and Pedro Alban), Machalilla.
"Anamaria" Plantation, Quevedo, Los Rios.
Arce M., Pedro Pablo, Guayaquil.
Balda, Manuel Angel, Bahia de Caráquez (not connected with Manuel Aurelio Balda, Portoviejo).
Bartels, Carlos, & Company, Bahia de Caráquez.
Bartels, Carlos, (partner of Carlos Bartels & Company), Bahia de Caráquez.
Bartels, Guillermo (partner of Carlos Bartels & Company), Bahia de Caráquez
Bastidas, Telmo, Esmeraldas.
Becdach Hermanos, Quito and Guayaquil.
Becdach, Kamal (Partner of Becdach Hermanos), Quito and Guayaquil.
Becdach, Rene (partner of Becdach Hermanos), Queto and Guayaquil.
Behreint, Frederick, Manta and Bahia de Caráquez.
Borchert, Walter, Quito.
Brandes, Alfred (*see* Landahl, Brandes & Company).
Brauer, Leopold M. Quito.
Bruckman, L. E. Guayaquil.
Buchwald, Federico Wilhelm Von, Quevedo, Los Rios.
Buchwald, Gustavo von, Guayaquil.
Buchwald, Juan Otto von, Quito.
Buchwald, Otto von, Guayaquil.
Bunge, Julio, Hotel Proprietor, Hotel des Etrangers, Quito.
*Cassinelli & Company, Guayaquil.
Cattan Hermanos, Quito.
Chanange, Gustavo, Guayaquil and Quito.
Collat, Mario, Guayaquil.
Cueva, Teofilo Vivar, Quito.
Dapelo Mortola, José, Guayaquil.
Dassum, Mustafa, Guayaquil.
Dassum, & Company, Quito and Guayaquil.
Dehmlow, Alfred, (partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
Delgado, Simon, Guayaquil.
Delius, A. H., Quito.
Dierks, Hugo, (partner of Otte & Company), Bahia de Caráquez.
Donner & Blackett, Manta and Porto Viejo.
Donner, Roberto, (partner of Donner & Blackett), Manta and Porto Viejo.
Duve, Federico, (partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
Esmeraldas Handels Gesellschaft.
"Esquisita, La" (*see* Landahl, Brandes & Company).
Flemming, George, Bahia de Caráquez.
Flemming, & Schnabel, Bahia de Caráquez.
Gabriel, M., Manta.
Gleschen, Carlos, (of Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, Manta Branch).
Gomez, Rufino, Esmeraldas.
Grim, Juan, (partner of Adolfo Poppe), Guayaquil.
Grimmer, Karl, (partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
Haas, Max, (of Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, Esmeraldas Branch).
Harnack, H., (of Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, Bahia de Caráquez Branch).
Hermann, Wilhelm, Quito.
Hinnaoui, Arif (or Aref), (partner of Hinnaoui Hermanos), Guayaquil.
Hinnaoui, Azat (or Azzet), (partner of Hinnaoui Hermanos), Guayaquil.
Hinnaoui, Fuad, (partner of Hinnaoui, Hermanos), Guayaquil.
Hinnaoui Hermanos, Avenida 2A 320, Guayaquil.
Hinnacuih, Bachir, Quito.
Jeremias & Borchert, Avenida Tercera 612, Guayaquil.
Jeremias, L., Calle Pedro Carbo 614, Guayaquil.
Jijon, Julio, Esmeraldas.
Jungnickel & Loose, Guayaquil.

* No connection with Cassinelli Hermanos y Compañia of Malecón 1811, 1812 & 1813, Guayaquil.

Jungnickel, W., (partner of Jungnickel & Loos), Guayaquil.
Kaiser, Guillermo, Calle Octava 121, Pichincha 125, and Avenida Segundo 118, Guayaquil.
Klaere & Meyer, Guayaquil.
Koppel, Samuel, Avenida Tercera 1101 and 1103, Guayaquil.
Kosmos Steamship Line (Agencia Maritima "Kosmos").
Kruger & Company, Avenida Segunda 400-402, Calle 11A, 118 and 120, and Pichincha 400, Guayaquil; & Quito,
Kruger, Juan H., (partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
Kugelman, Ferd., Bahia de Caráquez.
Landahl, Brandes & Company ("La Esquisita") (partner, Alfred Brandes), Calle Venezuela 59, Quito.
Lemos, Rafael, Esmeraldas.
Loose, (partner of Jungnickel & Loose), Guayaquil.
Lopez, Romulo G., Guayaquil.
Lüders, Carlos W., Cordoba 506, Guayaquil.
Mahler, Julio, & Company, Manta.
Martinez Ponce, Adel, Guayaquil.
Martinez Ponce, Francisco, Guayaquil.
Maydoub (or Madub) & Ramadan, Ambato.
Maydoub (or Madub) Amin, (partner of Maydoub & Ramadan), Ambato.
Miketa, Rodolfo, (partner of Otte & Company), Bahia de Caráquez.
Minerva Aerated Water Company.
Molina Pastor, José (*see* Pastor, José Molina).
Moller, Herman, (partner of Rickert & Company), Guayaquil.
Mortola, José Dapelo (*see* Dapelo Mortola, José).
Muller, Jorge, Quito.
Novarez, Roberto, Casilla 112, Guayaquil.
Orenstein & Koppel.
Otte & Company, Bahia de Caráquez.
Otte, Carlos, & Company, Manta.
Pastor, José Molina.
Patrel, J., & Hermanos, Bahia de Caráquez.
Patrel, Juan, (partner of J. Patrel & Hermanos), Bahia de Caráquez.
Patrel, Luis, (partner of J. Patrel & Hermanos), Bahia de Caráqez.
Pimental, Juan L., Guayaquil.
Pinckert, Wilhelm, Bahia.
Plaza, Cesar, Bahia de Caráquez.
Poppe, Adolfo, Guayaquil & Quito.
Rahim, Abdul, Quito.
Ramadan, T. (partner of Maydoub & Ramadan), Quito and Guayaquil.
Reimers, Edgar, Quito.
Reira, Martin, Guayaquil.
Rickert & Company, Guayaquil.
Rickert, Carlos, (partner of Rickert & Company), Guayaquil.
Rickert, Edward, (partner of Rickert & Company), Guayaquil.
Rickert, Enrique, (partner of Rickert & Company), Guayaquil.
Rintelen, Karl, Quito.
Rischanek, Max, (partner of Kruger & Company), Guayaquil.
Ruperti, Emilio, Jipijapa.
Santander, José, Guayaquil.
Schnabel, A., (partner of Flemming & Schnabel), Bahia de Caráquez.
Schneidewind, Paul C., Riobamba.
Schroeter, Wilhelm, Quito.
Sierra, José, Guayqnil.
Solis, Camilo, & Company, Canoa.
Sussman, Adolf, Cojimies.
Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, m. b. H., All branches.
Tramontana, Lucas, Calle Pinchincha and Calle Sucre Guayaquil.
Tresselt, W., (of Tagua Handels Gesellschaft, Bahia de Caráquez Branch).
Urban, Gustavo, (pratner of Carlos Luders), Guayaquil.
Vacacela, Juan, Rio Bamba.
Vega, Leonidas (partner of Camilo Solis & Company), Canoa.
Voelcker, Carlos, Manta and Bahia de Caráquez.
Weber, Carlos, "Libraire Allemand," Quito.
Wendt, Hans O., Quito and Ibarra.
Wulokow, R., Quito.
Yauch, Theodore, (of Tagua Handels Gesellschaf. Esmeraldas Branch).
Zambrano, Carlos, Bahia de Caráquez.
Zedeno, Julio, Bahia de Caráquez.
Zohrer, Adolfo, Guayaquil.

GUATEMALA.

Alvarado & Company, Guatemala City.
Bauer, A., & Company, Guatemala City.
Bilak, Julio, & Company, Guatemala City.
Candelaria Plantations, Xolhuitz, Quezaltenango.
Cecilia Plantacions Company.
Cerro Redondo Plantation, Barbarena.
Chang, Antonio, & Company, Guatemala City.
Chocola Plantagen Gesellschaft, Mazatenango, Suchitepeqnez.
Compania Hamburguesa de Plantaciones (*see* under "Porvenir, El").
Compania de Plantaciones Ozuna (*see* under Ozuna Cia de Plantaciones).
Concepcion Plantagen Gesellschaft (Cia de Plantaciones Concepcion), Escuintla.
Daetz, Arnoldo, Coban.
Dieseldorff & Company, Coban.
Dieseldorff, Erwin P., Coban.
Electric Light & Power Company, Empresa, Guatemala City.
Electrica del Sur, Empresa, Guatemala City.
Engel & Sons, J., Guatemala City.
Esmeraldes Plantation (or Finca Esmeraldes) (owner Enrique Hermann), Costa Cuca.
Gerlach, Federico, Caixa Postal 11A, Guatemala City.
Giesemann & Company.
Gross, Federico, Guatemala City.
Gutman, Leon, & Company, 8A Avenida Sur 4, Guatemala City.

Hegel, Carlos, Guatemala City.
Henkel & Company, Malacatan.
Hochmeyer Hermanos, San Marcos and Quezaltenango.
Hoepfner, Carlos, Guatemala City.
Hoepfner, Herman, Guatemala City.
Kirsch, B., & Company, Guatemala City.
Koper & Bornholt, Quezaltenango and Guatemala City.
Koper, Federico, & Company.
Laeisz & Company, Quezaltenango and Guatemala City.
Leon, Juan Maris de.
Libertad Plantation, La (Owners Deutsche Treuhand Gesellschaft), Costa Cuca.
Lisser, J., & Company, Retalhulen, Guatemala City.
Maegli & Company, Guatemala City.
Mathies, José, Tumbador.
" Mercedes, Las," Plantacion, Costa Cuca.
Meyer, Adolfo, Champerico.
Monteros, Hermanos, Guatemala City.
Niederer, C., Guatemala City.
Noltenius & Company, Guatemala City.
Nottebohm Hermanos, Guatemala City.
Obst, Maximo, Guatemala City.
Ozuna, Compania de Plantacionees, Rochela.
Paetau, Max, Guatemala City.
" Paqueteria, La " (J. Engel & Sons), Guatemala City.
Peper & Company, Guatemala City.
" Porvenir, El," Compania Hamburguesa de Plantaciones, San Andres.
Rodriquez, Basilio, Quezaltenango.
" Rosario " Finca, Tumbador.
Sapper & Company, Coban.
Sauerbrey, Carlos, Quezaltenango.
Scharoch, Augusto, (agent for Allgemeine Electricitats Gesellschaft), Guatemala City.
Schlubach, Dauch & Company, Guatemala City.
Sociedad Comercial de Centro America, Guatemala City.
Thomae Hermanos, Coban.
Ton Ley Lon & Company, Guatemala City.
Töpke & Company, Guatemala City.
Victor, Frank, & Company, Champerico.
Weissenberg, Enrique, Quezaltenango.
Wong, Eugenio, & Company, Guatemala City.
Zadik, A., & Company, Guatemala City.
Zengel & Company, Guatemala City.

HAYTI AND DOMINICAN REPUBLICS.

Baba, Sadick, Moca, Santa Domingo.
Bauck, W., Les Cayes, Hayti.
Belot, L., Saint Marc, Hayti.
Bieber, Otto, & Company, Port au Prince, Hayti.
Combe, Victor La Petit Goave, Hayti.
Compania Anonima la Mercantil, Santo Domingo.
Coupet, Christian, Hayti.
Dambreville, H., Petit Goave, Hayti.
Deboux, L., Petit Goave, Hayti.
Dyk, Johannes van, Santiago de los Caballeros, Santo Domingo.
Gaetjens, Charles, Port au Prince, Hayti.
Gagneron, Emile, Petit Goave, Hayti.
Helmeke, Edmund, Port au Prince, Hayti.
Hohlt & Company, Santo Domingo.
Huen, Dr. (*see* Pharmacie Centrale, Aux Cayes).
Jabon, Joseph, Hayti.
Jacobsen, Joh., Les Cayes, Hayti.
Jurgensen & Company, Saint Marc, Hayti.
Kampen (Van) Schumacher & Company, San Pedro de Macoris, Santo Domingo.
Keitel, Gustave, Port-au-Prince.
Keitel, Gustave, & Company, Port-au-Prince.
Lembke & Company, Monte Christy, Santo Domingo.
Lemos, J. E. de, Sucesores, Santo Domingo.
Lopez, Don Rafael B., Moca, Santo Domingo.
Lutz, Edward, & Company, Cape Hayti.
Martelly, Leon, St. Marc, Hayti.
Meyer, F., & Company, Les Cayes, Hayti.
Michel, Dr. Albert, Moca and La Vega, Santo Domingo.
Munchmeyer, H., & Company, Les Cayes & Jérémie, Hayti.
Munchmeyer, Neveu & Company, Jacmel, Hayti.
Oloffson, Lucas & Company, Port au Prince, Gonaïves, Petit Goave, Miragoane and Saint Marc ; Hayti.
Pharmacie Centrale, Port au Prince, Hayti.
Quentin, Carl, & Company, La Romana, Santo Domingo.
Reinbold & Company, Port au Prince, Saint Marc, Petit Goave, Gonaïves and Miragoane ; Hayti.
Rodriguez, E., Petit Goave, Hayti.
Schulze, Walter, Santiago de los Caballeros, Santo Domingo.
Schutt, G. E., Cape Hayti.
Seckendorff, Arthur Von, & Company, Jacmel, Hayti.
Seidel, Karl, Aux Cayes, Hayti.
Siegler, A. (or H.), Les Cayes, Hayti.
Sociedad Anonima Bancaria Sucesores de J. de Lemos (*see* Lemos, J. de, Sucesores), Santo Domingo.
Stahlmann, Johann, Santo Domingo.
Stauve, Hans, Port-au-Prince.
Tischer & Company, Cape Hayti, Hayti.
Usine Regionale, Dame Marie, Hayti.
Van Dyk, Johannes (*see* Dyk, Johannes van).
Voigt, Carl, Les Cayes, Hayti.

HONDURAS.

Abarca, R. Justo, Amapala.
Andoine, George, Puerto Cortes.
Aybar, J. A. Puerto Cortes.
Bennaton & Company, Puerto Cortes, and San Pedro Sula.
Bennaton, W. H., Puerto Cortes, and San Pedro Sula.
Boehm, Francisco, San Pedro Sula.
Castellon, Alberta Bu, Juticalpa.
Compania Nacionale de Agencias, Amapala.
Cornelsen, Nicolas, Tegucigalpa.

Cortes, Dr. Luis, Amapala.
Davidson, Adolfo, Tegucigalpa.
Debbe, Wilhelm, Tegucigalpa.
Drechsel, Alfonso, Tegucigalpa.
Drechsel, Diderico, Tegucigalpa.
Espinoza, Tegucigalpa.
Eyl, Wilhelm, Tegucigalpa.
Funes, Juan B., San Juancito and La Cieba.
Gastel, H., é Hijo, San Pedro, Sula.
Kohncke, Enrique, Amapala.
Kohncke, Gathman & Company, Amapala.
Kohncke, Teodoro, & Company, Amapala.
Majia, Tomas, Sabana Grande.
Mayer, Francisco, & Sons, Tegucigalpa.
Mendoza, Juan, San Marcus de Colon.
Mendoza, Liberato, Comayaguëla.
Paysen, Eric, Tegucigalpa.
Peterson, Ernesto, Tegucigalpa.
Rossner, J., & Company, Tegucigalpa. Amapala, & San Pedro Sula.
Siercke, Ernesto, Tegucigalpa & Choluteca.
Siercke, Francisco, Choluteca & Tegucigalpa.
Stieble, Louis, Amapala.
Veit, Wilhelm, Tegucigalpa.
Voeggler, Karl, San Pedro Sula.
Walther, Gustav, Tegucigalpa.
Withnauer, Teodoro, Tegucigalpa.

MEXICO.

Aachen & München Insurance Company, Mexico City.
Abels, Hermanos, Mexico City.
Abérg, Oscar H., "La Gran Pasamaneria" 8A de Lerdo 158, Mexico City.
Acacia, La (Enrique del Rio), Vera Cruz.
Agencia Agricola Commercial S/A, Salto-Deagua.
Agencia Comercial y Maritima (Heynen, Everbusch & Company), Tampico and Mexico City
Agencia Commercial Mexicana, Mexico City.
Agencia Maritima de Puerto Angeles, Puerto Angeles.
Agencia Ruelas, Manzanillo.
Aguirre Hermanos, San Blas.
Aladro, Manuel, Vera Cruz.
Albert, Julio, & Company, Sucs., "La Gran Sederia," 1A del 5 de Febrero 3, Mexico City.
"Albingia," Insurance Company of Hamburg, Mexico City.
Albuerne, José, Mexico City.
Alexanderson, Pablo, 2A Capuchinas 37, Mexico City.
Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Mexico City.
"Allianz" Insurance Company of Berlin, Mexico City.
Almacen de Ropa (Menendez y Hermano), Orizaba, and Chihuahua.
Alonzo Valentin & Co., Puebla.
Alvarez, Vicente, y Compania (Diez y Cia), Merida.
Alzuveta y Compania Sucrs., Acapulca.
American Grocery Co., Mexico City.
Andai, Antonio, Torreon.
Andresen, Juan, Uruapam.
Andresen, Luis, Morelia.
Amtmann, Karl R., San Felipe Neri 74 and Av. Le Morelos 77, Mexico City.
Anguiano, Guadalajara.
Antigua Drogueria Dela Palma (Johannsen, Felix, & Company), S. en C., Avenida San Francisca 39, Mexico City.
Arndt, C., Relojeria Alemana, Mazatlan.
Arriaga, Agapito, Orizaba.
Astrain, Valerio, & Company, Pachuca.
Avella, Andres, Villa Hermosa.
Aztec Land, The (*see* Roubicek, Otto).
Bach, Guillermo, & Company, Mazatlan.
Bach, S., Mexico City
Bachanauer & Company, Torreon.
Bachman & Company, Mexico City.
Baltrusch, Francisco, Grand Hotel Restaurant, Mexico City.
Banco Germanico de la America del Sud (Deutsche Sud Amerikanische Bank), Mexico City.
Banco Mexicano de Comercio é Industria, Mexico City.
Barata, La (owned by Carlos Deeg), Mexico City.
Barnstorf, German, Puebla.
Barrueta, Miguel (Drogueria Economica, Mexico City).
Basol, Juan (El Telegrapho), Torreon.
Bassler, G., Mexico City.
Bauer, Alfredo, Mexico City.
Bauer, Carlos, Mexico City.
Beckman, Juan, Guadalajara.
Behringer, Martin, Frontera and San Juan, Bautista.
Bellizia, Pascuel, Frontera.
Bender, Otto, Miramar.
Berens, Alfredo, Puebla.
Berger, S., Mexico City.
Berzenger, Emilio, Mexico City.
Bettinger, Ernest, Torreon.
Beyer, Ernesto, Torreon.
Beyer, F., Acaponeta.
Bielefield, Otto, Chihuahua.
Birk, Mich., (Sucursal en Mexico) (Agustin Wollmershäusser) 2A de Mesones 87, Mexico City.
Bittrolf & Mendiola, Mexico City.
Blanc, Herman, Guadalajara.
Blancas, S., & Brothers, Juarez.
Blanco, Cayetana, Jr., y Cia, Mexico City; San Geronimo; and Guadalajara.
Blume & Company, Sucr., Avenida Corona 186 and 200 Guadalajara.
Blume & Nienau, Tampico.
Blumenkron, Julio, Mexico City.
Bode & Rosenstein, 5 de Mayo y 1A de la Condesa 15, Mexico City.
Boehringer, Ernest, Torreon.
Boesch, Guillermo, Orizaba.
Bohnstedt, Max, Guadalajara.
Boker, R., & Company (*see* Compania Ferreteria Mexicana).
Böllbrugge, Chr., 1A Capuchinas 27, Mexico City.
Boletin de la Guerra, Mexico City.
Boletin de Informaciones (newspaper), Guadalajara.
Boltinck, Ernesto, Frontera.
Boltinck & Martens, Frontera.

Botica Alemana (Jorge Dorn), Orizaba.
Botica Iturbe (Emilio Kentzler), Mexico City.
Botica Nuerva (owned by Julio Jackens), Monterey.
Botica de la Reforma (*see* Herrera Dr. F. A.).
Botica Zaragoza, Monterey.
Botica del Zocalo (*see* Diaz, Rafael, & Co.).
Brandt, John von, Nuevo Laredo.
Braschi, Humberto, Mexico City.
Bremer, R. A., & Company, Monterey.
Bremer, William, Monterey.
Brimbera, Ramon, Mexico City.
Brockmuller, Federico, Tepic.
Brosting, Alfonso, Marelos 5, Vera Cruz.
Bruggemon & Company, Mexico City.
Bruggerhoff, Carlos, San Luis, Potosi.
Brunner, Erich, Mexico City.
Buchenau & Company, Torreon.
Bucher Hermanos, Mexico City.
Buchman & Company, Torreon.
Buckenhofer, Guillermo, Chihuahua.
Budjudy y Jaliff, Torreon.
Buhl, Guillermo, Mexico City.
Bunsow, Guillermo, Chihuahua.
Burchard, Benjamin, Monterey.
Burchard, Juan F., Monterey.
Burchard, Pablo, Monterey.
Burchard, W., Frontera and Tepijulapa.
Burgmeister, Gustavo, Mazatlan.
Busing, Guillermo, & Company, Sucrs., Vera Cruz.
Bustamente, Antonio, & Hijo, Mazatlan.
Bustillos, José, & Hijos. Apartado Postal 7, 1A de Motamoros & P. de la Reforma 35, Mexico City.
Buttner, Moritz, Chihuahua.
Caamano, Nicolas (La Prensa del Dia), Orizaba.
Cafetal Concordia y Anexas, Pochutla.
Calvo, J. B., Vera Cruz.
Calvo & Fernandez, Vera Cruz.
Campana, Compania Medicinal de la, Mexico City.
Canavati, Juan (La Ciudad de Londres), Chihuahua.
Candado de Oro, El (*see* Richard Hermanos).
Candanedo, Manuel, Mexico City.
Cangas, Hermanos, Vera Cruz.
Carper & Eppstein, Mazatlan.
Carstens, Augustin, Guadalajara.
Carstensen, Eduardo, Mexico City.
Carstensen, Guillermo, Mexico City.
Casa Alemana, Orizaba.
Casa Alemana de Musica.
Casam & Primo, Vera Cruz.
Casewurm, Juan (El Invernadero), Mexico City.
Castaldi, Doctor F. J., Tampico.
Castells, José Vila (*see under* Vila-Castells).
Cauterio, El, Mexico City.
Cavasos, Garcia Manuel, Nuevo Laredo.
Cavasos, Manuel, Jr., Nuevo Laredo.
Cavasos, Manuel, Sr., Nuevo Laredo.
Cayares, G. de (of Ritter & Boch).
Cayetana, Blanco (*see* under Blanco).
Ceballos, José, y Compania, Calle 2 A. de S. Miguel 72, Mexice City.
Cederbourg, J., Merceria Alemana, Mazatlan.
Cerveceria Central, S.A., 9A de Cipres & Apartado 4625, Mexico City.
Cerveceria del Pacifico, Mazaltan.
Chahin, Felipe, Saltillo.
Chahin, Julio, Saltillo.
Charuca, Moises, Saltillo.
Christlieb, Alfredo, Mexico City.
Christlieb & Muhlhaasler, Mexico City.
Christlieb & Rubke, Mexico City.
Ciudad do Mexico (A. Salman & Company, San Luis Potosi).
Classing, Juan, Merida.
"Club Aleman," Guadalajara.
"Club Aleman," Mexico City.
Club Hipico Aleman, Mexico City.
Cohen, Max, Guaymos.
Collignon, Eduardo, & Company, Morales 215, Guadalajara.
Collignon, Guillermo, & Company, Guadalajara.
Collignon, Julio, Guadalajara.
Collignon, Teodora, Guadalajara.
Compania Commercial de Pacifico, Avenida Ferrocarril Nogales, Sonora.
Compania de Electricidad (*see* Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft).
Compania Ferretera Mexicana S.A. (R. Boker & Company), Av. 16 de Septembre 60, Mexico City.
Compania Ferreteria de Tampico, Tampico.
Compania de Industria y Commercio de Anilinas y Productos Quimicos, Mexico City.
Compania Manufacturea de Botones S/A., Monterey.
Compania Manufacturera de Cerillos, Monterey.
Compania Medicinal de la Campana (*see* Campana, Cia Medicinal de la).
Compania Mercantil Occidental (*see* Occidental, Cia Mercantil).
Compania Quimica Nacional de Mexico (*see* Nacional de Mexico, Cia Quimica).
Compania Mexicana de Electricidad S/A., Mexico City.
Compania Petrolera Germano Mexicana S.A., Mexico City.
Companias de Seguros contra incendio :—
Aachen & Munchen (*see under* "Aachen & Munchen"), Mexico City.
Albingia of Hamburg (*see under* "Albingia"), Mexico City.
Allianz of Berlin (*see under* "Allianz"), Mexico City.
Hanseatica (*see under* "Hanseatica"), Mexico City.
Magdeburguesa of Magdeburg (*see under* "Magdeburguesa"), Mexico City.
Mannheimer (*see under* "Mannheimer"), Mexico City.
National Prussian (*see under* "National Prussian"), Mexico City.
Nord Deutsche (*see under* "Nord Deutsche"), Mexico City.
Compania Tamaulipeca de Telephonos, Tampico.
Compañia de Transportes Maritimos, S/A., Mazatlan.

Compania de Tugamapam, Vera Cruz.
Concha, Antonio de la, San Luis Potosi.
Constancia, La, S. A. (*see* Rademacher, Muller & Company), Guaymas.
Coppel, Isaac, Mazatlan.
Coppel, Luis, Mazatlan.
Cram, C., Monterey.
Cram, J., & Company, Monterey.
Cram, J., Jr., Monterey.
Crasemann, J., Sucs., Merida & Progreso.
Cremer Hermanos & Company, 4A de San Felipe Neri 115, Mexico City.
Cuervo, José y Compania (*see* Gomez y Ochoa).
Dahlhaus, Edmundo, 5A Capuchinas 92, Mexico City.
Damm, Hugo, Durango.
Damm, José Maximiliano, Durango.
Damm, Max, Durango.
Damm, Max, & Company, Durango.
Dasse, Juan, & Company, Mexico City.
Deeg, Carlos (owner of "La Barata"), Mexico City.
Defensa, La, Mexico City.
Degener, Adolfo, Vera Cruz.
Degener, Hans, Saltillo, Piedras Negras and Vera Cruz.
Degener, Hermanos, Saltillo.
Deiks, H. D., Mexico City.
Del Rio, Enrique (La Acacia), Vera Cruz.
Delius & Company, Tepsc and San Blas.
Delius, Max, San Blas.
"Democrata, El," Mexico City.
Deutsche Haus, Orizaba.
Deutsche Sud Amerikanische Bank (*see* Banco Germanico de la America del Sud).
Deutsche Zeitung von Mexico, Mexico City.
"Deutz" Gasmotoren-Fabrik, A/G., Mexico City.
Dia, El, Monterey.
Diaz (or Diez), Rafael, & Company (Botica del Zocalo), Orizaba.
Diener Hermanos (La Perla), Av. de San Francisco 38, Mexico City.
Diez Conti (of Guggenheim & Balaresque), Mexico City.
Diez y Cia, Vera Cruz; Merida; and Tampico.
Diez, Rafael, & Company (*see* Diaz, Rafael & Company).
Dirks, W., Merida.
Dittmer, Carlos, 2A San Felipe Neri 47, Mexico City.
Dobler, Max, Acaponeta Nayarit.
Dorenberg, Peterson y Company, "La Sorpresa" Independencia 3, Puebla.
Dorn, Jorge (Botica Alemana), Orizaba.
Dosse, Juan, & Company, 4A S. Felipe Neri 103, Mexico City.
Drogueria Cosmopolita, La, Mexico City.
Drogueria del Coliseo, La, Mexico City.
Drogueria Economica (*see* Barrueta, Miguel).
Drogueira del Elephante (Vargas Sucs.), Mexico City.
Dubbels, William (Madero), Mexico City.
During, M., & Company, Sucs., Vera Cruz.
Eberstadt, Ernesto A., Av. Isabel la Catolica 6, Mexico City.
Eckhoff, Ernesto, Calle Bolivar, 44, Mexico City.
Eimbeck, G. (partner in Pacific Hide Company), Mazatlan.
Einhaus, Gaspar, Mexico City.
Electrica, La, Mexico City.
Electrica y Tranvias, Compania, S./A., Aguascalientes.
Electromotors, S. A., Mexico City.
Elholo, José, Mexico City.
Elizondo Hermanos, Monterey.
Engels & Hoffman, Mexico City.
Eppstein, Martin, Mazatlan and Nogales.
Escoba, Jose Maria, Mocorito.
Escobedo, J. M., Mexico City.
Estrella, La (José Soliveras & Company, Sucs.), Mexico City.
Eversbusch, Richard, Tampico.
Exportadora Mexicana, La Compania, Mexico City.
Fabrica de Acidos La Vega (Johannsen, Felix, & Company), S. en C., Mexico City.
Fabrica de Hielo de Reimars Hermanos, Aguascalientes.
Fabrica Papel Loreto, Mexico City.
Fabrica de Salchichas (Gerard Meenen).
Fabricas Apolo, Monterey.
Fahrholtz, William, Triumfo.
Faist, Oscar, Colima.
Faller, Felix (partner of J. Crasemann Sucs.), Merida.
Feist, Pablo, Mexico City.
Femmerling, Guillermo, Torreon.
Fernandi, A. (*see* Princesa Teatro, La).
Ferreteria "La Paloma" S. en C., Tampico.
Fichtner, Dr. Carlos, Mexico City.
Fischbein, Max, Chihuahua.
Flebbe, Dr. Julio, Guadalajara.
Flores, Emilio, Durango.
Flores, Julian, Mexico City.
Flottmann, H., & Company, Av. de Juarez 7b, Mexico City.
Forsbach, Guillermo, Vera Cruz.
Frank, Emilio, Puerto.
Franke, Alfredo, Puebla.
Franssen, Siebo, Mexico City.
Freitag, Carlos, Guadalajara.
Freitzheim & Company, Merida.
Friedeberg, Guillermo, Mexico City.
Fritsch, W. E., Mexico City.
Fundicion de Sinaloa, Mazatlan.
Gaitan, Juan, Mexico City.
Galler, Maurice, Merida.
Gallo, El (Hardware Store of Max Rheimers), Oaxaca.
Garcia Alvarez Hermanos, Mexico City.
Garcia Ayala, Bruno, Monterey.
Garcia Fuentes, Torreon.
Gartner, Pablo, Vera Cruz.
Garza, Austacio de la, Monterey.
Gasmotoren Fabrik "Deutz" A/G (*see* "Deutz" Gasmotoren-Fabrik, A/G).
Gehend, Caesar, Monterey.
German American Hotel, Pl. de Buena Vista 131, Mexico City.
Gertz, Cornelio (partner of Sommer, Hermann & Company, Sucs.), Benito Juarez 14, Vera Cruz.
Gerzso, Federico (La Unica Barrata), Mexico.
Gibbs, W. G., Chihuahua.
Giesemann, Ad., & Company (El Retiro), Tapachula.

Giffening, Edgar, 3A Capuchinas 63, Mexico City.
Gillbert, Guillermo, San Luis Potosi.
Gillman, Paul, Vera Cruz
Ginder, A., Guadalajara.
Giron, Miguel, Tapachula.
Gluck, J., Mexico City.
Gluckher, Francisco, Merida.
Goebel, Andres, Mexico City.
Goeldner Ernest, Chihuahua.
Gomez Arreola, Jose, Guadalajara.
Gomez y Ochoa (Succrs. to José Cuervo y Cia), Mexico City and Guadalajara.
Gonzalez, Evaristo, Saltillo.
Gonzalez, Regilio, Tampico.
Gottlieb, Leon P. (La Princesa), Torreon.
Gottschalk, W., Mexico City
Grappengeisser, Frederick, Villa Hermosa.
Grappengeisser & Behringer, Villa Hermosa.
Grassman & Company, Mexico City.
Gruert, Ernesto, Mexico City.
Gregoire, Fernando, Mazatlan.
Greise, Federico, Nuevo Laredo and Mexico City.
Grosset, Agustin, 4A Cuauhtemotzin 103, Mexico City.
Grossman, Bruno, Mexico City
Grossmann & Pabst, Revillagigedo 3A, Mexico City.
Grunberger, Rodolfo, 1A San Agustin 29, Mexico City.
Guerdiola, Saltillo.
Guerra Garcia, José ("La Tampiquena"), Tampico.
Gugenheim & Balaresque, Mexico City.
Gugenhoim, Leon, Mexico City.
Guilbot, A., Mazatlan.
Guzman, Z., Monterey.
Haas, Robert, Merida.
Haas, Rudolfo (owner of La Relojeria Suisa), Monterey.
Haberkom, Edmundo, Monterey.
Hach, Julio, Mexico City.
Hageman, William, Mexico City.
Hahn, Guillermo, & Company, Monterey.
Hahn, Hugo, Mexico City.
Hajen, Ernesto, Mexico City.
Hamburgo Bremense of Hamburg, Mexico City.
"Hamburgo" Plantation, Tapachula.
"Hanseatica" Insurance Company, Mexico City.
Hansen & Decke, Guadalajara.
Hardt, Carlos, Morelia.
Harfush & Company, Mexico City.
Harms, Hugo, Mexico City.
Hartzheim, W., "La Europea," 5A Tacuba 85, Mexico City.
Hassey, Alfredo, "El Fenix," 5A de Guenero 104, Mexico City.
Hassey, Eduardo, S. en C., "El Pajecito," 9A de Guenero 173, Mexico City.
Haupt & Giffenig, Mexico City.
Haus, G. (partner in Pacific Hide Company), Mazatlan.
Hauschildt, Rickardt, Mazatlan.
Hauser, Enrique, Vera Cruz.
Hayn, Carl, Mazatlan.
Hecht, Enrique, Guadalajara.
Heinrichs, Gmo., 4A San Felipe Neri 115, Mexico City.
Heintze, Edwards, Mexico City.
Heinze, Carl, Mexico City.
Hemken, Enrique, Mexico City.
Henchell, Eduardo, Bajonea.
Henkel & Company, Succ, S. en C., Tapachula.
Henning, Augustin, Pueba.
Henning, Jorge, Antigua Casa de (Enrique Schäfer), Mexico City.
Henonin, Martin, Manzanillo.
Herald, El, San Luis Potosi.
Hering, Carlos, Mexico City.
Hermann, Guillermo, Guaymas.
Hermann, W. E., & Company, S. en C., 2A Capuchinas 37, Mexico City.
Hernandez, J., Guadalajara.
Herrera, Doctor Francisco A. (Botica de la Reforma), Mexico City.
Hess, Edward, Tepijulapa.
Hener, Adolfo, Mexico City.
Heuer & Company, Mexico City.
Heynen, Carl, Tampico.
Heynen, Everbusch & Company, (Agencia Comercial y Maritima), Tampico; and 1A Tacuba 6, Mexico City.
Higinio Perez & Cia, Manzanillo.
Hildebrandt, E., Tepic, and San Blas, Sinaloa.
Hilderbrand, Julius, Narayit.
Hinselmann, F, Mexico City.
Hirschberg, Carlos, 1A Nuevo Mexico, Mexico City.
Hoffmann, Arturo, Puebla.
Hoffmann, Carlos C., Mexico City.
Hoffmann, Frederico, Mexico City.
Hoffmann y Compania, Puebla.
Holck, C., & Company, Matamoros 150 and 231, Monterey.
Holm, Alberto, Oaxaca.
Holste, Alex., Mexico City.
Holzheimer, Jorge, Vera Cruz.
Horn, Viuda de A., Mexico City.
Horn, Pablo, Mexico City.
Hotel Grande Sociedad, Toluca.
Hubner, George, Aguascalientes and Mexico City.
Huerta, Robredo, Vera Cruz.
Hurtle, Carlos, Mexico City.
Huseman & Grebe (La Perla), Tampico.
Hussong, John, Ensenada.
Huthoff, Juan ("La Voz del Pueblo"), Tapachula.

Iberri & Company, Guaymas.
"Ilustracion, La" (*see* Restoy, Andres).
Informaciones Inalambricas, Mexico City.
Invernadero, El (*see* Caseworm, Juan).
Isaak, Alberto, & Company, Av. Isabel la Catolica 41, Mexico City; & Calle Muelle, Tampico.
Isabel Hotel (Enrique Schöndube), 2A San Felipe Neri 68, Mexico City.
Islas, Pedro, Mexico City.
Iwersen, Emilio, Mexico City.

Jackens, Julio (owner of Botica Nueva), Monterey.
Jaedicke, Juan, 4A San Agustin 94, Mexico City.
Jaliffe, Camilo, Torreon.
Jalil, Ali, Saltillo.
"Jawater, Al" (newspaper), Mexico City.

Johannsen, Felix, & Company, S. en C., "La Vega," "Catzado de la Vega," de la Palma, Av. San Francisco 39 and 3A de Motolina 26, Mexico City.
Jordana, Antonio, Torreon.
"Joya, La" (Enrique Schafer), Apartado 271, Mexico City.
Julerd & Company, Mexico City.
Kahle, Guillermo, Talachula.
Kaiser, Juan, Sucs., Guadalajara.
Karan, Salamon, Uruapam.
Karlbach, Max, Orizaba.
Kebe, O.S., Puerto Angel.
Keller, Emil, Chihuahua.
Kentzler, Emilio, Botica del Iturbide, Av. San Francisco 21, Mexico City.
Kentzler, Ernesto, Mexico City.
Keppler & Marquet, 1A de Lopez 5, Mexico City.
Kessel, Max, Mexico City.
Ketelsen, Carlos, Chihuahua.
Ketelsen & Degetau, Libertad 114, Chihuahua.
Kiewek, J J., & Company, 13A de Bolivar 146, Mexico City.
Kiliam, Jacobo (Cerveceria "El Leon"), Leon.
Kladt, Frederico, Mexico City.
Klaeger, Federico, Monterey.
Klein, Carlos, Mexico City.
Klein & Ruentsch, Mexico City.
Klentsch, Federico, Mexico City.
Klostermann, E. K. Torreon.
Knapp, Roberto, Mexico City.
Koch, Edgar, Parral.
Kohn, Carlos, Mexico City.
Koppel, A., Mexico City.
Korff, Honsberg & Company, Av. Isabel la Catolica 45, 2A San Felipe Neri 51 and 2A Capuchinas, Mexico City.
Korte, Enrique, Merida.
Korting Gebr., A.G., 4A San Agustin 95, Mexico City.
Kortum, Frederick, Tepijulapa and Mumunil.
Kortum & Hess, Tepijulapa.
Kortun Hermanos.
Kramer, Theodor, Mexico City.
Kregliner, Francisco, Mexico City.
Kriegsmann, H., Chihuahua.
Kriegsmann & Neumann, Chihuahua.
Kronche & Ferado (Drogueria Internacional), 1A de Buarreti 20, Mexico City.
Krueger Bros., San Geronimo.
Kuhlman, Frederico, Mexico City.
Kühlman, Gustavo, Colima.
Kuhn, Carlos, Mexico City.
Kuri Primos. Sucs., "La Vencedora," 2A de Flamencos 15 and 1A de la Acequia 7, Mexico City.
Lack, Julian, & Company, Torreon.
Lambrechts, Robert, Mexico City.
Lammers, German, 3A Capuchinas 67, Mexico City.
Lange Oswald, Colima.
Langmaach Hermanos, Mexico City.
Langstroth Sucs., Monterey.
Lapau, George, Chihuahua.
Lapiz Rojo, El (*see* Ortega, Aurelio, e Hijos).
Laredo, Pamfilo, Saltillo.
Laubens Grocery Company, Mexico City.
Laue, Juan (partner in Laue & Co.), Puebla.
Laue & Company, (partner, Juan Laue), Puebla.
Lederman, Arturo, Puebla.
Ledgerman, Enrique, Mexico City.
Legaspi Sanchez, Pedro (Proprietor of La Drogueria Economica), Mexico City.
Lehmacher, Johan, Mexico City.
Lehmann & Company, Mexico City.
Lehmann, Marcus, Guaymas.
Leitner, George Helmuth.
Leitner, Joseph, Villa Hermosa.
"Leon, El," Cerveceria (*see* Kiliam, Jacobo).
Leon Sanchez, Manuel, Mexico City.
Letayf, Antonio, Mexico City.
Levin, C., (or Kurt), Mexico City.
Levy, Gustav, Monterey.
Leyceguі, Felix, Vera Cruz.
Leycegui, Luciana i., Vera Cruz.
"Liberal, El," Fabrica de Tobacos (José Puente), Monterey.
Lindacher, Gustavo, Morelia.
Lima, Elias S. A. de, Mexico City.
Linga, C. R. & Company, Calle Constitucion, Mazatlan.
Linga, Carl, Mazatlan.
Linus, Eduardo, Chihuahua.
Llinas, Rafael Moreno, Vera Cruz.
Lohse & Company, Sucs., Palma 38, Mexico City.
Londres, La Ciudad de (Juan Canavati), Chihuahua.
Lopez, Carlos, Mexico City.
Lopez, Federico ("La Perla"), Orizaba.
Lopez, Manuel, Mexico City.
Louvier & Company, Sucrs, Puebla.
Lubeck, Rudolph von, Vera Cruz.
Luckhaus, Arturo, 3A San Agustin 75, Mexico City.
Lueders & Company, Mexico City.
Lueders, George, & Company, Av. Independencia 10, and 5A Capuchinas 94, Mexico City.
Lutman & Edelmann, Tapachula.
Lutteroth, Carlos, esq., à la de Donceles and 2A del Pte. de la Mariscala, Mexico City.
Maas, Ernesto, Orizaba.
"Magdeburguesa" Insurance Company of Magdeburg, Mexico City.
Makrinius, Emilio, Pochutla.
Mancha, Fausto (agent for Pacific Hide Company), La Cruz.
Mannheimer Versicherungs Gesellschaft, Mexico City.
Mantilla, V., & Company, Mexico City.
Marquard, Hugo, 3A San Agustin 66, Mexico City.
Marschke, Juan, Monterey.
Martens, Enrique, Vera Cruz.
Martens, Federico, Frontera.
Martens, John, Frontera.
Martinez, Rafael, Maxico City.
Marx, Adolfo, Av. 5 de Mayo 1, Mexico City.
Maschke, Ottwin, Mexico City.
Medrano, Ramon, Villa Union.
Meenen, Gerard, Mexico City.
Melber & Company, Mexico City.

Melchers & Company Sucs., Constitucion, Mazatlan; and Culiacan.
Mendez, Augustin, Guadalajara.
Menendez y Hermano (Almacen de Ropa), Orizaba.
Merceria Alemana (*see* Stein, Robert).
Meus, Carlos, Mexico City.
Meyer, Franz, Mexico City.
Meyer, Hans, Vera Cruz.
Meyer, Rodolfo, Mexico City.
Meyer & Huerta, Mexico City.
Meyer, O., Mazatlan.
Mier, Justo, Manzanillo.
Mierendorff, Conrad, Mexico City.
Milan, Joaquin, Mazatlan.
Milan, J., & Company, Mazatlan.
Milan, Manuel, Mazatlan.
Minoprio, V., Mazatlan.
Miranda, F. M., Mazatlon.
Mochulam, Roberto, Saltillo.
Modelo, El, Torreon.
Moebius, Guido, Monterey.
Molina Amiteca S-A., Ocotlan.
Molina Germania S-A., (Guillermo Collignon & Company), Guadalajara.
Moller, Emil, Merida.
Moller, G., & Company Sucs., Guaymas.
Monte Carlo, Mexico City.
Mora, F., & Company, San Blas.
Moreira, Juan Manuel, Saltillo.
Motz & Company Sucs., "El Koh-i-nor" 2A de Versalles 12, Mexico City.
Mueller, Eduardo, Colimar.
Mueller, Victor, y Hermanos, Tampico.
Muller, George Pablo, Vera Cruz.
Müller Hermanos, Av. San Francisco 28 and Indianilla esq. Drs. C. Lillaga & C. y Valle, Mexico City.
Müller, Otto, Guaymas.
Mumm, Carlos, Monterey.
Murguruza, & Munis, Tampico.
Musswitz, Guillermo, Vera Cruz.
Nacional de Mexico, Compania Quimica, Mexico City.
Nader, Alfredo, Torreon.
Nahle, Manuel, Saltillo.
Najara Nahoul, Torreon.
Nassar Hermanos, Torreon.
National Prussian Insurance Company, Mexico City.
Navarro Hermanos, Uruapam.
Negociacion Commercial Nacional, Torreon and Mexico City.
Negociacion Mercantil Alemana, Mexico City.
Neumaier, Otto, Orizaba.
Neumann, & Company, 2A de San Augustin 41, Mexico City.
Neumoller, Teodora, Saltillo.
Niekler, Oton, Filomeno Mata 11 & Apartado 1646, Mexico City.
Nieman, Kurt, Mexico City.
Nord Deutsche Insurance Company, Mexico City.
Norwald, Levi, Chihuahua.
Nothol, Erico, Torreon.
Novedades de Francia (Menendez y Hno.), Orizaba.
Nyssen, Raphael, & Company, Av. 5 de Mayo 49, Mexico City.
"Occidental, El." Guadalajara.
Occidental, Compania Mercantil, Guadalajara.
Ochou, Leopoldo, Manzanilla.
Oelrich, Gustavo, esq. à Av. 5 de Mayo y Calle de Betlemitas 15 and 17, Mexico City.
Ohrner, J. E. Guaymas.
Olalde & Company, Mexico City.
Orenstein & Koppel y Arthur Koppel, S. A., esq. Av. de Isabel la Catolica and Av. San Francisco, Edificio la Mexicana, Mexico City.
Orobeil, Andres, Monterey.
Ortega, Aurelio, e Hijos ("El Lapiz Rojo"), Orizaba.
Ortiz, Augustin, Morelia.
Ortiz, Carlos, 4A San Agustin 97, Mexico City.
Osuna, Ignacio G., Mazatlan.
Otto & Arzoz, Av. 5 de Mayo 61, Mexico City.
Otto, Max. S. en C., Mexico City.
Otto, S., Mexico City.
Owling, Federico, Mexico City.
Pabst, F. W., Mexico City.
Pacific Hide Company, Mazatlan.
Padilla Gomez, Jose, Guadalajara.
Pagharch, Otto, Mexico City.
Palma, La (Richard Hnos.), Orizaba.
Paloma, La, Tampico.
Passelt, August (Saenz Hotel), San Luis Potosi.
Paulsen & Company, Guadalajara.
Paulsen, Ernesto, Guadalajara.
Pena Pobre Paper Factory, Mexico City.
Perez y Arce, Tampico.
Perez, Manuel Rodriguez, Vera Cruz.
Perla, La (*see* Diener Hermanos).
Perla, La (Huseman & Grebe), Tampico.
Perla, La (*see* Lopez, Federico), Orizaba.
Pertzel, P. A. G., & Hermano, 3A de la Palma 29, Mexico City.
Pesquira Sucs., Vera Cruz.
Peters, Emilio, Mexico City.
Peters, Guillermo, Durango.
Peters, Guillermo, & Company (la Suiza), Torreon.
Peterson, Federico, Puebla.
Pettersen & Witte, Guadalajara.
Pettersen, Alberto (El Standard), Orizaba.
"Pierrot" (newspaper), Mexico City.
Pless, Herman, Chihuahua.
Poinsott, Gilberto, Monterey.
Pommerencke, Federico, San Pedro Tuxtla.
Prensa del Dia, La (*see* Caamano, Nicolas).
Princesa Teatro La (A. Fernandi), Tampico.
Puente, José R. Monterey.
Rademacher, Muller & Company (La Constancia, S. A.), Av. Catorce 405, Guaymas.
Raesfeld, Ernesto von, Puebla.
Ramos, Diego, Papantla.
Ratz, Emilio, Palma 10, Puebla.
Rau, Enrique, Mexico City.
Refrigeradora Veracruzana, Vera Cruz.
"Regeneracion, La" (Newspaper), Saltillo.
Reimers, Augustin (partner of Reimers Hermanos), Zacatecas, Aguascalientes.
Reimers Hermanos, Zacatecas.
Reimers, Pablo, Zacatecas, Auascalientes.
Reinbeck & Becker, Mexico City.

Reinecke, Juan, Mexico City.
Relojeria Alemana Arndt C., Mazatlan.
Relojeria Suisa, La (owned by Rudolfo Haas), Monterey.
Restoy, Andres, "La Ilustracion," Tampico.
Retiro, El (*see* Giesemann & Company).
Reyes, Jose, Saltillo.
Rheimers, Max (*see* Gallo, El), Oaxaca.
Richard Hermanos (El Candado de Oro), Orizaba.
Riguelme, Pedro, Mexico City.
Ritter & Bock, Sucs. S. en C., Merida, Yucatan.
Ritter, Federico, & Co., Mexico City.
Ritter, Fernando, Mexico City.
Riva, Feleciano de la, Saltillo.
Roemer, Federico, & Company, Apartado 925 and 5 de Mayo 50, Mexico City.
Roever, Luis, Av. 5 de Mayo 21, Mexico City.
Roever, Pablo E., Av. 5 de Mayo 32 and Despachos 421 and 422, Mexico City.
Rohde, Carlos, Hermosillo.
Rojoy Gualda, Mexico City.
Romero Scapachini, Jorge, Mexico City.
Rosenstein, Hans, Mexico City.
Roubicek, Ottokar, Mexico City.
Rubio, Francisco G., Mexico City.
Ruelas, Ricardo, Manzauillo.
Ruiz, J. J. Hermanos, Mexico City.
Ruiz, Ovidio, Frontera.
Rupp, Erwin, Mexico City.
Saenger, M., "La Constancia," 5A San Juan de Letran 70, Mexico City.
Saenz Hotel (*see* Passelt, August).
Salman, A., & Company, San Luis Potosi.
Salema, Felipe, Morelia.
Salido, Rodrigues, Manuel, Mazatlan.
Saloon Berlin (Hausser & Musswitz), Vera Cruz.
Salrich, Antonio, Mexico City.
Sapag, Abraham, Saltillo.
Sapag, Salomon, Saltillo.
Sask, Hans, Mazatlan.
Schäfer, Enrique G., Sucs. ("La Joya"), Av. San. Francisco 71, Mexico City.
Schaumann, Henry, Merida.
Schefold, Adolf, Monterey.
Scheufler & Foerster, Mexico City.
Schiemann, Guillermo, Mexico City.
Schilling, F., Vera Cruz.
Schmal, W. F., Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua.
Schmele, Hermanos, Mexico.
Schmelz Hermanos, Calle Segunda de S. Augustin 47, Mexico City.
Schmidt, Carlos A., Av. 5 de Mayo 32, Mexico City.
Schmidt, Gustav, Villa Hermosa.
Schmidt, Otto, Mexico City.
Schmidt, Reimers & Company, Mexico City.
Schmidt & Ziegler, Mexico City.
Schneider, B., Mexico City
Schneider, Franz, Mexico City.
Schommers, Rodolfo (La Palma), Durango.
Schöndube, Enrique. Av. Isabel la Catolica 63 and Isabel Hotel, 2A San Felipe Neri 68, Mexico City.
Schrempel Juan, Mexico City.
Schreiber & Company, Sucs., "La Violeta," Av. San Francisco 59, Mexico City.
Schubach, M. J., Mexico City.
Schulte, Carlos, Colima.
Schultze, Carlos, Mexico City.
Schumann, Guillermo, Vera Cruz.
Schwartau, German, Mexico City.
Schwarz, Juan C., Monterey.
Schwarze & Hahne, 4A Relox 33, Mexico City.
Schweickhardt, Frederick, Villa Hermosa.
Schweikhardt, Carlos, Guadalajara.
Schweitzer, Leon, Monterey.
Segundo, Alonso, & Company, Mexico City and Vera Cruz.
Segura, Ricardo V., Orizaba.
Seifferth, Pablo, 4A Victoria 94, Mexico City.
Seitz, Carlos, Mexico City.
Senac, Santos, Guaymas.
Sendel & Company, 2A de Acequia 21, Mexico City.
Serur & Joakil, Vera Cruz.
Sieber, Clemente, Saltillo.
Sieber, C., & Company, Saltillo.
Siemens & Halske, Mexico City.
Siemens Schuckertwerke, Mexico City.
Siordia, Eduardo, Mazatlan.
Sirena, La, Mexico City.
Slim, Elias, Mexico City.
Slim, Jorge, Mexico City.
Slobotsky, I., Progreso, Merida and Mexico.
Sogel Hermanos, Mexico City.
Soliveras, José, Mexico City.
Soliveras, José, & Company, S. en C. (La Estrella), Mexico City.
Solrinor, Vera Cruz.
Sommer, E., Sucs., "El Brillante," Av. San Francisco 45, Mexico City.
Sommer, Hermann, & Company, Sucs., S. en C., 3A de la Palma 33, 35 and 37, Mexico City; and B. Juarez 14, Vera Cruz.
Son, M. S. von, Mexico City.
Spieler, Ricardo, Tampico.
Stache, Pablo, Vera Cruz.
Stallforth Brothers, Parral.
Standard, El (Alberto Petterson), Orizaba.
Stauffer & Forster, Acaponeta.
Stege, Otto (La Union), Chihuahua.
Stein, Carlos, Mexico City.
Stein, Robert, Mazatlan.
Stein, Roberto, & Company, Merceria Alemana, S. en C., Mazatlan.
Stephan, Carlos. & Company, Mexico City.
Sternfels, Jorge, Guadalajara.
Stettner, Mauricio, Mexico City and Guadalajara.
Stettner, Sucs., Mexico City.
Steudel, Max, 3A Capuchinas 67, Mexico City.
Stoll, Adolph, Manzanillo.
Stransky, Emil, Tampico.
Strassbuerger, Carlos, Mexico City.
Struck, German, Progresso and Merida.
Struck, Gustavo, & Company, Calle Independencia 13, Vera Cruz.
Studt, Federico, Sucs., 1A San Juan de Letran 3, Mexico City.
"Suiza, La," Torreon.
Swain, Clemente, Mexico City.

Talleres & Fundicion "Tamaulipas," S. A., Tampico.
Tamaulipeca de Telephonos, Compania, Tampico.
Tampiquena, La (*see* Guerra Garcia, José).
Telegrapho, El (Basol, Juan), Torreon.
Thiener, Janowitzer & Company, Soc. Ltda, 3A San Agustin 68, Mexico City.
Tisnado, Emilio, Guamuchil.
Torre, C. G., Merida
Transportes Maritimos, S/A., Compañia de (*see* Compañia de Transportes Maritimos, S/A.).
Trost, Alberto, Guadalajara.
Tugamapam, Compania de (*see* under Compania).
Ubaid y Badin, Torreon
Ubaid, Joaquin, Torreon and Vera Cruz.
Uihlein, José, Sucesores Calle Decaliseo 3, and Apartado 189, Mexico City.
Unger, Frederick, Constitucion 10, Mazatlan.
Unica Barrata, La (*see* Gerzso, Federico).
"Union, La" (*see* Stege, Otto), Chihuahua.
Unna, Jorge, & Company, San Luis Potosi
Uranga, Rodolfo, Juarez.
Urriolagoitia, Guillermo, Mazatlan.
Valquarts, Conrad, Puebla.
Varela, R, é Hijo, Vera Cruz
Vargas, A., Sucs., Mexico City.
Vehrmeren, Julio, Mexico City.
Velas, Compania Manufactura de, Monterey and Tampico.
Velasco, S. R. y Compania, Guadalajara.
Venning, Julio, Orizaba.
Viau, Pablo, Mexico City.
Vila Castells, José, Rua Dominguez 11 A. B., Puebla; and Avenida Chapultepec 249, Apartado 82, Mexico, D. F.
Vogel, Arnoldo, Colima.
Voight, Claudio, Pueblo.
Volvre, Emilio, Mexico City.
Voz del Pueblo, La (*see* Huthoff, Juan).
Wagner, A., & Levien, Sucs, 1A Capuchinas 21, Mexico City; and Guadalajara.
Wagner, Federico, Mexico City.
Walters, F., Mexico City.
Walther, Adalberto, Torreon.
Warnholtz, Carlos, Mexico City.
Warnholtz, E., Mexico City.
Watty, Ricardo, Mexico City.
Weber, Leopoldo, & Company, Av. San Francisco 61, Mexico City.
Weebe, P., Guaymas.
Wehler, Henry, Vera Cruz.
Weidt, Carlos, Mexico City.
Weigand, Otto, Torreon.
Weinberg, William L., Mexico City.
Weinzorn & Koeppe, 1A Olivo 8-12, Mexico City.
Weiskopf, Victor, & Company, Mexico City.
Welz, F. W., & Company, Mexico City.
Wenzel, Luis, (partner of Sommer, Hermann & Company, Sucs.), Mexico City.
Wertheim Exporting Society (Wertheim, Sociedad Importadora y Exportadora, Limitada), Mexico City.
Westendorp, Oscar and Francis, Monterey.
Westphal, Pablo, Mexico City.
Wichman, Ernesto, Mexico City.
Wilkens, Pablo, Mexico City.
Wirth, Juan, & Company, Gran Merceria de Ocampo, esq. à 4A Capuchinas y Ocampo, Mexico City; and Culiacan.
Wohler, Bartning & Company, Sucs., Mazatlan and Culiacan.
Wolf, Leon, Mexico City.
Wolff, Guillermo, Uruapam
Wolfowitz, Max and Arthur, Mexico City.
Woern, Alberto, Mexico City.
Worn, A., & Company, 2A de la Palma 21, Mexico City.
Zahlten, Pablo, Frontera.
Zawadsky, Conrado, Mexico City.
Ziegler, Julio, Puebla.
Ziehl, Floriotino, Chihuahua.
Zinzer, Julio, Mexico City.
Zolly, Juan, 3A Capuchinas 69, Mexico City.
Zumther & Froilan, Mexico City.

NETHERLAND WEST INDIES.

Casseres, Sol de, Curacao.
Fensohn, C., & Company, Curacoa.
Rives, Fensohn & Company, Curacao.

NICARAGUA.

Bahlcke, Julio C., Managua.
Balaarte, Managua.
Brockman, Francisco, & Company (partners Franz Brockman and Ulrich Litzen), Managua.
Brockman, Franz (*see* Brockman, Francisco, & Company).
Bunge, F., Managua.
Dorn, Enrique, & Company, Matagalpa.
Giebler, Hermann, Managua.
"Imparcial, El," Managua
Junge, Fritz (or Frederick), Bluefields.
Lehmann, Otto, Cabo Gracias.
Lehmann, R, & Company, Cabo Gracias.
Litzen, Ulrich (*see* Brockman & Company).
Nicaragua Commercial & Logging Company, Prinzapolka.
Noticia, La, Managua.
Peterson, Nicolay, Peterson Hotel, Bluefields.
Salomon, A, & Company, Managua.
Tefel, J. R. E., & Company, Managua.
Tefel, Teodoro, Managua.
"Tribuna, La," Managua.
Uebersezig, Carlos, Managua.
Wolff, Simon, & Company, Granada.

PANAMA.

Chiari and Kohpcke, Panama City.
Dziuk, Augusto, Panama City.
Freundlich, Max, Colon.
Friese, Carl, & Company (Antonia Rylands), Bocas dell Toro.
Gebert, Otto, Bocas del Toro.
Heinrichsdorff, F., Cristobal.
Hofemann & Company, Colon.
Hoffmann, Dr. K., Panama City.
Jacobs, A., Panama City.
Kandler, Hans F. W. (of Carl Friese & Company), Bocas dell Toro.
Kohpcke, Arthuro, Panama City.
Leer, Albert, Bocas del Toro.
Leer, Herbert, Bocas del Toro.
Luria & Company, Panama City.
Lutz, Richard, Panama City.
Neumann, Ernst, F., Panama City.
Rylance, Antonia C. (of Car Friese & Company), Bocas de Toro.
Sange, Alfred, Colon.
Station Pharmacie, Panama City.
Troste, Panama City.

PERU.

Abad Brothers & Company, Callao.
Acevedo, Carlos A., Calle de la Merced, Lima.
Agencia General Del Centro, Huancayo.
Agencia Maritima de Casagrande, Salavery.
Agencia Maritima "Kosmos" (Kosmos Steamship Line).
Alaru & Eskenazi, Lima.
Antigua Casa Francisco Wiebe (*see* Hassler & Michelsen).
Arana, Eduardo, Mollendo.
Arce, José Elisés, (of Emmel Hermanos), Arequipa.
Baigorria, Luis F., Chiclayo.
Ballon, Julio Cesar, Mollendo.
Banco Aleman Transatlantico (Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank).
Bast, Rodolfo, Piura.
Basurco, Daniel Segundo Vela (*see* Vela Basurco, Daniel Ségundo).
Benavides, Aurelio, Mollendo.
Bischoffshausen, Gustavo W. von Lima.
Botica Inglesa (O. Wagner y Cia), Calle Esperados, Lima.
Brahm & Company, Carrera 458, Lima.
Brandes, Guillermo, Union 527, Lima.
Bustamente, Manuel J., Mollendo.
Calderon, Gregorio, Paredes.
Camino, Glicerio, Lima.
Casa Grande Zuckerplantagen Actien Gesellschaft, Trujillo.
Castellano, F. W., y Hermanos, Lima.
Cerveceria Alemana, S/A. (manager Ernesto Günther), Arequipa, Puno and Cuzco.
Chavarri, M. A., & Company, Plate os San Pedro, Lima.
Chavez, Manton.
Cockburn, Manoel Santiago, Ica.
Compania Algodonera Simbilá Limitada, Piura.
Compania Irrigadora, Piura.
Compania Minera Wolfram, Lima.
Cortez, Ramon G., Pacasmayo.
Cuglievan, Juan, Chiclayo.
Cuglievan, Juan, y Cia, Chiclayo.
Dammert, A., & Company, Lima.
Danelsberg & Company, Mollendo.
Delgado, O. A, Paita.
Densk, Herman L., (of Carlos Weiss & Company), Lima.
Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank (*see* Banco Aleman Transatlantico).
Dolmann & Einfeldt, Lima.
Dunkelberg, F., Lima.
Eddelbuttel, Wilhelm, Arequipa.
Electrica Moderna, La, Lima.
Elguera, Glicerio, Trujillo.
Emmel, Fernando, Arequipa.
Emmel Hermanos, Arequipa, Cuzco.
Esmeralda, La (see Murgia, Manuel).
Eulert, F. G., Ayaviri.
Ferreteria (La) Espanola, Trujillo.
Freire, Roberto, Lima and Callao.
Freundt & Quistorf, Espaderos 586, 587, and 594, Lima.
Gamboa, A. S., Ascope.
* Garcia Hermanos, Caballo Cocha.
Gazats, Otten & Company, Apartado 932, Lima.
Gildemeister & Company, Apartado 388, Lima; and Trujillo.
Gildemeister, Enrique (of Gildemeister & Company).
Gildemeister, Siegfried, of (Gildemeister & Company), Trujillo and Lima.
Gorbitz & Company, Chiclayo and Lima.
Grillo, Adam, Chiclayo and Lima.
Gulda, F., & Company, Lima.
Günther, Ernesto (*see* Cerveceria Alemana, S/A).
Hachmeister, (of Carlos Weiss & Company), Lima.
Hardt, E. and W., & Company.
Hardt, Engelbert, & Company.
Harten, Juan (partner of A. F. Oeschle), Lima.
Hasslor & Michaelson (Antigua Casa Francisco Wiebe), Trujillo.
Hassler, Walter, Trujillo.
Herklotz, A., Lima.
Hilbck, Frederick, Piura.
Hilbck, F., & Company, Piura.
Hilbck, Kuntze & Company, Cajamarca, Chiclayo and Pacasmayo.
Hilman, (partner of Gulda & Company), Lima.
Hoeller, Otto, Huancayo.
Holtig, R. L. Gironica 127, Lima.
Justus, W, (partner of Brahm & Company), Casilla 8 Lima.
Klinge, F., & Company, Lima.
Knell, H., Callao.
Kosmos Steamship Line (Agencia Maritima "Kosmos").
Kuan Lock & Company.
Leadley, Charles (A. F. Oeschle), Lima.
Ledgard Carlos E. B., Lima.
Leon, Felix R., Callao and Pacasmayo.
Lizarzaburu, J., Trujillo.

* No connection with Garcia Hermanos, Lima.

Lopez, Arturo, Lima.
Luzmila Rodriguez Hermanos, Ascope.
Mannesmann Limitada, Sociedad Tubos, Lima.
Martensen, Arturo, Espaderos 560, Lima.
Martensen, Roberto, Rallao.
Meiners, Adolf, Gallos 289, Lima.
Michaelson, Trujillo.
Modenesi, Fernando, Lima.
Moises, Jacobo, y Hermanos, Cuzco.
Molina Pastor, José (*see* Pastor, José Molina).
Moreno, David G., Lima.
Murgia, Manuel (La Esmeralda), Postal de Botoneros, Lima.
Oeschsle, A. F., Lima.
Ostendorf, Walter, Piura.
Pajares, Hermanos, Lima.
Paredes Calderon, Gregorio (*see* Calderon Gregorio Paredes).
Pastor, José Molina.
Plenge, Walther, Chiclayo.
Portugal, Eduardo E., Mollendo.
Porturas, José Luis, Salaverry.
Puente, Andres, Lima and Trujillo.
Quintana, N., & Company, Calle Mercaderes, Lima.
Rathjens, Guillermo, Arequipa.
Rehder, Casa, Lima.
Richarz, Paul, Lima.
Rios, G. & Y., Ascope.
Rivera, T., Casilla 1124, Lima.
Roedinger, H., & Company, Ica.
Said é Hijos, Arequipa.
Schaefer, Carlos, Piura.
Schroeder, C. M., & Company, Lima.
Schroeder, S., Lima.
Singlemann, Martin, Mollendo.
Sociedad Tubos Mannesmann Limitada, Lima.
Soto, Bernadi, Iquitos.
Stierlen, Carlos, Calle Espadaros 233 and Union Mercaderes 521, Lima.
Strassberger, E., & Company, Iquitos.
Trittau, George, Lima.
Umlauff, B., Lima.
Umlauff, F., Lima.
Vela Basurco, Daniel Segundo.
Vidaurrazaga, E., & Company, Trujillo.
Vidaurrazaga, Eduardo, Trujillo.
Villegas, Manuel Valdivia, Arequipa.
Wagner, O., y Cia. (Botica Inglesa), Calle Esperados Lima.
Weiss, Carlos, & Company, San Pedro 111, Lima; and Callao.
Weiss, Emilio, Callao.
Welsch, G., & Company, Esquina de Mercaderes 493, Lima.
Wesche & Company (E. Strassberger & Company), Iquitos.
Wiebe, F., & Company, Salaverry and Trujillo.
Wiebe S., (partner of F. Wiebe & Company), Salaverry and Trujillo.
Wing Man.
Wolfram, Compania Minera (*see* Compania Minera Wolfram).
Zettel, J., Lima.

SALVADOR.

Altschul, Carlos, San Salvador.
Beneke, Theodoran Salvador.
Bengoa, Federico, San Salvador.
Cohn, M. & R., San Salvador.
Davidson Hermanos, Ahuschapan, Sonsonate Santa Ana, and San Salvador.
Deininger, Hermanos, San Salvador.
Duarte, F. I., San Salvador.
Eserski, Carlos, San Salvador.
Everski, Karl (*see* Eserski, Carlos).
Garcia, Saul, San Salvador.
Goldtree, Liebes & Company, Sonsonate, Santa Ana, and San Salvador.
Hecht, Bruno, San Salvador.
Hecht, Hermann, Sonsonate, San Salvador.
Henriques, Mario, C., San Miguel.
Herman, Emilio, San Salvador.
Laufer, Curt, San Salvador.
Luders, Juan, San Salvador.
Luria, O., & Company, San Miguel.
Mathies, Cune G., Santa Ana.
Menjivar, Ricardo, San Salvador.
Meyer, Marcello, San Miguel.
Mugdan & Company, San Salvador.
Raemsch, Louis, San Salvador.
Roeder, Max, San Salvador.
Rohme, Max, San Salvador.
Rosenblum Hermanos, San Salvador.
Sauerbrey, G. A., San Salvador.
Sosa, Domingo, San Salvador.
Voss, Max, San Salvador.
Widawer, Alfredo, San Salvador.
Widawer, Leon, San Salvador.

VENEZUELA.

Abad, Antonio T., Ciuded Bolivar.
Afanador, Doctor J. E. Sanchez, Ciudad Bolivar.
Aigster Carlos Valencia.
Añez, Julio A., & Company, Maracaibo and San Cristobal.
Arreaza, Luis Fernando, Aragua de Barcelona.
Baasch, Adolfo, Puerto Cabello.
Baralt A., Miguel, Maracaibo.
Barnewitz, Ernesto, Ciudad Bolivar.
Becker, George, Caracas
Beckmann & Company, Maracaibo.
Behrens, Adolfo (partner of Blohm & Company).
Beier & Company, San Fernando de Apure.
Belloso Rossel Hermanos, Maracaibo.
Belloso Velasco, Jesus, Maracaibo.
Beuses, Francisco, Maracaibo.
Blaubach, Alejandro, & Company, Valencia.
Blohm & Company, Ciudad Bolivar; Caracas; La Guayra; Puerto Cabello; Valencia; Barquisimeto and Maracaibo.
Bocanegra, R., La Guayra.
Bossio Marques, Lino, Ciudad Bolivar.
Bramkampf, Max, Cruz Verde a Velasquez 79, Caracas.
Breuer, Möller & Company, Maracaibo and San Cristobal.

Brillimbourg, Joaquin, Trujillo.
Burau, A., & Company, Cruz Verde a Velasquez 79, Caracas.
Chacin, Emiro, Maracaibo.
Christern, Zingg & Company, Maracaibo.
Comercial Cooperativa, Sociedad, Maracaibo.
Compañia Anonima Cerveceria Nacional, Caracas.
Cordero (of Van Dissel Rode & Company), Rubio.
Dalla Costa, Ventura Bertran, Cuidad Bolivar.
Dania, Federico H., Maracaibo.
Daumen, Fernando, Caracas.
Diaz L., Alfredo, La Guayra.
Diaz Legorburu, Genaro (*see* Legorburu, Genaro Diaz).
Dissel (van) Rode & Company, Maracaibo and San Cristobal.
" Duquesa, La, " Volweider & Company, Caracas.
Duwaer, S. (Partner of Breuer, Möller & Company), Maracaibo.
Eco Aleman, El, Caracas.
Emmerich, Eduardo, Caracas.
Enet, Eduardo J. (of " La Justicia "), Ciudad Bolivar.
Fensohn, C., & Company, Caracas.
Ferrer & Company, Maracaibo.
Fry, Carlos, Ciudad Bolivar.
Garcia, Antero, San Cristobal.
Garcia, C. M., Maracaibo.
Garcia Delepiani, M., Ciudad Bolivar.
Gathmann Harmanos, Caracas.
Glab, Alfred, Ciudad Bolivar.
Gossewisch, Theodor, Valencia.
Gramcko, Karl, Puerto Cabello.
Hess, Carlos, Caracas.
Jagenberg, W., Caracas.
Jess, Eduardo von, Maracaibo.
Juncal, Fernando, Ciudad Bolivar.
" Justicia, La, " Ciudad Bolivar.
Kehrhahn, Adolf, & Company, Maracaibo.
Killon, Carlos R. (of " La Justicia "), Ciudad Bolivar.
Koenecke, Rudolph, La Guayra.
Kuhl & Company, El Callao, State of Bolivar.
Kummerow, Friedrich, Valencia.
Legorburu, Genaro Diaz, Puerto Cabello.
Losales, Carlos Miguel, Ciudad Bolivar.
Mauri, José Ventura, Caracas.
Mestern & Company, Puerto Cabello.
Noack, A., & Company, San Cristobal.
Nuñez, Pompilio, Cuidad Bolivar.
Otero, J. J., Ciudad Bolivar.
" Palma, La, " La Sombrereria, Caracas.
Quintero, Caracciolo, Santa Ana.
Quintero, Ciro, Maracaibo.
Ramirez, José, Ciudad Bolivar.
Rayhrer & Firnhaber, Maracaibo.
Redler (Otto) Sucesor & Company, Puerto Cabello and Barquisimeto.
Rincon, Alfredo, Junior, Maracaibo.
Rincon, Angel Renato, Maracaibo.
Rivas, Fensohn & Company, Caracas and Curaçao (*see* Dutch West Indies).
Rodriguez, Diego, Trujillo.
Rodriguez, Eduardo, Ciudad Bolivar.
Rodriguez, Luis M., Ciudad Bolivar.
Rodriguez Vasquez, Tomas, Puerto Cabello and Valencia.
Rojas, Simon, Egido.
Sanchez, Elias, Santa Ana.
Scharffenorth, Alfredo, Caracas.
Schlocter, F. W. (of Beckmann & Company), Maracaibo.
Schlussler, Vincente K., La Guaira.
Schnell (partner of Blohm & Company).
Schreier (partner of Blohm & Company).
Schroeder, Federico, Caracas and Maracaibo.
Schultz, C. L., Caracas.
Sinram, O., Caracas
Sociedad Comercial Cooperativa (*see under* Comercial Cooperativa).
Sombrereria " La Palma, " La (*see under* Palma, La, Sombrereria).
Steinvorth & Company, Maracaibo and San Cristobal.
Thoss, Carlos, San Cristobel.
Tipografia Caracas, Caracas.
Urdaneta, Ezekiel, Trujillo.
Urritia, Rafael M., Maracaibo.
Vargas, Eduardo, Maracaibo.
Vargas T., Enrique, Maracaibo.
Viewag, E., Maracaibo and Pampan.
Volweider & Company (La Duquesa), Caracas.
Walther, Federico, Ciudad Bolivar.
Went, Bruno, San Cristobal.
Wenzel, Gmo, & Company, Ciudad Bolivar and Caracas.
Wiese & Company, Caracas.
Yabrude, Salomon, Ciudad Bolivar.

ASIA.

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

Adams, H., Hotel des Indes, Weltevreden, Java.
Adanan bin Marah Adam, Sibolga.
*Adler Warenhuis (Moritz Adler), Sourabaya.
Advies Bureau voor Landbouw en Industrieele Ondernemingen, Sourabaya.
Aequator, Mijnbouw Maatschappy, Sumatra.
Ameet Favenier, Drukkerij, Sourabaya.
Amorie van der Hoeven, H. des, Batavia.
Amorie van der Hoeven, Jan des, Batavia.
Anderson, J. C., Weltevreden, Java.
Antonijs, Karel, Sourabaya.
Appel, Sally, Samarang.
Arendman, W. (or R.) Weltevreden.
Aring, P., Macassar.
Arnold, W. O., Medan.
Asiatic Estates Supply, The, Datoestraat 13, Medan.
Assahan Syndicat Gesellschaft, Medan and Palembang.
Autenried, C. von, Sumatra.
Auto, L', Pasar Basar, Sourabaya.
Auw Ling Sioe, Macassar.
Bakker, W. J., Sourabaya

*No connection with Handel & Industrie Maatschappy v/h M. Adler, Societet St., Sourabaya.

Bakx, A., Belawan, Sumatra.
Bamberger, C. (*see* "Bamberger" Import Maatschappij).
"Bamberger" Import Maatschappij (C. Bamberger), Oud Gondangdia 47, Weltevreden.
Ban Kiat Chong, Medan.
Bandoengsche Tegelfabriek N/V, Bandoeng, Java.
Bansien, John, & Company (*alias* John van Tansiong and John van Siong), Gorontalo.
Barmer Export Gesellschaft, Batavia.
Batang Hari Estate, Djambi, Sumatra.
"Bataviaasch Handelsbad," Batavia.
Bataviaasch Industrie en Handel Maatschappy, Batavia.
Batoe Bahra Cocos Compagnie, N/V., Medan.
Bauer, Georg Ludwig, Soerakarta, Java.
Baümer, Karl, Padang.
Bäumer, P., & Company, Winkel Maatschappy v/h, Padang.
Becker, A. F. W., Sourabaya.
Becker, W., Sibolga.
Beek, N. Van, Samarang.
Beekhuis, J., Sourabaya.
Beerman, W., Sibolga, Sumatra.
Begeer, Koninklijke Utrechtsche Fabriek van Juweelen, Zilverwerken en Penningen, van C. J., Samarang.
Behn Meyer, & Company, Technische Bureau, Sourabaya.
Behn Meyer, & Company, Handel Maatschappij, Batavia and Sourabaya.
Bercowitz, Boris, Sourabaya.
Berkenbosch, Joh., Koningsplein W. 6, Weltevreden, Java.
Biau Kim, W., Medan.
Biedermann & Company, Samarang and Sourabaya.
Bierman, Daniel, Batavia and Bandoeng.
Bierman, E., Macassar.
Biezeveld, H. P., Katia Wetan 33, Bandoeng.
Biljart Fabriek Emma (*see* "Emma" Biljart Fabriek).
Bloeme, J. A. Scipio, Medan.
Bloemhard, A. R., Sourabaya.
Boekit Pajong, Cultuur Maatschappy, Tandjong Poera, Sumatra.
Boenisari, Plantagen Gesellschaft, Batavia.
Boer, A. de, Belawan and Medan, Sumatra; and Batavia.
Boerma, Bernardus Franciscus, Jr., Koningsplein 7, Weltevreden, Batavia.
Borneo Houthandel, N. V., Bandjermasin.
Borneo Import & Export Company, Dutch Borneo and Batavia.
Borneo Industrie Maatschappy, Bandjermasin.
Braun, P., Sibolga, Sumatra.
Braunschweigsche Maschineubaunstalt, Sourabaya.
Breitfeld, Danek & Company, Sourabaya.
Bremer, John (of Cultuur Maatschappy Boekit Pajong) Tandjong Poera, Sumatra.
Brinker, H. den, Samarang and Sourabaya.
Brinker, Reinier den, Sourabaya.
Bruggeman, K., Macassar.
Bruyn, C. A. de, Sourabaya.
Busselar, Max, Samarang.
Butteling, Th., Bodjong, Samarang.
Carl Schlieper & Company (*see* Schlieper, Carl, & Company).
Central British Supply Agencies, Medan.
Chartered Servants Agency, The, Medan.
Chea Cham Yong, Post Box No. 68, Medan.
Choa Hain Yong (or Gooi Sin Yong), Medan.
Cleton, Frans, Medan-Deli, Sumatra.
Coenraad, Chr., Sourabaya.
Cohen, David, Samarang.
Colin, P., Peterongan, Samarang.
Conrad, Alfred G., Batavia
Continental Tyre & Rubber Company, Sourabaya.
Cor, G. J., Sourabaya.
Cramer, P.C.M. (or Pierre), Sourabaya and Medan.
Crull, Meta, Samarang.
Cultuur en Handel Maatschappy "Sampit," Bandjermasin.
Cultuur Maatschappy Boekit Pajong, Tandjong, Poera, Sumatra.
Cultuur Maatschappy Montaja, Batavia.
Cultuur Maatschappy Silau Doenia, Batavia.
Cultuur Maatschappy "Soekabiroes."
Cultuur Maatschappy "Soengei Langka," Batavia.
Cultuur Maatschappy Tji-Karang.
Cultuur Maatschappy "Tjikopo-Zuid."
Cultuur Maatschappy Wangoen Wattie.
David, Ch. A. M., Samarang.
Davidson, D., Bandoeng, Java.
Davidson, H. Java.
Diehn, August, Medan and Palembang, Sumatra; and Java.
Diepenbroek, G., Halte Prambon, Sourabaya.
Dietzold, W., Pematang Siantar.
Digel, C. J. Samarinda.
Digel, K. F., Samarinda.
"Djatti Baroe," Lederwaren Fabriek, Weltevreden, Batavia.
Djoe Bie & Company, Medan.
Djokjakarta Machinehandel (proprietor, R. M. Glied), Djokjakarta, Java.
Dorssen, A. M. S. van (Miss), Raden Saleh 28, Weltevreden, Batavia.
Drukkerij Ameet Favenier, Sourabaya.
Duitsch Indische Cultuur Maatschappy, Sourabaya.
Duveen, F., Samarang.
East Coast Estates Suppliers, Medan.
Eastern Trading Company, The Balikpapan.
Eberstein, P. M. (alias P. Evesteijn) Javastraat 31, Sourabaya.
Eckstein, P., Medan and Palembang.
Ehrenpreis, E. J., Sourabaya.
Ehrlich, S., Medan and Palembang.
Eigen, O. von, Lagoe Boti, Tobo, Sumatra.
Elipas, Sumatra.
Elten, E. F. van, Medan & Belawan.
"Emma" Biljart Fabriek, Batavia.
*Emmerik, J. van.
Erdmann & Sielcken, Samarang, Batavia, and Sourabaya.
Everts, J. T., Sourabaya.

*No connection with Nederlandsche Export Maatschappy v/h van Emmerick & Company, Sourabaya.

Evasteijn, P. (*see* Eberstein, P. M.).
Ezlo, W., Kajoen 41, Sourabaya.
Fabriek van Bouwmaterialen de Lon (*see* under Lon, I. de.).
"Fabsum" van Deventerlaan 56, Sourabaya.
Fenjan, Macassar.
Filamont, Engelen & Company, Menado and Celebes.
Finke, H., Padang and Sibolga.
Forbes Wels, A. C., Residentielaan, Menado, Celebes.
Forrer, Gustav, Tebing Tinggi, Sumatra.
Fuhrmann, A, (*alias* Furman) Medan.
Furman, A. (*see* Fuhrmann, A.).
Gan Tiong Keng, Macassar.
Gelder, R. van, Bandjermasin, Borneo.
General American Trading Company, "New Jersey," Batavia
Gerlich, O. E.; Bandoeng, Java.
Giesbers & Rosenkrantz, Sourabaya.
Glaser, A, Tandjong Poera, Sumatra.
Glied, R. M, (Djokjakarta Machinehandel), Djokjakarta, Java.
Glückmann, L. G., Sourabaya.
Guibert, H., Medan.
Goedkoopste Adres, Het, Gamblongan 17, Sourabaya; & Batavia.
Goldenberg & Company, Medan and Palembang.
Goldenberg, E., Medan.
Gooi Sin Yong (*see* Choa Hain Yong).
Gosewisch, W. H. Ch., Gorontalo.
Grabau, W. J., Sourabaya.
Gronert, J. C. N., Batavia.
Guan Bee (*alias* Guan Hin Bee), Medan, (no connection with Gwan Bie Kongsie, Samarang).
Guan Joo & Company, Medan.
Guan Mo (or Guan Moh), Medan.
Guerard, G. W. Th. von, Tebing Tinggi, Sumatra.
Gummi Fabriek Harburg-Wien, Sourabaya.
Gumprich & Strauss, Batavia
Guntzel & Schumacher Handelsmaatschappy Medan, Palembang and Sumatra.
Haan, Louis de, Medan.
Haanroodts, J., Samarang.
Hakkert, H. J. G., Koeta Radja, Sumatra.
"Haga" Bouwmaatscheppij, Soerabaya.
Hallermann, J., Medan and Palembang.
Hallesche Machinenfabriek, Sourabaya.
Ham, W. van, Banjoewangi.
Harburg-Wien, Gummi Fabriek, Sourabaya.
Hartmann, E. J. (alias J. Hartman) Bodjongschewcg, Samarang.
Hassan, Hadji, Batavia.
Hauw Hin, Sibolga.
Hazevoet, J. C., Laboen Bilik.
*Hellfach & Company, Mineraalwater Fabriek en Handelmaatschappy, Sourabaya.
Henche, W., Samarang.
Hendriksz, D. W. A. (Landbouw Onderneming Lhö Kroet), Sumatra.
Hennemann, R., & Company, Dutch Borneo; Batavia and Sibolga.
Herman, J. G., Sourabaya.
Herrmann, C. H., Batoe Toelis 2, Batavia.
Heymans van der Douwer, H. M. R., Samarang.
Hezewyk, H van. v/h., S. S. Michaël, Cheribon
Hibbeler, E. D., Sourabaya.
Hilckes, E. A., Bandjermasin.
Hin Huat, Medan.
Hinloopen, W., Tandjong Balei, Asahan, Sumatra.
Hinlopen, K., & Company, Sourabaya.
Ho Heng San, Menado
Hoeven, Emil van der, Batavia.
Hok Ham Tjiang, Handel Maatschappy, Batavia.
Holland Deli Maatschappij, N/V. (Toe Laer & Company), Medan.
Holland Sumatra Handel Maatschappy, Samarang.
Hollandia Hotel, Cheribon
Hollandsche Handelmaatschappy, Batavia.
Hoondamall & Co., Medan.
Horak, F.
Hortmann, E. J. (*alias* J Hortman), Samarang.
Hostagoelong, Ernst, Belawan.
Hout, J. van. Weltevreden, Batavia.
Houtman, J. G. Sumatra.
Hoyer, E., Medan and Batavia.
Hoynck van Papendrecht, Ch (*see under* Papendrecht).
Hundeshagen, G., Pajacombo, Sumatra.
Huster, K. E., Menado.
Hwass, Ivar, Tjenako, Renget, Indragiri, Sumatra.

Idris, Hadji, Batavia.
Idris Masoetion, Sibolga, Sumatra.
Import Maatschappy, De, Sourabaya.
Industrieele Ondernemingen op Java, Maatschappy voor.
Ingenieurs Bureau Kaumanns & Company, Batavia.
Insulinde Handels Agentuur Kantoor, Medan
Insulinde Handelsvereeniging, Sourabaya.
International Autogarage (G. A. Mayer) Gang Petjenongan 68, Batavia.
International Purchasing Company, Medan
Ioen Oen Hap, Macassar.

Jacobsohn, S., Gorontalo and Samarang.
Jager Geerlings, W. (*see* Werktuigkundig Bureau).
Jason, Sumatra.
Jasper, J., Sourabaya.
Java American Import Maatschappij, Samarang.
Java Koffie Extract Compagnie N.V., Sourabaya.
Jerschavek, L. H. A., Pension Smits, Samarang.
Jesinowski, A., Padang.
Jessen, H., Medan.
Jo Giok Tjoang, Paloppo, Celebes Islands.
Jo Tjong Eng, Macassar.
Joe Gan Tjang, Macassar.
Jones, Arthur, Samarang.
Jongeneel, R. D., Medan.
Jop Njan Siong (*or* Yap Ngean Siong), Medan.
"Juliana" Distributies Mij., N/V., Medan.

* The establishments of the same name at Baitenzorg and Padang are not included in the Statutory List

"Juliana" Thee Distributie Maatschappy, Batavia.
"K.B.T." (*alias* of Kam Boen Tiong).
Kam Boen Tiong (*alias* "K.B.T."), Medan.
Kam Boon Tong (*alias* for Kam Boen Tiong), Medan.
Kang Thaij San, (Chop) Seng Tjiang, Padang.
Kasinder Estate (Marihat Sumatra Plantagen Compagnie), Sumatra.
Kaumanns & Company, Ingenieurs Bureau, Batavia.
Kehding, F., Medan and Palembang.
Kepes, J., Hotel Preanger, Bandoeng.
Kettner, J. C., Loeboeg Pakam, East Coast of Sumatra.
Khoe Ho Tin, Batavia.
Khoo Thean Lai, Medan.
Kie Lie, W. (*alias* W. Kielich), Batavia.
Kielich, W., Batavaia.
Kim Ngean (or Thean Kim Ngean), Medan.
Kim Tuan Chop Kim Hin, Medan.
Klaazen, Van, Sourabaya.
Koen Gean (*see* Tan Boen Pong).
Koenig, Gustav, Batoe, Java.
Kohlrusch (or Kohlrosch), L, Samarinda.
Kölner Handelsgesellschaft, Sourabaya.
Koning, Carel A., & Company, Medan.
Koppel, Arthur, Sourabaya.
Koppel, G. J., Medan.
Kraaz, Joh., Lebong Soelit, Benkoelen.
Krikilan, Tabak Maatschappy, Djember.
Kronberg, A. Sibolga.
Kuyper, J., Sourabaya.
Kwie Liong Thwan, Sourabaya

Ladiges, G. J., Belawan.
Laer, Toe, & Company (*see under* Holland Deli).
Landbouw en Industrieele Ondernemingen, Advies Bureau voor, Sourabaya.
Ledeboer, W. B., & Company, Macassar, Menado, and Gorontalo.
Lederwaren Fabriek "Djatti Baroe," Batavia.
Leezenberg, P. Medan.
Lendra, Cultuur Maatschappy, Garoet.
Lenshoek, Wolff (*see* Nederlandsche im en Export Maatschappij).
Lhö Kroet, Landbouw Onderneming, Sumatra.
Lie A. Sie, Medan.
Lie Hien, Menado.
Lie Leng Kie, Medan.
Lie Oen Seng (see Tek Ho).
Lie Seng Hee, Batavia.
Lieb, C., Batavia.
Liebenschütz & Company, Samarang and Sourabaya.
Liebl, G., Wlingi, Java.
Liem Bie Kiang, Bandjermasin.
Liem Eng Tae, Kema.
Liem Gwan Tjhiem, Sourabaya.
Liem Hock Siang, Macassar.
Liem Sean Sien, Macassar.
Liem Sian Djie, Angir.
Liem Tjeng Liong, Macassar.
Lim Hoa Eng, Sibolga.
Lim Kim Hok (or Oei Kim Hok), Sourabaya.

Lim Sie Loen & Company, Petoedoengan, Samarang.
Lima Laras Estate, Medan.
Limbangan Industrie, Maatschappy, Batavia.
Limoesnongal Estate, Java (Preanger Regencies).
Lind, J. A., Handelsvereeniging, Medan and Palembang.
Lioe Hiap Tjhong, Koeta Radja, Sumatra.
Lodewijk, F. (*see* Ludwig, Friedrich).
Loobell, M., c/o Sourabaya Oliefabrick, Sourabaya.
Loilow Estate, Wori, Menado.
Londt, Miss C. B., Sourabaya.
Look, H., Hulkenbachstrasse 43, Medan.
Louvre, Handel Maatschappy (or Toko Louvre), Sourabaya and Macassar.
Ludwig, Friedrich (or F. Lodewijk), Heerenweg 6, Macassar.
Luppe, Th., & Company, Bandoeng.
Lüttringhaus, P.
Maas, L., Emmahaven, Padang, Sumatra.
Maatschappy tot Exploitatie van het Land Semplak, Batavia.
Maatschappy voor Industrieele Ondernemingen op Java.
Machine en Rijwielfabriek Tropical, Samarang.
Magazyn de Vlijt, Bandoeng, Java.
Mahanda Estate, Sumatra.
Mannesmannbuizen Maatschappy, Sourabaya.
Marbau Rubber Maatschappy, Medan & Palembang, Sumatra.
Marczak, I., & Company, Kota Radja, Acheen, North Sumatra.
Marihat Boris Estate, Sumatra.
Marihat Oelde Estate, Sumatra.
Marihat Sumatra Plantagen Cie., G. m. b. H., Siantar, East Coast of Sumatra.
Matheron, F., Kawatan, Sourabaya.
Mat jie, Hadji, Batavia.
Mayer, G. A. (*see* International Autogarage).
Medan Handel Maatschappij (Raden Soenarto), Medan. (No connection with Hedansche Handel Maatschappij v/h. Th. Konow Soeberg & Co., Medan.
McIlhuijsen, J., Sourabaya.
Meer, S. van der, Medan, Sumatra.
Meerwalt, J. H., Tobo, Tapanuli, Sumatra.
Menadosche Handelsvereeniging, Menado, and Macassar.
Mendels, J., Samarang.
Merckelbach & Company, Gang Petjenongan, Batavia.
Merkuur Handels Agentuur Kantoor, Medan.
Metsch, H. von, Padang.
Metz, A., Langsa, Sumatra.
Meulenbelt, H., Samarang.
Meyor, F. E., Samarang.
Meyer, L. F., & Zonen, Batavia.
Mijnbouw Maatachappy Aequator, Sumatra.
"Minerva" Mineraalwaterfabriek, Medan.
Moerkerken, L. van, c/o Sourabaya Oliefabriek, Sourabaya.
Mohrmann & Company, (Handels Vereeniging Voorheen J. Mohrmann), Macassar and Celebes.

Montage Bureau, Bandoeng.
Montaja, Cultuur Maatschappy, Batavia.
Muller, Rudolph, Bandoeng.
Naessens & Company, Sourabaya and Medan.
Nagara Estate, Java (Preanger Regencies).
Nam Huat Estates Suppliers, Datoestraat 13, Medan.
Nass, B., & Company, Kota Radja, Sumatra.
Nederlandsk Import en Export Company A/S Kopenhagen (Sourabaya Agency), (owner, Wolff Lenshoek), Sourabaya.
Neglasari, Plantagen Gesellschaft, Bandoeng.
"New Jersey" General American Trading Company, Batavia.
Nieuwenhuis, Christiaan, Padang.
Nio Giok Tie, Macassar.
Nio Kek Kie, Macassar.
Nio Tiong Hoat, Macassar.
Nio Tjoan Kiat, Macassar.
Nio Tjong Long (*alias* T. L. Nio), Macassar.
Nyverheid, Maatschappy voor Handel en, Prinsenstraat, Batavia.
Obermuller, Herman, Sourabaya.
Oei Djie Sien, Samarang.
Oei Kae Hong, Menado and/or Macassar.
Oei Kim Hok (*see* Lim Kim Hok).
Oey Teng Piew (*see* Oey Teng Tjhioe, Balikpapan).
Oey Teng Tjhioe, Balikpapan.
Oliefabriek, Sourabaya, Sourabaya.
Olze, W. (*alias* Olzen W.), Sourabaya.
Ong Piauw Yang, Batavia.
Ong Seng Kwie, Batavia.
Ong Soei Hong, Amoerang, Celebes.
Ong Tjeng Ao (or Ong Tjing Ae), Gorontalo.
Oost Indische Exploitatie en Handel Maatschappy, Macassar.
Oost Indische Producten Bank, N. V., Batavia.
Orenstein & Koppel, Sourabaya.
Otto, E. G., Samarang & Batavia.
Oxe Auerbach (H. Ch.) & Company, Sourabaya and Samarang.
Pabst, Eduard, Samarang.
Pang Kie Ngan, Batavia.
Pang Tiang Bouw, Medan.
Pangasaman, Java.
Papendrecht, Ch. Hoynck van, Gang Scott 1, Weltevreden.
Paré Paré, Handel Maatschappy, Macassar.
Petersen, H., Samarang.
Pfeiffer, Otto L., Gang Trivelli Noord 3, Weltevreden.
Pieterman, J. W., P.O. Box 1, Sourabaya.
Pigboom, T. H.W., P.O. Box W. H. 200, Sourabaya.
Pistorius, K., (*alias* Pistoreks), Juliana Boulevard 86, Sourabaya.
Plantagen Gesellschaft Boenisari, Batavia.
Plantagen Gesellschaft Neglasari, Bandoeng.
Plantagen Gesellschaft Tjiganitri, Batavia.
"Plomer" Oriental Tabak Industrie Company N/V., Weltevreden.
Plümacher, F., Tjiliwong Laan 10, Weltevreden, Batavia.
Polak, A., Sourabaya.
*Poeloe Radja Estate, Sumatra.
Priboean Cultuur Syndicaat, East Coast of Sumatra.
Prottel & Company, Sourabaya.
Puhle, O., Tandjong Poera, Sumatra.
Quittner, S., Pandang.
Rademacher, G., Sourabaya.
Raden Soenarto (*see* Medan Handel Maatschappij).
Raetsfeld, R., Sourabaya.
Reinenberg, T. W., Sourabaya, Gang Matjan Peneleh.
Remppis, F., Menado.
Rhee, Van, Macassa, Menado and Gorontalo.
Riebschlaeger, F. W., Sourabaya.
Riviere, J. la, Java.
Röhrig, F. C. A., Kampement 48, Sourabaya.
Rosenlehner, H., Sourabaya.
Rosenthal-Bonin, F., Buitenzorg & Batavia.
Rutgers, J. H. A., Telok Betong, Lampongsche District, Sumatra.
Sachs, Emil, Samarang.
Said Achmet bin Zein al Djoefri, Sourabaya.
Said Aloei bin Zein al Djoefri, Sourabaya.
St. Eloy Goud-en-Zilversmederij, Juweelen en Horologehendel (Manager, J. Strütt), Djokjakarta, Java.
Saleh, Hadjii Batavia.
"Sampit," Cultuur en Hendel Maatschappy, Bandjermasin.
Sampit Exploratie Maatschappy, Sourabaya.
Sandel, D., Medan and Palembang.
Sapardan, R., Batavia.
Saubert, Mme. Marie, Samarang.
Sayers, J. (Mrs.) (née Beekhuis), Sourabaya.
Schild, J., Padang, Sumatra.
Schlieper, Carl, & Company, Samarang.
Schlieper, Technische Centraal Bureau, Batavia, Sourabaya, Samarang, Bandoeng, Garoet, Medan and Macassar.
Schneider, F. A. (alias Snyders), Medan Sumatra.
Schoek, R. J., & Company, Noordwijk, Weltevreden.
Scholten, A., Padang.
Scholtz, E. A., Menado.
Schramm, W. R. R., Embong Kemiri 3, Sourabaya.
Schreij, J., Sibolga, Sumatra.
Schreuder, W., Sibolga, Sumatra.
Schooder, J. F. L. P., Garoet and Bandoeng.
Schröter, Dr. G.
Schultz, Ph. H. E., Medan.
Schumacher, F. A., Bandoeng, Java.
Schutt, Th. W., Samarang.
Schutter, H., Batavia.
Schwenkel, A., Balikpapan.
Scipio, A. A., Kampoeng Djaksa, Karang Bidara, Samarang.
Seeh Salim bin Said Baftim, Menado.
Seelig, C., Sourabaya.
Seelig, J. H., & Zoon, Samarang and Bandoeng.
Selam, A., Koepang.

*Not to be confused with the Belgian Company of the same name.

Semplak, Maatschappy Tot Exploitatie van Het Land Batavia.
Siemens & Halske, Allgemeine Gesellschaft, Sourabaya.
Siemens Schückert Werke, Sourabaya.
Sie Peng Bweo, Sourabaya.
Silan Doenia, Cultuur Maatschappy, Batavia.
Sion, John van (*see* Tansiong, John van).
Sirks, G. L., Borneo Straat 14, Sourabaya.
Sjech Oemar bin Joesoef Manggoesi, Batavia.
Sjech Roebaya bin Ambarek bin Talip, Sourabaya.
Smets, Mrs. A., Sourabaya.
Snyders (*see* F. A. Schneider).
Soei Ho Guan, Batavia.
Soei Kha Seng, Menado.
Soei Tiong Hie, Menado.
"Soekabiroes," Cultuur Maatschappy.
Soen Ho Seng, N. V., Batavia.
Soen Seng Hin, H/M., Batavia.
Soenda, Import Maatschappy, Samarang. (No connection with Technisch Bureau Soenda, Bandóeng.)
Soengei Bloetoe Estate, East Coast of Sumatra.
"Soengei Langka," Cultuur Maatschappy, Batavia.
"Soerabaia" Machinefabriek, Sourabaya.
Soesboom, Jan, Palmenlaan 45, Sourabaya.
Soetekouw, Lieutenant H. A., Batang Hari Estate, Djambi, Sumatra.
Soff, J. C., Langsa, Sumatra.
Sourabaya Oliefabriek, Sourabaya.
Spiegel, H., Winkel Maatschappij, Samarang.
Spier, F. C., Sourabaya.
Stavern, Van, Sourabaya.
Steenbergen, F. V., Batavia.
Steffens, H. F. (manager of Carl Schlieper & Company), Kramatlaan 36, Weltevreden, Batavia.
Stianny (*see* Stiassny, W.)
Stiassny (*alias* Stianny), W., Gorontalo.
Stibbe, Fr. (*see* Fr. Stubbe).
Still, Otto, Kali Besar, Batavia.
Straits Sumatra Estates Supplies Agency, Medan.
Straits Sumatra Trading Company, Medan.
Straits und Sunda Syndikat, Batavia.
Strütt, J. (*see* St. Eloy Goud-en-Zilversmederij, Juweelen en Horologehendel).
Stubbe, Fr. (*alias* Stibbe), Tandjoeng Balei, Sumatra.
Süd Borneo Minen Gesellschaft, A. G. (*see* Zuid Borneo Mijnmaatschappy).
Suhl, H., Pontianak, Borneo.
Sumatra Estates Supply Agency, The, Medan.
Sumatra Handels Maatschappij, Medan.
Swee Eng, Medan.
Tabak Maatschappy Krikilan, Djember.
Taenzer, E., & Company, Cheribon.
Tan Boen Pong (*alias* Koen Gean), Menado.
Tan, H. T. H., Macassar.
Tan Khay Tjing, Sourabaya.
Tan Kok Tae & Zonen, Menado, Celebes.
Tan Liong Tijoan, Batavia.
Tan Soen Tjiang, Macassar.
Tansiong, John van (*alias* John van Sion), Gorontalo.
Technisch Controle Bureau, Sourabaya.
Technische Bureau Behn Meyer & Company, Sourabaya.
Technische Bureau de Vlijt, Sourabaya.
Technische Central Bureau Schlieper, Batavia, Sourabaya, Samarang, Bandoeng, Garoet, Medan and Macassar.
Tek Ho (Lie Oen Seng, Merk), Pintoe Ketjil, Batavia.
Teh Gim Goan, Medan.
Teller, R., Sourabaya.
Thai Seng.
Thean Kim Ngean (*see* Kim Ngean).
Thee Distributie Maatschappy "Juliana," Batavia.
Thee—Plantagen Gesellschaft Tjiémas, Bandoeng.
Thesing, Leo, Sourabaya.
Thio Tjin Tong & Company, Menado.
Thoeng Tjeng Siang, Salier, Celebes.
Thoeng Tjeng Ting, Salier, Celebes.
Thoeng Tjeng Ting & Company, Salier, Celebes.
Thoeng Tjeng Yong, Salier, Salier, Celebes.
Ting Tijoan, Menado.
Tiong Hoa (Firma), Balikpapan.
Tjia Tjeng Kwie, Batavia.
Tjiemas, Thee-Plantagen Gesellschaft Bandoeng.
Tjiganitri, Plantagen Gesellschaft, Batavia.
Tji-Karang, Cultuur Maatschappy.
Tjikopo Noord Estate, Java.
Tjikopo-Zuid, Cultuur Maatschappy.
Tjimoelang Estate, Java.
Tjin The Tan, Menado.
Tjitembong Estate Java.
Tjo Toen Bwie, Sourabaya.
Toe Laer & Company (*see under* Holland Deli).
Tong Tjiang, Handel Maatschappy, Batavia.
Trebing, H., Medan.
Tropical, Machine en Rijwielfabriek. Samarang.
Union Sumatra Trading Compano, The Medan.
Valk, G. H., Macasar.
Verdouw, J. C., Macassar.
Verroen, J. L., Sourabaya.
Versteegh, Mrs. E., Toendjoengan 21 Sourabaya.
Viefhaus, E. F. W., Samarang.
Vlielander Hein & Company, Batavia.
Vlijt, Magazyn de, Bandoeng, Java.
Vlijt (De) Technische Bureau, Sourabaya.
Vries, J. R. de & Company, Maatschappy tot voortzetting der zaken v/h., Bandoeng Jawa.
Vrijberghe de Coningh, A. J., Sourabaya.
Vuyk, M. W., Embong Plosso 7, Sourabaya.
Wagner, Hans, Sourabaya.
Wangoeu Wattie, Cultuur Maatschappy.
Wani (*alias* Wannee), Wori, Menano.
Wannee (*see* Wani).
Warlich, Miss C. J., Bodjongscheweg, Samarang.

Weeren, H. van, Sourabaya.
Weissberg, D., Samarang.
Weiesberg, S. (Magazyn de Vlijt), Bandong, Java.
Werktuigkundig Bureau W. Jager Greelings), Koninginneweg 46, Sourabiya.
West Borneo Kautschulk Plantagen, Sambas, W. Borneo.
Westhoff, W. R., Nordwijk, Weltevreden, Batavia.
Wilde, A. de, Borneo Straat 3, Sourabaya.
Wildi, C., Pematang Siantar, Sumatra.
Winkelman, A., Padang.
Wirbatz, Otto, (or Wirbatz & Company), Sourabaya.
Witzenburg, Van, & Company, Macassar.
Wolf & Petschek, Sourabaya and Samarang.
Wolff's Machinefabriek, Sourabia.
Wolff's Stoomkoffiebranderij, Sourabaya.
Wouters, D., Stationsweg, Bandoeng, Java.
Yap King Sen, Macassar.
Yap Ngean Slong (*see* Jop Njan Slong).
Yap Swie Kim, Sourabaya.
Ydens, H., Silindoeng, Tapanuli, Sumatra.
Yen & Friends, Medan.
Zande, J. van der, Palmo Laan 37, Sourabaya.
Zeckenmayer, Dr. K (*or* Ch.), Samarang.
Zeimmermann, Victor, Batavia.
Zon, I. de Fabriek van Bouwmaterialen, Van Deventerlaan 56, Sourabaya.
Zuid Borneo Mijnmaatschappy (Süd Borneo Minen-Gesellschaft, A. G.), Goenoeng, Koepang, Martapoera, South East Borneo.
Zuid Borneo Steenkolen Maatschappij, N/V., Bandjermasin, S. E. Borneo.

PERSIA.

Abdur Rahman, Borasjun, Bushire.
Abramiantz & Company, Lalezar, Tehran.
Abu Taleb Shirazi (trading as Islamieh Company), Tehran.
Agha Muhammad Yusuf Khabbez Beglaroff (*see* under Beglaroff).
Baghar Ali Reza Parpari, Borasjun, Bushire.
Bane, Tehran.
Beglaroff, Agha Muhammad Yusuf Khabbez, Kazvin.
Bonati (Schwerin), Tehran.
Carnik Khan Dalguidjan, Tehran.
Eger Brothers, Meshed.
Farbwerke, vorm Meister, Lucius & Brunig, Ispahan.
Fars Company, Shiraz.
Hadwiger & Saenger (Maison de Commerce de Luxe), Teheran.
Haji Abbas Arab, Ispahan.
Haji Ahmedagha Teheranji, Tehran.
Haji Amin, Ispahan.
Haji Goulam Hussein, Sons of, Resht.
Haji Mihammed Ibrahim (Malik-ut-Tujjar), Ispahan.
Haji Mohamed Ibrahim, Tehran.
Haji Muhammad Reza, Ispahan.
Haji Muhammad Welinkani, Kerman.
Haji Saleh Arab, Successors of, *viz.*—Haji Amin, Haji Mohammed Reza and Zafar, Ispahan.
Hanemoglou, Resht.
Hekimian, Gober, Tehran.
Herold, M., Meshed.
Heskiel Nawi, Tehran.
Hoffman, Meshed.
Hosseinyeh Magasin, Tehran.
Hussein Dawoni, Borasjun, Bushire.
Islamieh Company (*see* Abu Taleb Shirazi).
Ismaloff, (Georges & Jean), Kazvin.
Kazeruni, Mirza Ali, Borasjun, Bushire.
Maison de Commerce de Luxe (*see* Hadwiger & Saenger).
Maison Hollandaise (Prins, C. F.), Tehran.
Malik-ut-Tujjar (Haji Muhammed Ibrahim), Ispahan.
Meister, Lucius & Brunig, (*see* Farbwerke).
Meshedi Goulam Ali, Resht.
Minassiantz, A., Tehran.
Muhammad Saleh, Resht.
Mustafa Husseini, Tehran.
Papadopoulo, Hariles, Resht.
Persische Teppiche A/G., Ispahan.
Prins, C. F. (Maison Hollandaise), Tehran.
Pugin.
Reza Hussein Ali Parpari, Borasjun, Bushire.
Roever, Wilhelm, Shiraz.
Shoket Company, Borasjun, Bushire.
Société du Tombac, Ispahan.
Tchallis, Demetri, Resht.
Tehallis, Leandros, Resht.
Tchallis, Sotiri, Resht.
Tombac, Société du, Ispahan.
Wassmuss.
Wonckhaus & Company, Bushire.
Yavash Ochli, Resht.
Zafar, Ispahan.

EUROPE.

DENMARK.

A. E. G. Dansk, Electricitets A/S (*see* Dansk Electricitets A/S).
Albeck, A., & Company, A/S., Osterbrogade 124 (formerly of Strand Boulevard 61), Copenhagen.
Allstgemeine Elektricitats Gesellschaft, Vestergade 23, Copenhagen.
Allgemeine Versicherungs Gesellschaft für See-, Flussund Landtransport Dresden, Ny Vestergade 15, Copenhagen.
*Andersen, Axel, & Carl Jensen, Istedgade 3, Copenhagen.
Andersen-Hvam, C. Julius (Nordisk Kolonial Company), Langelinieskuret 40, Frihavnen, Copenhagen.
Anglo-Russian Trading Company, Dron. Tværg 3, Copenhagen.
Anita Produce Company A/S., Sofievej 2, Copenhagen.

*Not to be confused with Andersen & Jensen of Classengade 7, Copenhagen.

Apothekernes Laboratorium Droge Kemikalieforretning A/S., Kronprinsensg. 1, Copenhagen.
Atlantisk Handelsselskab (Atlantic Trading Company), Vestre Boulevard 9, Copenhagen.
Bach, Jorgen, Carl Ploughs Vej 5, Copenhagen.
Bakteriologisk Kemisk Teknisk Laboratorium (H. M. Hallas), Lemchesvej 11, Hellerup, Copenhagen.
Baltisk Bouillontaerningfabrik, Henrik Steffensvej 8, Copenhagen.
Baltisk Union A/S Frederiksberggade 2, Copenhagen.
Beldring and Company, Vodroffsplads 2, and Vestre Boulevard 47 Copenhagen.
Benedy, John, & Company A/S, Frederiksbergg, 10, Copenhagen.
Berlau & Nielsen, Heimdahlsgade, Copenhagen.
Biehl, G., Tordenskjoldgade 22, Copenhagen.
Bohm, J. M., Stettin Spedition (Manager, Aage Larsen), Ny. Toldbodgade 37, Copenhagen.
Bonne, C. Rus, Linoleum Company, Limited, Kronprinsensgade 6, Copenhagen.
Bornholms Sild & Fiskekonservesfabrik A/S., Henrik Steffensvej 8, Copenhagen, and Nexo, Bornholm.
Brennabor-Werke, (Gebr. Reichstein), Tordenskjoldsg, 3, and Christian IX's Gade 3-5, Copenhagen.
Brix-Hansen & Company, Amaliegade 36, Copenhagen.
Carstensen, Ph., Frederiksholm Kanal 4, Copenhagen.
Centralbanegaardens Chocolade-Kiosk A/S., Kronprinsensg. 1, and Centralbanegaarden, Vesterbrog. 3, Copenhagen.
Christensen & Thogersen, Gronningen 1, Copenhagen.
Continental Caoutchouc & Guttapercha Company, Amaliegade 28, Copenhagen.
Continental Handels & Transit Aktieselskab, Vimmelskaftet 42, Copenhagen.
Copenhagen Coal and Coke Company (Kjobenhavns Kul and Koks Kompagni A/S), Islands Brygge 22, Copenhagen.
Copenhagen's Fiskepolse Fabrik, Jernbane Alle 13, Vanlose (formerly of Viktoriagade 3), Copenhagen.
Dansk Electricitets A/S., A.E.G., Christian IX's Gade 5, Copenhagen.
Dansk Handels & Industri A/S. (Directors, Jacob Anton Hansen, V. G. A. Walther, and K. Kiefer), Frederiksberggade 16, Copenhagen.
Dansk Russisk Handelsselskab, Skt. Marcus Sidealle 2, Copenhagen.
Danske Acticselskab Continentale, Amaliegade 28, Copenhagen.
Danske Fedtimport Kompagni, Vestergade 11, Copenhagen.
Danske Kaffekompagni A/S., Det, Kronprinsensg. 1, Copenhagen.
Danske Saltkompagni, Det (*see* Moller, Soren & Company).
Delbanco (trading as John Benedy & Company A/S), Frederiksbergg. 10, Copenhagen.
Dellheim, Sigmund, A/S., Amaliegade 6, Copenhagen.
Droge & Kemikalieforretning A/S., Apothekernes Laboratorium, Kronprinsensg. 1, Copenhagen.
Dueland, V., & Company, Nyhavn 11, Copenhagen.
Eisendrath, Societe Anonyme, (Managing Director W. J. Scheidt), Kronprinsensg. 1, Copenhagen.
Enna, Carl, Nytorv 13, Copenhagen.
Eschricht, Svend, Classensg. 40 and Skindergade 24, Copenhagen.
European Trading Company, A/S., Nordre Frihavnsgade 83, Copenhagen.
Export & Importforretningen (Trojel & Meyer), Vestkai, Frihavnen, Copenhagen.
Fersk Sild Export A/S., Jernbanegade 4, Copenhagen.
Frederiksberg Saebefabrik, Sindshvilevej 23, Copenhagen.
Gad, Th. Clausen, Havnegade 45; Vesterbrogade 12, and Frederiksberg Alle 19A, iii., Copenhagen.
Gammelstrands Fiskeimport A/S., Frederiksberggade 2, Copenhagen.
General Import and Export Company, Frederiksholm Kanal 4 (formerly of Mikkel Bryggersgade 18), & Skoubogade 1, Copenhagen.
Germansk Handels Kompagni, Longangsstr. 16, Copenhagen.
Goldstuck Hainze & Company, S. Annæpl, 16, Copenhagen.
Grauballe, Christian, Frederiksberggade 32, and Bredgade 45, Copenhagen.
Grimmelmann, Frederik, jr., Tagensvej 35, and Grabrodretorv 4, Copenhagen.
Hallas, H. M, (Bakteriologisk Kemisk Teknik Laboratorium). Lemchesvej 11, Hellerup, Copenhagen.
Hansen Jacob Anton (*see* Dansk Handels & Industri, A/S).
Hansen, Peter (*see* Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A/S.), Prinsesse Maries Allee 16, Copenhagen.
Hansen, Valdemar, & Company, Classensg. 40 and Skindergade 24, Copenhagen.
Harskind, Emil, Falkoneralle 61, Copenhagen (to be distinguished, from Emil Herskind, Vesterbrogade 106).
Haubroe, L., & Company A/S., Holbergsgade 8, Copenhagen.
Haug, Carl, Kjobmagergade 28, Copenhagen.
Hellerie, Max, & Company, Reverdilsgade 5, Copenhagen.
Henius, Emil, Vestervoldgade 31, Gronningen 15, Bernstorffsgade 21, (formerly of Christian IX.'s Gade), Copenhagen.
Hirschfeld, L., & Company, Store Kirkestraede 1, Copenhagen.
Holm, Ulrich C., Vimmelskaftet 42, Copenhagen.
Jacobsen, Jacob, Nyhavn 31, Copenhagen.
Jelstrup, H., Studiestraede 49, and Krystalgade 46, Copenhagen.

Jensen, Albert, Kalvebod Brygge 2, Copenhagen.
Jensen, Carl, Hejrevej 1, Copenhagen.
Jensen & Fode, Oberberg, Hovedgaard pr Frederiks sund.
Jensen & Hoeck, Amaliegade 36, Copenhagen.
Jeppesen, K.T., Princesse Maries Alle 17, formerly of Jernbanegade 4, and Vodrofsplads 13), Copenhagen.
Jorgensen, J. A., & Company, Romersgade 15, Copenhagen; and Sonderg 17/19, Odense.
Keil, Otto, Vesterbrogade 28, Copenhagen.
Kiefer, K. (*see* Dansk Handels & Industri, A/S).
Kjobenhavns Kul & Koks Kompagni A/S (Copenhagen Coal and Coke Company), Islands Brygge 22, Copenhagen.
Kohl, Louis von (*see* Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A-S.), Studiestraede 45, and Vesterfælledvej 58, Copenhagen.
Kongelige Militaer & Vajsenhus Apothek, Kjobmagergade, Copenhagen.
Korsor Mekaniske Fiskenetfabrik, A.-S., Frederikssundsvej 62 and Holsteinsg. 42, Copenhagen.
Kraeft, Walter, Norregade 7, Copenhagen.
Krebs, Carl, Kongens Nytorv 6, Copenhagen.
Kuhnert, Rasmus, Jorck Pass and Vimmelskaftet 42, Copenhagen.
Larsen, Aage (*see* J. M. Bohm Stettin Spedition).
Lassen's, Carl, Filial, International Speditionsforretning, Amaliegade 37, Copenhagen.
Levy Brodrene, Nyhavan 31, Copenhagen.
Levy, Herman, Naphtali (partner of Levy Brodrene,) Falaegade 4, Copenhagen.
Levy, James Julius (partner of Levy Brodrene), St. Kongensgade 21, Copenhagen.
Lichtenberg, Th., & Company, Borgergade 4, Copenhagen.
Linoleum, A./S., Kolding.
Lorenzen's, Christian N., Eftf., Gammel Kongevej 23, Copenhagen.
Lykkeberg, Peter Rudolf, Teglgaardstr, 5, Copenhagen.
Martini, A. E. O. (*see* Skandinavisk Polsefabrik).
Matthiesen, C., Vesterbrogade 35, and Strandvejen 90, Klampenborg, Copenhagen.
Militaer Apothek, Kjobmagergade, Copenhagen.
Moller, Soren & Company, Det Danske Saltkompagni, Teglaardsstraede 5, Copenhagen.
Moller & Seiersen, Kronprinsensg. 1, Copenhagen.
Moritz, Carl G., Vesterbrogade 20, and Frederiksberg Allé 19, Copenhagen.
Mortensen, Orla, Nykjobing, Falster.
Nielsen, Oskar, Skolebakken 11, Aarhus
Nordisk Kolonial Company A./S., Frihavnen, Copenhagen.
Nordisk Kommissions Kompagni, Radaustraede 11, Copenhagen.
Nordisk Vareimport, Griffenfeldtsgade 8, Copenhagen.
Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A/S. (partners, Louis von Kohl, Einer Rasmussen and Peter Hansen), Jaernbanegade and Prinsesse Maries Allee 16, Copenhagen.
Nordiske Hudekompagni, Det, Norregade 47, Odense.
Norstrand, Carl, Kongens Nytorv, 6 Copenhagen.
Osterbro's Patent Seiricco' Kaffebranderi Limited, Magstr. 6, Copenhagen.
Petersen, Jens, Skindergade 31, Copenhagen.
* Phonix Agentur (or Phonix Company), Vestervoldgade 11, Copenhagen.
Pingel, Heinrich, & Company, A./S., Tordenskjoldsgade 29, Copenhagen.
Produkt Import (Skandinavisk) Company, Skindergade 31, Copenhagen.
Rasmussen, Einar (*see* Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A./S.), Fredensborg.
Rassmussen, Alf, and Company, Martinsv. 9, and Vestre Boulevard 9, Copenhagen.
Regulaer A.S., Kronprinsensg, 1, Copenhagen.
Reiniger, Gebbert & Schall A.-S., Nybrogade 32, Copenhagen.
Revisions & Forvaltnings Institutet A./S., Frederiksberggade 13, Copenhagen.
Revisionsbanken i Kjobenhavn A./S., Frederiksberggade 13, Kongens Nytorv 8, Gammel Kongevej 122, Norrebrog, 155, and Amagerbrog 110, Copenhagen.
Rundholt, Rasmus, Tordenskjoldsgade 17, Copenhagen.
Sanatogen Company A./S., (Manager, Jocob Imanuel Wisloff), Frederiksberggade 2, Copenhagen.
Sand, Hilmar & Company, Nygade 3, Copenhagen.
Scandinavian British Syndicate, Islands Brygge 21, and Holmens Kanal 5, Copenhagen.
Schacke, Julius, Knabrostraede 1, Copenhagen.
Schaltz, K. A., Frederiksholm Kanal 4, Copenhagen.
Scharling, Emil, Norrebrog. 140, Copenhagen.
Scheidt, W. J., (*see* Société Anonyme Eisendrath).
Schimmelpfeng W., Auskunftei, Vestergade 13, Copenhagen.
Schlesinger, Ernst, Christian IX's Gade 10, Copenhagen.
Schonberg, Frederik Stampe, Sindshvilevej 23, Copenhagen.
Schonberg, Svend H. C O., Norrergo. 213 and Flensborggade 2, Copenhagen
Schuchardt & Schtnte's Filiai, Norregade 7, Copenhagen.
Seelk, Alfred, Strandv. 118, Vimmelskaftet 42, and Borsen, Copenhagen.
Siemens Schuckert, Dansk, A./S. ,Blegdamsvej 124, Copenhagen.
Skandinavisk-Automat A./S., Kronprinsensg. 1, Copenhagen.

* No connection with Phonix A/S., Godthaabsvej 88.

Skandinavisk Polsefabrik (Owner, A. E. O. Martini), Gothersgade 16, Copenhagen.
Skandinavisk Produkt Import Company, Skindergade 31, Copenhagen.
Société Anonyme Eisendrath (Managing Director W. J. Scheidt), Kronprinsensg. 1, Copenhagen.
Stern-Handfuss, S., Niels Juelsgade 11, Copenhagen.
Storm, Jorgen, Jernbanestations Plads, Hjorring.
Streit, Carl, Aalborg & Esbjerg.
Thomsen, P. B., Clemensborg, Aarhus.
Thygesen, Aage Johannes Hallfred, Snorresgade 6, Copenhagen.
Trojel & Meyer, Kronprinsensg. 1 & 3, Copenhagen.
Trojel, Hans (*see* Vesterbros Farve & Materialhandel).
Union Special Maskin Kompagni Kjobenhavn Limited, Kjobmagergade 28, Copenhagen.
Vajsenhus Apotheket, Kjobmagergade, Copenhagen.
Vesterbros Farve & Materialhandel (Hans Trojel), Vesterbrog. 73A, Copenhagen.
Voigt, Hans, Amaliegade 28, and Peder Skramsg. 19, Copenhagen.
Walther, V. G. A. (*see* Dansk Handels & Industri, A/S.)
Winkel & Wondt, Borsen 7, Copenhagen.
Wisloff, Jacob Imanuel (*see* Sanatogen Co. A/S.).

GREECE.

Achaia Wine Company (Société Vinicole Allemande), Gutland, Patras.
Angelides, John Pantazis, Volo.
Antovitch, Pierre, Chios.
Assael, Peppo, Allatini Han, Salonika.
Asseo, Jacob, Yildiz Han 11, Salonika.
Baumann & Beckmann, Pl. Dimokratirion, Athens.
Baumann, Hermann, Rue Osakaloff 31, Athens.
Beck, Karl, 13 Rue de l'Université, Athens.
Bensussan, N., Piræus.
Bloch, Eugene, Piræus.
Callimasiotis, Dimitrios, Piræus.
Canellopoulos, Canellos, Rue de Maison, Patras.
Cohen, Mordoh & Company, Kasmindji Han, Salonika.
Commerciale du Pirée, Société Anonyme (President, Joseph Vazyrantzikis), Piræus.
Conteas, Demetrios, } Calamata.
Conteas, Leonidas G., } Calamata.
Conteas, Panayiotis, } Calamata.
Damalas, Pavlos (Paul), Piræus.
Deffner & Edelmann, Athens.
Deffner, Professor (of Deffner & Edelmann, Athens).
Dimitrelias, John, Vathy, Samos.
Ehrlich, Max, Athens.
"Esperini." Rue Philhellénes, Athens.
Fabrique de Tabacs et Cigarettes Macedoniennes, Salonika.
Farkouh, Constantine, Salonika.
Farkouh, George, Salonika.
Farkouh, Hadzi Daoud, Salonika and Athens.
Fels & Company, Corfu.
Fenyves, Philip, Teldji Han 18, Salonika.
Galanis & Goldstein & Hadjiandreou, Samos.
Gattegno, Samuel Daniel, Missir Tcharchi 42, Salonika.
Ghiolman Brothers (Michalis & Panayetis Ghiolman), Constitution Square, Athens.
Ghiolman, Michalis (*see* Ghiolman Bros.).
Ghiolman, Panayetis (*see* Ghiolman Bros.).
Goldstein, Albert, Samos.
Gottlieb, Martin, Candia.
Gromann, George, Athens.
Halepian Arnenak M., Piræus.
Hampartchoumian, Aram, Athens (*see also* Hamparzum, Aram).
Hamparzum, Aram (Aram Hampartchoumian), Santa Roza Street 1B, Athens.
Harr, Gustave, St. Theodore Square, Athens.
Hasson & Recanati, Emniyet Han, Salonika.
Heidmann, Hans, Salonika.
Herzog, M. L. & Company, Salonika.
Hoffmann, Alfred, Piræus.
Hoffmann, S. & W., Salonika.
International Magnesit Werken, Gerekari, Eubœa.
Jenny, Fridolin (*see* Jenny & Vock).
Jenny & Vock (Fridolin Jenny; Emil Vock), Rua Franque, Salonika.
Kadi, A., Salonika.
Kiazim, Emin, Oriental Tobacco Trading Company, Salonika.
Kloebe, Friedrich (of Karl Kloebe & Company), Athens.
Kloebe, Karl (of Karl Kloebe & Company), Athens.
Kloebe, Karl, & Company, Athens.
Koenig, I. & N., & Company, Arsakion Arcade, University Street, Athens.
Kouremetis, Michael, Athens and Calymnos.
Kouremetis, Pandolis, Athens and Calymnos.
Kruger, Max., Canea, Crete.
Kruger, Richard G., Canea, Crete.
Levant, Le, Sociedad Anonima pour Commerce des Tabacs, Salonika.
Levante Tabak Handel (Le Levant), Salonika.
Lochner, Hermann, Patras.
Lochner, Max, Patras.
Lucas & Company, Patras.
Macedoniennes, Fabrique de Tabacs et Cigarettes, Salonika.
Maroulis, Alexander & Company, Salonika.
Mayer & Company, Salonika.
Mahmed Baldji Fréres, Aelion, Han, Salonika.
Michaelides & Milch, Panghlou Hotel, Athens; and Piræus.
Moretti, Louis, Zante.
Muller, Karl, Patras.

Oriental Tobacco Company, The, Salonika.
Ornstein, Dr. Otto, Chios.
Palaiologos, George, Patras.
Papatheodorou, Athanasios (*see* Alexandre Zacharion & Company).
Pfister & Assael (Rudolph Von Pfister & Peppo Assael), Allatini Han, Salonika.
Pfister, Rudolph Von (*see* Pfister & Assael).
Procopiou (Nikos), Patras.
Rossini, Alexander (*alias* Rosalini), Odos Vasilissa Olga 162A, Salonika; and Porto Lagos.
Savopoulos, Sfyris & Company, Rue Notara 67, Piræus.
Schachtel & Jacobson, Salonika.
Scheffel, Helmuth, Volo.
Schenker & Company, Salonika.
Schewend, August, Candia, Crete.
Scialom, Albert, & Company, Salonika.
Seefelder & Company (Hans & Michel), Salonika.
Senegalia, A., Patras.
"Skrip," Rue Philhellènes, Athens.
Société Anonyme Commerciale du Pirée (*see* Commerciale du Pirée, Soc. Anon.).
Société Vinicole Allemande (*see* Achaia Wine Company).
Spiedel & Company, Island of Thassos and Suja, Crete.
Stein's Oriental Stores Limited, Salonika.
Stoltenhof & Lucas, Patras.
Stuermer, Max, Candia, Crete.
Tiring, Victor, & Frères, Salonika.
Vazyrantzikis, Joseph (President of the Société Anonyme Commerciale du Pirée).
Vock, Emil (*see* Jenny & Vock).
Wein, Jacob, Canea.
Zacharion, Alexandre (*see* Alexandre Zacharion & Company).
Zacharion, Alexandre, & Company, (Alexandre Zacharion & Athanasios Papatheodorou), 54 Stadium Street, Athens.
Zacharion, John, Rethymo, Crete.
Zacharion, Peter, & Son, Rethymo, Crete.
Zahn, Henry, Calamata.
Zirini Brothers (John, Basil & George Zirini), Xanthi.

ICELAND AND FÄROE ISLANDS.

Andersen, H., & Son, Adalstraeti, 16, Reykjavik.
Anderson, Hans, Adalstraeti, 16, Reykjavik.
Braun, Rich. N., Reykjavik.
Brauns Verslun, Reykjavik.
Kristoferson, Magnus, Hverfisgota, Reykjavik.
Obenhaupt, A., Hverfisgota, Reykjavik.
Runolfsson, Olafur, Hverfisgota, Reykjavik.
Ryel, Baldwin, Akureyri, Iceland.
Siglefjord Olje & Guano Fabrik, Siglefjord, Iceland.
Thomsen, H. Th. A., Reykjavik, Iceland, and Thorshavn, Färoe Islands.

NETHERLANDS.

*Aalst, P. E. van (owner G. A. Bol), Haagsche Veer 4, Rotterdam.
Aalten, J. H. van, Bellevoysstr. 85 and Botersloot 29, Rotterdam.
Accumulatorenfabriek (Partners, E. Suijders and J. F. Frederichs), Keizersgracht 304, Amsterdam.
Adler & Oppenheimer, N. V., Prinsensgracht 379, Amsterdam.
"Aequator," Mijnbouw Maatschappy, Theresiastraat 109, The Hague.
Alboid-Britannia Metal Warenfabrik (*see* Kurz, C., & Company).
Algemeen (N. V.) Commissie Handels Bureau, Nieuwe Uitleg 6, The Hague.
Algemeene Handelsvereeniging (late De Ruyter & Company), Voorschoterlaan 145 and Linker Rottekade 145, Rotterdam.
Algemeene Import & Export Maatschappy (N.V. Import & Export Maatschappy), Korte Vyverberg 5/6, The Hague; Amsterdam; and Post Box 31, Borgen op Zoom.
Algemeene Nederlandsche Chemische Maatschappy, N.V., Kuiperstraat 48/50, Amsterdam.
Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Install. Bur., Keizersgracht 70, Amsterdam.
Allgemeine Radiogen, A.G., Keizersgracht 369-373, Amsterdam.
American Bicycle Company, Prinsengracht 657, Amsterdam.
American Importing Company (M. Kattenburg), Keizersgracht 197, Amsterdam.
Amsterdamsche Caoutchouc Compagnie, Leidschestr. 47, Amsterdam.
†Amsterdamche Export en Import Maatschappy, N.V., Keizersgracht 302-304, Amsterdam.
Anthraciet Handelsvereeniging, Boompjes 70, Rotterdam.
Arntzenius, A. M., Frans v. Miersitraat 133, Amsterdam.
Asbestos (Nederlandsche) Maatschappy, N.V., Willemskade 19, Rotterdam.
Ascher, Ernest, & Company, Rotterdam.
Asteroth, Friedr., Maaskade 132, Rotterdam.
Automobiel Maatschappy "Zuid Holland," Goudschesingel 6, Rotterdam.
Bäck, Ignacz, Fred. Hendrikplein 25 & Van Beverningstraat 250, The Hague.
Badische A. G. für Rheinschiffahrt und Zeetransport, Theo. Fugen, Maaskade W. Z. 164, Rotterdam.
Bakker, S. A., Ymuiden.
Bakker, S. A., & P. Dijksen, Vischstraat C. 4, Ijmuiden.
Bankinstelling, "Holland," N. V. (*see* "Holland" Bankinstelling).
Barmat, J., Keizersgracht 302-304 Amsterdam; and Wynstraat 72, Rotterdam.

*Not connected with P. E. van Aalst of G. J. van Peere & Company, Oostzeedijk 104, Rotterdam.
† No connection with "Amsterdam" Import en Export Maatschappy, Utrechtschestr. 34

Basalt Maatschappy, Geldersohestraat 12B, Rotterdam.
Bataafsche Industrie en Handed Maatschappy, Hobbemakade 29, Amsterdam.
Beit & Company, Prins Hendrikkade 66-67, Amsterdam.
Bella, M. de la, 2e Jan van der Heydenstraat 2, Amsterdam.
Berger, Henri (*see* Drukkerij N. V.).
Berger & Wirth, Squistraat 46, Amsterdam.
"Bergleute," Transport Kontor, Voorschoterlaan 84, Rotterdam.
Bergsma, Agentuur & Commissiehandel, Reguliersgracht 28, Amsterdam.
Beukers & Jurling (partners, A. J. Beukers and J. H. Jurling), Calandstraat 7A, Rotterdam.
Beuningen, D. G., van, Maliebaan 8, Utrecht.
Beverwijk N/V., Chemische Fabriek, Beverwijk.
Bieling & Company (v/h Bieling & Bruckhausen) Oliver, van Noordstraat 12, Rotterdam.
Binneveld & Schellen, Boompjes 40B, and Pickstraat 63B, Rotterdam.
"Bleekertje (Het)," Zeeppoederfabriek, (*see* J. H. Wigleven).
Blijdenstein, H. H., Sarphatistraat 4, and Post Box 263, Amsterdam; Rotterdam and Kanaaldijk 140, Apeldoorn.
Böcker, L., & Company, Postbus 78, and Boompjes 30A, Rotterdam.
Bödiker, Carl, & Company, Wijnhaven 3A, Rotterdam.
Boerckhardt, Mrs. F., Amstel 169, Amsterdam.
Boest Gips & van der Leyé, Rijnhaven Z. Z. 20, Rotterdam.
Bohmer, Karl, Keizersgracht 224, Amsterdam.
*Boissevain, Adolf, & Company (*see* Pierson & Company).
Bol, G. A. (*see* Aalst, P. E. van), Rotterdam.
Booy's, Bernard de, Scheepvaart & Handel Maatschappij, N/V., Boompjes 16, Rotterdam.
Borawski, O. W., Groenstraat 56, Roosendaal.
Borleffs & Company, Haagscheveer 16, Rotterdam.
Borner G. A. A., Nicolas Witsenkade 30, Amsterdam.
Bosnak, Herman, Frans van Mierisstraat 31, Amsterdam.
Bosnak, Michel, Nieuwe Heerengracht 151, Amsterdam.
Bouman, W. P., Groothoft, Dordrecht.
Brands, Th. E., Rokin 68, Amsterdam.
Brasch & Rothenstein, Heerengr. 320, Amsterdam; Boompjes 40A Rotterdam; and Flushing.
Bremer, P. H., Kerkstraat 307, Amsterdam.
Bruckman, Willem, Utrechtschestraat 30, and P. C. Hooftstraat 124, Amsterdam.
Buck, Geo., Junior, Rotterdam.
Buitenlandsche Handels Maatschappy, (Foreign Trading Company), Haagsche Veer 35, Rotterdam.
Bungo & Company, Vygendam 2-6, Amsterdam.
Bureau ter bevordering van Handel met Rusland, Keizersgracht 302-304, Amsterdam.
Caan & Heumann, Daendelstraat 13, The Hague.
Cahn, Rudolf O., Gabriel Metsustraat 24B, Amsterdam.
Catz Gebroeders, Coolsingel 51-53, and Nieuwehaven 141, Rotterdam; and Kloveniersburgwal 31, Amsterdam.
Ceuvell, J. L., Hoogte Kadijk 147, Amsterdam.
"Chinees, De," Thee Maatschappy, Ged. Binnenrotte 30, Rotterdam.
Chirurgische Instrumentenfabriek N. V., (Voorheen Loth & Stöpler), Trans 1, Utrecht.
Christiansen & Mahler's Scheepsuitrusting en Proviandeering, Gebroeders, Leuvehaven 139, Rotterdam.
Coal Trading Association (*see* Steenkolen Handelsvereeniging).
Cohen-Goldschmidt, B. (David Heymans Cohen), Villa Paradys, Oldenzaal.
Cohen van Straaten, I. Th., Frans van Mierisstr. 38, Amsterdam.
Cohn-Donnay & Company, K. Hoogstr. 1, Rotterdam.
Cohn, Gustav. (*see* Holland & America Import & Export Company).
Comptoir Financier Belge (partners L. Raskin and J. A. Moorer), Kettingstraat 10, The Hague.
Continental Caoutchouc & Gutta Percha Company, Prinsengracht 1077, Amsterdam.
Continental Handel, Nieuwstr. 28 and Korte Hoogstr. 37B, Rotterdam; and The Hague.
Daarnhouwer, & Company, Heerengracht 223, Amsterdam.
Dam, C. W. H. van, Rivierstraat (formerly Mathenesserlaan) 7, Rotterdam.
Daniels, G., & Company, Boschstraat, Zaltbommel.
Darnbacher, Martin, Ged. Glashaven 17B, Rotterdam.
Dekkers, Z. W. C. (partner of Erhardt & Dekkers).
Demelinne, M. J. Alph., Singel 10, Amsterdam.
Deutsche Dampffischerei Gesellschaft "Nordsee," Rijksvischhal, Ymuiden.
Deutsche Vereinigte Schuhmaschinenfabriek, Boschveldweg, S'Hertogenbosch.
Deventer Glas Maatschappy, voorheen J. Pouwels Coelingh (N.V.), Deventer.
Dietrich, O. A., Reguliersgr. 23, Amsterdam; and Apeldoorn.
Dijk, Jac P. M. van, Berkelsche Laan 16, Rotterdam.
Dinter, F. van, Heerengracht 259, Amsterdam.
Dirkzwager, Gysbert, Maassluis.
Dirkzwager's Scheepsagentuur, Hook of Holland; and Haven, Maassluis.
Docter Gebrs., Beverwijk Mills, Beverwijk.
Dralle, Edward (of "Lotus" Parfumerien Fabriek), Amsterdam.

* No connection with Gebr. Boissevain.

Dreibholz & Company, Gebrs., Kostverlorenvaart 44 and Kruislaan, Watergraafsmeer, Amsterdam; and Rotterdam.
Driel's (van) Stoomboot en Transport Oudeen, Maaskade O. Z. 114, Rotterdam.
Drost, Robert, Nieuwstr. 54, Terneuzen.
Drukkerij (N. V.) v/h Henri Berger, Stationsweg 15, Bois le Duc.
Duiker, J., Weteringschans 171, Amsterdam.
Duitsch-Hollandsche Sleepvereeniging, "Samenwerking," Nijverheidsstr. 50, Rotterdam.
Dumonceau Frères (*see* De Komeet N.V.).
Duncan Doring, E., & Company (now Weinberg, F., & Company, Korte Wijnstr. 24, Rotterdam.
Dusseldorp, W. J. & J. G. van, Lange Nieuw Straat 83, Schiedam.
Duwaer & Company, Stadhouderskade 19-20, Amsterdam; and Kneuterdijk 18-20, The Hague.
Duwaer & Naessens, Stadhouderskade 19-20, Amsterdam; and Kneuterdijk 18, The Hague.
Eberhardt & Company, s'Hertogenbosch.
Ehrenbaum, Paul, & Company, Damrak 80, Amsterdam.
Eiffe & Company, Reederijst. 5, Rotterdam.
Eil, Joseph, Maaskade 164, Rotterdam; and Schiedam.
Einhorn, S., Pl Muidergracht I, Amsterdam.
Elberfelder Handels & Export Company, Hoogeweg 22, Amsterdam.
Electrische Vleeschwaren Fabriek, Oranjenassau Straat, Hillegersberg, near Rotterdam.
Elster & Company, Nijverheidsstraat 3, Rotterdam.
Emden, M. Van, Hoofdstraat 1-5, Schiedam.
Engelbrecht, W., Heerengracht 125, Amsterdam.
Enthoven (Afdeeling), Nederlandsche Ijzerhandel Maatschappy tot Voorzetting der Zaken, The Hague.
Eidman & Hethey, Keizersgr. 369-373, Amsterdam.
Erhardt & Dekkers, O. Z. Leuvehaven 28, Rotterdam.
Eschauzier, K. W., Vondelstraat 10, and Stadhoulderskade 19, Amsterdam.
Evangelische Broedergemeente, Zeist & Haarlem.
Expedite-Kantoor, "Steenkolen" (*see* "Steenkolen" Expedite-Kantoor).
Ferner, Eugen, Stadhouderskade 156, Amsterdam.
Fischer, J., & Company, Badhuisweg 18. Scheveningen.
"Fisco," N/V. Conservenfabriek, Middenhavenstraat, Ijmuiden.
Flegenheimer, Jules, Ged Glashaven 17B, Rotterdam.
Fortuin Hzn., A. J. Keizersgracht 372, Amsterdam.
Frachtkontor, G. m. b. H., Zuidblaak 24, Rotterdam.
Frankfurter A. G. für Rhein und Main Schiffahrt, Rotterdam.
Fredericbs, J. F. (*see* Accumulatorenfabriek).
Freericks, A., 2de van de Boschstraat 10, The Hague.
Friedmann, Fischel, Tulpstraat 9, Amsterdam.
Fugen, Theo. (*see* Badische A. G. für Rheinschiffahrt und Zeetransport, Theo. Fugen).
Gaillet de Beukelaer, A. J. F., van der Does de Willeboissingel 46, s'Hertogenbosch.
Ganser, Dr. R. F., Herten, near Roermond.
Gautzsch's Gasgloeilicht Maatschappy, N. V., Keizersgracht 365-367, Amsterdam.
Gazan's A., Huiden en Goederen Mij., N/V., Amsterdam-Gouda, Lang Tiendeweg 61, Gouda; and Vondelstr. 26, Amsterdam.
Geerling, A., de Clercqstraat 92, Amsterdam.
Getreide Commission A. G., Coolsingel 89A, Rotterdam.
Geyerhahn, Fritz, Keizersgr. 174-6, Amsterdam.
Gimborn, H. van, Emmastr. 52, Arnhem; Zevenaar; and 's Heerenberg.
Gitsels, Anton, G. m. b. H., Ijmuiden.
Glas en Kristalhandel, Heinz, J., v/h., N. V., Nieuw Buinen.
Gloeikousjesfabriek, Zuid-Hollandsche, Schiedam.
Goldmuntz (Joe, Paul, Max, Romi, Leon and Michel), Amsterdam and Scheveningen.
Goldstück-Hainze & Company, Keizersgracht 108, Amsterdam; and Scheepmakershaven 27, Rotterdam.
Gonnermann & Company, Friesche Varkensmarkt 2-10, Haarlem.
Gooische Verffabriek v/h. van der Velden, Fockens & Company, Heerengracht A. 41, Muiden; and Watergraafsmeer, near Amsterdam.
Gottschalk, I. (*see* Nederlandsche Stoomlederfabriek N/V.).
Goudsmit, Leo, Heerengracht 109, Amsterdam.
Goudzwaard, A. W. M., & Kelff, J. M., Pelikaanstraat 25, Rotterdam.
Griendt, A M. van der (Wilhelm Siemens), Boschje 10-11, Rotterdam.
* Grisar, Carlito, The Hague.
Groen, A. S., Ijmuiden.
Groen, Th. de, Technisch Handels Bureau, Bezuidenhout 163, The Hague.
Groen, Wed. S. I., Bik en Arnoldkade C. 7, Pr. Hendrikstr. 2 & Visschershaven N. Z., Ijmuiden.
Groenendijk & Garschagen, Koningsplein 1, Amsterdam.
Grootkerk, S., Junior, Linnaeusstraat 45, Amsterdam.
Haersolte, H. van, Goudscherijweg 91A-95, Rotterdam.
Hagen & Company, Boompjes 84, Rotterdam.
Hagens, W., Valeriusstraat 247, Amsterdam.

* No connection with Robert Grisar or Grisar & Company, Antwerp and Rotterdam.

Hall, H. van der, Boompjes 89, 91, 102, 109, 118 and 122, Rotterdam.
Haller, C., Vondelstraat 152, Amsterdam.
"Halve Mann, de," N. V. Handelsvereeniging, Amsterdam.
Handelsveem N. V., Willemskade 20, Rotterdam.
Hanne, J. (*see* Nederlandsche Stoomlederfabriek N/V.).
Hanno, Heinrich, Nieuwland 4, Rotterdam.
Hartelust (Afdeeling), Nederlandsche Ijzerhandel Maatschappy tot Voorzetting der Zaken, Leeuwarden.
Heck, A. M. v.d., Oranje Nassau Straat, Hillegersberg, near Rotterdam.
Heidebrock, Hermann, & Company, Boompjes 40A, Rotterdam.
Heidebroek, Wilhelm, Prinsengracht 1077 and Ceintuurbaan 306, Amsterdam.
Heinrici's (Otto) Internationale Handelsvereeniging, N. V., Westzeedijk 48, Rotterdam.
Heinz, J., N.V., Glas en Kristalhandel v/h., Nieuw Buinen.
Hemsoth, Wilhelm, See & Schiffahrt, A/G, Westerstraat 8, Rotterdam.
Hendrix, Sickel & Company, Rokin, 6, Amsterdam.
Hertzfeld, L. H. van, Wijnhaven 30, Rotterdam.
Hibbeler, E. D., & Company, N.Z. Voorburgwal 130, Amsterdam.
Hille & Company (formerly Hille & Chida), Mercurius Building, Prinz Hendrikkade 20, Amsterdam.
Hille, Rudolf, Heerngracht 212, Amsterdam.
Hoeckel, P. van, Kruisbroedershof, S' Herotgenbosch.
Holland Amerikaansche Maatschappy "Rapid," Goudsche Wagenstraat 40A, Rotterdam.
*Holland & America Import & Export Company, (Gustav Cohn), Het Witte Huis, Rotterdam.
"Holland" Bankinstelling, N.V., Hofweg 11, The Hague.
Holland Deli Handel Maatschappij, N. V. (formerly Toe Laer & Company), Amsterdum.
Holland Gulf Stoomvaart Maatschappy, Veerkade 8, Rotterdam.
"Holland" Textiel Fabriek, Enschede.
Holland-Zweden Import & Export Maatschappy N. V., Wijnstr. 72, Rotterdam.
"Hollandia" Chemische Werken, Nieuwe Binnenweg, 420A, Rotterdam.
Hollandia Export Company, Postbus 497 and Keerweerlaan 21, Rotterdam.
‡Hollandsche Commercieele Bank (formerly trading as Hollandsche Handelsbank), Sarphatistraat 16, Amsterdam.
Hollandsche Crediet-en Effectenbank, Hooge Nieuwstraat 34, The Hague.
†Hollandsche Handelsbank (now trading as Hollandsche Commercieele Bank), Sarphatistraat 16, Amsterdam.
Hollandsche Verfstoffenfabriek, Vaals, near Maastricht.
Holtz, J. Z. R., Heerengracht 22, Amsterdam.
Hoog, H. de, Waaldijk 35-43, Rotterdam.
"Hoograven" Machinefabriek, Utrecht.
Hoorebeke, Andre Van, Zuidblaak 48, Rotterdam.
Hoyer, Karl (manager of Mannheimer Dampfschleppschiff fahrts Gesellschaft), Meeuwenstraat 22, Rotterdam.
Huber, M. G., Wijnhaven 98, Rotterdam.
Hufeld, Fritz, Wilhelminalaan, Hillegom.
Huistelefoon (Nederlandsche) Maatschappy, Frederiksplein 28, Amsterdam; Zuidblaak 38, Rotterdam; Westeringkade 2-4 and Juliana van Stolberglaan 82, The Hague.
Hupfelds Filiaal Amsterdam (*see* Duwaer & Naessens).
Import & Export Maatschappy, N. V., Amsterdam & The Hague (*see* Algemeen Import & Export (Maatschappy).
Import & Export (Nederlandsche) Handelsvereeniging, Stationsweg 51B, Rotterdam.
Import Kantoor, Amsterdam, Koningsplein 14, Amsterdam.
Ingenohl, C., Witte Huis, Wijnhavn 3, Rotterdam.
International Magnesiet Werken, Havenstraat 162, and Brielschelaan 87, Rotterdam.
International Overzeesche Handelsvereeniging, Keizersgr 318, Amsterdam.
International Talking Machine Company, Keizeisgracht 187, Amsterdam.
Internationale Import & Export Handels Gesellschaft, Oude Ebbingestraat 38, Groningen.
Internationale Koloniale Handelsbank, Nieuwe Doelenstraat 12-14, Amsterdam.
"Iris," Stoomzeefabriek (*see* Spoorenberg & Company).
Itallie, Mis. B. van, Hondecoeterstr. 56, Amsterdam.
Itschert & Company, Coolsingel 33, Rotterdam.
Jacobs, H., Scheepmakershaven 41, Rotterdam.
Jenhaeff, Carl (*see* Rheinische Lloyd Transport A/G.).
Jibben, D. H. (of Jibben & Van Reysen), Blauwburgwal 6 Amsterdam.
Jongh, I. B. de (*see* Wicke's, Dr. Gustav, Drukinktfabrieken).
Jordan, L., Maison Chic, Kalverstraat 117, Amsterdam.
Kan, Alfred Abraham, J. Lzn., Van Aemstelstraat 26, Amsterdam.
Karlsberg, B., & Company, Beursgebouw (Exchange Building), Damrak, (formerly of Rokin 65-69), Amsterdam.
Karlsruker Schiffahrts (Neue) Actien Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
Karschuy & Company, Amstel 169, The Hague.
Kattenburg, M. (*see* American Importing Company).

* No connection with Holland Amerika Import & Export Company, Zwarteweg, 20, The Hague.
‡ No connection with Commercieele Bank of the Hague.
† No connection with Hollandsche Handelsbank of Haarlem.

Katzenstein, D., Singel 155, Amsterdam.
Kaufmann's Huidenhandel, N.V., (formerly S. G. Kaufmann), Ruigeplaatweg 41, Rotterdam.
Kaumanns & Company, Buitenhof 5, The Hague.
Kehding, F., Handelsvereeniging (director, C. M. H. Siegmund), Heerengracht 442, Amsterdam.
Kehlenbrink, G., Junior, Thee and Koffie Import and Export Handel, Wijnstraat 117, Rotterdam.
Kempchen, Wilhelm, Snr., N/V., Stationsplein 3A, Rotterdam.
Kersken, H., Junior, Prins Henrikkade 181, Amsterdam.
Kessler, A., s'Gravendijkwal, Rotterdam.
Kestein, E. A., Boompjes 92, Rotterdam.
"Keulsche Vaart, de," Stoombootdienst, Koningslaan 74, Utrecht.
Klatzer & Company, Keizersgr. 205, Amsterdam.
Klein, Ernst, O. Z. Voorburgwal 198, Amsterdam.
Klembt's, Paul, Scheepsagentuur Maatschappy, Boompjes 16, Rotterdam. (Manager, Seger G. Klunk).
Klop, P. W. H., Raadhuisstraat 18, Amsterdam.
Klostermann, Bernard, Willemsparkweg 181, Amsterdam.
Klunk, Seger G., Boompjes 16, Rotterdam.
* Koch & Company, Transport Gesellschaft, Nieuwland 3, Rotterdam.
Koch, Wilhelm, & Company, Keizersgr. 316, Amsterdam.
Kocks, Herman, Kunstwolfabriek, Valkenburg.
Koekkoek, M. A., Nieuwendam, near Amsterdam.
Koenigsfeld, J. H., Willemskade 19, Rotterdam.
Koenneker, Wm., Prinsengracht 657, Amsterdam.
Koenneker's Kabel Bureau, Prinsengracht 657, Amsterdam.
Koffie-hag-Maatschappij, N/V., Torensteeg 3, Amsterdam.
Köhler, Joseph, Keizersgracht 231, Amsterdam.
Kol & Company, Heerengracht 130, and Papenburgsteeg 5, Amsterdam.
Komeet, N. V. De, v/h Dumonceau Frères, Kanaaldijk, St. Pieter, near Maastricht.
König, H. W., & Company, Boompjes 104, Rotterdam.
Koning, Carel A., & Company, Keizersgracht 209, Amsterdam.
Koppen & Frings (*see under* Nederlandsche Fabriek van Kunstmaalsteenen en Compleete Maalinrichtingen N/V.).
Krom & Company, Keizersgracht 405, Amsterdam.
Kroon (De) Stoomzeepfabriek, Houtmarkt 19/21, Haarlem.
Krupp, Fried, A. G., (*see* Kruppsche Spedition und Rhederei Comptoir Für).
Kruppsche Spedition und Rhederei Comptoir für (Fried Krupp A. G.), Leuvehaven 34B, Rotterdam.
Kruthoffer & Doll, Veerkade 8, Rotterdam.
Küntzel, W., Voorschoterlaan 143B, Rotterdam.
Kupsch & Abas, 2E Kostverlorenkade 23-24, Amsterdam.
Kurz, C., & Company, Alboid-Britannia Metal Warenfabrik, Tiel.
Lagerhaus (Mannheimer) Gesellschaft, Pr. Hendrikkade 160A, & Postbus 482, Rotterdam.
Laimböck, M., Kalverstraat 182, Amsterdam.
Lamm, Alois (*see* Lamm Brothers).
Lamm Brothers (Alois Lamm), Weteringschans 84, Amsterdam.
Landsvater, Carl, Prins Hendrikkade 114B, Rotterdam.
Landy, Ignaz, Fred. Hendriklaan 34, Scheveningen.
Lange, Martinus de, Van Ostadestr. 197, Amsterdam.
Lange's, A. W. de, Thee Handel N. V., Wijnstraat 113, Rotterdam.
Lassen, Carl, Zuidblaak 26, Rotterdam.
Lecomte, Jules, Bachmanstraat 5, the Hague (formerly of Zuidblaak 50, Rotterdam).
Leeuw, Simeon de, & Company, Kloveniersburgwal 72, Amsterdam.
Leeuw-Hoornstra, S. de, Van Breestraat 138, Amsterdam.
Leeuwen, Louis van, Grensstr. 3, Amsterdam.
Lehmann, D., Zuidblaak, 26, Rotterdam.
Lehner, E., Keizersgracht 8, Amsterdam.
Leiberich, Hermann, Stationsplein 19, Utrecht.
Lenders & Company, Wilhelminakade 38, Rotterdam.
Levy, Bernard, Witsenkade 14, Amsterdam.
Levy, Robert, Langestr. 40, Amersfoort.
Lichtenstein, M., Oostzeedyk 11, Rotterdam.
Lichtle, F. J., Sarphatipark 68, Amsterdam.
Liebert & Meyerhoff, Amsterdam.
Liesbout, A. Van, & Company, S'Hertogenbosch.
Lissauer, Jezaia, & Zonen, Gelderschekade 81, Amsterdam.
London, S. N., Damrak 28-30, Amsterdam.
Loo, J. van, & Company (cover for Roland Transport A/G.), Kromme Waal 22, Amsterdam; and Leuvehaven 22, Rotterdam.
Loock, H., & Company, O. Z. Maaskade 70, Rotterdam.
Loth & Stöpler (*see* Chirurgische Instrumentenfabriek N. V.).
"Lotus" Parfumerien Fabriek, Amsterdam.
Lucardie, Willem, Maastraat 8B, Rotterdam; Courtral and Leeuwarden.
"Lucullus" Cacao & Vischconservenfabriek, 2e Kostverlorenkade 23/25 and Post-box 131, Amsterdam.

* No connection with Koch & Company, Tobacco Merchants, Middensreiges 20A-B, Rotterdam.

Maatschappij voor in uit en Doorvoer-Handel N/V., Rokin 65-67, Amsterdam.
Machinefabriek en Scheepswerf N/V., van P. Smit, Jr., Rotterdam.
Mahler, Henry G., Leuvehaven 139, Rotterdam.
Maier, C. G., Actien Gesellschaft, Westerstr. 39, Rotterdam.
Mannheimer Dampfschleppschifffahrts Gesellschaft (Manager, Karl Hoyer), Prins Hendrikkade 160A, Rotterdam.
Mannheimer Lagerhaus Gesellschaft, Pr. Hendrikkade 160A, & Postbus 482, Rotterdam.
Markovits, E. M. (Hollandia Export Company), Keerweerlaan 21, Rotterdam.
Mayer & Company, Westerstraat 38b, Rotterdam.
Mayer, H., Seinpestduin 1, Scheveningen, and Hofweg 11, The Hague.
Meiger & Company, Stationsweg E99, Velseroord.
Mentz, H., Junior, Mentz, Heinrich, Senior, Mentz, Hermann, } Ceintuurbaan 346, Amsterdam.
Mertens & Company's Nederlandsche Mij. voor Handels, Cultuur & Mijnbouwzaken, N/V., N. Doelenstraat 12-14, Amsterdam.
Metaal Handelsvereeniging N/V., Spuistraat 245, Amsterdam.
"Metropol" Gasgloeilichtfabriek (Gloeikousjesfabrik), Parkstraat 15, Arnhem.
Metz, Heinrich, Groote Draaisteeg 4, Rotterdam.
Meyer, Moritz, Valeriusstraat 240, Amsterdam.
Meyer, Dr. Paul, Amsterdam.
Miele & Company, Kalverstraat 35-37, Amsterdam; Veenestraat 50, The Hague; and Hoogstr. 307, Rotterdam.
Miersemann, K. W., Nieuwe Spiegelstraat 72, Amsterdam.
Mijnarends, H. B. or J. B., Lomanstraat 59 (formerly of Keizersgr. 203), Amsterdam.
Mijnbouw Maatschappy "Acquator," Theresiastraat 109, The Hague.
Miranda (De) & Boekman, Beursgebouw (Exchange Building), Damrak, (formerly of Rokin 65/69), Amsterdam.
Mogendorff, S., Antoniesbreestr. 54 and Uilenburgstr. 135-137, Amsterdam.
Mohrmann, J., & Company, Handelsvereeniging Coorheen, Keizersgr. 228, Amsterdam.
Molenberg & Dekker, Stationsstr. 53, Zaandam.
Monnickendam, D., Zomerhofstraat 71b, Rotterdam.
"Monopol" Automobiel Import Maatschappy, Wynstraat 117, Rotterdam, & Breda.
"Monopol" Gasgloeilichtfabriek, Vyzelgracht 28, Amsterdam.
"Monopol" Thee-Onderneming, Ged. Binnenrotte 30, Rotterdam.
Moorer, J. A. (*see* Comptoir Financier Belge).
Mulder, J. G., Warnsveld.
Naessens & Company, Stadhouderskade 19-20, Amsterdam; and Kneuterdijk 18-20, The Hague.
Naessens, W., & Company, Stadhouderskade 19-20, Amsterdam; & Kneuterdijk 18, The Hague.
Nagtegaal, E., Haringvliet 47, Rotterdam.
"Natura" Nederlandsche Plantenboterfabriek, Van Ostadestr. 177 & Gronsstr. 5, Amsterdam.
"Nederland" Ozonwerken, Schiedam.
Nederlandsche Asbestos Maatschappy, N. V., Willemskade 19, Rotterdam.
Nederlandsche Fabriek van Kunstmaalsteenen en Complecte Maalinrichtingen, N./V., v/h., Koppen & Frings, Hengermerweg, Maastricht.
*Nederlandsche Handelsvereeniging, Noordblaak 77, Rotterdam.
Nederlandsche Huistelefoon Maatschappy, Frederiksplein 28, Amsterdam; Zuidblaak 38, Rotterdam; Weteringkade 2-4 and Juliana van Stolberg laan 82, The Hague.
Nederlandsche Ijzerhandel Maatschappy tot Voorzetting dar Zaken, Afdeeling Enthoven, The Hague.
Nederlandsche Ijzerhandel Maatschappy tot Voorzetting der Zaken, Afdeeling Hartelust, Leeuwarden.
Nederlandsche Import & Export Handelsvereeniging, Stationsweg 54B, Rotterdam.
Nederlandsche Maatschappy voor Handels, Cultuur & Mijnbouwzaken N/V. (*see* Mertens & Company).
Nederlandsche Maatschappy voor Overzee Commissiehandel, Weesperzijde 89, Amsterdam.
Nederlandsche Petroleum & Asphalt Maatschappij, Binnenhaven 2, Vlissingen; and Rotterdam.
Nederlandsche Stoomlederfabriek N/V. (or Soc. Anon. Fabr. á Vapeur Neerlandaise de Cuirs Gilze Reijen), (managers, J. Hanne and I. Gottschalk), Reijen.
Nederlandsche Verf. en Chemicalien-Fabriek, Kanaalweg I., Delft.
Neue Karlsruher Schiffahrts Actien Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
Neumann, M. B., & Company, Brouwersgr. 53, Amsterdam.
Nieuwe Berging Maatschappij, N/V., Haven, Maassluis.
Nievelt, van, & Company, Dordrecht.
Noack's (E.), Fabr. v. Fijne Vleeschw. en Conserven, Emmasingel 3, Groningen.
Nolson, Firma L. (Partners R. G. A. and L. Nolson), Westkolkstraat 30, Terneuzen.
Nonlon, L. (*see* Nolson, Firma L.)
Nolson, Raymond, G. A., (*see* Nolson, Firma L.)
Noord-Hollandsche Pulp-Jam & Conservenfabriek N.V., V/H. Gebr. Docter (or Dokter), of Velserweg, corner of Koningstr., Beverwijk.
Norden, J., Stationsweg 43, Rotterdam. (*See* also Zuid Hollandsche Blikdrukkerij Speelgoed & Emballage Fabriken).

*No connection with Nederlandsche Handelsvereeniging, Amsterdam.

"Nordsee," Deutsche Dampffischerei Gesellschaft Rijksvischhal, Ymuiden.
"Observator," N. V., Eendrachtstraat 174/6 and Westzeedijk 52, Rotterdam.
Okon, Jos., Firma, Oliver van Noordstraat 12 and Post Box 532, Rotterdam.
Olex Petroleum Import Maatschappy, N.V., Stationstr. 58, Zaandam.
Olie & Vetfabriek "De Schie" N/V., Westerkade 6, Schiedam.
Olifiers, L. / N. G., Keizersgracht 70, Amsterdam, and Wijck B., 262, Sloterdijk, near Amsterdam.
Onnes, P., & Zoon, Singel 250, Amsterdam; and Winjhaven 103, Rotterdam.
Oosterman & Lomans Zeepziederij de Kroon, Houtmarkt 19-21, Haarlem.
Oostbœk, de, Import & Export Handel, N. Z. Voorburgwal 130 and Koninginnerveg 185, Amsterdam.
Orenstein & Koppel, N. Z. Voorburgwal 227, Amsterdam, Ossedrijver, E., Leuvehaven 55, Rotterdam.
Ostwalt, E. M., & Company (manager, Ernest Ostwalt), Nieuwe Doelenstraat 12-14, Amsterdam.
Ostwalt, Ernest (*see* Ostwalt, E. M., & Campany).
Ouden, J. H. den, Watergraafsmeer and Frederiksplein 45, Amsterdam.
Overzee Commissiehandel, Nederlandsche Maatschappy voor, Woesperzijde 89, Amsterdam.
Ozonwerken "Nederland," Schiedam.
Perlstein, van, & Company, Singel 512, Amsterdam.
Perlstein (van) & Roper Bosch, Singel 532, Amsterdam.
Philips Gebroeders, Wolfstraat 15-17., Maastricht.
Pierson & Company (late Adolf Boissevain & Company), Heerengracht 237-239, Amsterdam.
Pintsch, Julius, Croeselaan, Utrecht.
Plagemann & Company, Maliestraat 9, formerly Kortenaerstr. 14), Rotterdam.
Polak, Simon S., Vossiusstraat 32, Amsterdam.
Pols Pz., H. van der, Clemensstraat 60A and Wolphartstr. 2A, Rotterdam.
Poorter, Joseph, de, Veerkade 8, Rotterdam.
Poortershaven Handelsrichtingen, Veerkade 8, Retterdam.
Post, van der Burg & Compay, Willemsplein 11, Rotterdam.
Pouwels Coelingh, J., (*see* Deventer Glas Maatschappy).
Praag Sigaar, S. van, Keizersgracht 137, Amsterdam.
Pribœan Cultuur Syndicaat, N. V., Keizersgr. 326, Amsterdam.
Prins, E. L., Nieuwehaven 116a, Rotterdam.
Prins, N., Ruyschstraat 35, Amsterdam; and Ijmuiden.
"Rapid Export" (F. W. Rummel), Goudsche Wagenstraat 40A, Rotterdam.
"Rapid," Holland Amerikaansche Maatschappy, Goudsche Wagenstraat 40A, Rotterdam.
Raskin, Louis (*see* Comptoir Financier Belge).
Reinbold, Ed., Mathenesserlaan 211, Rotterdam.
Reiniger, Gebbert & Schall A/G., Stationstr. 12, Utrecht.
Rennel Fréres, Badhuisweg, Scheveningen.
Reyers, H. J. J., De Wetstraat 6, Arnhem.
Rhein & See Schiffahrts Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
Rhein & See Speditions Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
Rheinische Lloyd Transport A/G., (manager, Carl Jenhaeff), Nassaukade 1, Rotterdam.
"Rhenus" Transport G. m. b. H., Nassaukade 1 and Nassauhavn 1, Rotterdam.
Richter, F. A., & Company, Stationsweg 24, Rotterdam.
Roemer, Van de, & Company, Hondiusstraat 10B, Rotterdam.
Rosse, Friederich, Junior, N. Spiegelster. 26, Amsterdam.
Roland Transport A. G., Leuvehaven 32, Rotterdam; and Kromme Waal 22, Amsterdam.
Rompu, Hubert van, Terneuzen.
Rompu, J. van, Dejongestraat, Terneuzen.
Roselius & Company, N. Spiegelster. 26 (Corner of Keizersgracht 592-94), Amsterdam.
Rotterdam Transport Company, Leuvehaven 90A Rotterdam.
Rotterdamsche Export Handel (Schnitzer Gebr.), Gelder schestraat 2, Rotterdam.
Rotterdamsche Stempelfabriek (*see* Sluis, B. L. van der).
Rotterdamsche Victualiënhandel, N/V., Boompjes 65-66, Rotterdam.
Rubens, B. I., and Company, Lairessestraat 59, Amsterdam.
Ruff, G., Leuvehaven 85, Rotterdam.
Rummel, F. W. ("Rapid Export") Goudsche Wagenstraat 40a, Rotterdam.
Ruoff, J. G. A. (*see* Schoffer & Company).
Ruyter (de) & Company, Linker Rottekade 145, Rotterdam.
Salmon, Gaston & Company, Plaats 20, The Hague.
"Samenwerking," Duitsch-Hollandsche Sleepvereeniging, Nijverheidsstr. 50, Rotterdam.
Sauter, Aug. F. M., Wolfstraat 32, Maastricht.
Schaaf & Company, Lange Oostzeedijk 11, Rotterdam.
Schaaf, E. J. G., Lange Oostzeedijk 11, Rotterdam.
Schenker & Company, Veerkade 4, Rotterdam.
"Schie, De," Olie & Vetfabriek, N. V., Westerkade 6, Schiedam.
Schimmelmann, K. A., Henegouwerlaan 26A, Rotterdam.
Schimmelpfeng, Institut W., Nieuwe Dœlenstraat, Amsterdam.
Schlosser, F.'s Gravendijkwal 100, Rotterdam.
Schmetz, Conrad, Maaskade 164, and Prins Hendrikstraat 1, Rotterdam.
Schmidt, Edmund, Keizersgracht 373, Amsterdam.

Schmitt, F., Vasteland 12, Rotterdam.
Schnitzer Gebroeders, Gelderschestraat 2, Rotterdam.
Schöffer & Company, (J. G. A. Ruoff), Zuidblaak 54, Rotterdam; and Raadhuisstr. 3, Amsterdam.
Schomburg, G., & Söhne, A. G., (Bureau Voor Nederland en Indie), Anna Paulownstraat, The Hague.
Schönhlicht, Alfred, Nieuwe Doelenstr. 12-14, Amsterdam.
Schrevel's Import en Exporthandel, N. V., Hk., Rechter Rottekade 81, Rotterdam.
Schroeder, B. (of Vogemann's Transport Company), Boompjes 39, Rotterdam.
Schroers, Stoomvaart Maatschappy, Prins Hendrikkade 82b, Rotterdam.
Schuhmaschinenfabriek, Deutsche Vereinigte, Boschveldweg, s'Hertogenbosch.
Schumacher, D., Dufaystraat 2, Amsterdam.
Schuyt, J. & A. van der, Maaskade O. Z. 29-30, Rotterdam.
Schwedersky's Nachf. Memel, A. H. Gravendijkwal 100, Rotterdam.
Seeder & Company, 2e Weteringdwarstraat 25, Amsterdam.
Seiler, F. A., Damrak 49, Amsterdam.
Seinfeld, B. H., Vondelstraat 26, Amsterdam.
Serena Metaal Gloeilampenfabriek, N. V. (Serena Lamp Manufacturing Company), Rembrandtstraat, Nijmegen.
"Sidol" Company, Badhuisweg 7, Amsterdam.
Siegmund, Cornelius M. H. (F. Kehding, Handelsvereeniging), Heerengracht 442, Amsterdam.
Siemens & Halske, Stationsweg 22, The Hague.
Siemens Schuckert Automobielen Werke, Van Hoornbeekstraat 75-81, The Hague.
Siemens Schuckert Werke, Huygenspark 38 & 39, The Hague.
Siemens, Wilhelm (Manager, A. M. Van der Griendt), Boschje 10-11, Rotterdam.
Silberberg, Victor, of van Oldenbarneveldstr, 80, Coolsingel 42, Goudschesingel 56 A-B, and Schoolstr. 266, Rotterdam.
Sinemus, J. F. V, Leidschestraat 20 and 22, and Honthorstraat 5, Amsterdam.
*"Sinigar" Thee Plantage Maatschappy, Binnenrotte 30 Rotterdam.
Slavenburg, J. L., Vijverhofstraat 86—92, Rotterdam.
Sluis, B. L. van der (Rotterdamsche Stempelfabriek), Visschersdijk 43, Rotterdam.
Smit, P. van, Jr., Nederlandsche Stoomsleepdienst v/h., Boompjes 119A Rotterdam.
Smit, P., Jr. N/V., Machinefabriek en Scheepswerf, Varkenoordschedijk 88, Rotterdam.
Snijders, E. (*see* Accumulatorenfabriek).
Société Anonyme Fabr a Vapeur Neerlandaise de Cuirs Gilze Reijen (*see under* Nederlandsche).
Spits (H.) & Zoon, Keizershofkade 14-16, Dordrecht.
Spoorenberg & Company Stoomzeepfabriek "Iris" v/h., Schiedam.
Staib, C. (partner in C. Steinweg), Willemskade 20, and Westersingel 105, Rotterdam.
"Steenkolen" Expedite-Kantoor en Steenkolen h/v., Westerkade 2, and Wilhelminakade 3, Rotterdam.
Steenkolen Groothandel, N/V., Oostsingel, Venlo.
Steenkolen Handelsvereeniging, (Coal Trading Association), Westerkade 2, Rotterdam; Rijnkade 1, Utrecht; and Prins Heinrichkade 86, Amsterdam.
Steen's, J. van, Rijnreederij, N. V., Maaskade W. Z. 116, Rotterdam.
Steiner & Bruchhaus, Voorburgwal O. Z. 97, Amsterdam.
Steinweg, C., Willemskade 20, Rotterdam.
Stern, Albert, Valeriusstraat 159, Amsterdam.
Stevelink, G. Bernard, Nieuwe Binnenweg 160 and 306, Rotterdam.
Stibbe, M., & Company, Keizersgracht 137, Amsterdam.
Stinnes, Hugo, Transport Maatschappij N/V., Boompjes 70, Rotterdam.
Stoessler, Eugen, Amsterdam.
Stolberg, Jr. (J. E.), & Company, Reguliersdwarsstr. 73, Amsterdam.
Stoomzeepfabriek de Kroon, Houtmarkt 19/21, Haarlem.
Straaten's, Van, Goederen-Handel N. V., Keizersgracht 263, Amsterdam.
Strassburger Rheinschiff, Gesellschaft, Rotterdam.
Straub, C., Saftlevenstraat 33, Rotterdam.
Swartberg, Leon, & Company, Vijverhofstraat 147A, Rotterdam.
Syndicaatvrije Kolenvereeniging, Heemraadssingel 337, Rotterdam.
Takken, G., Gildstraat 2, Utrecht.
Technisch Handels Bureau Th. de Groen, Bezuidenhout 103, The Hague.
Telkamp, Gerard, Weeresteinstr., Hillegom, near Lisse.
"Teutonia" Speditionskontor, G. m. b. H., Wijnhaven 94, Rotterdam.
Thee Handel, A. W. de Lange's, N. V., Wijnstraat 113, Rotterdam.
Thee Maatschappy "De Chinees," Ged. Binnenrotte 30, Rotterdam.
Thee Onderneming "Monopol," Ged., Binnenrotte 30, Rotterdam.
Thyssen & Company, Bezuidenhout 103, The Hague.
Thyssen, J. W. & Company, Venlo.
Transport Kontor "Bergleute," Voorschoterlaan 84, Rotterdam.
Velde, Jac van der & Company, Amstel 330, Amsterdam.
Ven, W. H. G. van der, & Company, Stationsweg 62, Rotterdam.
Vereenigde Brandstoffenhandel N. V., Zuidblaak 26B, Rotterdam.
Vereinigte Spediteur & Schiffer Rheinschiff, G. m. b. H. (F. A. Voigt & Company), Boompjes 14 and 16, Rotterdam.
Verstegen, J. H., Goudschesingel 26, Rotterdam.
Visser, E. E. & Zonen Handelsvereeniging, Kromboomsloot 57, Amsterdam.

*No connection with Cultuur Maatschappy Sinagar.

Vles, S. A. & Zonen, Metaal Maatschappy, Leuvehaven W. Z. 199 & Schiedamschedijk 125, Rotterdam.
Vogemann's Transport Company, Boompjes 39, Rotterdam.
Voigt, A. D., & Company, Heerengracht 317, Amsterdam.
Voigt, F. A., & Company, Boompjes 16, Rotterdam.
Vos, A. J., & Company, Badhuisstraat 115f, Scheveningen.
Voss & Langen, Pr. Hendrikkade 82a, Rotterdam.
"Vrachtvaart" Maatschappi, Prins Hendrikstraat 16, Rotterdam.
Vries, Gebroeders de, Heerengracht 545-549, Amsterdam.
Vries, J. & N. A. de, Stationsweg 43, Rotterdam.
Vries, S. I. de, Warmoesstr. 142-146, Beurstr. 65-67, Beursplein 13-17, Prinsengr. 128 and Utrechtschestr. 56, Amsterdam; Nieuwsteeg, Hoorn; and Enkhuisen.
Vulcaan Coal Company, Veerkade 6, Rotterdam.
Vulcaan (N. V.) Handels en Transport Maatschappy, Veerkade 6, Rotterdam.
Wallig Gebruder, Singel 260, Amsterdam.
"Walsum" Hendel and Transport Maatschappij (N/V., Korte Wijnstraat 6B, Rotterdam.
Wambersie & Son, Calandstraat 5, Rotterdam; and de Ruyterkade, Amsterdam.
Wanders-Ramaer, Aug., Hendrikstraat 1-3, Arnhem.
Weil Hermanos & Company, Soc. Anon. Exportacion de Cereales, Ged. Glashaven 17B, Rotterdam.
Weinberg, F., & Company (formerly E. Duncan Doring & Company), Kortewijnstr. 24, Rotterdam.
Weinberger, Max, & Company, N/V. (Electro Technische Magazijnen v/h., N/V.), Prinsengracht 375, Amsterdam.
Weismann, Charles, Haagscheveer 35A, Rotterdam.
Weiss, Elias, Prinsengracht 782 & 794, Amsterdam.
Weissenborn, Th, 2de Van den Boschstraat 10, The Hague.
Weller & ten Cate, Laurierstraat 12-14, Rotterdam.
Wentjes, F. W. R., Willemskade 20, and Westseedijk 118, Rotterdam.
Wessel, D., Boymanstraat and V. Hogendorpsplein 5, Rotterdam.
Wetering, D. van den, Oostkousdijk 8, Rotterdam.
Wicke's, Dr. Gustav, Drukinktfabrieken (Directeur I. B. de Jongh) Jan Hanzenstraat 133-141, Amsterdam.
Wiegman's Bank, Heerengr. 412, Amsterdam.
Wiener, H., & Company, Raadhuisstraat 3, Amsterdam; and Wijnhaven Z. Z. 94, Rotterdam.
Wigleven, J. H. (of Zeeppoederfabriek "Het Bleekertje"), Scheepmakershaven 29, Rotterdam.
Witte, Walter, Hoogstraat 341, Rotterdam.
Wolfouritz, Seinpotdsuin 25, Scheveningen
Wolf, Wilhelm, Boompjes, 65B, Rotterdam.
Wotan Transport & Handels Maatschappij N/V., Veerhaven 2, Rotterdam.
Wouden, G. van der, Keizersgracht 203, Amsterdam.
Wulff, E., Utrecht.
Würdemann & Company, L. (partners Ludwig, O. L. A., and O. W. L. A. Würdemann), Heerengracht 158, Jacob Obrechstraat 33, Amsterdam.
Ykel, D., Frederiksplein 12, Amsterdam (formerly of Hoogendijk 112, Zaandam).
Zee, P. & S. van der, Wijnstr. 114 & Hondiusstr. 2, Rotterdam.
Zeeppoederfabriek "Het Bleekertjo" (*see* J. H. Wigleven).
Zeister Machinefabriek, N.V., Zoist.
Ziekenoppasser, W., Amstel 196, Amsterdam.
Zietzschmann, M., Maastraat 17, Rotterdam.
Zuid Holland, Automobiel Maatschappy Goudschesingel 6, Rotterdam.
Zuid-Hollandsche Blikdrukkerij Speelgoed and Emballage Fabrieken, (J. Norden), Jacob Catsstraat 113B, Rotterdam.
Zuid-Hollandsche Gloeikousjesfabriek, Schiedam.

NORWAY.

Aalesund's Canning Company, Aalesund.
Aalesund's Packing Company, Aalesund.
Aalesund's Preserving Company, Aalesund.
Aaroe, Alb, Aalesund.
Aars, L. Anderson, Odinsgate 23, Christiania.
Aas, Rolf S., Skippergt. 19, Christiania.
Aigeltinger, Fritz, A/S., Toldbodgate 23, Christiania.
Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, Tolbodgt. 35; Christiania; Veiten 7, Bergen; Ostevaag., Stavanger; and Trondhjem.
Andersen's, Claus, Enke, Badehusg. 5 and 33, Stavanger.
Andresen, Christian, Raadhusgade 10, Christiania.
Andvik Stenhuggeri A/S., Ltd., Tordenskjoldsgate 6, Christiania.
Arnemann, Hans Th., Toldbodgade 8B, Christiania; and Tromso.
Aune, Tinus. Tromso.
Authén, Otto, Munkedamsvn. 9, Christiania.
Bentzon, Tobias Muller, Torvet 12, Bergen.
Bergen Packing Company, Osören per Bergen.
Bergen Sardine Export Company, A/S., Bergen.

Bergens Bliktrykkeri A/S., Post-box 134, and Damsgaard, Bergen.
Bergens Blikvalseverk, Simonsviken by Gravdal, Bergen.
Bergens Brislings Kompagni A/S., C. Suntsgt. 9 and 11, Bergen.
Bergensfjord Sardine Company, Bergen.
Berger, Carl F. Th., Carl Johansgt. 27, Christiania.
Bergmetal A/S., Odinsgate 23, Christiania.
Birkland, Karl, Haugesund.
Bjurnenak, R. H., & Martin Edvartsen, Vardo.
Bliktrykkeri, Bergens, A/S, Post-box 134, and Damsgaard, Bergen.
Blikvalseverk, Bergens, A/S., Simonsviken by Gravdal, Bergen.
Blom, Frithjof, Akersgt 59, Christiania.
Bohm, J. M., Christiania.
Bohne, Gustaf, Ovreg. 37, Bergen.
Bonnevie, Thomas, Akersgate 20 & Prof. Dahlsgt. 19, Christiania.
Braadland, John, & Company, N. Strandgt. 33-39, Stavanger.
Braadlands, O., Conservefabrik A/S., Hillevaag, near Stavanger.
Braastad & Company, Toldbodgt. 35, Christiania.
Brehmer & Company A/S. (Kurt Brehmer), Skagen 21 and P.B. 12, Stavanger; P.B. 61, Bergen and Inkognitogato 28, Christiania.
Bröchner, August, c/o Alfred Michels, Toldbodgaten 11, Christiania.
Broderson, J., Christiania.
Brun, Halfdan C., Nobelsgade 31, Christiania.
Brun, Joseph Jervel, Grand Hotel, Christiania.
Bryde, Johan (owner Gimle Oliemolle), Sandefjord.
Bye, Alf., Parkveien 21 & Kongensgt. 2, Christiania.
Christensen & Company, Bodo.
Christensen, Hjalmar, Rödfyldt, 24 & Sorlig, 49, Christiania.
Christiania Handelskompani, A/S., Gronland 4, Christiania.
Christiania Textilfabrik, Chr. Krohgsgt. 3, Christiania.
Christiansand Fiskegarnsfabrik (*see* Fiskegarnsfabrik).
Comet Sardine Company A/S., Stavanger.
Conradsen, Johs. A/S., Stavanger.
Dalen, Karl, Aalesund.
Dorum, O., Bratören, Trondhjem; and Ostersund.
Eagle Oil Company of New York, Limited, Toldbodgt. 4, Christiania.
Elektrisk Union A/S., Christiania.
Elektrohm A/S., Kristian IV.'s Gate, Christiania.
Enderle, G., Kongenfgt. 6, Christiania.
Engöens Sardine Company, A/S., Engöen.
Excelsior Limfabrik A/S., Jernbanetorvet 11, Christiania.
Exportkontoret A/S., Kirkegaden 17, Christiania.
Falkum Lys & Saepefabrik (Proprietor A. Johnsen), Skien.
Ferrolegeringar A/B., Roros.
Finmarkens Privatbank A/S., Hammerfest.
Fiskegarnsfabrik (Christiansand Fiskegarnsfabrik), Christian IV.'s grade 89 and 91, Christiansand.
Fjærtoff, Edv., Berlevaag, Finmarkens Amt.
Floer, Richard, Junior, Breivikatn, Hammerfest.
Floraes, Kristian K., Toldbodgaten 3, Christiania.
Floro Conservefabrik U.S.F., Floro.
Forsberg Sardine Factory A/S., Skippergate 6, Stavanger.
Fosdalens Bergverk A/S., Kjobmandsgt. 16, Trondhjem.
Fosna Canning Company, Christiansund N.
Frantzen, Chr., Raadhusgate 2, Christiania.
Fricke, Henry, Huk Aveny 12, Bygdo, Christiania.
Froisland, Anton (*see* Vaagan Preserving Company, A/S.), Kabelvaag and Bergen.
Frykholm, N. E., A/S., Kirkegt. 20, Christiania.
Galdert, Otto, Tordenskjoldsgt. 6 and Solligt. 3, Christiania.
Garborg, Inge & Company (C. H. Bernau's Eft.), Raadhusgt. 20, Christiania.
Gerhard & Uboe, Haugesund.
Gimle Oliemolle (Gimle Fabrikker), Sandefjord.
"Globus" Importhuset, Lille Graensegt. 2, Christiania.
Gluckstadt, Fr., Prinsensgt. 26B, and Nils Juelsgt. 6, Christiania.
Goldstück, Hainze & Company, Kongensgt. 2, Christiania.
Grimmelmann, F. (of Gummivarelagaret A/S.), Torvgate 10, Christiania.
Grondal, Roar, St. Strandgate 1, Christiania.
Grönseth, Johs., & Company A/S., Sköien, Christiania.
Gröset, Hans, N. Slotsg. 21, Christiania; and Aalesund.
Gummivarelagaret A/S., Torvgate 10, Christiania.
Guthormsen, C., Karl Johansgade 8II, Christiania.
Guthormsen, C. A/S., Karl Johansg. 8, Christiania.
Haak, L., & Company, Elveg 5, Christiania.
Hagelien, Alfred, Walkendorffsgt. 12, Bergen.
Halleland Canning Company, The, Lervig, Stavanger.
Hammer & Lindstad, Raadhusgaten 20, Christiania.
Hansen, A. C., Larvik.
Hanssen & Martin, Karl Johansgt 8, Christiania.
Hanan, T., Hammerfest.
Hanan's Materialhandel A/S., Hammerfest.
Haugan, Chr., Lysosundet, Söndre Trondhjems Amt.
"Haugar" Hermetikfabriken, Haugesund.
Haugesund Preserving Company, Haugesund.

Hausvik, Einar, & Company, Vaerfstgt. 2A, Bergen; and Stavanger.
Heilemann, A., Tromsogt. 12, Christiania.
Henie, Wilhelm, Prinsensgt. 13, Christiania.
Hermetikfabrikernes Inkjöpskontor, Aalesund.
Hillevaag Blikemballagefabrik, A/S., Hillevaag, near Stavanger.
Hinsch, Rudolf, Sandefjord and Bergen.
Hiorth, Olaf, Karl Johansgade, 27, Christiania.
Hjelte, C. J., Tordenskjoldsgate 11, Christiania.
Hjelte, Carl, Grand Hotel, Christiania.
Hofseth, Alf.; Kaarhavn, Hammerfest.
Hohnke, G., Niels Juels Gate 42, Christiania.
Holmens Company A/S., Sandnaes.
Hordaland Sardine Company A/S., Allégatan 25 (formerly of Torvalm 31), Bergen.
Hudtwalcker & Company, Toldbodgade 8B, Christiania.
Hurum Gruber, A/S., Christiania.
Husvaer Canning Company, Husvaer i Alstadhaug, Söndre Helgeland and Stavanger.
Hyggen Stenhuggeri Limited, Tordenskjoldsgt. 6, Christiania.
Ingolv, J., (Vestlandske Maskinagentur og Ingeniörforretning), Skandsegate 8, Stavanger.
Isebarn, Hans (of Troye & Isebarn), Bergen.
Iversen, Carl M., Strandgaton 87, Bergen.
Jaeger, Olav, Stavanger (formerly of Haugesund).
Jaeger Sardine Factories, A/S., Haugesund.
Jaeger, T. C., Sjogatan 10, Christiania.
Jakhelln, C., Lakkegatan 16, Christiania.
Jebens, Theod., Tromso.
Jensen, August, Fjordgt. 19, Trondhjem.
Jensen, Hans, Storgaten, Tromso.
Jensen, Hermann, Skippegt. 14[4]; K. Adelersgt. 3[4], Christiania.
Jensen, Holger, (Agent for Hugo Stinnes), Stortingsgaten 4, iii, Christiania.
Johannesen, Albert, Chr. Krohgsgt. *3, Christiania.
Johannesen, B. H., A/S., Kirkegade 8 and Storg. 2, Christiania.
Johnsen, A., Skein.
Johnsen, A., Meyer, & Johan Heldal, (*see* Saltlager A/S.).
Jorgensen, J. S., Kjobmandsgt. 28, Trondhjem.
Juul, Niels & Company, Kongensgt. 2, Christiania.
Kaffeekompagniet, (*see* Joh. Pettersen).
Kavli & Saebjornsen, Stenshavn, Haroen, Romsdals Amt.
Kirsten, A., Raadhusgate 2, Christiania.
Kleiberg, Berge T., Suldalsgt. 79, Stavanger.
Klohs, Heinrich, Bergen.
Kluge, Willy, (*see* Henry Simonsen).
Kock, W., Karl Johansgt. 14, Trondhjem.
Kofler, Felix, Hafslund, near Sarpsborg.
Korner, H., Skippergatan 15, Christiania.
Kristiania Saltlager A/S., Skippergaten 44, Christiania.
Krogh, G F. Von, Christiania and Sandefjord.
Krogh, Rasmus, Christiansund N.
Kvie, Karl, Langesgt. 8, Stavanger.
Larsen, Gerh. L., Skippergt. 20, Christiania.
Lassen, Carl, Raadhusgt. 5, (formerly of St. Strandg. 1), Christiania.
Lexow, E. B., A/S., Kirkgegade 32 and Gimleveien 17, Christiania.
Lie, Johan, A/S., Ostervaag 26, Stavanger.
Lix A/S., Sarpsborg.
Lofotens Hermetikfabrik A/S. (Lofoten Preserving Company's Efterfolger), Kabelvaag.
Lombard Banken A/S., Christiania.
Londoner Bazar Strandgt. 29, Bergen; & Torvgt. 17B, Christiania.
Lunde & Brögger, A/S., Nedre Slotsgate 10, Christiania.
Lunde, Ferdinand, Haegdehaugsveien 9, Christiania.
Lysösund Canning Company, Lysösundet Jössund Herred, Söndre Trondhjems Amt.
Maeland, Johs., Opheimsgt. 50, Stavanger.
Meyer's (Rolf) Maskinforretning, Toldbodg. 2, Drammen.
Meyer, Rolf, Gronland and Toldbodg 2, Drammen, and Christiania.
Michels, Alfred, Toldbodgaten 11, Christiania.
Midnatsol Preserving Company, Harstad.
Milberg, Daniel, Kongensgate 2, Christiania.
Moe, J. M., Haugesund.
Moller, E. D., Skippergatan 9, Christiania.
Möller, Nic., Egersund.
Mollestad & Fiskaa A/S., Aalesund.
Monssen, Anton Mikel, Fosswinckelsgt. 22, Bergen.
Montan A/S (Nordisk Selskab for Handel med Jern & Smelteprodukter) Raadhusgaten 30, Christiania.
Morgan & Dorum, } Trondhjem.
Morgan & Son, } Trondhjem.
Morgan, F., } Trondhjem.
Morgan, F., & Son, } Trondhjem.
Mortensen, Th., Skippergt. 20, (formerly of Prinsensgt. 2B), Christiania.
Motzfeldt & Sanner, Toldbodgt. 30, Christiania.
Müller, H. A., & Company, Karl Johansgt. 27, (formerly of Drammensveien 104c), Christiania.
Muller, Wilhelm, Klostret 8, Bergen.
Munchs, Cornelius, Efterfolger, Dronningensgt. 13, Christiania.
Mydland, L. A., Canning Company A/S., Rennesog. 20, Stavanger.
Neco A/S., Stavanger.
Neptune Canning Company, A/S., Haukeligt. 86, Stavanger; & Harstad.
Nerdrum, H. G., (Gummivarelagaret A/S.), Torvgate 10 and Nordstrand, Christiania.
Nilsen, Olaf, Trondhjem.
"Noitral," A/S., Stavanger.
Nordisk Gummi Magazin, Kirkegado 17, Christiania.

Nordisk Selskab for Handel med Jern & Smelteprodukter (*see* Montan A/S.).
Nordiske Grube Kompagni, A/S., Kjobmandsgt. 16, Trondhjem; and Melovar i Seujen.
Norenberg, Lorentz, Sophus Liesgt. 5, Christiania.
Noreng, Helge, Tomtegate 10, Christiania; and Frederikstad.
Norman Line, Bergen, &c.
"Norrig," Sardinfabriken, Lervig 33, Stavanger.
Norsk, Elektrokemisk A/S., Toldbodgt. 35, Christiania; Kragero and Dalfoss.
Norsk Forstoffabrik, Trondhjem.
Norsk Tarmindustri A/S., Baekkegt., Christiania.
Norske Salgskontor i Hamburg, det, A/S., Christiansund.
Norwegian Sardine Company, Kopervik.
Norwegisches Kontor, Zentral Einkaufsgesellschaft, A/S., Bygdo Allé 5, Christiania.
Obermann, W., Dronningensgt. 13, and Ormoen, Christiania.
Ogsfjordens Malmfelter A/S., Kjobmandsgt. 16, Trondhjem.
Olsen, Carl O., & Kleppe, Verksgt. 78, Stavanger.
Olsen, Edward, Brogt. 7, Christiania.
Olsen, Hans J., Skagen-Kaien 22, Stavanger.
Olsen, Oluf M., & Company, Haugesund.
Olsen, Wilhelm A/S., Strandgt. 95, Bergen.
Osvold, Alf, Zettitzgt. 1, Christiania.
Osvold & Company, Christiania
Otta Klaeberstensforretning A/S., Tordenskjoldsgt. 6, Christiania.
Ous, Klaus (of Jacobsen & Braastad), Toldbodg. 35, Christiania.
Paasche, Einar Ruth, St. Markevej 23, Bergen.
Parelius & Lossius Christiansund.
Pein & Hartmann, Kirkegt. 17, Christiania.
Polz, Conrad, Incognitogade 15B, Christiania.
Pettersen, Ant., Skippergd. 28, Christiania.
Pettersen, Joh. (Owner of Kaffeekompagniet), Frederikstad.
Phœnix Packing Company, Limited A/S., Starvhusg. 1, Bergen.
Pleym, Gottfried, Skippergt. 7, Christiania.
Polarstjernen A/S., Drammensveien 2, Christiania.
Prosch, Carl B. (Jacob Waal & Otto Authén), Ovre Slotsgaden, 7, and Ths. Heftyesgt. 1, Christiania.
Raagvaagen Preserving Company, Raakvaag, Sondre Trondhjems Amt.
Ravn Ragnvald, Engen 18, Bergen
Rieber & Company, A/S., Stavanger.
Rieber, G. C., & Company A/S., Vognmandsgt 14, Christiania; and C. Sundtgst 29 and 35, Bergen.
Riebers Filial A/S., O. Tryggvg. 6, and Fjordg. 46—48, Trondhjem.
Riegen, H. F. von, Prof. Dahlsgate, Christiansand.
Robertson, Charles, Hammerfest.
Robertson, G., Hammerfest.
Romso, I. & B., Mordre Strandgt. 77, Stavanger.
Roragen Bergverks A/S., Ernstgruben, near Roros, Sondre Trondhjems Amt; and Christiania.
Rubenstein, O., Strandgt. 29, Bergen; and Torvgt. 17B, Christiania.
Rusten, Erik A/S., Bergen.
Salgskontor i Hamburg, det Norske, A/S., Christiansund.
Saltlager, A/S. (A. Meyer Johnsen & Johan Heldal), Bergen.
Samuelsen's Speditions & Transport Forretning, Finnegrdsg. 6, & Jansongaarden, Bergen.
Sanatogen's Generalagentur (Director, J. I. Wisloff), Toldbodgt. 19, Christiania.
Sandaas, Olaf (Manager of Viking Canning Company, Limited, A/S., and "Hangar" Hermetikfabriken), Kopervik and Haugesund.
Sandaas & Sandaas, Kopervik.
Sardinfabriken "Norrig," Lervig 33, Stavanger.
Schimmelpfeng, W., Auskunftei, Prinsensgt. 12, Christiania.
Schioldborg, J., Dronningensgate 28, Christiania.
Schjölberg, Ragnar, Bodo.
Schlytter A/S., Skippergt. 19, Christiania.
Scholtz, P., Bergen.
Schreuder, Arnold (*see* Vaagan Preserving Company, A/S.), Bergen.
Seeland, Carl, Skippergaten 22, Christiania.
Sildekompagniet, Egersund.
Simonsen, Henry (owner Willy Kluge), Jernbanegt. 19, Christiania.
Skandinavisk Kabel & Gummifabriker, Kr. Augustsg. 10, Christiania.
Skudesnaes Sildekompani A/S., Skudesnaes, Stavanger Amt.
Skullerud, Carl (of Jacobsen & Braastad), O. Voldgt. 12, Christiania.
Smith, Jorgen, Arendal.
Solsberg, C. A., (of Gummivarelagaret A/S.), Torvgate 10, Christiania.
Soknes, Ferd, (or Fred.), & Company, Christiania.
Spandow, Otto, Stavanger.
Speisser, Emil, Frederikstad.
Sporck & Company, A/S., Kongensg. 14, and Oen, Trondhjem.
Staudenmann, Karl, Nordregt. 20, and P. O. Box 147, Trondhjem; and Kragero.
Stavanger Conserves Fabrik, Lervig 45, Stavanger.
Stavanger Sardine Company A/S., Stavanger.
Staw, Iv., & Company, Sondregate 3, Trondhjem.
Steffensen, Chr. J., Aalesund.
Stensrud, Einar, Skien.
Stinnes, Hugo, A/S., Stortingsgaten 4, iii, Christiania.
Sumstad, M., A/S., Stortingsgt. 4, Christiania.
Tangevald, L. A., A/S., Toldbodgade 8B, Christiania.

Therkelsen, A. H., Storthingsgt. 4, Christiania.
Thiis, C. Houge, Jorenholmsgt. 25 and Kongstgt. 52, Stavanger.
Thomsen, H. B., Storgt. 13, Christiania.
Thorvaldsen, Hjalmar, & Company, Kirkegaten 6B, Christiania.
Topp, Fritz, Trondhjem.
Troye & Isebarn, Bergen.
Troye Axel Peter, N. Fosswg. 16, Bergen.
Troye, Chr. A/S., Vinnœsgrd. 2, Bergen.
Troye, John, Rudolf (of Troye & Isebarn), Bergen.
Troye, William, A/S., Strandgate 70, Bergen.
Türkheimer, Max, Bygdo Alle 59 & vre Slotsgt. 7, Christiania.
Unger, Carl, & Gunnar Mellbye, Nedre Slotsgade 15, Christiania.
United Sardine Factories, Bergen; Jelseg 45, and Lervik, Stavanger.
Usines Electrochimiques de Hafslund, Sarpsborg.
Vaagan Preserving Company, A/S., Kabelvaag, Lefeten, Nordlands Amt.
Vendelboe, John & Carl, Prof. Dahlgatan 3, Christiania.
Vestlandske Maskinagentur og Ingeniörforretning (J. Ingolv), Skandsegate 8, Stavanger.
Victoria zu Berlin, Skippergaten 22, Christiania.
Victoria Tobaksfabriken Limited, Solheimsviken & Bergen.
Viking Canning Company, Limited, A/S., Kopervik, near Bergen.
Viking Sardine Factory, The Banevigen 51, Stavanger, Volstad, J., Vardo.
Waage, Thorbjörn, O. Holmegt. 22 and St. Svithinsgt, 24, Stavanger.
Waal, Jacob, Neubergg.t. 2, Christiania.
Wesenberg, Harald, Svensgaarden and Sandviken 49 and 52, Bergen.
West Coast Conserves Company, Bergen.
West Norway Canning Company, St. Skippergt. 4, Stavanger.
Wiencke, A., Bygdo Allé 9, and Behrensgate 7, Christiania.
Wiencke, Hermann, Tordenskjoldsgade 2, & Behrensgate 7, Christiania.
Willer & Company, Storthingsgt. 4, Christiania.
Wisloff, J. I., (Director of Sanatogen's Generalagentur), Toldbodgt. 19, Christiania.
Witnes, Brödrene, Sarpsborg.
Witnes, Ingwald, Sarpsborg.
Witnes, N. K., Sarpsborg.
Witzöe, Endre, Christiansund.
Zentral Einkaufsgesellschaft Norwegisches Kontor, A/S., Bygdo Allé 5, Christiania.
Zinner, Alfred, Tromsogst 12 & Karl Johansgt. 8, Christiania.

PORTUGAL.

Adler, Viuva de Hermann, Rua dos Fanqueiros 84, Lisbon.
Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft, (Thomson Houston Iberica), Rua Candido dos Reis 109, Rua das Carmelitas 109, Oporto; Galeria de Paris 11, and Largo do Corpo Santo 13, Lisbon.
Artino, Joaquim da Assumpçao Santos, Travessa Oliveira à Estrella, 19, 4° Lisbon.
Bachofen, H. & A. Lehrfeld, Rua Nova do S. Domingos 22, Lisbon.
Baptista, Jacintho Ferreira (*see* Reys, Fernandes & Baptista).
Breymann, A von, Madeira.
Burmester, J. W., & Company, Rua de Bellomonte 39, Oporto
Camacho, Luiz Edwardo, & Company, Travessa do Suido 26, Funchal, Madeira.
Cobo, Ramon, Rua do Commercio 28, Lisbon.
Companhia Aleman de Depositos de Carbon Limitada (Deutsches Kohlen Depôt), Madeira.
Daehnhardt & Company, Rua da Magdalena 75, Lisbon.
Deutsches Kohlen Depôt (Compania Alemana de Deposites de Carbon Ltda.), Madeira.
Duetting & Gaa, Madeira.
Fernandes, Bernardo Eugenlo Vieira (*see* Reys, Fernandes & Baptista).
Fernandes, Manuel Luiz, & Commandita, Praça do Commercio 7, Lisbon.
Furbringer & Company, Rua de Passos Manoel 189, Oporto.
George, Ernst, Successors, Rua da Prata 8, Lisbon.
Gesche, E., Madeira.
Herold, O., & Company, Rua da Nova Alfandega 22, Oporto; and Rua da Prata 14, Lisbon.
Hoffmann, Viuva de Oswald, Calçade do Correio Velho 3, Lisbon.
Issel, Fr., Rua dos Retrozeiros 60, Lisbon.
Kamp, Thumann, & Company, Rua Elias Garcia 38, Oporto.
Kendall, Vasconcellos & Passos Limitada, Galleria de Paris 11, Oporto.
Kramer, W. O., Rua das Flores 31, Oporto.
Kretzschmar, R., Funchal, Madeira.
Leuschner, Bernhard, Rua Infante D. Henrique 63, Oporto.
Lynecke, Traugott, Rua da Conceiçao 85, Lisbon.
Mendes, A., Rua 24 de Julho, Lisbon.
Mendes, José, Rua das Flores 139, Oporto.
Negalha, J. M., Sines, Estremadura.
Perez, José, Rua do Alecrim 73, Lisbon.
Perlstein, Van, & Company, Rua da Conceiçao 70, Lisbon.
Prats, José, Sines, Estremadura.
Puls, Guilherme & Company, Rua da Nova Alfandega 108, Oporto.
Reys, Antonio Leonardo da Silva (*see* Reys, Fernandes & Baptista).
Reys, Fernandes & Baptista (Antonio Leonardo da Silva Reys; Bernardo Eugenio Vieira Fernandes; Jacintho Ferreira Baptista), Calçada do Correio Velho 3, á Sé, Lisbon.

Schimmelpfeng and Company, Rua de Santa Justa Lisbon; & Rua das Carmelitas 100, Oporto.
Schmidt, A., Funchal, Madeira.
Servico Costeiro á Vapor, Lisbon.
Sociedade Insulana De Transportes Maritimos Ltda. Travessa da Ribeira Nova 26 Lisbon; & Funchal, Madeira.
Streit, Otto Von, Funchal, Madeira.
Stüve, W., & Company, Rua Infante D. Henrique 75, Oporto.
Taylor, Filippe, Rua Vieira da Silva 19, Lisbon.
Thomson Houston Iberica (*see* Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft).
Waltz, F., Funchal, Madeira.
Weinstein, Martin, & Company, Rua do Commercio 49, Lisbon.
Wimmer, Hans (*see* J. Wimmer & Company).
Wimmer, J., & Company (Jahannes, Hans & Max Wimmer), Rua da Magdalena 45, Lisbon.
Wimmer, Johannes (*see* J. Wimmer & Company).
Wimmer, Luise S., Rua da Magdalena 45, Lisbon.
Wimmer, Max (*see* J. Wimmer & Company).
Ziems, Otto, Rua do Commercio 99, Lisbon.

SPAIN.

Abad Abalo, Pedro, Villagarcia.
Abalo, Podro Abad (*see* Abad Abalo, Pedro).
Abasalo, José Eusebio, Bilbao.
Abramson, Maximo, Calle Conde Montornes 20, and Plaza Poeta Llorente 2, Valencia.
Agencia Internacional de Publicidad, Plaza Ensanche 5, Bilbao.
Agencia Maritima Hering, Dormitorio San Francisco 7, Barcelona.
Agudo, Domingo, Pamplona.
Aguiniga Montemayor, Isidoro, Calle Sepulveda 186, Barcelona.
Ahlers, Jacob, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Ahles, Sucesor de Alberto & Company (*see* Felix Schlayer).
Alcoholes, Compania de, Bilbao.
Alicante Importador S/A., Calle Francos Rodriguez, Alicante.
Aller, Carlos (*see* Aller y Eyl).
Aller y Eyl, Calle Ciscar 6, Valencia.
Allgemeine Electricitäts-Gesellschaft (Thomson-Houston Iberica), Ronda de la Universidad 22, and Aragón 285, Barcelona; & Nicolas Maria Rivero 8, Madrid.
Allgemeine Erzgesellschaft, Seville.
Almendro, Juan Martinez (*see* Martinez Almendro, Juan).
Almerich Sellarés, Luis, Santa Teresa 9 and Calle Lauria 55, 3°, Barcelona.
Alonso (*see* Gonzalez Alonso, Julio).
Alvarez, Alfredo Lopez (*see* Lopez Alvarez, Alfredo).
Amann, Santiago, Bilbao and Deusto.
Amann & Gana, Calle Ayala 1, Bilbao.
Amann & Wendel, Rambla de Cataluna 20, Barcelona.
Amilibia, Victor, Calle Mayor, Zarauz, Guipuzcoa.
Amilvia, Alfredo Garcia (*see* Garcia Amilivia, Alfredo).
Aurme, Giesecke & Konegen A/G., Canizaris 18, Madrid.
Andres, Arturo, Ronda de la Universidad 17, Barcelona; and Madrid.
Antones, Roman Lalaux (*see* Lalaux Antones, Roman).
Aparatos Electricos, Sociedad Espanola de, Pasages, Guipuzcoa.
Arias, José Jesus Corunna.
Armbruster, Eugenio, Calle Juan De Mena 12, Madrid.
Arnosa (*see* Gallegos y Arnosa).
Arrabal, Gabriel, Calle Alcazabilla 20, Malaga.
Arroya, José, Atocha 4, Malaga.
Arteche, Emilio de, Ronda 6, Bilbao.
Asbert, Francisco (of Asbert, Janot & Co.) Folgarolas 52, Barcelona.
Asbert, Janot & Company, Calle Diputacion 299, Barcelona.
Asin Palacios, Luis, Calle de Preciados, Madrid.
Augener, Enrique, Las Palmas.
Auto Palace, Calle Fernando el Santo 24, Madrid.
Avendaño, Luciano, Plaza Mercado Ensanche 9, and P. O. Box 134, Bilbao.
Azcarate, Cecilio, Lodosa.
Azucarera del Ebro (owner Leopold Lewin), Zaragoza & Luceni.
Badina, Lorenzo, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Baehr, Eugenius, Algeciras.
Bahlsen, Carlos, Almdravillas, Almeria.
Baixas, Viuda de Joaquin, Rambla Santa Monica 6, Barcelona.
Bakker, Ubbo Emmius (Banco Alameda), Calle Victoria 4, 1°, and Calle Velasquez Moreno 20, Vigo.
Baldes, Otto, Calle, Maderuelas, Antequera, Malaga.
Ballestero, Eugenio, Barquillo 26, Madrid.
Banco Alameda (*see* Bakker, Ubbo Emmius).
Banco Alemán Transatlántico, Barcelona and Madrid.
Banco de Castilla, Madrid.
Banco Hispano Austro-Hungaro, Avenida del Conde de Penalver 24, and Calle de Caballaro de Gracia 23, Madrid.
Baquera, Kusche & Martin, Malaga & Seville.
Baquera Segalerva, Vicente, Calle de las Pisas 2, and Paseo del Salon 11, Granada.
Barcena, Fernando, L. Puigcerver 14, Vigo.
Barcena y Franco, Hijos de M. (in liquidation), Calle Real 14, Vigo.
Barrau (*see* Teixidó Barrau, Juan).
Barrera, Juan de Dios, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.

Barros, Manuel Minones (*see* Minones Barros, Manuel).
Bascos Almundevar, Manuel, Huesca.
Bau, Antonio, Barcelona.
Banditz, Adolfo de (partner, Bernhardt F. Schamann), Fernandez de los Rios 10 and 13, Madrid.
Baunach, Glassner & Company, Santa Madalena, San Feliu de Guixols.
Bayer, Federico, and Company, Calle Ausias March 14-18 and Calle Bruch 18, Barcelona.
Beardro (*see* Sahagun y Beardro).
Behn, Enrique, Calle Pascual y Gens 2, and Calle Colón 90, Valencia.
Behrendt, Jorge, Plaza de la Salesas 10, Madrid.
Beilberg, Josef (or José) Martin de los Heros 83, Madrid.
Bender Hermanos, Seville.
Bender, Hijos de H. A., San Feliu de Guixols, Barcelona.
Benedix, Clara, Madrid.
Bengoechea, Augustin Zaragueta (*see* Zaragueta Bengoechea, Augustin).
Bergol, Abdon, Tolosa.
Bergol, Manuel, Tolosa.
Bergol, Viuda de Pedro, Tolosa.
Bermejo, Ricardo, Villagarcia and Santiago de Compostella.
Bernal Tomas, José, San Vicente 75, Valencia.
Bertran, L., y Compania (alias for Hijo de Benigno Lopez), Tarragona.
Bethencourt Diaz, José, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Beutel, Edmundo, Calle Pascual y Genis 19, Valencia.
Bjerre, A. (Bjerre Sucesores), Cortina del Muelle 21-3, and Alameda 28, Malaga.
Blanqueo, El, Pinos Genil, Granada.
Blas, Herrero, Frigiliana, Malaga.
Blass & Company, Calle San Mateo 1, Madrid.
Bleiberg, Josef (or José), Martin de los Heros 83, Madrid.
Boca, Angel, Paseo Santa Maria de la Cabeza 6, Madrid.
Bockstoever, Wilhelm, Calle Princesa 55, Barcelona.
Boehm, Enrique, Fregenal de la Sierra, Badajos.
Boetticher & Navarro, Zurbano 58, Madrid.
Bon, Lucienne (Soc. Anon. Michel), Barcelona.
*Bonet, Jaime, Lauria 18, Barcelona.
Bonitz Hermanos (La Perseverancia Oxide Factory), Callejon de Reboul, Malaga; and Pelusa, near Malaga.
Bonnefoy, Luis, Extremo Calle Massini, and Calle Padre Gallifa, Sans, Barcelona.
Bonnefoy, S. A., Sucesora de Luis, Extremo Calle Massine, and Calle Padre Gillifa, Sans, Barcelona.
Born, Guillermo, Calle Ausius March 2, Calle Lauria 56 and Calle Lafont 29, Pueblo Seco, Barcelona.
Borowski, Pablo, Balmes 149, Barcelona.
Bosch (*see* Oliver y Bosch, Juan).
Bosser, Emilio Badia, Calle Aribau 110 and 121, & Calle Provenza 177, Barcelona.
Botey, Joaquin, Calle Salmeron 59, Gracia, Barcelona.
Bottello, Angel, & Son (Bottello Feu, Angel, & Son), Ayamonte.
Brandhors (*see* Roesicke Brandhors, Eduardo Hermann).
Brandt, Georg Walter, Jovellanos 5, Barcelona.
Braun, Antonio, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Brauner, Hugo, Barco 6 & Calle Cólon 86, Valencia.
Bravo, Joaquin Lleiva (*see* Lleiva Bravo, Joaquin).
Brian (or Bryan), Oscar (*see* Wolters, Gerardo).
Brillante Regent, Plaza de la Constitucion, Malaga; Madrid, Barcelona and Seville.
Brown, Alexander (*see* Bruns, Alexander).
Bruch y Soltau (La Peleteria Española), Consejo de Ciento 286, Barcelona.
Bruns (*alias* Brown) Alexander, Madrid.
Buckard, Julie, Alicante.
Bueno (*see* Guerrero Bueno).
Bukofzer, D., Ronda de la Universidad 33, Barcelona.
Burmeister, J., Hotel de Roma, Madrid.
Burmester, Franz Ferdinand, Arenal 60, Vigo.
Burmester, Hermann, Velasquez 14, Madrid; Arenal 58, Vigo; & Martinez Padin 21, Tuy.
Burmester, Hermann & Filho, Arenal 58, Vigo; & Martinez Padin 21, Tuy.
Burmester, Julius Wilhelm, Gerhard, Travesia del Banco 2, Vigo
Cabanach, Francisco, Barcelona.
Cabiro, Federico, Port Mahon, Minorca.
Cabot, M. (*see* Winizki).
Cabrera Romero, Andres (of Bernardo Navarro), Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Caffarena Hermanos, Strachan 3, Malaga.
Caffarena, Luis, Strachan 3, Malaga.
Cahn, Roberto Cardoner 48 (Torre), Barriada de la Salud, Barcelona.
Calafell, Joaquin, Rambla Santa Monica 6, Barcelona.
Campo, Matias de, e Hijos, Cabeza del Buez, Badajoz.
Canals Tarrats, Juan (Soc. Anon. Michel), Barcelona.
Canas Hermanos, Malaga.
Candil, Rollo (*see* Rollo Candil, Camilo).
Cano, Angel, Calle Sagrarario, Valencia.
Cano, Luis (*see* San José Cano, Luis).
Cano Salavert, Emilio, Valencia and Alicante.
Canthal, L., & Company, Muralla de Mar, Carthagena.
Cao, Antonio Duran (*see* Duran Cao, Antonio).
Cao Maure, José, Calle de Principe 30, Vigo.
Capmany, Juan, Port Bou.
Cardona, Amador, Calle Victoria, Vigo.
Carey Hermanos y Cia., Tarragona.
Cartana (*see* Homs Cartana, Zacarias).
Casa, Antonio de la, Calle Cruz 5-7, & Carrera San Jerónimo, Madrid.
Casa Peele, Calle Alcala, 73, Madrid.
Casas, Francisco Vasquez (*see* Vasquez Casas, Francisco).

* No connection with Jaime Bonet, Calle S. Amalia 8, Barcelona.

Casasnovas, Onofre, Soller, Majorca, Balearic Islands.
Casasnovas, Ramon, Soller, Majorca, Balearic Islands.
Casonovas, Pedro, Aviño 32, Barcelona.
Cast, H. F., Calle de Barbieri I, Madrid.
"Castillo, El," Fabrica de Juguetes, Fuencarral 10, Madrid.
Castro, Alfonso de, Seville.
Cella, Juan, San Juan de las Abadesas (formerly of Plaza, Universidad 3), Barcelona.
Celsius, S/A., Calle Cartagena 9, Madrid.
Centeno, José Maria, Catedral Vieja 5, Cadiz.
Centro de Instalaciones Electricas, Calle Mayor 71, Madrid.
Chamizo, Fulgencio, Cásás Quemadas 14, Malaga.
Chavez, Antonio Gonzalez (*see* Gonzalez Chaves, Antonio).
Chavez José Gonzalez (*see* Gonzalez Chavez, José).
C. I. B., La Sociedad Anonima, Ronda San Pedro 44, Barcelona.
Cobo (or Cobos), José (or Joseph Cobbs), Puntida, Santander.
Cobreros, José, Bilbao.
Colas, Gelatinas y Abonos, Sociedad Anonima Española de, Calle Alcala 69 and Calle del Prado 4, Madrid.
Coll, Juan B., Pasaje de la Paz 8, Barcelona.
Collardin, Gerardo, Apartado 559, Calle Pedro IV 53, & Calle Claris 71, Barcelona.
Comabella, Pujol, y Cia (*see* Pujol Comabella y Cia).
Commercial de Productos Quimicos, Sociedad Anonima, Paseo de San Juan 78, Barcelona.
Compania de Alcoholes, Bilbao.
Compania General Española de Minas, Lealtad 9, Madrid.
Continental Hotel, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Continental Tyre and Rubber Company, Calle Florida 13, Madrid.
Contreras, Cristobal, San Isidro 27, Granada.
Convento, (El) Sociedad Anonima, Palamos.
Coppel, Carlos, Fuencarral 27, Madrid.
Correa, A. L., Motril.
Corredor, Ricardo, Calle de San Roque 8, Madrid.
Corregon, Sociedad Anonima, Calle de San Roque 8, Madrid.
"Correo de Andalucia," Seville.
"Correo Español," Madrid.
Cortes, José (of H. Flottmann & Company) Calle Jorge Juan 47, Madrid.
Cortes, Pedro, Calle Commercio 14, Inca, Majorca.
Cotonificio, de Badalona S/A. (manager Teofilo Lee Wyss), Llauder 1, Barcelona.
Coto Rosita, Sociedad Minera, Lealtad 9, Madrid.
Couto, Edmundo, Alameda de Recalde 1, Bilbao.
Crom, Sociedad Anonima, Calle Buenos Aires 6, and Carretera de Ribas, Barcelona.
Crosa, Angel, Tenerife.
Cruz y Ochoa, Eibar.
Caudrillero, Mariano, Plaza de Oriente 3, Madrid.
Culter, Maximo (*see* Curttis, Maximo).
Curbelo, José Diaz, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Curtis, Maximo (*see* Curttis, Maximo).
Curttis (or Curtis, or Culter, or Kurten), Maximo, Calle Atocha 2, Madrid.
Darque, Alfred, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Dachnhardt & Company, Calle O'Donnell 21, Madrid.
Daehnhardt, Ernesto, Calle O'Donnell 21, Madrid.
Dalmau, Gaudalupe Tarragona.
Damian, Wilhelm (or Willy), Calle Velasquez 82, Madrid.
Dauphin, Alberto, Seville.
"Debate," Madrid.
"Defensa, La," Malaga.
Delgado, Amaro, Calle Real 73, Almeria.
Deposito de Carbones de Tenerife (*see* Deutsches Kohlen Depôt Gesellschaft.)
Deroy, G. A., Reina 39-41, Madrid.
Destiladores de Esencias de España, (Union de) Sociedad Anonima, Malaga.
Deu, Luis (*see* Joyeria de Mata, La).
Deutsch, Charles, Atocha 151, Madrid; and Valencia.
Deutsch, E., Malaga.
Deutsche Sudamerikanische Telegraphen Gesellschaft, Tenerife, (*see* German Cable Company).
Deutscher Nachrichtendienst für Spanien, Calle Santa Teresa 8, Barcelona.
Deutsches Kohlen Depôt Gesellschaft (Deposito de Carbones de Tenerife), Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Devantier, Carl, Reina 39-41, Madrid.
"Dia, El" (newspaper), Las Palmas.
Diamant Picard, Société Francaise Carrera San Jeronimo 16, Madrid (*see* Sautter Hermanos).
"Diario Malagueño," Malaga.
"Diario Montanes" (newspaper) Santander.
Diario de Vizcaya, Bilbao.
Diaz, José Bethencourt (*see* Bethencourt Diaz, José).
Diaz Llanes, Enrique, Paseo del Atocha 27, Hermosilla 47, and Embajadores 76, Madrid.
Diaz Tijerra, Laureano, Bilbao.
Dispeker, Siegfried, Pelayo 12, Barcelona.
Ditmer, Carl, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Doetsch, Carlos, Pegarillos, Huelva.
Domenech, Federico, Calle Ausias March 2, Barcelona.
Domenech, Vincente Tejedo (*see* Tejedo Domenech, Vincente).
Dominguez, Antonio R., Calle Loyola 13, San Sebastian.
Dominguez, Viuda de, Valencia 293, Barcelona.
"Dora" Fabrica de Los Alemanes, Prim 71, Badalona, near Barcelona.
Dorr & Lensten, Malaga.
Drack, Otto, Maisonnave, Alicante; and Valencia.

Drogueria Modela, Calle Torrijos 112, Malaga.
Dubois & Company, Calle Rodriguez Arias 1, & P. O. Box 187, Bilbao.
Dunki & Gut, Colon 34, Palma, Majorca.
Duran Cao, Antonio, Juan Flores 142, Corunna.
Duran, José, Barquillo 26, Madrid.
Durlacher, S. & L., (Sociedad Vinicola) Robolledo 9, Tarragona.
Dusseldorf, La, Barcelona.
Echevarria y Compania, Calle Eguia 4, Bilbao.
"Echo de Galicia," Corruna.
Eckhardt, Dr., Kepitan 16, Aranjucz, and Madrid.
"Edén Bebé," Consejo de Ciento 159, Barcelona.
Editorial Bilbao, Calle Euskalduna 7, Bilbao.
Editorial Tibidabo (*see* Tipográfia Xalapeira).
Editorial Vizcaino, El, Calle Henao 8, Bilbao.
Egger, Johan, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Eichberg, Emilio, Santander.
Eickhoff, Wilhelm, Plaza Ensanche 9, Bilbao.
Einstein, Bernardo, Principe Alfonso 64, Murcia.
Electricité, J. Schwab (*see* Jaime Schwab).
Electrico de Prat de Llusanes, La, Prats de Llusanes & Calle Mendez Nunez 8, Barcelona.
Eller, Ricardo, Calle Tomas Heredia 30 & 31, Malaga.
Elvig, Alfredo (*see* under Helbig).
Engelhardt, Otto, Calle San Pablo 30, Seville.
Ensslin Guillermo, Calle Genova 10, Madrid.
Erhardt & Company, Bilbao and Santander.
Erzgesellschaft, Allgemeine, Seville.
Escuder, José, Valencia.
Espana, Antonio, Malaga.
Española de Joyas, Sociedad Anonima, Calle de la Bolsa 16, Madrid.
*Espinosa, Augustin, Santa Cruz de Teneriffe.
Esteve Pastor, José, Valencia.
Estudios, Sociedad Hispano Alemana de (Studiengesellschaft), Fernanflor 6, Madrid; & Barcelona.
Eyl, Albert (*see* Aller y Eyl).
Fabrica General Española de Colores, Calle Pedro IV 53, Barcelona.
Fabrica de Juguetes "El Castillo" (*see* Castillo, El").
Fabrica de Lámparas de Filamento Metalico, Sociedad Anonima, Paseo de Santa Maria de la Cabeza, Madrid.
Fabrica Malaguena de Salfato de Cobre (manager, Eduardo Deutsch), Malaga.
Fahndrich y Cia., S. en C., Calle Barquillo 4-6, Madrid.
Falkenstein, Felix, Calle Colegiata 13, Madrid.
Falsone, Torello, Calle Albijeso 9, Valcarca, Barcelona.
Farran Serra, José, Paseo de Gracia 51, Barcelona.
Faure José, Calle Balmes 127, Barcelona.
Faust & Kammann, Ronda de la Universidad 16, Barcelona.
Feger, H. E., Prim 71, Badalona, near Barcelona.
Feliu y Adaro, Paseo de Colon 8, Barcelona.
Ferbeck, José (*alias* Ferbeche), Plaza Ensanché 5, Bilbao, and Calle Zorilla 11, 2°, Madrid.
Ferchen, Enrique, Valencia 293, Barcelona.
Fernandez, M. R. (*see* Ribot, Miguel.)
Fernandez, Viuda y Hijos de A., Irun and Port Bou; Calle Ancha, Barcelona; and Gran Via 1, Bilbao.
Ferra, Juan, Rambla Cataluna 72, Barcelona.
Ferrer, Antonio Tarragona.
Ferrer, Ricardo, Sociedad Anonima, Calle Mendez Nunez 8, Barcelona; and Cosa 113, Zaragoza.
Feu Hermanos, Ayamonte; Huelva & Lepe.
Feustel, Otto, Consejo de Ciento 322, Barcelona.
Fexas e Hijo, Calle Muntaner 128, Barcelona.
Figueras, Manuel, Tarragona.
Fiol, Bartolomé, Inca, Majorca.
Flamme, Gustav, Calle Narrica 2, San Sebastian.
Flemming (or Glemming), Ernest, Calle Hortaleza 9, Madrid.
Fliedner, Jorge, Madrid.
Fliedner, Teodore (Partner in "Libreria Nacional y Extranjera"), Caballero de Gracia 60, Madrid.
Flix, Sociedad Electro-Quimica de, Calle Valencia 236, and Calle Princesa 21, Barcelona; and Flix.
Florida y Cia, J., Alcala 172, corner of Calle Nunez de Balbao, and Calle Fernan Gonsalez 7, Madrid.
Flottman, H., & Company, Calle Jorge Juan 47, Madrid; and Seville.
Foetz Philippi, Rüdolph (*see* Goetz Philippi, Rüdolph).
Forteza Pina, Luis, Milagro 1, Palma, Majorca.
Fortuna de Berlin, Pasajo Paz 10 bis 1°, Barcelona.
Frada Francisco, Madrid.
Frada, Enrique, Corunna.
Fraile, Manuel, Calle Princesa 63 and Calle San Hermenegilde 5, Madrid.
Freudenthal, Gustaf, Calle del Coso, Zaragoza.
Friedrich, Hans, Provenza 275, Barcelona.
Fries, De, & Company, Calle Cortes 587, Barcelona.
Frömke, Rudolf, Trinidad Grund 7, Malaga.
Frommel, Erich, Calle Lagasca 117, Madrid.
Fuchs, Ewald, Plaza Principe Alfonso 11, Valencia.
Fuchs, Siegfried, Villa Alemana, Malaga.
Fuentez Jaime, Calle Paraiso 5, Carthagena.
"Gaceta del Norte La," Calle Henao 8, Bilbao.
"Gaceta del Sur, La," Granada.

*No connection with Antonio Espinosa, Santo Cruz, Teneriffe and Calle de Triani, Las Palmas.

Gaertner (or Jardinero), H. Calle Ronda 3, San Sebastian.
Gailland, Alfred, & Company, Plaza Adrieno 15, Barcelona.
Gallego y Valero, Calle Tomas Heredia 30 & 31. Malaga.
Gallegos y Arnosa, José Luis, Seville.
Galvan, Domingo Hernandez (*see* Hernandez Galvan, Domingo).
Gans, Richard, Princesa 63, Madrid.
Gaona, José Marco (*see* Marco Gaona, José).
"Garanganа, La," (*see* Herrerin, Viuda de).
Garcia, Antonio, Malaga & Jaen.
Garcia, Arsenio (*see* Valverde Garcia, Arsenio).
Garcia Ceballos, José Rodriguez San Pedro 60, Madrid.
Garcia, Josefa Lopez (*see* Lopez Garcia, Josefa).
Garcia Martin, Eugenio, Calle Belén 16, Madrid.
Garijo Loranca, Faustino, Infantas 31, Madrid.
Garridó & Otte, Pasaje de la Alhambra 1 and Imperial 2, Madrid.
Garriga, J. Pedret (*see* Pedret Garriga, J.)
Garriga y Torrents, Antonio, Calle Lauria 104, Barcelona.
Garzon (*see* M. Garrigan Lorente).
Gaswerk Company, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Gebhard, Herman, Calle de Moreto 8, Madrid.
Genera, José, Lauria 18, Barcelona.
Genlen (or Gevlen), Enrique, Calle Mallorca 321, Barcelona.
George, Carl, Calle Munoz Torrero 8, Badajoz.
Georgi, Curt, Valencia.
Gerdtzen, Otto, Calle de Utziaz 16, Vigo; & Gijon.
Gerlach & Wolf, Valencia.
German Cable Company, Tenerife.
Goulen, Enrique (*see* Genlen).
Gil Juan, Paseo de Colon 19, & Chatelar 9, Seville.
Gil, Sociedad Anonima, Calle Viladomat 83, Barcelona.
Gimenez, Manuel Romero (*see* Romero Gimenez, Manuel).
Gimenez y Martinez, Pedro, Dormitorio San Francisco 13, Barcelona.
Girschausen, Adolf, Aragon 259, Barcelona.
Glemming, E. (*see* Ernest Flemming).
Glozas, Agusto Lopez (*see* Lopez Glozas, Agusto).
Goetz (or Foetz), Philippi, Rüdolph, Velasquez 117, and Hotel Inglese, Madrid.
Goldstück, Hainze & Company, Plaza del Teatro 8, Barcelona.
Gomez, Candido, Ayamonte.
Goncalves, Francisco, Las Palmas and Tenerife.
Goncalves Hermanos, Las Palmas and Tenerife.
Gonzalez, Alonzo Julio, Alameda de Mazarredo 1, Bilbao.
Gonzalez Chavez, Antonio, Orotava, Tenerife.
Gonzalez Chavez, José (Uncle and Nephew), Orotava, Tenerife.
Gonzalez, Francisco, Malaga & Seville.
Gonzalez, Francisco Toret (*see* Toret Gonzalez, Francisco).
Gonzales Martin, Juan, Calle Cabello 2, Malaga.
Gonzalez Ripoll, Rafael, Concepcion 33, Cordoba.
Gosalvez, Enrique, Principe Vergara 9, Madrid.
Gottschalk Hermanos, Calle Bailen 27, Barcelona.
Götz, Anton, Hotel Moderno, Tuy.
Goudschaal, Hikko, Rambla 11 de Febrero, Santa Cruz de Teneriffe.
Graefenhain, Carlos, Calle Ercilla 13, Bilbao.
Greiner, C. A., é Hijos, San Feliu de Guixols.
Grewe, John, Plaza Universidad 3, Barcelona.
Groll, Felipe, Barbieri 16 and Hotel Ingles, Madrid.
Grösch, Federico, S./A., Arguelles (formerly Granvia Diagonal, 355, Barcelona.
Groth, Ernesto, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Grube, Werner (sucesor de D. C. Nordmann). Calle Conde de Benomar 11, Seville.
Guanabens, Jaime, Lauria 104, and Duque de la Victoria 4, Barcelona.
Guerrero Bueno, Manuel, Malaga.
Guillen, Daniel, Orihuela, Province of Alicante.
Guindo (El), Sociedad Minera, Madrid.
Gutierrez, Leopoldo, Mendizabel 47, Madrid.
Gutkind, Felix, Trinidad Grund 7, Malaga.
Gutman y Reinhardt, Calle Gravina 21, Seville.
Haasenstein & Vogler (Soc. Anon. Suiza de Publicidad), Rambla del Centro 15, Barcelona.
Haendel, Kurt, Camino Bajo de San Isidro 2, Madrid.
Haferkamp, Otto, Plaza Ensanche 5, Bilbao.
Hafner, Ernest (late Hafner & Wienken), Calle Alamos 49, 2°, Malaga.
Hafner & Wienken, Calle Torijos 112, Malaga.
Hamm, Luis S., Rambla de Cataluna 35, Barcelona.
Hanne, Antoine, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Hartmann & Company, Madrid; Calle Cortes 591, Barcelona; Valencia & Seville.
Hartmann, Pablo, Calle Cortes 591, Barcelona; Madrid, Valencia and Seville.
Haya, Antonio, Calle Alfonso XII 32, Seville.
Haye, Federico, Avenida Menendez Pelayo 29, Madrid.
Heinsdorf & Lemcke, Atocha 4, and Alameda de Colón 6, Malaga,
Heise, Georg, Calle Pópulo 24, Prál Der., Seville.
Helbig (or Elvig), Alfred, Calle de Hortaleza 9, and Lista 62, Madrid.
Hellmuth, Oskar, Ronda San Pedro 2, Barcelona; Arenal 12, Bilbao; & Preciados 1, Madrid.

Hengsternberg, Hermann, Seville.
Herberg, Viuda de Federico, Rosellón 194 and Calle Claris 54, Barcelona.
*Heredia Guerrera, Eduardo, Sucesor de M. Heredia y Hermanos, Malaga.
Hering, Agencia Maritima, Dormitorio San Francisco 7, Barcelona.
Hermoso Kith, Rafael, Santa Teresa 1, Seville.
Hernandez Galvan, Domingo, Garachico & Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Hernandez, Juan Castro, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Hernandez, Nicolas Santana (*see* Santana Hernandez, Nicolas).
Hernandez Romero, José (Gaswerk Company), Calle Regla, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Herold, O., & Company, Madrid, Caceres and Palamos.
Herrerin, Viuda de (La Garangana), Garcia Olloqui 4, Vigo.
Herrero, Blas, Frigiliana, Province of Malaga.
Herrero Navas, Blas, (*see* Herrero, Blas).
Hesperides, Sociedad Commercial Hispano-Alemana (*see* Productos, Ibericos, S.A., Calle Pascual y Genis 2, Valencia.)
Heusch, Hugo & Company, Calle Diputacion 112-118, Barcelona; and Palma Mallorca.
Heymann, Mauricio, & Company, Calle Conde del Asalto 63, Barcelona.
Heyser (*see* Mond y Heyser, Julio).
Hielscher, Adolfo, Calle Zorrilla 31, Madrid.
Hinderer, Carlos, Calle del Barquillo 28B, and Genova 10, Madrid.
Hispano (La) Alemana, Viladomat 83, Barcelona.
Hispano Alemana de Transportes Internacionales, Sociedad, Barcelona.
Hispano-Americano Express (*see* Metal, Julio, & Company) Rambla Santa Monica 33, Barcelona.
Hispano Belga, La, Eibar.
†Hispanola Americano, Sociedad, Barcelona and Madrid.
Hofer, August H., Calle Santa Teresa 8, and 10, Barcelona.
Homs Cartana, Zacarias, Fuencarral 55, Madrid.
Hopp, Pedro, Cortes 604, Barcelona.
Hopp Salvador, Cortes 604, Barcelona.
Hoppe, Carlos, & Company, Alameda de Mazarredo 1, Bilbao; & Calle Muelle 17, Santander
Hoppe, Carlos y Sylvi, Alameda de Mazarredo 1, Bilbao.
Hoppe, Hermann, Muelle 29, Santander (*see* Industrial Panadero).
Hoppe, Julio, Muelle 29, Santander (*see* Industria-Panadero).
Horica (or Orica) Augusto, Calle Legasca 5, Madrid.
Horn, Francisco, Bilbao.
Hornemann (or Ornemann), Oscar, Conde de Romanonas 12, Madrid.
Hosselbarth & Bogie, Calle Medicos 15, Valls.
Iberica Comercial, La, Arenal 58, Vigo.
Iberica Comercial, S/A., Barcelona.
Ideal Gallego, Corunna.
Iglesias Pla, Jaime, Bejar 38 and Cortes 577,° Barcelona.
Industria (or Société) de Cremor Acido Tartarico, Reus.
Industria Electrica de Cornello (Siemens Schuckert & Company), Calle Barquillo 28, Madrid and Barcelona.
Industria Electrica, La, Calle Barquillo 28, Madrid; and Barcelona.
Industria (La) Electro Mecanica, Sociedad, Deusto, near Bilbao.
Industria Español de Perlas Imitación, Calle Diputacion 87, 91, 108 & 110, Barcelona.
Industria y Mineria Española, Calle Lauria 56, Barcelona.
Industrial Hispano-Alemana, La, Cortes 628 esq. Rocafort 80, Barcelona.
Industrial Panadero (partners, Julio and Hermann Hoppe), Calle Federico Vial 2, Santander.
Industrias Forb, Sociedad Anonima, Calle Lauria, 104, Calle Valencia 293 and Travesera 316, Barcelona.
International Talking Machine Company, m.b.h., Sucursal en España, Muntaner 42 and 44, Barcelona.
Isla, Luis Garcia Reboredo (*see* Reboredo Isla, Luis Garcia).
Jacob, Maximiliano, Ibañez de Bilbao 10, Bilbao.
Jaenicke, Alejandro, Calle Santa Rosa 4, Gijon.
"Jardinero" (*see* Gaertner, H.), Calle Martin 11, San Sebastian.
Jerosch, Georg (or Jorge), Santa Catalina 5, Madrid.
Jess, Ernest von, Uraiz 15, Vigo.
Joannides, Temistocles, Calle General Menacho 9, Cadiz.
John, Eduardo (*alias* Eduardo Ludovic, Paseo de Bonanova 14, Villa Ludovic, Barcelona.
Joyeria de Mata, La (partners, Fritz and Otto Kehrmann and Luis Deu), Calle Santa Ana 28, Barcelona.
Junyent, Juan, Santa Cruz de Tenerife.
Kahlert, Alberto, Seville.
Khan, Julio, Calle Benito Guitares 4, Madrid.
Kalle & Company, Trafalgar 37, Barcelona.
Kalisyndicat, Barcelona and Madrid.
Kalle Kniesling Guillermo, Trafalgar 37, Barcelona.
Kattwinkel, Hugo, Calle Nunez de Balboa 8, Madrid.
Katzenstein, Otto, Paseo de Gracia 86, Barcelona; & Pension Rhin, Carrera de San Jeronimo 29, Madrid.
Kaufmann, Ernesto, Calle Arrabal 1, Barcelona.
Kaupp, Ernesto, S. en C., Calle Cortes 498, Barcelona; and Valls.
Kehrmann, Fritz (*see* Joyeria de Mata, La).
Kehrmann, Otto (*see* Joyeria de Mata, La).
Keifer, José, Calle Hurtade de Amezaga 14, Bilbao.
Kemp, Edgard, Barcelona.

* No connection with Heredia, M., y Hermano.

Kinder, Carlos, Calle 5 de Maryo 11, Saragossa.
Kirchner & Company (Navarro, Alfredo), Calle Alfonso XII 58, Madrid
Kisch, José Alfonso, Fuencarral 43, 2°, Madrid.
Kith (*see* Hermoso Kith, Rafael).
Kleber, Bernardo Pomar (*see* Pomar Kleber, Bernardo)
Klimsch y Schulz, Ricardo, Calle Serrano 98, Madrid.
Klinge, Hans, W., Teror, Las Palmas.
Knappe, Carlos (Karl Knapp or Carlos Knapp), Calle del Barquillo 1?, Madrid.
Kniesling (*see* Kalle Kniesling).
Koehler, Guillermo, Esparteros 1 and Plaza del Cordon 1, Madrid.
Koll, Hermann, Calle San Mateo 16, Madrid.
Koppel, Arturo, Carrera San Jeronimo, Madrid.
Korting, Sociedad Annon. Española, Plaza Palacio 11, Barcelona; and Valencia.
Kramer, W. O., Calle Luis Taboada 30, Vigo.
Kraeft, Walter, Calle Cortes 648, Barcelona.
Kraus, Otto (editor of "El Dia "), Las Palmas.
Kroeber, Ricardo, Faubourg de Begona, Bilbao.
Kruger, Enrique, Cortes 684, Barcelona.
Kurten, Maximo (*see* Curttis, Maximo).
Lacalle Rodriguez, Rafael, Leon 34, and Nicolas Maria Rivero 8 and 10, Madrid.
Ladendorff, Carlos, Calle Bolsa 16, Madrid.
Ladendorff, Enrique, Calle Bolsa 16, Madrid.
Lafuente, Francisco, Malaga.
Lafuente, Ricardo, Malaga.
Lainez, Hijos de Evelio, Cadiz
Lalaux Antones, Roman, Corcega 235 & 237, Barcelona.
Lamigueiro, Luis, "Pesquerias Coruñas," Riego de Agua 38, Corunna.
Lamparter Trissler, Eugenio, Calle Santa Ana 9, Seville.
Landsmann, German, Calle Alfonso XI 5, Madrid.
Lang, Arnold, Deusto, near Bilbao.
Langen & Company, Paseo de Gracia 73 & Calle Diputacion 258, Barcelona; and Hortaleza 17, Madrid.
Larios, Manuel, Fuencarral 162, Madrid.
Larrea, Antonio (*see* Schad, Ernesto, y Larrea, Antonio).
Larrea y Keifer, Calle Hurtade de Amezaga 14, Bilbao.
Larrinaga y Bilbao, Plazuela S. Nicholas 2, Bilbao.
Laschütza, Oscar, Vigo.
Lauffer & Company (Successors of Kribben & Company, Calle Juan de Mena 7, and Calle Alarcon 6, Madrid.
Lecube, Juan, Bilbao.
Leo Wyss, Teofilo (*see* Cotonificio de Badalona S/A.).
Lehmann & Company, Consejo de Ciento 159, Barcelona.
Lehman, Dr., Calle Alcala 73, Madrid.
Lehner, Amande, Alicante
Leira, Gerardo Rodriguez (*see* Rodriguez Leira, Gerardo).
Lengo, Arturo, Almeria, Garrucha, Malaga and Aguilas.
Lengo, Guillermo Linhoff (*see* Linhoff Lengo, Guillermo).
Lenze, Carlos, Calle Colón 13, Valencia.
Leon Diego, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Leonhardt, E., & Company, Trafalgar 23, Barcelona.
Leopold, Guillermo, Caputxas 4 and Plegamans 3, Barcelona
Lerbs, Hans, Torrente Serca, and Calle Libreros, Valencia.
Lewin, Benito, Apartado 210, Bilbao; and Chalet Urguyo, Las Arenas.
Lewin, Leopoldo, San Sebastian.
Libreria Nacional y extranjera, Caballero de Gracia 60, Madrid.
Libreria Nacional y Extranjera, Rambla Cataluña 72, Barcelona.
Libreria Universal de Pablo Schneider, Rambla de Cataluna 54, Barcelona.
Lieb y Friedrich, Paseo de Flandres, Barcelona.
Lillo, Victor, Ronda de la Universidad 22 & Aragon 285, Barcelona.
Linan, Antonio Ruiz, Lagunillas 30, Malaga.
Linartz (or Linnartz), Luis, Lagasca 119, Madrid.
Lindemann, Antonio & Company, Calle Nunez de Balboa 8, and Calle de la Corze, Madrid.
Linhoff, Carlos (sucesore de Cross & Linhoff), Malaga, also Gross & Linhoff (*see* Linhoff, Carlos).
Linhoff Lengo, Guillermo, Trinidad Grund 19, Malaga.
Linnartz, Luis (*see* Linartz, Luis).
Lleiva Bravo, Joaquin, Calle San Jeronimo, Granada.
Llorens e Hijos, Juan, Rambla de las Flores (or Rambla San José), 30, Montesion 5 and Pasaje San José a, Barcelona.
Llorens y Casamitjana, Eduardo, Paseo de Gracia 93, Barcelona.
Llorente, Mariano, Uraiz 15, Vigo.
Lloyd Internacional de Berlin, Rambla Sta. Monica 5, Barcelona.
Lluch y Cia, Paseo de Gracia 51, Barcelona.
Loeck, Walter, Bilbao.
Loewe, Enrique, Calle del Principe 39, Madrid; and Calle Fernando 30, Barcelona.
Loewenstein, Benito, Seville.
Loewenstein, Ernst (*see* under Löwenstera).
Lohr, Maximilio, Tenerife.
Lohrengel, Federico Ernesto, Diagonal 420, Barcelona.
Lopez Alvarez, Alfredo, Marques de la Ensenada 6, Madrid.
Lopez & Company, Malaga.
Lopez, Garcia Josefa, Calle Conde de Benomar 11, Seville.
Lopez, German, Malaga.

Lopez Glozas, Agusto, Calle de San Roque 8, Madrid.
Lopez Guerra, Manuel, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Lopez, Hijo de Benigno, S. en C., Calle Santian 4, Tarragona.
Loranca, Faustino Garijo (*see* Garijo Loranca, Faustino).
Lorente, M. Garrigan (commonly called Garzon), Calle de la Regente 2, Malaga.
Lorenzana, Alberto Suarez de, (*see* Suarez de Lorenzana, Alberto).
Löwenstera (or Loewenstein), Ernst, Calle Alcala 78, Madrid.
Lowenthael, Hugo (*alias* Hugh Leon del Valle), Grand Hotel des 4 Nations, Barcelona.
Ludovic, Eduardo (*see* John, Eduardo).
Lussnig, Rodolfo, Passo del Principe 20, Almeria.
Maestu, J., y Cia., Vigo.
Maggio Enrique Nicolas, Malaga.
Malaga Dried Fruit Company, Malaga.
Malagon, Francisco, Calle Mayor 71, Madrid.
Malondra, José, y Cia, Palma, Majorca.
Maquinaria Moderna, La (Rodriguez y Bernaola), Gran *vià* 44, Bilgao.
Marco Gaona, José, Barroso 8 & 10, Malaga; and Calle Mateos Oago 6 al 12, 2° izquierda, Seville.
Marcus & Harting, Calle Alarcon 29, Madrid.
Marcus, Otto, Calle Alarcon 29, Madrid.
Mares, Pedro, Calle Cortes 658, Barcelona.
Maria Monguio, Joaquin (*see* Monguio, Joaquin Maria).
Marin Hermanos, Aguilas.
Marra & Company, Malaga.
Marrodan, José Mata (*see* Mata Marrodan, José).
Marrodan, Juan Mata (*see* Mata Marrodan, Juan).
Marrodan, Manuel Mata (*see* Mata Marrodan, Manuel).
Marten, Martin, Calle Adriano 38, Seville; & Calle Cortes 604, Barcelona.
Marti, Eugenio Roger (*see* Roger Marti, Eugenio).
Martinez (*see* Gimenez y Martinez, Pedro).
Martinez Almendro, Juan, Calle Sierpes 16, Seville.
Martinez, Leoncio, Calle San Bernardo 110, Madrid.
Martinez, Sandalio Milla (*see* Milla Martinez, Sandalio).
Maso, José (*see* Masso).
Masso (or Maso), José, Fontanella 4, Barcelona.
Mata (Compania) Union de Bodegas Andaluzas Sociedad Anonima, Malaga.
Mata Marrodan, José, Malaga.
Mata Marrodan, Juan, Malaga.
Mata Marrodan, Manuel, Malaga.
} Trading as Compania Mata Union de Bodegas, Andaluzas Sociedad Anonima.
Maurer y Cia, Calle Escudillers 62, Barcelona.
Mayer (or Meyer), Hans, Calle Cortes 662, Barcelona.
Mayer, Hans (*see* Meyer, Hans), Valencia.
Mayor Pagarols, Victor, Reus.
Medem, Otto, Calle Bailen 2, Barcelona; Calle A. Calderon 15, and Calle Atazazanas 15, Valencia; Alicante; Bilbao and Malaga.
Medina Rodriguez, Salvador, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Meinhardt, Heinrich, Calle Cortes 648, Barcelona.
Mellert, José Antoine, Alarcon 29, Madrid.
"Mentidero," Madrid.
"Mercedes," Sociedad Española de Automobiles (*see under* Sociedad).
Merino, Antonio Oyarzabal (*see* Oyarzabal Merino, Antonio).
Mesa de Leon, Juan Pedro, Granada.
Metal, Julio, & Company (Hispano-Americano Express), Rambla Santa Monica 38, Barcelona.
Metalurgica Espanola, Sociedad Anonima, Calle Diputacion, 112-116, Barcelona.
Meyer, Carlos, Cadiz.
Meyer (or Mayer), Hans, Calle Colon 64, Valencia.
Meyer, Hans (*see* Mayer, Hans), Barcelona.
Meyer y Bacharach, Calle Serrano y Grao, and Calle Colón 36, Valencia; and Malaga.
Meyer, Sigismundo, & Company, Olmo 21, Barcelona.
Meyerhof Hermanos y Thomson y Cia., Bruch 19 and Calabria 263, Barcelona.
Michel, Sociedad Anonima, Mallorca 321, Barcelona.
Michel, Jaime (Soc. Akon Michel) Barcelona.
Miele & Company, Calle Fernando 2, Barcelona; and Carrera de San Jeronimo 2, Madrid.
Milanes Bueno, Antonio (*see* Zafra Milanes, Carmelo).
Milla Martinez, Sandalio, Calle Euskalduna, 7, Bilbao.
Milla Vasquez, Adolfo, Apartado 402, Madrid.
Minas, Compania General Española de, Lealtad 9, Madrid.
"Minera, La," S/A. (chairman Eduardo Llorens y Casamitjana), Paseo de Gracia, 93, Barcelona.
Minguez, Basilio, Carthagena.
Minguez, Julio, Carthagena.
Minones Barros, Manuel, Corcubion and Madrid.
Miranda, José, Antequera, Malaga.
*Miro José, Calle Colon, Palma. Majorca.
Mittelstrass, Otto, Las Palmas.
Molina, Diego, Alicante.
Molina, Julian, Amnistia 1, Madrid.
Mond y Heyser, Julio (late Mond & Werner), Aniceto Saenz 11, Arrayan 25 and San Luis 42, Seville.
Monguio, Joaquin Maria, Calle Aragon 219, Barcelona.
Monguio y Scharlau, Calle Aragon 219, Barcelona.
Monjardin, Manuel, Claudio Coello 18, Madrid.
Montañola, Antonio, Tarragona.

* No connection with José Miro y Segura, Palma 21, Palma.

Montemayor, Isidoro Aguiniga (*see* Aguiniga Montemayor, Isidoro).
Montes, Geronimo (or Jeronimo), y Compania, Jaen.
Moragas, Pedro, Tamarit 181, Barcelona.
Morata, Antonio Visconti (*see* Visconti Morata, Antonio).
Morata, Francisco Visconti (*see* Visconti Morata, Francisco).
Morin, Jules, Paséo Gracia 61, Calle Ausias March 14—18 and Calle Lauria 108, Barcelona.
Moritz, E. H., Calle Consejo de Ciento 325, Barcelona.
Moriyon de la Compa, Antonio, Calle Marques de San Esteban 14, Gijon.
Moyano y Esteban, Agustin, Calle Barquillo 28, and Calle Zurbano 17, Madrid.
Mulder, Enrique, Vigo.
Muller, Alejandro, y Cia., Calle Buenos Aires 6, Barcelona.
Muller, Alfred, Palma de Mallorca.
Müller, Clara (or Mrs. Guillermo Müller) (*see* Clara Benedix), Madrid and Barcelona.
Muller de Goupille, J., Tarragona.
Muller, Hermann, Calle Balmes 153, Barcelona.
Muller Hermanos, Aviñó 20 and Fernando 32, Barcelona.
Muller, Hugo, Seville.
Muller, William, Seville.
Murillo, Marcelino, Bilbao.
Murillo, Maria, Cortes 684, Barcelona.
Navarra de Industrias, Sociedad, Pamplona.
Navarro, Alfredo (*see* Kirchner & Company).
*Navarro, Bernardo, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Nebgen, Alfredo, Calle de Adriano 33, Seville.
Neufville (de), Sucesor de J., Santa Teresa 8 and 10, Barcelona.
Neumaticos Continental, Sociedad Anonima Española (formerly Continental Tyre and Rubber Company) Sagasta 6, Madrid; and Paseo de Garcia 61, Barcelona.
Nino Rodriguez, José Maria, Pelayo 5, Barcelona.
Nordmann, D. C., (sucesor Werner Grube) (*see* Grube, Werner).
Noriega, Anastasio, Unquera, Santander.
Norregaard, Luis, Tarragona.
Ochoa de Zabalegui, Camilio, Alameda 4, San Sebastian; and Pasajes.
Odeon, Sociedad Anonima, Muntaner 44, Barcelona.
Oliver Bosch, Juan, Santa Cruz de Tenerife.
Oliver, Eduardo, Calle Consejo de Ciento 325, Barcelona.
Olsen, Olaf, Sociedad, Pasajes. (Not to be confused with Olof Ohlsson, Passajes)
Orenstein & Koppel—Arthur Koppel—Sociedad Anonima, Rambla de Santa Maria 13, Barcelona, and all branches in Spain.
Orica, Augusto (*see* Horica, Augusto).
Ornemann, Oscar (*see under* Hornemann).
Ornstein, Leon, Calle Mariana Pineda 5, Madrid.
Ortega, Pedro, Santibanez 6 and Nuncio 3, Madrid.
Orth, Hugo, Gran Via 36, Valencia.
Otto, Maximo, Carrera San Jeronimo, Madrid.
Oyaizabal, Antonio (Mining Engineer), Serrano 9, Madrid.
Oyarzabal y Merino, Antonio (alias Oyarzabal Nowak), Calle Velasquez 3, Madrid.
Pachi, Guillermo (*see* Pasch, Wilhelm).
Paege y Heidrich, Prim 71, Badalona, near Barcelona.
Paetow, Carl, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Pagarols, Victor Mayor (*see* Mayor Pagarols, Victor).
Palacios, Luis Asin, Calle de Preciados, Madrid.
Palau, Joaquin, Cortes 587, Barcelona. (No connection with Pedro Palau, Cortes 573, Barcelona, or with J. Palau and Company, Balmes 127, Barcelona.)
Pallares, Enriqueta, Plaza Urquinaona 3, Barcelona.
Pares, Pedro, Calle Alcala 46, Madrid.
Pasch, Wilhelm (or Guillermo Pachi), Eguia 1, Bilbao.
Paschen, Hans, Calle de la Trinidad 13, Madrid.
Pastor, José Esteve (*see* Esteve Pastor, José).
Pauri, Apolo C., Calle Diputacion 41, Pral. 1A, Barcelona.
Pedret Garriga, J., Cortes 702, Barcelona.
Pelegrin Soler, Juan, Torreahuera, Province of Murcia.
Peleteria Española, La (Bruch y Soltau), Consejo de Ciento 286, Barcelona.
Pena, Aristides, Barcelona.
Peña, Perez, Plaza Easo A., 2°, Jan Sebastian.
Penas, Hijos de Francisco de las, Almeda de Colon 26, Malaga.
Pereda, Hoyo y Cia, Industrias Electricas, Wadras, Santander.
Perlas Imitación, Industria Español de, Calle Diputacion 81, 91, 108 and 110, Barcelona.
Perseverancia (La), Oxide Factory (*see* Bonitz Hermanos) "Pesquerias Coruñas" (*see* Lamigeiro, Luis).
Petrus (*see* Taltavull y Petrus, Jorge).
Pfeil, Emil, Calle Obispo Lago 37, Tuy.
Pfluger, Johan, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Pflugger, Karl, Las Palmas.
Pielhof, Federico, & Company, Zarauz, Guipuzcoa.
Pielhof & Ramon Uranga S. A., Zarauz.
Pina, Luis Forteza (*see* Forteza Pina, Luis).
Pinto Lopez, J., Sucesor (*see* Weisswange, Kurt or Conrado).
Pischel Wiedemann, Oskar, German S.S. "Orconera" & c/o Erhardt & Company, Santander.
Pla, Jaime Iglesias (*see* Iglesias Pla, Jaime).
Planas, Antonio, Palma, Majorca.

*No connection with Rear-Admiral Bernardo Navarro y Canizares, Santa Cruz, Tenerife, or Luis Navarro Carlo, Calle Dr. Chil 24, Las Palmas.

Poiret, Eugène, Malaga.
Polster y Buch, Calle Cuarte 131-136, Valencia.
Pomar Kleber, Bernardo, Calle Milagro 11 Palma de Mallorca.
Pombo, José Maria Semprun (*see* Semprun Pomba, José Maria).
Pons Sintes, Salvador, Calle Calabria 273, esquina Industria, Barcelona.
Poveda Vilanova, José, Alicante.
Pradera, José Ibarzabal, Calle Narrica 2, San Sebastian.
Prat, Antonio, Diputacion 206, Barcelona.
Productos Ibericos, S/A. (*see* Hesperides, Sociedad Commercial Hispano-Alemana), Madrid and Valencia.
"Provincia La," Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Publicitas, Agencia, Rambla del Centro (otherwise Rambla Capuchinos) 15, Barcelona.
Pueblo, El, Bilbao.
Pujol Comabella y Cia, Reina 39-41, Madrid; and Calle de la Independencia 113, Barcelona.
Pumarino Valdes, Eduardo de las Alas, Malaga.
Quesada, Carmelo, Librilla, Province of Murcia.
Radiola Renovales, Ceferino, Calle Euskal Duna 7, Bilbao.
Rafols, Jaime, & Compañia, Dormitorio San Francisco 5; Vila y Vila, Barcelona; and Port Bou.
Ramirez, Antonio, Trinidad Grund 7, Malaga, (Transport Agent).
Ramirez y Compania, Calle Aragon, Barcelona.
Ramos, Antonio, Madrid and Seville.
Ramos & Montilla, Malaga.
Rautzenberg, Guillermo, Calle Marqués de Cubas, Madrid.
Reboredo Isla, Luis Garcia, Garcia Olloqui 2, Vigo; and Villagarcia.
Recorder Borras, Santiago, Calle Lauria 104, Barcelona.
Reder, Gustav, Calle Zorrilla 23, Madrid.
Regel, Viuda de, y Cia, Anteguera, Malaga.
Rehder, Bernhard, Paseo de la Bomba 1A and Calle del Principe, Granada.
Rehder, Carlos, Calle Real de la Alhambra, Granada.
Rein & Company, Malaga.
Reina Rodriguez, Luis, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Reiniger, Gebbert, & Schall, Rambla Cataluña 76, Barcelona.
Rementeria, Tomas, Calle de la Amistad 8, Bilbao.
Renovales, Ceferino Radiola (*see* Radiola Renovales, Ceferino).
Reuter (a German employed by Conrad Vogt), Santa Cruz, Tenerife; and Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Revesz, Andres, Calle Belén 16, Madrid.
Revista de Austria-Hungaria, Calle Belén 16, Madrid.
Rhode Trautmann, Adolfo (*see under* Rohde Trautmann).
Ribot, Miguel (M. R. Fernandez), Plaza de la Merced 2, segundo, Barcelona.
Rico, Marceliano, Calle Vila y Vila 78-2°, Barcelona.
Ries & Company, Colón 72, Valencia.
Ries, Isidor, Colón 72, Valencia.
Righaubuer, Otto, Diputacion 299, Barcelona.
Ripoll, Rafael Gonzalez (*see* Gonzalez Ripoll, Rafael).
Riquer y Aloma, Eduardo, Plaza de la Villa 1, Madrid.
Rissmann, Federico O., Calle Lauria 104 and Calle Valencia 293, Barcelona.
Ritter, Thomas (or Teodoro), Lope de Rueda 3, and Carrera San Jeronimo 49, Madrid.
Rivoire, Louis, Santander.
Robles, Angel, Calle Silva 6, Madrid; and Calle Bailén 22, Bilbao.
Robles, Pedro, Malaga.
Rodriguez, Adolpho Hielscher, Calle Zorrilla 31, Madrid.
Rodriguez y Bernaola (La Maquinaria Moderna), Gran Via 44, Bilbao.
Rodriguez, Felipe, Corunna.
Rodriguez, José Maria Nino (*see* Nino Rodriguez, José Maria).
Rodriguez Leira, Gerardo, Calle Preciados 13, Madrid.
Rodriguez, Luis Reina (*see* Reina Rodriguez, Luis).
Rodriguez, Rafael Lacalle (*see* Lacalle Rodriguez Rafael).
Rodriguez, Salvador Medina (*see* Medina Rodriguez, Salvador).
*Rodriguez, Torres, Augustin, Las Palmas.
Roesel, Ricardo, Calle Libertad 21, and Calle Zabaleta 5 and 7, Madrid.
Roesicke Brandhors, Eduardo Hermann, Balmes 57, Barcelona.
Roger Marti, Eugenio, Calle Calabria 273, esquina Industria, Barcelona.
Roger y Pons, Calle Calabria 273, esquina Industria, Barcelona
Rohde (or Rhode) Trautmann, Adolfo, Calle Claris 111, Barcelona.
Rojas, Claudio, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Rollo Candil, Camilo, Barbieri 16, and Hotel Ingles, Madrid.
Romeo, Joaquin, Rambla Santa Monica 13, Barcelona.
Romero, Andres Cabrera (*see* Cabrera Romero, Andres).
Romero Enciso, Gabriel, Calle Escorial 3, Madrid.
Romero Gimenez, Manuel, Calle de Nicolas, Maria Rivero 8, Madrid; and Pasaje Escudillers 7, Barcelona.
Romero, José Hernandez (*see* Hernandez Romero, José).
Roock, Jorge, Hurtado de Amézaga 12 and Fueros 2, Bilbao.
Rose, Luis, Calle Mayor 12, Madrid.
Rosenbaum, Max L., Calle Fernando 41, Barcelona.
Roseno & Company, Calle Monte Esquinza 10, Madrid.
Rosenow, Hermann, Monte Esquinza 10, Madrid.
Rosenthal, Karl (or Carlos), Calle Mirallers 7, and Rambla del Centro 7, Barcelona.

* No connection with Torres, Augustin, Barcelona.

Roses, Gabriel, Calle, Bailén 5, Barcelona.
Roth, Richard, Consejo de Ciento 313, Barcelona.
Royalta Jam Factories (Ernesto Stierlen), Carcagente and Silla.
Rubio, Juan, Malaga.
Rubli, Paul, Madrid.
Rueda, Eduardo Sanchez (*see* Sanchez Rueda, Eduardo)
Rueda, Manuel, Malaga.
Rüggeberg, Federico, Ausias March 14-18, Barcelona.
Rumeu, Hector, Calle Dr. Allart 8, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Ruprecht, Federico, Rambla Cataluña 45 and Calle Cortes 587, Barcelona.
Saavedra, Viuda de Antonio (successor of Antonio Saavedra Hernandez), Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Saenz, Manuel Domingo, Calle de San Francisco, Malaga.
Saggese Antonio, Palma and Binisalem (Majorca).
Saggese, Felipe, y Hermanos, Palma and Binisalem (Majorca).
Saggese Hermanos de Binisalem y de Palma, Palma, Balearic Islands.
Sahagun, José, Issac Peral 16, Cadiz.
Sahagun y Brardro, Isaac Peral 16, Cadiz.
Sala y Azorin, José Maria, Novelda, Alicante; and Calle de las Barcas 5, Valencia.
Salavert *see* Cano Salavert).
Sales, Angel, Calle Fernando 41, Barcelona.
San José Cano, Luis, S. en C., Rambla Santa Monica 14, Barcelona.
Sanchez Rueda, Eduardo, Calle Torrijos 21, Malaga.
Sanchiz y Zabalza, Juan, Calle de Trujillo 3, Madrid.
Sanner, Hugo (El Convento), Palamos.
Sanner, Wilhelm (El Convento), Palamos.
Santana Hernandez, Nicolas, Puerto de la Luz, Las Palmas.
Satorres, Ramon, De, Calle San Marcos 3, and Calle Alcala 43, Madrid.
Saüer, Karl & Heinrich (of Sociedad Espanola de Aparatos Electricos), Pasajes, Guipuzcoa.
Sautter Hermanos (Hermann & Gotthill Sautter), Plaza de la Constitucion, Malaga; Carrera San Jeronimo 16, Madrid; Barcelona and Seville.
Schachtzabel, Alfred, Calle Colon 64, Valencia.
Schad, Ernesto, y Larrea, Antonio, Calle Ercilla 12, Bilbao.
Schaefer, Dr. E., Pasaje de la Paz 10 bis, Barcelona.
Schaellibaum, Eduardo, Alicante.
Schäfer, Francisco, Lagasca 117, Madrid.
Scharke, Juan, Villamartin 9, Cartagena.
Schiller, Enno, Calle Infante Don Fernando 152, Antequera, near Malaga.
Schimmelpfeng's Information Agency, Madrid; and Ronda de la Universidad 17, Barcelona.
Schlayer, Felix (Sucesor de Alberto Ahles & Company), Alcalá 46, Madrid; Paseo de Aduana 15 and 17, Barcelona; Seville, Cordoba, Badajoz, Pamplona and Rioseco.
Schlüter Wrede, Pablo, Gran Via 22, Bilbao.
Schmidt, Bruno and Eduardo, Herrera, near Pasajes; Calle Juan de Mena 12, and Calle Serrano 7, Madrid.
Schmieder, Pablo, Rambla Santa Monica 6 & Plaza Santa Ana 17, Barcelona.
Schmolch, Federico, Montera 20, Madrid.
Schneider, Pablo Rambla de Cataluna 54, Barcelona.
Scholtz Hermanos, Calle Don Cristian 11, Malaga.
Schönfeld Hertel, Maximo, Aribau 45, Vergara 5, and Rambla Santa Monica 33, Barcelona.
Schreitmüller, Adelaide, Hotel Ingleterra, Seville.
Schultze, Gustavo, y Cia, Calle Luis Taboada 2, Vigo.
Schumacher, Adolfo (partner in "Libreria Nacional y Extranjera"), Caballero de Gracia 60, Madrid.
Schumacher, Oscar, Calle Belén 16, Madrid.
Schumann, Bernhardt F. (*see* Bauditz, Adolfo de).
Schutte, Alfred H., & Company, Calle Lauria 18, Barcelona; and Calle Luchana 1, Bilbao.
Schwab, Jaime, Electricité, Calle Moreta 5, and Calle Alcala 30, Madrid.
Segalerva, Rafael Baquera, Malaga.
Sellarés (*see* Almerich Sellarés, Luis).
Semprun Pomba, Jose Maria, Calle Claudio Coello 28, Madrid.
Senorans y Rodriguez, Plaza de Mina 1, Corunna.
Serra, José Farran (*see* Farran Serra José).
Serra, Juan, Tarragona.
Serra Llunell, Federico, Paseo San Juan 22, Barcelona.
Serra, Pedro Pares, Calle Alcala 46, Madrid.
Serrahima, Francisco de A., Calle Bailen, 64, Barcelona.
Serrano, Augustin, and Cia, Malaga.
Sevil, Agustin, Tarragona.
Siderurgia y Maquinaria Extranjera, Calle Martinez Cubells 10, Valencia, and Henao 8, Bilbao.
Siemens & Halske, Barquillo 28 and Orellana 4, Madrid.
Siemens, Enrique, & Company, Las Palmas.
Siemens Schückert Industria Electrica, Barcelona; Madrid; and Valencia; and Gardoqui 11, Bilbao.
Sierra y Alonso, Hijos de Ildefonso, Calle Mayor 20, Madrid.
"Siglo Futuro, El," Madrid.
Siljeström, August, Plaza de Valarino Togores 17, Cartagena.
Silvestrini, Arturo, Malaga.
Sintes Salvador Pons (*see* Pons Sintes, Salvador).
Smith, Horn & Company, Bilbao.
Sociedad Anonima Española de Colas, Gelatinas y Abonos, Calle Alcalá 69 and Calle del Prado 4, Madrid; and Calle Curtidores 153, Barcelona.

Sociedad Anónima Fabrica de Lámparas de Filamento Metalico, Paseo de Santa Maria de la Cabeza, Madrid.
Sociedad Anonima Odeon, Muntaner 44, Barcelona.
Sociedad Anonima Suiza de Publicidad (*see* Haasenstein & Vogler).
Sociedad Electro-Quimica de Flix (*see* (Flix, Sociedad-Electro-Quimica De).
Sociedad Española de Automobiles "Mercedes," Ponzano 51, Madrid.
Sociedad Hispano Alemana de Estudios (Studiengesellschaft) Fernanflor 6, Madrid, and Barcelona.
Sociedad Hispanola Americano, Barcelona and Madrid.
Sociedad Minera Coto Rosita, Lealtad 9, Madrid.
Sociedad Minera el Guindo, Madrid.
Sociedad Navarra de Industrias, Pamplona.
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Société de Cremor Acido Tartarico, Reus.
Soler, Juan Pelegrin (*see* Pelegrin Soler, Juan).
Soler y Trias, Francisco, Calle Gasometro 12, Barcelona.
Soler, Virgilio, Alicante.
Sommer, Kurt, Calle de Hortaleza 14 and 16, and Calle Preciados 34, Madrid.
Soria & Company, Grao de Valencia.
Soria, Robustiano (of Soria & Company), Grao de Valencia.
Soujol, Carlos, Plaza Urquinaona 3, Barcelona.
Spandau, Guillaume (*see* Spandau, Port and Company).
Spandau, Port and Company, Balmes 161, Barcelona.
Specht (of Deutsche Sudamerikanische Telegraphen Gesellschaft or German Cable Company), Santa Cruz de Tenerife.
Spontjes, Enrique (Managing Director of Sociedad Navarra de Industrias, Pamplona), Lodosa.
Stach, Adam, Paseo del Roding 11, Malaga.
Stettiner, Oscar, Consejo de Ciento 153, Barcelona.
Stiehle, Adolf, Orotava, Tenerife.
Stierlen Ernesto, Pascual y Genis 22, and Gran Via del Marques de Turia 27, Valencia, and at Royalta Jam Factories, Carcagenta and Silla.
Streitberger, Otto, Calle Universidad, 123, 1°, and Calle Pelayo 5, Barcelona.
Stroebel, Carlos, y Cia., Mercado del Ensanche 5 and Colón de Larreátegui 21, Bilbao.
Studiengesellschaft (*see* Sociedad Hispano Alemana de Estudios).
Sturzeneger, Jaime, Trafalgar, 17, Barcelona.
Suarez de Lorenzana, Alberto Malaga.
Sañe, J., & Company, Rambla Cataluna 118, Barcelona.
Susland, Victor, Paseo de Recolestos 14—2°, Madrid; and Calle General Echague 15, San Sebastian.
Taltavull y Pertus, Jorge, Calle Socorre 114, Palma, Majorca.
Tannenbaum, Juan, Càrmen 24, Madrid.
Tapias, José, Tarragona.
Tarrats, Juan Canals (*see* Canals Tarrats, Juan)
*Tauler, R., Palamos.
Teickner (or Teikner), Máximo, Mercado del Enshanche 5, Bilbao; Barcelona and Valencia
Texidó Barrau, Juan, Paseo de Gracia 47, Barcelona.
Tejedo Domenech, Vincente, Apartado de Correo 62, Valencia.
Teschendroff & Company, Travessa S. Vincente and Calle Peana 25, Grao de Valencia.
Thieme (or Tieme) & Edeler, Eibar.
Thomson-Houston Iberica (*see* Allgemeine Electricitäts Gesellschaft).
Thonet Hermanos, Madrid.
Tieme (or Thieme) & Edeler, Eibar.
Tiempo, El, Barcelona.
Tijerra, Laureano Diaz (*see* Diaz Tijerra, Laureano).
Tipográfia Germania, Santa Teresa 9, Barcelona.
Tipográfia Xalapeira (Editorial Tibidabo), Arco de San Silvestre 4, Barcelona.
Tomas, José Bernal (*see* Bernal Tomas, José).
Torello, Falsone (*see* Falsone, Torello).
Toret Gonzalez, Francisco, Malaga & Seville.
Toro, Pedro del, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
Torrens, Alberto, Mariana Pineda 5, Madrid.
Torrens, Pablo, Lauria 18, Barcelona.
Torrents (*see* Garriga y Torrents, Antonio).
‡Torres, Agustin Rodriguez (*see* Rodriguez Torres, Agustin).
"Tradicionalista, El," Grand Canary.
Traumann, Enrique, Madrid.
Trias (*see* Francesco Soler y Trias).
"Tribuna," Madrid.
Trissler, Eugenio Lamparter (*see* Lamparter Trissler, Eugenio).
U.N.I., Sociedad Anonima, Rambla de Cataluna 72, Barcelona; and Cornella.
Uhagon, Gonzalo de, Calle de San Roque 8, and Valenzuela 4, Madrid.
Ullmann, Guil'ermo, Calle Felipe IV 5, Madrid.
Ungebbauer, Rudolf, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.
Union de Destiladores de Esencias de España, Sociedad Anonima, Malaga.
Uranga, Ramon (*see* Pielhof & Ramon Uranga).
Uria, Manuel, Calle del Carmen 22, Madrid.
Utz, Luis (or Ludwig) Fabrica de Productos Quimicos Paseo de Mata 18 or Primero Octobre 10, Reus.
Valdes (*see* Pumarino Valdes, Eduardo de las Alas).
Valdes, Antonio A.P., Avenida de Pries 16, Malaga.
Valle, Hugh Leon del (*see* Lowenthael, Hugo).
Valverde Garcia, Arsenio, Calle Diputacion 348, Barcelona.
Vasquez Adolfa Milla (*see* Milla Vasquez, Adolfo).

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*Not connected with J. Tauler & Company, 8, Colchester Street, Cooper's Row, London, E.C.
‡Not connected with Agustin Torres, Barcelona.

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Vasquez, F., y Cia., Calle Santa Paula 26, Granada.
Vega, Antonio T., Calle Trinidad 23/25, Gijon; and Musel.
Victoria de Berlin, La, Ronda San Pedro 2, Barcelona; Arenal 12, Bilbao; & Preciados, Madrid.
Vilanova, José Poveda (*see* Poveda Vilanova, José).
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Villanueva, Justiniano M., Teatro Espolin, Burgos.
Villanueva, Hijo y Sobrino de M., Burgos.
Vinals, Magin, Calle Cristina 2, Barcelona; Port Bou; & Irun.
Vincke, Enrique, Lauria 118, Barcelona, & Palafrugell.
Vinicola, Sociedad Tarragona.
Visconti Morata, Antonio, Plaza Constitucion 14 and 15, Alicante.
Visconti Morata, Francisco, Alicante.
Vogel y Matas, Calle Cortes 561, Barcelona.
Vogt, Conrad, Santa Cruz, Teneriffe.
Wackonnigg, Wilhelm, Bilbao.
Walter, G., Calle de Alcala 28, Madrid.
Walther, Alfred, Algeciars.
Wasnau (or Wassman), Rodolfo, Calle Nunez de Arce 14 and 17, Madrid; and Barcelona.
Wassman, Rodolfo (*see* Wasnau, Rodolfo).
Weger, Emil, Calle Primero de Octobre 19, Reus.
Weinhagen, Gustave, & Company, Calle de Napoles 107, Barcelona.
Weinstein, Benno, Calle Orfila 5 (formerly Calle Montalbân 7), Madrid.
Weissberger, Joseph Arnold, Calle Almagro 25, Madrid.
Weisswange, Kurt (or Conrado) sucesor de J. Pinto Lopez, Calle Cortes 640—642, Barcelona.
Welsch, Richard, Plaza de Cataluna, 19, Barcelona.
Wenzel, Juan, & Company, Calle Zorilla 11, Madrid.
Wertheim, Carlos, Calle Avino 9, Barcelona.
Wessinger, Robert, Rambla Cataluna 75, Barcelona.
Westheimer, Federico, Algeciras.
Wetzig & Weickert, Huelva.
White, Viuda de Luis, Benicarlo and Tarragona.
Wicke & Mayol (Sucesores de Martin Wicke) Cortes 626, Barcelona.
Wiedemann, Oskar Fischel (*see* Fischel Wiedemann, Oskar).
Wienken, Eduardo (late Hafner & Wienken), Calle Alfonso XII 14, Malaga.
Wilhelmi, Berta, Salon No. 1, Granada.
Wimmer, J., & Company (Hans, Johannes, & Max Wimmer), Puerta del Sol 6, Madrid.
Winizki (or Cabot) M., Peris y Valera 4, Valencia.
Winter, Emilio, Calle General Menacho 9, Cadiz.
Wirtz (*or* Wirz), Mathias, Plaza de Lugo 1, Corunna.
Wissmann, Karl, Malaga.
Wittmack, Otto, & Company, Carmen 21, Malaga.
Woermann Line, Las Palmas.
Wolf (or Wolff), Max (or Maximo), Plaza Tetuan 23, Valencia.
Wolf, Rudolf, Calle Alcalá 52, Madrid.
Wolff, Alberto, Calle de San Roque 8, Madrid.
Wolters, Gerardo (late Oscar Brian or Bryan), Rambla Santa Monica 2, Barcelona.
Wrede Pablo Schlüter (*see* Schlüter Werde, Pablo).
Wünsch, Viuda de, Calle Isabel la Católica 1, Santander.
Wünsch, Viuda y Hijos de, Calle Isabel la Católica 1, and Almadel, Santander.
Xaurado y Cia., Aragon 254, Barcelona.
Xalapeira Tipográfia (*see* under Tipografia).
Zafra, Viuda de José, e Hijo (*see* Zafra Milanes, Carmelo).
Zafra Milanes, Carmelo (also trading as Viuda de José Zafra e Hijo and as Antonio Milanes Bueno), San Juan de Dios 14, Malaga.
Zambrano, José, Calle Santa Engracia 68, Madrid.
Zaragueta y Bengoechea, Augustin, Calle Mallorca 312, Barcelona; & San Sebastian.
Zimnosek, D. W., Calle Barquillo 28, Madrid.
Zoller, Eduard, Calle Santa Engracia 125, Madrid.
Zurn & Gunther, Cortes 587, Barcelona.

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Ahlenius, Göta, Smålandsg. 38, Stockholm.
Ahrenberg, Th., Skeppsbron 1, Gothenburg.
Akerman & Dahl, Postagatan 29, Gothenburg; Borås & Norrköping.
Akerman & Lion, Regerings 29, Stockholm.
Albeck & Mann, Malmö, Gothenburg and Hälsingborg.
Allgemeine Electrictäts Gesellschaft, Karduansmakareg 9, Stockholm.
Allmänna Handels (A/B), Hamngatan 5B, Stockholm.
Almquist, Carl, Ystad.
Alpen, H., Magasinskvarte 3A, Gothenburg.
Anderson, Gunnar W., Olivedalsgatan 18, Gothenburg; and Västerlangg 34, Stockholm.
Anderson, Uno (partner of Hofwerberg & Anderson) Engelbrektsgatan 37 and V. Hamngatan 23, Gothenburg.
Anderson, Leapold, Fjällgatan 6, Gothenburg.

Andersson & Lindberg (A/B), Stora Badhusgatan 6, Gothenburg.
Andrén, Axel, Stora Nygatan 7 & Packhusplatsen 2, Hertzia, Gothenburg.
Apoteket Kronan, Korsgaten 3, Gothenburg.
Appelbom, Nils (of P. L. Engstam A/B), Drottningg. 81, Stockholm.
Aquist, Ernst ("Oscaria" Skofabriken of Stockholm, &c.), Örebro.
Arnberg, Rich. M. (of Tom A/B), St. Pauli Kyrkog. 12, Malmö.
Artberg, Eskil, Birgerjarlsgatan 6, Stockholm.
Arvidson, Helge, Garvareg. 3 & Wahrendorffsgatan 4, Stockholm.
Arvum (A/B), V. Hamng. 14, Gothenburg.
Aschberg, Olaf, Norrtullsg. 3, Stockholm.
Aspegren, Rich., Stortorget 3, Malmö.
Bagges Import Agentur, Ö., Hamngt. 50B, Gothenburg.
Beijers, John, Skofabrik (A/B), Flemminggatan 59, and Kronobergsg. 9, Stockholm.
Benedy, John, & Company, Skeppsbron 5, Malmö.
Berg, Victor, Malmtorgsg. 5, Stockholm.
Bergman & Company, Birgerjarlsgaten 15, Stockholm.
Berne, O., & Company, S. Promenaden 57, Malmö.
Bernström, Gustaf, Korsgatan 3, Gothenburg.
Bexelius, Henrik, G., la Kungsholmsbrog. 27 and Valling 42, Stockholm
Biehl, G., Malmö.
Bittner, Dr. Karl, Sturegatan 10, Stockholm.
Blomquist, Olof, & Company, Oscarshamn.
Böhm (A/B), J.M., Skeppsbron 40, Stockholm.
Bojsen, C. V., S. Hamngatan 59, Gothenburg.
Bojsen, Sture, Föreningsgatan 52, Malmö.
Böker, W., Vasagatan 24, Stockholm.
Brand, Sjö & Olycksfallsförsäkrings A/B Skandinavien (*see under* "Skandinavien.").
Brio Rederi A/B, Arsenalsg. 6, Stockholm.
Broms, Joh., Örebro.
Broms & Dam, Södermalmstorg 6, Stockholm.
Brun, Carl, & Company, Packhuspl. 2, Gothenburg.
Brunn, J., A/B, Kalmar, Västervik, Oskarshamn, Morbylanga, &c.
Burchard, Adolf, Drotningg. 4 and Strandvägen 29, Stockholm.
Christensen, A., Trälleborg.
Christiernin, C., Vasag 15/17, Stockholm.
Continental Export A/B, Drottninggatan 53, Stockholm.
Cornelius, Gustaf, Hamng. 1, Stockholm.
Dahlström, Otto, Bredgr. 2, Stockholm.
Daumichen, Max, Stockholm.
Deijenberg, Carl, Sodra Vagen 30, Gothenburg.
Deutgen, F., & Company, Lilla Vattug 28, Stockholm.
Dieden, Theodore, Forehingsg. 48 and Söderg. 10, Malmö; and Gothenburg.
Dresdner Expeditionen A/B, Tegnersgatan 15 (formerly of Stora Badstugatan 13), Stockholm.
Dressfalls Grufvor Och Malmförädlingsverk (A/B), Rosenbad 2, Stockholm.
Edstrand Brothers, Jorgen Knockg. 2 and Skeppsbron, Malmö.
Edström, Simon, Skeppsbron 11, Malmö.
Ego Industri A/B, St. Vattugatan 10, Stockholm.
Ehnimb, Gustav Adolf Erich, Vasagatan 5, Stockholm.
Ekner, Albin, Surbrunnsgatan 6, Gothenburg.
Ekström & Lefflers, A/B, Kyrkog 52, Gothenburg.
Ekström's (A) Maskinaffär A/B, St. Vattugatan 10, Stockholm.
Engeström & Jaeppelt, Per Veijersg 3, Malmö; and Gothenburg.
Engstam, P. L. (A/B), Drottningg. 81, Stockholm.
Engström, Knut, Skeppsbsron 1, Gothenburg.
Equip A/B, (or Equipment Company), Centralpalatset, Stockholm.
Ericson, Rudolf, & Company, Drottningg. 48, Stockholm.
Extractor A/B, Gothenburg.
Fallenius & Lefflers (A/B), V. Hamngatan 5, Gothenburg; and all branches in Sweden.
Fernstrom, A. K., Karlshamn, Karlskrona, Rönneby, &c.
Ferrolegeringar A/B, Gustav Adolf's Torg 18, Stockholm.
Fettindustri A/B, Malmö.
Fischer, Elis, A/B, Brännkyrkegatan 19 and Sibyllegatan 16, Stockholm.
Fogelström, F., Skeppsbron 40, Stockholm.
Forstners, C. E., Paraplyfabrik (A/B), G. la Kungs holmsbrog. 34, Stockholm.
Fraenckel, Gösta, V. Hamngatan 20, Gothenburg.
Fraenckel, Moritz, & Company, Gothenburg.
Franska Liqueur Depoten, Friisgatan 6, Malmö.
Fredriksson, G. (of P. L. Engstam A/B)), Drottningg. 81, Stockholm.
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Fridafors Fabriks (A/B), Fridafors and Malmö
Fritsch, W., Landskrona.
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Germania Konfektionen A/B, Malmskillnadsg. 25 and Götgatan 7, Stockholm.
Gleitsman, E. T. Trälleborg.
Glenne, Olof & Company, V. Hamngatan 5, Gothenburg; and Hamngatan 24, Stockholm.
Goldstück, Hainze & Company, Drottningg. 5, Gothenburg.
Geteborg's Hartsoljefärgfabrik, A/B, Jacobsdal i Örgryte, Gothenburg.
Gotthardt, Herman, Jörgen Kocksg. 4, Malmö.

Grafford, J., Katarinavägen 11, Stockholm.
Grebst, Harold, Stora Badhusgatan 6, Gothenburg.
Gredt, Paul, Stockholm and Malmö.
Grumme & Son A/B, Östgötagatan 50 and 52, Stockholm; and Malmö.
Gullberg, B. P., Husargatan 2, Malmö.
Haggström, Gustaf (of Gustaf Haggström A/B), Borås.
Haggström, Gustaf, A/B., Borås.
Håkanson & Company, Skeppsbron 4 and Östgötagatan 46, Stockholm.
Hallbäck, C. M., & Sons, Adelgatan 5, Malmö.
Hammar & Company, A/B, Västra Trädgärdsgatan 4, Stockholm, and Gothenburg.
Hammar, John (*see* Hammar & Company, A/B, Västra Trädgärdsgatan 4, Stockholm and Gothenburg).
Hammarström Bröderna, Ö. Hamngatans, Gothenburg.
Hamren, J. S. (of P. L. Engstam A/B), Drottningg. 81, Stockholm.
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Hanson, Wilhelm, & Company, Vasagatan 6, Stockholm.
Hansson, Elof, Packhuspl. 2, Gothenburg; and Stockholm.
Harbeck, Doctor Ernst, Partille, Gothenburg.
Hartig, Hugo, Wahrendorffsg. 4 Stockholm; and Gothenburg.
Heilbut, Henry, Stockholm.
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Henriksson's Tekniska Fabriks A/B, Örebro.
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Hofstedt, Axel, A/B, Stora Badhusgatan 7, Gothenburg.
Hofwerberg & Anderson, V. Hamngatan 23, Gothenburg.
Holmberg, Hermann, Övre Husarg 25, Gothenburg.
Hud & Skinnaffären, Svenska (James Meyer), Pildamsvägen 3B & Rosenlundsgaten 19, Malmö.
Humbert, Hermann, Artillerigatan 6, Stockholm.
Hylin & Company's Fabriks A/B. Östgötagatan 42, Stockholm.
Industri Banken A/B, Olof Wijksg. 3, Gothenburg; and Jacobsg., Stockhlom.
Initiative Company, Stockhlom.
Jaeppelt & Son, Malmö.
Jäger, Wilhelm, Stadsgården 8, Stockholm.
Jansson, Ivar, Drottningg. 73, Gothenburg.
Japanska Magazinet, Birgerjarlsgatan 6, Stockholm.
Johannsen, Nikolai, Skeppsbron 18, Stockholm.
Johnson, Eric R., Kommendörsg. 17, Stockholm.
Johnsson's, Georg, Efterfolger, Hagagatan 52 and Drottninggatan 85, Stockholm.
Jonsson & Krafft, V. Hamngt. 14, Gothenburg.
Jonssons's Klas., Eft., Kyrkogatan 20, Gothenburg.
Jurell & Company Komanditbolaget, Nyköping.
Kanold Bröderna, Chocoladfabrik, Jacobsdahl, Örgryte, Gothenburg.
Karlsdals A/B, Karlsdalsbruk near Karlskoga.
Kassmann's Ex-Import Company, Centralpalatset, Stockholm.
Kathreiner A/B, Nybrog. 3 and Katrineberg 17, Liljeholmen, Stockholm.
Kaufmann, Ernst, Vasagatan 10 & Folkungagatan 8, Stockholm.
Kessler Brothers, A/B, Värmdog. 16, Stockholm.
Klingener, E., Packhuspl. 2, Gothenburg.
Klippans Chromläder Fabriks (A/B), Klippan near Malmö.
Knisslinge Skofabriks A/B, (trading as Knisslingewerken) Vanäs.
Kraftox A/B, Klarabergsgatan 56, Stockholm.
Kroeck, E. J., Sibyllegatan 13, Stockholm.
Kronan, Apoteket Korgsgaten 3, Gothenburg.
Kronans Droghandel (Gustaf Bernström), Korsgatan 3, Gothenburg.
Kürzel, Fr., Frederiksborg, Malmö.
Kupong A/B, Gothenburg.
Lagerlöf's, Sam., Maskinbyra, Centralpalatset, Stockholm.
Larson, C. L., Stigbergstorget 3, Gothenburg.
Larsson, Adolf, Orebro.
Lassen, Carl, Slüssplan 63, Stockholm; & Kungsg 4, Gothenburg.
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Levy, Ivan (Skandinaviska Pälsvarufabriken), Karduansmakareg 8B, Stockholm.
Limämmesfabriken Komanditbolag, Svenska (Franz Meyer & Company), Landskrona.
Lindegren & Rae, A/B, Bredgr. 2, Stockholm.
Lindelof & Company, Vastra Hamng. 2, Gothenburg.
Linden & Lindström, Gothenburg.
Lion, Adolph, Riddaregatan 7 and Banérg. 51, Stockholm.
Lion, Carl, Lidingö-Brevik, Stockholm.
Lublin & Company (A/B), St. Vattug. 9, Stockholm.
Malmindustri A/B, Drottningg. 94, Stockholm.
Malmö Korkfabriks (A/B), Frnsg. 6, Malmö.
Malmö Kylvarubolag Ishuset, St. Nyg. 83, Malmö.
Malmö Oljeslageri, A/B, Nobelvägen, Malmö.
Malmö Tryckeri and Pappersbolag, Tegelgardsg 10, Malmö.
Malmö Yllefabriks (A/B), St. Nyg. 50, Malmö.
Melin, Peder and Company, N. Hamng. 6, Gothenburg; and Malmö.
Mercerie A/B, Vasagatan 15/17, Stockholm.
Meyer, Franz, & Company (*see* Svenska Limämmesfabriken Komanditbolag).

* No connection with Lejonet Apoteket Droghandel, Gothenburg.

Meyer, James (*see* Svenska Hud & Skinnaffaren)
Meyer, Rutger, Stadsgarden 10 & Sibylleg 3, Stockholm.
Meyerson, Joseph, Norrlandsgatan 16, Stockholm.
Moller, H., S. Förstadsg, 34 & Ö. Hamng. 5, Malmö.
Moller, R. H., Halmstad.
Montgomery, A., Skeppsbron 4 & Pustervikeg. 5, Gothenburg.
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Moser, Eugen, Odeng, 22, Stockholm.
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"Nonpareil" Konservfabrik, Lund.
Nordiska Handels syndikatet A/B., Skeppsbron 5, Malmö.
Nordiska Hartslimtabriken, Peters & Company (*see* Peters & Company).
Nordiska Sack & Skrot A/B., Gullbergsvass, Gothenburg.
Nordiske Gummifabrik (A/B.), Trälleborg.
Nornan Angfartygs A/B., Skeppsborn 1, Gothenburg.
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Pelz, Conrad, Stockholm.
Peters & Company, Nordiska Hartslimfabriken, Landskrona
Pettersson, Miss L., Brunkebergstorg 15, Stockholm.
Pincoffs, Georg, or Martin Georg, Fredr. Kyrkog 15, Stockholm
Pöhler & Company, Svenska Atlaswerken A/B., Mälärtorget 13, and Kungsholmsstrand 133, Stockholm.
Privat Emission A/B., Stockholm.
Privatbanken A/B., Fredsg. 6, Stockholm.
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Rapp, David (A/B), Skeppsbron 18 & Kammakareg 12, Stockholm.
Reinheimer, Phillip, Stockholm.
Ritter, A., Sodra Promenaden 57, Malmö.
Roberg, Tycho, Skeppsbron 1, Gothenburg.
Robertson's, Davy, Maskinfabrik A/B., Stampg. 20, Gothenburg.
Rondorf, Conrad, Norrtullsg. 55, Stockholm.
Rudeberg, A., Drottningatan 11, Stockholm.
Rundt, Jorden, Tidningskontoret, Kungsgatan 2, Stockholm.
Sackmanns, H., A/B., Drottninggatan 86, Stockholm.
Sahlberg, Th., & Company, Kaptensgatan 15, Stockholm.
Sanatogen Generalagentur, Kungsgatan 59, Stockholm.
Sandberg, O. A., & Sons, O. Hamng. 15 and Kronhusg 1 6, Gothenburg.
Sanner & Block, A/B., Stora Vattugatan 2, Stockholm.
Schaffer & Budenberg A/B., Klara Sodra Kyrkogatan 18, Stockholm.
Schaub & Company (A/B), Lindvägen, Stockholm.
Schimmelpfeng (W.) Auskunftei, Fredsgatan 2, Stockholm.
Schipmann, Heinrich (A/B), Bredgr. 2, Stockholm
Schlasberg, Henning & Company, Landskrona.
Schlesinger, Ernest, Normalmstorg 2 and Birger Jarlsgt. 37-39, Stockholm.
Schmitz, August, Stora Nyg. 50 and Malmborgsg. 7, Malmö.
Schuchardt & Schütte's Filial, Vasagatan 24, Stockholm.
Seiden, H., Vallingatan 37, Stockholm.
Shipman, Henry, Stockholm (*see* Schipmann, Heinrich).
Siemens-Schuckert Elektriska A/B., Kaptensgatan 6, Stockholm.
Silvander, Carl, Klarabergsgatan 23 & Artillerigatan 46, Stockholm.
Simon, Falk, Vasapl. 6, Gothenburg.
Sinclair, Charles (James Sinclair & Son), Magasinskvarteret 4 and Olof Wijksg. 3, Gothenburg.
Sinclair, James, & Son (Charles Sinclair), Magasinskvarteret 4, Gothenburg.
Skanberg, Viktor, Verkstadsg. 1, Gothenburg.
"Skandinavien" Brand, Sjö & Olycksfallsförsäkrings A/B., Brunkebergstorg 11, Stockholm.
Skandinaviska Export Kontoret, Hälsingborg.
Skandinaviska Glödlampfabrik A/B., Nyköping.
Skandinaviska Pälsvarufabriken (Ivan Levy), Karduansmakareg 8B, Stockholm.
Skandinaviska Raprodukts A/B., Stadsgarden 12, and Sibyllegatan 16, Tr. Stockholm.
Skofabrik, Stockholms (A/B.), Hornsgaten 160 & Brännkyrkagatan 167, Stockholm.
Specialjärn (A/B), Kungsholmsgatan 14 (formerly of Kungsgatan 56), Stockholm; and Gothenburg.
"Standard" Industri (A/B.), Gustav Adolfs Torg 15, Stockholm.
Steinbach, Julius, Wahrendorffsgatan 1, Stockholm.
Steinmetz & Knetsch (A/B), Jakobsbergsgatan 26, Stockholm; and Sodergatan 26, Malmö.
Stenberg & Ohlsson, Stadsgarden 10, Stockholm.
Stockholms Skofabrik (A/B), Hornsgatan 160 and Brännkyrkagatan 167, Stockholm.
Stockholms Yllefabrik, Reymersholm, Stockholm.
Strassä Grufve A/B., Kärberg.
Stiöm, Carl, Vasagatan 4, Stockholm.

Strömerstén, A., & Company, Östergatan 24, Malmö.
Svenska Atlaswerken (*see under* Pöhler & Co.).
Svenska Finans Institutet A/B., Drottningg. 33, Gothenburg, and Arsenalsg. 14, Stockholm.
Svenska Hud and Skinnaffären (James Meyer), Pildamsvägen 3B & Rosenlundsgatan 19, Malmö.
Svenska Limämmesfabriken Komanditbolag (Franz Meyer & Company), Landskrona.
Svenska Motor Company, Birger Jarlsgatan 35-37 & Brunnsgatan 2, Stockholm.
Svenska Nordafrikanska Kompaniet. O. Hamng. 32, Gothenburg.
Svensson, C. V., & Company (A/B), Exercisgatan 16, Malmö.
Svensson, Henry W., Helsingborg.
Sveriges Forenade Konservfabriker (A/B.), Hamngatan 2 and Gårda, Gothenburg.
Sverker Rederi A/B., Skeppsbron 1, Gothenburg.
Thöltde, P., A/B., Kungsgatan 5, Stockholm.
Thomsen's Fabrikers Aktiebolaget, Södra Hamng. 43, Gothenburg.
Tidan A/B., Tidan, Mariestad.
Tidningskontoret, Jorden Rundt (*see* Rundt, Jorden).
Tom (A/B.), Malmö.
Transatlantiska Handelskompaniet, Kungsg. 53, Stockholm.
Tryckfärgsfabrik, Trälleborg.
Tyska Samtrafiken, Malmö.
Uhlin, Rich., (of Gustaf Haggström, A/B.), Borås.
Ulmgren, Wilh., Drottningg 85, Stockholm.
Ulmgren, Wilh., & Company, Drottningg 85, Stockholm.
Ursell's, B., Eft., Triewaldsgr. 8, Stockholm.
Värdeföralting, A/B., Gothenburg.
Vetterlein, Walther (*see under* Wetterlein).
Vollenbruch, Max, Artillerigatan 6, Stockholm.
Waenerlund, H. Edward, Prinsgatan 4 and Bryggareg. 4, Gothenburg.
Wallenberg's, L. O., Skofabrik (or Skomakare), Södra Forstadsg. 58, Malmö.
Weissenberg, Herm (of Germania Konfektionen A/B.), Malmskillnadsg. 25, and Götgatan 7, Stockholm.
Wennersten, August, Kungsgatan 56, Stockholm.
Westerberg, Joseph, Stort 4 Malmö.
Wetterlein (*or* Vetterlein), Walther, Stora Nygatan 21, Stockholm.
Winkler Kathlew, S. W., Helsingborg.
Wisloff, J. I., (of Sanatogen Generalagentur), Kungsgatan 59, Stockholm.
Witte, Frantz, & Company A/B., Bärareg, 14, Gothenburg; and Brunnsbasken 6, Stockholm.
Yllefabriks, Malmö (A/B.), St. Nyg. 50, Malmö.

NOTE 1. Where a person or firm mentioned in the List has more than one address in the country or group of countries under which the name of the person or firm appears all dealings in that country, or in any country in the group with such person or firm are prohibited, even in cases where one only of the addresses, or one only of the countries, is specifically mentioned.

NOTE 2. Trading is prohibited under the Trading with the Enemy Proclamations of 25 June, and 10 November, 1915 (which were republished by the Government of India as notifications in the Commerce and Industry Department, Nos. 12221-W. and 861-W., dated respectively the 24th July and 11th December, 1915), with any person or firm of enemy nationality resident or carrying on business in China, Siam, Persia, Morocco, Siberia or Portuguese East Africa. Persons or firms are, therefore, prohibited from trading with any person or firm of enemy nationality in any of those countries, even though such person or firm is not mentioned by name in the above Schedule.

NOTE 3. It is not unusual for firms in Holland and the Netherland East Indies to be registered under names commencing with descriptive terms such as "Handel Maatschappy" (Trading Company) or "Naamlooze Venootschap" (Limited Liability Company). In such cases it has been found more convenient to publish the firm under its proper name followed by the general descriptive term "Handel Maatschappy" or "Naamlooze Venootschap" (N.V.) as in the case of an English company. For instance, Handel Maatschappy van den Berg & Company, and Naamlooze Venootschap de Komeet v/h Dumonceau Frères will be found under "Berg" and "Komeet" respectively, and not under "Handel" or "Naamlooze."

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

The 25th January 1919.

No. 721-D.—Mr. G. C. Sen, Personal Assistant to the Director General of Commercial Intelligence, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 1st February 1919.

COMMERCE—WAR.

The 25th January 1919.

No. 659-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions shall be made in the Schedule appended to the notification in this Department No. 724-D., dated the 14th December 1918, as subsequently amended, *viz.*:—

Additions.

Jaffer, M., Bangkok.
Societe L. de Lajonquiere and Cie, Tungsawng.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 25th January 1919.

No. 705-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the notification in this Department No. 6237-W.-II, dated the 22nd July 1916, shall be cancelled.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 25th January 1919.

No. 731-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt grain, pulse and flour, imported into British India up to the 30th of September 1919, from customs duty leviable thereon under items No. 52 and No. 71 of Schedule II, Parts III and IV, to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as subsequently amended.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 25th January 1919.

No. 631-D.—Mr. S. R. Beeson (now deceased), an officiating Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service at Madras, was on privilege leave for twelve days from the 30th November 1918 to the 11th December 1918 and on leave on medical certificate for six days from the 12th to the 18th December 1918.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 21st January 1919.

No. 266-Est. A.—Captain P. G. Loch, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for 3 months, combined with furlough for 1 year and 15 days, with effect from the 20th September 1918, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

Notification No. 21-Est. A., dated the 3rd January 1919, is hereby cancelled.

The 22nd January 1919.

No. 286-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. McConaghey, of the Political Department, is posted as His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Kerman and Persian Baluchistan, and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. 288-Est. A.—Lieutenant P. M. Nighbour, Royal Army Medical Corps, is appointed to officiate temporarily as an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, and is posted as Agency Surgeon, Gilgit, with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

No. 299-I. B.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), as applied to Berar, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to cancel Rule 11 EEE of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as applied thereto.

The 23rd January 1919.

No. 314-I. C.—*Erratum.*—In the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 3-I. C., dated the 1st January 1919, announcing the award of the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India, *for* the entry "Miss Dinbanu Hormasji Vajifdar, Sind Women's Branch of Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, Karachi, Bombay" *substitute* "Mrs. Hormusji Maneckjee Vajifdar, Sind Women's Branch of Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, Karachi, Bombay."

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 21st January 1919.

No. 185-G.—Under section 3 of the Persian Coast and Islands Order in Council, 1907, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Frank McConaghey, His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Kerman, to be a Judicial Assistant to His Majesty's Consul-General for Fars and the Coasts and Islands of the Persian Gulf.

No. 186-G.—Under section 3 of the Persian Coast and Islands Order in Council, 1907, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel John Ernest Buttery Hotson, O.B.E., His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Shiraz, to be a Judicial Assistant to His Majesty's Consul-General for Fars and the Coasts and Islands of the Persian Gulf.

The 23rd January 1919.

No. 291-Est. B.—Captain W. D. V. Slesser, I.A.R.O., Adjutant, Zhob Militia (Infantry), was appointed to officiate as Second in Command, Zhob Militia (Infantry), in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 22nd September to 30th November 1918.

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 24th January 1919.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 161.—Lieutenant F. N. Miller, 21st (Empress of India's) Lancers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Instructor at an Equitation School. Dated 28th October 1918.

No. 162.—Second Lieutenant E. C. Norton, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 31st December 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 163.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Edward Campbell Loch, Army Remount Department. Dated 21st January 1919.

Captains to be Majors.

Augustine Henry Brooke, 18th King George's Own Lancers. } Dated 28th November 1918.

William Leith-Ross, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).
Brevet Major Charles de Lona Christopher, Supply and Transport Corps.
Charles Cobb, Supply and Transport Corps.
} Dated 9th January 1919.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

George Alexander Maconochy, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). } Dated 11th November 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

John Colson Cotton, attached 24th Punjabis.
Hubert Edward Madge, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.
Richard Francis William Kinkead Allen, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.
George Noel Buckton, attached 10th Jats.
} Dated 27th October 1918.

Wilfred Meaburn Tatham, attached 16th Cavalry.	Dated 27th October 1918.
Philip Meyrick-Jones, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).	
Kenneth Clephen Garvie, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).	
William Henry Stuart Gee, attached 48th Pioneers.	
Richard Terence Bodle, attached 10th Jats.	
Edward Tillotson St. Maur Brett, attached 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).	
Henry Richard Francis Tweedy, attached 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).	
Ola Anderson, attached 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).	
Leigh Arbuthnot Alexander, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).	
Horace Marcus Jefcoate, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).	Dated 21st December 1918.

No. 164.—Captain F. V. Spooner, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Commandant of an Equitation School. Dated 30th October 1918.

No. 165.—Second Lieutenant J. G Lightbody, 36th Jacob's Horse, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Assistant Instructor at an Equitation School. Dated 12th November 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 166.—In Army Department Notification No. 3013, dated the 27th December 1918, *delete* the remark "since deceased" against the name of Rama Shankkar Bhargava, M.B.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 167.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Cavalry Branch.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Robert Charles Hillman Padfield.	Dated 10th October 1918.
Francis Fenwick.	Dated 24th December 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Captain to be Major.

Hugh Lethbridge Pope.	Dated 20th November 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Andrew Duncan Rollo.	Dated 17th October 1918.
William Septimus Goldsmith.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Thomas Dominic Nugent.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
George Herbert Tredaway.	Dated 27th November 1918.
George Gordon Taylor Toller.	
Edwin Jacob.	Dated 29th November 1918.
Harold Sinclair Higgin.	Dated 11th December 1918 (since deceased).
William Stafford.	Dated 15th December 1918.
Douglas Aylward.	Dated 18th December 1918.
Evelyn Digby Donne Jarrad.	
Douglas Hodson Barnes.	
Edwin Horton Stonehewer.	Dated 24th December 1918.
James Hughes.	
Harold Gordon Inglis, M.C.	Dated 14th January 1919.
Ranulph Francis Bowles.	Dated 22nd January 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Francis Alexander Peters.	Dated 28th June 1918.
Alexander McLarty.	Dated 1st August 1918.
William Robert Brown.	Dated 1st August 1918.

Sidney John Burrows. Frank Chiffelle Shearer. Robert William Murray Hay. Douglas Macdonald.	Dated 29th August 1918.
George Donald Helmore.	Dated 26th September 1918.
Mathew Aird. James Ernest Parslow.	Dated 31st October 1918.

No. 168.—Army Department Notification No. 51, dated the 10th January 1919, so far as it relates to the promotion of Lieutenant Joseph Albert de Rosse, M.C., is cancelled.

No. 169.—Lieutenant Frank Reginald Derwent, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as an Assistant Recruiting Officer. Dated 2nd November 1918.

No. 170.—Second Lieutenant Henry Verner Hampton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as an Assistant Recruiting Officer. Dated 3rd January 1919.

No. 171.—In Army Department Notification No. 1804, dated the 9th August 1918, *for* "20th July 1915" *read* "20th July 1916".

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

18th Rangoon Battalion.

No. 172.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Cyril Patrick Hill. Dated 25th July 1918.

25th Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Battalion.

No. 173.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Douglas Hugh Keelan, V.D. Dated 19th January 1919.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 174.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Major) W. E. Flight relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command a depôt of Royal Artillery. Dated 6th October 1918.

Captain E. T. Martin to be acting Major while commanding a depôt of Royal Artillery. Dated 21st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) W. E. Flight, vacated with effect from the 6th October 1918.

INFANTRY.

Territorial Force.

The Border Regiment.

Major A. Davidson to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 26th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. Waterlow, D.S.O., T.D., vacated with effect from the 11th December 1918.

Captain W. D. Crewdson to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 26th December 1918, *vice* Major A. Davidson, vacated with effect from the 11th December 1918.

Garrison Battalions.

The Norfolk Regiment.

Lieutenant D. V. Palin to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th December 1918, *vice* Captain H. Burnand, vacated with effect from the 21st November 1918.

The Gordon Highlanders.

Lieutenant S. Sherwell to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th November 1918, *vice* Captain W. Home, vacated with effect from the 26th October 1918.

Reserve Battalions (India).

Lieutenant T. H. F. Roberts, The Cheshire Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th December 1918, *vice* Captain T. G. Bookless, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), vacated with effect from the 29th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. R. Spence, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), attached The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 14th December 1918.

Lieutenant J. W. More, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. Wood, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), appointed Adjutant of Reserve Battalion, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

Lieutenant C. D. Wyles, The Hampshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. A. S. Brown, The Hampshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 10th November 1918.

Lieutenant C. Woolger, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th November 1918, *vice* Captain C. L. R. Jensen, The Hampshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

Lieutenant J. Marlar, The Essex Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. Woolger, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), vacated with effect from the 21st November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. Woolger, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st November 1918.

Second Lieutenant C. M. S. Missing, The Dorsetshire Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th December 1918, *vice* Captain G. R. Thomas, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), vacated with effect from the 30th November 1918.

Captain F. O. Blagg, The Hampshire Regiment, to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 12th December 1918, *vice* Major H. E. Duke, The Dorsetshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 27th November 1918.

Machine Gun Corps.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. Grahame to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 21st October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. C. Breton, The Hampshire Regiment, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Machine Gun Company. Dated 8th November 1918.

Captain W. G. S. Scott to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 24th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. Bowerman, vacated with effect from the 8th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. Bowerman relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Machine Gun Company. Dated 8th November 1918.

Captain A. Wright, 4th (Royal Irish) Dragoon Guards, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Squadron. Dated 21st October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) W. B. Bakewell relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Machine Gun Company. Dated 16th December 1918.

Captain J. C. Murley to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 31st December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant W. B. Bakewell, vacated with effect from the 16th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. A. Guthrie to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Squadron. Dated 19th November 1918.

Mechanical Transport (Army Service Corps).

Lieutenant M. St. G. C. Johnston, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Major while commanding a Mechanical Transport Company, Army Service Corps. Dated 22nd August 1918, *vice* Major W. P. R. Wheatley, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 7th August 1918.

Lieutenant J. A. Keates, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer in a Mechanical Transport Company, Army Service Corps. Dated 18th December 1917.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 175.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

Lieutenant J. R. L. Shee, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 9th July 1918.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant J. Orr, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 16th November 1918 to 30th November 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain J. C. Allan, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant F. Young, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. Orr, vacated with effect from the 1st December 1918.

Lieutenant G. Bartholomew, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th September 1918, *vice* Captain V. E. G. Guinness, vacated with effect from the 12th September 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Captain E. H. Clarke, M.C., Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a company on field service. Dated 29th December 1918.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. W. Flynn, Indian Army, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. R. FitzGerald, Royal Engineers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 3rd December 1918.

Signal Service.

Lieutenant R. F. Hasluck, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while holding an appointment as Instructor at a Divisional Signalling School. Dated 4th December 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. C. Craig, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 11th August 1918.

Lieutenant C. C. Craig, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company from 14th November 1918 to 20th November 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant F. G. Butcher vacated with effect from the 30th October 1918.

Lieutenant S. N. Carter, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. C. Craig, vacated with effect from the 21st November 1918.

5th Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) I. B. Evans, attached, retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 6th October 1918 (with pay and allowances from 21st October 1918), *vice* Captain W. D. Hall, vacated.

Lieutenant G. A. M. Ricketts, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant. Dated 21st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) I. B. Evans, appointed temporary Company Commander with effect from the 6th October 1918.

Lieutenant H. G. S. Flower, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th November 1918, *vice* Captain T. M. Layng, M.C., vacated with effect from the 11th November 1918

11th Rajputs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Wiseman, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st November 1918.

28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant E. W. Williams to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. F. Berkeley, vacated with effect from the 7th December 1918.

48th Pioneers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Virgin relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 27th November 1918.

54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant J. A. Hyde, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 14th February 1918.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. J. Ellis, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 8th November 1918.

76th Punjabis.

Lieutenant C. N. Price to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. M. Stevenson, relieved with effect from the 6th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. M. Stevenson relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 6th December 1918.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Lieutenant H. P. Cottam to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. W. A. Hamlyn, transferred to 23rd Sikh Infantry, with effect from the 10th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. P. Cottam relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 11th September 1918.

Lieutenant D. Wallace to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 8th September 1918, *vice* Captain G. St. J. Robinson, appointed second-in-command with effect from the 24th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. Wallace relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 28th September 1918.

93rd Burma Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. P. Coffey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 7th December 1918.

Captain A. S. Mackay, M C., 7th Gurkha Rifles, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 22nd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. P. Coffey, vacated with effect from the 7th December 1918.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Lieutenant G. B. Faulder to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 28th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. S. Barroll, relieved.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. S. Barroll relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 28th November 1918.

96th Berar Infantry.

Lieutenant R. D. Battaye to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Sendall, relieved with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Sendall relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd November 1918.

Lieutenant W. H. Sendall to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. E. Thornton, M.C., relieved with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. E. Thornton, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd November 1918.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant J. B. Dedman to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. L. Phillips, vacated with effect from the 24th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. L. Phillips relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd October 1918.

116th Mahrattas.

Captain (acting Major) K. L. Fasken, 95th Russell's Infantry, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 22nd November 1918.

120th Rajputana Infantry.

Major J. H. V. Barr, 109th Infantry, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 1st April 1918.

Captain E. J. Cumming to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 1st April 1918.

Lieutenant C. Hunnybun, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st April 1918.

Lieutenant T. G. Howdle, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 13th March 1918.

Lieutenant T. G. Howdle, attached, to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 12th July 1918.

121st Pioneers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. D. Whitehill, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 25th November 1918.

Lieutenant R. H. Baines, M.C., to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. D. Whitehill, vacated with effect from the 25th November 1918.

122nd Rajputana Infantry.

Second Lieutenant J. A. Banwell, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a depôt, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. Davies, vacated with effect from the 4th January 1919.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. Davies, Indian Army Reserve, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 4th January 1919.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Second Lieutenant G. E. Harrison, D.C.M., to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant T. C. Orgill, relieved with effect from the 22nd June 1918.

Army Department Notification No. 2097, dated the 13th September 1918, so far as it relates to Captain (acting Major) H. J. Huxford is hereby cancelled, and the following substituted :—

Captain (acting Major) H. J. Huxford, second-in-command 10th Jats, retains his acting rank on transfer to the 125th Napier's Rifles, in a similar appointment. Dated 1st August 1918.

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Captain A. A. Mercer to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 29th October 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) Cuddeford, relieved with effect from the 13th October 1918.

Captain (acting Major) R. G. B. Cuddeford relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 13th October 1918.

Lieutenant V. C. Alderson, M.C., to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 28th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) V. R. Robert, M.C., relieved with effect from the 13th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) V. R. Robert, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant. Dated 13th October 1918.

Lieutenant V. R. Robert, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th October 1918.

130th King George's Own Baluchis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. A. Pope relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st December 1918.

140th Patiala Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. T. Owen relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 20th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. R. Mellor, 33rd Punjabis, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th November 1918.

Lieutenant J. R. Mellor, 33rd Punjabis, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th December 1913, *vice* Lieutenant A. T. Owen, vacated with effect from the 20th November 1918.

Lieutenant H. N. Lyon to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. R. Mellor, vacated with effect from the 20th November 1918.

151st Punjabi Rifles.

Lieutenant R. C. Brooke-Hunt, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry), attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a depôt. Dated 1st August 1918.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. P. Alsop, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st January 1919.

62nd Burma Labour Company.

Temporary Lieutenant S. J. Oates, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company; from 22nd June 1918 to 16th August 1918.

Syce Corps Depôt, Sehore.

Lieutenant A. B. Crichton to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt. Dated 1st December 1918, *vice* Captain A. L. Hoyle, transferred with effect from the 16th November 1918.

Mechanical Transport.

Lieutenant R. D. Thomas, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while holding an appointment as Workshop Officer with an Indian Mechanical Transport Company. Dated 20th March 1918.

No. 176.—Army Department Notification No. 2844, dated the 6th December 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of the acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel of Major W. Hesketh, 12th Cavalry, is cancelled.

No. 177.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

5th Cavalry.

Lieutenant G. W. W. White, attached. Dated 1st November 1918.

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Lieutenant E. McK. Nicholl, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 15th December 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Lieutenant A. E. Bramfitt, attached. Dated 21st November 1918.

Lieutenant E. A. Thornton, attached. Dated 1st November 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Second Lieutenant H. Brereton, attached. Dated 7th November 1918.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

Lieutenant W. O. McCarthy, attached. Dated 16th November 1918.

35th Sikhs.

Temporary Lieutenant S. F. W. Matthews, attached. Dated 14th December 1918.

48th Pioneers.

Lieutenant H. J. Bell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached; from 5th October 1918 to 23rd October 1918.

62nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant J. W. Rowell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 28th October 1918.

66th Punjabis.

Second Lieutenant M. L. Goldsmith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 5th October 1918.

82nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant W. E. Warmington, attached. Dated 5th December 1918.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Lieutenant F. Hopkins, attached. Dated 3rd November 1918.

Lieutenant H. R. Cooper, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 27th November 1918.

107th Pioneers.

Lieutenant E. G. Scott-Brown, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 17th December 1918.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant V. H. Bentham, attached. Dated 23rd November 1918.

9th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant A. C. Ewen, attached. Dated 26th November 1918.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant E. V. G. Day, attached. Dated 5th June 1918.

No. 178.—The undermentioned officers relinquish the acting rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. R. L. Bradshaw. Dated 30th November 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. M. Lowson, attached. Dated 21st November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. C. Davies, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 1st September 1918.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) I. D. Rees, attached. Dated 1st November 1918.

26th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. C. Heathcote, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 19th October 1918.

45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. L. Butcher, attached. Dated 17th October 1918.

48th Pioneers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. Rackstraw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 5th October 1918.

62nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. J. M. Reeves, attached. Dated 13th October 1918.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. M. Clapp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 13th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. Hopkins, attached. Dated 27th November 1918.

114th Mahrattas.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. P. Hancock. Dated 1st December 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 179.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 2020, dated the 30th November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 28th December 1917, No. 216, dated the 1st February 1918, No. 262, dated the 8th February 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 656, dated the 5th April 1918, No. 712, dated the 12th April 1918, No. 770, dated the 19th April 1918, No. 1116, dated the 31st May 1918, No. 1315, dated the 21st June 1918, No. 1518, dated the 12th July 1918, No. 1715, dated the 2nd August 1918, No. 1950, dated the 30th August 1918, No. 2442, dated the 18th October 1918, and No. 3029, dated the 27th December 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified :—

Philip James Desprez Jones.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Leonard Cayme Palk.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Arthur Leslie Donaldson.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
John Joseph O'Brien.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Dudley Stewart Gribble.	Dated 23rd January 1919.

Stewart Bates Merrylees, M.C.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Jeffrey Armstrong Blood.	Dated 17th October 1918.
Allan Frank Beauchamp Thatcher.	Dated 20th December 1918.
Thomas Francis John Eales.	Dated 14th November 1918.
Arthur Gerald Ivo Ayling Goddard.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Conrad Bertie Lochner, M.C.	Dated 29th July 1918.
Cecil John Brigg.	Dated 24th May 1918.
John Yardley Weaver.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Leonard Charles Bell.	Dated 13th January 1919.
Douglas Erskine Dempster.	Dated 14th September 1918.
Alexander Macneil Stevenson.	Dated 24th January 1919.
Patrick Douglas Gilmore-Ellis.	Dated 17th October 1918.
Reginald Matthews.	Dated 13th January 1919.
Wilfred Arthur Perrett.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Mark Rupert Fetherstonhaugh.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
William Francis Douglas Folkard.	Dated 5th January 1919.
Sydney Salter Lavender.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Leslie Vivian North.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Paul Mayne.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Ernest Claud Johnson.	Dated 6th May 1918.
Albert David Trechmann.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Walter James Evans Proctor.	Dated 28th July 1918.
Frederick Richard Crocombe.	Dated 6th June 1918.
Eric Charles Owen Morphy.	Dated 12th January 1919.
John Crawford Grant.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Arnold James Jack.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Christopher James Baird.	Dated 29th November 1918.
Douglas Stuart.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Percy James Austin Bartlett.	Dated 9th January 1919.
William Neville Birkin, M.C.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
James Henry Souter.	Dated 16th January 1919.
Basil Frederick Butterfield.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Edward Gerald Little.	Dated 16th January 1919.
Eric Clair Gilbert.	Dated 23rd January 1919.
Gerald Humphrey Hawken.	Dated 12th January 1919.
John Eric Sabine Goss.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Douglas Waldo Morell.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Willis Southern.	Dated 12th January 1919.
James Simms.	Dated 25th November 1918.
John Victor Warrener.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Alexander George.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Coles Alexander Osborne.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Charles Mountford Bygate.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Alexander Robert Hudson.	Dated 6th May 1918.
Charles Harry Balch.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Frank George O'Donnell.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
William George Fennell.	Dated 16th January 1919.
Archibald Barton Cooke.	Dated 12th January 1919.
John Fleming Cumming.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Lawrence Augustus Austin, D.C.M.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Edward Victor Grace Day.	Dated 23rd January 1919.
Vivian Charles Thomas Lane.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
John Peffers.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
John Love Kirkhope.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Cyril Robert French.	Dated 12th January 1919.
William George Cook.	Dated 22nd January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 180.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Infantry Branch.

To be Lieutenants.

Richard Gillott Marple, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 1st October 1917, but to rank from the 16th November 1915.

William Stafford, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 15th December 1915.

Wilber Alexander Crichton, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 11th Rajputs. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 30th January 1916.

Charles Vernon Fitton, The York and Lancaster Regiment, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 13th March 1918, but to rank from the 18th February 1916.

Frank Reginald Derwent, 73rd Training Reserve Battalion, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 28th August 1917, but to rank from the 21st August 1916.

George Arthur Chater Perks, The Norfolk Regiment, attached 92nd Punjabis. Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

Arthur Wallace Turner, The London Regiment, attached 10th Jats. Dated 15th June 1918, but to rank from the 25th January 1918.

Edward Hay Laird, The London Regiment (London Scottish), attached 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 1st June 1918, but to rank from the 28th March 1918.

David Arthur Hood, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, attached 48th Pioneers. Dated 1st June 1918, but to rank from the 30th May 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Francis Alexander Peters, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 28th June 1917.

Alexander Mclarty, The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 18th May 1918, but to rank from the 1st August 1917.

William Robert Brown, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 1st August 1917.

Sidney John Burrows, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Frank Chiffelle Shearer, General List, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 6th December 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Robert William Murray Hay, General List, attached 82nd Punjabis. Dated 26th November 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Douglas Macdonald, General List, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

George Donald Heimore, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Mathew Aird, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

James Ernest Parslow, General List, attached 3rd Gaur Brahmans. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

No. 181.—William Kennedy Sharpe is appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Infantry Branch, as Second Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 9th November 1918.

No. 182.—Army Department Notification No. 1277, dated the 27th October 1916 as amended by Army Department Notification No. 1534, dated the 22nd December 1916 should read "Charles Cecil Courtney Lewis to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 1st June 1915."

No. 183.—Army Department Notification No. 2970, dated the 20th December 1918, is hereby cancelled.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

12th Eastern Bengal Railway Battalion.

No. 184.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Percival Bryan McGowan. Dated 1st April 1917.

John Arthur Tomlinson. Dated 2nd August 1918.

Medical Corps.

No. 185.—The undermentioned are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Harry George Waters. Dated 1st April 1917.

Bernard Willoughby Holmes. Dated 9th March 1918.

To be Major.

Edward McKillop Nicholl. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Captain.

George Lawson Johnston. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenants.

Leonard Greaves de Rosario. Dated 17th December 1918.

Joseph Ernest Leonard Chinal. Dated 17th December 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 186.—Lieutenant Arthur James Hamilton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 24th January 1919.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

25th Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Battalion.

No. 187.—Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Burvill Holmes, V.D., resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 18th January 1919.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 188.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Major Thomas MacCallum Nicholson, Supply and Transport Corps, Indian Army, is placed on the retired list, in consequence of ill-health, with effect from the 19th September 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 189.—The services of Major W. T. Barry, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 190.—The services of Second Lieutenant J. W. Fairlie, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached to the Cantonment Magistrates' Department, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, for employment as Assistant Cantonment Magistrate.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 191.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Drum-Major Jamita, 37th Dogras, with effect from 1st September 1918

No. 192.—The following Indian officers of the Burma Military Police are appointed to be temporary officers in the Indian Army, with the rank and with effect from the dates specified against their names:—

Jemadar Alla Din, Jemadar in the Burma Mounted Infantry. Dated 13th August 1916.

Jemadar Salig Ram, Jemadar in the Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry). Dated 17th February 1917.

Subadar Burma Dutt Tewari, Subadar in the 3rd Brahmans. Dated 23rd August 1916.

Jemadar Sitladin Misr, Subadar in the 3rd Brahmans. Dated 5th October 1918.

Jemadar Dhani Singh, Jemadar in the 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 22nd August 1916,

Jemadar Sheonarain Singh, Jemadar in the 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 23rd August 1916.

Jemadar Nagesar Singh, Jemadar in the 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs Dated 8th July 1916.

Subadar Kishen Singh, Subadar in the 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs. Dated 28th April 1915.

Jemadar Ram Singh, Jemadar in the 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs. Dated 14th August 1915.

Jemadar Boor Singh, Jemadar in the 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs. Dated 14th August 1915.

Jemadar Mangal Singh, Jemadar in the 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs. Dated 3rd June 1915.

Jemadar Puran Singh, Jemadar in the 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 15th April 1915.

Jemadar Gopal Singh, Jemadar in the 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 21st May 1915.

Jemadar Shahmir Khan, Jemadar in the 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment). Dated 29th April 1917.

Jemadar Fateh Muhammad, Jemadar in the 27th Punjabis. Dated 14th October 1916.

Jemadar Hira Singh, Jemadar in the 36th Sikhs. Dated 23rd August 1916.

Jemadar Wariam Singh, Jemadar in the 36th Sikhs. Dated 22nd August 1916.

Jemadar Udham Singh, Jemadar in the 36th Sikhs. Dated 14th October 1916.

Jemadar Dalip Singh, Jemadar in the 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 1st January 1915.

Subadar Chandri Chand, Subadar in the 41st Dogras. Dated 8th July 1916.

Subadar Jewa Singh, Subadar in the 45th Rattray's Sikhs. Dated 17th August 1916.

Subadar Jaimal Singh, Subadar in the 45th Rattray's Sikhs. Dated 22nd August 1916.

Jemadar Mangal Singh, Jemadar in the 47th Sikhs. Dated 30th September 1916.

Jemadar Wasawa Singh, Jemadar in the 47th Sikhs. Dated 5th February 1916.

Jemadar Roshan Din, Jemadar in the 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 1st February 1916.

Jemadar Mange Khan, Jemadar in the 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 6th July 1915.

Jemadar Fateh Din, Jemadar in the 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 6th July 1915.

Jemadar Amin Chand, Jemadar in the 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 13th August 1915.

Jemadar Sanwal Ram, Jemadar in the 69th Punjabis. Dated 11th August 1917.

Jemadar Parbhu Gurung, Jemadar in the 85th Burman Rifles. Dated 4th March 1918.

Jemadar Lachman Chobe, Jemadar in the 90th Punjabis. Dated 7th July 1916.

Subadar Sarjoo Tewari, Subadar in the 90th Punjabis. Dated 9th July 1916.

Jemadar Ram Autar Singh, Jemadar in the 90th Punjabis. Dated 5th February 1917.

Jemadar Munesar Misr, Jemadar in the 90th Punjabis. Dated 5th February 1917.

Jemadar Pahre Khan, Jemadar in the 92nd Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1916.

Subadar Sardar Khan, Subadar in the 93rd Burma Infantry. Dated 1st July 1916.

Subadar Jitman Thapa, Subadar in the 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 21st November 1914.

Jemadar Narjit Limbu, Jemadar in the 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 21st November 1914.

Subadar Padan Bahadur Limbu, Subadar in the 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 20th November 1914.

Subadar Sukraj Limbu, Subadar in the 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 19th March 1915.

Jemadar Manbir Chettri, Jemadar in the 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 7th December 1914.

Jemadar Puran Dhoj Limbu, Jemadar in the 4th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 20th November 1914.

Jemadar Jus Bahadur, Jemadar in the 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 3rd January 1917.

Subadar Parbal Singh Thapa, Subadar in the 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 21st November 1914.

Subadar Bhagbir Yakha, Subadar in the 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 20th November 1914.

Jemadar Aitraj Limbu, Jemadar in the 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 20th September 1914.

Jemadar Balbahadur Sahi, Jemadar in the 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 1st September 1916.

Jemadar Budhiman Limbu, Jemadar in the 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 20th November 1914.

Subadar Bhagwan Singh, Subadar in an Indian Garrison Company. Dated 28th April 1918.

No. 193.—The following direct appointments are made :—

Oudh Special Company, attached 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Ahsan Ali to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 27th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

70th Burma Rifles.

Mg. Thet Hta to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 27th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 194.—The following promotions are made :—

20th Deccan Horse.

Jemadar Yusuf Ali Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 11th September 1918; Jemadar Bharat Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; Kot-Dafadar Ahmad Beg, I.O.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th June 1918; Kot-Dafadar Mir Wilayet Ali and Dafadar Mahabali Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 11th September 1918; Kot-Dafadar Raghbir Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Ressaidar Badlu Singh, V.C., to be Risaldar, with effect from the 28th July 1918; Ressaidars Habib Khan and Daya Singh to be Risaldars, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).

Jemadar Santa Bir to be Subadar, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; Colour-Havildars Gopal Singh and Nawab Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918; Colour-Havildar Jang Bir Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Kottayah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th October 1918; Havildar Kuppusami to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd November 1918; to complete the establishment.

14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Jemadars Mewa Singh, I.O.M., and Sarmukh Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 27th October 1918; Jemadar Amar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 30th October 1918; Jemadar Nihal Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 16th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

26th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Timbar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; Havildar Kesar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

28th Punjabis.

Jemadar Adalat Zar Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

43rd Erinpura Regiment.

Havildar Karim Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

48th Pioneers.

Jemadar Nanak Singh to be Subadar, Havildars Chanda Singh and Prem Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th May 1918; Havildar Gumana to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Mangal Singh, I.O.M., to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 to complete the establishment.

53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Allah Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd November 1918; to complete the establishment.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Company Quartermaster-Havildar Muthsami Thandiman to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

92nd Punjabis.

Havildar Pahri Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th July 1916; to complete the establishment.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Jemadar Ramji Lal to be Subadar, with effect from the 11th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

112th Infantry.

Jemadar Magar Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 30th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

114th Mahrattas.

Jemadar Shaikh Muhammad Khalil to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

121st Pioneers.

Jemadar Chahat Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th June 1918; but to be antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 14th December 1915; to complete the establishment.

130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Jemadar Sultan Muhammad to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

153rd Punjabis.

Jemadar Mardan Ali to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Havildar Mahdo Singh to be Jemadar with effect from the 11th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Jemadar Bandbir Gurung to be Subadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Sahaman Thapa to be Subadar, with effect from the 27th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Bhim Tal.

Havildar Major Narram Sing to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

No. 195.—The promotions of Risaldars Dani Ram, Bishan Singh and Lahk Pat Singh and Ressaidar Man Singh, as published in Army Department Notification No. 2988, dated the 26th December 1918, are antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 28th July 1918.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

No. 196.—Army Department Notification No. 1983, dated the 30th August 1918, in so far as it relates to this unit is cancelled and the following substituted :—

Havildars Bikarmajit Singh and Hanuman Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st May 1918, but to be antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 29th April 1918; Havildars Shiudhari Singh, Gangabakhsh Singh and Shiuratan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

82nd Punjabis.

No. 197.—The promotion of Jemadar Mir Dad, as published in Army Department Notification No. 1691, dated the 26th July 1918, is antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 18th March 1918.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

No. 198.—The promotion of Subadar Anno Thapa and Jemadar Jitia Limbu, as published in Army Department Notification No. 2855, dated the 6th December 1918, has effect from the 5th September 1918, and not as stated therein.

Supply and Transport Corps.

No. 199.—The following corrections are made to Army Department Notification No. 1694, dated the 26th July 1918 :—

1st Government Camel Corps.

Against Kot-Dafadar Aslam Khan, *for* 17th June 1918 *read* 5th June 1918.

Against Kot-Dafadar Faiz Bakhsh, *for* 21st June 1918 *read* 5th June 1918.

Against Kot-Dafadar Alam Shah, *for* 4th July 1918 *read* 5th June 1918.

4th Government Camel Corps.

Against Kot-Dafadar Dost Muhammad, *for* 13th June 1918 *read* 5th June 1918.

Against Kot-Dafadar Ali Muhammad, *for* 25th June 1918 *read* 5th June 1918.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 200.—The undermentioned 3rd class Assistant Surgeons having completed five years' service in that class, to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the dates noted against their names :—

Abel Martin. Claude Willoughby Wale. Edward D'Silva. Ernest Ralph Grant. Cecil Allan Ashley Emile.	Dated 29th December 1918.
Dominic Vincent Gomes. Kenneth William Everard White.	Dated 31st December 1918.

No. 201.—4th class Assistant Surgeon Francis Gilbert Frederick Deatker having completed seven years' service in that class, to be 3rd class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 15th December 1918.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 202.—No. 354 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon John Peter Andrews having completed five years' service in that class, to be 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 7th January 1919.

FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 203.—In Army Department Notification No. 2856, dated the 6th December 1918, Appendix 1, *for* "Philson, Colonel F. C." *read* "Philson, Colonel S. C."

JUDICIAL.

No. 204.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. G. Thomson, D.S.O.	30th Punjabis .	Naini Tal	3rd August 1918.	Testate .	2,017 0 0	Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department.

RECRUITING.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 205.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 113 of the Indian Army Act 1911 (VIII of 1911) the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be added to the enrolment Form No. I-A., Combatants published in Army Department Notification No 1122 dated the 11th December 1914 as subsequently amended, and to the enrolment Form No. I-D., Combatants published in Army Department Notification No. 809, dated the 19th April 1918 as subsequently amended, and that such addition shall be made in the cases of persons enrolled on those forms who wish to extend their period of service and are approved by their Commanding Officer:—

|| VARIATION OF CONDITIONS AS TO DISCHARGE.

I agree to serve for four years § from the date of my enrolment / from this date, provided His Majesty shall so long require my services, before being entitled to my discharge.

Signature ————————

Signed in my presence at this day of 19.

Signature of Commanding Officer.————————

|| For use when a person is willing to extend his term of service either to four years from the date of enrolment or for a further period of four years in addition to such period of service as he shall have already completed.

§ Erase whichever is not agreed to.

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.

No. 206.—Major John Taylor (Supernumerary List), resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917.

Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 207.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) Henry Burvill Holmes, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement, to retain his honorary rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 208.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

Supplement, dated the 30th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 29th October 1918 pages 12785, 12791 and 12792.

War Office,
30th October 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

* * * * *

The undermentioned temp. appts. are made at the War Office:—

* * * * *

D.A.A.G's.—1st Aug. 1918:—

Lt.-Col. R. G. Mann, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Captain A. P. Cunningham, Ind. Army, and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld., *vice* Maj. I. H. Kitchin, Dorset. R. 1st Oct. 1918.

Staff Capts.—Capt. A. P. Cunningham, L. Inf., Ind. Army, from a Staff Capt. at outside rates. 1st Aug. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Capt. T. R. Henry, R. Ir. Fus., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of Lt. (on prob.), 6th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 15th May 1916.

* * * * *

Lt. H. E. Baness, W. Gds., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of 2nd Lt. (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 26th Dec. 1916.

* * * * *

Fourth Supplement, dated the 31st October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 29th October 1918, pages 12855 and 12858.

War Office,
31st October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * * * *

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. HH.—Lt.-Col. E. A. W. Stotherd, ret. pay, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. on account of ill-health contracted on active service. 21st Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Lt. F. H. Simms, War R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 11th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 13th May 1916.

* * * * *

Fifth Supplement, dated the 1st November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 29th October 1918, pages 12871 and 12878.

War Office,
1st November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * * *

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

* * * * *

Cl. GG.—Lt. J. T. Burge, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be actg. Capt. whilst so empld. 1st Aug. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. J. W. Milligan, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 6 Sept. 1917.

Temp. Lt. (actg. Capt.) W. B. Cornock, from a Serv. Bn., Glouc. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 5 June 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 2nd November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 1st November 1918, pages 12943, 12946 and 12947.

War Office,
2nd November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Charles Augustus Tegart to be temp. Lt. for duty with R. A. Ind. Personnel. 15th Oct 1918.

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The undermentioned Cadets to be temp. 2nd Lts., Gen. List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 15th June 1918 :—

Stephen Arthur Fitch, D.C.M., M.M.
Alexander McAndrew.
Frank Harold Hawkins.
Alfred Frederick Charles Barkway.
Frederick Salmon.
John Arthur Horncastle.
Henry Bunt.
Edgar John Wellman.
John Cecil Sheffield.
Arthur Bancroft Laird.
Ernest William Ralph Mason.
John Burns.
Fraser Leopold Peradon.
Rowland Sutcliffe Brown.
James Arthur Josiah Howfield.
Peter Ritchie Gibson.
William Joseph Elliott.
Alfred Jeacocke.
George Edward Jones.
Thomas Jackson.
William Rose.
Albert Jones.
John Weston Lloyd.
Hugh Arnold
Horace Meynel Grabham.
Henry George Stokes Bishop.
Edward Henry Smith.
William Edward Mantle.
George Ernest Gray.
Percival George Savage.
George Frederick Martin.
Richard James Woolner.
William Henry Bristow.
James Hartley Knapton.

* * * * *

Third Supplement, dated the 4th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 1st November 1918, pages 12984 and 12985.

War Office,
4th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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MACHINE GUN CORPS (MOTOR).

Lt. D. H. Ferguson, M.C. (Ind. Army Res. of Off.), to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Batt. 22 Sept. 1917.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. S. D. Holbrook, from a Serv. Bn., E. York. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 6 Feb. 1917.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 5th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 1st November 1918, pages 12991, 12993, 12994 and 12995.

War Office,
5th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Lt. G. Desborough, from E. York. R., to be temp. Lt. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 21st June 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

* * * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. F. W. Douglass (Ind. Army Res. of Off.), to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 10 Sept. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 8 Oct. 1918, incorrectly describing surname as Douglas.)

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London Gazette, dated the 5th November 1918, pages 13007, 13008, 13010 and 13017.

India Office,
5th November 1918.

* * * * *

The KING has approved the acting promotion or the relinquishment of acting rank (as shown below) of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and Indian Medical Service:—

* * * * *

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

To be acting Lt.-Cols. while Comdg. Indian Cavy. Field Ambs.:—

16th Dec. 1917.

Major W. H. Cazaly, Major J. J. Urwin, Major E. C. Hodgson, D.S.O.

The KING has approved the promotion of the following officer on the Retired List, Indian Army, in accordance with the provisions of A.C.I. 644/1918:—

To be Major.

Capt. A. Hay, 21st Oct. 1914.

* * * * *

The KING has approved the removal from the Service of the following officer of the I.A.R.O., His Majesty having no further occasion for his services as an officer:—

2nd-Lieutenant J. E. Gosling. 9th Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

The KING has approved the retirement of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Army Departments and Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and the grant of hon. rank as shown below:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Major H. B. Nutting, in consequence of ill-health. 11th Sept. 1918.

Major T. M. Nicholson, in consequence of ill-health. 19th Sept. 1918.

Major G. F. Gretton, in consequence of ill-health due to field service. 6th Oct. 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lt.-Col. G. W. Jenney, in consequence of ill-health due to field service. 4th Oct. 1918.

Lt.-Col. G. B. Irvine, C.B., in consequence of ill-health due to field service, and is granted the hon. rank of Col. 12th Oct. 1918.

INDIAN ARMY DEPTS.

Dy. Commy. and Hon. Capt. J. H. Gibbons, in consequence of ill-health. 11th Oct. 1918.

Asstt. Commy. and Hon. Lieut. G. C. McLaurin, in consequence of ill-health due to field service. 12th Sept. 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

Lieut. W. S. Thatcher, M.C., in consequence of wounds, and is granted the hon. rank of Lieut. 1st Sept. 1918.

Lieut. (temp. Capt.) F. E. Down, in consequence of ill-health, and is granted the hon. rank of Capt. 3rd Sept. 1918.

Lieut. C. R. W. Griffith, in consequence of ill-health, and is granted the hon. rank of Lieut. 28th Sept. 1918.

Lieut. B. J. Magnus, in consequence of ill-health due to field service, and is granted the hon. rank of Lieut. 12th Oct. 1918.

Supplement, dated the 6th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 5th November 1918, pages 13087 and 13094.

War Office,
6th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

GENERAL STAFF.

G.S.O., 1st Grade.—Lt.-Col. S. Geoghegan, C.B., Ind. Army. 4th June 1918.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

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The undermentioned relinquish the actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to comd. a Co. :—

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2nd Lt. W. Street (Ind. Army Res. of Off.). 1 Oct. 1918.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Capts. while comdg. a Co. :—

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Temp. 2nd Lt. H. G. S. Tuite (Ind. Lab. Corps). 23 Sept. 1918.

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2nd Lt. W. R. Head (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) is apptd. to the Corps (with seniority 29th Oct. 1917), and to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 1 Oct. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 6th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th November 1918, pages 13111, 13112, 13116 and 13117.

War Office,
6th November, 1918.

The following are among the Decorations and Medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished services rendered during the course of the campaign :—

His Majesty the KING has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and Medals in question.

Decorations and Medals conferred by

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Légion d'Honneur.

*   *   *   *   *

Croix d'Officier.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Charles Gordon Prendergast, C. B., Indian Army.

* * * * *

Croix de Chevalier.

Lieutenant-Colonel Townley Richard Filgate, C.I.E., V.D., Light Horse, Indian Defence Force.

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel James Henry Hugo, D.S.O., M.B., Indian Medical Service.

Major (temporary Colonel) Harry John Mahon, Sind Battalion, Indian Defence Force.

Major Donald Brackenbury Ross, Punjabis, Indian Army.

* * * * *

Croix de Guerre.

Subadar-Major Alam Khan, Bahadur, Corps of Guides (Frontier Force), Indian Army.

Subadar Ali Dost, Pioneers, Indian Army.

Subadar-Major Boi Khan, Khan Sahib, Bahadur, I.O.M. Frontier Constabulary, Indian Army.

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Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) George Arthur Dale, C.M.G., Punjabis, Indian Army.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Edwin Victor Duckworth, Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

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Jemadar Faiz Talab, I.O.M., Sikhs (Frontier Force), Indian Army.

* * * * *

Major Robert Francis Finlay, D.S.O., Rifles, Indian Army.

Subadar Hukim Dad, I.O.M., Sikhs (Frontier Force), Indian Army.

Major Charles Richard Henry Palmer Landon, Indian Cavalry.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Charles Henry Brownlow Lees, C.M.G., Sikhs, Indian Army.

Captain (temporary Major) Byron Leicester, retired pay, late Cheshire Regiment, attached Supply and Transport Corps, Indian Army.

Subadar-Major Mohibulla Khan, Sardar Bahadur, I.O.M., Southern Waziristan Militia, Indian Army.

Ressaidar Muhammad Amin, I.O.M., Indian Cavalry.

Subadar Nishan Ali, Bahadur, Burma Military Police, Indian Army.

Jemadar Pat Khan, I.O.M., Northern Waziristan Militia, Indian Army.

Major Guy Hamilton Russell, Infantry (South Waziristan Militia), Indian Army.

Brevet-Colonel Alexander Leigh Tarver, D.S.O., A.D.C., Baluchistan Infantry, Indian Army.

Resaldar Zaman Khan, I.O.M., Indian Cavalry.

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262 1st Grade Dafadar Darim, I.O.M., Northern Waziristan Militia, Indian Army.

2664 Sowar Dhan Singh, I.O.M., Indian Cavalry.

2516 Havildar Gopalsing Thapa, I.O.M., Gurkha Rifles, Indian Army.

1822 Sepoy Gulam Hussain, I.O.M., Pioneers, Indian Army.

* * * * *

1120 Sowar Ibrahim, I.O.M., Imperial Service Lancers, Indian Army.

606 Sepoy Inayat Ali Shah, I.O.M., Baluchistan Infantry, Indian Army.

2590 Sowar Kala Singh, I.O.M., Burma Military Police, Indian Army.

4744 Havildar Kishan Singh, I.O.M., Corps of Guides (Frontier Force), Indian Army.

2796 Sepoy Kurban, I.O.M., Pioneers, Indian Army.

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2966 Lance-Naik Mahdu Dalvi, I.O.M., Infantry, Indian Army.

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766 Rifleman Mandhoj Thapa, I.O.M., Gurkha Rifles, Indian Army.
Kot Dafadar Muhammad Fazil, I.O.M., Mule Corps, Indian Army.
4256 Sowar Sarwar Ali, I.O.M., Kurram Militia, Indian Army.

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Medaille Militaire.

573 Sepoy Abdul Karim, I.O.M., Baluchistan Infantry, Indian Army.
961 Trumpeter Abdul Majid Khan, Indian Cavalry.
2437 Havildar Ali, Bahadur, I.O.M., Sikhs (Frontier Force), Indian Army.
1533 Naik Ali Nazar, Pioneers, Indian Army.

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435 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Arjunlal Gagabhai Jotania, Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

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3543 Naik Bahadur Shah, I.O.M., Sikhs (Frontier Force), Indian Army.
Sub-Conductor James Thomas Chambers, Indian Ordnance Department.
1614 Havildar Channan Singh, Rifles (Frontier Force), Indian Army.

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1883 Bugle-Major Dhansing Gurung, Gurkha Rifles, Indian Army.
471 Naik Iman Ali, Mountain Battery, Indian Army.
1912 Havildar Jagat Sher Gurung, Gurkha Rifles, Indian Army.
5312 Sepoy Jagtu, Corps of Guides (Frontier Force), Indian Army.
3390 Sepoy Jhandu Singh, Rajputs, Indian Army.
2639 Havildar Kehan Singh, I.O.M., Malay States Guides.
4290 Havildar Kharak Singh Pun, Gurkha Rifles, Indian Army.
3036 Pensioned Dafadar Muhammed Khan, formerly of Indian Cavalry.
251 Dafadar Nabi Bakhsh, Mekran Levy Corps, Indian Army.
Conductor (now Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant) Albert Edward Nash, Supply and Transport Corps, Indian Army.
1121 Sepoy Puran Singh, Sikhs, Indian Army.

* * * * *

4508 Sepoy Sao Tu, Burma Military Police, Indian Army.
2207 Havildar Shah Nawaz Khan, I.O.M., Infantry, Indian Army.
372 Havildar Sher Ahmed, Punjabis, Indian Army.
2081 Lance-Naik Sher Muhammed, I.O.M., Punjabis, Indian Army.
1455 Bugler Sikhan Singh, Punjabis, Indian Army.
3843 Sowar Sundar Singh, Cavalry (Frontier Force), Indian Army.
2281 Lance-Naik Zar Khan, Northern Waziristan Militia, Indian Army.

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Croix de Guerre.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Cecil John Lyons Allanson, C.I.E., D.S.O., Gurkha Rifles, Indian Army.

* * * * *

Légion d'Honneur.

Croix de Commandeur.

Major-General Sir Richard Henry Ewart, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.I.E., D.S.O., Indian Army.

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CORRECTIONS.

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The undermentioned are now correctly described :—

London Gazette, 15th May, 1917.

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Medal of St. George, 3rd Class.

Page 4728.—3710 Bearer Charanji Lal, Army Bearer Corps.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 7th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 5th November 1918, pages 13123 and 13124.

War Office,
7th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * * *

CAVALRY.

Remt. Serv.—Lt. (actg. Maj.) J. H. S. Allen, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be temp. Lt-Col. whilst empld. as Comdt.. Ind. Base Remt. Depôt. 5th Oct. 1918.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 7th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 5th November 1918, pages 13131, 13137, 13145, 13148, 13149, 13150, 13151, 13152, 13157, 13159 and 13165.

War Office,
7th November, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following Awards to the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers, in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the Field :—

* * * * *

BAR TO MILITARY CROSS.

* * * * *

Capt. Thomas William Corbett, M.C., Indian Cav.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He led a very successful raid on enemy trenches, causing the enemy heavy casualties in killed and wounded. He showed high qualities of organization, courage, and leadership, and it was largely due to his fine example that the raid against greatly superior numbers was successful.

(M. C. gazetted 3rd June, 1918.)

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AWARDED THE MILITARY CROSS.

* * * * *

Ressaidar Bur Singh, Ind. Cav.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in a raid on the enemy's trenches. He led his troop with the greatest courage and determination against a post containing over seventy of the enemy under heavy machine gun and rifle fire at point-blank range. His troop killed and wounded a large number of the enemy.

* * * * *

Lt. Percy Seamander Clarke, I. A. R. O.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in action. By personal reconnaissance under heavy fire he discovered the enemy machine-gun positions, and by directing one machine-gun section he caused three of the enemy machine-guns to retire. He did fine work.

* * * * *

Lt. John Cuthbert Coates, Gurkha Rif.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an enemy counter-attack. He held on to his position until reinforcements arrived, when he counter-attacked with success, driving back greatly superior numbers of the enemy with the bayonet. He set a very fine example of coolness and determination to his men.

* * * * *

Lt. Arthur Edward Cumming, Vaughan's Rifles, I. A.

For conspicuous gallantry and skilful leadership in an attack on a redoubt. He led the advance party round the rear of the redoubt, and engaged the retreating enemy in a hand-to-hand fight, which resulted in half of them being killed or captured. Later, when the enemy counter-attacked, he seized a Lewis gun and under heavy enemy barrage engaged them in the open. His fine example of courage greatly encouraged his men, who drove back the counter-attack with loss.

* * * * *

Capt. Claude Ernest Torin Erskine, Corps of Guides.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack. He repeatedly went forward from battalion headquarters under intense artillery fire and took temporary command of two companies in the front line who were without an officer, and re-organised the line. The success of the operation was mainly due to his fine example of courage under most trying circumstances.

* * * * *

Lt. Lionel Douglas William Hearsey, I. A. R. O.

For conspicuous gallantry in the field. While reconnoitring an enemy position his patrol was fired on by the enemy, and one of his men's horses was killed. Lieutenant Hearsey picked up the man under heavy fire and brought him back on his own horse, thus saving his life.

* * * * *

2nd Lt. Rodney Stewart King, Ind. Cav.

When in charge of a patrol sent out to investigate operations of an enemy working party, protected by a covering party, he came under heavy rifle fire. He promptly charged the enemy and dispersed them, killing some and capturing two prisoners. He behaved most gallantly and showed great determination and resource in successfully carrying out his mission.

* * * * *

Jemadar Pola Khan, Grenadiers, I. A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when commanding a patrol of twelve other ranks. He encountered three of the enemy, who started to throw bombs. He rushed forward and seized hold of two, while his men captured the third. A strong enemy party of thirty, seeing what was going on, immediately charged, but were repulsed with loss. He then skilfully withdrew his patrol. He showed fine courage and leadership.

* * * * *

Sixth Supplement, dated the 8th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 5th November 1918, pages 13190, 13192 and 13191.

War Office,
8th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY (ATTD.).

* * * * *

High. L.I.

* * * * *

Temp. Lt. J. E. Pitcairn, from Ind. Def. Force, to be temp. Lt. 5 Sept. 1918, with seniority 1 Apr. 1917.

* * * * *

INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

Lt.-Col. C. M. Fitzgerald (ret., Ind. Army) ceases to be empld. with the Corps. 29 Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. F. H. Barfield, from A Cyclist Corps, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 26 Sept. 1918, with seniority 21 July 1917.

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The commissions of the undermentioned 2nd Lts., appointed from the R. Mil. Coll., are antedated for purposes of seniority as stated against their names :—

* * * * *

UNATTACHED LIST FOR INDIAN ARMY.

R. W. Tobin. 10th May 1917.
F. C. Echlin. 10th Nov. 1917.

* * * * *

Seventh Supplement, dated the 8th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 5th November 1918, pages 13199 and 13200.

Air Ministry,
8th November, 1918.

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AWARDS OF FOREIGN DECORATIONS.

His Majesty the KING has granted unrestricted permission for the wearing of the undermentioned Decorations, conferred on the Officers indicated for valuable services in connection with the War :—

* * * * *

CONFERRED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF ITALY.

* * * * *

Order of the Crown of Italy Officer.

* * * * *

Lieut.-Col. (actg. Brig.-Gen.) Cyril Louis Norton Newall (Gurkha Rifles).

* * * * *

Supplement, dated the 9th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th November 1918, pages 13265 and 13266.

War Office,
9th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * * *

GENERAL STAFF.

* * * * *

G. S Os.

* * * * *

2nd Grade.—Maj. W. M. A. Foster, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., relinquishes his appt. 18th June 1918.

* * * * *

3rd Grade.—

* * * * *

Capt. G. O. Simson, Ind. Cav., from a Staff Capt., *vice* Capt. T. D. Hampson, Ches. R., T.F. 22nd Aug. 1918.

* * * * *

ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

Staff Capts.—

* * * * *

Lt. (temp. Capt.) C. W. Chapman, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from an A.E.S.O. (Cl. FF), and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld., *vice* Capt. (temp. Maj.) G. D. Dennison, Hamps. R., T.F. 24th June 1918.

* * * * *

Staff Lts.—

* * * * *

2nd Cl.—Lt. E. M. Carter, attd. Inf., Ind. Army, *vice* Lt. H. Newman, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 26th June 1918.

* * * * *

HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Asst. Dirs. of S. & T. (Cl. X).—Maj. J. T. Kirby, D.S.O., S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld., *vice* Bt. Lt.-Col. (temp. Col.) F. W. G. Leland, D.S.O., A.S.C. 2nd Apr. 1918.

* * * * *

Dep. Asst. Dirs., S. & T. (Cl. BB).—

* * * * *

6th June 1918.

And to be temp. Majs. whilst so empld. :—

* * * * *

Lt. G. Bispham, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

* * * * *

ESTABLISHMENTS.

PHYSICAL AND BAYONET TRAINING SCHOOL.

Asst. Supdt., P. & B.T. School.—Lt. (temp. Capt.) C. C. H. Smith, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and temp. rank. 24th May 1918.

* * * * *

Second Supplement, dated the 9th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th November 1918, pages 13273, 13274 and 13276.

War Office,
9th November, 1918.

The following are among the Decorations and medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished services rendered during the course of the campaign :—

His Majesty the KING has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and medals in question.

DECORATIONS CONFERRED BY HIS HIGHNESS THE SULTAN OF EGYPT.

* * * * *

Order of the Nile, 2nd Class.

Major-General George de Symons Barrow, K.C.M.G., C.B.

* * * * *

Brevet Colonel (temporary Major-General) Philip Charles Palin, C.B., C.M.G., Indian Army.

* * * * *

Major-General John Stuart Mackenzie Shea, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.

Order of the Nile, 3rd Class.

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel Gilbert Robert Cassels, Indian Army.

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Sidney Eastmead, Indian Army.

* * * * *

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) Walter Leslie Dundas, Indian Army.

* * * * *

DECORATIONS CONFERRED BY HIS MAJESTY THE EMPEROR OF JAPAN.

* * * * *

Order of the Rising Sun, 3rd Class.

Brevet Colonel Richard Alexander Steel, C.I.E., Indian Army.

* * * * *

Third Supplement, dated the 11th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th November 1918, pages 13282 and 13283.

War Office,
11th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

Col. R. H. D. Thring (Ind. Army) ceases to be empld. with the Corps. 30 Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

Fourth Supplement, dated the 12th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th November 1918, pages 13291, 13293, 13294, 13298 and 13299.

War Office,
12th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. W. C. N. Shilstone, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes the actg. rank of Maj. on ceasing to be empld. as District Irrigation Officer. 12th July 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. T. M. Lewis, from M. G. C. (Inf.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 14 Sept. 1917.

Temp. Lt. S. Greeves, M.C., from a Serv. Bn., Lan. Fus., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 25 Jan. 1917.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

B. S. Fountain, from North'd Fus. (attd.). 1 May 1918.

F. G. Davis, from D. of Corn L.I. (attd.). 29 May 1918.

* * * * *

London Gazette, dated the 12th November 1918, pages 13314 and 13316.

Air Ministry,
12th November, 1918.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

The undermentioned temporary appointments are made at the Air Ministry :—

* * * * *

ADMINISTRATIVE BRANCH.

H. B. Nutting (Maj., Ind. Army) is granted a temp. commn. as Capt., and to be Hon Maj. 12th Sept. 1918, with seniority 1st Apr. 1918, and precedence next below F. A. Maclean.

* * * * *

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 23rd January 1919.

No. 1885-E.—18.—Sir R. W. Gillan, K.C.S.I., President, Railway Board, is granted privilege leave for two months and 25 days with effect from the 16th January 1919.

No. 1885-E.-2—18.—Sir A. R. Anderson, Kt., C.I.E., C.B.E., Member, Indian Munitions Board, is appointed to officiate as President, Railway Board, with effect from the 16th January 1919.

No. 1885-E.-3—18.—The services of Sir R. W. Gillan, K.C.S.I., President, Railway Board, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces with effect from the 10th April 1919.

The 24th January 1919.

No. 36-F.—19.—In pursuance of section 135 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the administration of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the schedule hereto annexed the tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local authority.	Tax.
Karjat Notified Area	House tax.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 23rd January 1919.

No. E.-232.—The privilege leave for one month granted to Mr. C. S. Waite, C.I.E., Deputy Controller (Inspection), Calcutta, in notification No. E.-232, dated the 3rd January 1919, has been extended by eight days.

The 24th January 1919.

No. E.-985.—In notification No. E.-985, dated the 13th January 1919, regarding the appointment of Mr. J. Kemp as an Assistant Inspector of Clothing, *for* "Jullunder Circle" *read* "Shahjahanpur Circle".

F. R. R. RUDMAN,
Offg. Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 23rd January 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Weather was remarkably disturbed over the greater part of northern and central India. Some heavy snowfall occurred in the western Himalayas and widespread rain in northeast Baluchistan, the eastern half of the Punjab, east Rajputana, the United Provinces, Central India, the Central Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and Assam.

A few falls of rain were reported from the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and Madras.

2. *Burma.*—Weather was dry.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Assam, Bengal and Bihar on the 19th and in Orissa and Chota Nagpur on the 22nd.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain fell in the United Provinces on the 18th, in Central India and Berar on the 18th and 21st, and in the Central Provinces West on the 17th, 18th, 21st and 22nd. Rain fell locally in the Central Provinces East.

Northwest India.—There was nearly general rain in the eastern half of the Punjab on the 17th and 18th, in northeast Baluchistan on the 21st and in Rajputana East on the 18th. Snow fell locally in Kashmir on the 21st and 22nd.

The Peninsula.—A few falls of rain were reported from the north of the Bombay Deccan, northwest and east Hyderabad, south Madras and the Madras Coast North.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows:—

January 16th. Saugor 0·24″, Jubbulpore 0·33″ and Pachmarhi 0·20″.

" 17th. Jhansi 0·47″, Dehra Dun 0·43″, Indore 0·30″, Khandwa 0·67″, Hoshangabad 1·10″, Seoni 0·57″, Pachmarhi 1·07″, Hissar 0·26″, Ambala 0·28″ and Sialkot 0·36″.

" 18th. Allahabad 0·60″, Bahraich 0·50″, Agra 0·79″, Mainpuri 0·37″, Bareilly 1·20″, Meerut 1·02″, Roorkee 1·28″, Dehra Dun 1·09″, Mukteswar 1·30″, Mussooree 2·30″, Chakrata 4·45″, Neemuch 0·50″, Nimbahera (Neemuch) 1·27″, Indore 0·72″, Sutna 1·78″, Khandwa 0·83″, Hoshangabad 1·58″, Saugor 0·93″, Jubbulpore 1·30″, Seoni 1·85″, Pachmarhi 1·83″, Delhi and Hissar each 0·64″, Ambala 0·71″, Simla 1·74″, Jaipur 0·96″, Kotah 0·82″, Aligarh (Tonk) 1·05″, Ahmadnagar 0·33″, Aurangabad 0·38″ and Nellore 0·37″.

" 19th. Shillong 0·51″, Cherrapunji 0·63″, Calcutta 0·45″, Burdwan 0·57″, Berhampore 0·42″, Mymensingh 0·43″, Bogra 0·71″, Balasore 0·47″, Cuttack 0·58″, Naya Dumka 1·03″, Roorkee and Mukteswar each 0·51″, Mussooree 0·94″, Chakrata 0·75″ and Pendra 0·52″.

" 20th. Quetta and Chaman each 0·38″, Hanamkonda 0·60″, Cochin 0·62″ and Negapatam 0·53″.

" 21st. Indore 1·85″, Nowgong 0·82″, Amraoti 0·80″, Jubbulpore 1·50″, Pachmarhi 1·24″, Nagpur 1·61″, Cochin 0·63″, Cocanada 0·41″ and Vizagapatam 0·66″.

" 22nd. Balasore 0·53″, Sambalpur 1·62″, Ranchi 0·89″, Hazaribagh 0·58″, Naya Dumka 0·41″, Chakrata 0·72″, Nowgong 1·20″, Sutna 0·73″, Jubbulpore 1·07″, Nagpur 0·87″, Pendra 1·55″ and Raipur 1·95″.

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Rajputana East, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Malabar and the Madras Coast North. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Burma, the Punjab Southwest, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana West and Madras Southeast; and was normal in Assam. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, the United Provinces East, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Rajputana West and the Madras Coast North. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces West, Rajputana East, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar. No rain is expected during this period in Gujarat; in the rest of the country rainfall is within 20 per cent of the normal.

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 23rd January 1919.			Rainfall data from 29th November 1918 to 23rd January 1919.			Percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	0·4	—0·4	7·5	9·0	—1·5	—17	—13
Lower Burma	0	0·1	—0·1	2·0	0·8	+1·2	+150	+186
Upper Burma	0	0·1	—0·1	0·4	0·7	—0·3	—43	—33
Assam	0·2	0·2	0	0·3	0·9	—0·6	—67	—56
Bengal	0·3	0·1	+0·2	0·4	0·5	—0·1	—20	—75
Orissa	0·8	0·1	+0·7	0·9	0·6	+0·3	+50	—80
Chota Nagpur	0·6	0·1	+0·5	1·2	0·6	+0·6	+100	+20
Bihar	0·4	0·1	+0·3	0·6	0·4	+0·2	+50	—33
United Provinces, East	0·4	0·2	+0·2	0·5	0·8	—0·3	—37	—63
United Provinces, West	1·2	0·3	+0·9	1·6	1·2	+0·4	+33	—56
Punjab, East and North	0·5	0·4	+0·1	0·9	1·7	—0·8	—47	—69
Punjab, South-West	0	0·2	—0·2	0·4	0·8	—0·4	—50	—33
Kashmir *	0·3	0·6	—0·3	4·0	3·5	+0·5	+14	+43
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·3	—0·3	0·5	1·0	—0·5	—50	—29
Baluchistan	0·2	0·3	—0·1	1·6	1·6	0	0	+8
Sind	0	0·1	—0·1	0·2	0·2	0	0	+100
Rajputana, West	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·4	—0·3	—75	—67
Rajputana, East	0·5	0·1	+0·4	0·6	0·5	+0·1	+20	—75
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	1·8	0·1	+1·7	1·9	0·4	+1·5	+375	—67
Central India, East	2·4	0·2	+2·2	3·3	1·1	+2·2	+200	0
Berar	0·8	0·1	+0·7	2·4	1·0	+1·4	+140	+78
Central Provinces, West	2·9	0·1	+2·8	4·4	0·8	+3·6	+450	+114
Central Provinces, East	1·3	0·1	+1·2	2·3	0·6	+1·7	+283	+100
Konkan	0	0	0	0·2	0·1	+0·1	+100	+100
Bombay Deccan	0·1	0	+0·1	0·5	0·4	+0·1	+25	0
Hyderabad, North	0·2	0·1	+0·1	1·9	0·3	+1·6	+533	+750
Hyderabad, South	0·2	0	+0·2	1·7	0·3	+1·4	+467	+400
Mysore	0	0	0	1·1	0·7	+0·4	+57	+57
Malabar	0·3	0·1	+0·2	3·2	1·9	+1·3	+68	+61
Madras, South-East	0·1	0·2	—0·1	6·7	6·1	+0·6	+10	+12
Madras Deccan	0	0	0	0·6	0·7	—0·1	—14	—14
Madras Coast, North	0·4	0·1	+0·3	1·5	1·9	—0·4	—21	—39

* Information incomplete.

HEM RAJ,
for Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 23rd January 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for week ending Saturday, 18th January 1919.

Burma.—The week was rainless. Reaping of winter rice has been practically completed. Threshing and winnowing are proceeding in Upper Burma. Cultivation of spring rice and other miscellaneous island crops is progressing normally. Harvesting of winter rice, groundnuts and cotton are nearing completion. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has risen further to Rs. 122 per 100 baskets and is above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 327-8-0 per 100 baskets for specials.

Assam.—Rain is wanted in most districts. Harvesting of winter rice is nearly finished. Harvesting of pulses and mustard, pressing of sugarcane, plucking of cotton, pruning of tea, transplantation of spring rice and ploughing of autumn rice and jute are in progress. Outturns of winter rice, pulses, sugarcane and cotton are generally fair but those of mustard and prospects of other crops are not good. Cattle disease is reported from two districts. Price of common rice has fallen slightly.

Bengal.—Excepting light showers in some places in Western Bengal, no rain fell in the rest of the province. Threshing of winter paddy is well advanced. Preparatory tillage for next autumn crops has commenced in Eastern Bengal. Transplanting of summer paddy and harvesting of sugarcane, potatoes and early oilseeds are progressing. Prospects of standing crops are generally unfavourable. Price of common rice has risen by about 0·6 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—Report not received.

United Provinces.—Report not received.

Punjab.—Light rain fell in all the reporting districts except in the west. It was beneficial for standing crops but more rain is urgently wanted. Picking of cotton is finished and pressing of sugarcane continues. The yield is below normal to normal on irrigated and poor on unirrigated areas. Condition of irrigated standing wheat and other spring crops is average to good and that of unirrigated crops is much below average. *Toria* is being harvested. The yield is below normal to normal. Ploughings for and sowings of extra spring crops continue in a few districts. Cattle are becoming weak from overwork and scarcity of fodder in most districts. Sugarcane is being used as fodder. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat:—Ambala and Lahore 5¼, Rawalpindi 5¾, Ferozepore 6¼ and Lyallpur 6¼ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is badly needed throughout the province. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and very poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Pressing of sugarcane continues. The outturn is average. Prices of wheat:—Peshawar 7¼ and Dera Ismail Khan $7\frac{3}{16}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell in some parts. Prices are stationary. Fodder is insufficient.

Kashmir.—The week was generally cold, cloudy and wet. Cattle are generally healthy. Spring crops are in fair condition. Prices are high in Muzaffarabad and normal elsewhere.

Rajputana.—The weather was cold and cloudy. Showers were received in places. Spring sowing has almost been completed. Irrigation of standing crops continues. Cattle disease continues in places. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and are rising in many localities.

Central India.—Rainfall was general in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, partial in Gwalior and Malwa and insufficient in Gwalior and Bundelkhand. Few showers fell in parts of Indore, Bundelkhand and the Southern States. Autumn crops are being harvested in Indore, Malwa and the Southern States and cotton is being picked in Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Malwa. Spring crops are being sown in Bundelkhand and the Southern States and sowings have been completed in Gwalior and Baghelkhand. Standing crops are bad in Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana and in the northern districts of Gwalior, except on irrigated areas, and fair elsewhere. Recent rain was beneficial to standing food crops in Gwalior. Probable outturn

is bad in the northern districts of Gwalior and Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana; below average in Dhar and Jhabua, and fair elsewhere. Agricultural stock is bad in Gwalior and fair to good elsewhere, except for cattle disease. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand and parts of Malwa and the Southern States. Prices are high but stationary. Outturn of opium is fair in Indore. Number of persons on famine relief in Bundelkhand :—170.

Central Provinces.—During the week rain was general. It was nowhere less than 1½ inches in all the districts of the Jubbulpore and the Nerbudda divisions comprising the largest spring growing areas of the province. It was accompanied by light hail in six districts but so far no appreciable damage is reported. Six other districts also received light showers of rain Picking of cotton and threshing and winnowing of autumn crops are practically over. Recent rain has greatly benefited the late sown spring crops and prospects at present are favourable. Harvesting of minor crops has begun in places. Fodder is dear or scarce in parts of Hoshangabad, Chhindwara and Berar. Relief works are proceeding in Sironcha Tahsil and Jubbulpore. Gram in Nimar and Bhandara fell by 2 and 1 seers per rupee respectively. Rice became dearer by 1 seer in Raipur. Other variations are unimportant but exhibit a distinct upward tendency.

The report on Sironcha for last week is as follows:—General health is good in all the affected districts of the Province except for after effects of influenza. Distress is slightly increasing in Jubbulpore where the influx of people from adjoining States continues. Early spring harvest work is decreasing distress in Sironcha. Private funds have been started in Jubbulpore to provide cloth and grain to the poor. Prices of food grains are high but stationary. Numbers on works: Seoni 731, Damoh 881, Jubbulpore 1,006, Chanda 140, total 2,758. Numbers on gratuitous relief:—Seoni *nil*, Damoh 1,855, Jubbulpore 4,074, Chanda 1,621, total 7,550.

Feudatory States.—Three States received light showers. Spring crops are faring well.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Deccan. Standing crops are withering in parts of Karnatak and Sholapur; have been slightly damaged by frost in Karachi; and fair to good elsewhere. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Sholapur, Karnatak, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. Fodder supply is generally deficient but supplies are being moved to affected areas under Government arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating except in Konkan. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Famine has been declared in Ahmednagar. Slight emigration is noticed in Ahmednagar. Public health is good. People find employment on Government public works, programme of which is being extended. Liberal suspensions of land revenue have been granted. *Takavi* has been freely advanced for fodder and agricultural improvements. Cheap grain shops have been opened in Nasik, West Khandesh, Poona and Kathiawar. One poor house has been opened in Poona and cattle camps at Wadhwan in Kathiawar and in Ahmednagar and Nasik. Dole is being distributed in the affected tracts. Test works are in progress in some districts. Numbers on works:—3,284. Numbers on gratuitous relief in Poona, Satara, West Khandesh and Ahmednagar:—9,481.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. Early rice harvesting has been nearly completed. Spring crops are being weeded and are fair to good except in Aurangabad, Bir and Warangal districts. Late rice sowings continue in parts, weeding has commenced. Cattle are healthy except in some talukas and five districts. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices of grains have a downward tendency. *Juar* is selling at three seers per rupee in the Parbhani and Gulbarga districts.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi* and rice outturn is poor to fair. Sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was dry. Reaping and harvesting of rice and picking of coffee continue. Picking of cardamom is nearly completed. Cattle disease is prevailing in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Light rain fell in Nellore, Tinnevelly and Cochin and *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Dry crops have been affected by disease in parts of Kurnool, Bellary and Ramnad. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn somtimes fair but poor generally. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in nine districts. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of six districts. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of eight districts. Prices are showing a tendency to rise. Prospects are bad in parts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavari, Bellary, Chittoor and Salem. Relief measures are being started in one taluk and one agency division of Ganjam.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 24th January 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 11th January 1919 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	3	2
		Kaira District	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	2	1
		Satara District	68	50
		Poona Town	4	2
		Poona District	5	2
		Sholapur Town	5	3
	Southern	Belgaum District	...	...
		Dharwar District	44	31
		Bijapur District	108*	92*
		Kanara District	5	5
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	...	...
	Political Charges.	Baroda State	8	2
		Satara Agency	...	..
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	44	20
		Kathiawar Agency	3	3
		Bhor State	...	...
		TOTAL	289	213
Madras Presidency	...	Madras City	2	2
		Anantapur District	113	79
		Coimbatore District	307†	174†
		North Arcot District	7†	6
		Mangalore Port	1	1
		Bellary District	106	66
		Malabar District	12	9
		Chittoor District	4	3
		Salem Town	1†	1†
		Salem District	49†	24
		Guntur District	114	76
		Nilgiris District	...	1
		TOTAL	716	442
Bihar and Orissa.	Patna	Patna District	7	7
	Tirhut	Saran District	73	46
		Champaran District	5	4
		Muzaffarpur District	44	37
		Darbhanga District	38	32
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur Town	3	2
		Bhagalpur District	4	3
		Monghyr District	9	8
		TOTAL	185	139

* For two weeks.

† One imported.

In the return for the week ending 4th January 1919, the following additions should be made :—

Bihar and Orissa { Bhagalpur Town, add 10 cases, 7 deaths.
[illegible] add 20 [illegible] 14 [illegible]

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Bulandshahr District	7	4
	Agra	Muttra District	5	5
	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	1	1
	Benares	Ghazipur District	2	2
		Ballia District	1	1
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	49	37
		Basti District	4	6
		Azamgarh District	4	3
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	9	7
		TOTAL	82	66
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Hissar District	16	14
		Rohtak District	17	12
	Lahore	Gurdaspur District	1	1
	Rawalpindi	Jhelum District	...	1
		Rawalpindi District	6	2
		Mianwali District	1	...
	Multan	Montgomery District	21	11
		Lyallpur District	4	1
	Native States	Patiala State	7	6
		Jind State	5	4
		TOTAL	78	52
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	6	4
		Insein District	1	1
		Tharrawaddy District	47	43
		Prome District	7	7
	Irrawaddy	Bassein District	3	3
		Thaton District	1	2
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	1	...
		Bhamo District	3	2
		Katha District	2	2
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	5	5
		Sagaing District	4	2
		Lower Chindwin District	53	41
	Magwe	Minbu District	3	1
		Magwe District	11	11
	Meiktila	Kyaukse District	4	4
		Meiktila District	23	17
		Yamethin District	7	3
		Myingyan District	14	14
	Native States.	Southern Shan States	4	4
		TOTAL	199	166
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur	Nagpur District	1	2
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	22	19
		Jubbulpore District	23	16
		Seoni District	15	15
		TOTAL	61	52

In the return for the week ending 4th January 1919, the following correction and addition should be made:—

United Provinces { Gorakhpur District, read 92 cases, 53 deaths for 7 cases, 4 deaths.
Basti District, add 19 cases, 19 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	41	36
		Bangalore District	60	42
		Mysore District	7	6
		Tumkur District	11	15
		Kolar District	12	13
		TOTAL	131	112
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Gulburgah District	4	4
		Usmanabad District	29	32
		Medak District	34	52
		Nizamabad District	10	13
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	121	93
		Secunderabad	4	3
		Hyderabad Residency Bazars	10	9
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	4	3
		TOTAL	216*	209*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	7	9
		TOTAL	7	9
		GRAND TOTAL	1,964	1,460

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending January 11th were 188 and 181, respectively.

Though the above statement records an appreciable increase in plague mortality over the figures for the previous week the incidence of the disease is relatively insignificant for the time of year. The lowest plague mortality recorded in the month of January during the last twenty years was 7,689 in 1900. The plague mortality in January 1918 amounted to 129,736. At the present time Madras is more heavily infected than any other Indian province, an unusual state of affairs.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

DELHI:
The 24th January 1919.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No.506-C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(ESTABLISHMENTS.)

Delhi, the 20th January 1919.

APPOINTMENT OF MAGISTRATE AND COLLECTOR IN CONNECTION WITH THE CALCUTTA COLLECTORATE.

RESOLUTION.

In the Home Department Resolution nos. 481-485-C., dated the 19th December 1913, the Governor General in Council declared that eight headships of districts or District and Sessions Judgeships should be placed on the list of appointments open to members of the Provincial Civil Service in the Bengal Presidency and in a subsequent Resolution nos. 1673-1675, dated the 27th December 1915, he announced the addition to the list of another appointment of District and Sessions Judge. His Excellency in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, is now pleased to announce that in connection with the recent creation of a new post of Magistrate and Collector in that Presidency an additional headship of a district shall be thrown open to the Provincial Civil Service. This arrangement is subject to reconsideration in the light of the decision reached on the recommendation of the Public Services Commission in this respect.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Government of Bengal and the Finance Department for information and that it be published in the *Gazette of India.*

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week. During official year 1917-18.	Mean mileage worked. 1914.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings for week ending 9th January 1914.	11th January 1918.	11th January 1919.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1914.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 9th January 1914.	11th January 1918.	11th January 1919.	Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, +2 days. Increase.	Decrease.	Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18. Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
State Railways.																	
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,696	2,695	8,61,211	10,38,526	10,93,000	323	385	406	3,14,97,425	4,26,23,874	4,59,40,000	1,44,42,575	...	33,16,126	...
Bezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	9,367	8,952	9,000	446	426	429	2,93,008	4,03,344	3,82,000	88,992	...	...	21,344
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,003	1,002	6,68,968	9,76,321	10,97,000	690	973	1,095	2,66,17,428	3,48,50,969	3,93,78,000	1,27,60,572	...	44,97,031	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,572	1,582	1,581	8,77,737	7,22,479	8,12,000	558	457	514	2,95,63,419	2,69,83,392	2,96,64,000	581	...	26,80,608	...
East Indian	865	2,571	2,618	2,612	20,07,111	23,39,401	26,38,000	787	894	1,010	7,93,91,552	9,07,81,334	10,51,37,000	2,57,45,448	...	1,43,55,666	...
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	19,63,943	23,83,232	23,55,000	774	912	902	6,23,30,203	7,96,15,871	8,98,51,000	2,75,20,797	...	1,02,35,129	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	49,187	66,576	80,000	391	528	635	17,25,821	24,46,195	33,56,000	16,30,179	...	9,09,805	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	4,418	2,736	4,500	110	68	112	1,24,500	1,35,787	1,61,000	36,500	...	25,213	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*33,368	20,027	20,600	571	1,669	1,717	*12,48,695	7,14,577	8,79,000	...	3,69,695	1,64,423	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	1,203	5,110	6,000	36	67	76	46,191	2,35,865	2,49,000	2,02,809	...	13,135	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	387	2,553	2,551	2,550	7,17,066	9,58,591	9,42,000	281	376	369	2,83,01,858	3,96,84,955	4,22,54,000	1,39,52,142	...	25,69,045	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,055	4,001	16,75,609	21,05,387	21,90,000	418	519	547	6,69,50,555	9,29,74,497	9,84,85,000	3,15,34,445	...	55,10,503	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,44,738	5,34,099	4,95,000	278	335	311	1,81,22,907	2,18,75,167	2,41,64,000	60,41,093	...	22,88,833	...
Assam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,43,834	1,42,050	1,63,000	178	159	183	52,47,774	55,16,547	57,00,000	4,52,226	...	1,83,453	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,50,076	7,23,643	7,95,000	356	393	432	2,21,49,894	2,61,95,478	3,23,24,000	1,01,74,106	...	61,28,522	...
Burma	319	1,343	1,342	1,342	4,61,983	4,82,498	5,63,000	344	360	420	1,60,71,411	1,62,59,653	1,95,50,000	34,78,589	...	32,90,347	...
Burma Extensions	212	187	187	187	35,420	35,663	42,000	189	191	225	15,19,224	14,74,832	18,73,000	3,53,776	...	3,98,168	...
Southern Shan States	121	23	70	70	540	9,105	8,000	23	130	114	22,521	3,44,485	3,67,000	3,44,479	...	22,515	...
Dhone-Kurnool	72	32	32	32	2,625	2,070	2,400	82	65	75	92,929	96,259	1,12,000	19,071	...	15,741	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	21,945	38,556	26,100	177	311	210	10,39,046	15,47,844	15,61,000	5,21,954	...	13,156	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	166	292	305	305	37,366	53,460	60,200	128	175	197	16,51,400	19,74,585	24,76,000	8,24,600	...	5,01,415	...
Mysore	191	*411	401	401	*72,947	84,052	75,500	177	210	188	*29,51,352	30,61,463	33,11,000	3,59,648	...	2,49,537	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,454	1,587	1,587	6,47,332	6,29,658	6,54,000	376	397	412	2,17,09,677	2,78,19,830	2,77,81,000	60,71,323	...	...	38,830
Travancore Branch	151	108	146	146	15,864	27,750	34,900	147	190	239	7,11,461	8,47,826	11,38,000	4,26,539	...	2,90,174	...
Tirhoot	223	785	804	804	1,89,248	1,93,506	2,14,000	241	239	266	77,35,408	69,51,494	79,43,000	2,07,592	...	9,91,506	...
Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,702	2,800	...	90	93	...	1,03,373	1,05,000	1,05,000	...	1,627	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	83	32	33	33	2,604	2,712	1,900	81	82	58	99,699	1,12,835	92,100	...	7,599	...	20,735
TOTAL	495	26,219	26,778	26,713	1,15,14,634	1,35,87,863	1,43,85,900	439	507	539	42,72,15,358	52,55,62,631	58,41,33,100	15,69,17,742	...	5,85,70,469	...
All other Railways.																	
Amritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	14,313	8,141	9,500	256	145	170	5,76,988	3,71,939	3,92,000	...	1,84,988	20,061	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	29,376	24,900	...	653	553	...	8,77,448	10,60,000	10,60,000	...	1,82,552	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	25,735	13,317	20,000	225	117	175	8,11,411	6,75,741	8,60,000	48,589	...	1,84,259	...
Bina-Goona-Baran	60	148	149	149	14,277	7,402	10,200	97	50	68	4,28,599	3,60,541	3,84,000	...	44,599	23,459	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	357	192	239	239	51,334	62,496	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	365	24,83,487	35,01,148	[illegible]	10,01,513	...	...	16,148
Mandra-Bhaun	70	...	27	27	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nagda-Ujjain	152	34	33	33	8,127	6,006	4,600	237	182	139	2,22,213	1,85,994	2,24,000	1,787	...	38,006	...
Nizam's Guaranteed State	416	334	334	334	1,34,142	1,29,021	1,30,000	402	386	389	47,49,848	51,94,887	57,50,000	10,00,152	...	5,55,113	...
Petlad-Cambay	192	34	34	33	5,985	6,695	7,200	176	197	218	2,26,632	2,68,765	2,94,000	67,368	...	25,235	...
Phagwara-Rahon	79	...	47	47	...	3,453	6,000	...	74	106	...	1,53,785	1,99,000	1,99,000	...	45,215	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	385	108	108	108	64,662	24,333	34,400	599	225	319	14,17,865	17,01,289	22,57,000	8,39,135	...	5,55,711	...
Salem District Board	65	...	4	4	...	454	500	...	114	125	...	(a)8,075	20,800	20,800	...	12,725	...
Sara-Sirajganj	97	...	53	53	...	5,864	9,300	...	111	174	...	2,14,093	3,03,000	3,03,000	...	88,907	...
Sialkot-Narwal	114	...	38	38	...	4,425	3,700	...	116	97	...	1,76,270	1,72,000	1,72,000	...	...	4,270
Southern Punjab (Main Line)	329	425	428	428	1,33,045	1,26,173	1,51,000	313	295	353	42,35,846	55,77,035	73,98,000	31,62,154	...	18,20,965	...
Jullundur-Doab	60	99	133	133	4,987	7,219	7,900	50	54	59	1,96,785	3,32,895	3,25,000	1,28,215	...	...	7,895
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	26,072	24,400	26,000	168	157	168	10,27,241	10,20,052	10,58,000	30,759	...	37,948	...
Tapti Valley	194	155	156	156	45,948	40,670	41,400	296	261	265	11,05,780	11,59,797	13,86,000	2,80,220	...	2,26,203	...
Tenali-Repalli	98	...	22	22	...	1,621	1,400	...	74	64	...	89,965	71,900	71,900	...	...	18,065
3' 3⅜" gauge.																	
Ahmedabad-Dholka	84	34	34	34	2,191	2,254	2,700	65	66	80	98,293	1,20,480	1,17,000	18,707	...	...	3,480
Ahmedabad-Parantij	78	89	89	89	8,225	5,565	6,700	93	63	75	2,95,204	2,84,858	3,42,000	46,796	...	57,142	...
Bengal and North-Western	188	1,239	1,244	1,248	1,94,444	2,42,492	2,72,000	157	195	218	82,26,991	89,49,857	1,13,93,000	31,66,009	...	24,43,143	...
Bengal-Dooars	215	153	153	158	30,202	30,972	30,000	198	202	189	13,30,873	14,04,265	14,80,000	1,49,127	...	75,735	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	137	52	52	52	7,014	6,472	6,100	135	124	117	2,70,450	2,93,380	2,70,000	...	450	...	23,380
Bhavnagar State	148	227	249	249	27,325	35,475	46,600	120	142	187	11,31,741	14,30,884	20,57,000	9,25,259	...	6,26,116	...
Cooch Behar State	157	33	33	33	6,691	5,671	5,700	202	172	173	2,21,665	2,09,051	2,23,000	1,335	...	13,949	...
Dibru-Sadiya	322	86	86	86	24,205	34,165	24,500	281	397	285	10,39,080	10,76,210	10,24,000	...	15,080	...	52,210
Gaekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	90	184	209	209	14,140	18,053	18,400	77	86	88	6,04,667	7,58,162	10,71,000	4,66,333	...	3,12,838	...
Gondal-Porbandar State	150	211	231	231	23,677	27,925	44,200	112	121	194	10,46,059	13,60,211	19,08,000	8,61,941	...	5,47,789	...
Hyd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	179	441	441	441	1,10,714	1,10,459	1,18,000	251	250	268	30,63,756	30,14,729	36,16,000	5,52,244	...	6,01,271	...
Jaipur State	69	73	107	122	6,559	6,279	8,100	90	59	66	2,30,158	2,98,292	3,68,000	1,37,842	...	69,708	...
Jamnagar	133	54	54	54	4,938	5,532	7,000	91	108	130	2,21,355	2,90,269	3,80,000	1,58,645	...	89,731	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	129	1,030	1,106	1,106	98,827	1,21,030	1,18,000	96	109	107	42,30,378	55,19,312	65,49,000	23,18,622	...	9,29,688	...
Junagad State	129	113	121	136	10,922	12,992	16,400	97	107	121	4,49,835	6,06,848	7,23,000	2,73,165	...	1,16,152	...
Kolhapur State	242	29	29	29	7,729	7,795	6,400	266	269	221	2,44,831	2,65,551	3,05,000	60,169	...	39,449	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	52	100	100	100	5,418	5,951	7,000	54	60	70	1,66,111	2,03,138	2,28,000	61,889	...	24,862	...
Morvi (incldg. Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	202	93	93	93	13,041	17,997	21,500	140	194	231	6,08,222	7,43,528	10,75,000	4,66,778	...	3,31,472	...
Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	63	...	63	100	...	9,506	15,000	...	109	150	...	(b)1,56,195	4,62,000	4,62,000	...	2,95,804	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	219	55	56	56	11,776	15,818	13,800	213	282	246	3,87,979	5,00,470	4,75,000	87,021	...	...	25,470
Mysore-Arsikere (c)	49	...	103	103	...	5,111	7,700	...	50	75	...	(c)5,111	2,68,000	2,68,000	...	2,62,889	...
Podanur-Pollachi	139	...	25	25	...	3,535	3,900	...	141	156	...	1,41,083	1,50,000	1,50,000	...	8,917	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	176	268	270	270	38,350	35,264	33,200	143	131	123	16,06,054	18,83,796	20,92,000	4,85,946	...	2,08,204	...
Sangli State	189	5	5	5	946	1,053	1,200	189	211	240	28,650	36,696	47,000	18,350	...	10,304	...
Secunderabad-Gadwal	71	...	103	103	...	8,621	5,400	...	84	52	...	2,90,377	2,73,000	2,73,000	...	...	17,377
Shoranur-Cochin	263	65	65	65	12,841	17,279	18,900	198	266	291	5,03,635	6,87,952	6,92,000	1,88,365	...	4,048	...
Tanjore District Board	162	103	112	112	17,082	17,378	18,700	166	155	167	7,73,437	7,51,789	7,04,000	...	69,437	...	47,789
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	79	67	67	67	7,175	5,187	4,300	107	77	64	2,26,343	2,24,953	2,44,000	17,657	...	19,047	...
2' 6" gauge.																	
Barsi	141	116	117	118	32,786	17,356	27,000	283	148	229	8,97,944	6,84,014	7,11,000	...	1,86,944	26,986	...
Bilimora-Kalamba	34	...	35	35	...	1,358	1,500	...	39	43	...	43,562	65,100	65,100	...	21,538	...
Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur	52	...	22	23	...	1,043	1,100	...	47	48	...	(d)6,465	40,900	40,900	...	34,435	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	76	20	32	32	2,093	2,982	1,200	104	93	37	66,121	93,685	77,600	11,479	...	...	16,285
Dhond-Baramati	68	...	27	27	...	1,817	2,500	...	67	93	...	74,676	94,400	94,400	...	19,724	...
Ellichpur-Yeotmal	92	48	139	139	6,002	15,200	21,800	126	109	157	13,129	4,80,538	6,26,000	6,12,871	...	1,45,462	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	97	142	154	154	12,474	15,148	17,500	88	98	114	4,89,333	5,04,226	7,29,000	2,40,667	...	1,21,774	...
Godhra-Lunavada	42	24	25	25	630	1,218	1,100	26	49	44	3,237	42,984	52,800	49,563	...	9,816	...
Jacobabad-Kashmor	34	...	76	76	...	2,360	3,300	...	31	43	...	1,07,474	1,03,000	1,03,000	...	...	4,474
Khulna-Bagerhaut (e)	...	...	...	20	...	...	2,100	...	...	105	...	...	39,700	39,700	...	39,700	...
Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	49	11	102	102	394	4,603	5,500	36	45	54	1,537	1,97,813	2,35,000	2,33,463	...	37,187	...
Kosamba-Zankhvav	27	26	26	26	420	1,141	900	16	44	35	19,677	25,533	34,200	14,523	...	8,667	...
Nadiad Kapadvanj	108	28	28	28	1,708	2,373	3,600	61	85	129	77,277	1,24,627	1,59,000	81,723	...	34,373	...
Pachora-Jamner (f)	...	...	...	25	...	...	3,100	...	...	124	...	...	36,700	36,700	...	36,700	...
Petlad-Vaso	66	...	19	19	...	1,009	1,309	...	53	68	...	53,524	67,200	67,200	...	13,676	...
Rajpipla State	67	37	37	39	2,142	2,317	2,450	57	63	62	92,449	1,03,779	1,20,000	27,551	...	16,221	...
2' 0" gauge.																	
Darjeeling-Himalayan	485	51	51	51	14,958	20,520	17,500	293	403	345	9,51,470	10,58,338	11,35,000	1,83,530	...	76,662	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	11,396	9,600	...	114	96	...	2,68,534	3,01,000	3,01,000	...	32,466	...
Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	462	450	690	18	18	24	20,621	13,399	23,500	2,879	...	10,101	...
TOTAL	174	7,336	8,739	8,838	13,14,343	14,56,168	16,19,700	179	167	183	4,83,17,516	5,90,04,689	7,04,38,300	2,21,20,784	...	1,14,33,611	...
GRAND TOTAL	417	33,555	35,517	35,551	1,28,28,977	1,50,44,031	1,60,05,600	382	424	450	47,55,32,874	58,45,67,320	65,45,71,400	17,90,38,526	...	7,00,04,080	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.
(a) From 1st June 1917.
(b) From 15th August 1917.
(c) From 3rd January 1918.
(d) From 1st December 1917.
(e) Opened from 10th June 1918.
(f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

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No. 5.] DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 28th January, 1919.

No. 20.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Loftus-Tottenham of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 21.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Pierce Langrishe Moore, C.I.E., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

The 30th January, 1919.

No. 22.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 93 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General is pleased to declare that the seat of the Hon'ble Sir Hamilton Grant, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., in the Indian Legislative Council has become vacant.

No. 23.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Denys de Saumarez Bray, C.I.E., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 31st January 1919.

No. 785-C.—In the Home Department notification no. 444-C., dated the 17th January 1919, regarding the grant of privilege leave to Mr. H. C. Marsden, a Superintendent in the Home Department, *for* "one month" *read* "two months".

No. 787-C.—Mr. Tarapada Roy is appointed to be a temporary Superintendent, 3rd grade, in the Home Department, with effect from the 1st January 1919. The Home Department notification no. 561-C., dated the 22nd January 1919, so far as it relates to him, is hereby cancelled.

No. 789-C.—With reference to the Home Department notifications nos. 561-C., and 787-C., dated the 22nd January and 31st January 1919 respectively, Mr. B. Otto is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, in the Home Department, with effect from the 2nd January 1919, during the absence of Mr. H. C. Marsden on leave.

PUBLIC.

The 28th January 1919.

No. 693-C.—In modification of the Home Department notification no. 888-C., dated the 17th December 1914, the following Order of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries of Great Britain, relating to the importation of dogs into that country is published for general information.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

(DATED 5TH DECEMBER 1918.)

Importation of Dogs (Amendment) Order of 1918 (no. 2).

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in them under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1914, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

1. The period of detention and isolation prescribed by the Importation of Dogs Order of 1914 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Order") is hereby increased to six calendar months, and the principal Order shall be read and have effect as if "six calendar months" were substituted for "four calendar months."

2. In the case of a dog landed after the thirtieth day of November, nineteen hundred and eighteen, under the authority of a licence granted under the principal Order, the licence shall have effect as if "six calendar months" were therein inserted instead of "four calendar months."

3. The Importation of Dogs (Amendment) Order of 1918 is hereby revoked.

4. This Order may be cited as the Importation of Dogs (Amendment) Order of 1918 (no. 2), and shall be read with the principal Order.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries have hereunto set their Official Seal this fifth day of December, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

L. S.

W. H. CHAMBERLAIN,
Authorised by the President.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EDUCATION.

Delhi, the 30th January 1919.

No. 106.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, sub-section 3, of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to approve of the following elections of Ordinary Fellows by the Faculties of Arts and Medicine, with effect from the dates mentioned against their names.

Elected by the Faculty of Arts.

(1) Principal Herambachandra Maitra, M.A. (with effect from 18th March 1919).

(2) Dr. Harendracoomar Mookerjee, M.A., Ph.D. (with effect from 30th January 1919).

Elected by the Faculty of Medicine.

Lieutenant Colonel A. Laventon, I.M.S., F.R.C.S.I. (with effect from 4th January 1919).

SANITARY.

The 29th January 1919.

No. 56.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that the Bombay Presidency is threatened with an outbreak of the dangerous epidemic disease known as cholera, the Governor General in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (3), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), is pleased to direct that all the powers conferred by the said Act may be exercised, to prevent the outbreak of cholera or the spread thereof, by the Government of Bombay with respect to the territories administered by that Government.

H. SHARP.
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

AGRICULTURE.

Delhi, the 29th January 1919.

No. 237-C.—Mr. G. S. Henderson, N.D.A., N.D.D., is confirmed in the appointment of Imperial Agriculturist with effect from the 1st March 1918.

The 30th January 1919.

No. 246-C.—In supersession of this Department's Notification, No. 207-C., dated the 17th January 1919, Dr. E. J. Butler, Imperial Mycologist, is appointed Joint Director of the Agricultural Research Institute at Pusa in addition to his present duties with effect from the 20th January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 247-C.—In supersession of this Department's Notification, No. 208-C., dated the 17th January 1919, Mr. M. W. Sayer, B.A., whose appointment as Assistant to the Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India has been temporarily placed in abeyance, is with effect from the 20th January 1919, appointed to officiate as Imperial Agriculturist during the absence on deputation under the Indian Munitions Board of Mr. G. S. Henderson, N.D.A., N.D.D., Imperial Agriculturist, or until further orders.

FAMINE.

The 29th January 1919.

No. 236-C.—With reference to Rule 3, clause (*b*) of the Rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture No. 1616-F., dated the 25th July 1900, the Government of the United Provinces has appointed the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., to be a Member of the Board of Management, Indian People's Famine Trust, in place of the Hon'ble Mr. A. L. Saunders, C.S.I., I.C.S., resigned.

FORESTS.

The 29th January 1919.

No. 242-C.—On return from privilege leave Mr. C. G. Rogers resumed charge of the office of Chief Conservator of Forests, Burma, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th December 1918. Prior to proceeding on leave and on return from that leave Mr. Rogers was on special duty in the office of the Chief Conservator of Forests, Burma, with headquarters at Rangoon, from the afternoon of the 31st August to the afternoon of the 6th September 1918 and from the afternoon of the 6th to the afternoon of the 10th December 1918 respectively.

The following changes are made in the class of Conservators with effect from the dates mentioned, consequent on the resumption by Mr. C. G. Rogers of the office of Chief Conservator of Forests, Burma:—Mr. H. Carter, Officiating Chief Conservator of Forests, Burma, reverted to his substantive appointment of Conservator of Forests, 1st grade, and resumed charge of the Southern Circle, Burma, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th December 1918. Mr. G K. Parker, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, who, on relief by Mr. Carter, reverted to the class of Deputy Conservators of Forests on the afternoon of the 10th December 1918, is reappointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, in charge of the Tenasserim Circle, Burma, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th December 1918. From the same date Mr. R. S. Troup and Mr. F. H. Todd, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, reverted to their substantive appointments in the class of Deputy Conservators of Forests.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 30th January 1919.

No. 3.—Mr. W. J. Drake, I.S.O., Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is granted combined leave for 6 months (privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period) with effect from the 8th October 1918, under Articles 233 and 338 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations.

F. C. ROSE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 29th January 1919.

No. 6-S. I.—The following extract from the Fifth Supplement, dated the 26th August 1918, to the London Gazette, dated the 23rd August 1918, is published for general information:—

* * * * *

Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood.

St. James's Palace, S. W.,

26th August 1918.

The King has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia:—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Exalted Order.

Colonel (Temporary Brigadier-General) Theodore Fraser, C.B., C.M.G., R.E.,

* * * *

The 31st January 1919.

No. 7-S. I.—The following extract from the Seventh Supplement, dated the 23rd August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, is published for general information:—

India Office,

23rd August 1918.

The King has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia:—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Exalted Order.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) William George Hamilton, C.B., D.S.O.

* * * * *

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 29th January 1919.

No. 14-I. E.—The following extract from the London Gazette, dated the 1st October 1918, is published for general information :—

* * * * *

Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood,
St. James's Palace, S. W.,
1st October 1918.

The King has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire :—

To be an Honorary Knight Commander of the said Most Eminent Order.

Monsieur A. Martineau, Governor of the French Settlements in India.

* * * * *

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 27th January 1919.

No. 241-G.—Under the provisions of Article 79 (1) of the Bahrein Order-in-Council, 1915, as republished under Foreign and Political Department notification No. 126-G., dated the 3rd February 1915, read with Foreign and Political Department notification No. 402-G., dated the 15th April 1918, the Governor-General in Council appoints the 3rd day of February 1919 as the date on which the said Order-in-Council shall come into force.

No. 245-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Monsieur Lucien Ernest Roger Laronce as Consul-General for France at Calcutta.

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The 27th January 1919.

No. 329-Est.-A.—Major G. F. W. Anson, of the Political Department, is appointed temporarily to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Deputy Commissioner, Kohat, in addition to his own duties as Assistant Commissioner and Sub-Divisional Officer, Thal, with effect from the 8th January 1919.

No. 330-Est.-A.—Mr. T. B. Copeland, of the Political Department, is posted as Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar, with effect from the 11th January 1919.

The 28th January 1919.

No. 335-Est.-A.—Major M. E. Rae of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 9 months, with effect from the 1st January 1919, under Articles 253 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 375-I. B.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Aurangabad, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments made by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department No. 109-I. B, dated the 8th January 1919, in the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, shall also extend to the said Code as in force in the Cantonment of Aurangabad by virtue of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 3638-I. B., dated 17th November 1913, namely :—

For section 68 of the Code substitute the following : —

Registration and control of dogs.

"68. (1) The Cantonment authority shall make rules to provide for the registration of all dogs kept within Cantonment limits.

(2) Such rules shall provide amongst other matters—

(a) that in the case of dogs kept in the lines of military units, the registration shall be carried out by the officers commanding the units ;

(b) that every registered dog shall wear a collar to which shall be attached a metal token to be issued by the registration authority ;

(c) that any dog not registered and wearing such token shall, if found in any public place, be detained at a place set apart for the purpose ; and

(d) that a fee shall be charged for such detention, and that any such dog shall be liable to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of, unless it be claimed within one week and the fee be paid.

(3) The Cantonment authority may—

(a) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined for such period as the authority may direct, any dog or other animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering, from rabies or bitten by any dog or other animal so suffering or suspected ;

(b) appoint by public notice certain periods within which any dogs without collars or other marks distinguishing them as private property found straying on the streets or beyond the enclosures of the owners of such dogs may be destroyed, and destroy or cause them to be destroyed accordingly.

(4) No damages shall be payable in respect of any dog or other animal destroyed or otherwise disposed of under this section.

(5) Whoever, being the owner or person in charge of any dog, neglects to restrain it so that it shall not be at large in any street without a muzzle of such pattern as may be prescribed by the Cantonment authority and chain-lead,

(a) if such dog is likely to annoy or intimidate passengers, or

(b) if the Cantonment authority has by public notice during the prevalence of rabies directed that dogs shall not be at large without muzzles and chain-leads, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 20."

The 29th January 1919.

No. 343-Est.-A.—Mr. W. Fanshawe, Indian Educational Department, is posted as an Assistant Master, Mayo College, Ajmer, with effect from the 13th January 1919.

No. 348-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Holland, C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 15th January 1919, and until further orders.

No. 350-Est. A.—Major G. D. Ogilvie, of the Political Department, on return from military duty, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 15th January 1919, and until further orders.

No. 390-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9, clause (a), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), as applied to Berar, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be added after the words "Postal Money Order" in entry No. 12 of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1554-I. B., dated the 5th August 1910, as subsequently amended, namely :—

"or by the holder of a Post Office Cash Certificate at the time of its discharge."

The 30th January 1919.

No. 361-Est.-A.—Major J. R. J. Tyrrell, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Agency Surgeon, Bundelkhand, with effect from the 14th January 1919.

No. 402-I. C.—*Erratum.*—In the notification by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 1-I. C., dated the 1st January 1919, announcing certain appointments to and promotions in the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for the words "Mrs Christina May, wife of General E. S. May (retired)" read "Mrs. Charlotte Dorothea May, wife of Major-General E. S. May."

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

MINT.

Delhi, the 29th January 1919.

No. 286-F.—The following statements shewing the position of the Gold Standard Reserve are published for general information :—

SATEMENT I.

Statement of receipts, charges and balance of the Reserve on the 31st March 1918

Dr.	£	Cr.	£
Opening balance . . .	33,765,670	Freight and other charges incurred in England (inclusive of arrear adjustments) in respect of silver which has on coinage yielded a profit	269,986
Interest, dividends on investments and discount on British Treasury Bills .	526,594	Closing balance . . .	34,183,456*
Profit by exchange on Council bills appropriated to the Reserve during 1917-18	45,746		
Net gain on revaluation of securities on 31st March 1918	115,423		
	34,453,442		34,453,442

* Differs from the balance shown in the monthly published account by £269,986 representing arrear charges on account of shipments of silver.

STATEMENT II.

Statement shewing the form in which the balance of the Reserve was held on 31st March 1918.

			£
(1)	Cash placed by the Secretary of State in Council at short notice	...	6,000,499
(2)	Securities—		
	5 per cent. National War Loan, 1929-47	3,762,181	
	3 per cent. Local Loans Stock	200,000	
	2¾ per cent. Irish Land Guaranteed Stock	438,720	
	3 per cent. Transvaal Government Guaranteed Stock, 1923-53 .	1,092,023	
	3 per cent. Exchequer Bonds, 1920	2,998,000	
	5 per cent. Exchequer Bonds, 1922	2,008,300	
	5 per cent. Exchequer Bonds, 1921	139,800	
	6 per cent. Exchequer Bonds, 1920	4,982,800	
	3½ per cent. New South Wales Inscribed Stock, 1918 . .	113,000	
	3¾ per cent. Canada Bonds, 1914-19	161,000	
	British Treasury Bills	13,494,000	
	Total nominal value .	29,389,824	
	Estimated value .	...	28,452,943†
			34,453,442
	Deduct—Balance due from the Gold Standard Reserve to the Treasury balance	...	269,986
			34,183,456

†This represents the estimated value of the securities as on the 31st March 1918.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 28th January 1919.

No. 122-F. E.—Mr. D. N. Dutt, an officer in class II of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, has been placed on special duty in the Finance Department Secretariat for 6 months, with effect from the 9th January 1919.

No. 126-F. E.—Mr. F. D. Buxy, Deputy Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

Mr. U. C. Banerji, a senior Accountant in the Office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 9th January 1919 until further orders.

No. 127-F. E.—Mr. R. C. Mukherji, Assistant Audit Officer, class II, provisional, attached to the Office of the Chief Auditor, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, has been confirmed in that class, with effect from the 5th January 1919.

No. 128-F. E.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. L. C. Robertson in Notification No. 1533-F. E., dated the 11th December 1918, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 14th December 1918, was extended by three days.

No. 129-F. E.—Mr. W. H. J. Lett, Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, Office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

Lala Jaikishen, a senior Accountant in the Office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 2nd January 1919 and until further orders.

The 29th January 1919.

No. 269-Accounts—Camp.—Mr. G. W. Glass, a Superintendent of the office of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, on deputation to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, has been employed in the capacity of a gazetted officer in that office with effect from the 21st December 1918.

The 31st January 1919.

No. 140-Gl. (F. E.)—Mr. C. R. Robson, B.Sc., A.I.C., has been appointed to His Majesty's Assay Department with effect from the forenoon of the 17th January 1919 and is posted as Deputy Assay Master, Bombay, with effect from the 21st January 1919.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

The 31st January 1919.

No. 300-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, clause (*a*) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to remit the duty chargeable under the said Act on receipts given for pensions and allowances paid by Government to the heirs of deceased non-commissioned officers or soldiers in respect of service in His Majesty's Army or in His Majesty's Indian Army.

H. F. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 1st February 1919.

No. 888-D.—*Corrigendum.*—In the Notification of the Government of India in this Department No. 631-D., dated the 25th January 1919, *for* the words "18th December 1918" *read* "17th December 1918."

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 916-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct—

(1) that the notification in this Department, No. 624-C. W. D., dated the 17th February 1917, as subsequently amended, shall be cancelled : and

(2) that the following amendments shall be made in this Department notification No. 1223-D., dated the 8th December 1917, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

(*a*) In the preamble, *insert* the word "Belgium" before the word "Norway"; and

(*b*) From proviso (*ii*) (*b*) *delete* the words "except so far as a certificate of origin may be required by the conditions of the license itself."

No. 940-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the induction of the Notification in this Department No. 553-D., dated the 13th January 1919, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

For the entry "(*a*) of coffee and tea to the United Kingdom"; *read* "(*a*) of tea to the United Kingdom."

No. 953-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919 :—

Delete the following entries :—

(C) Benzine.

(B) Myrabolans and myrabolan extract.

(C) Petrol.

(C) Tanning materials not otherwise specified.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 561.—Mr. P. R. Rice, Curator, Commercial Museum, is granted such privilege leave as may be due to him on the 1st March 1919 or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved, in combination with furlough of such duration as will bring the total period of his absence up to one year, eight months and thirteen days.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 769-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the taking of ganja and bhang from any port in the Madras Presidency to Ceylon.

No. 771-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to empower the officers noted in the margin * to search or cause search to be made, for opium, ganja or bhang in postal articles posted in the British Post Offices in Pondicherry or Karikal or in any place in the Madras Presidency for transmission to any place in Ceylon, the taking of these articles by sea out of the Madras Presidency being prohibited by notifications of the Government of India No. 4311, dated the 5th December 1872, and No. 769-D., dated the 1st February 1919. He is further pleased to direct that the said officers shall deliver all postal articles reasonably believed or found to contain opium, ganja or bhang to the nearest Customs Collector.

* (1) The Postmaster, Pondicherry.

(2) The Sub-Postmaster, Karikal.

(3) The Presidency Postmaster, Deputy Postmaster and Assistant Postmasters at Madras.

(4) The Postmaster and Deputy Postmaster, Dhanushkodi.

(5) The Postmaster, Negapatam.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 890-D.—Mr. H. H. Graves, Accounts Auditor, has been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 30th November 1918, and until further orders.

No. 912-D.—Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, I.C.S., a Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is placed on special duty in this Department with effect from the 26th January 1919.

Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is appointed to officiate as a Collector of Customs, Class III, with effect from the 26th January 1919.

No. 914-D.—Mr. P. T. Moore, First Appraiser, Calcutta Custom House, has been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 26th January 1919 and until further orders.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 893-D.—Mr. G. W. Schönoman, Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd January 1919.

The following appointments in the grades of Postmasters-General are made, with effect from the 2nd January 1919 :—

Mr. H. S. H. Pilkington, C.I.E., M.V.O., Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, officiating in the 2nd grade, to be confirmed in that grade;

Mr. D. J. Murtrie, O.B.E., I.S.O., Postmaster-General, 3rd grade and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office, to officiate in the 2nd grade until further orders;

Mr. W. A. Roussac, Postmaster-General, 4th grade officiating in the 3rd grade, to be confirmed in that grade;

Mr. A. W. Lane Ryan, Postmaster-General, 4th grade and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office, to officiate in the 3rd grade until further orders;

Mr. J. R. T. Booth, I.C.S., to be appointed Postmaster-General, 4th grade, Bengal and Assam, on probation for one year.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 866-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made with effect from the 1st February 1919 in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Commerce and Industry Department No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

For rule 132 the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

132. The fee for a telegraphic money order issued in India for payment in Ceylon shall be charged at the rate of commission applicable to an ordinary money order drawn on Ceylon, *plus* a telegraph charge calculated on the actual number of words used in the telegram advising the remittance at the rate in force for the time being for an express or ordinary telegram for Ceylon, as the case may be. The remitter may have a private communication to the payee added to the telegram advising the remittance on paying for the additional words in excess of twelve at the rate in force for the time being for the class of telegrams to which the advice belongs.

(PORTS AND LIGHTING.)

The 1st February 1919.

No. 904-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Provident Funds Act, 1897 (IX of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of the said Act to the Provident Fund established by the Madras Port Trust.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 31st January 1919.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 209.—Second Lieutenant (temporary Captain) J. Dall, The Highland Light Infantry (since deceased), was permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to retain the temporary rank of Captain, while holding an appointment as Brigade Major. Dated 27th July 1918.

No. 210.—Lieutenant J. E. Monins, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Station Staff Officer, 1st class. Dated 1st January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 211.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Randle Harry Palin, Supernumerary List.	Dated 28th January 1919.
Edward Barnes Peacock, Military Accounts Department.	

Captains to be Majors.

Hugh Vincent Budgen, 112th Infantry.	Dated 9th January 1919.
Elliot James Dowell Colvin, Political Department.	
Leonard Proby Haviland, 13th Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers (Watson's Horse).	
Edward Gwynne Phythian Phythian-Adams, 80th Carnatic Infantry.	Dated 27th January 1919.
Severn Williams, Political Department.	
Norbert Dumayne Place, 8th Rajputs.	
Edmund Thomas William McCausland, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.	
Henry Francis Story, 85th Sikhs.	
John Austin Budden, Military Farms Department.	
Brevet Major Ernest Samuel Vicary, 16th Cavalry.	
Francis Ivan Oscar Brickmann, M.C., 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).	
John Edward Power, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).	

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Douglas Miller Ham, 75th Carnatic Infantry.	Dated 22nd January 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Robert Flett, attached 128th Pioneers.	Dated 27th October 1918.
Cyril Wilton Geoffrey White, Indian Army.	
Adrian Alexander Hope, attached 35th Sikhs.	Dated 21st December 1918.
Douglas Bruce Sangster, attached 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).	
Edward Kenneth James Clease, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).	
John Albert Andrews, attached 67th Punjabis.	
Charles Patrick Whitmore Robinson, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).	
Charles Lund, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles.	
William Ernest Cunningham, attached 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).	
Donald John Bryceson, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).	

Courtenay Alison Weeks, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.
Michael Charles Nolan, attached 25th Punjabis.
Edward Towne Danson, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
Roger Willis Kearns, attached 84th Punjabis.
Hugh Iorwerth Kiffig Jones, attached 21st Punjabis.
Arthur William Orgill, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
Thomas Arthur Warren Davis, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
Thomas Llewellin Evans, attached 21st Punjabis.
William Elphinstone Rivers, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles.
Henry Hughes, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
Charles Seller, attached 37th Dogras.
John Keith Parry, attached 89th Punjabis.
Cedric Cecil Vernon Wright, attached 1st Brahmans.
Herbert Francis Norris, attached 114th Mahrattas.
Edward John Patrick Boschetti ffolkes, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).
Charles Keisop Vickers, attached 8th Cavalry.
Sidney Morgan Williams, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.
John Henry Frankland Newland, attached 22nd Punjabis.

} Dated 21st December 1918.

Robert John Kidd, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
George Archibald Dundas Simpson, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles.
Robert Archibald Mackinnon, attached 113th Infantry.
John Love Kirkhope, attached 1st Brahmans.
Thomas Alexander McKay, attached 123rd Outram's Rifles.
James Alexander Moreland, attached 8th Cavalry.
William Lea, attached 1st Brahmans.
George Thexton Wards, attached 84th Punjabis.
Victor Douglas Arnold, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.
Henry Reginald Hoad, attached 30th Punjabis.
John Alexander Macduff Danby, attached 76th Punjabis.
Carl Kaberry Jennings, attached 31st Punjabis.
Arthur William Green, attached 95th Russell's Infantry.
Norman Temple Collett, attached 35th Sikhs.
Isaiah Somerset, attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.
Henry Macfarlane, attached 111th Mahars.
Roy Meyrick Evans, attached 61st King George's Own Pioneers.
Walter Ellen, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).
George Dow, attached 94th Russell's Infantry.
Douglas Walton Geddie, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
Arthur James Grant, attached 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse).
John David, attached 89th Punjabis.
Reginald Arthur Pearcey, attached 62nd Punjabis.
George Henry Major Law, attached 112th Infantry.

} Dated 26th January 1919.

William Cranswick, attached 8th Rajputs;	Dated 26th January 1919.
Philip Steggall Elmer, attached 150th Indian Infantry.	
Charles Gorell Snook, attached 43rd Erinpura Regiment.	
Egbert Anthony Lees, attached 22nd Punjabis.	
James Ballantine, attached 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).	
Thomas Martin, M.C., attached 89th Punjabis.	
Lingard Ednie, attached 117th Mahrattas.	Dated 27th January 1919.
John Coleman Smith, attached 64th Pioneers.	Dated 28th January 1919.
John William Thomas Colsey, attached 49th Bengalis.	
Eric James Boughton, attached 84th Punjabis.	
Wilfred Vaughan Davies, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers.	

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

Sydney Thomas Ransome Taylor.	Dated 5th November 1918.
Thomas Henry Saunders.	
Hugo Hugh Golding Fill.	Dated 5th January 1919.
Frank Joseph List.	

No. 212.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 499, dated the 6th April 1917, Major Athelstan Chamberlayne, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), will take seniority in his present rank next below Major Charles Kennedy-Crauford-Stuart, D.S.O., 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry, and next above Major Basil Gerard Peel, D.S.O., 81st Pioneers, his previous forfeited service, having been restored for good service in the field.

No. 213.—Army Department Notifications No. 229, dated the 1st February 1918, and No. 2151, dated the 20th September 1918, so far as they relate to Lieutenant Arthur Barry Fletcher, attached 10th Jats, are cancelled.

No. 214.—Major D. C. Crombie, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 6th January 1919.

No. 215.—Major G. W. Haslehurst, 29th Punjabis, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, while holding an appointment as Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 10th January 1919.

No. 216.—Lieutenant E. Hobson, M.C., attached 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 13th January 1919.

No. 217.—Lieutenant C. D. Newland, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 19th January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 218.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

Thomas Reginald Livesay.	Dated 1st July 1918.
Roderick Augustus O'Connor.	Dated 19th September 1918.
John Henry Cumberlege.	Dated 27th November 1918.
John Ponsonby Trousdell.	Dated 28th November 1918.
Norman Paterson Tucker.	Dated 27th January 1919.

Infantry Branch.

Thomas Wilton.	Dated 5th August 1918.
Almeric Hugh Seymour.	Dated 29th August 1918.
Wolfran Iveagh Lang.	Dated 16th September 1918.
Hubert James Marlowe Flaxman.	Dated 9th October 1918.
Arthur Stanislaus Holmes.	
Gustave Alfred Walter Monk.	Dated 10th October 1918.

Tom Walters Venn.	Dated 26th October 1918.
Henry John Towerton.	Dated 5th November 1918.
Mathew Leo Brien Patrick O'Dea.	Dated 6th November 1918.
Ernest Arthur Midgeley.	Dated 10th November 1918.
Robert Alexander Burton.	Dated 14th November 1918.
Reginald O'Hagan.	Dated 16th November 1918.
Albert Brookes. Archibald Lewis Sharger. Edward Henry Aikman. William Hull Miles. Ivor Hurst. John Horace Cardew. Frank Coutts Hendry, M.C. Alfred Fisk-Aldis. Charles Algernon Gordon, M.C. John Augustus Hamilton Bampton. William Etienne Wyse Crealock.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Alfred Lyon Hill, M.C.	Dated 24th November 1918.
Arthur Cresswell Lloyd.	Dated 25th November 1918.
Walter Stanley Duke. Andrew Allan. John Francis Halford-Watkins.	Dated 27th November 1918.
William Norman Harrison.	Dated 1st December 1918.
Ernest John Green. Frederick Helm. Frederick Julian Siedle. Francis Carey Head.	Dated 4th December 1918.
Douglas Lillington Jenkins. Walter Thomas Pigot.	Dated 18th December 1918.
John Trevor Cole.	Dated 1st January 1919.
David Mitchell Baker. Alan William Fenwick Mills.	Dated 14th January 1919.
Arthur Cyril Greenfield.	Dated 29th January 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

William Cruickshank Winton. George Horton Williams.	Dated 26th April 1918.
Theophilus Williams Green.	Dated 30th May 1918.
Harry Joseph Trowsdale. Albert John Harvey.	Dated 29th August 1918.
Arthur Linnell Cadman. William Henry Lock.	Dated 31st October 1918.
James Mackie. William John Joshua.	Dated 26th November 1918.
William Macintyre. Fred Arthur Farley. Cecil Arthur Padfield.	Dated 28th November 1918.
Reginald Samuel Mehew.	Dated 21st December 1918.
Archibald Patrick Brewin.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Sydney Leonard Oggier.	Dated 6th January 1919.
Albert Anthony Bagley.	Dated 15th January 1919.

No. 219.—The promotion of Second Lieutenant Roderick Augustus O'Connor, to the rank of Lieutenant, notified in Army Department Notification No. 685, dated the 4th May 1917, is antedated to the 19th September 1915.

No. 220.—In Army Department Notifications No. 1448, dated the 1st December 1916, and No. 2949, dated the 20th December 1918, *for* "Lionel Armand Rayneau" and "Lesnee Armand Rayneau", respectively, *read* "Leonce Armand Rayneau".

No. 221.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while commanding Railway Training Camps. Dated 24th September 1918:—

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) G. C. Spring, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) J. C. E. Petrie. Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

No. 222.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) A. E. Hubbard, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while holding a special appointment. Dated 3rd January 1919.

No. 223.—Lieutenant R. C. Dawson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while employed as a Technical Recruiting Officer. Dated 8th January 1919.

No. 224.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding special appointments, with effect from the 20th November 1918:—

Second Lieutenant G. E. Charlton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Second Lieutenant H. Parkhouse. Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

No. 225.—Second Lieutenant F. G. Beck, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while employed as a Garrison Engineer, Military Works Services. Dated 6th December 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

3rd (Rangoon Port Defence) Group Garrison Artillery.

No. 2 Company, Electrical Engineers.

No. 226.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Alfred Edward Jones.
Joseph Philip Rintoul. } Dated 1st April 1918.

1-32nd Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles.

No. 227.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Captain to be Major.

Frederick Blunt Wathen. Dated 28th November 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 228.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Royal Field Artillery.

Major F. B. Knyvett, D.S.O., D.C.M., to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a brigade of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 12th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. Dennistoun, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 28th October 1918.

Captain C. H. C. Johnstone to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 12th November 1918, *vice* Major F. B. Knyvett, D.S.O., D.C.M., vacated with effect from the 28th October 1918.

Lieutenant R. E. Beausire to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 12th November 1918, *vice* Captain C. H. C. Johnstone, vacated with effect from the 28th October 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Captain (acting Major) E. G. Campbell relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 29th November 1918.

Lieutenant E. H. Millinship to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery, from 19th October 1918 to 28th November 1918, inclusive.

Captain (acting Major) G. K. P. Hebbert relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 31st December 1918.

INFANTRY.

Regular Forces.

The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. A. Hoffman relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 13th December 1918.

Garrison Battalions.

The Lincolnshire Regiment.

Lieutenant O. Jackson to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 27th April 1918 to 13th June 1918 ; *vice* Captain (acting Major) H. W. Dallison (The Royal Warwickshire Regiment attached), appointed second-in-command with effect from the 12th April 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 229.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

5th Cavalry.

Captain W. H. Clark to be acting Major while commanding a depôt ; from 26th November 1917 to 27th January 1918.

12th Cavalry.

Lieutenant K. M. Kennedy, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 10th October 1918.

31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. R. Campbell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 8th January 1919.

Lieutenant J. W. Muirhead, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant G. R. Campbell, vacated with effect from the 8th January 1919.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant G. Clarke, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt company. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Captain J. A. Stewart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, transferred to command a new company, with effect from the 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant F. Marshall, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt company. Dated 23rd September 1918.

Lieutenant A. F. Chapman, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt company. Dated 28th October 1918.

4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. J. Nevill, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. W. Wilcock, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th October 1918.

Lieutenant E. J. Nevill, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. W. Wilcock, vacated with effect from the 17th October 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant S. H. Harman, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd November 1918, *vice* Captain A. C. H. A. Eales, vacated with effect from the 7th November 1918.

31st Punjabis.

Lieutenant C. K. Jennings, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 16th August 1918 to 10th October 1918, inclusive ; *vice* Lieutenant R. E. Hunt, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant R. E. Hunt, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. K. Jennings, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1918.

50th Kumaon Rifles.

Captain G. S. Rogers, 39th Garhwal Rifles, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 15th July 1918.

56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. W. Maude, M.C., attached, retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 10th November 1918 (but with pay and allowances from 25th November 1918), *vice* Captain D. Beanland, vacated.

Lieutenant G. H. McCutcheon, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant. Dated 25th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. W. Maude, M.C., appointed temporary company commander with effect from the 10th November 1918.

66th Punjabis.

Lieutenant G. C. Ballentine, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 10th September 1917 to 2nd February 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain C. E. Daly, vacated with effect from the 26th August 1917.

Second Lieutenant A. H. B. Joyce, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 24th July 1917 to 8th July 1917, inclusive; *vice* Captain P. A. Allan, vacated with effect from the 19th June 1917.

Second Lieutenant C. H. D. O'Callaghan, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 24th July 1917 to 14th October 1917, inclusive; *vice* Second Lieutenant A. H. B. Joyce, M.C., vacated with effect from the 9th July 1917.

Lieutenant H. D. Taylor, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 30th October 1917 to 5th December 1917, inclusive; *vice* Second Lieutenant C. H. D. O'Callaghan, vacated with effect from the 15th October 1917.

Lieutenant R. N. Nunn, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st December 1917, *vice* Major Y. E. Smith, vacated with effect from the 16th November 1917.

Lieutenant B. H. Brear, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th February 1918, *vice* Lieutenant G. C. Ballentine, vacated with effect from the 3rd February 1918.

Lieutenant E. W. Waite, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 13th September 1918, *vice* Captain C. W. d'A. Steward, vacated with effect from the 29th August 1918.

67th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. Lay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 24th September 1918.

Lieutenant A. D. Trechmann, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 9th October 1918 to 14th November 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant J. F. Lay, vacated with effect from the 24th September 1918.

Lieutenant A. D. Trechmann, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 30th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant W. R. D. Torrance, vacated with effect from the 15th November 1918.

Lieutenant G. Waight, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 30th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. D. Trechmann, vacated with effect from the 15th November 1918

Lieutenant A. Oates, D.S.O., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th October 1918, *vice* Captain T. F. S. Burridge, vacated with effect from the 25th September 1918.

112th Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. Stuart, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 3rd January 1919

Lieutenant W. T. Williams, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant D. Stuart, vacated with effect from the 3rd January 1919.

130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Captain R. C. Simpson to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 31st December 1918, *vice* Captain G. A. Pim, vacated with effect from the 16th December 1918.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) K. Burrell, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd December 1918.

Lieutenant R. J. Allan, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 7th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant K. Burrell, vacated with effect from the 23rd December 1918.

Followers Central Depôt, Lucknow.

Lieutenant E. L. L. Garstin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt. Dated 5th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. Chetwynd-Palmer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes his acting rank with effect from the 21st December 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 230.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Captains.

*Captain Terence Dillon Godfray, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 17th September 1918.

*Lieutenant John Henry Sykes, 3rd Dragoon Guards, attached 6th Cavalry. Dated 11th January 1917, but to rank from the 16th December 1918.

To be Lieutenants.

*Lieutenant John Bigelow Slade-Baker, Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, attached 9th Hodson's Horse. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 13th January 1916.

*Lieutenant Edward Felice Swinton Dyer, The Bedfordshire Regiment, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1918, but to rank from the 12th May 1916.

Major Ross Cairns McCay, D.S.O., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 17th Cavalry. Dated 25th March 1918, but to rank from the 20th May 1916.

Lieutenant Bertram Owen Jones, The South Wales Borderers, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 4th January 1919, but to rank from the 12th June 1916.

Captain Alan Stewart Vowles, D.S.O., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 113th Infantry. Dated 25th March 1918, but to rank from the 14th June 1916.

Lieutenant Stuart Mackay, Machine Gun Corps, attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 4th January 1919, but to rank from the 24th July 1916.

Captain Alan Ernest Dean, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse). Dated 25th March 1918, but to rank from the 6th September 1916.

Lieutenant Cecil Herbert Speer, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment). Dated 25th March 1918, but to rank from the 16th November 1916.

*Lieutenant Arthur Gordon Henderson, The Royal Scots Fusiliers, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th January 1917.

Lieutenant Harry Cunningham Davidson, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 7th January 1919, but to rank from the 8th April 1917.

Lieutenant Victor Alexander McKechnie, Canadian Forces, attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 11th September 1917.

*Lieutenant Frank Augustus Pike, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 36th Sikhs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Lieutenant Edward Jeremiah Ryan, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 82nd Punjabis. Dated 29th July 1918, but to rank from the 16th January 1918.

*Lieutenant James Richard Wilson, The Yorkshire Regiment, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th January 1918.

*Second Lieutenant Reginald Henry Whistler, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st May 1918.

* Have not forfeited 9 months' seniority towards promotion.

*Second Lieutenant Percy Douglas Alexander, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 7th Hariana Lancers. Dated 13th January 1919, but to rank from the 31st May 1918.

*Second Lieutenant Herbert Edward Powell, Machine Gun Corps, attached 90th Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 22nd July 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

*Second Lieutenant Farrell Joseph Tully, The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians), attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

*Second Lieutenant William Edward Allen, The South Staffordshire Regiment, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment). Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 4th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant Peter JackDon, M.M., Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's), attached 1st Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 10th October 1918, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant Robert Henry Byerley, The York and Lancaster Regiment, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment). Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant George Paisley, The Wiltshire Regiment, attached 156th Indian Infantry. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant Frederick William Whitehead, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 6th November 1918, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

No. 231.—The surname of Lieutenant Wilfred Nevill Brown-Constable is as now given, and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 2020, dated the 30th November 1917.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 232.—Jatindra Mohan Dutta Gupta to be temporary Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 16th December 1918.

No. 233.—Barjor Phirozshah Karani to be honorary temporary Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 31st December 1918.

No. 234.—The date of appointment of temporary Lieutenant Anand Ramkrishna Bhat, Indian Medical Service, is 15th and not 25th June 1918, as shewn in Army Department Notification No. 1726, dated the 2nd August 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 235.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

INFANTRY BRANCH.

To be Lieutenants.

Thomas Wilton, The Devonshire Regiment, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 26th November 1917, but to rank from the 1st September 1915.

Almeric Hugh Seymour, The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 23rd November 1917, but to rank from the 1st September 1915.

Wolfran Iveagh Lang, The York and Lancaster Regiment, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 19th January 1918, but to rank from the 16th September 1915.

Gustave Alfred Walter Monk, The Devonshire Regiment, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 4th July 1918, but to rank from the 10th October 1915.

Robert Alexander Burton, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 14th November 1915.

John Riddell Musgrave Hanna, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 14th July 1916.

Fred Watson Hood, The Norfolk Regiment, attached 71st Punjabis. Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 30th July 1916.

Dick Christopherson, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry), attached 98th Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 24th October 1916.

* Have not forfeited 9 months' seniority towards promotion.

To be Second Lieutenants.

William Cruickshank Winton, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 14th April 1918, but to rank from the 26th April 1917.

George Horton Williams, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 23rd November 1917, but to rank from the 26th April 1917.

Theophilus Williams Green, The Manchester Regiment, attached 26th Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 30th May 1917.

Harry Joseph Trowsdale, General List, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Albert John Harvey, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 6th December 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Arthur Linnell Cadman, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

William Henry Lock, General List, attached Mechanical Transport. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

James Mackie, General List, attached 18th Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th November 1917.

William John Joshua, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th November 1917.

William Macintyre, General List, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 25th January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

Fred Arthur Farley, General List, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

Cecil Arthur Padfield, General List, attached 30th Punjabis. Dated 29th January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

Reginald Samuel Mehew, General List, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 21st December 1917.

Sidney Taylor, General List, attached 71st Punjabis. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th February 1918.

No. 236.—Army Department Notification No. 2450, dated the 18th October 1918, in so far as it relates to Frank Donald Rodgers, should read "To be Lieutenant" dated 3rd October 1918, but to rank from the 15th September 1917.

No. 237.—In Army Department Notification No. 129, dated the 17th January 1919, against the names of Charles Tresidder Rogers and Cecil Charles Swayne *for* 6th December 1918 and 13th December 1918, *read* 13th December 1918 and 6th December 1918, respectively.

No. 238.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers :—

To be temporary Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Arthur William Peel, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 15th January 1919.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

2nd Surma Valley Light Horse.

No. 239.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Major.

Robert St. John Hickman, V.D. Dated 1st April 1917.

2-17th Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Battalion.

No. 240.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captain.

Henry Langley Jones. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenant.

James Davis Pearson. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Major (Supernumerary List).

Arthur John Driberg Dunne, V.D. Dated 1st April 1917.

Medical Corps.

No. 241.—The undermentioned is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Major.

Edmund Henderson Hunt. Dated 1st April 1917.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

GENERAL LIST.

No. 242.—In Army Department Notification No. 65, dated the 10th January 1919, *for* "Edward Owen Bramston" *read* "Edward Owden Bramston".

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

2nd (Madras) Group Garrison Artillery.

"The Duke's Own".

No. 243.—Lieutenant Duncan Donald Campbell resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 3rd January 1919.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Battalion.

No. 244.—Major Arthur Robert George Newton, V.D., resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 6th December 1918.

2nd Nagpur Rifles.

No. 245.—Major Thomas George Green, M.B.E., V.D., resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 9th December 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 246.—The following promotions are made:—

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Ressaidar Phula Singh to be Resaldar, Jemadars Rajindar Singh and Usman Khan to be Ressaidars, Kot-Dafadars Narain Singh and Alam Sher Khan [25th Cavalry (Frontier Force)] to be Jemadars, with effect from the 28th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

36th Jacob's Horse.

Ressaidar Bahadur Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Resaldar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depôt, Baghdad.

Havildar-Major Fazal Dad, I.D.S.M. (Independent Divisional Ammunition Column), to be Jemadar, with effect from the 28th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

31st Punjabis.

Jemadar Muhammad Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 25th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

34th Sikh Pioneers.

Havildar Jiwan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

50th Kumaon Rifles.

Jemadars Umapatti Pande, Mahan Sing Rawat and Padam Sing Karki, to be Subadars, Havildars Karm Sing Bisht, Murti Negi, Umrao Sing Gosain, Lachham Sing Linti and Kunjar Sing Rana to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd May 1918; to complete the establishment.

59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Paru to be Subadar and Havildar Nand Sing to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

70th Burma Rifles.

Jemadars Maung Kyaw Nyun, Maung Nyo, Maung Kin Maung, Maung Ba Sein and Maung Ba Than to be Subadars, with effect from the 1st May 1918; to complete the establishment.

91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).

Colour-Havildar Mustafa Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

96th Berar Infantry.

Jemadar Muhammad Murtaza Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918 and Company Quartermaster-Havildar Waris Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Jemadar Sher Zaman to be Subadar, with effect from the 24th April 1918; Jemadar Ghulam Hussain to be Subadar, with effect from the 17th June 1918; Jemadar Sardar Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 9th October 1918; Havildar Fazal Ilahi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th April 1918 and Havildar Lal Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

152nd Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Dongar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th August 1918 and Havildar Richpal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

No. 247.—Army Department Notifications No. 3048, dated the 27th December 1918, and No. 28, dated the 3rd January 1919, in so far as they relate to this unit, are cancelled and the following substituted :—

Colour-Havildars Gulab Khan, Lalh Singh and Lal Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918 and Colour-Havildar Jag Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

2nd Government Camel Corps.

No. 248.—Kot-Dafadar Dina Nath, 54th Silladar Camel Corps, to be Ressaidar, to complete the establishment; with effect from 21st November 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 249.—In Army Department Notification No. 1412, dated the 28th June 1918, *for* :—

"No. 1456, Saiyid Irshad Husain Alavi.
No. 1457, Shib Charan Das.
No. 1458, Jiwan Singh
No. 1459, Abdul Aziz Kan Durrani.
No. 1460, Brij Lal Fakay.
No. 1461, Baijnath Lal.
No. 1462, Rajwant Singh.
No. 1463, Dasaundha Singh.
No. 1464, Indra Datta Dikshit.
No. 1465, Shamsuddin.
No. 1466, Awtar Singh Grewal."

read

"No. 1456, Shib Charan Das.
No. 1457, Jiwan Singh.

No. 1458, Abdul Aziz Khan Durrani.
No. 1459, Brij Lal Fakay.
No. 1460, Baijnath Lal.
No. 1461, Rajwant Singh.
No. 1462, Dasaundha Singh.
No. 1463, Indra Datta Dikshit.
No. 1464, Shamsud-din.
No. 1465, Awtar Singh Grewal.
No. 1466, Saiyid Irshad Husain Alavi."

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 250.—2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon *Rai Sahib* N. Sadasiva Pillai (Supernumerary) to be 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar (Supernumerary);

2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon P. Ratnam Pillai to be 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar; and

No. 1249, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Robert Sahu (Supernumerary), 2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, is absorbed in the grade of 2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Saiyid Sulaiman, deceased; with effect from the 25th October 1918.

(Army Department Notification No. 2926, dated the 13th December 1918, is hereby cancelled.)

No. 251.—2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Supernumerary 1st class Senio Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar) *Rai Sahib* N. Sadasiva Pillai is absorbed in the grade of 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar,

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon T. P. Somasundaram Pillai, invalided with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 1252, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Supernumerary 2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon) M. Kadir Sharif, is absorbed in the grade of 2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar; to complete establishment.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 252.—The services of No. 1564 3rd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Harnam Singh Gill are dispensed with on account of medical unfitness, with effect from the 28th September 1918.

JUDICIAL.

No. 253.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Table published in Army Department Notification No. 991, dated 22nd June 1917, as subsequently amended, namely :—

Under the heading " Europe."

To the entries in the first column, against the entry "The powers of an officer commanding an army" in the second column, the following shall be added :—

" (cc) General Officers Commanding Lines of Communication Areas."

No. 254.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimenta Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Second Lieutenant C. F. Miller.	Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached No. 46 Divisional Signal Company.	Poona .	5th October 1918.	Intestate .	1,624 4 0	Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department.

REDUCTIONS.

Military Works Services and Public Works Department, India.

No. 255.—Sub-Conductor Cornelius O'Connor Casey, Supervisor, 1st grade, Military Works Services, is remanded to regimental duty under the provisions of Army Regulations, India, Volume II, paragraph 380, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th January 1919.

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 256.—Major (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) William Mitchell, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his honorary rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

No. 257.—Major (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) William Hawkins, I.S.O., V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his honorary rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

No. 258.—Lieutenant Frederick Robert Grindal, V.D., resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 259.—Major (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) Arthur Robert George Newton, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his honorary rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

Coorg and Mysore Rifles.

No. 260.—Captain Herbert Martin Mann, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

(*Army Department Notification No. 2829, dated the 29th November 1918, is cancelled.*)

Nagpur Volunteer Rifles.

No. 261.—Major Thomas George Green, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

REWARDS

No. 262.—The following rewards have been granted to the undermentioned for acts of gallantry or devotion to duty in the field :—

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

No. 3072 Naik (Lance-Dafadar) Bhim Singh, Lancers.

No. 5242 Havildar Muhammad Alum, Divisional Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

No. 31270 Driver Harkhu Singh, Divisional Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

No. 18813 Driver Sheo Ditt, Divisional Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

No. 29285 Driver Jumma, Divisional Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

No. 32515 Driver Chotta, Divisional Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

No. 33578 Driver Kishan, Divisional Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

No. 35226 Driver Hardwari Lall, Divisional Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 263.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

Supplement, dated the 13th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 12th November 1918, pages 13377, 13380 and 13388.

War Office,
13th November, 1918,

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made.

*   *   *   *   *

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

R.H. & R.F.A.—Maj. F. M. Murray (Ind. Ord. Dept.) to be actg. Lt.-Col. 26th July 1918.

*   *   *   *   *

MEMORANDA.

*   *   *   *   *

2nd Lt. W. Allen, S. Staff, R., is apptd. for serv. with Ind. Army (on prob.) 25th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 4th Jan. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 25th Oct. 1918.)

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TERRITORIAL FORCE.

*   *   *   *   *

INFANTRY.

Royal Scots.—2nd Lt. A. J. Macdonald is seconded whilst on prob. with Indian Army in the rank of 2nd Lt., with seniority from 31st Oct. 1917. 25th Sept. 1918.

(Substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of 21st Oct. 1918.)

*   *   *   *   *

Fourth Supplement, dated the 14th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 12th November 1918, pages 13405 and 13408.

War Office,
14th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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UNATTACHED LIST FOR INDIAN ARMY.

The name of 2nd Lt. Kenneth Cradock Cradock-Watson is as now described and not as in the Gazette of 11th Sept. 1918.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 15th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 12th November 1918, pages 13419, 13421, 13423 and 13426.

War Office,
15th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Captain (temp. Maj.) O. C. Pulley, Ind. Army, to be temp. Lt.-Col. (without the pay or allowances of that rank) whilst empld. as a Comdt., Prisoners of War Camp. 14th Sept. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

Labour Corps.

* * * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. R. H. Massy-Dawson (Ind. Lab.) resigns his commission on ceasing to be empld. with the Corps, and is granted the hon. rank of 2nd Lt. 16 Nov. 1918.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. 2nd Lt. J. L. Callow, from R. W. Kent R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 16 Aug. 1918, with seniority 17 Mar. 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. J. Libby, from R. Fus. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 15 June 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 16th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th November 1918, pages 13559 and 13560.

War Office,
16th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

2nd Lt. J. E. Scott (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) is apptd. to the Corps, and to be actg. Lt.-Col while comdg. Group. 8 Aug. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 1 Jan. 1918 incorrectly describing rank.)

Lt. (actg. Lt.-Col.) J. E. Scott (Ind. Army Res. of Off.), to be temp. Lt.-Col. 26 June 1918.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. V. A. McKechnie, from Manitoba R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority 22 Mar. 1917.

* * * * *

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army. 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority 26 Apr. 1917 :—

E. A. Lees, from a Serv. Bn. Lan. Fus.

T. Martin, M C., from a Serv. Bn., K.R. Rif. C.

* * * * *

Second Supplement, dated the 16th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th November 1918, page 13565.

War Office,
16th November, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to award the Royal Red Cross to the undermentioned Ladies of the Nursing Services in recognition of their valuable services in connection with the war. Dated 3rd June, 1918 :—

Awarded the Royal Red Cross.
1st Class.

* * * * *

Miss Lallah Bessie Dunwoodie, Lady Superintendent, Q.A.M.N.S.I.

Miss Irene Annie McNally, Senior N./Sister, Q.A.M.N.S.I.

Awarded the Royal Red Cross.
2nd Class.

Miss Winifred Mary Aldridge, Acting Senior N./Sister, Q.A.M.N.S.I.

* * * * *

Miss Violet Isabel Lamb, Senior Nursing Sister, Q.A.M.N.S.I.

Third Supplement, dated the 18th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th November 1918, pages 13567, 13569, 13570, 13571 and 13574.

War Office,
18th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. A. F. Raikes, M.C., Worc. R., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 6th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 14th July 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

Labour Corps.

Temp. Lt.-Col. H. R. S. Perrott (2nd Lt., Ind. Army Res. of Off.) relinquishes the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. on ceasing to be empld. with the Corps. 3 Oct. 1918.

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TERRITORIAL FORCE RESERVE.

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Maj. F. Stevenson, C.B. (Bt. Col. ret. Ind. Army) is retired, having attained the age limit. 19th Nov. 1918.

* * * * *

Fourth Supplement, dated the 18th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th November 1918, pages 13576, 13577, 13578, 13579 and 13580.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James' Palace, S. W.,
18th November, 1918.

* * * * *

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for distinguished service in connection with military operations in Mesopotamia. To be dated 3rd June 1918 :—

To be Officers of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

Captain (A./Major) Frederick George Carter, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Major Samuel Richard Christophers, C.I.E., M.B., Indian Medical Service.

* * * * *

Commissary and Major Thomas Augustine Duffy, India Miscellaneous List.

* * * * *

Major Kenneth Oswald Goldie, Lancers (I.A.).

Captain (T./Major) John de la Hay Gordon, M.C., Indian Army.

* * * * *

Major Andrew Samuel Kirkwood, Military Farms Department, India.

* * * * *

Major Frederick Percival Mackie, M.D., F.R.C.S., Indian Medical Service.

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To be Members of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) Alfred Henry Barnett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant George Bispham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) Charles Henry Croasdaile Bowen, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Major) George Frederick Elliott, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T. /Captain) Ernest Alfred Glanville, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) Ian Hurst, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant (T./Captain) Valentine Gardner Hyde-Smith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T /Captain) William John Lakeland, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

2nd Lieutenant (T./Captain) Frank Forbes Mackay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant Frederick William Nichols, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant Michael George O'Leary, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) Armell Richard Pollard, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant Arthur Fitzgerald Rountree, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant (A./Captain) Maurice Theodore Scholefield, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant George Shand, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) George Christopher Stowell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) Tom Walters Venn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant John Dover Way, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant Robert Joseph Wilkinson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) (A./Major) Donald Russell Martin Yates, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James' Palace, S.W.,
18th November, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for distinguished service in connection with military operations in East Africa. To be dated 3rd June 1918 :—

* * * * *

To be Officers of the said Most Excellent Order.

* * * * *

Commissary and Captain Albert Craven, Indian Ordnance Department.

* * * * *

Captain (A./Major) Arthur Pitcher Manning, M.C., Indian Telegraph Section.

* * * * *

Lieut.-Colonel Ernest Reinhold Rost, Indian Medical Service.

* * * * *

Major Eustace Lindsay Scott, M.C., Indian Medical Service.

* * * * *

Major Charles Edward Southon, M.B., Indian Medical Service.

* * * * *

To be Members of the said Most Excellent Order.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (T./Captain) Edward Fetherstonhaugh Batten, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant Sheldon Arthur Stewart Bunting, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Lieutenant (Honorary Captain) Eric Reid, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

* * * * *

Capt. Charles Stuart Thane, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

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CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James' Palace, S.W.,
18th November, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for distinguished service in connection with military operations in Aden. To be dated 3rd June 1918 :—

To be an Officer of the said Most Excellent Order :—

Major Bernard Rawdon Reilly, Indian Political Department.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James' Palace, S.W.,
18th November, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for valuable services rendered in connection with the war. To be dated 3rd June 1918 :—

To be an Officer of the said Most Excellent Order :—

Major Arthur Charles Ogg, D.S.O., Indian Army.

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CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James' Palace, S.W.,
18th November, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for services in connection with the war. To be dated 3rd June 1918 :—

* * * * *

To be Officers of the said Most Excellent Order.

Charles Henry Cooper Angell, Esq., Indian Railways.

* * * * *

Alfred Charles Thorpe, Esq., Indian Railways.

* * * * *

To be Members of the said Most Excellent Order.

* * * * *

Gorden Cunningham, Esq., Railway Directorate (Indian Railways, Mechanical Engineer).

* * * * *

John McCraken, Esq., Extra Assistant Superintendent, Basrah Survey Party.

William Robertson Moir, Esq., Employed with Labour Directorate, Mesopotamia.

William Henry Strong, Esq., Survey of India.

Herbert Dominick Thoy, Esq., Indo-European Telegraph Department.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 19th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th November 1918, pages 13581, 13582, 13585 and 13586.

War Office,
19th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned appts. are made :—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. GG.—

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The date of the appt. of Lt. (actg. Capt.) J. T. Burge, Ind. Army Res. of Off., is 1st Aug. 1917, and not as in the Gazette of 1st Nov. 1918.

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CAVALRY.

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Remt. Serv.—Bt.-Col. A. P. Westlake, D.S.O., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 10th Oct. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Capt. J. L. S. Ewing, M.C., R. Highrs., is apptd. for serv. with Ind. Army (on prob.). 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 1st Sept. 1915.

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The undermentioned Lts., Spec. Res., are apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.) :—

J. C. Richards, E. York. R. 6th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 29th Aug. 1917.

H. E. St. G. McClenaghan, R. Ir. Fus. 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 8th Oct. 1917.

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2nd Lt. R. N. Robson, E. Lan. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 29th Aug. 1917.

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London Gazette, dated the 19th November 1918, pages 13609 and 13610.

Air Ministry,
19th November, 1918.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

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The undermentioned temporary appointments are made :—

Brigadier-General.

(Air Staff.)

K. Wigram, C.B., D.S.O. (Bt.-Col., temp. Brig.-Gen., Ind. Army), is granted a temp. commn. as Col., and to be actg., Brig.-Gen., whilst so empld. 3rd Oct. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 20th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 19th November 1918, pages 13681, 13683, 13684, 13688 and 13689.

War Office,
20th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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2nd Lt. R. N. Higgs, R.F.A., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 25th Mar. 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. J. W. Milligan, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 6 Oct. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 1 Nov. 1918, incorrectly specifying date of seniority.)

Temp. Lt. T. A. A. Addinsell, from York R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority 23 Aug. 1916.

Temp. Lt. T. W. Boyce, M.C., from a Serv. Bn., R. Innis. Fus., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 20 Feb. 1917.

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OVERSEA FORCES.

CANADA.

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New Brunswick Regt.

Temp. Lt. V. A. McKechnie resigns his commn. on transfer to the Ind. Army. 4 Oct. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 21st November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 19th November 1918, pages 13697, 13698, 13699, 13700 and 13703.

War Office,
21st November 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Capt. A. S. Larkin, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List for duty with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 23rd Sept. 1918, with seniority from 31st Aug. 1918.

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Temp. Capt. D. G. S. Smith, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List as a temp. Lt. for duty with Ind. Army (on prob.). 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 27th June 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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A.G.'S AND Q.M.G.'S STAFF.

A. A. & Q.M.G.—Maj. C. L. Peart, Pioneers, Ind. Army, from a D.A.Q.M.G., and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld., *vice* Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) J. C. M. Hoskyn, D.S.O., Inf., Ind. Army. 2nd June 1918.

D.A.Q.M.G.—Capt. (actg. Maj.) E. M. Hobday, Sikhs, Ind. Army, and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld. 22nd July 1918.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

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Staff Lt. 2nd Cl.—Lt. I. A. MacD. Weathrall, Ind. Army Res. of Off., *vice* Lt. E. M. Carter, Inf., Ind. Army. 6th July 1918.

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Asst. Dir. of Supplies and Trans.—Lt.-Col. W. P. Haydon, D.S.O., S. and T. Corps, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 28th May 1918.

Asst. Dirs. of Labour (Cl. FF).—The undermentioned relinquish their appts., but retain their temp. higher rank whilst empld. with Lab. Corps. 13th June 1918 :—

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Lt. (temp. Capt.) R. W. J. Mayles, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Lt. (temp. Capt.) G. Mitchell, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Lt. (temp. Capt.) J. Young, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Dep. Asst. Dirs. of Labour (Cl. FF).—Lt. K. Cantlie, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt whilst so empld. 13th June 1918.

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Lt. A. B. George, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld. 9th July 1918.

Asst. Dir. of Local Resources (Cl. X).—2nd Lt. (temp. Maj.) S. H. Slater, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from D.A.D. of L. R. (Cl. BB), and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 1st May 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Maj. C. I. Shepherd, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind. Army. to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst empld. as a Comdt. and Chief Instr. of a School of Instn. 10th Apr. 1918.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Capts. whilst empld. as Section Comdrs. at an Ind. Inf. Base Depôt :—

Lt. J. D. Gabb, R. W. Kent R., T.F. (on prob., Ind. Army). 11th June 1918.

Lt. E. J. Dormer, attd. Ind. Cav. 3rd July 1918.

Temp. Lt. H. S. Fussell, Gen. List, *vice* Maj. S. W. Beeman, L'pool R. 29th July 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt. A. H. Pollock, M.C., from a Serv. Bn., R. Lanc. R. to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority 12 Sept. 1916.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 22nd November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 19th November 1918, pages 13711, 13714, 13715, 13716, 13719 and 13720.

War Office,
22nd November 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Majors :—

Capt. T. Pryor, D.S.O., Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst empld. with Works Directorate. 27th July 1918.

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The undermentioned Lts. to be actg. Capts. :—

Whilst empld. with Works Directorate :—

E. J. Green, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 20th July 1918.

A. G. B. Bridgewater, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 27th July 1918.

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Whilst Comdts. of Army Gas Schools :—

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H. F. Lang, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 1st Sept. 1918.

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Capt. H. C. James, Welsh R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of Lt. (on prob.). 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 14th Aug. 1916. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 18th Oct. 1918.)

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. 2nd Lt. E. Dance, from a Serv. Bn., North'd Fus., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Sept. 1918, with seniority 31 Oct. 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. H. Weedon, from Norf. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 15 June 1918.

MEMORANDA.

Bt. Col. J. W. Cowley (ret., Ind. Army) vacates the comd. of a Bn. 31 Oct. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 23rd November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 22nd November 1918, pages 13861 and 13862.

War Office,
23rd November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

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ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

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R. G. A.

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Temp. Lt.-Col. H. H. G. Mitchell, from Ind. Defence Force, to be temp. Maj. 8th July 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 25th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 22nd November 1918, pages 13875, 13879, 13881 and 13882.

War Office,
25th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Capt. E. A. Haskett-Smith, Worc. R., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.) 1st Oct. 1918, with seniority from 1st Sept. 1915.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Capts. :—

Whilst empld. as Comdts. of Labour Corps :—

Lt. H. W. Blake, Ind. Army Reserve of Off. 8th May 1918.

Lt. C. St. G. Lyster, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 13th June 1918

Whilst empld as Co. Comdrs. at Combined Depôts :—

21st Apr. 1918.

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2nd Lt. L. F. Hunt, Ind. Army.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off.:—

J. McKeen, from a Serv. Bn., R. Innis. Fus. 3 Nov. 1918, with seniority 1 Aug. 1918.

R. Carr, from a Serv. Bn., K.R. Rif. C. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 29 Aug. 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 3 Nov. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

T. D. Sullivan, from R. Lanc R. (attd.). 1 May 1918.

S. I. Barlow, from R. Fus. (attd). 26 June 1918.

W. McLeod, from Gord. Highrs. (attd.). 26 June 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

H. J. Hawthorne, from R. War. R. (attd.). 1 May 1918.

J. W. Grant, from Glouc. R. (attd.) 29 May 1918.

L. Dean, from R. W. Kent R. (attd.). 29 May 1918.

W. M. Bramwells, from E. Kent R. (attd.). 26 June 1918.

G. Young, from R. Lanc. R. (attd.). 26 June 1918.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 26th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 22nd November 1918, pages 13893, 13894, 13896, 13899 and 13900.

War Office,
26th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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CAVALRY.

Res. Regts. of Cav.—The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. are transfd. to Gen. List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918.

R. Wilson, with seniority from 6th Apr. 1918.

L. R. Bagnall-Oakeley, with seniority from 15th Dec. 1917.

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MEMORANDA.

Maj.-Gen. F. H. Kelly, C.B., retires on ret. pay with an Indian pension. 2nd Oct. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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GENERAL LIST.

Temp. 2nd Lt. E. R. Liston, from K. R. Rif. C. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 1 May 1918.

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London Gazette, dated the 26th November 1918, pages 13926, 13930 and 13932.

India Office,
26th November, 1918.

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The KING has approved the promotion of the following Officers on the Temp. Half-Pay List, Indian Army, in accordance with the provisions of A.C.I. 644/1918 :—

To be Majors.

Capt. E. P. A. Melville. 1st Sept. 1915, but not to carry pay and allces. before 1st Sept. 1915.

Capt. H. G. C. Hynes. 25th Mar. 1918.

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The KING has approved the grant of temp. rank in the I.M.S. to the following gentlemen :—

To be Captain.

John Frederick Henry Morgan. 26th Sept. 1918.

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The KING has approved the retirement of the following Officers of the I.A., I.M.S., and I.A.R.O., and the grant of honorary rank as shown below :—

I. A.

Major G. M. G. Parker, in consequence of ill-health. 13th Nov. 1918.
Capt. P. V. Blomfield, in consequence of wounds. 11th Nov. 1918.

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I. A. R. O.

Lieut. H. L. Kerr, in consequence of ill-health due to field service, and is granted the hon. rank of Lieut. 24th Oct. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 27th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 26th November 1918, pages 14027, 14028, 14030, 14031, 14032, 14033 and 14034.

War Office,
27th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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HD. QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Dep. Asst. Dir. of Transpts. (Cl. BB.).—2nd Lt. F. E. Robertson, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and the temp. rank of Capt. 19th Feb. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned Lts. to be temp. Capts., Gen. List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 5th Aug. 1918 :—

Frederick Klein Lawson, S. Afr. Mtd. Rif.

James Macnamara, S. Afr. Mtd. Rif.

Temp. Lt. Rupert J. Messant to be temp. Capt. 28th Nov. 1918.

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The undermentioned Lts. to be temp. Lts., Gen. List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918 :—

A. Katon, S. Afr. Mtd. Rif., with seniority from 17th Mar. 1916.

Alastair Douglas Whyte, S. Afr. Mtd. Rif., with seniority from 10th July 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt. E. T. L. Macqueen, from 6th Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 10 Oct. 1918, with seniority 10 Nov. 1916.

Temp. Lt. A. E. Bramfitt, from 13th Serv. Bn., York and Lanc. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 5th Oct. 1918, with seniority 6 Oct. 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. F. Hamer, from Br. W. I. R., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 26 Aug. 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. G. W. Wrack, from 10th Serv. Bn., Linc. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 3 Nov. 1918, with seniority 30 May 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 27th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 26th November 1918, pages 14039, 14040 and 14041.

War Office,
27th November, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Victoria Cross to the undermentioned Officers, N.C.O.s and men :—

* * * * *

Ressaidar Badlu Singh, late 14th Lancers, attached 29th Lancers, Indian Army.

For most conspicuous bravery and self-sacrifice on the morning of the 23rd September, 1918, when his squadron charged a strong enemy position on the west bank of the River Jordan, between the river and Kh. es Samariveh Village.

On nearing the position Ressaidar Badlu Singh realised that the squadron was suffering casualties from a small hill on the left front occupied by machine guns and 200 infantry. Without the slightest hesitation he collected six other ranks and with the greatest dash and an entire disregard of danger charged and captured the position, thereby saving very heavy casualties to the squadron. He was mortally wounded on the very top of the hill when capturing one of the machine guns single-handed, but all the machine guns and infantry had surrendered to him before he died.

His valour and initiative were of the highest order.

Third Supplement, dated the 28th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 26th November 1918, pages 14043, 14044, 14045 and 14047.

War Office,
28th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned appts. are made :—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. FF.

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Col. C. H. Selwyn, C.B., Ind. Army. 13th Nov. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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North'n R.—Lt. H. J. Hambleton, from Ind. Army, to be Lt. 1st Sept. 1915, but not to reckon for pay or allowances prior to 17th May 1917. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 16th May 1917.)

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MEMORANDA.

Lt.-Col. J. L. R. Gordon, C. B. Sikhs, Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen whilst Comdr. of a Brig. in India. 16th Oct. 1918.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. HH.

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4th Sept. 1918.

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2nd Lt. P. C. Mangin, Ind. Army Res. of Off. *vice* temp. Lt. D. H. Low, Gen. List.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 29th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 26th November 1918, pages 14057, 14062, 14063, 14064, 14066 and 14067.

War Office,
29th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Col. W. Prior, Ind. Army, late O.C., Entrenching Bn., relinquishes his appt. as Comdt. of a Musketry Camp. 3rd July 1918.

Capt. R. B. Spence, Inf., Ind. Army, to be temp. Maj. whilst empld. as a D.A.A. and Q.M.G. 25th Feb. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 29th Oct. 1918.)

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Dep. Commy. and Hon. Capt. J. H. Gibbons, Mil. Works Services, Ind. Army, to be temp. Capt. whilst empld. on Works duties. 11th Oct. 1918.

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Lt. F. A. Newsam, M.C., R. Ir. Regt., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 3rd Nov. 1918, with seniority from 7th Oct. 1916.

2nd Lt. R. A. Morris, Som. L.I., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. in the rank of Lt. (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 29th Aug. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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MACHINE GUN CORPS (CAVALRY).

Capt. H. A. Garstin, M.C. (Ind. Army), to be temp. Maj. 5 June 1918.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. H. Collison, from A. Cyclist Corps, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 3 Nov. 1918, with seniority 29 June 1916.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. Barrell, from A. Cyclist Corps, to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 3 Nov. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

The notifications regarding temp. 2nd Lt. T. C. Stuart in Gaz. 30 Nov. 1917, page 12536, and 3 Jan. 1918, page 247, are cancelled.

Temp. 2nd Lt. T. C. Stuart, from Gord. Highrs. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 10 Oct. 1917.

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Sixth Supplement, dated the 29th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 26th November 1918, pages 14093, 14096, 14101 and 14102.

War Office,
29th November, 1918.

The following are among the Decorations and medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished services rendered during the course of the campaign :—

His Majesty the KING has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and medals in question.

Decorations conferred by

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Légion d'Honneur.

* * * * *

Croix de Chevalier.

* * * * *

Major Hugh Vincent Biscoe, Supernumerary List, Indian Army.

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Decorations and Medals conferred by

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF ITALY.

* * * * *

Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus.

Commander.

Colonel (temporary Major General) Harry Davis Watson, C.B., C.M.G., C.I.E., M.V.O., Indian Army.

* * * * *

The Order of the Crown of Italy.

Officer.

*   *   *   *   *

Brevet Major Richard Bolger Butler, M.C., 30th Lancers, Indian Army.

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Decorations conferred by

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS.

Order de Leopold.

Grand Cross.

Honorary Major General His Highness Maharajadhiraja Sri Sir Bhupindar Singh Mahindar Bahadur, Maharaja of Patiala, G.C.I.E., G.B.E.

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Order de la Couronne.

Commandeur.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Guy Mortimer Audain, retired, Indian Army.

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Honorary Lieutenant Sirdar Jogendra Singh of Patiala, Indian Army.

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Order de la Couronne.

*   *   *   *   *

Chevalier.

Captain Eustace Hammick, 17th Infantry, Indian Army.

*   *   *   *   *

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 31st January 1919.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 12.—The services of Commander P. G. Glanville, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma, for employment as Port Officer, Akyab, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from the 6th January 1919.

No. 13.—The following appointments are made in the Royal Indian Marine, by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Temporary Lieutenants.

Otto Quayle.
Henry Winckles.
John Leonard Haste.
} Dated 6th November 1918.

To be Temporary Engineer Lieutenants.

Edward William Dover. Dated 2nd November 1918.
William Davidson Riley.
Robert James Raine.
} Dated 6th November 1918.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

No. 14.—*The Government of India, with the approval of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India, are pleased to extend the following provisions of Order in Council dated 29th September 1917, to permanent and temporary Officers of the Royal Indian* Marine :—

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

The 29th day of September 1917.

PRESENT:

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

Whereas there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from Right Honourable John Hodge, Minister of Pensions, dated the 27th day of September 1917, in the words following, *viz.*:—

"Whereas by section 3 of the Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865, it is enacted, *inter alia*, that all pay, wages, pensions, bounty money, grants, or other allowances in the nature thereof, payable in respect of services in Your Majesty's Naval or Marine Force to a person being or having been an officer, seaman, or marine, or to the widow or any relative of a deceased officer, seaman, or marine, shall be paid in such manner and subject to such restrictions, conditions, and provisions as are from time to time directed by Order in Council.

And whereas under section 2, sub-section (1), of the Ministry of Pensions Act, 1916, it is enacted, *inter alia*, that there shall be transferred to the Ministry of Pensions the powers and duties of the Admiralty with respect to pensions and grants to persons who have served as officers or men and to their widows, children, and other dependants, and to persons who have served in the nursing service of any of Your Majesty's Forces, other than service pensions, so far as such pensions and grants are payable out of moneys provided by Paliament and not proivded exclusively for the purpose of Greenwich Hospital, and that Your Majesty may by Your Order in Council make such adaptations in the enactments relating to such powers and duties as aforesaid as may be necessary to make them exerciseable by the Minister of Pensions and his officers, and may fix the time or times as from which the several powers and duties are to be transferred to him:

And whereas I am of the opinion that it is desirable in certain respects to amend the Regulations relating to pensions and grants which may be awarded to Commissioned and subordinate officers of Your Majesty's Naval, Coast Guard, Marine and Reserve Forces, disabled in consequence of service during the present war, and to the widows, children and other relatives of such officers, and to members of Your Majesty's nursing services hereinafter specified.

I beg leave humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased by Your Order in Council to sanction the grant of pensions, allowances and gratuities to the persons above referred to on the scales and subject to the conditions prescribed in the Regulations annexed hereto, with effect as regards pensions and allowances from 1st April 1917, without prejudice, however, to the validity of anything which may have been done by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty under Your Majesty's previous Orders in Council relating to grants to such persons; and further to enable me to make grants under the said previous Orders in respect of any claims which have arisen out of the present war before the above-mentioned date and to revise such grants with effect from that date and further to enable me to apply the provision of article 1 (4) of the Regulations annexed hereto, relating to disabled officers in receipt of wound gratuities or pensions, with effect from the 1st March 1915. Provided always that if more favourable to the officer or nurse, the pension, allowance, or gratuity payable under existing regulations shall be granted, and no grant to an officer or nurse, or to the family of an officer, shall be reassessed to their disadvantage; and provided further that any widow, child or dependant of an officer promoted from a rank or rating below that of commissioned warrant officer during the war shall not be less favourably treated than if he had continued to serve in that lower rank.

The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury have signified their concurrence in these proposals.

REGULATIONS.

PART I.

OFFICERS DISABLED.

1. (1) An officer who retires, relinquishes his commission, or reverts to the Reserve or Emergency List on account of medical unfitness certified as either attributable to or aggravated by naval or military service in consequence of the present war, and not being due to his serious negligence or misconduct, may be granted the retired pay shown in the First Schedule to these Regulations which corresponds to the degree of his disablement as certified.

(2) If the officer holds a permanent commission in the Royal Navy or Royal Marines, he may be allowed to retain or receive either (*a*) the retired pay or gratuity which has been awarded to him, or for which he is eligible in respect of his service, or, if he is not so eligible, the half pay which is proper to his rank and service, with an addition as in the last column of the First Schedule to these Regulations, or (*b*) the retired pay which would have been awarded under that schedule to an officer holding only a temporary commission according to the degree of his disablement, whichever is more favourable.

(3) If a disabled officer is in receipt of a service pension as a seaman or marine and does not hold a permanent commission in the Royal Navy or Royal Marines, he may be granted either (*a*) that pension with an addition for his disability as in the last column of the First Schedule to these Regulations, or (*b*) the retired pay for which he is eligible under that schedule according to the degree of disablement, whichever is more favourable.

(4) If a disabled officer is in receipt of wounds gratuity or pension, he shall only be eligible for retired pay at a rate equal to his half pay or (if eligible therefor) his retired pay for service, unless that half pay or retired pay and the wounds gratuity or pension together amount to less than the retired pay to which he would be entitled under these regulations. In that case an amount equal to the deficiency may be added to his retired pay.

(5) An officer who has lost the sight of both eyes as the result of wounds received in action shall be granted not less than £300 a year in wounds pension and retired pay taken together.

(6) Subject to sub-sections (3) and (4) of this article if a disabled officer is already in receipt of pension as a seaman or marine or retired pay as an officer or warrant officer, it shall be suspended so long as he is receiving a higher rate under these Regulations.

(7) If an officer on or after general demobilisation, or after retirement, or relinquishing his commission, or transfer to or reversion to the Reserve or Emergency List, otherwise than for misconduct or at his own request, is certified to be disabled by wounds, injuries, or disease attributable to or aggravated by naval or military service in the present war, such disablement not having been caused or aggravated by his serious negligence or misconduct, he may be granted retired pay or gratuity as if he had retired as medically unfit for further service upon the date from which his claim is established.

2. (1) In cases of pecuniary need the Minister of Pensions may, at his discretion, grant to a disabled officer who is in receipt of retired pay under article 1 of these Regulations an education allowance not exceeding £50 a year in respect of each child above the age of 9.

The continuance of the allowance shall depend on the continuance of the retired pay, and on the Minister of Pension being satisfied as to the education the child is receiving. It shall not be granted to an officer receiving alternative retired pay under article 3.

(2) In any case in which, in the opinion of the Minister of Pensions, it may become necessary to secure the proper care of a child on behalf of whom an education allowance is payable, the allowance instead of being paid to the parent may be administered under such conditions as the Minister of Pensions may determine.

3. An officer who makes application and shows that the retired pay which he has been granted under the preceding articles of these Regulations, together with any wound gratuity or pension of which he is in receipt, together with the average earning (if any) of which he remains capable, are less than his pre-war earnings, may be granted temporarily or permanently in lieu of such retired pay, retired pay which, together with the wound gratuity or pension and the average earnings (if any) of which he is judged capable, shall not exceed his pre-war earnings up to a maximum of £300 a year, *plus* half any pre-war earnings between £300 and £600 a year.

4. (1) If an officer's disablement is not permanent, the grant of retired pay and allowances under the foregoing articles shall be temporary, and shall not be made permanent unless the permanency of the disablement is established.

(2) When an officer's retired pay has been made permanent, it shall not be altered on account of any change in his earning capacity, whether resulting from training or other cause, neither shall it be subject to review except :—

(*a*) When an officer whose retired pay is assessed under Article 1 of these Regulations claims that there has been a substantial increase in the extent of the disablement due to the original cause.

(*b*) When an officer, whose retired pay is assessed under Articles 1 and 2 of these Regulations, shows that it would be more advantageous to him to be assessed under Article 3.

5. Half the retired pay awarded under the preceding articles may be subject to the condition that the disabled officer shall undergo medical treatment in a sanatorium, hospital convalescent home or otherwise, for any period during which it is certified that such treatment is necessary in his interests.

6. An officer in receipt of retired pay under these Regulations may be granted in addition to that pay—

(*a*) the difference (if any) between that pay and retired pay at the rate for the highest degree of disablement for any period during which he is certified to require special medical treatment in a sanatorium, hospital, convalescent home or other institution, a deduction of such

an amount and under such conditions as the Minister of Pensions may determine being made from the officer's retired pay on account of the cost of his maintenance in the institution ;

(*b*) actual necessary medical and other expenses incidental to treatment in respect of the disability for which he was retired up to such amount and subject to such conditions as the Minister of Pensions may determine ;

(*c*) if disabled in the highest degree, an allowance not exceeding £78 a year in any case where the constant attendance of a second person is necessary.

7. An officer in receipt of retired pay under these Regulations may be granted in addition to that pay—

(*a*) the difference, if any, between that pay and retired pay at the rate for the highest degree of disablement for any period during which he is prevented from earning his living by undergoing training in a technical institution or otherwise which in the opinion of the Minister of Pensions would benefit him ;

(*b*) an allowance to cover fees in respect of training up to such amount and subject to such conditions as the Minister may determine.

8. In any case where the degree of disablement is assessed at less than 20 per cent. or where it is considered by the Minister of Pensions more in the interest of the officer, a gratuity or temporary allowance may be granted in place of any retired pay under these Regulations. The grant will be subject to such conditions as the Minister may determine and its amount will not exceed £500 and will depend on the nature of the disablement and other circumstances of the case.

9. An officer retired as medically unfit for service, such unfitness being neither attributable to not aggravated by naval or military service, and not being due to the serious negligence or misconduct of the officer, may be granted a gratuity or temporary allowance. The grant will be subject to such conditions as the Minister of Pensions may determine. In exceptional circumstances it may amount to a sum not exceeding £300 and generally it will depend on the extent to which the officer is incapacitated and on the other circumstances of the case.

PART II.

WIDOWS AND OTHER RELATIVES OF OFFICERS DECEASED.

10. Pensions and gratuities to the widows, children and relatives of deceased officers for which provision is made in the following articles, shall not be claimed as a right, but shall be given as a reward of the officer's services, and no pension or gratuity shall be granted or continued to a widow or relative who, in the opinion of the Minister of Pensions is unworthy of the public bounty, and it shall be in the power of the Minister of Pensions to terminate or suspend any pension that may have been granted to such persons or to provide for its administration under such conditions as he may determine and his decision shall in any case be final.

11. (1) The widow of an officer, including an officer of the Royal Marines employed on board His Majesty's Ships may be granted a pension as in the second column of the Second Schedule to these Regulations if the officer (*a*) is killed in action, whether afloat or ashore, or suffers violent death due directly and wholly to war service, or is killed or dies of injuries sustained on flying duty or while being carried on duty in aircraft under proper authority or is drowned while on duty, or whose death results from destruction of ship, or who dies within seven years from wounds or injuries so received, or (*b*) dies from disease certified as caused by extraordinary exposure or exertion on service within seven years after having been first removed from duty on account of such disease, or (*c*) dies in consequence of injuries received in the performance of duty otherwise than under (*a*) within seven years after having been so injured.

(2) The widow of an officer of the Royal Marines on shore strength may be granted a pension as in the second column of the Second Schedule to these Regulations if the officer (*a*) is killed in action, or suffers violent death due directly and wholly to war service, or is killed or dies of injuries sustained on flying duty or while being carried on duty in aircraft under proper authority, or dies within seven years from wounds or injuries so received or (*b*) dies from illness which is certified as directly traceable to fatigue, privation, or exposure incident to active operations in the field within seven years after having been first removed from duty on account of such illness, or (*c*) dies in consequence of injuries received in the performance of military duty otherwise than under (*a*) within seven years after having been so injured.

(3) The widow of an officer, including an officer of the Royal Marines, may be granted a pension as in the third column of the Second Schedule if the officer (*a*) dies of disease attributable to or aggravated by naval or military service other than as under sub-sections (1) (*b*) or (2) (*b*) within seven years after having been first removed from duty on account of such disease, or (*b*) dies of injuries attributable to naval or military service other than under sub-sections (1) (*a*) or (*c*) or (2) (*a*) or (*c*) of this article, and not through his own serious negligence or misconduct, within seven years after having been first removed from duty on account of such injuries.

(4). The widow of an officer who dies in the circumstances referred to in sub-section (1) (*a*) or (2) (*a*) of this article may be granted a gratuity in addition to pension as in the fourth column of the Second Schedule to these Regulations; provided that, where it would be more favourable to her, the amount of the gratuity shall be equal to a year's full pay of the rank which the officer held on the 31st March 1917, and for this purpose officer's command money and other full-pay allowances, except Table Money and Field Allowance, shall be included.

12. (1) The widow of an officer awarded a pension under Article 11 (1) or (2) of these Regulations may be granted a further allowance as in the fifth column of the Second Schedule to these Regulations, and a widow awarded a pension under Article 11 (3) a further allowance as in the sixth column of that schedule for each child maintained by her.

These allowances may be granted or continued up to the age of 18 in the case of sons and up to the age of 21 in the case of daughters, unless the child is otherwise provided for or marries, and may be granted or further continued after the age of 18 in the case of a son who is an apprentice receiving not more than nominal wages, or is being educated at a secondary school, technical institute, or university.

(2) The above allowances may also be granted or continued after the specified ages in very special cases in which it is shown that (*a*) the children became afflicted during the officer's life-time with some mental or bodily infirmity rendering them dependant upon him, and incapable of making adequate exertion for their own support; (*b*) that such incapacity dates from a period before the children reached the limit of age; and (*c*) that they are in distressed circumstances. The allowances may be granted or continued for such term as the Minister of Pensions may decide.

(3) A gratuity of one-third of the amount laid down in Article 11 (4) may be granted in addition to children's allowance for each child if the officer dies in the circumstances referred to in Article 11 (1) (*a*) or (2) (*a*).

(4) The widow of an officer awarded a pension under Article 11 may, if in pecuniary need, be granted at the discretion of the Minister of Pensions an education allowance not exceeding £35 a year for each child above the age of 9. The continuance of the allowance shall depend on the Minister being satisfied as to the education the child is receiving. It shall not be granted to a widow receiving an alternative pension under Article 13.

(5) In any case in which, in the opinion of the Minister of Pensions, it may become necessary to secure the proper care of a child on behalf of whom allowances are payable, the allowances, instead of being paid to the widow, may be administered under such conditions as the Minister of Pensions may determine.

13. A widow pensioned under the conditions set forth in Article 11 of these Regulations, who makes application and shows that she was married to the officer before the commencement of the war or of his service, whichever was the later, and that her pension together with children's allowances (if any) which she has been granted under the two preceding articles is less than one-half the alternative retired pay that might have been awarded to the deceased officer under Article 3 had he survived and been incapable of supplementing that retired pay by earnings, may be granted, in lieu of such pension and children's allowances, a pension which shall not exceed one-half of such officer's alternative retired pay.

14. The widow of an officer not eligible for pension under Article 11 may be granted a gratuity of not less than one and not more than three years' pay of the appointment held by the officer provided that:—

(*a*) the officer dies while on full pay, or during the war after removal from full pay from the injury or disease for which he was removed from full pay or some closely connected disease, and there is a continuous medical history of sickness; and

(*b*) the widow is disqualified only through the insufficiency of the officer's service for an ordinary pension under the terms of the King's Regulations and Admiralty Instructions.

The amount of the gratuity within the above limits shall be at the discretion of the Minister of Pensions, and may be paid in a lump sum or in instalments as he may determine. In the event of the officer leaving motherless children, a similar grant may be made to them under such conditions as the Minister of Pensions may determine.

15. Any pension granted to the widow of an officer under these Regulations shall cease on her re-marriage; but in the event of her again becoming a widow, her pension may be restored, if she is otherwise qualified, and if in the opinion of the Minister of Pensions her pecuniary circumstances are such as to justify the restoration. Allowances for children under Article 12 may be paid after re-marriage.

16. A widow of an officer who was at the time of his death in receipt of retired pay in consequence of disablement of not less than £70 a year, but whose death does not render her eligible for a pension under Article 11 of these Regulations may, provided she was living with the officer at the time of his death, receive a pension of not more than one-half the deceased officer's retired pay on account of his disablement, and in no case at a higher rate than provided for under sub-section (3) of that article, this grant to be subject to such conditions as the Minister of Pensions may determine and to cease on re-marriage.

17. (1) The child of an officer who has died in the circumstances set forth in article 11 of these Regulations may be awarded a pension or £40 a year, where the child is or becomes motherless, or is not or ceases to be under the control of its mother. In the event of two or more children being maintained by one person, the amount will be reduced to £35 for each of the children after the first.

(2) The grant, continuance, and administration of the pension shall be subject to the same conditions as those set forth for children's allowances in Article 12 (1), (2), and (5).

(3) A child granted a pension under sub-section (1) of this Article shall be eligible for a gratuity under the conditions of Article 12 (3), and for an education allowance under the conditions laid down in Article 12 (4).

(4) If the officer met his death in the circumstances of Article 11 (1) (*a*) or (2) (*a*) and did not leave a widow but daughter or daughters only, an annual allowance equal to the ordinary rate of widow's pension as laid down in the King's Regulations and Admiralty Instructions, may be granted to the daughter or daughters collectively instead of the pension under sub-section (1) above. This allowance may be continued until the daughter, or the last surviving daughter, becomes disqualified by marriage.

18. The following conditions shall apply to the grant of continuance of pensions to the relatives, other than widows and children of deceased officers under Articles 19 and 21 below:—

(1) It shall be granted only if the officer dies in the circumstances set forth in Articles 11 (1) (2) or (3) of these Regulations.

(3) It shall be granted or continued only if the pecuniary or other circumstances of the relatives are such as in the opinion of the Minister of Pensions to justify the award.

(3) It shall not, together with any other pension or similar provision from public funds exceed the pension which has been or would have been awarded to the officer's widow under Article 11 (1), (2) or (3) and the Second Schedule to these Regulations.

(4) It shall not be transferable, except that where it is granted jointly to parents, or to two or more sisters or brothers, it may be continued, wholly or in part, to the survivors.

(5) It shall cease on marriage or re-marriage.

19. (1) A pension may be granted to the parent or parents of an officer of such an amount as the Minister of Pensions may decide, subject to the conditions of article 18 and such other conditions as he may determine, regard being had to pre-war dependence, if any, and to the age or infirmity of the parent or parents.

(2) A pension, under the same conditions, may be granted in respect of each son who has died in the circumstances set forth in Article 11, subject to the limit laid down in Article 18 (3).

20. A gratuity not exceeding the value of one year's widow's pension may be granted to the parent or parents jointly of an officer, at the discretion of the Minister of Pensions in special cases where the conditions for pensions laid down in the two preceding articles are not fulfilled.

21. (1) A pension may be granted to the sister or brother (or sisters or brothers) of an officer, provided they were wholly or partially dependent on him for support. The pension shall be of such an amount as the Minister of Pensions may decide, subject to the conditions of Article 18 and such other conditions as he may determine, and shall not be granted or continued to a brother after the age of 18, or to a sister after the age of 21, unless he or she is unfitted by age or infirmity to earn his or her living.

(2) A pension under the same conditions may be granted in respect of each brother who has died in the circumstances set forth in Article 11, subject to the limit laid down in Article 18 (3).

22. A gratuity not exceeding one-half the value of one year's widow's pension may at the discretion of the Minister of Pensions, be granted to the sisters or brothers jointly in special cases, where the conditions for pensions laid down in Articles 18 and 21 are not fulfilled.

* * * * * *

PART IV.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

30. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires :—

(1) "Officer" means a commissioned or subordinate officer on the permanent or temporary or supplementary lists of the Royal Navy, Royal Marines, or the Reserves, who has served and been in receipt of Naval pay as such during some period of the present war.

(2) "Widow" means the widow of an officer whose marriage took place before the receipt of the wound or injury which caused his death, or before his removal from duty on account of the contraction or aggravation of the disease which caused his death ; provided that the widow of a permanent regular officer married after such date shall not forfeit pension or gratuity if he survives his marriage by at least one year or it can be shown that he was manifestly in good health at the date of his marriage.

(3) "Child" means the legitimate child of an officer born before or within nine months after his retirement, relinquishment of his commission, or reversion to the Reserve or

Emergency List, and may include a stepchild regularly maintained by him; but shall not include a child whose mother is excluded by (2) above.

(4) "Parent" includes a grandparent or other person who has been in the place of a parent to an officer, and has wholly or mainly supported him for not less than one year at some time before the commencement of the war.

(5) "The pre-war earnings" means the average earnings of an officer during the twelve months preceding the commencement of the war, or such lesser period as he was employed, and shall be computed generally in such manner as is best calculated to give the rate at which he was being remunerated, and, so far as may be applicable, in the same manner as for the purposes of the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1906.

In the case of a man in trade, business or profession, the average profits of the last three years preceding the commencement of the war shall be taken, or of such lesser period as he engaged therein.

(6) "Pre-war dependence" means the amount representing the annual value of the support afforded to, or of benefits conferred upon, a relative by an officer for a reasonable period immediately preceding the commencement of the war or of his service, if later, exclusive, however, of any increase thereof due to circumstances arising out of the war, in the case of entry into Service of commission subsequent to the commencement of the war and shall include the following:—

(a) Amount regularly contributed by the officer, if he received no material benefits in return therefor.

(b) Amount regularly contributed by the officer in excess of expenditure incurred on his account.

(c) Money value of any benefit conferred upon the relative by the officer.

(7) "Certified" means, in respect of any medical certification, certified by a medical officer or Board of Medical Officers appointed for the purpose by the Admiralty or by the Minister of Pensions.

31. (1) The rate of retired pay or pension or gratuity granted under Parts I or II of these Regulations may be determined according to the temporary or acting rank held by the officer at the time he was killed, wounded, injured or removed from duty in consequence of disablement.

(2) Any existing regulations as to the relative rank which should govern the rate of retired pay for a disabled officer or pension for the widow or other relative of a deceased officer shall remain in force and be applicable to grants made under these Regulations.

32. Except as modified by these Regulations, any general conditions governing the grant, issue, and administration of retired pay to officers and of pensions to their families and to nurses laid down in Orders in Council and King's Regulations and Admiralty Instructions and other Regulations issued by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty shall remain in force and be applicable to grants made under these Regulations.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

RETIRED PAY TO DISABLED OFFICERS.

Degree of Disablement.	Percentage Degree of Disablement.	Officers (combatant or otherwise) on the Permanent or Temporary Lists of the Reserves or on the Temporary Lists of the Royal Navy or Royal Marine.									Officers holding Permanent Commissions in the Royal Navy or Royal Marine.
		Captain, Royal Navy, Colonel, Royal Marine, and corresponding Ranks.		Commander, Royal Navy, Lieutenant-Colonel, Royal Marine, and corresponding Ranks.	Lieutenant-Commander, Royal Navy, Major, Royal Marine and corresponding Ranks.		Lieutenant, Royal Navy, Captain, Royal Marine, Sub-Lieutenants, Royal Navy, Subalterns, Royal Marine, and corresponding Ranks.		Midshipmen, Naval Cadets (serving with the fleet), and corresponding Ranks.		
1	2	3		4	5		6		7		8
	Per cent.	£	s.	£	£	s.	£	s.	£		£
1	100	275	0	250	225	0	175	0	150		100
2	80	220	0	200	180	0	140	0	120		80
3	70	192	10	175	157	10	122	10	105		70
4	60	165	0	150	135	0	105	0	90		60 } In addition to half pay or retired pay or gratuity for service.
5	50	137	10	125	112	10	87	10	75		50
6	40	110	0	100	90	0	70	0	60		40
7	30	82	10	75	67	10	52	10	45		30
8	20	55	0	50	45	0	35	0	30		20

SECOND SCHEDULE.

PENSIONS, GRATUITIES AND ALLOWANCES TO OFFICERS' WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

*Rank.	Widows' pensions.		Widows' gratuities.	Children's allowances.	
	Article 11 (1) or (2).	Article 11 (3).	Article 11 (4).	Article 12 (1).	
1	2	3	4	5	6
	£	£	£	£	£
Admiral of the Fleet	800	600	3,500	30	25
Admiral	600	450	3,000	30	25
Vice-Admiral	500	375	2,000	30	25
Rear-Admiral	400	300	1,100	30	25
Commodore	300	225	900	30	25
Captain, Royal Navy	200	150	600	24	20
Colonel, Royal Marines			600		
Commander, Royal Navy			450		
Lieutenant-Colonel, Royal Marines			450		
Lieutenant-Commander, Royal Navy	140	105	300	24	20
Major, Royal Marines			300		
Lieutenant, Royal Navy	100	75	250	24	20
Captain, Royal Marines			250		
Sub-Lieutenant, Royal Navy			140		
Lieutenant, Royal Marines			140		
Quartermaster, Royal Marines			†		

* The ranks in this schedule are to be read as including corresponding ranks of other arms of the Service, subject to the provisions of Article 31 of these Regulations.

† If holding a permanent commission, according to rank. If on the temporary list £140.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 15.—Temporary Lieutenant J. E. Bryson, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 11th January 1919.

No. 16.—Temporary Lieutenant J. A. Vendrell, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 17th January 1919.

No. 17.—The undermentioned temporary Royal Indian Marine Officers are permitted to resign their appointments in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 18th January 1919:—

Temporary Lieutenant J. H. Hems, Royal Indian Marine.
Temporary Lieutenant E. S. Galt, Royal Indian Marine.
Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant F. McKenna, Royal Indian Marine.
Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant W. B. Anning, Royal Indian Marine.
Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant A. W. Heslop, Royal Indian Marine.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 18.—The following extract is published for information :—

Fifth Supplement, dated the 19th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 15th November 1918, pages 13581, 13585 and 13586.

War Office,
19th November, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Lt. R. Kidd relinquishes his commn. on appt. to R. Ind. Mar., and is granted the hon. rank of Lt. 1st Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 29th January 1919.

No. 30-F.—19.—In pursuance of section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the administration of the Burma Railways shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the schedule hereto annexed, the taxes specified in the second column thereof.—

SCHEDULE.

Local authority.	Taxes.
Notified area of Pyu	Tax on lands and buildings, lighting tax and scavenging tax.

No. 249-E.—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1810-E-2—18, dated the 2nd January 1919, Mr. F. G. Royal Dawson, Chief Engineer, 2nd class s. *p. t.* and Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 3, Lucknow, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer with the Railway Board.

No. 249-E.-1—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 249-E-19, dated the 29th January 1919, Major W. E. Barron, R.E., Executive Engineer, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is appointed to officiate as Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 3, Lucknow, with the officiating rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, until further orders.

The 30th January 1919.

No. 196-E.—19.—Mr. W. H. Johnson, Deputy Superintendent, Railway Telegraphs and Honorary Assistant Traffic Superintendent (Telegraph Branch), North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of Telegraphs of that Railway, with effect from the 12th November 1918, and until further orders.

No. 260-E.—19.—Mr. E. A. Rokeby, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, officiated as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that Establishment from the 9th November to the 3rd December 1918.

No. 1705-E.—18.—The undermentioned officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendents are confirmed in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways as Assistant Traffic Superintendents in class III, grade 3, with effect from the 1st January 1919:—

Mr. H. L. Thorne	North Western Railway.
Mr. Malcolm Stuart Green . . .	Eastern Bengal Railway.
Mr. H. N. Young	North Western Railway.

No. 442-S.—18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 11-G of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, and in supersession of Railway Department (Railway Board), Notification No. 442-S.-18, dated the 20th December 1918, the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification No. 442-S.-18, dated the 3rd October 1918.

The 31st January 1919.

No. 324-E.—19.—Mr. A. M. Sims, Assistant Engineer, was, on return from Military duty, transferred from the Eastern Bengal Railway to the North Western Railway.

No. 3-T.—18.—The following is published for general information :—

No. 3-T.—18.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 31st January 1919.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 47, sub-section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), as in force in British India, the Railway Board sanction the following rules made by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta under sub-section (1), clauses (*f*) and (*g*) of the said section, for and to be applicable to the Calcutta Port Commissioners' Railway, situate in British India, for regulating the terms and conditions on which the Railway Administration will warehouse or retain goods at any station or depôt on the Calcutta Port Commissioners' Railway on behalf of the consignee or owner and for regulating the use of rolling stock, engines and trains on the said railway by the public.

THE CALCUTTA PORT COMMISSIONERS' RAILWAY.

I.—RULES FOR THE WAREHOUSING AND RETENTION OF GOODS.

Wharfage.

1. Wharfage should be calculated—

(1) where freight is levied on weight—upon such weight;

(2) where freight is levied on the vehicle in or on which the goods are carried—upon the carrying capacity of such vehicle.

Circumstances.	Time allowed free.	Commodities.*	Rate per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day in excess of the free time.	REMARKS.
On goods for despatch waiting to be consigned, *i.e.*, consignments brought to station, but consignment notes not received.	Closing time of the day.	For all goods ...	Up to 1 anna ...	Goods will in all cases be at owner's risk until a receipt in the prescribed form has been granted, duly signed by an authorised Railway servant.
On goods available for delivery.				
Consignments not removed.	From time of arrival till closing time of the day following that on which consignments are made available for delivery.	For all goods ...	Up to 1 anna ...	The goods shall be warehoused either under cover or in the open as space may be available.

2. A consignee must take delivery of goods forming part of a consignment whenever they are available for delivery, notwithstanding that the remaining goods are short or damaged or have not arrived at their destination or otherwise not available for delivery; and if the consignee does not take delivery of such goods forming part of a consignment as are available for delivery, they will be subject to wharfage charges if not removed within the time allowed for removal.

Notice of Arrival.

3. This administration does not undertake to send notice of arrival of goods to consignees; and the absence of such notice will not entitle consignees to claim exemption from wharfage or demurrage or storage charges if goods are not removed within the time allowed. Endeavours will, however, be made at receiving stations to advise consignees, when practicable, of the arrival of their goods. The cost of advices sent by post will be borne by the administration.

Treatment and Disposal of Unclaimed Goods.

4. (*a*) Subject to the exception mentioned in Rule (*e*) below, unclaimed goods are kept on hand at the station to which booked for a period of not less than one month, during which time the notice prescribed in section 56, sub-section (*1*), of the Indian Railways Act (IX of 1890), will be issued if the owner of the goods or person entitled thereto is known.

(*b*) If not taken delivery of within a period of not less than one month after receipt at the station to which invoiced or waybilled, unclaimed goods are dealt with as laid down in Rule (*f*) below.

(*c*) Unclaimed articles will be liable to the wharfage and demurrage charges hereinbefore referred to, as well as to all freight and special expenditure incurred by the railway on account of their custody and disposal.

(*d*) Where articles such as arms, ammunition, explosives, intoxicating liquors, opium and its preparations and hemp drugs, the sale of which by unlicensed persons is prohibited by law, are left unclaimed in the possession of the railway, they will be made over to the police or excise authorities for disposal under the laws affecting the articles. When not of a dangerous, perishable or offensive character, they will, however, be retained in the possession of the railway for the same period as that prescribed for other unclaimed articles.

This rule, in so far as it relates to explosives, is supplemental to, and not in modification of, the rules made under the Indian Explosives Act.

(*e*) Perishable articles unclaimed or not taken delivery of, will be disposed of by auction at owner's risk and expense by the Officer in charge of the Section on which they may be left, after the expiry of 24 hours or earlier if they are, or are likely to become, offensive.

(*f*) Public sales by auction will be held every quarter of the year of all unclaimed or lost property which has remained in the possession of the railway over six months. At least fifteen days' previous notice of each auction will be given by advertisement in a newspaper.

(*g*) Any surplus proceeds arising out of sale of lost property or unclaimed consignments after payment of all charges and expenses due to the railway, will be paid to the person or persons thereto entitled.

Lost Property.

5. (*a*) Lost property found in railway vehicles or on railway premises will, subject to the exception mentioned in rule 4 (*e*) above, be dealt with as laid down in rule 4 (*f*), above.

(*b*) Application for the recovery of the lost property should be made to the Officer in charge of the Section, marked on the outside cover "Lost Property".

(c) A fee of two annas for each article or package will be charged in addition to a storage charge of annas 4 per month or portion of a month during which it has remained in the possession of the Railway Administration as Lost Property.

II.—RULES FOR REGULATING THE USE OF ROLLING-STOCK.

6. *Demurrage.*

Circumstances.	Time allowed free.	Rate per ton or part of a ton of carrying capacity or per wagon per hour or part of an hour in excess of the free time.	REMARKS.
On foreign railway vehicles ordered and waiting to be loaded by senders or detained for consignment note or otherwise, owing to default of or at the request of the sender.	6 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed in position.	Up to one anna per ton hour.	
On foreign railway vehicles supplied in compliance with requisitions from senders and not used until notice of cancellation is received (subject to a minimum period for charge of one hour).	*Nil*	Up to one anna per ton hour.	
On foreign railway loaded vehicles waiting to be discharged by owners.	6 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed in position for unloading.	Up to one anna per ton hour.	
On Port Commissioners' vehicles ordered and waiting to be loaded by the senders or detained for consignment notes or otherwise, owing to default of or at the request of the sender.	6 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed or if placed for loading between noon and 14 hours and not loaded by 18 hours on the same day.	Re. 1 per wagon per hour of day-light and annas 8 per wagon per hour of darkness.	
On Port Commissioners' vehicles placed in position before 15-30 hours in compliance with requisitions from senders and not used. *N. B.*—If such wagons are supplied after 15-30 hours the charge will only become due if the wagon is not loaded by the same sender on the following day.	*Nil*	Rs. 5 per wagon.	
On Port Commissioners' loaded vehicles waiting to be discharged by owners.	6 hours of day-light from the time at which the vehicles are placed for unloading, or if placed for unloading between noon and 14 hours and not released by 18 hours on the same day.	Re. 1 per wagon per hour of day-light and annas 8 per wagon per hour of darkness.	

NOTE.—Day-light hours are reckoned as from 6 to 18 o'clock.

Demurrage will be charged for every hour, day or night, in excess of the free time.

Fractions of an hour below 30 minutes shall be dropped. Fractions of 30 minutes and above shall be taken as a full hour.

Fractions of less than half a ton shall be dropped. Fractions of half a ton and over shall be treated as one ton.

III.—CALCULATION OF CHARGES.

7. In calculating wharfage and demurrage charges, fractions of one anna less than six pies shall be dropped and six pies and over shall be charged as one anna. Where the total amount of demurrage or wharfage due on any consignment is less than two annas, it shall be foregone.

IV.—GENERAL.

8. (*a*) In the event of goods requiring to be loaded or unloaded by owners becoming liable to both demurrage and wharfage charges, the Railway Administration may levy both demurrage and wharfage charges for such periods as the goods will be liable to such charges under these rules.

(*b*) The Railway Administration will at its option unload any vehicle waiting to be unloaded and charge the consignee for doing so and will also charge wharfage on the contents under rule 1.

(*c*) If and for so long as the state of the traffic or any sudden emergency makes it necessary and after advertisement in the local newspapers, the rate of demurrage or wharfage may be increased and the free time may be curtailed.

(*d*) Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday will be reckoned in charging demurrage on all wagons supplied at sender's request for loading, or made available for unloading on those days and stations will also be opened for unloading of wagons on those days so that merchants receiving wagons to their addresses which they are required to unload may do so.

This does not apply in the case of wharfage in which connection the above days will be treated as *dies non* as heretofore.

(*e*) Explosives or dangerous goods must be removed by the consignee from the receiving station during the 12 hours of day-light after arrival; if this condition is not strictly complied with, the Railway Administration may return the consignment to the consignor at his risk and expense.

(*f*) Should the wharfage or storage on actual weight exceed the demurrage charge at the wagon rate for the full time, the latter rate will be charged.

(*g*) The Railway Administration have the same lien on goods for demurrage and wharfage, and, if incurred, for unloading, as for freight; and these charges must be paid before the goods are removed.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 29th January 1919.

No. E.-733.—Lieutenant D. D. Hemsworth, R.E., is appointed an additional Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Calcutta, with effect from the 7th September 1918.

The 30th January 1919.

No. E.-9 9 (1).—With the approval of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, Mr. A. C. McWatters, C.I.E., I.C.S., Controller (Hides), Calcutta, is deputed on special duty to England, with effect from the 15th January 1919.

No. E.-969 (2).—Mr. J. W. Macfarlane, Deputy Controller (Hides), Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Controller (Hides), Calcutta, with effect from the 15th January 1919.

No. E.-969 (3).—Lieutenant W. D. M. Clarke, Assistant Controller (Hides), Bombay, is appointed to act as Deputy Controller (Hides), Bombay, with effect from the 10th January 1919.

No. G.-1270.—With reference to the Indian Munitions Board's Notification No. 134-J. (ii), dated the 23rd March 1918, which appeared in the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 23rd March 1918, and in which were published certain orders made by the Governor General in Council for the purpose of prohibiting the sale, or delivery of, or other dealing in, flax canvas, free from jute, proofed and unproofed, by any person, otherwise than in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by the Controller (Jute Manufactures), Calcutta, the Governor General in Council is pleased hereby to cancel the said orders with effect from the date hereof.

The 31st January 1919.

No. E.-775.—Mr. A. McDonald, I.C.S., Central Provinces, is appointed Controller of Munitions, Central Provinces and Berar Circle, under the Indian Munitions Board in addition to his other duties, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th January 1919.

F. R. R. RUDMAN,

Offg. Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 30th January 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. During the first part of the week conditions were slightly unsettled in the central parts of the country, and there was fairly widespread rain in Chota Nagpur, Orissa and the adjoining districts of the Central Provinces. On the 26th a deep depression from the west entered northwest India and in conjunction with the unsettled conditions in the Central Provinces gave rise during the next three days to heavy snow in the western Himalayas and general rain over by far the greater part of the plains of northern and central India.

A few moderate to heavy falls also occurred in the extreme south of the Peninsula.

2. *Burma, including Bay Islands.*—The only rainfall reported was a light fall at Port Blair.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Orissa on the 25th, in Chota Nagpur on the 23rd, 25th, 26th, 28th and 29th, and in Bihar on the 29th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—There was nearly general rain in the United Provinces on the 28th and 29th, in Central India East on the 27th and 28th, in Berar on the 27th and in the Central Provinces West on the 28th. Local rain fell in the Central Provinces East on the 23rd and 29th.

Northwest India.—Nearly general rain fell in the Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province on the 28th and 29th, in Kashmir on the 27th, 28th and 29th, in Baluchistan and Rajputana on the 27th, in Sind on the 28th, and in west Gujarat on the 27th and 28th.

The Peninsula.—A few falls of rain were reported during the week from the Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore and Madras.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows:—

January	23rd	Sambalpur 0·68″, Burdwan 0·25″, Bahraich 0·40″, Jubbulpore 2·51″, Raipur 0·63″ and Gopalpur 0·95″.
„	24th.	Ranchi 0·63″, Jagdalpur 0·94″, Trivandrum 0·55″ and Kurnool 0·47″.
„	25th.	Balasore 0·66″, False Point 0·46″, Cuttack 2·40″, Raipur 0·39″ and Gopalpur 0·65″.
„	26th.	Dibrugarh 0·26″ and Pasni 2·06″.
„	27th.	Hazaribagh 0·44″, Benares 0·93″, Allahabad 0·97″, Sutna 0·78″, Seoni 0·68″, Nagpur and Pendra each 0·82″, Sonamarg 0·95″, Dalbandin 0·91″, Pasni 4·47″, Panjgur 0·88″, Karachi 0·25″, Jodhpur 0·24″, Jaipur 0·27″, Bhuj 0·30″, Gulbarga 0·90″, Parbhani 0·26″, Trivandrum 1·45″ and Kodaikanal 2·06″.
„	28th.	Ranchi 1·98″, Hazaribagh and Naya Dumka each 0·50″, Gaya 0·93″, Benares 1·12″, Allahabad 0·82″, Meerut 1·55″, Roorkee 1·08″, Dehra Dun 1·38″, Mukteswar 1·73″, Mussooree 1·50″, Chakrata 2·25″, Hoshangabad 0·48″, Nagpur 0·59″, Delhi 1·30″, Ambala 0·75″, Simla 1·22″, Lahore 1·13″, Sialkot 1·36″, Rawalpindi 1·89″, Khushab 0·70″, Lyallpur 0·75″, Srinagar 1·64″, Sonamarg 3·43″, Peshawar 1·06″, Dehra Ismail Khan 0·42″, Bikaner 0·66″, Ajmer 0·40″, Dwarka 0·80″, Parbhani 0·70″, Cochin 2·40″, Tinnevelly 4·08″ and Kodaikanal 1·63″.
„	29th.	Bogra 0·36″, Dinajpur 0·26″, Chaibasa 0·74″, Ranchi 1·06″, Hazaribagh 1·68″, Purnea 0·97″, Darbhanga 0·99″, Patna 1·20″, Gaya, 0·61″, Naya Dumka 0·89″, Gorakhpur 0·88″, Benares 0·80″, Allahabad 0·94″, Meerut 1·57″, Roorkee 1·32″, Dehra Dun 1·31″, Mukteswar 2·16″, Chakrata 2·85″, Pendra 1·59″, Delhi 0·50″, Ambala 1·07″, Ludhiana 1·61″, Lahore 0·52″, Sialkot 1·62″, Rawalpindi 1·36″, Lyallpur 0·43″, Simla 1·29″, Dharmpore 1·20″, Srinagar 1·70″, Sonamarg 3·05″, Murree 1·10″, Peshawar 1·02″, Cherat 2·78″, Parachinar 0·47″ and Jacobabad 0·11″.

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore and the whole of the Madras Presidency. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Burma, Assam and Bengal. No rain usually falls at this time of year in Central India West and the Bombay Deccan.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam and Bengal. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar. It is within 20 per cent of the normal in the remaining divisions.

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 30th January 1919.			Rainfall data from 29th November 1918 to 30th January 1919.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0·1	0·3	−0·2	7·6	9·3	−1·7	−18	−17
Lower Burma	0	0·1	−0·1	2·0	0·9	+1·1	+122	+150
Upper Burma	0	0·1	−0·1	0·4	0·8	−0·4	−50	−43
Assam	0·1	0·3	−0·2	0·4	1·2	−0·8	−67	−67
Bengal	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·5	0·7	−0·2	−29	−20
Orissa	1·2	0·2	+1·0	2·1	0·8	+1·3	+168	+50
Chota Nagpur	2·9	0·2	+2·7	4·1	0·8	+3·3	+413	+100
Bihar	1·3	0·2	+1·1	1·9	0·6	+1·3	+217	+50
United Provinces, East	1·4	0·3	+1·1	1·9	1·1	+0·8	+73	−37
United Provinces, West	1·6	0·4	+1·2	3·2	1·6	+1·6	+100	+33
Punjab, East and North	2·1	0·5	+1·6	3·0	2·2	+0·8	+36	−47
Punjab, South-West	0·7	0·2	+0·5	1·1	1·0	+0·1	+10	−50
Kashmir	2·6	1·1	+1·5	6·6	4·7	+1·9	+40	+11
N.-W. Frontier Province	1·4	0·4	+1·0	1·9	1·4	+0·5	+36	−30
Baluchistan	1·5	0·4	+1·1	3·1	2·0	+1·1	+55	0
Sind	0·4	0·1	+0·3	0·6	0·3	+0·3	+100	0
Rajputana, West	0·6	0·1	+0·5	0·7	0·5	+0·2	+40	−75
Rajputana, East	0·3	0·1	+0·2	0·9	0·6	+0·3	+50	+20
Gujarat	0·3	0	+0·3	0·3	0	+0·3	—	0
Central India, West	0	0	0	1·9	0·4	+1·5	+375	+375
Central India, East	0·9	0·2	+0·7	4·2	1·3	+2·9	+223	+200
Berar	0·4	0	+0·4	2·8	1·0	+1·8	+180	+140
Central Provinces, West	1·1	0·1	+1·0	5·5	0·9	+4·6	+511	+450
Central Provinces, East	1·4	0·1	+1·3	3·7	0·7	+3·0	+429	+283
Konkan	0·1	0	+0·1	0·3	0·1	+0·2	+200	+100
Bombay Deccan	0	0	0	0·5	0·4	+0·1	+25	+25
Hyderabad, North	0·1	0	+0·1	2·0	0·3	+1·7	+567	+533
Hyderabad, South	0·5	0	+0·5	2·2	0·3	+1·9	+633	+467
Mysore	0·2	0	+0·2	1·3	0·7	+0·6	+86	+57
Malabar	1·2	0·1	+1·1	4·4	2·0	+2·4	+120	+68
Madras, South-East	0·6	0·1	+0·5	7·3	6·2	+1·1	+18	+10
Madras Deccan	0·2	0	+0·2	0·8	0·7	+0·1	+14	−14
Madras Coast, North	0·4	0·1	+0·3	1·9	2·0	−0·1	−5	−21

HEM RAJ,
for *Director General of Observatories.*

Dated the 30th January 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for week ending Saturday, 25th January 1919.

Burma.—The week was practically rainless. Reaping of winter rice has been completed. Threshing and winnowing are still proceeding in Upper Burma. Sowing of tobacco, onions and other island crops is progressing. Harvesting of groundnuts and cotton is practically finished and that of *juar*, maize and beans has begun. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon is stationary at Rs. 122 per 100 baskets and is above normal. The market for white rice is quiet at Rs. 320 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—Slight rain in all districts has benefited standing crops but more is wanted. Harvesting of winter rice is nearing completion. Harvesting of pulses and mustard, pressing of sugarcane, plucking of cotton, pruning of tea, transplantation of spring rice and ploughing of autumn rice and jute continue. Outturns and prospects of crops are generally fair. Cattle disease is reported in one district. Price of common rice rose slightly.

Bengal.—Light rain fell all over the province improving prospects of standing crops generally. Threshing of winter paddy and transplanting of summer rice are nearing completion. Preparation of fields for June and autumn paddy and harvesting of sugarcane, potatoes and early oilseeds are average. Price of common rice has fallen by about 0·13 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—Rain was fairly general over the province, the fall being generally light in Bihar and moderate in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Pressing of sugarcane is in progress. The recent rainfall has improved the condition of the spring crops. Test works are going on in 27 places in Angul, the daily average number of persons attending such works being 1,221. Gratuitous relief was given to 1,573 persons in this district. The price of common rice has risen in four districts, fallen in six and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from eleven districts. The condition of the spring crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is bad for want of rain.

United Provinces.—Rainfall was general throughout the province greatly benefiting the crops. Slight damage by frost is reported from Benares and Ballia and by hail in Cawnpore. Preparation of land for sowing of extra crops and sugarcane continues. Irrigation is still going on in places where necessary. Pressing of sugarcane continues. Standing crops are good. Prospects are more hopeful. Agricultural stock is doing well but cattle disease still exists in parts of certain districts. Fodder is still reported to be dear but recent rain will improve the situation. Forest hay is being imported and sold. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Prices are almost stationary. Numbers relieved on test works in Allahabad :—285.

Punjab.—Light showers fell in parts of all the reporting districts and were useful. More rain is urgently wanted everywhere. Condition of standing wheat and other spring crops is average to good on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of *toria* continue in some districts. The yield is generally below normal. Extra spring crops are being sown in a few districts. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak in some districts from overwork and general scarcity of fodder. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat :—Ambala 5¼, Lahore 5½, Lyallpur 5¾, Ferozepore and Rawalpindi 6¼ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless, but rain has been falling since the 28th and should prove of the greatest value. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and very poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Pressing of sugarcane continues. The outturn is average. Prices of wheat :—Peshawar 7 $\frac{5}{16}$ and Dera Ismail Khan 7 $\frac{3}{16}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Rain fell during the week. Prices are still stationary. Fodder is insufficient.

Kashmir.—The week was generally wet and cold. Standing crops are in fair condition. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are normal in Valley but high in Mozaffarabad.

Rajputana.—The weather was cold. Showers fell in a few places. Irrigation of spring crops continues. Cattle disease continues in places. Water is sufficient. Fodder is insufficient. Prices are stationary.

Central India.—Rainfall was general in Indore, Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand, partial in Malwa and Dhar and insufficient in Gwalior. Few showers fell in Manjree and Barwani. Autumn crops are being harvested in Indore, Bhopal and Malwa and the Southern States. Cotton is being picked in Gwalior, Bhopal and Malwa, and picking has been finished in Indore. Standing crops are bad in Gwalior, except on irrigated areas and in Malwa, and fair elsewhere. Probable outturn is bad in parts of Gwalior and Malwa, below average in Dhar and Jhabua, and fair elsewhere. Crops have been damaged by hail in three parganas of Gwalior, two districts of Indore and in parts of Narsingarh. Agricultural stock is bad in the northern districts of Gwalior and in Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana and fair to good elsewhere except for cattle disease. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand and parts of Malwa and Southern States. Fodder is fair in Bhopal and good in Baghelkhand. Prices are high but stationary. Opium is fair in Indore and is being weeded in Gwalior. Number of persons on famine relief in Bundelkhand :—149.

Central Provinces.—Moderate to heavy rain fell during the week in all districts except Nimar. The heaviest fall recorded at headquarters was 5 inches at Jubbulpore. It was accompanied by hail in several districts and crops in places were slightly damaged. Threshing and winnowing of autumn crops and picking of cotton have been practically completed. Condition of late sown spring crops has generally been improved by the rainfall during the two weeks but a break and clear sunshine are now needed to prevent rust. Reaping of pulses is proceeding but operations were hampered owing to rain. Supply of fodder is inadequate in parts of five districts. Cattle are healthy but mouth and foot disease prevails in a sporadic form in parts of Damoh, Wardha, Chanda, Raipur and Akola. Relief to distressed tracts is being provided in Damoh, Jubbulpore and Chanda. Gram in Narsinghpur and Akola and rice in Bhandara rose by 1 and 1¼ seers per rupee. Rice became cheaper by 1¾ seers in Akola. Prices elsewhere remained stationary or fluctuated slightly indicating an upward tendency.

The report on Sironcha for last week is as follows :—

General health is good in all affected districts of the province except the Ahiri Zamindari where influenza continues. Distress is slightly increasing in Jubbulpore where people from adjoining States are still coming in search of work. Private funds have been started in Jubbulpore and Saugor to provide cloth and grain to the poor. Scarcity has been declared in the Betul district. Early spring harvest work is decreasing distress in Sironcha. Prices of food grains are high but stationary. Numbers on works :—Seoni 855, Saugor 137, Jubbulpore 1,440, Damoh 443, Chanda 59, total 2,934. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—Seoni 185, Saugor 74, Jubbulpore 5,057, Damoh 2,279, Chanda 615, total 8,210.

Feudatory States.—Moderate to heavy rain fell in all States. Spring crops are generally in good condition.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of Cutch and the Deccan. Standing crops are withering in parts of Karnatak and Sholapur, elsewhere they are fair to good. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sind, Gujrat, Sholapur, Karnatak, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. Fodder supply is generally deficient but supplies continue to be moved to worst affected areas under Government arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating except in Konkan. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Relief works are in progress in Ahmednagar. Slight emigration is noticed in Satara. Public health is generally good. People find employment on Government relief and ordinary public works. Liberal suspensions of land revenue have been granted. Takavi is being freely advanced for fodder and agricultural improvements. Cheap grain shops continue in Nasik, West Khandesh, Poona and Kathiawar. One poor house has been opened in Poona and cattle camps in Ahmednagar and Nasik. Doles are being distributed in affected tracts. Test works are in progress in some districts. Numbers on works on last day of week ending 18th January :—2,735. Numbers on gratuitous relief in Panch Mahals, Kaira, Poona, Satara, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Kathiawar, 9,138, Numbers on relief works in Ahmednagar 761.

Hyderabad.—Scattered showers fell during the week, the average being thirteen cents. Spring crops suffered in Aurangabad, Bir and Warangal districts generally and were fair to good elsewhere. Harvesting has commenced in parts. Late rice sowings continue. Weeding is progressing. Cattle are healthy except in some talukas and five districts where they are dying to some extent. Fodder is scarce in some districts and cattle are being sold at low prices. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at three seers per rupee in the Parbhani and Gulbarga districts.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi* and rice outturn is poor to fair. Sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was cloudy. Reaping and harvesting of rice and picking of coffee continue. Picking of cardamom is almost completed. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—No rain fell during the week in Central and West Coast, but there were light showers elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but *cholam*, wheat and cotton have been affected by disease in parts of the Deccan. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor generally. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Kistna, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, West Coast and the Hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of seven districts. Fodder is insufficient in parts of eight districts. Prices are showing a tendency to rise. Prospects are bad in parts of Ganjam, Godavari, Bellary, Chittor and Salem. In Ganjam test works were started in one plains taluk on the 20th and test works with gratuitous relief in an Agency division on the 24th instant.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 31st January 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 18th January 1919 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	1	1
		Broach District	20	20
		Thana District	1	1
	Central	Satara District	95	74
		Poona Town	2	1
		Poona District	19	10
		Sholapur Town	7	8
	Southern	Belgaum District	78*	48*
		Dharwar District	113	79
		Bijapur District	56	35
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	1
		Kemmari Port	1	1
	Political Charges.	Satara Agency	1	1
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	94	76
		Kathiawar Agency	5	3
		TOTAL	494	359
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	2	2
		Anantapur District	32	20
		Coimbatore District	128	106
		North Arcot District	1	1
		Cuddapah District	3	1
		Bellary District	86	49
		Malabar District	6	5
		Chittoor District	7	3
		Kurnool District	8	3
		Salem District	34	24
		Guntur District	31	24
		Trichinopoly District	1 (a)	...
		TOTAL	337	238
BENGAL.	Calcutta	Calcutta	1	1
		TOTAL	1	1
BIHAR AND ORISSA.*	Patna	Patna District	15	15
	Tirhut	Saran District	86	58
		Champaran District	4	6
		Muzaffarpur District	44	46
		Darbhanga District	87	56
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur Town	2	2
		Bhagalpur District	3	3
		Monghyr District	45	32
		TOTAL	286	218

* For two weeks.
(a) One imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 30,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Meerut	Bulandshahr District	11	6
	Agra	Muttra District	1	1
		Agra District	4	3
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	5	5
	Benares	Ghazipur District	19	20
		Ballia District	12	6
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	9	7
		Basti District	20	12
		Azamgarh District	24	13
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	19	17
		Bara Banki District	2	1
		TOTAL	126	91
Punjab.	Ambala	Hissar District	2	3
		Rohtak District	14	12
	Lahore	Gurdaspur District	3	3
	Rawalpindi	Rawalpindi District	...	1
		Mianwali District	1	1
	Multan	Montgomery District	8	5
		Lyallpur District	14	11
		Jhang District	2	1
	Native States.	Jind State	17	11
		TOTAL	61	48
Burma.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	11	11
		Insein District	2	2
		Hanthawaddy District	1	1
		Tharrawaddy District	47	47
		Prome District	18	17
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	2	2
		Myaungmya District	1	1
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	2	2
		Bhamo District	5	1
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	6	4
		Sagaing District	19	13
		Lower Chindwin District	34	24
	Magwe	Minbu District	8	9
		Magwe District	12	12
	Meiktila	Kyaukse District	1	1
		Meiktila District	23	18
		Yamethin District	9	6
	Native States.	Southern Shan States	5	8
		TOTAL	206	174
Central Provinces.	Nagpur	Nagpur District	1	3
		Bhandara District	4	2
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	16	17
		Jubbulpore District	24	7
		Seoni District	5	8
		TOTAL	50	37

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Mysore State.		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	35	30
		Bangalore City	36	24
		Bangalore District	29	15
		Mysore City	17	10
		Mysore District	5	5
		Shimoga District	5	3
		Chitaldroog District	20	14
		Tumkur District	12	10
		Kolar District	44	33
		TOTAL	203	144
Hyderabad State	...	Gulbargah District	2	1
		Raichur District	55	39
		Bidar District	2	2
		Usmanabad District	62	45
		Medak District	10	23
		Nander District	50	22
		Aurangabad District	3	3
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	107	66
		Secunderabad	1	2
		Hyderabad Residency Bazars	9	5
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	4	3
		TOTAL	305*	211*
		GRAND TOTAL	2,069	1,521

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending January 18th were 167 and 121, respectively.

DELHI:
The 30th January 1919.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 691-C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 28th January 1919.

AMENDMENTS IN THE HOME DEPARTMENT RESOLUTION RELATING TO THE EXECUTION OF DEEDS, CONTRACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS ON BEHALF OF HIS MAJESTY'S SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL.

RESOLUTION.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 30, sub-section (2) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in Part E. of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department nos. 713—734 (Judicial), dated the 2nd June 1913, as subsequently amended, relating to the execution of deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council :—

In items 1—4 and 6—9 for the words "Executive Engineers" wherever they occur substitute the words "Divisional officers".

ORDER.—Ordered that the above Resolution be communicated to the local Governments and Administrations* and the several Departments† of the Government of India for information and guidance [with reference to its office memorandum no 16-M., dated the 8th January 1919] (and for communication to the Agent to the Governor-General, Baluchistan) and that it be also published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India.*

* Madras, Bombay, Bengal, United Provinces, Punjab, Burma, Bihar and Orissa, Central Provinces. Assam, Coorg, North-West Frontier Province and Delhi.

† Foreign and Political, Army, Revenue and Agriculture, Public Works, Commerce and Industry, Railway, Legislative, Finance, Education, Financial Adviser, Military Finance and Indian Munitions Board.

[ ] To Public Works Department only.

( ) To Foreign and Political Department only.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 692-C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 28th January 1919.

AMENDMENTS IN THE HOME DEPARTMENT RESOLUTION RELATING TO THE EXECUTION OF DEEDS, CONTRACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS ON BEHALF OF HIS MAJESTY'S SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL.

RESOLUTION.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 30, sub-section (2) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following be inserted under clause V in Part B of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, nos. 713—734-(Judicial), dated the 2nd June 1913, as subsequently amended, relating to the execution of deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council:—

7. Agreements with temporary hospital storekeepers.	By the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army Department, the Director of Medical Services in India, the Deputy Director, Medical Services, Assistant Director, Medical Services, and Deputy Assistant Director, Medical Services of a Division or Independent Brigade, and Officers Commanding British and Indian Hospitals.

ORDER.—Ordered that the above Resolution be communicated to the local Governments and Administrations* and the several Departments † of the Government of India for information and guidance [with reference to its office memorandum no. 2666-3 (D. M. S. I.), dated the 28th December 1918] (and for communication to the Agent to the Governor-General, Baluchistan) and that it be also published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

* Madras, Bombay, Bengal, United Provinces, Punjab, Burma, Bihar and Orissa, Central Provinces, Assam, Coorg, North-West Frontier Province and Delhi

† Foreign and Political, Army, Revenue and Agriculture, Public Works Commerce and Industry, Railway, Legislative, Finance, Education, Financial Adviser, Military Finance, and Indian Munitions Board.

[ ] To Army Department only.

( ) To Foreign and Political Department only.

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

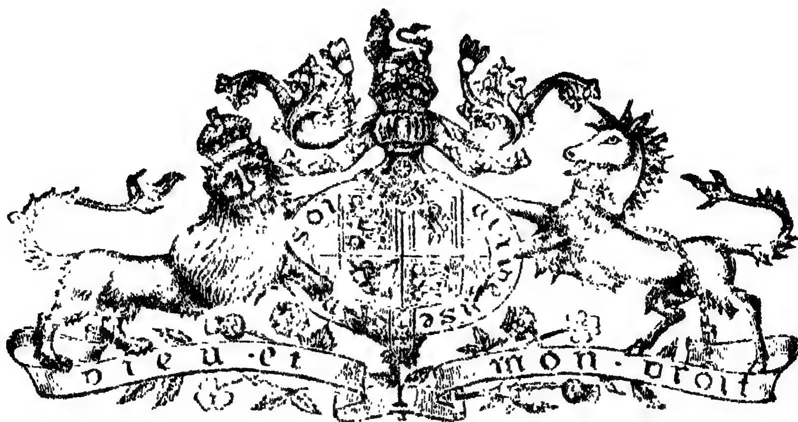
N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week. During official year 1917-18.	Mean Mileage worked. 1914.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings for week ending 16th January 1914.	18th January 1918.	18th January 1919.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1914.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 16th January 1914.	18th January 1918.	18th January 1919.	Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, +2 days. Increase.	Decrease.	Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18. Increase.	Decrease.
State Railways.	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
engal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,696	2,695	8,54,769	10,90,505	10,18,000	320	404	378	3,23,52,214	4,57,14,379	4,69,58,000	1,46,05,786	...	12,43,621	...
ezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	7,472	6,854	8,200	356	326	390	3,00,480	4,10,198	3,90,000	89,520	...	...	20,198
ombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,003	1,002	7,31,246	10,30,559	10,96,000	732	1,027	1,094	2,73,48,674	3,59,11,528	4,04,74,000	1,31,25,326	...	45,62,472	...
astern Bengal (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,572	1,582	1,581	7,65,703	7,29,044	7,35,000	487	461	465	3,03,29,122	2,76,12,436	3,02,98,000	...	31,122	26,85,564	...
ast Indian	865	2,571	2,618	2,612	19,82,008	22,92,745	26,52,000	771	876	1,015	8,16,28,659	9,30,75,079	10,77,89,000	2,61,60,341	...	1,47,13,921	...
reat Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	18,98,757	24,87,911	23,71,000	749	952	908	6,42,28,960	8,21,03,782	9,22,22,000	2,79,93,040	...	1,01,18,218	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	51,146	68,273	75,000	406	542	595	17,76,967	25,14,468	34,31,000	16,54,033	...	9,16,532	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	4,047	2,827	4,100	101	71	102	1,28,547	1,38,614	1,65,000	36,453	...	26,386	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*30,974	23,153	20,900	546	1,929	1,742	*12,79,669	7,38,030	8,95,000	..	3,84,669	1,56,970	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	1,211	6,176	6,500	37	81	86	47,402	2,42,041	2,49,000	2,01,598	...	6,959	...
adras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	387	2,553	2,551	2,550	6,69,698	8,98,402	9,07,000	262	352	356	2,89,71,556	4,05,83,357	4,31,24,000	1,41,52,444	...	25,40,643	...
orth-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,035	4,001	16,62,393	21,15,324	21,10,000	414	522	527	6,86,12,948	9,50,89,821	10,05,95,000	3,20,82,052	...	56,05,179	...
udh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,59,456	4,97,315	4,78,000	306	312	300	1,86,12,373	2,23,72,482	2,46,42,000	60,29,627	...	22,69,518	...
ssam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,43,834	1,54,556	1,57,000	178	173	176	53,91,608	56,71,203	58,72,000	4,80,392	...	2,00,797	...
ombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,34,166	7,58,057	8,12,000	347	412	442	2,27,84,080	2,69,53,535	3,31,36,000	1,03,51,920	...	61,82,465	...
urma	319	1,342	1,342	1,342	5,01,391	4,94,869	5,78,000	374	369	431	1,65,72,802	1,67,54,522	2,01,46,000	35,73,198	...	33,91,478	...
Burma Extensions	212	187	187	187	37,861	38,067	43,000	202	204	230	15,57,085	15,12,899	19,18,000	3,60,915	...	4,05,101	...
Southern Shan States	121	23	70	70	693	8,032	8,000	30	115	114	23,214	3,52,517	3,78,000	3,54,786	...	25,483	...
hone-Kurnool	72	32	32	32	2,435	1,951	2,200	76	61	69	95,364	98,210	1,14,000	18,636	...	15,790	...
odhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	21,944	38,555	27,000	177	311	218	10,60,990	15,86,399	15,61,000	5,00,010	...	...	25,399
ucknow-Bareilly	166	304	311	305	38,876	62,521	60,300	128	201	198	16,90,276	20,37,106	25,47,000	8,56,724	...	5,09,894	...
ysore	191	*411	401	401	*68,036	79,037	71,300	166	197	178	*30,19,388	31,40,500	33,70,000	3,50,612	...	2,29,500	...
outh Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,454	1,587	1,587	4,88,461	5,57,788	5,85,000	336	351	369	2,21,98,138	2,83,77,618	2,83,66,000	61,67,862	...	...	11,618
Travancore Branch	151	108	146	146	13,950	24,365	31,300	129	167	214	7,25,411	8,72,191	11,69,000	4,43,589	...	2,96,809	...
rhoot	223	785	804	804	1,98,461	1,87,505	2,04,000	253	233	254	79,33,869	71,38,999	83,46,000	4,12,131	...	12,07,001	...
Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,702	2,400	...	90	80	...	1,06,075	1,08,000	1,08,000	...	1,925	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	83	32	33	33	2,096	2,712	2,000	64	82	61	1,01,795	1,15,547	94,100	...	7,695	...	21,447
TOTAL	495	26,231	26,784	26,713	1,13,01,134	1,36,60,905	1,40,65,300	431	510	527	43,87,81,591	53,92,23,536	59,84,57,100	15,96,75,509	...	5,92,33,564	...
All other Railways.																	
mritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	15,474	6,849	8,500	276	132	152	5,92,462	3,78,788	4,00,000	...	1,92,462	21,212	...
hopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	26,866	25,100	...	597	558	...	9,04,314	10,85,000	10,85,000	...	1,80,686	...
hopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	26,407	14,812	20,500	231	130	180	8,37,818	6,90,553	8,81,000	43,182	...	1,90,447	...
na-Goona-Baran	60	148	149	149	14,518	9,305	10,500	98	62	70	4,43,117	3,69,846	3,95,000	...	48,117	25,154	...
elhi-Umballa-Kalka	357	192	239	239	53,519	65,050	83,100	279	272	348	25,37,006	35,66,198	35,68,000	10,30,994	...	1,802	...
ardwar-Dehra	328	32	32	32	8,659	9,211	12,000	271	288	375	3,76,070	4,36,250	5,17,000	1,40,930	...	81,720	...
ammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	134	16	16	16	2,814	1,573	2,500	176	99	156	[redacted]						
agda-Ujjain	152	34	33	33	8,127	6,006	5,400	237	182	164	2,30,340	1,92,000	2,29,000		1,340	37,070	...
izam's Guaranteed State	416	334	334	334	1,18,858	1,33,659	1,17,000	356	400	350	48,68,706	53,28,542	58,67,000	9,98,294	...	5,38,454	...
etlad-Cambay	192	34	34	33	5,985	6,685	7,900	176	197	239	2,32,617	2,75,450	3,03,000	70,383	...	27,550	...
hagwara-Rahon	79	...	47	47	...	4,105	4,600	...	85	98	...	1,57,790	2,03,000	2,03,000	...	45,210	...
ajpura-Bhatinda	385	108	108	108	65,795	24,396	30,200	209	231	280	14,83,660	17,26,185	22,87,000	8,03,340	...	5,60,815	...
alem District Board	65	...	4	4	...	406	1,000	...	108	250	...	(a)8,481	21,800	21,800	...	13,319	...
ara-Sirajganj	97	...	53	53	...	5,840	9,300	...	110	175	...	2,19,933	3,12,000	3,12,000	...	92,067	...
ialkot-Narwal	114	...	38	38	...	3,597	3,800	...	102	100	...	1,80,157	1,76,000	1,76,000	...	..	4,157
outhern Punjab (Main Line)	329	425	428	428	1,38,839	1,20,344	1,40,000	327	281	327	43,74,685	56,97,379	75,38,000	31,63,315	...	18,40,621	...
Jullundur-Doab	60	103	133	133	4,920	7,179	8,500	48	54	64	2,01,705	3,40,074	3,33,000	1,31,295	...	...	7,074
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	24,854	25,466	25,800	160	164	166	10,52,095	10,45,518	10,84,000	31,905	...	38,482	...
apti Valley	194	155	156	156	45,948	40,670	42,700	296	261	274	11,51,728	12,00,467	14,28,000	2,76,272	...	2,27,533	...
enali-Repalli	96	...	22	22	...	1,539	1,500	...	70	68	...	91,504	75,800	75,800	...	...	15,704
hmedabad-Dholka	84	34	34	34	2,191	2,254	2,900	65	66	85	1,00,464	1,22,734	1,20,000	19,516	...	...	2,734
hmedabad-Parantij	78	89	89	89	8,225	5,565	6,830	93	63	71	3,03,429	2,90,423	3,48,000	44,571	...	57,577	...
engal and North-Western	168	1,239	1,244	1,248	2,03,327	2,37,725	2,57,000	164	191	206	84,30,318	91,87,582	1,16,11,000	31,80,682	...	24,23,418	...
engal-Dooars	215	153	153	158	30,470	27,569	25,100	199	180	159	13,61,343	14,31,834	15,05,000	1,43,657	...	73,166	...
ezwada-Masulipatam	137	52	52	52	6,497	6,124	6,400	125	118	123	2,76,947	2,99,504	2,86,000	9,053	...	...	13,504
havnagar State	148	227	249	249	29,865	37,498	44,100	132	151	177	11,61,626	14,68,382	21,11,000	9,49,374	...	6,42,618	...
ooch Behar State	157	33	33	33	6,615	4,675	4,800	200	142	145	2,28,280	2,13,726	2,28,000	...	280	14,274	...
ibru-Sadiya	322	86	86	86	24,537	31,757	26,900	285	369	313	10,63,617	11,07,967	10,50,000	...	13,617	...	57,967
aekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	90	184	209	209	14,140	18,053	17,000	77	86	81	6,18,807	7,76,215	10,87,000	4,68,193	...	3,10,785	...
ondal-Porbandar State	150	211	231	231	22,667	29,316	40,700	107	127	176	10,68,726	15,89,527	19,49,000	8,80,274	...	3,59,473	...
yd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	179	442	441	441	1,11,000	1,01,968	1,05,000	251	231	239	31,74,756	31,16,697	37,22,000	5,47,244	...	6,05,303	...
Jaipur State	69	73	107	122	6,559	6,479	8,400	90	59	69	2,36,717	3,04,571	3,77,000	1,40,283	...	72,429	...
Jamnagar	133	54	54	54	5,361	6,958	6,100	99	129	113	2,26,716	2,97,237	3,94,000	1,67,284	...	96,763	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	129	1,030	1,106	1,106	98,828	1,21,030	1,22,000	95	109	110	43,29,206	57,40,342	66,08,000	22,78,794	...	8,67,658	...
Junagad State	129	113	121	136	11,956	14,108	16,000	106	117	122	4,61,791	6,20,956	7,42,000	2,80,209	...	1,21,044	...
Kolhapur State	242	29	29	29	7,207	7,336	8,700	248	253	300	2,52,038	2,72,887	3,19,000	66,962	...	46,113	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	52	100	100	100	5,418	5,951	8,500	54	60	85	1,71,529	2,09,089	2,33,000	61,471	...	23,911	...
Morvi (incldg. Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	202	93	93	93	13,041	17,997	21,600	140	194	232	6,21,263	7,61,525	10,97,000	4,75,737	...	3,35,475	...
Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	68	...	88	100	...	11,591	15,000	...	132	150	...	(b)1,77,787	4,73,000	4,73,000	...	2,95,213	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	219	55	56	56	10,692	14,850	13,600	194	265	243	3,98,671	5,15,320	4,88,000	89,329	...	...	27,320
Mysore-Arsikere	49	...	103	103	...	5,138	9,200	...	50	89	...	(c)10,249	2,75,000	2,75,000	...	2,64,751	...
Podanur-Pollachi	139	...	25	25	...	3,091	3,700	...	124	148	...	1,44,174	1,53,000	1,53,000	...	8,826	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	176	268	270	270	36,335	52,032	46,200	135	193	171	15,42,389	19,35,828	21,56,000	6,13,611	...	2,20,172	...
Sangli State	189	5	5	5	681	989	1,100	170	198	220	29,551	37,685	48,700	19,149	...	11,015	...
Secunderabad-Gadwal	71	...	103	103	...	6,907	5,600	...	67	54	...	2,97,284	2,79,000	2,79,000	...	...	18,284
Shoranur-Cochin	263	65	65	65	11,352	15,244	16,000	175	235	246	5,14,987	7,03,196	7,08,000	1,93,013	...	4,804	...
	[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	15,182	16,500	146	180	146	7,88,481	7,66,971	7,20,000	...	68,481	...	46,971
Tanjore District Board	79	67	67	67	7,175	5,187	5,400	107	77	81	2,35,518	2,30,140	2,50,000	16,482	...	19,860	...
Barsi	141	116	117	118	32,786	17,356	34,500	283	148	292	9,30,730	7,01,370	7,45,000	...	1,85,730	43,630	...
Bilimora-Kalamba	34	...	35	35	...	1,358	1,600	...	39	46	...	44,920	66,700	66,700	...	21,780	...
Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur	52	...	22	23	...	1,043	1,100	...	47	48	...	(d)7,508	42,000	42,000	...	34,492	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	76	20	32	32	2,093	2,992	1,250	105	93	37	68,214	96,867	78,800	10,586	...	..	18,067
Dhond-Baramati	68	...	27	27	...	1,366	2,800	...	51	104	...	76,042	97,200	97,200	...	21,158	...
Ellichpur-Yeotmal	92	48	139	139	9,356	13,932	23,200	196	100	168	22,485	4,94,470	6,50,000	6,27,515	...	1,55,530	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	97	142	154	154	12,474	15,148	17,800	82	98	116	5,06,507	6,19,574	7,47,000	2,40,193	...	1,27,626	...
Godhra-Lunavada	42	24	25	25	630	1,218	900	26	49	36	3,567	44,202	53,700	49,833	...	9,498	...
Jacobabad-Kashmor	34	...	76	76	...	2,180	3,000	...	29	39	..	1,09,654	1,06,000	1,06,000	...	...	3,654
Khulna-Bagerhat (e)	...	...	...	20	...	..	1,800	...	...	90	.	...	41,500	41,500	...	41,500	...
Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	49	11	102	102	354	4,950	5,000	30	48	49	1,871	2,02,873	2,38,000	2,36,129	...	35,327	...
Kosamba-Zankhvav	27	26	26	26	420	1,141	900	16	44	35	20,197	26,674	35,100	15,903	..	8,426	...
Nadiad Kapadvanj	108	28	28	28	1,706	2,373	3,600	61	85	129	78,985	1,27,000	1,63,000	84,015	...	36,000	...
Pachora-Jamner (f)	...	...	...	25	...	...	1,800	...	...	72	..	..	38,500	38,500	...	38,500	...
Petlad-Vaso	66	...	19	19	...	1,008	1,400	...	53	74	..	54,532	68,600	68,600	...	14,068	...
Rajpipla State	67	37	37	39	2,142	2,317	2,500	57	63	64	94,591	1,09,096	1,23,000	28,409	...	16,904	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	485	51	51	51	19,497	20,254	16,800	382	397	329	9,70,967	10,78,592	11,52,000	1,81,033	...	73,408	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	9,961	9,200	...	100	92	...	2,78,495	3,10,000	3,10,000	...	31,505	...
Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	462	450	900	18	18	36	21,083	13,849	23,900	2,817	...	10,051	...
TOTAL	174	7,340	8,739	8,838	13,25,995	14,53,539	15,75,400	156	166	178	4,96,40,511	6,04,57,228	7,19,56,800	2,23,16,289	...	1,14,99,572	...
GRAND TOTAL	417	33,571	35,523	35,551	1,26,24,129	1,51,13,444	1,56,40,500	376	425	440	48,84,22,102	59,96,80,764	67,04,13,900	18,19,91,798	...	7,07,33,136	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.

(a) From 1st June 1917 (c) From 3rd January 1918 (e) Opened from 10th June 1918

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, *by the* SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, *Delhi.*



The Gazette of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777-79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT.

Secretary to the Government of India."

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J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 1st February 1919.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

January 20.

4159. E. C. Brickhill and W. H. Clifford. *Improved rotary sprinkler.*
4160. T. W. Bonner. *Furnace stay-head or nut protector.*

January 22.

4161. P. Fraser. *Manufacture of caustic soda from salt-cake.*
4162. P. Fraser. *Manufacture of barium chloride and sodium sulphate.*
4163. R. K. Mukerjee. *Spring fan.*

January 23.

4164. W. Usher. *Improvements in butter coolers.*
4165. T. C. Virmani. *Mono-screw medicine and perfumery case.*

January 25

4166. S. J. Lewis *Locking device for carriage and wagon axle-box face plates or covers.*

APPLICATION ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on the application, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specification in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3559. J. F. Robertson. *Improvements in loom pickers*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3169. J. Takamine and S. Satow. *Improvements in or relating to process for obtaining vegetable proteids.*
3342. Pacific Evaporator Co. *Improvements in driers chiefly used for preparing vegetable food products.*
3498. T. A. Boyd and J. & T. Boyd, Ld. *Improvements in pirn and cop winding machines.*
3504. W. A. Fraymouth. *Improvements in the tanning or finishing of hides, skins or the like.*
3547. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ld. *Improvements in or relating to moulds for the production of printers' strip material or elements for printing forms.*
3629. T. A. Boyd, H. A. Boyd, and J. & T. Boyd, Ld. *Improvements in and relating to the controlling of the unwinding of yarns from hanks carried on reels.*
3678. General Electric Co. *Improvements in constant current transformers and the like.*
3686. D. H. Remfry. *Glazing reinforced concrete.*
3702. T. A. Boyd, H. A. Boyd, J. Boyd and J. and T. Boyd, Ld. *Improvements in mechanism for doffing full bobbins from and putting empty bobbins upon the spindles of spinning, twisting and like machines.*
3713. Heatly and Gresham, Ld. *Improved water softening plant.*
3792. Fastnut, Limited. *Improvements in locking devices for nuts, bolts and the like.*
3841. A. C. Sinha. *Improvements in wall facing tiles.*
3974. R. H. Roberts and P. N. Kingswell. *Improvements in collapsible boxes, cases or crates.*
4017. E. T. Worswick. *A new or improved apparatus for throwing confetti or the like.*
4021. Miss V. Hansen. *Resilient single, twin or the like rim for automobiles or the like.*

4022. C. A. Parsons. *Turbine blade attachments.*
4025. A. C. Diehl. *Improvements in sound boxes for talking machines.*
4026. I. F. Burton, W. W. Moyer and L. Y. Squibb. *Improvements in flexible connections for shafts of talking machines.*
4027. H. H. Wallor. *Improvements in openers, scutchers, willows and rag tearing and the like machines.*
4028. A Newton-Smith. *Improvements in the picking mechanism of looms.*
4029. R. Redman, J. W. Parkinson and C T. Walker. *Improvements appertaining to shuttle and picker checking mechanism for looms.*
4031. G. W. Beldam and A. H. B. Ryall. *Improvements in or connected with the soles and heels of boots and shoes.*
4043. S. K. Sibbald. *New or improved products for treating road surfaces, for waterproofing surfaces and for coating surfaces of materials and the like, and processes for the manufacture thereof.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the application referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3819. Egan-Wyer.

PATENTS SEALED.

3782. Smith.
3869. Ellis.
3872. Gerrard.
3874. Craymer.
3882. Carter and Maconochie.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

314 of 1910. Gresham. (To 25 January 1920.)
316 of 1910. Leslie. (To 25 January 1920.)
617 of 1910. Chatterton. (To 11 February 1920.)
719 of 1913. Stephen. (To 28 January 1920.)
822 of 1913. Price. (To 10 March 1920.)
1277 of 1915. Hendry. (To 1 November 1919.)
1431 of 1914. Sharafdin. (To 26 January 1920.)
2003 of 1915. Bell. (To 25 January 1920.)
2004 of 1915. Reed & Ors. (To 25 January 1920.)
2016 of 1915. Patterson. (To 5 February 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1913.

1252, (Chemische Fabrik Griesheim-Elektron.)

1914.

1905, (Irwin.) 1908, (Booty.) 1909, (McWilliams.)

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English

and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent: or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India.* These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.
BOMBAY	Record Office.
,,	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
,,	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A Sussex Road, Parel.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
,,	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
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MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
,,	College of Engineering.
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NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
POONA	College of Engineering.
RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
ROORKEE	Thomason College.
SHOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.
WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and

other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Pate Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)		1	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each	0	2
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(h) Patent Office Journals (Issued quarterly)	each	0	8
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H. A. F. LINDSAY, I.C.S.

Offg. Controller of Patents and Designs

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 28th January 1919.

LIABILITIES.	Rs. A. P.	ASSETS.	Rs. A.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000 0 0	Government Securities	6,23,02,493 0
Reserve Fund Rs. 1,89,00,000 0 0; Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below* Rs. 25,00,000 0 0	1,64,00,000 0 0	Other authorized Investments	1,40,93,534 0
		Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	9,28,61,630 13
		Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,52,45,617 0
		Bills discounted and purchased	1,74,37,793 10
		Balances with other Banks	39,26,692 1
		Bullion	......
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	25,00,000 0 0	Dead Stock	28,32,894 1
		Stamps	12,478 14
Public Deposits at Head Office Rs. 2,71,53,287 15 1; Public Deposits at Branches Rs. 1,51,39,221 3 2	4,22,92,509 2 3	Sundries	12,59,131 4
			24,99,15,265 4
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	24,91,94,695 8 2	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* Rs. 2,64,76,713 11 1; Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† Rs. 5,66,98,649 3 5	8,31,75,362 14
Bank Post Bills, etc.	14,70,276 7 1		
Sundries	12,33,147 1 6		
RUPEES	33,30,90,628 3 0	RUPEES	33,30,90,628 3

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs. value Rs. 3,77,205 0 0
† Do do. do „ 5,32,215 0 0

Rs. 9,09,420 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL: Calcutta, 30th January 1919.

H. FISHER, Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN, Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 28·27.

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List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

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M. S. Athar Husain Jafari, Head Maulavi, A. P. Mission High School, 257 Chak, Allahabad.

AMBALA—

M. Mohd. Akbar Khan Haidari, The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Chhote Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala
M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar.
M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Gulam Qadir, Karimullah's Compound, near H. M. High School, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Mohomed Khalil, Urdu Instructor, Mohalla Mainatan, Ambala City.

AMRITSAR.—M. Mihruddin, C/o Messrs. Karamdin Bros., Hall Bazar, Amritsar.

BANGALORE—

M. Mohd. Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
M. Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
†M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).
M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Akmal Ali Akmal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Mohd. Israil Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Muhammad Muslim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BOMBAY—

†Mr. H. M. Anwar, Karelwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

CALCUTTA—

M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S., 2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
M. Badru-z-Zaman, 212/1, Linton Street, Calcutta.
M. Abdul Badi, 5, Ramsankor Roy Lane, Calcutta.
M. A. M. F. Wahhab, Librarian, Calcutta Madrassah, 14, Zakaria Street, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya Ibrat, 17/1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Balligunge Road, Calcutta.
*M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A., 3, Elliot Lane, Calcutta.
M. Syed Nawab Ali, 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
M. Wahidun Nabi Khan, 88/1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road P. O.
†M. Daliluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
M. Abdul Wajid, 106, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A., 4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley, Calcutta.
M. Nisar Ahmad Khan, 49, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
M. Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
M. Md. Quasim Khan, C/o H. A. Rahaman & Co., 44, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Aazam, 19, Tilzala 1st Lane, P. O. Ballygunge, Calcutta.
†M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A., M.F., 11, Colootolla Street, Calcutta.
*M. Aziz Mohd. Khan Afridi, 41, Gardner's Lane, Entally P. O.
M. Azizun Nabi Khan Aziz, 88-1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
M. S. M. Yunus, Baker Hostel, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
M. Rashiduddin Ahmed Khan, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE—

*M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, Officer, Cadet Unit.

CAWNPORE—

M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
M. S. M. Aminuddin, Officers' Teacher, Chain Sukh's Compound, Chatai Mahal, Cawnpore.

DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

DERA GHAZI KHAN.—M. M. Waris Ali Khan, "Waris," Junior English Master, Government High School, Dera Ghazi Khan.

FEROZEPORE—

M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HISSAR.—M. M. I. Jan Bukhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Biwani District, Hissar.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHANSI.—M. S. R. Kapur, 75, Saddar Bazar, behind Kotwali, Jhansi.

JHELUM—

M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.
M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phurianwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbudda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR—
M. Karam Chand, C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Suddar Bazaar, Jullundur Cantonment
M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depôt, Jullundur.
M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.

KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadamal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.
KASAUL.—M Anand Sarup, Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).
KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.
KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.
LAHORE—
M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.
M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. M. Abdul Hamid, C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Mochi Gate, Lahore.
M. Muhammad Din, 2999, Pir Gilanian Street, Lahore.
LUCKNOW—
M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Sh. Abdul Rabb. E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.
†M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), near Royal Hotel.

LUDHIANA.—M. Kishori Lall Jethi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.
MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinnaiah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.
MEERUT—
M Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.
MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah, Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow
Mr. Syed Muhammad Umar, C/o Post Master, Mhow.
MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.
MULTAN.—M Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.
MURREE HILLS—
M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.
NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
NASIK—
M. Mohd. Arif, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat, Officers School of Instruction.
M. Azherus Sadain, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Abdul Habib Khan, Officers' School of Instruction.
*M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid, Officers' School of Instruction.
NASIRABAD—
M. S. Sadiq Ali, Munshi Fazil, C/o Peerjee Mohd Ali, Sugar and Tea Merchant, Nasirabad (Rajputana).
PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.
PESHAWAR—
M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
*M. Saiyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N.-W. F. P., Peshawar.
POONA—
M. S. R. Kapur, Regimental Munshi, 1st Norfolk Regiment, C/o Pandit Diwan Chand, Accountant, A. C. R. E.'s Office, Poona.
QUETTA—
M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Abdul Aziz, The King's Regiment, Quetta.
M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.
M Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Aulad Husain, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shair Manzil (M. W. S., Military District).
M. Jiva Lall, Cadet College, Quetta.
*M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, Cadet College, Quetta
M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Ram Kishan, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriey, Cadet College, Quetta
* M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Mohd. Sarwar Khan, Mirza, Anderson Road, Babu Mohalla, Quetta.
RAWALPINDI—
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
M K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).
†M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.
M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.
ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City
SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.
SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU—

M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

WELLINGTON—

M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktaram Row, Calcutta.
RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.
KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothen, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
Mr. D K Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.
Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri
SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

Qualified Tamil Teachers.

MADRAS—

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakopaiamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI—M. R Ry V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA,
The 23rd January 1919.

A. H. HARLEY,
Offg. Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
   (*a*) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (*b*) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal. Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	,, 29 ,,
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	,, 30 ,,

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	,, 12 ,,

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	,, 6 ,,

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	,, 7 ,,
QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	,, 4 ,,

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	,, 7 ,,

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.
Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Re.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	3	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as reverse

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 25th January 1919.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd January 1919.

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.												REMARKS.
				COIN AND BULLION									SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE)		TOTAL	
				In India			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions	In transit between India, England and H. M.'s Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R		
Calcutta	50,90,274	35,80 10,965	36,31,01,239	2,72,73 370	2,36,46,783	5,24,14,907	12,35,865	...		..	78,00,000	10,22,78,186	(a) 16,07,99 946	(b) (c) 82,49,95,036	1,20,04,46,092	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500 of rupee paper and R6,40,00,000 Indian Treasury Bills. (b) Nominal value—R84,11,70,001. (c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under Section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918 and Ordinance III of 1918.
Cawnpore	...	11,79,75,863	11,79 75,863	84,96,691	52,33,095			...				...			1,37,29,786	
Lahore		12,50,01,567	12,50,01,567	75,39,000	1,79,77,244					..		..			2,55,15 244	
Bombay	4,09,430	48,40,48 542	48,44,57,972	4,71,42,006	15,25 29,684	4,27,35 231		...				...			22 27,06 921	
Karachi	...	8,00,22,620	8,00,22,620	18,50 940	21,38,700		..	..		...					40,19,640	
Madras	28,49,515	19,83,17,733	20,11,67 248	1,06 85,696	40,42,448	...		..		...		...			1,47,28,144	
Rangoon	...	13,12,20,889	13,12,20,889	42,43,053	34,80,510	..				...		...		..	77,23 866	
	83,49,219	1,49,45,98,179	1,50,29,47,398	10,75,59,759	18,90,50,761	9,51,50,138	12,35,865			...	78,00,000	10,22,78,185	16 07,99,946	82 49,95,036	1,48,88,69,693	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			1,40,77,705	*Deduct*—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											..	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			1,48,88,69,693										TOTAL RESERVE R		1,48,88 69,693	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 22nd January 1919.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 22nd January 1919.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 16TH TO 22ND JANUARY 1919.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.												COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.										
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta . . .	48	...	...	48	65		65	12	(a) 206	8	...	226	..	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	..	.	...	...	94	..	94	...	(b) 52	1	..	53	...	...	..	...	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 241 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 29[illegible] of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ; Calcutta, the 29th Jan. 1919.

J. J. BOURKE, LT.-COL., I.M.S., Offg. Master of the Mint.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATION.

In cancellation of the previous notification giving the dates for the different Examinations of the Benares Hindu University it is hereby notified that the following dates have now been fixed for the commencement of the Examinations of this University :—

1. The Admission, Intermediate, B.A. & B.Sc., and L.T. Examinations will be held on Monday, the 21st April 1919 and following days.
2. The Praveshika Examination will be held on Monday, the 28th April 1919 and following days.
3. The M.A. & M.Sc. Examinations will be held on Monday, the 21st July 1919 and following days.

"The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, B.A., L.L.B., has been elected Pro-Vice-Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University for the residue of the term of Rai G. N. Chakravarti Bahadur, M.A., L.L.B., I.S.O., resigned."

BRAJ NARAIN GURTU,
Registrar.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 29th January 1919.

No. 796.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 791, dated the 9th October 1918, Captain W. E. Perry, M.C., R.E. Officiating Deputy Superintendent, is granted special medical leave for 2 months and 22 days, with effect from the 1st May 1918, under the Government of India, Finance Department letter No. 811-C. S R., dated the 4th September 1917.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, DELHI.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 27th January 1919.

No. 600-E.—Lieutenant W. H. Sawyer, Officer of the Indian Army Reserve, whose services have been temporarily placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, assumed charge of his duties in the 2nd Circle of Superintendence, Public Works Department, Delhi, to which he is posted on special duty, on the forenoon of the 18th December 1918.

No. 602-E.—Second-Lieutenant G. W. M. Ball, Officer of the Indian Army Reserve, whose services have been temporarily placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, assumed charge of his duties in the 2nd Circle of Superintendence, Public Works Department, Delhi, to which he is posted on special duty, on the forenoon of the 26th December 1918.

H. T. KEELING,
Secretary.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Sabour, the 24th January 1919.

No. 582-C.—Mr. Jahangir Fardunji Dastur, M.Sc., First Assistant to the Imperial Mycologist, Pusa, is granted, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three weeks with effect from the 15th January 1919.

J. MACKENNA,
Agricultural Adviser to the Govt. of India.

CURRENCY NOTE.

The following Currency Note of the Calcutta Circle is stated to have been destroyed and payment of its value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number. Any other person claiming a right to it is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTE WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of claimant.
		Rs.	
No. 012818 W.D 5 of 18-19 .	OB 3 23666 . .	50 .	Babu Dhirendra Nath Sarkar Superintendent of Excise, Sylhet

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT :
Calcutta, the 25th January 1919.

N. B. DEANE,
for Deputy Controller in charge Paper Currency.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTICE.

Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture spirit of the strength of 10 and 20° underproof (flavoured and plain) at the Quetta Government distillery, for a period two years from the 1st April 1919 to the 31st March 1921.

2. The total issue of country spirit from the Quetta distillery during recent years has been :—

Year.	QUANTITY IN GALLONS			
	10° UNDERPROOF		20° UNDERPROOF	
	Plain.	Flavoured.	Plain.	Flavoured.
1916-17	11,097	19,454	9,534	6
1917-18	10,590	21,976	7,967	36.
1st April to 30th September 1918 . .	4,800	15,124	2,760	3

3. Each tender must be sealed, and addressed to the Revenue Commissioner in Baluchi. tan, and must be accompanied by a deposit of rupees one thousand. The cover containin the tender should be super-cribed with the words " Tender for the exclusive right to manufa: ture country spirit at the Quetta Distillery," and should be sent so as to reach the Revenu Commissioner at Quetta before 12 o'clock noon on the 8th day of February 1919, after whic no tender will be considered The deposits of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned.

4. For full particulars and the form of tender apply to the Revenue Commissioner i Baluchistan.

A. B. DEW, Lieut.-Colonel,
Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

QUETTA,
The 21st January 1919.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 23rd January 1919.

No. 1029-*G.-Camp*.—Mr. Sarat Chandra Bhadra, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2r grade, in the office of the Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, is appointed as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, sub *pro tem.* in that office, with effect from the 26th Septembe 1918.

No. 1030-*G.-Camp.*—Mr. Moti Lal Ghose, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, reverted to his own grade, with effect from the 7th November 1918.

No. 1031-*G.-Camp.*—Mr. Moti Lal Ghose, Superintendent Temporary and Supernumerary in the office of the Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, is appointed as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, sub. *pro tem.*, in that office, with effect from the 3rd December 1918.

No. 1032-*G.-Camp.*—Mr. Ashutosh Banerjee, Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, is appointed as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, sub. *pro tem.*, in that office, with effect from the 6th January 1919.

The 29th January 1919.

No. 2027-*G.-Camp.*—Lieutenant J. Neill, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached to the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, was granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917 for 60 days, with effect from the 4th December 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 7th January 1919.

No. 12—1093.—The following draft of a Notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner on or after the 15th February, 1919.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner :—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following addition in the Ajmer-Merwara Petroleum Rules issued in this office Notification No. 1550-1093, dated the 14th October, 1909 :—

Chapter III of Part II, after rule 5, the following shall be inserted as rule 5-A :—

"5-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, the Local Government may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, omit, alter or add to any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of license."

The 24th January 1919.

No 77—985.—The Reverend A. B. Roberts is appointed to be Chaplain of Nasirabad with effect from the 31st December 1918.

By order,
H. C. GREENFIELD, I.C.S.,
for First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 27th January 1919.

No. 534-*C. & I.*—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 15th January 1919.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee. Srs.	Chts.	ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee. Srs.	Chts.
Wheat, white	5	8	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	7	0
" red	5	4	Maize	8	12
Barley	7	0	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	4 4	0 8
Rice, Best sort	2	8	Firewood	55	0
Rice, Common sort	3	0	Salt, Wholesale	..	
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)	5	8	Salt, Retail	15	0
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum)	4	4	Gur	4	0
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana)	.		Cotton (unginned)	...	
Kangni (Setaria Italica)	...				

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 15th January 1919.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82⅓ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees. Rs.	A.	P.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees. Rs.	A.	P.
Rice, unhusked	...			Cotton seed	..		
" husked	8	0	0	Ghi	78 73	0 0	0 0
Wheat, white	7	4	0	Flour (wheat)	7 7	4 8	0 0
" red	7	0	0				
Barley	5	8	0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8	0	0
Oats	...			Turmeric (unground)	18	0	0
Jowar	7	0	0	Salt	2	8	0
Bajra	9	0	0	Raw hides (cow)	50	0	0
Maize	5	12	0	Bran	4	0	0
Gram	5	8	0	Grass (dry)	3	0	0
Arhar Dál	9	8	0	Bhusa (white)	2	8	0
Linseed	7	0	0	Jowar stalks	...		
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	8	0	0	Bengal coal	1	2	0
Poppy-seed	...			Kerosine oil (per tin Sovereign mark)	3	11	3
Til (jinjili seed), white	15	0	0	Plough bullocks, per pair	300	0	0
" black	13	0	0				
Sugar (raw), Gur,	9	8	0	Sheep, per score	100	0	0
Cotton (cleaned)	50	0	0				

Delhi, the 27th January 1919.

No. 536-*Home*.—The following returns of births and deaths in the Delhi Province for the month of December 1918 are published for information :—

Division.	No.	Name of District or Municipal Towns.	Population according to the census of 1911. Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth registered. No. registered excluding still births.	Still born No.	Deaths Registered. Cholera. No. Registered.	Small-pox. No. Registered.	Plague. No. Registered.	Fever. No. Registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. No. Registered.	Respiratory disease. No. Registered.	Injuries including Suicide. No. Registered.	Other causes. No. Registered.	Total all causes. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	Total of corresponding month of previous year. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Delhi Province.		District excluding Delhi Municipal Town.	102,699	88,486	191.185	602	3	...	...		1,275	2	122	1	9	684	725	1 409	304	315	619	
		Total of corresponding month of previous year.	102,699	88,486	191,185	883	3	...	5	..	415	9	171	6	13	304	315	619		..	..	
		Increase	.	.	...	..	..	..	.		560					380	410	790				
		or Decrease	...	...	..	281		...	5	.	..	7	49	5	4					...	...	

Division.	No.	District excluding towns.	Population according to the census of 1911. Male.	Female.	Total.	Births registered. No. registered excluding still births.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum of population.	Still born No.	Deaths registered. Cholera. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Small-pox. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Plague. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Fever. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Dysentery & Diarrhœa. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Respiratory disease. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Injuries including suicide. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Other causes. No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Total all causes. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	Total of corresponding month of previous year. Number. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000 per annum.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Delhi Province.	-	Delhi Municipality	129,521	95,950	225.471	924	49·18	14	...	...	...	...		...	326	17·35	22	1·17	336	17·3	5	0·27	81	4·31	38[illegible]	372	760	40·45	334	347	681	36·24	
		Total of corresponding month of previous year.	129,521	95,950	225,471	1,045	55·62	29	...	...	...	...	1	0·05	269	14·32	22	1·17	280	14·90	5	0·27	104	5 54	334	347	631	36·24	...	...	...	...	
		Increase or	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	3·03	...	...	46	2 45	...	...	...	...	54	25	79	4·21	...	...	...	...	
		Decrease	...	...	...	121	6·44	15	...		..	...	1	0·05	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	23	1·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

The 29th January 1919.

No. 573-*C. & I.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules for the importation, possession and transport of petroleum in the province of Delhi, published with Punjab Government Notification No. 90, dated the 15th February 1909:—

Amendment.

In Chapter III of Part II of the said rules, after rule 5 the following shall be inserted as rule 5A:—

"5-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5 the Local Government may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, omit, alter or add to any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of license."

No. 577-*Home.*—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending the 15th January 1919, is published for information:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Rural Circles in the Province.	Deaths registered in previous half months.	Total in present half month.	Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.
P. S. Alipur	183	57	...	...	...	51	.	6	...	...	...	...	7	6	13
Nangloi	71	34	...	...	...	21	1	12	...	...	...	...	6	4	10
Najafgarh	62	45	.	...	..	30	...	13	...	...	2	...	7	13	20
Subzimundi	4	3	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	.	...		...	1	1
Paharganj	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
Mehrauli	56	45	..	...	...	39	...	6	..	..	...	...	5	3	8
Raisina	15	12	...	...	...	12	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Shahdara	25	40	...	15	...	24	...	1	...	...	.	...	5	5	10
New Cantonment	33	21	...	...	...	18	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	3	3
Total of the District	452	250	..	15	...	199	1	41	...	...	3	...	30	36	66

No. 578-*Home.*—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 18th January 1919, is published for information:—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
	Delhi	225,471	102	79	181	95	72	167	...	...	...	68	4	69	1	5	...	34	20	54	41·74	38·51
	Notified Area	3,678	1	1	2	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28·31	...
	Total	229,144	103	80	183	95	72	167	...	...	-	68	4	69	1	5	...	34	20	54	41·52	37·89

No. 581-*Education*.—In exercise of the powers vested in the Local Government in that behalf by Section 5, Sub-Section (3) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare that the area described in his Notification No. 7551-Education, dated the 26th October 1918, and the schedule annexed thereto is included within the limits of the Delhi Civil Station Notified Area.

C. A. BARRON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 24th January 1919.

No. 315-*D*.—Lieutenant R. D. Thompson, 62nd Punjabis, assumed charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, on the forenoon of the 6th January 1919.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 27th January 1919.

No. 393-*D*.—The Reverend Canon H. C. S. Anstey, Chaplain of Mhow, is granted combine leave for 13 months and 28 days (privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for 10 months and 28 days) under Articles 583 (*a*) and 593, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st February 1919 or such subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it

By order, etc.,

P. NANDLAL,

for First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.
In Insolvency.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in the Official Assignee of this court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

No. of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, address and description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination.
225 of 1918 .	18th December 1918.	T. V. Ramanujam Chetty, residing at No. 44, Strotton Muthiah Mudelly Street, George Town, Madras.	18th December 1918	14th February 1919.
230 of 1918 .	20th December 1918.	T. S. Rajagopala Iyer residing at No. 3-4, Muthu Kalathi Chetty Street, Triplicane, Madras.	20 th December 1918	10th February 1919.
4 of 1919 .	8th January 1919.	P. T. Venkatachella Chetty, P. T. V. Thammana Chetty, P. T. Chokalinga Chetty and K. Chokalingam Chetty carrying on business under the name, style and firm of P. T. Venkatachellam Chetty and Sons at No. 26, Adiappa Naick Street, Sowcarpet, Madras.	9th January 1919 .	

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, Madras, 22nd January 1919.

J. R. ATKINSON,

Deputy Registrar.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 145 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 11th January 1919.

In the matter of Khoo Thian San and Lee Guan Leong, Shop-keepers, 14, Oliphant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Khoo Thian San and Lee Guan Leong, insolvents, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 153 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 14th January 1919.

In the matter of Mg San Shwe, Clerk, residing at No. 37, 24th Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mg San Shwe, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 154 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 14th January 1919.

In the matter of Khoda Bux, Fish Seller, residing at No. 207, Merchant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Khoda Bux, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 155 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 15th January 1919.

In the matter of S. Nandi, clerk, No. 31, Oliphant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said S. Nandi, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 158 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 13th January 1919.

In the matter of A. K. Nagoor Gunny, Butcher, residing at No. 60, in 121st Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said A. K. Nagoor Gunny an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 176 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 10th January 1919.

In the matter of A. M. Ismail, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. M. Ismail, Broker, of No. 31, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 18th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 10th day of January 1919, against the said A. M. Ismail.

CASE No. 4 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 9th January 1919.

In the matter of C. K. Mudaliar, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Cuthampakum Kothandapany Mudaliar, Licensed Petition Writer, residing at No. 42, in 122nd Street, Kalabaistee, Rangoon, on the 7th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Cuthampakum Kothandapany Mudaliar.

CASE No. 5 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 15th January 1919.

In the matter of Ab dool Kareem Jeewa, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Ahmed Ebrahim Bros., a firm of No. 12, Edward Street of Rangoon, a creditor of Abdool Kareem Jeewa, of No. 12, China Street, Rangoon, on the 9th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of Insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Abdool Ka reem Jeewa, was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 13th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 6 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 10th January 1919.

In the matter of Maung San Kyaw, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung San Kyaw, unemployed, residing at No. 4, Dawnagyaung Quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 9th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung San Kyaw.

CASE No. 7 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 14th January 1919.

In the matter of P. R. Kasad, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. R. Kasad, General Merchant and Commission Agent, residing at No. 1, Strand Road, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said P. R. Kasad.

CASE No. 8 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of R. Viswanatha Iyer, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by R. Viswanatha Iyer, Coffee Stall keeper, residing at No. 19-B., Bigandet Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said R. Viswanatha Iyer.

CASE No. 9 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of Chin Ba Thoung, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chin Ba Thoung, clerk, residing at No. 25, in 13th Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chin Ba Thoung.

CASE No. 10 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of G. C. Francis, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by George Chrysostom Francis, Telegraphist, residing at No. 5, Judah Ezekiel Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said George Chrysostom Francis.

CASE No. 11 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 16th January 1919.

In the matter of Boddu Sinnavadu, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Boddu Sinnavadu, Cooly, of No. 23, 10th Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Boddu Sinnavadu.

CASE No. 12 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 17th January 1919.

In the matter of M. M. Sheerazee, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by M. M. Sheerazee, unemployed, residing at No. 57-58, Spark Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 15th day of January 1919, against the said M. M. Sheerazee.

CASE No. 13 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 20th January 1919.

In the matter of G. S. Money Naidoo, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by G. S. Money Naidoo, Letter Painter, No. 66, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 20th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said G. S. Money Naidoo.

CASE No. 14 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 22nd January 1919.

In the matter of S. N. Bose, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Sailendra Nath Bose, Clerk, residing at No. 46 in 37th Street, Rangoon, on the 21st day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Sailendra Nath Bose.

CASE No. 15 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 23rd January 1919.

In the matter of Yussoof Ahmed and Ahmed Mohamed, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Yussoof Ahmed and Ahmed Mohamed, of No. 253, Surati C. Bara Bazaar, Rangoon, on the 21st day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Yussoof Ahmed and Ahmed Mohamed.

CASE No. 16 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 23rd January 1919.

In the matter of R. Maduray, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by R. Maduray, son of Raghanan, Boy, residing at No. 2, Suratee Gardens, Boundary Road, Rangoon, on the 22nd day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said R. Maduray.

CASE No. 17 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 25th January 1919.

In the matter of the Firm of Tong Hin & Co., Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Finlay Fleming Co. of Rangoon, Creditors of the Firm of Tong Hin & Co., carrying on business at No. 56, China Street, Rangoon, on the 24th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Firm of Tong Hin & Co., was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 24th day of January 1919.

E. W. W. XAVIER,

Offg. Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No. 16 OF 1919.

Rahim Bax, son of Ramzoo, Musalman, fruit seller of Ajmer . Applicant, Insolvent,

versus

	Debt. Rs.	A.	P.
1. Surajmal, son of Jellimed, Mahajan, Beawar . . .	450	0	0
2. The Municipal Committee, Beawar	400	0	0
3. Babu Beharilal, Vakil, Beawar	110	0	0
4. Phul Chand, son of Raja Ram, Mahajan, Beawar . .	......		
5. Chagunmal, son of Birdli Chand, Mahajan of Beawar .	120	0	0
6. Kazi Abdul Haq, son of Kazi Mohamed Kasim, Beawar .	40	0	0
7. Sawaimal, Mahajan, Beawar	5	0	0
8. Hassan, son of Chotoo, Fruit seller, Ajmer . . .	115	0	0
9. Sheikh Wazir Hossain, son of Sheikh Amerullah, Ajmer .	350	0	0
10. Sheikh Imamuddin, son of Sheikh Aminuddin, Ajmer .	135	0	0
TOTAL .	1,795	0	0

The applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 and the application will be heard on 17th February 1919 at 11 A.M. The Creditors are hereby informed to appear before the Court on the date fixed and oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court, this 20th January 1919.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

In Insolvency.

Summary Case.

No. 121 OF 1918.

Dated the 29th January 1919.

Re Soshi Bhusan Mitter.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 4th day of March 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 8 OF 1919.

Dated the 27th January 1919.

Re Harish Chandra Dutt, residing at No. 16, Fakir Chand Chuckerbutty's Street, in the town of Calcutta, and working for gain, formerly as a clerk of Messieurs G. M. Layalka and Company of Royal Exchange, Calcutta, and at present as a share broker.

Ex parte the debtor.

Babu Promotho Nath Banerjee, Insolvent's Attorney.

On the 24th day of January 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) :—

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of presentation of petitions: Day.	Month.	Year.	Date of the adjudication: Day.	Month.	Year.
51—1919	Nanchaud Khetsy Mistry	Hindu	Sleater Road	Lately mistry, and now unemployed	20th	January	1919	20th	January	1919
52—1919	Leo Thomas Abbuqurque	Native Christian	Sankli Street, Byculla	Formerly commission agent in mill stores and speculator in shares of Joint Stock Companies, and now unemployed.	21st	,,	,,	21st	,,	,,
50—1919	Shrinivas Ramchandra Harpanhalli.	Hindu	Thakurdwar	Lately manufacturer and dealer in frames, etc., under the name of Harpanhalli & Co., and now unemployed.	20th	,,	,,	22nd	,,	,,
53—1919	Tribhowandas Hargowandas Sha	,,	Lion	Unemployed	22nd	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
54—1919	Mangaldas Tribhowandas Sha	,,	Lion	Law student	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
57—1919	Shamsoodin Abdul Kader Bora	Mahomedan	Parsi Galli	Lately trading in partnership with Akbarali Sarafali Bora and Rajabali Mahomedali Bora as iron merchants under the name, style and firm of Abdul Kayum Jiwabhoi, and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
58—1919	Nicholas Xavier Correa	Portuguese	159, Girgaum Road	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Fort.	23rd	,,	,,	23rd	,,	,,
56—1919	Mathuradas Morarji Thacker	Hindu	Malad	Lately dealer in piece-goods under the name of Mathuradas Morarji at Gopal Gali in the Mulji Jetha market, and now unemployed.	22nd	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
55—1919	Popatlal Prabhooji Kandalia	,,	Koombhartookda	Lately general merchant and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
59—1919	Louis D'Silva	Anglo-Indian	Parbhadevi Road	Guard in the B., B. & C. I. Railway	24th	,,	,,	24th	,,	,,
60—1919	Sorabji Pestonji Vessoowalla	Parsi	Wadala	Engine driver in the Bombay Port Trust Railway.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
61—1919	Narsilal Vithaldas Gujjar	Hindu	Matharpathadi, Mazagon	Carpenter	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
62—1919	Mangal Shivdayal Pardeshi	,,	Bhendy Bazar	Lately petty dealer in sweet-meat in partnership with Asaram Shivdayal (since deceased) in the name of Asaram Mangal, and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
63—1919	Savaksha Hormusji, Wine Merchant.	Parsi	Pakmodia Street	Lately petty dealer in wines, etc., and now officiator in the employ of Hormusji Dorabji.	27th	,,	,,	27th	,,	,,

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 27th day of January 1919.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

No. 233 OF 1917.

The 27th August 1918.

Re Vasanji Dewji Thucker and Damodar Dewji Thucker, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Old Modikhana, lately Cotton Muccadums in partnership under the name and firm of Vasanji Dewji and Company and now unemployed, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 7th day of May 1917 against the said Insolvents has been this day annulled.

R. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

SUIT No. 1 OF 1919.

The 28th January 1919.

In the matter of Insolvency of Sukh Lal, son of Rur Mal, caste Agarwal of Delhi, Deputy Ganj, Debtor.

Whereas Nundu Mal, son of Harnam Das of Delhi, a Creditor of the said debtor has made application to this Court under Section 11 (2) Act 3 of 1907 for an order that the above named debtor be adjudicated insolvent.

Notice is hereby given to the other Creditors, if any, and to the Insolvent that the said application will be heard at Delhi on the 7th day of February 1919 at 10 o'clock.

TOPAN RAM,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Desertor or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, the Duke of Wellington's Regiment, dated at Burhan, this 19th day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—20010, Private M. Cohen.
Age—22 years.
Height—5 feet 4 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, dark; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—3rd October 1915.

Parish and County in which born—No record.
Date of Desertion or absence—6th January 1919.
Place of Desertion or absence—Burhan (Failed to rejoin from Rawalpindi)
Marks,—Slim build, slight stoop, slightly bow-legged, clean shaven, Jewish appearance, false (front) teeth. Under four years' service.

A. O. L. DAVIS, Captain and Adjutant, for Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 8th Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached Detachment, 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment, dated at Arsenal Barracks, Kirkee, this 22nd day of January 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—37351, Actg. L-Cpl. Laurie R. Bell.
Age—25 years.
Height—About 5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, dark; eyes, dark.
Date of Enlistment—7th October 1915.
Place of Enlistment—Not known.

Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or Absence—Midnight, 16th January 1919.
Place of Desertion or Absence—Arsenal Barracks, Kirkee.
Marks—Scratches on right eye caused by barbed wire (recent injury).

C. F. BEECHING, Major,
Commanding Det. 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS, 2ND (RAWALPINDI) DIVISION.

List of Government promissory notes and other securities remaining in deposit with the Controller of Military Accounts, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division, on 31st December 1918, on account of security deposits of contractors, etc.

No.	Designation of officer from whom received and to whom interest is sent.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.										
		3 per cent. 1896-97.	3½ per cent. 1842-43.	3½ per cent. 1854-55.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3½ per cent. 1879.	3½ per cent. 1900-01.	5½ per cent. India War Loan of 1921.	5½ per cent. India War Loan of 1928.	Post Office Savings Bank Pass Book.	Bank deposit receipts.	TOTAL.
	On which interest is drawn.											
1	Divisional Disbursing Officer, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division.	7,700	300	2,400	15,300	100	14,000	..	...	...	...	39,800
2	Messrs. Incha Ram & Co., Bankers	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,000	34,000	...	...	64,000
	Total	7,700	300	2,400	15,300	100	14,000	30,000	34,000	...	...	1,03,800
	Safe Custody.											
3	Divisional Disbursing Officers, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48,005	48,005
4	Messrs. Incha Ram & Co., Bankers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	20
	TOTAL		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	48,005	48,025

RAWALPINDI:
Dated the 27th January 1919.

A. W. DALDY, MAJOR,
C. M. A., Accounts Branch, 2nd Division.

H D

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 27th January 1919.

No. 675-*T*.—Mr. H. R. W. Charles, Assistant Director-General, Telegraph Traffic, on leave, reverts to the third grade of the first division of the Superior Traffic Branch with effect from the 17th January 1919.

Calcutta, the 30th January 1919.

No. 831-*T*.—Mr. J. A. B. Jennings, Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master with effect from the 7th December 1918.

No. 834-*T*.—Mr. A. Cabral, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, and Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, on probation, with effect from the 29th October 1918.

Mr. W. Halge, Telegraph Master and Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, on probation with effect from the 29th October 1918.

Mr. J. A. Howse, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, with effect from the 29th October 1918.

Mr. A. Eaton, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, with effect from the 29th October 1918.

No 838-*T*.—Mr. P. J. D'Mello, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, and Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, on probation with effect from the 17th December 1918.

Mr. A. E. Benjamin, Telegraph Master and Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, on probation with effect from the 17th December 1918.

No. 842-*T*. -Mr. W. L. Webster, Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 9th December 1918.

Mr. G. E. D'Souza, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, during the absence of Mr. Webster.

No. 845-*T*.—Mr. S. A. Martelli, Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 16th December 1918.

Mr. J. A. Fernie, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, during the absence of Mr. Martelli.

No. 848-*T*.—Mr. P. Hierlehey, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, has been granted privilege leave for forty-two days with effect from the 14th December 1918.

Mr. R. Sutcliffe, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. Hierlehey.

No. 851-*T*.—Mr. T. G. Slark, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 19th December 1918.

Mr. S. J. J. Garson, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. Slark.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(POST OFFICE.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th January 1919.

No. 240-*Tl*. – It is hereby notified that with effect from Saturday, the 11th January 1919, unregistered postal articles of the letter mail intended for transmission by the mail steamer sailing on Saturday of each week with the outward foreign mails for Europe, may be posted at the Bombay General Post Office between 4 A. M. and 8 A. M. on Saturdays on payment of a special late letter fee of two annas in addition to the postage.

2. The late letter fee shall be prepaid in the same way as the postage, *i.e.*, by means of postage stamps affixed to the postal articles.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 30th January 1919.

No. 551-*E.-E.*—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Telegraph Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified:—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. J. J. Figredo	Inspecting Telegraphist	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	30th November 1918.

Calcutta, the 31st January 1919.

No. 558-*E.-E.*—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Telegraph Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name	From	To	With effect from
Mr. J. A. Lawrie	Inspecting Telegraphist	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	22nd November 1918.

No. 561-*E.-E.*—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Telegraph Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name	From	To	With effect from
Mr. St. John Jackson	Inspecting Telegraphist	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	22nd December 1918.

No. 564-*E.-E.*—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Telegraph Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name	From	To	With effect from
Mr. M. A. Aziz	Inspecting Telegraphist	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating	6th December 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

REGISTERED No. C. 696.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letters Nos. $\frac{376 \text{ C. P.}}{\text{F. 1}}$ & $\frac{377 \text{ C. P.}}{\text{F. 1.}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 100 each originally issued in the name of Himmatram Marwadi, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letters and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—HIMMATRAM MARWADI,

Residence—Sankra Tahsil Balod-Sanjari, District Drug.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 1408—$\frac{\text{C. P.}}{\text{F. 1}}$—of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500, originally issued to Gajadbarsao Bani, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—GAJADHARSAO BANI,

Residence—Of Mungeli, Central Provinces, Nilkant,
Benares (Present Address).

LOST.

The upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 020434 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 300, originally standing in the name of J. Hutchison and last endorsed to Major H. Herries Crosbie, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—GRINDLAY & Co.,
Residence—Bankers and Agents, Bombay.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{1406 \text{ C. P.}}{\text{F. I.}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Son Raj Sultan Chand, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—SON RAJ SULTAN CHAND,
Residence—Mungeli, District Bilaspur, Central Provinces.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{\text{2435-P}}{\text{F. I \& 2}}$ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 600, originally issued in the names of Ghanumal, Karnumal, Gangamal, Beharimal, Pokhermal, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of Advertisers—GHANUMAL, KARNUMAL, GANGAMAL, BEHARIMAL, POKHERMAL,
Residence—Village Bulandpur, Mailsi (Multan).

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 175723, 175724 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01, for Rs. 5,000 each, originally standing in the name of Hari Charan Ganguli, and last endorsed to Haridas Chatterjee, and Note No. 231104 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01, for Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of Hari Das Chatterjee, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor's administratrix. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

BIBHUTI BHUSAN BANERJEE, Pleader,
Judge's Court, Alipore,
for my Client,
Anila Bala Debi, Administratrix,
of the estate of late Haridas Chatterjee, of
Nangi, 24-Parganas.
15-1, Circular Garden Reach Road, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

LOST, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED.

The Temporary Scrip for bearer Bond No. 3772 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of F. M. Willan and blank endorsed by her has been stolen; payment of the above Temporary Scrip and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor.

Name of the Advertiser—F. M. WILLAN,
Residence—Convent of S. Mary, Panch Howd, Poona.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 783 Bom. of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Rupchand Tansukhdas, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—RUPCHAND TANSUKHDAS,

Residence—Phulpota Taluka Rotodero.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 085340 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 2,000 originally standing in the name of Troilokya Nath Guin, Boikanta Nath Guin and Broja Nath Guin, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—TROILOKYA NATH GUIN,
BOIKANTA NATH GUIN AND BROJA NATH GUIN,

Residence—Nimtollah, P. O. Ghantal, District Midnapore.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. $\frac{380 \text{ C. P.}}{1}$ of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Purshottam Lal, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—G. L. MUKERJI,

Residence—Treasury Officer, Chhindwara, C. P.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 322083, dated 16th December 1918, of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,722-11. The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for Duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—KAMALA DEVI,

Address—77, Russa Road North, Bhowanipur, Calcutta.

Estate Major R. Hodgins, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Robert Hodgins, Major in the Burma Military Police who died at Shaftesbury House, Formby, Lancashire, on 1st February 1919 Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to George Henry McCausland of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 22nd February next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

G. H. McCAUSLAND,
Administrator to Estate.

CALCUTTA.
The 11th January 1919.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. G. 029857 and 58 and No. F. 011887, of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928 for Rs. 1,000 each, and 500 respectively originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, and last endorsed to Lalit Mohan Banerjee, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—LALIT MOHAN BANERJEE,

Resident—4, Kyd Street.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 54 U.P./1 of the 5½ per cent War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 1,000 originally issued in the name of Yusuf Ali Khan, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—YUSUF ALI KHAN,

Residence—Municipal Commissioner, Sikandra Rao, District Aligarh.

THE DIAMOND JUBILEE FLOUR MILLS CO. LD., DELHI.

(In Liquidation).

AUCTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that under the orders of the District Judge, Delhi, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction the above Mills (in complete working order) at the premises of the Mills at 10 A.M. on 1st March 1919 and the following days.

Terms of Auction.

Mills will be sold to the highest bidder subject to the sanction of the Court.

The purchaser will have to pay one-fourth of the bid-money at once, the balance within a fortnight after the sanction of the Court.

In case of failure to pay the balance within the period of 15 days as aforesaid, the deposit made by the purchaser shall be forfeited and the property will be put to sale and the defaulting purchaser will bear any loss accruing on resale, but shall not be entitled to any excess in price.

A portion of the land underneath the Mills measuring about 4,00 0 yards is held by the Company on a lease for 99 years commencing from 1st August 1898, on a monthly rent of Rs. 100, and the lease can be inspected at the Official Liquidator's Office. The situation is excellent being close to the Dufferin Bridge, near the main Railway Station.

The rights of the present Lessees of the said Mills have been determined by an order of the District Judge, Delhi, dated 6th January 1919, a copy of which can be seen at the Liquidator's Office, as also a copy of the order of the Chief Court, Punjab, dated 31st July 1918, cancelling the previous sale of the Mills and authorising a fresh sale.

Inspection of the premises and of all deeds and documents relating to property and all enquiries can be made at the Office of the Official Liquidator at Pati Ram Street, Delhi, by appointment

SRI RAM, Official Liquidator,

Peti Ram Street, Delhi.

The 7th January 1919.

Estate H. Coupland, I.C.S., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Herbert Coupland of the Indian Civil Service, late of Daltonganj, Palamau, who died on 9th August 1918 at 25, Park Square, Leeds, Yorkshire, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to William Frank Mackay of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 24th February next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

W. F. MACKAY.

CALCUTTA;

The 18th January 1919.

REGISTERED No. C. 690.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

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OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

RETURN SHOWING the WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES of CEREALS, PULSES, OILSEEDS, SUGAR (RAW), SALT, ETC., in INDIA by DISTRICTS for the FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 31ST DECEMBER 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA
January 28, 1919

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Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with the previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 31st December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Province	Rice common (Oryza Sativa)		Wheat (Triticum Sativum)		Barley (Hordeum Vulgare)		Jawar (Andropogon Sorghum)		Maize (Zea Mays)		Gram (Cicer arietinum)		Arhar dāl (Cajanus Indicus)		Ghi		Raw Sugar (Gur)		Salt	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 31st December of																			
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma	100	140	100	158	...	...	100	123	...	...	100	130	100	140	100	125	...	...	100	98
Assam	100	164	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	127	100	110	100	77
Bengal	100	163	100	132	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	157	100	170	100	107	100	98	100	72
Bihar and Orissa	100	183	100	142	100	156	100	203	100	210	100	180	100	161	100	98	100	100	100	65
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	151	100	137	100	173	100	177	100	179	100	175	100	181	100	121	100	136	100	62
Delhi	...	...	100	139	100	145	100	209	100	167	100	153	100	245	100	108	100	173	100	67
Punjab	100	165	100	130	100	133	100	156	100	127	100	114	100	141	100	122	100	150	100	118
North-West Frontier Province	100	175	100	110	100	123	100	154	100	104	100	105	100	106	100	180	100	144	100	120
Sind and Baluchistan	100	158	100	127	100	129	100	154	100	106	...	...	100	111	100	121	...	...	100	93
Bombay	100	154	100	151	100	137	100	209	...	...	100	143	100	137	100	160	100	107	100	72
Central Provinces and Berar	100	185	100	153	...	...	100	184	...	...	100	159	100	188	100	131	...	...	100	79
Madras	100	154	...	...	...	...	100	135	...	...	100	160	100	149	100	139	100	109	100	99
Average India { Unweighted	100	163	100	138	100	142	100	170	100	148	100	148	100	157	100	124	100	125	100	85
Average India { Weighted	100	163	100	136	100	162	100	176	100	171	100	152	...	...	...	...	100	127	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, the rise in the prices of all food grains in all the reporting provinces, except in the case of maize in Sind and Baluchistan, continues, the most noticeable increases being in rice in the Central Provinces and Berar and Bihar and Orissa, in wheat in Burma and the Central Provinces and Berar, in barley in the United Provinces, in jawar in Delhi, the Bombay Presidency, and Bihar and Orissa, in maize and gram in Bihar and Orissa, and in arhar dāl in Delhi. The rise in the price of ghi in the Bombay Presidency and of raw sugar (*gur*) in Delhi is noteworthy. The fall in the prices of salt in the United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa and Delhi is also noticeable.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with the previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 31st December, 1918, as compared with the preceding fortnight.

Province	Rice common (Oryza Sativa)		Wheat (Triticum Sativum)		Barley (Hordeum Vulgare)		Jawar (Andropogon Sorghum)		Maize (Zea Mays)		Gram (Cicer arietinum)		Arhar dāl (Cajanus Indicus)		Ghi		Raw Sugar (Gur)		Salt	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending																			
	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918	15th Dec. 1918	31st Dec. 1918
Burma	100	98	100	100	...	...	100	108	...	...	100	102	100	109	100	100	...	...	100	100
Assam	100	95	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	99	100	94	100	100
Bengal	100	94	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	100	100
Bihar and Orissa	100	100	100	104	100	100	100	117	100	111	100	105	100	100	100	101	100	100	100	100
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	100	100	101	100	101	100	99	100	103	100	101	100	112	100	103	100	107	100	98
Delhi	...	...	100	104	100	100	100	115	100	112	100	106	100	112	100	100	100	100	100	100
Punjab	100	106	100	107	100	104	100	108	100	104	100	103	100	100	100	102	100	98	100	99
North-West Frontier Province	100	103	100	101	100	104	100	111	100	106	100	98	100	100	100	105	100	105	100	101
Sind and Baluchistan	100	71	100	100	100	103	100	182	100	100	100	104	100	100	100	103	100	107	100	103
Bombay	100	105	100	105	100	100	100	106	...	...	100	96	100	101	100	99	100	99	100	85
Central Provinces and Berar	100	98	100	98	...	...	100	88	...	...	100	88	100	100	100	100	...	...	100	88
Madras	100	97	...	...	...	...	100	100	...	...	100	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	94
Average, India { Unweighted	100	97	100	102	100	102	100	108	100	106	100	109	100	103	100	101	100	101	100	97
Average, India { Weighted	100	97	100	103	100	102	100	101	100	103	100	101	...	...	...	...	100	108	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of jawar in Sind and Baluchistan and Bihar and Orissa, and the fall in that of rice in Sind and Baluchistan are noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82¼ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending the 31st December of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

Marts	Wheat (Triticum sativum)			Rice (common) (Oryza sativa)			Jawar Andropogon sorghum)			Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum)			Gram (Cicer arietinum)		
	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
Calcutta	7 4 0	5 8 0	4 12 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	...	...	...	...	..	...	5 0 0	3 8 0	3 6
Bombay	8 15 11	6 14 1	5 8 1	6 14 6	5 4 9	4 14 1	9 8 0	5 2 0	3 2 0	11 10 3	5 8 1	3 9 7	6 0 6	4 0 4	3 14
Karachi	7 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	3 2 0	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	8 7 6	5 1 9	5 13 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9 5	4 12
Rangoon	...	...	...	4 4 9	3 1 3	3 9 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7 5	3 8 0	3 14
Dacca	...	...	...	5 0 0	3 6 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Patna	6 2 6	4 12 0	4 0 0	6 2 6	3 3 0	3 5 0	4 11 9	2 5 0	2 1 0	...	4 0 0	3 5 0	5 0 0	2 10 6	3 1 0
Ranchi	8 0 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	6 0 0	4 0 0	4 12 0	...	..	...	...	...	...	6 4 0	3 8 0	4 2 0
Cuttack	9 6 7	5 5 4	5 1 5	5 9 0	3 6 2	3 15 4	...	...	...	.	...	...	6 1 6	4 5 7	4 1 2
Benares	6 9 2	4 11 5	4 12 11	6 9 2	4 6 5	5 0 1	5 10 3	3 5 4	2 14 0	6 10 8	3 5 4	3 4 2	5 10 3	2 14 11	3 1 11
Cawnpore	6 10 8	5 0 0	4 7 0	7 2 0	5 4 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	3 2 0	2 9 0	7 8 0	3 13 0	3 1 0	5 11 0	3 3 0	3 0 0
Meerut	6 6 0	4 13 7	4 7 0	6 14 9	4 11 4	5 12 6	5 9 0	3 3 2	2 13 9	8 6 6	3 10 2	3 5 2	5 5 6	3 14 5	3 4 3
Agra	6 13 9	5 5 4	5 2 6	8 13 7	6 2 6	6 6 4	5 0 11	3 0 3	2 15 4	7 3 2	4 0 0	2 13 8	5 8 7	3 7 9	3 7 7
Lucknow	6 15 3	5 0 0	4 9 3	6 15 3	4 0 0	4 1 9	5 8 3	3 1 2	2 12 2	...	3 5 4	2 13 9	5 5 4	2 13 9	2 12 2
Ferozepur	6 6 6	5 0 0	4 3 6	9 6 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	...	..	...	...	..	...	4 9 3	3 13 0	3 3 5
Lahore	6 6 6	5 0 0	4 5 3	8 0 0	4 13 6	4 7 0	...	3 7 6	3 2 3	7 10 0	4 3 3	3 3 3	4 9 3	4 0 0	3 7 6
Amritsar	6 4 3	4 10 0	4 2 0	8 8 0	5 4 6	5 3 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 11 9	3 14 6	3 5 0
Rawalpindi	6 10 9	5 2 6	4 6 0	8 14 3	4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 3	3 5 3	2 8 0	7 4 3	3 6 6	3 5 3	5 13 6	4 0 0	3 8 0
Lyallpur	6 14 0	4 14 0	4 3 0	8 0 0	5 11 0	5 8 0	...	...	...	7 8 0	...	3 4 0	4 11 0	...	3 8 0
Ambala	6 10 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	9 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	...	2 12 0	2 10 0	...	3 12 6	3 10 0	4 15 0	3 15 0	3 4 0
Delhi	6 14 0	4 15 4	4 9 0	...	6 4 0	5 10 0	7 5 0	3 8 0	3 0 0	9 8 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	5 5 0	3 7 8	3 8 0
Peshawar	5 4 5	4 15 4	4 4 9	9 4 5	5 9 1	5 9 5	...	...	...	...	3 9 10	5 4	4 4 9	4 2 1	3 11
Quetta	4 13 6	5 7 0	5 5 0	...	...	...	4 12 0	4 1 0	8 7 6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	...	8 8 4	6 0 9	5 15 1	10 4 5	...	2 8 6	11 1 9	5 5 7	3 9 9	7 13 9	4 12 4	3 10 1
Ahmednagar	8 15 5	5 13 10	3 8 1	...	...	...	8 13 5	4 2 9	2 1 0	...	5 4 9	2 15 5	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	8 4 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	9 0 0	7 4 0	6 14 0	...	...	...	10 0 0	5 0 0	2 13 0	6 8 0	4 0 0	3 10 0
Nagpur	8 3 10	4 14 5	4 1 11	10 0 1	4 9 10	4 3 1	5 10 1	3 9 2	2 10 11	...	...	...	6 2 0	3 7 6	3 8 4
Jubbulpur	6 10 8	5 2 7	4 6 0	7 9 11	3 10 2	4 7 1	4 11 4	3 1 2	2 13 8	...	...	...	5 2 7	3 10 2	3 10 5
Cocanada	...	...	...	5 0 10	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calicut	...	...	...	8 14 3	5 2 11	5 4 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER [The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds]

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1918	Rice, unhusked 1917	Rice, husked 1918	Rice, husked 1917	Wheat 1918	Wheat 1917	Flour (wheat) 1918	Flour (wheat) 1917	Barley 1918	Barley 1917	Jawar 1918	Jawar 1917	Bajra 1918	Bajra 1917
Burma*—														
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	45·71	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	32·99	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	43·84	27·47	86·49	45·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	42·95	30·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	46·04	37·87	160	95·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	42·67	28·88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	44·76	27·47	108·47	75·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	34·59	25·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	...	38·55	26·02	84·21	48·48	...	...	...	...	24·15	19·69	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	54·7	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	40	30·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*—														
Surma— Balaganj (Sylhet)	27·5	16·25	46·35	27·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	20	18·75	40	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	20	15	45	27·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—														
Eastern— Chittagong	26·25	...	55	37·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	27·5	17·5	50	33·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic— Calcutta	30	22·5	62·5	50	72·5	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Burdwan	26·25	16·87	56·25	33·75	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	27·5	15	52·5	28·75	90	57·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Pabna	30	16·87	55	30	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	20	17·5	45	42·5	70	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*—														
Bihár, north— Bhágalpore	32·5	20	60	32·66	65	45	...	...	36·25	24·37	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	30	18·75	66·56	40	66·56	44·37	...	...	38·12	22·19	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south— Patna	28·12	17·5	61·56	31·87	61·56	47·5	...	...	40	25	46·87	23·12	...	40
Orissa— Cuttack	21·77	12·19	55·62	33·85	94·11	53·83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA— *Eastern—* Benares	40·73	22·92	65·73	44·01	65·79	47·13	73·33	60·63	54·27	29·82	56·41	33·33	66·67	33·33
Central— Cawnpore	40	23·75	71·25	52·5	66·67	50	70	58·12	52·5	30	55	31·25	75	38·12
Jhánsi	...	...	71·09	50	69·53 and 72·71	47·03 and 54·22	...	...	47·81	29·69	56·67	34·9	...	...
Western— Meerut	...	...	69·22	47·08	68·75	48·49	69·58	55·16	46·87	29·63	55·62	31·98	84·06	36·35
Agra	40	...	88·49	61·16	68·59	53·33	82·31	66·56	50·88	33·26	56·2	30·16	71·98	40
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	46·25	21·25	78·75	41·87	71·25	44·87	81·87	[illegible]	51·25	29·37	...	...	69·37	35·81
(b) OUDH— *Southern—* Lucknow	...	...	69·53	40	69·53	50	80	57·13	51·72	29·63	55·16	30·73	...	33·33
Northern— Fyzabad†	...	25	...	45	...	47·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Districts	Ragi 1918	Ragi 1917	Maize 1918	Maize 1917	Gram 1918	Gram 1917	Arhar dál 1918	Arhar dál 1917	Oats 1918	Oats 1917	Cotton seed 1918	Cotton seed 1917	Linseed 1918	Linseed 1917	Mustard and rapeseed 1918	Mustard and rapeseed 1917
Burma—																
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	61·54	61·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	...	...	68·82	65·98	66·67	68·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	...	...	64·65	34·97	98·46	51·61	68·82	53·03	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	...	...	60	55·17	95·52	61·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	43·84	34·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	...	...	68·08	46·72	96·97	75·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	...	...	18·71	56·14	35·56	75·29	60·95	74·42	53·78	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	...	...	...	34·41	86·49	71·91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	...	...	88·88	76·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—																
Surma— Balaganj (Sylhet)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	50
Gauhati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	90	90	57·5
Bengal—																
Eastern— Chittagong	...	...	...	...	65	42·5	100	65	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	80
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	50	...	...	...	...	120	60	120	68·75
Deltaic— Calcutta	...	...	...	...	50	35	77·5	50	...	...	...	...	90	50	90	55
Western— Burdwan	...	...	...	...	53·75	30	85	44·37	...	...	...	...	...	60	120 to 125	52·5
Midnapur	...	...	...	...	57·5 to 70	38·75 to 42·5	90 to 100	50 to 65	...	...	...	...	100	46·25	125 to 140	62·5 to 75
Northern— Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	57·5	...	...	...	...	80	40	110	68·75
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	80	53·5	80	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	122·5	65
Bihar and Orissa																
Bihar, north— Bhágalpur	...	...	40	21·09	43·75	29·06	70	45	50	25	...	...	92·5	40	82·5 to 95	60 to 66·25
Muzaffarpur	...	...	44·37	20·62	50	26·56	61·56	40	57·19	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south— Patna	...	...	41·87	23·12	50	26·56	63·87	33·12	42·5	25	...	...	90	50	100	60
Orissa— Cuttack	...	...	...	...	60·94	43·49	90·16	47·03	...	38·07	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces																
(a) AGRA— *Eastern—* Benares	...	...	46·72	24·48	56·41	29·32	81·85	40·73	...	...	...	...	86·25	41·77	86·25	46·41
Central— Cawnpore	...	...	47·5	26·25	56·87	31·87	70	37·5	...	36·25	40	30·62	82·5	50	90	50
Jhánsi	...	...	45·68	...	55·62	34·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Meerut	...	...	50	30·78	53·44	39·01	66·25	38·07	...	...	...	...	80	...	76·25	51·61
Agra	...	...	45·73	30·16	55·36	34·84	72·5	50	...	...	16·2	40	90	50	101·25	40
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	...	...	48·75	...	56·25	31·25	...	33·12	...	...	...	32·5	78·75	42·66	...	55
(b) OUDH— *Southern—* Lucknow	...	...	47·08	25	53·33	38·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42·08	...	72·71
Northern— Fyzabad	...	...	...	25	...	30·94	...	...	...	29·37	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice.
† Figures have not so far been reported.

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district headquarters) in each province on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER—continued. (The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Sesamum (Til or jinjili) 1918	Sesamum 1917	Ghi 1918	Ghi 1917	Sugar raw (Gúr) 1918	Sugar raw 1917	Salt 1918	Salt 1917	Tobacco leaf 1918	Tobacco leaf 1917	Turmeric 1918	Turmeric 1917	Grass 1918	Grass 1917	Straw 1918	Straw 1917
Burma—																
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	800	581·82	...	...	35·75	27·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	640	640	...	...	25·7	25·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	711·11	457·14	...	...	31·68	35·36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	914·29	533·33	...	...	32·82	35·96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	640	640	...	...	41·03	48·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	640	640	...	...	45·71	45·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	800	800	...	...	42·95	48·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	42·95	41·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	...	800	711·11	...	...	44·14	41·83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	914·29	711·11	...	...	45·39	45·39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	914·29	711·11	...	...	36·36	57·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—																
Surma— Sylhet (Balaganj)	...	...	750	610	80	50	37·5	42·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	...	...	680	500	82·5	75	38·75	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	...	...	710	560	85	75	40	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—																
Eastern— Chittagong	...	...	750	700	85	80	35	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	670	...	100	100	42·5	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic— Calcutta	...	...	700	650	62·5	75	36·25	42·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Burdwan	...	...	660	560	65	62·5 to 100	31·37	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	750 to 800	530 to 620	72·5	80	36·25	43·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Pabna	...	...	1080	900	80	82·5	42·5	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	650	700	80	100	43·75	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa																
Bihar, north— Bhágalpur	120	60	580	625	65	75	35	50	110	80	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	533·12	533·12	50	50	31·87	46·87	200	266·56	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south— Patna	100	60	550	540	55	60	30·78	50	20	30	...	...	5	5	...	4·37
Orissa— Cuttack	...	...	* 647.6	609·43	55·62	50·47	30·73*	25	190·47	106·67	...	...	6·25	6·25	6·25	6·25
United Provinces																
(a) AGRA—																
Eastern— Benares	133·33	65·73	651·87	533·88	64·84	65·73	40·73	52·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Cawnpore	135	75	610	500	65	51·25	26·54	48·75 to 45	140	160	155	175	...	...	...	...
Jhánsi	116·25	66·72	595·47	465·62	...	62·5	30	59·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Meerut	...	...	...	609·53	69·53	50	28·12	44·43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	130·68	72·71	631·09	533·38	71·56	72·71	30·83	61·56	108·12	120	162·5	200	13·12	10	14·37	12·5
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	...	58·12	560	500	...	...	33·75	50	180	180	160 and 200	180 and 190	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—																
Southern— Lucknow	...	...	600	500	72·71	40	33·33	48·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Fyzabad*	...	...	...	460	...	...	...	55	...	...	...	...	...	3·12	...	...

Districts	Jawar stalks 1918	Jawar stalks 1917	Bhusa (white) 1918	Bhusa (white) 1917	Bran 1918	Bran 1917	Coal (Bengal) 1918	Coal (Bengal) 1917	Sheep, per score 1918	Sheep, per score 1917	Plough bullocks, per pair 1918	Plough bullocks, per pair 1917	Kerosene oil, per tin 1918	Kerosene oil, per tin 1917
Burma—														
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	...	...	19·94	14·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·31
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·75
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	...	...	11·9	11·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·44	3
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33·8	...	...	...	...	2·12	2
Maubin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	...	7·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·44	2·06
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	...	...	...	55·65	37·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·37	2·19
Pakokku	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·18	9·18	...	...	...	...	3·19	3·12
Assam—														
Surma— Sylhet (Balaganj)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·61	2·56
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·81	3·75
Gauhati	...	...	...	...	...	...	8·75	5·62	...	...	...	...	2·75	2·69
Bengal—														
Eastern— Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·37	2·25
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·5	3·5
Deltaic— Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	8·12	...	...	...	...	3·12	3·25
Western— Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	3·31
Midnapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·3	3·25
Northern— Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·62	3·5
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·62	3·62
Bihar and Orissa														
Bihar, north— Bhágalpur	...	...	...	...	30	21·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·77	2·75
Muzaffarpur	...	...	10	10	33·28	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·69	...
Bihar, south— Patna	...	...	10	11·25	37·5	16·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·98	3·37
Orissa— Cuttack	...	...	...	...	6·87	8·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·8	3·25
United Provinces														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern— Benares	...	...	...	...	43·08	31·61	13·75	6·25 to 8·75	...	...	...	...	4·75	4·12
Central— Cawnpore	...	...	10·25	10	41·87	22·5	8·12	8·75	65	65	...	...	4·37	3·56
Jhánsi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·69
Western— Meerut	...	...	20	13·33	46·87	25	15	10	...	...	...	...	...	3·44
Agra	25	10	21·2	11·25	49·06	25	14·37	10	95·31	60	92·81	100	4·44	3·69
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	...	...	15	11·25	...	30	10	6·25	105 and 150	90 and 120	60 and 150	62 and 130	4·75	3·5
(b) OUDH—														
Southern— Lucknow	...	...	15·99	11·41	50	17·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·62
Northern— Fyzabad	...	...	...	11·25	...	...	...	13·75	...	...	...	60	...	3·87

* Figures have not so far been reported.

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER—continued

he figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1918	Rice, unhusked 1917	Rice, husked 1918	Rice, husked 1917	Wheat 1918	Wheat 1917	Flour (wheat) 1918	Flour (wheat) 1917	Barley 1918	Barley 1917	Jawar 1918	Jawar 1917	Bajra 1918	Bajra 1917
Rajputana—														
Eastern— Ajmer	26·67	26·67		...	80	58·59	...	...	58·59	40	66·56	84·79	106·56	48·23
Delhi— Delhi	...	...	...	62·5	68·75	49·58	77·5	57·5	50	34·37	78·12	85	95	40
Punjab—														
Southern— Ferozepur	44·87	28·59	94·06	57·19	64·06	50	74·22	53·28	42·03	36·11	...	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	47·03	26·72	80	48·44	64·06	50	74·37	57·19	...	33·28	...	34·69	76·35	42·03
Submontane— Amritsar	50	28·44	85	52·61	62.66	46·25	70	53·28	...	40	...	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	.	88·91	48·75	60·72	51·56	71·09	53·28	40	30	59·28	33·28	72·66	34·06
Western— Lyallpur	...	30	80	56·87	68·75	48·75	74·37	55	43·75	30	...	...	75	...
Multan	47·5	30	81·69	50	56·87	48·12	61·56	52·5	41·87	33·12	55	30·25	78·12	41·87
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar	...	...	92·76	55·68	52·76	49·58	57·66	55·16	32·24	30·78	...	...	...	36·15
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	111·72	60·94	51·87	45·1	156·56	49·79	42·66	30·16	43·75	28·44	60·31	32 71
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi	...	...	80	52·5	70	58·75	...	...	53·75	...	...	...	...	50
Shikarpur	...	28·28	90	55	72·5	55	...	...	54·37	38·12	81·37	45	88·75	43·12
Quetta	...	...	...	...	46·25 to 50·62	53·75 to 55	...	87·03	48·75	41·87	47·5	40·62	...	...
Bombay—														
Konkan— Bombay	54 06	33·8	69·06	52·97	80 95	68·8	...	...	50·78	37·03	95	51·25	116·41	55·05
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	100 57	55·36	83·12	..	...	...	...	...	91·2	31·67	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	7[illegible]·56	52 03	93·54	47·71	...	..	...	...	70·21	44·37	80·83	45 05
Poona	..	...	85·21	60·47	97·24	...	...	...	...	...	102·76	-	111 09	53·49
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	78·7	...	89·63	58·65	...	...	...	...	88·38	41·72	...	52 97
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	109·95	...	...	...	...	...	100·47	...	109·17	49·32
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	...	60·52	...	...	...	...	93 7	...	115·31	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	90	72·5	82·5	60	...	...	60	...	...	...	100	50
Central Provinces*—														
Western— Nagpur	...	84	100 06	46·12	82·37	49	100·69	60	...	...	56·31	35·75	...	...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	76·19	36·37	66·69	51·62	84·19	61·5	...	...	47·06	30·75		...
Eastern— Raipur	50	30	62	35	71	37	80	42	..	...	...	...	..	...
Berar—														
Akola	..	...	79·69	42·12	68·19	..	..	...	...	...	75	35·5	...	...
Amraoti	...	...	77·5	46·69	82·37	64·69	.	...	...	...	61·5	40	...	...
Madras—														
South, central— Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	66·9	43·1	...	39
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	87 6	...	..
Cuddapah	54·2	36·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37 6	50	38·3
Karnul	...	.	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	49·4		84·7	51·1	...	.	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	..	35·5	70·7	50	...	.	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	.	...	...	.	...	...	.	..	...	...	52·5	38·8	54·9	44·6
Mysore—														
Mysore	23	24	55	50	120	64	153·75	68·88	...	...	56	34	..	..
Bangalore	52	21	128	60	128	54	...	67·76	...	...	...	28	...	...

Districts	Ragi 1918	Ragi 1917	Maize 1918	Maize 1917	Gram 1918	Gram 1917	Arhar dal 1918	Arhar dal 1917	Oats 1918	Oats 1917	Cotton seed 1918	Cotton seed 1917	Linseed 1918	Linseed 1917	Mustard and rapeseed 1918	Mustard and rapeseed 1917
Rajputana—																
Eastern— Ajmer	...	...	62·19	37·92	57·24	37·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	106·56	123·12	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	...	...	58·12	31·87	58·12	34·79	95	38·75	...	...	47·5	42·5	70	60	90	52·5
Punjab—																
Southern— Ferozepur	...	...	47·03	36·41	45·73	38·12	88·91	72·81	...	...	47·03	43·28	100	66·72	...	...
Central— Lahore	...	...	48·44	42·03	45·78	40	88·91	53·23	57·10	35·62	45·73	43·28	66·72	57·03	80	48·44
Submontane— Amritsar	...	..	50	36·87	40 22	39·06	81·87	...	...	...	45·62	41·25	75	65	80	55
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	51·56	35·57	58·44	40	...	..	...	...	...	...	80	44·43	72·66	44·37
Western— Lyallpur	...	...	46·25	40	46·87	...	65	...	.	...	41·25	34·06	...	.	80	38·44
Multan	...	...	44·37	38·12	48·44	40·62	...	...	45	36·87	45	...	90	55	92·5	60
N.-W. Frontier Province—																
Peshawar	...	...	33·75	39·34	42·97	41·3	40·41	43 85	...	...	...	...	...	...	74·37	48·07
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	...	30·37	39·37	37·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—																
Karachi	...	...	...	...	55	...	95	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	..	...	...	...	53·91	...	..	...	...	...	...	42·5	...	...	...	28·75
Quetta	...	-	50	50	...	...	70 to 80	61·25 to 73·75	60	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—																
Konkan— Bombay	...	...	...	...	60·31	40·21	90 16	67·29	103·59	39·27	44·9	32·66	92·86	60·73	...	...
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	..	...	...	66 51	..	..	70·16	...	...	34·79	24·27	...	46·2	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	59·53	47·19	74·63	59·69	...	...	...	...	...	51·2	...	...
Poona	...	...	...	...	78·59	47·71	..	55·78	...	...	...	28·07	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	..	...	...	68·59		...	51·2	-	...	45	30·83	92·5	52·71	...	..
Dhulia	...	..	...	...	...	50·68	...	...	...	...	36·98	40·99	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	...	65	40	92·5	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—																
Western— Nagpur	...	...	...	...	61·25	34·69	105·19	...	...	..	...	40·31	105·81	63·44	...	...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	..	...	...	51·62	36 37	94·12	47·06	50	33·31	40	30·75	84·19	44·44	80	...
Eastern— Raipur	...	..	...	...	51	29	61	38	...	...	...	...	78	50	...	...
Berar—																
Akola	...	...	...	...	56·87	...	79·56	...	...	...	33·69	47·12	...	...	...	...
Amraoti	...	...	...	...	75·56	40·69	88·25	47·06	...	...	48·56	25·5	105·69	64·25	...	...
Madras—																
South, central— Coimbatore	...	30·7	...	...	...	55·8	91·4	40·4	...	...	52·8	36·8	...	...	...	...
Salem	59·5	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	..	...	...	...	74	46·8	44·1	35·8	...	...	28·6	23·8	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	..	31 6	...	...	...	.	...	40·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...
East Coast, south— Madras	...	29 6	..	...	...	45·9	...	...	92·8	...	57·6	..	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	46·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	..	..	...	52·5	35	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..
Mysore—																
Mysore	40	30	...	...	34	34	92	62	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	..
Bangalore	36	26	...	...	36	32	100	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the prices of cleaned rice

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER—concluded.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Sesamum (Til or Jinjili) 1918	Sesamum 1917	Ghi 1918	Ghi 1917	Sugar, raw (Gúr) 1918	Sugar, raw 1917	Salt 1918	Salt 1917	Tobacco leaf 1918	Tobacco leaf 1917	Turmeric 1918	Turmeric 1917	Grass 1918	Grass 1917	Straw 1918
Rajputana— *Eastern—* Ajmer	123·12	74·58	711·09	492·19	93·07	84·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	133·12 to 155	76·77	690	640·83	95	55	27·5	40·78	80	80	180	200	30	12·5	...
Punjab— *Southern—* Ferozepur	152·34	66·72	711·09	595·81	97·03	72·66	47·03	50	177·81	160	160	160	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	133·28	80	775·78	673·75	94·06	63·91	47·66	40	160	133·28	152·34	188·28	20	10	...
Submontane— Amritsar	142·5	77·5	780	655	77·5	50	48·12	40	110	100	145	170	...	...	...
Northern— Ráwalpindi	...	...	673·75	540	80	50	40	31·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Lyallpur	160	90	710	582·5	82·5	50	52·5	41·25	200	160	170	180	...	...	...
Multan	130	60	720	570	88·75	66·56	48·12	44·37	122·5	100	150	210	15	10	...
N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshàwar	...	...	691·87	568·91	74·87	55·68	27·97	24·06	98·44	94·11	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	882·19	640	93·44	60·94	42·03	34·17	...	...	...	...	21·87	12·5	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karáchi	...	...	745	...	134·84	...	17·5	18·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	720	...	85	...	21·72	36·25	...	55	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	740 to 770	590 to 657·5	...	...	23·44	23·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— *Konkan—* Bombay	142·86	87·13	914·27	628·59	85·05	97·97	22·5	32·5	...	...	129·27	163·28	18·38	15·99	...
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	66·98	71·98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	108·07	45·21	783·38	483·85	77·34	66·93	32·5	26·25	...	...	...	144·01	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	807·03	505·26	84·22	77·19	24·82	35·21	...	203·49	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—		7937													
Ahmednagar	...	...	...	500	83·33	85	26·15	33·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	89·17	80	34·43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	864·84	572·97	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	800	500	...	...	17·19	16·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces— *Western—* Nagpur	...	79·75	679	590	...	...	30	38·75	135·31	108·31	171·44	...	7·06	6·44	...
Central— Jubbulpore	100	76·10	640	500	...	...	28·81	40	160	180	170	177·75	8	4·44	...
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	680	520	...	...	45	33	195	160	150	120	...	...	...
Berar— Akola	142·10	...	838·12	571·44	...	...	38·12	35·06	133·31	128·81	...	...	...	...	...
Amráoti	...	...	680	520	...	...	30	29	286·31	184·44	...	...	...	...	...
Madras— *South, central—* Coimbatore	139·6	82·8	7[illegible]1·7	487·8	86·4	54·4	23	22·6	...	...	144	160	...	...	7[illegible]
Salem	...	...	684·9	457·9	...	...	...	...	171·8	171·3	120	128·9	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	110·8	62	666·7	507·9	71·4	71·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	592·1	493·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	107·1	148·3	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	290·5	100	116·9	125·3	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	600	466·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	108·7		790	543·1	57·6	65·8	18·9	19·1	345·6	...	94·6	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	...		600	466·7	...	...	28·4	28·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	810·7	608·1	...		25	30·6	123·4	123·4	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	133·4	66·7	945·9	675·7	...		...	...	229·4	140·5	...	...	...	...	15[illegible]
Mysore— Mysore	104	60	651·41	582·86	72·86	94·27	...	...	274·27*	205·78*	154·32	205·68	4·48	4·48	4·4[illegible]
Bangalore	120	72	857·13	617·13	80	77·18	...	...	240*	240*	187·13	120	8·8	8·8	14·6[illegible]

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs 108 per 10 maunds.

Districts	Straw 1917	Jawar stalks 1918	Jawar stalks 1917	Bhusa (white) 1918	Bhusa (white) 1917	Bran 1918	Bran 1917	Coal (Bengal) 1918	Coal (Bengal) 1917	Sheep, per score 1918	Sheep, per score 1917	Plough bullocks, per pair 1918	Plough bullocks, per pair 1917	Kerosene oil, per tin 1918	Kerosene oil, per tin 1917
Rajputana— *Eastern—* Ajmer	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	...	...	80 to 90	3·75	3·5
Delhi— Delhi	...	...	15	25	13·28	...	20	11·25	7·92	100	80	300	250	3·7	2·84
Punjab— *Southern—* Ferozepur	...	...	8·91	15·94	8·91	42·03	22·19	...	...	113	142	225	225	...	3·78
Central— Lahore	...	...	...	19·06	14·84	40	38·59	13·12	10	160	161	170	170	5·87	4·12
Submontane— Amritsar	...	...	...	18·75	12·5	38·75	22·5	11·25	10	160	140	...	...	4·5	3·87
Northern— Ráwalpindi	...	...	...	30·78	20	...	...	13·75	...	120	100	140	120	4	4·06
Western— Lyallpur	...	...	...	12·5	10	42·5	20·62	13·12	12·5	140	120	270	200	6·5	4·75
Multan	...	...	...	18·12	10·62	41·25	25	...	...	120	105	...	...	5·12	3·87
N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshàwar	...	...	...	9·43	8·33	33·28	27·34	15	11·61	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	5	5·19
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	...	19·37	10	41·41	27·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·94
Sind and Baluchistan— Karáchi	...	...	...	...	...	47·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·28
Shikárpur	...	...	...	20	13·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	3·53
Quetta	...	...	...	15	15	50	29·06	15·42	13·86	120 to 220	120 to 220	...	...	4·87	3·72
Bombay— *Konkan—* Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	40·16	17·86	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·06
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·59	4
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	2·64	3·5
Poona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·37	3·36
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·75	2·64
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	...	...	42·5	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·25
Central Provinces— *Western—* Nagpur	7·5	16	21	...	...	...	...	10	10·37	80 to 95	80	120 to 175	125	3·06	3·75
Central— Jubbulpore	6	...	...	...	...	40	28·56	...	...	60	60	70	70	2·44	2·37
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·94	2·75
Berar— Akola	...	11·06	6·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	95	64	64	3·06	3
Amráoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8·94	70	70	50	70	4·25	3·25
Madras— *South, Central—* Coimbatore	...	10·4	4·8	...	...	102·9*	90·5*	...	...	...	...	60	60	5·88	4
Salem	7·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	...	...	...	3·13
Central— Bellary	...	12·5	10·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4·91	3·73
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·28
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·5
East Coast, Central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·1
East Coast, South— Madras	5·7	...	...	...	...	52·9	...	9·2	...	225†	...	...	...	2·25	...
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	10·4	10·7	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	5·62	2·82
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	41·1	38·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·6	3·53
Southern— Madura	·5	...	...	...	...	20·4	20·4	...	...	...	...	55	60	3·75	3·5
Mysore— Mysore	4·43	7·81	7·81	...	...	...	40	...	15·42	50 to 100	50 to 100	50 to 100	50 to 100	4·75	3·87
Bangalore	9·8	4·27	4·27	...	...	52·5	33·8	...	...	160	160	160 to 200	120 to 150	6	3·25

* Superior quality. † Sheep or goats.

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER, 1918

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza Sativa.*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza Sativa.*) Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	3 4	3 4	...	...	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 4	9 1	8 9	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	...	...	...	...	8 5	7 13	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Manbin	2 5	2 5	...	...	7 5	7 5	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Henzada	3 8	3 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	9 2	8 11	10 7	9 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	4 9	4 9	...	...	8 1	7 10	9 11	9 1	16 5	16 5	...	...
Bhamo	...	...	...	...	10 6	9 1	12 2	10 7	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	2 —	2 —	...	...	12 12	12 12	15 4	15 4	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	2 4	2 4	...	...	11 —	11 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 —	...	8 8	...	...	...	...
Cachar	3 5	4 —	...	...	5 6	7 —	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Hill Tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	5 4	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	8 —	7 10	...	...	...	...
Manipur	6 8	6 8	...	...	24 —	24 —	26 —	26 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	...	...	...	8 8	10 —	8 12	10 8	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	7 8	8 —	...	...	4 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp (Gauhati)	4 4	4 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	5 8	6 —	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	4 —	5 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sibságar	...	..	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	4 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 1	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	5 10	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 12	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 1	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 6	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	...	...	...	...		...	6 6	6 4	...	...	...	...
Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	5 12	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	...	..	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dal (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	Mergui
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	5 1	5 1	...	...	4 7	4 7	9 5	10 2	Pegu
...	...	...	...	6 1	6 12	...	...	3 7	3 13	8 —	9 5	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	4 11	4 11	...	...	4 —	4 11	9 5	9 5	Maubin
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	8 10	8 10	Tharawadi
...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	...	...	3 11	3 11	8 —	8 —	Henzada
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 2	8 2	Prome
...	...	...	...	4 7	5 12	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 —	7 —	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 7	7 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	12 13	10 11	25 10	32 1	12 7	12 7	9 6	9 6	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 10	2 10	11 6	11 6	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 4	3 4	13 —	13 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	Akyab
												Assam—
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	10 —	10 —	Sylhet
...	...	...	...	4 —	6 —	...	...	4 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Cachar
												Hill Tracts—
...	...	...	...	5 5	5 5	11 6	12 4	4 9	4 9	7 12	7 12	Khási and Jáintia Hills
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	Gáro Hills
				4 —	4 —	21 —	21 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 4	5 4	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 12	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	9 8	9 —	4 8	4 12	8 —	8 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...		4 4	4 12	8 12	9 8	Kámrúp (Gauhati)
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	5 4	6 4	...	...	4 8	5 —	8 —	8 —	Sibságar
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Lakhimpur
												Bengal—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	10	10 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	9 —	9 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8	8 —	Backerganj
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 8	8 8	Tippera
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	5 —	...	...	Dacca
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 9	10 —	10 —	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 6	4 12	11 —	10 —	Howrah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 1	4 —	10 —	10 —	Jessore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 4	8 —	8 —	Faridpur

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER 1918—continued

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza sativa*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza sativa*) Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—*continued*												
Western—												
Bankura	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	...	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	6 12	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 12	5 8	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	.	...	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	..	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	..	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	..	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bhágalpur	6 2	6 2	10 4	10 2	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	6 9	6 14	13 3	11 —	...	...	6 9	7 4	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	5 8	6 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Sáran	5 12	5 12	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Champáran	7 —	6 8	11 8	9 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	5 —	5 —	8 —	7 —	...	...	6 12	7 4	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	5 8	6 5	11 9	...	...	...	5 4 to 6 5	5 4 to 6 5	...	...	...	...
Gaya	6 —	6 —	8 —	9 8	..	...	6 —	6 8	7 —	8 —	...	...
Patna	6 8	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 8	10 —	...	...
Shahabad	5 12	6 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	5 —	5 4	...	...	...	...	5 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	5 —	5 —	8 —	7 8	...	...	6 10	6 8	7 8	...	...	...
Palámau	6 3	6 3	10 2	10 2	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	5 8	5 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	4 9	4 6	...	...	...	...	9 3	8 8	...	...	..	...
Cuttack	4 4	4 4	...	...	..	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Balasore	...	6 —	...	...	...	...	9 10	7 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	4 4	4 12	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	5 —	5 8	6 —	7 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 8	6 —	7 —	6 —	6 12
Benares	5 11½	5 7	7 5	7 9	4 5	4 5	5 7	5 7	6 12	6 12	5 11½	5 11½
Ghazipur	5 3	5 2	7 3	7 8	3 6	3 12	5 1	5 10	6 9	8 8	5 12	5 14
Jaunpur	5 4	5 11½	6 8	7 8	3 5	3 11	4 14	5 5	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	5 12	5 12	7 10	7 8	4 —	4 4	4 12	5 4	7 6	8 —	5 14	6 4
Central—												
Bánda	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 4	3 8	3 8	5 4	5 4	7 4	7 8	...	...
Fatehpur	5 10	6 —	6 10	7 4	3 —	3 —	5 4	5 5	7 —	7	5 8	5 8
Hamirpur	6 4	6 4	6 —	6 —	3 12	3 12	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 12	6 2	6 4
Jalaun	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 8	3 —	3 —	4 —	6 —	...	...	5 8	5 8
Cawnpore	5 12	5 12	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 3	5 7	6 14	7 —	5 2	5 6
Jhansi	5 2	5 3	7 9	6 15	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 2	6 14	6 14	...	...
Etáwah	5 14	5 14	6 13	6 13	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 1	7 —	7 —	5 11	5 15
Farrukhabad	5 10	5 9	7 8	7 8	3 5	3 8	4 6	4 3	6 10	...	5 7	5 8
Mainpuri	6 —	6 4	7 —	7 —	4 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	7 8	7 8	5 12	5 12
Etah	6 4	6 4	7 8	8 —	2 8	2 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 8	5 8	5 12
Western—												
Meerut	6 —	6 —	8 4	8 4	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 6	...	...	4 12	...
Agra	6 3	5 10	7 11	7 13	3 13	3 11	...	5 7	7 —	7 —	5 5	5 8
Muttra	5 12	5 12	8 3	8 8	3 —	3 —	...	...	5 12	...	5 —	5 4
Aligarh	6 4	6 4	7 12	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 4	5 4	5 4
Bulandshahr	6 4	6 —	7 12	7 12	3 —	3 —	4 — to 5 —	4 — to 5 —	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 —
Sub-Himalayans, east—												
Ballia	5 —	5 15	8 2	8 12	3 2	3 12	5 —	5 —	6 14	7 8	...	...
Azamgarh	5 8	6 —	7 4	7 6	4 —	4 8	5 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	6 4	6 6	9 2	9 4	5 4	5 4	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...
Basti	6 4	6 4	9 —	10 —	4 4	4 12	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...

e figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Ragi or marua (*Eleusine coracana*) Half-month of report	Ragi or marua Previous half-month	Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*) Half-month of report	Kangni Previous half-month	Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*) Half-month of report	Gram Previous half-month	Maize (*Zea Mays*) Half month of report	Maize Previous half-month	Arhar dál (*Cajanus Indicus*) Half-month of report	Arhar dál Previous half-month	Salt Half-month of report	Salt Previous half-month	Districts
												Bengal—continued
												Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	10 8	Bankura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	11 4	10 10	Burdwan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Birbhum
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	Midnapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	Murshidabad
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 14	5 4	8 —	8 —	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	5 —	10 —	8 8	Malda
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 14	10 8	Bogra
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	...	...		...	...	5 6	5 6	8 —	8 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		4 12	5 —	8 —	8 —	Rangpur
												Hills—
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 8	6 8	Darjeeling
												Bihar and Orissa—
												Bihar, north—
				7 8	7 —	11 —	...	4 —	4 —	10 8	8 —	Purnea
...	...	...	...	9 —	...	10 —	11 7	5 10	5 11	10 6	10 6	Bhágalpur
13 3	18 12	...	...	8 12	9 5	9 14	11 —	6 9	6 9	12 —	12 —	Darbhanga
...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	9 —	9 8	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Muzaffarpur
	10 —	8 —	8 —	7 12	7 8	8 8	9 —	6 —	5 12	9 8	9 8	Saran
14 —	18 —	...	...	8 8	6 8	10 —	10 8	5 12	6 8	12 —	12 —	Chámparan
												Bihar, south—
...			...	7 8	8 —	9 —	9 8	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 8	Santhal Parganas
	...			8 6½	8 6	8 6½	10 —	7 —	8 8	11 —	11 —	Monghyr
10 —	11 —	10 —	10 —	7 8	7 12	9 —	9 8	5 —	5 8	13 5	13 5	Gaya
...		13 —	13 —	8 —	8 12	9 —	10 —	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	Patna
...	...			8 —	8 8	7 8		5 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	Shahabad
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —		...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	Singhbhum
			...	6 8	6 8	10 —	8 —	4 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	Manbhum
12 —	12 —	...	...	6 —	5 14	10 —	10 —	6 —	5 8	9 —	9 —	Ranchi
		...	...	8 7	8 7	9 4	10 2	6 3	6 8	12 15	12 15	Palámau
11 —	10 —		...	7 4	7 4	7 8	8 —	4 —	4 8	13 —	13 —	Hazaribágh
												Orissa—
...	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	4 4	4 12	15 —	11 —	Puri
...	...		...	6 9	6 9	...	...	4 7	4 9	13 —	13 —	Cuttack
				5 8	5 12	...	...	4 6	4 12	11 —	10 10	Balasore
...	...			6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	5 4	4 —	10 —	10 —	Sambalpur
												United Provinces—
												(a) Agra—
												Eastern—
				5 8	5 8	7 —	9 —	4 —	4 12	10 —	10 —	Mirzapur
...				6 12	6 12	8 14	8 11	4 9½	5 2			Benares
...	...	10 ...	11 6	7 8	7 8			4 13	5 7	12 —	11 9	Ghazipur
...		...		6 2	7 8	6 14	7 10	4 10	5 2	14 12	14 12	Jaunpur
3 10	3 11	7 8	8 6	7 8	7 6			5 12	4 10	11 12	10 12	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 4	8 —	5 8	5 8	11 4	11 4	Bánda
...	...	...	...	6 10	7 —	7 12	8 —	5 8	6 —	17 —	17 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	7 12	5 4	5 4	11 12	11 13	Hamirpur
...	...	...	...	6 8	7 —	7 —	9 —	5 —	6 —	16 —	16 4	Jalaun
...	...			7 —	7 4		9 4		6 —	7 4	12 —	Cawnpore
...	...	4 8	4 8	6 9	6 8	7 15	8 —	4 8	4 8	12 8	13 —	Jhansi
				6 14	6 15	7 11	7 13	5 4	5 7	12 10	13 6	Etáwah
3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 2	8 6	8 5	5 5	5 3	16 —	16 —	Farrukhabad
...	...	...	...	7 —	6 8	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	8 —	5 8	6	12 —	12 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 6	7 12	8 4	5 12	6 —	13 14	13 12	Meerut
...	...	...	...	8 12	7 6	8 10	8 12		6 3	...	12 13	Agra
...	...	...	...	8 6	8 10	8 —	8 —	5 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Muttra
...	...	5 —	5 —	7 8	7 8	8 —	8 8	5 8	6 —	16 —	16 —	Aligarh
				7 4	7 4	7 14	7 8	5 4	5 12	16 —	16 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...		7 8	8 2	6 14	8 2	5 —	5 —	9 6	10 6	Ballia
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	7 —	9 8	4 12	5 8	13 —	13 —	Azamgarh
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 2	9 4	...	5 12	6 —	11 8	11 8	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	9 —	10 —	5 12	6 4	15 —	15 —	Basti

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER, 1918—*continued*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (*Triticum Sativum*)		BARLEY (*Hordeum vulgare*)		RICE (*Oryza Sativa.*) Best sort		RICE (*Oryza Sativa.*) Common		JAWAR OR CHOLUM (*Andropogon sorghum*)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces— *continued*												
(*a*) AGRA—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	5 8	5 8	7 12	7 8	2 8	2 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 10	5 12
Budaun	5 10	5 3	7 2	7 2	3 8	2 8	4 8	4 8	7 8	7 8	5 12	5 12
Pilibit	5 10	5 6	7 8	7 8	4 —	4 —	5 10	5 6	7 12	7 12	6 —	6 —
Bareli	5 8	5 6	7 8	7 8	3 12	3 12	5 —	5 1	7 8	...	5 12	5 13
Moradabad	5 2	5 6	7 6	7 6	3 2	3 2	6 2	6 2	...	...	5 5	5 10
Bijnor	5 4	5 6	7 6	7 8	2 12	2 12	4 8	4 8	...	...	5 4	5 4
Muzaffarnagar	6 —	5 14	8 12	8 12	4 6	4 8	5 8	5 8	6 —	5 8	5 —	5 —
Sahāranpur	5 5	5 10	7 12	8 4	2 11	2 11	3 12	4 —	...	...	...	..
Debra Dun	5 4	5 4	7 8	7 8	2 8	2 8	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	2 12	2 12	4 8	4 —	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Almora	4 4	4 6	6 4	6 4	2 8	2 8	4 —	4 —	...	..	...	..
Garhwál	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	2 8	...	3 8	3 8	...	...	...	...
(*b*) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	6 —	6 —	7 —	8 —	3 8	4 —	4 12	5	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —
Sultanpur	6 —	6 4	8 —	8 4	...	.	5 4	5 4	7 8	7 6	6 4	6 12
Rae Bareli	5 12	6 —	7 8	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 12	4 8	7 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Unao	5 8	5 9	7 8	7 8	5 —	3 12	5 8	5 4	6 6	6 12	5 14	5 12
Lucknow	5 8	5 8	7 12	7 12	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 4	7 2	7 2	5 8	5 8
Hardoi	5 12	5 8	7 8	7 —	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 6	...	6 8	...	6 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad*	...	6 —	..	8 4	..		...	5 2	...	7 10	...	6 —
Barabanki	6 1	6 3	7 10	7 13	3 13	4 5	5 12	6 1	7 11	8 3	5 12	5 8
Gonda	5 10	5 10	7 8	7 8	3 12	3 12	5 14	5 14	8 4	8 4	6 12	6 12
Bahraich	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	8 12	8 12	6 8	6 8
Sitapur	5 14	5 12	7 12	8 —	2 4	2 8	5 —	6 —	7 8	8 —	5 12	5 4
Kheri	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	2 8	2 8	5 8	6 —	7 12	8 4	6 —	6 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Mewar (Udaipur)	5 0	6 —	7 6	7 12	3 5	3 12	4 6	4 12	7 8	8 4	4 12	5 3
Ajmer	5 —	5 —	6 12	6 12	4 —	4 4	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	3 8	3 8
Kishangarh	5 4	5 —	7 8	8 —	2 8	2 8	5 —	4 —	6 8	7 —	3 8	3 8
Tonk	5 —	5 —	7 14	8 —	4 3	4 4	5 4	5 5	6 13	6 14	4 12	4 12
Jaipur	5 3	5 —	7 5	7 4	4 3	4 4	4 7	4 8	5 3	5 4	5 6	5 4
Karauli	5 5	5 5	6 9	6 13	4 6	4 6	4 11	4 11	..	...	5 10	5 10
Dholpur	5 9	5 14½	7 —	6 12½	3 12	3 12	4 —	4 —	4 8	4 6	5 15½	6 —
Bharatpur	7 —	7 —	10 4	10 4	3 11	3 11	3 14	3 14	4 —	4 —	4 —	4 —
Alwar	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	4 —	4 —	4 2	4 2	5 7	6 2	5 10	6 4
Nasirabad	5 4	5 —	.	...	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	4 —	4 —
Western—												
Bikaner*	...	5 —	...	7 8	.	2 12	..	3 8	...	...	...	3 8
Jaisalmer*	...	5 —	...	...	...	2 4	...	2 8	...	...	...	4 8
Jodhpur	4 15 and 5 5	5 —	6 12	6 8	3 7	3 12	3 12	4 6	3 13 and 4 14	...	...	4 8 and 5 —
Central India—												
Indore	7 4	7 —	6 —	6 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	5 12	10 8	10 —	6 12	...
Neemuch	6 —	6 —	.	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	8 8	8 —	6 4	6 12
Gwalior	5 8 to 6 4	5 15	7 —	8 7	3 8	3 13	5 —	5 3	7 —	8 —	6 8	6 6
Delhi—												
Delhi	5 8	5 12	7 8	7 8	2 8	2 13	4 —	4 —	5 —	6 —	4 —	4 4
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —
Ferozepur	6 —	6 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	5 12	6 4	..	...	...	...	4 8	4 12	...	...	5 —	5 4
Gujranwala	5 12	6 8	...	10 —	...	...	4 8	4 14		...	...	...
Gujrat	6 —	6 4	6 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 —	...	...	...	...
Jhelam	6 —	6 4	7 —	8 4	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	6 —

* Figures have not so far been reported.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*) Half-month of report	Marua or Ragi Previous half-month	Kangni or Kakun Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*) Half-month of report	Kangni Previous half-month	Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*) Half-month of report	Gram Previous half-month	Maize (*Zea Mays*) Half-month of report	Maize Previous half-month	Arhar Dál (*Cajanus Indicus*) Half-month of report	Arhar Dál Previous half-month	Salt Half-month of report	Salt Previous half-month	Districts
												United Provinces—continued
												(a) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...	5 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	5 8	5 8	11 —	11 —	Shahjahánpur
...	..	...	...	6 6	6 4	7 10	8 3	4 —	4 ...	17 —	11 —	Budaun
...		...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 8	5 6	12 —	12 -	Pilibit
...	7 12	...	...	7 5	7 4	8 4	8 2	5 5	5 5		11 4	Barcli
...	...	...	...	6 14	6 11	7 4	7 10	5 2	5 2	12 —	12 4	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	2 12		4 —	4 —	13 —	13 —	Bijnor
...	...	...	...	6 14	6 14	7 10	7 10	4 8	5 —	17 8	15 8	Muzaffarnagar
..	...	...	...	6 11	6 15	7 5	7 7	4 13	5 5	16 —	16 —	Sahâranpur
7 8	7 8	..	.	6 14	7 —	8 —	8 —	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Dehra Dun
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	6 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	3 8	4 —	10 —	10 —	Naini Tal
5 12	6 —	..	...	5 4	5 4	...	.	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	Almora
6 —	6 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	.	.	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	Garhwál
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	8 —	7 8	8 —	5 4	5 4	15 —	15 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	.	[illegible] —	8 4	...	...	5 —	5 4	16 —	16 —	Sultanpur
8 —	9 —	6 —	6 —	6 12	7 8	7 8	8 —	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Rae Bareli
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 12	7 12	8 4	4 12	5 4	12 8	12 8	Unao
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	8 4	8 8	5 8	5 8	11 8	11 —	Lucknow
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	...	...	5 10	..	7 4	...	8 8	...	5 6	...	12 2	Fyzabad
...	...	...	..	7 —	7 9	8 —	8 4	5 1	5 1	13 12	13 12	Barabanki
..	.	4 —	4 —	7 6	7 6	9 4	9 4	5 —	5 —	14 10	14 10	Gonda
		...	...	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	5 8	5 12	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
9 —	11 4	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 8	8 4	9 —	5 8	6 —	11 8	11 8	Sitapur
...	...	...	..	7 8	7 8	8 12	9 —	6 4	6 4	12 -	12 —	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	4 12	5 4	5 15	6 —	6 15	7 7	4 6	4 12	10 3	11 7	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	3 8	3 8	7 —	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Ajmer
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 8	5 8	...	...	20 —	20 —	Kishangarh
...	...	...	...	8 2	8 4	6 5	6 6	..	...	16 12	17 —	Tonk
...	...	5 10	6 —	5 6 and 7 2	5 8 and 7 —	6 14	7 —	8 6	8 8	20 9	20 14	Jaipur
...	...	...	...	6 14	6 14	7 8	7 8	...	...	13 2	12 8	Karauli
...	...	6 4	6 4	7 4	7 ½	...	..	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Dholpur
...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	8 —	8 —	4 12	4 12	15 —	15 —	Bharatpur
...	...	9 8	9 8	10 —	10 —	7 9	7 4	8 4	8 5	16 —	15 4	Alwar
..	...	..	...	7 —	7 —	...	..	5 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	Nasirabad
												Western—
...	...	...	...	....	7 2	...	...	...	4 —	...	16 —	Bikaner
....	...	..	...	...	4 4	...	...	.	.	...	22 — and 24 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	...	...	6 10	6 8	6 12	7 —	3 12	4 5	20 —	20 —	Jodhpur
												Central India—
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	13 —	12 —	5 8	6 —	16 —	16 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	8 4	8 —	...	...	6 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	Neemuch
...	...	7 —	...	7 8	8 —	8 —	8 10	9 8	10 5	11 14	11 10	Gwalior
												Delhi—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	7 —	8 —	4 —	4 8	13 8	13 8	Delhi
												Punjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Hissar
...	...	...	...	8 8	8 12	6 4	9 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	Ferozepur
												Central—
...	...	...	7 8	8 8	8 12	8 —	8 —	4 4	...	8 4	8 4	Lahore
...	...	...	...	8 4	9 4	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 4	7 —	7 8	...	...	7 —	9 —	Gujrat
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	6 8	6 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	Jhelam

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER 1918—continued

Districts	Wheat (Triticum Sativum)		Barley (Hordeum vulgare)		Rice (Oryza Sativa) Best sort		Rice (Oryza Sativa) Common		Jawar or Cholum (Andropogon sorghum)		Bajra or Cumbu (Pennisetum typhoideum)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Punjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	4 4	4 4
Rohtak	6 —	6 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	4 8	4 8
Karnál	6 4	6 8	8 —	8 4	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 4	4 8	4 8
Submontane—												
Ambala	6 —	6 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	...	...	...	...
Ludhiana	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	3 —	4 —	4 8	4 8	4 —	4 —
Jullundur	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	4 4	4 —	4 —	4 —
Hoshiárpur	5 12	6 3	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Gurdáspur	5 12	6 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...
Amritsar	6 2	6 6	8 —	8 12	...	...	4 4	4 8	5 4	8 12	5 4	5 —
Siálkot	5 8	6	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Simla	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	4 8	4 —	3 12	3 12	3 8	3 12
Kángra	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	5 12	6 6	9 12	10 12	...	...	4 4	4 12	7 4	8 8	5 4	6 4
Attock	6 8	6 8	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	...	...	7 —	8 —
Western—												
Sháhpur	6 —	6 15		9 1	...	...	4 12	4 8	...	...	5 2	5 15
Jhang	8 2	6 14	10 —	10 —	...	...	3 12	3 12	...	...	...	...
Lyallpur	5 12	6 4	9 —	10 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	5 —	...
Multan	6 14	6 14	9 4	9 —	...	...	...	5 4	7 —	7 —	5 4	5 8
Montgomery	6 8	7 4	9 8	10 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffargarh	6 10	6 12	8 —	8 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	6 8	7 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 4	5 —	6 8	6 8	6 4	6 4
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hazára	6 2	6 4	9 4	9 12	2 14	2 14	4 13	4 13	...	...	5 10	5 14
Pesháwar	7 8	7 8	12 3	12 6	3 15	3 10	4 4	4 4	...	...	...	...
Kohát	7 6	7 1	10 11	10 11	2 4	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	6 12	7 12
Bannu	7 11	8 2	10 —	10 8	3 2	3 2	5 5	5 5	...	...	7 8	7 13
Dera Ismail Khan	7 10	7 12	9 4	9 12	2 9	2 12	3 9	3 12	9 —	10 —	6 9	7 —
Tochi	6 2	6 2	9 10	9 10	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	7 12	7 12	13 —	13 —	3 —	4 —	4 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	2 5	2 6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	5 —	5 —	..		3 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	...	4 —	6 —
Hyderabad	4 12	5 4	...	..	3 8	3 8	3 12	4 —	4 8	5 —	4 12	4 8
Thar and Parkár (Mirpur Khas)	4 12	4 12	...	...	2 12	2 12	3 4	3 4	...	...	4 4	4 4
Shikárpur	5 12	...	...	...	4 4	4 8	4 10	5 —	4 12	4 9	4 12	4 9
Upper Sind Frontier	5 2	5 4	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 4	5 —	5 4
Quetta	...	...	7 13	7 13	3 12	3 12	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	5 —	5 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	2 15	2 15	...	...	4 1	4 1	4 11	4 11	...	...	...	...
Ratnagiri	3 1	3 1	...	...	3 14	3 14	4 10	4 10	...	...	...	...
Alibág	3 4	3 4	...	...	3 11	3 11	4 10	4 10	...	...	...	...
Bombay	*3 8	*3 3	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 6	3 6	2 9	2 9
Thána	5 15	5 15	...	...	3 13	3 13	4 9	4 9	...	...	3 —	3 —
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	5 —	4 8	...	...	3 7	3 7	4 6	4 6	4 1	4 5	3 14	4 9
Belgaum	4 11	4 7	...	...	4 —	4 —	4 9	4 9	4 7	4 11	5 10	6 2
Satara	3 9	3 11	...	...	...	...	3 9	3 13	3 8	3 11	3 8	3 11
Sholapur	4 1	4 8	...	...	3 3	3 3	4 5	4 12	5 6	4 15	4 12	4 15
Bijapur	4 10	4 10	.	...	4 5	3 13	4 14	4 6	5 1	4 10	...	...
Poona	3 —	3 14	...	...	3 2	3 2	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 14	3 5	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	..	...	4 3	4 3	4 9	4 9	3 15	3 15	3 8	3 8
Násik	4 1	4 1	...	...	3 11	3 11	4 1	4 1	..	..	3 10	3 10
Dhulia	3 8	3 8	...	...	4 3	4 3	4 9	4 9	..	3 8	3 9	3 9
Jalgaon	3 10	3 15	.	...	3 5	4 4	4 5	4 11	3 10	3 13	3 6	3 8
Gujarat—												
Surat	3 11	3 11	...	...	3 4	3 4	4 10	4 10	4 3	4 10	3 4	3 11
Broach	4 4	4 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	3 12	3 12
Kaira	3 12	3 12	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 4	3 4
Baroda	4 5	4 12	...	...	4 2	4 4	4 10	4 8	...	...	3 4	3 4
Ahmedabad	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 8	3 8
Godhra	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	4 8	4 8	...	...	3 8	4 —
Disa	4 4	4 8	...	...	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	6 —	6 4	4 8	5 —
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	4 4	4 4	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	4 4	4 4	3 8	3 8
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 —	4 4	...	...	3 6	3 6	4 8	4 8	4 13	4 13	...	...
Hoshangabad	5 2	5 2	...	...	2 8	2 8	6 2	6 5	7 10	8 2	...	...
Betul	5 3	5 3	...	...	3 4	2 12	6 —	6 —	7 —	8 10	...	...
Chhindwara	5 —	4 6	...	...	3 12	3 12	5 5	4 6	7 7	7 7	...	...
Nagpur	5 7	4 13	...	...	3 10	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wardha	5 —	5 —	...	...	3 3	3 3	6 7	6 7	7 2	5 6	...	...

*Relates to Khandwa wheat

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Ragi or Marua (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dal (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Punjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
..	.	...	...	7 12	8 —	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 —	13 —	13 —	Gurgáon
..	.	...	...	8 8	8 8		...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12	Rohtak
...	.	.	...	7 8	7 12	7 8		5 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
...	...	7 12	7 12	7 14	7 14	7 14	7 14	6 —	6 —	9 4	9 4	Ambala
..	...	2 6	3 —	8 —	8 6	9 —	9 —	4 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Ludhiána
.	...	8 2	8 —	8 1	8 4	8 4	8 4	.	...	8 4	8 4	Jullundur
..	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 4		..	9 —	8 —	Hoshiárpur
.	...	4 —	4 —	8	8 8	9 —	8 —	..		8 —	8 —	Gurdáspur
	...	9 —	9 —	7 12	8 6	7 12	7 12	4 8	4 8	8 —	7 12	Amritsar
	...	..	..	7 12	8 —	7 —	7 —	..		8 —	8 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
..	...	...	...	6 4	6 8	6 —	6 4	3 8	3 12	7 —	7 —	Simla
	...	...	..	7 —	6 12	...	...	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Kángra
												Northern—
...		...	...	..	8 8	7 8	9 8	4 13	4 12	9 8	10 4	Ráwalpindi
...	.	...	.	9 —	9 —	9 —	9 8	4 8	4 8	21 —	21 —	Attock
												Western—
	...	..	.	8 8	9 —	7 12	8 12	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	Sháhpur
10 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	8 8	9 —	8 —	9 8		..	7 8	8 —	Jhang
.	...	..	..	8 —	9 8	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	6 12	6 12	Lyallpur
.	.	9 —	9 —	9 —	9 —	8 12	8 12	.	.	8 —	8 —	Multan
	...	...	...	9 4	9 11	9 4	10 —			7 —	7 —	Montgomery
		..	..	8 2	8 2	.		...		7 8	8 —	Muzaffargarh
.				8 2	8 8					10 8	7 12	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. F. Province
.	..	7 —	7 —	7 14	7 14	8 10	9 —			7 8	7 10	Hazara
	...	7 13	8 8	9 2	9 2	11 11	3 6	8 8	8 8	13 —	13 —	Peshawar
..		...	..	9 9	9 9	8 12	9 3		..	17 —	15 —	Kohát
..	...	...	.	10 7	11 4	11 2	12 11		..	17 8	17 8	Bannu
..	...	...	..	10 —	9 8			..	..	9 6	10 —	Dera Ismail Khan
..	...	...	..	.	...	10 —	10 —		..	14 —	14 —	Tochi
...	..	...	..	7 —	7 —	10 8	12 —	..	..	9 —	9 —	Kurram
..	..	...	.	7	7 8	13 —	14 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	Malakand
...	..	.	..	10 8	...		11 —	...		...		Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
...	..	...	..	7 —	7 —	...	..	4 8	4 8	20 —	20 —	Karáchi
...	..	..	.	7 —	6 8	..	..	4 —	5 8	16 —	16 —	Hyderabad
...	...	...	.	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	..	16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkár (Mirpur Khas)
..	...	.	...	7 4	7 5	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Shikárpur
...	..	..	...	7 8	7 13	..	...	3 12	4 8	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
..	...	..	...	7 7	7 1	8 —	8 —	4 11 to 5 5	4 11 to 5 5	16 —	16 —	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
6 4	6 4	...	..	5 5	5 5	..	..	4 13	4 13	11 14	11 14	Karwar
6 12	6 12	...	..	6 5	6 5	...	..	4 13	4 3	10 —	9 6	Ratnagiri
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	..	...	3 10	4 8	8 13	8 13	Alibág
3 2	3 2		..	4 13	4 13	...	...	3 11	3 1	12 10	12 10	Bombay
...	...	..	..	5 11	5 11			4 13	4 13	9 10	9 10	Thana
												Deccan and Karnátak—
6 7	5 6	...	...	5 3	5 3	...	...	3 10	3 14	5 9	9 —	Dharwar
6 —	6 —	...	...	6 8	6 4	...	...	3 12	4 4	9 —	9 —	Belgaum
...	...	...	...	5 11	5 11	...	...	1 3	4 3	10 13	8 6	Satara
...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 8	9 —	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	8 6	8 6	Bijapur
...	...	...	...	...	5 3	..	...	4 5	4 10	11 6	10 4	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	5 10	5 5	...	...	4 7	4 7	13 6	12	Ahmednagar
4 10	4 10	...	..	5 6	5 6	...	...	4 6	4 6	15 4	15 4	Násik
—	...	...	...	4 12	5 10	...	...	3 10	4 —	10 9	12 2	Dhulia
...	...	...	...	5 11	5 12	..	...	4 1	4 4	7 3	7	Jalgaon
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	..	6 —	6 15	...	...	3 4	4 10	9 4	9 4	Surat
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	..	...	5 —	5 —	14 8	15 5	Broach
5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	..	...	5 —	5 —	20 —	20 —	Kaira
..	..	...	...	5 14	6 —	...	...	4 —	4 8	17 12	17 12	Baroda
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...		4 8	4 8	20 —	20 —	Ahmedabad
6 —	6 —	..	.	7 8	7 8	..	.	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Godhra
	.	...		6 4	6 8	...	.	4 —	4	18 —	18 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
.	...	..	..	5 8	5 8	...	..	4 —	4 —	50 —	50 —	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	..	6 15	6 15	...	...	4 12	4 4	8 12	8 12	Nimar
.	..	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	4 9	4 9	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	...	...	...	6 12	7 5	...	...	3 13	3 13	13 —	13 —	Betul
	..	...	...	6 9	6 4	...	...	3 11	3 6	13 —	13 —	Chhindwara
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...		4 4	10 2	9 10	Nagpur
...	...	...	...	5 5	5 5	...	...	4 12	4 12	11 —	10 15	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER 1918—continued

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces—*continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	6 —	5 10			3 —	3 —	4 12	4 12	8 1	8 10	...	...
Saugor	5 12	5 12			3 —	2 12	4 —	4 —	7 8	8 12	...	...
Damoh	6 8	5 9			3 11	4 —	4 5	4 11	9 13	8 9	...	...
Jubbulpore	5 12	5 8		...	3 8	3 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...
Mandla	6 8	6 —	...	..	4 —	3 —	6 —	5 8	...	...	...	...
Seoni	6 —	6 —	...	..	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...
Bálághát	5 7	4 13	...	...	4 4	4 4	7 —	7 —	...	...	..	...
Bhandára	5 2	4 13	...	...		...	5 3	5 13	..	6 14	...	...
Chánda	5 3	4 11	...	...	3 15	3 10	6 7	4 3	8 9	6 2	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur	6 —	5 12	...	.	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Raipur	5 8	5 4	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Drug	6 9	6 6	...	.	4 9	4 9	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	4 3	3 11	...	..	3 9	3 9	5 —	5 —	4 9	4 9	...	...
Akola	5 4	4 7	...	...	2 14	2 14	4 5	4 5	4 4	4 4	...	...
Amráoti	4 4	3 12	...	...	2 4	2 4	4 8	3 15	4 8	4 —	...	...
Yeotmal	5 5	4 1	...	...	2 13	2 13	5 10	5 10	6 4	4 11	...	...
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad	3 1	3 1	...	...	3 —	3 1	4 13	4 1	5 6	4 11	5 18	...
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	..	.		4 9	5 —	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	..	...	..		6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	..	4 15	4 15	5 8	6 4	...	...
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	..	4 2	3 14	...		...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 2	6 4	7 1	5 8	6 14
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	.	..	4 6	4 6	6 12	6 12	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	9 6	9 6	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	..	4 15	4 15	..	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	..	4 15	4 15	7 13	8 5	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...		4 14	4 11	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	.	4 11	4 9	...	...	7 8	7 8
Godávari	...	...	...	...	...	..	7 7	7 2	...	...	10 —	10 —
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	6 3	6 1	4 13	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	7 8	7 —	6 —	6 —
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1	6 4	6 7	6 7	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 11	...	...	.	...	...
Chingleput	...		...	...	...	..	4 13	4 8	...	..	..	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 15	4 15	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 9	...	...	7 9	7 9
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 3	5 3	...	...	6 3	6 14
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	7 7	7 14	8 4	8 4
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	..	.	...	.	...	..	4 7	4 9	...	...	6 3	7 8
Madura		..	...	.	..		4 2	4 2	7 7	7 7	7 3	7 8
Mysore—												
Mysore	3 4	3 —	2 12	2 8	6 —	4 —	...	4 8	7 —	7 —	...	...
Bangalore	3 —	3 —	...	.	3 —	3 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg	3 —	3 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 12	5 14	...	..	..	...
Aden	3 6	3 6	...	...	3 10	3 9	3 15	4 4	5 —	5 —	2 2	2 2

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dal (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces—*continued*
												Central—
...	.	...	..	7 14	7 14	...	...	4 7	4 7	12 12	12 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 4	5 8	14 8	14 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	7 13	8 7	...	...	4 —	4 —	11 —	11 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	7 8	6 12	...	...	4 —	4 —	13 —	13 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	7 —	6 8	...	...	3 12	3 8	13 —	13 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	11 8	11 8	Seoni
...	...	...	...	5 7	6 2	...	...	3 10	4 —	7 15	7 15	Bálághát
...	...	..	...	6 9	6 —	...	...	4 11	4 11	9 10	7 12	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	5 15	5 10	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 9	9 0	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	..	...	.	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 8	11 8	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	7 8	6 7	...	...	5 6	5 6	9 7	8 8	Drug
												Berar—
..	...	..	...	6 —	6 7	...	.	3 15	3 15	7 3	7 3	Buldána
...	...	...	...	6 6	5 9	.	...	4 11	4 11	7 14	7 14	Akola
...	...	...	...	4 14	..	...	...	4 4	...	13 —	...	Amráoti
..	...	...	...	5 14	5 14	...	...	3 11	4 3	11 3	9 9	Yeotmal
												Hyderabad—
..	7 —	..	...	5 9	5 6	...	...	...	5 7	9 8	9 5	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 15	13 8	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 5	10 8	S. Canara
												South, central—
7 6	7 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Nilgiris
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 10	8 15	Salem
												Central—
7 15	7 15	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	Bellary
9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 6	10 6	Anantapur
9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 7	15 9	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 3	9 14	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
9 —	10 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	Ganjam
10 3	10 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 9	20 9	Vizagapatam
8 15	8 15	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	20 9	20 9	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
7 15	8 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 2	15 2	Kistna
8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 2	Guntur
5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	18 —	18 —	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
7 14	8 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 4	17 4	Madras
8 5	8 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 14	20 11	Chingleput
8 8	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 11	15 11	N. Arcot
8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 10	11 13	S. Arcot
8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 1 and 16 —	14 10 and 16 —	Tanjore
8 8	9 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 7	15 7	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
8 3	7 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 1	19 3	Tinnevelly
8 14	8 14	..	...	...		...	...	...	...	14 1	14 1	Madura
												Mysore—
10 —	10 —	...	.	4 —	4 —	...	..	4 4	4 4	10 —	9 —	Mysore
11 —	11 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	3 4	9 —	8 —	Bangalore
												Coorg—
10 8	9 8	...	...	5 12	6 8	.	.	4 —	4 —	12 —	10 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	5 —	4 14	...	...	4 7	4 7	32 —	32 —	**Aden**

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE SECOND HALF OF DECEMBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA
January 28, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending 31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.	31st December 1915.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 9	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3	4 9 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...	5 0 3	5 0 5
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0	5 3 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 5 3
	Lyallpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0	4 2 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0	4 5 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0	4 3 6
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 7 0	4 8 0
	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0	4 9 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0	4 12 6	4 12 0
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6	4 14 3
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3	4 15 8
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	5 0 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 6	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 9 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	4 12 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6	5 5 4
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0	5 2 8
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6	5 0 0
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10	4 9 7
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2	4 13 7	4 14 10
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2	4 6 5
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7	4 12 2
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 8 10	4 6 2	4 7 7
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3	4 10 6
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11	5 6 8
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 12 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6	3 10 9
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 5 4	5 5 4
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 6	3 11 9	3 12 1	3 13 8
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7	6 8 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 5 0
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	6 0 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3	5 9 0
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5	7 3 1
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6
	(Median Average)	4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 8	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 12 10	4 14 3
	Index Numbers (a).	100	104	125	121	106	116	118

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from *fortnightly* returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

ndia per maund of 82⅔ lbs

Fortnight ending											
31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.	15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6	4 13 3	4 12 3	4 13 3	4 13 3
4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10	4 10 9	4 9 10	4 10 11	4 9 10
3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 14 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 4 0
3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3
3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 9	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 1 9	3 14 6	3 14 6
3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0
3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 1 0	3 13 6	3 15 0	4 0 0
3 7 0	3 2 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	3 12 0
3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 5 0
3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 6 0	3 14 0	3 15 0	4 0 0
4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0
4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 5 10	4 5 0	4 3 1	4 3 1
4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 8 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5	4 5 4	4 3 8	3 14 6	3 13 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 14 0	3 11 6
3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 0	4 1 6	3 11 0
3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 9	3 12 0	3 8 3
4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 9 1	4 1 7
3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0	4 1 9	4 1 7	4 0 0	3 14 0
3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 7 1	4 0 0	3 12 11	3 12 11
3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6	4 1 11	3 13 2	4 0 4	3 11 7
3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 5 2	4 1 8	3 14 5
3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 10	3 12 10	3 8 0
3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8	3 4 8	3 7 6	3 10 11
3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 8	4 9 8	4 8 7	4 10 2	4 2 1
4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7	4 13 9	4 11 7	...	4 10 5
3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6	3 13 0	3 9 11	3 15 5	3 13 7
4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2	3 5 11	3 3 10	3 9 4	3 2 6
4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 6 0	3 15 0	4 0 0
3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	3 12 0	3 10 0
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	4 14 0
4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 7	3 10 10	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 14 1
3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 5 0	4 0 8	4 0 0
95	90	95	107	110	107	106	106	106	104	98	97

D

A.—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending 15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 5 3	4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 9	4 10 9	4 8 3	4 9 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy).	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 13 11	4 15 4	4 14 7	4 13 2	...	4 6 6
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 5 6	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 8 6	4 8 6	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 13 0	3 14 3	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 9	4 1 6	4 1 6
	Ferozepur	3 10 3	3 11 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6
	Lyallpur	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
	Amritsar	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 11 6	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 12 0
	Multan	3 10 6	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0
	Rawalpindi	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 3 5	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 6 0	4 6 0
	Ambala	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 0	4 0 6	4 0 0	4 0 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 6	3 15 3	4 0 9	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6	4 1 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 1 2	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10
	Aligarh (Hathras)	3 11 5	3 14 4	3 14 5	3 14 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6
	Cawnpore	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6
	Meerut	3 11 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 11	3 12 11
	Shahjahanpur	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 3	3 11 6	3 12 6	3 11 0	3 11 6
	Agra	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1
	Fyzabad	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 1 6	...	...	4 3 4	4 2 0	3 15 3
	Lucknow	3 14 0	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 1 10
	Jubbulpore	3 10 2	3 11 6	3 15 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 5	3 10 10
	Raipur	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
	Akola	3 3 7	3 11 11	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	4 2 10	4 2 11	4 2 1	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 2 6
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 2 6	5 0 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 13 0	4 13 6	4 12 10½
Bombay	Poona	4 9 4	4 14 11	4 13 9	5 3 4	5 4 5	5 4 5	5 2 2	5 4 5
	Ahmednagar	3 12 8	4 0 5	4 2 2	4 4 1	4 7 9	4 5 11	4 6 10	4 11 5
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 7 11	3 6 1	3 11 8	3 11 8	3 11 8	4 1 7	4 1 8	4 1 8
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 5 0	3 1 0	3 5 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0
	Bhagalpur	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0
	Muzaffarpur	3 5 3	3 5 3	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
	Ranchi	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0
	Cuttack	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 4	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
	Mandalay	3 7 8	3 3 5	3 8 7	3 14 1	3 14 1	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7
	(Median Average)	3 13 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 0 2	4 0 11	4 2 10	4 1 10	4 1 10
	Index Numbers (a)	92	94	99	97	98	101	99	99

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100

India per maund of 82⅔ lbs—*contd.*

FORTNIGHT ENDING

15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 3	4 14 3	5 2 3	5 6 4	5 3 9	5 6 4	5 4 4	4 14 9	5 3 3	5 5 4
4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 5	5 2 3	4 15 6	5 1 7	5 0 10	5 1 2	5 0 10	5 0 1	5 1 11	5 2 10
4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 11 0	5 6 0	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 12 6	6 6 6
4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 3	4 11 3	4 9 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6
3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 3	4 9 0	4 9 0
4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 3 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 12 0
3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 4 3	4 5 3	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 11 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 12 0	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 12 6	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 13 0
4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 5 3	5 14 9
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 1 0	5 1 0
4 2 3	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 1 0	5 8 0
4 2 10	4 1 7	4 3 5	4 3 10	4 3 10	4 5 5	4 10 3	4 11 5	4 11 5	4 11 5	5 3 6	5 3 6
4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 8	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 9 5	4 13 7	4 14 9	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 7 2	5 6 8
4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 3 0	5 5 0
3 14 5	3 12 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 11 4	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 5 4	5 5 3
3 11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 4 3	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	5 2 0	5 2 0
4 7 1	4 7 1	...	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5
3 15 8	3 15 3	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 5 3	4 12 0	4 13 6	4 11 3	4 12 0	4 15 0
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 5 4
4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	5 1 6	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5
4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 14 10	4 14 10	5 0 0	5 2 7	5 3 11	5 9 10	5 5 5	5 1 4
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	4 0 0
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 7 11	...	...	...	...	...	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11
4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 13 7	4 15 4	4 15 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 6 9
4 14 6	5 0 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 13 0	5 12 0	5 8 0
5 3 4	5 2 2	5 13 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	...	6 2 11	...	7 6 11	...	...	...
4 6 10	4 15 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 3	4 15 1	5 11 11	5 13 10	...	6 0 7	5 13 10	5 15 2
4 6 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	...	4 3 4	4 1 8	...	4 8 11
3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 12 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 8 0
3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 6	5 11 6
4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 8 0
4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 1 3	5 1 3
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2
4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	4 4 3	4 6 2	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7
4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	4 11 2	4 11 9	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 7	5 1 11	5 3 2
101	102	104	104	106	113	119	120	121	110	124	126

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat i[n

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 15th March 1918. Rs. A. P.	31st March 1918. Rs. A. P.	15th April 1918. Rs. A. P.	30th April 1918. Rs. A. P.	15th May 1918. Rs. A. P.	31st May 1918. Rs. A. P.	15th June 1918. Rs. A. P.	30th June 1918. Rs. A. P.	15th July 1918. Rs. A. P.
ort (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 3 3	5 4 4	5 4 4	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 5 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	5 1 4	5 1 9	5 3 9	5 2 10	5 7 10	5 8 2	5 13 8	6 0 7	6 3 11
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).*	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 1 0	5 10 0
nnjab	Lahore	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 10 3	4 1 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 13 6
	Ferozepur	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 3	3 14 6	4 1 6
	Lyallpur	4 7 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 0 1	4 5 0
	Amritsar	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 10 0
	Multan	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 13 0	4 6 3	3 13 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 5 0
	Rawalpindi	5 14 9	6 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	4 13 6	4 11 3	5 6 2	5 1 3	5 2 6
	Ambala	4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 5 0
elhi	Delhi	5 3 6	4 15 0	5 0 8	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	5 2 0
Jnited Provinces	Benares	5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	4 3 2	4 4 0	4 6 3	4 7 1	4 10 6	4 8 3
	Aligarh (Hathras)	5 8 2	4 11 2	4 3 8	4 1 8	4 1 8	4 2 6½	4 7 2½	4 14 6	5 1 4½
	Cawnpore	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 14 0	5 8 0
	Meerut	4 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	.	4 11 3
	Shahjahanpur	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 7 9	4 11 0
	Agra	5 14 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 5 4	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 11 5
	Fyzabad	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 9	4 1 9	4 5 0
	Lucknow	4 5 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 14 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	4 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 8	5 14 1	5 14 1	5 10 8	5 7 10
	Jubbulpore	5 1 4	5 1 4	4 6 1	4 9 1	4 9 1	4 14 10	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
	Raipur	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 10	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 8 0	5 0 0
	Akola	5 15 4	5 9 11	5 3 11	5 3 10	5 3 11	5 3 11	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	5 1 3	5 1 11	4 15 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 10 9	4 3 9	4 1 2	4 1 2
aluchistan	Quetta	5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6
ombay	Poona	6 12 11	6 9 7	7 1 11	7 3 7	8 3 1	7 9 8	...	7 6 11	7 15 9
	Ahmednagar	5 10 1	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 1 6	5 15 8	6 3 4	6 5 1	6 5 1	6 7 11
	Ahmedabad	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 6 0	6 2 0	5 12 0	6 2 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	5 7 6	6 2 6	...	5 15 0	5 8 7	5 14 11
ihar and Orissa	Patna	5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 9 0
	Bhagalpur	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
	Muzaffarpur	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
	Ranchi	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0
	Cuttack	5 1 3	5 1 3	6 1 6	6 1 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 5 4	6 1 6
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	4 9 2	4 9 2	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0
	Mandalay	5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1
	(Median Average)	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	4 10 3	4 9 1	4 8 11	4 9 1	4 14 3	5 2 0
	Index Numbers (b)	122	119	117	112	110	110	110	118	124

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Prices at ports after 31st December 1918, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 3rd January 1919. Rs. A. P.	On 10th January 1919. Rs. A. P.	On 17th January 1919. Rs. A. P.	On 24th January 1919. Rs. A. P.
Karachi (white)	Maund	6 14 5	7 0 5	7 0 5	6 15 5
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	"	8 2 9	8 1 4	7 12 11	7 13 8
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	8 6 0	7 12 0	8 0 0	7 15 6

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82 2/7 lbs—contd.

Fortnight ending: 31st July 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	15th August 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	31st August 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	15th September 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	30th September 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	15th October 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	31st October 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	15th November 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	30th November 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	15th December 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	31st December 1918. (Rs. A. P.)	Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 31st December 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight. (Per cent)
5 8 4	5 8 4	5 8 4	5 10 4	6 8 4	6 10 4	6 10 4	6 12 4	6 13 4	6 13 4	6 14 5	+1
6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2	7 1 2	7 2 10	8 8 8	8 5 9	8 2 9	8 2 9	*Nil*
5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	9 1 0	7 8 0	8 4 0	7 12 0	8 14 0	8 12 0	8 6 0	−4
5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 6 6	+4
4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	5 14 9	6 6 6	+8
4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 11 0	5 12 6	5 14 0	5 15 0	6 0 0	6 14 0	+15
4 11 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 6 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 14 6	5 12 9	5 14 0	6 4 3	+7
4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 8 3	5 10 0	5 8 3	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	*Nil*
5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 9	5 14 9	6 0 0	6 0 6	6 0 6	6 4 6	6 0 6	6 10 9	+11
4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0	6 9 0	6 9 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	*Nil*
5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 15 0	6 15 0	6 10 0	6 14 0	+4
5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	6 6 0	6 10 8	6 7 9	6 2 7	6 7 1	6 14 1	6 14 1	6 9 2	−4
5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7½	6 10 0	7 4 8	7 4 8	6 5 6	6 12 0	6 11 0	6 13 10½	6 13 0	−1
5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 8	6 10 0	7 4 0	6 15 0	6 13 0	6 15 3	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 10 8	*Nil*
5 2 6	5 8 8	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9	6 6 0	6 6 0	6 10 9	6 10 9	6 4 0	6 6 0	+2
5 0 0	5 9 9	5 9 9	6 6 0	7 10 0	6 10 0	6 7 0	6 14 0	7 6 0	7 4 0	7 2 0	−2
5 14 10	5 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	7 4 8	7 4 7	7 5 2	7 1 5	6 15 3	6 14 3*	6 13 9	*Nil*
5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3	7 1 3	6 2 9	...	6 5 9	6 6 3	...	...
5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	8 0 0	6 10 6	6 6 4	6 15 4	6 15 3	6 15 3*	6 15 3	*Nil*
5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 7 4	8 6 2	8 6 4	8 6 4	8 6 4	8 3 10	−2
5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8	7 1 10	6 15 4	7 12 11	6 15 4	6 15 4	6 10 8	−4
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 0 0	6 3 2	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 4 10	7 2 5	−2
5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2	7 0 2	9 1 6	9 13 7	9 13 7	8 5 4	8 13 1	−18
4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 4 7	5 4 5	*Nil*
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	*Nil*
8 0 11	7 8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	...	9 7 1	...	9 11 7	9 1 7	9 7 1	9 11 7	+3
6 14 4	7 5 8	...	9 3 1	...	8 11 9	8 11 9	8 4 5	8 15 5	8 8 4	8 15 5	+5
6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 4 0	−3
7 3 7	7 9 1	7 11 8	9 4 0	8 5 10	...	8 15 10	9 7 11	8 5 0	7 9 0	8 5 0	+10
4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0	6 0 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 6	6 2 6	+8
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	6 0 0	6 6 0	6 10 0	6 6 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	*Nil*
4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	6 10 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 10 6	+8
6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	7 8 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	*Nil*
6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11	6 12 11	8 3 3	8 3 3	8 3 3	9 6 7	9 6 7	*Nil*
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	+17
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 10 5	8 10 5	*Nil*
5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9	7 12 11	8 1 7	8 6 9	8 6 9	8 6 9	8 6 9	*Nil*
5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 9	6 6 0	6 12 11	6 10 6	6 8 0	6 14 6	6 14 1	6 13 10½	6 13 10½	*Nil*
125	133	134	154	164	161	157	167	166	166†	166	

* Since reported. † Revised.

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 31st December, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918. 15th December.	1918. 31st December.	1918. Increase or Decrease.	1917. 15th December.	1917. 31st December.	1917. Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent			Per cent
India . . .	100	100	*Nil*	100	101	+1
Punjab . .	100	107	+7	100	100	*Nil*
United Provinces .	100	99	−1	100	102	+2
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	89	−11	100	98	−2

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING 31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0
	Bombay *	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 3
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 5	...	...	...
Punjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14
	Ambala	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares	9 3	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
	Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	9 9	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 4	8 8	8 0
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 3
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack	9 3	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5
	(Median Average)	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0
	Index Numbers (a)	100	106	127	123	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING

31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.	15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 4
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0	9 0	9 8	10 0
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7	9 9	10 0	9 14
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 8
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 12	9 12
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 6	8 8	8 8	8 14	10 0	9 12
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	9 0
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 13	9 1	9 1
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8	8 8	10 0
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 5	8 8	8 8	8 4	8 4	9 0	9 8
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 4
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	8 12	9 12	10 4
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4	9 4	9 4	10 12
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 8	10 0
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 6	8 10	8 10	8 14	8 14	9 12	9 12
8 2	10 0	10 3	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 8	9 9
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 8
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 2	10 2
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	10 12	10 12	10 12
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	9 2	9 3	8 11	8 10	8 10	8 12	8 9
8 9½	8 11	9 0	8 6¼	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 3	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	10 2	10 2	9 7
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 3	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	10 4	10 11	10 11
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8	9 4	9 0	10 8
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 3	9 3	10 8	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8	8 8	9 3	9 3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5	10 5	9 9	9 9
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14	8 14	9 3	9 8
120	96	93	96	111	112	111	109	108	108	104	101

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd.

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
	Bombay*	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
Punjab	Lahore	9 4	10 4	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8
	Ferozepore	10 0	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0
	Amritsar	9 12	11 2	10 6	10 4	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 4
	Rawalpindi	8 12	8 12	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 4	9 0
	Lyallpur	9 8	10 8	10 4	10 8	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12
	Multan	10 8	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0
	Ambala	9 10	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	10 0
Delhi	Delhi	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 12	9 12	9 7	9 8
United Provinces	Benares	9 10	9 8	9 3	9 3	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 3
	Cawnpore	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 4	9 4
	Meerut	10 4	10 8	10 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
	Agra	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8	9 0	9 0
	Lucknow	10 4	10 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4
	Aligarh	11 4	11 4	10 12	10 8	10 7	10 8	10 8	10 8
	Shahjahanpur	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 12	10 12	10 10	10 8	10 10
	Fyzabad	10 0	10 0	9 14	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	10 3	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 4	9 4
	Jubbulpore	10 0	10 12	10 8	9 14	9 12	9 12	9 12	10 0
	Raipur	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
	Akola	9 11	10 9	9 7	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	9 10	9 7	9 7	9 10	9 14	9 14	9 14	9 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	7 8	7 12	8 0¼	8 3⅛	8 3½	8 3⅛	8 5½	...
Bombay	Poona	8 6	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3
	Ahmednagar	9 7	9 7	9 7	8 11	8 11	8 11	8 11	8 0
	Ahmedabad	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0
	Dharwar	10 11	10 11	10 11	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	8 6
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 0	12 0	13 0	12 0	10 8	10 8	11 0	11 0
	Bhagalpur	10 12	11 3	11 3	10 8	10 0	10 8	10 8	10 8
	Muzaffarpur	9 8	12 0	12 0	11 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
	Ranchi	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 4	8 4
	Cuttack	9 3	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 3	9 3	9 3
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
	Mandalay	9 9	10 13	11 5	10 5	9 9	9 9	8 4	7 12
	(Median Average)	9 10	10 4	9 14	9 9	9 8	9 8	9 5	9 4
	Index Numbers (a)	99	93	97	100	100	100	103	103

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING

31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 0
7 0	7 0	6 6	6 6	6 6	5 12	5 12	5 7	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2
9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0	8 8	8 8
10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 6	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 4
9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	6 8
9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 4	8 0	7 8	8 0	8 0	8 8	8 4
9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2
10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 0	7 12	7 12
9 8	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 12	8 10	7 12	7 13½	7 12	8 0	7 10	7 0
9 4½	9 4½	9 6½	9 2¼	8 15	8 15	8 13	8 4	8 1½	8 1½	8 1½	7 5½	7 5½
9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	7 8	7 4
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0	8 4	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 4
8 8	...	8 8	...	8 1	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 12	6 8
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	7 8	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 4
10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 4	7 12
10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	9 12	9 2	8 11	8 14	8 4	8 1	7 10	7 10
9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12	...	8 14	8 4	8 0	8 2	8 0	7 14
9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5	8 5	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11
10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 14	7 14	7 12	7 8	7 6	6 14	7 4	7 10
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8
8 15	8 15	8 15	7 13	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9
9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 2	8 0	8 0	7 13	7 13	7 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
7 3	7 3	7 3	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8
8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8
8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	8 6	7 15
10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 8	9 0	9 0	7 8	7 0
10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 14	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 0
8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 0	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0	6 0	6 0
9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 14	7 14
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 9	7 12	7 12	8 4	7 12	7 12
9 6½	9 4½	9 4	9 3½	9 0	8 12	8 4½	7 14	7 12	7 12	7 15½	7 9	7 6¾
102	103	103	105	106	109	115	121	123	123	120	126	129

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—*concld.*

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8
	Bombay*	5 2	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 12	4 12
Punjab	Lahore	7 12	8 0	8 0	8 8	9 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
	Ferozepore	8 8	8 12	8 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 8	10 4
	Amritsar	8 8	8 10	9 0	9 8	9 10	9 0	9 0	8 12
	Rawalpindi	6 8	6 4	7 8	6 12	8 0	8 4	7 8	7 10
	Lyallpur	8 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8
	Multan	8 2	8 6	8 2	8 14	10 4	10 4	9 12	9 8
	Ambala	8 0	8 14	8 8	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12
Delhi	Delhi	7 6	7 14	7 11	8 6	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
United Provinces	Benares	7 7½	8 10	9 8	8 15	8 14½	8 13	8 11	8 4
	Cawnpore	8 0	8 4	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	8 0	7 8	8 12	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 12
	Agra	6 8	7 0	7 0	7 8	8 4	8 4	8 0	7 8
	Lucknow	9 0	8 12	8 12	9 4	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8
	Aligarh	7 12	9 0	9 0	10 8	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8
	Shahjahanpur	8 10	8 10	8 14	10 0	9 9	9 14	9 6	8 14
	Fyzabad	9 2	9 10	9 6	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 4	9 4
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 10	7 0	6 11	6 11	6 11
	Jubbulpore	7 10	7 10	8 14	8 8	8 8	7 14	7 8	7 8
	Raipur	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
	Akola	5 9	5 14	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 10	6 10
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	7 13	7 10	8 0	8 8	8 5	8 8	9 5	9 10
Bombay	Poona	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13
	Ahmednagar	6 8	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13
	Ahmedabad	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	6 0	6 8
	Dharwar	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	8 0	8 12	10 8	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	11 0
	Bhagalpur	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Muzaffarpur	7 0	7 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Ranchi	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
	Cuttack	7 14	7 14	6 9	6 9	7 3	7 8	7 8	7 8
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	7 0	7 0	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10
	Mandalay	7 5	7 5	7 12	7 5	7 5	6 14	6 11	6 11
	(Median Average)	7 12	7 14	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 10	8 9½	8 6
	Index Numbers (*a*)	123	121	120	112	112	111	111	114

(*a*) Based on the price Relatfnight fo ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.
* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

Fortnight ending 15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	30th November 1918.	15th December 1918.	31st December 1918	Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 31st December 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	5 12	5 12	5 0	5 0	*Nil*
4 12	4 12	4 7	4 7	3 13	3 13	3 13	3 11	3 6	3 3	5 3	3 8	—9
8 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 0	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	5 12	+9
9 8	8 8	8 4	8 0	7 4	6 4	6 8	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 8	6 0	+8
8 8	8 4	8 0	8 0	7 4	6 4	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 6	6 2	+4
7 8	7 8	6 12	7 2	7 0	6 8	6 4	6 6	6 6	6 2	6 6	5 12	+11
9 4	8 6	8 2	8 4	7 8	6 10	6 12	6 10	6 8	6 8	6 4	5 12	+9
9 0	8 12	8 0	7 12	7 8	7 0	6 14	7 0	6 12	6 12	6 14	6 14	*Nil*
9 2	8 12	7 12	7 12	7 2	6 5	6 1	6 1	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	*Nil*
7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	5 13	5 8	5 12	5 12	5 8	5 8	5 12	5 8	+5
8 8	7 10½	7 9	6 14	6 8	5 12	5 11½	6 1½	5 14	5 7	5 7	5 11½	—6
7 0	7 4	6 8	7 0	5 12	5 4	5 8	5 14	5 8	5 12	5 12	5 12	*Nil*
8 4	7 8	7 0	6 12	6 0	5 8	6 0	6 0	5 12	5 12	6 0	6 0	*Nil*
7 0	6 12	7 0	7 1	6 2	5 6	5 4	5 10	5 7	5 9	5 10*	6 3	—9
8 0	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 0	4 12	5 12	6 0	5 12	5 12	5 8*	5 8	*Nil*
8 12	8 0	7 12	7 4	6 12	6 0	5 12	6 4	6 0	6 0	6 4	6 4	*Nil*
8 7	8 0	6 14	6 14	6 1	5 6	6 6½	6 2	5 12	5 4	5 8	5 8	*Nil*
9 0	7 12	7 8	7 6	7 0	5 8	5 6	6 4	6 2	6 0	6 0	...	...
7 0	7 0	6 6	6 1	5 12	5 12	4 14	4 14	3 14	3 14	4 13	5 7	—11
7 8	7 4	6 14	6 12	6 0	5 12	5 6	5 8	4 15	5 8	5 8	5 12	—4
7 12	7 12	7 12	6 2	6 4	6 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 4	5 8	—5
6 10	6 10	6 10	5 13	5 8	5 4	5 4	3 9	3 5	3 5	4 7	5 4	—15
9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 8	7 8	*Nil*
4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	3 14	3 14	3 14	3 14	...	3 14	3 14	3 0	+29
5 13	5 7	5 1	4 11	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	*Nil*
6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8	4 8	4 0	4 8	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	*Nil*
6 8	5 9	5 2	5 2	4 14	5 2	4 11	4 12	4 8	4 12	4 8	5 0	—10
11 0	8 8	9 0	8 8	8 0	6 0	7 0	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 8	+8
9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	7 0	6 10	6 4	6 0	6 4	6 2	6 2	*Nil*
9 0	8 8	8 8	7 0	7 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 8	+9
6 12	6 4	6 4	6 0	6 0	5 0	4 8	4 8	4 8	5 0	5 0	5 0	*Nil*
6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	5 14	5 14	4 14	4 14	4 14	4 4	4 4	*Nil*
4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 4	3 4	*Nil*
6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	5 14	5 6	4 15	4 12	4 9	4 9	4 9	4 9	*Nil*
7 10	7 8	7 0	7 0	6 3	5 10	5 11½	6 0	5 12	5 10¼	5 9†	5 8	+1
125	127	137	137	155	170	167	159	166	169	172†	174	

* Since reported. † Revised.

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 31st December as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	15th December	31st December	Increase or Decrease.	15th December	31st December	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India . . .	100	101	+1	100	102	+2
Punjab . .	100	106	+6	100	102	+2
United Provinces .	100	98	—2	100	101	+1
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	92	—8	100	101	+1

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI. White (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red). Price.	Index Numbers.	KARACHI. Red (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 92% red). Price.	Index Numbers.	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy). Price.	Index Numbers.	Calcutta C... No. 2. Price.	N
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
Week ending 30th July 1914	31 6	100	31 3	100	32 9	100	34 9½	
" 6th August "	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	
" 3rd September "	34 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	112	33 7	103	...	
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	122	34 9½	106	41 8½	
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	
" 30th " "	44 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	
" 4th February "	45 0	143	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	
" 25th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	
" 3rd June "	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 3	106	..	..	35 10½	
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	..	...	38 7½	
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 1½	
" 3rd September "	36 3	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	122	40 4½	
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	38 10	
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	32 11	
" 5th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	103	32 11	
" 12th " "	34 3	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	32 5	
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 8	
" 30th " "	29 0	92	28 9	92	33 4	102	32 8	
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 5	
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	33 2	
" 28th " "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	
" 11th " "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	
" 25th " "	35 10½	114	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	
" 31st " "	36 3	115	34 3	113	36 2	111	33 4½	
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	
" 13th October "	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	
" 20th " "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	105	34 1½	
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 2	107	34 1½	
" 3rd November "	36 3	115	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	
" 10th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	113	34 11	
" 17th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	112	36 10	
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 3	120	41 1	
" 8th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	
" 22nd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 0	116	38 10	
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	122	37 6	114	...	
" 5th January 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 4	
" 12th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 2	117	38 4	
" 19th " "	40 3	128	39 3	126	37 6	114	37 4	
" 26th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	36 3	111	36 10	
" 2nd February "	40 0	127	39 0	125	36 8	112	36 10	
" 9th " "	39 6	125	38 6	123	37 2	113	36 10	
" 16th " "	38 3	121	37 3	119	37 2	113	37 4	
" 23rd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	37 2	113	37 10	
" 2nd March "	38 7½	123	37 7½	120	36 9	112	38 4	
" 9th " "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 0	113	37 10	
" 30th " "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112	36 4	
" 6th April "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	
" 13th " "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 4	114	37 4	
" 4th May "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112	34 2	

C.—Comparative prices of wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON.

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other g[oods] taken as 100.]

Date.	Choice White Karachi. Price.	Index Numbers.	Red Karachi. Price.	Index Numbers.	Delhi. Price.	Index Numbers.	Choice White Bombay. Price.	Index Numbers.	Club No. 1. Price.	Index Numbers.	Club No. [2]. Price.	In[dex] N[um]b[ers].
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
10th July, 1914	39 6 July-Aug.	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1st August „	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1st October „	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4th November „	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3rd December „	50 6	128	50 0	100		...	...	...	...	...	...	
16th „ „	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9 May-June.	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	
30th „ „	51 6 May-June.	130	53 0 Jany.-Feb.	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do.	132	...	...	53 3 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	
4th February „	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4½ Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	
25th „ „	60 3 Do.	153	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar.-April.	
4th March „	59 0 Do.	149	Do.	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	
8th April „	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	
6th May „	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	
12th „ „	63 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do.	127	68 0	100	67 0	100	...	
4th June „	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	
2nd July „	53 0 June	134	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do.	
23rd „ „	56 0 July	142	55 7½ July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	55 9 July	
6th August „	56 6	143	56 1½	112	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1½	
27th „ „	54 0	137	56 1½	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1½	
3rd September „	54 0 July, Sellers.	137	53 7½ July, Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers	85	...	
24th Sept., '15 to 18th Apl., '16.	No sellers	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19th April, 1916	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
28th April to 15th May 1916.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
19th May, 1916	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2nd and 9th June, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17th June, 1916	57 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23rd „ „	55 0 June, Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
27th „ „	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
29th June to 7th July, 1916.	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14th July, 1916	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
22nd „ „	59 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug. Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
28th „ „	61 3 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
th August „	65 0 Aug.-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11th „ „	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug.-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18th „ „	69 3 Do. Sellers.	175	68 9 Do., Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
25th „ „	72 0 Do. Sept.-Oct.	182	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1st „ „	72 6 Sept., Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
th September „	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15th „ „	72 3 Oct., Sellers.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22nd „ „	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
28th „ „	71 9, Sellers.	182	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
th October „	72 3 Oct., Paid.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14th „ „	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21st „ „	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
27th „ „	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
3rd November „	79 0, Paid	200	Nominal	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
10th „ „	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
17th „ „	80 3 Nov.-Dec., Sellers.	203	Do.	..	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
24th „ „	81 0, Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
1st December „	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
th and 15th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
19th December, 1916	82 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid	163	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
22nd to 29th Dec., 1916.	No sellers	...	Nominal	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
th to 12th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
19th and 26th Jan. 1917.	82 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
2nd February to 30th March 1917	82 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
th April 1917	83 0 April-May	210	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	
18th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 „ „	215	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN INDIAN PORTS—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914=100.]

Date.	Karachi. White (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red). Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Karachi. Red (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 92% red). Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy). Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.	Calcutta Club No. 2. Price. s. d.	Index Numbers.
Week ending 11th May 1917	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 8	115	34 2	98
" 18th " "	34 6	110	33 6	107	37 2	113	34 8	100
" 25th " "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 6	114	35 8	103
" 1st June "	35 6	113	34 6	110	37 8	115	35 10½	103
" 8th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 2	120	35 2	101
" 15th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	35 5	102
" 22nd " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	36 1	104
" 29th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 6th July "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 13th " "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 2	120	36 1	104
" 20th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	39 6	121	36 7	105
" 27th " "	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 5	117	37 4	107
" 3rd August "	37 0	117	36 0	115	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 10th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	35 8	103
" 17th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	36 4	104
" 24th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 3	111	36 4	104
" 31st " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	35 2	107	36 4	104
" 7th September "	37 3	118	36 3	116	36 3	111	35 10	103
" 14th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 2	113	35 10	103
" 21st " "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	35 10	103
" 28th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 8	115	38 2	110
" 5th October "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 11	116	37 4	107
" 12th " "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 19th " "	38 6	122	37 6	120	38 1	116	37 7	108
" 26th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 8	124	...	...
" 2nd November "	39 0	124	38 0	122	41 0	125	37 10	109
" 9th " "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 1	122	37 1	107
" 16th " "	41 0	130	40 0	128	39 7	121	37 4	107
" 23rd " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 1	122	39 4	113
" 30th " "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	124	42 10	123
" 7th December "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	42 4	122
" 14th " "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	40 10	117
" 21st " "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 2	123	41 7	120
" 28th " "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	...	...
" 4th January, 1918	42 3	134	41 3	132	40 5	123	45 10	132
" 11th " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 0	125	46 4	133
" 18th " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123	44 10	129
" 25th " "	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 2	123	45 7	131
" 1st February "	39 3	125	38 3	122	39 11	122	45 7	131
" 8th " "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	44 10	129
" 15th " "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 10	125	46 1	132
" 22nd " "	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 10	125	48 10	140
" 1st March "	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 3	126	51 1	147
" 8th " "	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 1	125	48 4	139
" 15th " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	40 4	116
" 22nd " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	39 4	113
" 29th " "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 9	124	40 10	117
" 5th April "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 2	126	40 10	117
" 12th " "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 9	127	41 1	118
" 19th " "	41 0	130	40 0	128	41 10	128	42 10	123
" 26th " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 3	126	40 4	116
" 3rd May "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 1	128	39 4	113
" 10th " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 5	133	39 10	114
" 17th " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 9	134	40 4	116
" 24th " "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 7	133	41 1	118
" 31st " "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 11	134	40 4	116
" 7th June "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 6	130	41 1	118
" 14th " "	42 0	133	41 0	131	46 8	142	40 10	117
" 21st " "	41 6	132	40 6	130	42 10	131	40 10	117
" 28th " "	41 6	132	40 6	130	48 1	147	40 4	116
" 5th July "	41 6	132	40 6	130	47 8	146	41 7	120
" 12th " "	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 8	152	43 4	125
" 19th " "	42 6	135	41 6	133	49 9	152	44 10	129
" 26th " "	43 0	137	42 0	134	50 7	154	45 1	130
" 2nd August "	44 0	140	43 0	138	50 9	155	45 7	131
" 9th " "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 9	164	46 4	133
" 16th " "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 10	170	47 7	137
" 23rd " "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 7	164	51 10	149
" 30th " "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 3	169	48 1	138
" 6th September "	44 0	140	43 0	138	56 2	172	50 10	146
" 13th " "	45 0	143	44 0	141	59 6	182	50 10	146
" 20th " "	46 0	146	45 6	146	60 5	184	55 10	160
" 27th " "	52 0	165	51 6	165	61 10	189	72 3	208
" 4th October "	52 0	165	51 6	165	56 11	174	70 3	202
" 11th " "	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 7	173	59 9	172
" 18th " "	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 4	172	—	—
" 25th " "	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	59 4	171
" 1st November "	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	65 9	189
" 8th " "	53 0	168	52 6	168	68 1	208	62 [illegible]	180
" 15th " "	54 0	171	53 6	171	68 1	208	61 9	177
" 22nd " "	54 6	173	54 0	173	68 1	208	59 9½	172
" 29th " "	54 6	173	54 0	173	66 8	204	70 9	203
" 6th December "	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	69 9	200
" 13th " "	54 6	173	54 0	173	65 2	199	69 9	200
" 20th " "	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 11	201	67 9	195
" 27th " "	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	...	...
" 3rd January, 1919	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	66 9	192
" 10th "	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON—*contd.*

[...ex Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	Choice White Karachi.		Red Karachi.		Delhi.		Choice White Bombay.		Club No. 1.		Club No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	s. d.		*s. d.*		*s. d.*		*s. d.*		*s. d.*		*s. d.*	
to 11th May '17	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	No Sellers	...	79 6 Noml.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
May to 6th July „	86 9 „ .	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	...
to 20th July „	86 9 „ .	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
h July to 10th ug. 1917	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
to 24th Aug. '17	86 9 sellers .	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
Aug. 1917 .	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom.	172	86 9 Nom.	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	...	...
September '17 o 2nd Jan. '18	78 0 .	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	...	...	78 0	15
January to 17th October '18	80 0 .	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	158
h October '18 to th January '19	80 0 afloat .	203	80 0 afloat	160	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	...	80 0 afloat	15
January to 18th anuary '19.	Nothing offering to London			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

...OTE.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly ... the Chambers of Commerce. The statistics for London are compiled from Reuter's telegrams.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 7 of 1918-19.

PREFATORY NOTE.

The Cotton Season, 1918-19.

In the Third Cotton Forecast, published on the 18th December, 1918, the yield of the crop was provisionally estimated at 3,282,000 bales on an area of 19,677,000 acres, as compared with 4,035,000* bales on an area of 24,781,000 acres, the final estimates of last year,—a decrease of 19 per cent in the outturn. There were 361,000 bales of cotton pressed in the pressing factories, and 104,000 bales of unpressed cotton received in the spinning mills, from 1st September to 15th December, 1918, as against 306,000 bales and 122,000 bales, respectively, during the corresponding period of last year, showing an increase of 18 per cent in the case of presses, but a decrease of 15 per cent in the case of mills. Too much stress should not be laid on the accuracy of these returns as a means of checking the forecast estimates of outturn, as there is at present no system in vogue of furnishing complete returns from all the presses and mills in India. The figures for the States of Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore are, as will be seen from the footnotes to the tables, mostly incomplete and have been excluded for the purpose of comparison.

* The trade estimate is, however, 3,860,000 bales. (Net exports 1,409,000 bales, mill consumption 1,701,000 bales and extra-factory consumption 750,000 bales.) The estimate of mill consumption is based on the statistics of yarn produced by the mills, and excludes the quantity of waste cotton sold by the mills, which is included partly in "Net exports" and partly in "extra-factory consumption."

I.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 15th December, 1918.

(Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total quantity pressed from 1st September to 15th December, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ıbay (including Indian tates) and Baroda . .	630,000	19·2	198	15	5,805	25,345	47,090
tral Provinces and Berar ncluding Indian States) .	789,000	24·0	162	106	82,251	161,843	106,147
lras	519,000	15·8	58	55	(b) 2,901	52,076	(f)48,778
jab (including Indian tates)	501,000	15·3	92	9	10,107	17,049	9,133
ted Provinces . . .	175,000	5·3	85	28	20,377	59,844	68,257
l	98,000	3·0	15	5	6,883	21,350	3,930
ma	70,000	2·1	(g)19	7	5,311	22,574	(f)19,331
ar and Orissa . . .	19,000	·6	...	...	...	...	...
gal	26,000	·8	3	1	81	81	63
m	12,000	·4	...	...	...	...	...
th-West Frontier Province	9,000	·3	1	1	26	500	2,243
ıer-Merwara . . .	14,000	·4	5	3	618	782	662
hi	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
AL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)	2,862,000	87·2	639	230	134,360	361,444	305,634
derabad	200,000	6·1	41	(e)	(e)	...	...
tral India . . .	133,000	4·0	32	(e)	(e)	...	...
putana	61,000	1·9	10	(e)	(e)	590	1,727
sore	26,000	·8	3	(e)	(e)	1,311	...
OTAL INDIAN STATES (d) .	420,000	12·8	86	...	...	1,901	1,727
GRAND TOTAL .	3,282,000	100	725	230	134,360	363,345	307,361

(a) The figures in column 2 are the provisional estimates for 1918-19, as published in the Third Forecast, dated the 18th December, 1918. Final estimates for 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of February, 1919.
(b) Figures for the weeks ending 7th and 14th December, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.
(c) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.
(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.
(f) Revised figure.
(g) Of this number 8 presses worked during the half-month.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 15th December, 1
(Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total quantity received from 1st September to 15th December, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each) — Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	165	38	15,286	56,404	71
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	10	10	8,653	20,514	(c) 10
Madras	12	12	(a) 250	4,483	(c) 6
Punjab	3	...	...	476	3
United Provinces	15	1	56	1,496	(c) 7
Sind	1	...	...	...	..
Bengal	10	10	2,537	17,880	(c) 18
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	464	1,685	1
Delhi	3	2	399	1,262	1
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (b)	221	78	27,645	104,200	122
Hyderabad	3	1	462	902	1
Central India	3	2	897	2,808	[illegible]
Mysore	2	(d)	(d)	160	..
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (c)	8	3	1,359	3,870	4
GRAND TOTAL	229	81	29,004	108,070	126

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of *unpressed* cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton c through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 7th and 14th December, 1918.
[See footnote (b) on preceding page.]
(b) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.
(c) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(d) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.
(e) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received i Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 15th December, 1918, in *British Provinces (including I States within provincial boundaries).*

Province	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) *	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 15th December, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 15th December, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percen ratio col. 5 col.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	630,000	25,346	56,404	81,749	
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	789,000	161,843	20,514	182,357	
Madras	519,000	52,076	4,483	56,559	
Punjab (including Indian States) } North-West Frontier Province } Delhi }	510,000	17,549	1,738	19,287	
United Provinces	175,000	59,844	1,496	61,340	
Sind	98,000	21,350	...	21,350	
Burma	70,000	22,574	...	22,574	
Bengal } Bihar and Orissa } Assam }	57,000	81	17,880	17,961	
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	782	1,685	2,467	
TOTAL	2,862,000	361,444	104,200	465,644	

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.
* *See* footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA,
January 28, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRR.
D[illegible]

FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING DECEMBER, 1918.

REVIEW of the SEA-BORNE TRADE of BRITISH INDIA for the month of DECEMBER, 1918, and for the nine months ended December, 1918.

FOREIGN COMMERCE.

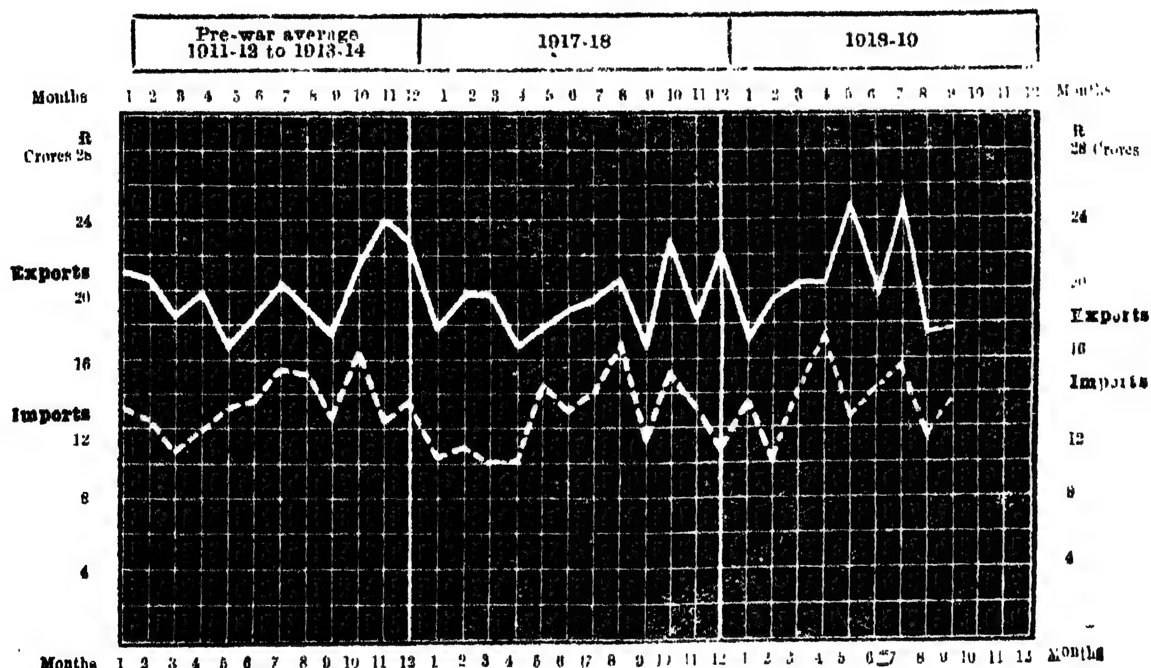
FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING DECEMBER, 1918.

The trade returns of British India for December, 1918, as compared with those of its immediate predecessor, showed increases in the import and export trade. The total imports of merchandise in December, 1918, were valued at R13,20 lakhs as against over R11,49 lakhs in the preceding month, and the value of the exports was R16,21 lakhs as against R16,05 lakhs, and of the re-exports R1,45 lakhs as against R1,15 lakhs. Imports increased by 15 per cent, exports by 1 per cent, and re-exports by 26 per cent. As compared with December, 1917, imports showed an increase of 16 per cent and re-exports of 163 per cent, while exports showed a decrease of 4 per cent. A review of the trade of the nine months ended December, 1918, will be found on page 6.

The chart showing the course of monthly imports and exports, including re-exports, from April, 1917, to December, 1918, as compared with the pre-war average, is appended below:—

MONTHLY IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FROM APRIL, 1917, TO DECEMBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PRE-WAR AVERAGE.

(Private merchandise only.)



The actual net excess of exports, including re-exports, over imports was R4,46 lakhs in December, 1918, and R5,70 lakhs in November, 1918. The statement below shows the figures of imports and exports, including re-exports, during November and December of the years 1916, 1917, and 1918, and the actual net excess of exports over imports during the same periods:—

	1916		1917		1918		Actual net excess of exports over imports		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1916	1917	1918
	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)
November . .	14,29	22,93	16,80	20,56	11,49	17,19	8,64	3,76	5,70
December . .	10,47	19,33	11,34	16,82	13,20	17,66	8,83	5,48	4,46

F 2

Comparisons with November 1918.—As compared with November, 1918, the most noticeable changes * were:—

Under imports: *increases* under sugar, 16 D. S. and above (+R1,34 lakhs), hardware and paper (+R11 lakhs each), and cotton piece goods, grey (+R37 lakhs), but *decreases* under bars and channel (steel) and cotton twist and yarn (—R10 lakhs each), and cotton piecegoods, coloured (—R33 lakhs).

Under exports: *increases* under raw skins (+R88 lakhs), raw cotton (+R82 lakhs), raw wool (+R1,04 lakhs), opium (+R20 lakhs), and hides, tanned (+R80 lakhs), but *decreases* under barley (—R15 lakhs), tea, black (—R61 lakhs), coconut oil (—R21 lakhs), rapeseed (—R14 lakhs), raw jute (—R19 lakhs), rubber, raw (—R21 lakhs), cotton twist and yarn (—R14 lakhs), cotton piece goods (—R16 lakhs), jute, gunny bags (—R59 lakhs), and gunny cloth (—R25 lakhs).

Comparisons with December, 1917.—As compared with December, 1917, the most noticeable changes * were:—

Under imports: *increases* under sugar, 16 D. S. and above (+R68 lakhs), bars and channel (steel) (+R12 lakhs), iron and steel sheets and plates (+R11 lakhs), paper (+R13 lakhs), cotton twist and yarn (+R62 lakhs), cotton piece goods, grey (+R37 lakhs), and articles imported by post (+R13 lakhs), but *decreases* under salt (—R27 lakhs), mineral oil, other than kerosene (—R18 lakhs), cotton piece goods, white (—R16 lakhs) and coloured (—R39 lakhs), and matches (—R17 lakhs).

Under exports: *increases* under raw skins (+R88 lakhs), castor seed (+R15 lakhs), linseed (+R88 lakhs), raw hemp (+R13 lakhs), raw jute (+R49 lakhs), raw wool (+R1,12 lakhs), opium (+R30 lakhs), hides, tanned (+R42 lakhs), and cotton piece goods (+R11 lakhs), but *decreases* under barley (—R37 lakhs), gram (—R25 lakhs), pulse (—R21 lakhs), rice (—R19 lakhs), wheat (—R57 lakhs), tea, black (—R1,01 lakhs), raw silk (—R11 lakhs), cotton twist and yarn (—R11 lakhs), raw cotton (—R94 lakhs), jute, gunny bags (—R52 lakhs), and gunny cloth (—R20 lakhs).

VARIATIONS IN CLASSES.

The variations in December, 1917 and 1918, as compared with November, 1917 and 1918, respectively, according to the four main classes of merchandise, are as follows:—

	November, 1917	December, 1917	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	November, 1918	December, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—)
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
IMPORTS						
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	3,62	2,78	—84	2,11	3,36	+1,25
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	83	82	—1	55	48	—7
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	12,01	7,47	—4,54	8,26	8,94	+68
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	34	27	—7	57	42	—15
Total	16,80	11,34	5,46	11,49	13,20	+1,71

* The articles of which the fluctuations were less than R10 lakhs are not especially noticed.

Exports	November, 1917 R(lakhs)	December, 1917 R(lakhs)	Increase (+) or decrease (—) R(lakhs)	November, 1918 R(lakhs)	December, 1918 R(lakhs)	Increase (+) or decrease (—) R(lakhs)
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	6,75	5,32	—1,43	4,02	2,85	—1,17
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	7,20	4,48	—2,72	5,08	7,00	+1,92
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	5,64	6,32	+68	6,75	6,21	—54
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	17	15	—2	20	15	—5
Total	19,76	16,27	—3,49	16,05	16,21	+16

COMPARISON WITH THE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRECEDING MONTH (NOVEMBER, 1918)*

I.—Imports.

AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF SUGAR AND A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF TEA.

The imports of Food, drink, and tobacco in December, 1918, increased by R1,25 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to R3,36 lakhs, due entirely to larger imports of sugar. The imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, in December, 1918, increased in quantity by 159 per cent and in value by 149 per cent as compared with the preceding month (November, 1918). Imports from all the principal contributing countries increased. In the nine months ended December, 1918, the imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, amounted to 363,067 tons, valued at R10,77 lakhs, as against 302,945 tons, valued at R10,07 lakhs, in the corresponding period of the previous year. The imports of liquors in December, 1918, also rose by 86 per cent. The imports of tea in December, 1918, decreased by 49 per cent to 906,657 lbs. Sugar. Liquors. Tea.

A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF RAW COTTON.

The value of the imports of Raw materials in December, 1918, decreased by R7 lakhs to R48 lakhs. The quantity of cotton, raw, imported in December, 1918, was less than half the quantity imported in the preceding month. Cotton, raw.

A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF COTTON YARN AND BARS AND CHANNEL (STEEL) AND AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF COTTON PIECE GOODS.

The value of the imports of Manufactured articles in December, 1918, increased by R68 lakhs to R8,94 lakhs. The quantity of cotton yarn imported in December, 1918, decreased by 18 per cent to 3,446,942 lbs. The imports of cotton piece goods, including fents, in December, 1918, increased by 15 million yards or 21 per cent to 87 million yards, while the value (over R3,17 lakhs), remained almost stationary. Grey goods increased by nearly 20 million yards or 51 per cent to over 58 million yards, and white goods by 1 million yards to nearly 15 million yards, but coloured goods decreased by 7 million yards or 36 per cent to 12 million yards. In the nine months ended December, 1918, the total imports of cotton piece goods amounted to nearly 863 million yards, valued at R38 crores, as against 1,220 million yards, valued at over R37 crores, in the corresponding period of the previous year. Bars and channel (steel) fell by 36 per cent to 1,854 tons in December, 1918. Cotton yarn. Cotton goods. Bars and channel (steel.)

*Comparison is made with the previous month, and not with the corresponding month of last year, owing to the present abnormal circumstances brought about by the war.

II.—Exports.

A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF FOOD STUFFS.

The exports of Food, drink, and tobacco decreased in December, 1918, by R1,17 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to R2,85 lakhs.

Exports of Rice, not in the husk.

	November 1918. Tons	December 1918. Tons
To United Kingdom	5,416	7,653
„ Ceylon	13,316	39,429
„ Straits Settlements	20,873	16,702
„ Mauritius	4,443	7,161
„ Egypt	35,053	29,081
Total (including other countries)	112,539	111,434

Exports of rice, not in the husk, increased, in December, 1918, slightly in quantity, but fell in value. The marginal table shows the exports to the principal countries. Exports to the United Kingdom, Ceylon, and Mauritius increased, while those to the Straits Settlements decreased. In the nine months, ended December, 1918, the exports of rice amounted to 1,733,374 tons, valued at R19 crores as against 1,217,962 tons, valued at R13 crores. Exports of wheat fell by 59 per cent to 3,203 tons, valued at R5 lakhs, which was 58 per cent less than in the preceding month. Italy took 2,658 tons as against 6,426 tons in November, 1918. In the nine months, ended December, 1918, the total exports of wheat amounted to 496,541 tons as against 1,338,739 tons in the corresponding period of the previous year.

A HEAVY DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF TEA.

Shipments of tea in December, 1918, decreased by 54 per cent to 11 million lbs. The United Kingdom took 4 million lbs. in December, 1918, as against 17 million lbs. in November, 1918. The total exports in the nine months ended December, 1918, amounted to 249 million lbs. as against 239 million lbs. in the corresponding period of 1917.

AN INCREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF RAW COTTON, AND RAW WOOL, AND A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF RAW JUTE.

otton.

Exports of raw cotton.

	November, 1918. Tons	December, 1918 Tons
To Japan	1,257	6,510
„ Italy	1,420	1,330
„ United Kingdom	...	321
„ France	...	134
Total (including other countries)	2,895	8,300

The value of the exports of Raw materials increased by R1,92 lakhs to R7,00 lakhs. The marginal table shows the exports of raw cotton and jute to the principal countries. The shipments of raw cotton increased in December, 1918, by 187 per cent to 8,300 tons, valued at R1,40 lakhs, which rose by 141 per cent, Japan taking larger quantities. In the nine months ended December, 1918, the exports fell by 59 per cent to 105,559 tons, valued at R17,57 lakhs.

ite.

Exports of raw jute

	November, 1918 Tons	December, 1918. Tons
To United Kingdom	9,959	15,245
„ France	4,263	1,585
„ Spain	3,219	...
„ Japan	902	161
„ United States	10 468	8,943
„ Brazil	4,82[illegible]	...
Total (including other countries)	33.716	27,407

The exports of raw jute in December, 1918, decreased by 19 per cent to 27,407 tons and the value thereof fell by 15 per cent to R1,09 lakhs. Exports to the United Kingdom increased, while those to the United States, France, and Brazil decreased. In the nine months ended December, 1918, the exports amounted to 289,300 tons, valued at R8,38 lakhs, as against 174,076 tons, valued at R4,25 lakhs, in the same months of 1917.

ool.

The exports of raw wool in December, 1918, increased to 7,458,505 lbs from 811,776 lbs in the preceding month.

A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF JUTE, GUNNY BAGS AND GUNNY CLOTH.

The value of the exports of Manufactured articles decreased by R54 lakhs to R6,21 lakhs. Exports of jute, gunny bags amounted to 27 millions in number, equivalent to 25,927 tons in weight, as against 45 millions or 32,951 tons in the preceding month. The marginal table shows the exports to the principal countries. There were no exports to the United Kingdom in December, 1918. Shipments to Australia, Japan, Chile, and Egypt decreased, while those to France and China increased. In the nine months ended December, 1918, the exports fell by 15 per cent to 481 millions valued at R17,52 lakhs.

Jute, gunny b

Exports of jute, gunny bags.

	November, 1918. No.	December, 1918. No.
To United Kingdom .	764,000	...
,, France . . .	300,000	1,035,000
,, China . . .	1,102,000	3,162,000
,, Japan . . .	4,688,000	3,366,000
,, Egypt . . .	11,826,000	92,000
,, Chile . . .	7,109,000	5,379,000
,, Australia . . .	7,297,000	5,353,000
TOTAL (INCLUDING OTHER COUNTRIES.)	44,779,000	27,263,000

Jute, gunny c

Exports of jute, gunny cloth amounted to 77 million yards, equivalent to 21,048 tons, as against 90 million yards or 23,329 tons in November, 1918. It will be seen from the marginal table that shipments to the United Kingdom, France, Canada, and the United States decreased; but those to the Argentine Republic increased. In the nine months ended December, 1918, the exports increased by 1 per cent to 842 million yards, valued at R24 crores.

Exports of jute, gunny cloth.

	November, 1918. yards.	December, 1918. yards.
To United Kingdom .	13,037,000	683,000
,, France .	8,357,000	2,810,000
,, Canada . .	5,810,000	4,609,000
,, United States .	58,462,000	45,394,000
,, Argentine Republic	38,000	15,046,000
TOTAL (INCLUDING OTHER COUNTRIES.)	90,481,000	76,871,000

NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER, 1918.

The summary of the results for the nine months ended December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1913 (pre-war nine months) and 1917, is as follows :—

	1913 (pre-war nine months)		1917		1918		ACTUAL NET EXCESS OF EXPORTS OVER IMPORTS		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1913	1917	1918
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Merchandise(private)	1,36,28	1,77,77	1,10,96	1,67,52	1,22,96	1,81,69	41,49	56,56	58,73

In the nine months ended December, 1918, exports, including re-exports, were higher by R14,17 lakhs or 8 per cent than in 1917, and by R3,92 lakhs or 2 per cent than in 1913. In the same period imports were higher by R12,00 lakhs or 11 per cent than in 1917, but less by R13,32 lakhs or 10 per cent than in 1913. The net excess of exports over imports in these nine months was nearly R59 crores, as compared with R57 crores in 1917 and over R41 crores in 1913. The total value of merchandise increased by R26 crores, or over 9 per cent, to R305 crores.

TRADE IN THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER, 1918.

In the nine months ended December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year, the quantity of imported cotton piece goods decreased by 357 million yards, while the value (R38 crores) remained practically the same. The value of cotton twist and yarn imported increased by over R4,36 lakhs, of articles imported by post by R1,28 lakhs, of salt by R20 lakhs, of silk piece goods by R 81 lakhs, of cotton, raw, by R83 lakhs, of dyes by R17 lakhs, of paper by R27 lakhs, of betelnuts by R34 lakhs, of spirit by R19 lakhs, of steel bars and channel by R26 lakhs, of ale, beer, and porter by R18 lakhs, and of cotton mill machinery by R25 lakhs, while motor cars and motor

NOTE.—The export figures for the nine months ended December, 1917 and 1918, are subject to correction.

cycles decreased by R42 lakhs, iron or steel sheets and plates by R31 lakhs, jute mill machinery by R27 lakhs, cotton hosiery by R24 lakhs, and wood (timber) by R51 lakhs. Under exports, the quantity of rice increased by 515,407 tons and the value by R6 crores, while wheat showed a decrease of 842,198 tons in quantity and R10 crores in value. The quantity of raw cotton exported decreased by 154,847 tons, and the value thereof by R9,93 lakhs. The value of jute gunny bags exported increased by R3,41 lakhs and of gunny cloth by R10,38 lakhs. The quantity of raw jute exported showed an increase of 115,224 tons, and the value thereof increased to R8,38 lakhs. The value of tea increased by R2,17 lakhs, of hides, tanned, by R95 lakhs, and of seeds by R1,70 lakhs. The value of raw hides decreased by R1,00 lakhs and of skins, tanned, by R1,30 lakhs, pulse by R1,76 lakhs, and coffee by R24 lakhs.

Comparing the values of the imports and exports during the nine months ended December, 1918, with those in the corresponding period of 1917, the chief increases and decreases are as follows:—

I.—Imports.

Increases

	R (thousands)		R (thousands)
Cotton, raw	83,31	Spices, betelnuts	34,10
,, grey piece goods	4,13,30	Paper (excluding pasteboard)	26,86
,, twist and yarn	4,30,25	Metals steel bars and channel	25,57
Articles imported by post	1,27,93	Machinery, textile (cotton)	24,86
Silk piece goods	80,91	Tea	23,82
Sugar, 16 D S. and above	70,10	Railway carriages, etc.	22,12
Liquors, ale, beer, and porter	18,39	Salt	19,81
,, spirit	18,73	Dyeing and tanning substances	16,72

Decreases

Cotton piece goods, coloured	3,05,78	Glass and glassware	28,82
,, ,, white	51,24	Machinery, etc.—(textile) (jute)	26,80
Wood (timber)	50,84	Cotton, hosiery	23,92
Motor cars and motor cycles	41,83	Kerosene oil	23,11
Precious stones and pearls, unset	35,64	Chemicals	20,93
Cement	34,08	Matches	20,09
Metals—iron and steel— sheets and plates	31,12		

II.—Exports.

Increases

	R (thousands)		R (thousands)
Jute manufactures—Gunny cloth	10,37,64	Tea, black	2,47,13
,, Gunny bags	3,40,86	Wool, raw	1,43,23
Jute, raw	4 13,05	Cotton piece goods	1,18,07
Grain, pulse, etc.—Rice	5,95,15	Hides, tanned	95,42
,, Gram	64,81	Cocoanut oil	76,51
Castor seed	90,29	Opium	72,02
Linseed	1,82,39	Articles exported by post	21,31
Rapeseed	58,28		

Decreases

Grain, pulse, etc.—Barley	23,85	Seeds—Copra	19,13
Pulse	1,75,64	Groundnuts	1,14,97
Wheat	10.20,52	Sesamum	23,89
Wheat flour	63,56	Coffee	24,16
Cotton, raw	9.92,99	Coir manufactured	20,22
,, twist and yarn	1, 0,82	Hemp, raw	16,22
Hides and skins—		Coal	15,89
Hides, raw	1,00,29	Lac	15,81
Skins, tanned	1.30,07	Manganese ore	10,66

NOTE.—The export figures for the nine months ended December, 1917 and 1918, are subject to correction.

Imports of Foreign Merchandise.

In the following table are shown the quantities and values of the principal articles of import during the nine months ended December, 1918, as compared with the figures for the corresponding period of 1917:—

Principal Articles	Quantity		Value		Increase (+) or decrease (−) in the nine months ended December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	Quantity	Value
	(thousands)	(thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	(thousands)	R (thousands)
Apparel (excluding haberdashery, hosiery, and boots and shoes)	—	—	1,05,80	1,18,96	—	+13,16
Carriages and carts (including cycles and motor cars)	—	—	86,90	44,17	—	−42,73
Chemicals	—	—	2,02,50	1,81,57	—	−20,93
Coal . . . tons	19	48	5,54	18,15	+29	+12,61
Drugs and medicines	—	—	1,01,40	1,00,75	—	−65
Dyes, aniline and alizarine . . lbs.	1,201	2,557	58,93	85,02	+1,356	+26,04
Fruits and vegetables	—	—	80,85	62,94	—	−17,91
Glass and glassware	—	—	1,21,22	92,40	—	−28,82
Hardware	—	—	2,01,86	2,16 08	—	+14,22
Instruments, apparatus, etc.	—	—	1,30,26	1,46,06	—	+15,80
Liquors . . . gals.	2,589	2,760	1,93,87	2,36,65	+171	+42,78
Machinery of all kinds, including belting for machinery	—	—	3,88,50	3,68,35	—	−20,15
Matches . . . gross	11,597	9,283	1,56,59	1,35,90	−2,614	−20,69
Metals—iron and steel . . . tons	122	124	5,92,17	8,55,98	+2	+2,63,81
" copper . . . cwts	25	48	36,58	54,70	+23	+18,12
Oils—mineral . . . gals.	47,681	44,571	2,71,70	2,47,57	−3.110	−24,13
Paper and pasteboard	—	—	1,57,81	1,03,50	—	+35,69
Provisions and oilman's stores	—	—	1,82,52	1 89,73	—	+7,21
Railway plant and rolling-stock	—	—	89,37	63,83	—	+25,46
Salt . . . tons	224	276	1,45,95	1,65,76	+52	+19,81
Spices . . . lbs	97,768	112,004	1,34,90	1,60,51	+14,236	+25,61
Stationery	—	—	48,90	48,37	—	−53
Sugar, 16 D. S. and above . . cwts	6,059	7,261	10,07,03	10,77,13	+1,202	+70,10
Tea . . . lbs	6,166	7,917	38,28	62,10	+1,751	+23,82
Textiles—						
Cotton, raw . . . cwts	82	82	25,36	1,08,67	+50	+83,31
" twist and yarn . . lbs	12,626	30,445	2,64,60	7,00,85	+17,819	+4,36,25
" grey piece goods . yards	470,861	419,105	13,04,61	17,17,91	−51,756	+4,13,30
" white " " . . "	404,454	231,828	11,00,04	10,48,80	−172,626	−51,24
" coloured " " . . "	321,155	190,592	12,83,33	9,77,55	−130,563	−3,05,78
" other sorts of manufactures	—	—	2,65,25	2,46,08	—	−19,17
Silk, raw . . . lbs	1,450	1,220	90,89	89,27	−230	−1,62
" manufactures	—	—	2,10,93	2,98,76	—	+87,83
Woollen manufactures	—	—	1,69,64	1,65,88	—	−3,76

Exports of Indian Merchandise.

The table below shows the quantities and values of the principal articles of Indian merchandise exported during the nine months ended December, 1918, as compared with the figures for the corresponding period of 1917 :—

Principal Articles		Quantity 1917	Quantity 1918	Value 1917	Value 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) in the nine months ended December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917: Quantity	Increase (+) or decrease (—): Value
		(thousands)	(thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	(thousands)	R (thousands)
Chemicals—saltpetre	cwts	362	276	70,77	73,98	+14	+3,21
Coal	tons	239	57	21,98	6,09	—182	—15,89
Coffee	cwts	151	106	75,91	51,75	—45	—24,16
Coir	"	335	136	38,93	18,68	—199	—20,25
Dyes—indigo	"	18	29	1,01,12	1,11,28	+11	+10,10
" myrobalans	"	694	550	40,37	31,99	—144	—8,38
Grain, pulse, and flour—							
Rice, in the husk	"	285	341	9,35	9,80	+56	+45
Rice, not in the husk	"	24,359	34,667	13,33,96	19,28,66	+10,308	+5,94,70
Wheat	"	26,775	9,931	17,23,25	7,02,73	—16,844	—10,20,52
Wheat flour	"	1,128	432	1,17,74	54,18	—696	—63,56
Barley	"	5,089	4,285	2,82,48	2,58,63	—804	—23,85
Gram and maize	"	5,891	5,651	3,05,45	3,31,07	—240	+25,62
Jawar and bajra	"	187	116	9,92	8,50	—71	1,42
Pulse	"	2,992	1,095	2,15,38	69,74	—1,897	—1,75,64
Hides, raw	"	368	267	2,72,59	1,72,30	—101	—1,00,29
Skins, raw	"	294	267	3,18,75	3,20,34	—27	+1,59
Hides and skins, tanned or dressed—							
Hides	"	286	342	3,83,99	4,79,41	+56	+95,42
Skins	"	36	7	1,15,57	15,50	—29	—1,30,07
Lac—shell	"	197	183	2,40,07	2,28,65	—14	—11,42
Manures	tons	21	27	24,53	40,70	+6	+16,17
Manganese ore	"	317	252	60,12	49,46	—65	—10,66
Wolfram	"	4	4	80,69	82,79	...	+2,10
Mica	cwts	49	43	63,33	70,90	—6	+7,57
Castor oil	gals	1,339	1,359	23,52	34,14	+20	+10,62
Coconut oil	"	2,064	5,890	40,37	1,16,88	+3,826	+76,51
Oilcakes	cwts	1,153	1,135	46,94	54,21	—18	+7,27
Opium	"	8	11	1,51,07	2,23,09	+3	+72,02
Rubber, raw	lbs	5,666	7,097	1,09,22	1,21,72	+1,431	+12,50
Seeds—total	cwts	6,818	7,085	6,09,46	7,79,28	+267	+1,69,82
Castor	"	1,338	1,439	1,14,66	2,04,95	+101	+90,29
Copra	"	110	4	19,92	79	—106	—19,13
Cotton seed	"	27	23	1,06	1,33	—4	+27
Linseed	"	2,222	3,632	1,99,14	3,81,53	+1,410	+1,82,39
Tea	lbs	233,250	249,240	11,38,17	13,85,73	+15,990	+2,47,56
Textiles—							
Cotton, raw (including waste)	cwts	5,208	2,111	27,50,49	17,57,50	—3,097	—9,92,99
" twist and yarn	lbs	103,571	40,166	5,92,47	4,41,65	—63,405	—1,50,82
" piece goods	yards	125,805	108,206	3,29,83	4,47,90	—17,599	+1,18,07
Hemp, raw	cwts	276	210	77,56	61,34	—66	—16,22
Jute, raw	tons	174	289	4,25,12	8,38,17	+115	+4,13,05
" gunny bags — Sacking	no	234,195	239,972	9,58,29	13,08,62	+5,777	+3,50,33
" gunny bags — Hessian	"	341,171	251,[illegible]	4,53,15	4,43,68	—90,136	—9,47
" gunny bags — Total	"	575,366	481,007	14,11,44	17,52,30	—84,359	+3,40,86
" gunny cloth — Sacking	yards	15,776	19,356	27,43	45,37	+3,580	+17,94
" gunny cloth — Hessian	"	819,194	822,959	13,37,83	23,57,53	+3,765	+10,19,70
" gunny cloth — Total	"	834,970	842,315	13,65,26	24,02,90	+7,345	+10,37,64
Wool, raw	lbs	30,903	34,123	2,74,58	4,17,81	+3,220	+1,43,23
Wood, teak	cubic tons	11	17	23,59	32,70	+6	+9,11
Other timber	" "	1	2	95	2,02	+1	+1,07

NOTE.—These figures are subject to correction.

TRADE BY PROVINCES.

The total imports and exports, including re-exports, of private merchandise into and from the several maritime provinces during the month of December, 1918, as compared with those of November, 1918, are stated below :—

	IMPORTS		EXPORTS, INCLUDING RE-EXPORTS	
	November, 1918	December, 1918	November, 1918	December, 1918
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Bengal	4,33	4,88	8,18	7,39
Bombay	5,01	6,03	5,13	5,90
Sind	77	93	1,03	1,49
Madras	65	56	1,23	1,43
Burma	73	80	1,62	1,45
Total	11,49	13,20	17,19	17,66

Under imports, Bengal showed an increase of 13 per cent, Bombay of 20 per cent, Sind of 21 per cent, and Burma of 10 per cent, while Madras showed a decrease of 14 per cent. Under exports, Bengal showed a decrease of 10 per cent and Burma of 10 per cent, but Bombay showed an increase of 15 per cent, Madras of 16 per cent and Sind of 45 per cent. These comparisons are with the preceding month (November, 1918).

BALANCE OF TRADE.

The following table takes into account the imports and exports of merchandise on private account only :—

	Nine months, April to December, 1917(a)	Nine months, April to December, 1918(a)
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Exports of Merchandise, including Re-exports *	1,67,52	1,81,69
Imports " *	1,10,96	1,22,96
Excess of Exports over Imports	56,56	58,73
Net imports of Gold	†	†
" " " Silver	†	†
Net Imports of Treasure	†	†
Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers paid in India	42,16	30,91
Sterling Bills on London sold in India	...	4,84
Enfaced Rupee paper (net imports)	65·8	6·7
Interest on Enfaced Rupee paper	24·8	22·9
Net Balance of Trade	†	†
	December, 1917	December, 1918
	d.	d.
Average rate of exchange	16·919	18·057 (b)

In the nine months ended December, 1918, the excess of exports over imports of private merchandise was R58,73 lakhs, as against R56,56 lakhs in the corresponding period of 1917 and R41,49 lakhs in 1913. As the publication of treasure figures has been temporarily discontinued, it is not possible to give here the net (private) exports from April to December, nor the net balance of trade in the same period. It may, however, be of interest to note that the net (private) exports are higher than those of 1917 and also than those of 1916. The balance of trade, so far as shown by the statistics of merchandise, treasure, Council Bills, and Enfaced Rupee paper in the nine months ended December, 1918, was in favour of India, while in the corresponding period of 1917 it was against India. In 1916 the balance was in favour of India.

The amount of Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers paid in India in the nine months ended December, 1918, was R30,91 lakhs, of which R21,51 lakhs were paid through the Paper Currency Reserve and R9,40 lakhs through the Treasuries; but Reverse Council Bills to the extent of R4,84 lakhs were sold during the period, the net imports of funds by Council Bills thus amounting

* Exclusive of Government transactions (other than articles of national importance in the case of exports).
† Temporarily discontinued.
(a) The figures of exports of merchandise are subject to correction.

to R26,07 lakhs. In the nine months ended December, 1917, the amount was R42,16 lakhs, of which R2,14 lakhs were paid through the Gold Standard Reserve, R12,99 lakhs through the Paper Currency Reserve, and R27,03 lakhs through the Treasuries. In the nine months ended December, 1916, the amount of Council Bills paid was R32,83 lakhs. As regards Enfaced Rupee paper R10 lakhs represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and about R17 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London in the nine months, April to December, 1918, while in the corresponding period of 1917, R11 lakhs represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and R76 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London.

Declared value per unit of selected articles.

The declared values per unit of certain selected articles imported and exported during December, 1913, 1917, and 1918, are noted below:—

Imports		December 1913 R	A.	P.	December 1917 R	A.	P.	December 1918 R	A.	P.
Coal	ton	18	7	0	56	12	9	33	7	4
Sugar, 16 D. S. and above	cwt	8	12	5	16	0	10	14	14	6
Cotton, twist and yarn	lb	0	15	8	2	2	9	2	4	7
" grey, piece-goods	yard	0	2	8	0	5	4	0	5	2
" white "	"	0	2	11	0	4	8	0	6	10
" coloured "	"	0	3	5	0	6	4	0	8	0

Exports		December 1913 R	A.	P.	December 1917 R	A.	P.	December 1918 R	A.	P.
Coal	ton	9	2	9	9	3	1	10	0	0
Coffee	cwt	59	10	1	49	1	7	60	7	1
Indigo	"	295	15	4	511	11	0	401	1	0
Rice, not in the husk	"	5	12	9	4	12	2	6	6	8
Wheat	"	5	5	9	6	10	8	8	6	7
Manganese ore	ton	17	4	3	23	1	5	17	5	9
Tea	lb	0	3	2	0	7	9	0	10	8
Cotton, raw	cwt	37	5	7	56	11	0	81	2	2
Jute, raw	bale	73	11	7	43	9	8	71	4	7
" gunny bags	no.	0	6	3	0	5	4	0	7	8
" gunny cloth	yard	0	2	6	0	3	5	0	4	8

As compared with the corresponding month of the previous year (December, 1917), under imports, the declared unit value of cotton piece goods, white, rose in December, 1918, by 46 per cent and coloured by 26 per cent, and cotton twist and yarn by 5 per cent, while that of sugar fell by 7 per cent, cotton piece goods, grey, by 3 per cent, and coal by 40 per cent. Under exports, raw cotton showed an increase of 48 per cent, raw jute of 64 per cent, coal of 9 per cent, coffee of 23 per cent, rice of 35 per cent, wheat of 26 per cent, tea of 38 per cent, while indigo showed a decrease of 26 per cent and manganese ore of 25 per cent.

Customs Revenue.*

The following table shows the gross Indian sea customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) collected on principal articles in December, 1918, as compared with November, 1918, and December, 1917 and 1913:—

	December, 1913 (pre-war month)	December, 1917	November, 1918	December, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) in December, 1918, as compared with November, 1918	December, 1917	December, 1913
IMPORT DUTY	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)
Special duties							
Arms	60	20(a)	19(a)	30(a)	+11	+10	—30
Liquors	12,33	10,55	9,09	9,34	+25	—1,21	—2,99
Petroleum	8.67	2,05(b)	62(b)	18(b)	—44	—1,87	—8.49
Silver bullion and coin	10,20	9	...	...	...	—9	—10,20
" manufactures	—	6	3	5	+2	—1	—
Sugar	9.48	14,18(c)	12,21(c)	25,44(c)	+13,23	+11,26	+15,96
Tobacco	2,24	4,49	7,99	6,96	—1,03	+2,47	+4,72
Duty at 2½ per cent							
Machinery	—	58	67	93	+26	+35	—
Metals—Iron and steel	1,62	87	1,61	2,09	+48	+1,22	+47
Railway plant and rolling stock	—	11	8	62	+54	+51	—
Duty at 7½ per cent							
Articles of food and drink, excluding sugar and vinegar	3,03	5,76	6,53	5,12	—1,41	—64	+2,09
Raw materials, etc.	1,18	2,42	2,66	3,30	+64	+88	+2,12
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—							
Cotton manufactures	15,40	25,32	20,58	23,37	+2,79	—1,95	+7,97
Others	16,96	22,21	20,70	23,18	+2,48	+97	+6,22
Total Import duty (including other articles)	82,78	92,05	85,75	1,02,07	+16,32	+10,02	+19,29
EXPORT DUTY							
Jute	—	18,19	18,20	14,85	—3,85	—3,34	—
Rice	5,68	9,23	6,47	6.84	+37	—2,39	+1,16

The customs duty figures are an index to the volume of the import trade only, since under exports jute, rice, and tea only are subject to duty. In the nine months ended December, 1918, the import duties increased to nearly R9,22 lakhs from R8,87 lakhs in the same period of 1917, and the export duties rose to nearly R2,81 lakhs from R2,19 lakhs. The grand total of gross Indian sea and land customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) in the nine months, April to December, 1918, amounted to over R13,55 lakhs, as compared with nearly R11,87 lakhs in the same period of last year.

SHIPPING.

The following table shows the number and tonnage (net register tonnage) of vessels which entered and cleared with cargoes at ports in British India during December, 1918, as compared with November, 1918, and December, 1917 and 1913:—

Entered with cargoes.

	STEAMERS.		SAILING VESSELS.		TOTAL.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
December, 1918	142	288,237	178	19,382	320	302,619
November, 1918	150	305,224	121	13,431	271	318,655
December, 1917	143	287,123	192	18,403	335	305,526
December, 1913 (pre-war month)	219	592,109	80	7,253	299	599,362

Cleared with cargoes.

	STEAMERS.		SAILING VESSELS.		TOTAL.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
December, 1918	160	302,600	213	23,746	373	326,346
November, 1918	155	309,611	188	20,866	343	330,477
December, 1917	208	431,284	348	28,583	556	459,867
December, 1913 (pre-war month)	236	645,156	97	8,199	333	653,355

The total tonnage entered and cleared with cargoes in December, 1918, as compared with that in the preceding month (November, 1918) and in the corresponding month of 1913 and 1917, is shown in the last column of the table above. In the month of December, 1918, there were 320 arrivals* and 373 sailings† with cargoes, in and from India. As regards tonnage, if a comparison be made with December, 1913, the corresponding pre-war month, it will be seen that there was a decrease in the tonnage of vessels cleared with cargoes of 327,009 tons or 50 per cent. The decrease in the entries (with cargoes) amounted to 296,743 tons or 50 per cent.

The shipping clearances with cargoes in foreign trade from the ports of British India in the nine months, April to December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1913, *i.e.*, before the war broke out, were as follows:—

	TONNAGE (NET REGISTER TONNAGE) CLEARANCES IN THE NINE MONTHS, APRIL TO DECEMBER.	
	1913 (Pre-war period).	1918
British ships (including British Indian)	4,657,709	2,509,178
Foreign ships	1,386,354	1,225,473
TOTAL	6,044,063	3,734,651

In 1918, as against 1913, the total tonnage clearances with cargoes declined 38 per cent. In 1913 the British (including British Indian) tonnage was 77 per cent and foreign tonnage 23 per cent of the total, while in 1918 the British (including British Indian) tonnage was 67 per cent and foreign tonnage 33 per cent.

* The details were as follows :—Bengal 25, Bombay 110, Sind 77, Madras 70, and Burma 38.
† The details were as follows :—Bengal 38, Bombay 81, Sind 95, Madras 80, and Burma 79.

RAILWAY STATISTICS.

Railway statistics, like the import and export statistics above, are a valuable index to the general movement of trade throughout the country, and show that the earnings from 1st April, 1918, to 4th January, 1919, were R63,77 lakhs, as against R56,95 lakhs in the corresponding period of 1917-18, or an increase of R6,82 lakhs.

TRADE OF ADEN.

The grand total value of the imports and exports of merchandise, by sea, into and from the port of Aden amounted to R73 lakhs in the month of November, 1918, and R9,26 lakhs in the eight months, April to November, 1918. The value of the principal articles of import and export was as follows:—

	November, 1918		Eight Months, April to November, 1918	
	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden
	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)
Cotton manufactures . . .	13,50	17,40	2,39,73	2,12,96
Hides and skins, raw . . .	2,67	11,98	22,37	38,71
Grain and pulse	4,92	2,22	27,75	22,18
Coffee	84	1,34	29,66	32,88
Coal	3	—	46,88	—
Tobacco, unmanufactured .	62	87	24,63	19,09
Provisions	59	6	4,50	84
Sugar	15	—	5,36	—
Spices	1,28	—	14,18	—
Oil—kerosene	—	...	2,38	—
Salt	—	40	...	10,41
Other articles . . .	7,87	5,87	71,52	69,39
TOTAL VALUE .	32,47	40,14	4,88,96	4,36,76

SHIPPING AT THE PORT OF ADEN IN NOVEMBER, 1918.

In November, 1918, 35 steamers with an aggregate tonnage of 63,018 entered at the port of Aden, while 35 steamers with 61,445 tons cleared from the port, and 47 sailing vessels (country craft) with 1,600 tons entered and 34 vessels with 1,232 tons cleared. These figures exclude vessels in ballast and Government vessels.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA
January 24, 1919

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 16th January 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Light rain fell at several stations in northeast India, Central India East and the northeast of the Central Provinces, and at a few stations in Malabar. Some light snow was reported from Kashmir.

2. *Burma.*—No rain fell.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Chota Nagpur on the 10th and 12th, and in south Bihar on the 9th and 10th. A few falls occurred during the week in Assam, Bengal and Orissa.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Light falls of rain were reported from Sutna, Jubbulpore and Pendra.

Northwest India.—Sonamarg and Dras had light falls of snow.

The Peninsula.—A light fall at Cochin was the only rainfall reported.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

January 9th. Dibrugarh 0·20″, Sibsagar 0·32″, Ranchi 0·23″, Naya Dumka 0·29″, Sonamarg 0·32″ and Pendra 0·26″.

„ 10th. Ranchi 0·77″ and Gaya 0·40″.

„ 11th. Pendra 0·15″.

„ 12th. Chaibasa 0·26″, Pendra 0·77″, Jubbulpore 0·16″ and Cochin 0·80″.

„ 15th. Sonamarg 0·45″.

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the Central Provinces East and Malabar; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Central India East, the Central Provinces West, Hyderabad South, Mysore, Madras Southeast and the Madras Coast North. It was normal in Assam. In the remaining divisions no rain usually falls at this time of year.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, the United Provinces, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Rajputana, Central India West and the Madras Coast North. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Chota Nagpur, Kashmir, Sind, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar. No rain is expected during this period in Gujarat; in the remaining divisions rainfall is within 20 per cent of the normal.

A

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 16th January 1919.			Rainfall data from 29th November 1918 to 16th January 1919.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Percentage departure from normal. This week.	Percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	0·4	—0·4	7·5	8·6	—1·1	—13	—9
Lower Burma	0	0	0	2·0	0·7	+1·3	+186	+136
Upper Burma	0	0	0	0·4	0·6	—0·2	—33	—33
Assam	0·1	0·1	0	0·1	0·7	—0·6	—86	—100
Bengal	0	0	0	0·1	0·4	—0·3	—75	—75
Orissa	0	0	0	0·1	0·5	—0·4	—80	—80
Chota Nagpur	0·6	0·1	+0·5	0·6	0·5	+0·1	+20	—100
Bihar	0·2	0·1	+0·1	0·2	0·3	—0·1	—33	—100
United Provinces, East . .	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·6	—0·5	—83	—80
United Provinces, West . .	0	0·2	—0·2	0·4	0·9	—0·5	—56	—43
Punjab, East and North . .	0	0·3	—0·3	0·4	1·3	—0·9	—69	—60
Punjab, South-West . . .	0	0·1	—0·1	0·4	0·6	—0·2	—33	—20
Kashmir	0·2	0·7	—0·5	3·7	2·9	+0·8	+48	+69
N.-W. Frontier Province . .	0	0·2	0·2	0·5	0·7	—0·2	—29	0
Baluchistan	0	0·3	—0·3	1·4	1·3	+0·1	+8	+40
Sind	0	0·1	—0·1	0·2	0·1	+0·1	+100	—
Rajputana, West . .	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·3	—0·2	—67	—50
Rajputana, East . . .	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·4	—0·3	—75	—67
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West . . .	0	0	0	0·1	0·3	—0·2	—67	—67
Central India, East . . .	0·1	0·3	—0·2	0·9	0·9	0	0	+33
Berar	0	0	0	1·6	0·9	+0·7	+78	+78
Central Provinces, West . .	0	0·1	—0·1	1·5	0·7	+0·8	+114	+150
Central Provinces, East . .	0·3	0·1	+0·2	1·0	0·5	+0·5	+100	+75
Konkan	0	0	0	0·2	0·1	+0·1	+100	+100
Bombay Deccan . . .	0	0	0	0·4	0·4	0	0	0
Hyderabad, North . . .	0	0	0	1·7	0·2	+1·5	+750	+750
Hyderabad, South . . .	0	0·1	—0·1	1·5	0·3	+1·2	+400	+650
Mysore	0	0·1	—0·1	1·1	0·7	+0·4	+57	+88
Malabar	0·2	0·1	+0·1	2·9	1·8	+1·1	+61	+59
Madras, South-East . . .	0	0·2	—0·2	6·6	5·9	+0·7	+12	+16
Madras Deccan . . .	0	0	0	0·6	0·7	—0·1	—14	—14
Madras Coast, North . . .	0	0·1	—0·1	1·1	1·8	—0·7	—39	—35

HEM RAJ,
for Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 16th January 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 11th January 1919.

Burma.—The week was rainless. Reaping of winter rice is almost completed. Threshing and winnowing are advancing in Upper Burma. Cultivation of spring rice and miscellaneous winter crops is still proceeding. Harvesting of winter rice, groundnuts and late sesamum and plucking of cotton are approaching completion. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are generally healthy. Price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has risen slightly to rupees 118 per 100 baskets and is above normal. The market for white rice is steady at rupees 380 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was generally seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice is approaching completion. Harvesting of pulses, pressing of sugarcane, plucking of cotton and pruning of tea continue. Ploughing of autumn rice, jute and spring rice are going on. Outturns of winter rice, pulses, sugarcane and cotton are fair but prospects of other standing crops are not satisfactory. Cattle disease is reported from two districts. The price of common rice is practically stationary.

Bengal.—The week was practically rainless. Reaping of winter paddy is almost completed. Threshing continues. Preparatory tillage for next autumn crops has commenced in Eastern Bengal districts. Harvesting of sugarcane and potatoes is progressing. Standing crops are suffering for want of moisture. Average price of common rice has fallen by about 2·5 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—Rain was general and moderate in the districts of Chota Nagpur except Singhbhum. It was light and scattered in the rest of the provinces. Harvesting of winter paddy is approaching completion. Threshing continues. Pressing of sugarcane is going on. The recent rainfall has done some good to such spring crops as were sown in Chota Nagpur but more rain is urgently wanted in Behar for the spring crops. Test works are going on in 23 places in Angul. Gratuitous relief was given to 1,337 persons in this district. The price of common rice has risen in seven districts and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from eleven districts. The condition of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is bad.

United Provinces.—Light and scattered rain fell in a few districts, elsewhere the fall was insignificant. More rain is urgently needed everywhere. Slight damage to crops by insects is reported from Budaun. Preparation of land for sugarcane is in hand. Sowing for spring crops is nearly completed but that of extra crops continues. Harvesting of sugarcane is going on. Irrigation of spring crops and poppy and pressing of sugarcane continue. Picking of cotton is nearly over. Condition of standing crops on the whole is fair. Prospects of spring crops on area sown are at present fair. Agricultural stock is for the most part doing well but cattle disease still exists in some districts. Fodder is dear and scarce. Government hay is being steadily imported and sold in the affected districts. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Prices are rising. Scarcity has not yet been declared anywhere but test works are open in Allahabad, Etawah, Jalaun, Jhansi, Hamirpur and Banda districts. Numbers on relief :—Allahabad four test works 3,303 ; Etawah civil works 1,788, and six forest works 1,397, total 3,185 ; Jalaun four test works 1,561, poor houses 11; Jhansi test works 296 ; Banda three test works 4,809, and two poor houses 63 ; Hamirpur four test works 2,044, two poor houses 18 ; both poor houses have since been closed.

Punjab.—Light rain fell in parts of the submontane tracts and was useful. More rain is urgently required everywhere. Picking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue. The yield is below normal to normal on irrigated and poor on unirrigated areas. Sowings of spring crops have been completed and are generally below normal. Condition of standing crops is average to good on irrigated but much below average on unirrigated areas. *Toria* is being harvested. The yield is below normal to normal. Sowings of extra spring crops have commenced in a few districts. Cattle are suffering from overwork and scarcity of fodder in most districts. Sugarcane is being used as fodder. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat: Ambala and Lyallpur 5½, Lahore and Rawalpindi 5¾ and Ferozepore 6¼ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is badly needed throughout the province. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in places. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and very poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Pressing of sugarcane continues. The outturn is average. Prices of wheat:—Peshawar 7½ and Dera Ismail Khan 7 3/16 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Rain fell in some parts during the week. Prices are stationary. Fodder is insufficient.

Kashmir.—The weather during the week was generally cloudy and cold. Standing crops are in fair condition. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are normal.

Rajputana.—The weather was cold. Showers were received in places. Sowing and irrigation of spring crops continue. Cattle disease continues in places. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and stationary.

Central India.—Rainfall was short everywhere. Few showers fell during the week in parts of Bhopal, Bundelkhand and Malwa agencies. Autumn crops are being harvested in Indore, Malwa and the Southern States. Cotton is being picked in Gwalior, Indore and Malwa. Spring crops are being sown in Gwalior, Bundelkhand and the Southern States. Standing crops are bad in Jaora, Rutlam, Sailana and in the northern districts of Gwalior, except on irrigated areas, and fair elsewhere. Probable outturn is bad in the northern districts of Gwalior and Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana; below average in Dhar and Jhabua; and fair elsewhere. Agricultural stock is bad in Gwalior and fair to good elsewhere, except for cattle disease. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal, Bundelkhand and parts of Malwa and the Southern States. Prices are high but stationary. Number of persons on famine relief in Bundelkhand :—54.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been cloudy at times, otherwise it has been clear and cold. Days are getting somewhat warm. Mandla received a little over two inches of rain accompanied by light hail. Saugor, Damoh and Jubbulpore also had light showers amounting to 25, 23 and 16 cents respectively. Threshing and winnowing of autumn crops and picking of cotton have nearly been completed. Standing spring crops except linseed are generally in good condition. The supply of fodder and water is adequate except in parts of the Nerbudda and Berar divisions. Cattle disease is reported from Jubbulpore, Mandla, Betul, Wardha and Raipur districts. Relief measures continue in Jubbulpore district and Sironcha tahsil. *Juar* in Hoshangabad and Nagpur and rice in Chanda rose by 1¼ to 1¾ seers per rupee Elsewhere prices of food grains remained steady or fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States:—Condition of spring crops is generally satisfactory.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Deccan. Standing crops are withering in parts of the Deccan and Dharwar, elsewhere they are fair to good. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Sholapur, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. Fodder supply is generally deficient. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating except in Konkan. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Scarcity has been declared in eight talukas and one mahal in Satara. Cultivators are coming to the end of their resources in parts of Poona. Slight emigration is noticed in Ahmednagar. Public health is generally good. People find employment on Government public works. Liberal suspensions of land revenue have been granted. *Takavi* has been freely advanced for fodder and agricultural improvements. Cheap grain shops have been opened in Nasik, West Khandesh, Poona and Kathiawar. Two poor houses have been opened in Poona and one cattle camp at Wadhwan in Kathiawar. Dole is being distributed in West Khandesh and Poona Test works are in progress in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Ahmednagar. Numbers on works :—3,190. Numbers on gratuitous relief in Poona, Satara and Kathiawar :—3,340.

Hyderabad.—Report not received.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi* and rice outturn is poor to fair. Sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was cold. Reaping of rice and picking of coffee continue. Harvesting of rice has commenced. Picking of cardamom is partly completed. Outturn is fair. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was good in Nellore, Chittoor and the hills, fair in Cuddapah, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Tinnevelly and light or *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Dry grains and cotton have been affected by disease in parts of Kurnool, Bellary and Ramnad. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of many districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in places for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in sea districts. Pastures are sufficient except in parts of five districts. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of eight districts. Prices have slightly risen in majority of cases. Prospects are fair generally but bad in parts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavari, Bellary, Chittoor and Salem. Conditions in Godavari and Upper Agency have improved and relief measures are not required immediately except in one taluk in Ganjam where test works are proposed to be started from 15th instant.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 28th December 1918.

No	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				BRITISH PROVINCES.						
	UNITED PROVINCES.									
1	Garhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	511
2	Etawah	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	1,762	...
3	Allahabad	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	155	...
4	Jalaun	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	839	...
	Total	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	2,756	511
	BIHAR AND ORISSA.									
1	Angul	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	...	971
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	971
	CENTRAL PROVINCES.									
1	Jubbulpore	1,956	8,99,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,744
2	Damoh	1,774	2,10,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,464
3	Chanda	372	39,290	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,681
	Total	4,102	6,48,290	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,839
				NATIVE STATES.						
	CENTRAL INDIA									
1	Lugasi	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bijna	..	,	...	...	...	...	...	...	57
	Total	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	57

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 282.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Delhi, the 13th January 1919.

REVISION OF THE PAY AND PROSPECTS OF THE SIGNALLING ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

RESOLUTION.

THE present system of pay for the signalling establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department dates from the 1st of July 1908 and the principles on which it is based have been explained at length in the Resolution in this Department No. 9640, dated the 21st of October 1908. The general effect of the scheme is that there are two incremental scales of pay rising from Rs. 50 in the first year of service to Rs. 200 in the twentieth year, in the case of the General Service, and from Rs. 35 in the first year of service to Rs. 130 in the twenty-second year, in the case of the Local Service. In both scales, a double increment can be earned for approved service at the end of the fifth year and there is an efficiency bar at the end of the 14th year. This system of pay has proved a great deal more advantageous than the complicated scheme of payment according to three grades of efficiency which it replaced in 1908, and it may be affirmed that it has made the signalling staff both more efficient and more contented.

2. The Government of India are of opinion, however, that in order to maintain the standard of recruitment as telegraphists of men who should be capable of rising to the more important charges now open to telegraph subordinates, it is necessary to increase the initial pay both in the General and Local Service and to reduce the period for which a telegraphist has to serve before reaching the maximum pay of his service. They have accordingly decided, with the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to introduce the following revised scales of pay for male telegraphists with effect from the 1st January 1919:—

Year of service.	General Service.		Local Service.	
	Present Scale.	Scale now sanctioned (shewing positions corresponding to the present scale).	Present Scale.	Scale now sanctioned (shewing positions corresponding to the present scale).
1st	50	75	35	50
2nd	55	75	38	50
3rd	60	75	41	50
4th	65	80	44	55
5th	70	80	47	55
6th	75	85	50	60
7th	80	90	55	65
8th	85	95	60	70
9th	90	100	65	75
10th	100	110	70	80
11th	110	120	75	85
12th	120	130	80	90
13th	130	140	85	95
14th	140	150	90	100
15th	150	160	95	105
16th	160	170	100	110
17th	170	180	105	115
18th	180	190	110	120
19th	190	200	115	130
20th	200	...	120	...
21st	...	...	125	...
22nd	...	...	130	...

A double increment can, as at present, be earned after five years' service: and Rs. 150 will be the limit of pay for telegraphists in the General Service and Rs. 100 for telegraphists in the Local Service who are unable to pass the efficiency bar in accordance with the departmental rules in force at the time.

3. The Government of India have also decided that, with effect from the 1st of January 1919, the revised scales of pay should be applied to men already in the service. Each telegraphist will therefore be brought on to the new scales of pay at the point corresponding to his position in the existing scale; *e.g.*, a General Service telegraphist on Rs. 80 will draw Rs. 90 from the 1st January 1919, one on Rs. 130 will draw Rs. 140, while a Local Service telegraphist on Rs. 55 will draw Rs. 65 and so on; each telegraphist will be moved to the next higher point in the new scale from the date on which he would have earned his increment in the ordinary course.

4. In this revision of the scales of pay no account has been taken of the abnormal increase in prices owing to war conditions, and the grant of war allowances at the prescribed rates will not therefore be affected.

5. The total immediate cost of the new scheme together with the increased expenditure caused by the calculation of war allowances on the higher rates of pay is estimated at more than 4 lakhs of rupees a year.

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to the Finance Department and to the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Ordered also, that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 17th January 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 4th January 1919 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	3	1
		Kaira District	3	1
	Central	Poona Town	...	1
		Poona District	10	7
		Sholapur Town	8	2
	Southern	Belgaum District	39	25
		Dharwar District	64*	36*
		Kanara District	7	8
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	1
	Political Charges.	Baroda State	2	1
		Satara Agency	...	1
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	29*	19*
		Kathiawar Agency	7	5
		Bhor State	7	4
		TOTAL	175	106
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	2	2
		Anantpur District	12	6
		Coimbatore District	2(a)	..
		Mangalore Port	2	2
		Malabar District	10(a)	8
		Salem District	22	9
		Guntur District	41	21
		Nilgiris District	1	...
		TOTAL	92	48
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna District	2	2
		Gaya District	7	...
	Tirhut	Saran District	90	67
		Champaran District	3	3
		Muzaffarpur District	32	31
		Darbhanga District	38	35
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur Town	10	10
		Monghyr District	2	1
		TOTAL	188	149

(a) One imported.

* For two weeks.

In the return for the week ending 28th December 1918, the following additions should be made :—

Bombay Presidency—Panch Mahals District, add 20 cases, 5 deaths.

Bihar and Orissa—Bhagalpur District, add 10 cases, 10 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	2	2
	Benares	Mirzapur District	1	1
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	7	5
		Azamgarh District	14	14
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	4	4
		TOTAL	28	26
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Rohtak District	5	4
	Lahore	Gurdaspur District	2	...
	Rawalpindi	Jhelum District	1	...
		Rawalpindi District	3	1
		Attock District	1	1
	Multan	Montgomery District	5	3
		Lyallpur District	6	1
		Jhang District	2	...
	Native States.	Patiala State	2	2
		Jind State	...	2
		Bahawalpur State	1	1
		TOTAL	28	15
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	4	4
		Insein District	1	1
		Tharrawaddy District	38	34
		Prome District	8	7
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	1	1
		Bhamo District	1	2
		Katha District	...	1
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	4	5
		Sagaing District	18	10
		Lower Chindwin District	15	16
	Magwe	Magwe District	5	5
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	31	26
		Yamethin District	10	1
	Native States.	Northern Shan States	1	...
		Southern Shan States	1	1
		TOTAL	138	114
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur	Nagpur District	3	2
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	42	39
		Jubbulpore District	49	42
		Seoni District	6	12
		TOTAL	100	95
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	37	33
		Bangalore City	16	11
		Bangalore District	18	11
		Mysore City	8	6
		Mysore District	6	1
		Shimoga District	13	9
		Tumkur District	37	30
		Kolar District	49	34
		TOTAL	184	135

In the return for the week ending 28th December 1918, the following addition should be made:—
United Provinces—Gorakhpur District, add 4 cases, 5 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Gulburgah District	159	83
		Usmanabad District	65	33
		Bidar District	15	8
		Medak District	18	36
		Nizamabad District	25	23
		Mahbubnagar District	1	1
		Nelgonda District	2	1
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	126	87
		Secunderabad	5	5
		Hyderabad Residency Bazars	12	11
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	30	29
		TOTAL	458*	316*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	11	5
		TOTAL	11	5
RAJPUTANA.	...	Bikaner State	...	1
		TOTAL	...	1
		GRAND TOTAL	1,397	1,010

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending January 4th were 221 and 160, respectively.

In the return for the week ending 28th December 1918, the following addition should be made:—

Central India . Gwalior State . . . . one case, one death.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

DELHI:
The 16th January 1919.

H SHARP,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 737.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 16th January 1919.

FORMATION OF THE INDIAN SOLDIERS' BOARD IN PLACE OF THE CENTRAL RECRUITING BOARD.

RESOLUTION.

The Government of India have decided that the functions of the Central Recruiting Board should now be definitely held in suspension and that in its place a new Board, to be called the Indian Soldiers' Board, should be established to advise on questions affecting the interests of Indian soldiers and non-combatants after they have left the colours. Its composition and membership will be the same as that of the Central Recruiting Board, but the Honorary Secretary of the Indian Imperial Relief Fund will be added as a member, and the Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes will take the place of the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent as President.

The Indian Soldiers' Board will be affiliated to the Army Department of the Government of India, and will deal particularly with the following subjects :—

(1) The formation of district records of war services which may serve as the basis for future action.

(2) Consideration of the question of land rewards for discharged soldiers and non-combatants.

(3) The question of preferential treatment in obtaining Government employment.

(4) Educational concessions for the children of retired soldiers.

(5) The after-care of the wounded and incapacitated soldier, and the establishment of special institutions and training to serve this purpose.

(6) The safe-guarding of the general interests of discharged soldiers by provincial and district committees, who should advise and watch the interests of soldiers who have long been absent from their holdings.

(7) Consideration, in collaboration with the military authorities, of the whole subject of demobilisation in its civil aspect, in relation to prevailing economic conditions and to the general interest.

The solution of these problems depends largely upon the action taken in the several provinces, and all local Governments and Administrations have been addressed with a view to preserving the provincial Recruiting and War Boards—reconstituted, if necessary, in form and composition—as a nucleus to advise on these questions.

Order.—Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Resolution be communicated to all Departments of the Government of India and to all local Governments and Administrations.

Ordered, also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India.*

(Sd.) A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	Average earnings per mile per week. During official year 1917-18.	Mean Mileage worked. 1914.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings for week ending 2nd January 1914.	4th January 1918.	4th January 1919.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1913.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 2nd January 1913.	4th January 1918.	4th January 1919.	Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, + 2 days. Increase.	Decrease.	Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18. Increase.	Decrease.
State Railways.	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,696	2,695	8,88,513	11,04,671	9,84,030	333	410	365	3,06,35,214	4,15,85,248	4,48,47,000	1,42,10,786	...	32,61,652	...
Bezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	9,544	8,577	8,700	454	408	414	2,83,641	3,94,391	3,68,000	84,359	...	...	26,391
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,008	1,002	6,69,324	9,37,690	10,13,000	670	935	1,011	2,59,28,560	3,39,04,648	3,82,81,000	1,23,52,440	...	43,76,352	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,572	1,582	1,581	7,37,418	6,48,843	6,98,000	469	410	441	2,86,85,682	2,61,60,913	2,87,51,000	65,318	...	25,90,087	...
East Indian	865	2,549	2,618	2,612	20,57,453	22,68,924	25,34,000	807	867	970	7,73,84,441	8,84,41,933	10,24,99,000	2,51,14,559	...	1,40,57,067	...
Great Indian Peninsula	721	2,537	2,612	2,612	18,65,195	20,00,134	23,91,000	735	766	915	6,03,66,255	7,72,32,639	8,70,47,000	2,66,80,745	...	98,14,361	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	48,409	64,994	85,100	385	516	675	16,76,634	23,79,519	32,61,000	15,84,366	...	8,81,381	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	3,025	2,666	4,700	75	67	117	1,20,082	1,33,051	1,66,000	45,918	...	32,949	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*27,246	18,936	21,100	480	1,578	1,758	*12,16,307	6,94,850	8,59,000	...	3,57,307	1,64,150	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	1,060	5,166	6,200	32	68	82	44,988	2,30,755	2,39,000	1,94,012	...	8,245	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	387	2,553	2,551	2,550	7,32,369	9,82,131	9,45,000	287	385	371	2,75,84,792	3,87,26,364	4,13,11,000	1,37,26,208	...	25,84,636	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,055	4,001	14,89,518	20,13,530	21,70,000	371	497	542	6,52,74,946	9,08,69,110	9,62,95,000	3,10,20,054	...	54,25,890	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,74,689	5,29,803	4,19,000	297	333	263	1,76,78,169	2,13,41,068	2,33,32,000	56,53,831	...	19,90,932	...
Assam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,35,442	1,24,467	1,31,000	168	139	147	51,03,940	53,74,497	55,37,000	4,33,060	...	1,62,503	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,30,340	6,38,735	7,63,000	345	347	415	2,14,99,818	2,54,71,835	3,15,29,000	1,00,29,182	...	60,57,165	...
Burma	319	1,342	1,342	1,342	4,27,610	4,77,159	5,18,000	319	356	386	1,56,09,429	1,57,77,155	1,90,01,000	33,91,571	...	32,23,845	...
Burma Extensions	212	187	187	187	34,842	37,846	40,000	186	202	214	14,83,504	14,39,169	18,30,000	3,46,196	...	3,90,831	...
Southern Shan States	121	23	70	70	772	9,168	7,000	34	131	100	21,981	3,35,380	3,60,000	3,38,019	...	24,620	...
Dhone-Kurnool	72	32	32	32	2,423	2,353	2,400	76	74	75	90,304	94,189	1,10,000	19,696	...	15,811	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	23,951	38,950	38,200	193	314	308	10,17,101	15,09,288	15,35,000	5,17,899	...	25,712	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	166	293	305	295	39,657	50,420	60,000	136	165	203	16,14,034	19,21,125	24,29,000	8,14,966	...	5,07,875	...
Mysore	191	*411	401	401	*79,562	79,834	76,100	194	199	190	*28,78,405	29,77,411	32,35,000	3,56,595	...	2,57,589	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,451	1,587	1,587	5,49,883	6,43,845	5,94,000	378	406	374	2,11,62,345	2,71,90,172	2,71,27,000	59,64,655	...	...	63,172
Travancore Branch	151	108	146	146	17,301	24,005	33,400	160	164	229	6,95,597	8,20,076	11,03,000	4,07,403	...	2,82,924	...
Tirhoot	223	785	804	804	2,02,244	2,01,385	2,15,000	258	250	267	75,46,160	67,58,988	77,29,000	1,82,840	...	9,70,012	...
Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,549	2,100	...	85	70	...	1,00,671	1,03,000	1,03,000	...	2,329	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	83	32	33	33	2,497	2,689	1,900	77	81	58	97,095	1,10,123	1,10,000	12,905	...	...	123
TOTAL	495	26,197	26,778	26,703	1,11,50,367	1,29,19,771	1,37,51,900	426	482	515	41,57,00,724	51,19,74,768	56,89,94,000	15,32,93,276	...	5,70,19,232	...
All other Railways.																	
Amritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	13,640	7,076	9,100	244	126	162	5,62,675	3,03,798	3,74,000	...	1,88,675	10,202	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	22,541	25,400	...	501	564	...	8,46,072	10,42,000	10,42,000	...	1,93,928	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	22,090	13,266	18,700	193	116	164	7,55,676	6,62,424	7,88,000	2,324	...	1,25,576	...
Bina-Goona-Baran	60	148	149	149	12,004	6,242	10,1[illegible]	81	42	68	4,14,322	3,53,139	3,80,000	...	34,322	26,861	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	357	192	289	289	57,940	67,608	[illegible]	202	283	354	24,32,153	34,38,653	38,97,000	9,64,847	...	[illegible]	41,662
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nizam's Guaranteed State	[illegible]	[illegible]	334	334	1,22,873	1,18,649	[illegible]	367	355	398	45,15,706	[illegible]	[illegible]	9,13,234	...	4,83,134	...
Petlad-Cambay	192	34	34	33	6,989	[illegible]	[illegible]	170	202	242	2,20,647	[illegible]	2,88,000	67,353	...	25,920	...
Phagwara-Rahon	79	...	47	47	...	4,012	5,800	...	85	123	...	1,50,322	1,95,000	1,95,000	...	44,678	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	385	108	108	108	46,992	35,406	40,500	435	328	376	13,53,203	16,76,956	22,42,000	8,88,797	...	5,65,044	...
Salem District Board	65	...	4	4	...	361	500	...	90	125	...	(a)7,621	20,300	20,300	...	12,679	...
Sara-Sirajganj	97	...	53	53	...	4,231	9,700	...	80	183	...	2,08,229	2,94,000	2,94,000	...	85,771	...
Sialkot-Narwal	114	...	38	38	...	5,353	3,600	...	141	95	...	1,71,845	1,73,000	1,73,000	...	1,155	...
Southern Punjab (Main Line)	329	425	428	428	1,26,179	1,27,890	1,42,000	302	299	332	41,02,801	54,50,862	72,40,000	31,37,199	...	17,89,138	...
Jullundur-Doab	60	99	133	133	9,029	6,879	7,900	91	52	59	1,91,798	3,25,676	3,20,000	1,28,202	...	...	5,676
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	26,097	23,432	25,700	168	151	166	10,01,169	9,95,652	10,52,000	50,831	...	56,348	...
Tapti Valley	194	155	156	156	43,766	39,161	42,800	281	251	274	10,59,832	11,19,127	13,44,000	2,84,168	...	2,24,873	...
Tenali-Repalli	96	...	22	22	...	1,826	1,500	...	83	68	...	88,344	70,400	70,409	...	...	17,944
Ahmedabad-Dholka	84	34	34	34	2,299	2,601	2,400	69	76	71	96,102	1,18,226	1,14,000	17,898	...	...	4,226
Ahmedabad-Parantij	78	89	89	89	8,268	5,676	5,600	93	64	63	2,86,979	2,79,293	3,35,000	48,021	...	55,707	...
Bengal and North-Western	188	1,239	1,244	1,248	1,86,888	2,45,364	2,73,000	151	197	219	80,32,547	87,07,375	1,11,20,000	30,87,453	...	24,12,625	...
Bengal-Dooars	215	153	158	158	33,239	26,957	40,300	217	170	255	13,00,571	13,73,293	14,50,000	1,49,429	...	76,707	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	137	52	52	52	6,990	7,002	6,200	135	135	119	2,63,436	2,86,908	2,64,000	564	...	...	22,908
Bhavnagar State	148	227	249	249	27,498	32,591	40,100	121	131	161	11,04,416	13,95,409	20,11,000	9,06,584	...	6,15,591	...
Cooch Behar State	157	33	33	33	6,492	4,880	5,400	196	148	164	2,14,974	2,03,380	2,17,000	2,026	...	13,620	...
Dibru-Sadiya	322	86	86	86	23,949	34,240	27,400	278	398	319	10,14,875	10,42,045	9,99,000	...	15,875	...	43,045
Gaekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	90	184	209	209	15,187	17,966	17,300	82	86	83	5,90,527	7,40,109	10,53,000	4,62,473	...	3,12,891	...
Gondal-Porbandar State	150	211	231	231	26,100	30,529	44,600	124	132	193	10,22,382	13,32,286	18,63,000	8,40,618	...	5,30,714	...
Hyd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	179	442	441	441	1,09,572	94,276	1,14,000	248	214	251	29,53,042	29,04,260	34,60,000	5,06,958	...	5,55,740	...
Jaipur State	69	73	107	122	5,908	5,933	8,500	81	55	70	2,23,599	2,92,013	3,60,000	1,36,401	...	67,987	...
Jamnagar	133	54	54	54	5,505	6,315	7,300	102	117	135	2,16,417	2,84,737	3,73,000	1,56,583	...	88,263	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	129	1,030	1,106	1,106	1,04,296	1,31,651	1,52,000	101	119	137	41,31,551	54,98,282	64,31,000	22,99,449	...	9,32,718	...
Junagad State	129	113	121	136	10,692	14,111	17,600	95	117	129	4,38,913	5,93,856	7,07,000	2,68,087	...	1,13,144	...
Kolhapur State	242	29	29	29	8,079	7,206	6,500	279	248	224	2,37,102	2,57,755	2,28,000	60,898	...	40,245	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	52	100	100	100	5,339	5,489	6,600	53	55	66	1,60,693	1,97,187	2,21,000	60,307	...	23,813	...
Morvi (incldg. Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	202	93	93	93	13,721	18,228	20,100	148	196	216	5,95,181	7,25,531	10,54,000	4,58,819	...	3,28,469	...
Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	68	...	88	100	...	8,736	13,000	...	99	130	...	(b)1,56,590	4,47,000	4,47,000	...	2,90,410	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	219	55	56	56	9,071	9,539	9,700	164	170	173	3,76,203	4,84,652	4,61,000	84,797	...	...	23,652
Mysore-Arsikere (c)	49	...	...	103	...	...	7,600	...	...	74	...	...	2,60,000	2,60,000	...	2,60,000	...
Podanur-Pollachi	139	...	25	25	...	3,371	3,700	...	135	148	...	1,37,548	1,46,000	1,46,000	...	8,452	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	176	268	270	270	44,273	48,485	49,000	165	180	181	15,67,704	18,48,532	20,53,000	4,85,296	...	2,04,468	...
Sangli State	189	5	5	5	950	1,003	1,200	192	201	240	27,704	35,643	45,900	18,196	...	10,257	...
Secunderabad-Gadwal	71	...	103	103	...	8,293	5,500	...	81	53	...	2,81,756	2,68,000	2,68,000	...	...	13,756
Shoranur-Cochin	263	65	65	65	12,703	18,029	16,200	193	278	249	4,90,794	6,70,673	6,74,000	1,83,206	...	3,327	...
Tanjore District Board	162	103	112	112	15,529	16,874	16,800	151	151	150	7,56,365	7,34,411	6,85,000	...	71,355	...	49,411
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	79	67	67	67	6,754	5,294	4,100	101	79	61	2,19,168	2,19,766	2,40,000	20,832	...	20,234	...
Barsi	141	116	117	118	29,722	16,725	26,500	257	143	225	8,65,158	6,66,658	6,84,000	...	1,81,158	17,342	...
Bilimora-Kalamba	34	...	35	35	...	1,226	1,300	...	35	37	...	42,204	63,600	63,600	...	21,396	...
Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur	52	...	22	23	...	1,054	1,400	...	48	61	...	(d)5,422	39,800	39,800	...	34,378	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	76	20	32	32	1,491	2,896	1,200	75	90	37	64,028	90,903	76,400	12,372	...	...	14,503
Dhond-Baramati	68	...	27	27	...	1,711	2,600	...	63	96	...	72,859	92,800	92,800	...	19,941	...
Ellichpur-Yeotmal	92	48	139	139	2,394	16,568	21,300	50	119	153	7,127	4,65,338	6,04,000	5,96,873	...	1,38,662	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	87	142	154	154	13,291	14,082	17,700	94	91	115	4,75,859	5,89,078	7,11,000	2,35,141	...	1,21,922	...
Godhra-Lunavada	42	24	25	25	561	964	1,400	23	39	56	2,607	41,766	51,700	49,093	...	9,934	...
Jacobabad-Kashmor	34	...	76	76	...	2,112	2,800	...	28	37	...	1,05,114	1,01,000	1,01,000	...	...	4,114
Khulna-Bagerhaut (e)	...	...	...	20	...	...	1,900	...	...	95	...	...	37,700	37,700	...	37,700	...
Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	49	11	102	102	388	3,734	4,900	35	37	48	1,143	1,93,210	2,29,000	2,27,857	...	35,790	...
Kosamba-Zankhvav	27	26	26	26	448	956	1,100	17	37	42	19,257	24,392	33,300	14,043	...	8,908	...
Nadiad-Kapadvanj	108	28	28	28	1,918	2,843	3,800	69	102	136	75,569	1,22,254	1,56,000	80,431	...	33,746	...
Pachora-Jamner (f)	...	...	...	25	...	...	1,400	...	...	56	...	...	35,200	35,200	...	35,200	...
Petlad-Vaso	66	...	19	19	...	1,243	1,700	...	65	89	...	52,516	65,900	65,900	...	13,384	...
Rajpipla State	67	37	37	39	1,985	2,452	2,600	53	66	67	90,307	1,01,462	1,18,000	27,693	...	16,538	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	485	51	51	51	17,407	21,378	17,400	341	419	341	9,36,518	10,37,818	11,17,000	1,80,488	...	79,182	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	10,996	8,100	...	110	81	...	2,57,138	2,92,000	2,92,000	...	34,862	...
Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	434	454	600	17	18	24	20,159	12,949	23,000	2,841	...	10,051	...
TOTAL	174	7,336	8,636	8,838	13,01,008	14,42,724	16,51,400	177	167	187	4,70,03,173	5,75,48,521	6,86,72,600	2,16,69,427	...	1,11,24,079	...
GRAND TOTAL	417	33,533	35,414	35,541	1,24,51,395	1,43,62,495	1,54,13,300	371	406	434	46,27,03,897	56,95,23,289	63,76,66,600	17,49,62,703	...	6,81,43,311	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.

(a) From 1st June 1917.
(b) From 15th August 1917.
(c) Opened from 3rd January 1918.
(d) From 1st December 1917.
(e) Opened from 10th June 1918.
(f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

Simla, the 16th January 1919.

S. TOMKINS,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

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DELHI, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1919.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 5th February 1919.

No. 13-S. I.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the said Order, for services in connection with the war :—

To be an Honorary Knight Commander.

General Sir BABER SHUM SHERE JUNG Bahadur Rana, K.C.I.E., General Officer attached to the Army Head Quarters in India and Inspector-General of the Nepalese Contingents.

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 5th February 1919.

No. 15-I. E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order, for services in connection with the war:—

To be Honorary Knights Commanders.

Commanding General PADMA SHUM SHERE JUNG Bahadur Rana, General Officer Commanding, Rifle Brigade, Nepalese Contingent.

General TEZ SHUM SHERE JUNG Bahadur Rana, General Officer Commanding, Kalibahadur Brigade, Nepalese Contingent.

To be Honorary Companions.

Colonel INDRA SHUM SHERE JUNG Bahadur Rana, Officer Commanding Purano Gorakh Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Lieutenant-Colonel BHUBAN BIKRAM Rana, Officer Commanding, Shumshere Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Lieutenant-Colonel SHAMSHER BIKRAM Rana, Officer Commanding, Pashupati Prasad Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Lieutenant-Colonel DUMBER SHUMSHERE THAPA, Officer Commanding, Kalibahadur Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Lieutenant-Colonel JIT JUNG SAHI, Officer Commanding, Sabuj Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Lieutenant-Colonel BHAIRAB SHUM SHERE JUNG Bahadur Rana, Officer Commanding, Shere Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Lieutenant-Colonel MADAN MAN SING BASNIAT, Officer Commanding, Srinath Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Lieutenant-Colonel GAMBHIR JUNG THAPA, Military Secretary to General Sir BABER SHUM SHERE JUNG Bahadur Rana, K.C.I.E.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHANDRA JUNG THAPA, Military Secretary to the Kalibahadur Brigade, Nepalese Contingent.

Major UTTAM BIKRAM Rana, Officer Commanding, 2nd Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Captain GRIHMARDAN THAPA, Military Secretary to the Srinath Brigade, Nepalese Contingent.

Captain NARSING BAHADUR BASNIAT, Military Secretary to the Rifle Brigade, Nepalese Contingent.

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 5th February 1919.

No. 485-I. C.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for services in connection with the war:—

To be an Honorary Knight Commander.

Major-General SHERE SHUMSHERE JUNG Bahadur Rana, General Officer Commanding, Srinath Brigade, Nepalese Contingent.

J. B. WOOD,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 5th February 1919.

REWARDS.

No. 264.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to approve of the following awards for services in connection with the war:—

To be Honorary Members of the Order of British India, 2nd Class.

Major-Subadar Maniraj Gurung, Kalibahadur Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Ujeer Sing Bhadari, Kalibahadur Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Chandra Bahadur Khatri, 2nd Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Munorath Jaisi, 2nd Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Pahalman Thapa, Mahindra Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Manbahadur Sing, Mahindra Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Krishna Bahadur Basniat, Sabuj Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Karna Bahadur Rayamajhi, Sabuj Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Ran Sing Gurung, 1st Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Ozir Sing Gurung, 1st Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Danbahadur Thapa, Purano Gorakh Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Jugat Bahadur Thapa, Purano Gorakh Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Tezbahadur Khatri, Shumshere Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Khadga Bahadur Sunwar, Shumshere Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Keshar Bahadur Khatri, Pashupati Prasad Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Hem Bahadur Rana, Pashupati Prasad Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Gangaraj Kawar, Srinath Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Major-Subadar Khadga Bahadur Khatri, Srinath Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Yekdhoj Bania, Shere Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

Subadar Saindhoj Khadka, Shere Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

To be granted the Indian Meritorious Service Medal (Honorary).

No. 4 Havildar Dhana Bahadur Khadka, 1st Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 552 Havildar Lalbir Sunwar, 1st Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 720 Lance Naik Chhetra Bahadur Karki, 1st Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 497 Rifleman Mangal Dhoj Sunwar, 1st Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 1070 Havildar Jagat Bahadur Rana, Purano Gorakh Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 106 Havildar Bala Bahadur Rana, Purano Gorakh Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 1232 Lance Naik Santaman Thapa, Purano Gorakh Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 1003 Lance Naik Bhairab Bahadur Khatri, Purano Gorakh Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 19 Havildar Attal Bahadur Karki, Shumshere Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No 1057 Havildar Chandra Sing Thapa, Shumshere Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 458 Lance Naik Padam Raj Mallah, Shumshere Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 1028 Lance Naik Dhana Bahadur Thapa, Shumshere Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 700 Havildar Hangsakarna Limbu, Pashupati Prasad Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 491 Havildar Rana Bickrum Sing Thakuri, Pashupati Prasad Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 985 Lance Naik Harkabir Rai, Pashupati Prasad Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 93 Rifleman Gaja Bahadur Gurung, Pashupati Prasad Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 892 Havildar Digbir Rai, Kalibahadur Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 111 Havildar Nara Bahadur Gurung, Kalibahadur Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 1050 Lance Naik Lal Bahadur Khadka, Kalibahadur Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 235 Rifleman Tula Gurung, Kalibahadur Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 187 Havildar Bum Bahadur Karki, 2nd Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 695 Naik Nara Bahadur Thapa, 2nd Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 467 Lance Naik Chandra Bahadur Thapa, 2nd Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 793 Lance Naik Sanaman Alay, 2nd Rifle Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 360 Havildar Biruju Thakuri, Mahindra Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 705 Naik Harkha Bahadur Bania, Mahindra Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 95 Lance Naik Prithe Sing Basniat, Mahindra Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 842 Rifleman Sudhan Sing Magar, Mahindra Dal Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 166 Havildar Dhanabir Resmi, Sabuj Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 968 Naik Raisma Bahadur Khatri, Sabuj Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 459 Lance Naik Luhabir Magar, Sabuj Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 722 Lance Naik Lal Bahadur Khawas, Sabuj Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 703 Havildar Bhakta Bahadur Bista, Srinath Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 97 Naik Goray Khadka, Srinath Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 655 Lance Naik Loke Bahadur Adhikari, Srinath Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 248 Rifleman Khamba Sing Gurung, Srinath Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 949 Havildar Tilak Bahadur Magar, Shere Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 421 Havildar Tek Bahadur Karki, Shere Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 20 Lance Naik Bala Bahadur Gurung, Shere Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

No. 772 Lance Naik Dumber Bahadur Sahi, Shere Regiment, Nepalese Contingent.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79 dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT.

Secretary to the Government of India"

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 8th February 1919.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 8.

January 27.

4167. D. Y. Phatak. *Improvements in fire cracker holders.*

4168. M. N. Chatterji. *Self-lubricating latchable door closer.*

4169. H. J. Furber. *Method and apparatus for determining the distance and direction, relatively to pre-established points of an unknown source of sound or point of projection of vibratory impulses.*

4170. L. J. Simon and G. Chavanne. *Improved process for the manufacture of monochloracetic acid and of its ethers.*

January 28.

4171. Mantle Lamp Company of America. *Improvements in blue flame burners.*

4172. Humphrey Gas Pump Co. *An improved method of pumping, and pumping apparatus for use therewith.*

4173. F. I. Pianoforti. *Electrical means for mechanically playing any kind of keyed instruments.*

4174. F. J. Preston. *Catch sidings, with spring check rails and sand.*

January 29.

4175. K. C. Das. *Sterilizing milk in big vessels made very easy and also it can be taken out part by part without spoiling the remaining milk in the vessel.*

January 30.

4176. E. G. Edgley. *Improvements in blow lamps.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3167. S. Satow. *Improvements in process of recovering proteids from vegetable proteid containing material for use in the industrial arts.*

3168. S. Satow. *Improvements in proteidal products and process of making the same.*

3529. T. A. Boyd, H. A. Boyd, J. Boyd and J. & T. Boyd, Ld. *Improvements in mechanism for doffing full bobbins from and putting empty bobbins upon the spindles of spinning, twisting and like frames.*

3688. G. G. Turner and C. H. Leighton. *Improvements in and relating to process of extracting cocoanut oil.*

3707. L. C. Stukenborg. *Cotton picker.*

3747. J. R. Kinney. *Improvements in power transmission device.*

3758. C. N. Chamberlain. *Improvements in rubber heels.*

3952. A. N. Thorpe and E. Beecroft. *Automatic slack gathering coupler.*

3979. F. S. Hughes. *Device for repairing inner tubes of pneumatic tyres.*

3982. Singer Manufacturing Co. *Sewing machine.*

4010. L. J. Martin. *Improved water tap with limited delivery.*

4012. S. D. Master. *Swords or weapons.*

4016. R. A. G. Russell. *Improvements in feed-water purifiers for steam generators.*

4018. National Lead Co. *Improvements in smelting furnaces.*

4024. General Electric Co. *Improvements in and relating to circuit interrupters.*

4035. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improvements in the manufacture of lampblack.*

4037. F. L. Impey. *Improvements relating to loose-leaf binders.*

4039. H. M. Butler and C. W. Davis. *Improvements in axles for motor-driven road vehicles.*

4040. Singer Manufacturing Co. *Sewing machine.*

4041. W. C. Cartland and R. H. Martin. *Improvements in code or combination locks.*

4048. Heatly and Gresham Ld. *Improvements in filters.*

4049. F. D. S. Sandeman. *A machine for dividing materials such as jute into short lengths.*

4052. W. J. Stewart and J. Woolcock. *Improvements in or relating to ferro-concrete ship construction.*

4053. J. V. Clarke. *An improved process for separating thorium from other rare earths and for the manufacture of thorium nitrate and other thorium salts.*

4062. E. Box. *Improvements in and connected with the destruction of house and other refuse and the recovery therefrom of useful materials.*

4072. E. S. Luard. *Improvements in hose pipe clips.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3520. Mehta.
3692. Gaillard.
3726. Schofield.
3825. Farrell.
3857. Gawthropp.
3873. Craven.
3883. Ritchie.
3884. Saccaggio and Lagrange.
3890. Dean and Chloride Electrical Storage Co., Ld.

PATENTS SEALED.

3187. Rutnagur.
3519. Mirza.
3681. Shroff.
3827. Majumdar.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

182 of 1907. Printing Machinery Co., Ld. (To 1 February 1920.)
326 of 1910. Jones. (To 1 February 1920.)
334 of 1910. Serpek. (To 31 January 1920.)
495 of 1910. Booth-Tucker. (To 10 February 1920.)
529 of 1910. Leeds Forge Co. & anr. (To 31 January 1920.)
356 of 1911. Wilbuschewitsch. (To 31 January 1920.)
571 of 1911. Crocker. (To 31 January 1920.)
20 of 1912. Belanger Spinning Process Co (To 9 January 1920.)
50 of 1912. Pilkington & ors. (To 29 January 1920.)
53 of 1912. Dennison. (To 30 January 1920.)
54 of 1912. Gramophone Co., Ld. & anr. (To 30 January 1920.)
722 of 1913. Dalen. (To 29 January 1920.)
726 of 1913. Dressler. (To 3 February 1920.)
729 of 1913. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate Ld. (To 3 February 1920.)
731 of 1913. Societe Generale des Nitrures. (To 3 February 1920.)
1442 of 1914. Corbet. (To 2 February 1920.)
1445 of 1914. Spencer. (To 2 February 1920.)
1446 of 1914. Swan. (To 2 February 1920.)
2010 of 1915. Fraser & ors. (To 2 February 1920.)
2011 of 1915. Gifkins & anr. (To 2 February 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1912.

558, (Entwisle.) 561, (Wallace & anr.)

1913.

1273, (Monro.)

1914

1910, (Brewer.)

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English

and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques: any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

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7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.
BOMBAY	Record Office.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road Parel.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner Burdwan Division
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.
DELHI	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.
HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	College of Engineering.
MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
POONA	College of Engineering
RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
ROORKEE	Thomason College.
SHOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.
WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and

other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a
(*a*) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)		1	0
(*b*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(*c*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each	0	2
(*d*) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(*e*) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(*f*) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1908, and Chronological lists, 1900-1904)		2	0
(*g*) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1911, and Chronological lists, 1905-1911)		3	0
(*h*) Patent Office Journals (Issued quarterly)	each	0	8
(*i*) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917	each	1	0
(*j*) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912	each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 3rd February 1919.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,89,00,000	0	0			
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below*	25,00,000	0	0			
				1,64,00,000	0	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments				25,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	2,73,17,378	7	1			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,50,42,342	1	6	4,23,59,720	8	7
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				25,29,60,027	10	14
Bank Post Bills, etc.				13,10,263	13	6
Sundries				12,71,975	14	3
RUPEES				33,68,01,987	15	3

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities				6,19,97,946	0	0
Other authorized Investments				1,40,93,534	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				9,06,64,196	11	8
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				5,65,86,852	5	7
Bills discounted and purchased				1,87,30,063	8	2
Balances with other Banks				43,54,825	12	1
Bullion				....		
Dead Stock				28,26,068	2	8
Stamps				11,6[illegible]	1	7
Sundries				11,24,402	3	2
				25,03,99,661	15	11
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	3,46,62,742	9	11			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	5,17,39,583	5	5	8,64,02,325	15	4
RUPEES				33,68,01,987	15	3

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,76,470 0 0

† Do do. do , 5,32,125 0 0

Rs. 9,08,595 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, 6th February 1919.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent
Percentage 29·00

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List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

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M. Syed Mazhar-ul Husain, 253A, Mohtashim Ganj, Allahabad.
M. S. Athar Husain Jafari, Head Maulavi, A. P. Mission High School, 257 Chak, Allahabad.

AMBALA—

M. Mohd. Akbar Khan Haidari, The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Chhote Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala
M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar.
M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Gulam Qadir, Karimullah's Compound, near H. M. High School, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Mohomed Khalil, Urdu Instructor, Mohalla Mamaran, Ambala City.

AMRITSAR.—M. Mihiuddin, C/o Messrs. Karamdin Bros., Hall Bazar, Amritsar.

BANGALORE—

M. Mohd. Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
M. Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
†M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).
M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Akmal Ali Akmal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Mohd. Israil Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Muhammad Muslim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore
*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu

BOMBAY—

†Mr. H. M. Anwar, Kaselwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

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*M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A., 3, Elliot Lane, Calcutta.
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†M. Daliluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Ballygunge, Calcutta.
M. Abdul Wajid, 106, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A., 4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley, Calcutta.
M. Nisar Ahmad Khan, 49, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
M. Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
M. Md. Quasim Khan, C/o H. A. Rahaman & Co., 44, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Aazam, 19, Tilzala 1st Lane, P. O. Ballygunge, Calcutta.
†M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A , M.F., 11, Colootolla Street, Calcutta.
*M. Aziz Mohd. Khan Afridi, 41, Gardner's Lane, Entally P. O.
M. Azizun Nabi Khan Aziz, 88-1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
M. S. M. Yunus, Baker Hostel, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
M. Rashiduddin Ahmed Khan, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE—

*M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, Officer, Cadet Unit.

CAWNPORE—

M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
M. S. M. Aminuddin, Officers' Teacher, Chain Sukh's Compound, Chatai Mahal, Cawnpore.

DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi

DERA GHAZI KHAN.—M. M. Waris Ali Khan, "Waris," Junior English Master, Government High School, Dera Ghazi Khan.

FEROZEPORE—

M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HISSAR.—M. M. I. Jan Bukhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Biwani District, Hissar.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHANSI.—M. S. R. Kapur, 75, Saddar Bazar, behind Kotwali, Jhansi.

JHELUM—

M. Thakur Das Pabwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum
M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phurianwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore
M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR—
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M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depôt, Jullundur.
M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.
KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadamal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.
KASAULI.—M. Anand Sarup, Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).
KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.
KOLHAPUR.—M. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.
LAHORE—
M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.
M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. M. Abdul Hamid, C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Mochi Gate, Lahore.
M. Muhammad Din, 2999, Pir Gilanian Street, Lahore.
LUCKNOW—
M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.
†M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), near Royal Hotel.
LUDHIANA.—M. Kishori Lall Jethi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.
MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinnaih Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.
MEERUT—
M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.
MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah, Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.
Mr. Syed Muhammad Umar, C/o Post Master, Mhow.
MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.
MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.
MURREE HILLS—
M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.
NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
NASIK—
M. Mohd. Arif, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat, Officers School of Instruction.
M. Azherus Sadain, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Abdul Habib Khan, Officers' School of Instruction.
*M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid, Officers' School of Instruction.
NASIRABAD—
M. S. Sadiq Ali, Munshi Fazil, C/o Peerjee Mohd. Ali, Sugar and Tea Merchant, Nasirabad (Rajputana).
PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.
PESHAWAR—
M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
*M. Saiyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N.-W. F. P., Peshawar.
POONA—
M. S. R. Kapur, Regimental Munshi, 1st Norfolk Regiment, C/o Pandit Diwan Chand, Accountant, A. C. R. E.'s Office, Poona.
QUETTA—
M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Abdul Aziz, The King's Regiment, Quetta.
M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.
M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Aulad Husain, Cadet College, Quetta
M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shair Manzil (M. W. S., Military District).
M. Jiya Lall, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Ram Kishan, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriey, Cadet College, Quetta
* M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Mohd. Sarwar Khan, Mirza, Anderson Road, Babu Mohalla, Quetta.
RAWALPINDI—
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).
†M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.
M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.
ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.
SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.
SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU—
M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

WELLINGTON—
M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktaram Row, Calcutta.
RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakma, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.
KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothen, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B. A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—
Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv Peth, Poona City.
Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.
SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

Qualified Tamil Teachers.

MADRAS—
M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakopaaramanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA, A. H. HARLEY,

The 23rd January 1919. *Offg. Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.*

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . . .	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . . .	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „
QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . .	Rs 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock) .	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb tins.
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.
Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Re. A. P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 8 0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

II B

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 4th February 1919.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st January 1919.

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.												REMARKS.
				COIN AND BULLION.									SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	
				In India.			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.	In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.				
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.		Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	38,52,511	36,71,12,999	37,09,65,510	3,10,17,436	2,36,48,677	4,47,87,214	12,35,565	...	...	...	27,00,000	11,89,78,285	(a) 16,07,99,946	(b) (c) 82,49,98,861	1,20,81,16,184	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500 of rupee paper & R6,40,00,000 Indian Treasury Bills.
Cawnpore	..	11,48,80,416	11,48,80,416	98,18,622	52,34,775	.			.			...	.	..	1,50,53,397	
Lahore	...	11,90,34,641	11,90,34,641	1,14,71,970	1,80,09,104	.			...	...	.	..		.	2,94,81,074	
Bombay	1,02,97,220	47,94,63,206	48,97,60,426	4,36,43,585	1[illegible],25,67,139	3,89,85,231	.	..	...	...	..	...		..	21,51,95,955	(b) Nominal value—R84,11,55,001.
Karachi	..	7,74,64,733	7,74,64,733	27,83,538	21,88,700	.		.	...	..		...		.	49,22,238	(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918 and Ordinance III of 1918.
Madras	15,96,393	19,15,12,518	19,31,08,911	1,24,65,826	40,42,448				...		-	...	.	.	1,65,08,274	
Rangoon		14,16,98,536	14,16,98,536	46,32,178	34,79,310				...			...	.	..	81,11,488	
	1,57,46,126	1,49,11,67,049	1,50,69,13,175	11,58,33,155	18,91,20,153	8,37,22,445	12,35,565	...	...	...	27,00,000	11,89,78,285	16,07,99,946	82,49,98,861	1,49,73,88,610	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			95,24,565	*Deduct*—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											...	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			1,49,73,88,610										TOTAL RESERVE R		1,49,73,88,610	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 31st January 1919.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st January 1919.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 31ST JANUARY 1919.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins: Receipts: Purchased silver.	Receipts: Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Receipts: Native State coins	Receipts: Total.	Coinage: New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department	Coinage: New rupees made over to Native States.	Coinage: Total.	Balance of Bullion and Coin: New coin ready for delivery.	Balance: Currency Bullion.	Balance: Other Government Bullion.	Balance: Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Balance: Total.	Coinage for Egyptian Government: Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Egyptian: Piastres coined and paid over.	Egyptian: Closing balance of Bullion.	Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government: Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Straits: Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Straits: Closing balance.
Calcutta	79	3	..	82	129	..	129	12	(a) 158	1[illegible]	1	179	..	..	..	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	37	..	37	...	(b) 15	2	..	17	..	..	..	...	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 374 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 298 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 4th Feb. 1919.

J. J. BOURKE, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE.

Agents for Sale of Maps.

LONDON.—Edward Stanford, Limited, 12, 13 and 14, Long Acre, London, W.C.

CALCUTTA.—Maps can be obtained from the Office, 13, Wood Street, or from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., No. 3, Esplanade, East; Messrs. Newman & Co., No. 4, Dalhousie Square; the Manager, The Indian School Supply Depôt, No. 309, Bow Bazar Street; and Messrs. Lal Chand & Sons, No. 76, Lower Circular Road.

DACCA.—The Manager, The Indian School Supply Depôt, No. 226, Nawabpur.

BOMBAY.—Messrs. Thacker & Co., Limited, and Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co.

KASHMIR.—Cockburns Agency, Srinagar.

LAHORE.—Messrs. Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons.

MADRAS.—Higginbothams, Limited.

MUSSOORIE.—The Proprietor, Mafasilite Printing Works.

MUZAFFARPUR.—Messrs. Burman & Co.

RANGOON.—The Curator, Government Book Depôt, Burma.

SIMLA.—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.

A Catalogue of Maps corrected up to 1st October 1917 is available at Re. 1 per copy.

All published maps are sold at the Map Record and Issue Office, Survey of India, Calcutta, for cash with postage *prepaid*.

Agents cannot issue maps on the *Public Service except on cash payment.*

The following is a List of Maps published at the Head-Quarter Offices, Calcutta and Dehra Dun, during the Quarter ending 31st December 1918.

EXPLANATION.

All maps from Surveys after 1905 called "Modern" are printed in 4 or 5 colours, i.e., water forms in blue, towns and roads in red, forests and jungle in green, cultivation in yellow, hill contours in brown with shading to emphasize the hills, and other details in black.

All Maps from Surveys prior to 1905 called "Old" are printed in black only or in black with hills in brown.

All Maps on scales 1"=4 miles, $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ or nearly 1"=16 miles and $\frac{1}{2,000,000}$ or nearly 1"=32 miles are printed in either one or two of the following editions, except those marked "Provisional Issue" which are from old surveys :—

(1) *Layered edition*, printed in colours with contours and graduated layer tints to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills. (*Colour ribands along boundaries cannot be added to this edition.*)

(2) *Political edition*, printed in colours with colour ribands along boundaries, contours to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills.

(3) *Provisional Issue*, generally printed in black or in black with hills in brown. Colour ribands along boundaries are added by hand when required at an extra cost of 2 annas per sheet.

Description.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	No. of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		REMARKS.
					Rs. a.		
DEGREE SHEETS.							
Scale 1"=4 miles.							
ASSAM AND BURMA.							
Sheet No. 92-A. (Preliminary edition).	1873-74, 1876-77, 1884-85, 1887-88, 1911-12	1918	1	24×19	1 0	Maps with boundaries hand-coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge.	Published in (1) Layered edition and (2) Political edition.
BURMA, CHINA AND INDO-CHINA (FRENCH)							
Sheet No. 102-G.	1890-91, 1894-95, 1898-1900, 1908-09	1917	1	24×19	1 0		Mông Hsing and country to the north-east. Published in (1) Layered edition and (2) Political edition.

Description.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	No. of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		Remarks.
					Rs. a.		
HALF-INCH SHEETS.							
Scale 1"=2 miles.							
BURMA.							
Sheet No. 84 L / S. W.	1891-93, 1896-98, 1902-03, 1905-06	1918	1	24×19	1 0	Maps with boundaries hand-coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge.	Sidoktaya and country to the south.
MADRAS.							
Sheet No. 48 D / N. E. & L / S. E.	1910-12	1918	1	24×19	1 0		Mangalore and country to the east.

Index Number.	District, etc.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	Price.		Remarks.
				Rs. a.		
	ONE-INCH SHEETS.					
	Scale 1"=1 mile.					
	ASSAM.					
83-N/1	Sibsagar	1916-17	1918	0 8	Maps with boundaries hand-coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge	
	BENGAL.					
79-I/I (Preliminary edition).	Dacca	1909-15	1918	1 0		Dhāmrai and country to the south and west.
	BENGAL AND BIHAR AND ORISSA.					
79-O/5 (Ditto)	Midnapore and Balasore Districts and Mayurbhanj State.	1859-61, 1893-95, 1907-09, 1912-14, 1915-16	1918	1 0		Dāntan and country to the east and south.
	BERAR.					
55-G/3	Amraoti	1916-17	1918	1 0		Koha and country round.
	BIHAR AND ORISSA.					
63-P/9 2nd (Preliminary edition).	Shāhābād	1910-11	1918	1 0		Shergarh and country to the north and west.
72-D/1 (Ditto)	Shāhābād and Gayā	1901-02, 1911-13	1918	1 0		Sasarām and country to the south and east.
72-D/5 (2nd Preliminary edition.)	Shāhābād and Gayā	1911-13	1918	1 0		Aurangābād and country to the north.
72-L/10 (Ditto)	Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Santal Parganas.	1902-03, 1905-07, 1909-10	1918	1 0		Simaltāla and country to the east and south.

Index Number.	District, etc.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	Price. Rs. a.		Remarks.
	ONE-INCH SHEETS —*contd.* *Scale 1"=1 mile.*					
	BOMBAY.					
56 C/1	Sholapur	1916-17	1918	0 8	Maps with boundaries hand-coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge.	Mangrul and country round.
	BOMBAY AND HYDERABAD					
56 C/2	Akalkot, Kurandvad States, Sholapur and Osmanabad Districts.	1916-17	1918	1 0		Akalkot and country to the north-west.
56 C/3	Akalkot, Kurandvad and Sangli States and Bijapur, Sholapur and Gulbarga Districts.	1916-17	1918	1 0		Karabgaon and country to the south.
	KASHMIR AND JAMMU.					
43 O/5	Anantnag and Udhampur	1912 & 1915	1917	1 0		Aish Makam and country to the east.
	MADRAS.					
57 N/15	Nellore	1916-17	1918	1 0		Nellore and country to the south-west.
57 O/13	Chittoor and Nellore	1916-17	1918	1 0		Nayudupet and country round.
	PUNJAB AND RAJPUTANA.					
53 D/8	Gurgaon District and Alwar and Nabha States.	1915-16	1918	1 0		Kanti Khas and country to the north-east.
	UNITED PROVINCES.					
63 N/3	Gorakhpur, Azamgarh, Fyzabad and Basti.	1915-16	1918	1 0		Belghat and country to the south.
63 N/7	Gorakhpur and Azamgarh.	1915-16	1918	1 0		Gola Bazar and country round.

Description.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	No. of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price. Rs. a.		Remarks.
PROVINCIAL MAPS. *Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$*							
Punjab (without hills)	...	1918	1	41 x 28	2 8	Maps with boundaries hand-coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge.	

MAPS PUBLISHED AND AVAILABLE FROM THE FOREST SURVEY OFFICE AT DEHRA DUN.

Title.	Year of Survey.	Price per sheet uncoloured.
		Rs. a.
BERAR.		
Scale 4"=1 mile.		
Amraoti and Akola Divisions.		
Sheet No. 55 H.-9. S. 1 .	1905-06	1 8
Scale 2"=1 mile.		
Buldana Division.		
Sheet No. 56-D.-10. N. .	1913-14	1 8
Yeotmal Division.		
Sheet No. 55 L.-7. N. . .	1908-09	1 8
Scale 1"=1 mile.		
Chandur Taluk in 3 sheets .		4 8
BOMBAY FOREST SURVEY.		
Scale 8"=1 mile.		
Sheet No. 191 N. E. 8 (reprinted).	1900-01	1 8
Scale 4"=1 mile.		
Sheet No. 190 S. W. 2 (reprinted).	1882-83	1 8
" " 225 N. E. 1 (reprinted).	1901-02	1 8
" " 309 N. W. 1 E. and 3 E. (reprinted.)	1902-03	1 8
BURMA.		
Scale 4"=1 mile.		
Bhamo Division . . .	...	2 0
Scale 2"=1 mile.		
South Tenasserim Division.		
Sheet No. 95 K.-6. N. .	1913-14	1 8
" " 95 K.-6. S. .	1913-14	1 8
" " 95 K.-10. S. .	1913-14	1 8
CENTRAL PROVINCES.		
Scale 2"=1 mile.		
Amraoti and Wardha Divisions.		
Sheet No. 55 K.-4. S. .	1897-98 1904-05	1 8
MADRAS.		
Scale 2"=1 mile.		
Central Coimbatore and Nilgiri Divisions.		
Sheet No. 58 A.-15-S. .	1908-10	1 8
MADRAS AND MYSORE.		
Scale 2"=1 mile.		
Mangalore North Division.		
Sheet No. 48 K.-13. N. .	1910-11	1 8
" " 48 K.-14. N. .	1910-11	1 8
" " 48 O.-2. S. . .	1910-11	1 8
PUNJAB.		
Scale 2"=1 mile.		
Simla Hill States.		
Sheet No 333 (N. W.) .	1902-03	1 8
Scale 1"=1 mile.		
Chamba State.		
Sheet No 52 D.-5 . .	1896 to 1900	1 0

SURVEY OF INDIA;
Calcutta, 31st January 1919.

O. H. B. TRENCHARD, Major, R.E.,
Officer in charge, Map Record and Issue Office.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 31st January 1919.

No. 33.—Mr. Abinash Chunder Bose, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for 1 month with effect from the 13th January 1919, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

H. H. TURNER, LT.-COL., R.E.,
Superintendent, Map Publication.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 31st January 1919.

No. 617-*Education*.—Reverend J. Strand Jones, Chaplain, Kingsway Camp, Delhi, is granted nine months' combined leave, under Articles 584 and 592 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 25th January 1919, or any subsequent date of which he may avail himself of it.

Delhi, the 1st February 1919.

No. 645-*Home*.—M. Abdul Samad is appointed junior Sub-Judge, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th November 1918, *vice* M. Barkat Ali Khan who has reverted to the Punjab.

No. 647-*Home*.—The services of Maulvi Barkat Ali Khan, Junior Subordinate Judge Delhi, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department, for re-employment in the Punjab, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th November 1918.

No. 669-*Home*.—Munshi Harbans Lal, Deputy Magistrate, Upper Division, Agra Canal, is invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class, under Section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898, Act V of 1898, to be exercised under the Northern India Canal and Drainage Act, 1873, (VIII of 1873), in the province of Delhi, within the limits of the Upper Division, Agra Canal.

The 4th February 1919.

No. 719-*Education*.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government under the Provisions of Section 58 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act) and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the land is required for a public purpose, namely building a cabstand at Haveli Rajna Begam, Ajmeri Gate Bazar, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the Provisions of Section 6 of Act I of 1894 and under Section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

SPECIFICATION.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Area.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi .	Delhi .	Delhi .	395·5 square yards.	*North.*—Open Chauk and Maqbul Ahmad's property. *South.*—Baheri and Hamidete property and foot-path of Ajmeri Gate Road. *East.*—Open Chauk and public lane. *West.*—Open Chauk, passage and Rahmatullah and Maqbul Ahmad's property.	Deputy Commissioner's Office.

No. 721-*Education*.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government under the Provisions of Section 58 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act), and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the land is required for a public purpose, namely for widening the road at New Idgah, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the Provisions of Section 6 of Act I of 1894 and under Section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

SPECIFICATION.

District	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Area.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi .	Delhi .	Delhi .	18199 square yards.	*North.*—Qasabpura Kharid Teja Jat. *South.*—Slaughter house Pulewalan and Thelewalan on Nahar Singh and Badruddin's land. *East.*—Old Idgah . . . *West.*—New Idgah . . .	Deputy Commissioner's Office.

The 4th February 1919.

No. 782-*Home*.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 25th January 1919, is published for information:—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
			Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.				
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
	Delhi . .	225,471	97	104	201	98	83	181	...	...	...	70	3	90	2	16	...	43	29	72	46·36	41·74
	Notified Area	3,673	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	28·81	...
	Total .	229,144	98	105	203	98	83	181	...	...	...	70	3	90	2	16	...	48	29	72	46·06	41·07

C. A. BARRON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated the 30th January 1919.

No. 113—9.—Whereas the land designated below is required for a public purpose, this declaration is made accordingly under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894.

District.	Pargana.	Mauza.	Approximate area.	For what purpose.	REMARKS.
Sub-Division, Merwara.	Tehsil Beawar.	Fatehpuria II.	Khata No. 89—Land No. 584—Area 12 Bighas—12 Biswas 19½ Biswansies. *Boundaries.* *East*—Waste land way and rocks. *West*—Waste land and rocks. *South*—Waste land and rocks. *North*—Waste land and rocks.	To be acquired by the Beawar Municipality for plague camp.	The plan can be seen at the Office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Merwara, Beawar.

Under section 7 of the Act, the Collector is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the land specified above.

By order,

H. C. GREENFIELD, I.C.S.,

for First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 28th January 1919.

No. 431-*R*.—M. Hurmat Ali Shah, a Tasildar of the 1st grade, and S. P. T. Extra Assistant Commissioner, 6th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nasirabad, was granted privilege leave for one month and 17 days, combined with furlough for one year, with effect from the 16th January 1919.

No. 432-*R*.—L. Tola Ram, Tahsildar of the 3rd S. P. T. 2nd grade, and Tahsildar, Nasirabad, was appointed to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nasirabad, with effect from the 16th January 1919.

Quetta, 29th January 1919.

No. 467-*R*.—On the termination of the privilege leave, granted to him in the Agent to the Governor-General's Notification No. 84-R., dated the 6th January 1919, Khan Sahib M. Juma Khan, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, was reposted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Barkhan, with effect from the 15th January 1919, forenoon.

By order,

G. HARRIS, Major,

Secretary.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTICE.

Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture spirit of the strength of 10° and 20° underproof (flavoured and plain) at the Quetta Government distillery, for a period of two years from the 1st April 1919 to the 31st March 1921.

2. The total issue of country spirit from the Quetta distillery during recent years has been :—

Year.	QUANTITY IN GALLONS.			
	10° UNDERPROOF		20° UNDERPROOF	
	Plain.	Flavoured.	Plain.	Flavoured.
1916-17	11,097	19,454	9,534	63
1917-18	10,590	21,976	7,967	360
1st April to 30th September 1918 . .	4,800	15,124	2,760	30

3. Each tender must be sealed, and addressed to the Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan, and must be accompanied by a deposit of rupees one thousand. The cover containing the tender should be superscribed with the words " Tender for the exclusive right to manufacture country spirit at the Quetta Distillery," and should be sent so as to reach the Revenue Commissioner at Quetta before 12 o'clock noon on the 8th day of February 1919, after which no tender will be considered. The deposits of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned.

4. For full particulars and the form of tender apply to the Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

QUETTA,
The 21st January 1919.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 28th January 1919.

No. 436.—In accordance with rule 10 of the rules for the grant of licenses to prospect for minerals and of mining leases published in the resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the power conferred on him by rule 19 of Agent to the Governor-General's order No. 4695-R., dated the 31st December 1915, the Revenue Commissioner is pleased to renew the certificate of approval granted to Mr. Tikamdass Girdhari Das of Quetta, under the above mentioned rules.

A. B. DEW, Lieut.-Colonel,

Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA, AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 29th January 1919.

No. 125-*C.*—*B. III.*-4-18.—In continuation of Notification No. 616-C., dated the 23rd August 1918, Mr. F. N. Wrack, Personal Assistant to the Inspector General, Railway Police, Rajputana, is temporarily promoted to the second grade of Deputy Superintendent, with effect from 13th August 1918, the date on which he took over charge in Rajputana.

By order,

H. G. RICHARDSON,

Police Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana.

TREASURE TROVE.

It is hereby notified under Section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure was found out by C. R. Srinivasaraghavachari, Revenue Inspector, Negapatam Range, Negapatam Taluk, on 18th May 1918, while removing earth in S. F. No. 160 (thrashing floor poramboke) of Erayangudi village, Negapatam Taluk.

Serial No.	Name of the article.	Description of the treasure.			
		Weight in seers.	Value.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
1	Pillayar with peedam	25¼	39	13	6
2	Sambandamurthiswami	17¼	25	14	0
3	Valliamman	12	18	0	0
4	Pidari	24	36	0	0
5	Crowbar	1¾	0	4	0
6	Rotten bronze pieces	10½ tolas.	0	1	0
			120	0	6

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanjore at his office on Thursday, the 19th June 1919, in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

TANJORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Dated 27th January 1919.

J. R. HUGGINS,
Collector.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 31st January 1919.

No. 2048-*G.-Camp*.—Mr. G. P. Duckworth, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 6th (Poona) Division, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for three months, with effect from the 16th January 1919, under Articles 233 and 338, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2049-*G.-Camp*.—Mr. S. Krishnaswamy Aiyar, officiating Superintendent, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 6th (Poona) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 16th January 1919, in place of Mr. Duckworth granted combined leave.

No. 2050-*G.-Camp*.—Colonel T. A. Harrison, C.S.I., I.A., Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, is granted leave in India, for 60 days, under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, with effect from the 18th January 1919.

Delhi, the 3rd February 1919.

No. 2094-*G.-Camp.*—Khan Sahib Sorabjee Pallanjee, B.A., Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, in the office of the late Field Disbursing Officer, East African Expeditionary Force, reverted to his own grade, with effect from the 14th January 1918, and was re-appointed as a temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 6th (Poona) Division, with effect from the 28th January 1918.

No. 2095-*G.-Camp.*—2nd-Lieutenant G. S. B. Barry-Briant, 222nd Brigade, R. F. A., attached to the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted war leave for 8 days in extension of the leave granted to him in Military Accounts Department Notification No. 301-G.-Camp, dated the 14th December 1918, as amended by Notification No. 535-G.-Camp, dated the 24th December 1918.

No. 2096-*G.*—Captain F. E. A. Hewetson, I.A.R.O., attached to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, Burma Division, is granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 30 days, with effect from the 29th January 1919.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Military Accountant General.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 29th January 1919.

No. 2.—Mr. M. N. Varvill, Executive Engineer, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 308 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 1 year, *viz.*, privilege leave due and furlough, with effect from the 5th December 1918 or the subsequent date of relief.

No. 3.—The Hon'ble H. T. deBingham, Executive Engineer, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 308 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 12 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 15th February 1919 or the subsequent date of relief.

Lahore, the 31st January 1919.

No. 4.—Mr. A. Bhola Nath, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for one month and eighteen days, *viz.*, privilege leave for one month and 10 days and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period, with effect from the 20th September 1918.

J. H. WHITE,

for Agent, North Western Railway.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Cawnpore Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed agains the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of claimant.
		Rs.	
H 165 of 18-19 . . .	DB 63 64821 . .	10 .	L. Laljimal, c-o the Sub-Agent, Allahabad Bank, Ltd., Aminabad Park, Lucknow.
	DB 66 80650 . .	10 .	

No. 11267.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT:
Cawnpore, the 4th February 1919.

J. W. KELLY,

Currency Officer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 6th February 1919.

The Directors have made the following change in the Bank's European Establishment:—

Mr. S. A. H. Sitwell, Inspector of Branches, to take over charge of Lucknow Branch as from the evening of the 4th February 1919 from Mr. A. D. S. Highton granted privilege leave.

By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 13 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 20th January 1919.

In the matter of G. S. Money Naidoo, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by G. S. Money Naidoo, Letter Painter, No. 66, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 20th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said G. S. Money Naidoo.

CASE No. 14 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 22nd January 1919.

In the matter of S. N. Bose, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Sailendra Nath Bose, Clerk, residing at No. 46 in 37th Street, Rangoon, on the 21st day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Sailendra Nath Bose.

CASE No. 15 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 23rd January 1919.

In the matter of Yussoof Ahmed and Ahmed Mohamed, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Yussoof Ahmed and Ahmed Mohamed, of No. 253, Surati C. Bara Bazaar, Rangoon, on the 21st day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Yussoof Ahmed and Ahmed Mohamed.

CASE No. 16 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 23rd January 1919.

In the matter of R. Maduray, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by R. Maduray, son of Raghanan, Boy, residing at No. 2, Suratee Gardens, Boundary Road, Rangoon, on the 22nd day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said R. Maduray.

CASE No. 17 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 25th January 1919.

In the matter of the Firm of Tong Hin & Co., Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Finlay Fleming Co. of Rangoon, Creditors of the Firm of Tong Hin & Co., carrying on business at No. 56, China Street, Rangoon, on the 24th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Firm of Tong Hin & Co., was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 24th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 18 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 28th January 1919.

In the matter of Maung Kyaw Pe, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Kyaw Pe, Horse Trainer, residing at No. 63, 12th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Kyaw Pe.

CASE No. 106 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 27th January 1919.

In the matter of the firm of K. K. Musafar Gunny Bros., Cloth Merchants, Surati Bara Bazaar, Rangoon, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Gouri Dutt of Rangoon, a creditor of the firm of K. K. Musafar Gunny Bros., Cloth Merchants, Surati Bara Bazaar, Rangoon, on the 28th day of June 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said firm of K. K. Musafar Gunny Bros., K. K. Musafar Gunny, Uduman Gunny and Ullah Pitchay was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 7th day of January 1919.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF MAJOR R. W. E. KNOLLYS, I.A., DISTRICT JUDGE AT DELHI.

CITATIONS.

Dated, the 3rd February 1919.

In the matter of the grant of Probate of the Will of late Mr. Isaac Jackson, who died at Simla on the 5th November 1918.

Whereas Mrs. Lena Macdonald, residing at No. 1, Commissioner's Lane, Delhi, executrix of the Will of the abovenamed deceased, has applied for grant of Probate of the Will of the abovenamed deceased and whereas 19th day of February 1919 at 10 A.M. has been fixed for hearing the said petition, this Citation is issued in terms of Section 250 of Act X of 1865 to all persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the deceased to come and see the proceedings in this Court before the grant is made.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Court, this 3rd day of February 1919.

Dated the 3rd February 1919.

In the matter of the estate of late Mrs. Stella Rachel Stone, who died at Lahore on the 1st November 1918.

Whereas Mr. Albert Wilfred Stone, Deputy Station Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Delhi, husband of the abovenamed deceased, has applied for grant of Letters of Administration to have effect throughout British India of the estate of the abovenamed deceased and, whereas the 21st day of February 1919 at 10 A.M. has been fixed for hearing the said petition, this Citation is issued in terms of Section 250 of Act X of 1865 to all persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the deceased to come and see the proceedings in this Court before the grant is made.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Court, this 3rd day of February 1919.

E. KNOLLYS,
District Judge, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

No. 64 OF 1919.

Dated the 28th January 1919.

Re Messrs. Nandlal Vrajvalabhdas, a firm, Merchants, carrying on business in yarn at Tamba Kanta, Pydhoni without the Fort: adjudged Insolvents.

Ex parte :—Chimanlal Pakordas: Petitioning Creditor.

Whereas the abovenamed Messrs. Nandlal Vrajvalabhdas, a firm, have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) :—

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of presentation of petitions: Day.	Month.	Year.	Date of the adjudication: Day.	Month.	Year.
65—1919	John Topper	European . .	Belasis Road, near Parsi Statue.	Lately Assistant Station Master, Kalyan, G. I. P. Railway, and now unemployed.	28th	January .	1919	28th	January .	1919
67—1919	Vasanji Dharsy Sha . . .	Hindu . .	Mandvi	Lately dealer in waste cotton, and now unemployed.	30th	" .	"	30th	" .	"
68—1919	Ragho Mahadoo Benere . .	" . .	Old Fanaswadi . . .	Pressman in the Jame Jamshed Printing Press.	31st	" .	"	31st	" .	"
69—1919	Welji Chana Jansari . .	" . .	Bhen Jiwanji's Lane, Thakurdwar.	Lately doing business as embroiderer, and now unemployed.	"	" .	"	"	" .	"
70—1919	Moraji Keshowji Khatri . .	" . .	Sindhigulli . . .	Mehta in the employ of Lalji Shamji . .	"	" .	"	"	" .	"
71—1919	Abdul Satar Syed . . .	Mahomedan .	Arab Lane, Grant Road .	Lately embroiderer, and now unemployed .	1st	February .	"	1st	February .	"
72—1919	Jugjiwan Keshowji Shamji Khatri.	Hindu . .	Cowasji Patel Tank Road .	Formerly servant in the employ of Lalji Shamji, and now unemployed.	"	" .	"	"	" .	"
74—1919	Arthur Crossbi *alias* Clarence Manuel *alias* Godfrey Wilfred Cotgrave.	European . .	Belasis Road . . .	Tallyman in the G. I. P. Railway (Parel Workshop).	"	" .	"	"	" .	"
75—1919	Bagia Mahadu Rahatarkar .	Hindu . .	Goa Street, Fatar Bunder .	Engine driver in the service of Chinaman Ovi Contractor.	3rd	" .	"	3rd	" .	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 3rd day of February 1919.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

In Insolvency.

Summary Case.

No. 71 OF 1916.

Dated the 4th February 1919.

Re Sheik Karim Bux and another.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 4th day of March 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment, dated at Peshawar, this 2nd day of February 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—9617, Private J. Smith.
Age—27 years 1 month.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, dark brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—10th January 1911.
Place of Enlistment—Middlesborough.
Parish where born—Middlesborough, Yorkshire.
Date of absence—18th January 1919.
Place of absence—Peshawar N.-W.-F. India.
Marks—Smart walk; slightly bald.

H. S. BAGNALL, Major for Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding 1st Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that Mr. Crookshrank, Forest Range Officer at Malkangin in the Vizagapatam District, died about ten years ago and that there exists a tomb of his at that place. Unless his friends or relations make arrangements for the proper upkeep of the tomb it will be levelled to the ground under B. S. O. 203.

KORAPUT,

13th December 1918.

F. G. BUTLER,

Special Assistant Agent.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

ERRATUM.

In Notification No. 315, dated the 6th December 1918, published on page 2192 of Part II of the Gazette of India, dated the 14th December 1918, in column 1, *for* J. H. Hamilton, I.S.O., *read* J. A. Hamilton, I.S.O.; and *for* E. B. Norton, *read* E. B. Newton.

J. C. MITRA,

Deputy Accountant-General, Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 3rd February 1919.

No. 970-*T*.—Mr. J. E. Locke, officiating Superintendent of post offices, Traffic, Madras Circle, reverted to his substantive appointment of Telegraphist with effect from the 17th January 1919.

The 4th February 1919.

No. 995-*T*.—Mr. B. M. Dasu, who was appointed officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, in Notification No. 383-T, dated the 16th January 1919, reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master with effect from the 9th January 1919.

No. 1014-*T*.—On the return from leave of Mr. W. L. Webster on the 20th January 1919, Mr. G. E. D'Souza, who was appointed officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, under Notification No. 842-T, dated the 30th January 1919, reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master with effect from the same date.

The 7th February 1919.

No. 1022-*T*.—Mr. H. J. Chapman continues to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, with effect from the 26th December 1918.

Mr. V. Stephens, officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 1025-*T*.—Mr. J. Steele, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, has been granted privilege leave for four weeks with effect from the 7th January 1919.

Mr. N. Varadaraja Pillay, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. Steele.

No. 1028-*T*.—Mr. F. Selwyn, Telegraph Master, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, on probation with effect from 25th December 1918, and will continue to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, Traffic, Bombay Circle.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 7th February 1919.

No. 797.—Major (Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) H. J. Couchman, M.C., R.E., Officiating Deputy Superintendent (on temporary military duty) is confirmed in his appointment with effect from the 20th September 1916, *vice* Captain E. C. Baker, R.E., Deputy Superintendent, deceased.

No. 798.—The following promotions are made with retrospective effect from the 14th September 1918, *vice* Mr. J. Smith, Deputy Superintendent, retired :—

Messrs. A. B. Smart, J. H. Murphy and C. H. G. Johnson, Deputy Superintendents on Rs. 650 per mensem on the seconded list, to be Deputy Superintendents on Rs. 800 per mensem on the same list.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

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Volume XLVIII, Part 3 By L. LEIGH FERMOR, D Sc, A R S.M, F G.S, Superintendent Geological Survey of India, J COGGIN BROWN, M.Sc, M.Inst M.M, M.I M.E., F G.S, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, and A M HERON, B.Sc., F G.S. Assoc.Inst C E., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, on the Crystallography and Nomenclature of Hollandite (with plate 1) Geology and Ore Deposits of the Bawdwin Mines (with plates 2 to 8) Miscellaneous Notes—Monazite in Mergui and Tavoy Re. 1.

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Volume XLIX, Part 1. By H H. HAYDEN, C I E, F R S. Director, Geological Survey of India, J. COGGIN BROWN, M.Sc., M Inst M M., M.I.M.E., F G S., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, and R. FOURMAN. General Report of the Geological Survey of India for the year 1917. The Cassiterite Deposits of Tavoy. Les Echinides des " Bagh Beds " (Plates 1, 2) Re. 1.

Volume XLIX, Part 2. By H. H HAYDEN, C I E, F.R S, Director, Geological Survey of India, and R. D. OLDHAM, F R S. The Mineral Production of India during 1917. The Support of the Mountains of Central Asia Re. 1.

Volume XLIX, Part 3. By E. S. PINFOLD, B.A, F G S, Stud Inst. M.M, C. S. MIDDLEMISS, C I E, F.G.S, and LALA JOTI PARSHAD, B A, F.G.S. Mineral Survey of Jammu and Kashmir State, and Captain MURRAY STUART I D.F, D Sc., F G S, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India. Notes on Structure and Stratigraphy in the North West Punjab (with plates 4 and 5). Note on the Aquamarine Mines of Daso on the Braldu River, Shigar Valley, Baltistan (with plates 6 to 10). Preliminary Note on the Srimangal Earthquake of July 8th, 1918 (with plates 11 and 12) Re. 1.

NEW PUBLICATION ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1915. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d.

REGISTERED No. C 696.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 783 Bom. of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Rupchand Tansukhdas, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—RUPCHAND TANSUKHDAS,

Residence—Phulpota Taluka Rotodera.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 085340 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 2,000 originally standing in the name of Troilokya Nath Guin, Boikanta Nath Guin and Broja Nath Guin, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—TROILOKYA NATH GUIN,
BOIKANTA NATH GUIN AND BROJA NATH GUIN.

Residence—Nimtollah, P. O. Ghantal, District Midnapore.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 380 C. P./1 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Purshottam Lad, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—G. L. MUKERJI,

Residence—Treasury Officer, Chhindwara, C. P.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 322083, dated 16th December 1918, of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,722-11. The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for Duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—KAMALA DEVI,

Address 77, Russa Road North, Bhowanipur, Calcutta.

Estate Major R. Hodgins, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Robert Hodgins, Major in the Burma Military Police who died at Shaftesbury House, Formby, Lancashire, on 1st February 1919 Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to George Henry McCausland of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 22nd February next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

G. H. McCAUSLAND,

Administrator to Estate.

CALCUTTA,

The 11th January 1919.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. G. 029857 and 58 and No. F. 011837, of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928 for Rs. 1,000 each, and 500 respectively originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, and last endorsed to Lalit Mohan Banerjee, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—LALIT MOHAN BANERJEE,

Resident—4, Kyd Street.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No 54 U.P./1 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 1,000 originally issued in the name of Yusuf Ali Khan, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—YUSUF ALI KHAN,

Residence—Municipal Commissioner, Sikandra Rao, District Aligarh.

Estate H. Coupland, I.C.S., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Herbert Coupland of the Indian Civil Service, late of Daltonganj, Palamau, who died on 9th August 1918 at 25, Park Square, Leeds, Yorkshire, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to William Frank Mackay of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 24th February next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

W. F. MACKAY.

CALCUTTA;

The 18th January 1919.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 058921 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 200 originally standing in the name of the Bapuji Atmaram Mokasi and last endorsed to K. P. Deshpande, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser - K. P. DESHPANDE.

Residence—Nagothna, District Kolaba.

Dated the 2nd February 1919.

REGISTERED No. C. 696.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 6. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1919.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 31, 1919.

First WHEAT Forecast, 1918-19.

This forecast is based on reports received from Provinces and States, which comprise 98·6 per cent of the total wheat acreage of India. The returns refer to all the important wheat growing areas except Kashmir. The figures set out in this report generally represent the area sown up to the beginning of January. Owing to the insufficiency of the monsoon, sowings are being continued in some places at the date of report.

The total area sown is estimated at 23,472,000 acres as against 33,836,000 acres (the revised figure) at this time last year, or a decrease of 31 per cent. As compared with the final area (35,497,000* acres) of last year, the present estimate shows a decrease of 34 per cent. The decrease in area as compared with the area this time last year in the main producing areas is especially noticeable. The decrease in the Bombay Presidency is 66 per cent, in the Punjab 34 per cent, in the Central Povinces 21 per cent, and in the United Provinces 18 per cent. In Hyderabad the decrease is 46 per cent and in Rajputana 42 per cent.

General condition.—Owing to the scanty rainfall of September and October, as will be seen from the appended data of rainfall, the area sown to wheat was much restricted. Further the prevalence of influenza interfered with sowing operations, especially in the Punjab, Delhi, the United Provinces, Bombay, the North-West Frontier Province and in parts of Rajputana. The irrigated crop is on the whole fair to good, while the condition of the unirrigated † crop is on account of drought below average, and in some parts, notably in Bombay, poor. Early rain is now urgently required for the unirrigated crop.

The detailed figures for the Provinces and States are noted below :—

Provinces and States	This year (1918-19) January	Last year (1917-18) January	Last year (1917-18) Final figure
	Acres	Acres	Acres
Punjab (a) . .	7,647,000	* 11,565,000	* 11,271,000
United Provinces .	5,800,000	7,050,000	7,248,000
Central Provinces and Berar (a).	3,106,000	3,916,000	4,007,000
Bombay and Sind (a).	877,000	2,609,000	3,379,000
Bihar and Orissa .	924,000	1,210,000	1,195,000
North-West Frontier Province	842,000	1,182,000	1,143,000
Bengal . . .	110,000	123,000	124,000
Delhi . . .	6,000	55,000	42,000
Ajmer-Merwara .	4,000	16,000	22 000
Central India .	2,615,000	* 3,380,000	4,382,000
Hyderabad . .	655,000	1,204,000	1,262,000
Rajputana . .	884,000	* 1,521,000	1,417,000
Mysore . .	2,000	2,000	5,000
Total .	23,472,000	* 33,836,000	* 35,497,000

* Revised figure. (a) Including Indian States.

† The unirrigated area under wheat is on the average of the five years ending 1916-17 about 48 per cent of the total wheat area in the Punjab, 45 per cent in the United Provinces, and 71 per cent in the North-West Frontier Province.

Punjab (32·7 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area sown up to the end of December is estimated at 7,647,000 acres (639,000 acres being in Indian States), which is 34 per cent below the revised estimate at this time last year. In July and the first half of August the monsoon was extremely weak, but during the latter half of August it was active and gave frequent rain till the 3rd September, chiefly in the most northern and southern districts of the province. After that date there was scarcely any rain, although ordinarily the final withdrawal of the monsoon in the Punjab does not take place until about the middle of the month. From June to September the total rainfall was 49 per cent below the normal. The months of October and November were practically dry. Thus, the climatic conditions were very unfavourable for the sowing of the crop, the deficiency of September and October rainfall, which might have produced sufficient soil moisture for a good seed-bed, being the most serious feature of the season. The influenza epidemic also interfered with sowing operations. The supply of water in canals was short and rivers were low. Some rain was received in the second week of December except in the south-east and was beneficial to the standing crop. In the British districts the condition and prospects of the standing crop are average on irrigated area, but much below the average on unirrigated area, except in a small part of the Rawalpindi division which received some good showers. Rain is now urgently required everywhere for the unirrigated crop. The Provincial Director believes that the rain which fell on the 6th January will have benefited the standing crop.

United Provinces (22 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area sown is estimated at 5,800,000 acres, as against 7,050,000 acres estimated at this time last year, or a decrease of 18 per cent. Owing to the failure of late rains the season was generally unfavourable for wheat sowings. Except in the Gorakhpur and Benares divisions and southern Oudh, there was practically no rain after the end of August. In the eastern districts there was for the most part sufficient moisture in the soil for sowings; but in the western half and Bundelkhand little could be sown without irrigation. The canal supplies were short, and sowings being delayed by the prevalence of influenza barley was often substituted for wheat. The area sown was considerably below normal. The crop on irrigated land is fair to good but elsewhere prospects are uncertain and depend on early rain. This relates to the condition of the crop up to the 15th January.

Central Provinces and Berar (11·6 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area sown is estimated at 3,106,000 acres (90,000 acres being in the Khairagarh and Nandgaon States), which is 21 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The early part of the monsoon was exceptionally favourable for the preparation of land for wheat, but the rain ceased abruptly after the second week of September except for a few showers. Conditions at sowing time were generally fair to good in Saugor, Damoh, Seoni, Hoshangabad, Nagpur, Mandla, Narsinghpur, Betul, and Akola but in the remaining districts the land except on rich soil dried up rapidly on account of drought. Germination was good, but in parts of Hoshangabad, Nimar, Betul, Nagpur, Saugor, Chhindwara, Chanda, Drug, Raipur, Akola, Buldana, and Yeotmal the growth was defective and the young seedling soon began to wither for want of moisture. In Khairagarh and Nandgaon germination was indifferent, but prospects are fair. The general condition and prospects of the crop did not look promising in November, but good rain in the early part of December greatly benefited the crop, particularly the early sowings in almost all the wheat growing districts. Little resowing was practicable. The contraction in area is shared by all the districts, and is due largely to want of moisture in the soil when sowings were undertaken. Prospects are, on the whole, favourable, but the crop on poorer lands is very thin. The weather is at present clear and cool and occasionally cloudy. Recently there has been rain in most of the districts, especially in Nagpur and Seoni.

Bombay and Sind (8·7 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The information is up to the 7th January and is incomplete as sowings continued in places at that date. The total estimated area so far sown is 877,000 acres (201,000 acres being in Indian States), which is 66 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The season has been very unfavourable, owing practically to the absence of late rains in Gujarat and north Deccan. Sowings have been confined mostly to lands with irrigation facilities, or where moisture was available, which amount to one-eighth of last year's area in Gujarat and one-seventh in north Deccan. In places lands have been reserved for the growth of fodder crops. In south Deccan, Sholapur, Satara, and the Southern Mahratta Country States the situation is somewhat favourable, and light rains, although deficient, induced sowings to a considerable extent under stimulus of high prices. Sowings have been delayed everywhere for a fortnight to a month, and those in irrigated lands continued till the end of December. The unirrigated crop in Gujarat and north Deccan has practically withered away, while that in south Deccan and the Southern Mahratta Country States is somewhat better and may yield a poor to moderate outturn. The irrigated crop is generally good, and its prospects are somewhat better in places. The water supply is getting deficient. In Sind the inundation was very low and many river-side lands remained unflooded. The month of October was very hot, and people suffered extensively from influenza. Moreover the rainfall in that month was also deficient. These causes have restricted area to less than half of last year's, notwithstanding high prices. Germination has been fair, except in parts of Hyderabad Sind.

Bihar and Orissa (4·1 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area so far sown is reported to be 924,000 acres as against 1,210,000 acres at this time last year, or a decrease of 24 per cent. In September the rainfall was above the normal in Patna, Gaya, Shahabad, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Sambalpur, and Palamau, and below the normal in the remaining districts. The excess was well marked in Patna. The fall was, however, confined to the first half of the month, there being no good general rain anywhere in the second half. In October only light and insufficient showers fell towards the end of the month in Bhagalpur, Purnea, the Santhal Parganas, Cuttack, Balasore, Angul, Puri, and the districts of the Tirhut division, no rain falling in the rest of the province. In November there was no rain except light and insufficient showers in parts of Puri, Balasore, Angul, and Sambalpur. In December light showers fell in parts of Shahabad, Monghyr, Bhagalpur and the districts of the Orissa and Chota Nagpur divisions, the rest of the province having had no rain. Sowings began generally at the normal time but were curtailed by the absence of rain. The standing crop has also been affected by drought and its condition is reported to be poor in all important districts excepting Champaran and Darbhanga, where it is fair.

North-West Frontier Province (3·2 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area sown up to the end of December is estimated at 842,000 acres, as against 1,182,000 acres reported at this time last year, or a decrease of 29 per cent. There is a decrease both in the irrigated and unirrigated lands which is shared by all the district

except Peshawar. In addition to the ordinary *takavi* allotment, a special grant was sanctioned for advances to cultivators for the encouragement of wheat cultivation, but the lack of rain and the incidence of the influenza epidemic at sowing time have greatly interfered with the distribution of the loans to zamindars. The condition of the irrigated crop is so far average, but that of the unirrigated crop is reported below the average. The ultimate success of the wheat crop depends on the winter rains, which are much needed.

Bengal (0·4 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area so far sown amounts to 110,000 acres, which is 11 per cent below the estimate made at this time last year. The decrease in area is attributed to the unfavourable character of the season previous to seeding time. The months of September and October were practically rainless in most districts, the principal wheat-growing areas, namely, Maldu, Rajshahi, Patua, Murshid bad, and Nadia, having badly suffered from drought. The general condition of the crop is reported to be poor.

Delhi (0·1 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The area sown is estimated at 6,000 acres as against 55,000 acres estimated at this time last year. The decrease in area is due to the scarcity of rain, which combined with the influenza epidemic is responsible for the sowings having begun very late. Irrigated crops are in fair condition, while the unirrigated are practically non-existant.

Ajmer-Merwara (0·05 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area so far reported amounts to 4,000 acres as against 16,000 acres reported at this time last year. Sowings are still in progress.

Central India (9·9 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area sown is estimated at 2,615,000 acres, which is 23 per cent below the area at this time last year. The condition of the crop is reported to be good in Southern States, but poor elsewhere. The detailed figures are as follows :—

	1918-19	1917-18
	Acres	Acres
Gwalior	1,141,229	1,402,459
Indore	316,114	375,934
Bhopal	666,546	690,895
Bundelkhand	146,580	384,459
Baghelkhand	121,980	193,580
Malwa	95,361	139,330
Southern States . . .	127,592	193,380
Total .	2,615,102	3,380,037

Hyderabad (3·1 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area sown is estimated at 655,000 acres, which is 46 per cent less than the estimate at the corresponding date last year. The condition of the crop is reported to be fair to good, except in parts of the Aurangabad and Bir districts.

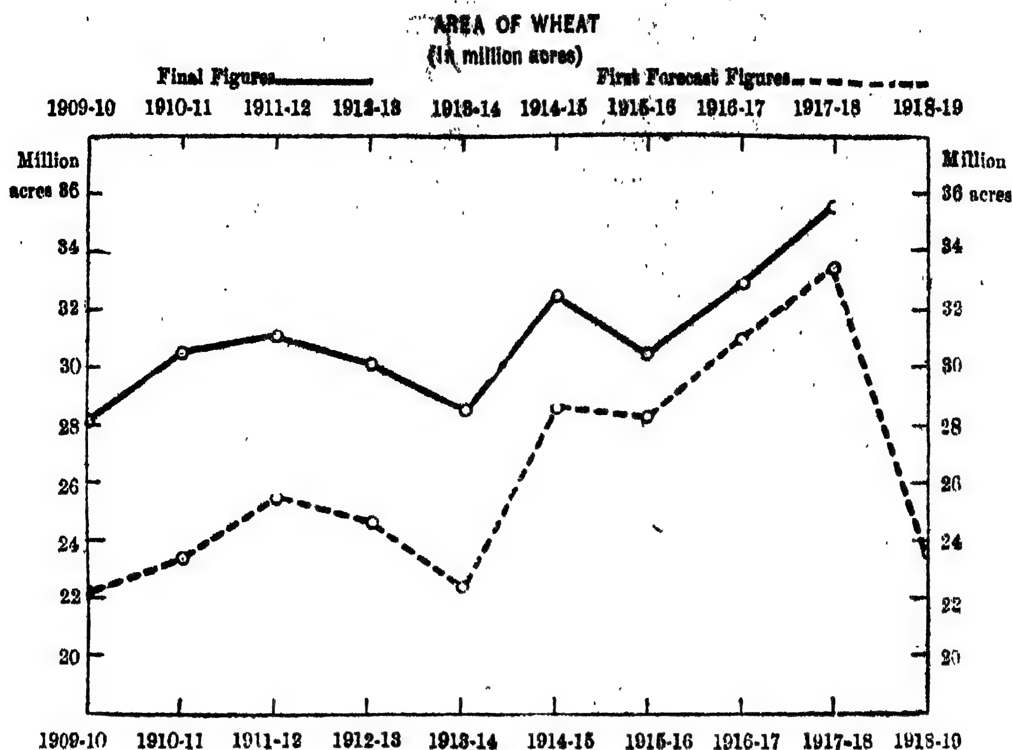
Rajputana (2·8 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The total area sown is estimated at 884,000 acres, which is 42 per cent below the estimate at this time last year. The decrease is generally due to the deficiency of rains at sowing time. The condition of the crop in Kotah, Marwar, Sirohi, and Dholpur is reported to be good but fair elsewhere. Owing to insufficient rain no crops have been sown in the Kushalgarh State this year. Detailed figures for the States are as follows :—

	1918-19	1917-18
	Acres	Acres
Bundi	14,530	55,350
Tonk	84,330	178,452
Shahpura	331	3,200
Kishangarh	753	2,831
Jaipur	33,711	(a)101,000
Dungarpur	2,733	10,859
Partabgarh	5,456	30,000
Banswara	2,000	(a)32,000
Kushalgarh	...	5,800
Jaisalmer	827	13,485
Marwar	138,276	286,700
Bikaner	1,375	56,816
Sirohi	8,800	9,400
Karauli	1,961	6,529
Dholpur	6,745	17,018
Bharatpur	25,528	58,710
Alwar	20,000	40,000
Kotah	501,221	533,225
Jhalwar	6,535	29,946
Mewar	(a)23,000	50,000
Total .	884,121	1,524,321

(a) Estimated in this Department.

Mysore (0·01 per cent of the total area under wheat in India).—The area sown is estimated at 2,000 acres, the same as reported at this time last year. Owing to want of rainfall crop conditions are not favourable.

Chart.—The chart on the next page illustrates the preliminary estimates of acreage as compared with the final estimates for the last nine years for the whole of India.



Rainfall (1st September to 31st October).—The table below shows the total rainfall in the months of September and October, 1918, in the wheat growing provinces, furnished by the Director-General of Observatories:—

Province		Mean actual rainfall 1st Sept. to 31st Oct. 1918.	Mean actual rainfall 1st Sept. to 31st Oct. 1917.	Mean normal rainfall 1st Sept. to 31st Oct.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Punjab	East and North	0·72	10·93	3·84
	South-West	0·52	7·67	1·02
United Provinces	East	6·67	15·68	9·07
	West	1·82	16·28	7·13
Central Provinces	West	2·73	17·97	9·24
	East	2·71	17·04	9·83
Berar		1·18	10·86	7·84
Bombay	Gujarat	0·82	15·42	3·62
	Deccan	3·52	15·67	8·88
Sind		0·13	3·32	0·35
Bihar and Orissa	Bihar	13·60	18·67	11·66
	Orissa	6·59	24·49	11·48
	Chota Nagpur	7·47	25·66	15·28
North-West Frontier Province		0·62	2·10	0·80
Bengal		12·12	25·81	16·18
Central India	West	2·14	18·58	6·49
	East	5·30	9·26	8·09
Rajputana	West	0·13	12·22	1·89
	East	0·89	16·75	3·86
Hyderabad	North	2·22	16·41	9·54
	South	6·72	14·52	9·76
Mysore		5·87	13·78	10·98

Wheat crops in foreign countries.—The latest statistics published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, are given below. The years referred to are those in which harvesting took place.

	Area (acres)		Yield (tons)	
	1918 (Provisional)	1917 (Final)	1918 (Provisional)	1917 (Final)
United States of America	58,837,000	45,922,000	24,568,000	17,397,000
Canada	17,340,000	14,795,000	5,622,000	6,248,000
Italy (a)	10,794,000	10,433,000	4,714,000	3,678,000
France (a)	11,929,000	10,393,000	(b)	3,853,000
Spain	10,476,000	10,336,000	3,561,000	3,814,000
Algeria	3,185,000	3,220,000	(b)	775,000
United Kingdom	2,793,000	2,103,000	2,489,000	1,719,000

The area sown with the 1918-19 crop in the Argentine and Australia are estimated at 16, 961,000 acres, and 8,645,000 acres, respectively.

From unofficial sources it appears that the growth of the new wheat crop in the United States of America is vigorous and it shows good colour. In the Argentine the weather is reported to have been unseasonably rainy, and unfavourable for the harvest. The exportable surplus from this year's crop is estimated at more than 3½ million tons. The yield of the new Australian wheat crop is reported to be about 1¼ million tons, of which the exportable surplus, excluding stocks of the old crop, will be about ¾ million tons. The condition of new crops in France and Italy is reported to be generally satisfactory.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

(a) Excluding occupied territory. (b) Not yet available.

REGISTERED No. L 848.



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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE VICEROY.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 8th February 1919.

No. 746-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India will leave Delhi by special train on the night of the 14th February 1919. His Excellency's departure will be private.

The Viceroy will visit Kapurthala and will return to Delhi on the morning of the 17th February. The arrival will be private.

The party accompanying His Excellency will be :—

Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Holland, C.I.E., I.C.S., Officer on Special Duty representing the Political Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Verney, Military Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Austen Smith, C.I.E., I.M.S., Surgeon.

Major R. D. Alexander, A.-D.-C.

Captain Lord Carnegie, A.-D.-C.

Captain C. M. G. Gordon Ives, A.-D.-C.

Risaldar-Major Muhammad Akbar Ali Khan, Sardar Bahadur, I.O.M , A.-D.-C.

Communications of an urgent nature intended to reach His Excellency and party during the tour should be addressed " Viceroy's Camp," without the addition of any post town ; all others to the headquarters of the several Departments at Delhi.

By Command,

R. VERNEY, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

No. 953-C.—The services of Mr. Frank Hannyngton of the Indian Civil Service (Madras establishment), Commissioner of Coorg, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras, with effect from the 19th December 1918.

No. 954-C.—Mr. Charles Alexander Souter of the Indian Civil Service (Madras establishment) is appointed to be Commissioner of Coorg, with effect from the 19th December 1918.

JUDICIAL.

The 4th February 1919.

No. 876-C.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice T. W. Richardson, I.C.S., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough with effect from the 15th February, or such later date as he may avail himself of it, to the 28th August 1919 inclusive.

PORT BLAIR.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 832-C.—Mr. R. Wilkinson, Assistant Commissioner, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for one month and twelve days with effect from the 2nd February 1919, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

No. 51.—The following programme of the proposed visitation tour of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras, Acting Metropolitan, is published for general information:—

February	15th	Saturday	Departure	Howrah	12-36.
"	"	"	Arrival	Asansol	17-15.
"	16th	Sunday	Departure	"	23-39.
"	18th	Tuesday	Arrival	*Delhi*	0-24 Halt at Delhi.
"	20th	Thursday	Departure	"	21-45.
"	21st	Friday	Arrival	*Lahore*	9-50 Halt at Lahore.
"	28th	"	Departure	"	14-5.
March	1st	Saturday	Arrival	*Allahabad*	12-46.
"	4th	Tuesday	Departure	"	13-11.
"	5th	Wednesday	Arrival	Calcutta	6-30.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

AGRICULTURE.

Delhi, the 4th February 1919.

No. 259-C.—Mr. M. Afzal Husain, who has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India to the Indian Agricultural Service, is appointed Supernumerary Entomologist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture, Pusa, with effect from the 6th January 1919.

FORESTS.

The 6th February 1919.

No. 264-C.—Mr. A. Wimbush, Deputy Conservator of Forests, made over charge of his duties as Instructor, Forest Research Institute and College, Debra Dun, on the forenoon of the 20th December 1918 from which date he reverted to his substantive appointment on the Madras Forest Cadre.

Mr. R. Bourne, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Madras, is appointed Instructor until further orders with effect from the afternoon of the 7th January 1919.

LAND SURVEYS.

The 7th February 1919.

No. 266-C.—The services of Colonel R. A. Wauhope, C.B., C.M.G., C.I.E., R.E., (Retired), who was temporarily appointed to the Survey of India from 1st June 1916, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 1st April 1919.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 5th February 1919.

No. 4.—Mr. H. M. Marchant, V.D., assumed charge of his duties as Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade, officiating, with effect from the forenoon of 28th January 1919 on his release from Army Service on the 18th January 1919.

The 6th February 1919.

No. 5.—Mr. B. M. Samuelson, C.I.E., Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary, is reverted to Executive Engineer, with effect from the 9th January 1919, and Mr. H. E. W. Martindell, Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, is appointed as Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary, with effect from that date.

F. C. ROSE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 3rd February 1919.

No. 406-Est. B.—Major A. C. Tancock, Commandant, Mohmand Militia, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the 16th October 1918.

The 5th February 1919.

No. 354-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. A. D. Cowan as Acting Vice-Consul for Norway at Moulmein, during the absence of Mr. J. J. A. Shaw.

No. 420-Est. A.—The services of Major J. Davidson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 31st January 1919.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 3rd February 1919.

No. 442-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 CC of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as applied to the administered areas in the Hyderabad State, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to cancel the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 3237-I. B., dated the 9th October 1918, regulating the tannage of sheep and goat skins within the said areas.

The 5th February 1919.

No. 422-Est. A.—Major G. D. Franklin, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Agency Surgeon in the Southern States of Central India, with effect from the 17th January 1919.

No. 424-Est. A.—Major R. A. Yule, Additional Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar, held charge of the current duties of the office of Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar, in addition to his own duties from the 6th to the 10th January 1919 inclusive.

No. 480-I. C.—*Erratum.*—In the notification by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 17-I. C., dated the 1st January 1919, *for* "Babu Panchanan Sarkar Barman, Pleader, Rangpur, in Bengal" *read* "Babu Panchanan Barma, Pleader, Rangpur, in Bengal."

The 6th February 1919.

No. 437-Est. A.—*Corrigendum.*—In notification No. 46-Est. A., dated the 7th January 1918, posting Major H. R. N. Pritchard, of the Political Department, as Assistant Political Agent, Loralai, for the words "16th December 1917" *read* "12th December 1917."

No. 439-Est. A.—The following substantive changes are sanctioned among Agency Surgeons under the Foreign and Political Department:—

Consequent on the reversion to military duty of Colonel P. Carr-White, Indian Medical Service (Madras), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 7th June 1916—

Major J. Anderson, Indian Medical Service, to be an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class (seconded).

Consequent on the death of Lieutenant-Colonel A. L. Duke, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class, and with effect from the 28th February 1918—

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Burden, C.I.E., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class (seconded) to be an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class (seconded).

Consequent on the replacement at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India of the services of Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Macwatt, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), and with effect from the 12th June 1918—

Lieutenant-Colonel F. A. Smith, Indian Medical Service (Bombay), an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class, substantive *pro tempore,* to be an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class.

No. 440-Est. A.—The following changes are sanctioned among Agency Surgeons under the Foreign and Political Department:—

Lieutenant-Colonel P. B. Haig, C.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 1st class to be an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class, substantive *pro tempore* with effect from the 12th June 1918.

Major D. Heron, C.I.E., Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class to be an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, substantive *pro tempore* with effect from the 7th June 1916.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Melville, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class to be an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, substantive *pro tempore* with effect from the 28th February 1918.

No. 490-I. C.—*Erratum*—The announcement in the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 16-I. C., dated the 1st January 1919, conferring the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon Maulavi Chaudhuri Badr-ud-din, Manager, Court of Wards Estates, Shahabad, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa, is hereby cancelled, and the following substituted for it at the end of that Notification:—

Memorandum.—It had been the intention of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General to confer upon Maulavi Chaudhuri Badr-ud-din, late Manager, Court of Wards Estates, Shahabad, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa, the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, had he survived.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 8th February 1919.

No. 1104-D.—The following War Trade Department list, dated the 3rd January 1919, corrected to date and an announcement, dated the 6th January 1919, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom are published for general information :—

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT,
4 CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
WESTMINSTER, S. W. 1,
Dated 3rd January, 1919.
(Corrected to 8th February 1919).

List of goods the export of which is prohibited by the Royal Proclamation of the 10th May, 1917, as amended by Orders of Council of the 22nd June, 1917, the 13th July, 1917, the 14th August, 1917, the 28th August, 1917, the 18th October, 1917, the 27th November, 1917, the 18th December, 1917, the 22nd January, 1918, the 8th February, 1918, the 26th February, 1918, the 8th March, 1918, the 12th April, 1918, the 25th April, 1918, the 14th May, 1918, the 11th June, 1918, the 2nd July, 1918, the 30th July, 1918, the 6th August, 1918, the 27th August, 1918, the 1st October, 1918, the 15th October, 1918, the 19th November, 1918, the 29th November, 1918, the 6th December 1918, the 13th December, 1918, the 20th December, 1918, the 24th December, 1918, the 27th December, 1918, and the 3rd January 1919, further amended by Notices appearing in the * "Board of Trade Journal," to be exported from the United Kingdom to the following destinations, viz. :—

Goods marked (**A**) to All Destinations ;

Goods marked (**B**) to All Ports and Destinations Abroad other than Ports and Destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates ;

List C.—By order of Council dated the 1st October, 1918, All Goods [other than (1) printed matter and (2) personal effects accompanied by their owners] are prohibited from export to All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, Belgium; Portugal, Greece, Spain, Morocco, and Palestine and Syria as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries.

NOTE.—Goods removed from " A " or " B " automatically come under List C.
See, however, LIST OF FREE GOODS, Pages 19 and 20.

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* *Orders of Council and notices issued subsequently to the date of this list are published in the* " Board of Trade Journal," *which may be obtained either directly or through any bookseller from the undermentioned branches of H. M. Stationery Office* :—

London : Imperial House, Kingsway, W. C. 2 ;
Cardiff : 1, St. Andrew's Crescent ;
Manchester : 37, Peter Street ;
Edinburgh : 23, Forth Street ;

or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 115, Grafton Street, Dublin.

This list cancels all similar lists issued by the War Trade Department prior to 3rd January 1919.

A

Abrasives, artificial, see Carborundum.
(B) Accoutrements, not otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
(A) Acetic acid.
(A) Acetic anhydride; (19-2-17).
(A) Aceto-celluloses.
(A) Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) and its preparations.
Adzes, see Handles.
(A) Aerated and Mineral Waters, except unsweetened mineral waters; (1-5-17) (29-11-18).
(A) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
Agricultural machinery, see Machinery.
(A) Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
Aircraft, Steel stampings suitable for, see Steel.
Ajowan seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Albumen other than blood albumen; (8-9-16) (19-2-17) (20-12-18).
Ale, see Beer.
Alkaline bromides, see Bromine.
Alkaline tartrates, see Tartaric Acid.
Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.
Alundum, see Carborundum.
(A) Ammonia and its salts, whether simple or compound, and mixtures containing such salts; (19-1-17) (22-1-18) (6-8-18).
(A) Anchors; (30-3-17).
(A) Aneroids suitable for aircraft.
Animal fats, see Fats.
Animal hair, see Hair.
Animal hoofs, see Gluestock.
Animal oils, see Oils.
Animal waxes, see Waxes.
(A) Animals, living, for food; (12-12-16).
(A) Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war; (8-1-15).
(A) Anti-tetanus serum.
Apatites, see Phosphate Rock.
(A) Areca or betel nuts; (27-11-17) (12-4-18.)
(A) Arecoline; (27-11-17); (12-4-18).
(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
Armoured cable, see Cables.
(A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.
(A) Arrowroot.
(A) Asbestos, raw, crude, and opened fibre; (27-11-17 (13-12-18).
Aspirin, see Acetylsalicylic Acid.
(A) Asphalt and articles containing asphalt; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
(A) Asphalt, coal tar; (25-5-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).
(A) Axes (10-5-17); (27-11-17), see also Handles.

B

(A) Baggings, old.
(A) Bags and sacks made wholly or partly of jute other than such bags or sacks as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (19-12-16) (18-12-17). (27-12-18).
(A) Baking powder; (12-3-17).
(A) Balsam of tolu; (19-11-18).
(A) Banana meal and banana flour and preparations containing banana meal and banana flour; (22-6-17).
Banknotes, see Notes.
Barbed wire, see Wire.
(A) Barium sulphate; (11-6-18) (6-8-18). (20-12-18).
Bark, see Cinchona, Witch Hazel.
(A) Barley, barley meal and pearled and pot barley.
(B) Barographs, suitable for aircraft, (6-12-18).
(A) Barometers and their component parts; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Barrels and casks, wooden (other than such barrels or casks as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods), whether whole or in shooks, and their distinctive component parts; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
(A) Basic slag; (23-10-16).
(B) Bauxite.
(A) Bayonets and their component parts.
(A) Beans of all kinds including haricots; (12-12-16) (27-11-17).
(A) Bean flour and meal.
(A) Beer and ale; (1-5-17).
(A) Beeswax; (28-8-17).
Beet seed, see Seeds.
Belaying pins, see Ships' rigging.
(A) Benzol and its compounds and preparations.
Betel nuts, see Areca.
(A) Binder twine; (23-10-16) (12-3-17).
Biscuit meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Biscuits.
(A) Bitumen, liquid or solid, and articles containing bitumen; (10-5-17) (22-6-17), (22-1-18), (26-2-18).
Blocks, wood and iron rigging, see Ships' rigging.
(A) Boats and craft, (10-5-17) (18-12-17).
(A) Boilers, (not including portable boilers) and their component parts.
(A) Boiler tubes.
Bolts, see also Ships' rigging.
Bone ash, see Bones.
(A) Bones (except fish bones) in any form and bone ash (see also Whalebone).
(A) Boots and shoes (children's), with soles or uppers of leather; (8-7-16) (30-3-17).
(A) Bottles, metal, such as can be used for containing mercury; (1-5-17).
Bran, see Offals of Corn.
Brass, see Copper.
(A) Bread.
Brewers' grains, see Grains.
(A) Bristles; (26-6-16); (8-3-18); (2-7-18).
Broccoli seed, see Seeds.
(A) Bromine and alkaline bromides; (12-4-18).
Bronze, see Copper.
Brussels sprouts seeds, see Seeds.

(A) Buchu leaves; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Buckwheat; (12-12-16).
Buffalo hides, see Hides.
Bullion, see Silver.
(A) Butter.

C

Cabbage seed, see Seeds.
(A) Cables, chain.
(B) Cables, armoured, other than lead-sheathed.
Cables, see Copper.
(B) Cadmium, alloys of cadmium and cadmium ore; (15-8-16).
(A) **Cakes and Meals** (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following :—
Biscuit meal;
Calf meal;
Cocoanut and poonac cake;
Compound cakes and meal;
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal;
Fish meal and concentrated fish;
Gluten meal or gluten feed;
Ground nut or earth nut cake and meal;
Hemp seed cake and meal;
Husk meal;
Linseed cake and meal;
Locust bean meal;
Maize germ meal;
Maize meal and flour;
Meat meal;
Palm nut cake and meal;
Poppy seed cake and meal;
Rape seed or colza seed cake and meal;
Sesame seed cake and meal;
Soya bean cake and meal;
Sunflower seed cake and meal;
Whale cake;
(A) Cakes.
(A) Calcium carbide; (12-3-17).
Calf meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Calfskins.
(A) Calumba root; (11-6-18).
(A) Calves' stomachs; (25-5-16).
Camp kettles, see Kettles.
(B) Camphor; (1-5-17).
(A) Candles (1-5-17) (8-2-18).
(A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
(A) Cantharides; (12-4-18).
(A) Canvas cuttings.
Caoutchouc, see Gums.
(A) Caramel, liquid or solid; (1-5-17).
(A) Carbon, coke oven; (6-8-18).
(B) Carbon disulphide; (19-11-18).
(A) Carbon, gas; (19-2-17).
(A) Carbon, pitch; (6-8-18).
Carbonyl chloride, see Phosgene.
(A) Carborundum, alundum, crystolon and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof; (7-6-16) (17-11-16) (11-6-18) (6-12-18).
Card pins, see Steel.
Card wire, see Wire.
Carnauba wax, see Wax.
Carrot seed, see Seeds.
(A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
Carriages, see Railway.
(A) Casein and preparations thereof; (17-11-16) (19-5-17)
(A) Cascara Sagrada and its preparations; (30-3-17) (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Casings, hog; (20-12-18).
Casks, see Barrels.
(A) Cassava powder.
Castings, see Armour Plates and Shipbuilding material.
Cast iron guttering, &c., see Guttering.
Cast iron pipes, see Pipes.
Cattle foods, see Cakes and Meals.
Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, see Patent.
Cattle hides, see Hides.
Cauliflower seed, see Seeds.
Caustic potash, see Potash.
Cedar-wood, oil of, see Oils.
Celery seed, see Seeds.
(A) Celluloid.
(A) "Celluloid" sheet, non-inflammable, and similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water.
(A) Cement for building and engineering purposes; (14-5-18).
(A) Cereals, Prepared foods derived wholly or partly from.
Chain cables, see Cables.
Chains, rigging, see Ships' rigging.
Charges, see Cartridges.
(A) Cheese.
(A) Chicory; (30-3-17) (27-11-17).
Chicory seed, see Seeds.
(A) Chick peas; (12-12-16).
(B) Chlorates, metallic, other than potassium chlorate; (19-11-18).
(A) Chlorate, potassium, and mixtures containing potassium chlorate (19-11-18).
(B) Chrome ore.
(B) Chromium, compounds of (except chromium acetate, chromium chlorate and chromium nitrate), and mixtures containing such compounds of chromium.
(B) Chromium acetate; (19-11-18).
(B) Chromium chlorate; (19-11-18).
(B) Chromium nitrate; (19-11-18).
(A) Chronometers and their component parts; (23-10-16) (15-10-18).
(A) Cinchona bark, its alkaloids and their salts and preparations of any of these substances; (1-5-17) (27-11-17) (22-1-18).
Cleats, see Ships' rigging.
Clog nails, see Boots and Shoes.
Cloth, see Insulating materials; Jute; Wool; etc.
Clover seed, see Seeds.
Cloves, see Spices.
(A) Coal, except coal, allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal; (27-11-17).
Coal tar asphalt, see Asphalt.
(B) Coal tar pitch (15-10-18).
(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof, (except solvent naphtha, cresylic acid and mixtures containing cresylic acid) suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives; (26-7-16) (29-11-18) (20-12-18)

(A) *Cobaltchrom and similar alloys*; (12-4-18).
(A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations; (17-11-16).
Cocoanut cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof except cocoa butter (19-2-17) (20-12-18).
Cocoa butter (20-12-18).
(A) Cocoa husks; (19-2-17).
(A) Cocoa shells; (19-2-17).
Cocoons, see Silk.
(A) Coffee; (19-2-17).
(A) Coffee essence, including coffee essence containing Chicory; (27-11-17).
(A) Coke and manufactured fuel; (18-12-17).
Comb pins, see Steel.
Combings, see Malt.
Compound cakes and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Condenser tubes, see Shipbuilding Materials.
(A) Condiments (except table salt) not otherwise specifically prohibited (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Confectionery manufactured wholly, or partly of sugar; (12-3-17).
(A) **Copper,** whether refined or unrefined, unwrought, wrought, or partly wrought of all kinds and descriptions, including brass, bronze, yellow metal, and all other alloys of copper; (23-2-17).
Copper manufactures, the following:—
(A) Wires and cables, insulated, the following:—
Enamelled copper wire.
Lead-sheathed cable.
Silk-covered wire.
Submarine cable.
(A) Copper ore; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate; (27-2-17).
(A) Copper sulphate; (12-4-18).
Cordage and twine, see Binder twine; Flax; Hemp manufactures; Jute cordage.
Cordite presses, see Implements, &c.
(A) Cork and cork dust; (22-1-18) (14-5-18). (29-11-18.)
(A) Cornflour.
(A) Corn grits.
Corn offals, see Offals.
(A) Cotton rags and rags containing cotton.
(A) Cotton, raw; (12-3-17).
Cotton seed cake, and cotton seed meal, see Cakes and Meal.
Craft, see Boats.
(A) Cream of Tartar.
Cresol, see meta-cresol; para-cresol.
(A) Crysolite; (15-8-16).
Crystolon, see Carborundum.
Culms, see Malt.
(A) Culvers root (15-10-18).
(B) Cutch, and extracts thereof; (28-8-17) (19-11-18).
(B) Cylinders, metal, capable of use for the storage of gases or liquids under pressure; (14-8-17) (19-11-18).

D

(A) Dari.
Deadeyes, see Ships' rigging.
(A) Deer skins; (15-10-18).
(A) Dextrine and all articles and mixtures and preparations containing dextrine; (19-2-17), (10-5-17).
Dhol, see Gram.
Dies for cartridge cases, see Implements, &c.
Diesel engines, see Shipbuilding material.
(A) Dimethylaniline.
Distillers' grains, see Grains, &c.
(B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
(B) Draw plates, jewelled for drawing wire; (8-1-15).
Drivers, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
(A) Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.

E

Earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Eggs in shells.
(A) Egg Powder; (1-5-17).
(A) Egg, yolk and liquid; (8-9-16) (19-2-17).
Electrical insulating materials, see Insulating.
Electric lamp filaments, see Tungsten.
Enamel, gold, see Gold.
Engines, internal combustion, see Shipbuilding material.
Engines, see Aeroplane; Railway carriages.
Equipment, military, see Badges; Buttons.
Equipment web, see Web.
(A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot; (10-5-17) (12-4-18) (15-10-18).
(A) Esparto grass.
(A) Explosives, other than industrial; (19-11-18).
Eyelets, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
Eyeplates, see Ships' rigging.

F

Faller pins, see Steel.
(A) Farina; (19-2-17).
(A) Fats, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such fats, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (19-2-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Fatty acids, and articles and mixtures containing fatty acids, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (27-11-17).
(A) Felt, roofing; (26-2-18).
Ferberite, see Tungsten Ores.
Ferro-alloys, the following:—
(B) Ferro-cerium.
(B) Ferro-titanium.

(B) Ferro-vanadium.
(B) Silicon spiegel; (15-8-16).
(B) Spiegeleisen.
(B) Ferro-silicon; (13-12-18).
Fibre, Maguey, see Hemp.
(A) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (15-8-16) (19-12-16) (1-5-17) (28-8-17) (8-2-18).
Fibre, vulcanised, see Insulating materials.
Filaments for Electric Lamps, see Tungsten.
Files, see Shoemakers' tools.
Finings, see Glue.
(A) Firearms and their component parts; (8-2-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Fish, except the following:—
Bloaters (tinned) and bloater paste, chinchards, herrings (tinned), kippers (tinned), mackerel (tinned or pickled), sprats (including tinned sprats), white fish (tinned); (27-12-18).
(A) Fish hooks; (18-10-17).
Fish oil, see Oils.
(A) Fishing gear, not including tackle for fishing by rod and line; (15-10-18) (13-12-18).
Fishmeal and concentrated fish, see Cakes and Meal.
(A) Flax cordage and twine; (18-12-17).
(A) Flax, raw.
(A) Flax shakings.
(A) Flax tow.
(A) Flax waste.
Fleshes, see Pickled Grains.
Flour, see Banana; Bean; Corn; Lentil; Malt; Maize; Pea; Potato; Rice; Rye; Sago; Tapioca; Wheat.
Flyers, see Steel.
Foods prepared from cereals, see Cereals.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, see specific headings as, *e.g.*, Beans; Cakes; Hay, Oats, &c.
(A) Forage, green.
Forks, see Handles.
(A) Formic acid; (27-11-17).
(A) Formic aldehyde; (12-4-18).
Formic ether, see Ether.
(A) Fruit and fruit preserves, except olives.
(A) Fuel economisers constructed of cast iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers; (12-12-16).
Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.
Fuel oil, see Oil.
(B) Fustic (chips and extracts); (22-1-18) (19-11-18).

G

(A) Gall nuts and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
Galvanised wire, see Wire.
(A) Gambier and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
(A) Game.
Gas carbon, see Carbon.
Gas meters and component parts thereof, see Tinplates
Gauges for cartridges and shells, see Implements, &c.
Gelatine, see Glue.
Gilding solution, see Gold.
Gill pins, see Steel.
(A) Ginger, crystallised or preserved; (2-2-17) (10-5-17); see also Spices.
(A) Glucose, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
(A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (14-5-18) (19-11-18) (27-12-18).
Gluten meal, or gluten feed, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Goat skins; (18-10-17).
(A) Goldbeater's skin.
(A) Gold leaf; (15-10-18).
(A) Gold, liquid, including gold paint, gold enamel, gilding solution and all other pigments containing gold; (12-4-18).
(A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'; (12-12-16).
Grains, Pickled, see Pickled.
(A) Gram or dhol; (12-12-16).
(A) Grass, esparto.
Grass seed, see Seeds.
(A) Green forage; (12-12-16).
(A) Grenades and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
Grindery, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.
Ground nut, or earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Groovers, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.
(A) Guanos, not including whale guano; (2-2-17) (3-1-19).
(B) Gums containing caoutchouc.
(A) Gum arabic; (20-12-18).
(A) Gum tragacanth (20-12-18).
Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
Gun-metal, see Copper.
(A) Guttering, cast iron, and cast iron gutter fittings and connections; (2-7-18).

H

Hackle pins, see Steel.
(A) Hair, animal, and tops, noils, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).
(B) Hammers, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-3-17) (27-11-17); see also Handles.
Haricots, see Beans.
(A) Hatchets; (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
Hawsers, see Steel.
(A) Hay.
Heald wire, see Wire.
(A) Heliographs and their component parts; (2-7-18).
Hemp and Hemp manufactures, the following:—
(A) Hemp ropes, old.
(A) Hemp waste.

Hempseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(B) Henbane and its preparations; (10-5-17).
(A) Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses.
(A) Hides and pelts, clippings of; (12-12-16) (14-5-18).
Hides and pelts untanned, see Gluestock, &c.
Hoe handles, see Handles.
Hog casings, see Casings.
(A) Hominy.
(A) Honey and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing honey; (25-5-16) (19-2-17).
Hoofs, animals, see Gluestock.
Hooks, see Boots and Shoes, material for; Fish; Handles.
(A) Horns, ox and cow; (29-11-18).
Horsehides, see Hides.
Hosiery needles, see Needles.
Hubnerite, see Tungsten Ores.
Husk meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(B) Huts, wooden.
(A) Hydrastis canadensis and hydrastine; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (12-4-18).
(A) Hydrobromic acid; (11-6-18).
(B) Hydrogen peroxide; (30-3-17).
(A) Hydroquinone, and mixtures containing hydroquinone.

I

(A) **Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea,** the following :—
Cordite presses;
Dies for cartridge cases;
Gauges for cartridges or shells;
Incorporators;
Lapping machines;
Rifling machines;
Wire-winding machines.
Incorporators, see Implements.
(A) Indigo, synthetic; (6-8-18).
Insulating materials, the following :—
(B) Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk, and tape; (14-5-18) (6-12-18).
(B) Vulcanised fibre; (14-5-18).
(A) Invert sugar, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing invert sugar; (28-8-17).
(B) Iridium and its alloys and manufactures containing iridium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Iron and steel castings, and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships, see Shipbuilding Material.
Iron (1-5-17), the following :—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other sectional material.
(A) Bars, including flats, rounds and other sections and shapes.
(A) Billets, blooms and slabs.
(A) Bridgework, pierwork and constructional material.
Castings, see Castings; also Shipbuilding material.
Channels, see Angles above.
Constructional material, see Bridgework above.
Flats, see Bars above.
Forgings, see Castings, also Shipbuilding material.
Guttering, &c., cast, see Guttering.
(A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles above.
(A) Ore.
Pierwork, see Bridgework above.
(A) Pig.
(B) Pipes, wrought (see also Pipes, cast).
Piping, see Piping.
(A) Plates and sheets.
(A) Pyrites.
Radiators, see Radiators.
Rails, see Railway material.
Rounds, see Bars above.
(A) Scrap.
Sections, see Bars above.
(A) Sheet bars.
Sheets, see Plates above.
Slabs, see Billets above.
Sleepers, see Railway material.
Springs, see Railway material.
Tees, see Angles above.
(B) Tubes.
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
Wire rope, see wire.

J

(A) Jalap; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
Jellies, see Mineral.
(B) Jute cordage and twine; (7-6-16) (18-12-17) (27-12-18).
(B) Jute, padding; (30-3-17) (18-12-17) (27-12-18).
(B) Jute, piece goods made wholly or partly of; (28-7-16) (19-12-16) (18-12-17) (27-12-18).
(A) Jute rags; (15-1-17).
(A) Jute, raw and carded; (12-3-17).
(A) Jute threads; (18-12-17).
(B) Jute twist; (19-12-16) (18-12-17) (27-12-18).
(A) Jute waste.
(B) Jute webbing; (19-12-16) (18-12-17) (27-12-18).
(A) Jute wrappers (Surat tares) other than such wrappers as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (28-6-16) (19-12-16).
(A) Jute yarns; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).

K

Kale seed, see Seeds.
Kernels, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
(B) Kettles, camp.
Kohl rabi seed, see Seeds.

L

(A) Laces, not including lac dye; (12-4-18).
Lactose, see Milk Sugar.
Lapping machines, see Implements.
(A) Lard of all kinds and imitation lard; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
(B) Lasts, wooden.
Latch needles, see Needles.
(A) Lead coated sheets; (15-8-16).
(A) Lead ore; (18-10-17).
(A) Lead, lead alloys, and manufactures of lead or of lead alloys; (12-12-16) (30-3-17).
(A) Lead compounds and mixtures containing lead compounds; (30-3-17).
(A) Leather, except chamois, skivers and seal; (30-3-17) (19-11-18).
(A) Leather, waste; (8-3-18).
Leek seed, see Seeds.
(A) Lentil flour and meal.
(A) Lentils; (12-12-16).
Lettuce seed, see Seeds.
(A) Levulose; (22-6-17).
Lime phosphate, see Phosphate Rock.
Lime soda, see Soda.
Linen, see Flax.
(A) Linen rags.
Linen thread, see Flax.
(A) Linen waste.
Linen yarn, see Flax.
Linseed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Liquorice roots and juice; (22-6-17) (11-6-18).
Locomotives, see Railway Carriages.
Locust bean meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Lubricants not otherwise specifically prohibited and articles and mixtures containing such lubricants; (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Lupin seed, see Seeds.

M

(A) Macaroni.
(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming, and component parts thereof; (26-7-16) (12-12-16) (12-3-17) (14-8-17) (18-10-17) (29-11-18) (27-12-18).
(A) Machinery, textile; (13-12-18).
Machinery, Ships, see Shipbuilding material.
(B) Magnetos and component parts thereof; (10-5-17) (19-11-18) (29-11-18).
Maguey Fibre, see Hemp.
(A) Maize; (12-12-16).
(A) Maize germs; (12-12-16).
Maize germ meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Male fern rhizome; (12-4-18).
(A) Malt; (19-2-17).
(A) Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings; (12-12-16).
(A) Malt sugar (maltose) and articles and preparations containing malt sugar; (19-2-17) (28-8-17).
(A) Mandioca.
Mangold seed, see Seeds.
(A) Mannite; (22-6-17).
(A) Manures, compound; (2-2-17).
(A) Manures, organic; (2-2-17).
(A) Margarine; (19-2-17).
Meals, see Banana; Barley; Bean; Cakes; Lentil; Oat; Pea; Rye; Sago; Wheat.
(A) Meat of all kinds (including tinned and potted meat); (19-2-17).
(A) Meat, extract of; (19-2-17).
Meat meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Meta-cresol; (19-11-18).
Metals and Ores, see specific headings, *e.g.*, Copper, Iron, &c.
Metal containers, see Bottles; Cylinders.
Metal-working machinery, see Machinery.
(A) Methylaniline.
(A) Mica block, mica sheets, and mica splittings; (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Middlings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Milk, condensed or preserved.
(A) Milk powder; (12-12-16).
(A) Milk sugar (lactose); (22-6-17).
Mill dust and screenings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Millet; (12-12-16).
(A) Mineral jellies; (22-6-17).
Mineral waters, see Aerated.
Mineral waxes, see Waxes.
(B) Mines and their component parts.
(A) Molasses, and feeding stuffs containing molasses; (26-7-16) (22-6-17) (20-12-18).
(B) Molybdenum and molybdenite.
Motor ploughs, see Machinery Agricultural.
(A) Motor spirit; (22-6-17).
Mungo, see Woollen Rags.
Mustard seed, see Seeds.

N

(A) Needles for bootmaking machines; (10-5-17).
(A) Needles, hosiery machine, latch; (23-10-16) (18-10-17) (29-11-18).
(B) Nickel, its ores, and alloys; (10-5-17) (14-5-18) (29-11-18) (13-12-18).
(A) Nicotine and its compounds; (6-8-18).
(A) Nightlights; (18-12-17) (8-2-18).
Noils, see Silk; Wool.
*Notes of the Bank of France; (27-8-18).
† Notes of the United States Government and United States Bank notes; (27-8-18).
(A) Notes, Russian rouble; (26-2-18).
(A) Nuts used as fruit.
Nuts, see Ground Nuts, Oleaginous, Saponaceous.
(B) Nux vomica alkaloids and their preparations; (12-4-18).

O

(B) Oakum; (8-2-18) (13-12-18).
(A) Oats.
(A) Oatmeal and rolled oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following :—
(A) Bran.
(A) Middlings.

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France.

(A) Mill dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.

Oils, various :—

(A) Oils, fish, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing such oils; (1-5-17) (18-10-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Oil fuel, except oil fuel allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped for use on board the exporting ship; (22-6-17).
(A) Oil fuel, shale; (22-6-17).
(A) Oil of cedarwood; (15-10-18).
(A) Oil of peppermint; (15-10-18).
(A) Oil of sassafras; (15-10-18).
Oil, paraffin, see Paraffin.
Oils, petroleum, see Petroleum.
(B) Oil waste.
(A) Oils, fixed, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such oils, except indiarubber substitute and oil varnish; (27-11-17) (13-12-18).

Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk and tape, see Insulating material.
(A) Oleaginous kernels, nuts, seeds, and products of all kinds; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Oleo-margarine; (19-2-17).
Oleo-resin of capsicum, see Capsicum
(A) Onions, see also Pickled.
Onion seed, see Seeds.
(A) Opium and its preparations.
(A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, see Cannon; Carriages.
Osiers, see Willows.
(B) Osmium and its alloys and manufactures containing osmium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Osseine, see Glue.
(A) Ox and cow horn, see Horns.

P

(A) Packing cases, empty wooden, and their distinctive component parts, including box shooks and staves, other than such wooden packing cases as have been previously imported full and are being returned empty whether whole or in parts.
Padding, see Jute.
Paint, gold, see Gold.
(B) Palladium and its alloys and manufactures containing palladium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Palmnut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Paper, waste.
(A) Para-cresol; (19-11-18).
(A) Paraffin, liquid medicinal; (22-6-17).
(A) Paraffin oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Paraffin wax, (1-5-17) (2-7-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Paraformaldehyde.
Parsnip seed, see Seeds.
(A) Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
(A) Pea flour and meal.
(A) Peas; (2-2-17).
(A) Pegs, wooden, suitable for use in the manufacture of boots and shoes; (15-1-17).
Pelts, see Gluestock, etc.; Hides; Sheepskins.
Pepper, see Spices.
Peppermint, oil of, see Oils.
(A) Periscopes and their component parts; (10-5-17).
(A) Petroleum fuel oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum gas oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum lighting oil; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum spirit and articles containing petroleum spirit; (22-6-17).
(A) Petroleum and its products not otherwise specifically prohibited; and mixtures thereof (22-6-17).
(A) Phosgene (carbonyl chloride).
(A) Phosphate rock, namely:—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina; (2-2-17).
(B) Pickled grains and fleshes; (26-7-16).
(A) Pickled onions and pickled walnuts, bottled separately; (15-1-17) (20-12-18).
(A) Pigeon peas; (12-12-16).
Pigments containing gold, see Gold.
(A) Pigskins (15-10-18).
Pins, see Steel.
(A) Pipes, cast iron, and cast iron pipe fittings and connections; (26-7-16) (2-7-18).
Pipes, see also Copper; Iron; Lead.
(A) Piping, sheet iron or steel, for stoves or for ranges, and parts thereof; (14-5-18).
Pistols, see Firearms.
Plates, see Copper; Drawplates; Iron; Steel; Tin Plates.
(A) Platinum, alloys of platinum, and manufactures containing platinum, except artificial teeth (6-12-18).
(A) Platinum, salts of.
(A) Plywood; (1-5-17).
(A) Podophyllum rhizome; (12-4-18) (14-5-18).
Pollard, see Offals of Corn.
Poonac cake, see Cakes and Meals.
Poppy seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
(A) Potash, muriate, nitrate (saltpetre), sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances; (19-2-17).
(B) Potash salts, and mixtures containing such potash salts, not otherwise prohibited; (19-2-17).
(A) Potassium bicarbonate and mixtures containing potassium bicarbonate; (13-7-17).
(A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate; (22-6-17).

Potassium chlorate, see Chlorate.
(A) Potassium cyanide, and mixtures containing potassium cyanide.
(A) Potassium perchlorate.
(A) Potassium permanganate.
(A) Potassium prussiates and mixtures containing potassium prussiates; (12-3-17).
(A) Potatoes; (7-6-16).
(A) Potato flour; (7-6-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Poultry; (4-7-16) (23-9-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
Preserves, see Fruit.
(A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
Pulp, see Tomato; Wood.
(A) Pulp-board waste.
Pyrites, see Iron.

Q

Quinine, see Cinchona.

R

(A) Radiators manufactured of cast iron pipes; (2-7-18).
(A) Radium and its compounds; (27-11-17).
Rags, see Cotton; Jute; Linen; Wool.
(A) **Railway material of iron or steel**; (1-5-17), the following:—
Rails.
Sleepers.
Springs.
Wheels, axles and tyres.
Other railway constructional material.
(A) Railway carriages, locomotives and wagons and their component parts.
Rakes, handles for, see Handles.
(A) Range finders and their component parts.
Ranges, piping for, see Piping.
Rapeseed, or colza seed cake, and meal, see Cakes.
(A) Rattans; (30-3-17).
(A) Rennet powder, rennet extract, and other preparations of rennet; (4-7-16).
(A) Resins, resinous gums and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc and except the following):—Gum ammoniacum; gum caramania (hog gum); gum galbanum; gum gamboge; guaiacum resin; Indian gum (gum ghatti); jalap resin; Kaladana resin; gum olibanum; podophyllum resin; Indian podophyllum resin; gum sagapenum; gum Thus; and articles containing resins; (4-7-16) (1-5-17) (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
(B) Resinous substances containing caoutchouc.
(A) Revolution indicators suitable for aircraft.
(B) Rhodium and its alloys and manufactures containing rhodium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
(B) Rhubarb (medicinal); (30-3-17) (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Rice and rice flour, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing rice or rice flour.
Rifles, see Firearms.
Rifling machines, see Implements.
Roofing felt, see Felt.
Rope, see
Ropes, see Hemp.
Rouble notes, see Notes.
Russian rouble notes, see Notes.
(B) Ruthenium and its alloys and manufactures containing ruthenium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Rye, rye flour and meal.

S

(A) Saccharin, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing saccharin; (28-8-17).
(B) Sacks, coal.
Sacks, other sorts, see Bags.
(A) Sackings, old.
(A) Sago and sago flour and meal.
(B) Salt other than Rock Salt; (5-10-18) (19-11-18).
Saltpetre, see Potash, Muriate, &c.
(A) Santonin and its preparations; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
Sassafras, oil of, see Oils.
(A) Sassafras root; (12-4-18).
(A) Sausages; (2-2-17).
(A) Sausage skins; (19-2-17).
(A) Scammony root; (12-4-18).
Screenings, see Offals of Corn.
Scheelite, see Tungsten Ores.
Scrap, see Iron; Steel; Tin.
Scythe handles, see Handles.
Screws, rigging, see Ships' rigging.
(A) Sealskins, fur and hair; (12-3-17) (8-2-18).
(B) Searchlights, and their component parts; (1-5-17).
Seeds; (12-12-16) (12-3-17), the following:—
(A) Ajowan; (11-6-18).
(A) Beet; (14-8-17).
(A) Broccoli; (14-8-17).
(A) Brussels sprouts; (14-8-17).
(A) Cabbage; (14-8-17).
(A) Carrot.
(A) Cauliflower.
(A) Celery; (14-8-17).
(A) Chicory; (14-8-17).
(A) Clover; (14-8-17).
(A) Grass; (14-8-17).
(A) Kale; (14-8-17).
(A) Kohl rabi.
(A) Leek; (14-8-17).
(A) Lettuce; (14-8-17).
(A) Lupin; (12-12-16).
(A) Mangold.
(A) Mustard; (23-2-17).
(A) Onion.
(A) Parsnip.
(A) Shallot; (14-8-17).
(A) Spinach; (14-8-17).
(A) Swede.

(A) Tomato; (14-8-17).
(A) Turnip.
(A) Vetch or tare; (15-10-18).
Seeds, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
(B) Selenium.
(A) Semolina.
(A) Senega root; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
Sesame seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Shackles, see Ships' rigging.
Shale, see Oil, Fuel.
Shallot seed, see Seeds.
Sharps, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Sheepskins, haired or woolled and pelts; (23-10-16) (18-10-17).
Sheets, see Iron; Lead coated; Mica; Steel.
Shipbuilding Materials; (15-1-17) (30-3-17), the following:—
(B) Condenser tubes.
(B) Engines for use on board ships (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines.
(B) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
(B) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
(A) Sectional materials for shipbuilding; (26-7-16).
(B) Ships' auxiliary machinery.
(B) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof.
(B) Steering gear and component parts thereof.
(B) Winches.
(B) Windlasses.
See also Fuel Economisers.
Shoddy, see Wool.
Shoemakers' tools and materials, see Boots.
Shoes, see Boots.
Signalling apparatus, see Submarine.
(B) Silicon manganese; (10-5-17) (13-12-18).
(B) Silicon-spiegel; (15-8-16).
Silk and Silk Manufactures; (23-10-16) (15-1-17), the following:—
(A) All threads, yarns and twists of Tussah silk and of artificial silk.
(A) Cocoons.
(A) Raw silk and all threads, yarns and twists thereof; (15-1-17).
(B) Silk bolting cloth, (29-11-18).
(A) Silk waste of all kinds (including artificial silk waste) and all threads, yarns and twists thereof, including noils and noil yarns.
(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin; (12-4-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Sisal strings, old.
(A) Sisal waste.
Skins, see Calf; Deer; Goat; Gold-beater; Hides; Pig; Sausage; Seal; Sheep.
(A) Soda crystals; (19-11-18).
Solder, see Copper, Lead.
(A) Soups, compressed and desiccated; (19-2-17).
Soya bean cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Spaghetti.
(A) Spelter and spelter dross.
(A) Spermaceti; (1-5-17).
Spices, the following (29-11-18) (27-12-18):—
(B) Cloves.
(B) Ginger.
(B) Spiegeleisen; (12-12-16) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).
Spinach seed, see Seeds.
Spirit, Motor, see Motor.
Spirit, Petroleum, see Petroleum.
(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 43 degrees above proof; (26-7-16) (22-1-18).
(A) Squills; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
Steel; (1-5-17) (10-5-17), the following:—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other steel sectional material.
(A) Bars, including flats, rounds and other sections or shapes; (1-5-17).
(A) Billets.
(A) Blooms.
(A) Bridgework, pierwork and structural material.
Castings, see Shipbuilding Material.
Channels, see Angles, &c., above.
Flats, see Bars above.
(A) Hawsers; (25-5-16).
(A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles, &c., above.
Pierwork, see Bridgework, &c., above.
Piping, see Piping.
(A) Plates and sheets, except black steel sheets less than one-eighth inch thick; (29-9-16) (1-5-17) (13-12-18).
Pins, see Textile, below.
Rails, see Railway Material.
Rounds, see Bars, &c., above.
(A) Scrap.
Screws, see Wood Screws.
Sectional material, see Angles, &c., above.
Sections, see Bars, &c., above.
Sheets, see Plates, &c., above.
(A) Sheet bars.
(A) Slabs.
Sleepers, see Railway Material.
Springs, see Railway Material.
(A) Stampings suitable for aircraft.
Structural Material, see Bridgework above.
Tees, see Angles, &c., above.
(A) Textile pins of all kinds, including card pins, comb pins, faller pins, gill pins and hackle pins.
(B) Tubes.
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
Wire rope, see Wire.
(A) Steel, containing tungsten or molybdenum; (6-12-18).
(A) Steel containing chrome, cobalt, nickel, or vanadium; (29-9-16) (1-5-17) (6-12-18).

(A) Waxes, composite; (18-10-17).
(B) Web equipment.
(A) Whalebone; (1-5-17).
Whale cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Whale fins; (1-5-17).
(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
Winches, see Shipbuilding material.
Windlasses, see Shipbuilding material.
(A) Wine; (19-12-16) (22-1-18).
(A) Wire, barbed (28-6-16) (10-5-17) (13-12-18).
(B) Wire card; (13-12-18).
(A) Wire galvanised; (28-6-16) (10-5-17) (13-12-18).
(B) Wire heald; (13-12-18).
(B) Wire, reed.
(B) Wire rods, and wire of iron or steel; (8-2-18); (6-12-18).
(B) Wire netting of iron or steel; (6-12-18).
(B) Wire rope of iron or steel; (6-12-18).
Wire-winding machines, see Implements.
Wires and cables, see Copper Manufactures.
(A) Witch hazel bark and leaves; (15-10-18).
(B) Wolfenite.
Wolframite, see Tungsten ores.
(A) **Wood and timber** of all kinds, hewn, sawn, or split, planed or dressed; except lignum vitæ, mahogany and hard woods. See also Plywood.
Wood packing cases, see Packing.
(A) Wood pulp; (12-12-16).
(A) Wood screws, made of iron or steel; (29-9-16) (12-12-16), (18-10-17).
Wooden pegs, see Pegs.
(A) Wool grease, and articles and mixtures containing wool grease; (12-4-18).

Wool and Woollen Goods:—
Rags, see below.
Sheepskins, woolled or haired, see Sheepskins.
Shoddy, see below.
(A) Wool, raw and mixtures thereof; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).
(A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Wool noils and wool waste and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Woollen rags, shoddy and mungo applicable to other uses than manure; (18-10-17).

Wrappers, see Bags, Jute.

X

(A) X-ray apparatus; (14-5-18).

Y

Yarns, see Coir; Flax; Jute; Silk; Wool.
(A) Yeast, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing yeast; (8-9-16) (22-6-17).
Yellow metal, see Copper.

Z

(A) Zinc, alloys of zinc, manufactures of zinc and zinc dust; (2-2-17).
(A) Zinc ashes.
Zinc barium pigments, see the various headings affecting zinc salts.
(B) Zinc ore
(A) Zinc oxide; and mixtures containing zinc oxide; (2-2-17) (14-8-17).
(A) Zinc sulphide and mixtures containing zinc sulphide; (10-5-17) (14-8-17).
(A) Zirconium compounds; (12-12-16).

LIST OF FREE GOODS.

The War Trade Department has now issued an open general licence which permits the export of the following goods to all non-enemy destinations except Switzerland. It is therefore unnecessary to make application to the War Trade Department in respect of these goods:—

Adding and calculating machines.
Alabaster for statuary purposes.
Artists' material, excluding oils and turpentine.
Athletic goods
Bicycles, but not tyres.
Bicycle accessories as follows:—
Bells.
Brake rubbers.
Carriers.
Clips, trouser, toe.
Goggles.
Frame bags.
Lamps.
Oilcans.
Pumps.
Pump clips and connections.
Reflectors.
Repair outfits.
Spanners.
Stands.
Tool bags.
Tyre levers.
Valves.
Brushes, beard and moustache.
Buttons of all kinds, except military buttons, horn buttons, and vegetable ivory buttons.
Cash registers.
Cigar and cigarette holders.
China.
China clay.

Clocks, including clocks for time-checking.
Coral.
Cutlery; all forms.
Dental filling materials.
Drugs, etc., the following :—
Agaric.
Althaca root.
Amidol and substitutes.
Argentamin.
Arsenobillon.
Arsenous acid.
Cacodylicate.
Chromic acid.
Diethylbarbituric acid.
Duboisin sulphuric.
Eucaine.
Ichthyol.
Inula root.
Kharsevan.
Metol.
Paraldehyde.
Phenacetin.
Salicylic acid.
Saltcake (subject to special conditions).
Sodium arsenate.
Sodium salicylate.
Veronal sodium.
Duplicating machinery and supplies therefor.
Earthenware.
Electro-plated, gilded, or silvered goods, except those of solid silver or gold.
Fans and hand screens.
Fancy goods of paper, ivory, mother-of-pearl, tortoiseshell, amber and amberoid.
Feathers, made up.
*Films, printed, positive or negative, subject to censorship.
Flower seeds, except seeds of oilbearing plants.
Flowers, artificial.
Fountain pens.
Furs, dressed, dyed or manufactured.
Gauge glasses.
Glassware.
Hair ornaments and combs.
Hair nets of silk or hair.
Hardware (builders'), if of iron or steel.
Hats of all kinds.
Household furnishings, fixtures and equipment, if manufactured of wood, iron or steel, except upholstered furniture.
Ink, other than printers' ink.
Jewellery, imitation.
Jewellery, real, mounted with precious stones, excluding solid articles of gold or silver, or articles containing platinum.
Laces and guipure.
Laundry machinery.
Ledgers, loose leaf and similar stationery.
Lighting fixtures, if of iron or steel.
Marble, raw and manufactured.
Mats and matting made of guinco and paviera.
Mineral waters, unsweetened.
Morocco leather, small fancy goods and all imitation leather goods.
Mosaic fancy ware.
Musical instruments.
Office furniture and stationery, excluding rubber erasers.
Opera glasses for use in theatres.
Paintings and pictures of all kinds.
Pen nibs.
Phonographs.
*Phonographic records.
Photographic goods, but not chemicals therefor.
Pianos.
Precious stones (real and imitation).
Printing presses.
Pumice stone.
Razors, safety (and blades).
Ribbons, silk.
Sanitary ware (plumbers' goods), if of iron or steel or earthenware, containing not more than 5 per cent. copper or brass.
Scales and balances, not including weights of copper or brass.
Screw spinners for cycles.
Sewing machines for domestic use.
Shrubs.
Slates for writing or drawing, slate pencils.
Spectacles.
Theatrical properties, wigs and cosmetics, excluding costumes and footwear.
Teeth, artificial.
Tobacco pipes.
Toilet preprations (excluding soap).
Trimmings of silk.
Truffles, fresh or preserved.
Turners' wares of wood.
Type setting and type casting machinery, excluding type metal.
Umbrellas.
Wall papers.
Walking sticks.

*Subject to Military censorship.

GENERAL LICENCES FOR EXPORTS.

The Director of the War Trade Department announces that an open general licence will be issued on the 9th January, 1919, permitting the exportation of the following goods to all destinations except foreign destinations in Europe, etc., as defined in section C of the prohibited list. On and after that date, therefore, there will be no necessity to apply for licences for the export of these goods to the destinations in question.

Fuel economisers constructed of cast-iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers.
Guttering, cast-iron, and cast-iron gutter fittings and connections.
Pipes, cast-iron, and cast-iron pipe fittings and connections.
Radiators manufactured of cast-iron pipes.
Tinplates.
Terneplates.
Blackplates.

Huts, wooden.
Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent. aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited.
Phenalgin.
Boot polish.
Strapping, leather, for breeches.
Artists' water colours.
Floorcloth containing jute.
Lead manufacture, the following :—
Metallic packing containing lead, printing type, coffin furniture, carriage furniture, lead capsules, lead seals, lead toys, lead weights for dress-making.
Zinc manufactures, the following :—
Zinc buttons and zinc stencils.
Advertising signs made of iron or steel plates or sheets.
Steel sheets, perforated.
Adhesives containing not more than 25 per cent. starch, or other cereal substance.
Mango chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup.
Oilcloth, oil baize, and imitation leather.

In addition to the foregoing announcement, an open general licence was issued by the War Trade Department on the 6th December, 1918, which permits the export of flax and linen and hemp piece-goods and made-up articles of flax and linen not otherwise prohibited to all destinations outside the area defined in section C of the prohibited list.

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT,
January 6th, 1918.

No. 1080-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the preamble to this Department Notification No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended :-
In clause (*c*) :-

(*i*) *Delete* the word "and" before the word "Greece".

(*ii*) After the word "Greece" *add* the following words :—
"and Palestine and Syria as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive".

COMMERCE—WAR.

The 8th February 1919.

No. 1189-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the following entries —
(A) Telegraph Material.
(A) Telephone Material.

POST OFFICE.

The 8th February 1919.

No. 626.—In modification of the Notification in this Department No. 95, dated the 11th January 1919, the Post Office holiday Janam Ashtami will be observed in the Punjab and North-West Frontier Circle on the 19th instead of on the 18th August 1919.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 8th February 1919.

No. 1064-D.—The following officiating promotion in the higher grade of the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Mr. Baba Sunder Singh, Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, is appointed to officiate in the grade of Rs. 1,500 with effect from the 16th November 1918.

PURCHASE SCHEME.

The 8th Feuruary 1919.

No. 1107-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following entries shall be added to the schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

(A) Barley.

(A) Gram.

(A) Maize.

(A) Pulse.

SUSPECT FIRMS.

The 8th February 1919.

No. 1083-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alteration shall be made in the schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 502-D., dated the 18th January 1919, *viz.* :—

Alteration.

Chang Dah Tuen, Shanghai,

should read

Chang Dah Yuen, Shanghai.

No. 1194-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

Delete the following entry :—

(A) Printed matter of all descriptions.

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS.

The 8th February 1919.

No. 1002-D.—In pursuance of section 3 of the Indian Companies (Foreign Interests) Act, 1918 (XX of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare the Burma Company, Limited, to be a Company with restrictive provisions within the meaning of the said Act and the following Articles of Association of the said Company to be restrictive provisions :—

Article 4.—The Company shall not be entitled to issue share warrants to bearer.

Article 9.—No share shall be allotted to any person who is not a British subject or to any corporation other than one that has been incorporated within the British Empire and is substantially British in character and subject to British control.

Article 10.—Every application for the allotment of shares and every transfer of shares must be accompanied by a declaration by the applicant or proposed transferee stating :—

(*a*) in the case of an individual, whether he is or is not a British subject and whether if an individual he has not ever taken an oath of allegiance to any foreign sovereign or state, or otherwise become a citizen or subject of a foreign state; and, if a British subject, whether he is a natural-born British subject, by naturalization or otherwise and if naturalized whether he remains for any purpose in the allegiance of any foreign sovereign or state;

(*b*) in the case of a corporation, the place and the date of its incorporation and that it is substantially British in character and subject to British control;

(*c*) in either case, whether there is or is not any agreement under which the applicant or proposed transferee will hold the shares or any of the shares if allotted or transferred to him on it, in trust for or in any way under the control of any foreigner or foreign corporation or any corporation under foreign control and if any such arrangement exists, the nature of it.

Article 11.—Notwithstanding any statement contained in such declaration as is mentioned in Article 10 the Directors may require any person or corporation applying for the allotment of shares to produce satisfactory evidence of British nationality or British character before making an allotment of shares to such person or corporation.

Article 15—Save as is herein otherwise provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof, and accordingly shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by Act of the Legislature required, be bound to recognise any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such share on the part of any person.

Article 25.—No transfer of any share shall be registered if it would have the effect of increasing the number of members beyond the number prescribed by Article 8, or if it would have the effect of placing on the register a person who is not a British subject, or a corporation which is not incorporated in the British Empire and not substantially British in character and not subject to British control. The Directors may call upon any transferee to furnish such evidence as they may reasonably require to prove his, her, or its nationality or character, and may refuse to register any transfer until such evidence has been furnished.

Article 26.—The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares on which the Company has a lien, or any transfer of shares to a person of whom they do not approve, and nothing in the Articles contained shall be construed as limiting the exercise of this last-mentioned power, or casting upon the Directors the obligations of assigning a reason for their refusal.

Article 27.—In the event of any member ceasing to be, or being found not to be, of the nationality and character required by these Articles, such member shall be bound to sell his, her or its shares at a price equal to the amount then paid up upon them to any member who may desire to purchase them.

Article 32.—Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member, or in consequence of the marriage of any female member, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under the Article, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, may, with the consent of the Directors (which they shall be under no obligation to give) be registered as a member in respect of such share, or may, subject to the provision of these Articles, transfer such share.

Article 74.—No person shall be qualified to act as a Director unless he is at the time a British subject. The qualification of a Director shall be the holding of one share in the Company.

Article 77.—The office of Director shall automatically be vacated :—

* * * * *

(*e*) if he ceases to be a British subject.

* * * * *

(*g*) if commercial or other intercourse between him and persons or corporations domiciled, or registered within the British Empire becomes unlawful.

The 8th February 1919.

No. 1183-D.—*Corrigendum.* In this Department Notification No. 940-D., dated the 1st February 1919, *for* " 13th January 1919 " *read* " 18th January 1919 ".

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 6th February 1919.

No. 172-F. E.—Mr. K. R. Sadashiva Rau has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 27th January 1919.

H. F. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 265.—Major C. E. L. Johnston, Royal Artillery, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Director of Equipment and Ordnance Stores. Dated 6th January 1919.

No. 266.—Captain (temporary Major) Sir C. W. Miles, Bart., Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 20th January 1919.

No. 267.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) A. E. Pyster, Royal Engineers, Inland Water Transport, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment graded as Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 22nd December 1918.

No. 268.—Lieutenant H. Grahame Ardron, 3rd Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant and Quartermaster at a School of Physical and Bayonet Training. Dated 15th December 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 269.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Montague Claude Nangle, Commandant, 93rd Burma Infantry. Dated 3rd December 1918.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel George Alexander Steuart Gordon, 13th Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, (Watson's Horse). Dated 2nd January 1919.

Allan Gilbert Mayhew Hogg, Commandant, 43rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 15th January 1919.

Edward Moore Taylor, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry, (Frontier Force). Dated 28th January 1919.

Captains to be Majors.

Mark Gordon Anderson, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
Alexander Henderson Burn, 59th Scinde Rifles, (Frontier Force).
Walter Thyne, 90th Punjabis.
} Dated 9th January 1919.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Charles James Stewart Fraser; 54th Sikhs, Frontier Force. Dated 11th November 1918.

Henry Vaughan-Jones, attached 113th Infantry. Dated 4th January 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Charles Arnold Thornton, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 26th January 1917.

Lionel George Gray, Indian Army. Dated 21st June 1918.

Edward Skinner Simpson, attached 73rd Carnatic Infantry. Dated 11th September 1918.

George Stanley Hurst, Indian Army.
John Noel Alexander Harris, Indian Army.
Charles Albert Cairns, Indian Army.
Noel Stanley Alington, Indian Army.
Richard Alexander Oswald, Indian Army.
Hugh Spooner, Indian Army.
John Roland Milner Stephen, Indian Army.
William Pennington Hugh Gorringe, Indian Army.
} Dated 27th October 1918.

Robert Leigh Goode, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles, (Frontier Force).	Dated 27th October 1918.
Geoffrey Stephen Carnac Weigall, Indian Army.	
Eric Rouviere Day, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse.	
Kenneth Edwin John, Indian Army.	
Ian Fraser Hossack, Indian Army.	
Douglas McCleod Hasted Sherman, Indian Army.	
Robert Stuart Haslett, Indian Army	
Mark Herbert Francis, Indian Army.	
Edmund Cowper Johnson, Indian Army.	
Ronald Fleming Burnand, Indian Army.	
Henry James Geoffrey Cobb, Indian Army.	
Hugh Oliver Wilson Fowler, Indian Army.	
George O'Neill Bayley Jackson, Indian Army.	
Stanley Graham Norwood Cross, attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).	
Arthur Edgerton Brooke, attached 16th Cavalry.	
John Henry Patrick Willis, attached 106th Hazara Pioneers.	
Farrell Joseph Tully, attached 21st Punjabis.	Died 31st October 1918.
Antony Reginald Hutton, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles. (The Sirmoor Rifles).	Dated 21st December 1918.
William Oswald Bower, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles.	
Alfred Clarence Kitchen, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).	
Frederick Lancelot Huth, attached 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.	
Augustus Hugh Rootes, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.	
John Vincent Bell, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles.	
Francis Owen William Augustin Daly, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles, (Frontier Force).	
Francis Truman Powell, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles.	
John Edward Draffen, attached 38th Dogras.	
William Edward Allen, attached 119th Infantry, (The Mooltan Regiment).	Dated 4th January 1919.
Herbert Francis Mooney, attached 12th Cavalry.	Dated 1st February 1919.
John Mackay Ferguson, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers, (Probyn's Horse).	
John Stanley Collings, attached 18th King George's Own Lancers.	
Thomas Benjamin Aylward, attached 39th King George's Own Central India Horse.	
George Thomas Bradshaw, attached 121st Pioneers.	
Ralph Thomas Arnold, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).	Dated 2nd February 1919.
Arthur Edmund Swann, attached 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.	Dated 3rd February 1919.

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

Ernest Alfred Sheppard.	Dated 15th January 1919.
Charles Vivian Davenport.	
James Sidney Jones.	
Francis Henry Watts.	

No. 270.—Captain (temporary Major) R. B. Deedes, M.C., 31st Punjabis, is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Assistant Military Secretary (graded for purposes of rank as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General). Dated 27th January 1919.

No. 271.—Lieutenant W. J. Manley, M.C., 21st Punjabis, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding an appointment as Instructor at a Bombing School. Dated 12th December 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 272.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

Guy Chester Shortridge.	Dated 13th November 1917.
Alfred Gordon Iles.	Dated 24th October 1918.
Norman Oswald Cyril Marsh.	Dated 8th January 1919.

Infantry Branch.

Adam Edward Lee.	Dated 5th August 1918.
Harold Stanley Ede.	Dated 22nd September 1918.
Charles Richard DeCourcy Peele.	Dated 3rd October 1918.
Patrick Alexander Bruce McKerron.	Dated 3rd October 1918.
Francis John Wilcox.	Dated 14th October 1918.
Charles Edwin Lindsay Anderson.	Dated 15th October 1918.
John Cadogan Powell-Price.	Dated 30th October 1918.
Felix Duncan Tunnicliffe.	Dated 2nd November 1918.
John Caldwell Allan. George Montagu Goodall, M.C.	Dated 27th November 1918.
Alfred Edmund Lowrie.	Dated 11th December 1918.
Donald Russell Martin Yates.	Dated 16th December 1918.
Reginald Maurice Searle Barton. Allan Beacon Aitken, M.C.	Dated 18th December 1918.
Eric Hayden Barry.	Dated 23rd December 1918.
Francis James Brandon. Gilbert Petre Cooke.	Dated 24th December 1918.
Alfred Galvin.	Dated 8th January 1919.
Gordon Buswell. Robert Thorburn, M.C.	Dated 5th February 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Cavalry Branch.

Harry Wakefield Story.	Dated 1st February 1919.

Infantry Branch.

Frank Walter Spurgeon. James Horace Jones.	Dated 27th June 1918.
Frederick William Rose.	Dated 29th August 1918.
Norman Edward Oliver. George Edward Harrison. William Harold Chadwick. George Harold Bramble Green.	Dated 26th September 1918.
George Edward Tams.	Dated 4th December 1918.
William Black Campbell.	Dated 18th December 1918.
Cyril Ernest Brewer.	Dated 19th December 1918.
Henry Hay Cameron.	Dated 15th January 1919.

No. 273.—Second-Lieutenant George Arthur Watson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant, while employed as Assistant Circle Officer, Basrah. Dated 16th October 1918.

No. 274.—Army Department Notification No. 469, dated the 31st March 1917, is hereby cancelled and the following substituted :—

Lieutenant J. J. Rodgers, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Supply and Transport Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while employed under the Embarkation Commandant, Bombay. Dated 16th March 1917.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

2nd Karachi Brigade Mobile Artillery.

No. 275.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Thomas Cuthbert Beaumont. Dated 22nd December 1917.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 276.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery.

The undermentioned officers to be acting Majors while commanding a Royal Artillery Depôt :-

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. H. Oatey, Royal Field Artillery. Dated 23rd July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. H. Humphris, Royal Field Artillery. Dated 23rd July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Birtles, Royal Field Artillery. Dated 23rd July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) L. Arneil relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 31st December 1918.

Captain F. C. Hoare to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 15th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant L. Arneil, vacated with effect from the 31st December 1918.

CAVALRY.

21st (Empress of India's Lancers).

Lieutenant F. W. Marriette to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while performing the duties of Adjutant. Dated 15th May 1918, *vice* Captain G. E. D Learoyd, vacated with effect from the 14th May 1918.

INFANTRY.

Garrison Battalions.

The East Yorkshire Regiment.

Captain J. E. M. Carroll to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command, from 17th April 1918 to the 18th July 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) G. W. Capper commanding a battalion with effect from the 2nd April 1918.

The Essex Regiment.

Lieutenant W. H. Ashbee to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 3rd November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. N. Cox, relieved.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. N. Cox, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 3rd November 1918.

Reserve Battalion (India).

Lieutenant W. Goode, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th December 1918, *vice* Major G. T. Piggott, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry), attached, vacated with effect from the 20th November 1918.

Lieutenant W. A. Linfield, The Bedfordshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th December 1918, *vice* Captain M. Robertson, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), attached, vacated with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

Captain G. B. Hole, The Devonshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 19th December 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) F. J. C. Bonnyman vacated with effect from the 4th December 1918.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) F. J. C. Bonnyman, The Manchester Regiment, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 4th December 1918.

Captain W. Moger, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 22nd December 1918, *vice* Major H. Townsend, The Devonshire Regiment, attached, vacated with effect from the 7th December 1918.

Second-Lieutenant A. L. Denis, D.C.M., The Devonshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. K. Brand, The Devonshire Regiment, attached, vacated with effect from the 29th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J K. Brand, The Devonshire Regiment, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Company. Dated 29th November 1918.

Lieutenant E. G. Shalless, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 19th December 1918, *vice* Captain W. R. Wilson, The Devonshire Regiment, attached, vacated with effect from the 4th December 1918.

Lieutenant D. E. Elford, The Devonshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 19th December 1918, *vice* Captain G. B. Hole, The Devonshire Regiment, who assumed command of a battalion with effect from the 4th December 1918.

Lieutenant D. R. Bird, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd December 1918, *vice* Captain W. Moger, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), attached, assumed the duties of second-in-command of a battalion with effect from the 7th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. W. More, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 30th December 1918.

Major J. Radwell, The Hampshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 23rd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel B. H. Boucher, D.S O., The Hampshire Regiment, attached vacated with effect from the 8th December 1918.

Second Lieutenant W. A. Bromage, The North Staffordshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 17th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. W. Sykes, 23rd Rifle Brigade, attached, vacated with effect from the 17th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. W. Sykes, 23rd Rifle Brigade, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th October 1918.

Machine Gun Corps.

Lieutenant (acting Major) Douglas Grahame relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Machine Gun Company. Dated 14th December 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 277. The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval.

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Captain (acting Major) A. B. Porter relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 21st November 1918.

Captain D. Macwhirter, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 6th December 1918 to 20th December 1918, inclusive, *vice* Captain A. B. Porter, vacated with effect from the 21st November 1918.

Captain T. C. Mackenzie to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 5th January 1919, *vice* Captain D. Macwhirter, vacated with effect from the 21st December 1918.

15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).

Lieutenant H. E. Bastin, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th November 1918.

17th Cavalry.

Captain E. G. Atkinson to be acting Major while second-in-command of a regiment. Dated 26th October 1918, *vice* Major T. W. Kirkwood, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1918.

30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. E. Riddle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 21st December 1918.

Lieutenant E. Hobson, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 5th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant T. E. Riddle, vacated with effect from the 21st December 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Captain T. B. Harris, D.S.O., Royal Engineers, to be acting Major from 17th February 1917 to 9th July 1917, while holding the position of next senior officer to the Commandant.

Lieutenant W. H. Knox, Royal Engineers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. B. Cullen, Indian Army, attached, transferred to Field Company, and retains his acting rank on transfer.

Signal Service Depôt.

Lieutenant J. K. Farrow, 8th Gurkha Rifles, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a Divisional Signal Company. Dated 9th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) J. K. Farrow, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Divisional Signal Company. Dated 28th October 1918.

In Army Department Notification No. 2713, dated the 23rd November 1918, against the name of Captain E. A. H. Churchill *for* "Dated 29th October 1918" *read* "12th November 1918" and add "*vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) J. K. Farrow, 8th Gurkha Rifles, vacated with effect from the 28th October 1918."

3rd Gaur Brahmans.

Lieutenant G. B. E. Steele to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th June 1918 (on formation).

Lieutenant N. MacDonald to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th June 1918

Second Lieutenant W. D. Barker, M.M., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant W. A. Keeley to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th August 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. D. Barker, M.M., vacated with effect from the 31st July 1918

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. D. Barker, M.M., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 31st July 1918.

Lieutenant A. H. Butler to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 7th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. A. Keeley, vacated with effect from the 23rd August 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. A. Keeley relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd August 1918.

Lieutenant E. W. Clark to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 12th October 1918, *vice* Captain L. P. Brotherton, vacated with effect from the 27th September 1918.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Captain (acting Major) R. J. N. Norris relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Depôt. Dated 3rd January 1919.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) B. J. Amies relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 17th November 1918.

14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Booth, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 30th December 1918.

Lieutenant F. R. Blair, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 14th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant A. H. Booth, vacated with effect from the 30th December 1918.

25th Punjabis.

Major H. R. A. Hunt, D.S.O., to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 19th December 1917, *vice* Major C. H. Tyrrell, vacated with effect from the 4th December 1917.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant A. H. J. Ellis, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd January 1919, *vice* Captain F. A. S. Clarke, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 19th December 1918.

63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Major G. E. D. Mouat, D.S.O., to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion Dated 6th November 1918.

Captain A. F. Hamilton, M.C., to be acting Major while second in command of a battalion. Dated 6th November 1918.

Lieutenant R. D. Clay to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 11th November 1918.

Lieutenant W. G. Chamberlain to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 11th November 1918.

Lieutenant G. A. Clark to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 11th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant A. W. Nicholls to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th November 1918.

Lieutenant T. Corin to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. A. Clark, vacated with effect from the 1st December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. A. Clark relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st December 1918.

67th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. Waight, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th January 1919.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. D. Trechmann, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 17th January 1919.

Lieutenant A. D. Trechmann, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant Dated 1st February 1919, *vice* Lieutenant G. Waight, vacated with effect from the 17th January 1919.

Lieutenant W. R. D. Torrance, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st February 1919, *vice* Lieutenant A. D. Trechmann, vacated with effect from the 17th January 1919.

70th Burma Rifles

Lieutenant S F. H. Griffin to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th September 1918, *vice* Captain A. C. Smythe, transferred with effect from the 30th August 1918.

Lieutenant H. A. Macpherson to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. Burne, M.C., transferred with effect from the 30th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. Burne, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 30th August 1918.

73rd Malabar Infantry.

Lieutenant M. Butler to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 7th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. H. B. Rowcliffe, vacated with effect from the 22nd November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. H. B. Rowcliffe relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 22nd November 1918

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Lieutenant E. Jacob, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th October 1918.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Lieutenant J. P. Stuart to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant T. R. Lawrence, vacated with effect from the 5th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. P. Stuart relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th November 1918.

Lieutenant D. H. Dale, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. P. Cottam, vacated with effect from the 12th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. H. Dale relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th November 1918.

Lieutenant R. I. Jones to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 22nd November 1918.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Lieutenant C. R. Richdale to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt. Dated 15th July 1918.

Captain C. H. Donovan to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 8th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. R. Richdale, with effect from the 24th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. R Richdale retains his acting rank (with pay and allowances as for Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 24th July 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. H. Wenmoth to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. R. Richdale, vacated with effect from the 15th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. R. Richdale relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th August 1918.

Lieutenant C. R. Richdale to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 4th September 1918, *vice* Second-Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. H. Wenmoth, vacated with effect from the 4th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. H. Wenmoth relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 4th September 1918.

110th Mahrattas.

Lieutenant J. Lough, The Manchester Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. S. Woodford, vacated with effect from the 17th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. S. Woodford relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 17th November 1918.

Lieutenant A. S. Woodford, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. W. O. Hasted, vacated with effect from the 30th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. W. O. Hasted relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 30th November 1918.

117th Mahrattas.

Army Department Notification No. 2152, dated the 20th September 1918, so far as it relates to the 117th Mahrattas, is hereby cancelled, and the following substituted :—

Second Lieutenant F. A. Peters to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd April 1918.

Second Lieutenant E. H. Jones to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. A. Latimer to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th May 1918.

Lieutenant J. C. Devoy, M.C., D.C.M., to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 2nd June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. A. Peters, vacated with effect from the 18th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. A. Peters relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 18th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant F. A. Peters to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. A. Latimer, vacated with effect from the 18th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. A. Latimer relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th May 1918.

Lieutenant W. B. Gilligan to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. H. Jones, vacated with effect from the 24th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. H. Jones relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 24th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant A. C. Roberts to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 3rd June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. Devoy, M.C., D.C.M., vacated with effect from the 3rd June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. Devoy, M.C , D.C.M., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 3rd June 1918.

Lieutenant J. C. Devoy, M.C., D.C.M., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 19th June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (Acting Captain) F. A. Peters, vacated with effect from the 4th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. A. Peters, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 4th June 1918.

Lieutenant E. B. Weston to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th June 1918.

Lieutenant E. F. Chamberlen to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. B. Weston, vacated with effect from the 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. B. Weston relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant L. C. M. Bellamy to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 19th July 1918, *vice* Major H. B. F. Wilcox, vacated with effect from the 4th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. Devoy, M.C., D.C.M., to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 19th July 1918, *vice* Major H. B. F. Wilcox, vacated with effect from the 4th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. C. M. Bellamy relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. F. Chamberlen to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) J. C. Devoy, M.C., D.C.M., vacated with effect from the 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) J. C. Devoy, M.C., D.C.M., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion, and reverts to the acting rank of Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th August 1918.

Captain H. H. Wadeson to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 26th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) E. F. Chamberlen, vacated with effect from the 11th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) E. F. Chamberlen relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion and reverts to the acting rank of Captain while commanding a company. Dated 11th September 1918.

Brevet-Major E. P. Quinan to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion Dated 2nd November 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) H. H. Wadeson, vacated with effect from the 18th October 1918.

Captain (acting Major) H. H. Wadeson relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 18th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. B. Gilligan relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th October 1918.

123rd Outram's Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. C. Robinson, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 25th November 1918.

Lieutenant F. E. Sheppard, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. C. Robinson, vacated with effect from the 25th November 1918.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Lieutenant K. C. B. Dawes, Indian Army attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 19th January 1919, *vice* Second-Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. I. Gardiner, vacated with effect from the 4th January 1919.

Second-Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. I. Gardiner relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 4th January 1919.

131st United Provinces Regiment.

Second-Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. A. Inglis, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 14th October 1918.

Second-Lieutenant H. E. Whittle, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 31st October 1918, *vice* Second-Lieutenant G. F. Coulton, vacated with effect from the 31st October 1918.

Second-Lieutenant R. S. Bell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th July 1918.

Second-Lieutenant J. L. Stronach, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd July 1918.

Second-Lieutenant J. C. Weymouth, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd July 1918.

Second-Lieutenant C. E. Elms, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 12th October 1918, *vice* Second-Lieutenant R. G. MacArthur, vacated with effect from he 12th October 1918.

142nd Jodhpur Infantry.

Second-Lieutenant A. D. G. McClay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd December 1918.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant J. L. Evans, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 3rd June 1918 to 7th December 1918, inclusive; *vice* Major R. G. T. Gatherer, vacated with effect from the 19th May 1918.

Lieutenant F. R. Gifford, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant P. W. Walpole, vacated with effect from the 19th May 1918.

116th Labour Corps.

Lieutenant L. St. J. Farnon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a Labour Corps. Dated 20th November 1918.

Labour and Porter Corps.

Second-Lieutenant L. H. Upshon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 30th September 1918, and retains the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as such), while commanding a Labour Corps Depot. Dated 5th October 1918, *vice* Captain F. Hodding, transferred with effect from the 5th October 1918.

Second-Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. H. Upshon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 25th October 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 278.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notification No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 2020, dated the 30th November 1917, No. 2128, dated the 14th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 216, dated the 1st February 1918, No. 262, dated the 8th February 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 656, dated the 5th April 1918, No. 712, dated the 12th April 1918, No. 823, dated the 26th April 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918 and No. 1638, dated the 26th July 1918 are admitted to the Indian Army with effect from the dates specified :—

Douglas Raymond Adams.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
John Greaves.	Dated 23rd January 1919.
Sydenham John Somers-Cox, M.C.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Roland Auriol Barker.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Thomas George Seymour Hide.	Dated 24th May 1918.
Alfred Panter Bellhouse.	Dated 28th January 1919.
Reginald Sebert Tonkin.	Dated 24th January 1919.
Dickson James Beaton.	Dated 23rd November 1918.
Lancelot McCoy McCoy-Hill.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Hugh Castell Pearson, M.C.	Dated 25th September 1918.
John Donaldson.	Dated 9th January 1919.
Richard Herbert Thompson.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Reginald Blaxland Clarabut.	Dated 25th November 1918.
Wilfrid Bigwood, M.C.	Dated 12th January 1919.
Ronald James Allan, M.C.	Dated 9th January 1919.
Jarvie Webb Wilson, M.C.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Joseph Ashton Lawrence.	Dated 25th November 1918.
William Dunbar Porter.	Dated 29th July 1918.
John Hastings Reed.	Dated 6th May 1918.

Frederick Richardson Wilkinson.	Dated 15th September 1918.
Richard Pickersgill.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Charles Denton Elliott.	Dated 9th August 1918.
Herbert Standing.	Dated 6th January 1919.
Arthur Frank Friend Thomas.	Dated 23rd November 1918.
Charles Ogilvie Forth.	Dated 29th July 1918.
Henry Mcfarlane.	Dated 4th October 1918.
Walter Duncan Kelso.	Dated 22nd January 1919.

No. 279.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Frank Entwisle, D.S.O., M.C., The London Regiment, attached 3rd Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 5th May 1916.

Captain Percy Burn, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 3rd September 1916.

Lieutenant Alban John Vann, General List, attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 23rd September 1916.

Captain James Maxwell, M.C., The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 48th Pioneers. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 30th September 1916.

Lieutenant Trevor Newbery Shelton, The Leicestershire Regiment, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 25th October 1916.

Lieutenant Harold Charles Tweedale, The King's (Shropshire Light Infantry), attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th November 1916.

Lieutenant James Herbert Simpson, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 15th December 1916.

Captain Edgar Owen Hill, M.C., The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 30th December 1916.

Lieutenant Ernest Fanthom Hingeley, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers. Dated 13th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant John Warnes Hudson, Nottinghamshire Yeomanry, attached 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 17th January 1917.

Lieutenant Charles Donald Warren Harvey, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 12th February 1917.

Lieutenant Percy Charles Lamb, The Honourable Artillery Company, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 21st February 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Morley Fripp, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1917.

Lieutenant Reginald Frank Bemdge Baynes, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 5th March 1917.

Lieutenant Noël Bernard Jee, Machine Gun Corps, attached 26th Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 10th April 1917.

Lieutenant Joshua John Westmoreland, The London Regiment (Queen's Westminster Rifles), attached 9th Bhopal Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 22nd April 1917.

Lieutenant William Percival Rhodes, The South Staffordshire Regiment, attached 9th Bhopal Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 7th May 1917.

Lieutenant Bernard Lionel Craigie Langley Mills, M.C., Royal Engineers, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 21st May 1917.

Lieutenant Jack Flannery, Lovat's Scouts, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 1st January 1919, but to rank from the 24th May 1917.

Lieutenant William Ernest Day, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th May 1917.

Lieutenant Harry Arthur White, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 18th Infantry. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th May 1917.

Lieutenant Ernest James Parkhill, The Royal Irish Fusiliers, attached 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th May 1917.

Lieutenant Hubert Benson Davies, M.C., The Monmouthshire Regiment, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 7th June 1917.

Lieutenant Richard Armine Arabin Wimberley, The South Wales Borderers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 9th June 1917.

Lieutenant Edward Godfrey Parker, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 25th June 1917.

Lieutenant Albert Osman North, The West Yorkshire Regiment attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 13th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st July 1917.

Captain Charles Reginald Cornwall Shields, M.C., The London Regiment (The Queen's) attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th July 1917.

Lieutenant William Russell, M. C. Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), attached 4th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 31st July 1917.

Lieutenant George Edward Maguire, M.C., The Connaught Rangers, attached 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 6th August 1917.

Lieutenant Henry George Jeffreys, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 7th September 1917.

Lieutenant Charles Henry Bowden, The West Yorkshire Regiment, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 30th September 1917.

Lieutenant Francis Daniel Steuart Fripp, Welsh Guards, attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 13th January 1918.

Lieutenant Frederick Ronald Hollands, The London Regiment (First Surrey Rifles), attached 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 4th March 1918.

Lieutenant David Bell, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 6th April 1918.

Lieutenant William Norman Collins, Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's), attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Reginal Arthur Payne, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 5th June 1918.

Lieutenant Arthur Leslie Cannon, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), attached 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Lieutenant Gerald Henry Berkeley St. Ruth, M.C., Machine Gun Corps, attached 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 25th July 1918.

Lieutenant Charles Arthur Maycock, Tank Corps, attached 122nd Rajputana Infantry. Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 29th July 1918.

Captain William Brown Knox Glass, M. C., The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 114th Mahrattas. Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 14th August 1918.

Lieutenant James Ambrose Columbkille O'Hara, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant Hugh MacLaren, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th December 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant Noel Harry Glendower Ottley Puddephatt, The Worcestershire Regiment, attached 36th Sikhs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Howard Llewellyn Browne, The London Regiment (London Irish Rifles), attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Bennet Pringle, The King's Own Scottish Borderers, attached 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Alan John Gunning, 20th Hussars, attached 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse). Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 24th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant Francis Edmond Lucas, 3rd Hussars, attached 17th Cavalry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 15th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant Montague Joseph Brown, The King's Royal Rifle Corps, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant Thomas William Farrell, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant Norman Albert Peroni, 1st Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 16th Cavalry. Dated 7th January 1919, but to rank from the 10th February 1919.

No. 280.—Lieutenant William Bruce Bletsoe, General List attached 18th King George's Own Lancers, is admitted to the Indian Army, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 21st February 1917, but to rank from the 17th September 1916.

Army Department Notification No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, so far as it relates to the admission of this officer to the Indian Army on probation, is cancelled.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 281.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Amrita Christopher Shanta, to be a temporary Lieutenant, with effect from the 28th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 282.—Army Department Notification No. 1399, dated the 24th November 1916, should read "Walter Henry Nicholson to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 20th November 1915."

No. 283.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Cavalry Branch.

To be Captain.

Horace Craigie Manders, Prince Charlotte of Wales' (Royal Berkshire Regiment), attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse). Dated 27th April 1918, but to rank from the 17th April 1917.

Infantry Branch.

To be Lieutenants.

Patrick Alexander Bruce Mckerron, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis). Dated 4th December 1917, but to rank from the 3rd October 1915.

Denys Edward Goodwin Preece, The King's (Shropshire Light Infantry), attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 11th April 1918, but to rank from the 30th November 1915.

Reginald Merry, The Norfolk Regiment, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry. Dated the 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 15th September 1916.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Frank Walter Spurgeon, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

James Horace Jones, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 14th April 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

Frederick William Rose, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 27th April 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Norman Edward Oliver, General List, attached 150th Indian Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

George Edward Harrison, General List, attached 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

William Harold Chadwick, General List, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

George Harold Bramble Green, General List, attached 107th Pioneers. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

George Edward Tams, General List, attached 126th Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 4th December 1917.

William Black Campbell, General List, attached 156th Indian Infantry. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 18th December 1917.

Cyril Ernest Brewer, General List, attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

No. 284.—The undermentioned are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Infantry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Frederic Ridgeway Dace. James Bremner Henderson.	Dated 2nd November 1918.
Percival Conrad Hudson. Bernard Neville Cooper. William Spring Walden.	Dated 8th November 1918.
Thomas Joseph Fahey. Claude Edward Wedlake Brayley. Robin Victor Alexander Stock.	Dated 18th November 1918.

No. 285.—In Army Department Notification No. 1001, dated the 29th June 1917, against the name of Gerald George Ray, *for* "20th June 1917", *read* "18th November 1916."

No. 286.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers :—

To be temporary Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George William Twiddy, Madras Miscellaneous List. Dated 4th October 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

6th Assam Valley Light Horse.

No. 287.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captain.

Arthur William Botham. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second-Lieutenants.

John Samuel Best.	Dated 1st April 1917.
Bertram Fenwick Taylor. Frederick William Joy. George Stewart White Ross.	Dated 22nd January 1919.

12th Eastern Bengal Railway Battalion.

No. 288.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

Frederick William Thorp. Dated 1st April 1917.

(Army Department Notification No. 2057, dated the 6th September 1918, in so far as it relates to Second-Lieutenant F. W. Thorp is cancelled.)

14th Tennaserim Battalion.

No. 289.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval .—

To be Second-Lieutenant.

Kenneth MacGibbon. Dated 14th January 1919.

2-24th North Western Railway Battalion.

No. 290.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second-Lieutenant.

Edward Stratton Aslett. Dated 23rd January 1919.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS, DISCHARGES.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 291.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of temporary Lieutenant Nariman Sorabji Kotwal are dispensed with on account of ill-health, with effect from the 16th January 1919.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 292.—Second-Lieutenant Cyril Frederick Wreford, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, on admission to the Cadet College, Quetta, is permitted to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 11th November 1918.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 293.—Colonel Thomas Young Seddon, Indian Army, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 1st August 1918.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 294.—The undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank are permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain (supernumerary) Frederick Stanley Waldegrave ; with effect from the 24th December 1918.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Harry Lewis Reynolds ; with effect from the 18th January 1919.

REWARDS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 295.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the promotion of the undermentioned Senior Assistant Surgeons to the rank of Captain notified in Army Department Notification No. 2666, dated the 15th November 1918, is antedated to the dates noted against their names, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Edward Joseph Archer. Dated 27th October 1917.

Harold Vernon Dewey. Dated 5th March 1918.

No. 296.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the promotion of the undermentioned Senior Assistant Surgeon to the rank of Lieutenant notified in Army Department Notification No. 2874, dated the 13th December 1918, is antedated to the date noted against his name, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Henry Alexander Greene. Dated 20th March 1918.

No. 297.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned departmental officer with honorary rank, for services in the field during the present war :—

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Francis Fressanges ; to be Deputy Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain (supernumerary), subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 25th December 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 298.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 84, dated the 10th January 1919, the following promotions are made with effect from the 3rd January 1919 :—

Mr. P. P. Hypher, Superintendent, 2nd Grade, to officiate as a Superintendent, 1st Grade.

Mr. E. A. Daniel, Secretariat Assistant, 1st Grade (substantive) and Superintendent, 3rd Grade (*s. p. t.*) to officiate as a Superintendent, 2nd Grade.

Mr. H. G. King, Secretariat Assistant, 4th Grade (substantive) and 3rd Grade (*s. p. t.*) to officiate as a Superintendent, 3rd Grade.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES DEPARTMENT.

No. 299.—The services of Major J. V. M. Biscoe, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the date on which he assumes the duties of Cantonment Magistrate, Aurangabad.

No. 300.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 2083, dated the 13th September 1918, the services of Lieutenant H. S. Chatfield, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties as Cantonment Magistrate, Aurangabad.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

No. 301.—His Excellency Sir George Lloyd, G.C.I.E., D.S.O., Governor of Bombay, is appointed Honorary Commandant of the 15th Bombay Battalion. Dated 17th December 1918.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 302.—The Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. F. Gavin Jones, 7th United Provinces Horse, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) H. G. Warburton, 5th (Lucknow) Group Garrison Artillery, tenure expired with effect from the 14th November 1918.

To be Honorary Surgeon.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. J. W. Prescott, D.S.O., Royal Army Medical Corps, Commanding Cumballa War Hospital, Bombay, *vice* Major-General Sir F. H. Treherne, K.C.M.G., F.R.C.S., Edin., British Service, tenure expired with effect from the 5th November 1918.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 303.—The following direct appointment is made :—

98th Infantry.

Bhup Singh to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 304.—The following promotions are made :—

22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Baihram Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 19th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Ressaidar Gulam Muhammad Khan to be Risaldar, with effect from the 25th September 1918; Jemadar Jaswant Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 20th August 1918; Jemadar Shahzad Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 25th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

40th Cavalry Regiment.

Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Ishaq Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st April 1918; to complete the establishment.

43rd Cavalry Regiment.

Ressaidars Muhammad Islam Khan and Sham Singh to be Rissaldars; Jemadars Teja Singh, Dost Muhammad Khan, Sher Bahadur Khan, Waryam Singh and Sham Singh to be Ressaidars and Kot-Dafadar Hazura Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 1, Indian Machine Gun Company.

Havildar Raghubir Singh (8th Rajputs) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 31st March 1918; Havildar-Major Udai Ram (87th Punjabis) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th April 1918; Havildar Nim Bahadur Gurung (6th Gurkha Rifles) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

5th Light Infantry.

Jemadars Ghafoor Khan, Muhammad Hassan Khan and Ibrahim Khan to be Subadars, with effect from the 18th August 1918; the former to be antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 18th April 1917; to complete the establishment.

9th (Delhi) Infantry.

Jemadar Jal Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

Havildar Narain Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

21st Punjabis.

Havildar Sher Sain to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

24th Punjabis.

Havildar Sher Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

39th Garhwal Rifles.

Jemadar Umrao Sing Chaudhari to be Subadar and Havildar Shib Sing Rawat to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd November 1918; to complete the establishment.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Karam Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 16th September 1918; Havildar Nur Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th October 1918; Havildar Kambal Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Muhammad Saraj to be Subadar, with effect from the 28th October 1918; Havildar Bir Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918; Havildars Ghulam Muhammad, Sardar Khan, Ghulam Hassan, and Piayaru to be Jemadars, with effect from the 28th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

98th Infantry.

Havildar-Major Shaikh Abdul Majid to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; Colour-Havildars Ranjit Singh and Nohan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

117th Mahrattas.

Havildar Gopal Sawant to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Jemadar Ahmad Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Fazal Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

155th Indian Pioneers.

Jemadar Sewa Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Achchar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Narain Sing Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Padamlal Limbu to be Subadar, with effect from the 22nd September 1918; Jemadar Jasbahadur Limbu to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th October 1918; Havildar Lalbir Sunwar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd September 1918; Havildar Balman Rai to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Labour Corps Depôt, Secunderabad.

No. 305.—In Army Department Notification No. 3048, dated the 27th December 1918, *for* "Muhammad Abdul Karim" *read* "Muhammad Abdul Rahiman."

PROMOTIONS

India Miscellaneous List.

No. 306.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant (supernumerary) George Francis Fressanges to be absorbed in the grade of Assistant Commissary.

Sub-Conductor Ronald Douglas Lovick to be Conductor, and

Staff-Serjeant Alfred Edward Higgins to be Sub-Conductor.

Vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain (supernumerary) Frederick Stanley Waldegrave, retired; with effect from the 24th December 1918.

No. 307.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant (supernumerary) Frederick Vousley, to be absorbed in the grade of Assistant Commissary.

Sub-Conductor Cyril Mark Lynch, to be Conductor, and

Sub-Conductor (supernumerary) William Thomas Lewis, to be absorbed in the rank of Sub-Conductor.

Vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain (supernumerary) Harry Lewis Reynolds retired; with effect from the 18th January 1919.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 308.—Mr. J. C. R. Leslie, Superintendent, 2nd grade (sub. *pro tem.*), is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 21st January 1919.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

No. 309.—His Excellency the Right Honourable Freeman Freeman-Thomas, Baron Willingdon of Ratton, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., resigns the appointment of Honorary Commandant of the 15th Bombay Battalion. Dated 16th December 1918.

REWARDS.

No. 310.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the undermentioned 4th class Assistant Surgeon to be 3rd class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 15th October 1918:—

Patrick James Donoghue.

No. 311.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the promotion of the undermentioned Assistant Surgeon to the 2nd class notified in Army Department Notification No. 912, dated 3rd May 1918, is antedated to the date noted against his name:—

Cecil Charles Gillespie O'Reilly. Dated 1st October 1917.

No. 312.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that officers of the military forces of Allied States whose status corresponds to that of an Indian officer of the Indian Army, may be admitted as Honorary Members of the Order of British India.

No. 313.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that the Indian Meritorious Service Medal may be awarded to combatant ranks of the military forces of Allied States whose status corresponds to that of an Indian warrant or non-commissioned officer or soldier.

No. 314.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following rewards for acts of gallantry or devotion to duty in the field :—

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

No. 3161 Havildar-Major Saif Ali, Royal Field Artillery.
No. 1568 Havildar Bahadur Khan, Royal Field Artillery.
No. 2094 1st grade Ward Servant Akbar Khan, Army Hospital Corps.
Supervisor R. Day, Indian Labour Company.
No. 861 Havildar-Major Mubarak Ali, Indian Labour Company.

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity).

No. 1930 Dafadar (acting Havildar-Major) Muhammad Azam, Cavalry.
No. 1304 Kot-Dafadar Mustafa Khan, Cavalry.
No. 1547 Lance-Dafadar (Acting Havildar-Major) Sheikh Nizam-ud-din, Cavalry.
No. 819 Dafadar (Acting Havildar-Major) Mitha Khan, Cavalry.
No. 2136 Lance-Dafadar (Acting Havildar) Ram Bilas, Lancers.
No. 3123 Dafadar (Acting Havildar-Major) Amir Muhammad, Cavalry.
No. 2807 Lance-Dafadar (Acting Havildar) Ghulam Sawar Khan, Cavalry.
No. 2729 Dafadar (Acting Havildar-Major) Inzar Gul, I.D.S.M., Cavalry.
No. 1396 Havildar Sherbaz Khan, Royal Horse Artillery.
No. 6346 Havildar Kirpal Singh, Royal Horse Artillery.
No. 14105 Havildar-Major Fazal Dad, Royal Field Artillery.
No. 13150 Lance-Naik (Shoeing Smith) Muhammad Baksh, Royal Field Artillery.
No. 4106 Havildar-Major Nawab Khan, Royal Field Artillery.
No. 1316 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sahib Singh, Indian Medical Department.

No. 315.—The following amendment is made to Army Department Notification No. 2537, dated the 25th October 1918 :—

For "488 Havildar Janaklal Lama" *read* "478 Havildar Janaklal Lama."

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 316.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

London Gazette, dated the 6th September 1918, pages 10556, 10561, and 10562.

India Office,
6th September, 1918.

* * * * *

The KING has approved the grant of the temporary rank of Lieut. in the I.M.S. to the undermentioned gentlemen :—

Sisir Chandra Chatterjee. 11th Dec. 1916.

* * * * *

15th Jan. 1918.

Leonard Philip Samarasinha, Kilolane Lawrence Singer, Alfred Ba Thaw, Rustam Jamshedji Tata, Khan Sahib.

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The KING has approved the relinquishment of the temporary rank of 2nd-Lieut. in the Indian Army by the undermentioned gentleman :—

G. White. 19th July 1918.

* * * * *

The KING has approved the transfer to the Tempy. Non-effective List of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service :—

I.A.

Major C. S. Stooks, D.S.O., in consequence of wounds. 5th July 1918.

Major J. H. G. Buller, D.S.O., in consequence of wounds. 10th Aug. 1918.

I.M.S.

Major P. Heffernan, in consequence of ill-health due to field service. 3rd July 1918.

The KING has approved the retirement of and the grant of honorary rank as shown below to the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Army Departments and Indian Army Reserve of Officers :—

I.A.

Capt. P. Johnston-Saint, in consequence of wounds. 1st July 1918.

Tempy. 2nd-Lieut. D. Crowley, in consequence of ill-health due to field service, and is granted the honorary rank of 2nd-Lieut. 6th July 1918.

I.A. Depts.

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Commy. and Hony. Major G. Newton, in consequence of ill-health. 19th Aug. 1918.

I.A.R.O.

Lieut. E. H. Rodwell, in consequence of ill-health, and is granted the hony. rank of Lieut. 6th July 1918.

2nd-Lieut. Frank Norman, in consequence of ill-health due to field service, and is granted the hony. rank of 2nd-Lieut. 2nd July 1918.

Supplement, dated the 30th November 1918, to the London Gazette of the 29th November 1918, pages 14187, 14188, 14191, 14192, 14193, 14196 and 14197.

War Office,
30th November, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS.

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2nd Lt. G. B. Fritchley, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Capt. (with pay and allowances as Lt.) whilst holding a special appt. 9th Aug. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Bt. Col. H. De C. O'Grady, Sikhs, Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst comdg. a Brig. in India. 31st Oct. 1918.

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Lt. A. E. Flynn, Conn. Rang., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 28th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 24th May 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

PERSONAL STAFF.

A.-D.-C. (Extra).—Hon. Maj. Gurnam Singh, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 30th July 1918.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

GENERAL STAFF.

G.S.Os.

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3rd Grade—

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Capt. R. F. Franci., A.G.'s AND Q.M.G.'s St., Sikhs, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 27th June 1918.

D.A.A.Gs.—Capt. A. ...urn, Rif., Ind. Army, from a Staff Capt., and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld. 2... 1918.

Maj. M. A. Hamer, D. M.C., Baluchis, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 17th July 1918.

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. GG.—The undermen... relinquish their appts. and the actg. rank of Capt. 31st July 1918:—

Lt. L. E. Walsh, Ind. Army ... of Off. 2nd Lt. F. Provis, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Special Service Officers (Cl. L...—Capt. R. F. Francis, M.C., Sikhs, Ind. Army, from a G.S.O., 3rd Grade, *vice* Maj. E. ...e Breton, R.E. 27th June 1918.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

Comdt., Labour Corps.—Lt. A. St. Lyster, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and the temp. rank of Capt. 4th ...g. 1918.

Comdts. on the Lines of Communica... (Cl. FF).—Lt. R. M. S. Barton, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from Comdt., Post on ...of C. (Cl. GG), and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld. 14th May 1918.

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Asst.-Dirs. of Supplies and Trans. (Cl. ...—Maj. J. T. Kirby, D.S.O., S. and T. Corps, Ind. Army, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whils... empld., *vice* Lt.-Col. W. I. Haydon, D.S.O., S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army. 28th May 1918.

Maj. R. L. Hughes-Hallett, S. & T. Corps, ...l. Army, relinquishes his appt. and the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. 10th Apr. 1918.

Dep. Asst. Dir. of Labour (Cl. BB).—Lt. (t... Capt.) A. B. George, Ind. Army Res. of Off. from D.A.D. of Labour (Cl. FF) and t... temp. Maj. whilst so empld, *vice* Capt. E. C. M. Garrett, Lab. Corps, Ind. Army. 27th J... 1918.

Rly. Trans. Officers.—The undermentioned relin...h their appts.:—

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(Cl. GG)—Lt. D. M. F. Chisholm, Ind. Army Re...f Off. 9th May 1918.

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Lt. R. S. Moberley, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 10th July ...18.

2nd Lt. W. Mitchell, Ind. Army Res of Off., relinquishe...is appt. 23rd Apr. 1918.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned Lts., Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquish ...e actg. rank of Capt.:—

On ceasing to be empld. as Adjts. of Base Depots:—

S. H. M. Smith. 15th July 1918.

L. N. Bavin. 24th July 1918.

W. G. Morris, R.E., on ceasing to be empld. as Comdt. of a Lab...r Corps. 28th July 1918.

The undermentioned Lts., Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Cap... whilst empld. as Adjts. of Base Depôts:—

E. A. Doubt. 15th July 1918.

W. Davies. 24th July 1918.

The undermentioned 2nd Lts., Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Lts. whilst empld. as Qr.-Mrs. of Base Depôts:—

F. Morgan. 23rd Mar. 1918.

S. G. C. Nash. 3rd July 1918.

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MACHINE GUN CORPS (CAVALRY).

Capt. T. M. Carpendale (Ind. Army) to be temp. Maj. 5th June 1918, with precedence next below E. C. Watson.

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General List.

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J. B. Seward (temp. 2nd Lt. R.A.F.) to be temp. 2nd Lt. o . as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 6 Oct. 1918, with seniority 10 Jan. 1918.

General List.

Temp. Sub-Lt. H. S. Light, from R. N. V. R., to be temp. appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 25 Oct. 1917.

Temp. Sub-Lt. C. McLuckie, M. M., from R. N. V. R., temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 3 Nov. 1918, with seniority r. 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 30th November 1918, t London Gazette of the 29th November 1918, pages 14203 14204.

Air Ministry,
30th November, 1918.

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AWARDS OF FOREIGN DECORATI ROYAL AIR FORCE.

His Majesty the KING has granted unrestri permission for the wearing of the undermentioned decorations, conferred on the officer other ranks indicated in recognition of valuable services in connection with the War :—

CONFERRED BY THE GOVERNMENT THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Légion d'Honne roix d'Officier.

Col. (A. Brig.-Gen.) Rudolph Edward er Hogg, C.I.E. (Indian Army).

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Third Supplement, dated the 2nd Decemb 918, to the London Gazette of the 29th November 1918, pages 14205, 14206, 14207 209, 14210, 14211, 14212, 14266 and 14269.

War Office,
2nd December, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has b graciously pleased to approve of the following awards to the undermentioned officers an warrant officers in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

* * * *

R TO DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt. Lt. C (T./Brig.-Genl.) John Francis Stanhope Duke Coleridge, C.M.G., D.S.O., 8th Gurkha Rifles, I.A., Comdg. 188th Infy. Bde.

For conspicuous g antry and fine leadership during an attack. When his battalions were held up by hea machine-gun fire he walked round his entire line and personally gave instructions to a units for reorganisation and pushing on to their objectives. His splendid leadership abled the brigade to take a deep objective, and was the principal factor in the success of a important operation.

(D.S.O. gazetted 3rd June, 1916.)

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Maj. Walt John Lambert, D.S.O., Lrs., I.A.

(EGYPT.)

For conspi uous gallantry and devotion to duty. He led his regiment in a mounted attack with g t dash. In front of a bridgehead his leadership and resource were mainly responsible fo three mounted attacks converging at the same moment.

(D.S.O. gazetted 1st January, 1917.)

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DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

* * * * *

Lt. John Fattes
er, M.C., I A.R.O., attd. 29th Lrs., I.A.

For conspicuous g (EGYPT.)
Being given a free h and devotion to duty in charge of a machine-gun section.
enemy, so he at once ch found that the best position for his section was held by the
range on the retiring ene nd drove them out bringing his guns into action at fifty yards
exceptional initiative. d also silencing a nest of their machine guns. He showed

* * * *

Maj. Philip Francis G
th Lrs., I.A.

For conspicuous gallantr (EGYPT.)
in front of a bridgehead, whic devotion to duty. This officer led a turning movement
dismounted others with the hil up the enemy. He sabred three of the enemy and
leader. sword. He displayed exceptional ability as a cavalry

* * * * *

Captain Eric Mackay Murray
, Q.V.O., Corps of Guides, I.A. and R.F.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and (MESOPOTAMIA.)
persistently showed courage and abil to duty during three months' operations. He
action against enemy aircraft, and on high order throughout. He was three times in
his machine, after his passenger had t occasion returned with twenty bullet holes in
at the adversary. 1 1½ drums of ammunition from a Lewis gun

* * * *

AWARDED
ILITARY CROSS.

* * * *

Capt. Thakur Dalpat Singh, Jodhpur L

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion t (EGYPT.)
trumpeter, charged and entrenched machine This officer, accompanied only by his
capturing the gun. At the same time he captur killing and scattering the crew and
officer. commandant of a regiment and another

* * * * *

Lt. Frederick Herbert Willasey Wilsey, 1/9th
/8th) Gurkha Rif., I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. (EGYPT.)
with eighteen men he came upon an enemy picquet on out on a reconnoitring patrol
Three of the patrol were bombed, but he charged the about 200 yards from our line.
the others away. On withdrawing he found two of his pturing one man and driving
knoll and recovered them, bringing the whole patrol back issing, so he again charged the
ation, and showed both courage and resource. He gained valuable inform-

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 2nd December 1918, to the London e of the 29th November 1918, pages 14293, 14295 and 14296.

War Office,
December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. N. T. G. Murray, Dorset. R., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army ob.). 22nd Oct. 1918, with seniority from 7th Apr. 1917.

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Frederick Hector Stewart David, late 2nd Lt., R.A.F., to be temp. 2nd Lt., Gen List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 1st Apr. 1918.

Kanwar Amarjit Singh to be Hon. Capt. 3rd Dec. 1918.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 3rd December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 29th November 1918, pages 14303, 14307, 14308 and 14310.

War Office,
3rd December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Lt M. Butler, from Wilts. R., to be temp Lt. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob). 24th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 11th Mar. 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY

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General List.

Temp. Lt. G. T. Weir, from a Serv. Bn., North'd Fus., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army 5 Oct. 1918, with seniority 21 Feb. 1917.

Temp. Lt. H M. Meakin, M.C., from Notts. & Derby. R. (attd), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 25 Oct. 1917.

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Supplement, dated the 4th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 3rd December 1918, pages 14395, 14396, 14398, 14399, 14400, 14401 and 14403.

War Office,
4th December 1918.

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CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Capt. C T. Graham, from Ind. Army Res. of Off. (Lt.-Col., Ind. Def. Force), to be temp. Maj. 3rd Sept. 1918.

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ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

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Lt. E. A. Nesbitt, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be Adjt., from 10th Feb. 1917 to 28th June 1918, and to be actg. Capt. (with pay and allowances as Lt.) whilst so empld. from 3rd Aug. 1917 to 28th June 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Capts :—

Lt. E. A. Nesbitt, Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst empld. with R. A. S. C. 16th July 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt. P. P. Steel, M. C., from Bedf. R. (attd.), to be temp. Capt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 9 Sept. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 5th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 3rd December 1918, pages 14415, 14417, 14418 and 14419.

War Office,
5th December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Bt. Lt.-Col. H. E. ap. R. Pryce, C.M.G., D.S.O., Ind. Army, relinquishes the temp. rank of Brig.-Gen. on ceasing to comd. a Brig. 23rd Nov. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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A. G.'S AND Q. M. G.'S STAFF.

D. A. A. Gs.—

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Capt. F. H. Malyon, Punjabis, Ind. Army, and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld., *vice* Maj. W. H. La T. Darley, O. B. E., Pioneers, Ind. Army (decd.) 12th Oct. 1918.

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Sixth Supplement, dated the 6th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 3rd December 1918, pages 14469, 14470, 14473 and 14474.

War Office,
6th December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

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Empld. Directe. of Works (Cl. BB).—L. Lee (Hon. Maj., Ind. Army), from temp. Inspr. of Works, and Capt., Staff for R. E. Servs., to be temp. Capt., Gen. List, and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld. 15th Aug. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. H. Weedon, from Norf. R., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 15 June 1918. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 22 Nov. 1918, page 13720, specifying transfer to Ind. Army.)

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London Gazette, dated the 6th December 1918, page 14487.

India Office,
6th December, 1918.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S MILITARY NURSING SERVICE IN INDIA.

The following ladies have been appointed Nursing Sisters :—

2nd September 1918.

Miss Agnes Mary Irwin.
Miss Beatrice Anderson.
Miss Kathleen May Roxburgh Carmichael.
Miss May Mildred Edith Low.
Miss Violet Maud Kennedy.
Miss Helen Dorothea Campbell.
Miss Margaret Deans Scott.

The Secretary of State for India has approved the grant of vacant Indian Good Service pensions to the following officers :—

Major-General P. M. Carnegy, C.B
Major-General A. Wallace, C.B.
Major-General J. G. Turner, C.B.
Lieut.-General Sir A. Phayre, K.C.B

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Supplement, dated the 7th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 6th December 1918, pages 14533, 14534 and 14537.

War Office,
7th December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned temp. appts. are made at the War Office :—

G. S. Os., 3rd Grade.—

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Capt G. V. Farrell, Deccan Inf., Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. R. Simpson, ret. pay, Ind. Army. 1st Dec. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. (temp. Capt.) T. D. Godfray, Glouc. R., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of Capt. (on prob.). 3rd Nov. 1918, with seniority from 17th Sept. 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 9th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 6th December 1918, pages 14543, 14544, 14546 and 14550.

War Office,
9th December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. GG.—2nd Lt. S. L. Ashworth, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Lt. whilst so empld. 25th Mar. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 13th Sept. 1918.)

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CAVALRY.

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Res. Regts. of Cav.—Temp. 2nd Lt. A. J. Gunning is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 24th Nov. 1917.

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

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R.G.A.—Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. F. C. Jenkin, D.S.O., Ind. Ord. Dept., relinquishes the actg. rank of Lt.-Col. 12th Aug. 1918.

Maj. L. A. Fanshawe, D.S.O., Ind. Ord. Dept., to be actg. Lt.-Col. 12th Aug. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. V. T. Forsyth, R. Ir. Rif., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 16th June 1916.

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H. H. Raja Sir Bije Chand, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Raja of Bilaspur, to be Hon. Capt. 7th Aug. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 6th Aug. 1918.)

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. M. H. Beattie (Ind. Lab.) relinquishes the actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to comd. Ind. Lab. Co. 27 Oct. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 10th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 6th December 1918, pages 14555, 14556, 14557, 14558, 14559, 14560, 14564 and 14565.

War Office,
10th December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned temp. appts. are made at the War Office:—

Special Appts.

Cl. II.—Lt.-Col. E. St. A. Wake, ret., Ind. Army, from Cl. BB. 5th Nov. 1918.

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CAVALRY.

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Res. Regts. of Cav.—Temp. 2nd Lt. H. G. B. Jordan is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 29th June 1917.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned Lts. relinquish the temp. rank of Capt.:—

E. A. Nisbett, Ind. Army Res. of Off., on ceasing to be empld. as a Brig. Supply Officer 10th Feb. 1917.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. E. F. Hingeley, from a Serv. Bn., R. War R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 1 Jan. 1917.

Temp. Lt. J. Baxindine-Reypert, from M. G. Corps, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 18 Sept. 1916.

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VOLUNTEER FORCE.

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14th Bn., County of London Vol. Regt.— Major James Henry Gordon Casserly (retired Indian Army) to command the Bn. 14th Nov. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 11th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 10th December 1918, pages 14627, 14629, 14630, 14632, 14635 and 14636.

War Office,
11th December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Capts:—

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Temp. Lt. G. Boswell, Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst empld. as Fd. Engr., Divl. Tramways. 24th Sept. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army:—

Temp. Lt. T. N. Shelton, from Leic. R. (attd.). 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 25 Oct. 1916.

Temp. Lt. H. A. White, from Suff. R. 3 Nov. 1918, with seniority 26 May 1917.

Temp. Lt. C. A. Maycock, from Tank Corps. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 29 July 1918.

Temp. 2nd. Lt. H. W. D. Palmer, from R. Berks. R. 5 Nov. 1918, with seniority 19 Sept. 1918.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 13th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 10th December 1918, pages 14673, 14675 and 14676.

War Office,
12th December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Capt. J. B. Smalley, Glouc. R., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 30th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 20th Sept. 1915.

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2nd Lt. T. W. Farrell, Notts, & Derby. R., Spec. Res, is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 1st May 1918.

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Sixth Supplement, dated the 13th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 10th December 1918, pages 14687, 14690, 14692, 14694 and 14695.

War Office,
13th December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. L. W. Wood C. Gds., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 28th Aug. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. H. Beresford-Barber (Ind. Lab.) to be actg. Capt. while comdg. Ind. Lab. Co. 24 Oct. 1918.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. A. E. P. Rae (Ind. Lab.) resigns his commission on ceasing to be empld. with the Corps, and is granted the rank of 2nd Lt. 14 Dec. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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General List.

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Temp. Lt. T. T. Rodger, from Sea. Highrs., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 7 Nov. 1918, with seniority 5 June 1918.

Lt. V. V. Mulroney, from Austrln. Imp. Force, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 6 Nov. 1918.

William Frederick Knight to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 22 July 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 8 Sept. 1917, incorrectly specifying date).

Walter Raymond Jacks to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 28 Sept. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification, 22 Nov. 1917, incorrectly specifying date.)

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London Gazette dated the 13th December 1918, pages 14707 and 14708.

Air Ministry,
13th December 1918

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

The undermentioned temporary appointments are made:—

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FLYING BRANCH.

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The undermentioned are granted temp. commns. as 2nd Lts. (A.):—

Lovell Hudson (2nd Lt., I.A.R.O.), 4th Aug. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 14th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 13th December 1918, pages 14757, 14758 and 14761.

War Office,
14th December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

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Special Appts. Cl. G. G.—Maj.-Gen. W. G. Walker, V.C., C.B., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 15th Dec. 1918.

Cl. H. H.—Col. F. C. Burton, ret., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 15th December 1918.

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CAVALRY.

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Res. Regts. of Cav.—Temp. 2nd Lt. N. A. Peroni is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 4th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 10th May 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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2nd Lt. P. D. Alexander, R. Ir. Rif., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of Lt. (on prob.). 5th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 31st May 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 16th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 13th December 1918, pages 14781, 14786, 14787 and 14788.

War Office,
16th December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Col. A. A. E. Campbell, Ind. Army, relinquishes the temporary rank of Brig.-Gen. on retirement, and is granted the hon. rank of Brig.-Gen. 14th May 1918.

Lt.-Col. C. E. E. F. K. Macquoid, D.S.O., Cav., India Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst specially empld. 30th Sept. 1918.

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Temp. Lt. R. Maguire, R.E., to be temp. Lt., Gen List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 12th Sept. 1918.

Temp. Capt. A. J. Vann, from Gen. List, New Armies, to be temp. Lt., Gen. List, for service with Ind. Army on prob. 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 23rd Sept. 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

MILITARY SECRETARY'S STAFF.

Asst. Mil. Sec. (*Cl. B.B.*)—Capt. C. F. Cahusac, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld., from 25th Feb. to 17th Aug. 1918.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. F.F.—2nd Lt. (temp. Capt.) S. L. Ashworth, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from Cl. G.G., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 10th June 1918.

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Lt. D. P. O'Brien, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt., whilst so empld. 3rd July 1918.

Lt. (temp. Capt.) A. G. Whitamore, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 18th July 1918.

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Cl. G.G.

* * * * *

2nd Lt. W. N. B. Constable, Ind. Army, and to be temp. Lt. whilst so empld. 21st June 1918.

Cl. H.—The undermentioned 2nd Lts., Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquish their appts. 5th Aug. 1918 :—

L. K. Beckwith.

R. V. T. Hoskings.

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Asst. Dir. of Supplies and Trans. (*Cl. X.*).—The notification in the Gazette of 9th Nov. 1918, regarding the appt. of Maj. J. T. Kirby, S. and T. Corps, Ind. Army, is cancelled.

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MEMORANDA.

Lt. A. Mull, Rajputs, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. and actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to be empld. as Co. Comdr., Combined Depôt. 19th July 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. E. Smart, Ind. Army, to be actg. Capt. whilst empld. as Record Officer. 19th June 1918.

Lt. (actg. Capt.) T. Bentley, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from Comdt. of a Labour Corps retains his actg. rank whilst empld. as Labour Officer. 31st May 1918.

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Lt. D. E. Augier, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from a Special Appt., Cl. II. 29th July 1918.

Lt. H. C. Crossle, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 4th Aug. 1918.

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Lt. L. N. Bavin, Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst Comdg. a Co. 1st Aug. 1918.

Lt. H. G. Cook, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and the actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to be empld. as Adjt. of a Base Depôt. 25th July 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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Labour Corps.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. G. Gordon (Ind. Lab.) relinquishes the actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to comd. Ind. Lab. Co. 6th Nov. 1918. (Since resigned commission.)

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London Gazette, dated the 17th December 1918, pages 14820, 14421 and 14822.

Air Ministry,
17th December, 1918.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

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The undermentioned are granted temp. commns. as 2nd Lts. (Observer Officers) :—

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G. Shallow (Lt., I. A. R. O.) and to be Hon. Lt. 9th Oct. 1918.

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ADMINISTRATIVE BRANCH.

*   *   *   *   *

The undermentioned are granted temp. commns. as Capts., with seniority from 1st Apr. 1918 :—

F. W. A. Wells, M.C. (Maj., Ind. Army), and to be Hon. Maj. 19th June 1918.

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A. H BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 19.—The services of Engineer-Lieutenant-Commander E. S. Botner, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment as Assistant to the Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor and Superintending Engineer to that Government sub. *pro tem.* with effect from the 1st January 1919, *vice* Engineer-Lieutenant-Commander W. A. Williams, Royal Indian Marine.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 20.—Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant J Brookes, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 20th January 1919.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 4th February 1919.

No. 263-E.—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 982-E., dated the 28th June 1918, Lieutenant D. H. Harrison, I.A.R., officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways with effect from the 30th September 1918.

No. 263-E.-2—19.—Lieutenant D. H. Harrison, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that Establishment with effect from the 17th December 1918 and until further orders.

No. 263-E.-3—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 263-E.-2—19, dated the 4th February 1919, Mr. N. A. Todd, officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways with effect from the 17th December 1918.

No. 295-E.—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1918-E.—18, dated the 20th December 1918, Mr. N. A. Todd, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that Establishment with effect from the 3rd January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 1260-E.—18.—Mr. H. B. Holmes, C.B.E., of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 650, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 29th January 1919.

The 5th February 1919.

No. 16-E.—19.—Mr. H. St. G. Gilmore, Traffic Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway, is granted combined leave for 12 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 13th February 1919, or subsequent date.

No. 19-E.—19.—Mr. H. R. Walton, Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, Bombay, is granted combined leave for twelve months, *viz.*, privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th March 1919 or subsequent date.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 4th February 1919.

No. E.-121.—Second Lieutenant S. A. Wallis, Assistant Controller (Timber Supplies), Bombay, is granted war leave from the 21st December 1918 to the 31st January 1919, both days inclusive, under India Army Order No. 291 of 1917, and his services are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 1st February 1919.

No. E.-663 (1).—Second Lieutenant P. E. Keyte, I.A.R.O., Assistant Controller (Stores), Bombay, is granted war leave for one month, under India Army Order 291 of 1917, with effect from the 27th January 1919.

No. E.-663 (2).—The services of Second Lieutenant P. E. Keyte, I.A.R.O., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 27th February 1919.

The 6th February 1919.

No. E.-55.—Mr. J. Escot Bowder, lately an Assistant Controller (Stores), Bombay, was granted leave on medical certificate for 23 days from the 29th April to the 21st May 1918 under Note 1 to Article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations.

The 7th February 1919.

No. E.-66 (a) (1).—Mr. D. L. McPherson, Senior Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Calcutta, was employed on special duty under the Indian Munitions Board from the 29th October to the 11th December 1918, both days inclusive.

No. E.-66 (a) (2).—Mr. B. St. J. Newton, Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Calcutta, was appointed to officiate as Senior Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Calcutta, from the 29th October to the 11th December 1918, both days inclusive.

No. G.-783.—With reference to the Indian Munitions Board's Notification No. G.-783, dated the 16th March 1918, which appeared in the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 16th March 1918, and in which was published an order made by the Governor General in Council regulating the use of steel plates exceeding one-eighth of an inch in thickness and steel sections in the repair of rivercraft or sea-going vessels, the Governor General in Council is pleased hereby to cancel the said order with effect from the date hereof.

F. R. R. RUDMAN,
Offg. Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 6th February 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Rain and snow fell on the 30th January in Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and the northwest of the United Provinces, and rain in Chota Nagpur and Bengal. An interval of dry weather followed during which only a few scattered falls of rain occurred; but another disturbance from Persia entered northwest India on the 4th February and gave light rain or snow in Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province and Kashmir, while unsettled conditions in the north of the Peninsula produced local falls of rain in the Central Provinces and on the north Madras coast.

2. *Burma.*—Weather was dry.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Chota Nagpur on the 30th January, and local falls occurred on the same day in Bengal, Orissa and Bihar.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain fell in the northwest of the United Provinces on the 30th January, and local rain in the Central Provinces on the 4th and 5th February.

Northwest India.—Rain or snow fell at nearly every station on the 30th January in the east and north Punjab, and the North-West Frontier Province and on the 5th February in the northern half of Baluchistan.

The Peninsula.—Falls of rain were reported from Tinnevelly, Gopalpur and Cocanada.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

January 30th. Sambalpur 1·26", Hazaribagh 0·64", Roorkee 0·93", Chakrata 1·71", Mukteswar 1·72", Simla 1·02", Khushab 0·83", Sialkot 0·56", Ambala 0·41", Murree 0·60" and Cherat 0·70".

February 1st. Gopalpur 0·73".

" 4th. Quetta 0·28", Seoni 0·81" and Nagpur and Sonamarg each 0·55".

" 5th. Pendra 0·35", Raipur 0·22" and Gopalpur 3·37".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces West, the Punjab Southwest, Berar, the Central Provinces West and the Madras Coast North; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Assam, Bihar, the United Provinces East, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana West, Central India East, Malabar and Madras Southeast. It was normal in Bengal, the Punjab East and North, and the Central Provinces East. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam and Bengal; and is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana East, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar and the Madras Coast North. It is within 20 per cent of the normal in the remaining divisions.

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 6th February 1919.			Rainfall data from 29th November 1918 to 6th February 1919.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Percentage departure from normal. This week.	Percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	0·3	−0·3	7·6	9·6	−2·0	−21	−18
Lower Burma	0	0·1	−0·1	2·0	1·0	+1·0	+100	+122
Upper Burma	0	0	0	0·4	0·8	−0·4	−50	−50
Assam	0·1	0·3	−0·2	0·5	1·5	−1·0	−67	−67
Bengal	0·1	0·1	0	0·6	0·8	−0·2	−25	−29
Orissa	0·4	0·1	+0·3	2·5	0·9	+1·6	+178	+168
Chota Nagpur	0·3	0·2	+0·1	4·4	1·0	+3·4	+340	+418
Bihar	0·1	0·2	−0·1	2·0	0·8	+1·2	+150	+217
United Provinces, East	0	0·2	−0·2	1·9	1·3	+0·6	+46	+73
United Provinces, West	0·3	0·2	+0·1	3·5	1·8	+1·7	+94	+160
Punjab, East and North	0·3	0·3	0	3·3	2·5	+0·8	+32	+36
Punjab, South-West	0·3	0·2	+0·1	1·4	1·2	+0·2	+17	+10
Kashmir	0·2	0·7	−0·5	6·6	5·4	+1·2	+22	+30
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·1	0·3	−0·2	2·0	1·7	+0·3	+18	+36
Baluchistan	0·1	0·5	−0·4	3·2	2·5	+0·7	+28	+55
Sind	0	0·1	−0·1	0·6	0·4	+0·2	+50	+100
Rajputana, West	0	0·1	−0·1	0·7	0·6	+0·1	+17	+40
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	0·9	0·6	+0·3	+50	+50
Gujarat	0	0	0	0·3	0	+0·3	—	—
Central India, West	0	0	0	1·9	0·4	+1·5	+375	+375
Central India, East	0	0·1	−0·1	4·2	1·4	+2·8	+200	+228
Berar	0·1	0	+0·1	2·9	1·0	+1·9	+190	+180
Central Provinces, West	0·3	0·1	+0·2	5·8	1·0	+4·8	+480	+511
Central Provinces, East	0·2	0·2	0	3·9	0·9	+3·0	+333	+429
Konkan	0	0	0	0·3	0·1	+0·2	+200	+200
Bombay Deccan	0	0	0	0·5	0·4	+0·1	+25	+25
Hyderabad, North	0	0	0	2·0	0·3	+1·7	+567	+567
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	2·2	0·3	+1·9	+633	+633
Mysore	0	0	0	1·3	0·7	+0·6	+86	+86
Malabar	0	0·1	−0·1	4·4	2·1	+2·3	+110	+120
Madras, South-East	0	0·1	−0·1	7·3	6·3	+1·0	+16	+18
Madras Deccan	0	0	0	0·8	0·7	+0·1	+14	+14
Madras Coast, North	0·9	0·1	+0·8	2·8	2·1	+0·7	+33	−5

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 6th February 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 1st February 1919.

Burma.—The week was practically rainless. Reaping of winter rice has been completed. Threshing and winnowing are progressing. Sowing of island crops and transplanting of onions and tobacco are proceeding. Clearing and hoeing of hillsides are in progress. Plucking of cotton and gathering of groundnuts have been practically completed. Standing crops are good. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has fallen slightly to Rs. 120 per hundred baskets and is above normal. The market for white rice is weak at Rs. 305 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. More rain is wanted in some districts. Harvesting of winter rice is practically finished. Harvesting of pulses and mustard and transplanting of spring rice are nearing completion. Pressing of sugarcane, plucking of cotton, pruning of tea and ploughing for autumn rice and jute continue. Outturn and prospects of crops are generally fair, those of mustard are poor. Cattle disease is reported in one district. Price of common rice rose slightly.

Bengal.—Light rain fell in northern and western districts, elsewhere there was practically no rain. Rain has facilitated ploughing for autumn crops and benefited standing crops generally. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of potatoes and early oilseeds are progressing. Average price of common rice has risen by about 1·14 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—Rain was general over the province, the fall being light to moderate in Bihar and Orissa and very heavy for the time of the year in Chota Nagpur. Threshing of winter paddy still continues in some districts. The rain has ensured adequate preparation of the land for the next season's crops. Pressing of sugarcane is going on. The standing spring crops have generally been benefited by the recent rain. Test works are going on in 27 places in Angul, the daily average number of persons attending such works being 1,049. Gratuitous relief was given to 1,801 persons in this district. The price of common rice has risen in eight districts, fallen in three and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. The condition of the spring crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is improving owing to the recent rainfall.

United Provinces.—General rain has again fallen throughout the province benefiting the crops. Slight damage by hail is reported from some districts. Preparation of land for and sowing of sugarcane and extra crops continue. Irrigation has practically stopped owing to recent rains. Pressing of sugarcane is in progress. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects have improved. Condition of agricultural stock is generally good but slight cattle disease still exists in parts of some districts. Fodder is scarce and dear and forest hay is being imported and sold. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Prices are generally stationary.

The weekly report on scarcity is as follows:—General rain has again fallen in the affected tracts greatly benefiting standing crops. Hailstorm also visited some of the affected districts causing slight damage. Fodder is very scarce and dear. Government hay has arrived and is being sold. Recent rain will improve the situation. Agricultural stock is generally in fair condition though cattle disease is still prevalent in some parts. The price basis is 7 seers except in Garhwal where it is 5 seers 13 chhataks. Civil works are in progress in Etawah of which 9 are under the Forest Department. Advance is being freely given to tenants. Suspensions of revenue are being allowed. Numbers on gratuitous relief:—Garhwal 681, Etawah, 956, Benares *nil*, Jalaun 700, Jhansi 7, Hamirpur 2,090 and Banda 6,500. Number on test works:—Etawah civil works 3,457, forest works 3,773; Jalaun, works 911, poorhouse 18; Jhansi, works 496, poorhouse 9; Hamirpur, works 2,480, poorhouse 132; Banda, works 9,906, poorhouse 66, and Allahabad, works 263. There is no marked increase in distress which is confined to labouring classes. Public health is generally satisfactory. Physical condition of workers is fair. Clothing is generally in demand in relief works. No wandering or emaciation is noticeable. Prices of food grains are high but generally stationary.

Punjab.—Moderate to heavy rain was received in all the reporting districts except in parts of the south-east and west where the fall was light and more rain is still required. Rainfall was very beneficial to standing crops which are average to good on irrigated and below average

to average on unirrigated areas. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of *toria* are in progress. The yield is generally below normal. Ploughings for and sowings of extra spring crops continue. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak in some districts owing to overwork and general scarcity of fodder. Water for drinking and irrigation is sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat :—Lahore and Lyallpur 5¼, Amballa 5¾, Ferozepore 6 and Rawalpindi 6¼ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rain fell throughout the province and was very beneficial for standing crops. More rain is still wanted. Condition of standing crops both on irrigated and unirrigated areas is generally average in Peshawar and Bannu but below average in Dera Ismail Khan. Pressing of sugarcane was stopped during the week owing to rains. Prices of wheat :—Peshawar $7\frac{3}{16}$ and Dera Ismail Khan $7\frac{3}{16}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Rain was good during the week. Prices are slightly falling. Fodder is not sufficient.

Kashmir.—The week was generally wet and cold. Spring crops are in fair condition. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are fluctuating in the valley but high in Muzaffarabad.

Rajputana.—The weather was seasonable. Slight showers fell in a few places. Irrigation of spring crops continues except in places where watering has been suspended owing to recent rains. Cattle disease continues in places. Water is sufficient. Fodder is insufficient. Prices are high and are rising.

Central India.—Rainfall was partial in Bhopal and Malwa and general elsewhere except Gwalior where it was insufficient. Autumn crops are being harvested in Malwa and the Southern States. Cotton picking has been completed in Gwalior and is in progress in Bhopal and Malwa. Prospects have been much improved by recent rains except in Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana. Probable outturn has improved slightly in Gwalior and is fair elsewhere. Crops have been damaged by hail in Gwalior, Indore and Bhopal. Agricultural stock is bad in some districts of Gwalior and fair elsewhere except for cattle disease in parts of Gwalior, Bhopal and the Southern States. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand and in parts of Malwa and the Southern States. Prices are high but stationary. Opium is being weeded in Gwalior and Indore. Number on famine relief in Bundelkhand 3,052.

Central Provinces.—The weather had cleared up towards the latter part of the week but the sky is again overcast. Damoh, Seoni, Bhandara, Balaghat and Bilaspur received rain ranging from one to two inches. There was no rain in Nimar, Betul, Akola and Buldana. Light showers fell elsewhere; nowhere exceeding 84 cents. The rain was accompanied by hail in all Central Provinces districts and both the rain and hail have caused some damage to standing crops. Spring crops are faring well on the whole but bright weather is now essential. Harvesting of minor crops continues. Fodder and water are sufficient except in parts of five districts. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Relief measures continue in Damoh, Jubbulpore and Chanda districts. *Juar* in Saugor and Chanda, rice in Balaghat, gram and rice in Drug rose and gram and *juar* in Amraoti fell by 1 to 1½ seers per rupee. Other variations are unimportant, but exhibit a distinct upward course.

The report on scarcity in Central Provinces for last week is as follows :—General health is good in all affected districts of the province except Ahiri Zamindari where influenza continues. Distress is slightly increasing in Jubbulpore where numerous immigrants from adjoining states are arriving in search of work. Private funds in Jubbulpore and Saugor continue to provide cloth and grain to the poor. Early spring harvest is decreasing distress in Sironcha. Prices of food grains are high but stationary. Numbers on works :—Damoh 707, Saugor 145, Chanda *nil*, Jubbulpore 1,181, Seoni 1,026, total 3,059. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—Damoh 2,400, Saugor 94, Chanda 666, Jubbulpore 5,090, Seoni 312, total 8,562.

Feudatory States.—Moderate to heavy rain fell in all States. Crops are doing well.

Bombay.—Moderate rain fell during the week in the greater part of the Presidency. It was beneficial to spring crops in Sind. Standing crops are withering in parts of Karnatak, Sholapur and Satara, elsewhere they are fair to good. Cotton picking is nearing completion in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Sholapur, Karnatak, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. Fodder supply is generally deficient but supplies continue to be moved to worse affected areas under Government arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating except in Konkon. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Famine has been declared in Khed and Sirur talukas of Poona. Relief works are in progress in Ahmednagar and parts of Poona. Emigration continues from parts of West Khandesh and Satara. Public health is generally good. People find employment on Government relief and ordinary public works. Liberal suspensions of land revenue have been granted. Takavi is freely advanced for fodder and agricultural improvements. Cheap grain shops continue working in Nasik, West Khandesh and Kathiawar. One poor house has been organised in Poona and two more will shortly be opened in Dhulia and Sindkheda talukas of West Khandesh.

Cattle camps have been organised in Nasik, Ahmednagar and Poona. Numbers of persons on relief works including dependents, Panch Mahals 1,838; Ahmednagar 4,200. Total 6,038. Numbers on gratuitous relief: Kaira 4,512, Panch Mahals 312, Kathiawar 887, Ahmednagar 6,747, West Khandesh 125, Poona 2,958, Satara 1,325, Bijapur 400, total 17,267: number of persons on test works on same day: Kaira 98, Panch Mahals 1, Mahals 1,073, Broach 214, Poona 3,300, Palitana State Kathiawar 29, total 4,714.

Hyderabad.—There were some showers of rain, the average being 37 cents. Hailstones have slightly damaged spring crops in some places. Spring crops are being harvested. They are fair to good, except in Aurangabad, Bir and Warangal districts. Late rice is being weeded. Sowings continue. Cattle are healthy except in some talukas of five districts, where they are dying to some extent. Fodder is scarce in most districts, and cattle are being sold at low prices. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at three seers per rupee in Aurangabad and Gulbarga districts.

Mysore.—The week was slightly wet. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi* and rice outturn is poor to fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was dry. Harvesting of rice has been completed. The outturn is 75 per cent of average crop. Picking of coffee continues. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Cattle disease prevails in parts. Public health is fair.

Madras.—Rainfall was good in Tinnevelly, Malabar, Travancore, Cochin and the Hills, fair in Ganjam and light or *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but *cholam* and cotton have been affected by disease in parts of the Deccan. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of sixteen districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Kistna, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, West Coast and the Hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of eight districts. Fodder is insufficient in parts of seven districts. Prices are rising generally. Prospects are bad in parts of Ganjam, Godavari, Bellary, Chittor, North Arcot and Salem. In Ganjam test works with gratuitous relief are in progress in seven places in Guntur taluk and four in places in Udayagiri Agency. People are resorting freely to works. Their physical condition is fair. Numbers on works:—Guntur 2,093, Agency 1,012. Numbers on gratuitous relief:—Guntur 346, Agency 199.

Nepal.—*Report on the agricultural and pastoral situation for the period from 16th October 1918 to 15th January 1919.*

The rainfall for the period was 0·11 against 0·13 for the corresponding period of last year.

October 1918. Pepper was gathered and the outturn was good. Garlic and onions were sown. Lands began to be prepared for the rabi crop.

November 1918 Rice was harvested and the outturn was good. Oranges began to ripen in Nepal. Spring sowings were commenced both in the Nepal valley and in the Terai.

December 1918. Spring sowings were continued. The orange crop was plucked and was a good one. The sowing of winter vegetables was begun in the Nepal valley. The first crop of potatoes was dug up and the outturn was normal.

January 1919 The standing spring crop is doing well. Fields are being prepared for the sowing of the second crop of potatoes. Winter vegetables continue to be sown.

The health of the live stock is reported to be good. The market is well stocked and the prices of food grains continue normal.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 4th January 1919.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				BRITISH PROVINCES.						
	UNITED PROVINCES.									
1	Garhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	547
2	Etawah	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	2,367	...
3	Allahabad	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	458	...
4	Jalaun	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	1,185	...
5	Jhansi	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	171	1
6	Banda	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	3,660	53
	Total, United Provinces	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	7,836	601
	BIHAR AND ORISSA.									
1	Angul	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,188
	Total, Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,188
	CENTRAL PROVINCES.									
1	Chanda	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	93	1,701
2	Damoh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	957	1,976
3	Jubbulpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	951	3,258
	Total, Central Provinces	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,001	6,935
				NATIVE STATES.						
	CENTRAL INDIA.									
1	Bundelkhand	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	174	...
	Total, Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	...

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 11th January 1919.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF. Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST." Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				BRITISH PROVINCES.						
	UNITED PROVINCES.									
1	Garhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	547
2	Etawah	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	3,185	...
3	Allahabad	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	3,303	...
4	Jalaun	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	1,561	11
5	Jhansi	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	296	...
6	Banda	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	4,809	63
7	Hamirpur	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	2,044	18
	Total, United Provinces	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	15,198	639
	BIHAR AND ORISSA.									
1	Angul	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,337
	Total, Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,337
	BOMBAY.									
1	Ahmedabad	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	3,190 (Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals)	
2	Kaira	"	"	...	...	...	...	...		
3	Panch Mahals	"	"	...	...	...	...	...		
4	Ahmednagar	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,340 (Ahmednagar to Kathiawar)
5	Poona	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Satara	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Kathiawar	"	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total, Bombay Presidency	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,190	3,340
	CENTRAL PROVINCES.									
1	Jubbulpore	2,000	3,99,000	...	...	...	...	...	1,006	4,074
2	Damoh	1,000	1,02,000	...	...	...	...	...	1,062	1,942
3	Seoni	1,459	1,55,000	...	...	...	...	...	731	*Nil.*
4	Chanda	372	39,290	...	...	...	...	...	140	1,621
	Total, Central Provinces	4,831	6,95,290	...	...	...	...	...	2,939	7,637
				NATIVE STATES.						
	CENTRAL INDIA.									
1	Bundelkhand	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	54	...
	Total, Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	...

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 1778.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

FORMATION OF THE INDIAN SOLDIERS' BOARD IN PLACE OF THE CENTRAL RECRUITING BOARD.

RESOLUTION.

On the recommendation of the Indian Soldiers' Board certain minor amendments have been approved by the Government of India in Resolution No. 737, dated the 16th January 1919. The Resolution as amplified is accordingly republished for information in supersession of the previous Resolution.

RESOLUTION.

The Government of India have decided that the functions of the Central Recruiting Board should now be definitely held in suspension and that in its place a new Board, to be called the Indian Soldiers' Board, should be established to advise on questions affecting the interests of serving, discharged and deceased Indian soldiers and non-combatants and their dependants. Its composition and membership will be the same as that of the Central Recruiting Board, but the Honorary Secretary of the Indian Imperial Relief Fund will be added as a member, and the Honourable Sir George Lowndes will take the place of the Honourable Sir William Vincent as President.

The Indian Soldiers' Board will be affiliated to the Army Department of the Government of India, and will deal particularly with the following subjects :—

(1) The formation of district records of war services which may serve as the basis for the future action of this Board.

(2) Consideration of questions connected with land rewards or grants.

(3) The question of preferential treatment in obtaining Government employment.

(4) Educational concessions for children.

(5) The after-care of the wounded and incapacitated soldier.

(6) The safe-guarding of the general interests of soldiers by provincial and district committees, who should specially watch the interests of soldiers absent from their homes.

(7) Consideration, in collaboration with the military authorities, of the whole subject of demobilisation in its civil aspect, in relation to prevailing economic conditions and the general interest.

The solution of these problems depends largely upon the action taken in the several provinces, and all local Governments and Administrations have been addressed with a view to preserving the provincial Recruiting and War Boards—reconstituted, if necessary, in form and composition—as a nucleus to advise on these questions.

Order.—Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Resolution be communicated to all Departments of the Government of India and to all local Governments and Administrations.

Ordered, also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India.*

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 25th January 1919 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Central	Ahmednagar District	1	1
		Satara District	129*	81*
		Poona District	1	...
		Sholapur Town	4	4
	Southern	Belgaum District	38	26
		Dharwar District	39	22
		Bijapur District	19	11
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	2	2
	Political Charges.	Cutch State	2	2
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	58	36
		Kathiawar Agency	1	1
		TOTAL	282	186
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	2	1
		Anantapur District	39	26
		Coimbatore District	172	94
		North Arcot District	62	44
		Cuddapah District	11 (b)	4 (a)
		Mangalore Port	1	...
		Bellary District	103 (a)	69
		Malabar District	6	3
		Chittoor District	13 (b)	8
		Kurnool District	18	11
		Salem District	48 (a)	19 (a)
		Guntur District	114	66
		Trichinopoly District	1	...
		Tellicherry Port	1	1
		Nilgiris District	2 (c)	1 (a)
		TOTAL	588	347
BENGAL.	Presidency	24 Parganas District	...	2
		TOTAL	...	2
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna District	4	4
		Shahabad District	9	1
	Tirhut	Saran District	81	71
		Champaran District	...	6
		Muzaffarpur District	86	83
		Darbhanga District	174	147
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur Town	4	3
		Bhagalpur District	4	3
		Monghyr District	78	48
		TOTAL	440	366

* For two weeks ending 4th and 25th January 1919.

(a) One imported. (b) Three imported. (c) Two imported.

In the returns for the weeks ending 4th, 11th and 18th January 1919, the following additions should be made :—

Bombay Presidency { week ending 4th January 1919—Satara Agency, *add nil* case, 1 death.
week ending 18th January 1919—Kaira District, *add* 2 cases, 2 deaths.

Bengal Presidency { week ending 11th January 1919—24-Parganas District, *add* 6 cases, 3 deaths.
week ending 18th January 1919—24-Parganas District, *add* 14 cases, 10 deaths.

Bihar and Orissa—week ending 18th January 1919—Gaya District, *add* 15 cases, 4 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Meerut	Bulandshahr District	18	5
	Agra	Muttra District	1	1
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	3	3
	Benares	Jaunpur District	1	1
		Ghazipur District	24	16
		Ballia District	44	44
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	66	34
		Basti District	16	16
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	2	2
		Unao District	4	4
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	3	4
		Bara Banki District	2	2
		Total	184	132
Punjab.	Ambala	Rohtak District	14	4
	Rawalpindi	Mianwali District	...	2
	Multan	Montgomery District	6	
		Lyallpur District	9	9
		Jhang District	1	...
	Native States.	Patiala State	5	5
		Jind State	12	6
		Total	47	30
Burma.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	14	14
		Tharrawaddy District	39	39
		Promo District	23	22
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	10	10
		Henzada District	2	2
	Tenasserim.	Toungoo District	2	1
		Thaton District	14	14
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	5	5
		Bhamo District	2	6
		Katha District	1	1
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	7	2
		Sagaing District	16	10
		Lower Chindwin District	19	16
	Magwe	Minbu District	14	14
		Magwe District	6	6
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	20	14
		Yamethin District	13	13
	Native States.	Northern Shan States	2	2
		Southern Shan States	3	5
		Total	212	196
Central Provinces.	Nagpur	Bhandara District	12	7
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	12	7
		Seoni District	7	5
		Total	31	19

In the return for the week ending 18th January 1919, the following correction should be made:—
United Provinces—Gorakhpur District, *read* 148 cases, 104 deaths, *for* 9 cases, 7 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	30	30
		Bangalore City	20	20
		Bangalore District	55	39
		Mysore City	4	7
		Mysore District	25	15
		Kadur District	8	9
		Shimoga District	18	8
		Chitaldroog District	77	42
		Tumkur District	8	5
		Kolar District	68	47
		TOTAL	313	222
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Gulburgah District	1	1
		Bidar District	7	7
		Usmanabad District	49	18
		Medak District	19	27
		Nizamabad District	16	11
		Aurangabad District	1	...
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	159	115
		Hyderabad Residency Bazars	6	6
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	1	2
		Adilabad District	5	4
		TOTAL	264*	191*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	25 (a)	23 (a)
		TOTAL	25	23
RAJPUTANA.	...	Bharatpur State	24	15
		TOTAL	24	15
		GRAND TOTAL	2,410	1,729

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending January 25th were 216 and 157, respectively.

(a) For two weeks.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

DELHI:
The 6th February 1919.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(Railway Board.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Gauge	Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week. During official year 1917-18.	Mean mileage worked. 1914.	Mean mileage worked. 1918.	Mean mileage worked. 1919.	Total earnings for week ending 23rd January 1914.	Total earnings for week ending 25th January 1918.	Total earnings for week ending 25th January 1919.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1914.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1918.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1919.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 23rd January 1914.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 25th January 1918.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 25th January 1919.	Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, +2 days. Increase.	Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, +2 days. Decrease.	Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18. Increase.	Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18. Decrease.
	State Railways.	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
5' 6" gauge.	Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,696	2,695	9,16,863	12,26,699	11,34,000	344	455	421	3,32,69,077	4,49,41,078	4,81,05,000	1,48,35,923	...	31,63,922	...
	Bezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	8,442	8,330	8,700	402	397	414	3,08,922	4,18,528	4,04,000	95,078	...	...	14,528
	Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,003	1,002	7,33,988	10,90,773	11,68,000	735	1,087	1,166	2,80,82,662	3,70,02,301	4,18,41,000	1,37,58,338	...	48,38,699	...
	Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,576	1,582	1,581	7,28,222	7,46,729	7,36,000	462	472	466	3,10,57,344	2,83,59,165	3,10,34,000	...	23,344	26,74,835	...
	East Indian	865	2,571	2,618	2,612	20,69,728	23,51,272	27,03,000	805	898	1,035	8,37,08,397	9,54,26,351	11,07,87,000	2,70,78,603	...	1,53,60,649	...
	Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	20,67,768	25,56,851	25,47,000	815	979	975	6,62,96,728	8,46,60,633	9,47,69,000	2,84,72,272	...	1,01,08,367	...
	Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	51,987	70,925	74,500	413	563	591	18,28,954	25,85,399	35,08,000	16,79,046	...	9,22,601	...
	Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	4,692	3,071	4,500	114	77	112	1,33,139	1,41,685	1,70,000	36,861	...	28,315	...
	Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*33,785	24,313	20,600	593	2,026	1,717	*13,13,454	7,62,343	9,16,000	...	3,97,454	1,53,657	...
	Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	1,431	7,273	7,000	43	96	92	48,833	2,49,313	2,56,000	2,07,167	...	6,687	...
	Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	387	2,553	2,551	2,550	6,68,441	9,43,938	9,71,000	270	370	381	2,96,59,997	4,15,27,295	4,40,94,000	1,44,34,003	...	25,66,705	...
	North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,055	4,001	17,68,549	22,78,991	22,50,000	441	562	562	7,03,81,497	9,73,68,812	10,29,45,000	3,25,63,503	...	55,76,188	...
	Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	5,10,728	4,74,449	5,99,000	319	298	376	1,91,23,101	2,28,46,930	2,52,42,000	61,18,899	...	23,95,070	...
3' 3⅜" gauge.	Assam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,43,834	1,65,339	1,73,000	178	185	194	55,35,442	58,36,542	60,45,000	5,09,558	...	2,08,458	...
	Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,62,290	7,25,528	8,62,000	362	394	469	2,24,46,370	2,76,79,063	3,40,75,000	1,06,28,630	...	63,95,937	...
	Burma	319	1,342	1,342	1,342	5,26,479	5,48,713	5,96,000	392	409	444	1,70,99,281	1,73,03,235	2,07,44,000	36,44,719	...	34,40,765	...
	Burma Extensions	212	187	187	187	41,560	44,099	49,000	222	236	262	15,98,645	15,56,998	19,67,000	3,68,355	...	4,10,002	...
	Southern Shan States	131	23	70	70	598	9,519	9,000	26	136	129	23,812	3,62,036	3,90,000	3,66,188	...	27,964	...
	Dhone-Kurnool	72	32	32	32	2,493	2,058	2,400	78	64	75	97,857	1,00,268	1,16,000	18,143	...	15,732	...
	Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	21,945	38,555	29,700	177	311	240	10,82,935	16,24,954	15,91,000	5,08,065	...	...	33,954
	Lucknow-Bareilly	166	304	313	305	51,312	60,246	58,300	169	192	191	17,41,588	20,97,352	26,05,000	8,63,412	...	5,07,648	...
	Mysore	191	*411	401	401	*69,862	83,250	77,000	170	208	192	*30,89,250	32,23,750	34,47,000	3,57,750	...	2,23,250	...
	South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,454	1,587	1,587	5,43,097	6,11,971	6,50,000	374	385	410	2,27,41,235	2,89,88,589	2,90,16,000	62,74,765	...	27,411	...
	Travancore Branch	151	108	146	146	15,769	27,443	35,800	146	188	245	7,41,200	8,99,534	12,05,000	4,63,800	...	3,05,466	...
	Tirhoot	223	785	804	804	2,16,922	1,88,379	2,10,000	276	234	261	81,50,791	73,27,318	85,65,000	4,14,209	...	12,37,682	...
2' 6" gauge.	Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,702	2,600	...	90	87	...	1,08,777	1,09,000	1,09,000	...	223	...
2' 0" gauge.	Jorhat (Provincial)	83	32	33	33	1,695	2,712	2,300	52	82	70	1,03,488	1,18,259	97,200	...	6,288	...	21,059
	Total	495	26,235	26,786	26,713	1,18,82,408	1,42,93,366	1,49,80,400	453	534	561	45,06,63,999	55,35,16,902	61,40,43,200	16,33,79,201	...	6,05,26,298	...
	All other Railways.																	
5' 6" gauge.	Amritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	15,965	8,551	9,300	285	153	166	6,08,427	3,87,339	4,10,000	...	1,98,427	22,661	...
	Bhopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	28,119	24,900	...	625	553	...	9,32,433	11,10,000	11,10,000	...	1,77,567	...
	Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	27,145	14,948	21,400	238	131	188	8,64,963	7,05,501	9,02,000	37,037	...	1,96,499	...
	Bina-Goona-Baran	60	148	149	149	15,620	9,514	10,200	107	64	68	4,58,937	3,79,360	4,05,000	...	53,937	25,640	...
	Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	357	192	239	239	56,605	65,525	82,200	295	274	348	25,93,611	26,91,723	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	[illegible]	...
	Hardwar-Dehra	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	[illegible]	...
	Nagda-Ujjain	416	334	334	334	1,40,857	1,31,229	1,32,000	422	393	395	50,09,563	54,59,775	61,64,000	11,54,437	...	7,04,225	...
	Nizam's Guaranteed State	193	34	34	33	5,985	6,685	8,100	176	197	245	2,38,602	2,82,135	3,12,000	73,398	...	29,865	...
	Petlad-Cambay	79	...	47	47	...	6,039	4,700	...	128	100	...	1,63,829	2,08,000	2,08,000	...	44,171	...
	Phagwara-Rahon	385	108	108	108	67,738	26,619	27,800	627	246	257	15,51,398	17,52,804	23,15,000	7,63,602	...	5,62,196	...
	Rajpura-Bhatinda	65	...	4	4	...	411	800	...	103	200	...	(a)8,892	22,600	22,600	...	13,708	...
	Salem District Board	97	...	53	53	...	5,625	8,300	...	106	157	...	2,25,558	3,21,000	3,21,000	...	95,442	...
	Sara-Sirajganj	114	...	38	38	...	5,228	3,700	...	138	97	...	1,85,385	1,80,000	1,80,000	...	...	5,385
	Sialkot-Narwal	329	425	428	428	1,41,881	1,49,655	1,42,000	334	350	332	45,16,566	58,47,034	76,80,000	31,63,434	...	18,32,966	...
	Southern Punjab (Main Line)	60	103	133	133	5,459	8,075	9,300	53	61	71	2,07,164	3,48,149	3,43,000	1,35,836	...	...	5,149
	Jullundur-Doab	159	155	155	155	26,052	27,789	30,700	168	179	198	10,78,147	10,73,307	11,15,000	36,853	...	41,693	...
	Ludhiana Extension	194	155	156	156	45,948	40,670	40,300	296	261	258	11,97,676	12,41,137	14,56,000	2,58,324	...	2,14,863	...
	Tapti Valley	96	...	22	22	...	1,627	1,600	...	74	73	...	93,131	77,300	77,300	...	...	15,831
	Tenali-Repalli	84	34	34	34	2,191	2,254	1,200	65	66	35	1,02,675	1,24,988	1,18,000	15,325	...	...	6,988
3' 3⅜" gauge.	Ahmedabad-Dholka	78	89	89	89	8,225	5,565	7,300	93	63	82	3,11,654	2,95,988	3,49,000	37,346	...	53,012	...
	Ahmedabad-Parantij	188	1,239	1,244	1,248	2,21,399	2,36,473	2,63,000	179	190	211	86,51,717	94,24,055	1,18,74,000	32,22,283	...	24,49,945	...
	Bengal and North-Western	215	153	153	158	27,204	30,840	32,900	178	202	208	13,88,547	14,62,674	15,38,000	1,49,453	...	75,326	...
	Bengal-Dooars	187	52	52	52	6,644	6,466	6,900	128	124	133	2,83,591	3,05,970	2,93,000	9,409	...	...	12,970
	Bezwada-Masulipatam	148	227	249	249	30,509	41,600	48,900	134	167	196	11,92,135	15,09,982	21,60,000	9,67,865	...	6,50,018	...
	Bhavnagar State	157	33	33	33	6,625	5,639	5,400	200	171	164	2,34,905	2,19,365	2,33,000	...	1,905	13,635	...
	Cooch Behar State	322	86	86	86	29,527	27,870	27,800	343	325	317	10,93,144	11,35,837	10,77,000	...	16,144	...	58,837
	Dibru-Sadiya	90	184	209	209	14,140	18,063	17,900	77	86	86	6,32,947	7,94,268	11,01,000	4,68,053	...	3,06,732	...
	Gaekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	150	211	231	231	26,258	34,112	43,900	124	148	190	10,94,984	14,23,639	19,59,000	8,64,016	...	5,35,361	...
	Gondal-Porbandar State	179	449	441	441	1,19,571	1,16,738	1,20,000	271	265	272	32,94,327	32,33,435	39,18,000	6,23,673	...	6,84,565	...
	Hyd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	69	73	107	122	6,559	6,279	7,300	90	59	60	2,43,276	3,10,850	3,65,000	1,21,724	...	54,150	...
	Jaipur State	133	54	54	54	5,526	6,939	7,300	102	129	135	2,32,242	3,04,176	4,00,000	1,67,758	...	95,824	...
	Jamnagar	129	1,030	1,106	1,106	98,828	1,21,030	1,46,000	96	109	132	44,28,034	58,61,372	67,53,000	23,24,966	...	8,91,628	...
	Jodhpur-Bikaner	129	113	121	136	12,521	14,356	17,800	111	119	131	4,74,312	6,35,312	7,50,000	2,75,688	...	1,14,688	...
	Junagad State	242	29	29	29	7,401	7,729	7,200	255	267	248	2,59,439	2,80,616	3,27,000	67,561	...	46,384	...
	Kolhapur State	52	100	100	100	5,418	5,951	8,500	54	60	85	1,76,947	2,15,040	2,41,000	64,053	...	25,960	...
	Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	203	93	98	93	13,041	17,997	19,300	140	194	208	6,24,304	7,79,522	11,35,000	5,10,696	...	3,55,478	...
	Morvi (incldg. Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	68	...	[illegible]	100	...	13,948	15,000	...	158	150	...	(b)1,91,735	4,88,000	4,88,000	...	2,96,265	...
	Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	219	55	56	56	10,159	13,721	13,300	184	245	237	4,08,830	5,29,041	5,02,000	93,170	...	...	27,041
	Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	49	...	103	103	...	5,583	12,000	...	54	116	...	(c)15,832	2,87,000	2,87,000	...	2,71,168	...
	Mysore-Arsikere	139	...	25	25	...	3,568	3,900	...	143	156	...	1,47,742	1,57,000	1,57,000	...	9,258	...
	Podanur-Pollachi	176	268	270	270	37,190	45,511	43,700	138	169	162	16,79,579	19,81,339	21,99,000	5,19,421	...	2,17,661	...
	Rohilkund and Kumaon	189	5	5	5	903	1,041	1,200	181	208	240	30,434	38,726	49,900	19,466	...	11,174	...
	Sangli State	71	...	103	103	...	7,973	5,800	...	77	56	...	3,05,257	2,87,000	2,87,000	...	...	18,257
	Secunderabad-Gadwal	263	65	65	65	12,755	16,804	17,800	196	259	274	5,27,742	7,20,000	7,25,000	1,97,258	...	5,000	...
	Shoranur-Cochin	162	103	112	112	16,989	17,575	18,200	165	157	163	8,05,470	7,84,546	7,38,000	...	67,470	...	46,546
	Tanjore District Board	79	67	67	67	7,175	5,187	5,100	107	77	76	2,40,693	2,35,327	2,48,000	7,307	...	12,673	...
	Udaipur-Chitorgarh	141	116	117	118	32,786	17,355	21,900	283	148	186	9,63,516	7,18,725	7,69,000	...	1,94,516	50,275	...
2' 6" gauge.	Barsi	34	...	35	35	...	1,358	2,200	...	39	63	...	46,278	65,000	65,000	...	18,722	...
	Bilimora-Kalamba	52	...	22	23	...	1,043	700	...	46	30	...	(d)8,551	42,700	42,700	...	34,149	...
	Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur	76	20	32	32	2,093	2,982	2,000	105	93	62	70,307	99,849	85,400	15,093	...	...	14,449
	Champaner-Shivrajpur	68	...	27	27	...	1,449	2,900	...	54	107	...	77,491	1,01,000	1,01,000	...	23,509	...
	Dhond-Baramati	92	48	139	139	6,441	14,496	23,200	135	104	167	28,926	5,08,966	6,73,000	6,44,074	...	1,64,034	...
	Ellichpur-Yeotmal	97	142	154	154	12,474	15,148	23,000	88	98	149	5,13,281	6,34,522	7,74,000	2,60,719	...	1,39,478	...
	Gaekwar's Dabhoi	42	24	25	25	630	1,218	1,400	26	49	56	4,497	45,420	55,300	50,803	...	9,880	...
	Godhra-Lunavada	34	...	76	76	...	1,896	2,000	...	25	26	...	1,11,550	1,08,000	1,08,000	...	...	3,550
	Jacobabad-Kashmor	...	...	...	20	...	...	2,000	...	...	100	...	...	43,500	43,500	...	43,500	...
	Khulna-Bagerhaut (e)	49	11	102	102	329	5,144	4,600	30	50	45	2,200	2,07,817	2,42,000	2,39,800	...	34,183	...
	Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	27	26	26	26	420	1,141	1,200	16	44	46	20,517	27,515	35,900	15,383	...	8,385	...
	Kosamba-Zankhvav	108	28	28	28	1,708	2,373	2,700	61	85	96	80,693	1,29,373	1,60,000	79,307	...	30,627	...
	Nadiad Kapadvanj	...	...	...	25	...	...	2,200	...	...	88	...	...	40,700	40,700	...	40,700	...
	Pachora-Jamner (f)	66	...	19	19	...	1,008	1,500	...	53	79	...	55,540	69,800	69,800	...	14,260	...
	Petlad-Vaso	67	37	37	39	2,149	2,317	2,200	57	63	56	96,733	1,08,413	1,27,000	30,267	...	18,587	...
	Rajpipla State	485	51	51	51	19,617	20,130	20,860	385	395	408	9,90,584	10,98,722	11,73,000	1,82,416	...	74,278	...
2' 0" gauge.	Darjeeling-Himalayan																	
	Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	10,184	12,500	...	102	125	...	2,88,675	3,23,000	3,23,000	...	34,325	...
	Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	462	450	700	19	18	28	21,545	14,299	24,600	3,055	...	10,301	...
	Total	174	7,340	8,739	8,838	13,88,577	15,17,896	16,55,000	189	174	187	5,10,39,088	6,19,75,124	7,38,61,700	2,28,32,612	...	1,18,86,576	...
	GRAND TOTAL	417	33,575	35,525	35,551	1,32,70,985	1,58,11,262	1,66,35,400	395	445	468	50,16,93,087	61,54,92,026	68,79,04,900	18,62,11,813	...	7,24,12,874	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.
(a) From 1st June 1917.
(b) From 15th August 1917.
(c) From 3rd January 1918.
(d) From 1st December 1917.
(e) Opened from 10th June 1918.
(f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

S. TOMKINS,
[illegible] Railway Bo[illegible]

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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Bills introduced in the Indian Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Indian Legislative Council on the 10th February, 1919 :—

No. 3 of 1919.

A Bill to extend the powers of local authorities in regard to the granting of pensions and gratuities.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the powers of local authorities in regard to the granting of pensions and gratuities ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Local Authorities Pensions and Gratuities Act, 191 ;

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India including the Sonthal Parganas.

Definition.

2. In this Act "officer" means any person who has undertaken the service of Government and who, immediately prior to undertaking such service, was paid and employed solely by a local authority and, but for undertaking such service, would in the ordinary course have continued in such employment.

Power to grant extraordinary pensions and gratuities.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in any enactment or in any rule made thereunder regulating the powers of local authorities, and without prejudice to any powers conferred by or under any such enactment, a local authority may grant a pension or gratuity to any officer thereof who may since the fourth day of August, 1914, have been wounded or otherwise incapacitated in the service of Government, and to the widow or child of any such officer who may have died in consequence of injuries received or illness contracted since the fourth day of August, 1914, in the course of such service.

Provision as to pensions and gratuities.

4. (*1*) Such pension or gratuity may be granted in addition to any pension or gratuity payable to the officer or his wife or child, as the case may be, under any general or special orders of His Majesty in Council or of the Governor General in Council, but shall not, save with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, exceed the amount of the pension or gratuity to which the officer or his wife or child would have been entitled under any such orders if his employment by the local authority had been service for the same time and on the same pay under Government.

(*2*) Any pension granted under this Act may be made to take effect from such date subsequent to the fourth day of August, 1914, and subject to such conditions as the local authority may think fit.

Procedure.

5. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the decision of a local authority to grant a pension or gratuity thereunder shall be made in such manner and shall be subject to such sanction as may be prescribed by any enactment or rule regulating the grant by such local authority of pensions and gratuities :

Provided that in every case the sanction of the Local Government shall be necessary.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Provisions already exist in some of the enactments relating to local authorities for the grant of pensions and gratuities to employés who may be wounded and to the families of employés who may be killed in execution of their duty. But it is not open to a local authority to grant a pension or a gratuity to an employé or to his family when he has been incapacitated or has lost his life in the service of the State. It is proposed to permit any local authority, which so desires, to grant a pension or a gratuity in such a case ; and, in order specially to provide for cases where those who had been in the employ of local authorities proceeded on active service during the Great War, it is proposed that the measure should be applicable in cases of injury, disease or death which have occurred since the 4th August, 1914. The Act will be an enabling Act, the provisions of which can be made applicable by such local authorities as care to avail themselves of it to any case covered by the terms of the Act, the sanction of the Local Government being required in each case.

C. SANKARAN NAIR.

DELHI ;
The 21st January, 1919.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

REGISTERED No. L. 848.



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PART VI.

Proceedings of the Indian Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ASSEMBLED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915.
(5 & 6 Geo. V, Ch. 61.)

The Council met at the Council Chamber, Imperial Secretariat, Delhi, on Thursday, the 6th February, 1919.

PRESENT:

His Excellency BARON CHELMSFORD, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., G.C.B.E., Viceroy and Governor General, *presiding*, and 59 Members, of whom 52 were Additional Members.

OATH OF OFFICE.

The following Additional Members took the prescribed oath or affirmation of allegiance to the Crown:— 11 A.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. Henry Moncrieff Smith.
" Mr. Patrick James Fagan, C.S.I.
" Sir James Houssemayne DuBoulay, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.
" Mr. John Thomas Marten.
" Mr. Arthur Herbert Ley, C.I.E.
" Mr. Reginald Arthur Mant.
" Mr. Walter Francis Rice, C.S.I.
" Sir Arthur Robert Anderson, Kt., C.B.E., C.I.E.
" Mr. Thomas Emerson, C.I.E.
" Mr. Pierce Langrishe Moore, C.I.E.
" Mr. Denys de Saumarez Bray, C.I.E.

[*His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief; His Excellency the President.*] [6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

TELEGRAMS OF CONGRATULATIONS TO ALLIED ARMIES.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief:—" My Lord, I ask permission to lay on the table a copy of certain telegrams* received in reply to the message conveying the terms of the Resolution of thanks and congratulations to the Allied Armies adopted by the Indian Legislative Council on the 25th September, 1918."

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY'S SPEECH AT THE OPENING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL SESSIONS AT DELHI ON 6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.

11-5 A.M. " In welcoming Hon'ble Members once again to their Delhi Session, I think there is no topic to which I can more aptly refer at the outset than the elevation of our friend—once familiar to us here as Sir Satyendra Sinha—to the peerage and to a place in His Majesty's Government. I am sure that I shall be voicing the unanimous opinion of this assembly when I say that we are deeply gratified by the high distinction he has achieved, and that we are confident he will rise equal to the great opportunity which by his high intellectual qualities and his unfailing tact he has created for himself in the central counsels of the Empire. Personally I have always had the warmest friendship and admiration for Sir Satyendra, and I have no reason to doubt that I shall consistently entertain similar feelings towards the Right Hon'ble the Lord Sinha.

" Now there are one or two matters affecting Hon'ble Members themselves to which I will refer briefly. The first is the extension of the term of office of Members. In the ordinary course it would have been necessary to hold a general election in the spring, since with one exception all the elected Members will have completed their terms before the September Session. This seemed to me undesirable for many reasons having regard to existing circumstances, and accordingly, with the approval of the Secretary of State in Council, the regulations were amended so as to enable me to extend the life of the existing Council for a period of one year in all. I have exercised this power so as to prolong the term of office of Members till the 20th July 1920.

" As Hon'ble Members are aware, I recently intimated to them that it would not be possible to find time during the present Session for the discussion of ordinary Resolutions, and I explained the reasons that actuated me in coming to this decision. I hoped that these reasons were such as would commend themselves to Hon'ble Members, as I know that they are as anxious as I am to facilitate the progress of the Reforms proposals. A protest has, however, been received from one Hon'ble Member against the action I have taken. I do not propose to discuss the arguments with which this protest is supported, as I am satisfied that my action is not only in the public interest, but is entirely in accordance with past practice. It is, moreover, unnecessary for me to do so, as the Hon'ble Member in question, while feeling himself bound as a lawyer to protest, generously expresses himself as anxious to fall in with the object I have in view. I will only add that it is my desire to expedite the grant of wider facilities for public discussion that has led me to arrive at the decision I have taken, and I think Hon'ble Members know me well enough to believe that no power that I may possess will ever be used for the curtailment of the privileges of this Council. I would, therefore, ask Members to have patience and to put up with what they may regard as a temporary inconvenience in order to accelerate the progress of measures which may lead to the grant of further powers to their successors.

**Vide* Appendix A to these Proceedings.

[6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*The President.*]

"Among the legislative matters to be brought before you in the ensuing Session are two Bills of the highest importance. I refer of course to the Bills to give effect to the recommendations of the Commission presided over by Sir Sydney Rowlatt. These recommendations were unanimous, and coming as they did from persons who command the greatest authority, the Government of India decided that they should be brought before this Council in the shape of the necessary legislative measures. The necessity for proceeding with legislation on the subject in this Session is of course due to the early termination of hostilities and the prospect of the conclusion of peace in the near future. The very important powers which have enabled the public peace and order of India to be preserved during the war will shortly come to an end. It is essential in my judgment that they should be replaced by adequate substitutes. The sudden release from restraint and control of the forces of anarchy would involve a position which we cannot contemplate. The reaction against all authority which has manifested itself in many parts of the civilised world is not likely to leave India entirely untouched, and the powers of evil are still abroad. We cannot shut our eyes to the undoubted existence in India of definitely revolutionary organisations.

"There are facts which can neither be denied nor explained away, and the Government of India would be failing in its duty if it did not make preparation to deal with them. After the most anxious consideration of the subject I have come to the very clear conclusion that special measures are essential, not only to the maintenance of His Majesty's Government in this country, but to the safety of the lives and property of its citizens. I can only commend these Bills to your very earnest and careful consideration.

"Some Members of the Council will remember that in the cold weather of 1913-1914 Lord Hardinge's Government accepted a Resolution moved by Mr. Rama Raya Venkataranga that a joint commission of officials and non-officials should be appointed to investigate the whole subject of jail administration and to suggest improvements in the light of the experience of the West. A Committee for that purpose was on the point of being constituted when the war broke out and made it practically impossible to hope that any Committee could obtain assistance in England or any other country that had taken up arms. Now that hostilities have ceased we have taken the question up once more, and I hope that we shall shortly be able to announce the appointment of a small Committee under the chairmanship of an expert from England who is a very high authority on these matters.

"It will be also within your recollection that as a result of a Resolution in this Council last September, a Committee composed partly of official and partly of non-official Members of this Council met to consider the administration of the Arms Act. We have given the report of this Committee our most earnest attention and have lately formulated our conclusions upon the subject and submitted them to the Secretary of State. I do not suppose that they will give satisfaction to all, but the subject bristles with difficulties, and I hope it will be generally recognised, when the changes we have decided to introduce are placed before the public, that a serious attempt has been made to grapple with a very knotty problem.

"I have already mentioned in this Council the Bill introduced by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel to enable district municipalities in Bombay to adopt with the sanction of the Local Government compulsory elementary education for children. That Bill has now become law, and I am glad to see that the Government of Bombay propose to behave in a liberal manner to any municipality which desires and is able to adopt its provisions. I have recently given my assent to a Bill of a similar nature but of wider application in Bihar and Orissa, and other Bills are either awaiting introduction or have arrived at various stages in the process of legislation.

"It is a matter for congratulation that in two provinces where primary education has hitherto been peculiarly backward, namely, the United Provinces and the Punjab, vigorous action is now contemplated.

[*The President.*] [6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

"The compulsory education Bills which are in process of becoming law require that Government should be satisfied that proper facilities are, or can be provided before the measure becomes applicable in any particular area. This is a very proper condition and I make no doubt that Local Governments, when laying down rules under such sections, will also pay special attention to the very important problem of the training of teachers. Among our vernacular teachers only 32 per cent. are trained. If, as we hope now that the war is over, the rate of expansion of mass education is accelerated, the institutions for the training of vernacular teachers will have to be multiplied, enlarged and strengthened. For the first essential of a school is an efficient teacher, and if our teachers are inefficient, the money spent upon their pay and upon the buildings, equipment and up-keep of the school is only too likely to be money thrown away. We addressed the Local Governments on this important matter in 1916, and further allotted a recurring Imperial grant of 30 lakhs for the training and pay of teachers in the ensuing year. I observe with pleasure that the resolution issued by the Government of the United Provinces in pursuance of the policy for the expansion of primary education lays special stress upon the importance of training teachers, which is indeed, as I have frequently urged, a necessary preliminary to any effective advance.

"Since the last occasion on which I addressed you, we have received the long-expected Report of the Indian Industrial Commission. I regard this Report as a State document of the greatest value and importance. With the underlying principles which form the basis of the Commission's recommendations, namely, the urgent necessity not only for the improvement of Indian industries, but for the more active participation of Government in developing them, I imagine there will be unanimity of opinion. I believe strongly that there is a great future before Indian industries, but it is necessary that, if the full harvest is to be reaped, the land must be ploughed and the seed sown at the best time and in the best manner. It is essential that Indian Industries should be guided on right lines at the early stages of their development. Few people, I imagine, will hesitate to agree that in order to ensure such guidance, a great expansion of the scientific and technical advice at the disposal of industry in this country is essential, and the proposals of the Commission for the organisation of scientific and technical services form probably the most important part of their Report. I need hardly say that we have lost no time in considering this Report and in consulting Local Governments on the proposals made by the Commission. While I believe that the Commission's proposal for the organisation of an Imperial Department will be found essential to supply the necessary stimulus to industrial development and to afford advice and assistance where required, I fully recognise that the actual work of developing industries will have to be chiefly carried out by Provincial effort and under Provincial control. I know that this is a matter on which local opinion is keen, but I have no fear that the organisation which will be ultimately established will involve any undue centralisation. I cannot conclude my remarks on this subject without expressing my appreciation of the work of Sir Thomas Holland and his co-adjutors in producing this Report. The labour which with great public spirit they devoted to their difficult and complicated task was unstinted, and the care and thought with which they have elaborated their conclusions is beyond praise.

"I do not propose to-day to review at length the field of ordinary departmental work, but there are certain points specially connected with India's war effort on which I feel it right to touch. Taking the material side first, I think it is still not fully appreciated how effectively India contributed to meet war requirements. To form a correct estimate, it is necessary to picture the special difficulties which arose particularly during the later phases of the great conflict. The forces in Mesopotamia, for which we were largely responsible, were fighting in a country utterly deficient of the ordinary requirements of a modern army; there were no roads, railways or mechanical transport facilities on the rivers. The country over which the troops had to move was devoid of timber, of fuel and even of ordinary stone; everything, even firewood for cooking and fodder for the horses, had consequently to be imported.

[6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*The President.*]

"While endeavouring to meet the wants of the armies in the field our supplying officers in India were daily confronted with the competing wants of the civil population in India, and at the same time we had to restrict to the barest necessities the import into India of manufactured goods, in order to free the energies of war workers in Allied countries. The maintenance of this delicate balance between conflicting demands imposed a heavy burden of great complexity on the responsible Departments of Government.

"The necessity of supplying the coal required by transports east of Suez introduced an additional complication, by leaving us with insufficient fuel to meet the requirements of essential industries and transport within India itself. The general shortage of sea freight introduced further difficulties.

"The depletion of our supplies of manufactured goods, partly through unusual military consumption and partly by the cutting off of imports, to which I have already alluded, was naturally attended by disturbance of prices and withholding of stocks which made it difficult to obtain at short notice the necessary equipment and stores for the army.

"The complex and rapidly changing conditions that followed the depredations of enemy submarines, especially during the last two years of the war, in these ways thrust a burden on India that cannot be appreciated fully in those countries where all ordinary munitions of war can be manufactured in the country itself. Habits and administrative methods which had rested on a basis of uninterrupted import had rapidly to be recast; the manufacture of substitutes had to be devised without the usual facilities of suitable machinery; iron, steel, coke and various other necessities had to be rationed, expert labour trained, and undeveloped resources turned to account.

"The lessons learnt and the new industries inaugurated must now be developed and converted into permanent acquisitions. To this question Government is devoting its earnest attention.

"Whilst making special endeavours to be herself less dependent on outside sources of supply, India has contributed raw materials and food-stuffs to meet the needs of the Allies generally. To England we sent over 100,000 tons of hides and to Italy about 44,000 tons with a total value of some 21 millions sterling. As a result of special efforts, a considerable fraction of these were tanned before export, and in order to assist in turning this new development to permanent account, we engaged experts in tanning, in leather goods manufacture and tan-stuff research.

"Timber for structural works, exclusive of fuel and railway sleepers, to the extent of 200,000 tons were sent to the armies in the Near East. Railway materials of local manufacture sufficient to construct over 1,800 miles of track and 13,000 feet of bridging were despatched, while from our own stock we spared 229 locomotives and 5,900 vehicles.

"The unusual military demand for cotton clothing was entirely met by Indian Mills, whilst a large fraction of the woollen goods required were also manufactured locally from indigenous and imported Tibetan wool. Altogether 42 million articles of troops' clothing were manufactured.

"On the man-power side I can also give you some interesting details covering the closing stages of the war. As a result of the Delhi Conference, India undertook in response to the Prime Minister's appeal to contribute 500,000 combatant recruits during the 12 months commencing on June 1st last.

"Doubts were expressed in some quarters regarding the prospects of fulfilling the pledge, and, as the previous year had yielded only 266,000 combatants, it was clear that the most strenuous efforts would be necessary to secure the large quota promised. Although during June the number obtained was only 28,000 against 41,000 required, the succeeding months, when the full effect of the increased effort was felt, showed such gratifying results that by the 11th November, the date of the armistice, over 200,000 recruits had been obtained, and there is every reason to believe that the 300,000 required during the remaining seven months would have been forthcoming had recruiting continued.

[*The President.*] [6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

"From the commencement of the war India has furnished 1¼ million recruits—combatant and non-combatant—a most creditable achievement.

"Demobilisation of the Indian Army has commenced, but cannot become general until peace has been declared. Up to date approximately 50,000 Indian troops have been demobilised and allowed to return to their homes.

"The Recruiting Board as such has now ceased to exist, and its place has been taken by the Indian Soldiers' Board presided over by my Colleague Sir George Lowndes. It is felt that a debt of honour is due to those who have ventured, and in thousands of cases lost life and limb in the service of the Empire and of India, and that prompt and comprehensive action should be taken to discharge that debt. Accordingly the new Board has been formed. It will deal with questions affecting the interests of Indian soldiers and non-combatants serving, discharged or deceased, and will more especially consider questions connected with land rewards or other grants for distinguished service, the after care of the wounded and incapacitated, educational concessions for children and the safeguarding of the general interests of soldiers by means of provincial and district committees who will especially watch the interests of soldiers absent from their homes.

"In this connection Hon'ble Members will be interested to hear that we have taken up with Local Governments the question of the education of children, both boys and girls, of all men of whatever rank, whether combatants or non-combatants who since the 4th of August 1914 have died while on active service list duty or become permanently incapacitated owing to wounds or disease contracted while on the active list. It is proposed that such children should receive free primary education, together with a small allowance to cover incidental expenses, scholarships to carry them on to middle schools and, we hope, some reserve scholarships for still higher education. The women in India have contributed a substantial sum to be presented to Her Imperial Majesty the Queen-Empress as a Silver Wedding Gift, and it is Her Majesty's desire that this should be used for a similar purpose, supplementing the efforts of Government by providing higher education and alleviating cases which cannot well be brought within ordinary rules.

"I must also refer in passing to the efforts which Government has made during the last six months to secure through our Publicity Boards the diffusion of correct information about the war. In these efforts, we have been ably seconded by the Press of India, to whose hearty co-operation our success is largely due. I may refer particularly to the work in the United Provinces and in the Punjab. Both the United Provinces *War Journal* and the *Haq*, the organ of the Punjab Publicity Committee, have disseminated war information far and wide, and have created in the minds of thousands of our peasant-folk an interest in the larger world outside the circle of the village. Thus besides the service which has been performed by the Publicity Campaign, in assisting the people of India to form a right idea of the issues of the war, in helping forward the last War Loan, and in supplying a great stimulus to recruiting, its educative effects are such as can hardly fail to be of the utmost importance both now and in the future.

"No difficulties could compare with those imposed upon us by the war, but our release from their strain has unhappily coincided with a period of new anxieties.

"At the very moment when Great Britain and her Allies were bringing the great war to a victorious close, there suddenly fell upon the world a new calamity, the extent of which has hardly yet been measured or realised. I mean the so-called influenza which has just swept over the greater part of the globe and in an incredibly brief space of time has carried off some millions of lives. The Medical authorities did not spare themselves in coping with this fell disease. But whether in India or in other countries possessed of more perfect medical organisations, the very suddenness of the onslaught, the novelty of the symptoms and the fact that doctors were frequently laid low while battling with the scourge produced a condition of helplessness and disorganisation. All thanks are due to the unselfish efforts made by public

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and private bodies during this terrible time. The Medical authorities in India have made haste to investigate the disease, and so far as is possible to make ready by the preparation of vaccines, etc., against such another visitation. An officer has been placed on special duty in connection with the investigation. Those who complain of the apparent unsuccess of attempts to cope with this disaster, must remember that India alone has not been afflicted, that the greatest medical authorities throughout the world have been concentrating their attention on this matter, and that it is beyond human skill to find instant remedies in such a case. Two lessons we may learn if indeed they have not already been sufficiently impressed upon us by the ravages of plague and other diseases. The defects of sanitation in India are fully recognised, and in June last we addressed Local Governments on this subject, and especially on the necessity for sanitary organisation in rural tracts, and we placed before them the recommendations made by an informal conference of Sanitary Commissioners which had been held here. In the second place, it is incumbent on us to increase our facilities for research. The Medical services in India have a proud record in this respect, a record which should encourage us and give us confidence in making a bold advance in the establishment of research institutes to investigate those ailments which are particularly prevalent in India.

"Our other grave anxiety has been on the score of the unusual drought. Widespread scarcity has resulted, and a general rise of prices which presses very heavily on the poorer classes. The position has, I am glad to say, been favourably affected by the recent rainfall. As the Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill is going to make a statement covering the whole ground and setting forth the measures that have been taken to relieve the situation, I will not take up more of your time with this subject now, but before leaving it I should like to express my appreciation of the good work which Mr. Gubbay has done in discharging the duties of Food Controller.

"There is a matter of special and grave concern to the European community which is exercising me and my Government at the present time, and on which I feel I ought to touch. I refer to the difficulties in the way of securing passages home and to the exorbitant rates charged. All I can now say is that from the time the Armistice was signed we have been in constant communication with the Home authorities, urging in the most emphatic manner the claims to consideration of Europeans resident in this country, and that we shall not rest satisfied till we have secured amelioration in existing conditions.

"You will expect me now to say something in regard to the Reform proposals. The Committees under the chairmanship of Lord Southborough are now sitting in Delhi, and hope in conjunction with the Government of India to lay their Report shortly before His Majesty's Government. I have dealt on other occasions with various aspects of this important question. To-day I wish to deal more particularly with the position of the services and the English commercial community.

"It is indeed natural that the services should feel keen anxiety as to their place in the future scheme of things. The Secretary of State and I could not within the compass of our report elaborate in full detail all the issues arising out of our proposals for Reform, but now that the criticisms and discussions of the past months have brought home to us something of the misgivings and anxieties which our services are feeling, I propose to take this opportunity of stating, as clearly as I can, what my conception of their future position is.

"And first let me say this. The services of India have just come through a long period of exceptional strain. Their strength has been seriously depleted by the war. They have been called upon not merely to run the administration with a far weaker staff; not merely to help to steady men's minds during periods of depression and alarm; but they have also had to organise and promote many forms of war activity. It has been out of the question to let them take leave, and so they have stayed at their posts year after year doing double work, often

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to the detriment of their health and commonly at the sacrifice of domestic comfort. They have been hard hit by rising prices; and they have come in for attacks arising out of the agitation in connection with Reforms which have sometimes been ungenerous and unfair. But they have risen superior to all these things, and as Viceroy I am proud and glad to acknowledge on behalf of my Government the part they have played in keeping India contented and quiet, and in helping to win the war. And now the war is over, and they seem to see before them difficulties and sacrifices greater still. I want the services to know that my Government and I are fully cognisant and deeply appreciative of all these things.

" Let me state then, as clearly as I can, what I conceive to be the governing conditions of this problem. The changes which we are setting about in India must gradually involve a profound alteration in the position of the public services. Hitherto the great administrative and technical bodies of men recruited from England—such as the Indian Civil Service, the Indian Police, the Indian Medical Service, the Indian Education Service, the Indian Forest Service, the Public Works Department—have not been civil services in the sense in which that word is generally understood. I have indeed seen criticisms which assumed that our public services had usurped to themselves a place which Parliament never assigned to them. That, as every reader of history knows, is a wholly wrong and unfair suggestion. The services were sent to India by Parliament not as the executive agents of a popular government in India, but to administer the country under the official Government of India. No one else could have done the work which they have done. They could not have done it themselves, had their position been different. Now with the introduction of responsible government in India, however limited at first, a change must begin. If we set up ministers, ministers must administer; and the permanent services must execute. That is so well accepted a maxim of our British polity that no one will dispute it. This then is my first proposition.

" But to suppose as has been alleged that we propose to place the services as a whole in helpless subordination to inexperienced and possibly hostile ministers; that we intend not merely to deprive them of power, but to require them blindly to execute policies which they cannot reconcile with their self-respect is very seriously to misconceive our purpose. Let me explain at once why that is impossible. Progress to further constitutional growth in India is to come not by a process of drift; not by the English Departments or Governments throwing up the sponge out of weariness or a sense that they are fighting a losing game; not by our taking back our hand from the plough; but by the response made by Indians to the great opportunity now offered them—by the measured verdict of the highest outside impartial authority upon their performance. It is recognised at the present moment that the time is not ripe for Indians to take over the entire management of the country. Every moderate and thoughtful Indian admits that truth himself. And government, believe me, is not the simple thing it may sometimes seem. The help of the services, trained, efficient, impartial, with their high standards of duty, of character, of the public interest, is absolutely essential if this vast experiment is to succeed. We cannot afford and we do not mean to lose them until India acquires, what she has not got at present, something approximately as good to put in their place. That is my second proposition.

" The Secretary of State and I have declared our intention to protect the services in the defence of their rights and the discharge of their duties. I see that apprehensions have been aroused by the general character of this phraseology. Let me now, speaking for myself and my Government, endeavour to give precision to the undertaking. In the first place as regards their pay and pensions. I propose that the pay, pensions, leave and conditions of service generally of the services recruited from England shall be guaranteed at least by statutory orders of the Secretary of State, which no authority in India will have power to disregard or vary. My idea is that the all-India services are to be retained, as in a mould cast by Parliament and the Secretary of State, as an exemplar to all the services drawn exclusively from India. In this respect, therefore, I see no cause for disquiet.

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"I pass to a more difficult question, and one which I know is causing more doubt than any mere questions of money—the position of the services who are under Indian ministers. Now I am not going to recite the series of ways in which I conceive it possible that difficulty may arise. I ask you to take it from me that my Government and I have considered this field very anxiously and have had vividly before our minds the sort of troubles that may arise over postings or promotion, or policy or professional questions or discipline. How then can these potential difficulties be mitigated? In the first place, we hope to get as ministers responsible men who will realize how greatly the services can help them. There is more in this than a pious hope. We may look to what has happened elsewhere. It has often been the case that men going in fresh to office, full of prejudice against the public services, have found them their best ally and protector against the critics which every administrator encounters, and have ended by gaining the full confidence of the service and giving the service theirs. Secondly, we do not intend to leave the handling of the services wholly to the minister. We propose to instruct the Governor, in a published instrument, that we lay on him a personal responsibility for securing the welfare of the services. He will disallow proposals that aim or tend towards their disintegration. The head of every department under ministers will have access to the Governor. He will be in a position to represent difficulties to him before they become acute: and it will be for the Governor to deal with them by influence and persuasion, and finally by tactful exercise of authority. Lastly, we propose to secure all existing rights of appeal to the Government of India and the Secretary of State whenever an officer is prejudicially affected as regards emoluments or pension by a minister's order.

"How these arrangements will work, you and I can only leave it to experience to show. But I think that the services will accept them as an earnest attempt to fulfil the pledges which we have given. It may be that even more provisions will be required. But about those I will say nothing at present, because I am anxious to give no countenance to the idea that the services will find their position made impossible. I will merely add that the Government of India will always regard this question of the fair treatment of the services as one of the cardinal tests by which our great experiment will be judged.

"Let me now turn to the very important matter of British commercial interests in this country. It would distress me profoundly if I thought that we could with justice be accused of under-rating either the colossal financial interests at stake, or the enormous part which British non-official energy, character and brains have played in the task of making India what she is. For myself I regarded these facts as self-evident and thought that, so far as it was necessary to reassure this important community, we had in our Report made our attitude towards them quite clear. However, the complaint has been made that we have dealt too summarily with the subject. So let me emphasise our intentions. I have not found by the way in the papers of a year ago, or the criticisms just received, any reasoned statement of the ways in which it is supposed that British trade interests may be jeopardised by the changes which we have in view. I note, however, that in the joint address which some representatives of European commerce in Calcutta signed last year, reference was made to the risk of injury by 'predatory or regulative legislation' or the neglect of transportation and other facilities; and I see that the Bengal Chamber of Commerce appear to have chiefly in mind proposals for provincial taxation likely to prejudice commerce or industry.

"Now let me explain the position as I see it. The legislation on which British commerce in the main depends is mainly all-India in character. Some of it is embodied in the great commercial codes; some of it deals with matters of peculiar interest to industry like railways, factories, petroleum, explosives or mines. Now inasmuch as these will remain with the Government of India, who will, as I have laid down more than once, retain indisputable authority, there is surely no reasonable ground for apprehension. Commerce can make its voice heard just as effectively as heretofore. It may be said however that, in the future, Provincial Councils will exercise more freely the power of amending all-India Acts. But that they can only do with the previous

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sanction of the Governor General. In any case there is the safeguard of the triple veto of the Governor, the Governor General and the Crown; and this applies to all provincial legislation.

"It seems to me indeed that the control of the matters of peculiar interest to European commerce is to a great extent concentrated in the hands of the Government of India. I am thinking of the tariff and the currency; of banking, railways, shipping, posts and telegraphs. In these respects no existing measure of security is being diminished, and therefore apprehension is surely groundless

"But evidently it is in the minds of some people that in the provincial sphere it will be possible injuriously to affect the commercial community. Say, for instance, by special interests, being singled out to bear the burden of provincial taxation or by rival interests being artificially stimulated by bounties. What protection will there be in such cases? Well, the Secretary of State and I have pledged ourselves in paragraph 344 to reserve to Government power to protect any industry from prejudiced attack or privileged competition. To speak for myself, I believe this can be secured by embodying this undertaking in the instrument of instructions given to the Governor on appointment, wherein he will be informed that His Majesty's Government lay on him a responsibility for seeing that the pledge is made good With such a public document in his hands the Governor with the Government of India and Secretary of State behind him, would be in a very strong position to resist all proposals of his ministers which appeared to him to be acts of hostility to British commerce. There will moreover be representatives of that interest sitting in the provincial chamber; and I cannot do them the injustice of supposing that they will fail to bring any just grievance effectively to the Governor's notice, or if need be to remind him of his responsibility.

"Now, gentlemen, I shall not detain you much longer. The conditions under which we meet to-day are very different from those to which we have been accustomed during the past four years, for the hopes of victory—deferred nay long deferred—have now been abundantly realised, and to-day we can hold high our heads feeling, I trust, each one of us in his own way, that we have shared in the great fight for justice and truth, and that we are proud citizens of a powerful and victorious Empire

"For those who seek for proof of what the British Empire has done in this great and fateful chapter of the world's history, is not the tribute of Marshal Foch sufficient?

'The hammer blows of the British Armies were the decisive factors in the final crushing defeat of the enemy.'

"Again, is not the humiliating surrender in British waters of the German Navy a powerful—indeed almost incredible—testimony of what had gone before, of what British valour and endurance had achieved by unrelenting effort on the sea?

"On India's part in the Empire's achievement I have dwelt time and again. There is no need to tell over again what all the world knows—how India's loyalty enabled us at once to send our troops far from India's shores; how India's effort increased and developed till the supply of men, material and munitions reached a figure worthy of the stake which India had in the war; and how in the last critical stages Indian troops played a decisive part in the glorious victories won in the Eastern campaign under General Allenby.

"There are supreme moments in the life of communities as well as of men when all that is petty and sordid sinks into insignificance, when differences and animosities fade in the light of some deep emotion and we see revealed the feelings that lie deep and the things that matter. Such a moment, I think, came to us here in India when the news was celebrated throughout the length and breadth of the land that the Empire had come through its long ordeal by battle, still standing four square, its purpose unimpaired, its credit untarnished, its citizens still free. The victory of the Sarkar was every man's victory. We met upon a common platform of rejoicing, and there was

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revealed to us a deep and essential comradeship which in commonplace times of domestic stress and difficulty I trust we shall not forget.

"Who will say that there were not days during that long struggle when the outlook was dark and threatening, and we knew that it was only the dogged tenacity of the British character which stood between the civilised world and the domination of brute force? The German High Command could point with arrogance to their much boasted war map, but they had no chart of British character. There was a moral situation not susceptible of German appreciation. And to that great reserve of moral strength which made our Empire invincible, India contributed her full measure.

"It would be idle to suppose that our victory, complete and overwhelming as it is, carries us straight into a peaceful harbour of ease and content. The tempest which threatened us has abated, but the troubled sea is still a danger to all but the stoutest craft. The nations who have won the war are called upon to display qualities as fine as those which carried them through those long years to final victory. We have shown courage and tenacity in war: we must show sanity and sobriety in peace

"The difficulties engendered by the war will heavily tax our patience for many months to come Trade, supplies, prices, wages, currency, labour, transport—wherever we turn in the domestic field—there are hardships which must still be borne, difficulties which must still be overcome. In attempting to solve these problems our hands are tied in every direction, and on behalf of my Government I must ask for still more of that same patience which has been so liberally extended to us during the war.

"In the difficult days that lie ahead the established forces of law and order—the forces to which the people are from childhood accustomed—need all the support that comes from the co-operation of the great body of sober-minded citizens.

"Do not let it be supposed for one moment that I fear that this country lies in any danger of falling a victim to those disruptive forces best suggested by the name Bolshevism. The poison of that doctrine flows from failure, and I am convinced that those nations who have drunk the tonic of success with the consciousness of duty done are immune from its virus.

"Nor would I have you suppose that I have anxieties in regard to the Indian masses, for each year I have spent here has strengthened my confidence in the solid good sense of India as a whole. The bulk of the Indian masses may live their lives remote from affairs, lacking in education, still wanting in most of the paraphernalia of progress. They may perhaps in some sense be voiceless masses. But the good sense of India springs from a deep political instinct, from lessons learnt in a harsh school perhaps, learnt in ill-rewarded toil, in pestilence and famine and under the drums and tramplings of many a stern conqueror, but still learnt and not to be easily unlearnt. In that instinct lies a solid foundation for our public life. There lies our ultimate source of strength. The good sense of India has been tried in this great war as never before and it has not been found wanting. The test, as I have said, is not yet over; but, speaking for myself, I look forward confidently to the days ahead, fully assured that, when the dust of these days has subsided, a greater India will emerge—greater in resources, greater in self-help, great as ever in her loyalty to the King-Emperor."

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

11-58 A.

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul asked:—

Remova limitati imposed upon rai way tra

1. "Will Government state by what time they will be in a position to remove the various limitations imposed upon railway traffic during the war?"

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The Hon'ble Sir Arthur Anderson replied:—

"I wish that I could give the Hon'ble Member the date for which he asks. I can only assure him that the Railway Board are as anxious as he can be to see all restrictions removed and will spare no pains to this end."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul asked:—

Encashment of currency notes.

2. "(*a*) Is it a fact that currency notes are sold or exchanged at heavy rates of discount, and that this is causing severe hardship to the poor agricultural classes living in the interior of the country, and serious dislocation of business in commercial circles?

(*b*) Has it been brought to the notice of Government that the non-acceptance or acceptance only to a limited extent of currency notes for encashment at the Government treasuries has aggravated the difficulties of the general public?

(*c*) Is it a fact that in spite of the action so far taken by Government with a view to remove this complaint the evil has not yet ceased to exist? If so, will Government state what further action they propose to take in the matter?"

The Hon'ble Sir James Meston replied:—

"Currency notes are believed to be at a discount in most districts and in many places this discount probably causes hardship to persons of small incomes who have a legitimate need to change notes. This matter was raised by the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Wacha in a question asked at the last September Session of the Council, and the Hon'ble Member's attention is invited to the reply given by Sir William Meyer on the 4th September last. The present position is substantially the same as when that reply was given. The demand for rupees continues unabated, and it is only by working the mints to their utmost capacity that our liability for the encashment of notes at the seven Currency offices is being met. Actually over 8 crores of rupees were coined at the mints in the month of December alone. It is expected that the value of the silver purchased by Government during the current year will be approximately 60 crores of rupees. From these figures I hope that the Hon'ble Member will appreciate that we are doing all that is humanly possible to meet the insatiable appetite of the country for coin. What, if any, further action can be taken is a matter now engaging our anxious attention."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul asked:—

Relaxation of the India Office control of finance.

3. "Are proposals for the relaxation of the India Office control in the matter of finance under the consideration of the Government of India? If so, will the non-official members of this Council be consulted before any final decision is arrived at by Government?"

The Hon'ble Sir James Meston replied:—

"The reply to the first part of the question is in the affirmative. As the Legislative Council has already had an opportunity of expressing its views upon the Reforms proposals generally, the Government of India do not propose to consult it further on the particular point mentioned by the Hon'ble Member."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul asked:—

The Indian Industrial Commission.

4. "What action has been taken or is intended to be taken by the Government of India for the purpose of giving early effect to the various recommendations made by the Industrial Commission?"

The Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Ley replied:—

"This question was dealt with by His Excellency the Viceroy in his opening speech to the Council. The Government of India have lost no tim

[6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Mr. A. H. Ley; Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul; Sir William Vincent; Sir Claude Hill.*]

in considering the Report of the Industrial Commission, and have already consulted Local Governments on the proposals made by the Commission. They are also in communication with the Secretary of State on the subject. I am sure that the Hon'ble Member will understand that I am not in a position to make a more definite statement at the present time, but I can assure him that the matter is not being allowed to sleep."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul asked :—

5. " (*a*) Is it a fact that the Reception Committee of the Indian National Congress, Delhi, had to abandon the Presidential procession? If so, will Government state the circumstances which led the Reception Committee to adopt this course? **Abandonment of the Presidential procession at Delhi.**

(*b*) Are Government aware that the action taken by the local authorities in respect of the proposed Presidential procession exasperated the Indian educated public, and if so, do Government propose to take any action in the matter?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

" (*a*) The Government of India have been informed that the proposed procession of the President of the Indian National Congress on his arrival in Delhi on the 25th December, was abandoned because the local Reception Committee declared themselves unable to accept the route which the District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police, in the exercise of the responsibility vested in them by sections 30 to 33 of the Police Act, 1861, were prepared to license.

(*b*) Government are aware that some sections of Indian educated opinion have expressed dissatisfaction with the orders passed by the local authorities in the matter, but they are informed that other sections of the community hold the view that the District Magistrate acted rightly and properly in preferring a route on which there was no reasonable apprehension of a disturbance during the progress of the procession, to the route proposed by the Reception Committee which did not fulfil this condition. Government do not propose to take any action in the matter."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul asked :—

6. " (*a*) Has a grain census been taken in all or any of the provinces in British India from the owners or possessors of different kinds of foodstuffs? If so, in what provinces and with what result? **Food-grains.**

(*b*) If the answer to the first part of (*a*) be in the affirmative, will Government please lay upon the table a statement compiled up to date for the whole of British India giving figures for each province, district by district, showing the surplus quantity of food-grains available in the country for the use of the people and the period for which it is so available?

(*c*) Do Government propose to institute a thorough and careful inquiry as to the extent of food-stuffs grown in the country and the average balance remaining unexported for the use of the people?"

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill replied :—

" At a Conference which was held at Delhi on the 15th October, 1918, with Directors of Civil Supplies, a Resolution was passed to the effect that it was imperative to obtain as exact an estimate as possible of stocks then existing and of the actual outturn of the *Kharif* harvest in each district. This Resolution was passed in view of the necessity of conserving the food-grains supplies of India to enable her to meet her military obligations and commitments, as also in the interests of the country. Accordingly, Local Governments were addressed towards the end of October, and they were asked to obtain from District officers as accurate an estimate as possible of the stocks in their charges. The detailed procedure to be adopted in obtaining this estimate was

[*Sir Claude Hill; Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda; Sir Arthur Anderson*] [6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

left to the Local Governments, but certain lines were indicated by the Government of India who pointed out, however, that in their opinion any inquisitorial proceedings or house-to-house examination of stocks should be avoided, and Local Governments were advised to institute instead local inquiries into the proportion borne by the stocks then in existence to stocks in the corresponding months of a normal year

2 Further, Local Governments were also asked to cause a further estimate to be made early in January on the same lines.

3. Replies have now been received from a number of Local Governments, but these state that it has not been possible to obtain any estimate which can be regarded as even tolerably accurate The District officers are insistent that no confident opinion can be based on the results of the inquiries instituted by them. It is not, therefore, proposed to place on the table the figures which have been received. Moreover, they are not complete, inasmuch as returns have not been furnished by certain important provinces

4. The Government of India do not propose to cause any further inquiries to be made on the above lines as to the stocks available in the country. Since the Delhi Conference was held the situation has been entirely altered by reason of the cessation of hostilities and the consequent removal of the obligation which India had previously undertaken of making available for the benefit of the Allies her exportable surplus of foodstuffs. On the contrary His Majesty's Government have now agreed to the maintenance of the prohibition on the export of wheat and have surrendered their previous demand for a portion of the exportable surplus of rice from Burma, and have further made available for consumption in India a portion of the stocks which they hold of Australian wheat, while, on their part, the Government of India have taken steps, by limiting the export of rice, jowar and bajra, to conserve for the needs of the Indian consumer supplies available in the country."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda asked :—

Dining cars and refreshment stalls for Indian travellers.

7. " (*a*) Are dining cars provided for Indian travellers on Indian Railways? If so, how long have they been in existence and on what lines? Do Government propose to consider the desirability of extending the system to other lines, at least for experiment?

(*b*) Are there refreshment rooms on railway lines for Hindu and Muhammadan travellers like those for travellers in European style?

(*c*) Is it a fact that there are complaints by the public of the want of refreshment rooms and stalls in railway stations for the use of Hindu and Muhammadan travellers?

(*d*) Do Government intend to sanction such rooms and stalls at important stations on all lines? "

The Hon'ble Sir Arthur Anderson replied :—

" (*a*) Refreshment cars for Indian travellers were running on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, from prior to 1911 and on the North-Western Railway from 1913 up to 1917, when owing to the reduction in the passenger train services, necessitated by conditions arising out of the war, they had to be withdrawn.

Other railways, for example, the Bengal-Nagpur, Bombay Baroda and Central India and East Indian Railways tried the experiment of running refreshment cars for Indians, but were obliged to withdraw the cars as it was found that they were not sufficiently utilised to justify their continuance.

(*b*) Refreshment rooms for Hindu and Muhammadan travellers are provided at important stations and junctions where needed on most railways. This matter has been receiving a great deal of attention in recent years.

(*c*) Complaints have been received but these have not been numerous. They have received careful consideration by the Railway administrations concerned.

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(*d*) The provision of such rooms is within the competence of the railways concerned, and does not require Government sanction."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda asked :—

Indian representation on the Peace Conference.

8. " (*a*) Has the attention of Government been drawn to resolutions of public bodies in India strongly urging the delegation of non-official Indian representatives to the Peace Conference to be nominated from a panel prepared by the Indian National Congress and the All-India Moslem League ?

(*b*) Do Government propose to consider the desirability of recommending to His Majesty's Government the acceptance of this suggestion ? "

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

" The attention of Government has been drawn to resolutions of the character mentioned. The Government of India do not propose to recommend to His Majesty's Government acceptance of the suggestions contained in them."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda asked :—

Memorial to Lord Willingdon.

9. "(*a*) Has the attention of Government been drawn to the Associated Press telegram, dated Bombay, the 11th December, 1918, reporting the proceedings of a public meeting held in the Town Hall of Bombay the same day, with the object of raising a memorial to Lord Willingdon ?

(*b*) Has Government seen any correspondence that passed between the Sheriff of Bombay and a number of the citizens of Bombay headed by the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah questioning the legality of the action of the Sheriff in calling the meeting ?

(*c*) Is there a rule prohibiting memorials, addresses and presents to retiring officials ? If so, do Government propose to consider the question of extending the rule to Provincial Governors ? "

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

" (*a*) and (*b*) The answers are in the affirmative.

(*c*) A Government servant may not, without the previous sanction of the local Government, receive any complimentary or valedictory address, accept any testimonial presented to him, or attend any public meeting or entertainment held in his honour; but the head of a Government may receive an address.

No change in the rules is contemplated."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda asked :—

Grant of passports to members of the Congress and other deputations.

10. " Has Government considered the desirability of issuing passports without any further delay to the members of the Indian National Congress, the All-India Moslem League, and the Home Rule League deputations to England ? "

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

" Orders removing the embargo on the issue of passports to delegates of the Indian National Congress and of other bodies desiring to proceed to England in connection with the Reforms proposals were issued at the end of December last."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda asked :—

Prohibition against certain Newspapers entering England.

11. " (*a*) Is it a fact that the following newspapers published in India are not allowed to be circulated in England, namely, the "Hindu," "New India," the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Amrita Bazar Patrika," while Anglo-Indian papers and the "Bengalee" and the "Leader" are allowed free entry there ? "

[*Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda; Sir William Vincent; His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.*] [6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

(*b*) If the answer to (*a*) be in the affirmative, will Government be pleased to state whether the British Government prohibited the entry of the said papers into England of their own motion or at the instance of the Government of India or of any local Government?

(*c*) Is Government in a position to state the grounds on which such action has been taken?

(*d*) Is there any other instance where papers published outside England have been prohibited entry there?

(*e*) Will Government consider the propriety of moving the British Government to remove the said prohibition?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied:—

"(*a*) The export of newspapers from India to any destination was a matter for the discretion of the Indian censorship, which, in the exercise of that discretion, prevented the export of certain newspapers, published in India, to any destination, including the United Kingdom. Such prevention was, in each case, made after perusal of each newspaper and consideration of its contents by the censors, who were guided by the actual contents of each issue of each paper and not, in any case, by the general political tone of any particular paper. It is a fact that export of "New India", the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Hindu" and the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" was frequently, though not invariably, prevented by the Indian censorship.

(*b*) There was no actual prohibition at all. Whatever prevention of export from India existed was due to the Indian censorship, acting on the discretion vested in it.

(*c*) The Indian censorship was a military institution and took the action stated on purely military grounds, in view of the fact that the Home Rule agitation in India was being exploited in Germany for purposes of enemy propaganda, and there was every reason to believe that the newspapers supporting this agitation, from which copious excerpts appeared in the German propaganda, reached enemy territory, in many cases through the United Kingdom.

(*d*) There were instances in which newspapers published outside England were prevented from entering the United Kingdom. It is believed that this prevention was due to action by the British censorship and not to actual prohibition by His Majesty's Government.

(*e*) The censorship in India of the United Kingdom mails ceased on December 19th, 1918, since which date there has been no interference by the Indian censorship with the export of newspapers from India to England."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda asked:—

Delay in delivery of cables to "New India."

12. "(*a*) Has the attention of Government been drawn to complaints in "New India" that telegrams to that paper are needlessly delayed in delivery and that, as a specific instance, a cable sent by its London correspondent on the 29th November and received at the Madras Government Telegraph Office on the 30th November was not delivered till 3-40 P.M. on the 4th December, though a similar cable to the "Bombay Chronicle" was delivered to and published in that paper on the 30th November?

(*b*) Are the above allegations true? If so, will Government be pleased to state the reasons for this differential treatment?"

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief replied:—

"The attention of Government has already been drawn to this matter. The cable in question was despatched from London on the 24th and not on the 29th November and the copy intended for the "Bombay Chronicle" was passed by the local censor without reference to higher authority. The copy for "New India" was detained by the Madras censor who referred it for the

[6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief; Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya; Mr. A. H. Ley; Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma; Sir Claude Hill.*]

orders of higher authority, but the telegram which was despatched by the Madras censor was lost in transmission and this was not discovered until he had telegraphed again asking for orders. A repetition of the missing telegram was then obtained and orders were issued at once for the delivery of the telegram intended for "New India". Thus the delay in its delivery was mainly due to the accidental loss in transmission of the Madras censor's original telegram. The Hon'ble Member will, therefore, see that no differential treatment in respect of the issue of the telegram in question was intended."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya asked :—

13. "Will Government be pleased to state what steps, if any, have been taken to organise Provincial Departments of Industries on the lines recommended by the Indian Industrial Commission?" Organisation of Provincial Department of Industries.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Ley replied :—

"As the Hon'ble Member will be aware from His Excellency the Viceroy's opening speech to the Council, Local Governments have been consulted on the proposals made by the Indian Industrial Commission. I have no information yet to show what steps Local Governments propose to organise Provincial Departments of Industries or reorganise those already existing, on the lines recommended by the Commission. The Local Governments will naturally require a little time for the consideration of the proposals in the Report, but, in order that this important question may be dealt with as rapidly as possible, the Government of India have placed an officer on special duty who is now visiting the various Local Governments in order to consult with them and collect their views on the subject."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya asked :—

14. "Has the recommendation of the Indian Industrial Commission that industries should be placed in separate charge of a member of the Governor General's Executive Council been approved by the Secretary of State for India, and, if so, when is the appointment of such member likely to be made?" Placing of industries under the separate charge of a member of the Executive Council.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Ley replied :—

"I am unable to add anything to the answer already given to the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Bishan Dutt Shukul regarding the report of the Indian Industrial Commission. The Hon'ble Member can, I venture to think, hardly expect that an immediate decision should be arrived at on the important recommendations made in such a long and elaborate Report. Copies of the Report were sent to the Secretary of State by the first mail after signature by the Commissioners, but they did not reach England until about the middle of December."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

15. "Will Government be pleased to state— Consumption of food-grains in India.

(*a*) What quantities of food-stuffs, wheat, rice, chollam, ragi, barley, maize, cumbu and oil-seeds are normally consumed in India per year;

(*b*) What the estimate of the stocks expected to be available for consumption during the year 1919 is;

(*c*) What steps are proposed to be taken to supply the deficiencies, if any?"

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill replied :—

"(*a*) Estimates of yield are available only in respect of certain crops and not in respect of all crops. A rough estimate of consumption could be made by deducting the exports from the estimated yield, but, in the absence of full information, the Government of India have not attempted to frame such an

[*Sir Claude Hill; Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma; His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief; Mr. V. J. Patel; Mr. A. H. Ley; Sir William Vincent; The President.*] [6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

estimate, which would, by reasons of its incompleteness, be of little value, and might be seriously misleading.

(*b*) and (*c*) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the answer given to the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul in reply to question No. 6."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

Military training of members of the I. D. F. at Trichinopoly.

16. "Is it a fact that the young men who were undergoing military training in the Indian Defence Force at Trichinopoly have been dismissed before the completion of their course? If so, will Government afford facilities for the completion of their training?"

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief replied :—

"In consideration of the useful service rendered by the Indian Defence Force generally, instructions were issued that for the remainder of the training year no further compulsory training should be demanded beyond the completion of musketry courses, and further, that attendance at camp should be voluntary. In pursuance of this decision the compulsory training of the Indian Branch of the Indian Defence Force (Non-University) was also suspended.

Orders have been issued to General Officers Commanding Divisions that there is no objection to the continuance of training, provided that attendance at such training is voluntary."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel asked :—

The Indian Industrial Commission.

17. "What steps do Government contemplate taking to put into practice the recommendations of the Indian Industrial Commission?"

The Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Ley replied :—

"I cannot add anything at present to the answer I have already given to a similar question by the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Bishan Dutt Shukul. I shall be very glad, if the Hon'ble Member so wishes, to send him a copy."

INDUSTRIAL COMPULSION BILL.

12-18 P.M. **His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief** :—"My Lord, I beg to move for leave to withdraw the Bill to provide that certain persons liable to military service under the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917, should be liable to perform war work, which was introduced in Council on the 26th September, 1918"

The Bill was by leave withdrawn.

CRIMINAL LAW (EMERGENCY POWERS) BILL.

12-19 P.M. **The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent** :—"My Lord, may I ask your Excellency's permission to take up item No. 5 on the List of Business before item No. 2, as Item No. 5 deals with the more important of the two Bills?"

His Excellency the President :—"Certainly."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"My Lord, my task in explaining the reasons for introducing this Bill has been considerably lightened

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by the discussion on the Resolution brought by the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde last Session and I will endeavour to avoid repeating to-day what I then said. At the same time it will be my duty to place before the Council salient facts connected with this measure.

"As the Council are aware for some time before the war the Government of India were faced with the difficulty of dealing with a number of revolutionary conspiracies or rather with one revolutionary conspiracy of which there were several sub-divisions. The intention of these conspiracies was by dacoity, murder and other crimes of violence to promote a rising against the British Government and to render the administration of this country impossible. Owing to lack of any effective measures for dealing with this conspiracy, the movement gained considerable strength, and either before the war or shortly after the inception of the war, the difficulty of the situation was complicated because it received material assistance from the King's enemies. It attained indeed such serious proportions that it was really subversive of all good government in parts of this country.

"It was impossible to cope with this movement under the normal law, and if Hon'ble Members will read the Report of the Rowlatt Committee, upon which the present legislation is based, they will find confirmation of this not only in the findings of the authors of the Report, but also in the figures which they cite. It will be seen that from 1906 up to the date of the Report there were no less than 311 offences and attempts at offences connected with this revolutionary movement, in which 1,038 persons were known to be implicated. Out of that number, 64 only were convicted. In 1915, the Defence of India Act was passed, mainly in connection with certain violent outbreaks of crime in the Punjab. It was not, however, used to any great extent in Bengal though it may have been used to a small extent there. The result was that the revolutionary movement gained further strength, and in 1915 and 1916 there were 64 outrages including 14 murders, 8 of the murdered people being policemen. The Act was then enforced. I think that the specific reason for enforcing it was particularly the murder of Deputy Superintendent Basanta Chatterji. I am not positive on the point as I speak from memory. The result was that the outrages were at once reduced and from January 1917 to February 1918, I believe the total number was 10. I think I am right in saying also that during the last quarter of 1918 there were no revolutionary outrages at all. The obvious conclusion from this is that the measures taken by the Bengal Government (I am citing the Bengal Government because the movement was particularly prevalent there and illustrates the position) have been effective. The Council will see indeed that the Bengal Government has been singularly successful in dealing in this way with revolutionary crime; the success of these efforts may also further be gauged from letters which revolutionaries have themselves written Here is one :—

'Armed rising was imminent in other provinces. We could not lag behind. Government got the scent and was on the alert. Some of our best men were lost. Unfortunately at last we had to drop the idea of an immediate rising. The local organisations are still intact and can be developed if required.'

"In another letter which I have here, one of these revolutionaries says :—

'The condition here beggars all description. Trusted friends can no longer be trusted with secrets. No one wants to see us. The guardians hate us more than the enemies. (I am not surprised at that.) The students are anxious to avoid us. Those who were eager to talk to us now avoid us.'

"I cite these letters and figures to show that the movement was effectively scotched by the Government under the powers conferred on it by the Defence of India Act. I am glad also to say that the Bengal Government have at once taken advantage of the situation to release a very large number of men whom they had under restriction. A recent report of a debate in the Bengal Council indicates that out of 1,062 detenues 677 have already been released on guarantee. Of the rest, 885 are subject to restrictions of domicile only, 125 being domiciled in their own homes.

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" Well, my Lord, during the progress of these operations, the Rowlatt Report, as it is commonly called, was published. In it certain recommendations were made for legislation to enable the Government of India effectively to cope with the disorder. The position as it appeared to the Government of India was this. We had been unable effectively to cope with this movement under the normal law. We had been foiled in all our efforts. We then took restrictive measures, and we have been, or really the Local Government has been, singularly successful in dealing with it. I think if you read the Report the vital propositions are that under pre-war conditions the machinery of law and order was unfitted to cope with lawlessness of a particular type ; that the coming of the war with its emergency legislation really saved the peace of India by providing machinery which could deal with this lawlessness ; and that it is unsafe for us now to revert to the previous condition of affairs, in which these anarchical forces were allowed unrestricted license to prosecute their designs. It is on the basis of this Report that we have undertaken this legislation. But before I explain exactly what the details of the Bill are, I think I ought to make one point quite clear, and that is, that this Bill is in no sense aimed at political movements properly so called. It is definitely and distinctly intended and framed to cope with seditious crime, and it differs very materially also in its scope from the Defence of India Act. It is not, if I may say so, nearly as wide as that Act ; and, so far as I am able to interpret it, it cannot be used against any activities other than seditious activities, even though they may endanger or tend to endanger the public safety. I think it is necessary to emphasise this fact, because there seems to be in some quarters a misapprehension on the point.

"The Bill itself is divided into five parts. The first part provides for the speedy trial of offences. It can only be used or brought into operation when the Governor General in Council is satisfied that scheduled offences are prevalent in the whole or any part of British India, and that it is expedient to provide for their speedy trial. Put very shortly, the part enables such offences to be tried by a strong Court consisting of three High Court Judges expeditiously without commitment and with no right of appeal. The first part also makes provision for trials being held in case of need in the locality or near the locality where the offence was committed, and also for trials *in camera*. Another point of importance in this part of the Bill is contained in clause 17, which allows the statements of persons not examined as witnesses to be used in evidence in certain circumstances We know that witnesses have, after their statements have been recorded, been murdered and we seek to remove at least the temptation to murder these witnesses and to preserve their testimony. Another point of great importance in this part of the Bill is that we now propose to allow accused persons to give evidence on their own behalf. They are not forced to do so. They may do so or not as they like, so that those who are innocent may have full opportunity for clearing themselves. This last provision of the Bill is in accordance, I believe, exactly with the law which prevails in England.

" Part II of the Bill deals with preventive measures and with Part III is probably the part which will attract more attention. It can only be brought into operation if the Governor General in Council is satisfied that movements which are in his opinion likely to lead to the commission of offences against the State are being extensively promoted. Now if the Members of this Council will look at the Report itself, they will see that it is admitted that punitive measures alone can be of little effect in the repression of this sedition ; and it is for that reason that they have recommended these preventive measures. The powers of the Local Government where this part is brought into operation can be exercised only in respect of persons reasonably believed to be or to have been actively concerned in such area in any movement of the nature referred to in section 20, that is, a movement likely to lead to the commission of offences against the State. In such cases the Local Government may either order the person so concerned to furnish security or to notify his residence, or to reside in a particular area or to abstain from any act specified or finally to report himself to the police. In order to ensure that the powers of

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Government are not exercised without reason, the Bill provides for a safeguard in the constitution of an investigating authority which is to examine the material upon which orders against any person are framed. This investigating authority is to include one judicial officer and one non-official Indian. Further, in order that the interests of any person subjected to an order may be adequately protected, the Bill provides for the constitution of Visiting Committees to see to the welfare of such persons.

"Part III is more drastic. It can, however, only come into operation when the Governor General in Council is satisfied that scheduled offences have been or are being committed to such an extent as to endanger the public safety. In such circumstances, the Local Government, where there is reasonable ground for believing that a person has been concerned in a scheduled offence, may direct the arrest of such person, his confinement in such place and under such conditions as may be prescribed. There are again the same safeguards as under Part II for an investigating authority and for a Visiting Committee. The period of orders under Parts II and III I ought to have explained is limited to one year in the first instance and to three years in all.

"Part IV applies the provisions of Part III automatically to persons known to have been concerned in revolutionary crime at present and who are under restriction under the Defence of India Act by reason of that connection.

"I do not think that at present there is anything in Part V to which I need draw attention. It is mainly ancillary and is a matter in great measure, I think, for Select Committee. But if there is any point on which Hon'ble Members seek for information I will do my best to furnish it.

"Well, my Lord, I have now explained the provisions of this Bill, and it remains for me to say that the Government have not undertaken this legislation lightly or without anxious consideration. We have no desire to restrict the liberty of persons further than a compelling sense of duty forces us to do. At the same time we are responsible for the public peace in this country, and it is our duty to take such measures as may be necessary to secure that. No other remedy has been suggested in regard to this form of crime as yet for attaining that object. If, however, any effective remedy is proposed the Government of India will be only too glad to consider it. There seems, however, to me to be some misunderstanding as to the nature of the disruptive forces of this anarchism. There are those apparently who look upon these men as innocent patriots, guilty of nothing save an excess of possibly mistaken zeal. My Lord, I ask the Council to get rid of this delusion. These men are not patriots; they are really enemies of civilisation, they are enemies of progress and enemies of any form of organised government, whether European or Indian. It may be suggested, as it has been suggested before, that all their activities will be reduced by the introduction of the Reforms Scheme. My Lord, I should like to say that these men are as much opposed to the Reform Scheme as to anything else. During Mr. Montagu's visit last year, I myself saw a circular which was addressed to a prominent citizen in Calcutta where it was openly stated that these men were not concerned with Mr. Montagu's coming or going, and that their object was first and last to spread terror and make the Government impossible. My Lord, I think if these facts were more fully realised, we should hear less of that veiled sympathy with desperate men which really encourages them to further efforts and hinders the work of many who have the progress of this country at heart; and I suggest that it is the duty of all sober-minded men to combat this dangerous confusion of crime with patriotism, remembering what the effect of any such encouragement is. The Bill which I now seek to introduce is not aimed at patriots; it is aimed at criminals; it is not aimed at the suppression of politics at all; it is aimed rather at the purification of politics. What we seek to do is to prevent anarchy and disorder, and I think that many here will realise the importance at this juncture of combating these forces of disorder so rampant in many parts of the world when they consider the effect of anarchy both in Russia and in other countries. My Lord, if ever there was a time when it was necessary to check revolutionary and anarchical tendencies, I think it may be safely said that it is the present.

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"My Lord, at the same time, if I may say so, I realise very acutely the difficulties in which Hon'ble Members in this Council are placed. I realise their reluctance to accept a repressive measure which is frankly a repressive law aimed at the suppression of a revolutionary movement. I realise their regret that any such measure should be necessary and their constitutional dislike of any legislation which interferes with the liberty of the subject. Government is exactly in a similar position. We also recognize the constitutional objections to these interferences with liberty, but we realise the danger which has to be combated, and for that reason we are forced, though with the greatest reluctance and only after anxious consideration, to introduce this present Bill. We ask the Members of this Council to face the facts in this matter courageously and honestly.

"If the findings of the Rowlatt Committee are accepted, and I submit that they must be accepted by every reasonable man, there is no getting out of that, that is to say the facts apart from the recommendations, then is it not essential that Government should be vested with some reasonable machinery to deal with this evil? And is it not the duty of the Members of this Council to assist Government in this matter? I ask the Council very earnestly to realise their own responsibility in this matter. There are many here who claim responsible government for the country, some sooner some later; are they willing to accept the responsibility which responsible government inevitably connotes; are they willing to face the hostile criticism which must frequently be expected when action is taken in the public interest? My Lord, there are many who are watching the conduct of this Council on this occasion with great interest; it will be regarded by many as a test of capacity—whether the Members of the Council have the courage to do what is right in assisting the Government in it first duty, the maintenance of the public tranquillity. Will the Members be found wanting, and give a right to anyone to say that their attitude on this question indicates their unfitness for responsible government? I earnestly hope that no such occasion and no such material will be furnished to those who are opposed to political progress in this country.

"My Lord, with these words I commend the bill to the Council. The details, if the motion is carried, will be considered in Select Committee, and the Government is perfectly open to consider such modifications as will not render the machinery ineffective for dealing with the evil which they seek to combat.

"I now introduce the Bill and move that it be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes, the Hon'ble Pandit M. M. Malaviya, the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi, the Hon'ble Mr. Muddiman, the Hon'ble Mr. Sastri, the Hon'ble Nawab Saiyad Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, the Hon'ble Mr. Kincaid, the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde, the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea, the Hon'ble Mr. Fagan, the Hon'ble Mr. Patel, the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett, the Hon'ble Sir James DuBoulay, the Hon'ble Mr. Emerson and myself, with instructions to report on or before the 6th March, 1919."

12-34 P.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel:**—"Your Excellency, I beg to move

'That the consideration of this Bill be deferred till six months have elapsed after the expiry of the term of office of this Legislative Council.'

"In moving this amendment, I must say at the outset that no sensible Indian could be charged with having any the slightest sympathy with anarchists or anarchism. We are all interested, my Lord, in putting down anarchists or anarchism, and as a matter of fact, the interests of the Government and of the people are identical in this respect. The difference however is in the methods, in the ways and means as to how to put down these anarchists and anarchism. In every country, my Lord, revolutionary crime is really the outcome of what I may call political and administrative stagnation; if the political advancement of a country is really very slow and does not keep pace with the times, this sort of crime is bound to raise its head and disturb the peace of the country. What is then the remedy? The remedy, I submit, does not lie in repressive measures, but I am strongly of opinion that the remedy lies in the removal of the standing grievances which bring revolutionary crime

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into existence. We are all very glad that the Reforms are coming. The very publication of them has a good deal to do with the creation of a smooth atmosphere to some extent, and I am absolutely certain, my Lord, that when these reforms actually do come, particularly with the modifications suggested by the leaders of public opinion—I mean the main modifications—I have not the slightest doubt in my mind that revolutionary crime will almost disappear. It is said by the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent that anarchists are opposed to reforms, they will have nothing to do with Mr. Montagu or the Viceroy or their Reforms Report; that what they want to do is to terrorise the Government and make it impossible. Well, I assume that that is so. But I say that for revolutionary crime to advance a sort of general discontent—I should say an atmosphere of general discontent—is absolutely necessary. But let me assure your Excellency and this Council that as soon as the Reforms are granted, why their very publication has done a great deal, as soon as they are introduced, the general atmosphere of discontent will give place to an atmosphere of contentment, with the result that revolutionary crime will tend to disappear. That is the answer which I give to my Hon'ble friend Sir William Vincent's argument that anarchists do not and will not care for reforms. The amendment which I have proposed before this Council is that the consideration of this Bill should be postponed for some time. At present, as I have already pointed out, circumstances have entirely changed; even the Rowlatt Committee which made the Report did not contemplate that their recommendations should be put into effect in all and under any circumstances. As a matter of fact, in their recommendations regarding legislation to deal with the difficulties that might arise in dealing with the conspiracies, the Committee say :—

'This as expressed appears to us to be applicable to the state of circumstances under which the difficulties referred to were encountered. These difficulties have, however, been circumvented for the time being by special temporary legislation and they have not been in operation at the time of our inquiry. When this legislation, lapses circumstances may have altered and the position may be better or worse. We do not think it is for us to speculate nicely on these matters. We must of course keep in view that the present war will have come to an end, but we cannot say with what result or with what ulterior consequential effects or possibilities of consequential effects upon the situation.'

So the Rowlatt Committee itself did not contemplate that their recommendations should be put into effect under any circumstances. As a matter of fact, the circumstances have altered. Revolutionary crime had ceased to exist at the time when they made their report, and since then cessation has continued. Then, again, after the Rowlatt Report, the Reforms Report has been published, the functions and the Franchise Committees have met in India; they will shortly, as your Excellency pointed out in your opening speech, submit their Report to Parliament, and a Bill of Reforms will also be passed into law. That being so, I personally think that the passage of this measure at this juncture will materially affect the reception of the reforms in India.

"My Lord, I cannot disguise the fact that the whole country from one end to the other is entirely opposed to this measure, and I am absolutely certain, and I shall be very sorry to see it, that the passage of this Bill will stir up, in fact the introduction of it has already stirred up, a tremendous and unprecedented agitation in the country at a time when great changes are in sight. Surely Government intends that the reforms should be given a fair trial, and I am afraid that intention of Government will not be fulfilled if at this juncture this measure is passed. I must say that I am not at all surprised that the Government have thought it proper to introduce this measure at this juncture. It is one of those blunders which a Government not responsible to the people is likely to commit in moments of excitement. What I am, however, surprised at really is that a Bill of this kind should have been brought forward at a time when people really expected the introduction and discussion in this Council of measures which would bring them more liberty, more contentment, measures which really would conduce to the greater well-being of the people in matters political, in matters social, and in matters industrial. At a

[*Mr. V. J. Patel; Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea.*] [6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

time like this when the war has ended triumphantly for us, at a time when the Peace Conference is sitting to devise measures for the peace of the world, at a time when we are within sight of great constitutional reforms in India, at a time when one of the Indians is made a Member of the British Cabinet, at such a time instead of bringing forward measures which would really conduce to the well-being of Indians, a measure of this character should have been brought forward. That is a matter which surprises me. I do not at all wish to go into the merits of the measure at the present moment. I say, to say the least of these measures, they are inopportune and they should not have been brought forward at this juncture. There is almost a quietus in the country, and a tremendous agitation such as I fear to contemplate, is looming. I pray and trust this Council will consider the consequences that will result out of the passage of this Bill.

"I may be asked why I want the postponement of the consideration of this measure for the period named in the amendment. My idea is that a measure of this kind should be discussed, if at all, by the Council which would come into existence under the Reforms Scheme. I do not mean to say that this Council is in any way incompetent to deal with this question or will not do justice to it, but I do maintain that so far as this Council is concerned, its very existence is entirely at the mercy of the Executive. You can extend its life or, if you like, you can terminate it. As your Excellency said in your opening speech, by an executive order without even consulting this Council, our existence has been recently extended till the 20th of July, 1920. So in this country the Executive is all powerful, and the Council is so impotent even as regards the question of its existence. In these circumstances, and particularly if the reforms are to be given a fair trial and they are to be well received in this country, I think it is absolutely necessary, particularly when crime is at a standstill, that Government should not press this motion of reference to a Select Committee at this stage, but wait till the new Councils come into existence. As I said, I do not wish to go into the merits of the Bill. It would be sufficient for my purposes to say that we are mightily afraid of it, and we think that all our constitutional agitation for any reforms whatsoever will die if these Bills are passed into law."

12-52 P.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:**—" My Lord, I have given notice of an amendment on somewhat similar lines to those of my friend's amendment, and with your Lordship's permission, I may be allowed to make my observations at this stage of the discussion. My Lord, I confess to a sense of regret and disappointment that a Bill of this kind should have been introduced at this moment. I complain of its inopportuneness; I complain of the principles which underlie some of its provisions, and, my Lord, in saying this, I do not express my own personal views, but the considered opinions of those of my friends with whom I am accustomed to act in public life. My Lord, the leaders of the great party to which I belong (a growing and an increasingly influential party) have given this matter their careful consideration, and I am here to lay before this Council our deliberate and matured judgment upon these two Bills. My Lord, it is no use disguising the fact that the Bill has created widespread anxiety, and even alarm, in the public mind of India, and I must say there is abundant justification for this feeling. It is feared that if this Bill be passed, it will cripple our political activities and bring about the stagnation of our public life. My Hon'ble friend has read out some of the provisions of the Bill and as I was listening to them, it struck me that they contained matter which constitutes a peril to the sacred rights of personal liberty which Englishmen value so much; which I am confident this Council cherish dearly; which you, our masters in the great art of constitutional government, have taught the people of India to prize. My Lord, one of the provisions—I think it is section 21—which my friend read out, says that in a notified area the Local Government may declare, after an inquiry, executive in its character and complexion, that a person should abstain from any act. If this provision means anything (I am not a lawyer but a common-sense man

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accustomed to interpret provisions of the law in my own blunt common-sense fashion), if this means anything, it means that after this executive inquiry, a journalist may be prohibited from following his avocation, that a public man may not be allowed to address public meetings. My Lord, I consider this as a grave menace to public liberty, a serious encroachment upon the rights which have been guaranteed to us and which we prize. If a right of this kind were taken away by a duly constituted court of law, no one would have the slightest objection, but to place such dangerous, illimitable powers in the hands of executive authority, deliberating in secret, discussing in secret, deciding in secret, seems to me to be an infraction of personal rights which I almost shudder to contemplate. My Lord, in making these observations, I desire to guard myself against any misapprehension which they may give rise to. We are as anxious as the Government could possibly be for the maintenance of law and order and for the eradication of anarchical and revolutionary crimes. My Lord, they are pregnant with mischief, they can do us no good; we have witnessed in other countries the horrors which have followed in their train. We have no desire that there should be a repetition of these horrors in our dearly-beloved motherland. We abhor revolution from the bottom of our heart; we are the friends of evolution, and if I could be convinced that this law was necessary, this drastic law was required, I should certainly accept the challenge which was thrown down by my Hon'ble friend the Home Member and support his Bill. But I hope to be able to show in the course of the arguments which I am about to address your Lordship, that there is another way of getting out of the difficulty in which we are at the present moment. I am free to confess that there is, I will not say a party, but a fringe of our population, who support revolutionary ideas, but, my Lord, they are to be counted by hundreds. They are a handful as compared to the myriad millions of our vast population, and are the sins of the few to be visited upon the heads of the countless millions of the people of India? My Lord, my friend the Hon'ble Home Member has admitted that the forces of revolution are now dormant, the Government has got them well under control. Those reports of murders and lootings which we were accustomed to hear are now steadily receding into the dim mist of past history. You have, my Lord, in your armoury a weapon, offensive and defensive, which is amply sufficient for all purposes. The Defence of India Act is there, and it is now in force and will be in force until six months after the conclusion of peace. The Peace Conference has just started its sittings. The peace negotiations are going on from day to day. I take it, my Lord, that on a moderate computation, these negotiations must last at least for three or four months. That brings us down to the month of June.

"The Defence of India Act will be operative six months after the conclusion of peace. That will take us down to the end of the year. Therefore, at least up to the 31st of December, 1919, no such law as the one that you are now proposing to enact is needed. Then, my Lord, there is the power of Ordinances which you have used so freely and so frequently and to such good purpose. You can revive the Defence of India Act by an Ordinance which will continue it till June, 1920. Therefore, my Lord, having regard to the powers with which you are armed, having regard to the powers which the Government of India at present possess, and which can be easily continued, it seems to me that no case has been made out for enacting a law of this kind, at any rate at this stage.

"Nor is this all. You have got in your armoury Regulation III of 1818. It is a part of the permanent law of the land, and you can set it in motion at any time you like. As a matter of fact, I think my Hon'ble friend the Home Member will bear me out when I say that the most dangerous characters have all been interned under Regulation III of 1818.

"Therefore, my Lord, I submit with all deference but with the utmost emphasis that no case has been made out for the enactment of this law at this stage. On the contrary, it seems to me that there are very weighty reasons why you should not proceed with this legislation. By the time that the Defence of India Act expires—by the efflux of time, I will take it on the 31st

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December, 1919, or the 30th of June, 1920—by that time the Reform proposals will have been introduced in Parliament, and I am sure, I feel confident, that they will be embodied in the law of the land. And, my Lord, let us contemplate the situation as it will then be developed. A new atmosphere will have been created surcharged with the spirit of mutual esteem, of mutual confidence, of mutual co-operation between the rulers and the ruled. A new order of things will have been inaugurated, an order of things, I take it, more favourable than what now prevails for the consideration of a contentious measure like this. I ask, therefore, is it necessary, is it wise, to go on with this measure? My Lord, Burke has observed in one of those illuminating passages which abound in his immortal works that in the great task of government conciliation must precede coercion, and that when conciliation fails, then, and then only, must coercion be resorted to. My Lord, I regret to have to say that the Government of India have reversed this order of things. Repression first, conciliation next. In the first place, you place before us this Bill and ask us to pass it into law, and then come the great constitutional reforms. My Lord, furthermore, if there is one truth which should be burnt in upon the souls of the rulers of men it is this, that no measure, be it administrative or legal, can be successfully worked except with the willing concurrence and co-operation of the people. If a measure alienates popular sympathies, sets up the people in arms against you, gives rise to the fiercest agitation, it is doomed, foredoomed to failure. I very much fear that that is the case with the present Bill. The agitation has already commenced; it is growing, and it will grow, day by day. My Lord, I cannot help thinking that by passing these two Bills, or this one Bill, you will be placing a very formidable weapon in the hands of the revolutionaries whom you desire to suppress and in the hands of the reactionaries in England who desire to wreck the reforms. This measure will foster excitement, uneasiness and public discontent, and these are the impulses upon which the revolutionary instinct feeds and from which it derives its sustaining and vitalising influence. The revolutionary will say in his secret leaflets, which he circulates with strenuous persistency, 'All this talk about the Reform proposals is moonshine. It means nothing; it implies nothing. Here you have got this drastic Act symptomatic of the spirit of the administration.' All this may be grotesque, wild exaggeration, but, my Lord, in a state of popular excitement it is bound to appeal to the popular sentiment. And then what will Lord Sydenham and his followers say. Referring to this Act, they will say 'Here the Government of India by the enactment of this law tells you that India is seething with discontent and sedition, and that it is necessary to pass a law of this kind for the purpose of grappling with the situation. Tranquillise India first, and then it will be time enough to talk of Reform proposals. Look at Ireland. What has happened there? Irish discontent, the disturbed condition of Ireland, have indefinitely postponed the prospects of Home Rule.' 'Apply the same principle', Lord Sydenham and his followers will say, 'to India'. What then, my Lord, becomes of our Reform proposals? Your Excellency's Government and the authorities at home have staked their credit and reputation upon the passage of the Reforms Bill through Parliament without any attenuation, without any whittling down. The passage of that Bill will be seriously handicapped by the Bill which the Hon'ble the Home Member desires to enact.

"My Lord, I need not detain the Council any longer. I appeal to your Excellency's Government to reconsider the whole situation and to drop the Bill, or at any rate to postpone it until the Reform proposals have become the law of the land. My Lord, the agitation against the Bill has already commenced. We are receiving telegrams every hour Last night, I was awakened at midnight by a peon with a telegram purporting to be the proceedings of a public meeting protesting against the Bill. I am sure my friends over here are being troubled in the same way every hour of their lives. The agitation has commenced; it will grow. My Lord, we want—certainly an old man like myself wants—peace, freedom from agitation, from conflict and controversy. I therefore appeal to your Excellency's Government with all the emphasis that I can command to save us from being precipitated into the vortex of an

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agitation which is bound to excite the fiercest passions, which will be a source of embarrassment to your Excellency's Government and will dissipate that atmosphere of peacefulness, of tranquillity, of mutual trust and mutual confidence, which the Reform proposals have helped to create, and which we of the moderate party have tried to deepen, to extend and to promote. I do trust, therefore, that my appeal will evoke a sympathetic response in the heart of my Hon'ble friend the Home Member."

The Council adjourned for lunch till 2-15 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda :—"May I inquire the dates of the letters which the Hon'ble the Home Member referred to in his speech?" 2-15 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"I am afraid I cannot give the Hon'ble Member the information he requires."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda :—"My Lord, I whole-heartedly associate myself with the remarks of my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel and the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea. I feel, my Lord, that I will be failing in my duty to your Excellency's Government, that I shall not be mindful of the best interests of my country or the dictates of my own conscience if I do not enter a most emphatic and earnest protest against this Bill. My Lord, this Bill admittedly aims at curtailing the liberty of the subject—the right of speech and action, and some of the provisions have certainly no precedent in the jurisprudence of any other civilised country. It is my bounden duty to bring to your Excellency's notice that the introduction of this Bill has given rise to a widespread belief among the people of this country that they are going to get this as the first instalment of reforms. Surely, the Government cannot be ignorant of the amount of strong feeling that has been evoked in the country on the subject of this Bill. There have been public meetings at almost every important centre—I have read newspaper accounts of some of the meetings, and since our arrival in Delhi, as the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea has told us, we have been receiving telegrams almost hourly from almost every place urging us strongly to oppose this Bill. The other day there was a public meeting in the Calcutta Town Hall just a few hours before I left by the Punjab Mail, and it was such a large assembly that the big hall could not hold all the people and an overflow meeting had to be held outside the hall. So far I do not think I have come across anybody whose opinion is worth having who does not seem to feel alarmed that if this Bill is passed into law, untold misery will be brought on this land. My Lord, last Saturday I had the pleasure of meeting a gentleman in the Senate House in Calcutta, a gentleman who is universally esteemed for his deep learning, his unblemished character and the sobriety of his views, a gentleman who never mixes in politics, and this is what he told me: 'What will all these reforms of His Excellency the Viceroy and the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu be worth if this law is passed? Better try to save the country from this law rather than have these reforms.' Now I submit, my Lord, that that is a typical case. We all know that at the present time the 'Bengalee,' which is edited by the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea, and the 'Leader' of Allahabad, admittedly two of the most influential moderate newspapers, differ from the 'Amrita Bazaar Patrika,' 'New India,' the 'Hindu' and the 'Bombay Chronicle' very widely as regards Constitutional Reforms. But what is their attitude towards this Bill? Both sets of papers write in absolutely the same strain, and it is difficult to say which of them condemn this Bill more strongly—the 'Bengalee' and the 'Leader' or the 'Amrita Bazaar Patrika' and the 'Hindu.' Last Sunday the 'Bengalee' published the considered opinion in a signed article of Raja Kishorilal Goswami, the first Indian member of the Bengal Executive Council—a gentleman whose views, I believe, are held in respect by Government, a gentleman who, if anything, errs on the side of ultra caution; and he strongly urges the Government not to proceed with this measure. My Lord, I do not think there can be any manner of doubt that

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persons of all shades of opinion are absolutely at one as regards this Bill. There may be one or two solitary exceptions, but even they have not come forward to offer any thing in support of this Bill. It is obvious, my Lord, that whatever other results may follow if this Bill is proceeded with, Government will lose the goodwill and support of the people and communities whose support is at all times a most valuable asset. My Lord, there seems to be a class of critics, English gentlemen, both official and non-official, who persist in misunderstanding the attitude of our leaders and politicians in regard to this matter. While coming up here I read an article in the 'Englishman' of the 4th instant which seems to be typical of this view. This is what it says :—.

'In spite of the established fact that a large number of policemen, chiefly Indian, have been fatally shot or bombed, in spite of numerous dacoities in which Indians were killed and Indians robbed, in spite of many evidences of political crime, the average Indian politician and his mouthpiece, the indigenous press, have shown only sympathy for those who have, in order to prevent further political murders and dacoities, been interned in one fashion or another. Indian politicians and newspapers have never attempted really to defend their attitude. All the excuse they had to offer was embodied in the suggestion that the gangs who have been held in restriction for the good of the country were not guilty of the crime.'

"My Lord, that is not true. It is a libel on Indian politicians who are not in sympathy with these criminals. It is Indians themselves, as this article says truly, who are killed, Indians who are victimised, and Indian politicians would be demented, would be lunatics, if they sympathised with these anarchists. My Lord, it is not the anarchists that they sympathise with, but the innocent victims of police oppression. It is assumed that the persons who are hauled up before the Magistrates are always the miscreants who are guilty of the crimes which are sought to be established against them. This is what is at the back of our minds when we oppose the measure. I will not waste the time of the Council by quoting a large number of cases, but I will quote one instance from the Report of the Sedition Committee, on the findings of which the Bill is based—the attempt on the life of Basanta Chatarji, Deputy Superintendent of Police. The case is known as the Musulmanpara bomb case and is referred to in paragraph 66.

The report says :—

'From information now available it appears to be clear that this was the work of the Dacca Samiti and that the bombs had been procured from Chandernagore.'

But what was the judgment of the High Court? A young lad, a student of the Presidency College, was sent up for trial before the special tribunal presided over by the Chief Justice and Justice Sir Asutosh Mukerji. Lord Sinha (then Sir Satyendra Sinha) who was Advocate-General conducted the case for the prosecution. His conduct of prosecutions was always marked by extreme fairness, and he was impressed with the innocence of the lad, and he himself called the respected Head of the Oxford Mission to prove an *alibi* for this young man who was acquitted in spite of the attempts of the Criminal Investigation Department to swear away his life. The judgment of the High Court stated that 'the attempt of the police to connect an innocent lad with a dastardly crime had failed.' The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Mukerji made strong comments, and in fact suggested an inquiry into the police evidence; but up to now we have not heard that anything has been done. As I said, my Lord, I could quote other cases from this Report, but it would be tiring the patience of this Council. I shall therefore only refer to one more—the Sindhubala case in which two innocent respectable young ladies were subjected to all sorts of atrocities. They were kept in confinement for days and days. Has any notice been taken of the persons who were responsible for that? My Lord, if it is an offence and a crime to have sympathy with people like the Sindhubalas and the Musulmanpara case's accused, I must plead guilty. But that is what is really at the back of our minds when we oppose the Bill. My Lord, this Bill is admittedly based on the recommendations of the Sedition Committee. We all know that that Committee was presided over by an eminent Judge of the

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English High Court, and that with him was associated another eminent Judge, the Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court.

"We shall always speak of their findings and their recommendations with the utmost respect. But, my Lord, I cannot help saying that as I read some of their findings and recommendations I was reminded of an anecdote I read somewhere, probably in Serjeant Ballantyne's Reminiscences. A man was tried on a charge of stealing a horse; the case against him was very strong and everybody expected that he would be convicted But his Counsel, a Serjeant-at-Law or Queen's Counsel, I forget which, made a strong appeal and the Jury returned a verdict of not guilty. Of course he had to be acquitted, because fortunately or unfortunately—I do not know which—our Criminal Procedure Code is not in force in England. The Judge after acquitting him addressed him 'Now that you are acquitted, there is no fear of your being put on your trial again. Will you tell me whether you did not steal the horse?' The man replied 'well, my Lord, I always thought that I did it, until I heard the address of my Counsel, and now I begin to think that I did not do it.' This is my feeling, my Lord, after reading some of the findings and recommendations of this Committee. I think it will be not in order, at any rate it would be taking up the time of the Council unnecessarily, if I were to refer to the findings I had in my mind. I shall simply mention this fact that the circumstance that their decision is based upon expert evidence which was not sworn and which was not sifted by cross-examination is bound to detract somewhat from the value of their recommendations. Apart from that, it appears from the report (paragraph 176) 'that proposals for legislation for the period after the war were, however, drafted and had been under consideration when it was decided to appoint our Committee.' I submit, my Lord, that this must have tinged to a large extent their decisions in this matter.

"Before coming to this legislation four points have to be considered. The first is whether there is any need for this legislation; secondly, whether it is wise or expedient to introduce it at this moment; thirdly, the provisions of the Bill itself, and fourthly, whether this Council has the power to pass this legislation. My Lord, I will not dispute the findings of the Committee at this moment. I will accept their findings, that there was a revolutionary party and that there were criminal activities and anarchical movements, and that there were difficulties in dealing with them. Accepting all this, I submit, my Lord, no case is made out for this legislation. What is the present state of things? Is there any clear finding in the Report that the state of things which led to the passing of the Defence of India Act and the regulations thereunder is still in force, still in existence? Is there any clear finding that after that law lapses automatically there will be a recrudescence of crime which we will not be able to deal with unless we have this law? So far from that being the case the Committee say (paragraph 175).

'This as expressed appears to us to be applicable to the state of circumstances under which the difficulties referred to were encountered. These difficulties have, however, been circumvented for the time being by special temporary legislation and they have not been in operation at the time of our inquiry. When this legislation lapses, circumstances may have altered and the position may be better or worse. We do not think it is for us to speculate nicely on these matters.'

Is this a clear finding that after this legislation lapses the state of things in the country will be such as to require the special law? They simply say they do not know what it will be; they do not speculate. Is there clear ground for launching into this special legislation in anticipation of what may happen? Is there any instance, my Lord, of anticipatory repressive legislation like this in any country? You have heard the Hon'ble the Home Member say that it appears from evidence furnished by these criminals themselves that this movement is still in force. Unfortunately for me I could not get at the evidence and gather for myself whether it was important. May I point out that the presumption of the law is that evidence that is not produced, if produced, would be adverse to the prosecution? Well he admits in his statement that the Bengal Government have taken advantage of the improvement in the situation and let off more than one thousand of these persons who were

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detained. Is that not conclusive to show that the position has much improved in spite of the letters which the Hon'ble Member referred to? Furthermore, the *Bengalee* in its editorial column took the responsibility of making this statement last Sunday:—

'Men like Arabindo Ghosh and his brother Barin, enemies of British rule like Savarkar and men of his ilk, are coming forward to stand by *pax Britannica* and all that it stands for. There are a host of respectable men in the country who are prepared to stand security for a very large number of our deportees and internees and have, on more than one occasion, signified their intention to do so to the powers that be.'

In the Town Hall meeting that was held in Calcutta Mr. B. C. Chatterji, a well-known counsel practising at the High Court, openly stated that there were letters received from leading anarchists who are now in jail and in the Andamans, letters which were passed by the Censor, in which they expressed the same thing, namely, that they would stand by the Government. Mr. Chatterji also placed before the meeting an extract from an article in a Bengalee magazine called the *Prabartak* published from Chandernagore and which he attributed to Arabindo Ghosh wherein the writer took the same view, namely, that all ought to combine and co-operate with the Government, now that the reforms are going to be granted. Ought not this to be taken into consideration, my Lord, before we think of passing this repressive measure? My Lord, is there any investigation about the root cause of this movement? This was not referred to the Sedition Committee, and they do not come to any finding upon the point. Unless the root cause is removed, can you possibly put down by mere repressive measures this movement? My suggestion is that it is clear from the evidence of these anarchists, which I read to the Council just now and which is referred to in the article in the *Bengalee*, that we might take note of these facts and see what effect the reforms would have before we launch into the repressive legislation which is now contemplated. It is a case of history repeating itself. My Lord, may I refer to what Lord Morley said in his 'Recollections' at the time of the proposal to appoint Lord Kitchener as Viceroy. He said:—

'The ground on which I object is that the impression made on India by sending the greatest soldier to follow the reforms would make them look a practical paradox.' (Page 333, Vol. II.)'

"Now, my Lord, you are going to give us reforms and side by side with them and in fact before them, you are going to give us this repressive law. Will that pave the ground for the reforms in this country? If this measure is passed it is bound to create considerable agitation. I read the other day that Mr. Asquith in his election campaign was questioned by a soldier in regard to Home Rule, and this is what he said: 'The best way to get rid of the Sinn Fein is to grant self-government to Ireland. This will make short work of Sinn Feiners'. Lord Morley said with regard to the Irish Crimes Act 'If I know anything in this world it is the record and working of Irish Coercion Act since 1881, and the Irish Crimes Act was the most egregious failure in the whole history of exceptional legislation', page 328. What is there to show that what failed there will succeed in this country? Given the same cause the same result will follow whether it is Ireland or Italy or Russia or India. My Lord, our humble submission is that before you pass this measure let us see what will be the effect of the reforms in India. Where is the danger? In the first place there is the Indian Defence Force Act and that will be in force for some time yet. Peace has not yet been signed and even after it is the law will be in force for six months more. Apart from that you have got the 'rusty sword of 1818,' namely, the Bengal Regulation III of 1818. If in spite of these measures you find there is an increase of crime which cannot be dealt with by the ordinary law, surely your Lordship can pass an emergency measure, an Ordinance or even an Act in a single sitting, as was passed in the time of Lord Lytton and in the case of the Press Act. The Government would then be in a much stronger position than they are now, as your Lordship's Council would be bound to give the measure their whole-hearted support. My Lord, it will be a great misfortune if the Government

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wishes to go on with this legislation. Then I doubt if the Council has got the power to pass this law. In paragraph 200 of the Rowlatt's Committee's Report this is what is said: 'In making suggestions for legislation we have not considered at all whether it could be argued that such legislation is in any respect beyond the competence of the Governor General in Council. We have no authority to lay down the law on any such point, and any provisional assumption as the basis of our proposals would only cause embarrassment. We have proceeded therefore on the basis that any suggestions of ours which it may be decided to adopt will be given effect to by some legislature competent for the purpose'. Reading between the lines is there any doubt that the Committee was sceptical about the competency of the Council? It comes to this, my Lord, that the eminent judges were not satisfied that you have the power. Couple this with the findings of the Joint Parliamentary Committee presided over by Lord Loreborn and there is room for the submission that the matter ought to be considered further. I do not refer to the provisions of the Bill as it is not necessary for my present purpose: admittedly it is a repressive law which has created grave alarms in the country. My Lord, I have nothing more to add. I trust your Lordship's Government will be pleased to take these facts into consideration and see whether you cannot get on without this legislation. If you find it necessary to pass an emergent law, you can do so at a moment's notice, and this Council will then be bound to give it their whole-hearted support. With these words I support my Hon'ble colleague Mr. Patel's motion."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—"My Lord, in the first place I may say that I was very glad to hear from the Hon'ble the Home Member, I do not remember his words, but I think he gave expression to this feeling that the Government were introducing this measure with considerable reluctance. I fully expected that and a great deal more from the Hon'ble the Home Member who has been, at any rate for a number of years, in the judicial line and once sat on the Bench of the High Court of Calcutta. My Lord, to any man who believes in law and justice, these measures must seem abhorrent and shocking. The Hon'ble the Home Member said, 'we have got to do this; show us some other remedy and we shall consider it.' Now, before I deal with these Bills and the speech of the Hon'ble the Home Member, I shall place before the Council the grounds on which I am opposed to these Bills. My first ground is this, that it is against the fundamental principles of law and justice, namely, that no man should lose his liberty or be deprived of his liberty, without a judicial trial in accordance with the accepted rules of evidence and procedure. My second reason is, that this is a wrong remedy for the disease, namely, these revolutionary crimes, although I for one am prepared to accept as correct the findings of facts of the Rowlatt Committee that the crimes of the nature indicated have been committed. My third ground is that the powers which are going to be assumed by the executive, which means substitution of executive for judicial, such powers are likely to be abused, and in the past we have instances where such powers have been abused. My fourth ground is that there is no precedent or parallel that I know of in any other civilised country where you have laws of this character enacted. My fifth ground is that this is a most inopportune moment. At this moment I can tell you that high hopes have been raised among the people of this country because we are on the eve of great and momentous reforms being introduced. My sixth ground is that the proposed measures are of a permanent character and not temporary measures intended only to deal with an emergency of a temporary character. And the last ground why I oppose this measure is that, my Lord, I do not wish to state it by way of any threat or intimidation to Government, but I wish to state it because it is my duty to tell you that, if these measures are passed, you will create in this country from one end to the other a discontent and agitation, the like of which you have not witnessed, and it will have, believe me, a most disastrous effect upon the good relations that have existed between the Government and the people.

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"Now, my Lord, it is not a matter in which you can put one, two or three lawyers on one side and three or four lawyers on the other side and argue this matter out. The question, my Lord, to my mind, is this. First, is it or is it not a fact that these are unheard of and novel measures. That is a fact which cannot and will not be denied. Your justification for coming here and asking this Council to give you sanction to pass them into law is this. The Hon'ble the Home Member will correct me if I have misunderstood him. We had these revolutionary movements and it was difficult for us to cope with them at first, but as soon as the Defence of India Act was passed in 1915 (though the Government for the time being took those powers for the period of the war) you were able to utilise those powers for the purpose of dealing with revolutionary conspiracies and with more success. That being so, the Government is now so enamoured with these powers that it boldly asks the legislature to enact measures of this character permanently, which to my mind is subversive of all principles of jurisprudence. Now, my Lord, there is no doubt, I think, it is common sense that by these powers you can more effectively deal with conspiracies. Nobody will dispute that. But then you will ask me, why do you object to it; why don't you give us these powers? My answer is this, my Lord, that by these powers of an executive character you may be able to get hold of more real offenders but at the risk and at the cost of many other innocent men who will be persecuted and who will have no chance, no opportunity, of a proper trial. Now that is the fundamental difference between you and as far as I am concerned. You say these powers can be effective, and so they can be. But what guarantee is there for the innocent? Then you will ask, don't you trust the executive? My answer is that I certainly cannot trust the executive, because I am a firm believer,—I do not care how many Rowlatt Committees will decide and recommend,—I am a firm believer that no man's liberty should be taken away for a single minute without a proper judicial inquiry. I say that by these executive powers you may be able to lay your finger on the real offenders, but in trying to get at the real offenders I venture to say, that you would clap many innocent people, and you will clap many innocent people who will be unable to resist the executive orders. Now that, to my mind, is the root of the whole question. And what is your answer to that? and I say, my Lord, remember you are responsible; remember, once you have passed this law in this Council, your Excellency's Government is responsible, because these laws will then be put into force; they will be put into force by Local Governments, they will be put into force by officials, they will be put into force in various ways by the police; you are giving this power, and I want you, my Lord, to consider whether such a case has been made out as to enact these measures. I am now dealing only with the preventive measures. The Rowlatt Committee themselves admit it, and they also feel embarrassed; they also recognise the fact that it will involve the infringement of liberty of the subject. Take, for instance, your first clause, the important clause in the Bill section 21, which reads thus:—

'Where, in the opinion of the Local Government, there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person is or has been actively concerned in such area in any movement of the nature referred to in section 20, the Local Government may, by order in writing containing a declaration to that effect, give all or any of the following directions, namely, that such person—

(a) shall within such period as may be specified in the order execute a bond . . . . .

(b) shall notify his residence and any change of residence . . . . .

(c) shall remain or reside in any area in British India so specified.

(d) shall abstain from any act so specified which, in the opinion of the Local Government, is calculated to disturb the public peace or is prejudicial to the public safety; and

(e) shall report himself to the police at such periods as may be so specified.'

Then come the more drastic preventive measures, clause 33, which says:—

'Where in the opinion of the Local Government there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person has been or is concerned in such area in any scheduled offence, the

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Local Government may make in respect of such person any order authorised by section 21, and may further by order in writing direct—

(a) the arrest of any such person without warrant;

(b) the confinement of any such person in such place and under such conditions and restrictions as it may specify; and

(c) the search of any place specified in the order which, in the opinion of the Local Government, has been, is being, or is about to be used by any such person for any purpose prejudicial to the public safety.'

I do not know what is the meaning of the word 'movement,' the word might mean anything. Well now, who will give the information to the local Government that a person is concerned with a movement of the kind defined? Who will furnish the local Government with materials upon which the local Government will make its order? I venture to say, my Lord, it will be some police officer. Who else can it be, except somebody in the Criminal Investigation Department, or the police? It is the police who will furnish the local Government with information, *ex-parte* information, and upon that information, furnished by the police, the local Government will say, 'well, here we have got this information, we will make the order', and the order is made and it is final. I am fully alive to the fact that my friend the Law Member was a little bit annoyed when I was speaking on the Rowlatt Committee Resolution of the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde, and he pointed out to me that these orders are made subject to certain conditions. I can assure my Hon'ble friend that I was fully alive to the existence of those conditions. I would have dealt with them, but my Hon'ble friend forgets that when one is speaking on a Resolution he has only got 15 minutes of life and cannot go into every possible detail. And what are the conditions? After the order is made, after the man's liberty is taken away, under the second and more drastic preventive measures which are enacted, you have an investigating authority. After the man is either in jail, or has been arrested and is detained somewhere, you have the investigating authority. And, my Lord, what is that investigating authority? Here again I am fully alive to the fact that it is suggested that there will be one non-official member on that investigating authority. But what is that investigating authority? It will have the same materials, though it may call for more materials, but the inquiry will be anything but a judicial inquiry. The person who is either under arrest or has been detained will not be there. He may be called by the investigating authority, he may be questioned, but he may not be there. The whole inquiry will be *in camera*, most probably behind the back of the person accused and the investigating authority is then to make a report. I ask you, my Lord, again what is the good of that report, is it worth anything? I venture to say that the Hon'ble the Law Member, for whose fairness I have the utmost respect, if he were there and if 20 statements were placed before him, and if the accused were not called before him, and he was to investigate behind the back of the accused, without the assistance of any advocate or barrister, I venture to say, my Lord, that even he, with his great experience of the Courts, is likely to be misled. How are you really going to come to any decision? You know that even in a court of law, where you have sometimes the ablest counsel on both sides, it is difficult to decide whether a person is really guilty or not, and we know that juries, men of common sense, men of business, have differed. We know that judges have differed. We know that a Court sometimes convicts a man of murder, and you go to a court of appeal and on the same evidence the man is acquitted. This is a very serious matter when you are dealing with the liberty of the subject. How can you expect this investigating authority, sitting *in camera*, behind the back of the person accused, to come to any really useful conclusion? What happens then? This investigating authority will make its report and the Government is not bound to accept that report. What is the good of it? The Government will say 'we have considered it.' Now this is the condition; this is the most valuable safeguard, the great condition precedent which is made so much of. The same thing will apply in the more drastic preventive measures. Therefore, my Lord, it is no use shirking the issue, it is no use hedging round the whole of this question. It

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is quite clear and it is obvious that this measure is of a most serious character. It is dangerous. It imperils the liberty of the subject and fundamental rights of a citizen and, my Lord, standing here as I do, I say that no man who loves fair play, who loves justice and who believes in the freedom and the liberty of the people can possibly give his consent to a measure of this character. You have got to make out a very very strong case indeed, and then alone you can come to us and then I can assure the Hon'ble the Home Member that I will tell him 'yes you have made out this case, I shall co-operate with you.' What is the case you have made out? Because there are some revolutionary conspiracies; because, as the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea said, you have a small section, a few hundreds, or a few thousand if you like, who have taken to revolutionary methods, who have taken to anarchical methods, you come here and say that we are going to enact laws of this character, permanently placing them on the Statue-book, the result of which would be that no man's liberty will be safe in this country. I shall even go so far as to say this, my Lord, that there will be an end to political life and freedom in this country. No man will be safe. Supposing, my Lord, in some province some offences are committed. The Government of India is appealed to and the Government of India says 'very well, some offences have been committed—and mark you I have not dealt with the offences here, but the Schedule of Offences includes grievous hurt, rioting, and all sorts of other offences. If to-morrow, for some reason or another, there happen to be three or four riots in the Bombay Presidency, mind you nothing to do with politics at all, the Government of India may be asked to apply this Act to Bombay and the Government of India might intervene and make it applicable to Bombay............

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"Is the Hon'ble Member quite correct in his citation from the Schedule? Will he read it? He has omitted the sentence 'if, in the opinion of Government, such offence is connected with any movement endangering the safety of the State."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—"I know that perfectly well, but how is this to be ascertained. I know that the draftsman has put it in this way that provided they are connected with any offence against the State, but I say supposing you have offences of this kind. I will give you an instance. Supposing we have somebody who is dissatisfied with some individual official and happens to attack him and causes hurt............

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"May I point out that section 323 is not in the Schedule at all; the offence of simple hurt is not included."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—"I said 'grievous hurt'."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"No, the Hon'ble Member said 'hurt.'"

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—"I said 'grievous hurt' just now."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"'Grievous hurt' is also not in the Schedule. Section 326 deals with grievous hurt caused by a deadly weapon."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—"I always understood that grievous hurt is grievous hurt with any kind of weapon. Therefore, I say that you have got a Schedule of offences to which there is no limit. Of course I can go into the whole list and take up the time of the Council unnecessarily. But you will find you have got a regular list of offences. They are not offences really confined to offences against the State. Therefore, what do you find? You

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find that once you get this Act made applicable to any province, then in that province if there is a particular person who is not liked or who is supposed to be undesirable, by some official, I say that person is not safe. If he happens to incur the displeasure of a few high officials in that province, I say that man is not safe, and he has got no remedy. Apart from these details, I say, as I said before, that this is not a matter which you can argue out like two lawyers arguing out a case on one side or the other. As I said before, the question to my mind is this. What case have you made out for these powers to be given to the Government? The answer I give to the Hon'ble Member who appealed to me and said the Council must consider its responsibilities, the Council must realise its position, is this, that you have made out no case. The only case that you have made out is this, that by means of these extraordinary powers which happened to be placed in your hands owing to the war, perhaps you have been able to deal with this particular kind of crimes more efficiently than otherwise you would have done. Now that is no reason for placing these Statutes permanently on the Statute-book. I say you have ample powers as it is; use them by all means, because I do not wish for a single moment to be understood to say that I do not want you to deal with those crimes. Deal with them, but you must also remember this. Are you going to deal with these crimes in co-operation with the people, or are you going to deal with these crimes independently and in spite of the people? You may say that we do not care what the non-official Members think. I venture to say, my Lord, that there is not a single non-official Member that is going to support these measures. There may be one or two exceptions, but, as far as I know, barring one or two exceptions, the rest of them are going to oppose these measures. Not only that. Although the non-official Members in this Council certainly represent a very important volume of public opinion, you have also got the public outside, and I venture to say that the whole of the country is opposed to these measures.

"Then you say of course 'we have got the official block; we have got the official majority; we are going to carry this.' Well of course you can carry it because you have got the official majority. But I ask you, my Lord, and I ask your Government, do you or do you not accept our assurance when we say that nobody condemns those crimes more strongly than we do; nobody is more ready and more anxious to stop them than we are; nobody is more anxious to co-operate with you than we are? Therefore, will you not listen to us? Does our opinion count for anything or does it not? Does the opinion of the overwhelming majority of the non-official Members in this Council count for anything or does it not? I know it counted when you wanted £45 million. Is it or is it not going to count to-day, and, if so, why not? That is the question I ask. My Lord, we have got this question to face. As the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea has put it, this Act is not going to expire for six months after the peace is signed. You have got Regulation III in your hands. You have got the power of Ordinance; you can enact this very measure, if necessary. And if in the new Councils, when they are formed, if we find and our conviction is this that there will be no occasion; we may be wrong, I am not going to be very emphatic on that point, we may be wrong, but we feel, and, my Lord, I feel convinced that this announcement of the 20th August by His Majesty's Government followed up by the visit of the Secretary of State for India and the fact that your Lordship and the Secretary of State for India went all over the country to ascertain the public opinion on the question of constitutional reforms and the publication of your Report which I for one had never any hesitation in recognising as an advance, and I have said so not in this Council but outside had tremendous effect on the people. And whatever differences there may be between your Government and ourselves with regard to those proposals, if we eventually get those reforms in the substantial form that we expect—and on that point we mean, my Lord, to fight to the end, we will do all that lies in our power, we will do our best, we mean to go further than that Report—but, my Lord, after we have fought the fight, whatever may be the end of it, once these reforms are introduced, I can assure you, my Lord, that you have got men in this country who will then say this: 'We have fought a constitutional battle, we have done all we could in our power, but we have not

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succeeded to the fullest, but it is a real and substantial advance now these reforms are introduced, let us make the best of them.' And I hope that the Civil Service, on the other hand, will act in the same way. They may fight now, they may resist us now, they may think that they are going to be endangered and they may think that even these proposals go too far; but once the fight is over, I hope that you and we will work in co-operation and do our best to see that those reforms are made a success. At that time, I can assure you, my Lord, and I can assure the Government, if we find that there still exists these revolutionary conspiracies, and if we find in co-operation with your Government that measures of a drastic character are essential, I assure you that you will find men amongst my own countrymen who will stand side by side with you and will be ready to give their assent to laws however much they may dislike them. Even then I can assure you I shall be loath to give my consent, but I shall do so if it is necessary.. Now, therefore, do you think that you will lose anything, do you think that anything serious is going to happen if you accede to this request of ours, namely, to postpone the introduction of the Bill? That is all that we ask. Do you think that you will gain more by carrying this measure by means of your official majority against the will of the people? I say it is against the will of the people throughout the country,—and mark my word, what I say is true and will be proved to be true—against the will of the people. Are you going to do that? And I say your only justification for that would be if you can say this to me: 'The danger is so imminent—after all, we are here as a foreign Government and we have got to protect ourselves and we have got to maintain peace and order in this country—it does not matter whether you like the method or not, we are absolutely driven to this desperation, that against the will of the entire people, against responsible opinion in this country, we find we are in such great danger that unless we arm ourselves with these powers our Government is in peril.' Is that so? I venture to say No; it is not what is going to happen. You have got already more than ample powers with you, I assure you have got, I would not care to go so far as to say the entire community—there may be a small section on whom you cannot count—but almost the entire community at your back; because, believe me, we do not wish, and nobody wishes, that there should be anything but ordered progress in this country. What have you found? I cannot, my Lord, quote your Excellency's actual words in your speech to-day; but what has India shown during this War? The good sense of India, the loyalty of India—not loyalty in that stupid sense in which it is sometimes used, but free sincere co-operation—have been acknowledged. Has India failed during these last few years? Then, my Lord, what is the danger, what is the necessity, that calls for pressing on with this Bill at this moment? My Lord, I do not wish to take up the time of the Council unnecessarily. I say, first of all, as I said before, the Bill is really opposed to the fundamental principles of British justice; secondly, I say it is not opportune; thirdly, I say it will create a most disastrous effect on the public mind.

"Then, with regard to the details, the Hon'ble the Home Member said that in the Select Committee, if there are any suggestions made on matters of details, they will be considered; but the difference between us is not so much a difference as to details. The difference, as I have pointed out, is with regard to the principles,—the fundamental principles. If there were only a difference with regard to details, I have no doubt that the Select Committee would be able to solve it; and there are many matters of detail which might be suggested to the Select Committee. Take, for instance, the question about the statements of persons who are either spirited away or cannot be found and so on by the accused. You say these statements should be allowed as evidence. Well, personally I think that would be a most dangerous thing, and I will give you my reasons for it shortly. First of all, you will admit that this is going against the ordinary law of evidence—section 33—which lays down that you cannot have statements of this kind. But without

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the test laid down in section 33 you propose that these statements should be admitted in evidence if the person who made the statement has been spirited away by the accused. Now, how is this to be proved to begin with? If the police or those who are interested in putting in these statements without being tested, without being cross-examined upon—if they want to put in these statements, the simplest thing for them to do is to say, if the people who made the statements do not appear, that they have been spirited away. How is this to be investigated? And instead of the real investigation whether a man is guilty or not, you will ask the Court to investigate whether three or four persons who made statements have been in fact spirited away by the accused or not. In other words, you will have a trial within a trial. That is a most objectionable thing at any time, and in matters of this kind you will simply encourage a practice which might be abused. And therefore I say that in the first instance that provision should be taken out altogether. Then you have got many other matters of detail, but I do not want to weary this Council. I have no doubt the Select Committee—if the Bill goes to the Select Committee—will consider these matters.

"My Lord, therefore in conclusion I would again make an appeal to your Lordship's Government as a man, my Lord, who is a lover of the Constitution, as a man, my Lord, who is a lover of law and order, as a man who believes in discipline and authority, I would appeal to you to reconsider your position before you proceed with this Bill any further, and I hope that when the new Councils come into existence, there will be no occasion for the enactments of such subversive laws, but I can tell you this that if things do not improve, if things do not change, if things get worse, believe me, you will get responsible men who will stand by you and who will stand by you as strongly as anyone can. I still hope that the Government will consider this, and I say that your persistence with this Bill will be most disastrous."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"My Lord, before I proceed to discuss the Bill, may I, under rule 13 of the Rules for the Conduct of Legislative Business, ask that any papers or returns relating to the Bill which is before the Council, any Minute which may have been recorded by your Excellency's Government, and any correspondence that may have passed between your Government and the Secretary of State, may be supplied to me? That rule says— 3-23 P.M.

'Any Member may ask for any papers or return connected with any Bill before the Council.'

I beg to ask for these papers."

His Excellency the President:—"There are no papers or returns in the custody of the Secretary to the Council."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"My Lord, my request is that if your Excellency's Government has minuted upon this Bill, and if any correspondence has passed between the Secretary of State and your Excellency's Government, copies of these may be supplied to me."

His Excellency the President:—"Rule No. 13 says—

'The President shall determine, either at the time or at the meeting of the Council next following, whether the papers or returns asked for can be given.'

I will give the Hon'ble Member an answer to-morrow."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"Thank you. My Lord, at the conclusion of his speech in introducing this Bill to-day, the Hon'ble the Home Member reminded us, non-official Members of the Council, of the great responsibility which rests upon us in dealing with this matter. He went further and he told us that we shall be judged as to our capacity for having a large measure of responsibility by the attitude that we take up in relation to this Bill. My Lord, I entirely endorse that view, though I do

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not agree with the Home Member as to his object in making this remark. I hope that not only we non-official Members but that we all of us, official as well as non-official Members, will approach this question with a full sense of the responsibility which rests upon us in dealing with such an important matter.

"Now, my Lord, the motion before the Council is that the Bill in question be referred to a Select Committee. In the first instance, I raise my respectful protest against the manner in which Government have proceeded in connection with this Bill. My Lord, I cannot imagine any Bill of greater or graver import than the Bill which seeks to deprive His Majesty's subjects of the protection for their liberty which they at present enjoy under the law. This Bill proposes to substitute for the judicial machinery that is provided under the authority of Parliament and of the Imperial Legislative Council for dealing with cases affecting the liberties of His Majesty's subjects, an extra-judicial authority, an executive authority, to deal with such cases. I submit, my Lord, that if there was any Bill which required to be proceeded with strictly according to the forms and methods laid down in the rules relating to legislative business before this Council, this was one. Those rules provide that ordinarily when a Bill is introduced, a motion is to be made in the first instance that the Bill may be published in the official Gazette or Gazettes as the Council may direct. In the present case action has been taken under the exceptional provision contained in rule 23, which says : 'The Governor General, if he sees fit, may order the publication of a Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons which accompanies it in such gazettes and languages as he thinks necessary, although no motion has been made for leave to introduce the Bill. In that case it shall not be necessary to move for leave to introduce the Bill, and if the Bill be afterwards introduced, it shall not be necessary to publish it again.' My Lord, I take it that this provision has been incorporated into the rules to meet cases other than the one which is now before us. The departure from the ordinary method prescribed has resulted in this : here is a measure of very great importance. If a motion was made for leave to introduce it in the ordinary way, it would have been followed by a motion that the Bill should be published in the gazettes and circulated for opinions. The Bill would have then been circulated in the country and among public bodies for opinion ; the opinions of High Court Judges, of other Judges and Magistrates, of the various Local Governments and of public associations interested in the question would have been elicited. These opinions would have been circulated to Members of this Council, considered by your Excellency's Government and possibly also by His Majesty's Government; and after all this had been done there would have been a motion made in this Council that the Bill should be referred to a Select Committee. But what has actually been done here ? The Bill was published in the Gazette, if I am not mistaken, on the 19th January or some date about that.......

The Hon'ble Mr. A. P. Muddiman :—" On the 18th January. "

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya :—" Thanks. Now, a fortnight after that the Bill is introduced here to-day under the provisions of rule 23, without any motion for leave to introduce it. I would not have concerned myself about the formal motion to ask for leave to introduce it, but for the fact that the great advantage which the legislature intended to secure by such a motion in the first instance, namely, the publication of the Bill in the Gazette and its circulation for opinions before it should be referred to a Select Committee, has been lost to us by the course followed.

"The second thing which I complain of is that, while rule 25 provides that 'after publication of a Bill in the Gazette of India, the Select Committee to which the Bill may have been referred shall make a report thereon. Such report shall be made not sooner than three months from the date of the first publication in the Gazette of India, unless the Council orders the report to be made sooner'; here is a proposal emanating not from an ordinary Member, but from

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the Home Member, who held judicial offices for many years, disregarding that very useful provision and proposing that the Select Committee to which it is proposed to refer this Bill should report on or before the 6th March 1919. I submit, my Lord, the Home Member owed it to the Council and the public to explain what reasons of State existed which justified or led the Government to adopt a procedure which violates the ordinary rule which has been laid down for dealing with legislation. He has not done so; I hope he may yet do so. But I submit in the absence of any such explanation, the public have a right to complain that the procedure which has been followed has been followed. Your Lordship is aware, the whole Council is aware, that these Bills have fallen like bolts from the blue upon the public. Your Lordship is aware, most of us are aware, how numerous are the meetings which have been held and are being held in different parts of the country to send up protests against the introduction of these Bills. Is it fair to the public to hurl such measures as these over their heads without the slightest attempt at justifying the procedure?

"My Lord, I have no sympathy with sedition; I am sure no Member has. We hate sedition, we reprobate it. We do so for two reasons, it is bad in itself, and it hurts my own countrymen. I am sincerely sorry for the young men who have been misled into the paths of sedition; I grieve their fate. I would do anything reasonable which it were possible for us to do to save them from their fate. We have no sympathy with either anarchical crime or revolutionary crime. When necessity for legislation to deal with anarchical or revolutionary crime has been shown, the proceedings of this Council bear witness to the fact that we have given our whole support to the measure that was introduced. I will refer to the passing of the Defence of India Act. When Lord Hardinge's Government found it necessary to introduce the measure known as the Defence of India Act, every Member of this Council lent his support to that proposal. We supported it as a temporary measure. I will invite attention to a few passages in the debate on it which made this clear, one from Lord Hardinge and another from Sir Reginald Craddock. Speaking on it, Lord Hardinge said: 'You will observe that it is a war measure, to last during the period of the war and for six months afterwards. There is no one in the land more jealous than I am of the honour of India and of the striking reputation of India for loyalty that India so rightly deserves, and I am not disposed to allow the honour and fair fame of India to be tarnished by the criminal acts of a few ill-balanced minds at a moment when India's sons are shedding their blood on the battle-field for the King-Emperor and country.' Sir Reginald Craddock, who introduced the Defence of India Bill, said in the course of his speech : 'In the first place, my Lord, it is a great tribute to the loyalty of India and the peaceful behaviour of the vast majority of her people that, while the British Government passed a Defence of the Realm Act at the outbreak of the war, we are now in India half way through the eighth month of the war, before we have found it necessary to enact a similar measure in India, for, though under another name, it is really a Defence of the Realm Act to which we are to-day inviting the assent of the Council.' Sir Reginald Craddock went on to say : 'The powers that we are now asking for are the powers which in our opinion are required for the purpose of securing the public safety and the defence of British India, and we require these powers only during the continuance of the war and for six months thereafter ; that is to say, until the excitement and disturbance of the general calm, which the state of war engenders, have had time to subside.'

"The position having thus been made clear, every Member of the Council gave his whole-hearted support to the proposal. I need not quote from the speeches of all the Members who spoke, but I beg to quote one short sentence from a speech of mine on that occasion. I said :—

'The living present demands from us that in the exceptional circumstances which have been created by the war, we should lend our loyal support to the Government in adopting every measure which is necessary in order to prevent and crush mutinous acts, to preserve public peace and to protect the civil population, the law-abiding people from the evils of the misguided action of a few ill-balanced minds. We are all agreed, as the debate has shown, to the principle of the measure so far as it is needed by the exigencies of the situation for securing the public safety and the defence of the realm'.

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"I think it cannot be questioned by any Member of this Council or by anybody outside that we have given cordial support to the Government in passing a very exceptional measure such as the Defence of India Act when its necessity was made clear to us. We did so because we were told and realised that it was an exceptional measure needed by the exceptional times of the war, and that as a temporary measure it was to come to an end six months after the war. Now, my Lord, what is it that we are now asked to do? We are asked by the Hon'ble the Home Member to give our support to this exceptional measure being placed permanently on the Statute-book, and we are told that if we shall not do so, we shall be regarded as not sufficiently responsible men. I ask the Hon'ble the Home Member, and I ask every Member of the Government to tell us, what are the facts which justify such a course. I agree with Mr. Jinnah that no case has been made out for such a measure. I submit that we must have a case made out for placing provisions of such an exceptional character in the permanent Statutes of the land.

"What is the position we have to deal with? There are two kinds of crimes, revolutionary and anarchical, which the Rowlatt Committee have dealt with. Let us analyse the two. The Rowlatt Committee have not said that there was any such crime in existence in this country up to the year 1897. The first crimes to which they have referred were the unfortunate murders of two English officers in Poona in 1897. They have shown that the murder of one of these was the result of an accident, and that of the other was accountable by the fact that strong feelings had been excited against him among the people by the maladministration of plague measures in Poona. Now before I proceed further, I may say at once that so far as the findings of the Rowlatt Committee are concerned, I accept the facts which they have stated largely as they have stated them. We have to exercise caution because, as the Rowlatt Committee have themselves pointed out, they have not placed before us all the evidence upon which they based their conclusions; and without any disrespect to any Member of the Committee, without any reflection against them or any suggestion of a want of a desire on their part to do the right, we may not accept their conclusions as entirely satisfactory. The Committee have pointed out that the great mass of the statements which they had to rely upon were statements which, unfortunately, with few exceptions, they felt themselves bound to treat as confidential and that they were not able to place them before the public. The reasons which they have stated for not doing so are, I submit, not satisfactory. They have pointed out that there would be difficulty created if they had published their statements. I submit, however, that that is not a sufficient reason. In paragraph 35 of their Report they mention the reasons why they have not been able to place the statements as a whole before the public. These may have been very good reasons in their judgment for withholding the statements, but I submit that if the evidence had been made public, it is possible that the public might have come to different conclusions from those at which the Rowlatt Committee arrived. We had no doubt a Judge of His Majesty's High Court, presiding over the Committee. We also had several other experienced officers on it, one of whom I have the pleasure of seeing on my right; we also had on it an Indian Judge and a non-official Indian lawyer; all very honourable and capable men. But we know that judgments of the Judges of the High Courts have been set aside by His Majesty's Judges of the Privy Council. It is possible that the conclusions at which the Rowlatt Committee had arrived might not have been accepted by other Judges if they sifted the evidence. Take another instance. A special tribunal that sat at Lahore three years ago recommended that a certain number of persons, I think 24, should be hanged; as the result of the appeal that was made to your predecessor, 17 of these persons were saved from the gallows, because your Excellency's predecessor and his advisers felt satisfied that the tribunal in question had not sifted the evidence correctly. Therefore, granting that the considerations which prevented the Rowlatt Committee from publishing the statements may be very weighty, the fact does stand in the way of our accepting all their influences and conclusions. But with this reservation, I may say at once that I accept the statements of facts they have arrived at. They have

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been very careful in making those statements, and these will help us in deciding what should be our attitude in regard to the Bills before us.

"Now what is the position disclosed by the Committee's report with regard to this class of crime? There was a little crime in Poona in 1897; the Rowlatt Committee have dealt in their report with the prevalence and growth of revolutionary ideas in the Bombay Presidency. Their report shows however that the movement is practically dead in that province; they do not refer to anything that has happened since 1914 so far as Poona and the Bombay Presidency are concerned, Obviously therefore so far as Bombay is concerned, there is no need for legislation of the kind here proposed.

"Let us now take another Province, let us come to the United Provinces. The Committee have gone exhaustively into the state of things that exist in the United Provinces. They have come to the conclusion that though a little trouble was imported into the United Provinces, there was no indigenous anarchical tendency in the provinces. Their statement is to be found in paragraph 124 at page 136. After citing a few incidents that had taken place, regrettable and deplorable incidents though they were, they say:—

'These incidents show clearly that so far the revolutionary movement has not taken hold of any section of the people of the United Provinces, but that the position and circumstances of Benares will always render that city a point of peculiar peril.'

This does not show that in the United Provinces there is any need for perpetuating this legislation.

"Let us now look at the case of Bihar and Orissa. The Committee in paragraph 119, at page 130, say:—

'We find that the province of Bihar and Orissa has been slightly affected by the revolutionary movement, although it has been the scene of two of its worst crimes.'

Even assuming that these crimes were revolutionary, I submit that so far as Bihar and Orissa are concerned, they have not made out a case, at least the Committee's Report does not lend support to the proposal to perpetuate this extraordinary legislation there. The Committee go on to say: 'This province, however, has been used, and will in all probability continue to be used—' there I beg to differ from them because they have not stated any reason for it—'both as a seed-bed for propaganda and as a harbour for absconders.' This might be said of any part of the country. But what is more important is, as the Committee observe, that 'hitherto the character of the general population and the vigilance of the authorities, assisted by the operation of the Defence of India Act, have been able to prevent graver mischief.' That is an assumption which we can always make in favour of any province. But there is no ground shown to justify a supposition that Bihar and Orissa stand exposed to any danger of anarchical crime being revived or taking root in that province.

"Let us now come to the Central Provinces. In paragraph 126, at page 139, of their Report, the Committee say: 'The Central Provinces did not, so far as we are aware, again come into contact with dangerous movements until February 1915.' The first was in 1908. From 1908 to 1915 they did not notice any trouble in the Central Provinces 'until in February one Nalini Mohan Mukharji, one of the Benares conspirators, was deputed by Rash Bihari to induce the troops at Jubbulpur to join the rising planned by the *Ghadr* party for that month.' But in the next page, in concluding the chapter, the Committee say:—

'The incident is a neat illustration of the way in which a revolutionary from outside sows evil seeds in a place free from indigenous disaffection and also of the way in which, by firm action taken in time, mischief can be arrested.'

Clearly, the Central Provinces do not support the case for proposed legislation.

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"Then, my Lord, let us look at the case of Madras. Regarding Madras, after reviewing certain events that took place there, the Committee have stated their conclusion in paragraph 153 of their Report. They say:

'Since the trial of the Tinnevelly conspirators (in 1911) there does not appear to have been any trouble from criminal revolutionary conspiracy in the Madras Presidency. We do not consider that there was any indigenous revolutionary movement in Madras, and but for the influence of a certain gentleman and the revolutionaries plotting in Paris and Pondicherry there would have been no trouble in Southern India.'

"Now, my Lord, whether the inference that the trouble in Southern India was due to the influence of a certain gentleman is correct or not, I cannot say; but the fact to which I wish to draw attention is that the Committee do not consider that there was any indigenous revolutionary movement in Madras, and that there had been no trouble there since 1912.

"I shall next take the case of the Punjab. In the Punjab, as the Committee have pointed out, the trouble arose in 1914 because of the return of certain emigrants from Canada and other countries. Now, my Lord, we know how that trouble arose. We know that there has been for a long time past a real genuine grievance in the minds of those Indians who have gone out of this country regarding the treatment which has been meted out to them in other parts of His Majesty's Empire. A certain number of Indians returned very much dissatisfied with the treatment they had received, and there were the incidents generally known as the Komagata Maru incident and the Budge Budge riot wherein a number of His Majesty's subjects were shot dead. With great respect, I submit that the fault for that deplorable incident did not lie entirely upon those poor people who died or were interned or otherwise suffered, but upon those also who could have taken steps to prevent misunderstanding. However, these and other emigrants returned to the Punjab and disaffection spread through some of them amongst a certain number of people. There was trouble, therefore, due in this case not to any indigenous revolutionary tendencies in the province, but to the return of a certain number of Indians from Canada and other countries. Then the Government of India was requested by the Punjab Government to pass the Defence of India Act and to frame rules under it by which they could deal with the situation. The Government of India did help the Punjab Government by passing that legislation at one sitting of this Council. The result was that by the application of the rules passed under the Defence of India Act, those unfortunate tendencies, these evil tendencies subsided in the Punjab. A number of persons were tried and punished by Special Tribunals; a certain number of persons were interned; there were other measures taken. But the trouble such as it was soon subsided. On the 31st January 916, the Punjab Government reported that the returned emigrants were settling down, and that the feeling among the Sikhs was reported to be more satisfactory than at any time for some years. And the great fact which stands out in connection with the whole episode is that the people at large helped the Government, they co-operated with the Government in tracing these misguided men, and even in trying to bring them to justice. In paragraph 145 of the Report the Rowlatt Committee say:—

'Under the Defence of India Act 30 persons were interned in jail, 113 were restricted to their villages, 25 were restricted to other villages. Under the Ingress into India Ordinance 331 persons were interned between October 1914 and December 1917, of whom 224 are accounted for by the period of October 1914 to April 1915. Two hundred and forty-two of the 331 have been released. Of the emigrant revolutionaries, 2,576 in all have been restricted to their villages. We are informed that so valuable has been the work of the Sikh advisory committees in regard to restrictions, interments, relaxations and releases, so strong has been their influence on the side of law and order, that although a considerable number of suspects continued to arrive in the Punjab after the troubled period, especially from the Far East, at the end of 1917 the total of persons restricted in any way under the Ingress Ordinance was only 914, while the number of those at first restricted and then released from restriction had risen to 1,513, and releases were steadily progressing.'

The Committee say that there was a Sikh official witness who said that there were thousands of persons who had returned to India with revolutionary ideas still at liberty. That may be the caution which an official anxious to show his zeal

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or show that he is a very far-sighted man, might express. But the fact remains that in the Punjab, what little disaffection was imported from outside has subsided, under the operation of the Defence of India Act, and I submit, my Lord, no justification has been shown—I should not say shown because I do not think the Committee could be accused of being anxious to show such justification,—no justification is to be found in the Rowlatt Committee's Report for perpetuating an extraordinary piece of repressive legislation in the Punjab. I will invite attention to what they say in paragraph 116. They say :—

'It is evident that the *Gadhr* movement in the Punjab came within an ace of causing widespread bloodshed. With the high-spirited and adventurous Sikhs the interval between thought and action is short. If captured by inflammatory appeals, they are prone to act with all possible celerity and in a fashion dangerous to the whole fabric of order and constitutional rule.'

Now I draw attention to this to show that the action taken by some Sikhs ought to be judged in the light of these remarks. They had cause for irritation, and to that irritation which they brought back when they landed in India other irritation was unfortunately added, as I submit with great respect but with a clear mind, by the action which was taken by the authorities at the time. The Sikhs being an impressionable people, if they were to be misled......

The Hon'ble Sir James DuBoulay :—"The Komagata Maru incident!"

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya :—"Yes, the Komagata Maru and the whole of the incidents which took place at Budge Budge. Now, my Lord, I draw attention to this to show that the Sikhs being the impressionable people that they are and the action of the Sikh Advisory Committee having led to calm being restored, the existence of any ill-feeling among the Sikhs does not justify the perpetuation of the Defence of India regulations.

"Then, my Lord, we come to Bengal. Every one knows that there was no revolutionary or anarchical crime in Bengal until 1905. Your Excellency and your distinguished colleague Mr. Montagu have dealt with the causes that gave rise to discontent in Bengal. In considering the present diseased state of the minds of a few persons in that province, we ought to bear in mind all that has preceded. The facts which have been stated by the Rowlatt Committee and which have been referred to in the Reforms Report show how discontent arose in Bengal. Up to 1905 Bengal was entirely free, I submit, from any revolutionary tendency. In 1904, Lord Curzon introduced the Universities Bill. As has been pointed out by the Committee that unfortunate measure marked the beginning of a period of misunderstanding between the Government and the people. Following closely in its wake, came the Partition of Bengal, carried out, violently carried out despite the protests of the people, and the evil effects of that measure are too well known to require any mention. Everybody knows what the people of Bengal did after that event. Everybody knows how memorials went up from a hundred platforms, from numerous associations, how meetings of respectful protest were held all over the Province of Bengal; how deputations waited on the Lieutenant Governor, how every effort was made in this country and in England to have that measure rescinded, but the attitude unfortunately taken up at that time was that the matter was 'a settled fact,' and that it should not be unsettled. Now, my Lord, in view of the attitude taken up by the Government, the people of Bengal were driven, in the first instance, to adopt every constitutional measure which it was open to them to adopt to impress the justice of their contention upon the Government. They adopted the vow of *swadeshi*, they adopted the vow of boycott. Their object was to draw the attention of the English public and the English Ministry to their piteous cry, that their province should not have been cut asunder as it had been, that it should yet be re-united. Those cries did not succeed in drawing the attention of the

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authorities. The authorities kept up a *non possumus* attitude; they would not be moved. The result was that all the leading men, the men who were in the forefront, the men of the most moderate views who had waited upon the Governors and the Government in deputation, who had sent up memorials, who had sent up reasoned objections, found themselves unable to satisfy the people why the Government should not reconsider the matter. It was then that ideas of a new character began to force themselves upon the minds of some people. As the attitude of the Government stiffened, the attitude of the younger men also stiffened The young men were naturally more impressionable than the older people. Those of us who are growing old know that this is a natural law. Now the younger men could not bear what the older men could bear, therefore naturally but regretfully, I say they were led into paths of unconstitutional agitation. And we know what happened in subsequent years With the prosecutions and the punishments of students the feeling between the authorities and the general public grew from bad to worse from day to day. It was in this state of things that some of the young men were led into the path of unconstitutional agitation. As I have said before, nobody deplores that this should have been so more than we Indians do. We regret it for the sake of the country generally, and for the sake of the young men in particular. We wish they had not been so misled. But in dealing with an evil, it is not statesmanship to shut one's eyes to the facts which gave rise to the evil, to propose remedies without recognising the root cause which gave rise to the disease. Now, my Lord, this state of things went on in Bengal. And though the partition was undone, was unsettled by His Majesty the King Emperor when he visited this country in 1911, the evil ideas which it had given rise to were still left behind. There were some men who had been led into the wrong paths of revolutionary ideas and methods, and they continued in them. This is a matter to be deplored, to be provided against and not to be overlooked in dealing with the situation. Then the war, which broke out in 1914, brought in another trouble. We had then the *Gadhr* party also making an effort to create mischief in India. Now, my Lord, I beg the Government to keep these two causes, or rather these two movements separate in considering the questions. Such disaffection, such sedition as existed before the war could be traced to causes, which one could understand The attempts which were made during the war by the *Gadhr* party and by the Germans to mislead Indians also was a cause which contributed to disaffection and to evil results. Now the war has ended, and happily with it are ended all German plots and all the evil which they gave rise to. Therefore, we can thankfully brush aside all the incidents relating to the *Gadhr* party, and we can fervently and reasonably hope that none of its evil results will be seen in India any more. So far as the problems created by the war are concerned, we are entitled to ask the Government to consider that the war being over, and a new state of things having come into existence, the evils which the war gave rise to will not be heard of again.

"We have then the other class of revolutionary ideas and crimes which did not, entirely according to the Report of the Rowlatt Committee, spring out of the war. Now here, too, my Lord, let us fairly and squarely look facts in the face. Let us recognise, as your Excellency and Mr. Montagu have done in your Report, what is the real state of things in the country. Your Excellency and your noble colleague have in the first chapter of your Report taken a survey of the political situation in India. You have pointed out how the desire of Indians to have a larger and larger share in the administration has been growing; you have pointed out how pledges have been unredeemed and promises unfulfilled, except partly; you have pointed out how good measures like those of self-government which have been promulgated have not been allowed to fructify; how grievances which Indians have been repeating year after year in a constitutional manner have not been attended to.

"Now, my Lord, for thirty years since the Congress came into existence in 1885, the thoughtful people of India, the most responsible men among the educated Indians, have year after year brought a number of grievances before the Government in this country and in England. They have stated in a most

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reasonable form what those grievances are, and they have in the most reasonable spirit asked for the remedy of those grievances. Some of them have been remedied; some reforms have been introduced for which we are thankful; but the measures that have been introduced have not been sufficient. The causes for complaint have not been sufficiently removed. There are three factors which have come into prominence out of this state of things. There are the economic causes of discontent, there are the social causes of discontent, and there are the political causes of discontent. The economic causes have been partially noted by the Rowlatt Committee where they point out how the *bhadralog* in Bengal have found it more and more difficult to find suitable employment; that the schools have not been sufficient; that the education has not been of a varied character, and that new avenues of careers have not been provided for young men which might relieve the pressure so far as the Government services and offices are concerned. They have received a largely literary education and the two doors open to them, namely, Government service, and the Bar, are both overcrowded, and cannot accommodate a limitless supply of men. That has given rise to serious hardship and discontent. Then there is the social factor. We know, unfortunately, that the dealings between Europeans and Indians in this country are not altogether as they should be. We know that even in the matter of the services the distinctions of race which ought to have been obliterated, which it was promised would be obliterated so long ago as 1833, which it was promised would be obliterated when the gracious Proclamation of Her Majesty was issued, have not been removed. We know that scholars and students in Bengal saw that a man so distinguished as Dr. P. C. Ray, now happily knighted, though he was acknowledged to be one of the finest scholars in the country, was still rotting in the Provincial Educational Service when men far inferior to him had been put into the Indian Educational Service. Young Indians saw many such cases. They saw their own countrymen, eminent and honest, devoted to learning, devoted to the cause of education, passed over in favour of younger men from England. All this tended to add to the discontent which was felt in Bengal. So also in regard to other matters. Then there were political causes. They found that there was much in the state of things in the country which the Congress had long sought to remedy, which the best men in the country had long endeavoured to rectify by constitutional appeals to Government which had not been rectified. The Committee have taken note of a letter in which one of the revolutionaries condemned the Congress. I can very well understand why he should condemn it. The Congress would not encourage revolutionary ideas and unconstitutional methods. And, finding that the appeals of the Congress, repeatedly addressed to the Government, over the course of 25 years or so, had failed to achieve their purpose, it is a matter for regret but not for surprise, that some young men were misled into thinking that unconstitutional methods would be more efficacious.

"Now, my Lord, what is the Rowlatt Committee's finding in regard to the origin of these revolutionary and anarchical ideas? They have found that the movement was the outcome of perverted religion and perverted patriotism. They have found that these men had got the idea that it was their religious duty, that it was their patriotic duty, to attempt to subvert the English Government. They have found that these young men were not prompted, at any rate in the beginning, by any sordid idea of personal gain. These young men made up their minds to sacrifice their lives in the cause to which wrongly they gave their adherence. Now that being so, what is it that should be done? I submit, my Lord, with great respect and with great reluctance, that the responsibility for this state of things coming into existence does not rest merely upon the young men who went the wrong path. It rests upon the Government, it rests upon the administration, both Provincial and Imperial, it rests upon all of us who failed to persuade the Government to adopt the right measures to remedy the grievances, to set them right. But while we take note of the causes, we do regret the effects. And why is it that I am asking your Excellency's attention and the attention of the Council to this fact now? It is for this reason, that, while we all deplore

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the existence of such anarchical tendencies, such revolutionary crime as exists in Bengal, we should take note of the root causes which have fed those diseases, and strike at those causes as well as their effects. It is only then that we can reasonably hope for a lasting improvement in the state of things which we all join in regretting and condemning. That is what I most respectfully and most earnestly submit to your Excellency's Government and to the Council. Let us adopt those measures which will be efficacious in removing these root causes as well as their effects.

"Now, my Lord, as I have shown, there are two classes of revolutionary and anarchical crimes. The one was connected with and sprang out of the war. So far as that is concerned, the existing provisions of the Defence of India Act are ample to deal with this class of cases. As my esteemed friend the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea has pointed out, those provisions will continue in force for six months after the war. Any disaffection, any anarchical or revolutionary tendency arising out of or by reason of the war, can well be dealt with under the Rules made under the Defence of India Act. So far as this class of cases is concerned, therefore, it is not that we are running away from making provision for anarchical or revolutionary crime. There is neither veiled nor unveiled sympathy in the minds of any reasonable Indian with such crime. We all deplore, we all detest it. We want to root it out, but we want to apply the right methods, and not to foster it by adopting wrong methods.

"As regards the other class of revolutionary crime which has arisen out of and has been fed by political, social and economic causes of discontent, we reasonably expect that as reforms are introduced things will alter and improve. Now let us see what is the state of things in regard to that? Whatever was the position before the war, during the war, His Majesty's Government have made a most momentous pronouncement in regard to their relation with India. They have said that the goal of British policy is responsible government in India. Now that goal may be achieved in five years, in ten years, in twenty-five years, or even in fifty years. But the goal having been fixed I have not the least doubt, no resonable man has any doubt, that that goal will be achieved. It must be. Your Excellency and your colleague, Mr. Montagu, have made a most memorable contribution, for which we are grateful, of proposals for progress towards that goal. These proposals are before the Government. Your own Report on constitutional reforms furnishes the most excellent reasons why we ought to take a fair, a judicial and even almost a lenient view of the misguided activities of the few men who have gone into the wrong path. You yourself have pointed out how many causes of complaint there have been; how many matters there are in which Indians have been complaining without their grievances having been redressed. You have formulated your proposals for redressing those grievances. The matter is before the Government. The Reform Committees which have been appointed will shortly recommend what should be the franchise, for the reformed Councils, and what should be the subjects which should be made over to them. We are expecting that the Statute which is to initiate the proposed changes will be introduced into Parliament about Easter.

"Now, my Lord, this is the hopeful state of things in which we find ourselves. There is another important circumstance to which I wish to invite attention. The war has come to an end. During the war India made a glorious contribution to the cause of the Empire. Whatever doubts, whatever misgivings some men might have had before the war about the loyalty of India, India has proved her loyalty by the blood which Indians have shed in the several theatres of war. India has proved her loyalty by the contribution in men, money and munitions which she has made, and to which your Excellency made a handsome reference even this morning. Now, in the face of that loyalty, in the face of that deep-seated, wide-spread, proved loyalty—loyalty which has been demonstrated beyond cavil or dispute, what is it that we, the people of India, expect of the Government of India? We expect that even if there should be some misguided youths who have not yet been influenced by the new trend of events, we should deal with patience with them. We should trust to liberal and just measures of reform in order to win them over to the side of constitutionalism and of the Government.

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"Now, my Lord, in the Report to which I have referred so many times, your Lordship and the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu said:—

'We have tried to describe India's chief pre-occupations at the time when war broke out. The war has affected India in many ways, but above all it has become the predominant factor in the present political situation. Whatever qualifications may be needed in the case of particular classes, the people of India as a whole are in genuine sympathy with the cause which the Allies represent. The reasons of the entry of Britain into the war appealed to the educated classes, and they have never faltered in their allegiance. However much they may find fault with the Government, they are true in their loyalty to the British Crown, and, as it would be easy to show from their own lips, they fully recognise and value the higher aims of British policy.'

In the next paragraph your Excellency and your noble colleague said:—

'The loyalty of the country generally was emphasised by the attempt made by very small sections of the population to create trouble.'

I submit, my Lord, that with that deliberate conclusion which you have embodied in the Report and which represents nothing but the fact, I submit that with that conclusion established beyond cavil or dispute, we were led to expect that even if the evil tendencies had not entirely died out, the Government of India would resist, most strongly resist, any suggestion for legislation of the character that is now proposed; that in recognition of the part that the people of India have played in this great war, the Government of India would stand forth boldly and firmly to oppose any suggestion that there should be a perpetuation of special emergency measures which were adopted for the period of the war under the Defence of India Act; and I must say, my Lord, with respect, but with regret, that we have been disappointed beyond expression that the Government of India itself should have come forward at this juncture with the proposed legislation. I ask, my Lord, that the Government should consider its position. I ask that the Government should not lead people to think that all the great sacrifices which they have made during the war have already begun to be forgotten. The Government should give no ground, no room for thinking that the magnificent effort of India during the war has already begun to be forgotten. The Government should show by their acts that they still do trust the people, and that what they say about the deep loyalty of the people is a reality which they believe in and not an unreal sentiment expressed to flatter the people. I submit, my Lord, with great respect, that that is the attitude which the Government of India should adopt. I fear that by taking up the attitude which the Government of India have taken up, they have already to a great extent destroyed—I regret to say it—the excellent results which had been produced by four years of joint effort during the war, four years of comradeship in the war, and all the sentiments of mutual trust and esteem which it engendered. But it is not too late yet to mend, it is not too late yet to rectify the mistake; and I appeal to your Excellency that the Government should, with that sense of responsibility which the Hon'ble the Home Member asked, and rightly asked, us non-official Members to display, I appeal with all respect and deference that the Government of India should reconsider the situation and as a very special measure withdraw the Bill. Now, my Lord, what would be the result if this recommendation is accepted? I know the Government of India, constituted as it is, does not easily go back upon any legislation which it has set its heart upon. We know that to our regret; but I submit that, if in view of the very special circumstances of the situation, in view of the very special circumstances which the war has brought about, if at this time the Government should unite with the non-official Members in burying the Bill, no evil will result to the country, no evil will result to anybody, and the Defence of India Act will continue in operation for some six months after the war. The ordinary legislation which stands in the Statute-book provides ample means for dealing with all classes of crime, and if six months after the war is over, if after-measures have been introduced to remove the causes which have fed discontent, which have given rise to revolutionary and anarchical tendencies, the Government should still find that there are young men who are working in wrong paths, and that the ordinary law is not enough to deal with them, then,

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my Lord, would be the time for the Government to consider what measures should be adopted—not a measure like the present one—but what other reasonable measures should be adopted.

"It is proposed that this Bill before us should extend to the whole of India. I have endeavoured to show that the Rowlatt Committee themselves have pointed out that revolutionary tendencies and crime have not been discovered in every province equally. They have shown that in some provinces there has been no indigenous activity of that kind, and I submit that with that Report before us we cannot reasonably legislate equally for all India. In the summary of their conclusions, paragraph 166, they set forth the conclusions at which they had arrived. They say:—

'We have now investigated all the conspiracies connected with the revolutionary movement. In Bombay, they have been purely Brahmin and mostly Chitpavan.'

The report shows that it is not a living thing in Bombay now. There did exist certain individuals there, they were punished for their crimes and there was an end of their activity many years ago.

'In Bengal', the Report says, 'the conspirators have been young men belonging to the educated middle classes.' Now that is a statement to which I beg to invite your Excellency's particular attention and the particular attention of the Council too. It is not that you are dealing with criminals or men addicted to crime. The Report says: 'The conspirators have been young men belonging to the educated middle classes.' I submit that a Government which has not been able to wean such young men from the evil tendencies in question, is not justified in blaming those young men alone for such tendencies. It is the part of Government, it is the part of statesmanship, to take every step which can rightly be taken to wean these young men, who a few years before did not show any criminal tendencies, from the path into which they have been misled. Then the Report goes on to say:—

'Their propaganda has been elaborate, persistent and ingenious.'

True, but that only shows that they are men of intelligence, men of education, and it should be easier therefore to wean them from the path of evil:—

'In their own province,' the Report continues, 'it has produced a long series of murders and robberies.'

This is unfortunately true; but we must try to adopt measures which will show these young men how very deplorable it is that they should indulge in any such activities, that they should commit murders and robberies, measures which will show them that a new chapter has opened, a new day is dawning on India—a day of liberalised administration, a day of greater recognition of the rights of Indians, of more adequate provision of careers for them, and of the treatment of Indians generally as they should be treated in their own country.

'In Bihar and Orissa', the Report says, "In Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Central Provinces and Madras, it took no root, but occasionally led to crime and disorder. In the Punjab the return of emigrants from America, bent on revolution and bloodshed, produced numerous outrages and the *Ghadr* conspiracy of 1915.'

" But I think we can safely say that it is not now a factor in the Punjab which would justify the proposed legislation.

"There is another sentence, my Lord, in that part of their Report to which I beg to invite attention. After stating that 'all these plots have been directed towards one and the same objective, the overthrow by force of British rule in India'; a silly attempt—'sometimes they have been isolated; sometimes they have been interconnected; sometimes they have been encouraged and supported by German influence.'

" But the Committee go on to say—'all have been successfully encountered with the support of Indian loyalty.' I ask you, my Lord, I ask whether in fairness, whether in justice to that loyalty, the Government should not say 'No' to the proposals of legislation before us, whether it should not still rely upon

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that loyalty to curb these evil tendencies and to eradicate it from the land. They go on to say: 'It is not surprising that in dealing with conspiracies so elusive and carefully contrived Government has been compelled to resort to extraordinary legislation.' But that work has been done; that extraordinary legislation will still be available for six months after the war; let it have its course till then and be done with it. Let us hope and pray that the evil will be dead in the new state of things which will dawn.

"My Lord, in the presence of this report, I cannot understand how the Government could make up its mind to propose legislation of the retrograde and repressive character, subversive of the principles of justice for which England has always stood up, which are the glory of the English constitution subversive of so many ideas of justice for the protection of the liberty of individuals? How could Government have made up its mind to introduce such a legislation and to propose that it should extend over the whole of India? I shall not be content with a mere general statement of the character of the legislation. I would invite the attention of your Excellency and of the Council to the actual proposals which the Committee have to put forward and show how they themselves looked at this question. In the first instance they have rightly raised a doubt to which attention has already been drawn by Mr. Chanda, about the competence of the Indian Imperial Legislative Council to introduce and pass a measure of such extreme severity and so far inconsistent with the established rules of evidence and justice. In paragraph 200 they say 'In making suggestions for legislation we have not considered at all whether it could be argued that such legislation is in any respect beyond the competence of the Governor General in Council. We have no authority to lay down the law on any such point, and any provisional assumption as the basis of our proposals would only cause embarrassment. We have proceeded therefore on the basis that any suggestions of ours which it may be decided to adopt will be given effect to by some legislature competent for the purpose.' I should like the Hon'ble the Home Member to tell the Council whether any note was taken by the Government of this paragraph in the report of the Rowlatt Committee, and, if so, whether any reference was made to His Majesty's Law Officers in England, to consult them on the question raised by the Committee.......

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"I should like to intervene, my Lord, at this stage and state that no reference has been made to the law officers in England. There is no basis upon which such a reference could be made. If either of the two learned lawyers who have suggested that this Council is not competent to legislate, would give us something more to go upon than merely that paragraph in the Report, we shall be glad to meet them; but at present there is not in my mind the faintest shadow of doubt that we have got the power to legislate. Whether we should do so is another question."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya :—"I thank the Hon'ble the Law Member for telling us that no reference was made. I take that as a fact, but I think in view of the fact that a doubt was raised by a committee which the Government themselves had appointed, a committee that was presided over by a Judge of the High Court of England and consisted of three other gentlemen whom the Government had selected to advise them, this matter deserved to be treated with greater consideration than evidently the Government treated it with. However, I am not going at present—possibly I may do so later—to give my friend all the reasons upon which a doubt has been raised as to whether this Council is or is not competent to deprive any fellow-subject of ours of the safeguards of liberty which the English law provides for him, which ensure that no man's liberty shall be interfered with, that none shall be deprived of it for a day without a regular trial according to the ordinary rules of evidence and procedure laid down therefor. We have heard a great deal of the British character of the Indian administration. We have heard a great

deal of the British sense of justice and of fair-play. I ask the Council, I particularly ask my Hon'ble friends, who are members of the British community, I ask them to say how they can really reconcile themselves to proposals which are embodied in the legislations we are dealing with. It seems to us impossible, incredible, that the British members of the Government should have without the fullest consideration agreed to such a course being adopted.......

(At this stage His Excellency the President left the Chair and the Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes took the Chair.)

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"May I ask, Sir, whether the Council may not now adjourn? The rules provide that the Council shall ordinarily go on till 4 o'clock and it is now half past four. I have not gone through two-thirds of what I have to say, and I shall not be able to.........

The Hon'ble the Vice-President:—"I am afraid you must go on with the remaining third."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"I do not know that I shall be able to finish."

The Hon'ble the Vice-President:—"I hope you will."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"I definitely propose, Sir, that the Council should now adjourn. If you will kindly turn to the rules, rule No. 3 of the rules for the Conduct of the Legislative Business of the Council says 'The Council shall ordinarily meet at 11 A.M., and shall not prolong its sitting after 4 P.M., unless the President otherwise directs.' There has been no direction that it should be prolonged, and I submit therefore that under the imperative words of the rules, namely, that the Council shall not prolong its sitting after 4 P.M., the Council should now adjourn.

The Hon'ble the Vice-President:—"If you think it necessary I will direct that the Council shall continue its sitting."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"I again submit a point of order as to whether that direction should have been given before my motion was made. I submit if the direction had been given before the motion was made, it should have been unquestionable, but as it has been made upon my motion, I request the Vice-President to consider whether my motion ought not to prevail."

The Hon'ble the Vice-President:—"It is not open to the Hon'ble Member to question my ruling. I rule that the Hon'ble Member must proceed."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"Mr. Vice-President, I have dealt before with the conditions which the end of the war has brought into existence, and I have submitted that in view of those conditions the Government should reconsider its decision. I have also submitted that when a question has been raised as to whether this Council is competent to deal with this legislation, it is at any rate a matter which should not be rushed through in the way in which it is proposed to rush it through the Council. In regard to the question as to whether this Council is or is not competent to deal with the Bill, I will deal with this matter later. Now, Sir, the position being what it is, I submit that the Government should consider the situation. I ask the Government to consider what are the provisions of the Bill to which it asks the Council to give its support. Let us look into them. In the

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first place as I have already said it says—'Whereas it is expedient to make provision that in special circumstances, the ordinary criminal law should be supplemented and emergency powers should be exercisable by the Government.' Now, Sir, to make provision in special circumstances, to supplement the ordinary criminal law is a matter which, I think, is open to exception. If it was meant to pass a special Bill providing for a special procedure, as the Defence of India Act did, we could understand it. It would have been a measure of a temporary character, it would expire by efflux of time whenever that time was fixed. But, in this case, it is sought to make the measure a part of the permanent law of the land; it is sought to incorporate it in the Indian Penal Code and Criminal Procedure Code. My first submission is, that if there was a clear necessity for such a measure, if the Defence of India Act was not in existence, a special measure of a temporary character should have been passed, and this attempt to incorporate the measure in the permanent law of the land should have been abandoned. Then by sub-clause (2) of clause 1 the provisions are extended to the whole of British India. I submit that in view of the Report of the Rowlatt Committee, the Government should seriously consider whether there is any justification for passing any all-India legislation of this character. Let us assume for one moment, which I hope will not be the fact, that in Bengal tendencies of an evil character will not entirely disappear after the war. I am very sorry to make such an assumption, but let us do so. In that case it might be left to the Bengal Government to introduce legislation to deal with the crime that may show itself in that province. Does that justify the casting of a slur on the loyalty of the whole of India; the passing of a measure which would lead the outside world to think that India was seething with disloyalty and discontent. The Punjab, the United Provinces, Bombay and the Central Provinces need not be grouped together with a province where revolutionary crime may be shown to exist. That is my second point. Part III says 'If the Governor General in Council is satisfied that scheduled offences have been or are being committed in the whole or any part of British India to such an extent as to endanger the public safety, he may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make a declaration to that effect, and thereupon the provisions of this Part shall come into force in the area specified in the notification.' What are these scheduled offences? They include offences which constitute grave charges against the person and honour of people. Is it right that they should be tried in that fashion? You want to provide for a speedy trial of such offences. It is evident to anybody that the Government of this country and of England have provided a most elaborate and careful procedure for the trial of grave offences; summary trials are restricted to ordinary petty offences, trials of a grave character are to be Sessions Court trials or High Court trials; a very elaborate procedure has been provided, the question of delay has not been overlooked and the mere circumstance that it would cause delay need not lead anyone to propose legislation of the drastic character now before us. May I ask the Hon'ble the Home Member, or any member of the Government, what will be the gain on the one side by a speedy trial of such offences? There are certain offences the speedy trial of which is contemplated. It is not said that there shall be no trial, all that the Act seeks is a speedy trial, there is no suggestion to the contrary. It is not shown that there will be such a large number of offences of the character contemplated that the Courts will not be able to deal with them. The Rowlatt Committee have themselves shown a judicial mind when they state that they cannot say what the state of things will be after the war. In Chapter XVII they say 'The last part of our task is to advise as to the legislation, if any, necessary to enable Government to deal effectively with the difficulties that have arisen in dealing with conspiracies. This as expressed appears to us to be applicable to the state of circumstances under which the difficulties referred to were encountered. These difficulties have, however, been circumvented for the time being by special temporary legislation, and they have not been in operation at the time of our inquiry. When this legislation lapses, circumstances may have altered and the position may be better or worse.' They have not shut their eyes to the possibility that circumstances may

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so alter as to make it unnecesary to have legislation of a special character.' They say it may be worse, no doubt, no sober, no responsible man can definitely and firmly say that there shall be no crime in India after the war, no crime of a revolutionary or criminal character. England herself has not been entirely free nor have other European countries, while the bulk of the population has remained loyal. A maniac, a misguided man, one suffering from some aberration of the mind may commit some evil act, but that would not justify the passing for the country as a whole of such drastic legislation. They also say that when this legislation lapses circumstances may have altered and the position may be better. There have been two possibilities foreshadowed, one is that circumstances may alter and the position may be better; if that possibility should happily be realised, then there will be no need from the point of view of the Rowlatt Committee for such legislation. If unfortunately the other alternative should be realised, that is to say if circumstances should show that the position is worse then, as Mr. Jinnah has pointed out, the Council will regretfully but firmly lend its support to any special legislation which may be necessary.'

(At this stage His Excellency the President resumed the Chair.)

After referring to the special legislation which has enabled the Government to deal with cases of a special character by the help of the special temporary legislation which has been passed, the Rowlatt Committee go on to say in paragraph 175 of their Report.

'When this legislation lapses, circumstances may have altered and the position may be better or worse.'

"Now, I submit, my Lord that there are two possibilities which they hold before themselves. One is that circumstances may so alter and things may be so much better that the need for legislation may not arise. I submit we should hope and pray that this happier alternative may be realised. If it is realised then there will be no cause for such legislation as is proposed. If unfortunately the other unhappier alternative should be realised, then as my Hon'ble friend Mr. Jinnah has pointed out, it will be time for Government to propose a measure like the one before us or somewhat on the lines of the one that is proposed, less drastic I hope, but more amenable to the rules of justice than the present measure, but such a measure as may be needed to deal with the special circumstances which may have been found to exist. The Committee go on to say :—

'We do not think it is for us to speculate nicely on these matters.'

True, my Lord, it was not for them to speculate, but it is a serious thing and the Government and the Council have to speculate very carefully upon these matters, and they cannot in fairness to the people shut out, they cannot rule out, the other possibility, the brighter, the more hopeful possibility, of things improving. Then the Committee go on to say :—

'We must of course keep in view that the present war will have come to an end, but cannot say with what result or with what ulterior consequential effects or possibilities of consequential effects upon the situation.'

They did take note, my Lord, that these were possibilities. They did bear in mind that these possibilities might be realised, and I submit, therefore, that it would be fair and wise to hope for these possibilities and to work for these possibilities, and not to legislate in the conviction that these happier possibilities will not be realised and that evil will come. The Committee further say :—

'On the other hand, the persons interned under the Defence of India Act will be due for release and the terms of imprisonment of many dangerous convicts will be coming to an end.'

True, my Lord. But has not the Government already released a large number? Were we not told to-day that a large number has been released and a growing number is going to be released? Is there any danger or apprehension that they would again fall into bad ways? If danger should arise, the Statute-

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book does contain any number of laws, preventive and punitive, which should enable the Government to deal with cases that may arise. Then the second thing the Committee say is 'Further, there will, especially in the Punjab, be a large number of disbanded soldiers, among whom it may be possible to stir up discontent.' This, my Lord, is a most unkind sentiment. In view of the sacrifices which the soldiers of the Punjab have made, in view of the deep-seated loyalty which they have shown by sacrificing their lives and everything else that they could in the cause of the Empire, I must say, with due respect, that it would have been well that Government had not taken this view. I no doubt see that they have said that 'it will be possible to stir up discontent.' But men who have stood the trial, men who have withstood all temptations and all efforts to mislead them during the prevalence of this great world-wide war, may be trusted to stand firm in their loyalty if later on anybody should wean them away from their loyalty to the King Emperor. These soldiers, my Lord, have seen something of the world. They have seen what a war is. They know better than people who have not been to the front what a war is, and I am sure they have also seen the majesty and the might of the British power. They are the least likely persons among whom discontent can be aroused now, and if the Government will take the right measures to recognise in practice, in reality, with generosity, the sacrifices which they have made, to improve the conditions under which they live, to educate their sons, to find more food for them, to make it possible for them to have more clothing, to provide them with better comforts, to enable them to live lives better than the lives of mere ordinary animals, I am sure no efforts will succeed to wean them away from their loyalty to the King Emperor and the Crown. At any rate, my Lord, sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof. Let us wait in patience. It is only just and fair that we should wait with patience until these soldiers who have fought in the cause of the Empire show any tendency to be carried away by evil counsels, then it will be time, not to adopt miserable measures like the one that is before us now, but to devise measures of a gentle character, the object of which should be to prevent them from falling into wrong hands and to keep them in the path of duty and honour. However, the Committee go on to say :—

> 'Nevertheless if we thought it clear that the measures taken against the revolutionary movement under the Defence of India Act had so broken it that the possibility of the conspiracies being revived could be safely disregarded, we should say so.'

They could not say so. I do not quarrel with them for their not being able to say so. But they say, 'if we thought it clear'. They do not think it clear, but they do not say that it is clear that the measures taken against the revolutionary movement under the Defence of India Act have not broken that movement. They do not say so. They simply say that they are not clear that the measures taken against the revolutionary movement have so broken it. Well, it is for the Government to consider whether it is clear that the steps that have been taken under the Defence of India Act and also the other circumstances which have come into existence, whether the changes that the world has seen, that India has seen, and that the people of India expect that they are going to see, whether those changes and those circumstances will not bring about such a change in conditions as to make it impossible that the revolutionary movement should again have any life in this country. They say 'if they felt clear' that the possibility of the conspiracies being revived could be safely disregarded, they would not have recommended such legislation, and I submit, my Lord, that the Government and the Council should not shut out that possibility from their purview and therefore should hesitate to legislate.

'That is not our view, and it is on this footing that we report,' say the Committee. Well, I do not quarrel with the view of the Committee which they honestly believe to be their view. But the Committee may possibly have come to a wrong conclusion. It often happens, I mean no disrespect to the Committee when I submit that the path of those who have to deal with certain events and to advise as to those events is different from the path of the Statesmen who have to consider what measures should or should not be introduced in the country. Judges of the High Court may be very eminent men to express an opinion as to what alteration should or should not be made in the

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law, but it is not for them to suggest policies; their function is to decide cases and not to devise or suggest policies or legislation of so large, comprehensive and drastic a character as the one you have proposed.

"With due deference to the Committee, therefore, I submit that they were wrong in recommending that this legislation should be undertaken, and think that they should have leaned more to the possibility of a happier alternative being realised rather than considered the other possibility was greater.

"Then, my Lord, the next thing to which I shall invite attention in the report of the Committee is in paragraph 177. They have said clearly—'The measures which we shall submit are of two kinds, namely, *Punitive*, by which term we mean measures better to secure the conviction and punishment of offenders, and *Preventive*, *i.e.*, measures to check the spread of conspiracy and the commission of crime. We may say at once that we do not expect very much from punitive measures.'

"Now, my Lord, they say they do not expect very much from punitive measures. That being so, it was well that these punitive measures had not been suggested, but they are there and they rely upon the preventive measures. It is the preventive measures which they rely upon, and it is with these that the Council is at present dealing. Now, my Lord, what do the preventive measures recommend and what are the difficulties which the Committee felt confronted with in suggesting these remedies I will invite attention to those difficulties. One great difficulty they have felt has been the want of evidence. In Chapter XVI they say, in paragraph 169 :—

'The main reason why it has not been possible by the ordinary machinery of the criminal law to convict and imprison on a larger scale those guilty of outrages and so put down crime is simply want of sufficient evidence.'

That is the conclusion they have arrived at. Now, my Lord, they refer to the cases in which this difficulty was felt. Now, if there is want of sufficient evidence, the right thing to do is to make provision for getting that evidence in a reasonable, just and proper way, and not by allowing evidence which by ages of tradition of British justice has been excluded as evidence. It is want of sufficient evidence which they are confronted with. Is it better that some persons who are guilty should escape or that many men should be exposed to the danger of their liberties, their honour being affected by a wrong piece of evidence being accepted. Evidence which has not hitherto been acceptable to British Courts should not become acceptable simply because a want of evidence has led to the acquittance or discharge of certain persons who are accused. This is not the only country where a number of persons who have been suspected of crime have been discharged or acquitted for want of evidence. There are other countries where this difficulty has been felt. The English lawyers and jurists have jealously guarded against any attacks upon the rules of evidence which constitute the best guarantee that justice, pure justice, shall be administered to every subject of His Majesty. Another difficulty which they have mentioned is the difficulty in establishing proof of possession of arms. They say :—'Where incriminating articles such as arms or documents are found, it is often hard to bring home the possession to any particular individuals. This occurs where the same premises are occupied jointly by undivided families, or even where a house or garden is used as a mess or meeting place for a number of youths.'

"Now, my Lord, what is the remedy? They go on, and I will quote the portion that follows :—'The latter difficulty is illustrated by the following passages from the judgment of the Sessions Judge of Dacca in the Adabari arms affair :—

'I hold it safe to infer that there was a close connection between the young men seen running away and the arms found, and that the garden was used as a meeting place for young men banded together for an illegal purpose. I also think it safe to infer that the appellants were members of this band. But I do not think it safe to infer that every member of the band had control of the arms and ammunition concealed in the garden. Unless this inference can be drawn the charge against the appellants has not been established . . . . There is no evidence of the appellants being leading members of the band . . . . . From Lakhan

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chaukidar's evidence it appears that the teacher called Sarada was their captain, who used to teach them *lathi* play. For the reasons stated I hold that it had not been proved that the appellants had the revolvers and ammunition in their possession or under their control.'

That is a quotation from the judgment of the Sessions Judge of Dacca and then follows the following remarks by the Committee :—

'It is also true that evidence as to identity has in practice to be overwhelming. Having regard to the difficulties to which we have adverted, it is possible that the principle is a sound one. The same may perhaps be said of the feeling which seems to pervade these trials that there is but a slight presumption that a witness, however serious his testimony, is telling the truth. Indeed, even where a prisoner has confessed before a Magistrate in a way that makes his statement evidence under the Indian Evidence Act, it is common for his advocate at the trial formally and seriously to 'retract' the statement for him. This is treated as making some difference. Even this may be a sound practice. But if it is, it only shows how difficult it is to establish anything.'

"It may be difficult; it may be regrettable; it may be that some criminals will escape punishment; but, as the Committee have themselves observed, it is possible that the principle is a sound one, it is possible that this is a sound practice and it is proposed that this practice should be departed from, should be given up, and evidence should be admitted which has hitherto not been treated by English judges and jurists either in this country or in England as proper legal evidence. I submit, therefore, my Lord, that the recommendations of the Committee are not such that the Government are bound to accept them. They felt a difficulty, they did not feel clear that the state of things which would come into existence after the war would be sufficiently satisfactory to make it unnecessary for any special legislation to be continued. They did not feel clear about it. The Government might feel clearer. They have made the recommendations on the basis that possibly the other alternative might come into existence. But, I submit that there is very slender ground upon which to base proposals of the drastic character which have been presented to the Council to-day.

"Now, my Lord, let us examine these proposals in some detail. In Part I it is said that 'if the Governor General in Council is satisfied that scheduled offences are prevalent in the whole or any part of British India, and that it is expedient in the interests of the public safety to provide for the speedy trial of such offences, he may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make a declaration to that effect.' Now, I have submitted before that the attainment of a speedy trial is not a need sufficiently grave, sufficiently serious, sufficiently in the interests of justice and the public interests to justify the introduction of a measure the object of which is to curtail the length of trials. It is not a sufficient justification. Even under the special procedure that is proposed in this Bill a trial may be protracted for several months. There may be any number of witnesses called; there will be three High Court Judges sitting. They will not record the evidence *verbatim*, but still there will be three High Court Judges sitting, they will take time in examining witnesses, and as there will be no appeal, a person who has the misfortune to be accused will have to do all that he can to strain every nerve, to spend every pice that he has, in order to procure the most excellent counsel's aid, to defend himself. I am not at all sure, my Lord, I say it with confidence. I am not at all sure that really, in practice, the length of the trials will be shortened. It will be that there will not be trials in the ordinary course, first before the Magistrate, then before the Sessions Judge, then before the High Court. It will be so, and possibly some time may be saved. But I am not at all certain that the time saved will be at all commensurate or at all worthy of the consideration of being weighed in the scale against the danger of injustice to the accused. Besides, my Lord—I can understand that during the time of war, when there are possibilities of contagion spreading in the country, the Government might desire to have trials speeded up. That may be possible, but when we come to normal times, when the war has come to an end and when peace has been fully restored, I cannot understand why there should be this desire for speedy trials. I ask you, my Lord, to consider what it means. It may mean that while you are following your motor car

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procedure, there may be some poor innocent soul crushed under the weight of that car, under the speed of that car. To him it may be the end of his life, his liberty and everything he holds dear. It will be no consolation to the State, it will be no gain to the public interests, that a man's trial was finished in 2 months rather than in 6 or in one month rather than in 3; but it may mean the loss of everything that a man holds dear, and I would ask any Member of the Council how he would like to contemplate the matter if he found himself placed in that position. I submit let us not secure a speedy trial at the sacrifice of doing an irreparable injury to a fellow man.

"Besides, looking at it from another point of view, as I have said, if a single Joint Magistrate hears a case and makes a preliminary investigation, if the matter comes into the Sessions Court, many matters and much of the evidence is weeded out, and by the time the case comes before the Sessions Court, both the prosecution and the defence know where they stand. If the matter comes straight before such a tribunal as is contemplated, I am not at all certain that that will not involve longer delay, for the man knowing that he has no appeal from the judgment which that Court may pass, will be anxious to produce every possible evidence that he can and will have to summon all the witnesses that he can, and I therefore apprehend that the trial will not really be a speedy trial but that it will be prolonged.

" Now, my Lord, assuming that this condition for the application of Part I is found to exist, what follows? The Governor General in Council declares that certain scheduled offences are prevalent in the whole or any part of British India. I ask you, my Lord, seriously to ask yourself whether, after the war, it is likely that the offences which are mentioned in the Schedule or which it is proposed to put in the Schedule, are likely to prevail in the whole or any large part of British India? I submit that it is not likely. There may be spasmodic cases; there may be some few instances here and there of misguided young men or other people falling into wrong paths; but it is not likely that offences of this kind will prevail over a large area in any part of the country. Well, suppose that the Governor General is satisfied that such offences are prevalent in any part of the country, then what happens? In this country, my Lord, the Government has to take its information from the subordinate Government. The Governor General in Council is not directly in touch—except in very small parts of the country—perhaps with the local administration. The Local Governments are the Governments which must supply information to the Governor General as to whether scheduled offences are prevalent in the part of the country which is under them or not. The Local Governments must gather their information from the Police Department and from their subordinate officials. Now, my Lord, in this country we know what has happened in the past. While we deplore the evil tendencies which some young men have betrayed, while we deplore the crimes into which some young men have been betrayed, while we deplore the crimes that have been committed, we cannot forget that the Police has not a thoroughly clean record in this country, and the police, my Lord, have been guilty in the past of outrageous crimes which I do not want to refer at greater length. They have been brought to the notice of the Government in this Council, they have been brought to the notice of Parliament in England. Now, I do not want to say that those things will be repeated. I hope and pray they will not be; but is it right to shut out the possibility and to think that the police will always act in absolutely the right way, that there shall not sometimes be mischief created in order to show that in certain parts of the country certain crimes are prevalent? I do not say that it will be—I hope it will not be—but I beg the Government and the Council to remember the possibility of such ideas being circulated. And what will be the result? In that area, under clause 4 of the Bill,—

'Where the Local Government is of opinion that the trial of any person accused of a scheduled offence should be held in accordance with the provisions of this Part, it may order any officer of Government to prefer a written information to the Chief Justice against such person.'

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"Now, my Lord, the clause says 'where the Local Government is of opinion that the trial, etc., etc.'. I ask you, my Lord, how is the Local Government to arrive at a decision? It must have the fullest evidence before it before it can come to a safe and satisfactory conclusion that a fellowman should be deprived of the safeguards of justice which the ordinary law provides. I should like to know how many members of the Government would like to take that responsibility upon themselves, and I should like further to ask that if such cases should be numerous, is not the danger of their coming to wrong conclusions one which ought to be taken into account in dealing with this legislation? The Local Government being of opinion that the trial of any person accused of a scheduled offence should be held in accordance with the provisions of this part, it may order any officer of Government to prefer a written information to the Chief Justice against such person. What follows?

'No order under sub-section (1) shall be made in respect of, or be deemed to include, any person who has been committed under the Code for trial before a High Court, but, save as aforesaid, an order under that sub-section may be made in respect of any scheduled offence whether such offence was committed before or after the issue of the notification under section 3.'

"What follows, then, my Lord, is that this man is not given an opportunity before the Chief Justice to show cause why his case should not be tried under the special provisions herein referred to. He is not to be given that opportunity. His fate is sealed. The Local Government being of the opinion that he should be tried under the special provisions of this Bill any officer can give written information to the Chief Justice and the Chief Justice is powerless. The Chief Justice has not the power to ask the man to show cause why he should not be tried according to the ordinary law, or why he should be tried according to this law. The Chief Justice has no option; he must try the man according to the special provisions of this Bill.

"Now, my Lord, what is the material upon which this order is to be passed? Sub-clause (3) of clause 4 says:

'The information shall state the offence charged and so far as known the name, place of residence, and occupation of the accused.'

The Hon'ble Mr. A. P. Muddiman:—"I desire to draw your Excellency's attention to the fact that this debate is on a motion to refer the Bill to Select Committee, and the general principles of the Bill only should be discussed at this stage, but it seems to me that the Hon'ble Pandit is taking each clause separately."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"May I explain, my Lord.. ...

His Excellency the President:—"You are not at liberty to discuss the details of the Bill."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"I beg your pardon, my Lord. I want to explain the matter from my point of view for your Excellency's consideration."

His Excellency the President:—"There are certain rules and principles of debate which are usually observed on these occasions, and on this particular motion the principle of the Bill only is to be discussed, and then subsequently you will be able to discuss questions of detail. I think you are abusing the patience of the Council in pursuing any other course this afternoon."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"My Lord, I am sorry that you think I am abusing the patience of this Council.

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I think I am doing my duty. I submit for your Excellency's consideration—I will stop if your Excellency wishes—that here is a Bill which it is proposed to refer to the Select Committee; a special procedure has been followed; I can only speak once on this motion; and I am giving all the reasons I can for saying why this proposal to refer the Bill to Select Committee should be defeated, should be dropped by the Council. I submit, my Lord, with great deference, that I am entitled to give every single reason that I can in support of my proposal; but if your Excellency thinks I should not, I will stop...........

The Hon'ble Mr. A. P. Muddiman:—"I only meant to suggest that the Hon'ble Pandit was taking every individual provision and discussing it separately. I did not suggest that the general principles should not be discussed by the Hon'ble Member."

His Excellency the President:—"No one has suggested that the Hon'ble Member should not discuss the general principles of the Bill; but as the Hon'ble the Secretary to the Council pointed out, you are dealing with each particular provision of the Bill separately. I hope the Hon'ble Pandit will obey my ruling and discuss the principles and not the details of the Bill."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"I bow to your Excellency's ruling. I shall refer to the provisions of the Bill only in so far as they involve a consideration of the principles. I shall do that and in doing so my reference to the provisions will be only for that purpose and to that extent.

Now, the next point —may I continue, my Lord?"

His Excellency the President:—"Proceed."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"The next point to which I would invite attention as another matter of principle involved is that referred to in section 6.

That section says :—

'The Court may sit for the whole or any part of a trial at such place or places in the province as it may consider desirable :

Provided that the Governor General in Council, if he is satisfied that such a course is expedient in the interests of justice, may, by notification in the Gazette of India, direct that the Court shall sit for the whole or any part of a trial at such place or places as he may specify in the notification.'

"Now, I submit, my Lord, that one of the principles of British justice is that the trial of a person who is accused of a crime shall be held in open Court at a place which is open to the public, and I submit that this provision which gives power to the Court to decide that a trial shall be held in a particular place, is an infringement and violation of that principle. To that extent, I submit, it goes against the principle which is at present embodied in the Codes.

"Then, my Lord, I come to another very important principle which is embodied in section 10. I should be very sorry if I should give the impression by any of my remarks that I am not fully respecting your Excellency's ruling. I am trying to limit myself to questions of principle, and I hope your Excellency will please take it from me that I have no wish to say one word more so far as the details are concerned, except in so far as they refer to principles. Now, my Lord, in section 10 it is said that :

'The Court shall be required to make a memorandum only of the substance of the evidence of each witness examined and, subject to the adjournment provided for by section 9, shall not be bound to adjourn any trial for any purpose, unless such adjournment is in its opinion necessary in the interests of justice.'

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" Now, my Lord, one of the most important principles relating to the recording of evidence has been that the exact words uttered by a man when he was arrested or by other men who were examined at a particular time should be before the Court. I have myself had the honour of practising the profession of law for many years, and I know, my Lord, how careful, how jealous the Court is in noting down the exact words which have been used by an accused person. This practice has been so strongly insisted on in the United Provinces that the record which is kept of the statement of an accused person, made in the vernacular, is looked into to find out exactly what he said. Sometimes a single word makes a great deal of difference; the insertion or omission of a word may lead to his being deprived of his liberty or to his being able to save his liberty. So I submit, my Lord, that this principle which is proposed to be introduced is dangerous. I submit, my Lord, that anybody who is charged with such serious offences as will be put into the schedule should have the opportunity of having every word of the statement which affects his life or liberty recorded. Now, my Lord, sometimes a trial takes months, sometimes it takes weeks. I have known some Judges who can carry a great deal in their heads of the evidence they have heard; but they can carry after all only a small amount. I do not think that any Judge will take it upon himself to say that he will be able to carry all the nice points that arise in evidence in a long trial in his head, and that, therefore, there is no danger of his being led into error by the exact language used by a witness or an accused person not being recorded by the Court. I submit that here is a departure of principle which is worthy of consideration.

" Then, my Lord, I will not go into any more details, but there is one of a cardinal character, namely, that which is embodied in section 17. That section lays down that—

'The judgment of the Court shall be final and conclusive, and, notwithstanding the provisions of the Code or of any other law for the time being in force, or of anything having the force of law by whatsoever authority made or done, there shall be no appeal from any order or sentence of the Court, and no High Court shall have authority to revise any such order or sentence or to transfer any case from such Court ....'

" I submit, my Lord, that this is a very grave departure in principle from the rules which have been hitherto laid down for the trial of offences, which enable a man to know what the charges are that are brought against him. Then the matter goes before either a Sessions Court or a High Court. There a judge or judges sit to hear and record the evidence and to come to a conclusion. We are all human beings, and judges also are liable to err like everyone else. It is possible that two or three or more judges sitting together to hear a case in the first instance may attach too much weight to certain evidence which they ought not to, and may not attach the weight to some other evidence that they ought to. If they are to try the case from the beginning they start with ideas relating to the accused from the beginning to the end; and there is the possibility. I do not say more, there is the possibility of their judgments not being correct. Where a man's life is concerned, where a man's honour or liberty is concerned, is it fair to deprive him of the opportunity of having his case considered by another tribunal, by another two judges who will be able to bring a more detached mind to a consideration of the circumstances ? I submit this is a very great departure from the principles of justice which have hitherto been embodied in our Codes. Then, my Lord, another important thing is that one embodied in section 18. Now, the result of section 18 is that a statement which was hitherto not regarded as admissible in evidence will be regarded as admissible in evidence; and the condition imposed is this : where the statement of any person has been recorded by a Magistrate and such statement has been read over and explained to the person making it and has been signed by him, or the statement of any person has been recorded by the Court, but such person has not been cross-examined (at present this will not be admissible, my Lord, under the existing rules of evidence in the Evidence Act and of the best Codes that we have) such statement may be admitted in evidence by the Court if the person making the same is dead or

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cannot be found or is incapable of giving evidence and the Court is of opinion that such death, disappearance or incapacity has been caused in the interests of the accused. I submit, my Lord, this is a very dangerous and novel principle introduced in the Bill. Hitherto, the Courts have insisted upon the accused having had an opportunity to cross-examine the man whose statement was to be used against him. If that opportunity was not available that statement was not used against the accused. Now, my Lord, it is urged that if the Court is of opinion that such death or disappearance or incapacity to give evidence has been caused in the interests of the accused—that, my Lord, as my friend Mr. Jinnah points out will create a case within a case and that lets in a great deal of danger and injustice being done if this novel principle is accepted. I can at least understand that under section 114 of the Evidence Act if evidence which should have been produced is not produced, there may be a presumption made against the person who does not produce it, or if the Court is satisfied that the accused had had a hand in the disappearance of this evidence it may make a presumption against him and it may take that into account; but I submit that to admit the statement of a man who out of enmity or out of any other evil motive or under the influence of some enemy of the accused makes a statement is going too far, the person who got him to make that statement knows or suspects that it is not the true statement. Now if this man by any chance happens to die or is removed, and if some evidence is given which satisfies the Court that the man was removed in the interests of the accused person, the statement of that man becomes evidence. I submit, my Lord, it is a very great wrong which lurks there to the accused person; hitherto the Courts have stuck to the principle that the person against whom a piece of evidence is to be used must be given an opportunity of cross-examining the man who has made the statement against him, and this section proposes to depart from that principle. This is wrong.

"Thus far I have dealt with Part I of the Bill. I will now go on to Part II. Now, my Lord, this is more dangerous than even Part I, and the principles, which are involved in it are such, my Lord, that I submit with great respect Government should not accept them and should reject them. These are preventive measures 'If the Governor General in Council is satisfied that movements which are, in his opinion, likely to lead to the commission of offences against the State are being extensively promoted in the whole or any part of British India, he may by notification in the Gazette of India make a declaration to that effect, and thereupon the provisions of this part of the Bill shall come into effect in that area.' Now, what does happen? If in the opinion of the Local Government there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person is or has been actively concerned in such area in any movement of the nature referred to in section 20, the Local Government may by order in writing containing a declaration to that effect give all or any of the following directions, namely: Then follow the directions. I submit, my Lord, that this is a very dangerous provision. Hitherto the principle has been as it is reiterated in the Criminal Procedure Code, that if the Government has any reason to suspect that a man is concerned with offences and the evidence cannot be proved against him, there is a procedure provided to ask him to give security or to bind him over or to make investigations about it, and when material has been found to justify a prosecution being launched against him, to prosecute him. Hitherto it has been the judicial Magistrate who has been asked to deal with such cases; a complaint is made by the Superintendent of Police or the District Magistrate or by any private individual against a certain man; then the Code provides that the Magistrate shall call upon that man, that he shall record evidence and call upon the man to give evidence against it, and where there is ground to bind him over or to direct him to furnish security or some such thing. The Magistrate would deal with the case, in which case there is an opportunity for a revision against the order of the Magistrate by a higher authority. What is substituted for that is the opinion of the Local Government. Now, my Lord, I will give you one instance. Mr. Tilak was bound over to give security in a certain case a couple of years ago or less than two years ago. The Magistrate asked him to give security. He appealed and had the order revised by the High Court. The High Court set aside that decision and let him free. Now, if this Act comes into force, if

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in the opinion of the Local Government any person is in that position the fate of that person would be sealed; he will have no chance of going to the High Court. The Local Government's opinion is law; it will have deprived him of liberty, locked him up without giving him a fair chance of having the matter tried in a judicial way. I submit, my Lord, that is a dangerous principle and ought to be eliminated from the Bill. The Bill bristles with principles of a very novel and dangerous character. What the Bill does is this: the Local Government has to express the opinion first that a man is of that character and thereupon that opinion being formed, the Local Government has to issue orders which under the existing Code a judicial authority would do. Having done that, the Local Government goes to the investigating authority and that investigating authority has to investigate the matter as to whether the Local Government's order is right or wrong. I submit, my Lord, that is putting the cart before the horse; it is a preposterous procedure. The right thing to do is to give the man a chance before you shut him up; here you shut him up, you pass that order, create a black mark against him and then constitute an investigating authority to consider. What is it to consider? After the Local Government makes the order under section 21, such Government shall (it is imperative; it is not left to the discretion of the Local Government) as soon as may be, forward to the investigating authority to be constituted under this Act their statement in writing setting forth plainly the grounds on which Government consider it necessary that the order should be made, and shall lay before the investigating authority all material facts and circumstances in its possession in support of its action.

"Then, my Lord, the investigating authority shall hold an inquiry *in camera*. That is a departure from existing principles. It is said 'the investigating authority shall then hold an inquiry *in camera* for the purpose of ascertaining what, in its opinion, having regard to the facts and circumstances adduced by the Government, appears against the person in respect of whom the order has been made. Such authority shall in every case allow the person a reasonable opportunity of appearing before it at some stage of its proceedings and shall, if he so appears, explain to him the nature of the charge made against him and shall hear any explanation he may have to offer, and may make such further investigation (if any) as appears to such authority to be relevant and reasonable.' The right thing is to let the matter go before a Magistrate or before a High Court Bench; why should there be executive officers in place of judicial officers? Is there not a danger of injustice being done when the Local Government arrives at conclusions on materials set before it? This is a principle which is novel and ought to be discarded. Then, my Lord, there is another principle of a novel character which is incorporated in the first proviso which says that 'the investigating authority shall not disclose to the person whose case is before it any fact the communication of which might endanger the public safety or the safety of any individual.' I submit that my liberty is all to me, and unless I am found to be unworthy my liberty must be protected I submit that this is a wrong procedure. If a man is assaulted or accused, he has the right to know by whom and there is a danger of injustice being done if these facts are withheld. This is another case of the subversion of principles which have been always honoured in the United Kingdom and wherever British Courts have been established. The next sub-clause says 'subject to the provisions of sub-clause (2) the inquiry shall be conducted in such manner as the investigating authority considers best suited to elicit the facts of the case; and in making the inquiry, such authority shall not be bound to observe the rules of the law of evidence.' Now, your Excellency, as a member of the Bar you know what the rules of evidence are and how jealously judges have guarded against any attack upon these rules, and here the Bill lays down on behalf of Government that the investigating authority shall not be bound to observe the rules of the law of evidence. That is connected with the statement of the Rowlatt Committee that many persons were unpunished simply for want of sufficient evidence. If some persons went unpunished for want of sufficient evidence let them go unpunished, the world will suffer less by that than that one innocent person should be punished and deprived of his honour and liberty under a wrong procedure,

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This Bill wants to put this on the Statute-book. Now, my Lord, I come to the third part, the whole Bill is in progression, the second part is stiffer than the first part and the third part is stiffer than the second. Now in the third part it is said 'if the Governor General in Council is satisfied that scheduled offences have been or are being committed in the whole or any part of British India to such an extent as to endanger the public safety, he may by notification in the Gazette of India make a declaration to that effect and thereupon the provisions of this Part shall come into force in the area specified in the notification' Then the next clause goes on 'where in the opinion of the Local Government there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person has been or is concerned in such area in any scheduled offence the Local Government may make in respect of such person any order authorised by section 21.' This is a plain and unvarnished attempt to substitute the executive for the judicial. I submit that is subversive of all principles of justice. How is the Local Government to decide whether any particular person has or has not been concerned in scheduled offences without giving him an opportunity of defending himself by the law as provided; no Local Government should be permitted to sit in judgment upon him in the manner proposed. Then the Bill goes on to say that the Local Government may order '(*a*) the arrest of any such person without warrant; (*b*) the confinement of any such person in such place and under such conditions and restrictions as it may specify; and (*c*) the search of any place specified in the order which, in the opinion of the Local Government, has been, is being or is about to be used by any such person for any purpose prejudicial to the public safety.' I submit that this is arming the Local Government with very great powers; the judicial and executive have been separate departments under British administration, let them continue so. You have claimed, and rightly claimed, a great deal of glory for your system of justice; do not, I pray you, touch that system in the manner in which it is proposed to touch it, let them stand separate; the constitution of England does not contemplate that any executive authority shall sit in judgment on any man or deprive him of his liberty or his honour; that function has been entrusted to the judicial Courts properly constituted. The Bill goes against that principle completely; this is in reality substituting the Local Government for the judicial Courts. The Bill next says 'the arrest of any person in pursuance of an order under clause (*a*) may be effected at any place where he may be found by any police-officer or by any other officer of Government to whom the order may be directed. Sub-clause (3) An order for confinement may be carried out by any officer of Government to whom the order may be directed and such officer may use any and every means to enforce the same.'

Clause 34 says :—

'Any person making an arrest in pursuance of an order under clause (*a*) of section 33 (1) shall forthwith report the fact to the Local Government and, pending receipt of the orders of the Local Government, may by order in writing commit any person so arrested to such custody as the Local Government may by general or special order specify in this behalf.'

"Now, my Lord, I am entitled, if I have erred, to have an opportunity of knowing where I have erred, and of defending myself. The Local Government issues an order and the man is not only arrested but is locked up in custody. I do not know, my Lord, how such a proposal has commended itself to any Member of this Council.

"At this late hour I shall not go into the details which are dealt with in the last part. Now I ask your Lordship to consider whether, in view of the very cautious way in which the Rowlatt Committee has put the case for legislation, in view of the fact that they have accepted one alternative which has been the unhappy and dark alternative, and that they have regarded the bright one, in view of all the changes that have happened and are going to happen, in view of the great part which India has played in the war, in view of the loyalty of the Princes and people of India which has been acknowledged in high quarters, I ask, my Lord, is this the time to introduce a measure of this kind?

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I would remind the Council of what the Government did in South Africa. In South Africa General Botha fought against His Majesty's Government in the Boer War. How did the Government treat him? They established self-government in South Africa and made friends with him, and in this great war the part which General Botha has played and the magnificent services which he has rendered have been acknowledged with gratitude by British Statesmen and the whole world has admired him. That, I submit, is the way to win people who are subjects of His Majesty who may be led into wrong paths; that is the way to win people by liberal administrative measures. Let race distinctions be obliterated; let the recommendations which have been made in your Lordship's and Mr. Montagu's Report be adopted with such further recommendations as have been made by public bodies and let the question of the Services be dealt with in the liberal manner in which it has been suggested in the Report. Let Commissions in the Army be thrown open to Indians. Let there be industries multiplied and encouraged. Let there be fresh courses of education and fresh careers provided to young men. Then there will be gratitude in the land; there will be satisfaction in the land; there will be contentment in the land, and we shall not hear any more of revolutionary crime If there should be any crime still lurking anywhere, the way to deal with it will be a much gentler and a more parental way, and not the way which has been suggested here. For these reasons, Sir, I oppose the motion that this Bill should be referred to a Select Committee. I submit that the Bill should be dropped."

The Hon'ble Mr. K. V. Rangaswamy Ayyangar:—"It is already high time, your Excellency. . . . . 5-50 P.

His Excellency the President:—"You have 10 minutes Mr. Ayyangar."

The Hon'ble Mr. K. V. Rangaswamy Ayyangar:—"My Lord, we are very thankful to your Excellency for the toleration and forbearance with which you have heard the opinions of the opposite camp. Your Excellency went so far as to suspend all rules and allow the first two speakers 45 minutes and the third 150.......

His Excellency the President:—"That is not the case, Mr. Ayyangar. Read your rules."

The Hon'ble Mr. K. V. Rangaswamy Ayyangar:—"My Lord, by objecting to a Bill like this a certain section of the press pronounces unjust judgment on us thus: 'Those who oppose the Bill lay themselves open to the obvious inference that they secretly sympathise with the rebel and the sedition-monger, and that only a wholesome regard for their own skins keeps them from openly throwing in their lot with these enemies of Indian Society'. It was also regrettable that a responsible member of the Government gave vent to a similar sentiment some time ago. First of all, one should be devoid of any sense to seek the help of an assembly like this for the protection of the type of the individual who is sought to be tackled by this Bill. The absurdity of such a purpose should be apparent even to the least brained. Secondly, it is more the society that is the sufferer. It is the hands of the clock of their progress that are said to be set back. All the bad reputation is to the society, and it is the society that suffers from losses to person and property more than the members of the governing race. When all these should weigh with us to support any and every means to weed out the objectional elements, why should the whole of India without the wonted acrimonious party dissensions vehemently oppose these Bills? I should say that it is the result of the civilised century we live in and also due to the imbibing of the British spirit. Drunk deep in the methods of the British administration and assimilating the true spirit of justice, we cannot but oppose such a piece of legislation. Had a primitive Government three centuries ago

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commanded us to give them counsel as to how they should be guided in such a situation, unhesitatingly we would have advised them to resort to more imposing and summary forms of punishment that would at once go to the heart of the people and terrify them by these methods. As councillors of Timur and Nadir Shah we might have countenanced remedies of the most drastically deterrent character, such as burying the offender waist-deep in the market-place and causing him to be trampled upon by an elephant. But which is the Government that asks our assent? It is the Government that gives a place in the Cabinet to a Sinnfiener, a Bolshevick and an open rebel. It is the Government with up-to-date liberal institutions and whose national pride lies in the best forms of the Government. We surely cannot give our counsel as a primitive ruler would expect us to give. The illustrious committee which has advised the Government to adopt such measures were furnished with at least a one-sided evidence to come to their conclusion. In the absence of even that evidence and with blanks and asterisks at our disposal, how could the Government really expect assent to this Bill from us. Further, we have seen how all the assurances that the Press Act and the Defence of India Act would be used only against controlling anarchism and enemy action, respectively, have been set at naught by the executive and how these Acts have been used to put a stop to political and constitutional activities Many who supported these measures were said to have repented for their actions after it was too late.

" When the recommendations of so many other Committees and Commissions await giving effect to, to hurry up the recommendations of the Sedition Committee, especially at a time when the Peace Conference is sitting now, displays disproportionate attaching of value to activities of mushroom growth. It gives a handle to the traducers that India is badly governed and it has to be kept down only by repression. It also gives edge to political agitation and a section hails it as then alone there will be the counter-effect of strong sentiments and alienation of feelings.

" Now what is it that we are doing? Admitting the existence of political crimes, are the terms of reference and the actions of the Committee thereon correct? Are private crimes less dangerous than the political crimes? Will not the approvers in private crimes be harassed in the same way as those in public ones? Will not the Jury and the evidence be obsessed even in crimes of private character? The differentiation by the Government between the two crimes is quite blameworthly and deplorable. The action suggests that the one crime is more serious and unpardonable while the other is not so. And is there any parallel to these measures to be found anywhere in any of these civilised countries? What must we say of the unheard of provisions which deny to the political offender the right of appeal and those ordinary safeguards guaranteed to the merest cut-throat and the murderer? Is political crime more heinous, more deleterious to society than the worst crime against property and person, that it is proposed to create special and altogether arbitrary Courts and arm the executive with unheard of powers to deal with it? Why must one who simply exceeds the bounds of restrained expression be treated as if he had forfeited all the rights and privileges ensured to common criminals? Why is the Government so suspicious of the ordinary rules of procedure and of evidence that it is proposed to suspend the most wholesome of them in dealing with political offenders? The Bill also displays an exaggerated suspicion not only on the people, but also on the Judges and the Jury. If not, why should there be the powers to create special tribunals and dispense with the Jury. Criminals who commit crimes for private purposes may harm the Jury in the same way as those for public purposes; the same number of cases where assaults are made on the Judges and the Jury even in criminal trials other than political may be cited if required. Does the remedy of a civilised Government lie in giving a differential treatment to different crimes and in dispensing with the ordinary laws of the jurisprudence which is, perhaps, the only pride of the British Government? By all means improve the methods of detection so that their reasons and arguments for implicating an individual may stand the test of the ordinary proceedings

[6TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Mr. K. V. Rangaswamy Ayyangar.*]

and cross-examinations. Because a branch of the Police Department is unable to stand to a certain test then the proper way is to make the department more efficient. It is certainly not to reduce the test. I am reminded of a member of a depressed class petitioning to some of the Educational authorities to reduce the standard of test in the University examinations for the convenience of their class. No other ,parallel can be cited. To meet the inefficiency of the detecting branch or to hide their inaccuracies, laws unknown to jurisprudence are invented, established rules of evidence and the jury system are set at naught and a great encroachment on the liberty of the people is made.

" I think economic trouble it is that has made this section desperate. I do not come to their defence and suggest that they cannot but be otherwise, but I say these Bills are a worse remedy. These only aim at the summary ways of sending them to the prison and unless the root cause which is the economic trouble is relieved, it would be very difficult to cope with the existing accommodation in the prisons and the increasing defiance of authority necessitated by enconomic strain.

" With these few words I beg to oppose the Bill."

The Council adjourned to Friday, the 7th February 1919, at 11 A.M.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

DELHI;
The 12th February, 1919.

APPENDIX A.

Telegraphic correspondence regarding the Resolution moved by the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi, C.I.E., and unanimously adopted by the Indian Legislative Council on 25th September, 1918.

Copy of a telegram from His Excellency the Viceroy, to the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 14812, dated the 1st November, 1918.

Following Resolution carried unanimously in Imperial Legislative Council on 25th September last:—

"This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the thanks and congratulations of this Council be conveyed to the Allied Armies now so successfully operating on the various fronts."

Governor General of India in Council strongly recommends that necessary steps may be taken for communicating Resolution to Allied Governments if you see no objection. Papers will follow.

Extract paragraph 18 of Army Despatch No. 82, dated the 22nd November, 1918, to the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India.

We forward an extract from the proceedings of the meeting of the Indian Legislative Council held on the 25th September 1918 containing the discussions on the Resolution moved by the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi on the subject of conveying the thanks and congratulations of the Council to the Allied Armies operating on the various fronts. (In continuation of His Excellency the Viceroy's telegram No. 14812, dated the 1st November 1918.)

Copy of a telegram from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated the 15th November, 1918.

Your telegram dated 1st November, 14812. Resolution Indian Legislative Council. His Majesty's Representatives at Paris, Rome, Washington, Havre, Lisbon, Corfu, Athens, Tokyo, have been instructed to inform respective Governments.

Copy of a telegram from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated the 23rd November, 1918.

My telegram dated 15th November. His Majesty's Representative at Athens sends following message. Translation *Begins*:—Greek Government beg Indian Legislative Council to accept their cordial thanks for kind message and desire to express their admiration for heroism shown throughout war by brave Indian troops. *Ends.*

Copy of a telegram from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated the 29th November, 1918.

In continuation of my telegram, dated the 23rd November. War Office transmit following message: (1) From General Milne, Salonica. *Begins*:—On behalf of British Army in Balkans I thank Imperial Legislative Council of India for their message of thanks and congratulations which I have made known to troops under my command. *Ends.* (2) From Lord Cavan, Italy. *Begins*:—Will you please convey to Imperial Legislative Council of India sincere and grateful thanks of British troops in Italy for congratulations they have transmitted through you to the allied armies. *Ends.*

Copy of a telegram from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated the 4th December, 1918.

In continuation of my telegram, dated the 29th November. Foreign Office communicate message from Belgian Foreign Minister expressing warm thanks of Belgian Government for congratulatory telegram from Indian Legislative Council which has been communicated to Belgian Army.

Copy of a telegram from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated the 10th December, 1918.

In continuation of my telegram dated 4th December. Foreign Office communicate note from Japanese Ambassador acknowledging Resolutions of Indian Legislative Council and expressing grateful appreciation of Japanese Government of cordial sentiments thus manifested towards Japanese Army and Navy.

Copy of a telegram from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated the 13th December, 1918.

In continuation of my telegram, dated 10th December. Foreign Office communicate despatch from British Ambassador at Rome asking that thanks of Italian Government may be conveyed to Indian Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ASSEMBLED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915.
(5 & 6 Geo. V, Ch. 61.)

The Council met at the Council Chamber, Imperial Secretariat, Delhi, on Friday, the 7th February, 1919.

PRESENT :

His Excellency BARON CHELMSFORD, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., G.C.B.E., Viceroy and Governor General, *presiding*, and 58 Members, of whom 51 were Additional Members.

CRIMINAL LAW (EMERGENCY POWERS) BILL—contd.

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul :—" My Lord, after the eloquent speeches of my Hon'ble colleagues Mr. Bannerjea and Mr. Jinnah and the comprehensive survey of the whole situation and detailed examinations of the provisions of the Bill made by the Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, I do not think any elaborate argument is further needed to convince the Council of the utter inadvisability of adopting the measure which is now before us. But, my Lord, the principle involved in the Bill is so important, so serious and so far-reaching in consequences, that I do feel that I should not give a silent vote. The Bill affects the natural rights and liberties of the people, their freedom of speech and action, the tranquillity of their sweet homes and, above all, their future attitude towards the Government. In a matter like this, it is not only the spirit in which a measure has been conceived that has to be taken into account, but also the effect which it will produce upon the minds of the people in general, and the amount of hardship that its actual operation would entail. Judged by these vital tests, the proposed Bill will be found to be open to serious objections, as has been so clearly pointed out by the previous speakers.

" My Lord, we stand at the threshhold of a momentous epoch, we have just emerged victorious from the worldwide war, the greatest of all wars in history,

[*Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul.*] [7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

in which Indian soldiers have fought, side by side with their European comrades, for the highest ideal of humanity, for defending the cause of justice and liberty, and for the establishment of the victory of right over might. To-day the ideas of freedom and liberty are pulsating the life of the nations of the world. Is this, I most humbly ask, an opportune moment when the Government should have brought forward a measure for the approval of the Council which marks yet another step in the policy of repression, which has never been known to have succeeded in achieving its purpose? My Lord, whenever and wherever it has been resorted to, it has only served to stiffen the people's determination for national freedom and to create a feeling of bad blood between the rulers and the ruled.

"Your Lordship and the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State have just revived the buoyant faith of the people in the British sense of justice and their spirit of liberalization by inaugurating a noble scheme of reforms, and it is a sad irony of fate that your Excellency's Government should have thought of embarking upon a policy which would only serve to further feed the glowing embers of political discontent. My Lord, the present moment is a most delicate one. You hold in your hands the future of India. It is for you to mend or mar it, and our best hopes for the future of this great country are centred in your Lordship, and in the steady pursuit of a policy of wise conciliation on the part of your Excellency's Government, which your Lordship has already inaugurated and which I am sure you do not want to go back upon.

"My Lord, India has always been loyal to the British Crown. The outburst of loyalty and devotion to the Empire displayed by her people, particularly during the time of war, has established her claim to a place of trust and honour in the Empire, and it must be a matter of poignant grief to us all that at a time when India has been led to hope to become ere long a self-governing unit of the British Empire, a hope which has now grown into confidence since the inauguration of the recent scheme of reforms, the Government should have thought the present to be an appropriate occasion for the introduction of this Bill. This is an occasion when we are in the midst of rejoicings and when the people expected many an act of grace from the benign Government in recognition of their loyal services. And consider, my Lord, what the feelings of the people would be when you foist this retrograde and regrettable measure upon them, instead. Indians after all are sentimental people, and any action of the Government which would tend to cast a slur upon their loyalty, particularly at this juncture, is sure to evoke universal discontent. My Lord, when I say this my motive should not be misunderstood. I have not the least sympathy with those misguided youths, the anarchists, who have disregarded all dictates of humanity and tarnished the fair fame of India, the holy land of *Rishis*. Nothing could be more repugnant to Indian sentiment and feelings. It is as much in the interest of the people as in that of the Government that anarchy should be stamped out of the country altogether, but, my Lord, I have my own doubts and misgivings as to whether the measure now placed before the Council will be able to attain that object. On an occasion like this I cannot help recalling to my mind the wise counsel given to the world by that philosopher and man of the world combined, I mean Bacon, who ordained that 'the surest way to prevent seditions is to take away the matter of them, which is of two kinds—much poverty and much discontent.' Repression may afford temporary relief, but as a radical cure it has never proved successful. This is why Lord Morley denounces the policy of repression as worse than useless. Unless and until you alter the very conditions which constantly tend to stir the existing evils into fresh activities of anarchism, how could you check it? The only right way is to find out the root cause, and the true statesmanship would then lie in removing it. Then and then only the Government can achieve the object in view, with which you have my full sympathy.

"The evil in itself which we are called upon to grapple with is not an old one. The very cult of anarchism is foreign to the nature of the people of India,

[7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul.*]

and we have to congratulate the Government and the people that it has been nipped already, and how, not by mere force of repression. I have only to draw your Lordship's attention to the compliment paid to Indian loyalty by the members of the Rowlatt Committee. They state in their report in paragraph 166 that all (these conspiracies) have been successfully encountered with the support of India's loyalty, and I put it to the Council and to the Government whether it would be fair, just and expedient to put a premium upon that loyalty and pass a measure which would throw a serious reflection upon the character of the Indian people as a whole? This is an aspect of the question which I particularly wish to impress upon the earliest attention of the Council and the Government. Had the proposal been to enact a temporary measure for a limited period, say for one year or so, the matter would have been quite different.

"But here you come with a different proposal altogether. You wish to place permanently upon the Indian Statute-book a piece of repressive legislation, which constitutes in itself a novel departure from the established principles of criminal jurisprudence, and which is regarded by Indians as casting a permanent slur upon the fair fame of the Indian Nation, and will, I am afraid, if passed into law, become a new source of discontent. My Lord, the feelings of the people with regard to the manner, in which the Indian Defence Act has been administered in the past, are not concealed from your Lordship. The people have been emphatic in their disapproval of the action taken by Government in the exercise of the extraordinary powers conferred upon the executive by that Act. So long as the war lasted, the people put up with any amount of inconvenience caused thereby, without a murmur, as they did not wish to create difficulties in the way of the Government. Now the war is happily over. The imminent danger has passed and the era of peace and prosperity has once more dawned upon the world. At this juncture, any attempt to perpetuate measures justified by the exigencies of war and continue them in normal times and under normal conditions, would not only be inexpedient, but I say unwise, and I say so advisedly. It will be fraught with dangerous consequences. It will raise a tremendous storm of opposition and will provoke an agitation of unparalleled magnitude hitherto unknown in the history of India, and I for one shall not advise the Government to take that risk. It is going against the very pledge that the Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock gave to the people on behalf of the Government while introducing the Defence of India Bill in 1915. He then assured this Council that those powers were required 'only during the continuance of the war and for six months after, that is to say, until the excitement and disturbance of the general calm, which the state of war engenders have had time to subside.' In view of those definite assurances, my Lord, on behalf of the Government, would it be fair to recede from the position when the war is over? Well, all of us are for the maintenance of law and order in the land. Keep order by all means, but excess of severity, my Lord, is not the path to order, to use the words of Viscount Morley. On the contrary, it is the path to the Bomb. We are as anxious as you are that India should have a long spell of peace and prosperity. We do not wish that India should be plunged into a state of anarchy and rapine, bloodshed and chaos. But, at the same time, we do not wish that India should become desperate and be forced to play the rôle of another Ireland in the East. While we are strongly of opinion that anarchy should be suppressed with a strong hand, it is our sincere desire that, in suppressing anarchism, you do not unreasonably infringe the natural rights and liberties of the people and do not frustrate their legitimate aims and aspirations.

"Well, so far as the present Bill is concerned, without entering into the details thereof, I make bold to say there is a real danger, as the people anticipate, that the Bill will seriously threaten the liberties of even the innocent people. You do not only legalise secret inquiries and trials, but you dispense with all rules of evidence. The accused has no chance to prove his innocence before he is arrested; you deprive him of the right of trial by the ordinary Courts of Justice; you deprive him of the right of trial by jury, and

[*Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul.*] [7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

above all you withhold from him the right of appeal and revision. The provisions of the Bill on the whole are immensely wide and drastic, and yet they do not go to the root of the evil, and why? Obviously, because they do not affect the causes which helped the propaganda of anarchism to spread. The authors of the Report of the Rowlatt Committee state in paragraph 23 of the report that 'The education which the people receive is generally literary and ill-adapted to incline the youthful mind to industrial, commercial or agricultural pursuits; they have not succeeded in finding fresh outlets for their energies. Their hold on land too has weakened owing to increasing pressure of population and excessive sub-infeudation. Their economic prospects have narrowed, and the increasing numbers who draw fixed incomes have felt the pinch of rising prices.'

"My Lord, this is the crux of the whole situation. These are the real and important problems that the Government have to face and face them boldly. So long as you do not relieve the acuteness of the present situation of economic helplessness, so long as you do not adopt bold measures to make the Indian peasantry happy and prosperous, and so long as you do not improve the system of your education and made the prospects of the educated middle class brighter and more hopeful, and unless and until you satisfy the legitimate demands of the people and set aside all racial distinctions giving rise to perpetual discontent, rest assured, my Lord, that you may go on, if you will—as you have the power to do—employing measures of more and more drastic nature than those you propose even to-day, till you eventually exhaust your resources of repressive legislation, but you will never be able to achieve the object, which both you and we have in view, namely, the suppression of anarchism, and it is for your Lordship to consider whether it would be fair and expedient to permanently place upon the Statute-book a measure which may prove ineffectual in stamping out anarchism, but may yet cause unnecessary interference with the rights and liberties of those who are innocent. The Bill, I find, has already made the people nervous, protest meetings are being held all over the country, representations and protest telegrams are pouring in daily, and a violent agitation has already been set on foot, and if the people have their own misgivings and fears about the operations of the Bill, the fault is not theirs, but of those who were responsible for indiscriminate administration of the Indian Defence Act in the past. The Hon'ble the Home Member has assured us that the provisions of the Bill will be used against no activities other than those of sedition, but may I ask your Lordship if similar assurances were not held out to the country by the Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock while introducing the Indian Defence Act? We have known but too well what these assurances are worth and we have been forced to the conclusion that the very system which is inseparable from the policy of distrust and suspicion underlying this Bill, is responsible for the miscarriage of justice, and it is for this reason, above all, that I hesitate to accord my support to this measure. I do so, not in any spirit of opposition, but from a sense of duty and as a token of the earnestness of my desire to whole-heartedly co-operate with you, in your attempt to prevent and suppress anarchism. Let me tell your Lordship that, if you really wish to have our whole-hearted sympathy and support, first take us into your confidence, give us full opportunity to examine for ourselves the whole material available on the subject and enable us to form our own independent judgment about them. Besides enlightening us on the subject, that will give to the country necessary time to think and consider. So long as this is not done, I for one would hesitate to accord my support to the Bill. My Lord, I fail to understand as to why the Government should be in such a great hurry about the enactment of this Bill. The war has been just over. The Defence of India Act has yet many a month to run its course. The early prospect of the new constitutional reforms being brought into force has considerably eased the situation. The effect of the release of a very large number of detenues has still to be seen. Why not let the country enjoy a little respite, and watch the result of the new reforms and the effect of the adoption of such ameliorative measures, as are recommended by the Industrial Commission? First pursue a policy of

[7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul; His Excellency the President; Sir Verney Lovett.*]

trust and conciliation, initiate reforms for which the people have been urging for the last 30 years, meet their legitimate demands, remove their wants and grievances and see how they behave. I am sure, my Lord, you will not have to be disappointed. Should that policy fail, and should you notice a tendency for increase in the number of anarchical crimes, then the time for adopting a policy of stiffer character will certainly come, and we shall all willingly co-operate, but not till then. My Lord, the Government called on us to co-operate with it, and so we did. While the war lasted we supported every measure which the Government thought fit to introduce for the purpose of maintaining law and order in the land, but now when there is all calm and quiet in the land, will it be too much to ask the Government to accede to the wishes of the people in this matter, and as appealed to by my Hon'ble friend Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya follow the example of that great country England which has served as our ideal, on which are based all our future hopes and aspirations, and I hope and trust that the Government will withdraw the Bill. My Lord, do not forget that the existence of British rule in India is 'to implant those ideals of justice, law, humanity which are the foundations of your own Western civilization' and let not the Government of India do any act which is not consistent with those noble principles or fall short of the high expectations that India holds of you. If the Government do not heed this and let the Bill proceed, there will certainly follow a violent agitation the like of which India has never witnessed before, and the responsibility for the same will then be yours, my Lord, and not ours."

His Excellency the President:—"As the Hon'ble Pandit Malaviya is now in the Council, I will give him my decision on his request that he might be supplied with the minutes of my Government and any correspondence with the Secretary of State in regard to the Bill now under consideration. I have decided that the papers in question cannot be supplied to the Hon'ble Member, and I will take this opportunity of stating for the information of the Council that in my judgment records of the confidential deliberations of the Executive Council are not papers or returns within the meaning of Rule 18. I may add, for the information of the Hon'ble Member, that the Secretary of State was asked to agree to the publication of the Bill under Rule 23, and that his reply was in the affirmative." 1

The Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett:—"My Lord, as a member of the late Rowlatt Committee, I would like to begin by thanking the Hon'ble Members of this Council who have criticised our recommendations, sometimes in unflattering terms, for the courtesy and consideration with which they have referred to our findings of fact and ourselves. I trust that in whatever I have to say I may show an equal courtesy. 1

There is no need for me to justify our findings of fact. They have not been seriously impugned, and such remarks as I have to make will proceed on this basis. We each did our utmost to ascertain the real facts, and when we had found them, we considered possible legislative remedies and preventives. The Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah says that the present Bills which simply embody our recommendations are "entirely against the will of the people." Do the people really understand what the issue is and have they grasped the facts? In my opinion they have not, in spite of the earnest endeavours of the Rowlatt Committee to state the issue and to detail the facts in such a manner as to admit of no misunderstanding. I do not think that the Hon'ble Members of this Council who have spoken have grasped the real issue, but I will endeavour to make it clear, and if I succeed in doing so, I will ask Hon'ble Members to explain it to their constituents. They are here after all because they lead and not because they follow, however heavily they may be bombarded by telegrams. There is yet time for them to lead wisely. The issue to-day is this. Is the Government to take legislative measures or not to cope with blood-thirsty crime and sedition in India, and to protect from these hideous evils its subjects and

[*Sir Verney Lovett.*] [7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

loyal servants? That is the present issue. There is no other. The issues before the Rowlatt Committee were first, what do you consider to be the nature and extent of criminal conspiracies connected with the revolutionary movement? Secondly, are you able to suggest to Government new or additional laws by which such violent crimes can be prevented? I would venture to remind Hon'ble Members that the law does not cease to be the law because it is supplemented or altered in the light of bitter and tragic experience. We are told that the Rowlatt proposals outrage ordinary ideas of British fair play. We were not all British on our Committee. We had the invaluable assistance of two Indians, men of great legal experience and of sterling independence, from whom we parted with the highest respect. They are not men who enjoy newspaper abuse any more than do the Hon'ble Members of this Council. I maintain that our proposals violate neither British nor Indian ideals of fair play. I need not discuss them in detail now, as the Bill has to go to Select Committee. Our most prominent suggestions were devised to meet possibilities, possibilities ranging as we said from incipient sedition to incipient anarchy. These possibilities will not be prevented from materialising by cheerfully ignoring them. Dangers are visible. They were visible to the Rowlatt Committee, and they are visible more clearly now. They are not lessened by the triumph of blood-thirsty violence in Russia, even though that triumph be partial and temporary. We know from the foot-note to page 15 and from paragraphs 90 and 94 of the Sedition Committee's Report that Russian terrorist methods have been already carefully studied by Indian fanatics.

"But apart from such influences there are special perils waiting for impressionable young Indians. Let me read the statement of Narendra Dutta Gupta on page 193 of the Report. After confessing to the murder of a brave and loyal servant of Government he said :—

'I make this statement so as not to injure Jatin but as I have come to understand that anarchism will not benefit our country, and the leaders who are now blaming me, now thinking the deed that of a head-cracked boy, to show them that I alone am not responsible for the work. There are *many* men behind me and Jatin, but I do not wish to give their names in this statement The leaders who are now blaming me should be kind enough to come forward and guide boys like me in the good ways.'

"This statement was made some years ago, but does any reflecting reader of the Report believe that the 'leaders' who first depraved and then blamed this miserable victim have vanished from the earth? The Rowlatt Committee did not think so. And it is clear from the Home Member's speech and from a speech recently made by the Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler in the Bengal Legislative Council, that the Committee was right, that such men not only exist but intend to renew their villainous work when opportunity offers. They are even now encouraged and assisted by speeches and newspaper articles instinct with bitter racialism and published broadcast which, every one knows, are only too common. Does past experience show that such speeches and articles produce no fruit? It shows the very contrary. They frequently produce fruits which astound their authors. The Hon'ble Mr. Bannerjea in advising Government to withdraw these Bills urged that they violated the principle that conciliation should precede coercion. Has it not in fact done so here? Long before these Bills were projected, before even the report of the Sedition Committee was published, the Reform proposals of your Excellency and the Secretary of State were given to the world. When these proposals were published, your Excellency and the Secretary of State had read the Report of the Committee, but were none the less determined to endeavour to meet political aspirations. Your proposals were hailed with only slightly qualified enthusiasm by that party of Moderates of which Mr. Bannerjea is the leader. The Hon'ble gentleman and others have proposed amendments asking for delay in introducing these Bills, but it is plain that their real objections are to the Bills themselves. Failing the withdrawal of these Bills for good and all they wish the Government to wait and see how the Reforms operate, how far the economic and social conditions improve, and whether the revolutionary movement claims any more victims or not. Now, it is these unfortunate victims who find no

place whatever in this specious programme. Not one speaker has considered them at all; we have heard a great deal about the poor young men who may be wrongly condemned by three fallible High Court Judges and subjected to police supervision by the orders of an untrustworthy executive. But what about the persons who have to be protected from the movement of which these young men are the exponents? They too are God's creatures, and they are generally, though not always, Indians. What is to happen to them? We know from the Report what has happened to them in the past. I will give two samples. The first is from the record of the year 1915. The Report says :—

'It remains to mention three murders which occurred in Eastern Bengal this year. On the 3rd of March Babu Sarat Kumar Basu, the Head Master of the Zilla School at Comilla, was shot dead while walking with his servant. The servant was wounded in the stomach. A Muhammadan who pursued the murderers received two shots in the chest and a woman was accidentally struck by a bullet from one of the pistols. Five empty Mauser pistol cartridges were found upon the scene. The Head Master's servant eventually died. The victim of this murder had come into antagonism with political parties in Bengal in 1908, and shortly before his murder had had occasion to report to the District Magistrate about two students concerned in the distribution of seditious pamphlets. None but political reasons can be assigned for this murder.'

"The Report goes on to mention the murder of a Police Officer who was shot with his child by four or five youths armed with Mauser pistols. The second passage which I should like to quote is from the record of the year 1917 :—

'Another dacoity in 1917 remains to be specially mentioned. It was committed in a goldsmith's shop at No. 32, Armenian Street, Bura Bazar, Calcutta, at about 9 P.M. on the 7th May. Two young Bengalis entered the shop and asked to see jewellery. Then four young Bengalis entered the shop and began firing wildy with pistols. Two brothers of the owner who were in the shop fell mortally wounded. There were also in the shop an assistant and a servant, who were both wounded, two women, one of whom escaped and the other hid under a bench, and a Muhammadan who escaped. The dacoits decamped with jewellery to the value of Rs 5,459, and some of them drove away in a taxi-cab that they had in waiting.'

"In neither of these cases was a single conviction obtained. There have been many such cases. The fate of these poor victims seems to me to deserve a little more than conventional regrets from the Members of this Council. My Lord, what has come from delaying and hesitating to grapple adequately with these evils in the past? What has resulted from the absence of laws broad enough to cope with terrorism and revolutionary conspiracy working together among a simple and heterogeneous population in an enormous country? We know from the Report what has happened. As the Committee pointed out in paragraph 174, it was only when the Bengal conspiracies had enjoyed a two years' run, when two English ladies had been murdered, and as Lord Minto said 'the seeds of wickedness had been sown among a strangely impressionable and imitative people' that the first preventive Bill of these latter years was enacted. Enormous mischief had been done. The Government of India waited then. Again they waited, during that critical period from the 19th December 1914, when the Punjab Government asked for the very early promulgation of a draft Ordinance, in order to deal with the prosecution and suppression of violent crime, waited up to the passing of the Defence of India Act in March 1915. Would they have waited had they foreseen the long tale of intervening crime, had they known that within this period conspiracy would almost achieve widespread bloodshed at large centres from Calcutta to Lahore? Why did they wait? They waited because they were reluctant to supersede the ordinary statute law. The Rowlatt Committee did not think that they would have hesitated to employ special preventive laws had such been ready to hand. My Lord, surely the past teaches us that sacred as is the name of liberty, it should never be so interpreted as to cover license to enemies of us all, of the Government and of Society, to work out their plots as they please. I wonder if Hon'ble Members have read those words spoken on the scaffold, in a last hour of awakening, by one of the victims of the

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French Revolution who had assisted to raise the storm which swept her away. 'Oh, Liberty! What crimes are committed in thy name!'. This is indeed a true saying. We are told that the crimes of the Terrorists will disappear before political concessions, that they are merely the product of unsatisfied political idealism. Persons who really think this fail entirely to understand the frenzied and irreconcileable spirit which guides this insane, this inhuman war against Society. It is a spirit which, as the Report shows, burns with racial hatred and spurns political concessions. I am speaking of the spirit of the directors of the movement, men like-minded with the notorious Hardyal. The others are their tools. The criminals are comparatively few, but their facilities are great, and their organisation has been elaborate and widespread. Their achievements would, as the Report points out, have been more considerable had they been able to procure a more abundant supply of arms. Their designs have been furthered all along by the absence of anything like determined, persistent non-official opposition to their propaganda of racial hatred. I remember indeed one fine courageous speech of Mr. Gokhale's delivered to the Students' Brotherhood at Bombay on the 9th of October 1909. I commend it to all true Indian patriots. It should be graven in their minds. Had there been more of such speeches and had such speeches been followed by determined, widespread action and organisation, a number of misguided youths would have been a credit and a joy instead of a disgrace and sorrow to their parents. and there would have been no Rowlatt Committee. As it is, the attitude of too many politicians towards the Terrorist movement has resembled that of a nervous person who hearing a burglar in his bedroom feels happier and safer when he pulls up the blanket over his head. My Lord, things being as they are, and not as we all hope they will one day be, I do not see how without special legislation of the kind proposed by the Rowlatt Committee, revolutionary plotters are to slink back discouraged and loyal subjects and servants of His Majesty the King-Emperor, whose sole offence is wealth or their loyalty, are to receive from the law that protection which no self-respecting Government in the world would refuse them. The Government of India cannot sit down and twiddle its thumbs, as apparently some Hon'ble Members wish it to do, because all judges and policemen are fallible, the Executive is human and prone to err, and high provincial officials are a truculent lot. When the Congress and Moslem League deputations arrive at Bombay *en route* for England, they will not be deterred from embarking by the reflection that 'ships are but boards, sailors but men and then there is the peril of waters, winds and waves.' Perhaps these pessimistic members forget that in future far more of these frail judges and officials will be Indians than are Indians now. This reflection may reassure them. Be this as it may, Indian parents have a right to expect that Government will take as effective steps as possible to prevent revolutionary plotters from depraving and ruining their sons. There are, too, others who have the strongest claim on all of us, non-officials and officials. It is pre-eminently due to the loyal Police Officers of the Crown, British and Indian, to the loyal landlords and peasant proprietors of the Punjab, that India was not disgraced in the first year of the war, despite the valour of her soldiers and her own general loyalty. They frustrated the plots of the revolutionaries; they stood in the van; they bore the brunt. Should the Government of India fail now to do its utmost to shield the homes of its loyal Indian servants from cruel bereavement, would its own roof-tree stand the firmer? It would not. It would gradually totter to well-deserved catastrophe.

"My Lord, I appeal to our non-official colleagues to look at facts that stare us in the face. It is only by recognising existing facts that we can hope to build truly now. As Mr. Gokhale once said 'Life is not like writing on a clean slate. We have to take the words existing on the slate, and add other words, so as to make complete sentences and produce a harmonious whole.' We must, my Lord, take things as they are, build on what is sound and right, remedy what is horribly wrong if we would indeed rise to higher things and realise the future which your Excellency has so earnestly sought, with infinite labour, for the people of this country."

The Hon'ble Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru:—"My Lord, in 11
introducing this Bill yesterday the Hon'ble the Home Member assured us that it was in no light-hearted spirit but after very careful and anxious consideration that the Government had decided to take this step. My Lord, may I similarly, on my behalf and on behalf of many of my Indian colleagues, venture to say that it is in no light-hearted spirit but after very careful and anxious consideration, and after very close study of the provisions of this Bill, that we have come to the conclusion that it is our duty to oppose this Bill. My Lord, it is a duty that we owe to ourselves, it is a duty that we owe to our countrymen, it is a duty that we owe to you and to the Government, that we should frankly and without equivocation tell you what we feel about this Bill. My Lord, I think no Indian who is worth his salt in this Council would be true either to his own convictions or to the Government if he were to equivocate on an occasion like this. My Lord, the path of duty being clear, I have decided that I must oppose this Bill and support the motion which has been put before this Council by my Hon'ble colleague, Mr. Patel.

"My Lord, there is one other matter to which I wish to refer at this moment. The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent also reminded us yesterday that our critics in England and our critics in India would judge of us by the attitude that we adopt towards this measure. In other words, the position that is placed before us is this. If we want to establish our capacity for self-government, or responsible government, we must be prepared to support the Government in carrying this measure through. My Lord, if an argument like this did not proceed from the high quarter from which it did, I should not have been disposed to attach much weight to it. We have been hearing this argument for the last several months. We have been reading arguments of that character in various newspapers in India and also in England for some time. But, my Lord, let us examine the position carefully and dispassionately. If we do not support this measure, we are not fit for responsible government or self-government. If we do support this measure we are again not fit for responsible government, because admittedly the country is seething with discontent and anarchy, and where there is anarchy there cannot be self-government or responsible government. My Lord, I frankly confess that whatever other important issues may be raised with regard to the reforms, I think an issue of this character is absolutely a false issue. I do not think that it is the pivot on which the question of reforms turns. My Lord, may I, in all humility, ask our critics to tell us on some authority whether, if we were prepared to support this measure to-day whole-heartedly, they would be prepared to give up all their opposition to our claim for self-government and say 'Oh, well, Indians have now established to the hilt their fitness for self-government.' My Lord, the resources of our critics are inexhaustible, and if an argument like that will fail them I have no doubt that we shall be face to face with a multitude of arguments of a different character to show that we have not yet developed character and capacity for self-government. Therefore, my Lord, whatever else you may do, I will beg of you, and I will earnestly entreat you, not to confuse this issue which we have to consider this morning with the issue of the reforms.

"My Lord, my Hon'ble colleague Sir Verney Lovett in his very spirited speech just now told us that we had absolutely missed the issue, and as he formulated the issue it was like this. Are the Members prepared to realise whether, under the circumstances which exist at the present moment and under the circumstances which had existed during the last few years, the Government is or is not justified in taking large legal powers to cope with the situation. My Lord, I may assure Sir Verney Lovett that we have not missed the issue. We realise that issue. We are fully aware of the issue that has been present in the country, but the real issue now to-day before us is not whether the Government should not assume new legal powers to cope with the situation, but whether this Bill is really the sort of Bill which the Government should put before the country, and whether the powers which Government want to cope with the situation are precisely the powers which they should take under this Bill.

"My Lord, the Indian politician is somewhat of an unfortunate being. His attitude is seldom correctly appreciated. Indeed, it is far oftener the case that his attitude is misunderstood than appreciated. Throughout the discussion it has been assumed that those of us who are not prepared to support the Government on this occasion have got a soft corner in their hearts for the anarchist or the revolutionary. But let me assure you, my Lord, that that is not so. No one regrets more than the Indian politician or the Indian reformer does that there should have sprung up in this country a breed of that type. But, my Lord, what the Indian politician wants to know is this. Are the measures that you have been taking, is the measure that you propose to take to-day, the sort of step that is necessary, that is essential, for the uprooting of this evil which has grown in this country? My Lord, I have no doubt whatsoever in thinking that these are not the measures which will undo the mischief that has come about in this country or that will uproot the evil that has grown. You have tried repression during the last ten years on various occasions, and yet you find to-day that you are not in a position to say that you have been able to quell or suppress all those activities, and I venture to think, my Lord, that even this measure will fail.

"And I venture to think, my Lord, that this measure will fail. Now, my Lord, I oppose this Bill on many grounds. In the first place, I have no hesitation in saying that it is wholly wrong in principle, unsound in its conception, dangerous in its operation and too sweeping and too comprehensive, indeed far more comprehensive than many of us are prepared to admit at the present moment. In the next place, my Lord, the Bill which is now before us is sought to be placed permanently on the Statute-book, and I say that is not the right thing to do. In the last place, my Lord, I say that this is not the time to introduce a measure of this character. I will take up the question of principle first. My Lord in Part I of this Bill what do we find? You seek to create a new Court. Now I do not for a moment say that you cannot create a new Court. Perhaps that point is no longer open to me to urge, having regard to the recent decision of a High Court in India, but what I do say is, that it should be clearly recognised and realised that you are not conferring a special jurisdiction on the High Court, you are creating an altogether new jurisdiction with a new procedure for admitting evidence and for the examination of the accused. Now, my Lord, it may be that the Court which you are creating, consisting, as it will be, of men who have been, or who are, judges of the High Court is in some respects better than the special tribunals to which we have been accustomed during the last few years. I submit that the other provisions in this part are open to serious objection I do not propose to go into those objections at this moment, as I have no doubt that the Members of the Select Committee will take care to press their point of view in the Select Committee. It is only when we come to Parts II and III that we have some idea of the dangerous character of this measure. In fact, if we examine Part II what do we find? Section 20 says:—

'If the Governor General in Council is satisfied that movements which are, in his opinion, likely to lead to the commission of offences against the State are being extensively promoted in the whole or any part of British India, he may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make a declaration to that effect, and thereupon the provisions of this Part shall come into force in the area specified in the notification.'

"Well, what is exactly the meaning of that expression 'movements' I am not in a position to say. It is not a word of art, it is not a word of law, and as that word stands, it may cover any movement, political, social, or economic, in this country. My Lord, the Governor General in Council having declared a movement to be dangerous, disappears from the scene, and the rest of the powers are exercised by whom? By the Local Government. And what does the Local Government do after that? The Local Government may pass any one of those orders which are specified in Section 21. It may pass an order that a person—

(*a*) shall, within such period as may be specified in the order, execute a bond with or without sureties to be of good behaviour for such period not exceeding one year as may be so specified;

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(*b*) shall notify his residence and any change of residence to such authority as may be so specified;

(*c*) shall remain or reside in any area in British India so specified; provided that, if the area so specified is outside the province, the concurrence of the Local Government of that area to the making of the order shall first have been obtained;

(*d*) shall abstain from any act so specified which, in the opinion of the Local Government, is calculated to disturb the public peace or is prejudicial to the public safety; and

(*e*) shall report himself to the police at such periods as may be so specified.

"Now, my Lord, the Local Government having done this, there appears on the scene certain gentlemen who have been dignified with the name of investigating authority under this Statute These gentlemen must carry on their inquiry *in camera*, within closed doors, with the accused before them, but with no right to the accused to have the benefit of legal advice or legal support. Having finished his work, these gentlemen must submit their report again to the Local Government, and it will be then for the Local Government to decide what order it shall pass consistently with the provisions of section 21. My Lord, when you come to examine Part III, which was admitted to be much more drastic than Part II, inasmuch as under that Part the Local Government may cause any person to be arrested or to be put in confinement and order an investigation to be made in a similar fashion, you realise how very dangerous it is. My Lord, if it is not undiluted coercion, I ask what is it in all humility? If it is not substituting executive discretion, or may I say indiscretion, for judicial process or judicial form of law, what is it I ask? My Lord, I submit that the entire provisions in Parts II and III are so subversive of elementary principles of British jurisprudence, they are so shockingly unlike anything known to British institutions or British law, that I venture to hope that the Statute-book will not find a standing place for this uncanny intruder. My Lord, the homage that is sought to be paid to law in the constitution of this investigating authority is in my opinion nothing but a mockery. Either you must abide by the law inherited by us through ages, or you must frankly say 'we do not care for these judicial forms and we will frankly reserve this power to the executive, and do not care that there shall not be any further inquiry.' Well, if it is supposed that this inquiry by the investigating authority will lead to any satisfaction, I venture to dispel the illusion. I say that an inquiry by the investigating authority under the limitations proposed will not bring satisfaction to popular mind. My Lord, therefore as a lawyer trained in the British system of jurisprudence, as an Indian who loves his country and who is interested in the ordered progress of this country, who wants self-government, who is anxious to have responsible government, at an early date, and who is anxious for the permanent connection between India and England, my Lord, I think it is my duty to oppose this measure. My Lord, I also said that it was an ill-timed measure. My Lord, during the last few months I have been going all over the country with the Reforms Committee, and what has been my experience? My experience has been that the feeling for the proper reception of reform is fast growing in the country. It was growing until day before yesterday, and I venture to think that if nothing untoward happens, it will grow in strength and force very soon. I think, my Lord, it is very unfortunate that a measure like this should have been conceived at this juncture, and it is much more unfortunate that it should have been introduced in the Council at the present moment. My Lord, already unkindly critics of the Government are saying in every part of the country—'well, reforms may come or may not come, goodness only knows whether they will come or when they will come or how they will come, but meanwhile undiluted and pure repression is coming.' My Lord, as one who is deeply interested in the reforms, who realises the difficulty of evolving any scheme of reforms, having worked on that Committee, and who is anxious to have those reforms, who

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thoroughly appreciates the honesty of purpose of your Lordship and Mr. Montagu in regard to reforms, I think it is my duty to raise my humble voice against this measure on this occasion. I will beg of you and entreat you with all the earnestness that I can command to consider whether you will not be immensely gaining in moral strength and prestige by dropping, or even postponing, a measure of this character.

"My Lord, I have not the smallest possible doubt that if you do listen to those who are earnestly pressing this request upon you on this occasion, you will not regret it. On the contrary, you will find that you will have strengthened your position beyond all measure and that, when any untoward situation arises afterwards and you come before this Council or its successor and say 'here is a dangerous situation', I have not the smallest possible doubt that every one of us, if he happens to be here then, will rally round you and try to do everything to strengthen the hands of Government to meet the situation. My Lord, let it not be said that Indian Members fight shy of responsibility, or let it not be said that they are so meek and so timid that they cannot resist public criticism. My Lord, the history of this Council bears witness to the opposite view. Was it not the Indian Members who supported Government in passing the Indian Press Act? Was it not the Indian Members who unanimously supported Government in passing the Defence of India Act? I can give many more instances, my Lord. There have been men among us who have deliberately courted unpopularity, men among our countrymen who have shown that they can stand public criticism when it is a matter of conviction that they should take one line of action rather than another. Therefore, my Lord, if criticism of this nature is levelled against us, I for my part am not disposed to attach any importance to it. My Lord, I will again repeat that this is not the time to go on with a measure like this. I do not say that that is the sole ground on which I oppose it. I oppose it, first and foremost, on the ground that the whole measure is wrong and unsound in its principle. But even if I am wrong there, I will beg you, my Lord, to take into consideration the question of expediency.

"And lastly, my Lord, there is one more point which I would urge upon your Lordship's attention and upon the attention of your Government. I do so not without hesitation, but I do so in the hope that perhaps your legal advisers may throw some light upon that question. My Lord, if there is one principle which is embedded in the British constitution and in the British law it is that no man shall be deprived of his liberty and freedom, without a proper judicial trial. My Lord, I venture to doubt—and my doubts are serious—whether the Government of India have got the power to pass a measure of this character. My Lord, I will refer to section 65 of the Government of India Act, which says that 'the Governor General in Legislative Council has not, unless expressly so authorised by Act of Parliament, power to make any law repealing or affecting any part of the unwritten laws or constitution of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland whereon may depend in any degree the allegiance of any person to the Crown of the United Kingdom'.

"My Lord, the bond of allegiance, the strongest bond of allegiance between the subject and the Crown, is that the Crown protects him against arbitrary executive power and that the subject is entitled, before he is deprived of his liberty and of his freedom, to be tried according to the recognised forms of law. My Lord, I have no doubt that your Government have satisfied themselves that they have such power; but, speaking for myself, I am not free from doubt on that matter, and I should very much welcome any explanation on that point of law.

"Lastly, my Lord, I will beg you to realise the situation as it has been growing during the last few days and as it threatens to grow in future. My Lord, already there is a wave of indignation running through the country; from one end to the other protest meetings are being held. Do not dismiss them with a wave of the hand and say, 'Oh! well, all this will pass away'. My Lord, what was impossible in this country ten years back is no longer

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impossible now. Political feeling has been growing in this country; political consciousness is much stronger to-day than it was ten years ago, and what the country was prepared to put up with ten years ago it is not prepared to put up with now. As one who does not want this country to be thrown into a vortex of agitation, who is deeply anxious that our programme of work in the future should be constructive rather than destructive, who wants that we should not dissipate our energies in mere protests, I feel, my Lord, that you are going to throw the country into a whirlpool of agitation such as it has never witnessed before. My Lord, that will be prejudicing the Reforms, and I am interested in the Reforms. I beg of you, and I entreat you, to give the Reforms a fair chance and do not prejudice them before they have come into force. Give them a fair chance, and then you will find that you will not have taken a wrong step, a mistaken step, in having listened to your advisers to-day in this Council.

"I would therefore strongly oppose this Bill and support Mr. Patel's motion".

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde :—"My Lord, it is said that every rose has its thorn or that there is no rose without a thorn. Our rose is this Reform Scheme. We have seen it blossom in the air to a certain extent; we have smelt its fragrance; but the unfortunate part of it is that the thorn has begun to prick earlier than was expected, and that is where the trouble of the situation is.

"I will preface my remarks by reading out one sentence from Lord Morley's 'Recollections'. I have copied it out. Here it is: 'Shortcomings of Government lead to outbreaks; outbreaks have to be put down; reformers have to bear the blame and their reforms are scotched. Reaction triumphs, and mischief goes on as before, only worse'. Lord Morley is a great philosopher and a great writer, but it appears to me as if he has produced an aphorism which ranks very high in political life, and deserves to be embodied in a work higher than mere recollections. It happens, as it happened, that there were certain shortcomings which fostered this anarchical spirit in Bengal. Unfortunately, the Rowlatt Committee takes no notice of these shortcomings. Outbreaks have to be put down, I thoroughly agree, no matter what the shortcomings have been. When they are put down, what unfortunately happens is what has actually happened, namely, that the reformers have to bear the blame. Here it has not been made as an allegation, certainly not as an accusation. Nobody has said so much, but there is something in the air, an airy nothing, which implies that people who oppose these measures are people who in their heart of hearts sympathise with the anarchists. This part of the suggestion if I may call it so—it is not even so clear as to call it a suggestion—well, this suggestion or implication or whatever it may be called, I humbly submit is not right, and as Lord Morley foresaw we have got to bear the blame, though really we have absolutely nothing to do with the anarchists. We do not sympathise with them; we would much rather suppress them altogether if we could. But the blame still comes to us. It would not much matter if we had to bear the blame alone and that was all. What becomes worse is that our proposals get scotched and the reforms we propose get to be viewed with some amount of suspicion, and what little is given is diluted a great deal, so as not to be effective.

"'Reaction triumphs and mischief goes on'. This last portion it is which I wish to dwell upon to a certain extent. The Rowlatt Committee in their report did not notice any of the shortcomings, nor suggest any remedies: all that they are concerned with is to propose measures to suppress them, and in the carrying out of those measures reaction triumphs. To that part of the case, therefore, I wish to address myself. This is not the first time that I speak on this subject. This Hon'ble Council may remember that last year in Simla I brought in a motion asking that all action on this report should be kept in abeyance pending certain inquiries. Speaking on that occasion I dwelt on the *ex parte* character of the inquiry. I dwelt upon its being *in*

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camera. I also dwelt upon all the numerous defects and omissions that I had found in the report, omissions in the face of which it was impossible for us to form an opinion. To-day I propose to raise a question which has already been raised and argued first by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Chanda and then by my Hon'ble friend Dr. Sapru. That question is, whether it is within the competence of this Hon'ble Council to pass this Bill as it is put before us here. Have we got any jurisdiction in a matter of this kind? Our opinion is that we have not. It was mentioned yesterday by the Hon'ble the Law Member that no serious argument had been brought forward on this point, and that so far as he was concerned he was satisfied that there is not the least objection. I shall endeavour to indicate the serious part of the argument that bears on this matter. Section 28 of the Indian Councils Act of 1861 has this paragraph:—

'Provided that the Governor General in Council (unless expressly authorised to do so by Parliament) shall not have the power of making any laws which may affect the authority of Parliament . . . . or any part of the unwritten law or constitution of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland whereon may depend in any degree the allegiance of any person to the Crown of the United Kingdom.'

"This provision has since that time been reproduced in every Act and also finds its place in the present Bill. I think the Hon'ble Dr. Sapru read it out just now. Now, what is meant by 'allegiance' here? Blackstone defines it as follows:—

'Allegiance is the tie which binds the subject to the Crown in return for that protection which the Crown affords to the subject.'

That is the definition given by one who is, I suppose, one of the greatest of English lawyers. Does this Bill affect questions of allegiance? Does it do so at all, and if it does, is this Hon'ble Council competent to make an enactment of this kind? That is the next question that arises to my mind. I submit that it does and there are some points to which I wish to draw special attention. One is the English law that nobody's property or liberty can be taken away without a proper judicial sentence. In this particular instance, that principle of English law is sought to be detracted from and in certain matters the executive authority will be able to deprive a person of his liberty and his property. This, I say, is rather a bold departure because in English law there is no counterpart to it. Even when they were enacting the Defence of the Realm Act, they provided:—

'Where a person, being a British subject but not being a person subject to the Naval Discipline Act or to Military Law, is alleged to be guilty of an offence against any regulations made under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914, he shall be entitled, within six clear days from the time when the general nature of the charge is communicated to him, to claim to be tried by a civil court with a jury . . . .'

"Your Excellency will see then that in the Defence of the Realm Act, which was enacted in England, and on the model of which, I presume, our own Defence of India Act was framed, a person against whom a notice was issued could claim a trial by jury. Now England in those days was in a peculiar position, it being nearer to Germany, many German spies were found there and other people who went there to give trouble and raise all kinds of difficulties. Even then, with all those difficulties to face, English law did not depart from its principle of saying that any person who is to be prosecuted can always claim a trial by jury. Whereas here, fortunately for us, being at a distance from the scene of the war, there were not so many spies, or if there were, they were probably taken hold of and all the Germans were interned at Ahmednagar and other places. There was no necessity to constitute this new kind of tribunal, which was unknown up to this time. To this a great deal of objection has been taken both in legal circles as well as in political circles. I am at present speaking of political circles only, but Sir John Simon, who is, I believe, a well-known authority on constitutional matters and a great lawyer practising in England, presented a petition to the King and asked His Majesty to transfer it to the Privy Council. From that petition I propose to read out to your Excellency the following passage:—

'Invasion by the Crown of the constitutional rights and liberties of the subject affects allegiance fundamentally. Also the authority of Parliament is seriously invaded. The

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constitutional rights of the subject stand upon the authority of Parliament and the Coronation Oath. No legislature of a dependency possesses the right to infringe these rights in the name of the King's Government, whether supreme or local, without the express authority of the King in his Parliament. The Governor General in Council of India has not received any express authority by Act of Parliament to pass the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 The said rules purport to confer powers on Local Governments arbitrarily to invade or destroy, without limitation in degree or time, such rights and liberties as (1) the right of free action and conduct (so far as not prohibited by Municipal Law); (2) freedom to come and go throughout the Realm; (3) the right of free speech and publication; and (4) the enjoyment of property. Even if not so restrained by the Acts mentioned, the Governor General in Council appears to have no power of Common Law to interfere with these rights, at all events in the case of British subjects, who by virtue of citizenship retain these liberties wherever they may go within the British Dominions.' . . . .

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"Would the Hon'ble Member allow me to see this very interesting document, and does he know what the result of the application to the Privy Council was?"

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"I do not know, but I know it was after the presentation of this petition that Mrs. Besant was released. Then, on her release another petition, very nearly in the same words, was also presented."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"Am I not right in saying hat their Lordships of the Privy Council rejected this petition?"

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"No, I have not heard of it. This petition, I believe, is still pending; that is my idea about it."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"The original petition, I believe, was rejected."

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"Because she was released."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"Not because she was released. The Privy Council refused to entertain the application, that is, the one from which the Hon'ble Member is reading."

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"It may be that I am wrong; it may be so, but still the point remains that these arguments are undisposed of. These arguments still remain and there was a commission appointed presided over by Lord Loreburn before whom Sir Courtenay Ilbert was examined and he gave a list of fifteen enactments which according to him were not really speaking authorised by law, that is to say, fifteen *ultra vires* enactments; but that list unfortunately was said to be confidential; I tried to get it but I could not get hold of it and it still stands; among them, however, it has come out that the Defence of India Act stood first. Your Excellency may remember that there was a case recently in Burma in which this point was raised; the enactment said that no person will be allowed to bring a civil suit for anything done *bonâ fide* under the Act, as it is said also under this Bill. Then the person did bring a suit and it was rejected and he appealed to the Privy Council and the Privy Council allowed that appeal, and they were inclined to hold that the Government of India, this Hon'ble Council, could not pass a law taking away a subject's right to sue the Secretary of State. It comes to this, that this point is still open and has been argued and in the Burma case at any rate it has been so ruled. That being so, I humbly submit that this legislation is, so far as I can see, with due respect to the eminent jurist, the Law Member, who sits opposite to me, with due respect to him, I still believe that this argument is correct and when I read this passage I read it merely to give the authority of Sir John Simon. The practical part, however, is that the enactments are there and I go upon those enactments.

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"The next point which is of importance in this case is that which prohibits all revision. Such a law is repugnant to the British constitution. The House of Lords is the highest Court of justice and to that Court every order passed should be taken. The Privy Council is not really a Court established by any law, but independent of those Courts it has grown up, and as I will show, nobody has disputed its authority, but the fact still remains that the House of Lords is the highest Court for the whole of the British Empire, and I believe one of these days this matter will be taken to the House of Lords and it will be argued there. So, if what I say is true and has got any force, then it follows that this enactment may have to be tested and may be taken by somebody who has the ability, the capability and the money to spend on it before the House of Lords, as to whether it is within the competence of this Hon'ble Council to pass this law. Taking it that we are, as a matter of legal argument, I still submit that it is not within the jurisdiction of this Council. For the sake of argument assume that it is within the jurisdiction of this Council, what is the result? The first question has been raised and argued at great length and with great ability in this Council that it would be inexpedient. It has been also argued that it would affect the reception that the people are willing to accord to the Reform proposals put forward by your Excellency and the Secretary of State. I put forward a third ground to show the inexpediency of it. It is like the old story; a traveller had gone to sleep under a tree and the sun's rays were falling upon his face. A swan was passing and (swans are generally spoken of as good) he saw this and spread his wings to throw shade on the face of the traveller to protect him from the rays of the sun and make him sleep better; in the meantime a squirrel ran across and disturbed his sleep, and the traveller got up and he believed that it was the swan which did the mischief and shot the swan. It comes to be like this here. We have been endeavouring, everybody in this Council has been endeavouring to facilitate the passage of these reforms; we have been endeavouring to speak about them and to discuss them and to bring them home to the people and so on; but there may be,—who knows what squirrels may come in and what trouble may arise?—but anyhow these Bills are to be directed against us here. In fact it was said in this Council that the way in which we dealt with these Bills will or will not facilitate the reforms or something to that effect, I do not quote the exact words, but that the debate on these Bills will have an effect on the reforms. I humbly submit that the two things stand quite apart. It is a question of expediency as it is put forward now. Your Excellency may remember that I ventured to doubt the conclusions of fact as arrived at by the Rowlatt Committee in my speech at Simla. I was taken to task for it and everybody spoke against me, but I am a little bit obstinate in that respect, and I do still adhere to that, because the whole evidence is not before me, and not being before me I am not in a position to say that the conclusions arrived at are correct. But I am willing to argue on the basis of those conclusions being correct. Taking it for the sake of argument that those conclusions were correct, even then I submit those conclusions do not justify the kind of Bill that has been brought before us now. I gave my reasons then and I do not propose to repeat what I said before, but I really wish to draw your Excellency's attention to this part of the case; to-day also an Hon'ble gentleman read out to us some passages which, I believe, are already printed in the book from the statements of persons examined then and which are quoted there. Again, the old difficulty comes back to me, that we are not in a position to read the whole of the evidence and quote passages which could refute those passages. We are only given one passage and not the whole of it, and therefore we cannot quote from the other parts of it, if there are any other parts at all, in which that conclusion can be disputed. We should have the whole of it to see if there are any portions which contradict this portion. Even taking these conclusions to be correct, what does it mean? It means at the most, not that new powers are required, nor that a new procedure is required; it does not mean that anything new is to be done. The old Act is quite enough; the only difficulty, as was pointed out yesterday, was that there was not sufficient evidence. Now, whose business is it to collect that

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evidence? I believe it is the business of the police or the Criminal Intelligence Department. Why don't they do it? Well, it is said, they are unable to do it. I say that points to the inefficiency of the police; it does not point to the inefficiency or defect of the law; it points to nothing else. Why not ask them to do their work properly? They say they cannot do it. Why can't they? In England they do it; they do not require these laws in England to unearth these conspiracies; they do not require these very unusual laws. Why do they want these laws here to unearth them? It is like the analogy which was put by an Hon'ble Member here 'Lower the standard of the examination because my son cannot pass now.' 'My police cannot collect evidence; kindly make the law more rigorous and relax the rules of evidence.' That is not the kind of argument that appeals to me, and I believe it will not appeal to anybody here.

"In support of this ground of inexpediency, I take the opportunity to say that I have got, since coming to Delhi, nearly 29 telegrams and letters; most of the telegrams (I hold all of them in my hand) ask me to oppose this Bill; 16 of them are from my constituency and they ask me to oppose the Bill as strongly as I possibly can. I have prepared a kind of analysis of these, because it would take a great deal of time if I read them through as they generally repeat the same thing. In my constituency there are 17 places which have sent telegrams to me, they are from Amraoti, Nagpore, Chhindwara, Wanasta, Mehekar, Wani, Chanda, Elichpur, Raipur, Wardha, Khandwa, Pusad, Yeotmal, Warora. So many places have asked me to oppose this Bill and they put forward the same ground. There are others Hyderabad in Sind, Bombay, Malgaon, Saharanpore, and there is one from Delhi itself and so on. Your Excellency will see how widespread is the feeling that these Bills, if allowed to pass into law, would seriously curtail the liberty of the people. Then there is another point; it is a little secret and it is this, we believe that if these Bills are passed they will prevent political discussions being held in India. I remember the time when the *Swadeshi* movement came up people who spoke about it were taken up; then I also remember that at the time when to speak of home-rule was looked on as seditious. This spirit gradually disappeared, but people have been taken up for it. There is fear in putting these large powers in the hands of the Local Governments and that speaking on politics will be looked upon as seditious. These reforms do require that we should speak to the people about them and the changes to be introduced. But it is feared that speaking on politics will become a little difficult. I remember a case where it was said 'you have no representation, you have no business to talk on these subjects, why do you do so? What right have you to talk?' I say the highest right, because we have not got it. We have a feeling that this Bill if passed will make discussions on political subjects difficult, if not impossible. Then I doubt the wisdom of the course. We want to make friends, we don't want to quarrel, we don't want to rake up old scores or to open old wounds; we want to forget all about it and to begin afresh. It is no use saying 'this was done, and that was done therefore you are unfit.' Why keep old wounds open, the proper thing to do is to forget all about this, and that is what we intend to do. I myself think it is beyond the jurisdiction of this Hon'ble Council, I say it is inexpedient and unwise, because it is to keep old grievances alive, it will cause a breach. I wish I could find the correct English word, there is not exactly a want of confidence, not absolutely a desire to confide entirely, it is somewhere between a want of confidence and a desire to confide. That feeling if allowed to continue, will spread, it does not now exist but it may have a tendency to spread. It would be very unfortunate if that happened. Apart from this there are numerous objections which I do not like to go into as they were dealt with in more or less detail by Mr. Malaviya. A living body does not tolerate a foreign substance and so Jurisprudence does not tolerate a wrong principle being introduced. A living body will throw off any outside matter, so Jurisprudence will not tolerate this principle of the personal liberty being placed at the mercy of the Executive and being taken out of the jurisdiction of the Courts. This tendency of the principle

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of liberty being curbed by the executive authority would lead to a number of principles being violated as was pointed out by Mr. Malaviya. Similarly, many difficulties will arise. We should stick to the good old principles which have endured for centuries, or we will go back to the old principle of personal rule, the pernicious tendency of bringing back the people to the era of personal rule. I don't think that is the tendency of the modern age, the tendency of the modern age runs counter to this kind of legislation. These are the days of democracy, people do not want that things should be decided by a Court sitting *in camera*, that is looked upon with a certain amount of disfavour by people. These provisions of the law run contrary to the tendency of the age. Your Excellency, for the reasons that have been advanced, I ask you not to permit this Bill to be passed into law; if it is, it will be a great misfortune and there will be a great deal of trouble. I therefore oppose the Bill and support the amendment that has been moved by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel."

2-40 P.M. **The Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Chitnavis :**—"My Lord, I beg to associate myself with the views expressed by the Hon'ble Surendra Nath Banerjea yesterday that this legislation is rather inopportune at the present time. I do not agree with some of my friends who think that there can be no difference between political offences against the State and offences against the individual. There is a great deal of material difference, and these several offences have to be dealt with according to their relative importance, and the Government and the Council will be failing in their duty both to God and man if they do not do so when the occasion requires. As regards these Bills, there is a general consensus of opinion in the country that these Bills cast an unmerited slur on Provinces where no such anarchical or revolutionary tendencies prevailed as have led to their introduction. The public think that it would have been more appropriate if, in the first instance, this legislation had been introduced in places where Government were confronted largely with these evils. They think that it is not right to have on the Indian Statute-book any legislation of such a general character at a time, especially at a time when people eagerly look up to the peaceful results of the war and when there is a general desire among the public as loyally to co-operate in the new political development which the pronouncement of August 1917 and the subsequent reports are going to inaugurate, as they did during the continuance of the war to bring that war to a successful termination.

"Even in the provinces where such anarchical and revolutionary tendencies prevailed, we now know from statements made in leading journals and by responsible representative men that the opinion of the minority which unfortunately indulged in such vagaries and unlawful and criminal acts is, thanks to the efforts of the Criminal Investigation Department, veering round to the side of moderation and to the support of law and order. If the Government cannot take such men on trust, whom else can they ? these are the men who are to be responsible for the future administration of the country and they ought to be trusted in the statements they make. If such is the case there should be no necessity of such great hurry to introduce a general legislation for the whole country, especially when Government has in its hands the necessary power given it by the Defence of India Act and otherwise to regulate and put down any such evil wherever rampant. This legislation has undoubtedly roused passions in the country, not calculated to give this measure of such great importance that calm consideration which is necessary to solve such intricate problems. It would be appropriate if time were allowed to let these passions subside or die out and the smoke to settle by giving time for a reasonable and sober consideration of the advantages and disadvantages involved therein. This can best be done by the amendment now proposed, and I therefore give it my humble support."

2-43 P.M. **The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi :**—"My Lord, having given to the complicated problem now before the Council

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my most anxious and careful consideration and having weighed the *pros* and *cons* of this difficult question from every point of view, I am convinced, not that the introduction of such a measure as this would not be justifiable under any circumstances, but that the enactment of the proposed law at this juncture is unnecessary and inopportune. The proposal embodied in the amendment proposed by my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea furnishes what, in my judgment, is the best solution of the difficult problem which the Government and the country have to face, and I venture to add my humble voice to the earnest and eloquent appeal addressed by my Hon'ble friend to your Excellency's Government for the adoption of a course which is calculated to bring about the desired result without creating widespread nervousness and unnecessary irritation. My Lord, I for one gladly and willingly recognise that in placing this Bill upon the legislative anvil, your Excellency's Government have, in absolute good faith, been influenced to adopt the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee. I further recognise that in view of the constitution of that Committee, its findings of fact must be accepted without any challenge. And I am sure that the Hon'ble the Home Member needs no assurance from me that, were I convinced of the necessity of the immediate enactment of this law, nothing would deter me from giving him my whole-hearted support. But, my Lord, I cannot help thinking that in arriving at their decision, your Excellency's Government have overlooked a most important part of the Rowlatt Committee's Report. Hon'ble Members are aware that the first 16 Chapters of that Report contain a review of the origin and development of revolutionary movement in India, a description of some of the more serious crimes and dacoities that have been committed from time to time by its members, in some parts of the country, and a brief sketch of the measures adopted by Government in order to put down that movement. It is in the last, that is to say, the 17th Chapter of their Report, that the members of that Committee describe the legislation which they propose, should occasion arise hereafter. To what I consider is the preamble of the proposals in the 17th Chapter, I would invite the earnest and careful attention of this Council. This is what they say in the first two paragraphs of that Chapter :—

'The last part of our task is to advise as to the legislation, if any, mark the use of the expression 'if any' necessary to enable Government to deal effectively with the difficulties that have arisen in dealing with conspiracies.

'This as expressed appears to us to be applicable to the state of circumstances under which the difficulties referred to were encountered. These difficulties have, however, been circumvented for the time being by special temporary legislation and they have not been in operation at the time of our inquiry.'

I earnestly invite the attention of your Excellency's Government to this sentence—

'When this legislation lapses, circumstances may have altered and the position may be better or worse. We do not think it is for us to speculate nicely on these matters. We must of course keep in view that the present war will have come to an end, but we cannot say with what result or with what ulterior consequential effects or possibilities of consequential effects upon the situation. On the other hand, the persons interned under the Defence of India Act will be due for release and the terms of imprisonment of many dangerous convicts will be coming to an end. Further, there will, especially in the Punjab, be a large number of disbanded soldiers, among whom it may be possible to stir up discontent. Nevertheless, if we thought it clear that the measures taken against the revolutionary movement under the Defence of India Act had so broken it that the possibility of the conspiracies being revived could be safely disregarded, we should say so. That is not our view and it is on this footing that we report.'

"Now, my Lord, a careful analysis of the two paragraphs to which I have invited the Council's attention will, I feel sure, convince all Hon'ble Members that what the Rowlatt Committee say in these two paragraphs amounts to this. The revolutionary movement came into being under certain circumstances which are connected with certain years in the past. Certain measures which have been taken since the outbreak of the war have resulted in putting an end, for the time being, to the crimes and outrages committed previously. It

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may be that hereafter when conditions which existed previous to the war are restored, there may be a recrudescence of these outrages and crimes. We are not in a position to say anything one way or the other. But we are not in possession of evidence showing that the revolutionary movement has been absolutely extinguished, and it is on that supposition that we report to the Government what we think ought to be done in case there is evidence of a recrudescence of those crimes. Looking at these passages as a lawyer, it seems to me that their conclusion amounts to this, that should the time be reached when special legislation such as adopted during the course of the war which has resulted in putting an end to these outrages and crimes for the time being becomes necessary, we recommend the following measures which we suggest should be adopted. Now, my Lord, these paragraphs were written very nearly one year ago. Since then India's steadfast loyalty to the British Crown, her deep-rooted attachment to the British Empire, has been vindicated in a manner beyond all praise. No outrages or crimes of the kind with which the Rowlatt Committee dealt in their report have occurred during this one year. And when we bear in mind the fact that even the very introduction of these Bills into this Council has created an amount of nervousness, alarm and agitation in the country which is evidenced by meetings that are being held all over the country, it seems to me, my Lord, that I should be failing in the duty which I, as a nominated Member, owe to your Excellency's Government if I were not, under these circumstances, to give what I believe to be true and faithful advice to your Excellency's Government. And my advice is this, adopt the course suggested to you by my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea. What does that course amount to? It amounts to this, that the Select Committee shall report to this Council six weeks after the passing of the Reforms Act in Parliament, on the Bills which have been introduced in Council to-day. If by that time there is any evidence of the recrudescence of these crimes and outrages, of the existence of this revolutionary movement in India, no one will support the Government more strongly than I. And I am perfectly certain that at least a majority of the Hon'ble Members of this Council will then, because of the existence of this nefarious movement, give their whole-hearted support to Government in any measure, to these very Bills, if necessary, which may be required to meet the new situation.

"With these few words, my Lord, I give my cordial support to the amendment proposed by Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea."

-55 P.M. **The Hon'ble Raja of Mahmudabad:**—"My Lord, having some little property to look after, I think I can claim to value law and order. I assure you, my Lord, that I will vote for the enforcement of martial law if I think it is necessary, but, my Lord, the Bill as it stands is, in my humble opinion and in the opinion of those whom I have the honour to represent, inopportune, unsound, uncalled for and un-British. My Lord, it means the disfigurement of the political life in this country. It is a question of life and death to us. You, my Lord, have got the power under Regulation III of 1818, and also by issuing Ordinances, to suppress any kind of disorder. This legislation, I am sure, will weaken the political activity and political life in India, and it will certainly strengthen the hands of the Sydenhamites, the followers of Dr. Nair and members of the Round Table. I appeal to you, my Lord, that before it has passed the stage of this Select Committee, it may be dropped, and I do not agree with those who want to postpone it, because it is not a right remedy to suppress the present discontent. This discontent is a discontent of bread, and I am of opinion that it cannot be suppressed by repressive legislation."

At this stage the Council adjourned for lunch.

2-15 P.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. Krishna Sahay:**—"My Lord, I am one of those who believed that the Government would not hurry up legislation to give effect to the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee. During the Simla

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Session, only the other day, while opposing the Resolution of my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde about the report of the Sedition Committee and the working of the Criminal Investigation Department, I said that there was no evidence then that the Government was actually engaged in formulating legislation based on the recommendations of the Committee. In fact, I could not understand my friend when he said that he wanted the consideration and disposal of the Rowlatt Committee's report to be kept in abeyance. And yet, only after a few months, here is this Bill, with its twin brother the Criminal Law Amendment Bill, with all its hideousness before us, conferring extensive powers on the Executive which is liable to be abused or at any rate to be misused when political feelings run high in the country, laying down special rules of evidence and of procedure subversive of all principles of law hitherto accepted in this country. It is not proposed to pass this Bill as an emergency measure, for if that course had been adopted, it would have been possible for some of us, regard being had to some political crisis, to give our assent to it. But it is now proposed that this measure should be placed permanently upon the Statute-book of India and form the law of the land. My Lord, there is a world of difference between an emergency measure and a law which is to form part of the law of the land. It is proposed that it should be referred to a Select Committee on the very day that it is introduced into the Legislative Council. My Lord, I ask why this haste, why this precipitancy over this matter? I admit unhesitatingly the importance of the Rowlatt Committee. I admit the high qualifications of the members who formed that Committee, and the weight that ought to be attached to the conclusions at which they have arrived; but with all respect to what has fallen from Sir Verney Lovett, I do not admit their infallibility, especially when they proceed to suggest the methods by which anarchism or terrorism in this country can be suppressed.

"But apart from this, my Lord, it seems to me that the present is the most inopportune moment to introduce legislation of this character; for whatever may be the criticisms directed against the Reform Scheme inaugurated by your Excellency and the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, there cannot be the least doubt that it has produced a very soothing effect on the public mind. I may go further and say that it has given rise to hopes of more spacious days to come. It has given rise to the hope that there is a brighter outlook for the people of this country in the liberal policy which has now been definitely adopted by the Government in their governance. Is this the time, my Lord, to create a feeling the very reverse of that which is necessary for the success of these reforms? The introduction of this Bill has been received with widespread alarm throughout the country, and it is clear that if it is proceeded with it will give rise to a state of things which will cause incalculable harm to the cause which every one of us has near at heart. We want peace, my Lord; we need rest. A calm atmosphere is essential for the steady and progressive development of our ideals. Above all, we wish to secure this development by co-operation between the Government and the people. It is because I believe that the passage of this Bill through the Council will blast all our anticipations, all our hopes, that I raise my voice against the motion and support the amendment moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel."

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy:—"My Lord, I rise 2-
to submit my respectful protest against the principle of the Bill which has been introduced with regard to the Criminal Law (Emergency Powers) Bill and oppose its being referred to a Select Committee. It is my honest belief that the passing of this Bill in times of comparative peace and quiet would not in reality strengthen the hands of the Executive in so far as it would alarm and alienate a large body of non-official public opinion. My Lord, I associate myself with the abhorrence which is being felt everywhere of the methods of anarchical crimes in this country, and with the severe condemnation of them which has been made by the mover of this Bill, and by various Members who have already spoken. Those of us who have followed the course of Indian politics for the last few years have always deplored the appearance of what is known as the anarchist movement in India and all the forces that led up to it and have consistently supported the Government in their efforts

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to root it out. Many of us have seriously pondered over the tragic story of political crimes outlined by the Rowlatt Committee in their Report. The recommendations made by that Committee, unfortunately do not cover all the remedial measures which are calculated to wipe out political crime from this country. The principal means of removing them is a policy of conciliation, and all communities in this country had entertained the hope that the announcement of August 20th, and the political reforms conferring responsibility upon the people would have effectively quelled the acute political discontent which had been misdirected into these wrong and mischievous channels. My Lord, I cannot help feeling that this is a most inopportune moment for the passing of such a Bill into law. At no time in the history of this country were the forces of political anarchy so much reduced and under control as at the present moment. Coming at the time of the victory of the Allied arms and preceding the beneficent reforms which have been outlined in the Report of your Excellency and Mr. Montagu, such a legislation is bound to spoil the happy effect of circumstances that are welding together the various parts of the Empire into a great and abiding harmony. This will be the last Council called into being under the old constitution, and the life of this Council has been extended by your Lordship's behest until such time as the new Council of a more representative character on a new basis can come into existence. Would it not be better to wait until that moment and to submit this question to the judgment of that Council? Personally, I would very much prefer the exercise by your Lordship of the power vested in your Government to extend the operation of the Defence of India Act and the rules made under them for a period of six or twelve months more so that an opportunity may be given to the people to go into the merits of the case before such a law is put permanently on the Statute-book. I am satisfied that no harmful consequence will ensue if this measure is delayed for some time, and it is possible that an improvement in the political atmosphere of India may actually obviate the necessity of ultimately passing such a law altogether. As a business-man I yield to none in my anxiety for the preservation of law and order and for the maintenance of the stability of the State, but after the most serious consideration, I find myself unable to give my support to an extreme measure of this character.

"I can assure the Government that they would have the best support of the Indian communities if they used the ordinary machinery of the law with a heavy hand to bring to book that band of misguided young men who have adopted the heinous and detestable methods of anarchy and violence.

"If still your Lordship's Government thinks it essential that a Bill of this nature be introduced, I would appeal to your Lordship's Government to accept the Hon'ble Mr. Patel's amendment of deferring this Bill until the Reform Councils are formed."

3 P.M. **The Hon'ble Raja Sir Rampal Singh :**—"My Lord, the Bill before the Council has been very exhaustively and eloquently discussed and criticised by my Hon'ble Colleagues who have preceded me, and I know it can serve no useful purpose if the same arguments be reiterated over and over again. But the Hon'ble the Home Member has reminded us of the responsibility that we have towards the Government and the people, and I feel I will be failing in my duty towards them if I do not raise my humble but strong voice against it. Telegrams after telegrams have been pouring in from all parts of the country in protest against this Bill. I cannot help observing that the Government have not been well-advised in launching upon this measure which, I am afraid, will not prove efficacious in eradicating the evil that has unfortunately crept into the country, and which is very greatly deplored by all sensible men. But I am constrained to say that the more the repressive measures will be adopted, the more the malady is liable to become serious. The human heart and the human mind are very sensitive and very delicate mechanisms, if I may call them so, in the human body and cannot be won over and brought under control by rough handling.

"Pour more sympathy into the administrative machinery, open more outlets for the realisation of the legitimate aspirations of the people. Let India's interest,

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well-being and prosperity be the first and foremost consideration of the Government, and the evil is sure to die a natural death. My Lord, the provisions of the Bill are a distinct and serious encroachment upon the liberty and the fundamental rights of the people, and are sure to give rise to widespread discontent in the country at a time when it is looking forward with contentment and joyful anticipations to the Reform Scheme of which your Excellency and the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State are the authors. Is it wise, is it expedient, will it be politic to hurl this law upon the country at this juncture when self-determination is in the air, and when everything seems to point and move towards and era of peace and contentment not only here but all the world over? Both the Bills which are on the agenda paper have created an alarm and anxiety in the minds of the people, and the feeling is shared by even the so-called conservative section of the Indian community. What is the hurry, is there any remotest apprehension that a few individuals who have got their heads turned will succeed in subverting the peace and order of the country and within a short space of time of one or two years? To have any such apprehension is a direct slur upon India's unflinching devotion and loyalty to the Throne. I join my Hon'ble Colleagues in the chorus of appeal that has been made to your Excellency to drop the Bill, at least for the present."

The Hon'ble Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur:—"My Lord, 2- I beg to associate myself with the other non-official Indian Members in supporting this amendment. In doing so, I would appeal to your Excellency and your Excellency's Government to drop the Bill for the present. If the Government is not prepared to drop it altogether, they can at least accept the motion which is before the Council asking for its postponement. It is a dangerous measure, and were the Bill to be passed the consequences would be disastrous to this country. I trust the Government will consider the matter thoroughly, and knowing the general feeling of almost all Indian communities to be against it, will drop this drastic Bill and give people cause to be satisfied with the Government's action and be contented, but not discontented.

"With these few words, my Lord, I beg to support the motion before the Council."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Sitanath Ray Bahadur:—"My 2. Lord, it is not without considerable hesitation—it is not with a light heart—that I rise to question the desirability of permanently placing on the Statute-book a drastic measure which, I am sure, will be distasteful to the whole country. Though I must freely admit that the internment policy has been attended with very satisfactory results, as would be evident from the absolute cessation of murders and dacoities, which were so rampant in the country only a few years before, I cannot, in view of the proposed Reforms and in the face of what India has done in the war and the sacrifices in men and money made by her, welcome a permanent measure which will seriously interfere with the personal liberties of the people of this country. The Defence of India Act was an emergency legislation and a temporary measure adopted at a time when the British Empire was engaged in a life and death struggle—the greatest war that history has ever known. We accepted it to deal with a special situation. At a time when the energies of the Empire were engaged in bringing to an end the rampant militarism of Germany, and when it was necessary that all internal disorders should be effectively kept under control and crushed out, we readily assented to a measure calculated to put an end to the mischievous activities of the anarchists. Police-officers were shot dead in the streets and daring dacoities became frequent. I am personally aware of several atrocities perpetrated in the houses of my own relatives when thousands of rupees were lost by honest and innocent men who were helpless before gangs of desparadoes armed with loaded revolvers. It was in the house of one of my near relatives that a dacoity of a most atrocious character was perpetrated in the presence of thousands of men who had assembled to enjoy a theatrical performance, and the appearance of masked marauders was considered to be a part of

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the programme of the theatrical party, till they made their intention clear by forcing their way into the inner apartments and demanding from the ladies their ornaments, after which they successfully decamped with a booty worth about rupees thirty thousand. I might cite another instance in which another relative of mine carrying on business near my Calcutta residence was the victim of a daring dacoity, and was quietly relieved of ₨12,000 by a band of armed ruffians. I might cite numerous other instances, but they are so well known that I need not weary the Council by reciting them. Whether it was in Calcutta or in the interior of the country, it was always the case, that the victims of these nocturnal raids had always been members of the community to which I have the honour to belong. So it will be easily realised that I should naturally feel inclined to uphold any measure intended to keep under complete control the marauders who masquerade under the borrowed plumage of patriots, but whose pleasant pastime it was to rob their own countrymen of their hard-earned money.

"In our younger days when we read in the papers here how the late Dr. Nishikant Chatterjee had been subjected to a search and turned out of his house on mere suspicion in Russia, we thought that an unfortunate country, where such things could happen and personal liberty trifled with, was no place for innocent men to live in. Yet when necessity arose we gave our unstinted support to a measure which empowered the Executive in this country to do such things.

"But I hope the time, when a permanent drastic measure like the Defence of India Act could be considered necessary, has passed away. The Allies have achieved a glorious victory and normal times have returned. At the present moment India is enjoying complete peace, and there is no sign of internal disorders. Moreover, the sacrifices in men and money that India has made in the war cementing with the blood of her sons, a brotherhood in arms with the Allied nations, fighting for a glorious cause has given her sons, as your Lordship has put it in the Reform Report 'a new sense of self-esteem.' The other day the Secretary of State for India recounted the services and sacrifices of my country and pointed out that during the war there had been recruited 11,61,789 Indians, the grand total of all ranks sent oversea from India was 12,15,338, the casualties sustained by this force was 1,01,439. 'Nobody' said the Secretary of State, 'could say that India did not bear her part in our victory and shewn herself to be, as in future, she must be treated a partner of the British Empire.' The Reform proposals made by your Excellency conjointly with the Secretary of State after the announcement of August 1917 have raised new hopes and aspirations in the Indian mind and dispelled dissatisfaction. Under the circumstances it would be a rude shock to the feelings of the people to rush a permanent drastic measure like this through a Legislative Council, whose sands of life are fast running out and whose term of office has been extended only to smooth the advent of a larger and more representative Legislative Assembly. The Defence of India Act is still operative, and though peace is within sight, the war technically is not at an end. Then to deal with persons whom the Government may consider dangerous, you have Regulation III of 1818. Moreover, the Government has the power to issue Ordinances and to bring in a fresh Bill when necessary. So with these three strings to their bow, Government can certainly wait and see how the new policy of conciliation and trust works, and whether the release of a large number of detenus would have a sobering effect on the misguided youths of the country, which I hope it would. Even the Rowlatt Committee in recommending emergency preventive measures said that every order authorising any interference with liberty must be made for a limited period.

"My Lord, to make my position clear I beg leave to say that I might have been willing to give my assent to a temporary measure to last for a short time in order to keep lawless element in society under effective control, provided the necessity for the measure had been proved, but as the Defence of India Act is still in force and is to run six months after the war, I fail to see the necessity for hurriedly enacting a permanent measure which will hurt India's sense of

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self-esteem and cast a slur on her loyalty and which, I am sure, will go to neutralise the high hopes and aspirations raised in the Indian mind by the proposed Reforms Scheme. With these words, I beg to support the amendment proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"My Lord, certain arguments have been addressed to this Council which I ought to deal with; but before doing so in any detail, I propose to make a few very short general remarks with reference to this debate. No one can conceal from himself that it is a very important debate in this Council and, as representing Government, I admit frankly that we have practically the whole opinion of the non-official Members against us. One Hon'ble Member has asked whether, as a Government, we desire to pay no attention to the opinion of non-official Members of this Council. The answer can only be that we have every desire to do so; but if we are asked to surrender our own judgment, maturely and carefully come to, on a very difficult question of policy, it is impossible for us to do so even to the unanimous opinion of non-official Members, who are not in the position of responsibility in which the Government is. 2-38 P.M.

"My Lord, one fact at all events has emerged from this debate which to me is a very satisfactory one. Hon'ble Members in this Council have admitted on all sides that the facts as found by this Commission are proved; no one has attempted in this Council to deny the existence of anarchical revolutionary conspiracies and agitators in India, or, I think, really to belittle the importance of their existence. The facts are fully admitted, and the facts lead necessarily to the conclusion that there is still existent in India an organisation of this description which has been, if you like, repressed, held in restraint and kept down during the war, but which is none the less alive and ready to come into full activity again as soon as the repression is relaxed. That is the inevitable conclusion from the facts found by this Commission. Those are the conclusions to which the Commission itself have come, and I say it is impossible for us, if we are to accept those conclusions, to agree that a further power of repression is not a necessary weapon in the hands of an efficient Government. Hon'ble Members do not dispute the facts; they only dispute the conclusions, as deductions from the facts, to which the Commission have come. My Lord, we brought out, we created a Commission of the highest possible character, we asked an English Judge of eminence and reputation as a criminal lawyer, to come out here and advise us; they have advised us and we, as a Government, are bound to accept their recommendations. Surely we should stultify ourselves if we did not. And what have we against it? Hon'ble Members here, legal practitioners of great eminence, no doubt, in local affairs get up and tell us that they do not agree with the conclusions of the Commission. To which are we to turn? The Commission consisted of an English Judge, sitting with Indian Judges of long experience and great weight, with a non-official Indian Member as well upon it, and their recommendations were unanimous. Can we as a responsible Government refuse to follow them? Can we as a responsible Government accept as conclusive my Hon'ble friend, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya's statement that he does not agree with their recommendations? Which are we to turn to? Which are we to take? Can any reasonable man doubt? Well, we have made our choice, and we think as a Government we have made the right choice and the only choice that is possible to us. The position to my mind irresistibly suggests the case of a man who is admittedly sick and who has tried the local doctors and is not satisfied with their opinion; he brings out a specialist from Europe to examine his case and associates with that specialist all the leading doctors of the place, and then it is proposed that he should not take their advice. Now, in the ordinary things of life, do any of us act like that? Would any of us resist an opinion of that kind? The committee of eminent doctors advise a nauseous pill; the friends of the patient say:—"No, do not take it; try sugar and water.' The specialists advise an operation. The friends of the patient say 'No, put it off for six months; wait for something else to happen.' Is that the counsel which the ordinary man of the world will

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accept and follow? I trow not. Surely, we as a Government are only acting on the lines of common-sense in accepting the best opinion we can get, which is emphatic in recommending this legislation. In the first place, we have a remedy proposed and we find it disputed in this Council whether the remedy proposed will be of any use. Some Hon'ble Members have said 'that it will be useless; that it will not effect what we desire; that we shall not be able by these means to stamp out the anarchist conspiracy; that we shall only make it worse.' Here I am glad to see at all events that we have a very definite difference of opinion among the non-official Members themselves. I remember yesterday my Hon'ble friend, Mr. Jinnah, saying frankly and with the weight of his own experience behind him, 'I do not deny that there are these conspiracies and that you can get rid of them by the means you propose; I admit you can do so, but you can do it better in another way.' Other Members say 'that is not so'; there is obviously a division of opinion on the point. But what practical remedy for this state of things which is now admitted to exist in India is put forward by any non-official Member of this Council? We have heard the facts stated by Sir Verney Lovett, who knows them probably better than most of us, and what remedy has been suggested for them. I have heard my Hon'ble friend, Mr. Sitanath Ray, recounting experiences that have come very near to himself, and what remedy does he propose? What is the practical remedy proposed in this Council? Well, we have two; let me deal first with the no doubt practical suggestion in a way of my friend, Mr. Surendranath Banerjee. He says, 'You have got powers under the Defence of India Act which will last some time yet. Use them. After that pass an Ordinance to the same effect and use it for six months. Thirdly, you have got on the permanent Statute-book Regulation III of 1818. Use that.' Well, if I may take that in any sense as a mandate from Members of this Council, it is a mandate for repressive legislation of a far worse description than what we are now proposing.

"This Act does not go nearly so far as the Defence of India Act, it is surely a far milder measure than Regulation III of 1818. Therefore, I say that the constructive policy that has been put forward by my Hon'ble friend to my right, Mr. Surendranath Banerjee, and which has been backed by a certain number of Members of the Council is a far more repressive one than the measure which has been condemned in the Council to-day.

"Then what is the alternative policy that we have heard from nine-tenths of the speakers in this Council? It is the policy which is summed up in the Asquithian 'wait and see'. Well, my Lord, we do propose as a Government to wait and see, but we propose before we start on the period of waiting to arm ourselves, in case it is necessary to use our powers again. Let me again take a homely illustration of what I mean. A burglar has broken into your house and has robbed you, and you think he is coming again, or at all events, you think he may come again. If you wait behind the door for him, do you wait without a weapon in your hands, or do you before he comes arm yourself and wait for him armed? This is all we propose to do. Many Hon'ble Members have spoken as if the provisions which are to be enacted by this Bill were to be brought into force in the whole of India immediately. Surely, they cannot have studied the Bill; the whole point is that Government are to be armed with powers which can be called into operation not by the Local Governments, not by the local Executive, but by the Governor General in Council, and they will only be called into operation if the burglar comes again. Then as to the policy of what I have called 'sugar', of 'wait and see'; 'try the effect of the Reforms'. If a snake has stung your son and perhaps killed him, do you try and charm the snake, do you make him an offering and ask him not to do it again, or do you kill the snake? We are arming ourselves with powers to deal with a case of that kind, and surely that is what every prudent man would do in the ordinary walk of life.

"Then, again, I venture to say that in this debate there has been a large amount of exaggeration with regard to the effect of this Bill; a typical instance of this occurred in the speech of my Hon'ble friend opposite, Mr. Chanda, when he spoke of the 'untold miseries', I believe those were his words,—the 'untold miseries' that this Bill will bring to the people of India. Well, it seems to me

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that that is a great exaggeration and for all the weight with which my Hon'ble friend spoke, I have yet to learn that the pulse of India is in Assam. Then my Hon'ble friend Mr. Bannerjea talked of innocent millions suffering for the sins of a few hundred,—the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah said a few thousand. Here it was, I venture to think, his heart that led him away and not his head. We had one form of argument which really was, put into plain language, the threat of agitation. That is an argument to which no reasonable Government can give way. I venture to think that the agitation in India will be exactly what the politicians choose to make it. Then lastly, we were told, though I think I have dealt with the point before, we were told that the measure will be useless. It is admitted that something must be done, but nothing coming within the realm of practical politics has been suggested by our opponents.

"There have been other contentions raised which I should like to deal with as a legal member of this Council; they are possibly not so material to this discussion as they would be when discussing the details of the Bill, but as they have been raised, I should like to answer them to the best of my ability. The argument has been put forward that we have no power to legislate as we propose to do by this Bill. It was brought into being by Mr. Chanda and was taken up by the Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya yesterday. He called for one of the Acts of the Government of India and told us he would elaborate the argument later, but went no further, and when the Council rose I did not know on what the argument was based.

"Dr. Sapru, my Hon'ble and learned lawyer friend, took up the offensive and carried it a little further, but it waited for the courage and ingenuity of my Hon'ble friend Mr. Khaparde, to bring the babe out of its swaddling clothes into the light of day. Then what was it? I hoped to hear something new and interesting. It was the old argument that was raised half a century ago in Calcutta, and which has been revived from time to time; it began in the very well-known case of Amir Khan in 1869 or 1870 and received no acceptance then. It was raised a quarter of a century ago in Bombay and met with the same fate; it has been raised recently in Patna, and has again met with the same fate. It is the old argument that you are touching the allegiance of the subject by interfering with the right of liberty. It is the old argument which has been raised for half a century and has never yet found any supporter on the judicial Bench of this country. I do not propose to deal with it at any length. Let me read a few words only from the most recent judgment of an eminent judge in Calcutta, Mr. Chaudhuri:—

'The Indian Legislature both before and after the passing of the Indian Councils Act, 1861, has from time to time passed similar enactments authorising the privation of liberty in certain circumstances, and no instance has been cited to me in which such acts have been held to be *ultra vires* or in which any of the above arguments* (these are the arguments which the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde has addressed to us) 'which have been repeated from time to time have ever been accepted as correct'. A similar point, I may note, was raised in England as to the power to restrain the liberty of British subjects and was carried to the House of Lords. My Hon'ble friend Mr. Khaparde read to us from a certain petition before the Privy Council. I know nothing of its contents. I only know that the petition was dismissed, and therefore it is not an unfair assumption that in the Privy Council too this argument found no favour. Is it, under these circumstances, wonderful that I, so far as I am the legal adviser of your Excellency's Government, have declined to suggest that there is any lack of power in the Government of India to legislate to this effect? Remember, that this argument could have been addressed and was addressed to the Courts after the Defence of India Act was in operation. We have had all these years of the war in which the ingenuity of the lawyers has been engaged in trying to attack the powers exercised under the Defence of India Act. We had two very big cases in the High Court at Patna not very long ago in which, as I say, all the ingenuity of lawyers from Calcutta and Patna was employed to try and make the Act of no effect. And these are the arguments upon which my Hon'ble friend Mr. Khaparde says that I ought not to have accepted the position that we have power to legislate. When I interrupted my Hon'ble friend the

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Pandit yesterday it was to say that in my opinion there was not the slightest shadow of a doubt as to our power of legislating in this matter, and I say the same again now.

"Then considerable point was made by more than one speaker with regard to the provision in the Bill as to the admission of evidence which it was said was contrary to the existing law, and with that I quite agree. My Hon'ble friend Mr. Jinnah argued that we should then have a trial within a trial, in order to ascertain whether the particular person whose evidence was being adduced had been spirited away in the interests of the accused. My Hon'ble friend suggested that this was a great blot upon the clause. I do not think I have misrepresented his argument. I think my Hon'ble friend forgot that possibly it was an unwise thing to argue this in an assembly which contains so many lawyers, as we already have a similar provision in section 33 of the Evidence Act. There you may have exactly the same inquiry, the same trial within a trial......

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—"Under section 33 a statement is only allowed subject to certain provisions which I should ask you to read."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"I do not think my Hon'ble friend quite understands me. This clause, of course, goes a great deal further than section 33 Under section 33 of the Evidence Act, we all know that the evidence of a witness which cannot be produced is only admissible provided among other things opportunity has been given to cross-examine him: all that I am dealing with however is the argument which my Hon'ble friend Mr. Jinnah rather unwisely, as I thought, elaborated yesterday that the real objection to this clause of the Bill was that you would have a 'trial within a trial' in order to see whether the man had been actually spirited away. All that I am suggesting to him is that we have exactly the same possibility under section 33 of the Evidence Act. He obviously forgets the provisions of section 33. The section deals with the relevancy of certain evidence for proving in subsequent proceedings the truth of the facts stated therein, *i.e.*, when the witness is dead or cannot be found, or is incapable of giving evidence or is kept out of the way by the adverse party. This is the passage in the section to which I referred. Here you have exactly the same 'trial within a trial' in order to know whether he has been kept out of the way by the adverse party. I am only meeting the argument that has been put forward. I am not dealing with anything else. Whether it is desirable to have such a provision in this Bill may be another matter, but the particular objection taken to it is of little weight if that is already in the law under section 33.

"Another point that was made by several Hon'ble Members and which has been emphasised by such an eminent lawyer as my Hon'ble friend the Pandit was that by this Bill we were taking away the birth-right of every man in taking away the right of appeal to the High Court which is part of the charter of liberty. I am not suggesting that these are his own words, but that is the trend of his argument. But does my Hon'ble friend and those who follow the same line of argument forget that until a very few years ago there was no right of appeal whatsoever in any criminal case in England? It is only a very modern innovation in the English law which has allowed a criminal the right of appeal...........

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya :—"Have you any trial by jury?"

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"In many cases in India we have a trial by jury."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya :—"Give us that and we are quite content."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"It is not merely going

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what the law in India is. There is no appeal in a criminal case in India where the case has been tried in the High Court in a criminal Sessions. There is no appeal then, and why? Why have we adopted in India from very early times the right of appeal in criminal cases from the district Courts, from mofussil Judges, but not where the case is tried in the sessions of the High Court? . . . .

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya :—" Is there not always a jury in the High Court?"

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—" We have juries in the districts just as much. But there is no appeal from a criminal trial in the High Court because of the higher status of the Judges; that I say is the difference. Here we are providing a tribunal to deal with these cases consisting of three High Court Judges, and therefore I say there is no necessity for a right of appeal and that the taking away of the right of appeal is not to deny . . . .

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda :—" Is it not practicable to appeal from decisions of a High Court on a certificate by the Advocate-General or on a point of law reserved?"

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—" I am afraid my Hon'ble friend is not quite correct. He will, no doubt, remember clause 25 of the Letters Patent. It reads thus. I am reading from the Calcutta one :—

' And we do further ordain that there shall be no appeal to the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal from any sentence or order passed or made in any criminal trial before the Courts of original criminal jurisdiction which may be constituted by one or more Judges of the said High Court. But it shall be at the discretion of any such Court to reserve any point or points of law, for the opinion of the said High Court.'

" I am, therefore, correct in saying that there is no appeal where a trial is in the High Court, and here the trial that we are providing for is before three High Court Judges.

" Well, I do not desire to follow all the arguments that have been addressed to this Council to-day nor to go into all their ramifications. The various points that have been raised will be dealt with by the Select Committee which, I hope, will consider this Bill very sympathetically. I think it right to say, speaking for myself as a lawyer who has practised for some years under the English system of law, that I have a great dislike to legislation of this kind, and I would not support it as I do whole-heartedly now, unless I was absolutely satisfied myself that it is necessary. I dislike it, but I recognise the necessity for it. I, therefore, support it whole-heartedly as being necessary for the conditions that we have in India at the present time. At the same time I should like Hon'ble Members to know that, when the Bill goes to the Select Committee, any suggestions that they may have to make for mitigating the severity of it or doing away with possibilities of oppression and so on, will meet with sympathetic response from my Hon'ble Colleague, who is in charge of the Bill, and it is there that we may be able to do a great deal to meet the difficulties which many Hon'ble Members have dealt with."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma :—" My Lord, I have had the advantage of listening to the very able and eloquent defence by the Hon'ble the Law Member of the attitude of Government with regard to these Bills. He has asked us not to decide the issues by appeals to emotion, not to be misled by the dictates of our heart, but to use our intellect a bit to see whether the Government's position is justifiable, and whether the course they have adopted is not the right one. Before I deal with these questions, my Lord, I may be permitted to state that I shall try to appeal only to the intellect and not to the heart. Let me begin by saying that I had received instructions, or a mandate if you may so call it, from my constituency, a 3-4

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telegram from 13 members of the Madras Legislative Council, to oppose this legislation, and I need hardly say that I have received numerous telegrams from almost every district headquarters, from almost every town in the Madras Presidency, not to speak of other places, asking me to oppose this legislation. But I realise, and I have realised, that there is much truth in what the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett has said that we are here to lead and not to be led. I have, therefore, tried my level best to put myself in the position of Government, to realise the responsibilities of Government in maintaining the peace and tranquillity of the country. And to see whether it would be possible for me to reconcile myself or ask the country to reconcile itself to the course which has been pursued by the Government of India in this particular instance. Now, my Lord, what is the issue before the people? The broad, naked issue is whether the people should be satisfied under the present circumstances with a rule by the bureaucracy, by the Executive, pure and simple, uncontrolled by the judiciary. The experiment which the Government has successfully tried during the last century, or century and a half, of ruling the country with the aid of the judiciary, the Government ask us to believe, has miserably failed, and that therefore there is no option left but to rule by the sword, by martial law in essence because the rule by the Executive suggested is practically tantamount to rule by martial law disguised under civilian forms. Therefore, my Lord, the question is, are the people to submit? Is there any necessity for submitting to a rule by the Executive after enjoying the benefits of a judicial administration, pure as far as human ingenuity can devise, is there any justification for asking the people hereafter to forsake their liberty in the name of order and peace and tranquillity in this country? That is the naked issue. Has the Government, I would respectfully ask, realised the full significance of their admission in bringing forward this legislation at the present moment? To my mind they have confessed that, after a century of British rule, the rule of the bureaucracy has brought India to such a state—progressive if you please—that they find that the judicial administration, their own creation, hampers them to such an extent that they would have to discard it if they are to rule India at all peacefully. That is the confession, a confession of inefficiency, a confession of absolute failure, the logical result the admission of the need for this legislation if the Government should press for it. Well, people have been saying that to a very large extent and therefore pressing for reforms, have been asking the Government to take the people into active co-operation as government on the old lines is absolutely impossible. Now the answer of the Government to that may be we have realised that and that is the reason why we have brought forward a scheme of reforms which would give self-government in course of time to India, but meanwhile we find it absolutely necessary to arm ourselves with these powers during the transition stage. It is true that the present system of government is a failure, that we cannot rule on these lines, but we at the same time have to arm ourselves and go back upon our position to some extent and treat the whole of India or portions of India as if they were Agency tracts before the self-government scheme is in working order. My submission is that the policy of the Government for which something has to be said, that the bitter pill which has to be administered to the patient had better be administered prior to the sugar pill, and that the patient would appreciate the sugar pill a little more if the bitter pill were administered first, that repressive legislation should be introduced first and the liberal legislation later on is unsound. What we have to ascertain is whether the bitter pill is a real medicine, whether it may not exasperate and kill the patient, whether it is worth the while of the patient to live an inglorious life, deprived of all security of person and liberty in the hope that on a future day there might be reforms. The next question is as to whether this bitter pill is likey to attain the end which the Government has in view. The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes and the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent, the Home Member, have practically accepted the dictum in the Report of the Rowlatt Committee that even in 1914, prior to the theft of Messrs. Rodda's arms, it was felt that the forces of law and order had in this respect been vanquished, and that the sedition party was too strong

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for the Government. Is that a correct statement of fact? My Lord, I submit that it is not and I beg leave to dispute it; I take the liberty to say that the police of Bengal as of other provinces have been as efficient, perhaps much more efficient, in tracking this particular kind of crime than they have been in grappling with other serious forms of crime, and if there is any inefficiency, if there is any inability to cope with the situation, it is not to be noticed in this particular case alone, but it is to be found all along in the case of grave crime. I beg permission to quote only a few facts to show that I am right that in the matter of the sedition trials the Courts have been a little more lenient towards the prosecution than they have been in the case of other crimes, and that the percentage of convictions has been much higher than in the case of murders and dacoities, and therefore it is not a correct fact to say that the forces of law and order have been found inadequate in this particular instance. If you say that they have been all along inadequate in dealing with grave crime, I have no answer but to say, 'yes,' but if the Government thinks that they have been adequate in dealing with grave crime but that in this particular instance alone they have failed, I beg to join issue with them. What do you find? The Committee say that in the ten attempts to strike at revolutionary conspiracies, 192 persons were involved in the prosecutions launched, and that 63 were convicted, that is a percentage of about 33. Now, my Lord, what has been the fate of the cases which have been brought to the Courts for murder and dacoity. You find that in Bengal during the year 1912, 420 reported cases of murders and only 39 convictions, which is 9 per cent. You find in 1915, 514 reported cases and 71 convictions, about 11 per cent., in 1917, 425 and 60 convictions. And if you take the number of persons, you will find the proportion would be nearly the same.

"Take dacoities again. You find there were in 1912, 249 dacoities and you have had only 19 convictions or 7 per cent. and you had in 1915, 769 dacoities and 102 convictions as against 24 or so in the case of sedition. You might multiply instances and you will find that, although the Bengal police take credit to themselves that in the detecting of cases including miscellaneous cases they have been more efficient than the rest of India. Taking the whole of India the police in other provinces have been much more efficient than the Bengal police in the matter of tackling grave crime. Therefore, my Lord, having such an inefficient machinery in your hands, can the Government complain that the people have not loyally co-operated in dealing with this sort of grave crime. It is not the fault of the people that they have not succeeded in enabling the Government to secure a larger number of convictions. It is the fault of the administrative machinery. It is the mutual adulation society in which we have been living, one department supporting another, each department praising its own men and the others accepting it, that is responsible for this state of things. Therefore, if you ask for a remedy, the remedy is to make the police in general, and the Bengal police in particular, more efficient. Because the police, having search powers, having so many vast powers entrusted to them, had not been able to discover anything until seven or eight years after the rebels openly proclaimed themselves, you say to us, 'we are inefficient we have such a hopeless machinery, therefore arm us with powers depriving the people of the security they enjoy under the protection of a judicial administration.' It seems to me that that is not a fair proposition to advance.

"Let me take up another argument which was advanced by the Rowlatt Committee that the convictions have not been able to repress crime. Have they repressed crime in the case of murder? Have they repressed crime in the case of dacoity? We find that the number of crimes has been increasing year after year throughout India. This state of things is not confined to the case of sedition alone; it is to be found in the case of all grave crime. 3,340 reported murders in 1903 and 4,770 in 1915 with 1,103 and 1,101 convictions and 2,339 and 3,738 dacoities with 443 and 733 convictions. I shall not weary the Council with further figures, but that is the state of things.

"Your Lordship, the question has been asked what is your practical suggestion? My practical suggestion is this. Just as you stamped out the Thugs by a

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special department, if need be, create a special department and stamp out this crime. If a province is so beggarly as not to be able to find money for it, take the money from the other provinces, if necessary, in order to be able to finance that province; but in the name of common sense do not deprive the people of other provinces of their rights and liberties, or at any rate do not subject them to the risk of losing their rights and liberties simply because you find one administration unable to cope with crime of a particular character.

"Well, therefore, my first position is that the statements upon which the Rowlatt Committee has based its recommendations that the forces of law and order have been found not to be equal to the occasion and that convictions have not been able to repress crime are only partially true, and that if we are to follow up the logic of the proposals, we shall have to discard judicial administration in the case of all grave crimes also in order to be able to attain the ends we have in view. I cannot but feel, my Lord, that, notwithstanding the safeguarding words that it is only in the case of a seditious movement being connected with certain grave crimes that this machinery is to be employed, notwithstanding the employment of these words, an inefficient police would only have to say 'so and so, who is a political preacher, has preached here and dacoities have gone up,' to invoke the provisions of this Act, and we find, as a matter of fact, ordinary Hindu-Muhammadan disturbances being tried by special tribunals under the Defence of India Act. That procedure may be followed hereafter, the name of sedition being conveniently employed. Therefore, I would ask that those essential facts on which the Report has been founded should not be treated as proved or employed as arguments in support of this legislation.

"Then, my Lord, the question was asked what else would you suggest? What are the constructive proposals you have? Well, one of the constructive proposals we have always suggested is to give us the power. If the Government finds that they cannot manage law and order, let them put them under the control of a representative assembly, and I am morally certain that they will be able to repress this sort of crime much sooner than may be imagined. People will know where to hunt for these men, they will devise the necessary machinery. But, my Lord, may I ask, have the people of that particular locality where this crime has been so prevalent been quartered with any punitive police in the past? Has the Government ever tried the experiment between 1906 and 1918 of asking the people where these disturbances occurred to pay for the police and to co-operate with the police in repressing the crime? What practical steps have been taken by the Government beyond the strengthening of the Criminal Investigation Department, working in secret to tackle this sort of crime that they should come forward and ask this assembly to enact that the people should submit to a sacrifice of their fundamental rights of citizenship? After all, what does the Rowlatt Committee itself say? The Rowlatt Committee says that this sort of crime is not indigenous to any province, that it has been accidentally imported into the Punjab, and that even in Bengal there are so very few people who are given to it compared with the total population, that there is no real danger of its spreading. And the proof of there being no real danger is that even before the Defence of India Act was in force rigidly in Bengal, the Government have during the most troublous times of war been able to enforce all their measures, that the people have been loyally co-operating with the Government, and that although there was sedition it was never a hindrance to peaceful administration during the most troublous times of war. I ask, therefore, if the people have been so loyal and if they have co-operated with the authorities so loyally during the most troublous times of war, is there a case made out for asking the Legislative Council to equip the Government with these powers in times of peace? Well, it has been said these powers are not going to be used immediately; they will be on the Statute-book so that people may be told, 'if you employ terroristic methods we will also employ terroristic methods.' It comes to that. If the Executive are going to shut up any man without any inquiry, without allowing him a chance of proving his innocence in a law Court, it means that the Government are prepared to ask this Council

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to equip them with terroristic weapons in order to cope with terrorism. I ask, in this peaceful time, would it be right for the legislature to put on the permanent Statute-book a law giving the executive Government powers to terrorise in the manner they ask that they should be permitted to do? I humbly submit, no. Is there any difficulty in the Government of India passing legislation at a moment's notice? That question has not been answered. It is said, why should we not arm ourselves with power before hand? I say it is dangerous, because a bureaucracy always loves power, loves to arm itself with power and abuses that power, if it is armed, whereas if it has to make out a case on a specific occasion, it will see to it that it does not come up unless it has a very good case. That is one reason why, although we realise that the Government can at a moment's notice or even without notice pass an Ordinance or pass a law—and the Government of India are not going to weaken themselves in any way—we object to arming them in advance because the natural tendency is to accumulate more and more power in the hands of the bureaucracy, and we wish to check it. My Lord, has not that tendency been exhibited in this particular case? What are the powers which the ingenuity and the wit of man, of lawyers and of thorough-bred bureaucrats could devise which have not been given already? What are the measures which are not already on the Statute-book even if this Bill is not passed into law, which can be devised, consistently with resort to judicial tribunals? You have passed a law prohibiting any public meetings being held when you wish it; you have taken power to search for any seditious article anywhere; you have taken power to suppress the Press, to confiscate the Press. You have taken power about the burden of proof being laid upon persons who are found in possession of explosives. You can prevent any press from publishing seditious matter; you can confiscate the press and prevent the Post Office from being employed for these purposes. You have got all these powers in your hands. The only drawback the Executive sees is that there might be some shadow of supervision by the judicial tribunals. Hitherto the bureaucracy have not been able to resist the invasion of the judicial tribunals into their preserves in every matter, although the Calcutta High Court has admitted that their powers are practically nugatory. Apart from that, you have accepted that in some instances there might be an appeal to the law Courts. You have got in your Statute-book practically all that you ask for in this measure subject to that one reservation. Therefore I ask, what is the necessity for this measure except that you are mortally afraid of a resort to the law Courts? You are so mortally afraid of your own tribunals and your own judicial officers, that you feel you cannot tackle any problem so long as the judicial tribunals can step in and it is because the bureaucracy has been exhibiting for the last 50 years its mortal dread of judicial tribunals, it is because we know that is the only safeguard of the people that we ask to be protected against legislation of this character. My Lord, what is the golden thread, the silken tie, what is the bond of allegiance between the people and the Government? Hitherto, statesmen, jurists, publicists, administrators of the highest character have admitted that although the Government is really bureaucratic, the people are willing to submit themselves to British rule because they feel that their lives, their properties and their persons are subject only to the jurisdiction of lawfully established law Courts. That is the real tie of allegiance. I know what is passing in the minds of some executive officials. They would ask us to remember what was the state of things in the ancient kingdoms ruled by Hindus and Mohammadans, and whether the old monarchs did not enjoy arbitrary powers, and if they had them why the British Government in India, with its British spirit, should not be permitted the same powers which they would not employ in the same arbitrary manner as the former rulers of India, may be presumed to have employed them. My answer to that is, if you want us to revert to that kind of rule, let us revert to it entirely: the only reason why we submit ourselves willingly to you is because we feel that your administration of justice is pure, and it is because we feel that it is not likely to be so pure under any other form of Government that we cheerfully accept our apprenticeship under you before self-government dawns in this

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country. Remove that single link between us and I for one do not see any reason why the people should not say 'Let us have *Swaraj* within the Empire immediately.' My Lord, you are driving the people to desperation. You are snapping the tie—unconsciously and without knowing it—you are snapping the only tie that makes the people submit willingly, nay cheerfully, to your bureaucratic rule, by saying 'We shall suspend the administration of justice when it pleases us to do so.'

"It is unnecessary to elaborate the argument.—I will not say it is unnecessary—but perhaps it is useless to enter into the question of law whether this Council has jurisdiction to pass a law of this description. My own idea is that this Council has not the power. Section 65 of the Government of India Act has been already quoted. I will not waste the time of the Council by reading it; but inasmuch as the question has been raised, I think I shall have to dwell for a few minutes on that point. The unwritten law and constitution of the United Kingdom guaranteeing the liberty of the subject is the bond of allegiance between the people and the Crown. Queen Victoria's proclamation and various other proclamations have laid down that we are to be treated on the same footing as Her Majesty's British subjects. In the Collection of Statutes relating to British India published under the authority of the Government of India, the first Statute which relates to India is the Magna Charta. Statute 28 of Edward the third, 1354, says:

'No man of what estate or condition he be shall be put out of land or tenement, nor taken, nor imprisoned, nor disinherited, nor put to death without being brought in answer by due process of the law.'

Hon'ble Members may say that this section and these Statutes have been practically repealed by section 65, which says that the Government of India may repeal all British laws passed before the year 1860; but they are not included among the Statutes repealed and there is a reservation: These Statutes relate only to the constitution of the United Kingdom—the constitution to which we look for the protection of our lives and liberties, and on which our allegiance is based and there would be no meaning otherwise in putting in that last clause dealing with the allegiance of the subject if these also were to be treated as not applicable to India. Technicalities apart, however, that is the only bond, and pray remember that you should not snap that bond.

"Then, the Government have said—'Here is the Rowlatt Committee consisting of such eminent judges, fortifying us in our conclusions, and would it be right on the part of this Legislative Council, consisting of inexperts who cannot know the facts correctly, to ask us to swerve from our decision because they choose to think in a different way. The responsibility is ours—not theirs.' I realise that the responsibility is chiefly yours and not ours, but may I submit, my Lord, that the Rowlatt Committee were not asked as to what measures were necessary in order to cope with this evil. That political question was entirely out of their jurisdiction, although they have indulged in the first paragraph in the gratuitous remark that representative institutions are foreign to this country. Heaven alone knows what relevancy there is in that. The Government of India had their legislative scheme cut and ready practically, and the Rowlatt Committee had an opportunity of examining it and simply followed it. But how can the people accept a Report the evidence on which it has been based having been withheld from the public? Secondly, I am not here impugning the honesty of purpose, the *bona fides* or the ability of any of the members who sat on the Committee; but may I ask if it was impossible for the Government, knowing that a resolution was moved in this Council asking for a mixed committee to be appointed, to ask the Imperial Legislative Council to nominate one or two of their members to sit on this committee and to assist in their deliberations? Will not the people say, have not they already said, that this committee was specially chosen by the Government, that they had no lot or part in its selection, that men of a particular temperament, whose honesty cannot be impugned, might have been selected because they were men of that temperament?

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" I know that in Madras one speaker has alluded to the distinguished President as being of an autocratic temperament, because he walked out of the judges' room when the petition of a conscientious objector was to be heard, saying he had better things to do than listen to such frivolous objections. Such things are being said. It is also said that Government has unwittingly committed a mistake in appointing acting men. I have the highest respect for my distinguished friend the judge from Madras, and I say from my knowledge of him that he could not have allowed any corrupt or personal motives to creep into his decision; but still the Rowlatt Committee has said that the future is to be safeguarded by permanent judges of the High Court being placed on these tribunals, thereby showing distinctly their opinion that Government were not altogether happy in choosing an acting man. I say the Government has lent itself to these attacks unwittingly, because I for one moment will not attribute the slightest motive to the Government in making their choice; but I cannot help feeling a regret that Government could not associate with this committee men in whom this Council or the Legislative Councils of India have confidence, and then this report might have had greater weight with the people than it has at present. Several official Members of this Council have alluded to the acceptance by this Council of the findings of fact of the Rowlatt Committee. What are those facts which this Council has accepted? The facts which the Council has accepted are that there was revolutionary crime of a dastardly character which had to be put down, that there is anti-British feeling in certain parts of India which will have to be stamped out if there is to be peace in the land; to that extent every one of us is agreed; there is absolutely no distinction on that point; we all endorse that. We are in common agreement that it will have to be stamped out and that it does exist. But on the other conclusions, namely, that the existing forces of law have failed or that political remedies that may be applied may not stamp out the evil, and on several other conclusions of facts we respectfully demur to their accuracy. The Rowlatt Committee sat *in camera*; it had nobody to put the other view; it had nobody to press any other view, and I well remember several experiences of mine as a lawyer to show how even the ablest judges when they hear only one side of the case put before them come to a rapid conclusion, and how difficult it is for the other advocate to dislodge the judge from a wrong position once taken up. I recollect very well in my early days when I went to argue an appeal before a Collector, he said 'Well, Mr. Sarma, you appear for the appellant. I dismiss your appeal.' I begged for a couple of minutes to permit me to argue my position; I was permitted luckily for my client and I managed to get a reversal of the lower Court's judgment. I will not weary the Council with many other instances, but I think that will illustrate the danger of the best men coming to a wrong conclusion even with regard to facts on an *ex parte* statement. The Government had these facts; the Rowlatt Committee had the very same facts and came to certain conclusions based upon these facts. If the Rowlatt Committee or the Government wanted the people's approval they ought to have allowed the other side to say what they could; but that is a point which I need not further labour at the present juncture.

" Then, with regard to the repressive measures being taken up before the Reforms are taken up, I say one word. I submit with all humility that there has been a great mistake of policy. There is a revulsion in the land which I have been noticing in favour of strengthening the Government's hands and strengthening the cause of moderate reform. The forces of extremism have been or are being slowly but steadily subdued. Government has succeeded in quelling prussianism. Do not allow the people for goodness' sake to say that in quelling prussianism abroad you have to come to establish prussianism in the country. That is what the people are saying. There is a feeling that Germany has been conquered for the benefit of mankind, that freedom and liberty are in the air, that even nationalities much worse placed than we are are hoping and rightly to get governments of their own and that we also may have our fair share. At such a time of hope, when every attempt is being made even by anarchists, to abandon their methods because they see all hope of succour from Germany or from any other country is shut out from them, even they see

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how futile it will be to endeavour to subvert the British Government; at such a time as this, I pray that you should strengthen the moderate element. What will be the result if the representations of all the non-officials being rejected, as possibly will be the case? These anarchists would say 'Now, look here, you have been talking all along about moderates and extremists; what have you moderates succeeded in getting from Government? You have been utilised for certain purposes of Government, but when Government has set its mind on any object there is no use in your trying.' Do not drive moderates into that humiliating position. Nothing is lost when you have got the power to enforce your will at any moment by agreeing to a little delay as has been asked for. Let us not imagine that the Executive would not always abuse its power. I remember very well in my early days when I entered the Madras Legislative Council that a petty quarrel not of a very edifying kind, in which a European was involved, led to an assault and the military were called in because there was political fervour previously in and about the place. There is likely to be a mistake of cause and effect, and unrest will be created by our anticipating it. I therefore pray that that should not be done. If you have to do anything by way of taking legislative powers, create permanent judicial tribunals, even when you want to act under the preventive sections of the Code. Let legislation be temporary, but to think, to dream of putting this on the permanent Statute-book seems to be madness. We ask for co-operation; you ask for co-operation; we reluctantly oppose this Bill because we love the British connection; we realise that it is only by the prolongation, if possible for ever, of the British connection between the two countries India's destiny will be achieved. It is because we feel that our hopes are centred in this permanent union that we ask that you should listen to our advice; it is because we are desirous of safeguarding the elementary rights of citizenship, we do not wish to condemn the bureaucracy of so much inefficiency of which they are unconsciously accusing themselves; it is because of this that you are playing into the hands of the anarchists, we are not satisfied that this measure is necessary, and we do not wish to render the administration more inefficient than it is; it is because it is not competent to the Indian legislature to pass this law, and we do not wish to create unrest by anticipating it; it is because there is the possibility of specific legislation being undertaken to deal with any particular individuals who may be undesirables and who may have to be released when the Defence of India Act is repealed, if the Regulation of 1818 is felt to be inapplicable, that we ask the Government to pause and to listen to our advice."

3-45 P.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. Mazharul Haque:**—"My Lord, I do not want to make a long speech and to try the patience of the Council which has already been tried long enough for the last two days. But in this fateful hour in the life of my country, I cannot give a silent vote on this occasion. My Lord, yesterday the Hon'ble the Home Member told us that we the Indian Members of this Council were on our trial, that by the manner we voted on this we would be judged, that is to say, if we voted for the amendment of my friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Patel, we would all prove ourselves unfit for self-government. If we in this Council prove ourselves false to our country, betray our motherland, then surely we are unfit for self-government, otherwise we are not. I for one do not see any logic in that statement of the Hon'ble the Home Member. I refuse to take that statement seriously. To-day we have heard a very eloquent speech from the Hon'ble the Law Member for whose ability and erudition I have the greatest respect. For the exposition of the legal points which he gave us I entirely bow to him, but on the political aspects of this question I beg to differ. My Lord, I oppose this Bill on several grounds. Firstly, I think, that no case has been made out for the introduction of this measure; Secondly, I think it is the negation of all law; Thirdly, I think it is dangerously inexpedient; Fourthly, it is entirely inopportune, and lastly, no urgency has been shown for this measure. My Lord, without entering into details I say this, that coercion has never succeeded in this world. Look at the entire history of mankind and your Lordship will find that it has failed, and

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miserably failed. Look within the bound of the British Empire itself and your Lordship will find that the history of Ireland is a history of coercive measures, have they succeeded? What I say is this, that in this year of Grace 1919 we find there is a party of Sinn Feiners which is the result of the coercive measures enacted for the benefit of Ireland. My Lord, I know the temper of my people. We Indian Members all have opportunities of mixing with the highest and lowest of Indians; I wish I could say as much for my European colleagues here; and I tell the Council with all the responsibility that attaches to the utterances of a Member of this Council that the temper of this country is not sweet, and that it will not put up with this legislation. My Lord, your Excellency's Government is standing on the brink of a precipice. I entreat your Lordship with all the earnestness I can command to pause before taking the final leap."

The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri:—"My Lord, when some months ago this Council debated the Resolution moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde on the Rowlatt Committee's Report, I refused to support that part of his Resolution upon the ground that I did not regard the Report as fiction but as a startling revelation of fact. Of course, I said that while it might lead to some legislative action there was time enough to consider the action when it actually came before the Council. That time has now come; the Government have actually made proposals, and we are invited to consider them. I am unable to find that either the nature of, or the time for, legislation is suitable. As to the nature of the legislation laymen like me will not be on sure ground in stating the reasons in a technical way, but as to the time for the legislation I am perfectly clear that the Government have chosen a very unfortunate time. In the first place, your Excellency, I think it is not in accordance with the practice of other Governments to bring in repressive legislation of this nature long before its necessity has become clear. I was listening with the greatest respect to what the Hon'ble the Home Member said on this aspect of the subject, and I beg leave to say that he rather overstated his case when he told the Council that the Government must not be left naked and defenceless when the burglar had made his appearance. The Government cannot be naked and defenceless, it is avowedly in full possession of the powers that it needs to put down wrong of every kind; that will continue for many months yet and if it pleases the Viceroy for another long year yet it will remain in possession of all the needed powers. To say that the necessity has now come and that the Members of this Legislative Council should not leave the Government in a position of defencelessness is certainly in my opinion to over-state the case. Then the Hon'ble the Home Member also relied on the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee, but I am unable to find in the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee any mandate or any strong counsel to the effect that any of the measures proposed must be permanent, that they must be worked into the Penal Code, or into the Criminal Procedure Code of the land. Their character as emergency legislation must be recognised. I think the course taken by the Government in recommending to this Council permanent legislation involving alterations in the Penal Code and the Criminal Procedure Code goes beyond the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee, and has necessarily, therefore, evoked a great deal of alarm. I conceive, your Excellency, that it was hardly necessary to frighten the country by saying that the Government must be armed with powers of a permanent character. I very much wish indeed that the Government had found it possible in the first instance before raising a storm to say that they would be content with these powers being placed in their hands for a temporary period. When in the course of time the Defence of India Act expired or the Defence of India Act extended by the Viceroy expired, it was still necesssary to have these powers, it was open to the Government to call a special Session of the Legislative Council, and I do not think that when the Government take such a startling step as to call a sudden session of the Council to equip it with the necessary powers to meet with a dangerous seditious conspiracy, any one in the country will raise his voice against it. Now everything seems to be alright, wrong-doing is under

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full control, and Government can say that in the exercise of the powers they have, they have secured peace and tranquillity. To say now, long before the necessity may arise that we want to equip ourselves permanently with weapons of repression—that word has been used by Government Members themselves and I have no scruple therefore to use it—is in my opinion simply to set the country in an unnecessary state of excitement.

"Then we are told that after all these powers are not placed in the hands of small officials. The small officials come in only after the Viceroy has satisfied himself that in certain areas in the country crime of a very deep-rooted and widespread nature is prevalent or is likely to become prevalent. Now I take leave respectfully to dissent from the implications of this proposition. The implications of this proposition go very deep indeed. We are asked to supplant the experience of civilized Governments. If every word that the Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes told us were to have its due weight, if what he said were to be carried to its logical conclusion, if in every case where the Executive were armed with arbitrary powers they used them only justly, properly and no more than was adequate to the occasion, if in every case of mis-exercise they could be brought to book, if there was provision for publicity, then indeed there is apparently no reason why in the permanent law of England, in the permanent law of France and in the permanent law of America there should not be legislation similar to that which is proposed for this country. After all, it is good to have those powers. No Government will ever abuse its power. The Executive, wherever they have the power, always use it only when it is necessary. If that is so, if there is no fallibility in the Executive, if all high officials charged with responsible power never erred, then there is no limit to the placing of arbitrary power in the hands of any Executive which a Legislative Council may be called upon to sanction. That, however, is not the way in which responsible people look at things. They ask, are these powers necessary ? I was wondering how the Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes himself having made these rather sweeping statements came later on to say 'I myself as a Britisher hate this kind of thing ; repression is distasteful to me.' I heard the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent also say 'after all, these things are bad.' Why should they be bad ? We are bidden always to trust the Executive, to believe that they will never do wrong, the law will always be used considerately and only in the interests of the poor and the helpless ; why should it be wrong then ; why then, should we scruple at all to leave all power in the hands of the Executive, to roll up our Courts of law, to suspend or lay low your Legislative Councils altogether ? That is not the way that we should look at things. We think that the Executive are apt to make mistakes, and I think they do make mistakes. We know, my Lord, Viceroys who have held, who are holding and who will hold power are under no delusion that the Local Governments can make no mistakes whatever; that the heads of Local Governments may not yield to the public opinion of their community, may not be hounded on by an infuriated press to take in hand a policy of severity, always no doubt with the best of intentions, always no doubt with a feeling of horror and repugnance, always no doubt with a desire to stop everything the moment it should become unnecessary. But we know, my Lord, from bitter experience that these measures are put into force sooner than they become necessary; that while they are put into force they are exercised more harshly than is necessary, and that they are dropped only with the utmost reluctance long after the exigencies that called them into existence have disappeared, long after enormous miseries and frightful hardships have been inflicted. We know that these things have happened, and it is because I take it every Englishman feels that these things may happen that he is obliged to say when he stands up in defence of a legislation of this kind, however strongly he may word it in one part of his speech. 'I certainly dislike these things ; they are objectionable on principle.' If they are objectionable on principle in one place, they are objectionable on principle in every place, and their application must be tested by the severest tests and they must at every step be open to challenge. In England, my Lord, as I have read these things, whenever

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a repressive law is in force, every single exercise of it is at once openly challenged. A public inquiry is probably held. Anyhow a committee is appointed to take evidence. What happens in India? A press law is passed. ten years afterwards in the Supreme Legislative Council an inquiry to be conducted by a mixed commission appointed by the Council is asked for, and your Excellency's Government come forward and say 'we will not appoint a committee. We will not face an inquiry into this affair.' Now that kind of thing is not a circumstance which encourages us to go forward and place summary powers in the hands of the Executive, because we fear with some experience behind us, that you will not submit your actions to the scrutiny of the public as every exercise of arbitrary power should be submitted.

"Then we are told with almost pathetic simplicity quite worthy of a paternal Government. 'Why need the innocent man fear? The honest man need not walk in fear of these repressive measures; they are meant only to punish the wicked and they will be used only to punish the wicked; let the virtuous men go about as usual in the exercise of their work.' I wish that this idyllic picture were true in India or anywhere. Now, my Lord, a bad law once passed is not always used against the bad. In times of panic to which all alien Governments are unfortunately far too liable, in times of panic, caused it may be by very slight incidents, I have known Governments lose their heads. I have known a reign of terror being brought about; I have known the best, the noblest Indians, the highest characters amongst us, brought under suspicion, standing in hourly dread of the visitations of the Criminal Investigation Department. I remember in my own time; it is not a very long experience I have of these matters, but I can remember a very valued friend of mine, now alas no more, a saint amongst men, telling me with almost tears in his eyes, 'I have borne a good character all along, but I have recently become a suspect of the Criminal Investigation Department and my life is passed in bitterness and in sorrow.' Why? because Government started a policy of suspicion generally in the locality and when they sent their minions of the Criminal Investigation Department none, not the most trusted friends of Government, were safe. I can remember, my Lord, in the year 1908 when I went round organising district Congress Committees, such a blight had fallen on the political world, the Criminal Investigation Department had been so active, the repressive policy of Government had been so manifest, it was impossible in many places to get people to come together to a public meeting. 'Oh no, not now, not now!' A gentleman high in office at that time and about to retire from service met me in the middle of the night on one occasion. I was quite surprised, and he told me—'My dear fellow, I have been longing to see you these three or four days that you have been here, but this place swarms with spies and informers. I am nearing my pension and have many children, I do not wish to be mixed up with a member of the Servants of India Society to their knowledge.' It is all very well to say that the innocent are safe. I tell you, my Lord, when Government undertakes a repressive policy, the innocent are not safe. Men like me would not be considered innocent. The innocent man then is he who forswears politics, who takes no part in the public movements of the times; who retires into his house, mumbles his prayers, pays his taxes and salaams all the Government officials all round. The man who interferes in politics, the man who goes about collecting money for any public purpose, the man who addresses a public meeting, then becomes a suspect. I am always on the border-land and I therefore, for personal reasons if for nothing else, undertake to say that the possession in the hands of the Executive of powers of this drastic nature will not hurt only the wicked It will hurt the good as well as the bad, and there will be such a lowering of public spirit, there will be such a lowering of the political tone in the country, that all you talk of responsible government will be mere mockery. You may enlarge your Councils, you may devise wide electorates, but the men that will then fill your Councils will be toadies, timid men and the bureaucracy, armed with these repressive powers, will reign unchecked under the outward forms of a democratic government. Well, we are

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all anxious to punish the wicked. None of us desires that wickedness should go unpunished. but at the same time I think it is one of the fundamental principles of criminal jurisprudence, in fact one of the very foundations of a stable society, that even the wicked must be punished in certain ways. When Skeffington was shot, I remember the whole world was shocked. Roger Casement had an open trial. But if Roger Casement, wicked man as he was, criminal as he was and thought so by all reasonable people, had been shot as Skeffington was shot, I beg leave to say the world would have been shocked. Even Roger Casement had his rights; he must be tried in open Court and must be allowed an opportunity of clearing his character. Now even in war when all humanity throbs with excitement and peril and when nobody thinks of any thing except how to conquer the enemy, even then, my Lord, there are the laws of war, you have got to play the game. The Germans have been condemned for nothing so much as for the callous way in which they treated all the laws of war. I am sorry to think that in some cases England has had to follow Germany, very reluctantly indeed; but any way there are laws not unknown to ancient chivalry, illustrated by the life of Bhishma, laws which, even in war, may not be violated without incurring the serious reprobation of history. When there are criminals abroad in a country there are certain ways in which they ought to be brought to book. You ought not to lay them by the heels and punish them in ways that will shock the sense of justice, in ways that will make the innocent feel that there is no law in the land, in ways that will make honest, virtuous and public-spirited work impossible. The price even for the extinction of wickedness that is demanded then is far too high. Much better, it seems an ungracious thing to say, much better that a few rascals should walk abroad, than that the honest man should be obliged, for fear of the law of the land, to remain shut up in his house, to refrain from the activities which it is in his nature to indulge in, to abstain from all political and public work merely because there is a dreadful law in the land. I was astonished to hear Sir Verney Lovett tell us that it is not enough to indulge in conventional regrets in this Council. I wonder very much whether he will agree to retain and repeat the word 'conventional.' When Hon'ble Members here get up and reprobate wicked deeds, I take leave to say that they do not do it in a merely conventional manner. I take it that we all abhor wickedness as much as Sir Verney Lovett or any member of the Rowlatt Committee does. May I turn back and say that the proposals made by the Government betray a somewhat callous disregard of liberty. I will take back the word 'callous', the moment anybody says that it is too harsh, and I take it that the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett will take back his 'conventional' . . . . . .

The Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett:—"May I explain, my Lord? What I meant by 'conventional' was simply this. I meant that expressions of regret for calamities and for tragic occurrences which are not followed by serious attempts to secure that such calamities and such tragic occurrences shall not happen again, seem to me to be worth nothing more than conventional expressions of regret."

The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri:—"Then, my Lord, the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent told us that those laws are intended only to purify politics, not to suppress but to purify politics. I have taken down his very words 'not the suppression but the purification of politics is our aim,' he said. Ah! if in this world good intentions always bore fruit it would be very well and this would be a splendid world to live in. The history of legislation, both social and political, is strewn with instances of miscarriage of excellent intentions. Laws intended to cure poverty have aggravated it, multiplied it; laws intended to cure crime may run very well in the same unhappy direction; and I take leave to say to the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent that the laws now placed before us which are aimed at purifying politics may come dangerously near suppressing them. You cannot place on the Statute-book such drastic legislation without putting into the hands of over-enthusiastic

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executive officers what I consider short cuts to administrative peace. As I said before, even peace in administration, valuable as it is, can be sought in wrong ways. You provide them with short cuts to administrative peace and there is no administration that is able to resist the temptation to run across these short cuts when the only royal road to peace is the right road, and the righteous road. Now anarchists, it is said, do not want reform. They spurn these political concessions. Oh! yes, there are two ways in which perhaps this expression is intended to be understood. It means in the first place that the crime with which we have now to deal in Bengal, the Punjab and elsewhere, is partly only political, and partly it has become ordinary. I much regret that, so far as I am able to judge of the matter that has been placed before us, there is very considerable truth in the observation. I do think, my Lord, that however this unfortunate episode has begun, though it may have begun in pure political methods, a part of it perhaps has now passed into what must be described as chronic crime. That is so, but I still think that a good part of it is political, and for political crime, while such repressive laws as may be necessary ought to be put in force, the principal remedy is still political amelioration. But perhaps there is another sense in which this has got to be understood. The anarchist does not want political reform. That is too true. But why? That is the thing we have got to understand. The anarchist is afraid that the friction that he wants in the land, that the excitement in which he continually wishes people to live, will die down if the ways of Government become conformable more and more to democratic ways. If responsible government is granted, if ameliorative measures of one kind or another are passed, it is possible that the people will lie quiet for a time and the anarchist will not find plenty of room for his work. He wants that in this country dissatisfaction and discontent must assume more and more aggravated forms. Quite so, but what is the reason for this abnormal state of things. The anarchist is a morbid creature; the revolutionary, the bomb-thrower, even where their motives are honest, that is to say, even where their motives are unselfish, are blind. In my opinion they dwell too much on the unfavourable aspect of things. They read contemporary affairs wrong, they read history wrong; they see no hand of righteousness anywhere. My Lord, political remedies do not satisfy them, and, because they want the final remedy of destruction, all these things seem wrong to them. But, because the anarchist is in this unfortunate condition of mental derangement, are we to say, since these people are not going to be satisfied by political concessions, we will not think of them; we will only apply the rule of law to them? That is not the way, I think, that sound statesmanship should go about the business. We should offer them satisfying measures of political emancipation. But, after all, it is not these anarchists that have to be satisfied. It is the general atmosphere which feeds anarchy that we have got to cure; and, when the anarchist finds that he gets no sympathy anywhere, that he cannot propagate his wicked doctrines in a soil where there is contentment and political prosperity, he will naturally die, even if the long arm of the law does not get at him.

" There is one thing that I should like to say before I sit down. The Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett quoted to us on more than one occasion words of Mr. Gokhale. Now it is very easy for me to quote Mr. Gokhale back again for the edification of the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett and the Members of the Council. We can all quote passages at each other ; we can unearth classical quotations ; we can ransack Greek, Latin and Sanskrit for passages of great pith and moment and applicability to the present conditions. But what we have got to see is how far we are prepared to act upon the one side and upon the other up to the spirit of the teachings for which we are all striving.

" The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent said that we are now undergoing a test. Oh! yes,—............

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—" May I correct the Hon'ble Member? What I said was that their attitude on this Bill would be regarded by many both in this country and outside it as a test of their capacity."

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The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri :—" Yes, it would be regarded by a few people."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—" By many."

The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri :—" Not necessarily by the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent . . . .

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—" No."

The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri :—" As a test of our capacity to stand any measure of responsible government, are the Members of this Council going to face the unpopularity, the odium, of passing a repressive measure which has become necessary ? That was the question asked. Now, my Lord, I am no member of the Indian Civil Service ; I have not been schooled in the stern discipline of that service ; I am perhaps too tender by nature. It may be that I and several others like me may be unable to face the storm of unpopularity, but I should like to say—and I am not ashamed of it—that we certainly do not think that the sign of strength, that the sure proof that you are a born administrator, consists in courting unpopularity and defying public opinion. I am not made that way. I do not think I lose by that. But at the same time when the stern call of duty comes, when the requirement of truth is laid on me, when the best interests of my country, as I understand them, require it, I am perfectly prepared to submit to unpopularity. If necessary, I am prepared to go through the fire of public odium. But it has got to be proved to me that it is necessary. I will not, for the mere wantonness of it—merely to demonstrate that I am fit to be in charge of a district or even of a division—court unpopularity for these reasons.

" Now, we have been subjected to many tests. We have given our consent to many repressive laws by now—the Press Act, the Defence of India Act. During the war we were hourly on our trial. We have given 100 millions, we have given this, we have given that. The other day we were told that the gift of 45 millions would also be a matter of test. We submitted to it. What test has been really applied to us to which we have not cheerfully submitted? I can hardly think of one. Bidden to bring the milk of a beast of prey, we have brought a jugful of milk of the tigress. Are you going to throw it aside and say, 'Bring the milk of the male tiger ?' That is not fair. Yet, many people in England, testing us probably by this severe standard, may pronounce us not sound, not fit for responsible government. But I do hope, my Lord, that there will be two or three clear-sighted, two or three shrewd people even in England at this time, to say that the Indian Civil Service, the administrators of India,—the Executive, are really on their test. They profess to be prepared in India for a very early beginning of responsible government, when they would be willing not to impose, as they do, their will on the legislature but to take the will of the legislature and carry it out,—when they will be the instruments of the legislature and not its masters. Are they preparing for that time by carrying, in the teeth of the opposition, unanimous and unsparing of their Indian colleagues,—this measure through? Whom have you behind you now amongst Indians? The tragic story of India may be summed up in these words, that you have governed all these centuries in India in isolation, without having any responsible section of public opinion behind you. Now at this supreme hour, whom have you behind you ? No section of public opinion supports you. The nominated members have not given their blessing to this Bill. The zamindar members have not given their blessing. The lawyer members will have none of it. The members of commerce will have none of it. And yet the Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes told us, 'We must carry this legislation through because we are satisfied that it is very right: we should have been glad of your help, but with our sense of responsibility we must go on even without your

[7th February, 1919.] [*Mr. Srinivasa Sastri; Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya; The President; Mr. V. J. Patel.*]

help, however much we would have liked it.' I admire the courage of the Hon'ble the Law Member. I admire the candour with which he said, 'We have the responsibility to-day: you have none of the responsibility.' We realise that position. We have none, my Lord, of the responsibility for this legislation, and I therefore refuse to believe when the case is put correctly before the public opinion that they will say, as the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent seemed to think some sections of the English public might, that we had responsibility and shirked it. We have none.

"Now there is only one more remark, my Lord, I must make and that in justice to the feeling in the country of which for the moment I am the spokesman. I do not think the Hon'ble the Law Member could have meant all that he said when he said that some of us were indulging in threats of agitation. I venture to think that no one here who has spoken against the Bill indulged in anything which might truthfully be described as a threat of agitation. None of us, certainly none of the Moderates, I take leave to say, has power to go and stir up a violent agitation in the country. It is impossible. The agitation must be there already. The heart must be throbbing if any words that we use here can have a possible effect on the general political atmosphere. The agitation is there. I wish to assure my official colleagues that none of us has had a share yet in this business, but if our appeals fall flat, if the Bill goes through, I do not believe there is anyone here who would be doing his duty if he did not join the agitation. That is not a threat. I take leave to think that is by no means a threat. Anyhow I am the best judge of my own mind, and I do not indulge in any threat. I have yet borne no part in this agitation, but if everything goes wrong, if we are face to face with this legislation, how it is possible for me with the views that I hold to abstain from agitation, I for one cannot say."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"My Lord, may I suggest that the Council now adjourn under rule 3 of the Rules of Business?"

His Excellency the President:—"No, the Council will sit until this is finished."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel:—"Your Excellency, I do not think it is necessary for me to detain the Council for more than a minute or two. So far as we non-official Members are concerned, we have made our position perfectly clear. We have with one voice made it clear to you that we are opposed to this measure. We have made it clear that the passage of this measure will put an end to all constitutional agitation in the country. We have also made it quite clear that the passage of this measure will affect the reception of the proposed reforms. 4-35

"We have also made it clear that the passage of the measure will, or is likely to, affect the satisfactory passage of the Reform Bill. We have left no stone unturned to convince your Excellency and your Excellency's Government that such a tremendous and unprecedented agitation will follow the passage of this Bill that perhaps it will be difficult for Government to meet the situation. In spite of that, if your Excellency's Government with the assistance of the official majority choose to pass the measure, the responsibility is yours. At the last Simla Session my Hon'ble friend, the Finance Member, told us that the responsibility for consenting to or refusing the contribution of 45 million pounds would rest with the non-official Members. May I say the responsibility for the passage of this Bill and the resulting consequences will lie with the official Members. My Hon'ble friend, Mr. Sastri, just now told us that we non-official Members in this Council have no responsibility. I wish he had realised that situation when he voted for the 45 millions."

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The motion was put and the Council divided as follows :—

Ayes—22.

The Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Chitnavis.
" Babu S. N. Banerjea.
" Raja of Mahmudabad.
" Dr. T. B. Sapru.
" Pandit M. M. Malaviya.
" Mr. S. Sastri.
" Mr. B. N. Sarma.
" Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur.
" Mr. V. J. Patel.
" Mr. M. A. Jinnah.
" Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy.
" Rai Sitanath Ray Bahadur.
" Raja Sir Rampal Singh.
" Rai Krishna Sahay Bahadur.
" Raja of Kanika.
" Mr. Mazharul Haque.
" Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi.
" Khan Zulfikar Ali Khan.
" Mr. G. S. Khaparde.
" Rai B. D. Shukul Bahadur.
" K. K. Chanda.
" Maung Bah Too.

Noes—35.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.
The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill.
" Sir Sankaran Nair.
" Sir George Lowndes.
" Sir William Vincent.
" Sir James Meston.
" Sir Arthur Anderson.
" Mr. W. A. Ironside.
" Sir Verney Lovett.
" Mr. H. F. Howard.
" Sir James DuBoulay.
" Mr. A. H. Ley.
" Mr. H. Sharp.
" Mr. R. A. Mant.
" Major-General Sir Alfred Bingley.
" Sir Godfrey Fell.
" Mr. F. C. Rose.
" Mr. C. H. Kesteven.
" Mr. D. de S. Bray.
" Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Holland.
" Surgeon-General W. R. Edwards.
" Mr. G. R. Clarke.
" Mr A. P. Muddiman.
" Mr. C. A. Barron.
" Mr. P. L. Moore.
" Mr. M. N. Hogg.
" Mr. T. Emerson.
" Mr. E. H. C. Walsh.
" Mr. C. A. Kincaid.
" Sir John Donald.
" Mr. P. J. Fagan.
" Mr. J. T. Marten.
" W. J. Reid.
" W. F. Rice.
" H. Moncrieff Smith

The amendment was, therefore, negatived.

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea :—"My Lord, I have already moved my amendment. I need not make a speech. I pray that the vote may be taken." The motion was put and the Council divided as follows :—

Ayes—21.

The Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Chitnavis.
,, Babu S. N. Banerjea.
,, Raja of Mahmudabad.
,, Dr. T. B. Sapru.
,, Pandit M. M. Malaviya.
,, Mr. S. Sastri.
,, Mr. B. N. Sarma.
,, Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur.
,, Mr. M. N. Hogg.
,, Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy.
,, Rai Sita Nath Ray Bahadur.
,, Maharaja Sir M. C. Nandi.
,, Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, Khan Bahadur.
,, Rai Krishna Sahay Bahadur.
,, Raja of Kanika.
,, Mr. Mazharul Haque.
,, Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi.
,, Khan Zulfikhar Ali Khan.
,, Mr. G. S. Khaparde.
,, Rai B. D. Shukul Bahadur.
,, Maung Bah Too.

Noes—34.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.
The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill.
,, Sir Sankaran Nair.
,, Sir George Lowndes.
,, Sir William Vincent.
,, Sir James Meston.
,, Sir Arthur Anderson.
,, Mr. W. A. Ironside.
,, Sir Verney Lovett.
,, Mr. H. F. Howard.
,, Sir James DuBoulay.
,, Mr. A. H. Ley.
,, Mr. H. Sharp.
,, Mr. R. A. Mant.
,, Major-General Sir Arthur Bingley.
,, Sir Godfrey Fell.
,, Mr. F. C. Rose.
,, Mr. C. H. Kesteven.
,, Mr. D. de S. Bray.
,, Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Holland.
,, Surgeon-General W. R. Edwards.
,, Mr. G. R. Clarke.
,, Mr. A. P. Muddiman.
,, Mr. C. A. Barron.
,, Mr. P. L. Moore.
,, Mr. T. Emerson.
,, Mr. E. H. C. Walsh.
,, Mr. C. A. Kincaid.
,, Sir John Donald.
,, Mr. P. J. Fagan.
,, Mr. J. T. Marten.
,, Mr. W. J. Reid.
,, Mr. W. F. Rice.
,, Mr. H. Moncrieff-Smith.

The amendment was, therefore, negatived.

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda :—"My Lord, I have already made my submission in this matter and I do not wish to move my amendment. I, therefore, withdraw it with your permission."

The amendment was by leave withdrawn.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"I understand that your 5 Excellency wishes to allow me an opportunity of replying on the general motion. I do not know if any other Hon'ble Member wishes to speak first."

His Excellency the President :—"We now come to the general resolution that this Bill be referred to a Select Committee. Does any Hon'ble Member wish to speak. After Sir William Vincent speaks the discussion will close."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"My Lord, it is now my duty to reply to the Council on the main motion with which I opened this debate. Before I do so, I should like to acknowledge the very great ability and force with which the criticisms directed against this Bill have been put. I submit, however, that the dangers to be apprehended from this legislation have been overcoloured by many of the Members including the Hon'ble Mr. Sastri. I do not myself think that it can be suggested that any action is now being taken under any of the emergency war enactments to suppress legitimate political

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movements, or that any movements other than purely seditious ones will fall within the scope of the Bill. I do not think for instance that there is any case now in Bengal, and it is there that most of these revolutionary crimes have taken place in which it can be suggested that persons are interned or placed under restrictions by reason of their taking part in politics. The men upon whom restrictions have been placed are well-known criminal revolutionaries. Their cases have been investigated by no less an authority than Sir Narayan Chandavarkar, who was himself formerly a Judge of the Bombay High Court, in conjunction with a Judge of the Calcutta High Court. It has never been suggested that action has been taken against any of these men because they are mixed up with politics, and it is far from our intention that anything of that kind should occur under this Bill. If we are able to put in any provisions which will prevent any possibility of this, my Lord, we are perfectly ready to do so, though we believe the possibility is already sufficiently provided against. Turning to the detailed criticisms of the Bill, I am first told that the remedy which we propose is ineffective, that reforms are what are needed and not repression. My Lord, my answer is the answer previously given, that this revolutionary movement is inconsistent with any political programme or organised form of government. We were then asked to be content to hope and pray that these men will reform themselves......

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—" Not entirely."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—" Well, my Lord, as we were lately told very pertinently by a Local Government administration is a practical matter and we cannot afford to rely on hope and prayer alone in a matter of this kind.

" We have also been told that the Bill will not effect what is required. Well, the answer to it is to be found in the figures and facts which I cited to you at the beginning of this meeting. It has been admitted indeed by more than one Member of this Council that the measures which we have at present in operation have been singularly successful in coping with this political crime. We did try to carry on with the assistance of the ordinary law for some years, and the result was a steady failure to deal with these offences. Every method of conciliation has also been tried from time to time, and even now is being tried, and I am glad to say that in individual cases they are fairly successful. We have a number of men who have been reformed and turned away from their evil courses, but this alone is not sufficient, and I submit to the Council that it cannot be urged with any force that the remedy we now propose is likely to be ineffective.

" We were then told that the framers of the Report itself did not suggest legislation immediately. My Lord, let me read paragraphs 178 and 179 of the Report, which run :—

' To postpone legislation till the danger is instant is in our view to risk a recurrence of the history of the years 1906-17..........'

' In these circumstances we think that appropriate provisions should be framed and enacted, but should not come into force save upon a notification by the Governor General in Council. '

Who can say in the face of this quotation that the Report did not recommend immediate legislation. Again, in paragraph 187 the authors of the Report say, ' We have been forced to the conclusion that it is necessary in order to keep the conspiracies already described under control in the future to provide for the continuance after the expiry of the Defence of India Act of some of the powers which that measure introduced in a temporary form.

" I submit that, in these circumstances, it is idle to say that the framers of the Report did not recommend legislation. Whether they acted wisely or not is of course another matter.

" Again, it is said that revolutionary crime has now ceased and so there is no need for any further legislation of this kind. Well, my Lord, what did Sir

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Henry Wheeler say in a recent speech:—'We have unfortunately the best reason for going on with what checks have been imposed. Men are still abroad known to be leaders in the revolutionary movement. They are still actively engaged in enlisting boys for their own ends and endeavouring to foment trouble.' Here, again, is a letter which I intended to read in my opening speech in which after advocating various violent crimes such as looting, arson, assaults on Government officers, and specifically encouraging such offences as murder and dacoity, the writer concludes thus:—

'Some are of opinion to put a stop to all sorts of violent work till the detenus and State workers come back. Let the old workers come back and we will plan our future, but not till then.'

I think that indicates pretty accurately what the state of mind of some of these men is, that they are waiting for the expiration of the present law in order to renew in a more sinister form their present activities.

"The next argument that I heard was that the legislation was inopportune in that it would prejudice reform and should not synchronise with the Peace Conference now being held. I have explained, my Lord, as best I could, that this legislation has no connection with reforms or politics at all. We are as much interested in reforms as any one else. We have done the best we can to forward the cause of reform and why should we now introduce this legislation in order to prejudice it if we thought this result possible. My own view is, that any outbreak of revolutionary outrages, any serious recrudescence of this form of crime would do more to endanger the cause of reform than any other thing I can think of.

"Then it is said, if this crime is still prevalent Government should use the Defence of India Act as long as possible, and then should ask your Excellency to pass an Ordinance extending that Act for six months. In my opinion the continuance of a war measure after peace was declared under the emergency powers of your Excellency would be an abuse of power, and if we had attempted to take that course, we should have been attacked, and with justice, in this Council for this abuse of an emergency power. Further, I believe the use of it would have accentuated opposition when later a Bill was brought, as would have been necessary, before this Council. We do not want to use war measures after the war is over. The Bill I now introduce is not a war measure nor is it co-extensive with the Defence of India Act, it is a Bill to prevent sedition.

"I am told that the words used by Sir Reginald Craddock, when he introduced the Defence of India Act, preclude the Government from this measure. My Lord, I deny that. I say the measure he then proposed was a special war measure for the period of the war, but it cannot be said that it precluded the Government of India from introducing some years later a measure of a separate character with different provisions, to deal with anarchical crime, which the Defence of India Act was not specifically passed to deal with.

"I have been asked to postpone consideration of this measure, for varying periods. Well, in my judgment I can only say that delay would be fatal. There must be time to examine this Bill, and we are willing to give that time, but if by sudden events the Defence of India Act was to expire and we had no legislation to take its place, then I submit that the consequences would be disastrous. All the ground that we have gained now in the suppression of this anarchical movement would be lost. Our police efficiency, which has been so seriously, and in my opinion so unfairly, attacked, would be destroyed; the services now employed in suppressing this seditious movement would be so discouraged that I think it would be impossible to expect good work from them and law and order would be sacrificed. We should also not be justified in delaying the passing of this measure, in that the delay would force us to use the Defence of India Act, which is a war measure, in times of peace. I am anxious myself that it should not be so used and that we should not be accused of using a measure designed for war for entirely different purposes. To suggest that this measure is due to police inefficiency, my Lord, is, I think, ungenerous and a grudging tribute to men who have done excellent

[*Sir William Vincent.*] [7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

work. On the other hand, it might well be said, if failure to bring these men to trial is what we are accused of, that it is due a great deal to a lack of moral courage, to a lack of that sense of civic responsibility which is really essential in prosecutions of this kind. I will read to the Council what Sir Narayan Chandravarkar and Mr. Justice Beachcroft said:—'Before the Defence of India Act was brought into force the fair trial of a person accused of revolutionary crime had been rendered practically impossible by the murder of approvers, witnesses, police-officers and law-abiding citizens, suspected by revolutionaries of having given information to or otherwise assisted the police: a situation of terrorism was thus created.' My Lord, it was the failure to face this danger which has really led to the necessity for these special measures.

"Lastly, it was said that the measure was an unfair infringement, of the liberties of the subject. My Lord, I admit that it is an infringement, though I know that if I make that admission, I am liable to attack and criticism of the nature delivered now by Mr. Sastri. At the same time, it is useless to minimise what is clearly a fact. But the Government of your Excellency, many of the Members of which are professional lawyers, are the last people in the world who would be willing to impose such restrictions on the liberty of the subject, unless they were satisfied that it was necessary. Who were the members of the Rowlatt Committee? The great majority were men of the same class. Would they have suggested such a course if they had thought any other measure was possible? Have any other practical measures for meeting this difficulty been suggested to this Council? I submit none. For abnormal crime you must have abnormal measures. In fact, there is no remedy other than the measures now proposed so far as we know which has any prospect of success, and I think that this was realised by some Members of this Council, for at least one Member said, 'if the circumstances do not improve in future, or if they get worse, I myself will support you in this measure or a Bill of the same nature.'

"Then I am told that the measure is capable of abuse, that innocent men may be arrested, that constitutional agitation will be stopped, that the decision of investigating authorities will be reached on the evidence of police reports alone and that these committees are really a safeguard of no value. Well, my Lord, every law may be abused. It will be our duty to do the best we can to see that it is not abused. But to undervalue the work of these investigating authorities and to suggest that men will be interned on police reports alone is to overlook plain facts. I have before me now a very careful report from Mr. Justice Beachcroft and Sir Narayan Chandravarkar on a large number of cases, and I defy anybody to say that they proceeded on police evidence alone or otherwise than after the fairest and most scrupulous examination of the actual facts and materials against each person.

"I am then told that we must expect the most terrible agitation if this Bill passes into law. My Lord, this card of agitation has been played a little too much recently, but I see no reason to minimise the prospect of considerable agitation over this Bill. It will therefore be the Government's duty to endeavour to meet any reasonable apprehensions by such changes in the Bill as are necessary without destroying its effectiveness. If there is any way, as my Hon'ble Colleague said just now, in which we can modify this Bill, without destroying the effectiveness of the machinery, we shall be quite prepared to do it. And I hope that if we are able to meet the Hon'ble Members of this Council in a reasonable manner they will assist us in allaying any agitation that may arise over this matter.

"My Lord, I now wish to turn to a very serious allegation or rather to a number of serious statements which were made by the Hon'ble Mr. Malaviya. He began by saying that the trouble in the Punjab was caused by the *Komagata Maru* riot at Budge Budge. He proceeded to attack the conduct of Government and of Government officers in connection with that occurrence. My Lord, I myself was one of a Committee who inquired into this affair in conjunction with two Indian non-officials and two Europeans, one a Judge and one an executive officer, now a Member of this Council. All I can say is that our findings in regard to that riot do not corroborate the allegation

[7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Sir William Vincent; Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya.*]

of the Hon'ble Member, and that they were never, as far as I am aware, challenged by him or anyone else . . . .

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"No, because it was during war time; we did not want to raise a discussion"

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"It is not always that the Hon'ble Member has been so sparing of Government, my Lord; even at the beginning of the war. I repeat that our findings were not challenged by anybody. Similarly the allegation that the trouble in the Punjab began with the *Komagata Maru* incident is incorrect: it is contradicted by the facts stated in the Rowlatt Committee's Report which Members of Council now have before them, as well as by Sir Michael O'Dwyer's speech in Council last September. I need only refer to two incidents which occurred before the Budge Budge riot to disprove this allegation. One was the attempt to assassinate Lord Hardinge. That was some years before the *Komagata Maru* incident. And there was, I believe, another outrage in Lahore in 1913. The revolutionary movement had in fact gained some strength before the *Komagata Maru* incident occurred at all. But a more serious allegation was made later, an allegation that the Government was responsible for the outbreak of revolutionary crime in Bengal . . . .

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"No, no."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—The Hon'ble Member wishes to correct his statement. I can well understand that. I say he insinuated throughout that the action of Government was responsible for revolutionary crime in Bengal . . . .

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"If my Hon'ble friend will not refer to the whole of what I said on this point, it will be wrong and misleading. I described how there was no revolutionary crime in Bengal until 1905, I described how the thing grew and I described the causes, temporary and permanent, which led up to it."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"My Lord, I leave to the Council to judge. Members heard the words used as well as I did. And I maintain that his insinuation throughout was that the Government was responsible for revolutionary crime in Bengal; there can be no doubt on that point. Well, my Lord, was it Government who sowed the seed of sedition in the minds of these young men? Was it Government who, by malignant misrepresentation of the action and motives of Government, by persistent vilification of the authorities watered that seed? Was it Government who instigated neurotic youths to crime? Was it Government who, when steps were taken to check this crime, stood aside in holy horror at any attempt to exorcise this demon which they had raised? What answer is there to that, my Lord? There can be only one answer. It was not the Government, and I repeat what I said last Session, the responsibility for much of this crime rests with those political leaders who have aroused visions in the minds of non-politically-minded persons, have incited them to evil deeds and have entirely failed to quell the evil passions which they have aroused. They have aroused these passions and have then stood aside, and the Government has had to bear the brunt.

"Then, my Lord, the Hon'ble Member went on to disclaim all veiled or unveiled sympathy with these anarchists, and at the same time to speak of them as misguided youths guilty of unconstitutional action. My Lord, these are the euphemisms used to describe murders, dacoities, thefts and similar dastardly crimes . . . . . .

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"Does the Hon'ble Member seriously include dacoity and murder in unconstitutional methods? I was speaking of one kind of method which grew up in Bengal after constitutional agitation had failed."

[*Sir William Vincent; Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya; Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea.*] [7TH FEBRUARY 1919.]

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"We have been discussing revolutionary crime all day, and the worst words the Hon'ble Member could find to define it were 'unconstitutional action,' and the words that he used to describe criminal anarchists are 'misguided youths.' And yet he professed—and rightly I have no doubt in his intentions—to have no sympathy with these men. I do not suggest that he has any sympathy with these men, but I do suggest, however, that by his attitude, by language of this kind, crime of this kind is encouraged. My Lord, if we have things misdescribed in this way you will shortly have the attempt on Lord Hardinge's life described in much the same style as an unfortunate incident.

"I am told by the same Hon'ble Member that India's war effort has been forgotten, and that this Bill is the reward for India's loyalty. I think that was the language one Hon'ble Member used. My Lord, our view is that India's war effort would have been impossible unless order had been preserved, and we shall be only too glad to reward and assist those who have helped us in this crisis, but I do not think that because we seek to take action against revolutionaries it can be said that we are forgetful of India's loyalty. The revolutionaries did nothing in the war; they have not helped. Many, indeed, conspired with the King's enemies. Those who have helped in the war gladly shall we reward, gladly shall we assist, as your Excellency has already said. We were then told that the Hon'ble Member assisted in the passing of the Defence of India Act, and he seemed rather to take credit for having taken an active part in India's war effort. Well, my Lord, I was here when the Defence of India Act was passed, and I think some other Members of this Council were here also, and they know what the attitude of the Hon'ble Member was towards that measure. My recollection is that he introduced or gave notice of no less than 20 amendments to that Bill. . . .

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"Yes, quite so, but still I gave support to the measure."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"Yes, my Lord, support of a kind much like the sympathy professed by a certain Member of this Council towards the Education Bill which I heard Mr. Gokhale describe in this Council as of no value to the Government or anybody else.

"I will now leave Mr. Malaviya and come back to the Bill. I put it to the Council very earnestly that there has been no serious attack on the findings of fact that these revolutionary conspiracies exist, and that the men are now ready and actually preparing to renew their activities at the earliest opportunity. No other remedy of a practical nature has been suggested to meet this form of crime. Is it not then reasonable that I should press the Members of this Council to co-operate with the Government in this measure to cope with this evil? . . . .

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea.—"What about Regulation III of 1818?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"I am quite sure that the Hon'ble Member would be the last person to advocate an indiscriminate use of Regulation III of 1818 in cases in which it is proposed to apply the less stringent provisions of the Bill. At the same time, as I said before, I see the difficulty in which my Hon'ble friend and other Members of this Council are placed. I am anxious to meet them; and I am impressed by the criticisms of the moderate non-official Members in this Council. I was told that the Government neglects the opinion of the Council and pays no attention to it. Far from it. We are anxious to secure the support of the Council and to secure it I am prepared to make such amendments as I can in this Bill without

[7TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Mr. Sir William Vincent; Surendra Nath Banerjea.*]

impairing the efficiency of the machinery which is necessary to enable the Government to deal effectively with this anarchical movement . . . .

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"Will you kindly make the Bill temporary?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"That is a question which will have to be considered; but in the meantime I ask the Council to accept the principle of the measure as necessary and to support the Government in a matter of the greatest moment and importance."

The ayes have it.

A division was taken. The motion that the Bill be referred to Select Committee was then put and agreed to, and on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Patel, the Council divided as follows:—

Ayes-36.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.
Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill.
" Sir Sankaran Nair.
" Sir George Lowndes.
" Sir Wm. Vincent.
" Sir James Meston.
" Sir Arthur Anderson.
" Sir Gangadhar Chitnavis.
" Mr. W. A. Ironside.
" Sir Verney Lovett.
" Mr. H. F. Howard.
" Sir James DuBoulay.
" Mr. A. H. Ley.
" Mr. H. Sharp.
" Mr. R. A. Mant.
" Major-General Sir Alfred Bingley.
" Sir Godfrey Fell.
" Mr. F. C. Rose.
" Mr. C. H. Kesteven.
" Mr. D. de S. Bray.
" Lt.-Col. R. E. Holland.
" Surg.-Genl. W. R. Edwards.
" Mr. G. R. Clarke.
" Mr. A. P. Muddiman.
" Mr. C. A. Barron.
" Mr. P. L. Moore.
" Mr. M. N. Hogg.
" Mr. T. Emerson.
" Mr. E. H. C. Walsh.
" Mr. C. A. Kincaid.
" Sir John Donald.
" Mr. P. J. Fagan.
" Mr. J. T. Marten.
" Mr. W. J. Reid.
" Mr. W. F. Rice.
" Mr. H. Moncrieff Smith.

Noes-21.

Hon'ble Babu S. N. Banerjea.
" Raja of Mahmudabad
" Dr. T. B. Sapru.
" Pandit M. M. Malaviya.
" Mr. S. Sastri.
" Mr. B. N. Sarma.
" Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur.
" Mr. V. J. Patel.
" Mr. M. A. Jinnah.
" Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy.
" Rai Sitanath Ray Bahadur.
" Raja Sir Rampal Singh.
" Rai Krishna Sahay Bahadur.
" Raja of Kanika.
" Mr. Mazharul Haque.
" Khan Bahadur M. M. Shafi.
" Khan Zulfiqar Ali Khan.
" Mr. G. S. Khaparde.
" Rai B. D. Shukul Bahadur.
" Mr. K. K. Chanda.
" Maung Bah Too.

The motion was, therefore, agreed to.

The Council then adjourned till Monday, the 10th instant, at 11 A.M.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

DELHI:
The 14th February, 1919.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 13th February 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Widespread rain occurred in the east of the Central Provinces, Orissa and the coast districts of Bengal, and there were a few falls in Lower Burma, Chota Nagpur, the west of the Central Provinces and on the north Madras coast; elsewhere weather was dry.

2. *Burma.*—Lashio and Mergui were the only stations that reported rain.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Orissa on the 6th and 7th, and on the Bengal coast on the 7th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain fell in the southeast of the Central Provinces on the 6th.

Northwest India.—There was no rain.

The Peninsula.—Weather was dry except for moderate falls of rain at Gopalpur.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows:—

February 6th. False Point 0·31″, Jagdalpur 4·74″, Chanda 1·56″, Pendra 0·46″ and Gopalpur 0·60″.

" 7th. False Point 1·22″, Balasore 0·46″, Saugor Island 1·04″, Barisal 0·70″, Chittagong 0·38″, Jagdalpur 1·54″ and Gopalpur 1·20″.

" 9th. Mergui 2·20″.

" 10th. Seoni 0·40″.

" 12th. False Point 0·75″ and Gopalpur 0·70″.

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Orissa, the Central Provinces East and the Madras Coast North; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces West, Hyderabad, Malabar and Madras Southeast. It was normal in Bengal. No rain usually falls at this time of year in Central India West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore and the Madras Deccan.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam and Bengal; and is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, Sind, Rajputana East, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar and the Madras Coast North. It is within 20 per cent of the normal in the remaining divisions.

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 13th February 1919.			Rainfall data from 29th November 1918 to 13th February 1919.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Percentage departure from normal. This week.	Percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	0·3	—0·3	7·6	9·9	—2·3	—23	—21
Lower Burma	0·2	0·1	+0·1	2·2	1·1	+1·1	+100	+100
Upper Burma	0	0·1	—0·1	0·4	0·9	—0·5	—56	—50
Assam	0	0·4	—0·4	0·5	1·9	—1·4	—74	—67
Bengal	0·2	0·2	0	0·8	1·0	—0·2	—20	—25
Orissa	1·0	0·3	+0·7	3·5	1·2	+2·3	+192	+178
Chota Nagpur	0·1	0·4	—0·3	4·5	1·4	+3·1	+221	+340
Bihar	0	0·2	—0·2	2·0	1·0	+1·0	+100	+150
United Provinces, East	0	0·2	—0·2	1·9	1·5	+0·4	+27	+46
United Provinces, West	0	0·4	—0·4	3·5	2·2	+1·3	+59	+94
Punjab, East and North	0	0·4	—0·4	3·3	2·9	+0·4	+14	+32
Punjab, South-West	0	0·2	—0·2	1·4	1·4	0	0	+17
Kashmir	0	0·6	—0·6	6·6	6·0	+0·6	+10	+22
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·8	—0·8	2·0	2·0	0	0	+18
Baluchistan	0	0·4	—0·4	3·2	2·9	+0·3	+10	+28
Sind	0	0·1	—0·1	0·6	0·5	+0·1	+20	+50
Rajputana, West	0	0·1	—0·1	0·7	0·7	0	0	+17
Rajputana, East	0	0·1	—0·1	0·9	0·7	+0·2	+29	+50
Gujarat	0	0·1	—0·1	0·3	0·1	+0·2	+200	—
Central India, West	0	0	0	1·9	0·4	+1·5	+375	+375
Central India, East	0	0·3	—0·3	4·2	1·7	+2·5	+147	+200
Berar	0	0·1	—0·1	2·9	1·1	+1·8	+164	+190
Central Provinces, West	0·1	0·2	—0·1	5·9	1·2	+4·7	+392	+480
Central Provinces, East	2·2	0·4	+1·8	6·1	1·3	+4·8	+369	+333
Konkan	0	0	0	0·3	0·1	+0·2	+200	+200
Bombay Deccan	0	0	0	0·5	0·4	+0·1	+25	+25
Hyderabad, North	0	0·1	—0·1	2·0	0·4	+1·6	+400	+567
Hyderabad, South	0	0·1	—0·1	2·2	0·4	+1·8	+450	+633
Mysore	0	0	0	1·3	0·7	+0·6	+86	+86
Malabar	0	0·1	—0·1	4·4	2·2	+2·2	+100	+110
Madras, South-East	0	0·2	—0·2	7·3	6·5	+0·8	+12	+16
Madras Deccan	0	0	0	0·8	0·7	+0·1	+14	+14
Madras Coast, North	0·5	0·1	+0·4	3·3	2·2	+1·1	+50	+33

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 13th February 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for week ending Saturday, 8th February 1919.

Burma.—Except for slight showers in three districts the week was rainless. Reaping of peas and beans in uplands has commenced. Standing crops are good. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has fallen slightly to Rs. 118 per hundred baskets and is above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 307-8-0 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Harvesting of pulses and mustard, plucking of cotton and transplantation of spring rice are nearly finished. Pressing of sugarcane, pruning of tea and ploughing of autumn rice and jute continue. Outturns of cotton, sugarcane and pulses are fair. Outturn of mustard is poor. Prospects of other crops are not satisfactory. Cattle disease is reported in two districts. Price of common rice has fallen slightly.

Bengal.—Light showers fell over most parts of the province. They improved prospects of standing spring crops and facilitated preparatory tillage for next autumn paddy and jute. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of potatoes, mustard and other oilseeds continue. Price of common rice has risen by about 0·4 per cent. Owing to partial failure of winter paddy some distress is apprehended in Bankura. Preliminary relief measures have been arranged for.

Bihar and Orissa.—Moderate rain was general over Orissa. In the rest of the province there was no rain except light showers in Singhbhum. Pressing of sugarcane continues. Preparation of lands for the next season's crops has begun and continues in some districts. The standing crops have benefited by the recent rainfall and are improving. Test works are going on in 27 places in Angul, the daily average number of persons attending such works being 1,091. Gratuitous relief was given to 1,897 persons in this district. The price of common rice has risen in seven districts, fallen in two and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. The condition of the spring crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is improving owing to the recent rainfall.

United Provinces.—There was no rain during the week. Slight damage by frost is reported from parts of Ballia and by flood in Sone river from parts of Budaun. Preparation of land for and sowing of sugarcane and extra crops are going on. Pressing of sugarcane continues. Standing crops are doing well. Prospects are favourable. Very little cattle disease is reported and agricultural stock is generally fair. Shortage of fodder is still felt in some 13 districts. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Prices are stationary with a tendency to rise.

The weekly report on scarcity is as follows:—There was no rain. No damage to crops is reported. Irrigation of spring crops continues in Etawah. Sugarcane is being pressed in Etawah and Benares. Condition of standing crops is good. Prospects are favourable. Condition of agricultural stock is fair. Cattle disease is reported from parts of Etawah and Jhansi. Fodder scarcity is gradually decreasing but is still being felt. Importation of *Bhusa* and *Karbi* is in hand. Forest hay is being steadily imported and sold. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Price basis in Garhwal is 5, in Benares 6½, and in other districts 6½ to 7 seers per rupee. Advances are being freely granted. Distress is acute and increasing in Etawah. There has been no marked increase in crime. Public health is good. Influenza has subsided but plague is reported from two villages of Pargana Pandrah in Benares District. No wandering or emaciation is noticeable except slightly in Hamirpur. Shortage of clothing is still felt in Banda. The figures on works in Banda reported last week should have been 4,907. Numbers gratuitously relieved on the last day of the week:—Garhwal 690, Etawah 1,980, Benares 280, Jalaun 829, Jhansi 14, Hamirpur 2,090 and Banda 6,603. Numbers on works:—Etawah 8,705, Allahabad 873, Jalaun 911, Jhansi 521, Hamirpur 2,723, and Banda 6,561. Inmates in poor-houses:—Jalaun 15, Jhansi 8, Hamirpur 166, and Banda 74. Relief measures are adequate. Suspensions of revenue have been allowed.

Punjab.—The weather was dry. Rain is urgently wanted in parts of the south-east and west. Condition of standing irrigated wheat and other crops is average to good and that of unirrigated crops is below average to average. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of

toria continue in some districts The yield is generally below normal. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak in some districts owing to overwork and general scarcity of fodder. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary, but have risen slightly in some districts. They are above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat : Lahore and Lyallpore 5½, Ambala 5¾ and Ferozepore 6¼ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is still wanted. Condition of standing crops both on irrigated and unirrigated areas is generally average in Peshawar and Bannu but below average in Dera Ismail Khan. Pressing of sugarcane continues. The outturn is average. Prices of wheat :—Peshawar $7\frac{6}{16}$ and Dera Ismail Khan $7\frac{3}{16}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—There was no rain during the week. Prices are stationary. Fodder is insufficient.

Kashmir.—The week was generally cloudy and cold. Cattle are generally healthy. Spring crops are in fair condition. Prices are fluctuating.

Rajputana.—The weather was seasonable. Slight showers fell in a few places. Irrigation of spring crops continues. Cattle disease is still prevailing. Water is sufficient. Fodder is insufficient. Prices are steady.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week, except showers in Gwalior and Ajaigarh, Bundelkhand. Spring crops are being harvested in Malwa and the Southern States. Cotton picking is in progress in Bhopal. Standing crops and probable outturn are fair except in parts of Gwalior, Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana. Crops have been damaged by hail in 11 Pargannas of Gwalior. Agricultural stock is bad in the northern districts of Gwalior and fair elsewhere except for cattle disease in parts of Bhopal and the Southern States. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand and in parts of Malwa and the Southern States. Prices are high but stationary. Opium weeding continues in Gwalior. Numbers on relief on Bundelkhand works 2,309, and on gratuitous relief 1,371, total 3,680.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been cloudy and cold. Vindhyan districts, Nimar, Betul and Wardha were rainless. Elsewhere light to moderate rain fell, nowhere exceeding two inches. The rain was accompanied by hail in places. This, combined with the previous week's rainfall and hail, caused slight damage to crops in parts of several districts. Otherwise the condition of spring crops is generally good, but a break is now urgently needed. Reaping of pulses is proceeding. Supply of fodder and water is adequate except in parts of five districts. Cattle are faring well. Relief works in the distressed tracts of Damoh, Jubbulpore and Chanda continue. Gram and *juar* in Amraoti, rice in Seoni and *juar* in Damoh and Nagpur rose from 1 to 1½ seers per rupee. Elsewhere prices remained steady or fluctuated slightly indicating invariably an upward tendency.

The report on scarcity in Central Provinces for last week is as follows :—

General health is good in all affected districts except for after effects of influenza in the Ahiri Zamindari, Chanda district. Distress continues to increase slightly in Jubbulpore owing to immigrants from adjoining states coming in search of work. Private funds continue here to provide cloth and grain to the poor. Spring harvest is already decreasing distress in Sironcha and will do so in Jubbulpore. Prices of food-grains are high but stationary. Numbers on works:—Jubbulpore 1,481, Chanda and Betul *nil*, Saugor 52, Damoh 1,569, Seoni 1,474, total 4,576. Figures of workers include only those on specially opened works. Return of excess on ordinary works is being called for. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—Jubbulpore 8,224, Chanda 605, Betul 819, Saugor 86, Damoh 1,892, Seoni 168, total 11,794.

Feudatory States.—Moderate to heavy rain fell in the States. Condition of crops is fair to good.

Bombay.—Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of spring crops has commenced in parts of the Deccan and Karnatak. Cotton picking is nearing completion in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Sholapur, Karnatak and Baroda. Fodder supply is generally deficient but supplies continue to be moved to worst affected areas under Government arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating except in Konkan. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food-grains are high but generally steady.

The weekly report on scarcity is as follows :—

Famine has been declared in Dohad taluka and Jhalod *petha* of Panch Mahals district. Relief works continue in Ahmednagar, Sirur taluka of Poona and Jhalod *petha* of Panch Mahals. Distress is deepening in Ahmednagar and Kathiawar. Numbers on relief works are increasing but not rapidly. Emigration continues in parts of West Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Satara. Public health is generally good. There is no wandering or emaciation. People find full employment on Government relief and ordinary public works. Liberal suspensions

of land revenue have been granted and takavi is being freely advanced. Cheap grain shops continue working in West Khandesh, Nasik and Kathiawar. Poor-houses have been organised in Thana and for Bombay immigrants in Poona. Two more will be opened shortly in Dhulia and Sindkheda. Cattle camps have been organised in Nasik, Ahmednagar and Poona. Fodder is being supplied to affected areas under Government arrangement. Numbers on relief works :—Panch Mahals 2,531, Ahmednagar 7,470, Poona 1,112. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—Panch Mahals 1,1[illegible]6, Kaira 5,230, Kathiawar 934, West Khandesh 167, Ahmednagar 5,031, Poona 1,725, Satara 1,445, Bijapur 1,341. Numbers on test works :—Panch Mahals 1,765, Kaira 94, Poona 322, Satara 200. Numbers in poor-house :—Thana 268.

Hyderabad.—There were slight showers in parts of five districts, the average being 3 cents. Harvesting of spring crops continues. Crop is fair to good except in Aurangabad, Bir and Warangal districts. Late rice crop is fair and is being weeded. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. Juar is selling at three seers per rupee in Gulburga district.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi* and rice outturn is poor to fair. Sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally rising.

Coorg.—The weather was dry. Picking of coffee and threshing of rice continue. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Cattle disease prevails in parts. Prices of food grains are high. Public health is fair.

Madras.—Rainfall was good in Ganjam, fair in Vizagapatam, light in Godavari and *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been damaged or are withering in parts of South Arcot, Chittoor and Tanjore. *Cholam* has been affected by disease in parts of Kurnool and Anantapur. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of fourteen districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Kistna, Chingleput, Malabar and the Hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of seven districts. Fodder is insufficient in parts of seven districts. Prices of rice are generally stationary but those of dry grains are rising. Prospects are bad in parts of Ganjam, Bellary, Chittoor, North Arcot and Salem. The Ganjam people are resorting freely to test works. There are seven test works in Guntur and four in Udayagiri Agency. Total attendance on works :—5,909. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—*nil.*

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 18th January 1919.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				BRITISH PROVINCES.						
	UNITED PROVINCES.									
1	Garhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	.	...	...	597
2	Jalaun	1,565	409,082	...	...	...	...	...	1 135	45
	Total, United Provinces	1,860	491,001	...	...	.	..	...	1,135	642
	BOMBAY.*									
1	Poona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,481
2	Satara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	West Khandesh	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
4	Ahmednagar	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
	Total, Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,481
	CENTRAL PROVINCES.									
1	Chanda	3,089	69,774	...	...	...	...	...	59	615
2	Seoni	1,459	154,810	...	...	...	...	...	880	185
3	Damoh	2,816	333,047	...	...	...	...	...	443	2,279
4	Jubbulpore	3.912	745,892	...	...	...	...	.	1,440	5,057
5	Saugor	704	81,835	..	...	...	...	...	111	74
	Total, Central Provinces	11,980	1,385,358	..	...	...	...	...	2,933	8,210
				NATIVE STATES.						
	CENTRAL INDIA.									
1	Bundelkhand	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	170	...
	Total, Central India	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	170	..

* Test works are in progress in some districts. Numbers on works:—3,284.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 14th February 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 1st February 1919 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	4	4
		Kaira District	4*	1*
		Broach District	8	6
	Central	Ahmednagar District	3	2
		Satara District	64	46
		Poona Town	8	1
		Sholapur Town	8	8
	Southern	Ratnagiri Port	15	3
		Belgaum District	33	19
		Dharwar District	127	49
		Bijapur District	9	5
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	...	2
	Political Charges	Satara Agency	6	2
		Mundra Port	1	1
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	72	38
		Kathiawar Agency	15	15
		TOTAL	367	197
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	1	1
		Anantapur District	25	13
		Coimbatore District	157	94
		North Arcot District	71	45
		Cuddapah District	9 (b)	5 (a)
		Mangalore Port	1	2
		Bellary District	111	100
		Malabar District	7	6
		Chittoor District	10 (a)	7 (b)
		Kurnool District	11 (a)	6
		Salem District	48 (b)	41 (a)
		Guntur District	20	8
		Trichinopoly District	6 (a)	4
		TOTAL	477	332
BENGAL.	Presidency	24 Parganas District	28	19
		TOTAL	28	19
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna District	33	33
		Shahabad District	34	13
	Tirhut	Saran District	81	52
		Champaran District	9	8
		Muzaffarpur District	58	55
		Darbhanga District	113	81
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur Town	78	36
		Bhagalpur District	78	36
		Monghyr District	108	78
		TOTAL	587	392

* For two weeks.

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported.

In the returns for the week ending 25th January 1919, the following correction and addition should be made :—

Bengal Presidency—24 Parganas District, *read* 4 cases, 5 deaths *for nil* cases, 2 deaths.

Bihar and Orissa—Gaya District, *add* 36 cases, 27 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Bulandshahr District	16	4
	Agra	Muttra District	4	3
	Rohilkhand	Moradabad District	7	3
	Allahabad	Cawnpore District	5	5
	Benares	Benares District	6	4
		Ghazipur District	11	7
		Ballia District	32	32
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	70	52
		Basti District	24	21
		Azamgarh District	66	48
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	5	5
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	15	9
		Partabgarh District	3	3
		Bara Banki District	7	7
		TOTAL	271	203
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Hissar District	10	6
		Rohtak District	41	25
	Lahore	Lahore District	1	...
		Gurdaspur District	7	5
	Rawalpindi.	Jhelum District	1	...
		Rawalpindi District	1	1
	Multan	Montgomery District	11	8
		Lyallpur District	8	5
	Native States.	Jind State	23	17
		Bahawalpur State	1	1
		TOTAL	104	68
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	20	18
		Tharrawaddy District	43	42
		Pegu District	4	3
		Prome District	20	20
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	...
		Henzada District	1	1
	Tenasserim.	Toungoo District	4	5
		Moulmein Town	1	1
		Amherst District	1	1
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	11	10
		Bhamo District	3	3
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	14	4
		Sagaing District	25	14
		Lower Chindwin District	25	16
	Magwe	Minbu District	20	20
		Magwe District	10	10
	Meiktila	Kyaukse District	3	3
		Myingyan District	80	10
		Meiktila District	8	2
		Yamethin District	6	5
	Native States.	Northern Shan States	3	1
		Southern Shan States	1	1
		TOTAL	304	190

In the return for the week ending 25th January 1919, the following additions and corrections should be made:—

United Provinces { Bijnor District, *add* 12 cases, 12 deaths.
Cawnpore District, *add* 4 cases, 4 deaths.

Burma . . . { Kyaukse District, *add* 2 cases, 2 deaths.
Myingyan District *add* 5 cases, 18 deaths.
Yamethin District, *read* 5 cases, 8 deaths *for* 13 cases, 18 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur	Nagpur District	5	4
		Bhandara District	21	10
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	15	13
		Jubbulpore District	11	9
		Seoni District	5	3
		TOTAL	57	39
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	37	31
		Bangalore District	44	33
		Mysore District	18	13
		Shimoga District	7	5
		Chitaldroog District	68	28
		Tumkur District	5	5
		Kolar District	61	41
		TOTAL	240	156
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Gulburgah District	7	6
		Raichur District	16	12
		Usmanabad District	48	44
		Medak District	19	16
		Nizamabad District	4	3
		Mahbubnagar District	4	3
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	119	88
		Hyderabad Residency Bazars	10	10
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	9	9
		TOTAL	236*	191*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	11	7
		Bhopal State	15	8
		TOTAL	26	15
RAJPUTANA.	...	Bharatpur State	9	7
		TOTAL	9	7
		GRAND TOTAL	2,706	1,809

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending February 1st were 194 and 139, respectively.

DELHI:
The 14th February 1919.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.	Mean Mileage worked.			Total earnings for week ending			Earnings per mean mile worked for week			Total earnings from 1st April to—			Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, +2 days.		Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18.	
	During official year 1917-18.	1914.	1918.	1919.	30th January 1914.	1st February 1918.	1st February 1919.	1914.	1918.	1919.	30th January 1914.	1st February 1918.	1st February 1919.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
State Railways.	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
5' 6" gauge.																	
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,696	2,695	9,33,902	11,66,087	11,26,000	350	433	418	3,42,02,979	4,61,07,165	4,92,31,000	1,50,28,021	...	31,23,835	...
Bezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	9,495	9,265	10,300	452	441	490	3,18,407	4,25,722	4,12,000	93,593	...	...	13,722
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,003	1,002	7,56,480	9,70,192	11,95,000	758	967	1,193	2,88,39,142	3,79,72,493	4,30,36,000	1,41,96,858	...	50,63,507	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,576	1,582	1,581	7,17,184	7,34,001	7,35,000	455	464	465	3,17,74,528	2,90,93,166	3,19,16,000	1,41,472	...	28,22,834	...
East Indian	865	2,571	2,618	2,612	20,71,526	22,55,493	25,45,000	806	862	974	8,57,79,923	9,76,81,844	11,33,32,000	2,75,52,077	...	1,56,50,156	...
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	21,30,960	23,30,736	24,43,000	840	892	935	6,84,27,688	8,69,91,369	9,72,12,000	2,87,84,312	...	1,02,20,631	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	614	126	126	126	51,308	77,420	87,000	408	614	690	18,80,262	26,62,813	35,93,000	17,12,738	...	9,30,187	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	5,086	3,130	5,000	126	78	125	1,38,225	1,44,815	1,75,000	36,775	...	30,185	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*34,042	24,955	23,600	600	2,080	1,967	*13,47,496	7,87,298	9,39,000	...	4,08,496	1,51,702	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	2,177	8,138	7,200	66	107	95	51,010	2,57,451	2,63,000	2,11,990	...	5,549	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	387	2,553	2,551*	2,550	7,25,398	9,82,367	10,02,000	284	385	393	3,03,85,395	4,25,09,662	4,50,96,000	1,47,10,605	...	35,86,338	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,055	4,000	17,88,211	26,39,572	19,50,000	446	651	487	7,21,69,708	10,00,08,384	10,48,95,000	3,27,25,292	...	48,86,616	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	6,00,138	4,93,209	5,61,000	375	310	352	1,97,23,239	2,33,40,139	2,58,03,000	60,79,761	...	24,62,861	...
3' 3⅜" gauge.																	
Assam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,43,834	1,61,408	1,60,000	178	181	179	56,79,276	59,97,950	62,05,000	5,25,724	...	2,07,050	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,83,330	7,35,176	10,47,000	374	400	569	2,41,29,700	2,84,14,239	3,51,22,000	1,09,92,300	...	67,07,761	...
Burma	319	1,342	1,342	1,342	5,83,460	5,38,074	5,38,000	435	401	401	1,76,82,741	1,78,41,309	2,13,24,000	36,41,259	...	34,82,691	...
Burma Extensions	212	187	187	187	50,748	48,097	47,000	271	257	251	16,49,393	16,05,095	20,14,000	3,64,607	...	4,08,905	...
Southern Shan States	121	23	70	70	591	8,779	8,000	26	125	114	24,403	3,70,815	3,98,000	3,73,597	...	27,185	...
Dhone-Kurnool	72	32	32	32	2,575	2,134	2,500	80	67	78	1,00,432	1,02,402	1,18,000	17,568	...	15,598	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	21,944	39,367	28,600	177	317	231	11,04,879	16,64,321	16,19,000	5,14,121	...	...	45,321
Lucknow-Bareilly	166	304	313	305	44,277	63,176	60,800	146	202	199	17,85,865	21,60,528	26,66,000	8,80,135	...	5,05,472	...
Mysore	191	*411	401	401	*73,261	84,933	79,900	178	212	199	*31,62,511	33,08,683	35,27,000	3,64,489	...	2,18,317	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,454	1,587	1,587	5,58,144	6,36,447	6,91,000	384	401	435	2,32,99,379	2,96,25,336	2,96,13,000	63,13,621	...	...	12,336
Travancore Branch	151	108	146	146	15,447	27,877	36,400	143	191	249	7,56,647	9,27,511	12,50,000	4,93,353	...	3,22,489	...
Tirhoot	223	785	804	804	2,23,757	2,04,895	2,35,000	285	255	292	83,74,548	75,32,213	88,00,000	4,25,452	...	12,67,787	...
2' 6" gauge. Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,726	2,200	...	91	73	...	1,11,503	1,11,000	1,11,000	...	...	503
2' 0" gauge. Jorhat (Provincial)	83	32	33	33	3,078	2,723	2,300	95	83	70	1,06,566	1,20,982	99,500	...	7,066	...	21,482
TOTAL	495	26,235	26,786	26,712	1,22,30,343	1,42,50,377	1,46,28,800	466	532	548	46,28,94,342	56,77,65,208	62,87,69,500	16,58,75,158	...	6,10,04,292	...
All other Railways.																	
5' 6" gauge.																	
Amritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	19,760	8,314	8,700	353	148	155	6,28,187	3,95,653	4,18,000	...	2,10,187	22,347	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	29,090	28,400	...	646	631	...	9,61,523	11,39,000	11,39,000	...	1,77,477	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	26,818	16,914	22,000	235	148	193	8,91,781	7,22,415	9,27,000	35,219	...	2,04,585	...
Bina-Goona-Baran	60	148	149	149	18,498	8,635	10,300	125	58	69	4,77,435	3,87,995	4,15,000	...	62,435	27,005	...
[redacted]																47,762	
Nizam's Guaranteed State	416	334	334	334	1,36,438	1,79,282	1,67,000	408	337	500	51,45,991	56,42,972	62,81,000	11,35,009	...	6,38,028	...
Petlad-Cambay	192	34	34	33	5,985	6,610	8,100	176	194	245	2,44,587	2,88,745	3,21,000	76,413	...	32,255	...
Phagwara-Rahon	79	...	47	47	...	4,047	5,100	...	86	109	...	1,67,876	2,13,000	2,13,000	...	45,124	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	385	108	108	108	65,514	28,313	27,600	607	262	256	16,16,912	17,81,117	23,42,000	7,25,088	...	5,60,883	...
Salem District Board	65	...	4	4	...	488	900	...	122	225	...	(a)9,380	22,900	22,900	...	13,520	...
Sara-Sirajganj	97	...	53	53	...	5,272	8,800	...	99	166	...	2,30,830	3,30,000	3,30,000	...	99,170	...
Sialkot-Narwal	114	...	38	38	...	4,882	4,100	...	128	108	...	1,90,267	1,84,000	1,84,000	...	...	6,267
Southern Punjab (Main Line)	339	425	428	428	1,41,615	1,64,922	1,31,000	333	385	306	46,58,181	60,11,956	78,11,000	31,52,819	...	17,99,044	...
Jullundur-Doab	60	103	133	133	5,378	8,241	8,400	52	62	63	2,12,542	3,56,890	3,51,000	1,38,458	...	...	5,890
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	28,826	24,677	21,900	186	159	141	11,06,973	10,97,984	11,37,000	30,027	...	39,016	...
Tapti Valley	194	155	156	156	45,948	39,371	33,800	296	252	217	12,43,624	12,80,408	14,90,000	2,46,376	...	2,09,592	...
Tenali-Repalli	96	...	22	22	...	1,860	1,600	...	85	73	...	94,991	79,000	79,000	...	...	15,991
3' 3⅜" gauge.																	
Ahmedabad-Dholka	84	34	34	34	2,191	2,236	3,200	65	66	94	1,04,866	1,27,224	1,21,000	16,134	...	...	6,224
Ahmedabad-Parantij	78	89	89	89	8,225	5,712	6,800	93	64	76	3,19,879	3,01,700	3,56,000	36,121	...	54,300	...
Bengal and North-Western	188	1,239	1,244	1,248	2,29,084	2,67,142	2,83,000	185	215	227	88,80,801	96,91,197	1,21,57,000	32,76,199	...	24,65,803	...
Bengal-Dooars	215	153	153	158	24,926	34,204	29,900	163	224	189	14,13,478	14,96,878	15,93,000	1,79,527	...	96,122	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	137	52	52	52	6,830	6,738	7,200	131	130	138	2,90,421	3,12,708	3,00,000	9,579	...	...	12,708
Bhavnagar State	148	227	249	249	32,539	40,904	44,700	143	164	179	12,24,674	15,50,886	22,05,000	9,80,326	...	6,54,114	...
Cooch Behar State	157	33	33	33	6,211	5,189	5,100	188	157	155	2,41,116	2,24,554	2,41,000	...	116	16,446	...
Dibru-Sadiya	322	86	86	86	29,048	38,470	30,100	338	447	350	11,22,192	11,74,307	11,07,000	...	15,192	...	67,307
Gaekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	90	184	209	209	14,140	18,361	20,800	77	88	100	6,47,087	8,12,629	11,22,000	4,74,913	...	3,09,371	...
Gondal-Porbandar State	150	211	231	231	26,510	33,808	44,700	126	155	193	11,21,494	14,59,447	20,03,000	8,81,506	...	5,43,553	...
Hyd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	179	442	441	441	1,02,143	1,23,118	1,36,000	231	279	308	33,96,470	33,54,782	40,38,000	6,41,530	...	6,83,218	...
Jaipur State	69	73	107	122	6,559	6,434	8,200	90	60	67	2,49,835	3,17,284	3,74,000	1,24,165	...	56,716	...
Jamnagar	133	54	54	54	5,271	7,035	7,500	98	130	139	2,37,513	3,11,211	4,08,000	1,70,487	...	96,789	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	129	1,030	1,106	1,106	98,827	1,27,756	1,36,000	96	116	123	45,26,861	59,89,128	68,89,000	23,62,139	...	8,99,872	...
Junagad State	129	113	121	136	13,508	14,845	16,200	120	123	119	4,87,820	6,50,157	7,76,000	2,88,180	...	1,25,843	...
Kolhapur State	242	29	29	29	7,766	8,213	7,500	267	283	259	2,67,205	2,88,829	3,34,000	66,795	...	45,171	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	52	100	100	100	5,417	5,891	6,800	54	59	68	1,82,364	2,20,931	2,48,000	65,636	...	27,069	...
Morvi (incldg. Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	202	93	93	93	13,041	18,658	18,900	140	201	203	6,47,345	7,98,180	11,54,000	5,06,655	...	3,55,820	...
Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	68	...	88	100	...	15,491	14,000	...	176	140	...	(b)2,07,226	5,02,000	5,02,000	...	2,94,774	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	219	55	56	56	11,649	13,423	13,500	211	240	241	4,20,472	5,42,464	5,23,000	1,02,528	...	...	19,464
Mysore-Arsikere	49	...	103	103	...	4,826	6,900	...	47	67	...	(c)20,658	2,94,000	2,94,000	...	2,73,342	...
Podanur-Pollachi	139	...	25	25	...	3,594	3,700	...	144	148	...	1,51,336	1,59,000	1,59,000	...	7,664	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	176	268	270	270	39,131	46,637	41,400	146	173	153	17,18,710	20,27,976	22,41,000	5,22,290	...	2,13,024	...
Sangli State	189	5	5	5	945	928	1,300	189	186	260	31,379	39,654	51,100	19,721	...	11,446	...
Secunderabad-Gadwal	71	...	103	103	...	7,466	4,900	...	72	48	...	3,10,854	2,89,000	2,89,000	...	...	21,854
Shoranur-Cochin	263	65	65	65	12,562	17,386	18,900	193	267	291	5,40,304	7,37,386	7,40,000	1,99,696	...	2,614	...
Tanjore District Board	162	103	112	112	16,660	17,592	19,300	162	157	172	8,22,180	8,02,138	7,57,000	...	65,180	...	45,138
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	79	67	67	67	7,175	4,993	5,900	107	75	88	2,47,868	2,40,320	2,54,000	6,132	...	13,680	...
2' 6" gauge.																	
Barsi	141	116	117	118	32,786	17,240	17,800	283	147	151	9,96,802	7,35,965	7,87,000	...	2,09,802	51,035	...
Bilimora-Kalamba	34	...	35	35	...	1,394	1,500	...	40	43	...	47,672	66,500	66,500	...	18,828	...
Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur	52	...	22	23	...	1,052	1,200	...	48	52	...	(d)9,603	43,900	43,900	...	34,297	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	76	20	32	32	2,093	2,976	1,200	105	93	37	72,400	1,02,825	86,600	14,200	...	...	16,225
Dhond-Baramati	68	...	27	27	...	1,485	2,200	...	55	81	...	78,976	1,02,000	1,02,000	...	23,024	...
Ellichpur-Yeotmal	92	48	139	139	7,346	14,377	28,100	154	103	202	36,272	5,23,343	7,01,000	6,64,728	...	1,77,657	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	97	118	154	154	12,474	15,013	20,800	88	97	135	5,25,755	6,49,535	7,95,000	2,69,245	...	1,45,465	...
Godhra-Lunavada	42	24	25	25	650	1,171	900	26	47	36	5,127	46,591	56,200	51,073	...	9,609	...
Jacobabad-Kashmor	34	...	76	76	...	1,940	2,300	...	26	30	...	1,13,490	1,10,000	1,10,000	...	...	3,490
Khulna-Bagerhaut (e)	...	...	...	20	...	...	1,900	...	...	95	5,127	...	42,800	42,800	...	42,800	...
Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	49	11	102	102	360	4,518	5,800	33	44	57	2,560	2,12,335	2,48,000	2,45,440	...	35,665	...
Kosamba-Zankhvav	27	26	26	26	420	1,113	1,300	16	42	50	20,937	28,928	37,200	16,263	...	8,272	...
Nadiad Kapadvanj	108	28	28	28	1,708	2,426	3,800	61	87	136	82,401	1,31,799	1,64,000	81,599	...	32,201	...
Pachora-Jamner (f)	...	...	...	25	...	...	2,100	...	...	84	...	...	42,800	42,800	...	42,800	...
Petlad-Vaso	66	...	19	19	...	967	1,600	...	51	84	...	56,507	71,400	71,400	...	14,893	...
Rajpipla State	67	37	37	39	2,142	2,340	2,500	57	63	64	98,875	1,10,753	1,29,000	30,125	...	18,247	...
2' 0" gauge.																	
Darjeeling-Himalayan	485	51	51	51	17,347	20,995	19,800	340	412	388	10,07,931	11,19,717	11,80,000	1,72,069	...	60,283	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	9,899	9,900	...	99	99	...	2,98,574	3,35,000	3,35,000	...	36,426	...
Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	461	471	700	18	19	28	22,006	14,770	25,200	3,194	...	10,430	...
TOTAL	174	7,316	8,739	8,838	13,82,123	16,47,236	16,90,100	189	188	191	5,24,11,211	6,36,22,635	7,54,93,100	2,30,81,889	...	1,18,70,465	...
GRAND TOTAL	417	33,551	35,525	35,550	1,36,12,466	1,58,97,613	1,63,18,900	406	448	459	51,53,05,553	63,13,87,843	70,42,62,600	18,89,57,047	...	7,28,74,757	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.

(a) From 1st June 1917.
(b) From 15th August 1917.
(c) From 3rd January 1918.
(d) From 1st December 1917.
(e) Opened from 10th June 1918.
(f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

Simla, the 13th February 1919.

S. TOMKINS,

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, *by the* SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, *Delhi*



The Gazette of India.

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1919.

☞ **Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.**

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India.*

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

No. B. & R. 193.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first eight months of 1918-1919 as compared with the corresponding period of 1917-1918

ENGLAND.						RECEIPTS	INDIA.					
Whole year.		April to November.					Whole year.		April to November.			
Preliminary Accounts 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.		Preliminary Accounts. 1917-1918.	Budget. 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Revenue.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
						Principal Heads of Revenue.						
...	...	...	...	..	...	Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation)	35,23,40,000	37,67,99,000	14,66,35,000	15,75,62,000	1,09,27,000	.
...	..	...	..	...		Opium	3,56,06,000	4,78,77,000	2,20,44,000	2,53,91,000	33,47,000	
...	...	...	.		...	Salt	8,25,00,000	5,23,83,000	6,01,95,000	3,92,04,000	...	2,09,91,000
...		..	...	...		Stamps	8,40,18,000	8,90,70,000	3,62,19,000	3,69,44,000	7,25,000	...
...		...	...	...	..	Excise	15,20,19,000	15,97,65,000	9,56,10,000	10,92,34,000	1,36,24,000	...
..	...	..	.		.	Customs	16,50,04,000	16,22,16,000	10,47,64,000	11,91,69,000	1,44,05,000	...
...		...	...	..		Other Heads	14,86,95,000	15,[illegible]0,59,000	7,78,29,000	8,25,53,000	47,24,000	...
...	...			...	.	Total Principal Heads	1,02,01,52,000	1,03,51,09,000	56,32,66,000	59,00,57,000	2,67,91,000	..
1,306,500	2,619,600	1,125,100	1,5[illegible]6,100	395,000		Interest	1,22,91,000	1,39,95,000	73,61,000	1,19,12,000	45,51,000	...
48,300	53,200	23,000	12,900	...	10,100	Posts and Telegraphs and Mint	6,63,73,000	7,01,31,000	4,57,87,000	5,14,29,000	56,42,000	...
900	1,300	600	500	...	100	Receipts by Civil Departments	1,70,82,000	2,03,[illegible]2,000	1,60,83,000	1,76,12,000	15,29,000	...
234,500	64,600	35,400	30,500	.	4,900	Miscellaneous	2,68,[illegible]0,000	[illegible],84,59,000	2,00,31,000	60,06,000	...	1,40,25,000
177,500	78,500	171,700	81,300		90,400	Railways	69,02,17,000	73,52,42,000	44,18,45,000	50,29,26,000	6,10,81,000	..
.	..	...		.	.	Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	4,59,32,000	5,02,85,000	2,60,72,000	2,57,77,000	..	2,95,000
...		...		...	...	Other Public Works	45,29,000	45,74,000	29,14,000	27,25,000	..	1,89,000
280,400	284,000	196,300	194,400	..	1,900	Military Receipts	1,78,77,000	1,87,30,000	96,25,000	1,13,46,000	17,21,000	...
2,048,700	3,131,200	1,625,100	2,225,700	600,600		Total Revenue	1,91,12,79,000	1,95,27,50,000	1,13,30,14,000	1,21,97,90,000	8,67,76,000	...
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
...	...	...	...	.	...	Capital subscribed by Native States towards outlay on State Railways.	15,00,000	5,00,000	..	..	...	...
..	2,000	...	..	...		Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)	26,72,000	45,32,000	4,09,000	52,42,000	48,33,000	...
..	2,000	...		...		Total	41,72,000	50,32,000	4,09,000	52,42,000	48,33,000	...
						Debt, Deposits and Advances.						
64,426,800	...	...	...	..	...	Permanent Debt (net incurred)	*43,14,62,000	29,43,40,000*	46,04,56,000	26,20,13,000	...	19,84,43,000
...	...	...	.	..	..	Temporary do. do.	4[illegible],90,03,000		14,90,90,000	15,14,27,000	23,37,000	...
..	...	...	...	...	.	Unfunded do. do.	2,48,51,000	1,82,30,000	57,35,000	3,64,89,000	3,07,54,000	...
...	..	165,500	2,248,000	2,082,500	.	Deposits and Advances (net)		6,31,99,000	...	2[illegible],25,73,000	26,25,73,000	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans and advances by Imperial Government	48,76,000	27,99,000	22,59,000	27,94,000	5,35,000	...
...	...	...	...	..	..	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	1,72,75,000	1,60,40,000	1,05,48,000	84,95,000	...	20,53,000
...		...	...		.	Loans to Local Boards	3,26,000	1,30,000	44,000	1,75,000	1,31,000	...
61,722,100	46,268,300	4,583,600	37,230,200	32,646,600	...	Remittances (net)		...	..	..	...	...
24,800,000	...	16,301,700	6,599,600	.	9,702,100	Secretary of State's bills drawn	..	.	..		...	...
...	...	...	...	...		Drafts on London (net)	..	..		1,87,20,000	1,87,20,000	..
150,948,900	46,268,300	21,050,800	46,077,800	25,027,000	.	* Total	94,96,93,000	39,46,78,000	62,81,32,000	74,26,86,000	11,45,54,000	...
153,997,600	49,401,500	22,675,900	48,303,500	25,627,600	...	Total Receipts	2,86,41,44,000	2,35,22,60,000	1,76,15,55,000	1,96,77,18,000	20,61,63,000	...
11,392,000	14,076,100	11,392,000	16,625,400	5,233,400	...	Opening Balance	22,93,98,000	24,78,39,000	22,93,98,000	22,98,77,000	4,79,000	...
164,389,600	63,437,600	34,067,900	64,928,900	30,861,000	..	GRAND TOTAL	3,09,35,42,000	2,60,00,99,000	1,99,09,53,000	2,19,75,95,000	20,66,42,000	...

* Includes figures on account of War Bonds 1920 and 1922 and Post Office Cash Certificates.

ENGLAND						DISBURSEMENTS.	INDIA.					
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO NOVEMBER.					WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO NOVEMBER.			
Preliminary Accounts, 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.		Preliminary Accounts, 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Expenditure.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
119,700	128,000	74,000	107,200	33,200	...	Direct Demands on the Revenue	14,61,23,000	15,49,02,000	10,48,25,000	11,83,54,000	1,35,29,000	...
6,161,600	9,196,200	2,741,500	5,878,900	3,137,400	...	Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)	3,59,75,000	11,98,55,000	4,76,05,000	6,90,27,000	2,14,22,000	...
302,300	459,100	215,600	118,400	...	97,200	Posts and Telegraphs and Mint	4,15,19,000	5,4[illegible],34,000	3,09,26,000	3,07,89,000	...	1,37,000
547,200	656,200	332,900	442,100	109,200	..	Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments	29,59,12,000	33,76,22,000	18,26,93,000	19,51,68,000	1,24,70,000	...
2,789,200	2,332,100	1,894,100	1,819,800	..	74,300	Miscellaneous Civil Charges	5,00,34,000	5,00,91,000	3,33,31,000	3,80,50,000	47,19,000	...
1,500	10,600	1,300	500	...	800	Famine Relief and Insurance	51,000	1,48,41,000	30,43,000	25,96,000	...	4,47,000
9,549,800	5,727,000	6,845,900	3,953,000	...	2,892,900	Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	32,99,85,000	36,31,96,000	21,49,99,000	25,47,63,000	3,97,64,000	...
124,400	400	96,400	...	..	96,400	Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	3,34,22,000	3,63,86,000	1,97,34,000	1,93,69,000	...	3,65,000
42,100	39,200	29,500	23,100	.	6,400	Other Public Works	7,21,39,000	9,02,77,000	3,71,02,000	4,[illegible]3,86,000	52,84,000	...
6,427,700	5,064,700	3,313,200	4,074,600	761,400	...	Military Services	27,10,0[illegible]	38,20,19,000	15,48,76,000	16,39,94,000	91,18,000	...
26,065,500	23,613,500	15,544,400	16,417,600	87[illegible],200	..	TOTAL EXPENDITURE IMPERIAL AND PROVINCIAL	1,33,3[illegible],67,000	1,60,40,23,000	82,91,39,000	93,44,96,000	10,53,57,000	...
.	...	.	..	...	...	*Add*—Provincial Surpluses, that is portion of allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year		+85,89,000	..	..	..	...
	...			...		*Deduct*—Provincial Deficits, that is portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from Provincial balances		—66,19,000	.	..	...	...
26,065,500	23,613,500	15,544,400	16,417,600	873,200		TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE	1,33,32,67,000	1,60,65,93,000	82,91,39,000	93,44,96,000	10,53,57,000	
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
439,900	778,000	271,200	374,000	103,400	..	Capital outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works	4,31,69,[illegible]	5,48,47,000	1,53,15,000	3,09,02,000	1,55,87,000	...
1,381,900	3,178,900	149,100	1,670,600	1,52[illegible]	..	Capital of Railway Companies (net payments)	...				...	..
6,300	13,700	1,300	900	...	400	Initial expenditure on new Capital at Delhi	35,01,000	37,95,000	17,32,000	31,88,000	14,66,000	...
100,000,000	.			...		India's Financial Contribution to the War	...	...	...	...	...	...
101,828,100	3,969,900	421,600	2,046,100	1,624,500		TOTAL	4,70,70,000	5,84,42,000	1,70,37,000	3,40,90,000	1,70,53,000	...
						Debt, Deposits and Advances						
...	20,500,000	500,200	32,390,000	31,889,800	..	Permanent Debt (net discharged)	.		..	..	...	...
..	.	...		...	..	Temporary do do.	.	4,00,00,000	..	..	...	...
		.	..		...	Unfunded do do.	...	..			...	...
19,794,400	69,800	...	..	.	...	Deposits and Advances (net)	5,42,91,000		2,50,62,000	..	..	2,80,62,000
..		..		..	...	Loans and Advances by Imperial Government	55,05,000	36,91,000	46,16,000	16,17,000	...	29,99,000
.	.	.	.	.	...	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	94,26,000	1,42,53,000	63,18,000	1,59,88,000	96,70,000	...
.		.	.	...	..	Loans to Local Boards	6,30,000	...	6,30,000	...	..	6,30,000
.	.	..	.	.	...	Remittances (net)	1,05,63,52,000	65,40,24,000	69,35,84,000	98,07,86,000	28,72,02,000	.
.	...	.	...	.	..	Secretary of State's Bills paid	37,24,61,000	3,06,45,000	25,24,84,000	12,29,30,000	..	12,95,54,000
.	...	..	..	.	..	Do. do. do. exchange	—1,54,25,000	—16,45,000	—60,93,000	—2,89,30,000	..	2,28,37,000
.	.	.	...	..	...	Drafts on London (net)	...	...	...	...	.	...
19,794,400	20,569,800	500,200	32,390,000	31,889,800		TOTAL	1,48,32,67,000	75,09,68,000	97,96,0[illegible],000	1,09,23,91,000	11,27,9[illegible]	...
147,688,000	48,153,200	16,456,200	50,853,700	34,3[illegible]		TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	2,86,36,04,000	2,41,60,93,000	1,82,57,77,000	2,06,09,77,000	23,52,[illegible]	...
16,701,600	15,284,400	17,601,700	14,075,200	..	3,526,500	Closing Balance	22,99,38,000	18,40,96,000	16,51,76,000	13,66,18,000	..	2,85,58,000
164,389,600	63,437,600	34,057,900	64,928,900	30,8[illegible]	...	GRAND TOTAL	3,09,35,42,000	2,60,00,99,000	1,99,09,53,000	2,19,75,95,000	20,66,4[illegible]	..

THE TREASURY,
Calcutta, the 12th February 1919.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Curren[illegible]

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 15th February 1919.

CORRIGENDUM.

The following entry which appeared in the notification published by this office in Part II of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 26th January 1918, under the heading "Cessation of Exclusive Privileges" is hereby cancelled :-

1913—1238. (Pictet.)
1913—1239. (Pictet.)

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 8.

February 3.

4177. J. C. Mahindra. *Improved hand pump.*
4178. J. C. Mahindra. *Oil expanding piston ring.*
4179. W. M. Griffith. *Single leaf automatic flood gate.*
4180. N. P. Roe. *Combined railway point handle, or key, lock and detector.*
4181. W. Moir. *Improvements in kerosene oil burners.*
4182. G. T. Macfarlane. *Improvements in winches.*
4183. Drakes Ld. and J. W. Drake. *Retorts and apparatus in connection therewith for use in the manufacture of gas.*
4184. F. W. Constantine and T. G. Kay. *Improvements in or appertaining to the spindles of spinning, doubling, twisting and like machines used in the production of yarns or threads of fibrous substances.*
4185. E. Smith. *Improvements in shuttleless looms for weaving.*
4186. H. F. Parker. *Improvements in aeroplanes and the like.*
4187. J. B. Walker. *Process for making metal castings and its product.*

February 4.

4188. C. M. Morton and C. H. Stevenson. *Portable screening apparatus for coal and other materials.*
4189. R. Illemann and J. A. Montgomerie. *An improved pedal.*
4190. J. M. Draper. *Improvements in separators for the treatment of coal, clays, ores and the like.*
4191. A. J. Dunn. *Improvements in and relating to concrete and like structures.*
4192. G. E. Rigby. *Improvements in spring frames for cycles, motorcycles and the like.*
4193. R. E. Larson. *Improvements in bricks or stones for building.*
4194. A. J. Gerrard. *Improvements in wire fasteners.*
4195. A. E. Woods. *Improvements in and relating to electrically heated water services and systems.*
4196. W. Redpath. *Improvements in boiler couplers.*
4197. P. de Hass. *Improvements in or relating to disc talking machines.*

February 7.

4198. Babcock & Wilcox Ld. *Improvements in steam superheaters.*
4199. Babcock & Wilcox Ld. *Improvements in steam superheaters.*
4200. Babcock & Wilcox Ld. *Improvements in steam superheaters.*
4201. Babcock & Wilcox Ld. *Improvements in steam superheaters.*
4202. Fulton Iron Works Co. *Crushing mills.*
4203. Fulton Iron Works Co. *Cane crushing mill.*
4204. Fulton Iron Works Co. *Crushers.*
4205. Fulton Iron Works Co. *Improvements in cane crushers.*
4206. Fulton Iron Works Co. *Improvements in hydraulic apparatus for crushing mills.*
4207. Fulton Iron Works Co. *Improvements in cane crushing apparatus.*
4208. J. S. Farrell. *An attachable check-weight register for railway wagons and other vehicles for progressively recording the weight imposed upon each spring and axle while loading.*
4209. T. G. McKay and H. Pollock. *Electric arc welding.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specification in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3616. H. Alfsen. *Improvements in the casting of reinforced concrete vessels.*
3770. Industrial Poured Concrete House Co. *Improvements in concrete house moulds.*
3773. L. E. Tissier. *Process for carbonising wood.*
3829. N. Toolsidas. *Improvements in cotton gins.*
3887. McKenzie Holland and Westinghouse Power Signal Co., Ld. *Improvements in and relating to railway signalling.*
3888. McKenzie Holland and Westinghouse Power Signal Co., Ld. *Railway traffic controlling apparatus.*
3889. McKenzie Holland and Westinghouse Power Signal Co., Ld. *Improvements in and relating to railway signalling.*
3893. F. P. Candy. *Improvements in or relating to the filtration of water.*
3916. S. A. M. Nurul Hoda Qadri. *Improved purse for notes and coins.*
3951. Vickers Ld. *Improvements in or relating to sewing machines.*
4008. M. V. Rajmachikar. *Improvements in lamp supports or brackets.*
4014. K. K. Guha. *Rotary pump.*
4033. A. B. Sinha. *Improved wagon seal.*
4042. N. P. Roe. *Improved railway point box.*
4050. L. Chomier. *Improvements relating to miners' lamps.*
4054. J. C. Dallas. *Improvement of septic tanks.*
4057. F. S. Betts. *Improvements in albums for talking machine records.*
4058. A. C. Diehl. *Improvements in soundboxes for sound reproducing and sound recording machines.*
4059. F. Lowenstein. *Improvements in telephone relays.*
4060. R. H. Squire. *Improved sand pump.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3448. T. G. Mylchreest. *Improvements in doffing mechanism for spinning, doubling, twisting and like machines used in the production of yarns or threads of fibrous substances.*
4063. D. L. Cecil. *Variable speed gear.*
4068. K. D. Banerjee. *Automatic railway collision preventor and signaller.*
4070. A. D. Dean-Butcher. *Improvements in and relating to the construction of pipes, culverts and the like.*
4071. W. J. Melhuish. *Improvements in the manufacture of soya bean milk and the complete utilization of bye-products.*
4075. R. de H St. Stephens and the Climax Rock Drill & Engineering Works, Ld. *Improvements in valve gear for rock drills and other percussion tools.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3392. Westerbeek and Naamloose Vennootschap "Technema."
3776. Wallace.
3805. Hoofnagle.
3809. Ionides Jr.
3810. Bruton.
3881. Morgan.
3892. Parsons.
3894. Grossman.
3895. Poulson and Mate.
3896. Hayter.
3897. Dutton.
3899. Mardon.
3903. Bullock-Webster.
3904. de Bruyn.
3906. Pollock.
3913. Harvey and Bose.
3917. Overstrom.
3918. National Lead Co.
3920. Khan and Rashid.
3921. Graham and Bowman.

PATENTS SEALED.

3194. General Rubber Co.
3195. West.
3196. Crets.
3197. Henshaw.
3142. Universal Winding Co.
3585. Woolley.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

618 of 1906. Shirtliff. (To 30 January 1920.)
124 of 1907. Pedersen. (To 19 April 1920.)
181 of 1907. Printing Machinery Co. Ld. (To 8 February 1920.)
31 of 1908. Davidson. (To 29 February 1920.)
198 of 1908. Linotype and Machinery Ld. (To 5 February 1920.)
108 of 1908. Fessenden. (To 24 April 1920.)
32 of 1909. Garc. (To 4 March 1920.)
80 of 1909. Boyd & ors. (To 18 March 1920.)
51 of 1910. Stokes. (To 14 March 1920.)
340 of 1910. Serpek. (To 7 February 1920.)
351 of 1910. Lancaster-Sutton. (To 10 February 1920.)
464 of 1910. Kanhialal Nandkishore. (To 21 February 1920.)
466 of 1910. Wakefield. (To 4 April 1920.)
538 of 1910. Gain. (To 17 May 1920.)
37 of 1911. Rees. (To 28 February 1920.)
48 of 1911. Watson & anr. (To 8 March 1920.)
84 of 1911. McElroy Shepherd & Co. (To 27 February 1920.)
91 of 1911. Levick Jr. (To 30 March 1920.)
95 of 1911. Levick Jr. (To 30 March 1920.)
96 of 1911. Levick Jr. (To 30 March 1920.)
234 of 1911. Kehr. (To 28 November 1919.)
305 of 1911. Lancaster-Sutton. (To 9 February 1920.)
724 of 1911. Packman. (To 25 March 1920.)
27 of 1912. Automatic Welding Co. (To 15 January 1920.)
35 of 1912. Bagh Singh & ors. (To 20 January 1920.)
67 of 1912. Pilkington & ors. (To 5 February 1920.)
76 of 1912. Dubern. (To 8 February 1920.)
93 of 1912. Genossenschaft fur Textilpatente. (To 26 February 1920.)
143 of 1912. Ormandy & anr. (To 18 March 1920.)
135 of 1912. Levick Jr. (To 18 March 1920.)
151 of 1912. J. D. Riedel Aktiengesellschaft. (To 25 March 1920.)
167 of 1912. McRae & anr. (To 2 April 1920.)
168 of 1912. McRae & anr. (To 2 April 1920.)
220 of 1912. Deacon & anr. (To 1 May 1920.)
700 of 1913. International Salt Co., Ld. (To 14 January 1920.)
701 of 1913. International Salt Co., Ld. (To 14 January 1920.)
744 of 1913. Dalen. (To 10 February 1920.)
776 of 1913. Kinney. (To 24 February 1920.)
852 of 1913. Kinney. (To 25 March 1920.)
859 of 1913. Paterson. (To 26 March 1920.)
904 of 1913. Schmidt's Superheating Co., (1910) Ld. (To 21 April 1920.)
930 of 1913. Societe des Telegrapes Multiplex (Systeme E. Mercadier, H. Magunn). (To 6 May 1920.)
1238 of 1913. Pictet. (To 16 October 1919.)
1239 of 1913. Pictet. (To 16 October 1919.)
1430 of 1914. Breitung. (To 26 January 1920.)
1463 of 1914. Emanuel & ors. (To 16 February 1920.)
1508 of 1914. Brown & anr. (To 3 March 1920.)
1564 of 1914. W. R. Sykes Interlocking Signal Co. Ld. & anr. (To 31 March 1920.)
1613 of 1914. Watson. (To 22 April 1920.)
1995 of 1915. Sutcliffe. (To 18 January 1920.)
2084 of 1915. Shamrao. (To 6 April 1920.)
2099 of 1915. Lalljee. (To 17 April 1920.)
2112 of 1915. Bray. (To 26 April 1920.)
2163 of 1915. Perchlorate Safety Explosives Ld. (To 7 June 1920.)

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT UNDER SECTION 17.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the following application to amend at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

No. 2819 of 1916. Gogu Constantinesco, of the Haddon Engineering Works, Honeypot Lane, Alperton, in the County of Middlesex, England, Engineer, and Walter Haddon, of 132 Salisbury Square, Fleet Street, London England, Engineer, seek leave to amend the specification and drawings of their patent numbered as above. The proposed amendments as shown in the printed specification are as follows :—

On page 1.

Striking out lines 12 and 13.
Line 14. Striking out "further."
Line 16. Striking out "percussive."

Line 16. Substituting "other forms of mechanical energy" for "kinetic energy."
Striking out lines 17 and 18.
Line 22. Inserting "for the actuation of machines" after "volume."

On page 2.

Striking out lines 24 to 26 inclusive.
Line 27. Substituting "9" for "11."

On page 4.

Striking out lines 53 to 63 inclusive.

On page 5.

Striking out lines 1 to 51 inclusive.
Line 58. Substituting "higher" for "a."
Line 58. Substituting "temperatures" for "temperature."
Line 58. Striking out "of 310° C."
Line 59. Substituting "very much less,", for "240 kilogrammes per square centimetre."
Line 60. Substituting "temperatures" for "temperature."
Line 62. Substituting "9" for "11."

On page 6.

Claim 1, line 3, Substituting "other forms of mechanical energy" for "kinetic energy."
Striking out Figures 9 and 10 of the drawings.
Renumbering Figure 11 as Figure 9.

AMENDMENT ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 17.

No. 3672 of 1918. In pursuance of leave granted on 10th February 1919, the above numbered specification has been amended in the manner set forth in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 2nd November 1918.

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1913.

1278, (Irwin.)

1914.

1916, (S. O. S. Limited & anr.)

EXTENSION OF COPYRIGHT IN DESIGNS.

Class 1. No. 1188 of 1914. Rolls Royce, Ld., of Nightingale Road, Derby, England, February 16, 1914 (copyright in design extended for five years.)

Class 1. No. 1709 of 1914. Balmer Lawrie & Co., of 103 Clive Street, Calcutta, June 20, 1914 (copyright in design extended for five years.)

Class 13. No. 1263 of 1914. The Calico Printers' Association Ld. St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England, March 2, 1914 (copyright in design extended for five years.)

Class 13. No. 1333 of 1914. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England, March 16, 1914 (copyright in design extended for five years.)

Class 13. No. 1334 of 1914. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England, March 16, 1914 (copyright in design extended for five years.)

Class 13. No. 1393 of 1914. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. April 20, 1914 (copyright in design extended for five years.)

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

From 3rd to 8th February 1918.

Class 1. No. 8276. Sheortilall Jhammanlall Sharma, Chauk Bari, Jalesar, Etah. January 2.

Class 13. Nos. 8204 to 8269. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. January 2.

Class 15. Nos. 8270 to 8275. The Calico Printers' Association, Ld., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. January 2.

Class 16. No. 8023. 2nd-Lt. Charles Gordon Gosney, 7th Bn, Gloucestershire Rgt., Bangalore. October 26, 1918.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1916, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R C Technical Institute.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.
BOMBAY	Record Office
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A Sussex Road, Parel
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No 1, Council House Street.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.
DELHI	Office of the Deputy Commissioner
HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	College of Engineering.
MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
POONA	College of Engineering
RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
ROORKEE	Thomason College.
SHOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.
WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the

Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)		1	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each	0	2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(f) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1908, and Chronological lists, 1900-1904)		2	0
(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1911, and Chronological lists, 1905-1911)		3	0
(h) Patent Office Journals (Issued quarterly)	each	0	8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917	each	1	0
(j) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912	each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th February 1919.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,89,00,000	0	0			
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below*	25,00,000	0	0			
				1,64,00,000	0	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments				25,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	2,63,97,259	8	10			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,60,51,687	9	0	4,24,48,947	1	10
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				24,94,05,960	0	7
Bank Post Bills, etc.				13,20,138	12	11
Sundries				12,97,577	8	3
RUPEES				33,33,72,623	7	7

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities				6,20,92,795	0	0
Other authorized investments				1,40,93,534	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				9,26,01,288	7	1
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				5,57,54,901	6	7
Bills discounted and purchased				1,82,25,427	12	2
Balances with other Banks				57,17,469	11	0
Bullion				..		
Dead Stock				28,36,259	8	2
Stamps				11,225	4	9
Sundries				10,89,680	7	2
				25,24,22,641	8	11
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	3,10,51,069	2	3			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	4,98,98,912	12	5	8,09,49,981	14	8
RUPEES				33,33,72,623	7	7

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,76,470 0 0

† Do. do. do. „ 5,31,840 0 0

Rs. 9,08,310 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, 13th February 1919.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 27·48.

H. B

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

Text-books, etc., for sale.

List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

Persian and Arabic Instructors.

Two fully qualified instructors, natives of Persia and Arabia, respectively, are maintained by the Government of India, for the convenience of officers wishing to study Persian and Arabic. The services of these instructors may be obtained in Calcutta, on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners.

Qualified Urdu Teachers.

AGAR—MALWA—M. Rameshwar Dayal, Officer's Munshi, Agar, Malwa, C. I.

ALLAHABAD—

M. Shaikh Mohammad Ismail, South Malaka, Allahabad.
M. Syed Mazhar-ul-Husain, 253A, Mohtashim Ganj, Allahabad.
M. S. Athar Husain Jafari, Head Maulavi, A. P. Mission High School, 257 Chak, Allahabad.

AMBALA—

M. Mohd. Akbar Khan Haidari, The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Chhote Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala
M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar.
M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Gulam Qadir, Karimullah's Compound, near H. M. High School, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Mohomed Khalil, Urdu Instructor, Mohalla Maimaran, Ambala City.

AMRITSAR.—M. Mihruddin, C/o Messrs. Karamdin Bros., Hall Bazar, Amritsar.

BANGALORE—

M. Mohd. Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
M. Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
†M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).
M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Akmal Ali Akmal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Mohd. Israil Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
M. Muhammad Muslim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BOMBAY—

†Mr. H. M. Anwar, Karelwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

CALCUTTA—

M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S., 2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
M. Badru-z-Zaman, 212/1, Linton Street, Calcutta.
M. Abdul Badi, 5, Ramsanker Roy Lane, Calcutta.
M. A. M. F. Wahhab, Librarian, Calcutta Madrassah, 14, Zakaria Street, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya Ibrat, 17/1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Balligunge Road, Calcutta.
*M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A., 3, Elliot Lane, Calcutta.
M. Syed Nawab Ali, 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
M. Wahidun Nabi Khan, 88/1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road P. O.
†M. Daliluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Ballygunge, Calcutta.
M. Abdul Wajid, 108, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A., 4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley, Calcutta.
M. Nisar Ahmad Khan, 49, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
M. Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
M. Md. Quasim Khan, C/o H. A. Rahaman & Co., 44, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.
M. Mohd. Aazam, 19, Tilsala 1st Lane, P. O. Ballygunge, Calcutta.
†M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A., M.F., 11, Colootolla Street, Calcutta.
*M. Aziz Mohd. Khan Afridi, 41, Gardner's Lane, Entally P. O.
M. Azizun Nabi Khan Aziz, 88-1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
M. S. M. Yunus, Baker Hostel, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
M. Rashiduddin Ahmed Khan, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE—

*M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, Officer, Cadet Unit.

CAWNPORE—

M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
M. S. M. Aminuddin, Officers' Teacher, Chain Sukh's Compound, Chatai Mahal, Cawnpore.

DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

DERA GHAZI KHAN.—M. M. Waris Ali Khan, "Waris," Junior English Master, Government High School, Dera Ghazi Khan.

FEROZEPORE—

M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HISSAR.—M. M. I. Jan Bukhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Biwani District, Hissar.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHANSI.—M. S. R. Kapur, 75, Saddar Bazar, behind Kotwali, Jhansi.

JHELUM—

M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.
M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phuranwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR—
M. Karam Chand, C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Suddar Bazaar, Jullundur Cantonment.
M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depôt, Jullundur.
M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.
KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadamal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.
KASAULI.—M. Anand Sarup, Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).
KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.
KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.
LAHORE—
M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.
M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. M. Abdul Hamid, C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Mochi Gate, Lahore.
M. Muhammad Din, 2999, Pir Gilanian Street, Lahore.
LUCKNOW—
M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.
†M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), near Royal Hotel.
LUDHIANA.—M. Kishori Lall Jethi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.
MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.
MEERUT—
M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.
MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah, Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.
Mr. Syed Muhammad Umar, C/o Post Master, Mhow.
MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.
MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.
MURREE HILLS—
M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.
NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
NASIK—
M. Mohd. Arif, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat, Officers School of Instruction.
M. Azherus Sadain, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Abdul Habib Khan, Officers' School of Instruction.
*M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid, Officers' School of Instruction.
NASIRABAD—
M. S. Sadiq Ali, Munshi Fazil, C/o Peerjee Mohd. Ali, Sugar and Tea Merchant, Nasirabad (Rajputana).
PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.
PESHAWAR—
M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
*M. Saiyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N.-W. F. P., Peshawar.
POONA—
M. S. R. Kapur, Regimental Munshi, 1st Norfolk Regiment, C/o Pandit Diwan Chand, Accountant, A. C. R. E.'s Office, Poona.
QUETTA—
M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College
M. S. Abdul Aziz, The King's Regiment, Quetta.
M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.
M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Syed Aulad Husain, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shair Manzil (M. W. S., Military District).
M. Jiya Lall, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Ram Kishan, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriey, Cadet College, Quetta.
* M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Cadet College, Quetta.
M. Mohd. Sarwar Khan, Mirza, Anderson Road, Babu Mohalla, Quetta.
RAWALPINDI—
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.
M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).
†M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.
M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.
ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.
SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.
SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU—

M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
*M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu
M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

WELLINGTON—

M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktaram Row, Calcutta.
RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.
KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothen, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.
Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.
SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore

Qualified Tamil Teachers.

MADRAS—

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachri, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA, A. H. HARLEY,

The 23rd January 1919. *Offg. Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.*

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal. Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . . .	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . . .	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „
QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery . .	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock) . .	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{4}$-lb., $\frac{1}{2}$-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is available in $\frac{1}{4}$-lb., $\frac{1}{2}$-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in $\frac{1}{4}$-lb., $\frac{1}{2}$-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.
Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Re.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 11th February 1919.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th February 1919.

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE. COIN AND BULLION. In India.			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions	In transit between India, England and H. M.'s Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.		Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	12,71,836	37,30,25,829	37,42,97,665	2,88,02,906	2,36,48,647	3,98,37,214	12,35,865	...	...	...	27,00,000	13,89,78,185	(a) 16,07,99,946	(b) (c) 82,49,92,771	1,23,09,95,534	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500 of rupee paper and R6,40,00,000 Indian Treasury Bills. (b) Nominal value—R84,11,40,061. (c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under Section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918 and Ordinance III of 1918.
Cawnpore	...	11,75,07,458	11,75,07,458	90,36,614	52,34,775			...				...			1,43,21,389	
Lahore	...	12,59,13,433	12,59,13,433	98,11,117	1,80,09,104			...		..		..		.	2,78,20,221	
Bombay	40,070	48,21,98,029	48,22,38,099	5,00,23,948	13,25,67,124	2,87,35,231		...			..	...	..	.	21,13,26,303	
Karachi	...	7,96,79,544	7,96,79,544	22,17,534	21,38,709	..	.	...		...		...		..	43,56,234	
Madras	22,55,395	19,71,54,960	19,94,10,355	1,29,76,233	49,40,648	...		...	.	...	.	...	...	.	1,70,16,881	
Rangoon	...	14,81,85,731	14,81,85,731	62,37,203	34,79,310	..	...	..		...		...	.	...	97,16,513	
	35,67,301	1,52,36,64,984	1,52,72,32,285	11,91,55,555	18,91,13,308	6,85,72,445	12,35,865	..	.	...	27,00,000	13,89,78,185	16,07,99,946	82,49,92,771	1,50,55,53,075	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			2,16,79,210	*Deduct*—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											...	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			1,50,55,53,075	TOTAL RESERVE R											1,50,55,53,075	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th February 1919.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 7th February 1919.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st January 1919.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT.		INDIAN WAR LOAN.			2ND INDIAN WAR LOAN.		TOTAL
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.	5 per cent. War Loan 1929-1947.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922.	5½ per cent War Bonds 1921.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928.	
Balance of 15th Jan. 1919	27,62,800	90,42,500	3,80,74,200	1,41,85,900	61,75,300	19,09,700	4,700	20,01,300	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	...	9,55,000	7,59,10,400
Add—														
Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to 21st Decr. 1918	...	8,000	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,000
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 18th Jan. 1919	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 31st Jan. 1919	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	...	225	...	3,025
	27,62,800	90,50,500	3,80,78,200	1,41,85,900	61,75,300	19,09,700	4,700	20,01,300	7,77,000	7,000	15,800	225	9,55,000	7,59,23,425
Deduct—														
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	42,700	1,75,900	62,900	17,400	1,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,50,000	5,50,800
Balance on 31st Jan. 1919	27,62,800	90,07,800	3,79,02,300	1,41,23,000	61,57,900	19,07,800	4,700	20,01,300	7,77,000	7,000	15,800	225	7,05,000	7,53,72,625

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 30th Nov. 1916 Enfaced from India 12,429 lakhs, re-transferred from London 13,038 lakhs.
,, 1st Dec. 1918 ,, 15th Dec. ,, ditto ... ditto 2 ,,
,, 16th ,, ,, ,, 31st ,, ,, ditto ... ditto ...
,, 1st Jan. 1919 ,, 15th Jan. 1919 ditto 20 lakhs. ditto 2 lakhs.
,, 16th ,, ,, ,, 31st ,, ,, ditto ... ditto 5 ,,
12,449 13,047

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 7th February 1919.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE.

Agents for Sale of Maps.

LONDON.—Edward Stanford, Limited, 12, 13 and 14, Long Acre, London, W.C.

CALCUTTA.—Maps can be obtained from the Office, 13, Wood Street, or from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., No. 3, Esplanade, East; Messrs. Newman & Co., No. 4, Dalhousie Square; The Manager, The Indian School Supply Depôt, No. 309, Bow Bazar Street; and Messrs. Lal Chand & Sons, No. 76, Lower Circular Road.

DACCA.—The Manager, The Indian School Supply Depôt, No. 226, Nawabpur.

BOMBAY.—Messrs. Thacker & Co., Limited, and Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co.

KASHMIR.—Cockburns Agency, Srinagar.

LAHORE.—Messrs. Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons.

MADRAS.—Higginbothams, Limited.

MUSSOORIE.—The Proprietor, Mafasilite Printing Works.

MUZAFFARPUR.—Messrs. Burman & Co.

RANGOON.—The Curator, Government Book Depôt, Burma.

SIMLA.—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.

A Catalogue of maps corrected up to 1st October 1917 is available at Re. 1 per copy.

All published maps are sold at the Map Record and Issue Office, Survey of India, Calcutta, for cash with postage *prepaid.*

Agents cannot issue maps on the ***Public Service except on cash payment.***

The following is a list of the more important "General" and other maps which are available for the quarter ending 31st December 1918.

EXPLANATION.

All Maps from Surveys after 1905 called "Modern" are printed in 4 or 5 colours, i.e., water forms in blue, towns and roads in red, forests and jungle in green, cultivation in yellow, hill contours in brown with shading to emphasize the hills, and other details in black.

All Maps from Surveys prior to 1905 are printed in black only or in black with hills in brown.

All Maps on scales 1"=4 miles, $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ or nearly 1"=16 miles and $\frac{1}{2,000,000}$ or nearly 1"=32 miles are printed in either one or two of the following editions, except those marked "Provisional Issue" which are from old surveys:—

(1) *Layered edition,* printed in colours with contours and graduated layer tints to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills. *(Colour ribands along boundaries cannot be added to this edition.)*

(2) *Political edition,* printed in colours with colour ribands along boundaries, contours to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills.

(3) *Provisional issue,* generally printed in black or in black with hills in brown. Colour ribands along boundaries are added by hand when required at an extra cost of 2 annas per sheet.

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition. *	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	PRICE. Boundaries uncoloured.	Boundaries coloured.	REMARKS
GENERAL MAPS OF INDIA.					Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
India and adjacent countries (Uncoloured Edition).	1913	1"=32 m.	12	32×25	6 0	...	The map is published (i) without hills, and (ii) with hills in contours.
India and adjacent countries, Political Edition (without hills).	1915	1"=32 m.	12	31×25	...	12 0	
India and adjacent countries, Layered Edition.	1917	1"=32 m.	12	32×27	12 0	...	
India (without hills), showing Railways with stations.	1916	1"=32 m.	6	44×30	8 0	...	Corrected to 31st March 1916.
India, Telegraph map of	1914	1"=32 m.	6	44×30	6 0	...	Corrected to 30th September 1914.
India and adjacent countries (with hills).	1888	1"=64 m.	4	23×23	4 8	6 0	Additions to Railways up to 1917
India showing Railways (open and under construction on 31st March 1918).	1918	1"=64m.	1	38×32	...	1 8	
India, Contour map of	1886	1"=64 m.	1	40×32	1 8	...	
India, District map of (skeleton)	1908	1"=64 m.	2	40×27	2 0	2 8	Corrected to 1912

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		Remarks.
					Boundaries uncoloured.	Boundaries coloured.	
GENERAL MAPS OF INDIA —*concld.*					Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
India and adjacent countries (without hills).	1911	1″=128 m.	1	28×27	1 12	2 0	With additions and corrections up to 1917.
India and adjacent countries (with hills).	1902	1″=128 m.	1	29×24	1 12	2 0	Ditto.
India, showing Provinces and Districts (skeleton).	1915	1″=160 m.	1	18×16	0 8	...	
India, Cotton map of	1917	1″=160 m.	1	18×16	0 8	0 10	
India, population map of	1918	1″=180 m.	1	18×13	...	0 8	
India and adjacent countries (without hills).	1906	1″=192m	1	18×15	0 8	0 12	With additions and corrections up to 1918.
India, Mountains of	1918	1″=192 m.	1	19×17	0 8	...	Layered only.
India (without hills)	1894	1″=256 m.	1	16×13	0 6	0 8	Corrected to 1904.
PROVINCIAL MAPS.							
Assam (with hills)	1910	1/1,000,000	2	40×27	3 0	3 8	Corrected to 1915.
Bengal (without hills)	1912	1″=16 m.	1	39×32	1 8	2 0	Reprinted in 1918 with additions and corrections.
Bengal (without hills)	1915	1″=32 m.	1	26×20	...	1 4	Corrected to 1915.
Bengal and Bihar and Orissa (with hills).	1888	1″=80 m.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	Corrected to 1912
Berār (with hills)	1885	1″= 8 m.	1	38×27	2 0	2 8	With additions to 1906.
Bihār and Orissa (with hills)	1917	1″=16m.	1	44×28	...	1 12	
Bihār and Orissa (without hills)	1918	1″=32 m.	1	25×18	...	1 4	
Bombay Presidency, exclusive of Sind (with hills).	1908	1″=32 m.	1	40×27	1 0	1 8	
Burma (with hills)	1918	1″=32 m.	1	44×27	1 8	1 12	Corrected to 1917.
Central India Agency (with hills).	1886	1″=16 m.	2	32×22	...	3 8	Corrected to 1912.
Central India Agency (with hills)	1900	1″=80 m.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	
Central Provinces (without hills)	1908-09	1″=32 m.	1	28×24	1 0	1 8	
Central Provinces (without hills)	...	1″=80 m.	1	13×9	...	0 8	
Delhi Province	1915	1″=4 m.	1	13×13	0 6	0 8	
Gujarat (without hills)	1896	1″=16 m.	1	32×30	2 0	2 8	Corrected to 1905.
Hyderābād (with hills)	1908	1″=32 m.	1	20×18	0 12	1 0	
Madras Presidency, Mysore, Coorg and Ceylon (without hills)	1908	1″=16 m.	6	40×27	7 0	8 0	Corrected in 1916.
Mysore and Coorg (with hills)	1897	1″=16 m.	1	27×24	1 8	1 12	
Mysore and Coorg (without hills)	1893	1″=16 m.	1	27×24	1 8	1 12	Ditto.
North-West Frontier Province (with hills).	1903	1″=16 m.	1	32×24	2 0	2 0	Corrected to 1910.
Punjab (without hills)	1918	1/1,000,000	2	41×28	2 8	3 8	
Punjab (with hills)	1915	1″=32 m.	1	27×27	1 0	1 4	
Punjab (with hills)	1890	1″=80 m.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	Corrected to 1910.
Punjab (without hills)	1912	1″=80 m.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	
Rajputana Agency (with hills)	1900	1″=16 m.	2	40×27	3 0	3 8	Corrected to 1915.
United Provinces (without hills)	1897	1″=16 m.	2	40×27	2 0	2 8	Corrected to 1913.
MISCELLANEOUS MAPS.							
Aden Protectorate	1914	1″= 4 m.	1	45×35	2 0	...	
Arabia and the Persian Gulf	1916	1″=32 m.	4	40×30	4 0	5 0	Corrected to 1916.
Arabia and the Persian Gulf	1917	1″=48 m.	2	36×25	2 0	...	
Chamba Territory	1872	1″= 2 m.	4	31×28	2 0	3 0	Reprinted in 1913.
Chih-li Province, China	1903	1″= 8 m.	1	44×30	1 8	1 12	
City of Calcutta	1911	6″= 1 m.	4	30×27	3 0	5 0	Corrected to 1917.
City of Calcutta	1910	3″=1 m.	1	32×26	1 0	2 0	Corrected to April 1914.
Delhi and Vicinity	1912	2″= 1 m.	1	40×27	...	1 8	
Eastern Turkistan	1908	1″=32 m.	1	24×19	...	1 0	
Kashmir with part of adjacent mountains.	...	1″=2 m.	4	40×27	2 0	2 8	
Kaing-Su Province, China	1903	1/1,000,000	1	40×27	1 0	...	Corrected to 1910.
Mercāra Hunt Map	1914	8″=1 m.	1	27×24	1 0	1 2	
Ootacamund Hunt Map	1913	3″=1 m.	2	40×27	2 0	2 2	
Periyar and Pambiyar catchment areas (Travancore State).	1913	2″=1 m.	4	40×27	...	4 0	
Perso-Afghān Mountains	1918	1″=128 m.	1	21×14	0 8	...	Layered only.
Regions between Leh and Karghalik mapped by Cav. F. DeFilippi's Expedition in 1913-14.	1916	1″=8 m.	1	36×26	1 0	...	
Sikkim	1906	1″=4 m.	1	27×19	1 0	1 4	Republished in 1916.

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price. Boundaries uncoloured.	Price. Boundaries coloured.	Remarks.
MISCELLANEOUS MAPS—*concld.*					Rs. A	Rs. A.	
Simla and adjacent country	1909	1"=1 m.	1	30×27	1 8	...	Layered.
Simla, Guide Map of	1917	8"=1 m.	1	40×30	...	1 0	
Simla	1916	1"=150ft.	32	28×24	...	Per sheet 1 4	
Simla	1916	1"=220ft.	32	21×17	...	Per sheet 1 0	
Sundarbans	1874	1"=4 m	2	41×30	3 8	5 0	Corrected in 1917.
Tenasserim	1868	1"=4 m.	6	44×30	6 0	7 8	Corrected to 1912.
Tibet and adjacent countries	1914	1/2,500,000	4	30×20	8 0	...	Layered.
Western Tibet, portion of	1904	1"=12 m.	1	34×28	1 8	1 12	

Description.	Date of current edition.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.	Remarks.
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS.				
SOUTHERN ASIA SERIES.				
Scale 1/2,000,000 (*nearly 1"=32 m.*)			Rs. A.	
Afghānistān Sheet Lat 32°—40° North Long. 60°—72° East	1914	34×27	3 0	Russian Dominions, Persia, Afghānistān and British India. (Provisional Issue.) Reprinted in 1917 with corrections to boundaries. Index to names 8 annas extra.
Andaman Sheet Lat. 8°—16° North Long. 84°—96° East	1915	33×24	1 8	British India.
Balūchistan Sheet Lat. 24°—32° North Long 60°—72° East	1914	34×27	3 0	Persia, Afghānistān and British India. Corrected in 1918. Index to names 2 annas extra.
Kāthiāwār Sheet Lat. 16°—24° North Long. 60°—72° East	1915	33×24	1 8	British India and Portuguese Possessions.
Northern Persia Sheet Lat. 32°—40° North Long. 44°—60° East	1914	38×24	3 0	Persia, Russian Dominions and Turkey in Asia. Index to names 8 annas extra.
Southern Persia Sheet Lat. 24°—32° North Long. 44°—60° East	1912	ditto	3 0	Persia, Arabia and Turkey in Asia. Index to names 8 annas extra.
INTERNATIONAL MAPS.				
Scale 1/1,000,000 (*nearly 1"=16 m.*)				
"Bombay" N. E. 43	1914	29×25	1 0	Layered, without hill shading. Corrected in 1917.
"Kāthiāwār" N. F. 42	1915	ditto	1 0	Layered, without hill shading
"Godāvari" N. E. 44	1916	ditto	1 0	Ditto.
"Jagannāth" N. E. 45	1917	ditto	1 0	Ditto.
"Madras" N. D. 44	1916	ditto	1 0	Ditto.

Description.	Date of current edition.	Remarks.
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS—*contd.*		
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES SERIES.		
Scale 1/1,000,000 (*nearly 1"=16m.*)		
Price Re. 1 per sheet (size 24"×19").		
Sheet No. 2	1917	*Baghdad.* Turkey in Asia and Persia.
" " 9	1917	*Tehrān.* Persia.
" " 10	1915	Persia, Arabia and Turkey in Asia. Index to names 2 annas extra.

NOTE.—The Geographical maps are usually in 2 editions, *viz.*:—(1) Layered, and (2) Political, except those marked *Provisional Issue.*

Description.	Date of current edition.	REMARKS.
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS—*contd.*		
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES SERIES—*contd.*		
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ (*nearly 1″ = 16m.*).		
Price Re. 1 per sheet (size 24″ × 19″).		
Sheet No. 14	1917	*Mukalla.* Hadhramaut. (Layered edition only.)
" " 17	1915	Persia.
" " 18	1914	Persia and Arabia.
" " 24	1916	Persia.
" " 25	1915	Persia and Arabia.
" " 29	1916	Persia, Afghānistān and Russian Turkistān.
" " 30	1918	*Sīstān.* Persia, Afghānistān and Baluchistān.
" " 31	1917	*Rampur.* Persia and Baluchistān.
" " 33	1916	Afghānistān.
" " 34	1917	*Quetta.* Afghānistān (Farāh and Kandahār), Baluchistān and Sind.
" " 37 (Rough Provisional Issue)	1918	*Badakhshān.* Afghanistan, Russian Turkistan and North-West Frontier Province.
" " 38	1917	*Kabul.* Afghānistān, Punjab and North-West Frontier Province. The *Political Edition* is republished with additions and corrections in 1918.
" " 39	1915	*Moollan.* Punjab, North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Rājputāna, Baluchistān and Afghānistān. (Kandahar). The Political edition is republished with additions and corrections in 1918.
" " 40	1908	Bombay, Punjab and Rājputāna Agency. (*Provisional Issue.*)
" " 41	1915	Bombay, Sind, Baroda and Diu.
" " 43	1916	North-West Frontier Province, Punjab and Kashmir and Jammu.
" " 44	1910	Punjab and Rājputāna. (*Political Edition*) (*Provisional Issue.*)
" " 45	1917	*Ajmer.* Rājputāna, Punjab, Central India, Bombay, Baroda and Ajmere-Merwara.
" " 46	1917	*Baroda.* Bombay, Rājputāna, Central Provinces, Central India, Hyderābād, Baroda and Daman.
" " 47	1915	Bombay, Berār and Hyderābād.
" " 48	1917	*Goa.* Bombay, Hyderābād, Goa, Mysore, Coorg and Madras.
" " 49	1915	Madras, Coorg and Mahé.
" " 51 (Preliminary Edition)	1917	*Yarkand.* Eastern Turkistān. (*Political Edition*)
" " 52	1916	Eastern Turkistān, Kashmir, Punjab and Tibet.
" " 53	1915	Punjab, Rājputāna, United Provinces, Delhi and Tibet.
" " 54	1918	*Agra.* Central India, Central Provinces, Punjab, Rājputāna, and United Provinces.
" " 55	1912	Central India, Rājputāna, Hyderābād, Central Provinces, Bombay and Berār. (*Political Edition.*) (*Provisional Issue.*)
" " 56	1916	Hyderābād, Bombay, Berār, Central Provinces and Madras.
" " 57 and part of 66	1914	Bombay, Hyderābād, Coorg, Madras, Mysore and Pondicherry.
" " 8 and part of 49	1916	Madras, Mysore, Coorg, Ceylon, Pondicherry, Karikal and Mahé.
" " 60 (Preliminary Edition)	1917	Eastern Turkistān. (*Political Edition.*)
" " 61	1918	*Thok Jalung.* Chinese Turkistan and Tibet.
" " 62	1916	Tibet, Nepal and United Provinces.
" " 63	1916	United Provinces, Central Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, Central India and Nepal. The *Political edition* is corrected to 1918.
" " 64	1916	Central Provinces, United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, Central India and Madras.
" " 65 and part of 66	1914	Hyderābād, Bihar and Orissa, Central Provinces and Madras.
" " 70	1918	*Thok Daurakpa.* Tibet.
" " 71	1904	Nepal and Tibet. (*Provisional Issue.*)
" " 72	1917	*Kātmāndu.* Nepal, Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and United Provinces. Index to names 6 annas extra.
" " 73	1917	*Cuttack.* Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Madras and Central Provinces.
" " 74	1915	Madras and Bihar and Orissa.
" " 77	1912	Tibet, Sikkim and Bhutan. (*Provisional Issue.*)
" " 78	1917	*Darjeeling.* Bengal Bihar and Oissa, Assam Bhutān, Nepāl, Sikkim and Tibet.

NOTE.—The Geographical maps are usually available in 2 editions, *viz.* :—(1) Layered, and (2) Political, except those marked *Provisional Issue.*

Description.	Date of current edition.	Remarks.
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS—*concld.*		
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES SERIES—*concld.*		
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ (*nearly 1" = 16m.*).		
Price Re. 1 per sheet (size 24" × 19").		
Sheet No. 79	1917	*Calcutta.* Bengal and Assam.
„ „ 83	1913	Bengal, Assam and Burma. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 84	1904	Bengal, Assam and Burma. Boundaries corrected to 1913. (*Provisional Issue*)
„ „ 85 and part of 86	1913	Burma. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 86	1905	Burma and the Andaman Islands. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 87	1905	Andaman and Nicobar Islands. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 81	1904	Assam, Tibet and China (Yun-nan and Szuch'uan Provinces). (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 92	1914	Assam, Burma and Yun-nan (China). (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 93	1904	Burma, Siam and Yun-nan (China). (*Provisional Issue.*) Corrected in 1916.
„ „ 94	1913	Burma and Siam. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 95	1905	Burma and Siam. Corrected to 1909. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 96	1905	Burma and Siam. Corrected to 1913. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 100	1911	Tibet and China. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 101	1910	China. (*Provisional Issue.*)
„ „ 102	1904	Burma, Siam, Tonking and Yun-nan (China). Corrected to 1910. (*Provisional Issue.*)

NOTE.—The Geographical maps are usually available in 2 editions, *viz.*:—(1) Layered, and (2) Political, except those marked *Provisional Issue.*

Maps are mounted only at the special request of applicants at the following rates:—

(I)—**MOUNTING ON CLOTH ONLY**—two annas per square foot.

(II)—**MOUNTING ON CLOTH AND FOLDING WITHOUT DISSECTING**—

(*a*)—**For Single copies**—Two annas and Two pies per square foot, *plus* one anna and two annas respectively, for limp covers smaller than foolscap size and foolscap size.

(*b*)—**For Special large orders of over 24 copies of each map**—One anna and six pies per square foot, *plus* one anna and two annas, respectively, for limp covers smaller than foolscap size and foolscap size.

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(IV)—**MOUNTING ON CLOTH DISSECTING AND FOLDING IN BOOK FORM WITH STIFF COVERS OR FITTED IN A CASE**—Two annas and six pies per square foot, *plus* six annas for smaller than foolscap or twelve annas for foolscap or large size.

(V)—**MOUNTING ON CLOTH AND FITTED WITH ROLLERS AND VARNISHED**—Two annas per square foot, *plus* five annas and six pies per running foot of length of one roller.

N.B.—In the calculation of charges the cost is to be calculated to the nearest whole anna and pies omitted from the total amount.

O. H. B. TRENCHARD, Major, R. E.,

Officer in Charge, Map Record and Issue Office.

SURVEY OF INDIA,
MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE;
Calcutta, 11th February 1919.

BANK OF BENGAL.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 10th February 1919.

The Directors have made the following change in the Bank's European Establishment:—

Mr. F. E. Dalton, Sub-Agent at Naraingunge, to officiate as Chief Cashier at Head Office *vice* Mr. D. S. McClure, who, since the death of Mr. Lapsley, has been officiating temporarily.

By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer

HIGH COURT, CALCUTTA, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

It is ordered that the following Rule be substituted for Rule 1 (*a*), Chapter II of "the Rules of the High Court, 1914," with effect from the first day of March 1919.

Rule 1 (*a*) :—

An advocate of any other High Court or Chief Court in British India may, with the permission of the Chief Justice, appear and plead for parties on either side of the Court, but on the Original Side or in appeals from the Original Side, not unless he is an English or Irish Barrister, or a member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland, and instructed by an Attorney.

L. SANDERSON.
JOHN G. WOODROFFE.
C. W. CHITTY.
E. E. FLETCHER.
N. R. CHATERJI.
W. TEUNON.
T. W. RICHARDSON.
A. CHAUDHURI.
C. P. BEACHCROFT.
H. WALMSLEY.
W. E. GREAVES.
B. B. NEWBOULD.
SYED SHAMSUL HUDA.
G. C. RANKIN.
E. PANTON.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 4th February 1919.

No. 1.—Mr. F. A. Hince, Deputy Traffic Manager, is granted under articles 233, 260 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations combined leave for 12 months with effect from 29th January 1919 forenoon *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period.

J. COATES
Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 8th February 1919.

No. 5.—Mr. T. S. Scott, District Traffic Superintendent in Class II, grade 4 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted under Articles 233, 246, 260, 305 and 308 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for one month and 18 days, *viz.*, privilege leave for one month and 17 days and leave on medical certificate for one day with effect from the 9th November 1918.

J. H. WHITE,
for **Agent, North Western Railway.**

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

Catalogue of Books registered in the Delhi Province under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1918.

NOTE.—The matter of each entry has been set in the following order :—

(1) Serial No.
(2) Title.
(3) Brief subject and the name of the author.
(4) Number of pages.
(5) Name of publisher and place of publication.
(6) Date of publication.
(7) Size.
(8) Edition.
(9) Price.
(10) Printer and place of printing.
(11) Number of copies.

BIOGRAPHY—ENGLISH.

1. **Some distinguished Jains.** A biographical sketch of distinguished Jains by B. Umrao Singh Tank, Pleader, 94 pages, published by Atma Nand Jain Pustak Pracharak Mandal, Agra, 12th September 1918, 20 x 30 (16), 2nd Edition, price 8 annas, Sat Dharm Pracharak Press, 500.

DRAMA—HINDI.

2. **Arya Sangit Ramayan, Part I.** Ramayan in Drama by Sardar Jaswant Singh Verma, 132 pages, published by Devi Dayal Tohana, 18th September 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 3rd Edition, price 6 annas, Sat Dharm Pracharak Press, 3,000.

FICTION—URDU.

3. **Bintul Waqt.** A novel by M. Rashidul Khairi, 64 pages, published by Mohammadul Wahidi of Delhi, 25th July 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 1st Edition, price 8 annas, Darwesh Press, 1,000.

GEOGRAPHY—HINDI.

4. **Geographical Terms with 56 maps** by Messrs. Roop Kishore and Sons, Amroha, 47 pages, published by Gopal Book Depôt, Amroha, 2nd August 1918, 20 x 30 (18), 1st Edition, price 2 annas, 6 pies, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

LANGUAGE—ENGLISH.

5. **English Translation and Explanation, Part I, of the New Persian Intermediate Course of the Punjab University** by Saiyad Azhar Ali, M. A., St. Stephens College, Delhi, 131 pages, published by the author, 13th July 1918, Royal, 1st Edition, Re. 1-12 annas, Imperial Book Depot Press, 1,000.

LANGUAGE—HINDI—ENGLISH.

6. **Tashilul Tarjuma.** An easy method of translation by Master Madho Narain, Second Master, Government High School, Ludhiana, 76 pages, published by Imperial Book Depôt, Delhi, 31st August 1918, 20 x 30 (16), 4th Edition, price 5 annas, Sat Dharm Pracharak Press, 2,000.

LANGUAGE—URDU—ARABIC.

7. **Mohammad Abdul Hannan Mirqat us Sibiyan Hissa Awwal wa Doyam.** Arabic Grammar, Parts I and II, by Maulvi Abdul Hannan of Delhi, 66 pages, published by the author, 16th June 1918, 20 x 26 (8), 1st Edition, price 6 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

MILITARY—HINDI.

8. **Recruiton aur Soldieron ki Physical Training ka Table Card.** Table Card of the physical training for recruits and trained soldiers by Subedar Major Mian Sita Ram Singh, 16 pages, published by the Indian Army Book Depôt, Cawnpore, 23rd July 1918, 18 x 22 (16), 1st Edition, price 2 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

MILITARY—URDU.

9. **Bayonet Training Series.** Lessons in Bayonet fighting translated by Subedar Major Mian Sita Ram Singh, 16 pages, published by the Indian Army Book Depôt, Cawnpore, 28th June 1918, 18 x 22 (16), 1st Editon, price 2 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

10. **Table Card of Physical Training for Recruits and Trained Soldiers.** Translated by Subedar Major Mian Sita Ram Singh, 16 pages, published by the Indian Army Book Depôt, Cawnpore, 23rd July 1918, 18 x 22 (16), 1st Edition, price 2 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

11. **Ceremonial.** Translated by Subedar Major Mian Sita Ram Singh, 80 pages, published by the Indian Army Book Depôt, Cawnpore, 1st September 1918, 18 x 22 (16), 1st Edition, price 6 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 2,000.

12. **Garad ke Kam.** Duties of guard by Subedar Major Mian Sita Ram Singh, 47 pages, published by Indian Army Book Depôt, Cawnpore, 1st September 1918, 18 x 22 (16), 1st Edition, price 4 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 2,000.

MISCELLANEOUS—ENGLISH.

13. **The Result of the War.** An appeal to the Indians to help in the war by Kanwar Shri Krishna of Bharatpur, 29 pages, published by the author, 22nd June 1918, 20 x 30 (16), 1st Edition, price not known, Delhi Printing Works, 250.

14. **Randiyon ki Dastan.** Evils of the prostitutes exposed by Sheikh Barkat Ullah Zakir of Delhi, 8 pages, published by Sh. Mumtaz Hussain of Delhi, 6th June 1918, 18 x 22, 1st Edition, 3 pies, Rehmani Press, 1,000.

15. **Ustani Hissa Awal.** Household directions for young women by Mir Baqar Ali, Dastango, Delhi, 40 pages, published by the author, 30th June 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 1st Edition, price 6 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

16. **Kitabul Nikah I.** A book on marriage by Qazi Mohammad Ismail of Delhi, Medical Service, Burma, 212 pages, published by the author, 29th July 1918, 20 x 26 (8), 1st Edition, price Re. 1-8, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

17. **Kitabul Nikah II.** A book on marriage, Part II, by Qazi Mohammad Ismail of Delhi, Medical Service, Burma, 120 pages, published by the author, 29th July 1918, 20 x 26 (8), 1st Edition, price 1 Rupee, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000

MISCELLANEOUS—HINDI.

18. **Pustak Stri Shiksha.** Religious and social songs for women by Pt. Ganpat Rai, Updeshak, 32 pages, published by the author, 18th September 1918, 20 x 26 (16), 1st Edition, price 3 annas 6 pies, Sat Dharm Pracharak Press, 500.

MISCELLANEOUS—URDU.

19. **Musalmanan-i-Burma aur Talim.** An essay on the education of Burma Mohammadans by M. Mohammad Abdul Hai of Surat, 14 pages, published by M. Mohammad Ibrahim of Randeri Khatib Jama, Rangoon, 26th August 1918, 20 x 26 (8), 1st Edition, price *nil*, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

POETRY—HINDI.

20. **Bhajan Kafiya Sagar, Pratham Bhag.** Religious songs, Part I by Ch. Fateh Singh of Sudkan, Patiala State, 53 pages, published by the author, 27th July 1918, 20 x 30 (16), 1st Edition, price 4 annas 6 pies, Sat Dharm Pracharak Press, 1,000.

21. **Jai Siva Rudrashtak of Birbhadra.** Poems in praise of God Shiva by Baba Bhagwat Nandji, 53 pages, published by Jai Shiva Sabha, Alwar, 13th July 1918, 20 x 26 (32), 1st Edition, Free, Sat Dharam Pracharak Press, 1,000.

POETRY—URDU.

22. **Majmuai Kalam-i-Johar.** A collection of poems of Mohammad Ali, B.A. (Oxn.), Editor, 'Comrade and Hamdard,' 20 pages, published by Taj Uddin of Delhi, June 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 1st Edition, price 2 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

23. **Majmuai Kalam Johar.** A collection of poems of Mohammad Ali, B. A. (Oxn.), Editor, 'Comrade and Hamdard', 18 pages, published by Taj Uddin of Delhi, 23rd June 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 2nd Edition, price 2 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 2,000.

24. **Bazmi Farogh.** A collection of poems of Kanwar Badri Krishna Farogh, 160 pages, published by the author, 9th July 1918, Demy, 1st Edition, price 2 annas, Mustafa Press. 250

POLITICAL—ENGLISH.

25. **Constitution of the Indian National Congress Organization and Rules for the Conduct and Regulation of the Indian National Congress Meetings.** 27 pages, published by the Reception Committee of the 33rd Indian National Congress, 1918, Delhi, 2nd July 1918, 20 x 30 (16), 1st Edition, price 1 anna, Delhi Printing Works, 500.

POLITICAL—URDU.

26. **Shaukat Ali wa Mohammad Ali Sahiban ki Nazarbandi.** Important correspondence, 94 pages, published by Sadar Daftar Anjuman Ayanat Nazarbandan-i-Islam, Delhi, 9th July 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 2nd Edition, price 4 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 2,000.

27. **Ahle Hind aur Unki Faraiz.** Indians and their duty by S. Muzaffar Ali Khan of Jansath, District Muzaffarnagar, 16 pages, published by the author, 24th July 1918, 18 x 22 (16), 1st Edition, price 6 pies, Jan-i- Jahan Press, 1,000.

RELIGION—HINDI—SANSKRIT.

27-A. **Sanskar Malayab Prathamikas Sanskar Garcha Dharam.** Religious rites on the occasion of pregnancy and discharge by Sesh Raj Shastri, 35 pages, published by Pt. Ganesh Datta of Delhi, 9th July 1918, Demy, 8 pages, 1st Edition, 4 annas, Sat Dharm Pracharak Press, 500.

28. **Shri Krishna Prem, Part III.** Devotion to Shri Krishna, Part III, by Sedh Mal Baij Nath of Delhi, 16 pages, published by the author, 19th August 1918, 20 x 26 (8), 1st Edition, Free, Sat Dhasm Pracharak Press, Delhi, 3,000.

RELIGION—URDU.

29. **Shri Rukmani Mangal.** Marriage of Shri Rukmaniji by L. Hakumat Rai, 128 pages, published by the author, 20th July 1918, 22 x 29 (8), 1st Edition, price Re. 1, Delhi Printing Works, 1,000.

30. **Fatwai Naziriya ki Dusri Jild.** Verdicts of Nazir, Volume II, by Shamsul Ulama Maulvi Nazir Hussain, 678 pages, published by M. Abdul Salam, and Abdul Hussain of Delhi, 29th July 1918, 22 x 29 (8), 1st Edition, price 3 Rupees 4 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 3,000.

31. **Silsilai Talimul Islam ka dusra number.** Tenets of Islam, No. 2, by Maulvi Mufti Mohammad Kifayat Ullah of Shahjahanpur, 24 pages, published by the author, 23rd July 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 1st Edition, price 2 annas, Delhi Printing Works, 2,000.

32. **Anmol Ratnon ki Kunji Hissa Doyam.** Tenets of Jainism, Part II, by Jaini Bishamber Das, Master, Jain Middle School, Delhi, 64 pages, published by the author, 10th July 1918, Demy, 1st Edition, price 5 annas 5 pies, Imperial Book Depôt Press, 1,000.

33. **Qazaya-i-Amirul Momnin.** Decisions of Hazrat Ali by Munshi Fazil Maulvi Fazil Sayad Zafar Hussain of Amroha, 64 pages, published by Sayad Saghir Hussain, Shams of Delhi, 8th August 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 1st Edition, price 8 annas, Usufi Press, 1,000.

34. **Maddah Hawa ul Kilk Imam Dosraka.** Events of the Martyrdom of Imam Hussain by Qazi Yaqub Ali Khan Nusrat, 48 pages, published by Saiyad Saghir Hasan, Shams of Delhi, 9th August 1918, 20 x 26, 1st Edition, price 4 annas, Usufi Press, 500.

35. **Silsilai Talimul Islam ka Pahla Number.** Tenets of Islam, No. 1, by Maulvi Mohammad Kifayat Ullah of Shahjahanpur, 16 pages, published by the author, 22nd August 1918, 18 x 22 (8), 1st Edition, price 1 anna 6 pies, Delhi Printing Works, 3,000.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

No. 800-*Education*.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government under the provisions of Section 58 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act) and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the land is required for a public purpose, namely, making roads from Sadar Chauk to Panch Kuian and Jhandewala, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provision of Section 6 of Act I of 1894 and under Section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

SPECIFICATION.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Area.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi .	Delhi .	Delhi .	16,900 square yards.	*North.*—Bazar nala Qasabpura Road *South.*—Newly proposed Idgah Road. *East.*—Land of Balla Jat . . *West.*— do. do. . .	Deputy Commissioner's Office.

Delhi, the 10th February 1919.

No. 836-*Home*.—Under the provisions of Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, V of 1898, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint the following persons to be Magistrates of the 2nd class and to direct that such persons shall exercise all the powers of Magistrate of the 2nd class within the limits of the Municipality of Delhi, for a period of three years from the date of this Notification :—

Hindus.

1. Rai Sahib Amba Parshad.
2. L. Jagan Nath.
3. L. Mina Mal.
4. L. Ram Chand Jaini.
5. L. Paras Dass.
6. Rai Sahib Madho Parshad.
7. Rai Sahib Ram Chand Lohiya.

Muhammadans.

1. K. B. Hakim Ahmad Said Khan.
2. K. B. Abdul Ahad.
3. K. S. Sh. Aziz-ud-Din.
4. Haji Abdul Rahman.
5. Haji Abdul Ghani.
6. Hakim Amjad Ali.
7. Mr. Islam Ullah Khan.

2. The Chief Commissioner is further pleased to direct under the provisions of section 15 of the said Code, that any two or more of the afore-mentioned Magistrates shall sit together as a Bench and to confer on any such Bench the power to try summarily all the offences specified in section 261 of the said Code.

3. Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 835-Home, dated the 10th February 1916, as subsequently amended by Notifications Nos. 5588-Home, dated the 15th August 1916, 5785-Home, dated the 23rd August 1916 and 6539-Home, dated the 26th September 1916 is hereby cancelled.

The 10th February 1919.

No. 856-*Home*.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 1st February 1919, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
			Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.				
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
	Delhi . .	225,471	72	87	159	89	79	168	...	...	...	71	3	77	...	17	...	21	23	44	36·67	38·75
	Notified Area	3,673	1	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	70·78	...
	Total .	229,144	73	91	164	69	79	168	...	...	...	71	3	77	...	17	...	21	23	44	37·21	38·12

The 11th February 1919.

No. 895-*C. & I.*—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information :—

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 31st January 1919.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82⅐ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees. Rs. A. P.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees. Rs. A. P.
Rice, unhusked	...	Cotton seed	4 12 0
„ husked	7 8 0	Ghi	{ 78 0 0 74 0 0
Wheat, white	7 0 0		
„ red	6 12 0	Flour (wheat)	...
Barley	5 8 0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8 0 0
Oats	...	Turmeric (unground)	16 0 0
Jowar	6 4 0	Salt	2 10 0
Bajra	8 0 0	Raw hides (cow)	50 0 0
Maize	5 10 0	Bran	4 0 0
Gram	5 8 0	Grass (dry)	4 0 0
Arhar Dál	{ 9 8 0 7 12 0	Bhusa (white)	2 8 0
Linseed	...	Jowar stalks	...
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	8 0 0	Bengal coal	1 2 0
Poppy-seed	...	Kerosine oil (per tin, stating the brand) rising sun	3 13 9
Til (jinjili seed), white . . .	15 0 0	Plough bullocks, per pair . . .	250 0 0
„ black . . .	13 0 0		
Sugar (raw), Gur	9 8 0	Sheep, per score	100 0 0
Cotton (cleaned)	50 0 0		

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 31st January 1919.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee. Srs.	Chts.	ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee. Srs.	Chts.
Wheat, white	5	8	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	7	0
" red	5	12	Maize	7	0
Barley	7	0	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dâl)	4 / 5	0 / 0
Rice — Best sort	2	8	Firewood	50	0
Rice — Common sort	3	0	Salt — Wholesale	14	0
Jowâr (Andropogon sorghum)	6	0	Salt — Retail	...	
Bâjra (Pennisetum typhoideum)	4	12	Gur	4	0
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana)	...		Cotton (unginned)	...	
Kangni (Setaria Italica)	...				

The 12th February 1919.

No. 904-*C. & I.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 56 of the Punjab Excise Act, 1914 (I of 1914), as applied to the Delhi Province, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct the substitution of the following paragraph for paragraph 1 of this office Notification No. 5967-C. & I., dated the 8th September 1915 :—

1. Medicated wines containing less than 20 per cent. of proof spirit are exempted from the provisions of the Act relating to sale and possession.

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTICE.

Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture spirit of the strength of 10° and 20° underproof (flavoured and plain) at the Quetta Government distillery, for a period of two years from the 1st April 1919 to the 31st March 1921.

2. The total issue of country spirit from the Quetta distillery during recent years has been :—

Year	QUANTITY IN GALLONS. 10° UNDERPROOF — Plain.	10° UNDERPROOF — Flavoured.	20° UNDERPROOF — Plain.	20° UNDERPROOF — Flavoured.
1916-17	11,097	19,454	9,534	63
1917-18	10,590	21,976	7,967	360
1st April to 30th September 1918	4,800	15,124	2,760	30

3. Each tender must be sealed, and addressed to the Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan, and must be accompanied by a deposit of rupees one thousand. The cover containing the tender should be superscribed with the words " Tender for the exclusive right to manufacture country spirit at the Quetta Distillery," and should be sent so as to reach the Revenue Commissioner at Quetta before 12 o'clock noon on the 8th day of February 1919, after which no tender will be considered. The deposits of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned.

4. For full particulars and the form of tender apply to the Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

QUETTA,
The 21st January 1919.

A. B. DEW, Lieut.-Colonel,
Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dated Mount Abu, the 1st February 1919.

No. 370-2.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 544 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as applied to the District of Abu, the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to make the following Rules, relating to the payment of the expenses of complainants and witnesses attending the Criminal Courts of the District of Abu for the purposes of inquiries, trials, or other proceedings under the said Code :—

PAYMENT OF EXPENSES TO WITNESSES.

1. The Courts are authorised to pay at the rates specified below the expenses of complainants and witnesses—first, in all cases, whether non-bailable or bailable in which the prosecution is instituted or carried on by, or under the orders of, or with the sanction of Government or of any Judge, Magistrate or other public officer; secondly, in all cases entered in column 5 of Schedule II appended to the Code of Criminal Procedure as not bailable, when it shall appear to the presiding Officer to be directly in furtherance of the interests of public justice; thirdly, in bailable cases in which the presiding Officer of the Court, if a Magistrate of the 1st class, or the District Magistrate, on the recommendation of any Magistrate of the 2nd or 3rd Class, considers that in the interest of public justice such payment is required; fourthly, in all cases in which the witnesses are compelled to attend by the Court under the provisions of Section 540 of the Code. Provided always that no such payment shall be made to any witness on the part of Government when the expenses of the attendance of such witnesses have been deposited in Court under Sections 216, 244 or 257 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

2. The rates referred to in the foregoing rules are as follows :—

(*a*) For the ordinary labouring class of Indians four to six annas per diem for men and three to four annas per diem for women.

(*b*) For Indians of higher rank in life, eight annas per diem.

(*c*) For persons earning fixed daily or monthly wages who would lose wages for the period of attendance at Court, the amount of the wages actually so lost.

(*d*) For Europeans, Anglo-Indians and Indians of superior rank, a diet allowance according to circumstances. Such allowance shall not generally exceed Rs. 3 per diem but the Court shall have discretion in special cases to fix it at a higher rate.

3. Travelling expenses will be given only when the journey could not, with reasonable ease and expedition, have been performed on foot, or in the case of persons whose age, position and habits of life render it impossible for them to walk. In such cases, in addition to diet allowance, travelling allowance shall be given at the following rates:—

(*a*) When the journey is by road, the actual expenses incurred up to a maximum limit of four annas a mile.

(*b*) Where the journey is wholly or partly by rail—

(1) For Indians generally, railway fare by the lowest class.

(2) For Europeans, Anglo-Indians, and Indians of superior rank, intermediate or second class railway fare ; but the Court may at its discretion award first class fare when the persons concerned, would from their social position ordinarily travel by the first class.

4. Notwithstanding the above rules—

(*a*) Government servants when summoned to give evidence in their public capacity shall receive nothing from the Court. In this case they are entitled to travelling allowance under the Civil Service Regulations and the Court while discharging them shall furnish them with a certificate in Form A annexed. Government servants when summoned to give evidence in their private capacity may be paid by the Court and may retain any travelling allowance due to persons of corresponding rank under these rules, but they may not draw diet allowance, and they shall not be entitled to any travelling allowance under the Civil Service Regulations.

(*b*) Witnesses other than Government servants, following any profession, such as medicine or law, shall receive an allowance not exceeding Rs. 5 per diem according to circumstances, and when they have to travel a distance exceeding five miles their actual expenses for conveyance (not exceeding eight annas a mile) or railway fare according to status.

5. A Medical Officer other than a Civil Surgeon, or Officer in Medical charge of the Civil Station, summoned to give evidence in a Criminal Court touching the result of a post-mortem or other examination conducted by him, in cases not falling within the ordinary discharge of his duties, shall not receive any remuneration other than the expenses to which he is entitled as a witness under these rules.

Medical Officer.

Government of India (Department of Finance and Commerce) Resolution No. 3050, dated the 11th August 1882.

6. Medical Subordinates in Local Fund or Municipal employ (including Government servants lent to and paid by local bodies) when attending Court to give evidence in their public capacity, shall be paid the same rates of travelling allowance as would be admissible to Government servants of similar grades under the Civil Service Regulations.

7. The Court ordering the payment under these rules of the expenses of a complainant or witness shall decide—

(*a*) The class to which he belongs and the rate at which he is to be paid;

(*b*) the number of days necessary for his journey to and from the Court.

8. The Court shall exercise its discretion in ordering or refusing to order payment of expenses with the limits laid down in the foregoing rules whether an application for payment be made or not.

9. The following procedure will be observed in the payment of diet allowance and travelling expenses:—

At the conclusion of an enquiry or trial or of the examination of a witness or at the close of the day, as the Court having regard to the circumstances of the case may direct, the departmental clerk will take the orders of the Court as to the payment of diet allowance and travelling expenses, the rates at which payments are to be made, and the number of days to be allowed for journeys to and from the Court, and will then prepare a statement in Form E. annexed. The Court, after checking the statement shall there and then in open Court cause the departmental clerk to pay to each complainant or witness the amount shown in the statement as due to him. The presiding Officer of the Court will then sign the certificate on the reverse of the statement and make the document over to the departmental clerk as a voucher in support of the disbursement. The signature or thumb impression of the payee will be taken in column 10 of the statement; but no separate receipt will be taken. The statement referred to above shall be forwarded as soon as practicable to the District Magistrate, under whose orders the amount shown therein as due shall be included in the Contingent Bill of his Office.

10. A register in Form C annexed will be maintained by the departmental clerk concerned.

FORM A.

It is hereby certified that it was considered essential to record the evidence of ________ ________ in the case noted in the margin and that he was for this purpose required to attend this Court for ______ days namely on ____________ 19 .

Signature ____________

Designation ____________

FORM B.

STATEMENT.

Name.	Rate.	Residence.	Number of days allowed for journey to and from Court.	For how many days detained at Court.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Diet allowance.	Travelling expenses.	Total of columns 7 and 8.	Signature or mark of payee.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Certificate.

In the Court of the ______________

The ______________ of ______________ 19 .

CASE No. ______ of 19 .

Versus.

____

Charged under section ______________

Paid in my presence to the persons noted on the reverse the sum of Rs. ( ) on account of expenses of complainants and witnesses.

Magistrate.

Form C.

Register of expenses of Complainants and Witnesses.

Serial number.	Number of case.	NAME OF Complainant.	NAME OF Witnesses.	Rate of payment.	Residence.	Number of days allowed for journey to and from Court.	For how many days detained at Court.	Total of columns 7 and 8.	Diet allowance.	Travelling expenses.	Total of columns 10 and 11.	Initials of officer before whom paid.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

Dated Camp Ajmer, the 8th February 1919.

No. 529-C.—332.—Captain A. A. F. C. Hutton Dawson, Assistant Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, is granted furlough for one year, with effect from the 2nd April 1919 or such date as he may avail himself thereof.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Lieut.-Colonel,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Ajmer, the 7th February 1919.

No. 492-C.—In exercise of the powers vested in him under Section 2 Clause (*b*) of the Ajmer Land and Revenue Regulation, II of 1877, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, is pleased to appoint the officers for the time being holding the posts of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Merwara, and Sub-Divisional Officer, Kekri, to discharge the functions of a Collector for the purposes of Section H (39) of the Schedule published in this office Notification No. 801-562-III, dated the 16th July 1895.

Ajmer, the 8th February 1919.

No. 533-C.—1044.—The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to approve of Mr. A. Thomas, retired Executive Engineer of Railways, as a candidate for a license to prospect and mine for minerals in the British District of Ajmer-Merwara.

No. 536-C.—1044.—The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to approve of Mr. Daya Bhai Dhanji Bhai, Railway Contractor, Ajmer, as a candidate for a license to prospect and mine for minerals in the British District of Ajmer-Merwara.

Camp Ajmer, the 11th February 1919.

No. 558-C.—The following gentlemen have been selected for the grant of a Recruiting Badge in connection with the recruiting work done by them during the war in Ajmer-Merwara.

Serial No. of Badge.	Name of individual. (In case of Military Pensioner, former Rank and Unit should be given).	Caste.	Father's Name.	Village, Tehsil and District.	To be left alone.
1	Subedar Panna (late 44th Merwara Infantry).	Mer. Rawat	Hala	Bichhu Chora, Beawar, Ajmer.	
2	Havildar Hira (late 44th Merwara Infantry).	Mer, Rawat	Natha	Makarwali, Ajmer.	
3	Bharmal	Gujar	Suja	Lumberdar of Chatri, Ajmer.	
4	Maharaj Sarup	Kayasth	Umrao Singh	Sub-Divisional Officer, Kekri. Ajmer.	
5	Chiman Lal	Bhargao	Jugal Kishore	Tehsildar, Beawar, Ajmer.	
6	Kishenlal	Khatri	Ganga Pershad	„ Ajmer.	
7	Zahoor Masih	Christian	Rev. Manawar Khan	„ Todgarh.	

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Lt.-Col.,

First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Indore, the 10th February 1919.

No. 220-B.—Under the provisions of Section 392 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as applied to Administered Areas in Central India and the Railway Lands in Central India over which jurisdiction has been ceded, the Agent to the Governor-General is pleased to direct that the punishment of whipping shall be inflicted in the case of persons of 12 years of age and over on the buttocks and of boys under twelve years of age on the hands, and in the case of persons under 16 years of age with a lighter rattan than that used for adults.

By order, etc.,

P. NAND LAL,

for First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that Mr. Crookshrank, Forest Range Officer at Malkangin in the Vizagapatam District, died about ten years ago and that there exists a tomb of his at that place. Unless his friends or relations make arrangements for the proper upkeep of the tomb it will be levelled to the ground under B. S. O. 203.

KORAPUT,

13th December 1918.

F. G. BUTLER,

Special Assistant Agent.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 21st January 1919.

No. 277.—Mr. W. O. Davey, Superintendent, is granted extraordinary leave without allowances for six months in continuation of and in combination with the leave on medical certificate sanctioned in Notification No. 196, dated the 30th October 1918.

The 1st February 1919.

No. 288.—Mr. Harnam Singh, Superintendent, Pc hbadra Division, is granted privilege leave for one day in extension of the period sanctioned in Notification No. 204, dated the 7th November 1918.

J. C. FERGUSSON,

Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 13th February 1919.

No. 34.—In continuation of Notification No. 33, dated the 31st January 1919, Mr. Abinash Chunder Bose, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is granted an extension of privilege leave for 10 days with effect from the 13th February 1919 under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

A. MEARS, LT.-COL., I.A.,

for Superintendent, Map Publication.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Bombay Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY LOST OR DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
D-11 of 1917-18	CB/64 71307	Rs. 5 each	Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, Bombay.
	CB/61 62624		
	MB/58 01184		
	MB/39 07735		
	MB/57 63549		
	MB/60 17930		
	MB/60 95612		
	MB/65 62226		
	MB/66 97918		
	MB/68 55000		
	MB/68 52632		
	MB/69 55725		
	MB/70 05143		
	MB/72 99893		
	CB/49 24103		
	CB/73 19138		
	CB/78 85671		
	CB/61 65159		
	MB/64 93196		
	MB/85 31134		
	MB/19 41544	Rs. 10 each	
	SB/60 68718		
	SB/20 12019		

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
D-11 of 1917-18 . . .	WB/28 24621 . .	Rs. 10 each .	
	WB/40 60038 . .		
	WB/41 97718 . .		
	WB/46 24542 . .		
	WB/47 26729 . .		

PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE:
Bombay, the 8th February 1919.

CYRIL E. GWYTHER,
Assistant Accountant General, In charge Paper Currency.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment, dated at Burhan, this 8th day of February 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—9051, Corporal L. Longbottom.
Age—29 years 10 months.
Height—5 feet 10 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—10th April 1907.

Place of Enlistment—Halifax.
Parish and county in which born—Halifax.
Date of desertion or absence—4th February 1919.
Place of desertion or absence—Burhan.
Proceeded to Rawalpindi on leave from 1st to 4th February 1919, and failed to report there.
On leave.
Under 12 years' service.

A. O. L. DAVIS, Captain and Adjutant, *for* Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

No. 2139-*G-Camp*.—In Military Accounts Department Notification No. 1032-G-Camp, dated 23rd January 1919 regarding the appointment of Mr. Ashutosh Banerjee as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, for "6th January 1919" read "7th January 1919."

No. 2140-*G-Camp*.—Mr. S. K. Bannerjee, B. A., Accountant, 1st grade sub *pro-tem.* in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 19th November 1918.

No. 2141-*G-Camp*.—Mr. A. K. Sunderesa Iyer, Accountant, 3rd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade in that office, with effect from the 14th January 1919, in place of Mr. J. R. King granted privilege leave.

Delhi, the 12th February 1919.

No. 2183-*G-Camp*.—Military Accounts Department Notification No. 2050-G-Camp, dated the 31st January 1919, published in the Gazette of India, Part II, dated the 8th February 1919, is hereby cancelled.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

H. E.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, POST AND TELEGRAPHS.

(Art. 171, Vol. I, Civil Account Code.)

No. 13438-*G.-S.*—List of Government Promissory Notes and Debentures in the Custody of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, on the 31st December 1918, deposited under Art. 164 B. C. A. Code Vol. I.

No.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount of Investment.																Name of officer to whom interest is intimated.
		3½ per cent.					3 per cent.	4 per cent.			5 per cent.	5½ per cent. War Bonds.						
		1842-43	1854-55.	1865.	1879.	1900-01.	1896-97.	Terminable Loan 1915-16.	Conversion Loan 1910-17.	Debenture.	War Loan 1929-47.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1925.	1928.	
	Security deposits of postal servants and Contractors.																	
1	Bepin Chandra Bose, Treasurer, Calcutta, General Post Office.	...	...	21,00	...	...	20,000	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.
2	Gobordhone Seal, Sub-Post Master, Chandernagar.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	Do.
3	Mohini Mohon Mukerjee, clerk, Beadon Square Post Office.	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
4	Rajendra Lal De, unpaid candidate, Calcutta General Post Office.	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
5	Fani Bhusan Mukerjee.	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
6	Gopessur Sil	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
7	Bhukan Ram, postman.	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
8	Hem Chandra Bysack unpaid probationer.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dy. P. M. G., R. M. S. & Sorting Eastern Circle.

9	Fateh Lal, Head clerk, Jeypur City Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M.G., Central circle.
10	Lal Di. Sukh, Contractor of Mails.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
11	Manna Lal and Sons, Mail Contractors.	...	...	1,100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., U. P.
12	Beni Lal, Sub-Post Master and Signaller, Rewa.	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
13	Purna Chandra Maitra, Sub-Post Master and Signaller, Sarsa.	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
14	Vithal Dass Nager Surety of Pandit Shiam Lall, paid probationer, Lucknow	200	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
15	Kunja Behari Chakrabarty, clerk, Unao Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
16	Parshotam Lall, clerk, office of the Superintendent of Post Offices, Allahabad Division.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
17	I. E Gilbert, Mail Contractor.	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
18	Messrs. Moonna Lal and Sons, Mail Contractors.	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
19	Messrs. Panna Lal & Co., Mail Contractors.	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
20	Salimullah Beg Mail Contractor.	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
21	Rameshwar Prasad, Contractor.	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
22	Kishna Chandra, clerk, Neemuch Head Office	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Central circle.
23	Messrs. J. W. Breadly and N. P. Frenchman, Mail Contractors.	...	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
24	Harmusji Muncherji Panthuki, Mail Contractors.	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
25	P. Parthasarathy Pillay, Treasurer, Madras General Post Office.	...	2,000	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.

List of Government Promissory Notes and Debentures in the Custody of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, on the 31st December 1918, deposited under Art. 164B., C. A. Code, Vol. I.—*continued*.

Serial No.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.																Name of officer to whom interest is intimated.
		3½ per cent.					3 per cent.	4 per cent.			5 per cent.	5½ per cent. War Bonds.						
		1842-43.	1854-55.	1865.	1879.	1900-01.	1896-97.	Terminable loan 1915-16.	Conversion loan 1916-17.	Debenture.	War Loan 1929-47.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1925.	1928.	
	Security deposits of postal servants and Contractors—contd.																	
26	C. Raja Gopal Pillai. Shroff.	500	1,000	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Presy. Postmaster, Madras.
27	K. Raju Naidu, Treasurer's Assistant, Madras General Post Office.	..	500	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
28	M. Sivabhusanum Mudaliar, Assistant Treasurer, Madras General Post Office.	...	...	..	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
29	T. Mahadev Sing, Assistant to Treasurer, Madras General Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
30	K. P. Elumalai Naicker, Contractor.	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
31	R. K. Sooriah Chetty, Treasurer's Assistant, Bangalore Post Office.	500	...	...	...	1,000	3,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
32	G. C. Ghosh, Sub-Postmaster, Mone.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Burma.
33	Miss. N. Munro, Sub-Post Master, Rangoon Cantonment Post Office.	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
34	Banarsi Das, Contractor.	...	..	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
35	W. C. Bagchi, Sub-Post Master, Mangdow.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.

36	Ko-Law-Pan, Contractor.	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
37	P. Krishnasawmy Mudaliar, clerk, Bangalore Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
38	Dhanjibhoy and Son, Imperial Carrying Co., Ltd.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Punjab & N. W. F. Circle.
39	Dorab. J. Pandey, Mail Contractor.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
40	H. Merwanji, Mail Contractor.	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Central.
41	Aziz Husain, Mail Contractors.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., U. P.
42	Haran Chandra Sen, Deputy Post Master, Silchar.	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal & Assam.
43	Nowraji Palanji Mistry, paid probationer. Byculla T. S. O.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
44	Killick Nixon and Co., Mail Contractors.	...	3,000	200	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
45	Ditto	...	...	...	...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
46	Jivaji Sorabji, Contractor.	...	...	100	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
47	Merwanji Edulji Mistri, Treasurer, Cash Department, Bombay, General Post Office.	...	15,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
48	S. F. M. D'Souza, clerk, Aden Post Office.	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
49	J. A. S. De Silva, clerk, Bombay General Post Office.	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
50	Messrs. Dhonji Choye and Sons, Mail Contractors.	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Punjab and N. W. F. Circle.
51	C. Dhonjibhoy, Mail Contractor.	...	...	8,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
52	Beharylal, Contractor.	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
53	V. D. Devadasen, clerk, Bangalore Post Office.	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
54	B. R. Alasingrachar, clerk, Mysore Post Office.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.

List of Government Promissory Notes and Debentures in the custody of the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, on the 31st December 1918, deposited under Art. 164 B, C. A. Code, Vol. I—*continued.*

Serial No.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT. 3½ per cent. 1842-43.	3½ per cent. 1854-55.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3½ per cent. 1879.	3½ per cent. 1900-01.	3 per cent. 1896-97.	4 per cent. Terminable Loan 1915-16.	4 per cent. Conversion Loan 1916-17.	4 per cent. Debenture.	5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1921.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1922.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1923.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1925.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1928.	Name of officer to whom interest is intimated.
	Security deposits of postal servants and contractors—contd.																	
55	N. Subba, Row, Treasurer, Madura Post Office.	...	4,000	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
56	M. Kanniah Naido, Treasurer, Trichinopoly Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
57	Moni Mohan Bose	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.
58	Hari Prosad De, Sub-Postmaster, Burtola.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
59	Atul Krishna Banarji, clerk, Fort William T. S. O.	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
60	Bazrang Lal Marwari, Contractor.	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
61	Benarsi Pershad, Sub-Postmaster, Karwi.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., U. P.
62	Kunwar Sen, Sub-Postmaster, Chanddausi.	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
63	Gopal Das, Sorter, Railway Mail Service, J Division.	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Inspector General, R. M. S., Western circle.
64	Satya Charan Mitra, Cashier.	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Accountant-General, P. & T.
65	Promada Chandra Bagchi, clerk, Chittagong Post Office.	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.

66	S. Mahamad Khan, Assistant Treasurer, Bangalore.	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
67	F. M. Chinoy and Co., Contractors.	...	...	...	...	10,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
68	Rajendra Lal Sarma, Contractor.	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.
69	Upendra Nath Ghose, officiating Sub-Postmaster, Bhola.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
70	Jesaram, Sub-Postmaster, Tatta (Karachi).	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
71	Shriram, Shivaram Thakur, clerk, Umar Khadi Post Office.	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
72	Khando Yeshwant Dole, clerk, Satara Post Office.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
73	J. C. Nazarith, clerk, Aden Post Office.	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
74	S. S. Lalkaka, clerk, Mumba Debi Post Office.	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
75	V. K. Lagu, Sub-Postmaster, Budhgaon.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
76	Wasudeo Narayan Ranade, clerk, Cash Department, Bombay General Post Office.	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
77	Ratnoji Malhar Rao Jadhab, clerk, Cash Department, Bombay General Post Office.	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
78	Shib Chandra Dutta, Sub-Postmaster, Dulbrajpur.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal.
79	Ashutosh Pal, clerk, Intally T. S. O.	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
80	Baba Sahib Imam Sahab, Mail Contractor.	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
81	Ditto.	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
82	Srinam Ganesh Mamrikar, 5th Assistant Treasurer, Bombay General Post Office.	...	...	...	...	10,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.

List of Government Promissory Notes and Debentures in the Custody of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, on the 31st December 1918, deposited under Art. 164B, C. A. Code, Vol. I.—*continued.*

Serial No.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.																Name of officer to whom interest is intimated.
		3½ per cent.					3 per cent.	4 per cent.			5 per cent.	5½ per cent. War Bonds.						
		1842-43	1854-55.	1865.	1879.	1900-01.	1896-97.	Terminable Loan 1915-16.	Conversion Loan 1916-17.	Debentures.	War Loan 1929—47.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1925.	1928.	
	Security deposits of Postal servants and contractors—contd.																	
83	Vasudeo Trimbak Valankar, Assistant Treasurer, Bombay General Post Office.	...	4,000	3,300	...	2,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
84	Messrs. Dhanjibhoy and Sons, Mail Contractors.	...	...	1,000	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Punjab and N.-W. F. Circle.
85	Behari Lal, Contractor	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
86	B. Atma Ram, clerk, Rawalpindi Head Office.	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
87	L. Behari Lal, of Messrs. Behari Lal and Co., Mail Contractors.	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
88	Ditto.	100	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
89	L. Behari Lal and Co., of Messrs. Behari Lal and Co., Contractors.	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
90	L. Behari Lal, of Messrs. Behari Lal and Co., Contractors.	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
91	Ram Krishna Gopal Shastri, Mail Contractor.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
92	Priyalal Mukerji as security on behalf of Rames Chandra Banerjee.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.

93	Frenchman Brearley and Co., Mail Contractors.	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
94	Birj Lal, clerk, Bareilly Post Office.	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., U. P.
95	George Oakes, Contractor.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
96	G. F. Sitharamiah	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
97	Raghona Rangaswami Ayengar on behalf of R. Krishnaswamy, Carrier, Madras General Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
98	C. D. Trivedi, clerk, Nadiad Post Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
99	Rustomji Ardeshir Adagra, clerk-signaller, Parel, T. S. O.	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
100	Udhav Narayan Nagpurkah.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
101	John H. Gonsalves, 3rd Assistant Treasurer, Cash Department, Bombay General Post Office.	...	3,000	2,000	...	13,000	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
102	Ditto.	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
103	Khondo Yeshwoot Dole, 4th Assistant Treasurer, Bombay General Post Office.	...	8,000	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
104	Moro Narayan Phadke, Deputy Post Master, Belgaum.	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
105	Keshav Vaman Potdar, Treasurer, Poona Post Office.	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
106	Sakharam Dhondeba, Mail Contractor.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
107	K. M. Sant, clerk, Ahmednagar Post Office.	...	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
108	V. K. Sambamurthi Iyer, Contractor.	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G. Madras.
109	Raja Venugopala Bahadur, Mail Contractor.	500	100	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
110	P. Pallanji, Contractor	...	1,000	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.

List of Government Promissory Notes and Debentures in the Custody of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, on the 31st December 1918, deposited under Art. 164 B, C. A. Code, Vol. I—*continued.*

Serial No.	Name of person or fund or whose behalf held.	Amount of Investment.																Name of officer to whom interest is intimated.
		3½ per cent.					3 per cent.	4 per cent.			5 per cent.	5½ per cent. War Bonds.						
		1842-43.	1854-55.	1865.	1879.	1900-01.	1896-97.	Terminable loan. 1915-16.	Conversion loan 1916-17.	Debenture.	War Loan 1929-47.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1925.	1928.	
	Security deposits of postal servants and Contractors—contd.																	
111	M. Devarajulu Naidu, Sub-Post Master, Perambalur.	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
112	Laxman Ganesh Savani, clerk, Raipur Post Office.	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Central Circle.
113	Munshi Gulam Haider, Sorter, Rangoon Railway Mail Service.	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Burma.
114	Jamna Prasad, clerk, Nagpur Post Office.	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G. Central Circle.
115	J. A. Gonsalves, 1st Assistant Treasurer, Cash Department, Bombay General Post Office.	...	3,000	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
116	Bhicaji Laxuman Kudtarkar, clerk, Bombay General Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
117	Maula Bux, Mail Contractor.	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
118	P. A. Desai, clerk, Nagpur Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
119	C. R. Yegnik, Treasurer, Ahmedabad Post Office.	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
120	Vithal R. Mundhe and Co., Mail Contractors.	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.

121	K. Deshekachari, Treasurer, Vellore Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
122	Raja Venugopala Bahadur, Mail Contractor.	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
123	H. M. Writer and N. N. Writer, Contractors.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
124	P. Seshagiri Rao, Treasurer, Hyderabad Division Post Office.	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
125	V. Ramalinga Mudaliar, unpaid probationer.	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
126	S. W. Mavlankar, clerk, Belgaum Post Office.	...	100	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
127	Nowraji Sorabji and Co., Contractors.	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
128	E.C. Moore, Contractor.	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
129	Vishnu Keshav Tilloo, clerk, Cash Department, Bombay General Post Office.	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
130	Punchanan Mukerji, clerk, Barrackpore Post Office.	...	...	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.
131	R. Chokalingum Pillay.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Burma.
132	P. Natesa Moodaliar, unpaid probationer, Bangalore Post Office.	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
133	N. Subrayuda, clerk	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
134	E. Raja Row	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
135	Akhoy Kumar Bhoumik, Sub-post Master, Naldanga Rajbati Post Office, Jessore.	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.
136	Faradoon Sarab Bharucha, Contractor.	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
137	A. Somasundara Iyer, Shroff, Vellore Post Office.	...	1,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
138	P. O. Departmental Guarantee Fund.	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	4,34,800	...	5,61,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	Credited by book transfer to the Fund.
139	P. O. S. B. Depositors	12,27,400	61,76,900	(a) 32,42,700	1,000	25,10,200	34,800	(b) 34,62,400	21,13,900	...	60,93,450	58,16,175	...	55,90,150	...	...	...	Postmasters concerned.
	TOTAL (a)	12,32,700	62,42,300	33,02,300	3,100	25,65,500	34,400	34,64,100	25,48,700	1,000	66,55,850	58,17,875	...	55,90,150	...	...	...	

(a) Excluding Government Securities of the nominal value of Rs. 14,31,811-6-4. (b) Rs. 100 repr sented by Investm nt certific te [illegible]

List of Government Promissory Notes and Debentures in the Custody of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, on the 31st December 1918, deposited under Art. 164B., C. A. Code, Vol. I.—*continued.*

Serial No.	Name of person or fund on whose be half held.	Amount of Investment. 3½ per cent. 1842-43.	3½ per cent. 1854-55.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3½ per cent. 1879.	3½ per cent. 1900-01.	3 per cent. 1896-97.	4 per cent. Terminable loan 1915-16.	4 per cent. Conversion loan 1916-17.	4 per cent. Debenture.	5 per cent. War Loan. 1929-47.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1921.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1922.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1923.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1925.	5½ per cent. War Bonds. 1928.	Name of officer to whom interest is intimated.
	Security deposits of postal servants and Contractors—contd.																	
140	Nrisingha Das Chaterji, Bank clerk.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.
141	Upendra Nath Ghose, Stamp Vendor.	...	...	1,500	...	...	3,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
142	Addyto Charan Dutta, clerk in Charge Presidency Payments Branch.	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dy. A. G., Telegraph Branch, Calcutta.
143	P. C. D'Souza, Accountant. Karachi office	...	...	..	..	1,000	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
144	P. Sivaraja Mudaliar, Cashier, Rangoon office.	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Burma.
145	Gobinbopodo Bose, Cashier.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Workshop, Alipur.
146	P. C. Paul & Co., Contractors.	...	...	...	...	...	100*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
147	The Proprietors, "Times of India", Bombay.	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
148	The Empire Ltd., Calcutta.	1,000	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal.
149	The Proprietor, "Bombay Somachar."	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
150	F. McCarthy, Managing Proprietor, Rangoon Gazette.	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Burma.
151	"The Civil and Military Gazette," Lahore.	...	...	1,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Punjab.
152	The Trustees Tribune Press and Newspaper.	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.

153	Manager, "The Amrita Bazar Patrika," Ltd.	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal.
154	F. F. Gordon & Co., Proprietor of the "Advocate of India," Bombay.	...	...	...	...	1,100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bombay.
155	Managing Agent, "The Englishman," Ltd.	...	...	...	...	200	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal.
156	R. Knight & Sons, Proprietors, the "Statesman."	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
157	E. E. Cotes, Esqr., Indian News Agency.	...	500	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Punjab and N. W. F. Circle.
158	E. E. Cotes, Eastern News Agency.	1,300	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
159	General Manager, Pioneer Press.	...	2,500	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., U. P.
160	Proprietor, Malayala Manorama Kallayam.	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
161	Proprietor, Bangalore Daily Post, Ltd.	...	...	...	...	...	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
162	Nogendra Nath Sett, Cashier, Telegraph Store Office, Alipore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Stores, Alipore.
163	Messrs. Kerr Dass & Co., Contractors.	...	...	...	...	...	100*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Work-shop, Alipore.
164	Messrs. Kundoo & Co., Contractors.	...	...	...	...	500*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Stores, Alipore.
165	Narayan Chandra Mittra, Stationery Store Keeper.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
166	Panchananda Das, Store Keeper.	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Work-shop, Alipore.
167	O. Saravanavelu Mudaliar, Cashier, Tel. Office, Madras.	1,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Madras.
168	Monindra Nath Ghosh, Asstt. Stamp Vendor, Calcutta Tel. Office.	...	...	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., Bengal and Assam.
169	Messrs. N. C. Banerjee & Co., Contractors.	..	...	...	...	...	100*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Work-shop, Alipore.

* No[illegible]s [illegible]re deposited for [illegible]fe custody. No interest drawn.

List of Government Promissory Notes and Debentures in the Custody of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, on the 31st December 1918 deposited under Art. 164-B., C. A. Code, Vol. I.—*continued.*

Serial No.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held	Amount of Investment.																Name of officer to whom interest is intimated.
		3½ per cent.				3 per cent.		4 per cent			5 per cent.	5½ per cent. War Bonds.						
		1842-43.	1854-55.	1865.	1879.	1900-01.	1896-97.	Terminable Loan 1915-16.	Conversion Loan 1916-17.	Debentures.	War Loan 1929-47.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1925.	1928.	
	Security deposits of Telegraph Department employes and Contractors—contd.																	
170	T. S. Ramaswami, Store Keeper, Rangoon Store Depôt.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt. of Stores, Alipore.
171	Manager, Pioneer Press, Allahabad.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P. M. G., U. P.
172	Messrs. J. K. Paul & Co.	...	...	...	...	200*	500*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt. of Stores, Alipore.
173	T. S Ramaswami, Store Keeper.	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Officer in Charge Govt. Telegraph Stores, Rangoon.
174	Saroda Prosad Roy, Offg. Stationery Store Keeper.	...	...	...	...	...	500*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Stores, Alipore.
175	Krishna Charan Dey, Construction Store Keeper.	...	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
176	Messrs. Paul & Co., Contractors.	100*	...	...	...	...	700*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt. of Stores, Alipore.
177	Abdul Kader	...	...	...	...	...	100*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt., Telegraph Workshop, Alipore.
178	Gosto Behary Bhur	...	...	...	...	...	100*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Supdt. of Stores, Alipore.
	Total (b)	3,600	3,600	11,900	1,000	6,500	9,900		...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total (a)	12,32,700	62,42,300	33,02,300	3,100	25,65,500	84,400	34,64,100	25,48,700	1,000	66,55,850	58,17,875	...	55,90,150	...	...	...	
	Grand Total (c)	12,36,300	62,45,900	33,14,200	4,100	25,72,300	94,300	34,64,100	25,48,700	1,500	66,55,850	58,17,875	...	55,90,150	...	...	...	

N. B.—The above list does not include Government Promissory Notes for Rs. 84,750 which could not be delivered for want of claimants.

(c) Excluding the figures for War Bonds of 1921, 1923, 1925 and 1928, held on behalf of G. B. depositors and P. O. Guarantee Fund as the figures of Stock are not as yet complete.

*Notes are deposited for safe custody. No interest drawn.

Office of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs,
Calcutta, the 8th February 1919.

E. R. SESHUN IYER,
Assistant Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH FEBRUARY 1919.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage for Egyptian Government.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta . . .	(a)41	...	...	41	24	...	24	12	(b)173	10	1	196	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	157	...	...	157	78	...	78	15	(c) 79	2	...	96	...	...	...	...	...	54

(a) Includes 7 received from Bombay Mint.
(b) Exclusive of 363 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received which includes 21 lakhs received from Bombay Mint.
(c) Exclusive of 516 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received and 28 transferred to Calcutta Mint.

His Majesty's Mint;
Calcutta, the 13th Feb. 1919.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-Col., I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) :—

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of presentation of petitions. Day.	Month.	Year.	Date of the adjudication. Day.	Month.	Year.
73—1919	Jeroop Parkaji Prohit	Hindu	Tambakanta	Lately boarding housekeeper and now servant in the employ of Ratton Chand Laloochand.	1st	February	1919	4th	February	1919
76—1919	Gopilal Khubchand Pardeshi and Nekram Kashiram Pardeshi.	"	Near Dongri Bazar	Lately doing partnership business as petty dealers in sweetmeat in the name of Gopilal Nekram and now unemployed.	4th	"	"	"	"	"
77—1919	Fredrick Joseph O'Halloran	European	Clare Road, Byculla	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office.	"	"	"	"	"	"
78—1919	Chandulal Vithuram Rathi	Hindu	Chhipi Chawl	Formerly Commission Agent in sundry goods and latterly speculator in silver and bullock-cart keeper and Commission Agent in sundry goods and lately weaver and dealer in Saris and Commission Agent in sundry goods in the name of Chandulal Rathi and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
541—1918	Manilal Govindram Ghandhi	"	Kemdewadi	Formerly doing partnership business as yarn merchant with Girdharlal Gulabchand Lalubhai Damodar, Lakhmichand. Chaganlal and Harivalabh Kasbidas in the name of Goculdas Girdharlal and lately with Nathalal Maganlal and Bhogilal Damodhardas in the name of Nathalal Manilal and also cloth merchant in the name of Kantilal Manilal on his own account and now unemployed.	26th	November	1918	26th	November	1918
79—1919	Parmanand Karsondas Thaker	Hindu	Old Modykhana	Lately dealer in aniline colours and now unemployed.	5th	February	1919	6th	February	1919
80—1919	Abdulrehman Abdul Karim Nawab.	Mahomedan	Junda Lane, Old Nagpada	Lately hawker in bread and now unemployed	6th	"	"	"	"	"
81—1919	Talib Abdula Patel	"	Madanpura	Lately Commission Agent and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
83—1919	Nemchand Premchand Safri	Hindu	Bhendy Bazar	Lately certified share and stock broker in the Bombay New Stock Exchange Co., Ltd., and now unemployed.	7th	"	"	7th	"	"
82—1919	Pitamber *alias* Mamoobhai Soorji Thaker.	"	Khalasi Chukla	Lately Muccadum in coal and now servant in the employ of Cooverji Pitamber.	"	"	"	8th	"	"
84—1919	Thakordas Nathubhai Patel	"	Parsi Gulli	Dealer in cotton yarn seeds and Commission Agent and Cotton Reporter.	10th	"	"	10th	"	"
85—1919	Marooti Patlooji Kale	"	Koliwada	Servant in the employ of Lakhmidas Topan Thucker, Commission Agent in fruits	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 10th day of February 1919.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 18 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 28th January 1919.

In the matter of Maung Kyaw Pe, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Kyaw Pe, Horse Trainer, residing at No. 63, 12th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of January 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Kyaw Pe.

CASE No. 106 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 27th January 1919.

In the matter of the firm of K. K. Musafar Gunny Bros., Cloth Merchants, Surati Bara Bazaar, Rangoon, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Gouri Dutt of Rangoon, a creditor of the firm of K. K. Musafar Gunny Bros., Cloth Merchants, Surati Bara Bazaar, Rangoon, on the 28th day of June 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said firm of K. K. Musafar Gunny Bros., K. K. Musafar Gunny, Uduman Gunny and Ullah Pitchay was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 7th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 19 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 4th February 1919.

In the matter of Shaik Ismail, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Shaik Ismail, unemployed, residing at No. 3, 131st Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Shaik Ismail.

CASE No. 20 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 6th February 1919.

In the matter of Thakurdeen Tewari, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Thakurdeen Tewari, of 43rd Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Thakurdeen Tewari.

CASE No. 21 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 5th February 1919.

In the matter of Chidambra Achary, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chidambra Achary, Native Doctor, No. 14, 60th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chidambra Achary.

CASE No. 22 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 6th February 1919.

In the matter of Maung Mu, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Mu, Clerk, Municipal Office, residing at Nos. 54-55, Sparks Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Mu.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

II G.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

In Insolvency.

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 10 OF 1919.

Dated the 6th February 1919.

Re Annand Prosad Dutt, residing at No. 57, Clive Street, in the town of Calcutta, formerly an employee of the firm of Guryo Churn Dey of No. 57, Clive Street, Calcutta, but now an employee in the firm of Prosonno Kumar Kamini Kumar Ladh, also of No. 57, Clive Street in Calcutta aforesaid.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Messrs. Bonnerjee and Bonnerjee. Insolvent's Attorneys.

On the 30th day of January 1919 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 15 OF 1919.

Dated the 6th February 1919.

Re Satya Charan Banerjee, residing at No. 35-1, Baranashi Ghose Street, in the town of Calcutta, a broker under the Banian of the Sylhet Lime Coy.

Ex parte the Debtor.

On the 1st day of February 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 16 OF 1919.

Dated the 10th February 1919.

Re Saleh Muhammed Shaikh Hossain Ali, at present residing at No. 60, Canning Street, in the town of Calcutta, and lately an Assistant in the firm of A. Saleh Muhammed & Co., of No. 56-1, Canning Street in Calcutta, but at present of no occupation.

Ex parte the Debtor.

B. L. Mukerjee—Insolvent's Solicitor.

On the 3rd day of February 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 17 OF 1919.

Dated the 10th February 1919.

Re Bullav Chand Serowgee of No. 46, Siva Thakur Lane, in the town of Calcutta, lately carrying on business as a broker of piece goods, but at present without any occupation.

Ex parte the Debtor.

P. C. Ghose—Insolvent's Solicitor.

On the 4th day of February 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No. 20 OF 1919.

Peeru Singh, son of Rughnath Singh, Rajput of Ajmer . Insolvent, Applicant,

against

	Debt. Rs.	A.	P.
1. Seth Amar Chand of Ajmer	539	0	0
2. Ramjwan Agarwal	230	0	0
3. Asa Ram Agarwal	100	0	0
4. Hazari Lal Sanar	50	0	0
5. Ladhu Singh, Rajput	100	0	0
6. Seth Rampershad Choudhri	25	0	0
7. Sajan Singh, Rajput	150	0	0
8. Rahim Box of Ajmer	200	0	0
9. Man Mal of Ajmer	20	0	0
Creditors.			
TOTAL	1,414	0	0

The applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 and the application will be heard on the 1st March 1919 at 11 A.M. The creditors are hereby informed that they can appear in person or through an authorised agent on the date fixed to oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court, this 29th day of January 1919.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 13th February 1919.

No. 1190.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 23rd January 1919 to 12th February 1919.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
Government Telegraph Offices.			
Sialkot Kutchery	Punjab	7th January 1919	Opened.
Nasirabad	Rajputana	15th January 1919	Closed.
Railway Telegraph Offices.			
Chakkarpur	Rohilkhand-Kumaon Railway	26th January 1919	Opened.
Chowpatta	Ahmadpur-Katwa Railway	1st February 1919	Closed.
Dudwa Hay Depôt	Rohilkhand-Kumaon Railway	27th December 1918	Opened.
Kauriala Ghat	Ditto	Ditto	Do.
Moheshpur	Ahmadpur-Katwa Railway	1st February 1919	Closed.
Panir	North-Western Railway	18th November 1918	Opened.
Pinbaw	Burma Railway	15th January 1919	Do.
Oocpur	North-Western Railway	18th November 1918	Do.

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

The 13th February 1919.

No. 1212-*T*.—Mr. N. Varadaraja Pillay, who was appointed Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, under Notification No. 1025-T., dated the 7th February 1919, reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master, with effect from the 4th February 1919.

No. 1216-*T*.—Mr. R. Sutcliffe, who was appointed Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, under Notification No. 848-T., dated the 30th January 1919, reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master, with effect from the 25th January 1919.

The 14th February 1919.

No. 1228-T.—Mr. J. Gordon, Telegraph Master, officiated as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, from the 23rd December 1918 to the 8th January 1919, during the absence of Mr. S. E. Doggett, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, on leave.

The officiating promotion of Mr. T. Gopal Krishna Mudaliar to the grade of Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, sanctioned in Notification No. 377-T., dated the 16th January 1919, is cancelled.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(POST OFFICE.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 8th February 1919.

No. 423-*Ap*.—Mr. H. R. McLeod, Superintendent of post offices, sub. *protem.* in the 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 3 days combined with leave on medical certificate for 28 days, with effect from the 4th October 1918.

No. 426-*Ap*.—Mr. S. Schwanke, Postmaster, Raipur, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Central Circle, with effect from the 1st October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 432-*Ap*.—Khalifa Fazl Hussain, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Punjab and N.-W. F., is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 1st February 1919 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 13th February 1919.

No. 724-*E.-E.*—The following reversions and officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) are sanctioned with effect from the dates specified against each :—

Name	From	To	With effect from
Mr. G. E. D'Bras . .	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	Inspecting Telegraphist .	11th November 1918.
Mr. J. J. Figredo . .	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	Inspecting Telegraphist .	11th January 1919.
Mr. G. E. D'Bras . .	Inspecting Telegraphist .	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiating.	11th January 1919.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

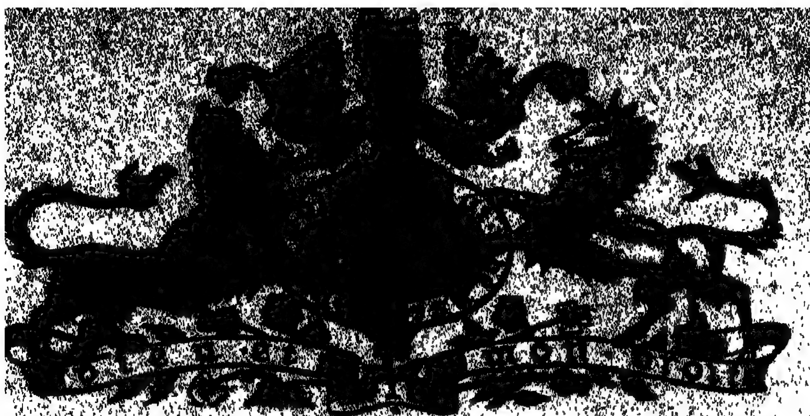
OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the last day of December 1918 and of the form in which they were held :—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	1,885,609	...
Short loans	5,749,363	6,000,637
TOTAL	7,634,972	6,000,637
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts	13,635,609	

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

THE TREASURY,
Calcutta, the 12th February 1919.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1919.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. G. 029857 and 58 and No. F. 011887, of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928 for Rs. 1,000 each, and 500 respectively, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, and last endorsed to Lalit Mohan Banerjee, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—LALIT MOHAN BANERJEE,

Resident—4, Kyd Street.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 54 U.P./1 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 1,000, originally issued in the name of Yusuf Ali Khan, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—YUSUF ALI KHAN,

Residence—Municipal Commissioner, Sikandra Rao, District Aligarh.

Estate H. Coupland, I.C.S., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Herbert Coupland of the Indian Civil Service, late of Daltonganj, Palamau, who died on 9th August 1918 at 25, Park Square, Leeds, Yorkshire, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to William Frank Mackay of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 24th February next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta; after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

W. F. MACKAY.

CALCUTTA;
The 18th January 1919.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 058921 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 200 originally standing in the name of the Bapuji Atmaram Mokasi and last endorsed to K. P. Deshpande, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—K. P. DESHPANDE.
Residence—Nagothua, District Kolaba.

Dated the 2nd February 1919.

LOST.

The No. $\frac{785\ B}{F.\ 1.}$ of the 5½ per cent. War bond 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Hari Prasanna Mukerjee, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—HARI PRASANNA MUKERJEE,
Residence—Bhadiswar, P. O. Murarai.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{4456}{F\text{-}1}$ B. U. of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Maung Maung, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MAUNG MAUNG.
Residence—Mondaw, Amarapura Township, Mandalay District.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. B063705 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-50 for Rs. 100, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to the Agent and Chief Engineer, H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway by the proprietors the Standard Oil Co. of New York, Bombay, as earnest money but was stolen before reaching the Agent and Chief Engineer, H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above security.

Name of the Advertiser—STANDARD OIL Co. OF NEW YORK, Attorney.
Residence—Ballard Road, Bombay.

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 160153 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 5,000, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to O. B. Payne, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—O. B. PAYNE.
Residence—Shipping Controller's Office, Ballard Road, Bombay.

IN THE COURT OF MAJOR E. A. TRAFFORD, JUDGE, SMALL CAUSE COURT, FEROZEPORE CANTONMENT.

CIVIL SUIT No. 152 OF 1918.

Churanji Lal, son of Chhaju Ram, caste Agarwal of Ferozepore Cantonment ...Plaintiff

versus

Mata Din, son of Net Ram, caste Agarwal of late Polium Nilgarries (Madras).

2. Banwari Lal, son of Chhaju Ram, Agarwal of Alwar State............Defendants.

Claim for recovery of Rs. 245-11.

Proclamation under order 5, rule 20, C. P. C.

Whereas in the above case it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Court that the Defendants are intentionally evading the service of summons, therefore under order 5, rule 20, Civil Procedure Code, it is notified that the Defendants should appear before this Court on 17th February 1919 and defend the case, if they fail to appear on the said date *exparte* proceedings will be taken against them.

E. A. TRAFFORD, Judge,
Cantonment Small Cause Court, Ferozepore.

REGISTERED No. C. 696.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 7. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1919.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

Return showing the Wholesale and Retail Prices of Cereals, Pulses, Oilseeds, Sugar (Raw), Salt, etc., in India by Districts for the fortnight ending the 15th January 1919

Department of Statistics, India
February 12, 1919

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

PREFATORY NOTE.

Prices of Country Produce and Salt in India at the middle of January 1919.

The wholesale prices of food grains and pulses in India at the middle of January 1919, as compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, increased by 59 per cent (unweighted average). The weighted average shows a rise of 65 per cent. The price of rice advanced by 60 per cent, Bengal showing an increase of 59 per cent, Bihar and Orissa 87 per cent, the Madras Presidency 66 per cent, and Burma 38 per cent. Among other minor provinces, the rise of 80 per cent in the North-West Frontier Province and of 75 per cent in the Punjab is noteworthy. Wheat prices rose 40 per cent in India; in the largest producing areas, the increase was 33 per cent in the Punjab, 42 per cent in the United Provinces, and 35 per cent in the Central Provinces and Berar. Among other provinces the rise in Burma was 61 per cent, in the Bombay Presidency 55 per cent and in Bihar and Orissa 48 per cent. Barley prices increased 42 per cent above the level of the preceding year (unweighted average). The weighted average shows a rise of 63 per cent. The increase of 77 per cent in the price of barley in the United Provinces and of 60 per cent in Bihar and Orissa is noticeable. The price of jawar advanced by 68 per cent (unweighted average). The weighted average shows a rise of 76 per cent. The increases in jawar prices were 123 per cent in the North-West Frontier Province, 100 per cent in the Bombay Presidency and Delhi each, 89 per cent in the Central Provinces and Berar, 69 per cent in the United Provinces and 63 per cent in Bihar and Orissa. The average price of bajra increased 99 per cent in India; the noteworthy increases were in Delhi by 125 per cent, in the Bombay Presidency and in the North-West Frontier Province by 115 per cent each, and in the Punjab by 100 per cent. Maize prices rose by 52 per cent in India (unweighted average). The weighted average shows a rise of 79 per cent. In Bihar and Orissa, maize advanced by 109 per cent, in the United Provinces by 96 per cent, and in Delhi by 80 per cent. The price of gram was 48 per cent above the level of last year. In the Madras Presidency it advanced by 87 per cent, in Bihar and Orissa by 85 per cent, in the United Provinces by 70 per cent and in Bengal by 66 per cent. The average price of arhar dál in India showed a rise of 64 per cent; the increase of 145 per cent in Delhi, 100 per cent in Bihar and Orissa, 99 per cent in the United Provinces, 89 per cent in the Central Provinces and Berar, and 70 per cent in Bengal, is striking. There was a rise of 25 per cent in ghi, and of 23 per cent in raw sugar (gur) in India, but the average price of salt showed a fall of 14 per cent. The most noticeable decreases in salt prices were in Delhi (41 per cent), the United Provinces (40 per cent), Bihar and Orissa (31 per cent), Central Provinces and Berar (21 per cent), the Bombay Presidency (20 per cent), and Bengal (19 per cent). There was a rise of 24 per cent in the North-West Frontier Province and 18 per cent in the Punjab.

2. Compared with the preceding fortnight, the prices of cereals and pulses in India at the middle of January 1919 showed a rise of 4 per cent. The prices of rice, barley and arhar dál advanced by 3 per cent each, wheat and maize by 2 per cent each, gram and bajra by 5 per cent each, and jawar by 6 per cent. Ghi showed a rise of 1 per cent but gur and salt decreased by 2 per cent each.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with the previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 15th January, 1919, as compared with the corresponding period of 1918.

Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 15th January of

Province	Rice Common (Oryza Sativa) 1918	Rice 1919	Wheat (Triticum Sativum) 1918	Wheat 1919	Barley (Hordeum Vulgare) 1918	Barley 1919	Jawar (Andropogon Sorghum) 1918	Jawar 1919	Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum) 1918	Bajra 1919	Maize (Zea Mays) 1918	Maize 1919	Gram (Cicer arietinum) 1918	Gram 1919	Arhar Dál (Cajanus Indicus) 1918	Arhar Dál 1919	Ghi 1918	Ghi 1919	Raw Sugar (Gur) 1918	Raw Sugar 1919	Salt 1918	Salt 1919
Burma	100	138	100	161	...	...	100	123	...	...	...	...	100	126	100	141	100	125	...	...	100	[illegible]
Assam	100	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	132	100	114	100	[illegible]
Bengal	100	159	100	132	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	166	100	170	100	104	100	81	100	[illegible]
Bihar and Orissa	100	187	100	148	100	160	100	163	...	...	100	209	100	185	100	200	100	99	100	100	100	69
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	147	100	142	100	177	100	169	100	199	100	196	100	170	100	199	100	126	100	145	100	60
Delhi	100	128	100	145	100	157	100	200	100	225	100	180	100	152	100	245	100	119	100	158	100	59
Punjab	100	175	100	133	100	123	100	116	100	200	100	132	100	123	100	150	100	121	100	150	100	118
North-West Frontier Province	100	180	100	116	100	110	100	223	100	215	100	95	100	106	100	103	100	128	100	143	100	[illegible]
Sind and Baluchistan	100	141	100	132	100	122	100	112	...	...	100	98	100	117	100	115	100	119	...	...	100	97
Bombay	100	161	100	155	100	146	100	200	100	215	...	...	100	146	100	141	100	155	100	109	100	80
Central Provinces and Berar	100	173	100	135	...	...	100	189	...	...	...	...	100	146	100	189	100	131	...	...	100	79
Madras	100	166	...	...	...	...	100	155	100	139	...	...	100	187	100	149	100	140	100	107	100	91
Average India, Unweighted	100	160	100	149	100	142	100	168	100	199	100	152	100	148	100	161	100	125	100	123	100	86
Average India, Weighted	100	160	100	137	100	163	100	176	100	190	100	179	100	152	...	...	...	...	100	129	...	...

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with the previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 15th January, 1919, as compared with the previous fortnight.

Index number of prices during the fortnight ending

Province	Rice common (Oryza Sativa) 31st Dec. 1918	Rice 15th Jan. 1919	Wheat (Triticum Sativum) 31st Dec. 1918	Wheat 15th Jan. 1919	Barley (Hordeum Vulgare) 31st Dec. 1918	Barley 15th Jan. 1919	Jawar (Andropogon Sorghum) 31st Dec. 1918	Jawar 15th Jan. 1919	Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum) 31st Dec. 1918	Bajra 15th Jan. 1919	Maize (Zea Mays) 31st Dec. 1918	Maize 15th Jan. 1919	Gram (Cicer arietinum) 31st Dec. 1918	Gram 15th Jan. 1919	Arhar Dál (Cajanus Indicus) 31st Dec. 1918	Arhar Dál 15th Jan. 1919	Ghi 31st Dec. 1918	Ghi 15th Jan. 1919	Raw Sugar (Gur) 31st Dec. 1918	Raw Sugar 15th Jan. 1919	Salt 31st Dec. 1918	Salt 15th Jan. 1919
Burma	100	101	100	102	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	...	100	103	100	101	100	100	...	...	100	100
Assam	100	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	99	100	100	100	100
Bengal	100	98	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	106	100	100	100	97	100	81	100	100
Bihar and Orissa	100	103	100	106	100	105	100	107	...	...	100	100	100	105	100	110	100	101	100	99	100	100
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	103	100	104	100	104	100	103	100	107	100	110	100	101	100	110	100	104	100	105	100	97
Delhi	...	...	100	105	100	110	100	96	100	95	100	108	100	104	100	100	100	109	100	100	100	91
Punjab	100	106	100	103	100	99	100	108	100	100	100	108	100	106	100	106	100	103	100	96	100	100
North-West Frontier Province	100	101	100	103	100	93	100	145	100	117	100	64	100	103	100	101	100	98	100	104	100	93
Sind and Baluchistan	100	100	100	102	100	101	100	72	100	101	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	94
Bombay	100	109	100	104	100	106	100	101	100	101	...	...	100	105	100	106	100	100	100	99	100	103
Central Provinces and Berar	100	103	100	92	...	...	100	114	...	...	...	...	100	101	100	101	100	100	...	...	100	100
Madras	100	109	...	...	...	...	100	113	100	107	...	...	100	117	100	100	100	102	100	99	100	100
Average, India, Unweighted	100	103	100	102	100	103	100	106	100	105	100	102	100	105	100	108	100	101	100	98	100	98
Average, India, Weighted	100	102	100	102	100	103	100	106	100	105	100	105	100	103	...	...	...	...	100	100	...	...

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82⅐ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending the 15th January of the years 1917, 1918 and 1919.

(Figures in Rs. A. P.)

Marts	Wheat (Triticum sativum) 1919	Wheat 1918	Wheat 1917	Rice (common) (Oryza sativa) 1919	Rice 1918	Rice 1917	Jawar (Andropogon sorghum) 1919	Jawar 1918	Jawar 1917	Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum) 1919	Bajra 1918	Bajra 1917	Gram (Cicer arietinum) 1919	Gram 1918	Gram 1917
Calcutta	7 4 0	5 8 0	4 12 0	6 4 0	4 8 0	5 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	3 8 0	3 6 0
Bombay	8 15 11	7 3 2	5 11 5	7 0 10	5 7 7	4 14 1	10 0 0	5 4 0	3 6 0	10 9 4	5 4 8	3 11 3	6 9 0	4 0 4	3 11 8
Karachi	7 2 0	5 6 6	5 0 0	8 0 0	5 9 0	5 5 0	...	...	...	...	4 6 0	3 4 0	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	8 7 6	5 1 7	5 13 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 10 11	4 9 5	4 12 4
Rangoon	...	...	...	4 5 8	3 0 1	3 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 1 9	3 10 6	3 14 1
Dacca	...	...	...	5 6 0	3 6 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna	6 11 0	4 6 0	3 12 0	6 2 6	3 1 0	3 5 0	5 0 0	3 1 0	2 3 0	...	...	...	4 12 0	3 8 0	3 1 0
Ranchi	8 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	6 0 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8 0	3 8 0	4 4 0
Cuttack	9 6 7	5 5 4	5 1 5	5 9 0	3 6 2	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 6	4 5 7	4 1 2
Benares	6 9 2	4 11 5	4 10 6	6 5 2	4 6 5	4 14 10	5 3 10	3 6 10	2 14 0	6 10 8	3 9 3	3 5 4	5 10 3	2 0 11	3 1 11
Cawnpore	7 4 4	5 0 0	4 7 0	7 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 0	5 5 0	3 9 0	2 9 0	7 12 0	4 2 0	3 1 0	5 10 0	3 5 0	3 0 0
Meerut	6 14 9	4 13 7	4 9 0	6 11 9	4 13 7	5 14 9	6 6 0	3 3 2	2 15 6	8 0 0	3 6 2	3 5 3	5 11 6	3 12 4	3 1 3
Agra	6 13 11	5 5 4	5 5 4	8 1 7	6 2 6	6 6 4	5 12 6	3 10 2	2 15 4	7 11 4	4 8 0	2 12 1	5 8 1	3 10 2	3 7 7
Lucknow	7 4 3	5 2 6	4 9 3	6 15 3	4 1 9	4 1 9	5 11 5	3 3 2	2 13 9	...	3 7 8	2 12 2	5 11 5	3 3 2	2 12 2
Ferozepur	6 6 6	5 0 0	4 3 6	9 6 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 13 6	3 13 0	3 3 3
Lahore	6 15 3	5 0 0	4 7 0	9 6 6	5 0 0	4 9 3	...	3 13 0	2 8 0	8 0 0	4 3 3	3 0 3	4 15 6	3 14 3	3 7 6
Amritsar	6 11 0	4 8 0	4 6 0	9 0 0	5 4 6	5 2 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 14 9	3 13 6	3 8 0
Rawalpindi	6 10 9	5 2 6	4 6 0	8 14 3	4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 3	3 5 3	2 5 0	8 6 9	3 5 3	3 3 0	5 13 6	4 0 0	3 14 0
Lyallpur	6 8 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	9 0 0	6 2 0	5 8 0	...	...	...	7 12 0	...	3 4 0	4 8 6	4 7 0	3 8 0
Ambala	7 4 0	4 15 0	4 10 0	9 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	...	2 12 0	2 8 0	...	4 0 6	3 2 0	5 0 0	3 15 0	3 4 0
Delhi	7 4 0	5 0 0	4 10 6	8 0 0	6 4 0	5 10 0	7 0 0	3 8 0	3 0 0	9 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	5 8 0	3 10 0	3 8 0
Peshawar	5 4 5	4 15 4	4 5 8	9 0 0	5 5 4	5 9 5	...	...	...	...	3 5 4	3 5 4	4 5 9	4 4 9	3 13 7
Quetta	4 13 6	5 9 0	5 5 0	...	...	...	4 12 0	1 4 0	3 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona	9 11 7	7 6 11	4 11 7	8 8 4	6 0 9	5 13 6	...	...	...	11 15 1	5 6 8	3 7 7	7 9 3	4 7 10	4 0 0
Ahmednagar	8 15 5	...	3 8 11	...	6 0 7	5 8 7	9 0 8	4 8 4	2 2 11	10 15 3	5 1 11	...	...	1 3 0	3 9 8
Ahmedabad	10 0 0	6 0 0	5 2 0	10 0 0	7 0 0	6 14 0	...	...	...	11 0 0	4 14 0	2 10 0	6 8 0	4 0 0	3 10 0
Nagpur	8 3 10	4 14 5	4 1 11	10 0 1	4 9 10	4 0 7	7 8 5	3 9 2	2 11 8	...	...	...	6 2 0	3 14 0	3 7 6
Jubbulpore	6 15 4	5 3 11	4 0 1	8 6 8	4 3 5	4 11 4	5 0 0	3 5 4	3 1 2	...	...	...	5 8 4	3 12 11	8 10 2
Cocanada	...	...	...	(a)	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calicut	...	...	...	9 6 1	5 2 11	4 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(a) Not reported yet

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUAR[illegible] figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds]

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1919	Rice, unhusked 1918	Rice, husked 1919	Rice, husked 1918	Wheat 1919	Wheat 1918	Flour (wheat) 1919	Flour (wheat) 1918	Barley 1919	Barley 1918	Jawar 1919	Jawar 1918	Bajra 1919	Bajra 1918	Ragi 1919	Ragi 1918
Burma*—																
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	45·71	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	32·99	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	43·84	27·47	86·49	45·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	43·54	30·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	40·04	35·15	160	95·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	42·67	31·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	44·76	27·47	112·28	75·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	34·59	25·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	...	41·29	27·47	84·21	48·48	...	...	...	...	24·15	19·69	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	54·7	32·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	40	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*—																
Surma— Balaganj (Sylhet)	30	14·37	47·5	28·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	23·75	15	45	23·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	22·5	13·75	57·5	28·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—																
Eastern— Chittagong	26·25	...	50	33·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	37·5	17·5	53·75	33·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic— Calcutta	30	22·5	62·5	45	72·5	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Burdwan	27·5	16·87	57·5	38·75	...	51·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	26·87	14·37	52·5	30	85	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Pabna	32·5	16·25	55	35	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	20	15	45	40	70	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*—																
Bihár, north—																
Bhágalpore	36·87	20	63·75	33·12	65	44·87	...	...	36·25	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	31·87	18·75	72·5	40	72·5	50	...	...	42·08	22·19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south— Patna	28·12	19·06	61·56	30·62	66·87	43·75	...	...	40	25	50	30·62	...	...	...	...
Orissa— Cuttack	21·77	12·19	55·62	33·85	94·11	53·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—																
(a) Agra— *Eastern*— Benares	40·73	22·92	63·23	44·01	65·73	47·13	73·33	50·62	52·4	29·95	52·4	34·27	66·67	35·78	...	...
Central— Cawnpore	42·5	23·75	71·25	51·25	72·71	50	75	58·12	53·12	31·25	53·12	35·62	77·5	41·25	...	...
Jhánsi	...	...	72·81	50	76·25	48·44 to 55·16	...	...	53·25	39·37	59·79	38·59	...	...	...	...
Western— Meerut	...	...	69·22	48·49	69·22	48·49	76·56	55·16	53·12	29·63	63·75	31·98	80	33·85	...	...
Agra	70	...	80·99	61·56	68·7	53·33	80·68	61·56	58·54	31·84	57·81	36·35	77·08	45	...	...
Submontane, west— Shahjahanpur	46·25	25·12	78·75	42·5	71·25	48·75	81·87	54·37	55·31	29·69	...	...	71·67	38·75	...	...
(b) Oudh— *Southern*— Lucknow	...	...	69·53	41·09	72·66	51·56	80	57·13	51·56	30·73	57·13	31·98	...	34·79	...	...
Northern— Fyzabad†	...	25	...	45	...	48·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Districts	Maize 1919	Maize 1918	Gram 1919	Gram 1918	Arhar dál 1919	Arhar dál 1918	Oats 1919	Oats 1918	Cotton seed 1919	Cotton seed 1918	Linseed 1919	Linseed 1918	Mustard and rapeseed 1919	Mustard and rapeseed 1918
Burma—														
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	61·54	61·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	68·82	66·98	66·67	68·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	71·11	36·57	96·97	51·61	88·12	52·03	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	50	61·54	106·67	61·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	48·84	41·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	68·08	46·72	112·23	79·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	18·71	62·75	35·56	75·29	60·95	79·01	52·78	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	...	34·41	86·49	71·91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	123·08	72·73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—														
Surma— Balaganj (Sylhet)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra— Goalpára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	...	75	55
Gauhati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	90	92·5	55
Bengal—														
Eastern— Chittagong	...	...	67·5	42·5	110	65	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	70
Dacca	...	...	...	...	82·5	50	...	...	...	...	120	60	125	60
Deltaic— Calcutta	...	...	50	35	77·5	50	...	...	...	...	90	50	90	55
Western— Burdwan	...	...	53·75	30	85	45	...	...	...	...	...	60	115	53·75
Midnapur	...	...	62·5 to 75	38·75 to 42·5	90 to 110	50 to 65	...	...	...	...	100	46·25	125 to 140	62·5 to 75
Northern— Pabna	...	...	...	...	90	60	...	...	...	...	80	40	...	72·5
Rangpur	...	...	80	52·5	80	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	62·5
Bihar and Orissa—														
Bihar, north—														
Bhágalpur	40	21·25	45·62	30	70	34·37	56·25	25	...	...	92·5	40	80 to 90	60 to 66·25
Muzaffarpur	50	30·62	57·19	26·56	66·56	40	57·19	26·56	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south— Patna	41·37	21·25	47·5	25	80	35	42·5	30	...	...	90	50	100	53·12
Orissa— Cuttack	...	...	60·94	43·49	94·11	47·03	...	38·07	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) Agra— *Eastern*— Benares	46·72	23·59	56·41	20·57	81·41	40·73	...	...	...	...	86·25	41·77	86·25	49·53
Central— Cawnpore	53·12	26·25	56·25	38·12	78·75	37·5	...	36·25	41·25	31·87	77·5	51·25	85	48·75
Jhánsi	54·22	...	62·66	23·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Meerut	57·19	30·21	57·19	37·71	69·22	38·07	...	...	...	...	80	...	106·25	51·61
Agra	51·41	34·64	55·05	36·35	78·02	50	...	...	47·4	40	86·67	50	101·25	50
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	55·81	...	56·25	31·87	...	39·37	...	...	...	36·25	78·75	43·44	...	55
(b) Oudh— *Southern*— Lucknow	51·56	25·78	57·13	31·98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44·43	...	72·71
Northern— Fyzabad	...	25	...	30·94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Figures have not so far been reported

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district headquarters) in each province on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY—contd. (The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Sesamum (Til or jinjili) 1919	Sesamum 1918	Ghi 1919	Ghi 1918	Sugar raw (Gur) 1919	Sugar raw (Gur) 1918	Salt 1919	Salt 1918	Tobacco leaf 1919	Tobacco leaf 1918	Turmeric 1919	Turmeric 1918	Grass 1919	Grass 1918
Burma—														
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	800	581·82	...	...	35·75	27·47	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	640	640	...	...	25·7	25·7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	711·11	457·14	...	...	31·68	35·36	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	800	533·38	...	...	32·16	35·96	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	640	640	...	...	41·03	48·12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	640	640	...	...	45·71	45·71	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	800	800	...	...	42·95	48·12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	44·76	41·56	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	...	800	711·11	...	...	44·76	41·83	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	914·29	711·11	...	...	45·71	45·89	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	914·29	711·11	...	...	36·36	50	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—														
Surma— Balaganj (Sylhet)	...	...	740	650	67·5	105	36·87	44·37	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	...	...	650	500	82·5	70	38·75	47·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	...	...	700	530	90	72·5	42·5	47·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
Eastern— Chittagong	...	...	750	700	85	80	31·87	42·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	670	...	95	100	42·5	55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic— Calcutta	...	...	700	650	60	70	36·25	42·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Burdwan	...	...	660	570	60	60 to 95	34·37	45	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	700 to 760	580 to 630	65	70	35·62	45	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Pabna	...	...	700	930	58·75	80	40	58·12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	700	700	80	100	43·75	50	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—														
Bihar, north— Bhágalpur	140	60	560	610	55	75	35	50	100	80	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	556·25	538·12	50	50	31·87	50	200	200	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south— Patna	105	56·87	535	510	55	60	30·78	41·25	20	30	...	...	5	5
Orissa— Cuttack	...	...	647·6	609·48	55·62	50·47	30·73	25	190·47	106·67	...	...	6·25	6·25
United Provinces—														
(a) Agra—														
Eastern— Benares	133·33	68·8	651·87	533·38	64·84	60·36	40·73	48·91	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Cawnpore	130	90	630	500	65	50	24·58	42·5 to 45	140	150	145	175	...	...
Jhánsi	123·12	69·53	617·81	471·87	...	62·5	30	51·56	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Meerut	160	...	711·09	581·82	76·56	47·08	28·59	44·43	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	130·73	80	659·53	533·33	77·13	72·71	28·59	50	104·27	120	171·87	180	12·81	10
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	...	60	570	500	...	...	31·57	50	180	180	140 and 200	180 and 190	...	...
(b) Oudh—														
Southern— Lucknow	...	80	620	490	72·71	40	33·33	58·33	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Fyzabad*	...	...	...	460	...	...	...	47·5	...	...	...	...	...	3·12

Districts	Straw 1919	Straw 1918	Jawar stalks 1919	Jawar stalks 1918	Bhusa (white) 1919	Bhusa (white) 1918	Bran 1919	Bran 1918	Coal (Bengal) 1919	Coal (Bengal) 1918	Sheep, per score 1919	Sheep, per score 1918	Plough bullocks, per pair 1919	Plough bullocks, per pair 1918	Kerosene oil, per tin 1919	Kerosene oil, per tin 1918
Burma—																
Tenasserim— Mergui	...	...	...	...	...	...	19·94	14·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·31
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·75
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	...	...	...	...	11·9	11·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·44	3
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·69	...	...	...	...	2·12	2
Maubin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·44	2·31
Pegu (inland)— Henzada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma— Mandalay	...	...	...	...	...	...	55·65	87·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·37	2·19
Arakan— Akyab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·18	9·18	...	...	...	...	3·19	3·12
Assam—																
Surma— Balaganj (Sylhet)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·66	2·67
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·81	3·62
Gauhati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8·75	5·62	...	...	...	...	2·62	2·81
Bengal—																
Eastern— Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·37	2·25
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·5	3·56
Deltaic— Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	8·12	...	...	...	...	3·12	3·25
Western— Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·31	5·31	...	...	...	...	...	3·34
Midnapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·27	3·25
Northern— Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·62	4
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·62	3·62
Bihar and Orissa—																
Bihar, north— Bhágalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	21·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·77	2·75
Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	10	10	33·28	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·69	2·67
Bihar, south— Patna	5	...	...	...	10	11·25	37·5	18·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·98	3·17
Orissa— Cuttack	6·25	6·25	...	...	...	...	6·87	8·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·8	3·25
United Provinces—																
(a) Agra—																
Eastern— Benares	...	...	...	...	...	...	44·43	21·61	13·75	6·25 and 8·75	...	...	...	...	4·75	4·12
Central— Cawnpore	...	...	...	...	18·75	8·75	40·62	22·5	8·13	8·75	65	65	...	...	...	3·56
Jhánsi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	4·5	3·7
Western— Meerut	...	...	...	...	20	13·33	50	25	15	10	...	...	...	...	...	4
Agra	15	12·5	35	10	21·82	11·41	40	25	14·87	9·37	91·5	60	92·8	100	4·31	4
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	...	...	...	...	15	11·25	...	30	...	6·25	90 and 120	100 and 120	50 and 150	69 and 150	4·75	3·56
(b) Oudh—																
Southern— Lucknow	...	...	...	...	14·06	11·41	50	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·63
Northern— Fyzabad*	...	...	...	...	...	11·25	...	20·87	...	15	...	...	...	60	...	3·87

* Figures have not so far been reported.

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY—continued. (The figures show prices in rupees per [illegible])

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1919	Rice, unhusked 1918	Rice, husked 1919	Rice, husked 1918	Wheat 1919	Wheat 1918	Flour (wheat) 1919	Flour (wheat) 1918	Barley 1919	Barley 1918	Jawar 1919	Jawar 1918	Bajra 1919	Bajra 1918	Ragi 1919
Rajputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer	26·67	26·67	...	...	80	60·36	...	...	62·19	42·97	80	34·79	100	48·23	...
Delhi— Delhi	...	...	80	62·5	72·5	50	72·5 to 75	57·5	55	35	70	35	90	40	...
Punjab—															
Southern— Ferozepur	48·75	28·59	94·06	57·19	64·06	50	72·66	53·28	47·03	36·41	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	53·28	28·59	94·06	50	69·53	50	77·97	59·22	...	33·28	...	38·12	80	42·08	...
Submontane— Amritsar	57·5	28·44	90	52·61	66·87	45	73·59	53·12	...	49	...	...	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	88·91	48·75	66·72	51·56	69·53	37·13	40	30	58·28	38·28	84·22	83·28	...
Western— Lyallpur	100	30	90	61·25	65	48·75	74·37	55	40	32·5	...	...	77·5	...	...
Multan	47·5	30	84·69	50	62·5	47·81	65	52·5	42·81	34·69	63·75	46·87	80	40	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	...	...	90	53·33	52·76	49·58	59·06	55·16	29·37	31·98	...	...	...	33·33	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	115·78	60·94	55	43·49	59·84	47·86	40·31	31·35	63·44	28·44	70·47	32·71	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi	...	...	80	55·62	71·25	54·06	...	...	53·75	...	...	...	...	43·75	...
Shikarpur	...	26·87	90	65	73·12	52·5	...	...	55	38·75	85	...	85	...	...
Quetta	...	...	...	...	46·25 to 50·62	55 to 56·25	127·5	89·06	48·75	46·56	47·5	42·5	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Konkan— Bombay	54·06	33·8	70·52	54·74	89·95	71·98	...	...	53·96	37·03	100	52·5	105·83	52·92	...
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	103·8	52·24	79·22	42·08	...	...	...	...	...	34·58	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	50·57	84·63	58·8	...	...	...	...	71·56	44·27	77·29	...	...
Poona	...	...	85·21	60·47	97·24	74·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	119·48	54·17	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	...	60·36	89·63	...	...	...	...	...	90·42	45·21	109·53	51·2	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	112·29	60·83	...	...	...	...	...	47·6	112·08	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	...	59·84	...	...	...	...	95·63	...	115·31	51·15	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	100	70	100	60	...	...	60	...	...	...	110	48·75	...
Central Provinces*—															
Western— Nagpur	50·62	36	100·06	46·12	82·37	49	106·69	60	...	...	75·25	35·75	...	...	...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	84·19	42·12	69·56	52·44	88·87	61·5	...	...	50	33·31	–	...	...
Eastern— Raipur	50	30	62	35	71	37	80	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola	...	...	79·75	46·06	68·25	59·94	...	...	...	...	75	48·87	...	...	...
Amraoti	...	...	77·75	46·69	94·12	64·06	...	...	...	...	87·5	43·75	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central— Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66·9	43	46·6	...	73·1
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65·9	37·8	...	...	...
Cuddapah	54·2	36·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44·9	37·6	57·5	38·3	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	47·2	28·8	84·7	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57·5
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52·5	38·8	54·9	47·6	...
Mysore— Mysore	26	24	57	50	120	64	153·75	68·38	...	...	56	34	...	...	40
Bangalore	52	24	128	60	128	54	...	67·76	...	...	...	36	...	...	36

Districts	Maize 1919	Maize 1918	Gram 1919	Gram 1918	Arhar dal 1919	Arhar dal 1918	Oats 1919	Oats 1918	Cotton seed 1919	Cotton seed 1918	Linseed 1919	Linseed 1918	Mustard and rapeseed 1919	Mustard and rapeseed 1918
Rajputana—														
Eastern— Ajmer	62·19	40·21	58·59	33·34	...	...	...	...	...	...	106·56	106·56	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	57·5	31·87	55	36·25	95	38·75	...	...	...	41·25	70	60	80	50
Punjab—														
Southern— Ferozepur	48·44	36·41	48·44	38·12	100	72·81	...	...	50	43·28	100	66·72	...	...
Central— Lahore	57·19	44·37	48·44	38·91	38·91	53·23	57·19	35·62	47·03	40	76·09	57·19	80	48·44
Submontane— Amritsar	58·12	39·06	49·22	28·44	81·87	...	...	...	45	41·25	90	62·5	100	50
Northern— Rawalpindi	51·56	35·57	58·44	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	44·43	72·66	47·03
Western— Lyallpur	46·87	40	45	44·37	73·5	...	...	...	41·25	35·62	60	...	85·62	...
Multan	46·87	...	45·62	40·47	...	...	45·62	37·19	43·12	33·12	...	60	95	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar	28·49	30·05	48·59	42·97	40·73	45·36	...	...	...	...	...	...	74·74	48·07
Dera Ismail Khan	...	39·37	41·56	37·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi	...	...	55	...	97·5	...	...	...	...	41·25	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	53·91	45·94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	50	51·25	...	...	70 to 80	58·91 to 71·85	60	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Konkan— Bombay	...	...	65·62	40·21	90·16	67·29	103·59	39·27	44·9	34·69	92·86	60·26	...	...
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	69·27	50	...	...	...	...	34·79	24·27	...	47·34	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	55	48·49	73·23	68·75	...	...	...	...	...	51·2	...	...
Poona	...	...	75·78	44·9	84·01	56·51	...	...	...	28·96	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	...	41·87	...	51·2	...	...	46·67	...	...	54·43	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45·99	38·02	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	65	40	100	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western— Nagpur	...	...	61·25	38·75	105·19	53·62	...	...	35	40·81	105·81	65·62	...	...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	55·19	38·06	88·87	47·06	57·12	33·31	38·12	28·56	84·19	47·06	84·19	...
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	51	29	61	38	...	...	...	...	78	50	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	...	...	56·75	41·69	79·5	49	...	...	38·5	50·69	...	...	...	...
Amraoti	...	...	81·37	40·69	105·94	47·06	...	...	48·56	25·5	105·69	64·25	...	...
Madras—														
South, central— Coimbatore	...	...	97·7	55·8	...	...	...	...	52·8	36·8	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	67·9	40·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	...	...	74	46·8	44·1	35·8	...	...	38·6	23·8	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	40·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	...	...	86·8	45·9	...	...	88·8	56·6	57·6	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	52·5	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore— Mysore	...	...	89	34	92	62	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangalore	...	...	44	36	100	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the prices of cleaned rice

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TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY—*continued*.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Districts	Sesamum (*Til* or *Jinjili*) 1919	Sesamum 1918	Ghi 1919	Ghi 1918	Sugar, raw (*Gúr*) 1919	Sugar, raw 1918	Salt 1919	Salt 1918	Tobacco leaf 1919	Tobacco leaf 1918	Turmeric 1919	Turmeric 1918	Grass 1919	Grass 1918	Straw 1919	Straw 1918
Rajputana— *Eastern—* Ajmer	131·93	72·97	711·09	549·11	100	76·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	8·59	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	150	...	770 to 780	635	95	60	25	42·13	80	80	180	190	30	12·5	...	...
Punjab— *Southern—* Ferozepur	152·34	66·72	752·97	609·53	97·03	60·72	47·03	50	177·81	160	160	160	...	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	145·47	80	775·78	673·75	94·06	59·22	47·81	40	160	153·28	200	186·28	20	10	...	...
Submontane— Amritsar	142·5	80	780	655	77·5	48·75	48·12	40	110	100	150	180	...	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	711·09	609·53	80	50	42·08	34·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Lyallpur	160	90	735	582·5	83·75	47·5	51·25	41·25	200	160	170	180	...	...	...	...
Multan	142·5	60	710	570	80	61·56	48·12	48·44	122·5	100	150	225	22·5	10	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshäwar	...	...	691·87	568·91	76·77	55·68	21·77	23·28	101·61	94·11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	852·66	640	97·81	66·04	43·12	29·01	...	...	...	...	24·37	12·5	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karáchi	...	...	767·5	...	135·73	...	17·5	18·75	...	...	...	...	31·98	...	...	...
Shikarpúr	...	...	740	...	85	...	21·72	...	...	47·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	..	..	740 to 770	650 to 672·5	...	...	23·44	23·44	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Bombay— *Konkan—* Bombay	142·86	81·41	914·27	671·41	85·05	96·61	25	30	...	...	133·83	152·4	18·38	14·37	...	...
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	71·51	71·98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	103·23	53·49	750·52	516·67	73·18	74·22	31·25	35	...	200	128·02	161·41	...	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	789·48	519·32	84·17	78·07	23·7	34·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	161·25	...	666·67	500	83·33	76·67	25·52	31·15	...	150	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	..	...	...	...	96·67	..	36·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	..	864·84	583·8	...	...	..	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	820	520	...	...	17·19	16·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces— *Western—* Nagpur	127	95·75	733·31	600	...	...	30	40	135·31	108·31	171·44	...	7·06	6·44	5	7·5
Central— Jubbulpore	106·69	76·19	630	490	...	...	28·51	57·12	160	180	160	200	10	4·44	7	5·5
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	680	520	...	...	43	38	195	160	150	120	...	...	...	...
Berar— Akola	156·75	...	838	571·06	...	...	38	34·5	138·25	123·81	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amráoti	...	...	680	520	...	...	30	29	288·31	184·44	...	...	6·37	...	...	...
Madras— *South, central—* Coimbatore	139·6	82·8	731·7	487·8	70·5	54·4	23	26·6	...	...	128	222·2	...	...	15·4	...
Salem	...	...	650·7	488	...	...	...	...	171·3	171·3	102·5	126·9	...	...	...	7·7
Central— Bellary	110·8	62	666·7	507·9	71·4	71·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	592·1	493·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	107·1	138·4	...	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	296·5	100	116·9	125·3	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·1	5·7
East Coast, south— Madras	108·7	...	790	548·1	60·9	65·8	18·9	19·1	329·2	139·9	94·6	160·5	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	600	466·7	...	...	28·4	28·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	810·7	628·1	...	...	25	30·6	123·4	128·4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	133·4	66·7	945·9	676·9	...	...	...	...	229·4	141·1	...	...	...	...	15	15
Mysore— Mysore	104	60	651·41	582·86	92·86	94·27	...	...	274·27*	205·73*	154·32	205·62	4·48	4·48	4·4	4·43
Bangalore	120	72	857·13	617·13	80	77·13	...	...	240*	240*	137·13	120	8·8	8·8	14·6	9·8

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds.

Districts	Jawar stalks 1919	Jawar stalks 1918	Bhusa (white) 1919	Bhusa (white) 1918	Bran 1919	Bran 1918	Coal (Bengal) 1919	Coal (Bengal) 1918	Sheep, per score 1919	Sheep, per score 1918	Plough bullocks, per pair 1919	Plough bullocks, per pair 1918	Kerosene oil, per tin 1919	Kerosene oil, per tin 1918
Rajputana— *Eastern—* Ajmer	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	...	...	80 to 90	2·89 and 3·75	3·5 and 4·5
Delhi— Delhi	...	15	25	13·28	40	18·75	11·25	10	100	85	300	250	3·7	2·84
Punjab— *Southern—* Ferozepur	...	...	15·04	8·91	42·03	22·19	...	...	113	142	225	225	...	3·72
Central— Lahore	...	...	20	12·5	50	28·59	13·12	11·25	160	160	170	170	3·78	4·25
Submontane— Amritsar	...	10	19·37	13·12	38·75	22·5	11·25	11·25	140	140	...	...	4·5	4
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	30·78	20	...	...	15	...	120	100	140	120	4·5	4·25
Western— Lyallpur	...	...	12·5	10	42·5	20·62	13·12	12·5	140	120	270	200	6	4·75
Multan	...	...	23·12	11·41	41·25	24·37	...	...	120	105	...	...	5·12	3·87
N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshäwar	...	...	9·84	8·33	32·97	30·05	18·84	13·38	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	5	5·06
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	19·37	10	32·66	27·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·94
Sind and Baluchistan— Karáchi	...	...	...	...	46·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·41	3·26
Shikárpur	...	...	16·25	13·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	3·52
Quetta	...	...	15	15·62	12·5	29·69	15·43	12·26	120 to 220	120 to 230	...	...	4·87	3·72
Bombay— *Konkan—* Bombay	...	...	...	...	43·75	19·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	3·31
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	4·45	4·25
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·64	3·09
Poona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·37	3·36
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·75	2·64
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	...	50	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·25
Central Provinces— *Western—* Nagpur	16	16	..	...	...	...	10	10	80 to 95	80	120 to 175	125	3·06	4·37
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	...	...	40	30·75	...	...	60	60	70	70	2·5	2·44
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·94	3·5
Berar— Akola	11	6·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	95	64	64	3·06	3
Amráoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·87	8·94	70	70	50	70	4·25	3·25
Madras— *South, Central—* Coimbatore	10·4	4	...	...	102·9*	90·5*	...	...	...	...	60	60	4·88	4
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	...	...	...	3·13
Central— Bellary	12·5	10·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4·91	3·73
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·34	3·28
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6·06	4
East Coast, Central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·88	2·12
East Coast, South— Madras	...	...	...	...	52·0	25	9·2	14·8	225†	202·5†	...	...	2·25	...
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	10·4	12·1	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	5·82	2·67
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	41·1	38·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·91	4·63
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	20·4	30·4	...	...	...	...	...	60	3·75	3·5
Mysore— Mysore	7·81	7·81	98·75	...	...	40	...	15·43	50 to 100	50 to 150	50 to 100	50 to 100	4·75	4
Bangalore	4·27	4·27	...	...	52·5	33·8	...	...	160	160	160 to 200	120 to 150	6	3·25

* Superior quality.

† Sheep or goats.

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY, 191

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	3 8	3 4	...	...	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 10	8 9	9 1	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	...	...	...	...	8 1	8 5	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Maubin	2 5	2 5	...	...	7 5	7 5	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	...	...	6 14	7 11	9 13	8 9	...	...	...	...
Henzada	3 8	3 8	...	...	7 10	7 4	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	...	...	8 5	7 4	8 9	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	4 9	4 9	...	...	7 10	8 1	9 1	9 11	16 5	16 5	...	...
Bhamo	...	...	...	...	13 12	10 6	12 11	12 2	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	2 —	2 —	...	...	12 12	12 12	15 4	15 4	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	2 4	2 4	...	...	11 —	11 —	13 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 4	10 —	...	...	...	...	...
Cachar	3 5	3 5	...	...	6 12	5 6	8 8	8 12	...	...	...	...
Hill Tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	4 11	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	7 13	8 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	5 —	6 8	...	...	23 —	24 —	25 —	26 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	6 —	7 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp (Gauhati)	4 4	4 4	...	...	5 12	5 —	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	3 10	4 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sibságar	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	4 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Backergani	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 2	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6	6 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 6	...	...	...	...
Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Government an Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnigh

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 5	9 7	Mergui
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	5 1	5 1	...	...	3 8	4 7	9 5	9 5	Pegu
...	...	...	...	5 7	6 1	...	...	3 7	3 7	8 —	8 —	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	4 11	4 11	...	...	3 8	4 —	9 5	9 5	Maubin
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	9 5	8 10	Tharawadi
...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	...	...	3 8	3 11	8 —	8 —	Henzada
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 —	8 2	Prome
...	...	...	...	5 2	4 7	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 3	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 —	7 —	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	6 1	6 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 —	7 7	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	12 13	12 13	25 10	25 10	12 7	12 7	9 5	9 6	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 10	2 10	11 6	11 6	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 4	3 4	12 —	13 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	3 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	Akyab
												Assam—
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	5 —	4 8	10 —	10 —	Sylhet
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	Cachar
												Hill Tracts—
...	...	...	...	4 14	5 5	10 10	11 6	3 14	4 9	6 15	7 12	Khási and Jáintia Hills
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 6	4 8	6 8	6 8	Gáro Hills
...	...	...	...	3 —	4 —	20 —	21 —	3 4	4 —	6 —	6 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 4	5 4	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	5 12	5 12	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	9 8	4 6	4 8	10 —	8 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	5 10	6 —	.	...	4 —	4 4	8 8	8 12	Kámrúp (Gauhati)
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	3 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	4 —	4 8	8 —	8 —	Sibságar
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Lakhimpur
												Bengal—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	10 —	10 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 8	9 —	9 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	Backerganj
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 8	Tippera
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 12	4 8	...	...	Dacca
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 8	9 —	9 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 9	10 10	10 —	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	4 6	11 6	11 —	Howrah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 —	11 —	11 —	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 15	4 —	10 —	10 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 1	10 10	10 —	Jessore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 8	8 —	Faridpur

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY 1919—*continued*

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza sativa*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza sativa*) Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—*continued*												
Western—												
Bankura	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapūr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 12	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 12	4 12	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 13	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	...	6 8	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Bhágalpur	6 2	6 2	10 4	10 4	...	...	5 12	6 —	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	6 9	6 9	12 1	13 3	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	5 —	5 8	9 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 8	...	...	...	...
Sáran	5 8	5 12	...	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Champáran	6 12	7 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	4 12	5 —	6 8	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 12	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	5 8	5 8	...	11 9	...	...	5 — to 5 8	5 4 to 6 5	...	...	...	...
Gaya	5 8	6 —	8 —	8 —	..	...	5 3	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...
Patna	6 —	6 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 8	...	...
Shahabad	5 —	5 12	8 8	9 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	5 4	6 8	...	...	..	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	5 —	5 —	7 —	...	...	...	6 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 10	7 8	7 8	4 8	...
Palámau	6 3	6 8	10 2	10 2	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	..
Hazáribágh	5 —	5 8	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	3 15	4 9	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 3	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	4 4	4 4	...	...	..	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	..	...
Balasore	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	9 10	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	4 4	4 4	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	3 8	4 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	5 —	6 —
Benares	5 11½	5 11½	7 1	7 5	4 1	4 5	5 2	5 7	6 12	6 12	5 11½	5 11½
Ghazipur	5 3	5 3	7 3	7 3	3 12	3 6	5 10	5 1	6 9	6 9	5 13	5 12
Jaunpur	6 8	5 4	7 6	6 8	3 2	3 5	6 5	4 14	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	5 6	5 12	6 10	7 10	3 10	4 —	4 10	4 12	6 12	7 6	5 10	5 14
Central—												
Bánda	5 12	6 —	6 14	7 4	3 8	3 8	5 4	5 4	6 14	7 4	...	...
Fatehpur	5 4	5 10	6 4	6 10	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 4	6 4	7 —	...	5 8
Hamirpur	5 14	6 4	5 14	6 —	3 12	3 12	5 8	5 —	6 2	7 4	5 10	6 2
Jalaun	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	4 —	6 4	...	5 —	5 8
Cawnpore	5 4	5 12	7 —	7 8	...	...	5 3	5 3	6 12	6 14	5 2	5 2
Jhansi	5 4	5 2	...	7 9	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	...	6 14	...	...
Etáwah	5 10	5 14	6 10	6 13	3 12	3 8	5 —	5 —	6 5	7 —	5 7	5 11
Farrukhabad	5 11	5 10	7 5	7 8	3 5	3 5	5 6	4 6	6 3	6 10	5 8	5 7
Mainpuri	6 —	6 —	6 12	7 —	3 —	4 —	4 12	5 —	7 —	7 8	5 12	5 12
Etah	5 12	6 4	7 —	7 8	2 8	2 8	5 8	5 8	6 8	7 —	5 4	5 3
Western—												
Meerut	5 8	6 —	7 4	8 4	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 8	6 —	...	4 12	4 12
Agra	5 11	6 3	7 5	7 11	3 13	3 13	...	...	6 12	7 —	5 3	5 5
Muttra	5 8	5 12	7 10	8 6	3 —	3 —	...	...	6 —	5 12	5 —	5 —
Aligarh	6 —	6 4	7 8	7 12	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 —	6 8	7 —	5 4	5 4
Bulandshahr	5 8	6 4	7 —	7 12	3 —	3 —	5 —	4 — to 5 —	6 12	7 —	4 12	5 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	5 10	5 —	7 8	8 2	3 2	3 2	5 10	5 —	6 14	6 14	...	...
Azamgarh	5 8	5 8	7 4	7 4	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	6 —	6 4	7 12	9 2	5 3	5 4	6 —	6 6	...	...	...	...
Basti	6 —	6 4	8 8	9 —	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 4	...	...	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Ragi or Marua (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—*continued*
												Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Bankura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 12	11 4	Burdwan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Birbhum
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	Midnapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	9 —	Murshidabad
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 11	4 14	8 —	8 —	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	4 8	10 —	10 —	Malda
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 14	10 14	Bogra
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 3	5 6	9 —	8 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 12	4 12	8 —	8 —	Rangpur
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 8	Darjeeling
												Bihar and Orissa—
												Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	11 —	4 —	4 —	10 8	10 8	Purnea
...	...	...	...	8 12	9 —	9 8	10 —	5 10	5 10	10 6	10 6	Bhágalpur
11 —	13 3	...	...	8 12	8 12	8 12	9 14	6 9	6 9	12 —	12 —	Darbhanga
...	...	...	...	6 8	7 8	7 12	9 —	5 8	6 —	12 —	12 —	Muzaffarpur
9 —	...	8 —	8 —	7 —	7 12	7 8	8 8	6 —	6 —	10 —	9 8	Sáran
13 4	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	9 —	10 —	5 8	5 12	11 —	12 —	Chámparan
												Bihar, south—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	7 4	9 —	5 4	6 —	10 10	10 8	Santhal Parganas
...	...	...	...	7 10	8 6½	8 —	8 6½	6 13	7 —	11 —	11 —	Monghyr
9 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	7 —	7 8	8 —	9 —	5 —	5 —	13 5	13 5	Gaya
...	...	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	5 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	Patna
...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	7 8	7 8	5 —	5 —	13 —	13 —	Shahabad
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	9 8	9 —	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 —	10 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	Mánbhum
10 —	12 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 6	10 —	5 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	Ranchi
...	...	...	...	8 3	8 7	8 7	9 9	6 8	6 3	12 15	12 15	Palámau
9 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 4	7 —	7 8	4 12	4 —	13 —	13 —	Hazáribágh
												Orissa—
...	...	...	...	5 15	6 4	...	...	4 4	4 2	13 12	15 —	Puri
...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	4 1	4 7	13 —	13 —	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	6 —	5 8	...	...	4 4	4 6	10 8	11 —	Balasore
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	9 —	9 —	3 4	3 4	10 —	10 —	Sambalpur
												United Provinces—
												(*a*) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	Mirzapur
...	...	9 12	10 5	6 10½	6 12	6 2	8 1¼	4 9½	4 9½	...	...	Benares
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	4 13	4 13	12 —	12 —	Ghazipur
...	8 10	7 6	7 8	6 8	6 2	8 6	6 14	6 3	4 10	14 12	14 12	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	6 10	7 8	...	...	5 4	5 12	11 12	11 12	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	6 9	7 —	—	8 4	5 4	5 8	12 12	11 4	Banda
...	...	...	...	6 4	6 10	6 12	7 12	5 —	5 8	17 —	17 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	6 6	7 4	6 10	...	5 —	5 4	11 12	11 12	Hamirpur
...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Jalaun
...	...	4 8	4 8	6 —	7 —	7 4	...	5 —	...	16 —	7 4	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	...	6 9	7 6	7 15	4 8	4 8	12 8	12 8	Jhansi
3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 14	7 2	7 11	5 1	5 4	13 6	12 10	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	6 12	7 8	7 3	8 6	4 6	5 5	16 —	16 —	Farrukhabad
...	...	...	...	6 12	7 —	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	6 8	7 —	7 —	7 8	5 8	5 8	16 —	12 —	Etah
												Western—
5 —	...	...	...	6 12	7 4	6 12	7 12	5 8	5 12	13 —	13 12	Meerut
...	...	...	...	7 1	...	...	8 10	...	...	...	...	Agra
...	...	...	...	7 10	8 6	8 —	8 —	4 12	5 —	6 —	16 —	Muttra
...	...	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 8	7 8	8 —	5 4	5 8	16 —	16 —	Aligarh
...	...	...	...	6 12	7 4	7 —	7 14	5 —	5 4	16 —	16 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 14	6 14	5 —	5 —	9 6	9 6	Ballia
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	4 12	4 12	13 —	13 —	Azamgarh
...	...	...	...	6 12	8 —	...	9 4	5 4	5 12	11 8	11 8	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 —	8 4	9 —	5 12	5 12	15 —	15 —	Basti

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY 1919—*continued*

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza Sativa.*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza Sativa.*) Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—*continued*												
(*a*) Agra—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	5 4	5 8	7 —	7 12	2 8	2 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 8	5 10
Budaun	5 5	5 10	6 13	7 2	2 8	2 8	4 12	4 8	6 10	7 8	5 8	5 12
Pilibit	5 8	5 10	—	7 8	3 8	4 —	5 3	5 10	...	7 12	...	6 —
Bareli	5 3	5 8	7 8	7 8	3 12	3 12	4 15	5 —	7 1	7 8	5 7	5 12
Moradabad	5 2	5 2	7 2	7 6	3 2	3 2	6 2	6 2	...	...	4 14	5 5
Bijnor	5 2	5 4	7 4	7 6	2 13	2 12	4 8	4 8	...	...	5 —	5 4
Muzaffarnagar	5 10	6 —	8 12	8 12	4 0	4 6	5 8	5 8	5 8	6 —	5 —	5 —
Sahéranpur	5 1	5 5	7 12	7 12	2 11	2 11	3 12	3 12	...	...	5 1	...
Dehra Dun	5 2	5 4	7 7	7 8	2 8	2 8	5 —	5 —	4 12	5 —	5 —	6 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	2 12	2 12	4 —	4 8	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Almora	4 2	4 4	5 13	6 4	2 8	2 8	4 4	4 —	...	...	...	...
Garhwál	3 12	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	2 8	3 8	3 8	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Oudh—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	5 4	6 —	6 8	7 —	8 8	3 8	4 8	4 12	6 8	7 —	6 —	6 —
Sultanpur	5 12	6 —	7 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 4	6 8	7 8	6 —	6 4
Rae Bareli	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 8	2 8	3 —	4 12	4 12	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —
Unao	5 3	5 8	6 12	7 8	3 6	5 —	5 2	5 8	6 —	6 6	..	5 14
Lucknow	5 6	5 8	7 8	7 12	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	6 12	7 2	5 4	5 8
Hardoi	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 8	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	..	...	6 —	...
Northern—												
Fyzabad*	...	5 14	...	8 4		...	...	5 —	...	7 2	...	5 10
Barabanki	6 8	6 1	7 11	7 10	3 13	3 13	5 7	5 12	7 2	7 11	5 12	5 12
Gonda	5 10	5 10	7 6	7 8	3 8	3 12	5 —	5 14	7 4	8 4	6 —	6 12
Bahraich	5 12	6 —	8 8	9 —	4 4	4 8	6 4	6 —	7 4	8 12	5 12	6 8
Sitapur	5 12	5 14	7 —	7 12	2 4	2 4	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 8	5 8	5 12
Kheri	5 12	6 —	10 —	11 —	2 8	2 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 12	5 12	6 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Mewar (Udaipur)	5 8	5 9	7 11	7 6	3 2½	3 5	4 2	4 6	7 13	7 8	4 13	4 12
Ajmer	5 —	5 —		6 12	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	5 —	6 —	4 —	3 8
Kishangarh	5 —	5 4	8 —	7 8	2 4	2 8	4 4	5 —	6 8	6 8	4 —	3 8
Tonk	4 14½	5 —	7 5½	7 14	4 3	4 3	5 4	5 4	7 5	6 13	5 —	4 12
Jaipur	5 3	5 3	7 1	7 5	4 3	4 3	4 7	4 7	5 —	5 8	5 2	5 6
Karauli	5 5	5 5	6 9	6 9	3 12	4 6	4 1	4 11	...	...	5 10	5 10
Dholpur	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	3 12	3 12	4 —	4 —	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 15
Bharatpur	7 —	7 —	10 4	10 4	3 11	3 11	3 14	3 14	4 —	4 —	4 —	4 —
Alwar	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	4 —	4 —	4 2	4 2	5 11	5 7	5 14	5 10
Nasirabad	5 4	5 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	4 —	4 —
Western—												
Bikaner	5 —	5 0	7 14	8 —	2 12	2 12	3 12	3 8	...	...	3 2	4 —
Jaisalmer	4 —	4 3	...	...	2 8	2 —	2 12	2 8	3 12	4 0	3 12	3 12
Jodhpur	4 4	4 15 and 5 5	6 8	6 12	3 7	3 7	3 12	3 12	...	3 13 and 4 14	4 12	...
Central India—												
Indore	6 4	7 4	...	6 —	5 —	5 —	...	6 —	9 12	10 8	6 12	6 12
Neemuch	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 8	6 —	6 4
Gwalior	5 8 to 6 4	5 8 to 6 4	7 —	7 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	7 8	7 —	6 8	6 8
Delhi—												
Delhi	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 8	2 8	2 8	3 —	4 —	5 8	5 —	4 4	4 —
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	5 8	5 13	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —
Ferozepur	6 —	6 —	8 4	9 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	5 8	5 12	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 8	...	...	4 12	5 —
Gujranwala	6 —	5 12	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	...		...	...
Gujrat	5 12	6 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Jhelum	5 12	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 4	4 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	

* Figures have not so far been reported.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*) Half-month of report	Marua Previous half-month	Kangni or kakun Italian millet (*Setaria italica*) Half-month of report	Kangni Previous half-month	Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*) Half-month of report	Gram Previous half-month	Maize (*Zea Mays*) Half-month of report	Maize Previous half-month	Arhar dal (*Cajanus Indicus*) Half-month of report	Arhar dal Previous half-month	Salt Half-month of report	Salt Previous half-month	Districts
												United Provinces— *continued*
												(a) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...			6 8	7 —		8 —	5 8	5 8	11 —	11 —	Shahjahánpur
...	..	5 —	5 —	6 8	6 6	7 —	7 10	4 10	4 —	11 —	17 —	Budaun
..	..	...	...	6 4	7 8		7 8	5 —	5 6	12 —	12 —	Pilibit
7 8	..	...	..	6 13	7 3	7 6	8 4	5 3	5 5	11 4		Bareli
.	..	...	...	6 6	6 14	6 6	7 4	5 4	5 2	13 4	12 —	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	6 4	8 6	2 8	2 12	4 —	4 —	13 -	13 —	Bijnor
...	..	...	..	6 2	6 14	5 8	7 10	4 8	4 8	16 —	17 8	Muzaffarnagar
...	..	...	.	6 6	6 11	7 8	7 5	4 8	4 13	12 4	10 —	Saháranpur
7 —	7 8	..	.	6 2	6 14	7 4	8 —	5 —	5 4	8 —	8 —	Dehra Dun
												Hills—
..	...	..		6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	3 8	3 8	10 —	10 —	Naini Tal
5 12	5 12	...	..	5 4	5 4		...	4 —	4 —	7 12	7 8	Almora
6 —	6 —	.	...	4 12	4 12			4 —	4 —	7 —	7 8	Garhwál
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
7 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 8	7 —	7 8	5 —	5 4	15 —	15 —	Partábgarh
	...	..		7 —	8 —		...	4 12	5 —	16 —	16 —	Sultanpur
8 —	8 8	6 —	6 —	6 12	6 12	.	7 8	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Rae Bareli
..	...	..	..	5 9	6 6	7 8	7 12	4 12	4 12	14 —	12 8	Unao
...	..	..	...	6 12	7 8	7 8	8 4	5 8	5 8	11 8	11 8	Lucknow
...	.	.		7 4	7 8		.	5 —	5 —	16 —	15 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	.	.	5 12	...	7 4		7 12		5 2		12 8	Fyzabad
..	...		...	6 14	7 —	7 8	8 —	4 10	5 1	14 4	13 12	Barabanki
.	.	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 0	7 10	9 4	5 —	—	14 5	14 10	Gonda
		6 —		7 4	7 8	7 8	9 8	5 8	5 8	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
9 —	9 —	4 —	4 —	6 12	7 —	8 —	8 4	5 —	5 8	13 —	11 8	Sitapur
.				7 —	7 8	8 4	8 12	5 12	6 4	12 —	12	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	4 13	4 12	5 8	5 15	7 4	6 15	4 5½	4 6	10 13	10 3	Mewar (Udaipur)
..	...	3 8	3 8	6 12	7 —					18 —	18 —	Ajmer
..	.		..	7 8	7 8	5 8	6 8	..		20 —	20 —	Kishangarh
..	..	..		7 13	8 2	7 5	6 5			10 12	16 12	Tonk
..	..	5 14	5 10	5 6 and 6 14	5 6 and 7 2	6 14	6 14	8 6	8 6	21 —	20 9	Jaipur
...	...	4 1	..	6 14	6 14	.	7 8			12 8	13 2	Karauli
...	...	6 —	6 4	7 4	7 4		..	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Dholpur
...	...	.	...	10 12	10 12	8 —	8 —	4 12	4 12	17 8	15 —	Bharatpur
...	...	9 8	9 8	10 —	10 —	7 2	7 9	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	Alwar
.	...	...	...	6 12	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	18 —	16 —	Nasirabad
												Western—
..	...	...	...	7 1	7 4	..	..	4 —	4 —	16 —	16 —	Bikaner
...	...	...	.	4 4	5 —	.	.			22 —	22 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	..	.	6 10	6 10	5 12	6 12	3 12	3 12	20 —	20 —	Jodhpur
												Central India—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	10 8	13 —	4 8	5 8	15 —	16 —	Indore
...	...	..	...	8 4	8 4	..	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Neemuch
...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	8 —	8 —	7 —	9 8	16 —	16 —	Gwalior
												Delhi—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	6 12	7 —	4 — and 4 8	4 —	15 —	18 8	Delhi
												Punjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...			...	14 —	14 —	Hissar
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	8 —	8 4	3 12	4 —	8 —	8 —	Ferozepur
												Central—
...	...	...	.	8 —	8 8	6 8	8 —	4 4	4 4	8 4	8 4	Lahore
...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	7 4	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	7 12	8 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	Gujrat
...	...	...	...	7 12	8 —	6 —	6 8	8 12	.	9 —	9 —	Jhelum

D

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY 1919—*continued.*

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Punjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	4 [illegible]	4 4
Rohtak	5 12	6 —	8 —	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 8	6 —	6 —	4 [illegible]	4 8
Karnál	5 12	6 4	8 8	8 —	...	...	4 4	4 —	6 —	6 —	4 8	4 8
Submontane—												
Ambala	5 6	6 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	...	...	...	...
Ludhiana	5 12	5 12	7 8	8 —	...	...	4 —	3 —	5 —	4 8	4 12	4 —
Jullundur	5 8	6 4	7 —	8 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	4 —	4 4	4 —	4 —
Hoshiárpur	5 10	5 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Gurdáspur	5 10	5 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...
Amritsar	5 12	6 2	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	4 12	5 4	4 8	5 4
Siálkot	5 12	5 8	6 12	7 —	...	...	4 4	4 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Simla	4 12	5 —	5 12	6 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	3 12	3 12	3 12	3 8
Kángra	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	5 12	5 12	9 12	9 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	7 4	7 4	4 8	5 4
Attock	6 —	6 8	10 —	10 8	...	...	3 12	4 —	...	...	...	7 —
Western—												
Sháhpur	6 —	6 —	8 12		...	...	4 8	4 12	...	...	5 8	5 2
Jhang	6 4	6 2	10 —	10 —	...	...	3 12	3 12	...	...	...	...
Lyallpur	6 —	5 13	9 8	9 —	...	...	4 4	4 8	...	...	5 —	5 —
Multan	6 2	6 14	9 —	9 4	...	...	...	...	6 —	7	4 12	5 4
Montgomery	6 3	6 8	9 4	9 8	...	...	4 4	4 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffargarh	6 2	6 10	8 —	8 —	...	...	3 8	4 —	6 —	5 —	5 8	6 8
Dera Ghazi Khan	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 4	6 —	6 8	6 4	6 4
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hazára	6 —	6 2	9 —	9 4	2 14	2 14	4 12	4 13	...	...	5 10	5 10
Peshāwar	7 9	7 8	12 2	12 8	3 15	3 15	4 4	4 4	...	...	...	...
Kohát	6 9	7 6	9 15	10 11	3 —	2 4	4 —	4 —	...	...	6 8	6 12
Bannu	6 14	7 11	9 12	10 —	...	3 2	5 5	5 5	...	...	6 14	7 8
Dera Ismail Khan	7 8	7 10	9 12	9 4	2 10	2 9	3 7	3 9	6 4	9 —	5 10	6 9
Tochi	6 6	6 2	10 —	9 10	...	...	4 8	4 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	7 4	7 12	12 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	2 5	2 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	5 8	5 —	...	...	4 8	3 —	5 —	4 —	4 8	4 —	5 —	4 —
Hyderabad	4 8	4 12	...	...	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 12
Thar and Parkár (Mirpur Khas)	4 12	4 12	...	...	2 12	2 12	3 4	3 4	4 —	...	4 4	4 4
Shikárpur	...	5 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	4 12	4 10	...	4 12	...	4 12
Upper Sind Frontier	5 2	5 2	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	5 4	5 —
Quetta	...	...	7 13	7 13	2 12	2 12	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	5 —	5 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	2 11	2 15	...	...	4 1	4 1	4 11	4 11	...	...	...	...
Ratnagiri	2 12	3 1	...	...	3 14	3 14	4 10	4 10	...	...	...	...
Alibág	3 4	3 4	...	...	3 11	3 11	5 1	4 10	...	...	...	...
Bombay	*3 8	*3 8	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 11	3 6	2 14	2 9
Thána	5 15	5 15	...	...	3 13	3 13	4 9	4 9	...	...	3 —	3 —
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	4 12	5 —	...	...	3 7	3 7	...	4 6	4 1	4 1	3 14	3 14
Belgaum	4 2	4 11	...	...	4 —	4 —	4 9	4 9	3 14	4 7	4 6	5 10
Satara	3 13	3 9	...	...	...	...	3 15	3 9	3 14	3 8	3 13	3 8
Sholapur	4 1	4 1	...	...	3 3	3 3	4 8	4 5	5 6	5 6	4 12	4 12
Bijapur	4 6	4 10	...	...	4 5	4 5	4 14	4 14	4 10	5 1	...	...
Poona	3 —	3 10	...	...	3 2	3 2	3 14	3 10	3 10	3 10	...	3 5
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	...	...	4 3	4 3	4 9	4 9	3 15	3 15	3 8	3 8
Násik	3 11	4 1	...	...	3 11	3 11	4 1	4 1	...	...	3 10	3 10
Dhulia	3 8	3 8	...	...	4 3	4 3	4 9	4 9	...	...	3 2	3 9
Jalgaon	3 7	3 10	...		3 2	3 5	3 12	4 5	3 6	3 10	3 1	3 6
Gujarat—												
Surat	3 11	3 11	...	...	3 4	3 4	4 3	4 10	...	4 2	3 4	3 4
Broach	3 4	4 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	4 —	5 —	3 8	3 12
Kaira	3 8	3 12	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 4	3 4
Baroda	4 5	4 5	...	...	4 2	4 2	4 10	4 10	...	...	3 4	3 4
Ahmedabad	3 8	4 —	...	...	3 —	3 8	3 8	4 —	...	...	3 —	3 8
Godhra	3 8	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	4 8	4 8	...	...	3 4	3 8
Disa	4 —	4 4	...	...	3 —	3 8	3 4	3 12	5 8	6 —	4 4	4 8
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	4 —	4 4	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	4 8	4 4	3 —	3 8
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 —	4 —	...	...	2 13	3 6	4 —	4 8	4 13	4 13	...	...
Hoshangabad	4 14	5 2	...	...	2 8	2 8	6 2	6 2	6 4	7 10	...	...
Betul	4 10	5 8	...	...	3 9	3 4	6 5	6 —	5 15	7 —	...	...
Chhindwara	5 —	5 —	...	...	3 12	3 12	5 5	5 5	6 8	7 7	...	...
Nagpur	5 7	5 7	...	...	3 10	3 10	...	...	5 15	...	...	...
Wardha	5 —	5 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	6 7	6 7	7 2	7 2	...	...

*Relates to Khandwa wheat

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.

Ragi or marua (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dal (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half month	
												Punjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 12	7 —	7 —	4 4	5 —	14 —	13 —	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	7 12	8 8	..		7 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Rohtak
..	...	..	...	7 —	7 8	7 8	7 8	..	5 —	12 —	12 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
...	...	7 12	7 12	7 9	7 14	7 12	7 14	4 12	6 —	9 12	9 4	Ambala
...	...	8 8	9 8	7 8	8 —	8 —	9 —	4 —	4 —	8 8	8 —	Ludhiána
...	..	7 —	8 2	7 8	8 1	7 8	8 4	...	..	8 4	8 4	Jullundur
...	...	..	...	7 12	8 —	7 10	8 —	.		8 —	9 —	Hoshiárpur
...	.	4 —	4 —	7 8	8 —	7 8	8 —		...	7 8	8 —	Gurdáspur
..	.	7 —	9 —	7 14	7 12	7 4	7 12	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Amritsar
...		...	.	8 —	7 12	7 12	7 —		.	8 —	8 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	.	...	...	6 4	6 4	6 12	6 —	3 12	3 8	7 —	7 —	Simla
...	..	...	..	7 —	7 —	...	..	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Kángra
												Northern—
..	...	...	...		...	7 8	7 5	4 12	4 12	9 —	9 8	Ráwalpindi
...	...	..	...	8 8	9 —	8 8	9 —	4 8	4 8	21 —	21 —	Attock
												Western—
..	.			8 8	8 8	8 4	7 12	5 4	5 8	8 —	8 —	Shâhpur
10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 —	..		7 8	7 8	Jhang
...	...	...	..	8 8	8 —	8 —	8 —	5 8	6 —	6 12	6 12	Lyallpur
..	...	9 —	9 —	8 8	9 —	8 4	8 12	...	.	8 —	8 —	Multan
...	..	...	...	8 6	9 4	9 —	9 4	..		7 —	7 —	Montgomery
.	..	...	...	8 2	8 2		...		...	7 —	7 8	Muzaffargarh
.	..		.	7 14	8 2	.	..	...		7 8	10 8	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. F. Province—
...		6 10	7 —	7 12	7 14	8 6	8 10			7 8	7 6	Hazára
...	.	7 9	7 13	8 14	9 2	11 13	11 11	8 1	8 8	15 12	13 —	Peshàwar
.	..	..	...	8 10	9 9	8 8	8 12	...		17 —	17 —	Kohát
...	.	.	...	9 14	10 7	10 13	11 2	..		18 12	17 8	Bannu
...			...	9 8	10 —	12 8		.	.	9 4	9 6	Dera Ismail Khan
...		.	...	..		9 9	10 —			14 —	14 —	Tochi
..			..	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 8	.		9 —	9 —	Kurram
.			...	6 8	7 —	12 —	13 —			10 —	11 —	Malakand
..				..	10 8	10 8					..	Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
..		.	..	7 —	7 —				4 8	20 —	20 —	Karáchi
	..		.	7 —	7 —			4 —	4 —	16 —	16 —	Hyderabad
..			..	6 8	6 8					16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkár (Mirpur Khas)
...	.	.	.	...	7 4		...		4 8	16 —	16 —	Shikárpur
..	.	.		7 8	7 8	..	.	5 8	3 12	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
..		.		7 7	7 7	8 —	8 —	4 11 to 5 5	4 11 to 5 5	16 —	16 —	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
6 4	6 4	6 4	...	4 13	5 5	..	.	4 5	4 13	11 14	11 14	Karwar
6 12	6 12	...	...	5 10	6 5	.	..	4 13	4 13	10	10 —	Ratnagiri
.		.	...	6 —	6 —	..		3 10	3 10	11 5	8 13	Alibág
3 2	3 2	.	.	4 8	4 13	..		3 11	3 11	11 0	12 10	Bombay
...	...	.	.	5 11	5 11		.	4 13	4 13	11 11	9 10	Thana
												Deccan and Karnatak—
5 6	6 7	...	...	5 3	5 3	...	.	3 10	3 10	10 10	8 9	Dharwar
5 —	6	.	...	5 7	6 8	...	...	4 1	4 13	9 12	9 —	Belgaum
...	..	..	...	5 11	5 11	...	.	4 1	4 3	12 —	10 13	Satara
...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	..	5 4	5 4	11 1	10 8	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	5 5	5 12	...	.	5 2	5 2	10 10	8 6	Bijapur
...	...	...	...	5 2	...	..	.	4 3	4 5	12 8	10 4	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
..	.	..	...	5 5	5 10	...	..	4 7	4 7	13 6	15 6	Ahmednagar
4 5	4 10	..	...	5 6	5 6	...	...	4 —	4 6	11 4	11 4	Násik
..	...	..	...	5 3	4 12	...	...	4 —	3 10	10 9	10 9	Dhulia
...	..	..	...	5 5	5 11	...	...	3 9	4 1	7 1	7 3	Jalgáon
												Gujarat—
..	..	..	...	5 9	6 —	...	...	3 —	3 4	9 4	9 4	Surat
..	..	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	5 —	14 8	14 8	Broach
5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	20 —	20 —	Kaira
...	...	...	...	5 14	5 14	...	...	4 —	4 —	20 —	17 12	Baroda
..	...	..	...	5 8	5 8	..	...	3 8	4 8	20 —	20 —	Ahmedabad
5 8	6 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	3 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Godhra
...	...	.	...	6 —	6 4	..	..	4 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	.	.	...	4 8	5 8	...	...	8 8	4 —	30 —	30 —	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
.	..	...	...	6 15	6 15	...	...	3 3	3 13	10 8	8 12	Nimar
..	.	...	...	6 15	7 8	...	...	4 5	4 9	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	...	...	...	7 5	6 12	...	...	3 13	3 13	13 —	13 —	Betul
..	.	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	4 15	3 11	13 —	13 —	Chhindwara
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	..	.	10 2	10 2	Nagpur
...	...	...	...	5 14	5 5	...	...	4 2	4 12	11 9	11 —	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY 1919—*concluded*.

Districts	Wheat (*Triticum Sativum*)		Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Best sort		Rice (*Oryza Sativa*) Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces— *continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	6 1	6 —	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 12	4 12	7 —	8 1	...	...
Saugor	5 12	5 12	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 4	4 —	7 4	7 8	...	...
Damoh	5 14	6 3	...	...	3 11	3 11	4 —	4 5	7 15	9 13	...	...
Jubbulpore	5 8	5 12	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 8	5 —	7 8	8 —	...	...
Mandla	6 4	6 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Seoni	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 8	7 —	9 —	8 —	...	...
Bálághát	5 7	5 7	...	...	4 4	4 4	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bhandára	4 13	5 2	...	...	...	...	5 3	5 8	...	...	...	...
Chánda	5 3	5 3	...	...	3 10	3 15	4 8	6 7	8 —	8 9	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur	6 4	6 —	...	...	5 8	3 8	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Raipur	5 12	5 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Drug	6 —	6 9	...	...	3 14	4 9	6 —	7 2	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	3 14	4 3	...	...	3 2	3 9	4 2	5 —	4 6	4 9	...	...
Akola	5 4	5 4	...	...	2 14	2 14	4 5	4 5	4 4	4 4	...	...
Amráoti	4 4	4 4	...	...	2 4	2 4	5 2	4 8	4 8	4 8	...	...
Yeotmal	4 13	5 5	...	...	2 13	2 13	5 10	5 10	5 3	6 4	...	...
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad	2 15	3 1	...	...	2 15	3 —	4 11	4 13	5 1	5 6	5 13	5 13
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 6	4 9	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6	6 —	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 15	4 15	5 8	5 8	8 4	...
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 2	4 2	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 2	4 9	5 8	6 4	5 8	5 8
Central—												
Bellary	...	...		...	...	...	4 6	4 6	5 12	6 12	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	9 6	9 6	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 15	4 15	...	...	...	...
Kurnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 15	8 —	7 13	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 1	4 14	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 11	...	...	7 8	7 8
Godávari	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 7	...	...	10 —	10 —
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 9	6 1	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	7 8	7 8	6 —	6 —
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 1	6 6	6 7	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 11	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 14	4 13	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 15	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9	4 9	...	...	6 14	7 —
Tanjore	...		...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	6 3	6 3
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	7 7	7 8	8
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 2	4 7	6 12	...	6 —	6
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 2	4 2	7 7	7 7	7 8	7
Mysore—												
Mysore	3 4	3 4	2 12	2 12	5 8	6 —	7 —	...	7 —	7 —	...	...
Bangalore	3 —	3 —	...	...	3 —	3 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg	3 —	3 —	2 —	...	4 12	5 —	5 8	5 12	...	...	...	...
Aden	3 6	3 6	...	...	3 10	3 10	3 15	3 15	5 —	5 —	3 2	3

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Magi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál (*Cajanus Indicus*)		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces—*continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	...	...	4 7	4 7	12 12	12 12	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 8	5 4	14 —	14 8	Saugor
...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	3 8	4 —	11 —	11 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	4 4	4 —	13 —	13 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 —	3 12	13 —	13 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 12	3 8	11 8	11 8	Seoni
...	...	...	..	5 7	5 7	...	...	3 10	8 10	7 15	7 15	Bálághát
...	...	...	..	6 9	6 9	...	...	4 11	4 11	10 10	9 10	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	5 15	5 15	...	...	3 14	4 8	10 10	9 9	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	.	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 —	11 8	11 8	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 12	5 12	9 —	8 8	Raipur
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	9 7	9 7	Drug
												Berar—
...	...	..	..	6 —	6 —	..		3 13	3 15	9 —	7 3	Buldána
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	.	..	4 11	4 11	7 14	7 14	Akola
...	...	...	...		4 14	...	...	8 3	4 4	13 5	13 —	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	4 13	5 14	..	...	8 11	3 11	11 3	11 3	Yeotmal
												Hyderabad—
...		...	...	5 13	5 9	...	..	..		10 8	9 8	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	..	...	...	..		..	...	...	.	13 2	12 15	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			13 5	12 5	S Canara
												South, central—
6 11	7 6	...	...	..	..	.	.	..		13 —	13 —	Coimbatore
...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	9 10	8 —	Nilgiris
...	...	...	.		...	.		...	..	9 15	9 10	Salem
												Central—
7 15	7 15	...	..	...	...	.	.	...		10 5	7 12	Bellary
8 15	9 14	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	10 6	10 6	Anantapur
9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...	.	..	...		15 3	16 7	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...		10 5	11 8	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
8 4	9 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	11 6	11 6	Ganjam
10 8	10 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	20 9	20 9	Vizagapatam
9 15	8 15	..	...	...	..	...		..	...	20 9	20 9	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
9 —	7 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	15 15	16 2	Kistna
8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	10 10	18 —	Guntur
...	5 7	..	...	...	...	...	...	.		18 —	18 —	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
...	7 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	17 3	17 4	Madras
7 12	8 5	...	...	...	...	..	...		.	18 14	18 14	Chingleput
7 0½	8 8	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	15 4	15 11	N. Arcot
7 6	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 3	12 10	S. Arcot
7 10	8 2	...	...	...	..	...	.	.		14 — and 16 —	14 1 and 16 —	Tanjore
...	8 8	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	15 7	15 7	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
8 5	8 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	18 14	18 1	Tinnevelly
8 14	8 14	...	...		...	...	...	.	...	14 1	14 1	Madura
												Mysore—
10 —	10½ —	..	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	10 —	10 —	Mysore
11 —	11 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	Bangalore
												Coorg—
9 8	10 8	...	...	8 —	5 12	..	.	4 —	4 —	13 —	12 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 7	4 7	32 —	32 —	**Aden**

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY, 1919

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA
February 12, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending 31st July 1914.	Fortnight ending 30th September 1914.	Fortnight ending 31st December 1914.	Fortnight ending 31st March 1915.	Fortnight ending 30th June 1915.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 9	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0
	Lyallpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0
	Ambala	3 10 8	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 6	3 13 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 6	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 8 10	4 3 10	3 8 10
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 13 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 12 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 6	3 11 9
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7
	(Median Average)	4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 8	5 0 0	4 6 2
	Index Numbers (a).	100	104	125	121	106

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 80% red.

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from *fortnightly* returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

india per maund of 82⅔ lbs

Fortnight ending								
30th September 1915.	31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	31st March 1917.	30th June 1917.	30th September 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 12 3	4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 3	4 4 3	4 14 9	4 13 3	4 7 3	4 11 9
5 0 3	5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 9 10	4 15 4	4 11 8
5 1 0	5 3 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 9 0	4 8 6	4 12 6
4 7 0	4 7 0	3 9 0	3 8 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 3 3	4 0 0	4 3 3
4 7 0	4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 1 9	3 12 0	3 14 6
4 4 0	4 2 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	4 2 0
4 8 0	4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	3 13 6	3 13 0	3 15 0
4 8 0	4 3 6	3 7 0	3 3 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 1 [illegible]	3 13 0	4 0 0
4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 4 0	4 7 0
4 12 0	4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	3 14 0	3 14 6	4 0 0
4 12 6	4 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 0
4 10 6	4 14 3	4 2 10	3 11 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 5 0	4 3 5	4 1 7
4 9 3	4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 3 8	3 14 0	3 14 6
4 11 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 3
4 7 0	4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 5 0	3 12 9	3 12 11
4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 1 9	3 11 3	3 14 0
5 2 6	5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 7 1
4 13 0	5 2 8	3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 1 7	..	3 15 3
4 13 6	5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 0 0	4 3 4	4 3 4
4 12 10	4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	3 13 2	4 1 11	4 3 2
4 13 7	4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 5 2	4 0 0	4 5 2
4 11 2	4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	3 12 10	3 8 0	3 8 0
3 15 7	4 12 2	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8	4 3 6	4 3 6
4 6 2	4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 0 4	4 2 1
4 3 3	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	4 14 0	5 0 0
5 8 11	5 6 8	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	..	4 11 7	5 3 4	5 2 2
4 15 6	3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 9 11	4 4 1	4 15 1
5 5 4	5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
3 12 1	3 13 8	3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 3 10	3 11 8	4 8 11
5 0 0	5 0 0							
5 9 7	6 8 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	4 6 0	3 12 0	3 8 0
5 0 0	5 5 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
5 12 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
5 1 3	6 9 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	4 11 0	4 8 0
		4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	4 5 8	4 1 4	4 5 8
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0
6 5 5	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 3 7	5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 14 1	4 10 3
4 12 10	4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 0 2	4 3 3
116	118	95	90	95	107	104	97	102

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending 31st December 1917. Rs. A. P.	15th January 1918. Rs. A. P.	31st January 1918. Rs. A. P.	15th February 1918. Rs. A. P.	28th February 1918. Rs. A. P.
Ports	Karachi (white)*	5 6 4	5 4 4	4 14 9	5 3 3	5 5 4
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy).	5 1 2	5 0 10	5 0 1	5 1 11	5 2 10
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	5 3 6	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 12 6	6 6 6
Punjab	Lahore	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6
	Ferozepur	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 3	4 9 0	4 9 0
	Lyallpur	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 12 0
	Amritsar	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 11 0
	Multan	4 13 0	4 12 6	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 13 0
	Rawalpindi	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 5 3	5 14 9
	Ambala	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 1 0	5 1 0
Delhi	Delhi	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 1 0	5 8 0
United Provinces	Benares	4 11 5	4 11 5	4 11 5	5 3 6	5 3 8
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 14 9	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 7 2	5 6 8
	Cawnpore	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 3 0	5 5 0
	Meerut	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 5 4	5 5 3
	Shahjahanpur	4 7 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	5 2 0	5 2 0
	Agra	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5
	Fyzabad	4 12 0	4 13 6	4 11 3	4 12 0	4 15 0
	Lucknow	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 5 4
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5
	Jubbulpore	5 2 7	5 3 11	5 9 10	5 5 5	5 1 4
	Raipur	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	4 0 0
	Akola	...	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	4 15 4	4 15 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 6 9
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 13 0	5 12 0	5 8 0
Bombay	Poona	...	7 6 11	...	...	...
	Ahmednagar	5 13 10	...	6 0 7	5 13 10	5 15 2
	Ahmedabad	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	...	4 3 4	4 1 8	...	4 8 11
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 12 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 8 0
	Bhagalpur	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 6	5 11 6
	Ranchi	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 8 0
	Cuttack	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 1 3	5 1 3
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2
	Mandalay	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7
	(Median Average)	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 7	5 1 11	5 3 2
	Index Numbers (a)	120	121	119	124	126

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100

India per maund of 82⅔ lbs—*contd.*

FORTNIGHT ENDING								
15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
5 4 4	5 3 3	5 3 3	5 4 4	5 4 4	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 5 3
5 1 4	5 1 9	5 3 9	5 2 10	5 7 10	5 8 2	5 13 8	6 0 7	6 3 11
5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 1 0	5 10 0
5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 10 3	4 1 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 13 6
4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 3	3 14 6	4 1 6
4 7 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 0 1	4 5 0
4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 10 0
4 13 0	4 10 0	4 13 0	4 6 3	3 13 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 5 0
5 14 9	6 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	4 13 6	4 11 3	5 6 2	5 1 3	5 2 6
4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 5 0
5 3 6	4 15 0	5 0 8	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	5 2 0
5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	4 3 2	4 4 0	4 6 3	4 7 1	4 10 6	4 8 3
5 8 2	4 11 2	4 3 8	4 1 8	4 1 8	4 2 6½	4 7 2½	4 14 6	5 1 4½
4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 14 0	5 8 0
4 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	.	4 11 3
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 7 9	4 11 0
5 14 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 5 4	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 11 5
4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 9	4 1 9	4 5 0
4 5 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 14 0
4 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 8	5 14 1	5 14 1	5 10 8	5 7 10
5 1 4	5 1 4	4 6 1	4 9 1	4 9 1	4 14 10	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 10	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 8 0	5 0 0
5 15 4	5 9 11	5 3 11	5 3 10	5 3 11	5 3 11	5 [illegible] 10	5 4 10	5 4 10
5 1 3	5 1 11	4 15 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 10 9	4 3 9	4 1 2	4 1 2
5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6
6 12 11	6 9 7	7 1 11	7 3 7	8 3 1	7 9 8	...	7 6 11	7 15 9
5 10 1	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 1 6	5 15 8	6 3 4	6 5 1	6 5 1	6 7 11
6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 6 0	6 2 0	5 12 0	6 2 0
4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	5 7 6	6 2 6	...	5 15 0	5 8 7	5 14 11
5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 9 0
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0
5 1 3	5 1 3	6 1 6	6 1 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 5 4	6 1 6
5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
4 9 2	4 9 2	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0
5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1
5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	4 10 3	4 9 1	4 8 11	4 9 1	4 14 3	5 2 0
122	119	117	112	110	110	110	118	124

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918	30th September 1918
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 8 4	5 8 4	5 8 4	5 10 1	6 8 4
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	9 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6
	Ferozepur	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	6 2 6
	Lyallpur	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	5 12 0
	Amritsar	4 11 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 6 0	6 0 0
	Multan	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 8 3
	Rawalpindi	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 3	5 14 9
	Ambala	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0
Delhi	Delhi	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0
United Provinces	Benares	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 8	6 6 0	6 10 8
	Aligarh (Hathras)	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7½	6 10 0	7 4 8
	Cawnpore	5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	7 1 0
	Meerut	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9
	Shahjahanpur	5 0 0	5 9 0	5 9 9	6 6 0	7 10 0
	Agra	5 11 10	5 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	7 4 8
	Fyzabad	5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3
	Lucknow	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	8 0 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1
	Jubbulpore	5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8
	Raipur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 0 0	6 3 2
	Akola	5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3
Baluchistan	Quetta	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6
Bombay	Poona	8 0 11	7 8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	
	Ahmednagar	6 14 4	7 5 8		9 3 1	...
	Ahmedabad	6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	7 3 7	7 9 1	7 11 8	9 4 0	8 5 10
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0
	Bhagalpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	6 10 6
	Ranchi	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0
	Cuttack	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11
Bengal	Rangpur	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0
	Mandalay	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9
	(Median Average)	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 9	6 6 0	6 12 11
	Index Numbers (b)	125	133	134	154	164

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red

(a) Prices at ports after 15th January 1919, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 24th January 1919.	On 31st January 1919.	On 7th February 1919.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Karachi (white)	Maund	6 15 5	6 15 5	6 15 5
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	"	7 13 8	7 14 4	7 15 10
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	7 15 6	7 15 6	8 2 0

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82 2/7 lbs—concld.

FORTNIGHT ENDING 15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	30th November 1918.	15th December 1918.	31st December 1918.	15th January 1919.	Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th January 1919 as compared with preceding fortnight.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Per cent
6 10 4	6 10 4	6 12 4	6 13 4	6 13 4	6 14 5	7 0 5	+2
7 1 2	7 2 10	8 8 8	8 5 9	8 2 9	8 2 9	7 12 11	−4
7 8 0	8 4 0	7 12 0	8 14 0	8 12 0	8 6 0	8 0 0	−4
6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 6 6	6 15 8	+9
6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	5 14 9	6 6 6	6 6 6	*Nil*
5 11 0	5 12 6	5 14 0	5 15 0	6 0 0	6 14 0	6 8 0	−5
5 12 0	5 12 0	5 14 6	5 12 9	5 14 0	6 4 3	6 11 0	+7
5 10 0	5 8 3	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	6 4 0	+10
6 0 0	6 0 6	6 0 6	6 4 6	6 0 6	6 10 9	6 10 9	*Nil*
6 9 0	6 9 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	7 4 0	+9
6 10 0	6 10 0	6 15 0	6 15 0	6 10 0	6 14 0	7 4 0	+5
6 7 9	6 2 7	6 7 1	6 14 1	6 14 1	6 9 2	6 9 2	*Nil*
7 4 8	6 5 6	6 12 0	6 11 0	6 13 10½	6 13 0	6 15 0	+2
6 15 0	6 13 0	6 15 3	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 10 8	7 4 4	+9
6 6 0	6 6 0	6 10 9	6 10 9	6 4 0	6 6 0	6 14 9	+9
6 10 0	6 7 0	6 14 0	7 6 0	7 4 0	7 2 0	7 2 0	*Nil*
7 4 7	7 5 2	7 1 5	6 15 3	6 14 3	6 13 9	6 13 11	*Nil*
7 1 3	6 2 9	...	6 5 9	6 6 3	6 8 0*	...	...
6 10 6	6 6 4	6 15 4	6 15 3	6 15 3	6 15 3	7 4 3	+4
7 7 4	8 6 2	8 6 4	8 6 4	8 6 4	8 3 10	8 3 10	*Nil*
7 1 10	6 15 4	7 12 11	6 15 4	6 15 4	6 10 8	6 15 4	+4
7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 4 10	7 2 5	7 1 7	−1
7 0 2	9 1 6	9 13 7	9 13 7	8 5 4	6 13 1	6 13 2	*Nil*
5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 4 7	5 4 5	5 4 5	*Nil*
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	*Nil*
9 7 1	...	9 11 7	9 1 7	9 7 1	9 11 7	9 11 7	*Nil*
8 11 9	8 11 9	8 4 5	8 15 5	8 8 4	8 15 5	8 15 5	*Nil*
8 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 4 0	10 0 0	+21
...	8 15 10	9 7 11	8 5 0	7 9 0	8 5 0	7 14 9	−5
6 0 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 6	6 2 6	6 11 0	+9
6 0 0	6 6 0	6 10 0	6 6 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	*Nil*
6 10 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 10 6	7 4 0	+9
8 8 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	7 8 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 4 0	+3
6 12 11	8 3 3	8 3 3	8 3 3	9 6 7	9 6 7	9 6 7	*Nil*
5 8 0	5 12 0	5 12 0*	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	*Nil*
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 10 5	8 10 5	8 10 5	*Nil*
7 12 11	8 1 7	8 6 9	8 6 9	8 6 9	8 6 9	8 6 9	*Nil*
6 10 6	6 8 0	6 14 6	6 14 1	6 13 10½	6 13 9†	7 1 0	+3
161	157	167	166	166	166	171	

* Since reported. † Revised.

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th January 1919 and 1918, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1919.			1918.		
	31st December 1918.	15th January 1919.	Increase or Decrease.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent			Per cent
India . . .	100	103	+3	100	101	+1
Punjab . . .	100	104	+4	100	100	*Nil*
United Provinces .	100	102	+2	100	100	*Nil*
Central Provinces	100	101	+1	100	100	*Nil*

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India.

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING 31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0
	Bombay *	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 8
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 5	..	...	...
Punjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14
	Ambala	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares	9 3	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
	Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	9 9	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 1	8 8	8 0
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 8
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack	9 3	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5
	(Median Average)	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0
	Index Numbers (a)	100	106	127	123	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 21st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING								
31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	31st March 1917.	30th June 1917.	30th September 1917.	31st December 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0
								5 2
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	9 4	9 12	9 4	8 0
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 8	10 4	10 0	7 8
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	10 0	10 8	10 0	8 6
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 4	9 4	8 14	7 8
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	9 12	10 4	9 8	7 8
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 8	10 4	9 12	8 2
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	10 0	10 0	9 12	7 12
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 12	9 12	9 4	7 13½
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	9 1	9 1	9 6½	8 1½
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	9 4	9 0	7 12
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	9 0	10 0	10 0	8 0
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 8	8 8	7 8
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	9 12	9 4	9 4	7 14
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	9 4	10 7	10 12	8 8
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 8	10 12	10 4	8 14
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	9 12	9 4	10 2	8 4
8 2	10 0	10 8	10 8	9 9	10 8	9 9	9 4	7 11
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	9 0	9 12	9 0	7 8
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 2	11 0	11 0	10 0
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	10 12	8 15	8 15	...
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	8 12	9 14	9 10	8 0
8 9½	8 11	9 0	8 6½	7 8	7 8	8 3½	...	...
7 3	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	8 6	7 3	7 8	5 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	8 11	8 0	6 8
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	8 8	8 0	6 0
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 3	9 5	10 11	9 5	8 6	7 15
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	9 0	10 8	11 0	8 8
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	9 0	10 0	10 0	8 14
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 4	8 8	8 8	7 4
7 3	9 3	10 8	9 3	7 14	9 3	9 13	9 3	7 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	7 0
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	9 9	8 0	7 12
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	9 3	9 8	9 4	7 12
120	96	93	96	111	104	100	108	123

B.—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd.

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 0	6 0
	Bombay*	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2
Punjab	Lahore	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12
	Ferozepore	7 8	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8
	Amritsar	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 4	8 8
	Rawalpindi	7 8	7 8	7 4	6 8	6 8
	Lyallpur	8 0	8 0	8 8	8 4	8 8
	Multan	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	8 2
	Ambala	8 0	8 0	7 12	7 12	8 0
Delhi	Delhi	7 12	8 0	7 10	7 0	7 6
United Provinces	Benares	8 1½	8 1½	7 5½	7 5½	7 7½
	Cawnpore	7 12	8 0	7 8	7 4	8 0
	Meerut	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 4	8 0
	Agra	7 4	7 0	6 12	6 8	6 8
	Lucknow	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 4	9 0
	Aligarh	8 8	8 8	8 4	7 12	7 12
	Shahjahanpur	8 4	8 1	7 10	7 10	8 10
	Fyzabad	8 0	8 2	8 0	7 14	9 2
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11
	Jubbulpore	7 6	6 14	7 4	7 10	7 10
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 8
	Akola	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	8 0	7 13	7 13	7 8	7 13
Baluchistan	Quetta	...				
Bombay	Poona	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
	Ahmednagar	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8
	Ahmedabad	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 0
	Dharwar	7 15	7 15	8 6	7 15	7 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	9 0	9 0	7 8	7 0	8 0
	Bhagalpur	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Muzaffarpur	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
	Ranchi	7 4	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
	Cuttack	7 8	7 8	7 14	7 14	7 14
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
	Mandalay	7 12	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 5
	(Median Average)	7 12	7 15½	7 9	7 6¼	7 12
	Index Numbers (a)	128	120	126	129	123

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

Fortnight ending							
31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	7 4
4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 12	4 12	4 12
8 0	8 0	8 8	9 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 0
8 12	8 12	10 6	10 0	10 0	10 8	10 4	9 8
8 10	9 0	9 8	9 10	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 8
6 4	7 8	6 12	8 0	8 4	7 8	7 10	7 8
9 8	9 0	9 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 4
8 6	8 2	8 14	10 4	10 4	9 12	9 8	9 0
8 14	8 8	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 2
7 14	7 11	8 6	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 8
8 10	9 8	8 15	8 14¼	8 13	8 11	8 4	8 8
8 4	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	7 0
7 8	8 12	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 12	8 4
7 0	7 0	7 8	8 4	8 4	8 0	7 8	7 0
8 12	8 12	9 4	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	8 0
9 0	9 0	10 8	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	8 12
8 10	8 14	10 0	9 9	9 14	9 6	8 14	8 7
9 10	9 6	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 4	9 4	9 0
7 11	7 11	7 10	7 0	6 11	6 11	6 11	7 0
7 10	8 14	8 8	8 8	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12
5 14	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 10	6 10	6 10
7 10	8 0	8 8	8 5	8 8	9 5	9 10	9 10
5 6	5 6	5 6	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13
5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13
6 0	5 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 0
7 15	7 15	7 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8
8 12	10 8	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
7 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 12
7 14	6 9	6 9	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 8	6 9
7 0	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10
7 5	7 12	7 5	7 5	6 14	6 11	6 11	6 11
7 14	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 10	8 9½	8 6	7 10
121	120	112	112	111	111	114	125

F

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—*concld.*

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending 31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	7 4	7 4	7 0	7 0	7 0
	Bombay*	4 12	4 7	4 7	3 13	3 13
Punjab	Lahore	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 0	6 4
	Ferozepore	8 8	8 4	8 0	7 4	6 4
	Amritsar	8 4	8 0	8 0	7 4	6 4
	Rawalpindi	7 8	6 12	7 2	7 0	6 8
	Lyallpur	8 6	8 2	8 4	7 8	6 10
	Multan	8 12	8 6	7 12	7 8	7 0
	Ambala	8 12	7 12	7 12	7 2	6 5
Delhi	Delhi	7 8	7 0	7 0	5 12	5 8
United Provinces	Benares	7 10½	7 9	6 14	6 8	5 12
	Cawnpore	7 4	6 8	7 0	5 12	5 4
	Meerut	7 8	7 0	6 12	6 0	5 8
	Agra	6 12	7 0	7 1	6 2	5 6
	Lucknow	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 0	4 12
	Aligarh	8 0	7 12	7 4	6 12	6 0
	Shahjahanpur	8 0	6 14	6 14	6 1	5 6
	Fyzabad	7 12	7 8	7 6	7 0	5 8
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	7 0	6 6	6 1	5 12	5 12
	Jubbulpore	7 4	6 14	6 12	6 0	5 12
	Raipur	7 12	7 12	6 3	6 4	6 0
	Akola	6 10	6 10	5 13	5 8	5 4
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13
Bombay	Poona	4 13	4 13	4 13	3 14	3 14
	Ahmednagar	5 7	5 1	4 11	4 5	4 5
	Ahmedabad	6 0	5 0	5 8	4 8	4 0
	Dharwar	5 9	5 2	5 2	4 14	5 2
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	8 8	9 0	8 8	8 0	6 0
	Bhagalpur	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	7 0
	Muzaffarpur	8 8	8 8	7 0	7 0	5 8
	Ranchi	6 4	6 4	6 0	6 0	5 0
	Cuttack	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	5 14
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10
	Mandalay	6 11	6 11	6 11	5 14	5 6
	(Median Average)	7 8	7 0	7 0	6 3	5 10
	Index Numbers (*a*)	127	137	137	155	170

(*a*) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.
* Relates to Khandwa wheat

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

Fortnight ending							Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th January 1919 as compared with preceding fortnight
15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	30th November 1918.	15th December 1918.	31st December 1918	15th January 1919.	
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
6 0	6 0	5 12	5 12	5 0	5 0	5 8	−9
3 13	3 11	3 6	3 3	3 3	3 8	3 8	*Nil*
6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	5 12	5 8	+5
6 8	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 8	6 0	6 0	*Nil*
6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 6	6 2	5 12	+7
6 4	6 6	6 6	6 2	6 6	5 12	5 12	*Nil*
6 12	6 10	6 8	6 8	6 4	5 12	6 0	−4
6 14	7 0	6 12	6 12	6 14	6 14	6 2	+12
6 1	6 1	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 6	+12
5 12	5 12	5 8	5 8	5 12	5 8	5 8	*Nil*
5 11½	6 1½	5 14	5 7	5 7	5 11½	5 11½	*Nil*
5 8	5 14	5 8	5 12	5 12	5 12	5 4	+10
6 0	6 0	5 12	5 12	6 0	6 0	5 8	+9
5 4	5 10	5 7	5 9	5 10	6 3	5 11	+9
5 12	6 0	5 12	5 12	5 8	5 8	5 6	+3
5 12	6 4	6 0	6 0	6 4	6 4	6 0	+4
6 6½	6 2	5 12	5 4	5 8	5 8	5 4	+5
5 6	6 4	6 2	6 0	6 0	5 14*	...	...
4 14	4 14	3 14	3 14	4 13	5 7	5 7	*Nil*
5 6	5 8	4 15	5 8	5 8	5 12	5 8	+5
5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 4	5 8	5 12	−4
5 4	3 9	3 5	3 5	4 7	5 4	5 4	*Nil*
7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 8	7 8	7 9	−1
3 14	3 14	3 14*	3 14	3 14	3 10†	3 0	+21
4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	*Nil*
4 8	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 8	+14
4 11	4 12	4 8	4 12	4 8	5 0	4 12	+5
7 0	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 8	6 0	+8
6 10	6 4	6 0	6 4	6 2	6 2	6 2	*Nil*
5 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 8	5 0	+10
4 8	4 8	4 8	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	*Nil*
5 14	4 14	4 14	4 14	4 4	4 4	4 4	*Nil*
4 10	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 4	3 4	3 8	−7
4 15	4 12	4 9	4 9	4 9	4 9	4 9	*Nil*
5 11⅓	6 0	5 12	5 10⅓	5 9	5 9¼†	5 8	+2
167	159	166	169	172	170†	174	

* Since reported. † Revised.

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th January, 1919 and 1918, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1919.			1918.		
	31st December 1918	15th January 1919	Increase or Decrease.	31st December 1917	15th January 1918	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India . . .	100	102	+2	100	100	*Nil*
Punjab . .	100	104	+4	100	97	−3
United Provinces .	100	105	+2	100	101	+1
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	100	*Nil*	100	100	*Nil*

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	Karachi. White (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red). Price.	Karachi. White. Index Numbers.	Karachi. Red (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 92% red). Price.	Karachi. Red. Index Numbers.	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pressy). Price.	Bombay. Index Numbers.	Calcutta Club No. 2. Price.	Calcutta Club No. 2. Index Numbers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
Week ending 30th July 1914	31 6	100	31 3	100	32 9	100	34 9½	100
" 6th August "	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September "	34 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	112	33 7	103	...	...
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	122	34 9½	106	41 8½	120
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th " "	44 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 4th February "	45 0	143	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 25th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	146
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June "	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 3	106	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September "	36 3	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	122	40 4½	116
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	122
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	38 10	112
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	32 11	95
" 5th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	103	32 11	95
" 12th " "	34 8	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	32 5	95
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 8	96
" 30th " "	29 0	92	28 9	92	33 4	102	32 8	94
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 5	93
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	108	33 2	95
" 28th " "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	96
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	94
" 31st " "	36 3	115	34 3	113	36 2	111	33 4½	96
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	98
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 13th October "	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	98
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 2	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November "	36 3	115	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	109
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 3	120	41 1	118
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	122	37 6	114	...	...
" 5th January 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 4	113
" 30th March "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112	36 4	104
" 13th April "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 4	114	37 4	107
" 4th May "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112	34 2	98

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON.

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	Choice White Karachi. Price.	Choice White Karachi. Index Numbers.	Red Karachi. Price.	Red Karachi. Index Numbers.	Delhi. Price.	Delhi. Index Numbers.	Choice White Bombay. Price.	Choice White Bombay. Index Numbers.	Club No. 1. Price.	Club No. 1. Index Numbers.	Club No. 2. Price.	Club No. 2. Index Numbers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
10th July, 1914	39 6 July-Aug.	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
1st October "	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
4th November "	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
3rd December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
16th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9 May-June.	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May Sellers.	[illegible]
30th " "	51 6 May-June.	130	53 0 Jany.-Feb.	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	[illegible]
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do.	132	...	...	53 3 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	[illegible]
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4½ Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	[illegible]
25th " "	60 3 Do.	153	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar.-April.	[illegible]
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do.	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	[illegible]
8th April "	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	[illegible]
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	[illegible]
12th " "	63 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do.	127	68 0	100	67 0	100	...	[illegible]
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	[illegible]
2nd July "	53 0 June	134	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do.	[illegible]
23rd " "	56 0 July	142	55 7½ July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	88	56 3 July	84	55 9 July	[illegible]
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1½	112	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1½	[illegible]
27th " "	54 0	137	56 1¾	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1¾	[illegible]
3rd September "	54 0 July, Sellers.	137	53 7½ July, Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers	85	...	...
24th Sept., '15 to 18th April 1916.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th April, 1916	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th April to 15th May 1916.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	57 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd " "	55 0 June, Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29th June to 7th July, 1916.	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	59 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug. Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	61 8 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th August "	65 0 Aug.-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st " "	72 6 Sept., Sellers.	184	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th September 1916	73 0 Oct., Paid	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th October "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st " "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd November "	79 0, Paid	200	Nominal	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th " "	81 0, Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 12th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd February to 30th March 1917	82 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th April 1917	83 0 April-May	210	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
13th April to 4th May 1917	85 0 Do.	215	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	Karachi. White (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red). Price. s. d.	Karachi. White. Index Numbers.	Karachi. Red (5% barley, 3% dirt, and 93% red). Price. s. d.	Karachi. Red. Index Numbers.	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy). Price. s. d.	Bombay. Index Numbers.	Calcutta Club No. 2. Price. s. d.	Calcutta. Index Numbers.
Week ending 29th June 1917	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121	36 1	104
„ 28th „ „	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 8	115	38 2	110
„ 26th October „	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 8	124	...	...
„ 30th November „	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	124	42 10	128
„ 28th December „	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	...	...
„ 4th January, 1918	42 3	134	41 3	132	40 5	123	45 10	132
„ 11th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 0	125	46 4	133
„ 18th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123	44 10	129
„ 25th „ „	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 2	123	45 7	131
„ 1st February „	39 3	125	38 3	122	39 11	122	45 7	131
„ 8th „ „	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	44 10	129
„ 15th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 10	125	46 1	132
„ 22nd „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 10	125	48 10	140
„ 1st March „	42 6	185	41 6	133	41 3	126	51 1	147
„ 8th „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 1	125	48 4	139
„ 15th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	40 4	116
„ 22nd „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	39 4	113
„ 29th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 9	124	40 10	117
„ 5th April „	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 2	126	40 10	117
„ 12th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 9	127	41 1	118
„ 19th „ „	41 0	130	40 0	128	41 10	128	42 10	123
„ 26th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 3	126	40 4	116
„ 3rd May „	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 1	128	39 4	113
„ 10th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 5	133	39 10	114
„ 17th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 9	134	40 4	116
„ 24th „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 7	133	41 1	118
„ 31st „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 11	134	40 4	116
„ 7th June „	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 6	130	41 1	118
„ 14th „ „	42 0	133	41 0	131	46 8	142	40 10	117
„ 21st „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	42 10	131	40 10	117
„ 28th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	48 1	147	40 4	116
„ 5th July „	41 6	132	40 6	130	47 8	146	41 7	120
„ 12th „ „	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 8	152	43 4	125
„ 19th „ „	42 6	135	41 6	133	49 9	152	44 10	129
„ 26th „ „	43 0	137	42 0	131	50 7	154	45 1	130
„ 2nd August „	44 0	140	43 0	138	50 9	155	45 7	131
„ 9th „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 9	164	46 4	133
„ 16th „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 10	170	47 7	137
„ 23rd „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 7	164	51 10	149
„ 30th „ „	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 3	169	48 1	138
„ 6th September „	44 0	140	43 0	138	56 2	172	50 10	146
„ 13th „ „	45 0	143	44 0	141	59 6	182	50 10	146
„ 20th „ „	46 0	146	45 6	146	60 5	184	55 10	160
„ 27th „ „	52 0	165	51 6	165	61 10	189	72 3	208
„ 4th October „	52 0	165	51 6	165	56 11	174	70 3	202
„ 11th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 7	173	59 9	172
„ 18th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 4	172	—	—
„ 25th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	59 4	171
„ 1st November „	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	65 9	189
„ 8th „ „	53 0	168	52 6	168	68 1	208	62 9	180
„ 15th „ „	54 0	171	53 6	171	68 1	208	61 9	177
„ 22nd „ „	54 6	173	54 0	173	68 1	208	59 9½	172
„ 29th „ „	54 6	173	54 0	173	66 8	204	70 9	203
„ 6th December „	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	69 9	200
„ 13th „ „	54 6	173	54 0	178	65 2	199	69 9	200
„ 20th „ „	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 11	201	67 9	195
„ 27th „ „	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	...	...
„ 3rd January, 1919	55 0	175	54 6	174	65 2	199	66 9	192
„ 10th „ „	56 0	178	55 6	178	64 5	107	61 9	177
„ 17th „ „	56 0	178	55 6	178	62 3	190	63 9	183
„ 24th „ „	55 6	176	55 0	176	62 7	191	63 6	183
„ 31st „ „	55 6	176	55 0	176	62 11	192	63 6	183
„ 7th February „	55 6	176	55 0	176	63 8	194	64 9	186

IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	Choice White Karachi. Price. s. d.	Choice White Karachi. Index Numbers.	Red Karachi. Price. s. d.	Red Karachi. Index Numbers.	Delhi. Price. s. d.	Delhi. Index Numbers.	Choice White Bombay. Price. s. d.	Choice White Bombay. Index Numbers.	Club No. 1. Price. s. d.	Club No. 1. Index Numbers.	Club No. 2. Price. s. d.	Club No. 2. Index Numbers.
5th to 11th May '17	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	No Sellers	...	79 6 Noml.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
18th May to 6th July „	86 9 „	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	...
18th to 20th July „	86 9 „	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug. 1917	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th to 24th Aug. '17	86 9 sellers	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
31st Aug. 1917	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom.	172	86 9 Nom.	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	...	...
7th September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	...	...	78 0	15
3rd January to 17th October '18	80 0	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	15
18th October '18 to 6th January '19	80 0 afloat	203	80 0 afloat	160	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	...	80 0 afloat	15
7th January to 31st January '19.	Nothing offering to London			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Chambers of Commerce. The statistics for London are compiled from Reuter's telegrams.

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	In the ten months, April to January, of									
	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-1
Sea Customs—Imports										
Special Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	4,19	4,11	4,22	5,38	5,55	4,03	4,62	6,44*	4,08*	3,82
Coal, coke, and patent fuel (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	10	28
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	4,25	6,66	6,60	7,35	7,13	5,87	4,42	5,63	4,12	4,37
Spirits and liqueurs	77,78	88,47	90,30	90,36	97,83	91,10	86,89	94,19	86,37	83,3
Wines	3,20	4,64	4,78	4,69	4,80	3,64	3,72	4,89	3,54	3,72
Opium	3	6	6	6	6	3	3	5	2	2
Petroleum	38,34	47,99	63,61	54,73	57,47	72,88	60,37	37,10†	30,97†	12,16
Silver—										
Silver bullion and coin (b)	47,98	1,85,25	85,94	91,28	71,54	1,23,23	84,76	13,58	17,04	1
„ manufactures (c)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,91	2,85	1,60
Sugar, all sorts (d)	48,49	52,91	47,17	60,51	82,22	37,29	45,25	1,09,45‡	1,12,06‡	1,44,29
Tobacco (b)	3,67	24,56	21,98	22,87	24,44	22,13	23,09	38,17	51,26	66,81
Duty at 2½ per cent										
Machinery (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,15	7,75	8,60
Metals—Iron and Steel	7,94	8,24	9,05	9,71	13,61	9,39	7,73	15,50	18,90	20,95
Railway plant and rolling stock (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,44	1,23	3,75
Other articles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,88	3,32	3,14
Duty at 7½ per cent										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar and vinegar) (e)	20,38	21,58	23,14	24,82	25,70	23,98	26,10	44,69	45,35	46,80
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured (f)	13,53	13.22	13,50	16,01	13,31	13,04	12,78	31,90	34,13	33,07
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—										
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments	18.28	20,80	23,07	25,65	30,79	22,25	19,67	35,32	29,34	39,06
Metals, other than Iron and Steel	16,26	20,02	17,42	14,31	24,09	18,68	7,95	9,39	14,41	19,42
Cotton manufactures—										
Piecegoods, grey	51,61	48,57	56,82	73,06	72,98	63,21	50,87	48,42	1,12,45	1,57,74
„ white	20,47	26,17	31.25	36,83	41.16	33,08	29,45	30,31	95,21	76.57
„ coloured	24,54	33,35	36,90	42,05	55,71	34,30	23,73	44,71	1,13,48	84,19
Other goods	5,39	6,93	7,23	7,82	10,92	5,49	3,75	7,44	11,84	9,59
Yarn and textile fabrics (other than cotton manufactures) (g)	24,40	30 26	33,35	37,14	39,71	24,64	23,88	53.15	43,91	49,85
All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured (h)	54,75	66,32	71,59	78,17	89,69	65,56	72 09	1,46,27	1,47,02	1,55,38
Miscellaneous (i)	4,94	6,17	7,16	9,63	8,12	6,54	6,48	21,20	19,61	2[illegible],66
Total Imports	4,90,42	6,66,37	6,55,14	7,12,43	7,77,13	6,80,96	5,97,63	8,22,91	10,04,86	10,54,15
Sea Customs—Exports										
Jute (a)—										
Raw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	48,84	38,46	54,1
Manufactured	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	43,85	1,09,14	1,19,01
Rice	61,16	79,72	85,53	96,46	81,49	59,41	48,56	64,66	76,06	1,02,48
Tea (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37,38	34,85	36,5
Total Exports	61,16	79,72	85,53	96,46	81,49	59,41	48,56	1,94,73	2,58,51	3,12,17
Sea Customs—Miscellaneous (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,37	8,49	7,27
Land Customs (k)	8,37	8,41	9,75	11,00	11,59	11,92	11,27	4,40	6,41	4,4
Excise duty on cotton manufactures	27,98	30,39	36,22	40,49	39,04	36,12	32,35	32,14	56,07	1,26,0
„ „ on motor spirit	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22,04	31,6
Warehouse and wharf rents (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	22	35
Miscellaneous (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,60	2,79	5,2
GRAND TOTAL	5,87,93	7,84,89	7,86,64	8,60,38	9,09,25	7,88,41	6,89,81	10,63,40	13,59,39	15,41,2
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal — Imports	1,75,92	2,09,49	2,28,90	2,42,87	2,76,34	2,38,69	2,16,71	2,88,69	3,96,70	4,10,91
Bengal — Exports	10,48	15,16	17,71	21,79	14,07	8,35	3,32	1,28,77	1,82,34	2,13,6
Bihar and Orissa — Imports	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa — Exports	—	—	—	99	88	18	...	...	...	...
Bombay — Imports	1,82,82	2,94,96	2,48,33	2,82,05	2,88,39	2,71,30	2,23,27	3,11,17	3,57,98	3,92,27
Bombay — Exports	2,55	1,76	1,22	1,55	2,06	2,19	2,17	5,32	7,92	8,87
Sind — Imports	43,36	57,82	66,33	65,37	76.81	56,46	55,43	73,93	96,06	95,71
Sind — Exports	2,18	1,89	1,83	2,08	2,97	2,27	2,79	4,03	4,57	3,0
Madras — Imports	41,14	49,83	53,34	55,52	63,64	60,23	47,76	76,12	83,29	75,8
Madras — Exports	5,50	5,47	6,47	5,54	7,34	8,55	11,08	11,99	8,87	5,8
Burma — Imports	47,18	54,27	58,24	66,62	76,95	54,28	54,46	78,00	70,83	79,3
Burma — Exports	40.45	55,44	58,30	64,51	54,17	37,87	29,20	44,62	54,81	80,8

(a) Not subject to duty prior to March, 1916
(b) Figures for the year 1909-10 were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff
(c) Figures prior to March, 1916, are included with "All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured"
(d) Figures prior to March, 1916, were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff
(e) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include vinegar
(f) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are exclusive of raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax, which are included wit "Yarn and textile fabrics"
(g) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax but exclude haberdashery an millinery
(h) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include haberdashery and millinery and coral
(i) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent articles imported by post only
(j) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are included under "Land Customs"
(k) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent the old combined head "Land Customs and miscellaneous"
* Exclude the duty collected on explosives, namely, blasting gun powder, etc., at 7½ per cent *ad valorem*
† Exclude the duty collected on petroleum which has its flashing point at or above 150°F. or 200°F. at 7½ per cent *ad valore*
‡ Exclude the duty collected on confectionery at 7½ per cent *ad valorem*
§ Includes indigo cess

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics

H. F. HOWARD
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, February 7, 1919

REGISTERED No. L. 848.



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DELHI, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1919.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 20th February 1919.

FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 365.—The following despatch from Lieutenant-General Sir W. R. Marshall, K.C.B., K.C.S.I, on the operations of the Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force from the 1st April to the 30th September 1918, is published for general information :—

No. O.-1907-1, dated 1st October 1918.

From—Lieutenant-General Sir W. R. MARSHALL, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., Commanding-in-Chief, Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force,

To—The Chief of the General Staff, Army Headquarters, India.

I have the honour to submit herewith a report on the operations carried out by the Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force during the period extending from April 1st to September 30th, 1918.

My previous despatch ended with the narrative of the operations which culminated in the capture of the Turkish forces opposed to me on the Euphrates about Khan Baghdadi, and the subsequent pursuit to Haditha, Ana, and beyond.

2. In my previous despatch I alluded briefly to the murder of the political officer at Nedjef but not to the motives which had prompted such an unprovoked crime. The reasons for it have been traced to enemy agency, and amongst the evilly disposed inhabitants of Nedjef a conspiracy, fostered by German gold, had been organised, the heads of it calling themselves, "The Committee of Rebellion." The roots of this conspiracy were in Nedjef and its branches extended both up and down the Euphrates Valley. To put down this conspiracy, therefore, and to mete out stern justice to those actually concerned in the murder was from every point of view of urgent necessity. It was not desired to treat the city, which contains one of the most holy shrines of the Shiahs, and is surrounded by a very high wall, in an ordinary way, *i.e.*, by shelling or by direct assault.

A strict blockade was, therefore, ordered and the outside water supply cut off. Picquets were established round the town with barbed wire connecting them and these effectually stopped ingress or egress. There were two attempts of the insurgents to break out through

the blockade line but these were effectually stopped, dominating mounds were assaulted and held by our troops and gradually the blockade line closed in and occupied the bastions of the walls as well as holding the entrance gates. Every consideration was shown to the holy Ulema and to the theological students (most of whom were Persian subjects) and had it been necessary to proceed to extremities all these would have been given an asylum. The loyal inhabitants under the guidance of the Ulema determined, however, to rid themselves and their sacred city of these evil-doers and eventually by 13th April the proscribed persons had been handed over and the blockade was raised. The instigators of the murder and the actual murderers were brought before a military court to answer for their deeds and as a result of the trial eleven were condemned to death and duly executed, seven others were sentenced to transportation and three were deported; in addition a number of undesirables were sent out of the country. The firmness with which the situation was handled, the fairness with which the law-abiding inhabitants were treated and the scrupulous care which was taken to avoid damage to holy persons and places created a most favourable impression on all the surrounding tribes and contributed in no small degree to the subsequent establishment of friendly relations with the somewhat recalcitrant tribes of the Shamiya, Rumeitha, and Shatra districts.

For this eminently satisfactory ending to a delicate and somewhat difficult situation my thanks are due to the acting Civil Commissioner, to Brigadier-General G. A. F. Sanders and the troops under his command and also to the political officer on the spot, Captain F. C. C. Balfour, M.C.

I subsequently visited Nedjef myself and was received with every token of honour. I attended a meeting at which were assembled the Ulema, the Shaikhs of the district and the notables of the town who one and all expressed the most lively gratitude for the measures which had been adopted and their loyalty to Government.

3. On the Persian border certain tribes, notably some sections of the Sinjabis, were inclined to be troublesome (another result of German intrigue and gold) and as this tribe has its habitant just to the north of the Qasr-i-Shirin-Kermanshah road it became necessary to give them a lesson. The Guran confederation (which includes the Kalkhanis) was reported on the 19th April to be about to take action against the pro-enemy sections of the Sinjabis. I decided, therefore, to support these friendly tribesmen in their action and despatched a small column of all arms to co-operate. On the 25th April a brief action took place with eminently satisfactory results. The Sinjabis were defeated and suffered heavy casualties (as well as losing large numbers of animals) and our aeroplanes turned their retreat into a rout.

The effect of this small operation carried out in severe conditions of weather, has been far-reaching. The pro-enemy chief of the Sinjabis, who was known to be in German pay, was himself wounded and the German agents were thoroughly discredited; whilst among the surrounding tribes a profound impression was created in favour of the British and our lines of communication into Persia were safeguarded from serious raiding.

4. Again with the object of making the Persian Lines of Communication more secure I considered it advisable to drive the Turks out of the Kara Tepe-Kifri-Tuz Kermatli area and to hold both Kifri and Tuz for the future.

5. The general plan of operations decided upon was to stimulate a converging attack upon Kara Tepe and Kifri, but in reality to strike first at the more distant objectives of Abu Gharaib and Tuz Kermatli, with the intention of cutting off and dealing subsequently with any hostile forces south-east and east of those places. This plan was to be carried into effect by means of various columns. Preliminary movements were delayed by rain in the middle of April, but all columns were concentrated at their respective positions of assembly by the 25th of that month. Secrecy was well maintained and the Turks appeared to be in ignorance of the impending attack. The operations were entrusted to Lieutenant-General Sir R. G. Egerton, K.C.B., K.C.I.E., and by the morning of April 26th he had completed the deployment of the troops selected for the operation.

6. A small column was sent up the Adhaim river to induce the Turks to strengthen and hold their Abu Gharaib defences. On the right a small mixed column, with which were some irregulars, demonstrated on the upper Diala. At Mirjana another small column of all Arms was concentrated, and the 6th Cavalry Brigade moved to Umar Maidan and bridged the Lesser Naft river above that place. The main column consisting of the majority of the 13th Division with attached troops under Major-General Sir W. deS. Cayley, K.C.M.G., C.B., was at Nahrin, Kupri, where the bridge, which had been destroyed by the Turks in their hurried retreat last December, was rapidly put in repair. This column detached forces towards Abu Gharaib and the Lesser Naft, the last named with orders to move to Abu Alik before dawn on April 27th in order to head off any enemy movement from Kara Tepe in a north-westerly direction. Although the Turks must have been aware of these movements they evidently failed to appreciate their significance as they did not commence their withdrawal from Kara Tepe until evening of 26th April.

The night of 26th-27th April was very stormy and torrential rain fell making the night march of the detached forces an exceedingly difficult and arduous one. However in spite of inky darkness, boggy ground and flooded streams they reached their objectives by daybreak on 27th. The Abu Gharaib position had, however, been abandoned by the Turks and its retreating garrison was discovered and bombed by our aeroplanes. The detached force on the Lesser Naft came in contact with the Turks retreating from Kara Tepe and fulfilled its mission by heading them off from their direct line of retreat.

The 6th Cavalry Brigade under Brigadier-General P. Holland-Pryor, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.V.O., after an arduous night march, overtook the Turks who had retreated from Abu Gharaib and had taken up a defensive position at Kulawand, covering Tuz Kermatli from the south-east. Feigning a frontal attack, whilst gradually working round the enemy's right flank, our cavalry cut the enemy's line of retreat and then charged right through his infantry killing some 200 including two battalion commanders and capturing 565 prisoners, a mountain gun and considerable booty. After reconnoitring the Ak Su with cavalry and light armoured motor cars, and finding the trenches south of Tuz Kermatli strongly held, the cavalry fell back on the main column which was bivouacked four miles south of Kulawand. This retrograde movement was made with the object of inducing the Turks to believe that our forces, as in previous operations, would retire to their original positions. The move evidently had the desired effect, completely deceiving the enemy and inducing him to remain in his position at Tuz Kermatli and even to reinforce it by bringing up troops from Kirkuk.

The small columns operating on the right had conformed to the general forward movement on the 27th and before darkness on that date had reached Chaman Kupri and the right bank of the upper Diala respectively. Kifri was occupied unopposed on the 28th where some 70 sick Turks were found. The coal mines had been flooded but were otherwise undamaged.

The attack on the enemy position was arranged for the 29th and was fought in two main parts, *viz.*, on both banks of the Ak Su. On the left bank a detached force attacked the enemy and drove him with loss across the river to Tuz Kermatli whilst some prisoners and a machine gun remained in our hands.

The main attack, however, was made on the right bank against the Yanijah Bayuk position and was carried out with great dash by the 38th Infantry Brigade supported by artillery, machine guns, and low-flying aeroplanes. The Turks made a stout resistance but the infantry advanced under heavy artillery and machine gun fire with the greatest rapidity and in the most perfect order. By 7 A.M., the position was carried and the Lancashire men pressing on in pursuit entered Tuz Kermatli capturing the major portion of the Turkish forces. The cavalry and cyclists took up the pursuit of the remnants who were endeavouring to get away through the hills and captured many prisoners and much transport. The enemy suffered severely, over two hundred dead being buried by us alone whilst 1,300 prisoners, 12 field guns, 20 machine guns and large quantities of ammunition fell into our hands. Reconnaissances carried out on the 30th showed that the Turks further north were retiring on Kirkuk and had withdrawn from Tauq. The task which I had set the troops was, therefore, satisfactorily completed and the whole area completely cleared of the enemy. However, on receipt of instructions to continue the pressure and to capture Kirkuk (130 miles distant from railhead) some readjustment of the troops became necessary in order to make the supply situation at all possible. Further action was also delayed by the state of the weather which was very stormy and wet during the first week of May, indeed on the 7th torrential rain caused heavy floods in the rivers which washed away the temporary bridges. Notwithstanding this difficulty reconnaissances were pushed forward and on the 5th May found the Turks holding a position at Taza Khurmatli but this force, evidently a small rear-guard, withdrew at dusk and the place was occupied by our troops on the 6th. The cavalry pushed on ahead and got astride of the southerly road leading from Kirkuk to Altun Kupri. Some opposition was encountered but the Turks continued to withdraw and our main body that night bivouacked seven miles north of Taza Khurmatli after having done a 28-mile march. During this period the 1st Corps, to which was attached the 7th Cavalry Brigade, continued to threaten the Turkish positions on the Tigris and to hold the enemy there to his ground.

On the 7th our leading troops entered Kirkuk unopposed, the Turks having retired from it during the night of 6th-7th leaving behind them 600 sick and wounded soldiers who were in a deplorable sanitary condition and were suffering greatly from malnutrition. A large amount of ammunition and equipment was also captured. Cavalry patrols pushing forward got into touch with the Turkish rear-guard but the state of the ground precluded any large movements. On the 8th our main body reached Kirkuk and the Turks withdrew across the Lesser Zab having prepared the bridge at Altun Kupri for demolition.

7. Difficulties of supply, due to distance and state of the ground, now made it imperative to stop further pursuit. Kirkuk was in an indescribably filthy condition and starvation was rife amongst the inhabitants, our troops therefore were kept very busy in sanitary measures, town control, salving and destruction of military material as well as in the evacuation of prisoners and refugees. For a time a small mobile column was left as a garrison after the main force had been withdrawn, but though it was politically desirable to continue in occupation of this centre of Kurdistan military considerations made this impracticable—all possible transport was required to fufil the rôle allotted to us in Persia and on the 24th May the last of our troops withdrew from Kirkuk. Before the final withdrawal all those of the inhabitants who feared the return of the Turks were evacuated as refugees by their own express desire. Those who took advantage of our offer numbered nearly 1,600 and included Chaldeans, Armenians and Mohammedans.

Owing to the distance covered by these operations, and to the bad weather which prevailed throughout, the work of the troops was very arduous and I have nothing but admiration for the good work put in by all arms and the excellent co-operation which was maintained between them. In prisoners alone over 3,000 Turks were taken whilst our total casualties only amounted to 26 killed and 210 wounded. My thanks are greatly due to the able manner

in which the whole sweeping operation was conducted by Lieutenant-General Egerton, his staff, and the troops under his command.

8. The rain had continued much later in the year than is usual and the road into Persia had, therefore, been impracticable so that in spite of urgent calls I had been unable to send in that direction more than small detachments. The demoralised Russian troops were retreating to the Caspian and with the exception of Lieutenant-Colonel Bicharakov's Partisan Detachment there was nothing to prevent anarchy breaking loose in Persia.

A state of famine prevailed over the whole length of road from Kerind to Kasvin and the Mission under Major-General L. C. Dunsterville, C.B., was largely engaged in relief work. The Persians, who had suffered greatly from both Turks and Russians, were rather naturally averse to yet another belligerent entering into their country and his point of view was sedulously fostered by enemy agents and propagandists. A great deal of good and useful relief work was undertaken by the Dunsterville Mission and much of the prevailing distress was thereby alleviated. In this connection I would like to bring to notice the excellent work done by Mr. and Mrs. Stead (American Missionaries) in the neighbourhood of Kermanshah; there is no doubt that they saved many hundreds of lives by their devotion.

However by the end of May the road to Hamadan became possible, and the matter being urgent, I sent forward troops in Ford vans as far as Kasvin to take over that place (which covers Tehran from the north and west) from Colonel Bicharakov, whose detachment comprised the rear-guard of the Russian troops evacuating Persia.

9. We were now embarked on an operation of great difficulty. From railhead to the Caspian and Enzeli is, by the road, nearly 700 miles and this road, west of Hamadan, is unmetalled and traverses rocky passes, swift running streams and broad alluvial valleys, bridges had been broken and blown up so that temporary expedients for crossing had to be devised. One at least of the passes is over 7,000 feet and the rocky nature of the ground encountered on many stretches of the road wore out tyres with alarming rapidity. The country in the immediate neighbourhood of the road was famine stricken and not only was the food situation an anxious one but much transport was required for the supply of petrol, oil, spare parts, ordnance stores and the many and varied articles of equipment necessary for maintaining a force in the field.

10. On June 1st, General Dunsterville's Mission arrived at Kasvin, then occupied by Colonel Bicharakov's partisans, some 1,200 strong, together with weak British detachments. On the 8th June the Russians marched from Kasvin with the intention of proceeding to Enzeli and thence by ship to Baku. A small British detachment accompanied them. On reaching Mandjil three days later this force found the bridge at that place held by a Gilan tribe, named the Jangalis with whom were several German officers. After a vain endeavour to parley on the part of the Germans the Russians attacked and after capturing the Mandjil bridge pushed on to Resht and Enzeli assisted by our light armoured cars.

The moral effect of this small action was out of all proportion to its military importance, and for a time kept in order the Jangali leaders who had previously been bolstered up by a fictitious prestige. The closely wooded nature of the country round Resht which they inhabit gives them a sense of security which they endeavoured to turn to account by sniping at our convoys which were being sent to Enzeli, but no serious trouble arose until July 20th when they attacked a small British detachment at Resht together with the British Consulate and bank at that place. After some hand to hand street fighting the attack was beaten off and over 100 Jangalis were killed. Our Hampshire and Gurkha troops fought extremely well, and the Jangalis have not only given no more trouble, but have made an agreement not to assist the Turks any further.

11. During June, small detachments were despatched to Bijar and Miane to keep an eye on the possible activities of the Turks against my lengthy line of communications in Persia, and to establish friendly relations with the local tribes. A further reference will be made to minor operations in these districts (see paragraphs 15 and 16).

12. On July 3rd, Colonel Bicharakov sailed from Enzeli for Alyat, 35 miles south-west of Baku. He had previously accepted the post of Commander-in-Chief of the Red Army of the Caucasus. At this time the Government of Baku was purely Bolshevik and strongly opposed to British intervention. Various small actions were fought near Baku during July between the Tartars and Turks on the one side and the Russians and Armenians on the other, but owing to existing disorganisation the resistance offered with the exception of Bicharakov's troops was ineffective and proved powerless to prevent Baku being seriously threatened. On July 26th, a *coup d'etat* took place, the Bolshevik Government being overthrown and its place taken by a Centro-Caspian Dictatorship. The latter at once appealed for British aid, but before it could arrive Bicharakov was convinced that the fall of the town was inevitable, and in consequence of repeated acts of treachery on the part of the Red Guards, drew off his detachment to the north and moved along the coast of the Caspian towards Derbend.

13. What news filtered through from Baku was now very meagre, but the Turks were slow to make the most of their opportunities in occupying the town, and, though a landing of British troops now seemed impracticable, a small mission of British officers with one platoon as escort was despatched to report on the situation These landed in Baku on August 4th. For the time being the appearance of even this small party of British troops, which received an ovation on marching through the town, seemed to have an electrical effect on the citizens and government of Baku, and a Turkish attack on the following day was repulsed with heavy loss.

Further British reinforcements were sent during the remainder of August, but their numbers were restricted by the limitation imposed by the great length and difficulties of the Persian Line of Communication. On arrival they took over portions of the defended perimeter of the town, and every effort was made by General Dunsterville and his staff to instil order into existing chaos. The inhabitants of Baku seemed, however, to think that it was no longer necessary for them to fight now that the British had arrived and they gave our troops little or no assistance. On August 26th, the Turks attacked with considerable determination a pronounced salient in the line; they were well supported by their artillery and charged home with the bayonet. This point was most gallantly held by a British company against odds of five to one, unsupported by local Baku troops who should have been there in reserve. The company suffered heavy casualties before being obliged to withdraw. On August 31st, the Turks made two further attacks, which were beaten off with heavy loss by British and Russian troops, who were however subsequently compelled to give ground owing to the exposure of their flank resultant on the withdrawal of some Armenian battalions. On September 1st further ground was lost, our troops being forced back fighting against heavy odds without any efficient support from our local Allies. During all these attacks the Turks lost heavily, and it was not till the 14th September that they again attacked after receiving large reinforcements. On this date they succeeded in scaling the heights driving out the Armenian troops opposed to them with little difficulty, and thereby causing a re-adjustment of the British line to save a menaced flank. On this flank three very weak British companies held out all day on the last ridge on the outskirts of the town under heavy shell fire and against repeated attacks by the main strength of the Turks. From this ridge the town and harbour are completely dominated, and its possession was of great importance.

An attack by the enemy on the centre was brought to a standstill by rifle fire. A counter-attack by British, Russians and Armenians in this vicinity failed through the British and Russians losing all their officers as well as sustaining heavy casualties in the ranks while Turkish artillery fire arrested the advance of the Armenian troops at an early stage. Throughout the day the North Staffordshire Regiment had fought with great gallantry and were ably supported by the men from Warwick and Worcester as well as by the Dunsterforce armoured cars, which were boldly handled and accounted for large numbers of the enemy.

At 4 P.M., it became evident that the Turks who had been attacking since dawn, were fought to a standstill and could do no more than occupy the positions they had gained. Had an effective counter-attack now been possible it is more than doubtful if the Turks could have withstood it but every British rifle was in the line, and the Russian and Armenian troops were by this time incapable of any further effective action. The town was at the mercy of the enemy, who occupied all the high ground, and could shell the shipping in the port at ranges of 3,000—5,000 yards.

It was decided, therefore, to evacute the British detachment. This decision was communicated to the Baku Government. By 8 P.M., all sick and wounded had been carried on board. Troops and guns were then embarked, and by 10 P.M., all were on board, the three ships which had, since our arrival at Baku, been embarked for our use. These three ships sailed without lights, closely followed by another in which it had been possible to collect explosives and ammunition. This latter ship was hit by gunfire from the guardship at the mouth of the harbour, but the others slipped away unscathed and all four arrived safely at Enzeli.

This British detachment had denied to the enemy for a period of six weeks the town of Baku with its very valuable oil fields, and had caused heavy casualties to the Turks who were compelled to bring up a force of considerable numerical superiority before the capture of the place could be effected.

14. I referred earlier in the despatch to a detachment at Bijar. A road runs through this place to the Urmia district where it was known that the Assyrians, Nestorians, and Jelus, had been successfully resisting the Turks during the earlier summer months. In July, it was decided to get into communication with these tribes by aeroplane and to send them by convoy assistance in the shape of ammunition, machine guns, and money. This convoy reached Sain Kala on 23rd July, but the Assyrians were ten days' late in meeting it and their eventual arrival coincided with the occupation of Urmia by the Turks who drove all the Assyrians out, massacring many, and pursuing them along the road to Sain Kala until checked by our advanced troops. The whole of the Assyrians who survived, men, women and children then poured along the Sain Kala-Bijar road from August 3rd onwards and eventually over 50,000 arrived at Bijar whence they were evacuated unmolested to Hamadan. Large numbers unfortunately died from cholera and privation on the way. After a few days' rest and food all were evacuated in batches of 3,000 at a time down the Persian Lines of Communication to Bakuba, where a large refugee camp had been formed. Men capable of bearing arms were organised into a fighting force and others were employed at work on the roads and elsewhere. Their feeding on the way threw a great strain on my supply staff and practically denuded the reserves of supplies which had been collected for our winter use. The able manner in which this undisciplined mob of men, women and children were dealt with reflects great credit on the staff of the Persian Lines of Communication.

15. I had also kept a detachment at Miane on the Kasvin-Tabriz road and by the end of August I received information that the Turks in Tabriz were collecting transport, and presumed that their intention was to endeavour to raid my vulnerable Lines of Communication in the direction of Kasvin. I have already recounted the difficulties of sending troops and maintaining them in North Persia, and every man I could spare from there had been hurried

to Baku. Consequently I had only extremely weak parties between Kasvin and Tabriz. On September 5th, the Turks attacked an advanced post of irregulars on the road some 45 miles north-west of Miane. This was driven in, and during the next few days my advanced troops gradually fell back fighting before superior numbers of Turks, who occupied Miane on 9th September and took up a strong position to the south of it. By this time, however, I had been able to push reinforcements forward, and brought the Turkish advance to a standstill.

16. My relations with the Bakhtiari Khans to whom are entrusted the safeguarding of the oil-fields near Ahwaz have remained most cordial, and in order to coerce the Kuhgalus, a tribe who had been causing the friendly Ilkhani of the Bakhtiari some annoyance, and at the same time restore security along the Ahwaz-Ispahan road, I placed during June and July a section of mountain artillery at the disposal of the Ilkhani. The results were pre-eminently satisfactory and it is worthy of record that this section of an Indian Mountain Battery in the hottest season of the year covered a distance of 395 miles in 28 marching days and returned with men and animals in excellent condition.

17. The defence of the Lines of Communication on both Tigris and Euphrates have been ably performed. Trouble from riverain tribes is now almost unknown and I have been able to replace regular troops on the Tigris line to a large extent by Arab police and thereby release several battalions for more active work in forward areas.

18. In so far as the climate has permitted, progressive military training has been carried out by all formations since the cessation of active operations in May last. A special feature of this has been the development of schools of instruction, not only at General Headquarters, but also by the various formations throughout the force. These schools are based on the latest models of those on the Western Front, with such special modifications as are desirable for this theatre of war.

In close connection with the above, every encouragement has been given to organised recreational training, and there is no doubt that the health and physique of the men, many of whom are young soldiers, have benefited in no small degree.

19. Uninterrupted progress has been made in the opening up and development of the country. It must be remembered that in the tract of country watered by the middle Euphrates the tribesmen have never felt the weight of our arms, and unlike those on the Lower and Upper Euphrates have never seen our troops in any numbers.

The dredging of the Hammar Lake, which is nearing completion, is likely to open out the Lower Euphrates still further, and the results cannot fail to benefit the whole Euphrates area which is at present deprived of water communication with the Basrah for the 6 busiest months in the year.

From the Hilla district which is now connected with Baghdad by a broad gauge railway some 70 per cent. of the cereals available for the force are derived. The extensive agricultural and irrigation projects in this region bid fair to restore to this once fertile tract the prosperity it enjoyed when Babylon was at her zenith.

The manufacture of prepared bitumen and lime continues at Hit on a large scale. Some 4,000 tons of bitumen and 5,350 tons of lime have been exported during the past four months and it has been found possible after meeting all government demands to allow of private enterprise in this industry by the inhabitants. Steps are also being taken to develop and work the large oil-bearing strata at Naft Khana and other places and to utilise the coal mines at Kifri.

20. The opportunities afforded to the *Royal Navy* during the period under review have been few, but Commodore D. Norris, and the officers and ratings under his command have invariably displayed a spirit of ready co-operation in accordance with their high traditions, and I confidently look forward to their finding a wider scope for their activities in the near future.

21. The hot weather in Mesopotamia of necessity limits the sphere of activity of the *Royal Air Force.* Notwithstanding this, many fine long-distance flights have been undertaken and valuable reconnaissances and much photographic work performed. Some idea may perhaps be gained of their wide range of action when I say that since the conclusion of the Kirkuk operations aeroplanes have been employed on various missions at places as widely separated as Samawa on the Middle Euphrates and Baku in Trans-Caucasia. In fact, whenever troops have operated the pilots and observers of the Royal Air Force have invariably contributed in no small measure to their success, and their boldness and intrepidity are fully recognised by the Army.

22. Great progress has been recorded in the development of the port of Basrah and in the reclamation of low-lying areas in its vicinity. There is now a continuous wharf 3,300 feet in length, adequately equipped with electric cranes, and the entire port railway system has been re-modelled.

23. The Directorate of *Signals and Telegraphs* has had many difficulties to contend with more especially in connection with the extension of the area now controlled by the Force. These have been promptly overcome, and communication well maintained at all times. During the period no fewer than 850 miles of telegraph line carrying 1,700 miles of wire have actually been erected, while 375 additional miles are now under construction.

There has been too a considerable extension in the use of wireless telegraphy, and a complete chain of wireless stations has been established throughout the area now in occupation.

24. *Surveys and the Map Compilation Section* have always risen to the occasion, and have continued to produce a large output of admirable work.

25. The period April 1st to July 13th shows a distinct improvement in the health of the troops as compared with the corresponding weeks of last year :—

	Last year.	This year.
Average weekly admissions on account of sickness. Ratio per cent. of ration strength	1·73	1·45
Average weekly wastage (death and invaliding) on account of sickness. Ratio per cent. of ration strength . . .	0·31	0·16

These figures indicate a very considerable saving to the Force which has been achieved by unremitting care paid by the *medical authorities* to sanitary and medical requirements and to the constant devotion to duty shown by the *Nursing Services.*

The *Red Cross Society* has continued to attend to the needs and comfort of the sick and wounded in a most praiseworthy manner.

Ministration to the spiritual welfare of the troops by *Chaplains* of all denominations continues satisfactorily and the work of Indian Assistant Chaplains is much appreciated amongst Indian Christians.

Considerable progress in the recording of Christian graves has been made and cemeteries are being well maintained.

The Bishop of Lahore paid a welcome visit to the country in June which was much appreciated, and many candidates received Confirmation.

26. The physical and moral recreation of the Force is being attended to, and I am satisfied that the steps taken in forming a *Central Recreational Committee* will have a beneficial result.

Concert parties and cinema performances are universally provided and much appreciated by the troops.

In this connection and on behalf of the Force my grateful thanks are due to—

Queen Alexandra's Field Service Fund	(Patron. H. M. Queen Alexandra).
Indian Comforts for the Troops Fund	(H. E. Lady Chelmsford).
Women's Branch Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund	(H. E. Lady Willingdon).
Sind Women's Branch of Bombay Presidency War Relief Fund	(H. E. Lady Willingdon).
Mesopotamia Comforts' Fund	(Marquess of Sligo).
Indian Soldiers' Fund	(Sir Trevedyn Wynne).
Lady O'Dwyer's Punjab Comforts' Fund	(Lady O'Dwyer).
Central Provinces Comforts' Fund	(Lady Robertson).
Shanghai Comforts' Fund	(Mrs. Sausmarez).
Madras War Fund	(H. E. Lady Pentland).
United Provinces Comforts' Fund	
Bengal Women's War Fund	(Lady Sanderson).

who have so generously provided gifts of money and in kind for the benefit of the troops.

In April we had the honour of a visit from Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon who have, throughout the campaign in Mesopotamia, done so much for the benefit of all members of the Force. Their visit was a source of genuine pleasure to all and they were enabled to see for themselves some of the results of their unremitting labours on our behalf.

27. The difficulties of the administrative departments and services have naturally increased with the extended area now occupied by the Force.

Local Resources have been developed in a very satisfactory manner, and good results achieved. The activities of this department are many and varied, and demand much ingenuity and tact in dealing with the local inhabitants. The most important part of its functions during the past summer has been the preparation for the collection of the harvest; the success attained redounds to the credit of the staff of this Directorate in carrying out this arduous duty at a most trying part of the year.

The harvest though later than was anticipated has been bountiful, and it is confidently expected that in the future the Force will be self-supporting as regards barley and fodder.

Supplies have been satisfactorily maintained, and delivered to the troops with a regularity which is worthy of all praise, when it is remembered that not a single metalled road exists throughout the length and breadth of Mesopotamia.

The work of the *Transport*, particularly of the Mechanical Transport, has been extremely arduous. Immense wear and tear to vehicles has been caused on the Persian road, and it reflects great credit on all concerned to have kept so many vehicles in working order. It is safe to say that a Line of Communication of such a length has never previously been kept up. The strain thrown on the personnel of the *Mechanical Transport* branch has been very considerable but the demands on them have been met with unfailing regularity and willingness.

The development and opening-up of new lines by the *Railway Department* during the period has been most marked. Allusion has already been made to the broad gauge line to Hilla. A narrow gauge extension thence to Kifl on the other branch of the Euphrates

has since been opened to traffic. In the forward areas also much time and labour has been expended in extending both standard and metre gauge lines and the service of trains has been well maintained.

The *Ordnance Services* have kept up their high standard of efficiency. Supplies of clothing, stores and ammunition have been satisfactory and the needs of the troops promptly met.

The responsibilities of the *Department of Works* have increased during the period under review, and though this department has had to contend with a shortage of supervising and subordinate personnel as well as of actual material, the work has been of a consistently high order.

The *Board of Agriculture* was constituted some three months ago, and has already proved of value in co-ordinating with the Political Department the work of the two recently established Directorates of *Irrigation* and *Agriculture*. Considerable irrigation projects are in hand with the object of increasing the food development of the country, but the scope of these is limited by the labour available for the works and the number of cultivators available for the ultimate production of crops. Circle officers have been appointed in order to stimulate agriculture and to improve the methods hitherto employed by the natives. In addition, both government and demonstration farms are being started.

The Directorate of *Labour* has to contend with ever-increasing demands for roads, railways, works, and irrigation, for all of which the requirements in personnel are always inadequate. The necessary steps are being taken to cope with the situation, and it is hoped that the advent of additional Labour Corps from India will ease matters.

The *Remount* and *Veterinary* Departments continue to be administered in a satisfactory manner. It has been recently found possible to supplement drafts of horses from overseas by local purchases. The condition and health of the animals of the Force has been most satisfactory during the past summer as compared with the summer of 1917.

The work performed by the *Inland Water Transport* has as always been of a high order in spite of the hot weather and the difficulties of navigation during the low river season.

The *Postal Service* is successfully competing with the demands made upon it, and these have been especially heavy during the summer months when individuals have more leisure for writing.

28. The period under review has been, owing to the extreme heat during the greater part of it, one of inactivity for the large majority of the troops, and I was enabled to send a large number of officers and men on leave to India. Leave camps at various centres had been kindly arranged for by Army Headquarters in India to which the British troops were sent; the Indian troops were of course able to visit their own homes. The General Officer Commanding, Ceylon, also made arrangements for the reception of a large number of British Officers, and his efforts in this respect have been much appreciated.

Urgent cases (treated for precedence on their merits) were granted leave to the United Kingdom but transport difficulties naturally confined this privilege to a selected few.

The country has gone ahead and is being further developed and the inhabitants are showing by their behaviour that they appreciate the blessings of a just and sympathetic government.

29. I have been throughout most ably and loyally served by my subordinate commanders, staff, and technical advisers and take this opportunity of recording my most sincere thanks for all their good work.

In addition to the names already mentioned I wish to bring to your notice those of :—

Major-General Sir G. F. MacMunn, K.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., Inspector General of Communications.

Major-General W. Gillman, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Chief of the General Staff.

Major-General The Honourable Sir A. R. Montagu Stuart-Wortley, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., Deputy Quartermaster General.

Major-General E. F. Ready, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Deputy Adjutant General.

A further list of names of officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men who have been deemed to have earned special distinction is being forwarded to you on a separate list.

30. This despatch would not be complete without a reference to the valuable services rendered by Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Wilson, C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., Acting Civil Commissioner, and the political officers working under his direction. His advice has always been of the greatest value to me, and I tender him my warmest thanks for the whole-hearted and vigorous support which I have received from him throughout.

31. In addition to the foregoing and in pursuance of the authority delegated to me as Commander-in-Chief, I have made the following immediate awards for gallantry and distinguished service in the field during the period covered by this despatch :—Distinguished Service Order, 8; Military Cross, 29; Bar to Military Cross, 4; Distinguished Conduct Medal, 10; Bar to Distinguished Conduct Medal, 1; Military Medal, 60; Indian Order of Merit, 3; Indian Distinguished Service Medal, 16.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 12th February 1919.

No. 1081-C.—Mr. A. M. Brigstocke has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 16th December 1918 or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India.

The 14th February 1919.

No. 1144-C.—The services of Mr. S. R. Hignell, C.I.E., of the Indian Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Army Department, with effect from the 8th February 1919.

No. 1146-C.—Mr. G. M. Young, of the Indian Civil Service, Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department is appointed to be Deputy Secretary in that Department, with effect from the 8th February 1919, until further orders.

No. 1148-C.—Mr. A. Macleod, of the Indian Civil Service, officiating Additional Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, is appointed to be Under Secretary in that Department, with effect from the 8th February 1919, until further orders.

No. 1150-C.—Mr. C. B. Barry, of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Additional Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department with effect from the 8th February 1919, until further orders.

No. 1152-C.—Rai Bijay Krishna Banerji Bahadur, a Superintendent in the Home Department, is placed on special duty with effect from the 1st February 1919.

No. 1154-C.—In consequence of the deputation of Rai Bijay Krishna Banerji Bahadur on special duty, the following arrangements among Superintendents in the Home Department are notified with effect from the 1st February 1919 in modification of those announced in the Home Department notifications nos. 966, 561-C., 787-C. and 789-C., dated the 16th August 1918, 22nd and 31st January 1919, respectively:—

Mr. U. C. Stuart to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. K. P. Anantan to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. T. P. Roy to be a temporary Superintendent, 3rd grade.

Mr. B. Otto to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

Mr. W. D'Almeida to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

No. 1156-C.—Mr. A. C. Walker is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 16th October 1918.

JUDICIAL.

The 11th February 1919.

No. 1056-C.—The services of Maulvi Barkat Ali Khan, Junior Subordinate Judge, Delhi, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th November 1918.

MEDICAL.

The 12th February 1919.

No. 1083-C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to appoint Senior Assistant Surgeon Khan Bahadur Erachji Sheriarji Bharucha, L.M. & S., Assistant to the Civil Surgeon, Poona, to be an Honorary Assistant Surgeon on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 25th December 1918, *vice* Senior Assistant Surgeon Sorabji Fardunji Gandhi, tenure expired.

The 14th February 1919.

No. 1158-C.—Captain B. Gale, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to be Additional Assistant Director General, Indian Medical Service, as a temporary measure, with effect from the 6th January 1919.

POLITICAL.

The 10th February 1919.

No. 171.—Mr. D. Petrie, M.A., C.B.E., C.I.E., Superintendent of Police, Punjab, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and in continuation furlough for one year and nine months under Articles 233 and 308 (6) of the C. S. Regulations with effect from the 15th March 1919 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

J. H. DUBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

EDUCATION.

Delhi, the 12th February 1919.

No. 171.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, sub-section 3 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to approve of the following elections of Ordinary Fellows by the Registered Graduates of the University with effect from the dates mentioned against their names:—

(1) Babu Pramathanath Banerjee, M.A., B.L., with effect from the 29th March 1919.

(2) The Hon'ble Mr. Mahendranath Ray, C.I.E., M.A., B.L., with effect from the 29th March 1919.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 8th February 1919.

No. 523-I. C.—*Errata.*—In the notification by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 1-I. C., dated the 1st January 1919, announcing certain appointments to, and promotions in, the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for the words "Mrs. Betty Beachcroft, Calcutta National Indian Association Branch of Lady Carmichael's War Fund, Bengal" *read* "Mrs. Elizabeth Beachcroft, Calcutta National Indian Association Branch of Lady Carmichael's War Fund, Bengal"; and for the words "Babu Panchanan Sarkar, Rajshahi, Bengal" *read* "Babu Panchanan Barma, M.A., B.L., Rajshahi, Bengal."

No. 464-Est. A.—Major G. D. Ogilvie of the Political Department, on return from military duty, is appointed to be a Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, provisionally, with effect from the 15th January 1919.

Notification No. 350-Est. A., dated the 29th January 1919, is hereby cancelled.

The 12th February 1919.

No. 500-Est. A.—Major C. B. McConaghy, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Agency Surgeon in Bhopal, with effect from the 28th January 1919.

No. 502-Est. A.—*Corrigendum.*—Notification No. 104-Est. A., dated the 4th January 1919, replacing Major J. S. Crosthwaite's services at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India is hereby cancelled.

No. 576-I. B.—IN exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Law to regulate the import, transport, export, sale and possession of opium and its preparations, including morphia, hemp drugs, coca, cocaine and cocaine substitutes, in certain areas in Central India and Rajputana in which the Governor General in Council exercises jurisdiction:—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Law may be called the Central India and Rajputana Intoxicating Drugs Law, 1919.

(2) It extends to the following areas, namely:—

(i) the Cantonment of Agar,

(ii) the Cantonment of Guna,

(iii) the Cantonment of Sehore,

(iv) the Sutna Agency Area, and

(v) the lands situate in Central India and Rajputana which are, or may hereafter be, occupied by—

(a) the Baran-Kotah Railway,
(b) the Bhopal-Itarsi Railway,
(c) the Bhopal-Ujjain Railway,
(d) the Bina-Guna-Baran Railway,
(e) the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Midland Section,
(f) the Godhra-Ratlam-Nagda Railway,
(g) the Nagda-Muttra Railway,
(h) the Nagda-Ujjain Railway, and
(i) the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, including the Holkar State Railway, but excluding the portion of the Malwa Section south of the northern end of the Narbada Bridge and the Cawnpore-Achnera Section.

Definitions.

2. In this Law—

(i) "Coca" means the dried or green leaves of the coca plant (*Erythroxylum coca*) and includes the plant itself.

(ii) "Cocaine" means the alkaloid obtained from the coca plant, and includes all preparations and admixtures thereof.

(iii) "Cocaine substitute" means any such synthetic preparation as has a physiological action similar to that of cocaine or any other synthetic preparation declared by notification by the Controlling Authority to be a cocaine substitute.

(iv) "Controlling Authority" means the Agent to the Governor General in Central India as regards the areas in Central India, and the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana as regards the areas in Rajputana.

(v) "Export" means to take from a specified area to any place beyond the limits of such area.

(vi) "Hemp drugs" means the leaves and flowering tops of the hemp plant (*cannabis sativa*) and *ganja*, *bhang*, *charas*, and every similar preparation made therefrom.

(vii) "Import" means to bring into a specified area from any place beyond the limits of such area.

(viii) "Intoxicating drug" means opium and its preparations including morphia, hemp drugs, coca, cocaine and cocaine substitutes.

(ix) "Licensed druggist" means a druggist who has been licensed under this Law to sell morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes, or any of them.

(x) "Magistrate" means for any area in Central India the District Magistrate, any Magistrate of the first class and any other Magistrate specially empowered by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India in this behalf, and for any area in Rajputana, the Railway Magistrate having jurisdiction.

(xi) "Morphia" means the alkaloid of opium known as morphia or morphine, and includes all preparations and admixtures thereof.

(xii) "Notification" means a notification in the *Gazette of India*.

(xiii) "Opium" includes capsules of the poppy plant which have not been dried or from which the juice has not been extracted.

(xiv) "Place" includes building, house, shop, tent, booth, enclosure, vessel, raft and vehicle.

(xv) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rule under this Law.

(xvi) "Specified area" means the area specified in any of the clauses or sub-clauses of sub-section (2) of section 1, or, if the Controlling Authority by notification in respect of import, transport, or export so directs, any portion of such an area, or combination of two or more such areas or portions of areas.

(xvii) "Transport" means to remove from one place to another within a specified area.

Cultivation of plants producing intoxicating drugs.

3. No plant from which any intoxicating drug may be produced shall be cultivated.

Prohibition regarding morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes.

4. Save as permitted by rules made by the Controlling Authority in this behalf no morphia, cocaine, or cocaine substitute shall be imported, transported, exported, possessed or sold.

Import, transport, export, possession and sale of other intoxicating drugs in the Cantonments of Agar, Guna, Sehore, and the Sutna Agency.

5. In the Cantonments of Agar, Guna and Sehore, and in the Sutna Agency no opium or preparation of opium (not being morphia) or hemp drugs shall be imported, transported, exported, possessed or sold otherwise than as permitted by rules made by the Controlling Authority in this behalf.

Import, transport, export, possession and sale of other intoxicating drugs in other areas specified by the Controlling Authority.

6. In any specified area, other than those mentioned in section 5, to which the Controlling Authority by notification declares the provisions of this section to apply no opium or preparation of opium (not being morphia) or hemp drugs shall be imported, transported, exported, possessed or sold.

Provided that this prohibition shall not extend to—

(1) the import, transport, export or possession of opium or its preparations (not being morphia) or of hemp drugs provided that the same are:

(a) declared as such to the Railway Authorities and carried in their custody and not in that of a passenger;

(b) in transit to a place in Central India or Rajputana, or, in the case of opium, to the Hyderabad State;

(c) accompanied by a pass granted by—

(i) a Political Officer in Central India or Rajputana;

(ii) any other officer specially empowered by the Controlling Authority in this behalf;

(iii) an officer of the State or other area of destination empowered under the law of such State or area to issue such passes;

authorizing conveyance from a place specified therein to a place similarly specified and within the State or area for the import into which of opium and its preparations or of hemp drugs, as the case may be, the officer granting it is empowered to grant passes, by the most direct route and within a period specified therein;

and

(d) carried in securely sealed packages from and to the place, by the route, and within the period specified in the pass;

(2) the import, transport, export or possession of opium or its preparations (not being morphia) or of hemp drugs in quantities not exceeding those from time to time specified by the Controlling Authority in this behalf;

(3) the import, transport, export or possession of opium or its preparations (not being morphia) or of hemp drugs in compliance with such special conditions (if any) as may be specified by the Controlling Authority in this behalf.

Prohibition as to import, transport and export by post.

7. No intoxicating drug shall be imported, transported or exported by means of the post.

Major offences.

8. Whoever, in contravention of this Law or of any rule made thereunder, cultivates any plant from which any intoxicating drug may be produced, or imports, transports, exports, possesses or sells any intoxicating drug shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both.

Minor offences.

9. Whoever breaks any condition of a license or pass granted under this Law, for the breach of which no other penalty is imposed, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and on conviction of any person under this section his license or pass may be cancelled by the authority which granted it.

Attempt, abetment and possession of illicit drug.

10. Whoever attempts to commit any offence punishable under this Law, or abets the commission of any such offence, or otherwise than in the performance of his duty under this Law receives or retains any intoxicating drug in respect of which he knows or has reason to believe that any such offence has been committed, shall be punishable with the punishment provided for such offence.

Enhanced punishment after previous conviction.

11. Whoever, having been previously convicted of an offence punishable under section 8 or under section 10 read with section 8, subsequently commits any such offence, shall be liable to twice the punishment which might be imposed on a first conviction.

Confiscation.

12. Any intoxicating drug in respect of which any offence punishable under section 8 has been committed, may be confiscated by any Magistrate within the local limits of whose jurisdiction it is found, whether the accused is or is not convicted.

Warrants of arrest and search.

13. (1) Whenever a Magistrate has reason to believe—

(a) that any person has committed an offence under section 8, or under section 10 read with section 8, or

(b) that any intoxicating drug in respect of which such an offence has been, is being or is likely to be, committed, is kept or sold in any place,

such Magistrate may issue a warrant for the arrest of such person, or for the search of such place by day or by night.

(2) A Magistrate issuing a warrant for the arrest of any person under this section may, by endorsement on the warrant, direct that, if such person executes a bond with sufficient sureties for his attendance before the Magistrate, the person to whom the warrant is directed shall take such security, and shall release the person arrested from custody, and the person executing such warrant shall in such a case give effect to such direction.

(3) The person executing a warrant under this section may exercise any or all of the powers specified in section 13, and shall forward anything seized, and, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), any person arrested, to the Magistrate by whom such warrant was issued.

Arrest and seizure without warrant.

14. Any officer of the Police, Excise or Octroi Departments, subject to the prescribed restrictions, may—

(a) seize and detain any intoxicating drug which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under this Law; and

(b) detain and search, and, if he thinks proper, arrest without warrant any person whom he has reason to believe to have committed an offence under section 8 or section 10 read with section 8.

Search without warrant.

15. Whenever a Police Officer not below the rank of Head Constable, or an officer of the Excise or Octroi Department, not below such rank as may be prescribed, has reason to believe that any intoxicating drug in respect of which an offence under section 8 or section 10 read with section 8 has been, is being or is likely to be, committed, is kept or concealed in any place, and that a search warrant cannot be obtained without affording the offender an opportunity of escape or of concealing evidence of the offence, he may, after recording the grounds of his belief, enter and search such place by day or by night, and may exercise therein all or any of the powers specified in section 13.

Application of Criminal Procedure Code.

1898. 16. Save as in this Law otherwise expressly provided, the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, relating to searches, arrests and warrants shall apply, so far as may be, to all searches and arrests made, and warrants issued, under this Law.

Procedure after arrest or seizure.

17. (1) Whenever any officer makes an arrest or seizure under section 13 or section 15 he shall, without delay, take or send any person arrested or thing seized to the officer in charge of the nearest Police-station, together with a report of the particulars of such seizure or arrest, and shall also send a like report to his immediate superior, who shall forward the same to a Magistrate having jurisdiction.

(2) An officer in charge of a Police-station, to whom any person arrested or thing seized is made over, shall forthwith forward such person or thing to a Magistrate having jurisdiction, unless he considers further inquiry necessary, in which case he shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898:

Provided that such officer may, instead of forwarding a person arrested to the Magistrate, take a bond with such sureties as he may think sufficient for the attendance of such person before the Magistrate on a date to be specified; and in such case, he shall forward the bond taken to the Magistrate.

Exemptions.

18. (1). Nothing in this Law shall apply to—

(a) the import, transport, export, possession or sale of intoxicating drugs on behalf of Government, or

(b) intoxicating drugs in transit to or from British India in accordance with the law of British India.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the Controlling Authority may, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, by notification, either wholly or partially, and subject to such conditions, if any, as it may think fit, exempt any medicinal preparations containing intoxicating drugs, or any class of such preparations, from all or any of the provisions of this Law.

Rules.

19. The Controlling Authority may, by notification, make rules for all or any of the following purposes, namely,—

(1) to permit, absolutely or subject to the payment of duty or other conditions, and to regulate within all or any of the areas mentioned in section 5 the import, transport, export, possession and sale of intoxicating drugs;

(2) to permit, absolutely or subject to conditions, and to regulate within any railway lands to which this Law applies, the import, transport, export, possession and sale of morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes;

(3) to regulate the disposal of things confiscated or seized as liable to confiscation under this Law;

(4) to regulate the powers and duties of officers under this Law; and

(5) generally to carry out the provisions of this Law.

The 13th February 1919.

No. 508-Est. A.—Mr. J. R. Makeig-Jones, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department, is posted as City Magistrate, Peshawar, with effect from the 30th January 1919.

No. 522-Est. A.—Second Lieutenant J. C. B Drake, O.B.E., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 16th Cavalry, was employed on special duty under the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department from the 5th December 1918 to the 31st January 1919, inclusive.

No. 523-Est. A.—The services of Second-Lieutenant J. C. B. Drake, O.B.E, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 16th Cavalry, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 1st February 1919.

No. 589-I. C.—*Erratum*.—In the notification by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 3988-I. C., dated the 19th December 1918, announcing certain appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for the words "Colonel Alfred William Sheen, M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps (T. F.)" *read* "Colonel Alfred William Sheen, M.D., T.D., Army Medical Service (T. F.)."

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The 11th February 1919.

No. 419-G.—With reference to Notification No. 358-G., dated the 9th April 1918, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Donald Meik as Acting Consul for Portugal at Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. G. D. Lys.

No. 428-G.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Donald Meik as Acting Consul for Uruguay at Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. G. D. Lys.

The 12th February 1919.

No. 496-Est. A.—Mr. D. L. Morgan, Assistant Commissioner, Port Blair, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 30th January 1919.

The 13th February 1919.

No. 510-Est. A.—Mr. R. H. Williamson, Indian Civil Service (United Provinces), has been placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf with effect from the 5th October 1918.

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 12th February 1919.

No. 192-F. E.—Mr. R. Srinivasa Ayyar has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the 29th January 1919.

No. 193-F. E.—Lala Chaman Lal, a senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office with effect from the 19th January 1919 and until further orders.

No. 203-F. E.—In Notification No. 1561-F. E., published on page 2010 of Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 21st December 1918, *read* "5th December 1918" *for* "4th December 1918."

The 13th February 1919.

No. 188-Gl. (F. E.).—Major H. B. Drake, I.M.S., on reversion from military duty is appointed to officiate as Assay Master, Calcutta, with effect from the forenoon of the 7th February 1919.

Dr. W. A. K. Christie is posted as Deputy Assay Master, Calcutta, with effect from the same date.

H. F. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 15th February 1919.

No. 1446-D.—The following War Trade Department list, dated the 9th January 1919, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom is published for general information :—

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT,
4, CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
WESTMINSTER, S. W. 1,
9th January, 1919.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited by the Royal Proclamation of the 10th May, 1917, as amended by Orders of Council of the 22nd June, 1917, the 13th July, 1917, the 14th August, 1917, the 28th August, 1917, the 18th October, 1917, the 27th November, 1917, the 18th December, 1917, the 22nd January, 1918, the 8th February, 1918, the 26th February, 1918, the 8th March, 1918, the 12th April, 1918, the 25th April, 1918, the 14th May, 1918, the 11th June, 1918, the 2nd July, 1918, the 30th July, 1918, the 6th August, 1918, the 27th August, 1918, the 1st October, 1918, the 15th October, 1918, the 19th November, 1918, the 29th November, 1918, the 6th December, 1918, the 13th December, 1918, the 20th December, 1918, the 24th December, 1918, the 27th December, 1918, the 3rd January, 1919, and the 7th January, 1919, further amended by Notices appearing in the *"Board of Trade Journal," to be exported from the United Kingdom to the following destinations, viz.:—

Goods marked **(A)** to All Destinations;

Goods marked **(B)** to All Ports and Destinations Abroad other than Ports and Destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates;

List C.—By order of Council dated the 1st October, 1918, as amended by order of Council of the 24th December, 1918, and the 7th January, 1919, All Goods (other than (1) printed matter and (2) personal effects accompanied by their owners) are prohibited from export to All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, Belgium, Portugal, Greece, Spain, Morocco, Palestine and Syria as far North as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway, inclusive, and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries.

NOTE.—Goods removed from "A" or "B" automatically come under List C. See, however, the following :—

APPENDIX No. 1 . . . Open General Licences.
Page 16.

APPENDIX No. 2 . . . List of Free Goods.
Pages 17-18.

**Orders of Council and notices issued subsequently to the date of this list are published in the* "Board of Trade Journal," *which may be obtained either directly or through any bookseller from the undermentioned branches of H. M. Stationery Office:—*

London : Imperial House, Kingsway, W. C. 2 ;
Cardiff : 1, St. Andrew's Crescent ;
Manchester : 37, Peter Street ;
Edinburgh : 23, Forth Street ;
or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 115, Grafton Street, Dublin.

This list cancels all similar lists issued by the War Trade Department prior to 9th January, 1919.

A

Abrasives, aritificial, see Carborundum.
(B) Accoutrements, not otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
(A) Aceto-celluloses.
(A) Aerated and Mineral Waters, except unsweetened mineral waters; (1-5-17) (29-11-18).
(A) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
Agricultural machinery, see Machinery.
(A) Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
Aircraft, Steel stampings suitable for, see Steel.
Ajowan seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Albumen, other than blood albumen; (8-9-16) (19-2-17) (20-12-18).
Ale, see Beer.
Alkaline bromides, see Bromine.
Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.
Alundum, see Carborundum.
(A) Ammonia and its salts, whether simple or compound, and mixtures containing such salts; (19-1-17) (22-1-18) (6-8-18).
(A) Anchors; (30-3-17).
(A) Aneroids suitable for aircraft.
Animal fats, see Fats.
Animal hair, see Hair.
Animal hoofs, see Gluestock.
Animal oils, see Oils.
Animal waxes, see Waxes.
(A) Animals, living, for food; (12-12-16).
(A) Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war; (8-1-15).
Apatites, see Phosphate Rock.
(A) Areca or betel nuts; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
Armoured cable, see Cables.
(A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.
(A) Arrowroot.
(A) Asbestos, raw, crude, and opened fibre; (27-11-17) (13-12-18).
(A) Asphalt and articles containing asphalt; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
(A) Asphalt, coal tar; (25-5-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).

B

(A) Baggings, old.
Bags, see Sacks, also Nitrate.
(A) Baking powder; (12-3-17).
(A) Balsam of tolu; (19-11-18).
(A) Banana meal and banana flour and preparations containing banana meal and banana flour; (22-6-17).
Banknotes, see Notes.
Barbed wire, see Wire.
(A) Barium sulphate; (11-6-18) (6-8-18) (20-12-18).
Bark, see Cinchona.
(A) Barley, barley meal and pearled and pot barley.
(B) Barographs, suitable for aircraft; (6-12-18).
(A) Barometers and their component parts; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Barrels and casks, wooden (other than such barrels or casks as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods), whether whole or in shooks, and their distinctive component parts; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
(A) Basic slag; (23-10-16).
(B) Bauxite.
(A) Bayonets and their component parts.
(A) Beans of all kinds including baricots; (12-12-16) (27-11-17).
(A) Bean flour and meal.
(A) Beer and ale; (1-5-17).
Beet seed, see Seeds.
(A) Benzol and its compounds and preparations.
Betel Nuts, see Areca.
(A) Binder twine; (23-10-16) (12-3-17).
Biscuit meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Biscuits.
(A) Bitumen, liquid or solid, and articles containing bitumen; (10-5-17 (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
(A) Boats and craft; (10-5-17) (18-12 17)
(A) Boilers (not including portable boilers) and their component parts (25-5-16) (14-5-18).
(B) Boiler tubes.
(A) Bones (except fish bones) in any form and bone ash (see also Whalebone).
(A) Boots and shoes (children's), with soles or uppers of leather; (8-7-16) (30-3-17).
Bran, see Offals of Corn.
Brass, see Copper.
(A) Bread.
Brewers' grains, see Grains.
(B) Bristles, of European origin; (26-6-16); (8-3-18); (2-7-18).
Broccoli seed, see Seeds.
(A) Bromine and alkaline bromides; (12-4-18).
Bronze, see Copper.
Brussels sprouts seed, see Seeds.
(A) Buckwheat; (12-12-16).
Buffalo hides, see Hides.
Bullion, see Silver.
(A) Butter.

C

Cabbage seed, see Seeds.
(A) **Cables**, chain.
(B) Cables, armoured, other than lead-sheathed, for which see Copper; (20-12-18).
Cables, see also Copper.
(B) Cadmium, alloys of cadmium and cadmium ore; (15-8-16).
(A) **Cakes and Meals** (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
Biscuit meal;
Calf meal

Cocoanut and poonac cake;
Compound cakes and meal;
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal;
Fish meal and concentrated fish;
Gluten meal or gluten feed;
Ground nut or earth nut cake and meal;
Hemp seed cake and meal;
Husk meal;
Linseed cake and meal;
Locust bean meal;
Maize germ meal;
Maize meal and flour;
Meat meal;
Palm nut cake and meal;
Poppy seed cake and meal;
Rape seed or colza seed cake and meal;
Sesame seed cake and meal;
Soya bean cake and meal;
Sunflower seed cake and meal;
Whale cake;

(A) Cakes.
Calf meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Calfskins.
(A) Calves' stomachs; (25-5-16).
Camp kettles, see Kettles.
(B) Camphor; (1-5-17).
(A) Candles; (1-5-17) (8-2-18).
(A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
(A) Cantharides; (12-4-18).
(A) Canvas cuttings.
(A) Canvas, old ships'.
Caoutchouc, see Gums.
(A) Caramel, liquid or solid; (1-5-17).
(A) Carbon, coke oven; (6-8-18).
(A) Carbon, gas; (19-2-17).
(A) Carbon, pitch; (6-8-18).
Carbonyl chloride, see Phosgene.
(B) Carborundum, alundum, crystolon and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof; (7-6-16) (17-11-16) (11-6-18) (6-12-18).
Card pins, see Steel.
Card wire, see Wire.
Carnauba wax, see Wax.
Carrot seed, see Seeds.
(A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
Carriages, see railway.
(A) Casein and preparations thereof; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Casings, hog; (20-12-18).
Casks, see Barrels.
(A) Cassava Powder.
Castings, see Armour Plates and Shipbuilding material.
Cast iron guttering, &c., see Guttering.
Cast iron pipes, see Pipes.
Cattle foods, see Cakes and Meals.
Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, see Patent.
Cattle hides, see Hides.
Cauliflower seed, see Seeds.
Caustic potash, see Potash.
Cedar-wood, oil of, see Oils.
Celery seed, see Seeds.
(A) Celluloid.
(A) "Celluloid" sheet, non-inflammable and similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water.
(A) Cement for building and engineering purposes; (14-5-18).
(A) Cereals, Prepared foods derived wholly or partly from.
Chain cables, see Cables.
(A) Cheese.
(A) Chicory; (30-3-17) (27-11-17).
Chicory seed, see Seeds.
(A) Chick peas; (12-12-16).
(A) Chlorate, potassium, and mixtures containing potassium chlorate; (19-11-18).
(B) Chrome ore.
(B) Chromium, compounds of (except chromium acetate, chromium chlorate and chromium nitrate), and mixtures containing such compounds of chromium.
(B) Chromium acetate; (19-11-18).
(B) Chromium chlorate; (19-11-18).
(B) Chromium nitrate; (19-11-18).
(A) Chronometers and their component parts; (23-10-16) (15-10-18).
(A) Cinchona bark, its alkaloids and their salts and preparations of any of these substances; (1-5-17) (27-11-17) (22-1-18).
Cloth, see Jute; Wool; &c.
Clover seed, see Seeds.
Cloves, see Spices.
(A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal; (27-11-17).
Coal tar asphalt, see Asphalt.
(B) Coal tar pitch; (15-10-18).
(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha, cresylic acid and mixtures containing cresylic acid), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives; (26-7-16) (29-11-18) (20-12-18).
(A) Cobaltchrom and similar alloys; (12-4-18).
(A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations; (17-11-16).
Cocoanut cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof except cocoa butter; (19-2-17) (20-12-18).
(B) Cocoa butter; (20-12-18).
(A) Cocoa husks; (19-2-17).
(A) Cocoa shells; (19-2-17).
Cocoons, see Silk.
(A) Coffee; (19-2-17).
(A) Coffee essence, including coffee essence containing Chicory; (27-11-17).
(B) Coir yarn; (1-5-17).
(A) Coke and manufactured fuel; (18-12-17).
Comb pins, see Steel.
Combings, see Malt.

Compound cakes and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Condenser tubes, see Shipbuilding Materials.
(A) Condiments (except table salt) not otherwise specifically prohibited; (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Confectionery manufactured wholly, or partly of sugar; (12-3-17).
(A) **Copper,** whether refined or unrefined, unwrought, wrought, or partly wrought of all kinds and descriptions, including brass, bronze, yellow metal, and all other alloys of copper; (23-2-17).

Copper manufactures, the following :—
(A) Wires and cables, insulated, the following :—

Enamelled copper wire.
Lead-sheathed cable.
Silk-covered wire.
Submarine cable.

(A) Copper ore; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate; (27-2-17).
(A) Copper sulphate; (12-4-18).
Cordage and Twine, see binder twine; Flax; Hemp manufactures.
(A) Cork and cork dust; (22-1-18) (14-5-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Cornflour.
(A) Corn grits.
Corn offals, see Offals.
(A) Cotton rags and rags containing cotton.
(A) Cotton, raw; (12-3-17).
Cotton seed cake, and cotton seed meal, see Cakes and Meal.
Craft, see Boats.
(A) Cream of Tartar.
Cresol, see meta-cresol; para-cresol.
(A) Crysolite; (15-8-16).
Crystolon, see Carborundum
Culms, see Malt.
(B) Cutch, and extracts thereof; (28-8-17) (19-11-18).
(B) Cylinders, metal, capable of use for the storage of gases or liquids under pressure; (14-8-17) (19-11-18).

D

(A) Dari.
(A) Deer skins; (15-10-18).
(A) Dextrine and all articles and mixtures and preparations containing dextrine; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
Dhol, see Gram.
Diesel engines, see Shipbuilding material.
(A) Dimethylaniline.
Distillers' grains, see Grains, &c.
(B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
(B) Draw plates, jewelled for drawing wire; (8-1-15).
(A) Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.

E

Earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Eggs in shells.
(A) Egg Powder; (1-5-17).
(A) Egg, yolk and liquid; (8-9-16) (19-2-17).
Electric lamp filaments, see Tungsten.
Enamel, gold, see Gold.
Engines, internal combustion, see Shipbuilding material.
Engines, see Aeroplane; Railway carriages.
Equipment web, see Web.
(A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot; (10-5-17) (12-4-18) (15-10-18).
(A) Esparto grass.
(A) Explosives, other than industrial; (19-11-18).

F

Faller pins, see Steel.
(A) Farina; (19-2-17).
(A) Fats, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such fats, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (19-2-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Fatty acids, and articles and mixtures containing fatty acids, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (27-11-17).
(A) Felt, roofing; (26-2-18).
Ferberite, see Tungsten Ores.
Ferro-alloys, the following :—
(B) Ferro-cerium.
(B) Ferro-manganese; (22-6-17) (13-12-18).
(B) Ferro-titanium.
(B) Ferro-vanadium.
(B) Silicon spiegel; (15-8-16).
(B) Spiegeleisen.
(B) Ferro-silicon; (13-12-18).
Fibre, Maguey, see Hemp.
(A) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (15-8-16) (19-12-16) (1-5-17) (28-8-17) (8-2-18).
Filaments for Electric Lamps, see Tungsten.
(A) Firearms and their component parts; (8-2-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Fish, except the following :—
Bloaters (tinned) and bloater paste, chinchards, herrings (tinned), kippers (tinned), mackerel (tinned or pickled), sprats (including tinned sprats), white fish (tinned) (27-12-18).
(A) Fish hooks; (18-10-17).
Fish oil, see Oils.
(A) Fishing gear, not including tackle for fishing by rod and line; (15-10-18) (13-12-18).
Fishmeal and concentrated fish, see Cakes and Meal.

(A) Flax and linen, all goods wholly or partly manufactured of, except canvas hose and made up articles of wearing apparel; (29-9-16) (28-8-17) (27-11-17) (18-12-17) (8-2-18).
(See also Appendix No. 1, page 16.)
(A) Flax cordage and twine; (18-12-17).
(A) Flax, raw.
(A) Flax shakings.
(A) Flax tow.
(A) Flax waste.
Fleshes, see Pickled Grains.
Flour, see Banana; Bean; Corn; Lentil; Malt; Maize; Pea; Potato; Rice; Rye; Sago; Tapioca; Wheat.
Foods prepared from cereals, see Cereals.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, see specific headings as, *e.g.*, Beans; Cakes; Hay, Oats, &c.
(A) Forage, green.
(A) Fruit and fruit preserves, except olives; (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (19-2-17).
(A) Fuel economisers constructed of cast iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers; (12-12-16).
Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.
(B) Fustic (chips and extracts); (22-1-18) (19-11-18).

G

(A) Gall nuts and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
Galvanised wire, see Wire.
(A) Gambier and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
(A) Game.
Gas carbon, see Carbon.
Gas meters and component parts thereof, see Tinplates.
Gilding solution, see Gold.
Gill pins, see Steel.
(A) Ginger, crystallised or preserved; (2-2-17) (10-5-17), see also Spices.
(A) Glucose, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
(A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (14-5-18) (19-11-18) (27-12-18).
Gluten meal, or Gluten feed, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Goat skins; (18-10-17).
(A) Goldbeater's skin.
(A) Gold leaf; (15-10-18).
(A) Gold, liquid, including gold paint, gold enamel, gilding solution and all other pigments containing gold; (12-1-18).
(A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'; (12-12-16).
Grains, Pickled, see Pickled.
(A) Gram or dhol; (12-12-16).
(A) Grass, esparto.
Grass seed, see Seeds.
(A) Green forage; (12-12-16).
(A) Grenades and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
Ground nut, or earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Guanos, except whale guano; (2-2-17) (3-1-19).
(B) Gums containing caoutchouc.
(A) Gum arabic; (20-12-13).
(A) Gum tragacanth; (20-12-18).
Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
Gun-metal, see Copper.
(A) Guttering, cast iron, and cast iron gutter fittings and connections; (2-7-18).

H

Hackle pins, see Steel.
(A) Hair, animal, and tops, noils, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).
(B) Hammers, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
Haricots, see Beans.
Hawsers, see Steel.
(A) Hay.
Heald wire, see Wire.
(A) Heliographs and their component parts; (2-7-18).
Hemp and hemp manufactures, the following:—
(A) Hemp ropes, old.
(A) Hemp waste.
(A) Hemp of all kinds (including Indian hemp used in textile manufacture), Maguey fibre and manufactures thereof, except Tagal braid; (8-3-18). (See also Appendix No. 1, page 16.)
Hempseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(B) Henbane; (10-5-17).
(A) Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses.
(A) Hides and pelts, clippings of; (12-12-16) (14-5-18).
Hides and pelts untanned, see Gluestock, &c.
Hog casings, see Casings.
(A) Hominy.
(A) Honey and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing honey; (25-5-16) (19-2-17).
Hoofs, animals, see Gluestock.
(A) Horns, ox and cow; (29-11-18).
Horsehides, see Hides.
Hosiery needles, see Needles.
Hubnerite, see Tungsten Ores.
Husk meal, see Cakes and Meals
(B) Huts, wooden.
(A) Hydrobromic acid; (11-6-18).
(B) Hydrogen peroxide; (30-3-17).
(A) Hydroquinone, and mixtures containing hydroquinone.

I

(A) Indigo, synthetic; (6-8-18).
(A) Invert sugar, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing invert sugar; (28-8-17).

(B) Iridium and its alloys and manufactures containing iridium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Iron and steel castings, and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships, see Shipbuilding Material.
Iron; (1-5-17), the following:—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other sectional material.
(A) Bars, including flats, rounds and other sections and shapes.
(A) Billets, blooms and slabs.
(A) Bridgework, pierwork and constructional material.
Castings, see Armour plates; also Shipbuilding material.
Channels, see Angles above.
Constructional material, see Bridgework above.
Flats, see Bars above.
Forgings, see Shipbuilding material
Guttering, &c., cast, see Guttering.
(A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles above.
(A) Ore.
Pierwork, see Bridgework above.
(A) Pig.
(B) Pipes, wrought (see also Pipes, cast).
Piping, see Piping.
(A) Plates and sheets.
(A) Pyrites.
Radiators, see Radiators.
Rails, see Railway material.
Rounds, see Bars above.
(A) Scrap.
Sections, see Bars above.
(A) Sheet bars.
Sheets, see Plates above.
Slabs, see Billets above.
Sleepers, see Railway material.
Springs, see Railway material.
Tees, see Angles above.
(B) Tubes.
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
Wire rope, see Wire.

J

(A) Jalap; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Jute rags; (15-1-17).
(A) Jute, raw and carded; (12-3-17).
(A) Jute threads; (18-12-17)
(A) Jute waste.
(A) Jute wrappers (Surat tares) other than such wrappers as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (28-6-16) (19-12-16).
(A) Jute yarns; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).

K

Kale seed, see Seeds.
Kernels, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
(B) Kettles, camp.
Kohl rabi seed, see Seeds.

L

Lactose, see Milk Sugar.
(A) Lard of all kinds and imitation lard; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
(B) Lasts, wooden; (14-8-17) (13-12-18).
Latch needles, see Needles.
(A) Lead coated sheets; (15-8-16).
(A) Lead ore; (18-10-17).
(A) Lead, lead alloys, and manufactures of lead or of lead alloys; (12-12-16) (30-3-17).
(A) Lead compounds and mixtures containing lead compounds; (30-3-17).
(A) Leather, except chamois, skivers and seal; (30-3-17) (19-11-18).
(A) Leather, waste; (8-3-18).
Leek seed, see Seeds.
(A) Lentil flour and meal.
(A) Lentils; (12-12-16).
Lettuce seed, see Seeds.
(A) Levulose; (22-6-17).
Lime phosphate, see Phosphate Rock.
Linen, see Flax.
(A) Linen rags.
Linen thread, see Flax.
(A) Linen waste.
Linen yarn, see Flax.
Linseed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Locomotives, see Railway Carriages.
Locust bean meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Lupin seed, see Seeds.

M

(A) Macaroni.
(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming, and component parts thereof; (26-7-16) (12-12-16) (12-3-17) (14-8-17) (18-10-17) (29-11-18) (27-12-18).
(A) Machinery, textile; (13-12-18).
Machinery, Ships, see Shipbuilding material.
Maguey Fibre, see Hemp.
(A) Maize; (12-12-16).
(A) Maize germs; (12-12-16).
Maize germ meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Malt; (19-2-17).
(A) Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings; (12-12-16).
(A) Malt sugar (maltose) and articles and preparations containing malt sugar; (19-2-17) (28-8-17).
(A) Mandioca.
(A) Manganese, peroxide of, and mixtures and preparations thereof; (12-12-16).
(B) Manganese and Manganese ore.
Mangold seed, see Seeds.
(A) Manures, compound; (2-2-17).
(A) Manures, organic; (2-2-17).
(A) Margarine; (19-2-17).
Meals, see Banana; Barley; Bean; Cakes; Lentil; Oat; Pea; Rye; Sago; Wheat.
(A) Meat of all kinds (including tinned and potted meat); (19-2-17).
(A) Meat, extract of; (19-2-17).
Meat meal, see Cakes and Meals.

(A) Meta-cresol; (19-11-18).
Metals and Ores, see specific headings, *e.g.*, Copper, Iron, etc.
(A) Methylaniline.
(A) Mica block, mica sheets, and mica splittings; (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Middlings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Milk, condensed or preserved.
(A) Milk powder; (12-12-16).
(A) Milk sugar (lactose); (22-6-17).
Mill dust and screenings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Millet; (12-12-16).
Mineral waters, see Aerated.
Mineral waxes, see Waxes.
(B) Mines and their component parts.
(A) Molasses, and feeding stuffs containing molasses; (26-7-16) (22-6-17) (20-12-18).
(B) Molybdenum and molybdenite. Motor ploughs, see Machinery, Agricultural.
Mungo, see Woollen Rags.
Mustard seed, see Seeds.

N

(A) Needles for bootmaking machines; (10-5-17).
(A) Needles, hosiery machine, latch; (28-10-16) (18-10-17) (29-11-18).
(B) Nickel, its ores, and alloys; (10-5-17) (14-5-18) (29-11-18) (13-12-18).
(A) Nicotine and its compounds; (6-8-18).
(A) Nightlights; (18-12-17) (8-2-18)
(B) Nitrate bags.
Noils, see Silk; Wool.
*Notes of the Bank of France; (27-8-18).
†Notes of the United States Government and United States Bank notes; (27-8-18).
(A) Notes, Russian rouble; (26-2-18).
(A) Nuts used as fruit.
Nuts, see Ground Nuts, Oleaginous, Saponaceous.
(A) Nux vomica; (12-1-18) (14-5-18) (11-6-18).

O

(B) Oakum; (8-2-18) (13-12-18).
(A) Oats.
(A) Oatmeal and rolled oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following:—
(A) Bran.
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mill dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.
Oils, various:—
(A) Oils, fish, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing such oils; (1-5-17) (18-10-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Oil of cedarwood; (15-10-18).
(A) Oil, of peppermint; (15-10-18).
(A) Oil, of sassafras; (15-10-18).
(B) Oil, sandalwood; (18-10-17).
(B) Oil, waste.
(A) Oils, fixed, all animal and vegetable, including blended oils and paint oils; (27-11-17) (13-12-18).
(A) Oleaginous kernels, nuts, seeds, and products of all kinds; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Oleo-margarine; (19-2-17).
(A) Onions, see also Pickled.
Onion seed, see Seeds.
(A) Opium and its preparations.
(A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, see Cannon; Carriages.
Ox and cow horn, see Horns.

P

(A) Packing cases, empty wooden, and their distinctive component parts, including box shooks and staves, other than such wooden packing cases as have been previously imported full and are being returned empty whether whole or in parts.
Paint, gold, see Gold.
(B) Palladium and its alloys and manufactures containing palladium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
Palmnut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Paper, waste.
(A) Para-cresol; (19-11-18).
(A) Paraffin, liquid medicinal, (22-6-17).
(A) Paraffin wax; (1-5-17) (2-7-18) (29-11-18).
Parsnip seed, see Seeds.
(A) Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
(A) Pea flour and meal.
(A) Peas; (2-2-17).
(A) Pegs, wooden, suitable for use in the manufacture of boots and shoes; (15-1-17).
Pelts, see Gluestock, &c., Hides; Sheepskins.
Pepper, see Spices.
Peppermint, oil of, see Oils.
(A) Periscopes and their component parts; (10-5-17).
(A) Phosgene (carbonyl chloride).
(A) Phosphate rock, namely:—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina; (2-2-17).
(B) Pickled grains and fleshes; (26-7-16).
(A) Pickled onions and pickled walnuts, bottled separately; (15-1-17) (20-12-18).
(A) Pigeon peas; (12-12-16).
Pigments containing gold, see Gold.
(A) Pigskins (15-10-18).
(A) Pins, see Steel.
(A) Pipes, cast iron, and cast iron pipe fittings and connections; (26-7-16) (2-7-18).

*Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France.
†Notes and bank notes of the United States are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in the United States.

Pipes, see also Copper ; Iron ; Lead.
(A) Piping, sheet iron or steel, for stoves or for ranges, and parts thereof ; (14-5-18).
Pistols, see Firearms.
Plates, see Drawplates ; Iron ; Steel ; Tin Plates.
(A) Platinum, alloys of platinum, and manufactures containing platinum, except artificial teeth ; (6-12-18).
(A) Platinum, salts of.
(A) Plywood ; (1-5-17).
Pollard, see Offals of Corn.
Poonac cake, see Cakes and Meals.
Poppy seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
(A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances ; (19-2-17).
(B) Potash salts, and mixtures containing such potash salts, not otherwise prohibited ; (19-2-17).
(A) Potassium bicarbonate and mixtures containing potassium bicarbonate ; (13-7-17).
(A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate ; (22-6-17).
Potassium chlorate, see Chlorate.
(A) Potassium cyanide, and mixtures containing potassium cyanide.
(A) Potassium perchlorate.
(A) Potassium permanganate.
(A) Potassium prussiates and mixtures containing potassium prussiates ; (12-3-17)
(A) Potatoes ; (7-6-16).
(A) Potato flour ; (7-6-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Poultry ; (4-7-16) (29-9-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
Preserves, see Fruit.
(A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
Pulp, see Tomato ; Wood.
(A) Pulp-board waste.
Pyrites, see Iron.

Q

Quinine, see Cinchona.

R

(A) Radiators manufactured of cast-iron pipes ; (2-7-18).
(A) Radium and its compounds ; (27-11-17).
Rags, see Cotton ; Jute ; Linen ; Wool.
(A) **Railway material of iron or steel** (1-5-17) the following :—
- Rails.
- Sleepers.
- Springs.
- Wheels, axles and tyres.
- Other railway constructional material.

(A) Railway carriages, locomotives and wagons and their component parts.
(A) Range-finders and their component parts.
Ranges, piping for, see Piping.
Rapeseed, or colza seed cake, and meal, see Cakes.
(A) Rattans ; (30-3-17).
(A) Rennet powder, rennet extract, and other preparations of rennet ; (4-7-16).
(A) Resins, resinous gums and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc and except the following) :—Gum ammoniacum ; gum caramania (hog gum) ; gum galbanum ; gum gamboge ; guaiacum resin ; Indian gum (gum ghatti) ; jalap resin ; Kaladana resin ; gum olibanum ; podophyllum resin ; Indian podophyllum resin ; gum sagapenum ; gum Thus ; and articles containing resins ; (4-7-16) (1-5-17) (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
(B) Resinous substances containing caoutchouc.
(A) Revolution indicators suitable for aircraft.
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Rice and rice flour, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing rice or rice flour.
Rifles, see Firearms.
Roofing felt, see Felt.
Rope, iron or steel, see Wire.
Ropes, see Hemp.
Russian rouble notes, see Notes.
(A) Rye, rye flour and meal.

S

(A) Saccharin, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing saccharin (28-8-17).
(B) Sacks, coal.
(A) Sackings, old.
(A) Sago and sago flour and meal.
(B) Salt other than Rock Salt ; (5-10-18) (19-11-18).
(B) Sandalwood for medicinal purposes ; (18-10-17).
Sandalwood oil, see Oils.
(A) Santonin and its preparations ; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
Sassafras, Oil of, see Oils.
(A) Sausages ; (2-2-17).
Screenings, see Offals of Corn.
Scheelite, see Tungsten Ores.
Scrap, see Iron ; Steel ; Tin.
(A) Sealskins, fur and hair ; (12-3-17) (8-2-18).
(B) Searchlights, and their component parts ; (1-5-17).
Seeds ; (12-12-16) (12-3-17), the following :—
- (A) Ajowan ; (11-6-18).
- (A) Beet ; (14-8-17).
- (A) Broccoli ; (14-8-17).
- (A) Brussels sprouts ; (14-8-17).
- (A) Cabbage ; (14-8-17).
- (A) Carrot.

(A) Cauliflower.
(A) Celery; (14-8-17).
(A) Chicory; (14-8-17).
(A) Clover; (14-8-17).
(A) Grass; (14-8-17).
(A) Kale; (14-8-17).
(A) Kohl rabi.
(A) Leek; (14-8-17).
(A) Lettuce; (14-8-17).
(A) Lupin; (12-12-16).
(A) Mangold.
(A) Mustard; (23-2-17).
(A) Onion.
(A) Parsnip
(A) Shallot; (14-8-17).
(A) Spinach: (14-8-17).
(A) Swede.
(A) Tomato; (14-8-17).
(A) Turnip.
(A) Vetch or tare; (15-10-18).

Seeds, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
(B) Selenium.
(A) Semolina.
Sesame seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Shallot seed, see Seeds.
Sharps, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Sheepskins, haired or woolled and pelts; (23-10-16), (18-10-17).

Sheets, see Iron; Lead coated; Mica; Steel.

Shipbuilding Materials; (15-1-17) (30-3-17) the following:—
(B) Condenser tubes.
(B) Engines for use on board ships (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines
(B) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
(B) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
(A) Sectional materials for shipbuilding; (26-7-16).
(B) Ships' auxiliary machinery.
(B) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof.
(B) Steering gear and component parts thereof.
(B) Winches.
(B) Windlasses.
See also Fuel Economisers.

Shoddy, see Wool.
Shoes, see Boots.
Signalling apparatus, see Submarine.
(B) Silicon manganese; (10-5-17) (13-12-18).
(B) Silicon-speigel; (15-8-16).

Silk and Silk manufactures; (23-10-16) (15-1-17) the following:—
(A) All threads, yarns and twist of Tussah silk and of artificial silk.
(A) Cocoons.
(A) Raw silk and all threads, yarns and twists thereof; (15-1-17).
(B) Silk bolting cloth, (29-11-18).
(A) Silk waste of all kinds (including artificial silk waste) and all threads, yarns and twists thereof, including noils and noil yarns.

(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin; (12-4-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Sisal strings, old.
(A) Sisal waste.

Skins, see Calf; Deer; Goat; Gold-beater; Hides; Pig; Seal; Sheep.

(A) Soap including soft soap; (26-2-18).
(A) Soda crystals; (19-11-18).
Solder, see Copper, Lead.
(A) Soups, compressed and desiccated; (19-2-17).
Soya bean cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Spaghetti.
(A) Spelter and spelter dross.
(A) Spermaceti; (1-5-17).
Spices, the following (29-11-18) (27-12-18):—
(B) Cloves.
(B) Ginger.
(B) Pepper, black, Indian and Ceylon.
(B) Pepper, white.
(B) Spiegeleisen; (12-12-16) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).
Spinach seed, see Seeds.
(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 43 degrees above proof; (26-7-16) (22-1-18).
(A) Squills; (27-11-17) (12-1-18).
(A) Starch, articles containing starch and mixtures, and preparations of starch; (19-2-17).

Steel; (1-5-17) (10-5-17), the following:—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other steel sectional material.
(A) Bars, including flats, round, and other sections or shapes; (1-5-17).
(A) Billets.
(A) Blooms.
(A) Bridgework, pierwork, and structural material.
Castings, see Shipbuilding Material.
Channels, see Angles, etc., above.
Flats, see Bars above.
(A) Hawsers; (25-5-16).
(A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles, etc., above.
(A) Pierwork, see Bridgework, etc., above.
Piping, see Piping.
(A) Plates and sheets, except black steel sheets less than one-eighth inch thick; (29-9-16) (1-5-17) (13-12-18).
Pins, see Textile, below.

Rails, see Railway Material.
Rounds, see Bars, &c., above.
(A) Scrap.
Sectional material, see Angles, &c., above.
Sections, see Bars, &c., above.
Sheets, see Plates, &c., above.
(A) Sheet bars.
(A) Slabs.
Sleepers, see Railway Material.
Springs, see Railway Material.
(A) Stampings suitable for aircraft.
Structural material, see Bridgework, above.
Tees, see Angles, &c., above.
(A) Textile pins of all kinds, including card pins, comb pins, faller pins, gill pins, and hackle pins.
(B) Tubes.
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
Wire rope, see Wire.
(A) Steel, containing tungsten or molybdenum (6-12-18).
(A) Steel containing chrome, cobalt, nickel, or vanadium; (29-9-16) (1-5-17) (6-12-18).
(A) Stellite and similar alloys; (12-4-18).
Stoves, piping for, see Piping.
(A) Straw.
(A) Straw-board waste.
(B) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
(A) Sugar, cane and beet, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing sugar, cane or beet; (10-5-17); see also Confectionery; Malt Sugar; Milk Sugar; Invert Sugar.
(A) Sulphonal.
Sunflower seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Superphosphates.
Surat tares, see Jute Wrappers.
Swede seed, see Seeds.
(A) Swords and their component parts.
(A) Syrups which may be used as food for man; (19-2-17).

T

(A) Tallow, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing tallow; (19-2-17) (1-5-17) (22-6-17).
(A) Tanning extracts, and substances for use in tanning; (23-10-16) (30-3-17) (14-8-17) (28-8-17).
(A) Tapers; (8-2-18).
(A) Tapioca and tapioca flour.
Tare seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Tartar, see Cream of Tartar.
(A) Tea, including tea waste, sweepings, dust and fluff, whether denatured or not; (28-6-16) (19-2-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Telegraphs (including wireless) and telephones, and instruments and material for, including valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus; (15-1-17) (23-2-17) (28-8-17).
Telegraphs, ships, see Shipbuilding Materials.
(B) Tents and their component parts.
(A) Terneplates; (15-8-16) (29-11-18).
Textile machinery, see Machinery.
Textile pins, see Steel.
(B) Thorium and its alloys; (12-12-16) (13-12-18).
Thread, see Cotton; Flax; Jute Silk.
(A) Tin and alloys of tin; (8-2-18).
(B) Tin, compounds of (except chlorides and oxide of tin); (8-2-18).
(A) Tin ore; (8-2-18).
(A) Tin, oxide of; (5-12-16) (10-5-17) (8-2-18).
(A) **Tinplates** and gas meters and component parts thereof made wholly or partly of tinplate; (15-8-16) (12-1-18) (2-7-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Tin plate scrap, including scrapped and disused receptacles wholly or partly made of tin plate; (11-6-18).
(A) Titanium, titanium alloys, and titanium ores; (10-5-17).
(A) Tomato pulp; (19-2-17).
Tomato seed, see Seeds.
Tools, see under specific items.
(B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
(B) Torpedo nets.
(B) Torpedo tubes.
Tubes, see Boiler; Iron; Shipbuilding Material; Steel; Torpedo.
(A) Tungsten alloys; (22-6-17).
(A) Tungsten (except tungsten filaments for electric lamps).
(B) Tungsten filaments for electric lamps.
(B) Tungsten ores (including ferberite, hubnerite, scheelite and wolframite); (19-12-16).
Turnip seed, see Seeds.
Twine, see Binder.
(A) Typewriters; (13-7-17) (14-8-17) (27-11-17) (19-11-18).

U

(A) Uniform clothing; (15-10-18).

V

Valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus, see Telegraphs.
(B) Vanadium.
(B) Vanadium ore; (28-8-17).
(B) Vanillin; (27-12-18).
Vegetable fats, see Fats.
Vegetable oils, see Oils.
(B) Vegetables, dried, preserved, canned or bottled, except pickles; (20-12-18).
(A) Vegetables, fresh, of all kinds; (29-9-16) (12-12-16) (15-1-17) (10-5-17) (20-12-18).
Venison, see Game.
(A) Vessels; (18-12-17).
(A) Vermicelli.
Vetch or tare seeds, see Seeds.
(B) Vinegar containing not more than 6 per cent. of acetic acid; (28-6-16).

(A) Vinegar essence and similar preparations containing more than 6 per cent. of acetic acid ; (28-6-16).

W

Waggons, see Railway Carriages.

Waste, see Flax; Hemp; Jute; Leather; Linen; Oil; Paper; Pulpboard; Silk; Sisal Strawboard; Wool.

(A) Wax carnauba; (13-7-17).

(A) Wax, paraffin; 1-5-17).

(B) Waxes, animal, mineral and vegetable not otherwise prohibited; (8-9-16) (1-5-17) (18-10-17).

(A) Waxes composite; (18-10-17).

(B) Web equipment.

(A) Whalebone; (1-5-17).

Whale cake, see Cakes and Meals.

(A) Whale fins; (1-5-17).

(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.

Winches, see Shipbuilding material.

Windlasses, see Shipbuilding material.

(A) Wine; (19-12-16) (22-1-18).

(A) Wire, barbed (28-6-16) (10-5-17) (13-12-18).

(A) Wire card; (13-12-18).

(A) Wire galvanised; (28-6-16) (10-5-17) (13-12-18).

(A) Wire, heald; (13-12-18).

(A) Wire, reed.

(A) Wire rods, and wire of iron or steel (8-2-18) (6-12-18).

(A) Wire netting of iron or steel (6-12-18).

(A) Wire rope of iron or steel (6-12-18).

Wires and cables, see Copper Manufactures.

(B) Wolfenite.

Wolframite, see Tungsten ores.

(A) **Wood and timber** of all kinds, hewn, sawn, or split, planed or dressed, except lignum vitæ (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (2-2-17) (12-3-17). See also Plywood.

Wood packing cases, see Packing

(A) Wood pulp (12-12-16).

Wooden pegs, see pegs.

(A) Wooden grease, and articles and mixtures containing wool grease (12-4-18).

Wool and Woollen Goods: —

Rags, see below.

Sheepskins, woolled or haired, see Sheepskins.

Shoddy, see below

(A) Wool, raw and mixtures thereof (8-9-16) (18-10-17).

(A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).

(A) Wool noils and wool waste and mixtures thereof (18-10-17).

(A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof (18-10-17).

(A) Woollen rags, shoddy and mungo applicable to other uses than manure (18-10-17).

Wrappers, see Jute.

Y

Yarns, see Coir; Flax; Jute; Silk; Wool.

(A) Yeast, and articles, mixtures, and Preparations containing yeast (8-9-16) (22-6-17).

Yellow metal, see Copper.

Z

(A) Zinc, alloys of zinc, manufactures of zinc and zinc dust (2-2-17).

(A) Zinc ashes.

Zinc barium pigments, see the various headings affecting zinc salts.

(B) Zinc ore.

(A) Zinc sulphide (10-5-17) (14-8-17).

(A) Zirconium compounds (12-12-16).

APPENDIX NO. 1.

GENERAL LICENCES FOR EXPORTS.

The Director of the War Trade Department announces that an open general licence will be issued on the 9th January, 1919, permitting the exportation of the following goods to all destinations except Foreign destinations in Europe, etc., as defined in Section C of the prohibited list. On and after that date, therefore, there will be no necessity to apply for licences for the export of these goods to the destinations in question.

Adhesives containing not more than 25 per cent. starch, or other cereal substance.
Advertising signs made of iron or steel plates or sheets.
Artists' water colours.
Blackplates.
Boot polish.
Floorcloth containing jute.
Fuel economisers constructed of cast-iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers.
Guttering, cast-iron, and cast-iron gutter fittings and connections.
Huts, wooden.
Lead manufacture, the following :—
Metallic packing containing lead, printing type, coffin furniture, carriage furniture, lead capsules, lead seals, lead toys, lead weights for dress-making.
Mango chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup.
Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent. aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited.
Oilcloth, oil baize, and imitation leather.
Phenalgin.
Pipes, cast-iron, and cast-iron pipe fittings and connections.
Radiators manufactured of cast-iron pipes.
Steel sheets, perforated.
Strapping, leather, for breeches.
Terneplates.
Tinplates.
Zinc manufactures, the following :—
Zinc buttons and zinc stencils.

In addition to the foregoing announcement, an open general licence was issued by the War Trade Department on the 6th December, 1918, which permits the export of flax and linen and hemp piece-goods and made-up articles of flax and linen not otherwise prohibited to all destinations outside the area defined in Section C of the prohibited list.

APPENDIX NO. 2.

LIST OF FREE GOODS.

The War Trade Department has now issued an open general licence which permits the export of the following goods to all non-enemy destinations except Switzerland. It is therefore unnecessary to make application to the War Trade Department in respect of these goods :–

Adding and calculating machines.
Alabaster for statuary purposes.
Athletic goods.
Bicycles, but not tyres.
Bicycle accessories as follows :—
Bells.
Brake rubbers.
Carriers.
Clips, trouser, toe.
Goggles.
Frame bags.
Lamps.
Oil cans.
Pumps.
Pump clips and connections.
Reflectors.
Repair outfits.
Spanners.
Stands.
Tool bags.
Tyre levers.
Valves.
Brushes, beard and moustache.
Buttons of all kinds, except military buttons, horn buttons, and vegetable ivory buttons.
Cash registers.
Cigar and cigarette holders.
China.
China clay.
Clocks, including clocks for time-checking.
Coral.
Cutlery ; all forms.
Dental filling materials.

Drugs, etc., the following:—
- Agaric.
- Althaca root.
- Amidol and substitutes.
- Argentamin.
- Arsenobillon.
- Arsenous acid.
- Cacodylicate.
- Chromic Acid.
- Diethylbarbituric acid.
- Duboisin sulphuric.
- Eucaine.
- Ichthyol.
- Inula root.
- Kharsevan.
- Metol.
- Paraldehyde.
- Phenacetin.
- Salicylic acid.
- Saltcake (subject to special conditions).
- Sodium arsenate.
- Sodium salicylate.
- Veronal sodium.
- Duplicating machinery and supplies therefor.

Earthenware.
Electro-plated, gilded or silvered goods, except those of solid silver or gold.
Fans and hand screens.
Fancy goods of paper, ivory, mother-of-pearl, tortoiseshell, amber and amberoid.
Feathers, made up.
*Films, printed, positive or negative, subject to censorship.
Flower seeds, except seeds of oil-bearing plants.
Flowers, artificial.
Fountain pens.
Furs, dressed, dyed or manufactured.
Gauge glasses.
Glassware.
Hair ornaments and combs.
Hair nets of silk or hair.
Hardware (builders'), if of iron or steel.
Hats of all kinds.
Household furnishings, fixtures and equipment, if manufactured of wood, iron or steel, except upholstered furniture.
Ink, other than printers' ink.
Jewellery, imitation.
Jewellery, real, mounted with precious stones, excluding solid articles of gold or silver, or articles containing platinum.
Laces and guipure.
Laundry machinery.
Ledgers, loose leaf and similar stationery.
Lighting fixtures, if of iron or steel.
Marble, raw and manufactured.
Mats and matting made of guinco and paviera.
Mineral waters, unsweetened.
Morocco leather, small fancy goods and all imitation leather goods.
Mosaic fancy ware.
Musical instruments.
Office furniture and stationery, excluding rubber erasers.
Opera glasses for use in theatres.
Paintings and pictures of all kinds.
Pen nibs.
Phonographs.
*Phonographic records.
Photographic goods, but not chemicals therefor.
Pianos.
Precious stones (real and imitation.)
Printing presses.
Pumice stone.
Razors, safety (and blades).
Ribbons, silk.
Sanitary ware (plumbers' goods), if of iron or steel or earthenware, containing not more than 5 per cent. copper or brass.
Scales and balances, not including weights of copper or brass.
Screw spanners for cycles.
Sewing machines for domestic use.
Shrubs.
Slates for writing or drawing slate pencils.
Spectacles.
Theatrical properties, wigs and cosmetics, excluding costumes and footwear.
Teeth, artificial.
Tobacco pipes.
Toilet preparations (excluding soap).
Trimmings of silk.
Truffles, fresh or preserved.
Turners' wares of wood.
Type setting and type casting machinery, excluding type metal.
Umbrellas.
Wall papers.
Walking sticks.

* Subject to Military censorship.

COMMERCE—WAR.

The 15th February 1919.

No. 1351-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the entries—

(A) Ferro-manganese.

(A) Manganese and manganese ore.

No. 1387-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the preamble to this Department Notification No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended :—

In clause (e)—

After the word "Greece" add the words "Serbia, Roumania".

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

The 15th February 1919.

No. 1458-D.—The following Royal Proclamation is published for general information :—

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR PROHIBITING THE IMPORTATION INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM OF ALL FOREIGN COINS OTHER THAN GOLD AND SILVER COINS.

GEORGE R.I.

Whereas by Section two of the Customs Amendment Act, 1886, We are empowered from time to time to make, and when made to revoke, a Proclamation prohibiting the importation into Our United Kingdom of such coins coined in a Foreign country as are in that behalf specified in such Proclamation.

And Whereas by Our Proclamation made the thirtieth day of March, One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, We did prohibit, subject as therein provided, the importation into Our United Kingdom of all coins coined in any foreign country other than gold or silver coins:

And Whereas it is expedient that Our said Proclamation should be revoked, and that the importation into the United Kingdom of such coins coined in a foreign country as are hereinafter specified should be prohibited.

Now, therefore, We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby proclaim, direct and ordain as follows :—

1. All coins coined in any foreign country other than gold or silver coins are prohibited to be imported into Our United Kingdom.
2. Our said Proclamation of the thirtieth day of March, One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, is hereby revoked.
3. This Proclamation shall not affect the provisions of the Prohibition of Import (Consolidation and Amendment) Proclamation, 1917.
4. This Proclamation may be cited as "The Foreign Coins (Importation Prohibition) Proclamation, 1919," and shall come into operation on the Fourteenth day of January, 1919.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Fourteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and in the Ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 15th February 1919.

No. 1263-D.—Rao Bahadur K. Vaithialingham Pillai, Presidency Postmaster, Madras, pay Rs. 800—40—1,000, is permitted to retire from the service of Government with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd January 1919.

The following appointments are made with effect from the 2nd January 1919 :—

Mr. C. D. Rae, Postmaster, Lahore, pay Rs. 600—40—800, to be Presidency Postmaster, Madras, pay Rs. 800—40—1,000, on probation for one year, and to continue as Temporary Assistant Director-General of the Post Office until further orders ;

Mr. J. S. Buckner, Postmaster, Rangoon, pay Rs. 600—40—800, to officiate as Presidency Postmaster, Madras, until further orders and to continue on field service ;

Mr. W. Rehill, Postmaster, Cawnpore, pay Rs. 500—20—600, and sub. *pro tempore* Postmaster, Lahore, to officiate as Presidency Postmaster, Madras, until further orders.

No. 1420-D.—Mr. W. A. Roussac, Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and officiating Postmaster-General, 4th grade, is appointed to act in the 3rd grade from the 11th April 1918 to 9th July 1918 inclusive.

No. 1425-D.—Captain A. Thresh is appointed Superintendent of Motor Mail Services in the Punjab temporarily on Rs. 700 a month *plus* Rs. 50 house rent with effect from the forenoon of the 6th February 1919.

SUSPECT—FIRMS.

The 15th February 1919.

No. 1449-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alterations shall be made in the schedule appended to the notification in this Department No. 502-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended, *viz.*:—

Alterations.

Henderson, J., and Company (Legation Pharmacy), Peking,

should read

Henderson, J., and Company (Legation Pharmacy), Peking and Tientsin.

Legation Pharmacy (J. Henderson), Peking,

should read

Legation Pharmacy (J. Henderson and Company), Peking and Tientsin.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 13th February 1919.

No. 317.—*Erratum.*—In the notification by the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 2936, dated the 19th December 1918, announcing certain rewards for services brought to notice for the words " Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Percy Lynes Grove, The Cheshire Regiment " *read* " Major (temporary Colonel) Percy Lynes Grove, The Cheshire Regiment."

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 14th February 1919.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 318.—Second Lieutenant H. Wilson, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as a Platoon Commander at a School of Instruction. Dated 19th December 1918.

No. 319.—Second Lieutenant H. Wise, The Royal Sussex Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as an Assistant Instructor at a School of Musketry. Dated 1st February 1919.

No. 320.—Second Lieutenant T. Kissock, The Royal Scots Fusiliers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer, No. 6 Mechanical Transport Company (No. 2 Motor Ambulance Convoy). Dated 9th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 321.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Captain to be Major.

Harry Ben Le Despencer Tree, 112th Infantry. Dated 10th February 1919.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

John Montgomerie Hunt, 87th Punjabis. Dated 16th December 1918.

John Terence Brownrigg Bookey, attached 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 13th January 1919.

Norman Burgan, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 19th January 1919.

No. 322.—Lieutenant A. C. Taylor, D.S.O., 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding an appointment as an Instructor at a Bombing School. Dated 28th January 1919.

No. 323.—Lieutenant B. H. Chappel, attached 107th Pioneers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 3rd grade. Dated 2nd February 1919.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 324.—Conductor James Leonard Kenny is promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated 24th September 1918; with effect from the 27th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 325.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

Frederick Charles Guthrie.	Dated 13th November 1918.
John Pringle Kennedy.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Leonard Alfred Glasspool.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Robert Husband.	Dated 23rd December 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Gordon Thomas Burrows	Dated 19th September 1918.
John Basil Brotherton.	Dated 13th November 1918.
Philip Brockman Backhouse.	Dated 16th November 1918.
Richard Giliott Marple.	Dated 16th November 1918.
Frank Balcombe Jones.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Stanley Melville Wright.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Maurice Conry O'Brien.	Dated 20th November 1918.
George Norman Nicklin.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Arthur William Walker.	Dated 20th November 1918.

Humphrey Tanner.	Dated 23rd November 1918.
Kenneth Bain Wilson. Norman Cameron Wimbush. Cyril Hugh McDermott. Charles Boswell Willson. Arthur Bernard Cardozo Mildmay. Francis Barclay.	Dated 27th November 1918.
Homer Clarence Beck.	Dated 4th December 1918.
Charles Brian Rowally Swanston.	Dated 29th December 1918.
Charles Cyrus Armitage.	Dated 8th January 1919.
David Patrick Copeland, O.B.E.	Dated 20th January 1919.
Eustace Arthur Rouch.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
George Hermann Raschen.	Dated 29th January 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Ronald Charles Keith Smith.	Dated 29th August 1918.
John William Fairlie.	Dated 5th October 1918.
Harold Arthur Lee-Mitchell.	Dated 5th January 1919.
Alfred Francis Corridon.	Dated 7th January 1919.
Maurice Mendes. Arnold Gordon Patton. William Meiklejohn.	Dated 15th January 1919.

Veterinary Branch.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Ernest Samuel Farbrother. Dated 9th July 1916 (but with pay from 12th July 1917).

No. 326.—Second Lieutenant Thomas Couper, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while employed as Commandant, No. 4 Burma Ford Van Company (Infantry Branch). Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 327.—Lieutenant F. S. Helme, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Station Staff Officer, 1st class. Dated 11th January 1919.

No. 328.—Lieutenant A. Barrington, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Assistant Embarkation Staff Officer (Medical). Dated 13th January 1919.

No. 329.—Second Lieutenant F. W. Luscombe, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Railway Transport Officer. Dated 16th January 1919.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 330.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant J. Carrick to be acting Captain while commanding a Royal Artillery Training depot. Dated 11th November 1918, *vice* Captain C. P. Hepworth, deceased with effect from the 27th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. E. Flight to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Brigade of Royal Field Artillery, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Lamb, vacated with effect from the 30th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Lamb relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant of a Brigade of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 29th December 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. MacIver relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 25th January 1919.

CAVALRY.

21st (Empress of India's) Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. P. St. Maur, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 15th January 1919.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

INFANTRY.

The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

Major Sir B. C. D. A. Hartwell, Bart, General List, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 6th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel B. H. Boucher, vacated with effect from the 21st September 1918.

Reserve Battalions (India).

In Army Department Notification No. 2672, dated the 15th November 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel to Major H. E. Duke, The Dorsetshire Regiment, *for* "Dated 10th August 1911, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) R. Martin, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918" *read* "Dated 10th September 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) R. Martin, vacated with effect from the 26th August 1918".

And, so far as it relates to the relinquishment of acting rank by Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) R. Martin, *for* "Dated 26th July 1918" *read* "Dated 26th August 1918".

And, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank of Major to Captain C. L R. Jensen, The Hampshire Regiment, *for* "Dated 10th August 1918, *vice* Major H. E. Duke, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918" *read* "Dated 10th September 1918, *vice* Major H. E. Duke, vacated with effect from the 26th August 1918".

And, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant C. Woolger, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), *for* "Dated 10th August 1918, *vice* Captain C. L. R. Jensen, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918" *read* "Dated 10th September 1918, *vice* Captain C. L. R. Jensen, vacated with effect from the 26th August 1918".

British Convalescent Sections.

Lieutenant G. L. James, The Highland Light Infantry, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Convalescent Depôt. Dated 7th November 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. J. Le Lorrain, vacated with effect from the 23rd October 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. J. Le Lorrain, Royal Air Force, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Convalescent Depôt. Dated 23rd October 1918.

Lieutenant E. S. Geach, The Northumberland Fusiliers, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Convalescent Depôt. Dated 12th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. L. James, The Highland Light Infantry, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. L. James, The Highland Light Infantry, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Convalescent Depôt. Dated 12th November 1918.

British Concentration Camps.

Captain C. K. Milbourne, The Bedfordshire Regiment, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while Commandant of a British Concentration Camp. Dated 28th December 1918.

Captain S. A. Hughes, The Bedfordshire Regiment, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a British Concentration Camp. Dated 28th December 1918.

Lieutenant W. V. Richards, M.C., to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a British Concentration Camp. Dated 28th December 1918.

Second Lieutenant A. A. Hinton, The Loyal North Lancashire, Regiment, to be acting Lieutenant while holding the appointment of Quartermaster of a British Concentration Camp. Dated 22nd January 1919.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 331.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. E. Dean, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 7th January 1919.

20th Deccan Horse.

Lieutenant E. A. H. Lowe to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th January 1919.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant W. H. G. Costelloe, Royal Engineers, to be acting Captain while commanding a field troop. Dated 31st July 1918, *vice* Captain H. K. Murray, vacated with effect from the 16th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) F. S. Vyall, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes his acting rank of Major and is granted the acting rank of Captain on the company commanded by him being demobilised. Dated 6th January 1919.

Indian Signal Service.

Captain (acting Major) R. B. Deeds, M.C., 31st Punjabis, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of second-in-command of a Signal Service Depôt. Dated 24th January 1919.

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Lieutenant R. E. Parry to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. E. Banks, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant R. E. Banks to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. Riddell, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. Riddell relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st November 1918.

27th Punjabis.

Captain W. M. Grylls, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force), attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 7th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. P. B. Hoare, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 12th December 1918.

Lieutenant J. W. Baldwin, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. P. B. Hoare, vacated with effect from the 12th December 1918.

32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Captain (acting Major) H. W. Andrewes relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 4th January 1919.

Captain N. S. Taylor to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 19th January 1919, *vice* Captain H. W. Andrewes, vacated with effect from the 4th January 1919.

Lieutenant E. G. Savage, 112th Infantry, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. G. Savage, 112th Infantry, attached, to be acting Major, while second-in-command of a battalion, from 18th October 1918 to 21st November 1918 inclusive.

Second Lieutenant J. F. D. Fordyce, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant J. H. F. Newland, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 19th October 1918 to 21st November 1918, inclusive.

Second Lieutenant T. Townsend, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 16th October 1918 to 6th November 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant G. E. Litton, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th October 1918.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) J. N. G. Marriott, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment), attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 22nd November 1918.

Major G. C. Hodgson, D.S.O., 23rd Sikh Pioneers, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 7th December 1918, *vice* Major J. H. G. Marriott, vacated with effect from the 22nd November 1918.

Lieutenant T. H. Coles, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd November 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant T. Townsend, vacated with effect from the 7th November 1918.

41st Dogras.

Major T. S. Cox, 37th Dogras, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 29th May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel L. S. Browne, vacated with effect from the 14th May 1918.

46th Punjabis.

Lieutenant S. S. Lavender, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant K. D. Scott, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

90th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. S. Hoernle relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 30th September 1918.

Lieutenant E. S. Hoernle to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 30th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. W. Tanner, M.C., vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. W. Tanner, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 30th September 1918.

Lieutenant G. W. Tanner, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. S. Hoernle, vacated with effect from the 30th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant G. Creffield to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Nimmo, vacated with effect from the 1st December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Nimmo relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st December 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. Creffield relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 8th January 1919.

Second Lieutenant G. Creffield to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. S. Hoernle, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. S. Hoernle relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 19th January 1919.

98th Infantry.

Captain (acting Major) R. C. Ruck relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 16th December 1918.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Second Lieutenant D. W. Geddie to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 21st November 1918, *vice* Captain E. G. Savage, vacated with effect from the 6th November 1918.

106th Hazara Pioneers.

Captain V. W. C. Moore-Lane, Company Officer, to be acting Major while temporary second-in-command of a battalion, from 20th November 1917 to 2nd December 1917, inclusive; *vice* Major H. G. Turner, appointed depôt commandant with effect from the 5th November 1917.

Captain H. Blackwell, Company Officer, to be acting Major while temporary second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 18th December 1917, *vice* Captain V. W. C. Moore-Lane, relieved with effect from the 3rd December 1917.

111th Mahars.

Lieutenant C. W. Taylor to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st October 1918.

Second Lieutenant J. R. Jacob to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Taylor, vacated with effect from the 21st November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Taylor relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st November 1918.

Lieutenant H. S. Jeffs to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th December 1918, *vice* Captain E. J. Semini, vacated with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

Lieutenant E. L. Bartleman to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 13th January 1919, *vice* Captain W. E. D. Campbell, vacated with effect from the 29th December 1918.

117th Mahrattas.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. Devoy, M.C., D.C.M., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 13th January 1919.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Captain M. Eccles, M.C., to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 15th January 1919, *vice* Captain (acting Major) N. Coats, vacated with effect from the 31st December 1918.

Captain (acting Major) N. Coats relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 31st December 1918.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Captain (acting Major) J. C. Tate relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 24th December 1918.

130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Lieutenant F. M. Pugh to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 14th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. J. Dyer, vacated with effect from the 31st December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. J. Dyer relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 31st December 1918.

Indian Mechanical Transport Company.

Lieutenant A. H. Macallum, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer, from 24th August 1918 to 24th September 1918, inclusive.

Second Lieutenant J. G. Maddison to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer. Dated 23rd October 1918, *vice* Captain A. H. Macallum, vacated with effect from the 8th October 1918.

No. 332.—Army Department Notification No. 1350, dated the 21st June 1918, is cancelled in so far as it relates to the relinquishment of the acting rank of Captain by Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. H. Christison, attached 23rd Sikh Pioneers.

No. 333.—In Army Department Notification No. 2844, dated the 7th December 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank to Lieutenant G. B. Kane, attached 41st Dogras, *delete* the words "Indian Army Reserve of Officers."

No. 334.—Army Department Notification No. 16, dated the 4th January 1919, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant R. d'A. Monypenny, attached, and Lieutenant A. J. Revell, 61st King George's Own Pioneers, is cancelled.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 335.—The undermentioned officers, whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 262, dated the 8th February 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 656, dated the 5th April 1918, No. 712, dated the 12th April 1918, No. 770, dated the 19th April 1918, No. 1116, dated the 31st May 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, No. 1576, dated the 19th July 1918, No. 1715, dated the 2nd August 1918, No. 1950, dated the 30th August 1918, No. 2005, dated the 6th September 1918 and No. 2676, dated the 15th November 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army with effect from the dates specified :—

Torquil Macleod Duncan.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Leonard Victor Dart, M.C.	Dated 12th February 1919.
Basil Holmes, D.S.O.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Joseph Edward Thomas Catron, M.C.	Dated 5th February 1919.
Robert Hindmarsh Stubbs.	Dated 8th February 1919.
John Henry Blair-White.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Gerald Walter Burch.	Dated 8th February 1919.
William Scott.	Dated 8th February 1919.

Herbert Cedric Mackenzie.	Dated 13th February 1919.
William Lawrence Cotton-Swanston, M.C.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Herbert Marshall Butler.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Philip Perkyns Jones.	Dated 19th January 1919.
Charles Henry Nicholas.	Dated 11th September 1918.
John Arnold Brothers.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Stephen Fenemore Irwin.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Robert Franklin Loudoun.	Dated 12th February 1919.
Arthur George Jenkins.	Dated 3rd February 1919.
Montague Ambrose Brown.	Dated 3rd November 1918.
Robert Christian Anderson.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Charles Robert Hughes.	Dated 13th February 1919.
Robert Brown Weldhen.	Dated 12th February 1919.
William Walter Brindley.	Dated 12th February 1919.
Henry Alban Stokes.	Dated 9th February 1919.
Richard Skilbeck Smith, M.C.	Dated 14th February 1919.
Eric Ivan Winnall.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Geoffrey Wareing Spencer.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Hugh Robert Adams.	Dated 9th February 1919.
Robert Sommerville.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Robert James Fanning.	Dated 9th February 1919.
Edward Gerald Steel.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Joe Tilson Lang, M.C.	Dated 9th February 1919.
Frederick James White.	Dated 8th February 1919.
John Joseph Onslow Wickham.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Horace John Furminger.	Dated 8th February 1919.
Richard Moorcroft.	Dated 8th February 1919.

No. 336.—Army Department Notification No. 2499, dated the 25th October 1918, so far as it relates to John Bushby Stubbs, is cancelled.

No. 337.—In Army Department Notification No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, against the name of Lieutenant Alfred Norman Mitchell Watkins, *for* "24th November 1916" *read* "9th October 1916."

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 338.—In Army Department Notification No. 1256, dated the 14th June 1918, against the name of Hubert Edmund Jeffery, *for* "4th May 1918" *read* "5th April 1918."

No. 339.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

CAVALRY BRANCH.

To be Lieutenant.

Richard Wing, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 16th Cavalry. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1916.

INFANTRY BRANCH.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Ronald Charles Keith Smith, General List, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Maitland Knowles Harrison, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment). Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1918.

Edric Francis Nevill Lyte, General List, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force) Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 25th November 1917.

John Heron, General List, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 29th January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

No. 340.—In Army Department Notification No. 180, dated the 25th January 1919, *for* "George Donald Heimore" *read* "George Donald Helmore".

No. 341.—In Army Department Notification No. 129, dated the 17th January 1919, against the names of Charles Tresidder Rogers and Cecil Charles Swayne, *for* "6th December 1918" and "13th December 1918," *read* "15th November 1918" and "16th October 1918."

(Army Department Notification No. 237, dated the 31st January 1919, is hereby cancelled.)

No. 342.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers :—

To be temporary Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant James Leonard Kenny, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 3rd January 1919.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

3rd Punjab Rifles.

No. 343.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

George William Murphy. Dated 23rd January 1919.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 344. –Lieutenant Philip Lamb, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to relinquish his commission on account of ill-health, with effect from the 14th February 1919.

No. 345.—Subject to his Majesty's approval, Lieutenant Leo Evelyn Galvin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to resign the service, with effect from the 14th February 1919.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

5th Calcutta Battalion.

No. 346.—Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Thomas Grice, C.I.E., V.D., resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 15th January 1919.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 347.—Lieutenant-Colonel Gerard Beatty Irvine, C.B., has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, on account of ill-health, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 12th October 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 348.—On his reversion from military duty the services of Major W. M. Fenning, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Central India for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge as Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 349.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on No. 459, Havildar-Major Sarna Singh, No. 8 Mountain Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery, with effect from the 1st January 1919.

No. 350.—The following direct appointments are made :—

46th Punjabis.

Muhammad Afzal to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 19th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

117th Mahrattas.

Govindrao Thorat to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 9th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 351.—The following promotions are made :—

32nd Lancers.

Ressaidar Muhammad Hayat Khan to be Risaldar, with effect from the 17th October 1918; Jemadar Dhara Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; Kot-Dafadar Bhopal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Jemadars Mazhar Ali Khan and Suleman Khan to be Ressaidars and Kot-Dafadars Bije Singh and Jog Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 9th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depôt, Trimulgherry.

Havildar Kashi Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

29th Mountain Battery.

Havildar-Major Kishen Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

32nd Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Kifayat Allah to be Subadar and Havildar Channan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd June 1918; Havildar Ata Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

34th (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Quartermaster-Havildar Nizam Din to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

39th (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Havildar Sheo Dhan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

Jemadar Ali Muhammad Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; Havildar Sannu Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Havildar-Major Rahmat Ali Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

21st Punjabis.

Jemadar Nizam Din to be Subadar, with effect from the 15th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Bhagat Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

38th Dogras.

Jemadar Nathu to be Subadar, with effect from the 9th October 1918; Jemadar Mohar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 16th October 1918; Havildar Hira to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th October 1918; Havildar Suba to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

49th Bengalis.

Jemadar Anadi Nath Chatterji to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Sher Baz to be Subadar and Havildar Maida Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

74th Punjabis.

Jemadar Rahim Ali to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Jemadar Rahmat Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 14th September 1918; Havildar Sher Jung Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Havildar Arang Zeb Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th September 1918; Colour-Havildar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th September 1918; to complete the esatblishment.

130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Havildar Muhammad Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

152nd Punjabis.

Jemadars Allah Din and Sultan Ahmed to be Subadars, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Jemadar Latif Sher to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; Havildars Muhammad Wali, Fakr Din and Fateh Muhammad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Havildars Bishan Singh, Allah Bakhsh and Sada Nand to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

153rd Punjabis.

Jemadar Wir Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 31st October 1918; Colour-Havildar Chhedi Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th October 1918; Havildar Harnam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 31st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Jemadar Chakar Sing Ale to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; Jemadar Ramkishan Thapa, I.O.M., to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th November 1918; Havildar Randhoj Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; Colour-Havildar Amarbahadur Thapa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

11th Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Bobite Limbu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd November 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 352.—The following amendments are made to Army Department Notification No. 2465, dated the 18th October 1918:—

Against the names of Subadar-Major Sri Gajadha Prosad Tewari, Subadars Daya Singh, Despati Singh, Ishar Singh and Kehar Singh, Jemadars Gujar Singh, Sham Singh, Nand Singh and Nakul Sing Adhikari *for* "Labour Corps Depôt, Lucknow" *substitute* "Labour Corps Depôt, Calcutta".

43rd Erinpura Regiment.

No. 353.—The date of the promotion of Havildar Karim Khan has effect from the 12th October 1918 and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 194, dated the 24th January 1919.

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 354.—The following promotions in the Cantonment Magistrates' Department are notified:—

Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. Hodgson, 3rd grade Cantonment Magistrate, to officiate in the 2nd grade with effect from the 1st September 1917, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker granted leave from that date.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. Hodgson, 3rd grade Cantonment Magistrate, to be 2nd grade substantively, with effect from the 29th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker, retired with effect from that date.

Major O. H. C. Molony, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be 3rd grade Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the 29th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. Hodgson promoted 2nd grade.

No. 355.—The following officiating promotions are notified :—

Rank and Name.	From.	To.	Period.	REMARKS.
Lieutenant-Colonel F. S. Walker.	2nd grade .	1st grade	From 1st April 1918 to 30th September 1918.	*Vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. de V. Harvest 1st grade, granted combined leave Army Department Notification No. 1957, dated the 30th August 1918.
Major J. K. Knowles . .	3rd grade .	2nd grade		
Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. S. Prince.	2nd grade .	1st grade	From 27th May 1918 to 8th July 1918.	*Vice* Lieutenant-Colonel F. S. Walker 2nd grade, Officiating 1st grade, granted privilege leave United Provinces Gazette No. 1879-11-228, dated the 30th April 1918.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Kirkwood.	3rd grade .	2nd grade		
Lieutenant-Colonel F. G. Wimberley.	2nd grade .	1st grade	From 4th June 1918 to 8th July 1918.	*Vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Vaughan 1st grade, granted privilege Punjab Gazette No. 12474, dated the 12th June 1918, until return of Lieutenant-Colonel F. S. Walker, Officiating 1st grade from privilege leave.
Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Burn.	3rd grade .	2nd grade		
Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. S. Prince.	2nd grade .	1st grade	From 9th July 1918 to 26th August 1918.	*Vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Vaughan, granted privilege leave.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Kirkwood.	3rd grade .	2nd grade		
Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. L. Cowie.	Supernumerary. 2nd grade	Supernumerary. 1st grade	From 4th June 1918 to 30th June 1918.	*Vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. S. Prince, Officiating 1st grade, granted privilege leave United Provinces Gazette Notification No. 2453-11-381, dated the 6th June 1918.
Lieutenant-Colonel T. G. P. Lawrenson.	2nd grade .	1st grade		
Lieutenant-Colonel H. O. Warren-Codrington.	3rd grade .	2nd grade		

CANTONMENTS—REGULATIONS.

No. 356.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Cantonment Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that for sub-section (5) of section 290 of the Cantonment Code, 1912, as amended by the notification of the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 1573, dated the 12th July 1918, the following sub-section being an adaptation of sections 81 and 222 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 (Punjab Act III of 1911), shall be substituted, namely :—

"(5) Any money claimable by the cantonment authority under this section may be recovered either by suit or on application to a Magistrate having jurisdiction within the limits of the cantonment, or in any other place where the person from whom the money is claimable may for the time being be resident, by distress or sale of any moveable property within the limits of his jurisdiction belonging to such person; and if recoverable from the owner of the property, it shall, until it is paid, be a charge on the property."

JUDICIAL.

No. 357.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that for so long as the North China and South China Commands are in abeyance the powers which may under Indian Army Act Rule 160 be exercised by the Officer Commanding in North China and by the Officer Commanding in South China shall be exercised by the Officer Commanding the Forces in China.

No. 358.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
Second Lieutenant C. W. Warner.	3rd Skinner's Horse.	Quetta .	14th October 1918.	Intestate.	Rs. A. P. 595 4 1	Administrator General, Bombay.

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 359.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) Walter Thomas Grice, C.I.E., V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his honorary rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles.

No. 360.—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Bertram Sausmarez Carey, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

REWARDS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 361.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred on Khur Hussain (Sind Police Force), while employed with troops in the field, in recognition of his meritorious service.

No. 362.—The following rewards have been granted to the undermentioned for acts of gallantry or devotion to duty in the field :—

Awarded the Military Cross.

Thakur Dalpat Singh, Captain in the Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

On the 14th July 1918 he charged an entrenched machine gun, accompanied only by his trumpeter, killing and scattering the garrison and capturing the machine gun. At the same time he captured the Commandant of a regiment and another officer.

Awarded the Indian Order of Merit (2nd class).

No. 2207 Dafadar Jot Ram, I.D.S.M., Cavalry.

On the 21st August 1918 he accompanied a patrol of six Indian other ranks under a British officer, which was sent out to investigate a fire. On approaching the vicinity of the fire the British officer, seeing a large armed party of the enemy's infantry, charged, having previously detailed Dafadar Jot Ram to work round by his right flank and get in the rear of the enemy. Dafadar Jot Ram, accompanied by one other Indian rank, carried out his mission at the gallop, and on getting in rear of the enemy charged without a moment's hesitation, displaying great gallantry and boldness in helping in the capture of the whole enemy party (eighteen strong).

Jemadar Pem Singh, Cavalry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in organising and carrying out a successful attack on the 28th July 1918, with his troop on a hostile party. Owing to his dash and perseverance, fifteen of the enemy were killed, one officer and four men made prisoners. He personally killed two of the enemy who were inflicting losses on his troop, and the example of fearlessness which he set was magnificent. Jemadar Pem Singh was killed in action. His widow, if any, is admitted to the pension of the order with effect from the date of his death.

Jemadar Dur Khan, Cavalry.

On the night of the 4-5th July 1918, this Indian officer was ordered to lie up with a fighting patrol of thirty Indian other ranks with the object of surprising and destroying enemy parties which had been continuously firing into our left picquet by night. On his way up to his lying-up position, three of the enemy were observed. These he rushed and captured. He was then suddenly fired on at close range by a party of thirty to forty of the enemy. He promptly gave the order to charge, and the enemy thereupon fled in all directions. The promptness and determination with which this Indian officer closed on the enemy was not only a fine example of courage and good leadership, but also an incentive to his men to get home with the bayonet whenever possible.

Risaldar Malik Khan Muhammad Khan, Cavalry.

On the 20th May 1918, when on outpost duty this Indian officer was in command of the right picquet. While on his way with an orderly to visit a picquet on his right, he observed through his glasses three men in the bushes about eight hundred yards away, and thinking they belonged to a neighbouring regiment, he rode straight towards them. These men then disappeared, but he came in sight of them again about seventy to eighty yards distant and saw that they were the enemy. He immediately drew his revolver and galloped straight at them. They raised their rifles to fire, then dropped them and surrendered. All three men were well armed and equipped. The action of this Indian officer was a fine example of courage and determination.

Jemadar Atta-Ullah Khan, Cavalry.

This Indian officer with seven other ranks, on the 26th August 1918, on patrol duty, encountered about twenty of the enemy in thick scrub, divided up into parties of three or four. He, with two other ranks, immediately galloped at them, killed or wounded two and captured one. Meanwhile, the enemy had wounded one of the patrol's horses, which had pinned its rider under it. Three of the enemy were standing over this rider with levelled rifles. Jemadar Atta-Ullah Khan galloped up, dispersed the enemy and released his man.

No. 2782 Havildar Maida Khan, Infantry.

On the night of the 12-13th August 1918, this havildar, though wounded at the enemy's wire, showed great courage and determination. He took charge of the remainder of his platoon when half were killed or wounded and his platoon commander had been killed. He himself was first through the wire, and he continued to command his platoon until arrival at the concentration point.

Jemadar Phuman Singh, Infantry.

For bravery and conspicuous initiative in critical circumstances. During the raid on enemy sangars on the 6th August 1918, when both British officers and the two Indian officers of the assaulting and clearing parties had become casualties, Jemadar Phuman Singh, under heavy shell fire, re organised the few remaining unwounded men and attempted with great gallantry to penetrate the enemy sangar. The order to retire at this time had already been given, but did not reach Jemadar Phuman Singh who was on the right of the clearing party. This gallant officer managed to get to within twenty yards of the enemy sangars, but his party having become too small to be of any avail (owing to casualties) ordered a retirement, which was successfully carried out under heavy enemy machine gun and high explosive shell fire.

No. 2821 Lance-Naik Jagat Singh, Infantry.

For bravery and devotion to duty. In the raid on enemy sangars on the 6th August 1918, he, though wounded, remained with his British officer who, when the assaulting party had to withdraw owing to heavy casualties, was left about one hundred yards from the enemy sangars, wounded with a broken leg. Under fire he attended on his British officer and dressed his wounds. He then, under orders from this officer, returned to the regimental aid post and gave the information which led to his officer being brought in.

No. 3227 Sepoy Kishen Singh, Infantry.

For bravery and devotion to duty. In the raid on enemy sangars on the 6th August 1918, when an Indian officer was wounded in the leg within a few yards of the enemy sangar, he, after the party had been compelled by casualties to withdraw, remained with the Indian officer, and although under fire managed to draw him back under cover of rocks some two hundred yards away.

Subadar Ahmed Din, I.D.S.M., Infantry.

On the night of the 12-13th August 1918, this officer commanded a platoon in an attack on an enemy position. He led his men up to the wire which had to be cut under

machine gun fire. After the wire was cut he charged and captured the right hand work and got behind the centre work. Here he collected a few of his men and charged the work from the rear, capturing an officer and thirteen men. Throughout the operations he set a splendid example to his men by his gallant leadership and utter disregard of danger.

No. 1730 Naik Amir Husain, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry during the raid on the enemy trenches on the morning of the 19th August 1918. This non-commissioned officer formed part of a screen of scouts who proceeded in front of the attacking party. When within a hundred yards of the enemy trenches, he pushed forward right up to within a few yards of the enemy to reconnoitre a small wadi which ran into the enemy line. In spite of heavy machine gun and rifle fire, this young non-commissioned officer made a thorough reconnaissance of the wadi and enemy works behind, bringing back most valuable information which greatly assisted the launching of the attack.

Subadar-Major Jahan Shah, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry during the raid on the enemy trenches on the morning of the 19th August 1918. This Indian officer set a splendid example in the face of severe artillery fire, led his men to the assault, and although very soon mortally wounded, continued to cheer his men on, and by his great bravery and disregard for his personal safety was undoubtedly responsible for bringing to a successful conclusion that portion of the attack which was assigned to his party.

Anop Singh Bahadur, Captain in the Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

For conspicuous gallantry in delivering an immediate mounted attack on the 14th July 1918, on the enemy, who were rallying on the flank in formidable numbers. He broke up the formation and rendered it innocuous.

Risaldar Shaitan Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

For conspicuous gallantry and initiative on the 14th July 1918, in delivering an immediate mounted attack on the enemy. Accompanied by three men he charged a formed body of about thirty dismounted enemy, killed and wounded fourteen and captured the officer in command.

Jemadar Asu Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

On the 14th July 1918, without the slightest hesitation he charged the first enemy he saw, and by his spirit and dash set an inspiring example to all ranks. He was killed fighting. His widow, if any, is admitted to the pension of the order with effect from the date of his death.

Jemadar Khang Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

He displayed great gallantry and ability throughout the whole day on the 14th July 1918 and especially in the mounted attack in which he was killed. He set a fine example to all ranks. His widow, if any, is admitted to the pension of the order with effect from the date of his death.

No. 1189 Trumpet-Major Sher Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

On the 14th July 1918, he accompanied his commanding officer in attacking a post containing a machine gun and the regimental commanding officer. He did great execution with his revolver.

No. 1444 Dafadar Amar Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

On the 14th July 1918, he with two other men accompanied his Indian officer and charged a formed body of thirty enemy, killing or wounding fourteen and capturing their officer. Though wounded in several places, he continued fighting.

No. 312 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon George Julian Ferris, I.D.S.M., Indian Medical Department.

On the morning of the 25th September 1918, heavy casualties were caused by heavy and accurate shell fire. Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ferris at once proceeded to attend to all cases. His utter disregard of danger and his skill and care were most marked. He went about from case to case in the open under heavy shell fire. He again displayed remarkable courage the next day when attending casualties under heavy shell fire. His devotion to duty was undoubtedly the cause of saving several lives.

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

No. 2431 Dafadar Balwant Singh, Cavalry.

No. 2027 Sowar (Acting Lance-Dafadar) Sanwal Singh, Cavalry.

No. 2403 Sowar Imrat Singh, Cavalry.

No. 2633 Sowar Moolchand Singh, Cavalry.

No. 1988 Sowar Ramdayal Singh, Cavalry.

No. 3028 Sowar Ghasi Ram, Cavalry.

No. 2219 Sowar Ramchander, Cavalry.

No. 482 Sowar Karan Singh, Cavalry.
No. 3465 Dafadar Baherishal Singh, Cavalry.
No. 3070 Dafadar Kan Singh, Cavalry.
No. 3811 Sowar Kalyan Singh, Cavalry.
Ressaidar Shamsher Ali Khan, Cavalry.
No. 2813 Dafadar Hardit Singh, Cavalry.
No. 2921 Acting Lance-Dafadar Rahim Khan, Cavalry.
No. 3027 Sowar Paiwali, Cavalry.
No. 2958 Lance-Dafadar Fateh Khan, Cavalry.
No. 3095 Sowar Zarghun Shah, Cavalry.
No. 3122 Sowar (Acting Lance-Dafadar) Arsala Khan, Cavalry.
No. 1117 Lance-Naik Gul Khan, Infantry.
No. 3027 Sepoy Munshi, Infantry.
No. 2961 Sepoy Nahir Singh, Infantry.
No. 1225 Sepoy Gama Khan, Infantry.
Subadar Bhikham, Infantry.
Subadar-Major Janas Khan, Infantry.
No. 294 Sepoy Lachman, Infantry.
No. 3831 Sepoy Hari Singh, Infantry.
Subadar Latif Khan, Infantry.
No. 1922 Naik Ghazi Khan, Infantry.
No. 1862 Naik Jahan Dad, Infantry.
Subadar Rajwali Khan, Infantry.
No. 1577 Sepoy (Lance-Naik) Munshi Khan, Infantry.
No. 3535 Rifleman Nawab Khan, Infantry.
No. 2803 Colour Havildar Madat Khan, Infantry.
Subadar Kirtiman Rai, Infantry.
No. 111 Lance Naik Bhagat Bahadur, Infantry.
No. 172 Lance-Naik Maiman Rana, Infantry.
No. 3265 Havildar Bir Sing Gurung, Infantry.
No. 1020 Sepoy Katar Singh, Infantry.
No. 5329 Havildar Danjit Lama, Infantry.
Jemadar Jowar Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.
No. 1564 Sowar Guman Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.
No. 1119 Dafadar Jog Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.
No. 1889 Sowar Jagat Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.
No. 1361 Lance-Dafadar Dhonkal Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.
No. 1604 Lance-Dafadar Biji Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.
No. 1316 Lance-Dafadar Kang Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.
Jemadar Hazara Singh, Kashmir Imperial Service Lancers, attached Mysore Imperial Service Lancers.
No. 607 Lance Dafadar Narain Rao Kadam, Mysore Imperial Service Lancers.
Gurdial Singh, Captain in the Patiala Imperial Service Infantry.
No. 665 Havildar-Major Gopala, I.O.M., Royal Garrison Artillery.
No. 776 Lance-Naik (acting Naik) Khan Wali Khan, Royal Garrison Artillery.
Surveyor Abdul Azim, Survey of India.
Surveyor Ghulam Rasul, Survey of India.
No. 4848 Lance-Naik Bahadurman Rai, Infantry.
No. 1032 Lance-Naik Sherbahadur Ali, Infantry.

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity).

No. 659 Havildar-Major Kesar Singh, Royal Garrison Artillery.
No. 611 Naik Deiya Singh, Royal Garrison Artillery.
No. 861 Lance-Naik Saif Ali, Mule Corps.
No. 980 Lance-Naik Ghulam Muhammad, Mule Corps.
No. 1205 Lance-Naik Muhammad Qasim, Mule Corps.

No. 907 Kot-Dafadar Bashir Ahmad, Bharatpore Imperial Service Transport Corps.

No. 18 Kot-Dafadar Alladin, Indore Imperial Service Transport Corps.

No. 6024 Lance-Naik Sohan, Infantry.

No. 7 Sepoy Kadhera, Infantry.

No. 429 Sepoy Mehtab Beg, Infantry.

No. 363.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following reward for devotion to duty in the field :—

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

No. 65 Aghajhan Sergis, Irregulars.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 364.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

Supplement, dated the 18th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th December 1918, pages 14877, 14881, 14882, 14883 and 14884.

War Office,
18th December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Maj.-Genl. C. C. Manifold, C.B., C.M.G., M.B., Ind. Med. Serv., is apptd. an Hon. Physician to The King, *vice* Surg.-Gen. W. B. Bannerman, C.S.I., M.D., Ind. Med. Sev. 7th July 1918.

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Lt. P. G. Bree, Suff. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of 2nd Lt. (on prob.). 10th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 28th Mar. 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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MACHINE GUN CORPS (INFANTRY).

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Temp. Maj. R. B. Phayre, M.C. (Capt. & Bt. Maj., Ind. Army), relinquishes the temp. rank of Maj. on ceasing to be Comdt. M. G. Corps Centre. 9 Aug. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

The undermentioned temp. Capts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

B. O. Jones, from a Serv. Bn., S. Wales Bord. 12 June 1916.

J. Maxwell, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif. 30 Sept. 1916.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

C. A. N. Holden, from Leins. R. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 27 June 1917.

T. Thomas, from M. G. C. (Inf.). 5 Nov. 1918, with seniority 31 Oct. 1917.

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Second Supplement, dated the 19th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th December 1918, pages 14891, 14893, 14894, 14895, 14896, 14897, 14898 and 14899.

War Office,
19th December, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt.-Col. F. F. Badcock, D.S.O., Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst specially empld. 17th Oct. 1918.

Maj. S. G. V. Ellis, D.S.O., Ind. Army, relinquishes the tem. rank of Lt.-Col. 24th Oct. 1918.

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Lt. E. R. B. Upton, 3rd North'n R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 1st Nov. 1918, with seniority from 20th Oct. 1916.

Lt. T. W. Menneer, Ches. R., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 18th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 27th Oct. 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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GENERAL STAFF.

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G.S.Os., 1st Grade.—Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) F. S. Keen, D.S.O., 45th Sikhs, Ind. Army, from Spec. Appt., Cl. X, and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld., *vice* Bt. Lt.-Col. A. W. H. M. Moens, D.S.O., 52nd Sikhs, Ind. Army. 14th Aug. 1918.

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2nd Grade.

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Capt. M. Dockrell, 116th Mahrattas, Ind. Army, from the 3rd Grade, and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld., *vice* Bt. Lt.-Col. N. Ogle, D.S.O., 67th Punjabis, Ind. Army. 19th July 1918.

Maj. J. G. Gretton, 126th Baluchistan Inf., Ind. Army, from Brig. Maj., *vice* Maj. P. R. Chambers, D.S.O., 10th Lrs., Ind. Army. 14th Aug. 1918.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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The undermentioned Lts., Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquish their appts. and temp. rank of Capt. 25th Aug. 1918 :—

H. G. Dunning.

R. H. Pollaco.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR., UNITS.

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Brig. Majors.

*   *   *   *   *

Maj. E. R. P. Berryman, 2/39th Garhwal Rif., Ind. Army, from Spec. Appt., Cl. BB, *vice* Maj. N. M. R. Radcliffe-Smith, M. C., 44th Merwara Inf., Ind. Army. 19th Aug. 1918.

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Comdt. (*Cl. X*).—Maj. P. R. Chambers. D.S.O., 10th Lrs., Ind. Army, from G.S.O. 2nd Grade, and to be temp. Lt. Col. whilst so empld., *vice* Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) F. S. Keen, D.S.O., 45th Sikhs, Ind. Army. 14th Aug. 1918.

Comdt., Lines of Communication (Cl. X).—Bt. Lt.-Col. A. W. H. M. Moens, D.S.O., 52nd Sikhs, Ind. Army, from a G.S.O., 1st Grade, and to be temp. Col. whilst so empld., *vice* Lt.-Col. A. S. Capper, D.S.O., 39th C.I. Horse, Ind. Army, who relinquishes the temp. rank of Col. 14th Aug. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt H. C. Tweedale, from a Serv. Bn. Shrops. L. I., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 26 Nov. 1916.

The undermentioned temp. Lts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind Army. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

J. H. Simpson, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif. 5 Dec. 1916.

E. J. Stone, M.C. (2nd Lt., R. Guernsey Mila.), from a Serv. Bn., R. Guernsey L.I. 31 Dec. 1916.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 20th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th December 1918, pages 14907, 14908, 14915 and 14916.

War Office,
20th December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

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The undermentioned temp. appts. are made :—

Military Attaché (G. S. O.).—Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) J. C. M. Hoskyn, D.S.O., 44th Inf., Ind. Army, and to retain the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. whilst so empld, *vice* Bt. Lt.-Col. Sir W. B. Barttelot, Bt., D.S.O., C. Gds. (since decd.). 1 Nov. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. H. W. Moore (Ind. Lab.) resigns his commission on ceasing to be empld. with the Corps, and retains the rank of 2nd Lt. 21 Dec. 1918.

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General List.

Temp. 2nd Lt. G. J. McC. Nicoll, from K.O. Sco. Bord., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 28 Mar. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 7 Dec. 1918, incorrectly specifying appt. to Ind. Army Res. of Off.).

Memoranda.

Lt.-Col. A. G. B. Lang (ret., Ind. Army) vacates the comd. of a Trg. Res. Bn. 14 Dec. 1917.

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Sixth Supplement, dated the 20th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th December 1918, pages 14921, 14922, 14923, 14924, 14925, 14926, 14927, 14930, 14932 and 14933.

War Office,
20th December, 1918.

The following despatch has been received by the Secretary of State for War from Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, K.T., G.C.B., G.C.V.O., K.C.I.E., Commander-in-Chief, the British Armies in France :—

General Headquarters,
8th November, 1918.

MY LORD,—

I have the honour to submit a list of names of those officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men serving, or who have served, under my command during the period 25th

February, 1918, to midnight 16th/17th September, 1918, whose distinguished and gallant services and devotion to duty I consider deserving of special mention.

I have the honour to be,
My Lord,
Your Lordship's obedient servant,
D. HAIG,
Field-Marshal,
Commanding-in-Chief,
The British Armies in France.

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COMMANDS AND STAFF.

Abbott, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) L. H., C.M.G., 11th Rajputs, I.A.

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Birdwood, Gen. Sir W. R., K.C.B., K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., A.D.C.

* * * *

Carruthers, Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) R. A., C.B., C.M.G., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Caulfeild, Col. and Hon. Brig.-Gen. F. W. J., Ind. Army, Ret.

* * * * *

Cobham, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) H. W., D.S.O. (R. of O.), late Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Coleridge, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) J. F. S. D., C.M.G., D.S.O., 5th Gurkha Rif., I.A.

* * * * *

Craik, Maj. (T./Lt.-Col.) J., D.S.O., Ind. Army, Ret.

* * * * *

Fagan, Lt.-Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) E. A., C.M.G., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Gwyn-Thomas, Lt.-Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) G., C.M.G., D.S.O., 2nd Bengal Lrs., I.A.

* * * * *

Hammersley-Smith, Maj. R. H., 14th Lrs., I.A.

* * * * *

Macmullen, Maj. and Bt. Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) C. N., D.S.O., 15th Sikhs, I.A.

* * * * *

Peck, Lt.-Col. and Bt. Col. (T./Maj.-Gen.) A. W., C.M.G., 25th Cav., I.A.

* * * * *

Vaughan, Maj. and Bt. Col. (T./Maj.-Gen.) L. R., C.B., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

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Supplement, dated the 21st December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th December 1918 pages 15009 and 15018.

War Office,
21st December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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GENERAL STAFF.

G.S.Os., 1st Grade.—Bt.-Lt.-Col. C. C. R. Murphy, 30th Punjabis, Ind. Army, from the 2nd Grade, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 7th Nov. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. C. R. Ryall (Ind. Lab.) resigns his commission on ceasing to be empld. with the Corps, and retains the rank of 2nd Lt. 22 Dec. 1918.

General List.

Temp. Lt. T. T. Rodger, from Sea. Highrs., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 7 Nov. 1918, with seniority 5 Sept. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 13 Dec. 1918, specifying date of seniority as 5 June 1918.)

Temp. Lt. A. G. Le May, from M.G.C. (Inf.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 30 Oct. 1918, with seniority 25 July 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 30th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th December 1918, pages 15167, 15168, 15170 and 15171.

War Office,
30th December, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

* * * * *

GENERAL STAFF.

G. S. Os.

* * * * *

2nd Grade.—Capt. F. Gwatkin, M.C., 18th Lrs., Ind., Army, from a Brig.-Maj., and to be temp. Maj., whilst so empld., *vice* Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) J. R. Cartwright, D. S. O., Devon R. 3rd Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

The undermentioned relinquish their appts.:—

* * * * *

Maj. P. H. Keen, 56th Punjabi Rif., Ind. Army. 15th Sept. 1918.

3rd Grade—

* * * * *

Capt C. E. T. Erskine, Guides Inf., Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. A. H. S. Wheatley, 6th Cav., Ind. Army. 11th Sept. 1918.

* * * * *

ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

* * * * *

Brig. Comdrs.—And to be temp. Brig.-Gens. whilst so empld:—

Maj. (actg. Lt.-Col.) W. G. K. Green, D.S.O., 36th Jacob's Horse, Ind. Army, *vice* Bt. Lt.-Col. R. G. H. Howard-Vyse, C.M.G., D.S.O., R. H. Gds., who relinquishes temp. rank of Brig.-Gen. 21st Sept. 1918.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. F. P. C. Keily, C.M.G., D.S.O., 125th Rif., Ind. Army. 3rd Oct. 1918.

Brig. Majors.—Capt. F. H. Farebrother, 128th Pnrs., Ind. Army, from a Staff Capt., *vice* Capt. R. D. Inskip, D.S.O., M.C., 59th Rif., Ind. Army. 6th Sept. 1918.

Capt. A. H. S. Wheatley, 6th Cav., Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. G. B. H. Wheler, 21st Lrs. 13th Sept. 1918.

* * * * *

Staff Capts.—Capt. E. H. O. Elkington, M.C., 36th Sikhs, Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. D. B. Edwards, 39th C. I. Horse, Ind. Army. 15th Aug. 1918.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Lt. E. J. Johnson, Ind. Army Res. of Offs., attd. 39th Horse, Ind. Army, relinquishes the actg. rank of Capt. on ceasing to be empld. as Adjt. and Qr.-Mr. of a Military Disciplinary Labour Camp. 25th Aug. 1918.

* * * * *

INFANTRY.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. W. Foster, from Hamps. R., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

* * * * *

Fourth Supplement, dated the 30th December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th December 1918, pages 15193, 15196 and 15197.

War Office,
30th December, 1918.

The following is a continuation of Sir D. Haig's Despatch of the 8th November, 1918 submitting names deserving of special mention:—

* * * * *

LABOUR CORPS.

* * * * *

Barnes, T.-Lt.-Col. H. C. (2nd Lt., I. A. R. O.), attd. H. Q. 68th Group.

* * * * *

Douglas, 2nd Lt. (A.-Capt.) F. W., 64th (Bengal) Ind. Coy.

* * * * *

Prance, 2nd Lt. (T.-Capt.) B. C., 63rd (Bengal) Ind. Coy.

* * * * *

Scott, T.-Lt.-Col. J. E. (2nd Lt., I. A. R. O.), H. Q., 36th Group.

* * * * *

Smith, T.-2nd Lt. F. C., attd. 18th (N. W. F.) Ind. Coy.

* * * * *

Winsland, 2nd Lt. (A.-Capt.) F. E., 81st (Santal) Ind. Coy.

* * * * *

Fifth Supplement, dated the 31st December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th December 1918, pages 15217, 15232 and 15233.

War Office,
31st December, 1918.

The following is a continuation of Sir D. Haig's Despatch of the 8th November, 1918, submitting names deserving of special mention:—

* * * * *

INDIAN ARMY.

Carwithen, Lt.-Col. E.
Kettlewell, Lt.-Col. and Bt. Col. E. A., D.S.O. (Ret.).
Lee, Maj. L. (Ret.).
Lowry, Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) F. J. S. (Ret.).
Peyton, Col. A. G. (Ret.).
Saunders, Lt.-Col. A. R.
Shewen, Col. & Hon. Brig.-Gen. M. T. (Ret.).
Whiffin, Lt.-Col. H. E., attd. 22nd Group, Labour Corps.

CAVALRY.

Bell, Lt.-Col. R. C., D.S.O., 38th Central India Horse.

Crawford, Lt.-Col. J. H., 32nd Lrs., attd. H.Q., 11th D.A.C., R.F.A.

Fazal Shah, 3189 L./Dafadar (A./Havildar), 35th Scinde Horse, attd. Ind. Adv. Base Depôt.

Jahan Khan, 2287 L./Dafadar (A./Havildar), 36th Jacob's Horse, attd. Ind. R. A. Adv. Base Depôt.

Ranjunath Singh, 3827 Sowar (A./Naik), 34th Poona Horse, attd. Ind. R. A. Adv. Base Depôt.

ROYAL HORSE ARTILLERY.

Habib Khan, 9307 Havildar Major.
Muhammad Ali Khan, 13285 Naik.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE.

Buswell, 2nd Lt. (A./Lt.) G., attd. H.Q., R. E. III. Corps.
Gammon, Capt. (A./Maj.) J.C.
Smith T./2nd Lt. (A./Capt.) T., attd. 35th Naga Ind. Lab. Coy.

MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

Waugh, Condr. R. T., attd. G.H.Q., 3rd Ech.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Banerjee, Acct., 2nd Gde., J. N., attd. G.H.Q., 3rd Ech.
D'Lemos, Clk., 5th Gde., E. J., attd. G.H.Q., 3rd Ech.
Mullenex, Clk., 4th Gde., J.C.A., attd. G.H.Q., 3rd Ech.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

Staff.

* * * * *

Hogg, Col. (A./Brig.-Gen.) R. E. T., C.I.E., Ind. Army.

* * * *

Pitcher, Col. (A. Brig.-Gen.) D. L., C.M.G., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Royal Air Force.

* * * * *

Faithfull, Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) G. F. H. (Ind. Army), 3rd Balloon Wing.

* * * * *

Henderson, Maj. G. (C. India Horse), 53rd Sqdn.

* * * * *

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 14th February 1919.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 21.—Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant J. Robson, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 26th January 1919.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 10th February 1919.

No. 353-E.—19.—Mr. W. G. Warburton, Deputy Coal Controller, Bombay, has been permitted to resign his appointment with effect from the 1st February 1919.

No. 353-E.-1—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 353-E.—19, dated the 10th February 1919, Mr. A. Turner Laing is appointed Deputy Coal Controller, Bombay.

The 14th February 1919.

No. 31-E.—19.—Mr. Patrick Charles Young, Executive Engineer, State Railways, is, at his own request, permitted to resign the service of Government with effect from the 1st February 1919.

No. 261-E.—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 451-E.—18, dated the 17th May 1918, Mr. J. C. Hunter, officiating Carriage and Wagon Superintendent North Western Railway, in class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment, will hold the appointment sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from the 13th May 1918 and until further orders.

No. 340-E.—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 141-E.-4—19, dated the 10th January 1919, Mr. A. C. Robertson, District Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Locomotive Superintendent in class I of that establishment from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 342-E.—19.—Mr. E. M. Carvey, Assistant Controller of Stores, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class III, grade 4, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Controller of Stores in class II of that Establishment during the absence of Mr. F. W. Thorp, District Controller of Stores, on privilege leave with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 342-E.-2—19.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 342-E.—19, dated the 14th February 1919, Mr. D. J. Lima, Depôt Storekeeper, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Controller of Stores of that Railway.

No. 1438-E.—18.—In Railway Board's Notification No. 1438-E.—18, dated the 15th November 1918 *for* "6th August 1918" *read* "7th August 1918."

No. 1888-E.—18.—Captain J. S. Trench, Deputy Traffic Manager, in class I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways is, on return from military duty, reposted to the North Western Railway.

No. 1888-E.-2—18.—Mr. G. S. Bocquet, C.M.G., Deputy Traffic Manager in class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, temporarily employed on the North Western Railway, is re-transferred to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 1967-E.—18.—Mr. J. H. White, C.M.G., officiating Senior Deputy Agent, North Western Railway, officiated as Agent of the Railway from the 2nd to the 12th January 1919.

No. 1967-E.-2—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1967-E.—18, dated the 14th February 1919, Mr. W. C. Rodgers, officiating Deputy Agent, North Western Railway, officiated as Senior Deputy Agent of the Railway from the 2nd to the 12th January 1919.

No. 1967-E.-3—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1967-E.-2—18, dated the 14th February 1919, Mr. S. P. Flowerdew, Assistant Agent, North Western Railway, officiated as Deputy Agent of the Railway from the 2nd to the 12th January 1919.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 7th February 1919.

No. G.-365.—Dr. N. L. Sheldon, Ph.D., F.I.C., officer on special duty at the Government Acetone Factory, Nasik Road, is appointed Superintendent of that Factory in succession to Mr. J. Jervase-Hatt, with effect from the 23rd January 1919.

The 10th February 1919.

No. E.-852 (1).—Sir Henry Ledgard, Kt., who has been appointed by the Secretary of State for India as Honorary Adviser to Government on Boot Production, reported his arrival in India on the 15th December 1918.

No. E.-852 (2).—The following officers, who have been appointed by the Secretary of State for India as Assistants to the Honorary Adviser to Government on Boot Production, reported their arrival in India on the dates noted against each :—

Mr. E. Tite Mr. J. Billington Mr. H. G. Barker	7th January 1919.
Mr. F. Waters	12th January 1919.

The 11th February 1919.

No. E.-614 (1).—Mr. H. L. Newman, a Deputy Conservator of Forests in the Bombay Presidency, was employed on special duty at Bombay from the 7th to the 31st October 1918, both days inclusive.

No. E.-614 (2).—Mr. H. L. Newman is appointed Timber Purchasing Officer, Bombay, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. E.-614 (3).—The services of Mr. R. W. Inder, Timber Purchasing Officer, Bombay, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. E.-714 (1).—Mr. P. M. Lushington, Conservator of Forests (retired), was employed on special duty at Coimbatore from the 10th to the 31st October 1918, both days inclusive.

No. E.-714 (2).—Mr. P. M. Lushington has been appointed Deputy Controller (Timber Supplies), Malabar Circle, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

The 13th February 1919.

No. E.-979.—Mr. C. Lomas is appointed as Officiating Assistant Works Manager, Gun and Shell Factory, Cossipore, with effect from the 1st February 1919.

F. R. R. RUDMAN,
Offg. Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

The 14th February 1919.

No. E.-733.—The services of Lieutenant D. D. Hemsworth, R.E., Additional Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Calcutta, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 7th February 1919.

No. E.-738.—Mr. R. R. Reaks, Assistant Secretary, Indian Munitions Board, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 13th February 1919 under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

REGISTERED No. L 848.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 8.] DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 21st February, 1919.

No. 24.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (4) of section 74 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St. George published under Notification No. 15 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1909, as subsequently amended, namely:—

In the second proviso to Regulation X (1), for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 25.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (4) of section 74 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay published under Notification No. 16 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1909, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation X (1), for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 26.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (4) of section 74 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal published under Notification No. 65 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 21st November, 1912, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation X (1), for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 27.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh published under Notification No. 18 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1909, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation X (1) for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 28.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab published under Notification No. 19 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department dated the 15th November, 1909, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation X (1) for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 29.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa published under Notification No. 66 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department dated the 21st November, 1912, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation X (1) for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 30.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces published under Notification No. 58 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation X(1) for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 31.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of Assam published under Notification No. 68 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department dated the 21st November, 1912, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation X (1) for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

No. 32.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma published under Notification No. 67 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department dated the 21st November, 1912, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the second proviso to Regulation VI (1), for the words " six months " the words " one year " shall be substituted.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 17th February 1919.

No. 1217-C.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to grant, under section 86 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), to the Hon'ble Sir George Stapylton Barnes, K.C.B., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, leave of absence on medical certificate for a period of three months, with effect from the 20th February 1919 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 20th February 1919.

No. 1340-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 55, sub-section (3), of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General, with the approval of His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Sir Saiyid Ali Imam, K.C.S.I., Bar.-at-Law, to be a Member of the Council constituted in the Province of Bihar and Orissa for the purpose of assisting the Lieutenant Governor in the executive Government of that province with effect from the 12th February 1919.

No. 1349-C.—Mr. H. D. Craik, of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department with effect from the 19th February 1919.

The 21st February 1919.

No. 1368-C.—The following provisional rules, dated the 7th January 1919, have been passed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council to come into operation forthwith for the appointment to the Indian Civil Service otherwise than by the annual Open Competition (which will still continue to be held) of British subjects who have during the war served in His Majesty's Navy, Army, or Air Forces. It will rest with the Civil Service Commissioners to determine whether candidates are qualified in respect of nationality, age, character, education, and war service as defined in the following Regulations :—

1. (*a*) Every candidate must be either a British subject or a ruler or subject of any State in India in respect of whom the Governor-General in Council has made a declaration under section 96(*a*) of the Government of India Act. 1915, as amended by section 3 of the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916.

(*b*) If the candidate (being a British subject) or his father or his mother was not born within His Majesty's Dominion and allegiance, the father must at the time of the candidate's birth have been a British subject or the subject of a State in India and still be (or have continued to be until his death) a British subject or a subject of such State.

2. Every candidate for appointment to be made under these Rules must have served in His Majesty's Naval, Military, or Air Forces during the war for at least one year, or, if his service be less than one year, have been retired or discharged on account of wounds or sickness resulting from such service.

3. Every candidate must have been born on or after the 2nd August 1891, and on or before the 1st August 1899.

4. Every candidate must be of good character in civil and military life.

5. Every candidate must have received continuous and systematic education of a high type until at least the age of 18, and must produce satisfactory evidence that if he has not received University education, he would have been justified in proceeding from school to a University with a view to taking high honours.

6. Candidates must submit to the Civil Service Commissioners an application in the form prescribed by them, and pay on application such fee as is appointed by them.

7. Candidates who appear from their forms of application to be *prima facie* eligible for appointment to the Indian Civil Service will be subject to such test as the Civil Service Commission may prescribe in the way of (*a*) a qualifying examination, written or oral; (*b*) the production of written evidence including school record, university record (if any), military record, and personal references; (*c*) interview by Selection Board; (*d*) medical examination.

8. Candidates recommended by the Civil Service Commissioners will be accepted by the Secretary of State for India in Council as Selected Candidates for the Indian Civil Service, subject to any further enquiries that he may find it necessary to institute, and will be required to undergo such period of probation as may be hereafter prescribed. At the end of this period of probation they will be tested by the Civil Service Commissioners, or by an authority in India specially empowered in this behalf, in Indian Law and Languages, and in any other subjects which may be prescribed, and in riding. They will not be appointed to the Civil Service of India until they have been certified to have fulfilled these tests.

9. In pursuance of section 2 of the Rules Publication Act, 1893 (56 and 57 Vict. c. 66) the Secretary of State for India in Council certifies that on account of urgency the foregoing rules are made as provisional rules to come into operation forthwith.

Note—Candidates are cautioned that applications should not be sent to the Civil Service Commission until forms are available.

The following notice issued by the Civil Service Commission is also published for general information:—

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

RECONSTRUCTION SCHEME OF SELECTION FOR CLASS I OF THE HOME CIVIL SERVICE, INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE, EASTERN CADETSHIPS, JUNIOR APPOINTMENTS, OFFICERSHIPS OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

The Civil Service Commissioners announce that the holding of competitive examinations for appointments to the higher division (class I), and to certain other classes of the Civil Service will not be resumed for at least two years after the cessation of hostilities, and that vacancies in these classes will be filled in the meantime by a process of selection by a Board, the principle of open competition being maintained so far as practicable.

This decision has been reached by the Government in accordance with the recommendations of Viscount Gladstone's Committee on recruitment for the Civil Service after the war. While it is considered to be essential that the intellectual standard of candidates for class I of the Home Civil Service, to which so much importance was attached by the Royal Commission on the Civil Service, should not be lowered, it is manifest that owing to the general interruption of academic studies during the war there will be comparatively few persons of suitable age during the two or three years following the termination of hostilities who will have received a complete university education. On the other hand it is clearly the duty of the State temporarily to adapt its system of selecting candidates for the Public Service so as to give the fullest opportunity of secur-

ing appointments to those who have served during the war in the naval, military, or air forces of the Crown. Such candidates would be at a serious disadvantage in any competitive examination approaching the standard required for class I appointments, and indeed no examination could be imposed upon them which aimed at more than a qualifying test of their proficiency in such subjects as they ought all to have learned before the war, and ought not to have forgotten.

Class I.

It is estimated that there will be at least 100 vacancies in class I to be filled during the two years following the cessation of hostilities, to cover wastage during the period since the last appointments were made by open competition, *viz.*, in 1914. The filling of these vacancies (otherwise than by promotion from other grades of the service) will be spread as evenly as possible over the two years, in view of the claims of those whose demobilization is deferred. All persons will be eligible to compete for them who satisfy the following conditions :—

The applicant must :—

(*i*) Have been born on or after the 2nd August, 1891;

(*ii*) Have attained the age of 22 on the date fixed for his qualifying examination;

(*iii*) Have served in His Majesty's naval, military, or air forces during the war, provided that under certain conditions men may be treated as eligible who, having been pronounced unfit on grounds of health for general service, have been temporarily employed in Government Departments during the war;

(*iv*) Submit an application in the form prescribed by the Civil Service Commissioners accompanied by a fee stamp of ten shillings;

(*v*) Be of good character in civil and military life;

(*vi*) Have received continuous and systematic education of a high type until at least the age of 18;

(*vii*) Be in a position to produce satisfactory evidence, in the absence of a university record, that but for the war he would have been justified in expecting to attain a first or second class in a University Honours School.

Candidates who appear from their forms of application and the resulting inquiries, including the scrutiny of their school record, university record (if any), military record, and personal references, to be *prima facie* eligible for appointment will be subjected to a qualifying examination in arithmetic, English (including essay and precis-writing and other tests), and in general knowledge, historical, political, social, economic, scientific and geographical.

Candidates who satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners with regard to the qualifying examination and their age, health, and character, will be admitted to an interview by the Selection Board charged with the duty of selecting men for appointment.

Any candidate will also be permitted to produce evidence of special proficiency in any particular subject or subjects of study, and this will be weighed by the Selection Board with the other factors.

Preference will be given by the Selection Board, *ceteris paribus*, to candidates who are debarred from active employment by some physical impairment arising out of the war, and not likely to interfere with the discharge of ordinary administrative duties.

Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application through Members of Parliament, or other influential persons, will disqualify him for appointment. The Selection Board will disregard spontaneous recommendations from persons who are not personally acquainted with the candidate's work whether at school or university, in the forces, or otherwise.

Separate competitions will be held at intervals during the period while this scheme is in force. Candidates will be divided into three groups :—

(a) Those who have taken a full university course;

(b) Those who have spent at least two years at a university, but not taken a full course;

(c) Those who entered the forces direct from school or spent less than two years at a university;

and so far as practicable a certain proportion of vacancies will be allotted to each group. Canditates who are judged by the Selection Board to be suitable for appointment but are not posted to vacancies as the result of that competition may be allowed to compete on a second occasion without taking the qualifving examination again. Subject to this, no candidate may compete more than once under this scheme. No candidate will be obliged to take the qualifying examination within three months from the date of leaving the forces, as attested by his "dispersal certificate."

Candidates who under this scheme enter the Service at an age above the normal maximum of 24 years will be allowed one increment of salary for each year of their age above 24 at the date of their qualifying examination.

Indian Civil Service and Eastern Cadetships.

From a hundred to two hundred vacancies in the Indian Civil Service will be filled concurrently with vacancies in Class I of the Home Civil Service, and by a similar process,* subject to such conditions as to age, physical fitness, and other qualifications of candidature as may be laid down for that Service.

Eastern cadetships under the Colonial Office will be awarded by a like procedure; the number of vacancies cannot at present be announced.

One fee of ten shillings will cover applications for Class I of the Home Civil Service, Indian Civil Service and Eastern Cadetships. Successful candidates will have their choice of the situations offered for competition according to the order in which they may be placed in the list prepared for each Service by the Selection Board.

"Junior Appointments" and "Officers of Customs and Excise."

Such vacancies as it may be necessary to fill, otherwise than by promotion from other grades of the Service, during a period following the termination of hostilities, which will be defined later, to the various classes of "Junior Appointments," commonly known as Intermediate Posts, will be filled by a similar process of selection from candidates between the ages of 18 and 22 who comply with the conditions (*iii*), (*v*) and (*vi*) laid down with respect to Class I posts, and make application in the form prescribed by the Civil Service Commissioners, accompanied by a fee stamp of seven shillings and sixpence. Successful candidates will be allowed one increment of salary for each year of their age above 19 at the date of their qualifying examination. Men who have served in His Majesty's forces during the war and are appointed to one of these posts may subsequently compete for Class I, if they so desire, on attaining the requisite age.

Vacancies in the class of "Officers of Customs and Excise" will be filled in a similar way by selection from candidates who were born on or after the 2nd September, 1893, and have attained the age of 19. The entrance fee for this competition will be five shillings. One increment will be allowed for each year of age above 21.

The qualifying examination, both for "Junior appointments" and for the class of "Officers of Customs and Excise" will be similar in character and scope to that for Class I, but of lower standard.

The Regulations for the several Services are under consideration by the Civil Service Commissioners and the Departments concerned. It is hoped that

* A few vacancies will be filled in each year by means of the usual Open Competitive Examination.

they will be ready early in the new year, and intending candidates should write after the 15th of January to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, 6, Burlington Gardens, London, W. 1, for the Regulations and Application Form for the class or classes of appointments for which they desire to compete.

All intending candidates should apply as soon as possible after the date stated in the preceding paragraph. The qualifying examination of those who are at present under age will be fixed for a date when they are of age. Those who wish to postpone their examination for the purpose of university study or other reason will be given an opportunity to apply for sanction for the postponement.

16th December, 1918.

NOTES ON THE SALARIES, ETC., OF SOME OF THE SITUATIONS TO BE FILLED BY THE RECONSTRUCTION SCHEME OF SELECTION.

Higher Division (Class I).

The salary† begins at £200, and rises by annual increments of £20 to £500. Most of the superior administrative posts in the Service are normally filled by promotion from this class.

Colonial Service, Eastern Cadetships.

(*a*) Ceylon: Commencing salary £300 per annum, rising to £350 after necessary examinations have been passed in native languages, etc. After three years Cadets who have passed their examinations but have not received substantive appointments are placed on a scale of £400—£500.—(*b*) Straits Settlements* and Federated Malay States*: £250, with free furnished quarters, rising to £300 after examinations have been passed. After three years £400—£500, with duty allowance of £100.—(*c*) Hong Kong†: £225, with house allowance, rising to £300, after examinations have been passed. After three years £350, with duty allowance of £100. The limits of age are under consideration.

Junior Appointments (Intermediate Class).

Salary† £100, after two years £120, then rising by £10 annually to £200, thence by £15 annually to £350. A large number of superior posts, especially in the Accounting and Audit Departments, are normally filled by promotion from this class.

Officers of Customs and Excise.

Salary† £80, by £7 10*s*. annually to £160, thence by £10 to £300. Vacancies in the Survey and in superior grades in the Customs and Excise Department are normally filled by promotion from this class.

MEDICAL.

The 18th February 1919.

No. 1293-C.—Major General W. H. B. Robinson, C.B., I.M.S., Surgeon General with the Government of Bengal, is granted, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it, combined leave for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and thereafter leave on private affairs under paragraph 226, Army Regulations, India, Volume II.

No. 1294-C.—Colonel J. K. Close, M.D., I.M.S., A.D.M.S., Derajat Brigade, is appointed to officiate as Surgeon General with the Government of Bengal, during the absence on leave of Major General W. H. B. Robinson, C.B., I.M.S., with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

* The normal salaries quoted have been temporarily supplemented by war bonuses.

†The salaries quoted in each case are on the pre-war scale. They are now supplemented by war bonuses in consideration of the higher cost of living, at rates varying according to salary, with a minimum of nearly £60 per annum for men of 21 years and upwards; of about £44 per annum for those under 21 and over 18.

POLICE.

The 18th February 1919.

No. 1243-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the exemption made by entry (13) of Schedule I of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, in favour of European or East Indian subjects of His Majesty shall cease to extend to Samuel Richard Aubrey of Asansol.

PORT BLAIR.

The 17th February 1919.

No. 1231-C.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 30 of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands Regulation, 1876 (III of 1876), and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 243, dated the 21st September 1877, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare the North, Middle and South Andaman Islands to be a Settlement for the purposes of the said Regulation.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ARCHÆOLOGY AND EPIGRAPHY.

Delhi, the 18th February 1919.

No. 41.—Sir John Hubert Marshall, Kt., C.I.E., Litt.D., F.S.A., Director General of Archæology in India, is granted privilege leave for 11 days and in continuation furlough for 7 months and 19 days with effect from the 20th February 1919, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 42.—Dr. D. B. Spooner, Ph.D., F.A.S.B., Assistant Director General of Archæology in India, is appointed to officiate as Director General of Archæology in India, during the absence on leave of Sir John Hubert Marshall, Kt., or until further orders.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Delhi, the 19th February 1919.

No. 290-C.—Mr. R. D. Richmond, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Madras, is appointed to be Assistant Inspector General of Forests, with effect from the forenoon of the 30th January 1919, *vice* Mr. R. S. Troup.

Mr. R. S. Troup, on relief, is temporarily appointed as Sylviculturist at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, *vice* Mr. R. E. Marsden, who is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 3 months with effect from the afternoon of the 1st February 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 19th February 1919.

No. 6.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions in, and to, the rank of Chief Engineer:—

Name.	From	To	Date.
Colonel J. P. Blakeway, C.M.G., R.E.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	9th November 1918.
Mr. A. W. E. Standley	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	9th November 1918.
Colonel J. P. Blakeway, C.M.G., R.E.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	7th December 1918, afternoon.
Mr. F. Clayton	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	7th December 1918, afternoon.
Mr. A. S. Montgomery	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	7th December 1918, afternoon.
Mr. H. W. M. Ives	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, officiating.	7th December 1918, afternoon.
Lieutenant-Colonel S. G. Rivett-Carnac, R.E.	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, officiating.	19th December 1918.
Mr. W. F. Holms, C.I.E.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, temporary.	29th January 1919.
Lieutenant-Colonel S. G. Rivett-Carnac, R.E.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, officiating.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	29th January 1919.

F. C. ROSE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 17th February 1919.

No. 554-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. D. Macpherson, of the Political Department, is posted as Resident, Western Rajputana States, with effect from the 7th November 1918.

No. 555-Est. A.—Mr. L. W. Reynolds, C.I.E., M.C., of the Political Department, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana with effect from the 26th November 1918, and until further orders.

The 18th February 1919.

No. 635-I. C.—In consequence of the misconduct of Mirzihan Khan, Head of the Bijerani Marris, Baluchistan, he is hereby deprived of the title of "Khan Sahib," which was conferred on him, as a personal distinction, in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2435-I. C, dated the 28th June 1907.

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The 17th February 1919.

No. 558-Est. A.—The services of Captain E. H Brenan, 11th Battalion, Essex Regiment, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 1st September 1918.

No. 559-Est. A.—Lieutenant J. L. Evans, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles, is placed on special duty under the orders of His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Sistan and Kain for employment with the Sistan Levy Corps, with effect from the 5th January 1919.

No. 493-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Daniel Robertson as Vice-Consul for Brazil at Rangoon.

The 18th February 1919.

No. 598-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel G. J. Davis, D.S.O., Military Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, is granted war leave for one month, under the provisions of India Army Orders Nos. 291 and 1148 of 1917, with effect from the 10th February 1919.

The 20th February 1919.

No. 545-G.—With reference to Notification No. 245-G., dated the 27th January 1919, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Monsieur Lucien Ernest Roger Laronce as Consul-General for France at Calcutta has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 548-G.—Under section 3 of the Persian Coast and Islands Order in Council, 1907, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant Thomas Torrance Scott, I.A.R.O., on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, to be a Judicial Assistant to His Majesty's Consul-General for Fars and the Coasts and Islands of the Persian Gulf, *vice* Lieutenant A. C. Duff, I.A.R.O., with effect from the 12th February 1919.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 18th February 1919.

No. 573-Est. A.—In Foreign and Political Department Notification No. 288-Est. A., dated the 22nd January 1919, *for* " Nighbour " *substitute* " Neighbour ", and after " Corps " *add* " (Special Reserve) ".

No. 594-Est. A.—Mr. A. N. L. Cater, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 9th February 1919.

No. 594-(A) Est. A.—Mr. H. R. Lynch-Blosse, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department of the Government of India, is posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad, with effect from the 9th February 1919, and until further orders.

No. 600-Est. A.—*Corrigendum.*—In Notification No. 94-Est. A., dated the 8th January 1919, posting Lieutenant-Colonel P. T. A. Spence, of the Political Department, as Political Agent, Malwa, *for* " 2nd December " *read* " 1st December".

No. 625-I. B.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 96-A of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to declare that Mr. Kayalathu Chakko Chakko, son of Mr. Kayalathu Chakko Chakko, of Kalloopara, Malapalli Tiruvella, Travancore, a subject of Travancore, is eligible for appointment to any civil office under the Crown to which a native of British India may be appointed.

The 19th February 1919.

No. 515-G.—Mr. F. S. Hosley, Superintendent, 3rd grade, Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 10th February 1919.

No. 516-G.—The following officiating promotions are made in the Secretariat :—

Mr. R. C. Albert, Superintendent, 3rd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade. Dated 10th February 1919.

Mr. C. H. Harcourt, Secretariat Assistant, Class I, to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade. Dated 10th February 1919.

The 20th February 1919.

No. 658-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Berar Land Revenue Code, 1896, namely:—

After Section 158 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"158-A. Any sum ordered by a liquidator appointed under sub-section (1) of section 42 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, to be recovered as a contribution to the assets of a society or as the cost of liquidation may be recovered under the foregoing provisions of this chapter:

Recovery of certain sums falling due under Act II of 1912.

Provided that no action shall be taken on an application for recovery of any such sum, unless such application is accompanied by a certificate signed by the Registrar appointed under section 3 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, that the sum should be recovered as an arrear of land revenue."

No. 659-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Central India (Administered Areas) Excise Law, 1917, namely:—

(1) In section 14 of the said Law, after the words "intoxicating drug" the words "or the manufacture of any intoxicating drug" shall be inserted.

(2) In clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 29 of the said Law, the word "or" shall be omitted, and after the word "transports" the words "or manufactures" shall be inserted.

R. E. HOLLAND,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 18th February 1919.

No. 478-G.-Camp.—Mr. G. E. Hodges, Superintendent, 2nd grade, Military Finance Branch, is appointed Superintendent, 1st grade, provisionally substantive, with effect from the 1st February 1919.

The 19th February 1919.

No. 479-Accts.-Camp.—Colonel T. A. Harrison, C.S.I., I.A., Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, is granted combined leave in and out of India, on private affairs, for six months from the 7th February 1919, the first 90 days being privilege leave and the remaining period leave under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army. Pension service 35th year commenced on the 7th February 1919.

No. 256-F. E.—Mr. H. O'Callaghan, Assistant Audit Officer, Class I, has been posted to the office of the Accountant General, Railways, with effect from the 1st February 1919.

Mr. R. G. Vernon has been posted as Assistant Auditor, North-Western Railway, with effect from the 4th February 1919.

No. 257-F. E.—L. Chaman Lal, Officiating Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, office of the Accountant General, Punjab, was granted privilege leave from the 19th November 1918 to 14th December 1918.

No. 262-F. E.—The following promotions of officers in the Indian Finance Department are notified:—

With effect from the 7th November 1918.

Mr. F. D. Gordon is promoted substantively to Class III of Accountants General.

Mr. J. S. Milne is promoted substantively to Class I of the General List.

No. 267-F. E.—Mr. E. D. Chanter, an officer in Class II of the Public Works List of the Indian Finance Department, returned from deputation in the Military Accounts Department and was granted combined leave for one year, *viz.*, privilege leave for two months and 19 days and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period, with effect from the 10th December 1918.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

The 21st February 1919.

No. 506-F.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

January 1919. **Lakhs of Rupees.**

	JANUARY.		TO END OF JAN.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1917-1918.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	5,36	6,38	22,37	22,81	37,08	35,24
Opium	22	26	3,17	2,74	4,79	3,56
Salt	60	52	4,93	7,17	5,24	8,25
Stamps	84	76	7,17	6,99	8,91	8,40
Excise	1,68	1,45	18,94	12,17	15,97	15,20
Provincial Rates	1	1	3	3	4	4
Customs	1,82	1,72	15,86	13,58	16,22	16,50
Income Tax	1,59	1,27	7,89	7,05	9,21	9,15
Forest	38	40	2,67	2,33	4,03	3,89
Registration	7	7	67	65	81	79
Tributes from Native States	24	10	57	43	92	72
Other Civil Revenue	54	67	7,96	5,82	5,85	7,05
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	13,35	13,61	86,79	81,47	1,09,07	1,08,79
Major Irrigation Revenue	86	86	3,38	3,37	4,63	4,35
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	5	10	48	55	82	69
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	14,26	14,57	90,60	85,39	1,14,52	1,13,83
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—1,18	—1,05	—8,67	—6,15	—10,58	—9,10
Opium	—2	—1	—1,60	—1,61	—1,88	—1,65
Famine Relief (Civil)	—	...	—1	...	—6	—1
Other Civil Expenditure	—4,58	—4,06	—43,80	—39,00	—54,46	—48,26
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—5,79	—5,12	—54,08	—46,76	—66,98	—59,02
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—17	—18	—1,54	—1,58	—2,30	—1,87
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—53	—63	—4,45	—4,48	—7,93	—6,00
Famine Relief (Public Works)	—2	—5	—31	—38	—59	—51
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—13	—9	—89	—86	—1,39	—1,07
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—6,64	—6,07	—61,27	—54,04	—79,09	—68,47
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—1	—3	—23	—47	—68	—57
Delhi Capital Expenditure	—3	—4	—40	—24	—38	—36
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	—4	—7	—63	—71	—1,06	—93
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Posts and Telegraphs (Net)	+61	—46	—6,86	—11,30	—6,12	—12,47
Marine (Net)	—45	—74	—6,45	—9,81	—9,51	—11,25
Military Works (Net)	—45	—35	—5,30	—4,68	—3,19	—5,96
Military Receipts	+76	+87	+7,62	+3,98	+8,46	+5,79
Military Issues	—16,84	—12,40	—1,35,60	—85,95	—1,21,41	—1,10,28
Railway Receipt.						
East Indian Railway	+1,01	+84	+11,73	+7,40	+9,40	+68,02
Other Railways	+5,45	+5,16	+49,85	+47,47	+60,04	
TOTAL	+6,46	+6,00	+61,58	+54,87	+69,44	+68,02
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	—49	—39	—4,91	—4,41	—5,80	—39,20
Other Railways	—3,11	—2,63	—31,87	—28,28	—34,55	
TOTAL	—3,60	—3,02	—36,78	—32,69	—40,35	—39,20
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	—13,51	—10,10	—1,21,79	—85,58	—1,07,66	—1,05,35
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net + Receipts more, — receipts less than payments)	...	—75	—31	+44,04	+29,48	+43,15
Second War Loan	...	...	+56,22	...	...	...
Temporary Loan	+4,24	+8,17	—9,91	+31,80	—4,00	+46,97
Cash certificates	—31	...	—14	...	...	...
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	—52	—6	+1,05	+20	...	+11
Credits against American silver	+2,69	...	+41,31	...	+4,00	—3,80
Payments on account of American silver	—1,07	...	—16,59	...	...	...
Treasury Credits	...	...	+13	...	...	...
Transfers through Currency	...	...	+9,50	...	+24,52	...
Credits against Secretary of State's silver	+2,67	+1,07	+21,29	+15,71	+19,42	+18,67
Deposits of District Funds	+44	+41	+48	—1	+3	—1
Loans by Governments	—1,11	+14	—2,03	+31	+11	+70
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R15 per £	...	—1,99	—12,06	—30,21	—2,90	—37,36
Sterling Transfers on London	+6	...	+5,40	...	...	...
Other Debt Heads	—9	+73	—8,48	—7,00	—3,67	—7,48
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	+7,00	+7,72	+85,86	+51,84	+66,94	+60,97
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	+1,07	+6,05	—7,23	—10	—6,37	+5
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	14,69	16,79	22,99	22,94	24,78	22,94
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	15,76	22,84	15,76	22,84	18,41	22,99

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

The 15th February 1919.

No. 443-F.—In modification of the Notification in the Finance Department No. 233-F., dated the 24th January 1919, it is notified for public information that the rate for six months treasury bills will, with effect from the 17th February 1919 until further notice, be Rupees ninety-seven and annas six per cent.

H. F. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCE—WAR.

Delhi, the 22nd February 1919.

No. 1677-D.—The following extract from the "Board of Trade Journal," dated the 16th January 1919, is published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT AND IMPORT SECTION.

Relaxation of export prohibitions.

The Board of Trade announce that the following relaxation of the existing prohibitions of export will be brought into force as from to-day. Further relaxations will be announced in subsequent issues of the "Journal."

A. EXPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The following is a list of the articles affected and of the changes made in the nature of the prohibitions applicable to each. In explanation of the changes it should be noted that goods on List A are prohibited to all destinations, and goods on List B to all destinations outside the British Empire, while goods on List C are prohibited only to countries neighbouring enemy countries.*

It will of course be understood that the existing position regarding trading with enemy countries is in no way affected by these modifications.

[NOTE.—Attention is called to the fact that by the Proclamation of the 1st October, 1918, *all goods*, whether mentioned by name or not (except printed matter and accompanied personal effects) are prohibited on List C.]

HEADINGS TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER.

Heading.	From	To
Cobaltchrom and similar alloys	A	C
Drawplates, jewelled for drawing wire	B	C
Ferro-manganese	B	C
Ferro-silicon	B	C
Ferro-titanium	B	C
Flax and linen, all goods wholly or partly manufactured of (except such as are already on List C)	A	C
Flax cordage and twine	A	C

* All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, Belgium, Portugal, Greece, Spain and Morocco, Palestine and Syria, as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hejaz railway inclusive, and to all ports in any such foreign countries.

HEADINGS TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER—*concld.*

Heading.	From	To
Gum arabic	A	C
Gum tragacanth	A	C
Gums containing caoutchouc	B	C
Hammers not otherwise specifically prohibited	B	C
Hemp of all kinds (including Indian Hemp used in textile manufacture), Maguey Fibre and manufactures thereof except Tagal braid	A	C
Manganese and manganese ore	B	C
Nickel, its ores and alloys	B	C
Oakum	B	C
Oil Waste	B	C
Packing Cases, empty wooden, and their distinctive component parts, including box shooks and staves, other than such wooden packing cases as have been previously imported full and are being returned empty whether whole or in parts	A	C
Platinum, alloys of platinum and manufactures containing platinum	A	C
Resinous substances containing caoutchouc	B	C
Revolution indicators suitable for aircraft	A	C
Sacks, coal	B	C
Selenium	B	C
Silicon manganese	B	C
Spiegeleisen	B	C
Tapers	A	C
Thorium and its alloys	B	C
Titanium, titanium alloys and titanium ores	A	C
Tungsten alloys	A	C
Tungsten (except tungsten filaments for electric lamps)	A	C
Tungsten ores (including ferberite hubnerite, scheelite and wolframite)	B	C
Wire, barbed	A	C
Wire, galvanised	A	C

CHEMICALS.

Heading.	From	To
Chromium acetate	B	C
Chromium chlorate	B	C
Chromium nitrate	B	C
Hydrogen peroxide	B	C
Manganese, peroxide of, and mixtures and preparations thereof	A	C
Platinum, salts of	A	C
Soda crystals	A	C
Zirconium compounds	A	C

HEADINGS ALTERED.

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Ammonia and its salts, whether simple or compound, and mixtures containing such salts.	(A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia. (C) Ammonia and its salts not otherwise prohibited.
(B) Chromium, compounds of (except chromium acetate, chromium chlorate, and chromium nitrate), and mixtures containing such compounds of chromium.	(B) Bichromate of Soda. (C) Chromium compounds and mixtures containing such compounds, not otherwise prohibited.
(A) Gall nuts and extracts thereof.	(B) Gall nuts. (C) Extracts of Gall Nuts.

NOTE.

The prohibition on the export of the following articles is removed :—

Notes of the United States Government and United States Bank notes to all destinations except the United States.

Attention is called to the fact that the removal to List "C" of "Mixtures containing zinc sulphide" does not affect lithopone, which remains on List "A" under the heading "Zinc Sulphide."

In the "Journal" of 9th January, Carborundum, etc., was notified as removed from List A to List C. This was incorrect. The removal is from List A to List B.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1716-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Notification in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 3061-C. W., dated the 24th March 1917, be cancelled.

No. 1717-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea into British India of old newspapers in bulk from the following countries, namely, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Switzerland, Spain, Roumania and European Russia.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1632-D.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 (1) of the Cotton Duties Act, 1896 (II of 1896), and in supersession of the notification in this Department No. 2079-D., dated the 23rd February 1918, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix, for the descriptions of cotton goods hereunder specified, tariff values as follows, with effect from the 1st March 1919 :—

Grey goods, plain or bordered.

	Tariff value per lb. R	A.	P.
1. Chadars and bedsheets, plain, or having only borders not over ¼"	1	6	0
2. Dangari and Khadi cloth	1	2	6
3. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, lungis, and gumchas, plain, or having only borders not over ¼"	1	9	0
4. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, lungis, and gumchas having only borders over ¼" but not over ¾"	1	9	9
5. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, lungis, and gumchas having only borders over ¾" but not over 2"	1	10	0
6. Domestics, T cloths, shirtings, longcloth, sheetings having borders not over ½"	1	8	3
7. Drills and jeans, plain	1	5	0
8. Fents	1	0	0
9. Patals and saris with headings over 4" wide and only coloured borders not over ¾"	1	7	6
10. Printers, sadlapat and bhagavad	1	6	0
11. Shirtings twilled, unbleached	1	8	0
12. Tent, sail, commissariat and double threaded cloth (dosuti)	1	5	6
13. Zanzibar cloth	1	6	0

Provided that for calendered grey goods 3 pies shall be added to the above values.

Provided further that standard cloth, as requisitioned from time to time at rates fixed by the Controller of Cotton Cloth, shall be assessed at those rates.

Figured or coloured goods.

	Tariff value per lb. R A. P.
14. Bedcovers, twilled sheets, quilts, and table-cloths with borders not over ¼"	1 6 0
15. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled or plain wove sheets, and chadars, coloured warp or weft	1 7 6
16. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled or plain wove sheets and chadars, coloured warp and weft	1 9 0
17. Bed ticking, plain or drilled	1 6 3
18. Check gumchas and check cholas	1 12 6
19. Cholis and saris (coloured)	1 14 9
20. Cotton tweed, commonly called hunting cloth, plain or striped, including leheria, Thana susi, Thana drill, Thana twill, and Thana check	1 9 9
21. Drills, striped	1 6 6
22. „ checked	1 7 9
23. „ dyed	1 9 9
24. English patterned checks, trouserings and coatings	1 11 6
25. Fancy dobby pattern checks, coloured warp and weft	1 12 9
26. Fents	1 3 3
27. Flannel pattern susi and dobby susi, grey weft	1 10 6
28. „ „ „ „ „ coloured weft	1 11 3
29. Lungis, coloured	1 12 9
30. Lungis, grey with coloured stripes and borders	1 10 6
31. Napkins, grey	1 7 9
32. „ bleached	1 11 3
33. Shirtings twilled, bleached	1 12 0
34. Susi, check, English, grey ground	1 11 3
35. „ checks, ordinary, grey ground	1 10 3
36. „ „ „ coloured warp or weft	1 11 3
37. „ checksheets, ordinary grey ground	1 9 0
38. „ ordinary, coloured stripes, grey ground	1 8 9
39. „ „ „ weft	1 10 9
40. Tent cloth, blue and red	1 8 9
41. „ „ khaki	1 12 0
42. Towels, Turkish, grey	1 9 3
43. „ „ bleached	1 13 9
44. „ honeycomb and other sorts, grey	1 7 9
45. „ „ bleached	1 11 0
46. Zephyr cloth	1 10 0
47. „ striped and checked	1 11 9

Provided that any goods specified in the foregoing lists shall, when woven with borders of silk, be assessed to duty *ad valorem.*

EXPLOSIVES.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1579-D.—In accordance with the provisions of section 18 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), and of the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1964, dated the 2nd September 1887, the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish, for general information, the following amendment which His Excellency in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the said Act, proposes to make in the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, published with the notification in this Department No. 4013-33, dated the 6th June 1914.

The draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on the expiration of two months from the date of publication of this notification in the *Gazette of India.*

Draft amendment.

Clause (V) of Rule 3 shall be omitted.

POST OFFICE.

The 22nd February 1919

No. 1658-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Commerce and Industry Department, No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

At the end of rule 50, the following shall be added :—

The stamps must be placed apart from one another so that they may not serve to conceal injuries to the cover of the letter or parcel.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1573-D.—The following promotion in the Superior Establishment of the Telegraph Department is sanctioned with effect from the date specified : —

Mr M. J. O'Connell, Superintendent of Telegraphs, Madras Office, is temporarily promoted to the grade of Rs. 1,200 (Provincial Scale) with effect from the 1st October 1918.

PURCHASE SCHEME.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1794-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the entry "(A) Oilcakes of all kinds" shall be deleted from the schedule to the Notification in this Department No. 553-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended.

SHIPPING CONTROL.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1767-D.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in Rule 14-A of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, namley :—

In sub-rule (2) of the said rule the words " under any law for the time being in force passed by the Governor General in Council for the registration of ships in India or " shall be omitted.

SUSPECT FIRMS.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1535-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the schedule appended to the notification in this Department No. 619-D., dated the 25th January 1919, *viz.* :—

ADDITIONS.

ARGENTINA.

Bruning, Guillermo, Pozo del Moelle, Cordoba, Argentina.

Regensburger, E. y Compania, Arias, Cordoba and Isla Verde, Argentina.

Widenbrüg (or Widenburg), Pablo, Rosario, Argentina.

Widenburg, Pablo (*see under* Widenbrüg).

BOLIVIA.

Kreidler, José, San Ignacio.

CUBA.

Armbrecht, W., Calle Amistad 108 or 124, Havana.

MEXICO.

Schroeder, Enrique (Antigua Casa de Jorge Henning), Mexico City.

MOROCCO.

Manzano, Francisco, Ceuta.

SPAIN.

Moldenhauer, Federico (*see under* Moldenhauer-Murphy).
Moldenhauer-Murphy, Georg Friedrich (or Federico Moldenhauer), Garrucha, Almeria.
Scherdel (or Sterdel), Heinrich, Calle Balmes 47, Barcelona.
Seither, Carl, Rambla de Cataluna 72, Barcelona.
Sterdel, Heinrich (*see* Scherdel, Heinrich).

REMOVALS.

ARGENTINA.

Cattaneo, Constantino, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

CHILE.

Polanco, Julio U., Valparaiso.
Trillo, Victor, Antofagasta.
Tschumi & Company, Huerfanos, esquina Estado, Santiago.
Wiegand & Company, Valparaiso and Hausco.

DENMARK.

Revisions & Förvaltnings Institutet A/S., Frederiksberggade 13, Copenhagen.
Revisionsbanken i Kjobenhavn A/S., Frederiksberggade 13, Kongens Nytorv 8, Gammel Kongevej 122, Norrebrog 155, and Amagerbrog. 110, Copenhagen.

ECUADOR.

Arce, M., Pedro Pablo, Guayaquil.
Cueva, Teofilo Vivar, Quito.
Reira, Martin, Guayaquil.
Sierra, José, Guayaquil.

GUATEMALA.

Wong, Eugenio, & Company, Guatemala City.

HAYTI.

Dambreville, H., Petit Goave, Hayti.
Dehoux, L., Petit Goave, Hayti.

LIBERIA.

Gonzalez, Justo.

MEXICO.

Caamano, Nicolas (La Prensa del Dia), Orizaba.
Cavasos, Manuel, Jr., Nuevo Laredo.
Cavasos, Manuel, Sr., Nuevo Laredo.
Coppel, Isaac, Mazatlan.
Linns, Eduardo, Chihuahua.
Nyssen, Raphael, & Company, Av. 5 de Mayo 49, Mexico City.
Prensa del Dia, La (*see* Caamano, Nicolas).

PERU.

Knell, H., Callao.
Umlauff, B., Lima.
Umlauff, F., Lima.

SWEDEN.

Industri Banken A/B., Olof Wijksg. 3, Gothenburg, and Jacobsg., Stockholm.
Svenska Finans Institutet A/B., Drottningg. 33, Gothenburg; and Arsenalsg. 14, Stockholm.
Värdeföralting, A/B., Gothenburg.

VENEZUELA.

Bossio Marques, Lino, Ciudad Bolivar.
Urdaneta, Ezekiel, Trujillo.

VARIATIONS.

Corrections in the names and additions to addresses of the persons or firms whose names have been included in the schedule appended to the Notification in this Department, No. 619-D., dated the 25th January 1919, are made as under:—

ARGENTINA.

Fadum & Company, Calle San Martin 1485-89, Mendoza Argentina,	should read Fadum & Company, Calle Francisco Civit 91-99, Mendoza, Argentina.

BRAZIL.

Boujunga, H. C., Rua General Setto 354, Pelotas, South Brazil,	should read Bojunga, H. C., Rua General Setto 354, Pelotas.

MEXICO.

Henning, Jorge, Antigua Casa de (Enrique Schäfer), Mexico City,	should read Henning, Antigua Casa de Jorge (Erinque Schroeder), Mexico City.

MOROCCO.

Gumpert, Francisco, Tangier, should read Gumpert, Francisco ("Paco"), Tangier, Tetuan and Rio Martin.	Gumpert, Luis, Tangier, should read Gumpert, Luis, Tangier, Tetuan and Rio Martin.

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

Poeloe Radja Estate, Sumatra (Not to be confused with Belgian Co of same name).	should read Poeloe Radja Estate, Atjeh, Sumatra (Not to be confused with Poeloe Radja Estate, Asahan, Sumatra, which is owned by a Belgian Company).

PERU.

Moises, Jacobo, y Hermanos, Cuzco,	should read Moises, Jacobo, y Hermanos, Cuzco and Arequipa

SPAIN.

Rodriguez Torres, Agustin, Las Palmas (No connection with Torres Agustin, Barcelona),	should read Rodriguez Torres, Agustin, Las Palmas (No connection with Agustin Torres, Barcelona, or with Antonio Rodriguez (or Rodrigues Torres), Las Palmas).

VENEZUELA

Vargas, Eduardo, Maracaibo,	should read Vargas, Eduardo, Calle Nueva Marina, Maracaibo.

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS.

The 22nd February 1919.

No. 1742-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1915 (XIV of 1915), and in modification of this Department Notification No. 7909, dated the 10th August 1918, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. Stather Hale, A.C.A., to act as Custodian for the Presidency of Bengal *vice* Mr. E. N. Blandy, I.C.S., with effect from the afternoon of the 19th February 1919, for the purpose of receiving, holding and dealing with such money as may be paid to him in pursuance of the said Act.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 21st February 1919.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 366.—Second Lieutenant Roger de Gray, The Bedfordshire Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while employed as Assistant Commandant, Prisoners of War Camp, Meiktila. Dated 28th December 1918.

No. 367.—Captain J. H. M. White, Royal Army Veterinary Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Director of Veterinary Services. Dated 13th January 1919.

No. 368.—Captain V. W. Roche, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 6th February 1919.

No. 369.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointments specified against their names, with effect from the 29th December 1918 :—

Lieutenant E. J. T. James, The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment); Local Audit Officer, Base, Mesopotamia.

Lieutenant F. Burgess, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry) ; Local Audit Officer, Baghdad.

Lieutenant W. G. Allen, The Devonshire Regiment; Assistant Audit Officer, Irrigation and Agriculture.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 370.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

George Williams Haslehust, 29th Punjabis. Dated 19th November 1918.

Ferdinand Bigg-Wither, Supernumerary List. Dated 21st January 1919.

Robert Walter Edmund Knollys, Supernumerary List. Dated 28th January 1919.

Captain to be Major.

Archibald Francis Hamilton, M.C., 61st King George's Own Pioneers. Dated 27th January 1919.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Edwin Raymond Macpherson Hall, attached 38th Dogras. Dated 17th February 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Thomas Anthony Preston, attached 17th Cavalry. Dated 21st December 1918.

George Henderson, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 26th January 1919.

Harry Stuart Pearson, attached 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse. Dated 31st January 1919.

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

Frank Leonard Davis. Dated 5th January 1919.

Kenneth Jeffreys.
Alfred Gordon Leonard Harding.
Neville James Rodd.
} Dated 15th January 1919.

No. 371.—Major A. S. Kirkwood, O.B.E., Military Farms Department, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Director of Farms. Dated 20th December 1918.

No. 372.—Major E. G. Hall, 117th Mahrattas, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 15th January 1919.

No. 373.—Lieutenant L. McCoy Hill, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while employed as Field Treasure Chest Officer. Dated 12th January 1919.

No. 374.—Lieutenant E. Robertson, 43rd Erinpura Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Station Staff Officer, 1st class. Dated 8th February 1919.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 375.—Captain E. H. V. Hodge, Indian Medical Service, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director, Medical Services, Army Headquarters. Dated 20th June 1918.

No. 376.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 763, dated the 7th July 1916, Captain Harry Slater Cormack, M.C., M.B., F.R.C.S.E., I.M.S., will take seniority in his present rank from the 28th January 1914, next below Captain Sidney Milverton Hepworth, M.B., I.M.S., and next above Captain Jyoti Lal Sen, M.C., M.D., I.M.S., his previous forfeited service having been restored for good service in the field.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 377.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Cavalry Branch.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Vivian Norman ffolliott Powell.	Dated 18th December 1918.
Lancelot Roden Claud Robinson.	
John Henry Harrold.	Dated 5th February 1919.
Charles St. John Ives.	Dated 12th February 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Francis Leslie Hopkins.	Dated 21st December 1917.
Fred Brewster.	Dated 1st May 1918.
William Wilson.	Dated 28th May 1918.
James Kincaid.	Dated 8th October 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

David Craik.	Dated 13th November 1918.
John Francis Davies.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Hugh Ingle Halliday.	
John Collingwood Horwood.	
Edward Percy Venables.	Dated 27th November 1918.
Leslie Bell Syer.	Dated 4th December 1918.
Douglas Gregory Smythe-Osbourne.	Dated 11th December 1918.
Robert Mair, M.C.	
Arthur Henry Boyle Walling.	Dated 18th December 1918.
Saden Williams Biden.	
Arthur Henry Fawcett.	Dated 24th December 1918.
Hubert Mears.	
Ewan Mitchell Milne.	
John Henry Crace.	
Gerald Adams.	Dated 14th January 1919.
Robert Crofts Bolster.	
John Alexander Rogerson.	Dated 22nd January 1919.
Alfred Brooke Webb.	Dated 29th January 1919.
Thomas James Grey Stewart Walters.	
Edward Christopher McNevin Garrett.	Dated 5th February 1919.
Augustus Robert Petley Price.	
Frederick Michael Daley.	

Howard Leonard Perch. John Stewart Falconer Hodson. John Frederick Barnard Harvey. William Morgan Gimson. John Lowndes Dacre-Tyler.	Dated 12th February 1919.
Thomas Reuben Spiller. Richard Ewsters Fitz-Symons Bampton. Sydney Philip Norman Herdon.	Dated 18th February 1919.
Noel Bateman Rudd.	Dated 22nd February 1919.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Thomas Bernard Vickers.	Dated 1st April 1918.
Kenneth Davidson Marsland.	Dated 26th April 1918.
Robert Dixon. Patrick Moriarty	Dated 29th August 1918.
Joseph Evans. George Harry Belfield.	Dated 26th September 1918.
Charles Richard Atkins. Horace Atkinson Wilcock. Thomas Alfred Bromby.	Dated 31st October 1918.
Arthur Henry Spencer Taylor.	Dated 31st October 1918.
Edric Francis Nevill Lyte.	Dated 25th November 1918.
Geoffrey Seymour Brockelbank.	Dated 19th December 1918.
Thomas John Extance. Douglas James Hewitt.	Dated 5th January 1919.
Henry Mallett Osborne. Ronald Joseph Bailey. Raymond Dale. Frederick Herbert Tetley Ward. Walter Edward Lane. Reginald Lawrence Brend Short. Cecil Charles Prebble. Arthur William James Jackson. Edmond King Clifford. George Ferrier Fraser Batchelor. Norman Theodore Beard. Edward Walter Bedford.	Dated 15th January 1919.
Ernest Henry Burt.	Dated 23rd January 1919.
Christopher William Lacey.	Dated 28th January 1919.
Edgar Meudell. Cecil John Grimes.	Dated 30th January 1919.
Squire Sydney Carrington. Patrick John O'Shea.	Dated 1st February 1919.
Matthew Denholm Davidson.	Dated 9th February 1919.
Claud Felix Pyett. Arthur John Bennison.	Dated 11th February 1919.
Sidney Taylor.	Dated 19th February 1919.
Samuel Henry Slater.	Dated 20th February 1919.

No. 378.—Lieutenant George Alexander, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding the Prisoners of War Camp, Meiktila. Dated 28th December 1918.

No. 379.—Second Lieutenant William Temple Liddell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while in command of the No. 5 Burma Ford Van Company. Dated 22nd November 1918.

No. 380.—Lieutenant A. N. Tyte, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 30th January 1919.

No. 381.—Lieutenant R. H. Mullin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer in an Indian Mechanical Transport Company. Dated 25th March 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 382.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (District Officer) W. J Bell to be acting Captain while commanding an Ammunition Column. Dated 24th October 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. A. Bowden relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 22nd January 1919.

Lieutenant R. M. E. Brady to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 6th February 1919, *vice* Lieutenant C. A. Bowden, vacated with effect from the 22nd January 1919.

CAVALRY.

21st (Empress of India's) Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) Sir B. Pigott, Bart., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 25th January 1919.

INFANTRY.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. O. Willis relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st October 1918.

Lieutenant H. J. H. Browne to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 6th November 1918 to 19th January 1919, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant N. O. Willis, vacated with effect from the 21st October 1918.

Lieutenant N. O. Willis to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 4th February 1919, *vice* Lieutenant H. J. H. Browne, vacated with effect from the 20th January 1919.

Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment).

Lieutenant P. Clow to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th December 1918, *vice* Captain S. R. W. Bennedik, vacated with effect from the 9th December 1918.

Garrison Battalions.

The Northumberland Fusiliers.

Captain S. L. Arnott to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Major F. M. Synge, vacated with effect from the 16th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. W. Taylor to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Captain S. L. Arnott, vacated with effect from the 16th October 1918.

Lieutenant J. O. Murgatroyd to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 13th February 1919, *vice* Captain H. N. Austin, vacated with effect from the 29th January 1919.

The Norfolk Regiment.

Captain (Honorary Major) C. F. Beeching to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 28th January 1919, *vice* Major J. Burnett, vacated with effect from the 13th January 1919.

The Bedfordshire Regiment.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. N. Gwyther relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Camp Adjutant. Dated 20th December 1918.

Reserve Battalions (India).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. R. Wilson, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 12th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. G. Morris, The Worcestershire Regiment, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th January 1919.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. de T. Stabb, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 13th January 1919.

Machine Gun Corps.

Captain J. R. F. Errington to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun company. Dated 19th November 1918.

British Convalescent Sections.

Lieutenant J. L. James, The Highland Light Infantry, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Convalescent Camp. Dated 18th December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. Batt, vacated with effect from the 18th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. Batt, The London Regiment (London Irish Rifles), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Convalescent Camp. Dated 18th December 1918.

British Concentration Camps.

Captain W. B. Bucknall, The South Staffordshire Regiment, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commandant of a British Concentration Camp. Dated 1st January 1919.

Captain H. S. Cranswick, The Yorkshire Regiment, attached The South Staffordshire Regiment, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a British Concentration Camp. Dated 1st January 1919.

Lieutenant P. R. Palmer, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached The Cheshire Regiment, to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a British Concentration Camp. Dated 1st January 1919

British Remount Training Depôts.

Lieutenant P. B. Hudson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Remount Training Depôt. Dated 20th December 1918, *vice* Captain V. H. Secker, 14th (King's) Hussars, relieved.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 383.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Butterfield, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 19th January 1919.

30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. Hobson, M.C., attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 13th January 1919.

Lieutenant T. E. Riddle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 28th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant E. Hobson, M.C., vacated with effect from the 13th January 1919.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. R. B. Peel, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st January 1919.

Lieutenant E. D. Hutton, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant W. R. B. Peel, vacated with effect from the 1st January 1919.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. A. MacWilliam, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 2nd January 1919.

Lieutenant H. O. Cook, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 17th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant T. A. MacWilliam, vacated with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Knox, Royal Engineers, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th January 1919.

Lieutenant (acting Major) C. M. Mathews, Royal Engineers, relinquishes his acting rank on return from field service with a field company, and reverts to the acting rank of Captain while commanding a field company in India. Dated 10th January 1919.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. M. Mathews, Royal Engineers, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a field company. Dated 24th January 1919.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant L. S. Kidd, Royal Engineers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th January 1919.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. H. Lee, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. W. Cameron, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. R. H. Atkins, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 15th January 1919.

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. E. Parry, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th January 1919.

Lieutenant W. C. Whiting, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 30th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant R. E. Parry, vacated with effect from the 15th January 1919.

21st Punjabis.

Captain (acting Major) B. H. Bonham-Carter, 40th Pathans, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 9th January 1919.

Captain C. F. Mackenzie to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 24th January 1919, *vice* Captain B. H. Bonham-Carter, vacated with effect from the 9th January 1919.

28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant H. F. Berkeley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 18th August 1918 to 6th December 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant A. J. Batchelor, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 27th August 1918 to 2nd October 1918, inclusive.

Captain J. B. Scott, M.C., 33rd Punjabis, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 23rd August 1918.

56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant A. E. Phelps, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st January 1919, *vice* Major F. W. Morton-Marshall, vacated with effect from the 6th January 1919.

67th Punjabis.

Major T. Luck, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 21st November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel T. G. Blois-Johnson, C.M.G., D.S.O. (deceased), vacated with effect from the 6th November 1918.

70th Burma Rifles.

Lieutenant F. M. Smith, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st February 1919, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Hill, vacated with effect from the 17th January 1919.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Hill relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 17th January 1919.

Lieutenant H. P. Beatty to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th February 1919, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. P. Hewett, vacated with effect from the 21st January 1919.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. P. Hewett relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st January 1919.

109th Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. H. Ellison, 95th Russell's Infantry, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 22nd June 1918.

Lieutenant D. H. Ellison, 95th Russell's Infantry, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 22nd June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant W. Hodkin, vacated with effect from the 22nd June 1918.

Lieutenant S. C. Scott, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 7th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant D. H. Ellison, vacated with effect from the 22nd June 1918.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Army Department Notification No. 2885, dated the 13th December 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of the acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant C. H. Speer, attached, is cancelled and the following substituted :—

Lieutenant C. H. Speer, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Major H. L. Holmes, vacated with effect from the 17th October 1918.

120th Rajputana Infantry.

Lieutenant J. J. FitzGerald to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a depot. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. E. N. Faithful, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. E. N. Faithful relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 9th November 1918.

Lieutenant R. C. Abernethey to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a depot. Dated 11th January 1919, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. J. FitzGerald, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. J. FitzGerald relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th January 1919.

141st Bikaner Infantry.

Lieutenant H. D. Belford to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th July 1918.

Lieutenant H. S. Seccombe to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 31st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. D. Belford, vacated with effect from the 16th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. D. Belford on ceasing to command a company retains the acting rank (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. S. Read, vacated.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. S. Read relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th October 1918.

152nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant E. P. Gildea to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th November 1918.

154th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. E. E. J. Hopkins, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) O. Cox, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. S. Smallwood, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th December 1918.

Lieutenant L. S. Smallwood, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. E. E. J. Hopkins, vacated with effect from the 7th December 1918.

Lieutenant L. J. Clapp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 31st December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant O. Cox, vacated with effect from the 16th December 1918.

Captain B. St. J. Smith to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 3rd November 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) E. Masters, vacated with effect from the 19th October 1918.

Captain (acting Major) E. Masters relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 19th October 1918.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain (acting Major) J. D. Ogilvy, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment), attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of second-in-command. Dated 2nd September 1918.

Captain H. R. Harington to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 17th September 1918, *vice* Captain J. D. Ogilvy, vacated with effect from the 2nd September 1918.

Lieutenant I. M. Forsyth, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 23rd December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant T. C. Stuart, vacated with effect from the 8th December 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. C. Stuart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 8th December 1918.

11th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. R. K. Jerram, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 24th January 1919.

Lieutenant H. E. Weatherdon to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th February 1919, *vice* Lieutenant M. R. K. Jerram, M.C., vacated with effect from the 24th January 1919.

Captain E. A. Bald to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 2nd November 1918, *vice* Major D. S. Orchard, vacated with effect from the 18th October 1918.

100th Labour Corps.

Lieutenant F. G. Amey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a Labour Corps, with effect from the 20th December 1918.

106th Labour Corps.

Second Lieutenant G. Veysey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a Labour Corps, with effect from the 26th January 1919.

Syce Corps Depot, Sehore.

Lieutenant A. B. Crichton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a depot. Dated 17th November 1918.

No. 384.—In Army Department Notification No. 123, dated the 18th January 1919, *for* the heading "68th Punjabis" *read* "66th Punjabis."

No. 385.—Army Department Notification No. 174, dated the 25th January 1919, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank to Lieutenant M. St. G. C. Johnston, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is cancelled, and the following substituted :—

Mechanical Transport.

Lieutenant M. St. G. C. Johnston, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Major while commanding an Indian Mechanical Transport Company. Dated 22nd August 1918, *vice* Major W. P. R. Wheatley, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 7th August 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 386.—Army Department Notification No. 2718, dated the 22nd November 1918, so far as it relates to Kenneth Charles Johnston Jones, M.C., is cancelled.

No. 387.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Charles Alfred Mantle, Army Service Corps, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 5th May 1916.

*Lieutenant Victor Thomas Forsyth, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers. Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 16th June 1916.

*Has not forfeited 9 months' seniority towards promotion.

Lieutenant Francis Page-Gourlay, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), attached 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse). Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 22nd June 1916.

Lieutenant Lionel Henry Douglas Castle, The London Regiment (Blackheath and Woolwich), attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 14th August 1916.

Captain Edgar Mosley, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 31st Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 14th September 1916.

Lieutenant John Baxindine Reypert, Machine Gun Corps, attached 41st Cavalry Regiment. Dated 13th January 1919, but to rank from the 18th September 1916.

Lieutenant Charles Henry Buckingham, The Northamptonshire Regiment, attached 24th Punjabis. Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 26th December 1916.

Lieutenant Edgar James Stone, M.C., Royal Guernsey Light Infantry, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 25th January 1919, but to rank from the 31st December 1916.

Lieutenant George Holden Alder Watson, Nigeria Regiment, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse). Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 12th January 1917.

Lieutenant Harold Ward-Jones, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 27th Punjabis. Dated 25th January 1919, but to rank from the 19th January 1917.

Lieutenant Francis Horace Mellor, The Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment), attached 13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment). Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 9th April 1917.

Lieutenant Hugo Evans Armitage, Tank Corps, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 16th May 1917.

Lieutenant James Bonnyman, M.C., Machine Gun Corps, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 5th June 1918.

Lieutenant James Sturrock, Fife and Forfar Yeomanry, attached 45th Cavalry Regiment. Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 22nd August 1918.

Lieutenant Vivian Mulroney, M.C., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant Robert Leonard Powys Adams, Honourable Artillery Company, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant Reginald Leonard Haine, V.C., Honourable Artillery Company, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant Richard Maguire, Royal Engineers, attached 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis). Dated 16th January 1919, but to rank from the 12th September 1918.

Lieutenant Harold Gordon Lancelot Golding, The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment), attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

Lieutenant Harold Oscar Rowles, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 27th Punjabis. Dated 11th January 1919, but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

Lieutenant Henry William Dayrell Palmer, The Royal Berkshire Regiment, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

Lieutenant John Thomas Tait, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 75th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 2nd October 1918.

Lieutenant Fredrick John Smeeton, The Royal Berkshire Regiment, attached 19th Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 24th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant Percy Sydney Stanley, The Essex Regiment, attached 48th Pioneers. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 15th November 1918.

Lieutenant Maurice Victor Vaughan, M.C., The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached 45th Rattray's Sikhs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 19th November 1918.

Lieutenant Arthur Clement Thomas, The Welsh Regiment, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant Harry David Sutherland Page. The Suffolk Regiment, attached 83rd Wallajahbad Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 11th December 1918.

Second Lieutenant Andrew Smith Taylor, The Royal Scots Fusiliers, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th December 1918.

Second Lieutenant Duncan McDonald Carmichael, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 111th Mahars. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th December 1918.

Lieutenant George Jack McCracken Nicoll, The King's Own Scottish Borderers, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 8th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th December 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant George Henderson, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Hamilton Whitehead, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Maynard Nicolay, M.C., The King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, attached 30th Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant George Macpherson, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), attached 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Nicol Brown Hamilton, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Cecil Alexander Nalorett Holden, The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians), attached 22nd Pujabis. Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant John William Green, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, attached 73rd Carnatic Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Cyril John Tucker, 1st Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 39th King George's Own Central India Horse. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 29th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Henry Guy Bowen Jordan, 1st Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 32nd Lancers. Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 29th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Charles Edwin Morris, The Royal Berkshire Regiment, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 1st May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Theodore Percival Leese, The Hertfordshire Regiment, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st May 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Burton Cave, The East Lancashire Regiment, attached 42nd Deoli Regiment. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant William Wright, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Sydney McCrohon, The Welsh Regiment, attached 111th Mahars. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant Thomas Thomas, Machine Gun Corps, attached 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 16th January 1919, but to rank from the 31st July 1918.

Second Lieutenant Douglas Hendrie Currie, M.C., City of London Yeomanry, attached 18th King George's Own Lancers. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 4th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant Edward Frank Hartshorne Dutton, Royal Engineers, attached 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 17th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Wilson, Leicestershire Yeomanry, attached 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 24th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Francis Egan, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant George Tedcastle Colquhoun, 7th Hussars, attached 35th Scinde Horse. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 15th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant Walter Hoyles Badams, 3rd Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 7th Hariana Lancers. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 23rd November 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frank Cyril Dominy, Machine Gun Corps, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant Bertie William Duley, M.M., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 46th Punjabis. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 2nd December 1918.

Second Lieutenant Michael Hurley, The Royal Munster Fusiliers, attached 3rd Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 27th December 1918.

Second Lieutenant Winspeare Toye Hungerford, 1st Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 12th Cavalry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 6th January 1919.

Second Lieutenant John Cooksey Jones, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached 86th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant Edward Roberts, The Royal West Surrey Regiment, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 13th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant George Nicol Barclay, Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's), attached 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant William Henry Sherwood, The Wiltshire Regiment, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 5th February 1919, but to rank from the 1st February 1919.

Second Lieutenant Henry Barrowcliff Ellis, M.M., 3rd Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse). Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 10th February 1919.

Second Lieutenant Arthur Reginald Ellis, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment). Dated 22nd January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1919.

Second Lieutenant William Roberts, The Welsh Regiment, attached 110th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 12th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1919.

Second Lieutenant Harold William Foster, The Hampshire Regiment, attached 150th Indian Infantry. Dated 14th January 1919, but to rank from the 28th February 1919.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 388.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Hugh Edward Magee has been appointed permanently to the Indian Medical Service as Lieutenant by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India. His commission will bear date 5th October 1918.

No. 389.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Krishna Sadashiv Apte to be a temporary Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st December 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 390.—Lieutenant Guy Alex Temple Cox, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), to be Captain in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Infantry Branch, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 16th April 1916, but to rank as Captain from the 1st September 1915, without pay prior to the 1st September 1916.

No. 391.—Frederick Charles Moutray, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 8th Cavalry, is admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Cavalry Branch, in the rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 29th July 1917, but to rank from the 1st September 1915.

No. 392.--The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

CAVALRY BRANCH.

To be Lieutenant.

Arthur Innocent, Warwickshire Yeomanry, attached 27th Light Cavalry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Francis Leslie Hopkins, 3rd Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 27th Light Cavalry. Dated 25th November 1917, but to rank from the 21st December 1916.

Fred Brewster, 4th Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 27th Light Cavalry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 1st May 1917.

William Wilson, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 27th Light Cavalry. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 28th May 1917.

James Kincaid, General List, attached 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse). Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 8th October 1917.

INFANTRY BRANCH.

To be Lieutenants.

Charles Wilfred Tatham, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 15th March 1916.

John David Kenyon, Lunnon, The Essex Regiment, attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 6th April 1916.

Herbert James, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry). Dated 12th May 1918, but to rank from the 31st May 1916.

George Edgar Ingman, The King's Royal Rifle Corps, attached 42nd Deoli Regiment. Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 15th May 1916.

George Edward Harwood, Royal Naval Division, attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

Bertram John Maurice Roche Joyce, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry). Dated 18th May 1918, but to rank from the 25th January 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

James Beattie Michie, The King's Own Scottish Borderers, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 29th July 1917, but to rank from the 25th January 1916.

Thomas Bernard Vickers, Royal Engineers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners. Dated 16th September 1917, but to rank from the 1st April 1917.

Kenneth Davidson Marsland, Royal Naval Division, attached 9th (Delhi) Infantry. Dated 22nd November 1917, but to rank from the 26th April 1917.

Robert Dixon, General List, attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Patrick Moriarty, General List, attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Joseph Evans, General List, attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

George Harry Belfield, General List, attached 44th Merwara Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Charles Richard Atkins, General List, attached 42nd Deoli Regiment. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Horace Atkinson Wilcock, General List, attached 42nd Deoli Regiment. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Thomas Alfred Bronby, General List, attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Arthur Henry Spencer Taylor, General List, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 21st January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Geoffrey Seymour Brockelbank, General List, attached 111th Mahars. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

Bert Harold Fuller, General List, attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 1st May 1918.

Somerset Frederick John Hodgman, General List, attached 154th Indian Infantry. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 1st May 1918.

Ernest Charles Vernon Browne, General List, attached 87th Punjabis. Dated 1st August 1918, but to rank from the 1st May 1918.

John Parsons, General List, attached 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 5th August 1918, but to rank from the 15th May 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

Medical Corps

No. 393.—The undermentioned is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Lieutenant.

Reginald Anthony Murphy. Dated 10th January 1919.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 394.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of temporary Captain Aaron Joseph are dispensed with on account of ill-health, with effect from the 6th January 1919.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 395.—Second Lieutenant Alfred Moss Walmsley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to relinquish his commission on account of ill-health, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

No. 396.—Lieutenant William John White, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign the service on account of ill-health contracted on active service, with effect from the 18th February 1919.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 397.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the Hon'ble Major-General Robert William Steele Lyons, M.D., K.H.P., is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 11th January 1919.

No. 398.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Colonel Thomas Edward Dyson, M.B., I.M.S., Bombay, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 10th January 1919.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 399.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 308, dated the 7th February 1919, the following appointments are made, with effect from the 21st January 1919 :—

Rai Sahib S. C. Biswas, B.A., Superintendent, 3rd grade, to officiate as a Superintendent, 2nd grade, from 21st January to 18th February 1919 both dates inclusive .

Mr. E. A. Daniel, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade (substantive) and Superintendent, 3rd grade (sub. *pro tem.*), to officiate as a Superintendent, 2nd grade from the 14th February 1919.

Mr. A. P. Bates, Secretariat Assistant, 2nd grade (substantive) and 1st grade (sub-*pro tem.*) to officiate as a Superintendent, 3rd grade.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 400.—The services of temporary Captain T. C. Flashman, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached to the Cantonment Magistrates' Department, are re-placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his present duties at Rawalpindi.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 401.—The following direct appointment is made :—

Kalat Recruiting Depôt.

Mir Nihal Khan to be Jemadar on probation, with effect from the 8th February 1918.

No. 402.—Jemadar Sultan Sikandar Khan, 17th Cavalry, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 15, dated the 7th January 1916, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 24th December 1915.

No. 403.—The following promotions are made :—

Burma Mounted Rifles.

Ressaidars Naudha Singh and Partab Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Risaldars, Jemadars Saif Ali Khan and Partab Singh to be Ressaidars, with effect from the 6th November 1918 ;

Kot-Dafadar Waris Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th November 1918; Kot-Dafadar Sundar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th November 1918; Dafadar Bir Singh and Kot-Dafadar Wariam Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd November 1918; Kot-Dafadar Nand Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Hira Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Havildars Diwan Singh, Sham Singh and Man Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th October 1918; Havildar Sham Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 29th October 1918; Havildar Puran Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

29th Punjabis.

Jemadar Basawa Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th September 1918; Jemadar Isar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 14th September 1918; Havildar Rajab Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th July 1918; Havildar Pala Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

79th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Eswaramurthi to be Subadar, Havildars Appadurai Pulvandi Dhevar, Ranganaickuloo, Abdul Razack and Abdul Wahab to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Jemadar Ram Chandar Gaikwad to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Jemadar, Sonu Sawant to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; Jemadar Vithoba Khule to be Subadar, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; Colour-Havildar Narayan Rao Nalge to be Jemadar, with effect from the 31st July 1918; Havildar Ganpat Kale to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; Colour-Havildar Bhilan Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th September 1918; Havildar Bala Mahamunkar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; Havildar Maroti Powar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Jemadar Mirza Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 10th November 1918; Company Quartermaster-Havildar Allah Ditta to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; Havildar Ghulam Hussain to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th October 1918; Company Quartermaster-Havildar Hanifullah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th November 1918; Havildar Pahlwan Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

126th Baluchistan Infantry.

Havildar-Major Ajab Gul to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Havildars Panchalal Limbu and Birbal Limbu to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

No. 404.—The promotion of Habib-ur-Rahman Khan, as it appeared in Army Department Notification No. 2686, dated the 15th November 1918, is cancelled. The correct date and rank of this Indian officer's promotion is as published in Army Department Notification No. 2810, dated the 29th November 1918.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

No. 405.—In Army Department Notification No. 1618, dated the 19th July 1918, *for* "Madhava Menon" *read* "Manavazi Mahadava Menon".

107th Pioneers.

No. 406.—The promotion of Subadar Shah Nawaz as published in Army Department Notification No. 1502, dated the 5th July 1918, has effect from the 15th April 1918, and not as stated therein.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 407.—The following appointment is made in the Supply and Transport Corps Reserve:—

To be Ressaidar.

Koppusetty Rama Row Naidu of Kistna District; with effect from the 15th December 1918.

61st Grantee Camel Corps.

No. 408.—Kot-Dafadar Mir Alam Khan, 53rd Silladar Camel Corps, to be Ressaidar to complete the establishment; with effect from the 11th January 1919.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 409.—1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Shaikh Hussain Ali, *Bahadur*, is granted the honorary rank of Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 21st February 1919.

JUDICIAL.

No. 410.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given:—

First.—That information has been received by me of the deaths of the officers named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there have been received by me, as the surplus of their respective properties, the amounts set opposite their respective names in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the respective properties of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus. Rs. A. P.	REMARKS.
Lieutenant R. Grist.	The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own)	Rangoon	15th May 1918.	Intestate .	846 4 3	Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department.
Second Lieutenant R. E. Colborne.	Indian Army Reserve of Officers.	Subathu.	6th November 1918.	Intestate .	417 12 6	

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles.

No. 411.—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Bertram Sausmarez Carey, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

REWARDS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 412.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, 3rd class Assistant Surgeon Julius Septimus Gloria to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 4th September 1918.

No. 413.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, 4th class Assistant Surgeon Louis Bernard Cooper to be 3rd class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 15th October 1918.

No. 414.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the promotion of Assistant Surgeon Arthur Henry Day to the 3rd class, notified in Army Department Notification No. 1227, dated the 7th June 1918, is antedated to the 17th April 1917.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 415.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

London Gazette, dated the 3rd December 1918, pages 14333 and 14334.

War Office,
3rd December, 1918.

THE TERRITORIAL OFFICERS' DECORATION AMENDING WARRANT (1918).

GEORGE R. I.

Whereas His late Majesty, Our Beloved Father King Edward VII., by a Warrant dated the 17th day of August, 1908, did institute and create a new Decoration to be designated "The Territorial Decoration;"

And whereas it was ordained by the said Royal Warrant what persons should be eligible for this Decoration;

And whereas by a Warrant dated the 3rd day of May, 1912, We did ordain that the said Royal Warrant dated the 17th day of August, 1908, should be amended for the purpose of defining more strictly what persons should be eligible for this Decoration :

And whereas We desire to recognise specially the meritorious service of Officers of Our Territorial Force during the present war;

Now therefore We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain that Our said Royal Warrant dated the 3rd day of May, 1912, shall be revoked and that the following Ordinance shall be substituted for the corresponding Ordinance in the Royal Warrant dated the 17th day of August, 1908, and shall henceforth be construed and have the same effect as if it formed part of the said Royal Warrant :—

Fourthly :—It is ordained that no person shall be eligible for this Decoration who is in possession of the Volunteer Officers' Decoration nor shall he be nominated thereto unless he—

(1) Is or was a Commissioned Officer and has served for twenty years on the Active List of our Territorial Force, including commissioned service in the Senior and Junior Divisions of Our Officers Training Corps; previous commissioned service in our Yeomanry Cavalry, Imperial Yeomanry or Volunteer Force; previous service qualifying for the Colonial Auxiliary Forces' or Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve Officers' Decoration; and all service, while holding a Volunteer Officers' Commission, as an acting or honorary officer of a Cadet Corps, or Cadet Battalion, after attaining the age of seventeen years;

(2) Is recommended by the Commanding Officer of the Unit in which he has served; and,

(3) Is duly certified by the District Military Authorities in which the Unit is located as having been an efficient and thoroughly capable Officer in every way deserving of such a Decoration.

Provided nevertheless and We do hereby declare that any time during which an Officer of Our Territorial Force may have served as an Officer on the Active List of that Force (or of Our Royal Navy, Our Regular Army, Our Special Reserve, or Our Royal Air Force) or, if an Officer of the Territorial Force Reserve, has been recalled to active military service during embodiment in the present War shall reckon twofold as qualifying service towards the twenty years required as aforesaid, subject always to the proviso that such Officer was serving in Our Territorial Force on the 4th day of August, 1914, and either before or after that date had signed an agreement to serve outside the United Kingdom.

Provided also and We do further declare that any time during which an Officer of Our Territorial Force may have served on the Active List in the ranks of that Force (or of Our Royal Navy, Our Regular Army or Our Royal Air Force) during embodiment in the present War shall reckon as full qualifying service towards the twenty years required as aforesaid, subject always to the proviso that such officer was serving in Our Territorial Force on the 4th day of August, 1914, and either before or after that date had signed an agreement to serve outside the United Kingdom.

Provided also and We do further declare that half of any time other than the period of embodiment of Our said Force in the present War during which an Officer of Our said Force may have served on the Active List in the ranks of Our said Force, or in the ranks of Our Yeomanry Cavalry, Imperial Yeomanry, or Volunteer Force, after attaining the age of seventeen years; or in the ranks of a Cadet Corps, or Cadet Battalion, which belonged to the organization existing before the 21st May, 1910, or as a Cadet in the Senior Division of Our Officers Training Corps, after attaining the age of seventeen years; shall reckon as qualifying service towards the twenty years required as aforesaid.

Provided also and We do further declare that commissioned service shall not reckon as qualifying service towards the twenty years required as aforesaid, in the case of—

(i) A university candidate for a commission in Our Regular Army, except for the period or periods of service with a Contingent of our Officers Training Corps;

(ii) An Officer transferred to the Unattached List after the 31st March, 1911, except one who is transferred for duty with our Officers Training Corps;

(iii) An officer whose military services are available only on mobilization, except for the period or periods or mobilized service.

Given at Our Court at *Saint James*, this eleventh day of *November*, in the ninth year of Our Reign, and in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

By His Majesty's Command,

Milner.

* * * * *

Sixth Supplement, dated the 31st December 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th December 1918, pages 15237 and 15239.

War Office,
31st December, 1918.

* * * * *

ARMY CHAPLAINS DEPARTMENT.

* * * * *

The Rev. N. D. Mackinnon, Chapln. of the Ind. Ecclesiastical Estabt., is transfd. to the Army Chaplains' Dept. as temp. Chapln. to the Forces, 4th Cl., without other alteration in the conditions of his service. 6th Feb. 1918.

* * * * *

Supplement, dated the 1st January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13 and 14.

* * * * *

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

Lord Chamberlain's Office,
1st January, 1919.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, for valuable services rendered in connection with the Military Operations in France and Flanders:—

* * * * *

To be Additional Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Honourable Order:—

* * * * *

Lt.-Col and Bt. Col. (T.-Maj.-Gen.) Arthur Wharton Peck, C.M.G., 25th Cav., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George,
Downing Street,
1st January, 1919.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, for services rendered in connection with Military Operations in France and Flanders. Dated 1st January, 1919 :—

To be Additional Members of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross, of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

Gen. Sir William Riddell Birdwood, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., A.D.C., Gen., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

To be Additional Members of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

* * * * *

Col. and Hon. Maj.-Gen. John Elford Dickie, C.B., ret. pay. Ind.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt. Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) Cyril Norman Macmullen, D.S.O., 15th Sikhs, I.A.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. John Halket Crawford, 32nd Lrs., I.A.

* * * * *

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S. W.,
1st January, 1919.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for valuable services rendered in connection with Military Operations in France and Flanders :—

* * * * *

To be Commanders of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

Col. (Hon. Brig.-Gen.) Francis William John Caulfield, r.p., Indian Army.

* * * *

To be Officers of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

2-Lieut. (A.-Capt.) Frederick Wingfield Douglas. Labour Corps & I.A.R.O.

* * * * *

Capt. (A.-Major) John Charles Gammon, General List & I.A.R.

* * * * *

Major Ralph Henry Hammersley-Smith, 14th Lancers, Indian Army.

* * * * *

Major (A.-Lt.-Col.) Frederick James Sharples Lowry, ret. pay, Indian Army.

* * * * *

To be Members of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

1 F

Subadar Lachmi Narain, 72nd (U. P.) Indian Labour Company.

* * * * *

War Office,
1st January, 1919.

His Majesty The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with Military Operations in France and Flanders. Dated 1st January 1919 :—

* * * * *

TO BE MAJOR-GENERAL.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. and Bt.-Col. (T.-Maj.-Gen.) H. C. Holman, C.B., C.M.A., D.S.O.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt.-Col. (T.-Maj.-Gen.) L. R. Vaughan, C.B., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

TO BE BREVET COLONEL.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) L. H. Abbott, C.M.G., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) J. F. S. D. Coleridge, C.M.G., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) H. E. ap R. Pryce, C.M.G., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Second Supplement, dated the 1st January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, pages 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58 and 62.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S.W.,
1st January, 1919.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for valuable services rendered in connection with military operations in Egypt :—

To be Commanders of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. Arthur Kennedy Rawlins, C.I.E., D.S.O., 24th Punjabis, Indian Army.

* * * * *

To be Officers of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

Capt. Roy Neil Boyd Campbell, 2nd Bn., 23rd Sikh Pioneers (Indian Army).

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. Percy Henry Cunningham, Indian Army.

* * * * *

T./Capt. (A./Major) Charles Frederick Draper, R.E.
Capt. Montagu Richard William Duberly, 1st Bn., 23rd Sikh Pioneers.

* * * * *

Capt. David Livingstone Graham, M.B., Indian Medical Service.

* * * * *

Lieut.-Col. Hugh Frederick Archie Pearson, 1st Bn., 23rd Sikh Pioneers (Indian Army).

* * * * *

Lieut.-Col. and Bt.-Col. Henry Templer, Indian Army.

* * * * *

T./Lieut. Kaikobad Rustonyf Madan, Indian Medical Service.

* * * * *

AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. Gilbert Robert Cassels, 1st Bn., 123rd Outram's Rif., I. A.

* * * * *

Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Walter Leslie Dundas, 4th Bn., 11th Gurkha Rif., I. A. (late 2-3rd Gurkha Rif.).

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. Charles Sidney Eastmead, 2nd Bn., 3rd Gurkha Rif., I. A.

* * * * *

Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Richard Gardiner, 53rd Sikhs (F. F.), I. A.
Maj. Gerard Maxwell Glynton, 3rd Gurkha Rif., I. A.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. Hyla Napier Holden, 5th Cav., I. A.

* * * * *

Maj. Bertram Graham Balfour Kidd, 1-125th Napier's-Rif., I. A., attd. 1st Bn., 123rd Outram's Rif.
Capt. Harold Gordon Canny Laird, 1st Bn., 101st Grenadiers, I. A.

* * * * *

Maj. (A./Lt-Col.) Harold Middleton Drury Shaw, 1st Bn., Gurkha Rif., attd. 3rd Bn., 3rd Gurkha Rif., I. A.

* * * * *

AWARDED THE MILITARY CROSS.

* * * * *

Lt. (A./Capt.) George Hubert Allanson, I.A.R.O., attd. 2nd Bn., Gurkha Rif.

* * * * *

Lt. (T./Capt.) Edward Brymer Belcher, I.A.R.O.

* * * * *

Capt. William Frederick Blacker, 36th Jacob's Horse, I. A.

* * * * *

Capt. Lancelot Ernest Dennys, 54th Sikhs, I. A. (F. F.).

* * * * *

Capt. William Graham Elphinston, 34th Poona Horse, I. A.
T.-Capt. Gordon John Cruikshank Ferrier, R.A.M.C., attd. 129th Ind. Combined Fd. Amb.
Lt. Kenneth Mills Fraser, I.A.R.O., attd. 3rd Gurkha Rif.
Lt. (A./Capt.) Thomas Edwin Furze, I.A.R.O., attd. 8th Gurkha Rif.

* * * * *

Lt. Harold John Hasler, U. List, attd. 121st Pnrs., I. A.

Capt. William Francis Theodore Haultain, M.B., R.A.M.C., Spec. Res., attd. 29th Lrs., I. A.

* * * * *

Lt. Nicholas Howard Thomas Homer, I A.R.O , attd. 23rd Sikh Pnrs.

* * * * *

Lt. Reginald Trevor Jones, I.A.R.O., attd. No. 3 Coy , S. and M.

T/Lt. Burjorji H. Kamakaka, I.M.S., attd. 1st Bn., 123rd Outram's Rif., I. A.

* * * * *

Capt. Angus Menzies Kennedy, 8th Gurkha Rif., I. A.

* * * * *

Lt. (A./Capt.) Dudley Maurice Newitt, I.A.R.O., attd. 53rd Sikhs, I. A.

* * * * *

Capt. Thomas Schomberg Paterson, 19th Lrs., I. A.

* * * * *

Lt. Robert Philip Lancaster Ranking, U. L., attd. 5th Cav., I. A.

* * * * *

Capt. Alan Saunders, I.A.R.O.

* * * * *

Lt. Alastair Graeme Scotland, 36th Sikhs, attd. 51st Sikhs, I. A. (F. F.).

* * * * *

Capt. Austin Henry Williams, 38th C. Indian Horse, I. A.

* * * * *

His Majesty the KING has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished services in connection with Military Operations with the British Forces in Egypt:—

AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL.

* * * * *

36863 Sjt. E. H. Forster, R.A.M.C., attd. 154th Ind. Com. Fd. Amb. (Weaste, Salford).

* * * * *

INDIAN ARMY.

21923 R. A. S./Sjt. Bailey, W. J. F., Indian Miscl. List.
Condr. Erswell, H. W., Indian Miscl. List.
Sub-Condr. Fannon, J. T., Indian Ordnance Dept.
2667 Condr. Hynes, C. F. J., Indian Ordnance Dept.
Sub-Condr. Levings, F. G., S. and T. Corps.
Sub-Condr. Mathews, F., S. and T. Corps.
11 Sub-Condr. Paul, A., Indian Field Posts.
Sjt. Tully, A., Indian Unattd. List (13th Hussars).

* * * * *

Third Supplement, dated the 1st January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, page 65.

War Office,
1st January, 1919.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with Military Operations in Italy. Dated 1st January, 1919:—

* * * * *

TO BE BREVET LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

*   *   *   *   *

Maj. J. F. C. Carter, Ind. Army.

*   *   *   *   *

TO BE BREVET MAJOR.

*   *   *   *   *

Capt. (T./Maj.) G. S. Brunskill, M.C., 47th Sikhs, I.A.

*   *   *   *   *

Fifth Supplement, dated the 1st January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, page 80.

War Office,
1st January, 1919.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with Military Operations in North Russia. Dated 1st January, 1919 :—

AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. Frank Graham Marsh, C.M.G., Ind. Army.

*   *   *   *   *

Sixth Supplement, dated the 1st January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, pages 82, 83, 84, 87 and 88.

Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George,
Downing Street,
1st January, 1919.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, for services rendered in connection with the War. Dated 1st January, 1919 :—

*   *   *   *   *

To be Additional Members of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

*   *   *   *   *

Maj. and Bt. Col. Richard Alexander Steel, C.I.E., Ind. Army.

Lt.-Col. Edward St. Aubyn Wake, Ret. Pay, late Ind. Army.

*   *   *   *   *

Lt.-Col. Reginald George Munn, 36th Sikhs, Ind. Army.

*   *   *   *   *

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S.W.,
1st January, 1919.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for valuable services rendered in connection with the War :—

*   *   *   *   *

To be Officers of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order :—

* * * * *

Bt. Col. James William Cowley, late Indian Army.

* * * * *

Lieut.-Col. Robert Henry Dewing, late Indian Army.

* * * * *

Major John Kendall, Special List (late I.A.).

* * * * *

Col. Ambrose William Newbold, Indian Army.

* * * * *

Capt. Rupert Simson, retired Indian Army.

* * * * *

War Office,
1st January, 1919.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for valuable services rendered in connection with the War. Dated 1st January, 1919 :—

* * * * *

TO BE BREVET COLONEL.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. A. C. M. Waterfield, M.V.O., Ind. Army.

TO BE HONORARY COLONEL.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. W. H. W. Elliot, D.S.O., M.B., Ret., Ind. Med. Serv.

* * * * *

Maj. and Hon. Lt.-Col. F. W. Evatt, Ret. Pay, late Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Ninth Supplement, dated the 1st January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, pages 119, 120 and 131.

War Office,
1st January, 1919.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appointments are made :—

* * * * *

ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

* * * * *

Asst. Camp. Comdt. (Cl. OG).—2nd Lt. W. E. Jackson, Ind. Army Res. of Off., 20th Jan. 1918.

* * * * *

VOLUNTEER FORCE.

* * * * *

4th Vol. Bn., Oxford and Bucks. L.I.—Lt.-Col. Michael Augustus Tighe (late 1st Bn. R.I.R., Indian Army) to command the battalion. 29th Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

5th Vol. Bn., Gloucestershire Regt.—Col. W. H. Fasken, C.B. (Indian Army) to command the battalion. 4th Nov. 1918.

* * * * *

Eleventh Supplement, dated the 2nd January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, pages 140, 141 and 145.

War Office,
2nd January, 1919.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * *

Temp. appts. :—

Special appts.

Cl. FF.—The undermentioned relinquish their appts. 31st Dec. 1918 :—

* * * * *

Col. G. J. Shaw, ret., Ind. Army.

Bt. Col. C. W. F. Whyte, ret., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

The notification in the Gazette of 16th Dec. 1918, regarding Col. A. A. E. Campbell, Ind. Army, is cancelled.

* * * * *

Twelfth Supplement, dated the 3rd January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 31st December 1918, pages 153, 154, 156, 157 and 160.

War Office,
3rd January, 1919.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * * *

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

* * * * *

R. G. A.—

* * * * *

The undermentioned Capts. to be actg. Majors :—

W. E. L. Long, Ind. Ord. Dept., whilst empld. with R.A.O.C. 24th Aug. 1918.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Temp. Lt. H. E. Long, from R.A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List for duty with the Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 30th Oct. 1918, with seniority from 28th Apr. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. A. O. North, from W. Yorks. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 5 Nov. 1918, with seniority 1 July 1917.

* * * * *

Supplement, dated the 4th January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 3rd January 1919, pages 257, 260, 261, 263, 264, 269, 270 and 271.

War Office,
4th January, 1919.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * *

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Lt.-Col. and Bt. Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) A. W. F. Knox, C.B., 58th Rif., Ind. Army, and to be temp. Maj.-Gen. whilst so empld. 9th July 1918.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. M. A. Tighe, ret. Ind. Army, to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst empld. as Comdt. of a Vol. Bn. 29th Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

The undermentioned to be actg. Capts. :—

* * * * *

Whilst empld. with I. W. T. :—

* * * * *

Lt. J. Hughes, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 5th Oct. 1918.

* * * * *

SPECIAL APPTS.

And to be temp. Capts. whilst so empld. :—

* * * * *

Cl. HH.—

* * * * *

1st July 1918.

* * * * *

Lt. P. C. Mangin, Ind. Army Res. of Off., *vice* temp. Lt. W. S. B. Hamilton, Gen. List.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

Labour Corps.

* * * * *

The undermentioned temp. Lts. relinquish their commissions on account of ill-health, 5 Jan. 1919, and retain the rank of Lt. :—

* * * * *

A. J. Tisdall (late Lt., Ind. Army.)

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General List.

Temp. Lt. J. Baxindine-Roypert, from M. G. C. (Inf.), to be temp. Lt., on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 6 Nov. 1918, with seniority 18 Sept. 1916. (Substituted for Gaz. notification. 10 Dec. 1918.)

MEMORANDA.

Bt. Col. M. E. O'Donoghue (ret., Ind. Army) vacates the comd. of Young Soldiers' Bn., Durh. L.I. 7 Nov. 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 6th January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 3rd January 1919, pages 275, 276 and 277.

War Office,
6th January, 1919.

The following despatch has been received by the Secretary of State for War from General F. R., Earl of Cavan, K.P., K.C.B., M.V.O., Commander-in-Chief of the British Force in Italy :—

General Headquarters.
26th October, 1918.

My Lord,

I have the honour to submit a list of names of those officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men serving, or who have served, under my command during the period February 26th, 1918, to midnight, September 14th, 1918, whose distinguished and gallant services and devotion to duty I consider deserving of special mention.

I have the honour to be
My Lord,
Your obedient servant,
CAVAN,
General.
Commander-in-Chief,
The British Force in Italy.

* * * * *

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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Brunskill, Capt. (T./Maj.) G. S., M.C., 47th Sikhs, Ind. Army.

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Carter, Maj. J. F. C., Ind. Army.

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Watt, Lt. Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) D.M., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

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Third Supplement, dated the 6th January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 3rd January 1919, pages 289, 292, 293, 296, 297, 298, 299 and 300.

War Office,
6th January, 1919.

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MEMORANDA.

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Bt. Col. A. G. Pritchard, C.M.G., Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst comdg. a Brig. in India. 27th Nov. 1918.

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Temp. Lt. R. Maguire, from R.E., to be temp. Lt., Gen. List, for duty with Ind. Army (on prob). 6th Nov. 1918, with seniority from 12th Sept. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 16th Dec. 1918.)

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Temp. 2nd Lt. W. D. Bentley, from Labour Corps, is transfd. to Gen. List for duty with R. A., Indian Personnel. 18th Apr. 1918.

Cadet Francis John Collins, to be temp. 2nd Lt., Gen. List, for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 15th June 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY.

Service Battalions.

* * * * *

E. Kent R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

9 Oct. 1918.

George William Farrer Brown.
Percy Douglas Baynes.
R. Lanc. R.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts :—
Francis Campbell Mason. 11 Sept. 1918.

25 Sept. 1918.

Harry William Scott.
Frederick Richard Beavan.

9 Oct. 1918.

William Thomas Burke.

R. War. R.
Temp. 2nd Lt. Charles Ernest Richards, from Gen. List (I A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.
R. Fus

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List. (I.A.R of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

25 Sept. 1918

Arthur Frederick Dunnett.
Kenneth Heaton Vernon.
Victor Lonsdale Barclay.
Edgar Austin Hardman.
George Andrew Liddiard, M.M.
Aaron Coppock. 9 Oct. 1918.

L'pool R.
The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I A R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

9 Oct. 1918.

Ellis Newsome.
James Parkyn.

Norf. R.

Temp. 2nd Lt Arthur Proctor Smith, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

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Devon. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

25 Sept. 1918.

Francis James Murphy.

Ernest James Peter Hales.

Suff. R.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List. (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

9 Oct. 1918.

Christopher Charles Fyson.

Sydney George Betts.

Som. L.I.

Temp. 2nd. Lt. Charles Archibald Williams from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

W. York. R.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Arthur Blakebrough, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

Bedf. R.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Allan Linnell Taylor, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

Leic. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

25 Sept. 1918.

Fred. Fryer.

Henry Berry.

John Edward Burrows.

Albert Edward White.

R. Ir. Regt.

Temp. 2nd Lt. David William Morris Jenkins, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

York R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.) to be 2nd Lts.:—

25 Sept. 1918.

Francis Albert Barker.

Richard Noel Battye.

William James Carter.

Lan. Fus.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. William Kelly, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

Ches. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

25 Sept. 1918.

William Henry Jones.

Robert Neil Savage.

9 Oct. 1918.

Edward Ogilvy Bryant.

Alfred Denman.

R. W. Fus.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A. R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

Eric Pearl Hyem. 25 Sept. 1918.

9 Oct. 1918.

John Emrys Jones.

Robert Lloyd Wynne.

S. Wales Bord.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

25 Sept. 1918.

John Michael Jones.

Benjamin Rosser.

K. O. Sco. Bord.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

9 Oct. 1918.

David Smith Peters Macintyre.

Thomas Gray Wardrop.

Robert Gerald Hunter Tait.

Sco. Rif.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Norman Vallance Thomson, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

Glouc. R.

Temp. 2nd Lt Piers Cuthbert Reginald Legh, from Gen. List (I.A.R of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

Worc. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

9 Oct. 1918.

Frederick Thomas Price.

Frederick William Wetherall.

E. Lan. R.

Temp. 2nd Lt. John Slater, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

E. Surr. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

Walter Frederick King. 25 Sept. 1918.

Alfred John Blunt. 9 Oct. 1918.

D. of Corn. L I.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Herbert Morgan, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

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R. Suss. R.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. Terence Patrick O'Brien, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

Hamps. R.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.

9 Oct. 1918.

Leonard Norman Duchesne.

George Henry Hickman.

S. Staff. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

Robert Sheldon. 25 Sept. 1918.

Alfred Henry Phillips. 9 Oct. 1918.

S. Lan. R.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. George Harding, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

Welsh R.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. Frank Everitt Thomas, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

R. Highrs.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Charles Owen Butler, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

Oxf. & Bucks. L. I.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

George Edward Machin. 25 Sept. 1918.

Thomas Murdoch Percival. 9 Oct. 1918.

Essex R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

25 Sept. 1918.

Albert Maurice Humby.

Percy Francis Aubrey Thomas.

Guy Featherstone Griffin. 9 Oct. 1918.

Notts. & Derby. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

Joseph Burrows Partington. 25 Sept. 1918.

Edward Flewitt. 9 Oct. 1918.

R. Berks. R.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Lionel Ralph Mitchell, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

R. W. Kent R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

25 Sept. 1918.

Alfred Maurice Phillips.
Allan Stuart Roberts.

9 Oct. 1918.

Robert Alexander.
Malcolm Chester Stiles.

Yorks. L. I.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Henry Frederick Andrews, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

Shrops. L. I.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. Joseph Chatterton, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

Midd'x R.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

25 Sept. 1918.

Richard Pawsey.
Reginald James Daw.
Harold March Martin.
Charles Arthur Cowperthwaite. 9 Oct. 1918.

K. R. Rif. C.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

25 Sept. 1918.

Alexander Duncan Hedstrom.
John Bertram Hampshire Buck.

9 Oct. 1918.

George Henry Oliver.
Isaiah Dixon.
Charles Herbert Austwick Wills.

Wilts. R.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Reginald John Heritage, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

Manch. R.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

Walter Brian Rowe. 25 Sept. 1918.

9 Oct. 1918.

George Conditt Parkman Grennan.
Herbert Hetherington.

N. Staff. R.

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Temp. 2nd. Lt. Arthur Edward Purchase, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

York. & Lanc. R.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. William Greenwood, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

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Durh. L. I.

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Tem. 2nd Lt. William Haughton Ashworth, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

High. L. I.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

John Galloway Small. 25 Sept. 1918.

James Barclay Calder. 9 Oct. 1918.

Sea. Highrs.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

9 Oct. 1918.

John George Macleod.

Arthur Corrigall.

Gord. Highrs.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. James Allan Donaldson, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

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R. Ir. Rif.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

Michael Francis McCaughey. 25 Sept. 1918.

Gerald Roe Crone. 9 Oct. 1918.

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Conn. Rang.

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Tem. 2nd Lt. Erdmann Doane Beynon, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 9 Oct. 1918.

Leins. R.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

25 Sept. 1918.

John Greally.

Richard Benjamin Metchette.

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R. Mun. Fus.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. James Bernard Sowry Freeley, from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. 25 Sept. 1918.

Rif. Brig.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., from Gen. List (I.A.R. of O.), to be temp. 2nd Lts.:—

Wilfred Wales. 25 Sept. 1918

James Edward Thomas. 9 Oct. 1918.

Donald Sutherland Fainges.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 7th January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 3rd January 1919, page 311.

War Office,
7th January, 1919.

The following are among the Decorations and Medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished services rendered during the course of the campaign:—

His Majesty the King has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and Medals in question.

Decorations and Medals conferred by

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Légion d'Honneur.

* * * * *

Croix d'Officier.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Leonard Henry Abbott, C.M.G., Indian Army.

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Sixth Supplement, dated the 7th January 1919, to the London Gazette of the 3rd January 1919, pages 319, 323, 324 and 325.

War Office,
7th January, 1919.

REGULAR FORCES.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. GG.—23rd Nov. 1918:—

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Lt.-Col. S. H. Godfrey, C.I.E., ret. pay, Ind. Army.

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MEMORANDA.

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Cadet John Francis McEvoy to be temp. 2nd Lt., Gen. List, for service with Ind. Res. of Off. (on prob.). 15th June 1918.

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SPECIAL RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

RESERVE UNITS.

INFANTRY.

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3rd Essex R.—Lt. B. Hull ceased to be empld. with the Ind. Army. 28th Nov. 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 18th February 1919.

No. 339-E.—19.—Mr. J. E. Wood, officiating Assistant Carriage Superintendent, North Western Railway, is appointed provisionally to the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Carriage and Wagon Department, with rank in class III, grade 2, with effect from the 1st April 1918.

No. 341-E.—19.—Mr. E. M. Oram, Signal and Interlocking Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Signal Engineer on that railway, with effect from the 20th December 1918 and until further orders.

No. 421-E.—19.—Mr. J. C. Mossley, Station Master, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent of that railway until further orders.

The 19th February 1919.

No. 431-E.—19.—Mr. E. G. Townshend, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in class II of that Establishment with effect from the 27th January 1919, during the absence of Mr. Hartree, District Locomotive Superintendent, on privilege leave.

No. 23-W.—19.—In continuation of Railway Board's Notification No. 257-W.—17, dated 31st May 1918, it is hereby notified for general information that the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 6, Bombay, has authorised the opening to public traffic of the new up line between Wardha and Kharangna, a length of 5·3 miles, on the Bhusawal Nagpur Section of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and the Railway Board have confirmed his action.

The 20th February 1919.

No. 940-P.—16.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the Agency of the North Western Railway for a line of railway on the 5′ 6″ gauge from Dina, a station on the North Western Railway, to Sultanpur, a distance of about 9 miles.

2. The survey will be known as the Dina Sultanpur Railway Survey.

No. 120-T.--1—18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 84 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Railway Board direct that the following rules shall be substituted for the rules contained in enclosure No. 1 to the Government of India Circular No. III-Railway of 1902, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department No. 81, dated the 7th March 1902, as subsequently amended, namely :—

Notices.

1. The notices mentioned in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), shall contain the following particulars, namely :—

mileage, or station or both, at which the accident occurred;
time and date of the accident;
number and description of the train or trains;
nature of the accident;
number of people killed or injured, as far as known;
cause of the accident, as far as known;
probable detention to traffic.

2. When any accident such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), occurs in the course of working a railway, the Station-master nearest to the place at which the accident has occurred, or, where there is no Station-master, the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred, shall give notice of the accident by telegraph to the Magistrate of the district in which the accident has occurred and to the officer-in-charge of the police-station within the local limits of which it has occurred.

NOTE.—(1) For purposes of this rule accidents of a description usually attended with loss of human life are meant to include all accidents to passenger trains such, for example, as slight collisions, derailments, cases of running over obstructions placed on the line, of passengers falling out of trains or of fires in trains, in which no loss of life, or grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or serious injury to property has actually occurred but which by the nature of the accident might reasonably have been expected to occur; also cases of landslides, or of breaches by rain or flood, which cause the interruption of any important through line of communication for at least 24 hours.

Duties of railway servants.

3. Every railway servant shall report, with as little delay as possible, every accident occurring in the course of working the railway on which he is employed which may come to his notice. Such reports shall be made to the nearest Station-master, or, where there is no Station-master, to the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred.

4. (1) Whenever an accident, such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), has occurred in the course of working a railway, the Agent or Manager shall cause an enquiry to be promptly made by a committee of railway officers (to be called a "joint enquiry") for the thorough investigation of the causes which led to the accident:—

Provided that such enquiry may be dispensed with—

(a) if the accident has not been attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property; or

(b) if there is no reasonable doubt as to the cause of the accident; or

(c) if one department of the railway intimates that it accepts all responsibility in the matter.

(2) Where such enquiry is dispensed with, it shall be the duty of the head of the department of the railway responsible for the accident to make such enquiry (to be called a "departmental enquiry") as he may consider necessary, and if his staff or the system of working is at fault, to adopt or suggest such measures as he may consider expedient for preventing a recurrence of similar accidents.

5. (1) Whenever a joint enquiry is to be made, the Agent or Manager shall cause notice of the date and hour at which the enquiry will commence to be given to the following officers, namely :—

(a) the Magistrate of the district in which the accident occurred, or such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf;

(b) the Government Inspector appointed under section 4, sub-section (1) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), for the section of the railway on which the accident occurred; and

(c) the officer-in-charge of the railway police, or if there are no railway police, the officer-in-charge of the police-station in the jurisdiction of which the accident occurred.

(2) The date and hour at which the enquiry will commence shall be fixed so as to give the officers mentioned in sub-rule (1) sufficient time to reach the place where the enquiry is to be held.

6. (1) As soon as any joint or departmental enquiry has been completed, the President of the Committee or the head of the department, as the case may be, shall send to the Agent or Manager a report which in the case of all accidents of the nature described in explanation 1 to rule 21, [sub-rule (2)], must be submitted in the form prescribed by rule 24 (1).

(2) The Agent or Manager shall forward, with his remarks as to the action it is intended to take in regard to the staff responsible for the accident, or for the revision of the rules or the system of working, a copy of such report—

(a) to the official mentioned in rule 5, sub-rule (1), clause (b); and

(b) if no enquiry or investigation has been made under rule 15, or if a joint or departmental enquiry has been held first, to the Magistrate or officer appointed under rule 5, sub-rule (1), clause (a); and

(c) if any judicial enquiry is being made, to the Magistrate making such enquiry.

(3) Such copy shall be accompanied in the case referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (2), by a statement of the persons if any, whom the Agent or Manager desires to prosecute, and in the case referred to in clause (c) of the same sub-rule, by a copy of the evidence taken at the enquiry.

(4) Whenever the Agent or Manager receives a copy of the Government Inspector's report under rule 23, he shall at once acknowledge its receipt. If he differs from the views expressed in the report, he shall at the same time submit his remarks thereon, or, if he is not immediately able to do so, he shall in his acknowledgment of the report, inform the Government Inspector of his intention to submit his remarks later.

(5) Whenever the report of the Government Inspector points to the necessity for or suggests a change in any of the rules or in the system of working, the Agent or Manager shall, when acknowledging the report, intimate the action which has been taken, or which it is proposed to take, to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents, or shall inform the Government Inspector of his intention to report further on the Government Inspector's proposals.

7. (1) Whenever any accident has occurred in the course of working a railway, the Agent or Manager shall give all reasonable aid to the District Magistrate or the Magistrate appointed or deputed under rule 15, and to the

Government Inspector, Medical Officers, the police, and others concerned, to enable them promptly to reach the scene of the accident, and shall assist those authorities in making enquiries and in obtaining evidence as to the cause of the accident.

(2) When any enquiry under rule 15, or any judicial enquiry is being made, the Agent or Manager shall arrange for the attendance, as long as may be necessary, at the office or place of enquiry, of all railway servants whose evidence is likely to be required.

8. Whenever any accident occurring in the course of working a railway has been attended with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, it shall be the duty of the Agent or Manager to afford medical aid to the sufferers, and to see that they are properly and carefully attended to till removed to their home or handed over to the care of their relatives or friends. In any such case, or any case in which any loss of human life or grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code has occurred, the nearest local medical officer should be communicated with if he is nearer than any railway medical officer.

Duties of Police Officers.

9. (1) The railway police may make an investigation into the causes which led to any accident occurring in the course of working a railway and shall do so—

(*a*) whenever any such accident is attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, or has *primâ facie* been due to any criminal act or omission; or

(*b*) whenever the District Magistrate or the Magistrate appointed under rule 15 has given a direction under clause (*c*) of that rule.

Provided that no such investigation shall be made when an enquiry has been commenced or ordered under rule 15, clause (*a*) or clause (*b*).

(2) The Railway Police shall report, with as little delay as possible, to the nearest Station-master or, where there is no Station-master, to the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred, every accident which may come to their notice occurring in the course of working a railway attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, or which has *primâ facie* been due to any criminal act or omission.

10. (1) Whenever an investigation is to be made by the railway police—

(*a*) in a case in which an accident is attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property; or

(*b*) in pursuance of a direction given under rule 15, clause (*c*),

the investigation shall be conducted by the officer-in-charge of the railway police, or, if that officer should be unable to conduct the investigation himself, then by an officer to be deputed by him.

(2) An officer deputed under sub-rule (1) shall ordinarily be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, but if in any case it should be found impracticable to depute an officer of that grade, an Inspector of Police may be deputed in case of collisions between trains of which one is a train carrying passengers, or of derailment of any train carrying passengers, or of any part of such a train, and an officer-in-charge of a police-station in case of accidents attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property.

11. The officer who is to conduct an investigation in pursuance of rule 10 shall proceed without delay to the scene of the accident and conduct the investigation there, and shall at once advise the Agent or Manager of the railway and the Traffic Officer of the district by telegraph of the date and hour at which

the investigation will commence so that, if possible, the presence of a railway official may be arranged for to watch the proceedings and to aid the officer making the investigation. The absence of a railway official must not, however, be allowed to delay the investigation, which should be made as soon as possible after the accident has taken place.

12. (1) In every case to which rule 10 applies, immediate information shall be given by the railway police to the district police, who, if so required, shall afford all necessary assistance, and shall, if occasion arise, carry the investigation beyond the limits of the railway premises. But the railway police are primarily entrusted with the duty of carrying on the investigation within such limits.

(2) Subject to any provisions elsewhere contained in these rules, the further prosecution of the case, on the conclusion of the police investigation, shall rest with the railway police.

13. The result of every police investigation shall be reported at once to the Magistrate of the district, or other officer appointed in this behalf by the Local Government, and to the Agent or Manager of the railway or other officer appointed by him.

14. Where there are no railway police, the duties imposed by rules 9, 10, and 11, rule 12, sub-rule (2), and rule 13 on the railway police, or on the officer-in-charge of the railway police shall be discharged by the district police or by the District Superintendent of Police, as the case may be.

Duties of Magistrates.

15. Whenever an accident, such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), has occurred in the course of working a railway, the District Magistrate, or any other Magistrate who may be appointed in this behalf by the Local Government, may, either—

(*a*) himself make an enquiry into the causes which led to the accident; or

(*b*) depute a subordinate Magistrate, who, if possible, should be a Magistrate of the first class, to make such an enquiry; or

(*c*) direct an investigation into the causes which led to the accident to be made by the police.

16. Whenever it is decided to make an enquiry under rule 15, clause (*a*) or clause (*b*), the District Magistrate or other Magistrate appointed as aforesaid or the Magistrate deputed under rule 15, clause (*b*), as the case may be, shall proceed to the scene of the accident and conduct the enquiry there, and shall at once advise the Agent or Manager of the railway and the Government Inspector by telegraph of the date and hour at which the enquiry will commence, so as to enable the railway administration to summon the requisite expert evidence.

17. A Magistrate making an enquiry under rule 15 may summon any railway servant, and any other person whose presence he may think necessary, and, after taking the evidence and completing the enquiry, shall, if he considers there are sufficient grounds for a judicial enquiry, take the requisite steps for bringing to trial any person whom he may consider to be criminally liable for the accident. Whenever technical points are involved, the Magistrate should call for, and take the opinion of the Government Inspector or other professional persons.

18. The result of every enquiry made under rule 15 shall be communicated by the Magistrate to the Agent or Manager of the railway and to the Government Inspector.

19. If in the course of any judicial enquiry into an accident occurring in the course of working a railway, the Magistrate desires the assistance of the Government Inspector or of the Agent or Manager of the railway, or the attendance of any officer of the railway, to explain any matter relating to railway supervision, management or working, he will issue a requisition to such officer to attend the court, stating at the same time the nature of the assistance required. In summoning railway servants, the Magistrate will take care not to summon so large a number of the employés, specially of one class, on the same day, as to cause inconvenience to the working of the railway. In the case of very serious accidents it will generally be advisable for the Magistrate to receive either the evidence of, or a report from, both the Government Inspector and the Agent or Manager of the railway in regard to the accident before finally concluding the judicial enquiry.

20. On the conclusion of any such judicial enquiry the Magistrate shall send a copy of his decision to the Agent or Manager of the railway, and shall, unless in any case he thinks it unnecessary to do so, report the result of the enquiry to the Local Government.

Duties of the Government Inspector appointed under section 4, sub-section (1), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

21. (1) Whenever the Government Inspector receives notice under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), of the occurrence of an accident which he considers of a sufficiently serious nature to justify such a course, he shall report the occurrence direct to the Government of India by telegraph.

(2) Every such report shall contain the particulars prescribed by rule 1.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this rule every accident to a train (whether carrying passengers or not) which is attended with loss of human life or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, which is roughly estimated to cost say Rs. 5,000 or over, also every accident, such as a landslide, breach by rain or flood, derailment, etc., which causes the interruption of any important through line of communication for at least 24 hours, shall be deemed to be an accident of a "sufficiently serious nature".

Explanation 2.—When a serious accident occurs at a station where the charges of two or more Government Inspectors meet, the duty of complying with rule 21 (1) shall devolve on the Government Inspector within whose jurisdiction the railway working the station lies.

22. (1) The Government Inspector shall, whenever he receives notice as aforesaid of an accident which he considers serious enough to warrant an enquiry or investigation being made under any of these rules, proceed to the scene of the accident to note the facts and to enquire generally into the causes which led to the accident. If the Government Inspector, after reporting to the Government of India the occurrence of an accident in accordance with rule 21, decides that an enquiry or investigation by himself is not necessary, he shall in every such case advise the Government of India accordingly by letter.

(2) Whenever an enquiry under sub-rule (1) is made by the Government Inspector, he shall, if practicable, be present at the joint enquiry (if any) made under rule 4, sub-rule (1).

23. Whenever the Government Inspector has made an enquiry under rule 22, sub-rule (1), or when he disagrees with, or considers it necessary adversely to criticise the report of the joint or departmental enquiry or the working of the railway, he shall submit a report in writing, through the Senior Government Inspector, to the Local Government or Administration controlling the railway and to the Government of India, or in the case of a railway which is directly administered by the State, to the Government of India only; and shall forward a copy of such report to the Agent or Manager of the railway concerned, and, if a magisterial enquiry has been made, to the Magistrate who made such enquiry.

24. (1) In the case of all accidents of the nature described in explanation 1 to rule 21, [sub-rule (2)], the reports referred to in rule 6 and in rule 22, sub-rule (1), shall be submitted in the form adopted by the Inspecting Officers of the Board of Trade, and shall contain—

(1) a brief description of the accident;
(2) a description of the locality of the accident;
(3) a detailed statement of the evidence taken;
(4) the conclusions arrived at at the joint or departmental enquiry;
(5) an appendix stating the damage done;
(6) (when necessary) a sketch illustrative of the accident; and
(7) in the case of the report submitted by the Government Inspector, the conclusion arrived at by him.

(2) Reports in connection with accidents which, although coming under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, (IX of 1890), are not accidents of the nature described in explanation 1 to rule 21, [sub-rule (2)], will be submitted to the Government of India only if, in the opinion of the Senior Government Inspector, they contain features of special importance or requiring special notice. When the Senior Government Inspector recommends the publication of such a report, it should be in the form adopted by the Inspecting Officers of the Board of Trade; when not recommended for publication, it may be in the form of a letter explaining, as briefly as possible, the special features which the Senior Government Inspector desires to bring to notice.

25. If the Agent or Manager makes any remarks on the Government Inspector's report under rule 6, sub-rules (4) and (5) or expresses an intention to do so, the Government Inspector shall inform the Government of India, and the Local Government or Administration controlling the railway, of the steps which have been or are proposed to be taken by the railway administration to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents, and whether, in his opinion, further action in the matter is desirable.

26. The Government Inspector shall, as far as possible, assist any Magistrate making an enquiry under rule 15 or a magisterial enquiry, whenever he may be called upon to do so.

27. Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the exercise of any of the powers conferred on Government Inspectors by section 5 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

No. 120-T.—2—18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 85 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Railway Board direct that the following rules shall be substituted for the rules contained in Enclosure No. II to Government of India Circular No. 111, Railway, of 1902, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department, No. 81, dated the 7th March 1902, as subsequently amended, namely:—

1. The returns shall be prepared in the forms hereto appended, marked, respectively, Tables Nos. 1 to 4. The returns shall be submitted not later than three weeks after the close of the year to which they relate The returns, whether submitted in manuscript or in print, shall be set forth on one side of the paper only.

2. The returns shall comprise all accidents of the following classes, namely:—

(*a*) all cases of loss of, or injury to, life or limb from causes connected with the working of railways;

(*b*) all cases of injury to the permanent way, stock or works, whether attended or not by injury to life or limb;

(c) all accidents of any kind likely to have endangered life or limb, or to have caused serious loss of property; including cases of trains running over chairs placed on the line, of persons falling out of trains who are not injured in any way, and of fires in trains, not resulting in injury to the way, stock or works.

(d) all cases, without exception, of cattle being thrown off the line or run over: Provided that, in such cases, the following additional rules shall be observed, namely:—

(i) Whether cattle are actually run over or merely thrown off the line, all cases of cattle coming in contact with running trains shall be included in the accident returns.

(ii) If more than one head of cattle are run over at one time, *i.e.*, in one accident, the occurrence shall be treated as one accident.

3. The following classes of railway servants shall be included in the returns, namely:—

(a) all persons employed in stations, including police;

(b) all persons employed in the maintenance of way and works, exclusive of men entertained for special works, that is, for railway works, involving no risk from the working of trains, *e.g.*, the construction of spurs in a river on which railway work-people are employed; and

(c) all persons employed on trains or running engines, also all gate-keepers.

4. Accidents which are of a trivial nature, such as petty accidents in shunting, failure of springs or bursting open of points by trains, resulting in no further damage or accident, or small landslips not interrupting traffic, need not be included in the returns. All accidents shall, however, be recorded in the office of the Agent or Manager of the railway concerned, it being left to that officer to decide which of them may be omitted from the returns as trivial.

5. In cases where one accident might appropriately be classified under more than one head (such as breakage of an axle causing derailment), the classification shall be in accordance with the primary cause of the accident, and the same accident shall not be classified under more than one head.

6. Under the heading "10—*Trains running over obstructions on the line*" Table No. 2, only such accidents shall be entered as are caused by trains running over obstructions (*e.g.*, sleepers, rails or stones, placed on the line) other than those caused by the accidental misplacement of railway appliances in the ordinary course of working. Accidents due to trains mounting scotch blocks, or other misplaced railway appliances, or travelling over split or trailing points, and resulting in derailments or collisions shall be shown under these respective heads.

7. Accidents connected with the bursting of boilers shall be shown separately from those connected with the bursting of tubes.

8. Interruptions to traffic owing to several breaches near together caused by floods occurring on the same day and from the same cause shall be treated as one accident.

9. Failure of engines due to want of water, or to fire-bars melting and dropping in the ash-pan owing to excessive heat shall be classified under head "25—Other accidents" of Table No. 2.

10. Accidents to mixed trains shall be treated as occurring to passenger trains.

11. Casualties from causes unconnected with railway working, such as death of passengers in carriages or at stations, from natural causes, or to other persons, such as cases of falling into wells or of drowning in wells or ponds, within the station limits of a railway, shall not be included in Table No. 3 of the returns, nor shall slight abrasions or bruises, which are incidental to a man's ordinary duties, be included in the said Table.

12. Accidents on open lines of railway not coming under any of the classified heads in the forms marked Tables Nos. 1 and 2 but which have caused loss of human life or personal injury, shall be entered in the form marked Table No. 3.

13. In Tables Nos. 1 to 4 those accidents only shall be entered which have occurred during the year to which the returns relate.

14. (1) Accidents to trains of one railway exercising running powers over another shall be treated, for the purposes of these returns, as accidents of the line owning the trains.

(2) Accidents at joint stations shall be similarly treated. Other accidents at joint stations or on lines on which running powers are exercised, shall be included in the returns of the working or owning line.

15. Accidents occurring :—

(*a*) in railway workshops ; or

(*b*) on new works not opened for traffic ; or

(*c*) on lines under construction ; or

(*d*) on lines not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods; or

(*e*) to steamers or flats working in connection with railways,

shall be entered in Table No. 4 only.

TABLE No. 1.

Number of persons reported during the year ending with the 31st March 19 , as killed or injured on the ________ Railway (open line) by the travelling of train or the movement of vehicles used exclusively upon railways, distinguishing between passengers, Railway servants and other persons, and classifying, as far as practicable, the nature and causes of the accidents occasioning the death or injury.

PASSENGERS.

RAILWAY.	From accidents to trains, etc., see Table No. 2.		1. From falling between trains and platforms.		2. Falling on to the platform, ballast, etc., when getting into or out of trains.		3. Whilst crossing the line at stations.		4. By closing of carriage doors.		5. Falling or jumping out of carriages during the travelling of trains.		6. Other accidents.		Total.		Total passengers.	
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
East Indian ...																		

SERVANTS.

RAILWAY.	From accidents to trains, etc., see Table No. 2.		1. Whilst coupling or uncoupling vehicles.		2. By coming in contact, whilst riding on vehicles, during shunting with other vehicles, etc., standing on adjacent lines.		3. Whilst passing over or standing upon buffers during shunting.		4. When getting on or off, or falling off engines, wagons, etc., during shunting.		5. Whilst braking, spragging or choking wheels.		6. Whilst attending to ground points, marshalling trains, etc.		7. Whilst moving vehicles by capstans, turntables, ropes, etc., during shunting.		8. By other accidents during shunting operations not included in the preceding.		9. From falling off engines, etc., during the travelling of trains.		10. By coming in contact with over-bridges, or erections on the sides of the line during the travelling of trains.		11. When getting on or off engines, vans, etc., during the travelling of trains.		12. Whilst attending to or by the failure of machinery, etc., of engines in steam.		13. Whilst working on the permanent-way, sidings, etc.		14. Whilst attending to gates at level crossings.		15. Whilst walking, crossing, or standing on the line on duty.		16. From being caught between vehicles.		17. From falling or being caught between trains and platforms, walls, etc.		18. Whilst walking, etc., on the line on the way home or to work.		19. Miscellaneous.		Total.		Total servants.	
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
East Indian ...																																												

OTHERS.

RAILWAY.	Whilst passing over the railway at level-crossings.		Trespassers.		Suicides.		Miscellaneous.		Total others.		TOTAL ALL CLASSES.		REMARKS.
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed	Injured	
East Indian ...													

TABLE No. 2.

Accidents to trains, rolling stock, permanent way, etc., reported during the year ending with the 31 March 19 , as having occurred on the ________ Railway (open line) distinguishing the different classes of accidents and the number of passengers and others, and of railway servants killed or injured, in each class of accidents.

—	——— Railway.								
	Number.			Number of passengers and others (a)		Number of servants		Total all classes.	
	Accidents reported to Local Government under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, (IX of 1890).	Other accidents.	Total.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1. Collisions between passenger trains, or parts of passenger trains. (To include all)									
2. Collisions between passenger trains and goods or mineral trains, engines and vehicles standing foul of the line. (To include all)									
3. Collisions between goods trains, or parts of goods trains. (To include all except slight collisions in the course of shunting where damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
4. Collisions between light engines (To include all except collisions occurring in Locomotive Yards, unconnected with trains in which there is no loss of life or serious damage to persons or property.)									
5. Passenger trains or parts of passenger trains leaving the rails. (To include all)									
6. Goods trains, or parts of goods trains, engines, etc., leaving the rails. (To include all derailments except those occurring in Locomotive Yards, where the damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
7. Trains or engines travelling in the wrong direction through points. (Only to be included when the rolling stock is derailed or there is serious damage done to persons or property.)									
8. Trains running into stations or sidings at too high a speed. (Only to be included when the rolling-stock is derailed or there is serious damage done to persons or property; but every case of a passenger train travelling through points in the wrong direction should invariably be included though not attended with any damage or injury.)									
9. Trains running over cattle on the line									
10. Trains running over obstructions on the line									

(a) Where persons other than passengers are killed or injured the fact should be stated in a foot-note

TABLE No. 2—*contd.*

	—— RAILWAY.									
	Number.			Number of passengers and others (a)		Number of servants		Total all classes	
—	Accidents reported to Local Government under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).	Other accidents.	Total.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
11. Trains running through gates at level crossings. (To include all)									
12. The bursting of boilers of engines . . (To include all)									
12A. The bursting of tubes of engines . . (To include all cases when the engine is working a train or when there is serious damage done to property, loss of life or injury, not otherwise.)									
13. The failure of machinery, springs, etc., of engines. (To include all failures of engines on trains when the delay to trains is an hour and over. Failures when merely shunting in yards not to be included.)									
14. The failure of tyres . . . . . . (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.)									
15. The failure of wheels . . . . . . (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.)									
16. The failure of axles . . . . . . (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.)									
17. The failure of brake apparatus . . . (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious, damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.)									
18. The failure of couplings . . . . . (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.)									
19. The failure of tunnels, bridges, viaducts or culverts.									
20. Broken rails									

(a) Where persons other than passengers are killed or injured the fact should be stated in a foot-note.

TABLE No. 2—*concld.*

—	— RAILWAY.								
	Number.			Number of passengers and others (*a*)		Number of servants		Total all classes.	
	Accidents reported to Local Government under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).	Other accidents.	Total.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
21. The flooding of *portions* of permanent way . (To be excluded if damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100, and if there is not much interruption to traffic.)									
22. Slips in cuttings or embankments . . (To be excluded if damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100, and if there is not much interruption to traffic.)									
23. Fire in trains . . . . (To include all except cases where vehicles are standing at a station or being shunted and the damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
24. Fire at stations, or involving injury to bridges or viaducts . . . . (To include all except those where damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
25. Other accidents . . . . (To include all except those where damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
TOTAL ALL CLASSES .									
Average number of servants employed (*b*) . .									

(*a*) Where persons other than passengers are killed or injured the fact should be stated in a foot-note.
(*b*) The average number of servants employed should be arrived at by adding the numbers employed on the first day of each month and dividing the total by twelve.

TABLE No. 3.

Return of persons (a) *reported during the year ending with the 31st March 19 , as having been killed or injured on the________________Railway by accidents in which the movement of vehicles used exclusively upon railways was not concerned.*

—	Number of passengers and others		Number of servants		Total all classes.	
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
While ascending or descending steps at stations						
By being struck by barrows, by falling over packages, etc., on platform						
From falling off platforms						
Whilst loading, unloading or shooting wagons						
Whilst moving or carrying goods at stations, etc.						
Whilst working at cranes or capstans						
By the falling of wagon-doors, lamps, bales of goods, etc. . . .						
From falling off, or when getting on or off, stationary engines or vehicles.						
From falling off platforms, ladders, scaffolds, etc.						
). By stumbling whilst walking on the line or platforms . . .						
Whilst attending to stationary engines in sheds						
By being trampled on or kicked by horses						
3. Whilst working on the line or in sidings						
4. Miscellaneous						
TOTAL .						

(a) See rules 11 and 12.

TABLE No. 4.

Return of accidents occurring during the year ending with the 31st March 19 , on the ———— Railway.

N.B.—Accidents entered in Table No. 4 are not to be entered in any other Tables of the return.

—	Number of accidents.	SERVANTS.		OTHERS.	
		Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1. In railway workshops (slight abrasions or bruises which are incidental to a man's ordinary duties need not be entered)					
2. On new works not opened for traffic					
3. On lines under construction					
4. On lines not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals and goods					
5. The steamers or flats working in connection with the railway					

The 21st February 1919.

No. 102-E.—19.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel W. Carew Smyth, R.E., Chief Engineer, 2nd class, *s. p. t.* (Supernumerary), State Railways, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 17th February 1919.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 17th February 1919.

No. E.-232.—Mr. C. S. Waite, C.I.E., Deputy Controller (Inspection), Calcutta, is granted leave on medical certificate, under Article 336, Civil Service Regulations, from the 17th January to the 27th February 1919, both days inclusive, in continuation of the privilege leave granted to him in Notifications No. E.-232, dated the 3rd and 23rd January 1919.

No. E.-999 (1).—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Wilson, I.A.R.O., Controller (Jute Manufactures), Calcutta, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 1st February 1919.

No. E.-999 (2).—The services of Lieutenant T. A. Kay, I.A.R.O., Assistant Controller (Jute Manufactures), Calcutta, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 1st February 1919.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

REGISTERED No. L 843.



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DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Bills introduced in the Indian Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Indian Legislative Council on the 19th February, 1919 :—

No. 4 of 1919.

A Bill to make provision to determine the date of the termination of the present war and for purposes connected therewith.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision to determine the date of the termination of the present war and for purposes connected therewith; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Termination of the Present War (Definition) Act, 191 .

Date of termination of present war to be such as may be declared by His Majesty in Council.

2. For the purposes of any provision in any enactment or in any notification or rule issued or made thereunder, and, except when the context otherwise requires, of any provision in any contract, deed or other instrument referring, expressly or impliedly, and in whatever form of words, to the present war or the present hostilities,—

(1) the present war shall be treated as having continued to and as having ended on such date as His Majesty in Council may declare in that behalf in pursuance of the provisions of the Termination of the Present War (Definition) Act, 1918, and 8 & 9 V., c

(2) the date of the termination of war between His Majesty and any particular State shall be the date similarly declared under sub-section (3) of section 1 of the said Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

BY the Termination of the Present War (Definition) Act, 1918 (8 & 9 Geo. V, c.-59), power has been taken for His Majesty in Council to declare what date is for certain purposes to be treated as the date of the termination of the present war either generally or as against any particular State. The object of the present Bill is to provide that for the purpose of provisions in enactments, notifications, rules, contracts, deeds and other instruments the date of the termination of the war shall be such date as His Majesty in Council may declare in pursuance of the powers conferred by the English Statute.

DELHI;
The 11th February 1919.

G. R. LOWNDES.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Indian Legislative Council on the 19th February, 1919 :—

No. 5 OF 1919.

[The bracketted figures in the margin refer to the corresponding sections of the existing Act.

A Bill to consolidate and amend the law regulating the importation, possession and sale of poisons throughout British India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law regulating the importation, possession and sale of poisons throughout British India; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Poisons Act, 191 .

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Sonthal Parganas.

Power of the Local Government to regulate possession for sale and sale of any poison.

2. (*1*) Subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, the Local Government may by rule regulate within the whole or any part of the territories under its administration the possession for sale and the sale, whether wholesale or retail, of any specified poison.

(*2*) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—

(*a*) the grant of licenses to possess any specified poison for sale, wholesale or retail, and the fixing of the fee (if any) to be charged for such licenses;

(*b*) the classes of persons to whom alone such licenses may be granted;

(*c*) the classes of persons to whom alone any such poison may be sold;

(*d*) the maximum quantity of any such poison which may be sold to any one person;

(*e*) the maintenance by vendors of any such poison of registers of sales, the particulars to be entered in such registers, and the inspection of the same;

(*f*) the safe custody of such poisons and the labelling of the vessels, packages or coverings in which any such poison is sold or possessed for sale; and

(*g*) the inspection and examination of any such poison when possessed for sale by any such vendor.

Power to prohibit importation into British India of any poison except under license.

3. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, prohibit except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license the importation into British India of any specified poison, and may by rule regulate the grant of licenses.

Power to regulate possession of any poison in certain areas.

4. (*1*) The Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may by rule regulate the possession of any specified poison in any local area in which the use of such poison for the purpose of committing murder or mischief by poisoning cattle appears to it to be of such frequent occurrence as to render restrictions on the possession thereof desirable.

(*2*) In making any rule under sub-section (*1*), the Local Government may direct that any breach thereof shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both, together with confiscation of the poison in respect of which the breach has been committed, and of the vessels, packages or coverings in which the same is found.

Presumption as to specified poisons.

5. Any substance specified as a poison in a rule made or notification issued under this Act shall be deemed to be a poison for the purposes of this Act. [2 (3) 6 (2).

Penalty for unlawful importation, etc.

6. (*1*) Whoever—

(*a*) commits a breach of any rule made under section 2, or

(*b*) imports into British India without a license any poison the importation of which is for the time being restricted under section 3, or

(*c*) breaks any condition of a license for the importation of any poison granted to him under section 3,

shall be punishable,—

(*i*) on a first conviction, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both, and

(ii) on a second or subsequent conviction, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

(2) Any poison in respect of which an offence has been committed under this section, together with the vessels, packages or coverings in which the same is found, shall be liable to confiscation.

Power to issue search warrants.

7. (1) The District Magistrate, the Sub-divisional Magistrate and, in a Presidency-town, the Commissioner of Police, may issue a warrant for the search of any place in which he has reason to believe or to suspect that any poison is possessed or sold in contravention of this Act or any rule thereunder, or that any poison liable to confiscation under this Act is kept or concealed.

(2) The person to whom the warrant is directed may enter and search the place in accordance therewith, and the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, relating to search-warrants shall, as far as may be, be deemed to apply to the execution of the warrant.

Rules.

8. (1) In addition to any other power to make rules hereinbefore conferred, the Governor General in Council, or, subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, the Local Government, may make rules generally to carry out the purposes and objects of this Act.

(2) Every power to make rules conferred by this Act shall be subject to the condition of the rule being made after previous publication.

(3) All rules made by the Governor General in Council or by the Local Government under this Act shall be published in the Gazette of India or the local official Gazette, as the case may be, and on such publication shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

Savings.

9. (1) Nothing in this Act or in any license granted or rule made thereunder shall extend to or interfere with anything done in good faith in the exercise of his profession as such by a medical or veterinary practitioner. [10.]

(2) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, the Local Government may in its discretion by general or special order declare that all or any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed not to apply to any article or class of articles of commerce specified in such order or to any poison or class of poisons used for any purpose so specified.

(3) The authority on which any power to make rules under this Act is conferred may, by general or special order, either wholly or partially—

(a) exempt from the operation of any such rules, or

(b) exclude from the scope of the exemption provided by sub-section (1)

any person or class of persons either generally or in respect of any poisons specified in the order.

Repeal of Act I of 1904.

10. The Poisons Act, 1904, is hereby repealed. I of 190[4]

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE Poisons Act of 1904 was intentionally limited in scope so as to restrict interference with legitimate industries as much as possible. As the result of these limitations, however, the control afforded by the Act over the traffic in poisons has been proved by experience to be inadequate. In 1910 and 1914, the Government of the United Provinces suggested certain radical amendments in the Act to remedy this defect. The suggestions were referred to Local Governments and Administrations for opinion. The replies received showed a general agreement in favour of the suggestions of the Government of the United Provinces.

2. A new Bill has accordingly been prepared which will repeal the Poisons Act of 1904. The more important features of the Bill are:—

(1) The substitution of a single clause (clause 2) for sections 2, 4 and 6 of the existing Act with the object of empowering Local Governments to regulate the possession for sale and the sale, whether wholesale or retail, of any specified poison anywhere within their respective territories, instead of in municipalities and cantonments only.

(2) An expansion of the provisions of sections 3 and 5 of the Act so as to make them cover, not only white arsenic, but any poison specified in notifications or rules issued in accordance with those sections. (Clauses 3 and 4.)

(3) The exclusion of the classes (b), (c) and (d) mentioned in section 10 (1) of the Act with the effect of reducing the number of exempted classes to one, *viz.*, medical and veterinary practitioners.

(4) The addition of a clause [clause 9 (3) (b)] empowering Government to exclude individual members of the exempted class (*i.e.*, medical and veterinary practitioners) from the benefit of the exemption conferred by section 10 (1) of the Act.

The opportunity has also been taken to make some verbal alterations in the Act; and section 11, which is spent, has been omitted.

DELHI:
The 12th February, 1919.

W. H. VINCENT.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

n page 119 of Part VI of the *Gazette* *ndia* of 15th February, 1919, the words ɪe ayes have it. A division was taken." ɪld be deleted.

REGISTERED No. L. 848.



The Gazette of India.

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DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART VI.

Proceedings of the Indian Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ASSEMBLED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915.
(5 & 6 Geo. V, Ch. 61.)

The Council met at the Council Chamber, Imperial Secretariat, Delhi, on Monday, the 10th February, 1919.

PRESENT:

His Excellency BARON CHELMSFORD, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., G.C.B.E., Viceroy and Governor General, *presiding*, and 53 Members, of whom 46 were Additional Members.

INDIAN CRIMINAL LAW (AMENDMENT) BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"My Lord, before I introduce the Bill which will come under discussion to-day,—the Indian Criminal Law (Amendment) Bill,—I should like to take the opportunity of answering a question which was put to me at the last meeting of this Council. In the course of the debate on the Criminal Law (Emergency Powers) Bill, which is based, as is the present Bill, on the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee, some Members of this Council expressed the view that they might have been able to support the measure if it had been of a temporary character, and towards the close of the debate I was specifically asked by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Banerjea what the intentions of Government in this matter were. It was clear that no single member of the Government could take the responsibility of answering immediately a question of that moment. Since then, however, I have ascertained the views of the Government of India and am authorised to state that the Government of India are willing that this Bill should remain in force for a period of three years only after the conclusion of peace. We believe that there is a precedent for this course in 11 A.

[*Sir William Vincent.*] [10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

the procedure adopted in the United Kingdom at one time over the Irish Coercion Act. In that case the Act was put in force for three years at first, but I ought to say it had to be extended afterwards for another two years. We have that precedent for the course which we propose to pursue, and Hon'ble Members are so convinced that the Reforms will change the whole attitude of this revolutionary party, that I think that in deference to their views we ought to meet them to this extent.

"Turning to the Bill which is before the Council to-day, I do not think I need waste much time in explaining the reasons for introducing it, as they are the same as those which I mentioned on the connected Bill on Friday. All the provisions of the Bill are based on the recommendations of the Rowlatt Report, and it remains for me only to describe, as shortly as I can, the provisions of the different clauses. The Bill, I should say, differs from the Bill I introduced last week, in that it is intended to make permanent changes in the ordinary criminal law of the land. The first clause deals with the possession of a seditious document and is based on Rule 25-A. of the Defence of India Rules, which rule has been in force for some time. It provides that any person who has in his possession a seditious document intending, that is, with the deliberate intention, that the same shall be published or circulated shall, unless he proves that he had such document in his possession for a lawful purpose, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years.

"Clause 3 of the Bill merely authorises a District Magistrate to direct a preliminary inquiry to be made by the police in the case of certain offences, a prosecution in which cannot at present be launched without the sanction of the Local Government. In practice, it is often necessary to have such inquiries made before the Local Government can decide as to whether a prosecution should be launched or not.

"Clause 4 of the Bill makes a modification in section 343 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. That section prohibits the offer of any promise or threat or inducement to any accused person to make a statement save to the extent provided specifically in sections 337 and 338 in the case of conditional pardons. It has been found that this provision of the law interferes with a promise of protection to an accused person who is willing to give King's evidence, but is really afraid of violence, indeed often of being murdered, by his confederates; the intention is to enable Government to offer such protection to a person who is prepared to give evidence if protected.

"Clause 5 of the Bill introduces another new section into the Code of Criminal Procedure, and provides that where a person is accused of an offence against the State, that is, an offence under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, evidence of the fact that he has previously been convicted of a similar offence, or that he habitually and voluntarily associates with any person convicted of such an offence, shall be admissible against him.

"There is only one other clause of the Bill to which I need refer, clause 6. This provides that when a man has been convicted of an offence against the State, for instance of waging war against the King, or conspiring to wage war against the King, then the Court may order him to execute a bond for his good behaviour for a term not exceeding two years after the expiration of his sentence. The new section is analogous to the present section 565. Further, where the Court has made such an order, the Local Government is, if the security is not furnished, authorised to impose restrictions upon the person so convicted in order to restrain his criminal activities after release from jail. The restrictions are that he shall not enter, reside or remain in any area specified, shall reside or remain in any area, shall abstain from addressing public meetings for the furtherance or discussion of any subject likely to cause disturbance or public excitement, or of any political subject, or for the distribution of any writing or printed matter relating to any such subject.

"The details of this Bill, my Lord, are in my judgment more a matter for Select Committee than for examination in this Council. At the same time, it is my duty to explain, as briefly as I can to the Council, what the proposed changes in the law are. With these words I introduce the Bill and move that it be

[10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Sir William Vincent; Mr. V. J. Patel; Sir George Lowndes.*]

referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes, the Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon'ble Mr Shafi, the Hon'ble Mr. Muddiman, the Hon'ble Mr. Sastri, the Hon'ble Nawab Saiyad Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, the Hon'ble Mr Kincaid, the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde, the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea, the Hon'ble Mr. Fagan, the Hon'ble Mr. Patel, the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett, the Hon'ble Sir James DuBoulay, the Hon'ble Mr. Emerson and myself, with instructions to report on or before the 6th March 1919."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel:—"My Lord, I beg to move— 11-11 A.M.

'That the consideration of this Bill be deferred till six months have elapsed after the expiry of the term of office of this Legislative Council'

My Lord, at the outset I must say we are thankful to your Excellency's Government for the announcement that this measure and the measure we were discussing the other day are to be brought on the Statute-book for a period of three years only . . ."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"May I explain, my Lord, I did not say this in regard to the present Bill, which it is intended to bring permanently on the Statute-book."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel:—"It is then clear that, so far as this measure is concerned, it is intended to be a permanent addition to the law of the land; we are at present not concerned with the other measure at all. The grounds on which I supported my amendment on the first Bill are the grounds on which I support this amendment. Let us see what the provisions of this measure are. Clause 2 of the Bill proposes to insert a new section in the Indian Penal Code, section 124-B, making the possession of a seditious document penal. The law of sedition in this country, to put it briefly, is this, the Indian Penal Code was drafted in the thirties of the last century; there was no section on sedition inserted then, nor was it inserted when it was revised in 1860; it was for the first time in 1871 that the section on sedition found a place in the Indian Penal Code, but then it was distinctly laid down that the publication of the words itself, unless it was followed by actual disturbance in the country, would not be an offence Then again in 1898, further alteration was made, and it was laid down that mere publication of the objectionable words would be an offence. It is now proposed, my Lord, not to be satisfied with merely publication of the words but the possession of any document containing objectionable words shall also be penalised. The next stage perhaps would be to penalise a person who thinks sedition. Then again hitherto sedition was restricted to words directed against His Majesty or the Government established by law in this country. But it is now intended to go further and to provide that a person would be punished if the words are directed not only against His Majesty, or the Government by the law established, in this country, but also against officials generally or any individual officer, meaning thereby that if, for instance, an accused person who has been acquitted by a Magistrate were to contribute an article in a newspaper detailing the circumstances under which he was being treated and the manner in which he was treated whilst in police custody by a particular policeman, and if these words are likely to directly or indirectly affect what is described in the section as the use of criminal force against that policeman . . . ."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"The Hon'ble Member is not correct; it says instigating the use of criminal force."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel:—"If these words directly or indirectly are likely to instigate the use of criminal force against that policeman who is alleged to have maltreated that accused person, and if that newspaper comes into possession in the ordinary course of some person who was a subscriber, that subscriber is likely to be hauled up before a Magistrate, and, unless he proves that he came by that document in a lawful manner, he will have to suffer the consequences. That, shortly put, is the section which we are considering.

[*Mr. V. J. Patel; Sir George Lowndes.*] [10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

The trial will not necessarily be in the ordinary Court of law, because we have, in considering this Bill, to take into consideration the provisions of the other Bill under which the Governor General in Council under the provisions of that law will be empowered to declare that in any particular area crimes under Chapter VI have been prevailing including this crime also. On such a declaration being made, the trial of the individual concerned will take place not in the ordinary Courts of law, but the Local Government will be empowered to make certain orders and then an investigating authority will be appointed and so forth. It is not that the Bill is to be considered by itself, but this Bill has to be considered along with the provisions of Chapters II and III of the other Bill. Now, coming to clause 5, we find that the fact that the person accused has previously been convicted of an offence under Chapter VI of the India Penal Code will be a relevant fact, and the fact that he has been associating with another person who has been convicted of any offence under Chapter VI shall also be a relevant fact. Hitherto previous conviction is admissible in evidence in two cases. Firstly, if the accused gives evidence that he is of good character, the prosecution is entitled to adduce evidence of previous conviction to show that he is a man of bad character; and, secondly, where on a trial of certain offences a man is actually proved to be guilty, and it is necessary for the prosecution to convince the Magistrate that a heavier sentence should be given to him, then in that case previous conviction is under certain circumstances admitted in evidence. It is now proposed to go further and to provide that in cases under Chapter VI previous conviction shall be a relevent fact for all purposes. The section does not stop there, my Lord . . . ."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—" My Lord, I think I ought again to intervene. The Hon'ble Member is no doubt quite unintentionally misrepresenting the law in this connection. He has failed to refer to the most important class of cases in which a previous conviction is relevant. I refer to section 14 of the Evidence Act, which says that 'where, upon the trial of a person accused of an offence, the previous commission by the accused of an offence is relevant within the meaning of this section, the previous conviction of such person shall also be a relevant fact.' It is upon the lines of this section that the clause has been introduced into this Bill. My Hon'ble friend, I am sure, did not intend to omit section 14 of the Evidence Act from consideration in this discussion."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—" Will my Hon'ble friend say whether a previous conviction has ever been admitted in evidence except under the two circumstances I just now mentioned ?"

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—" Certainly; in numberless cases. The commonest case of all is with reference to the passing of false coin.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—" I beg your pardon. But this section goes much further than that. By this clause in cases under Chapter VI evidence of previous conviction of any offence under that Chapter is made admissible under any circumstances. Not only that, but the clause goes further and says ' the fact of association of an accused person with a person convicted under Chapter VI will also be a relevant fact.' Well, my Lord, so far as that is concerned, it is a most dangerous innovation in the law of evidence. I believe several people are in this as well as in every other country associating themselves with people who have been convicted of sedition, and if on their trial under Chapter VI, the fact of their association with a person convicted of sedition is to be admitted as evidence, I do not know where it would lead us to.

" Then with regard to the last clause, clause 6. It is proposed to call upon an accused person convicted of any offence under Chapter VI ' to furnish security, and if he does not do so, he is to be called upon or rather he is to be directed not to enter, reside or remain in any area specified in the order; he is also to be called upon to reside or remain in any area in British India so specified';

and he is further to be directed 'to abstain from addressing public meetings for the furtherance or discussion of any subject likely to cause disturbance or public excitement, or of any political subject, or for the distribution of any writing or printed matter relating to any subject'.

"My Lord, hitherto, so far as I have been able to understand it, the policy of the law has been to deal leniently with the first offenders. In fact, section 562 of the Criminal Procedure Code makes provision that certain offenders shall be warned and discharged on the first occasion. It is only when a man is a habitual offender, when a man is convicted more than once, in that case, under certain circumstances, he is to be called upon to furnish security. That policy is proposed to be reversed. By this clause the first offender is to be dealt with not leniently but harshly. On a person being convicted of sedition, he is to be called upon to furnish security, and if he does not furnish security, he is called upon to do so many things. Now, that is reversing the present policy of the law in this respect. In fact, section 565A is proposed to be inserted under the existing heading 'Previously convicted offenders' and not under 'first offenders.' The heading in the Criminal Procedure Code is 'previously convicted offenders,' and under that heading this section is proposed to be introduced. But the most dangerous part of the section, is that which deals with public meetings. A man who is convicted of sedition, is not only called upon to furnish security, but when he fails to do it, he should abstain from addressing any public meeting connected with any political subject, however innocent it may be, whether it causes or is likely to cause any excitement in the public mind or not. That indeed is a very dangerous part of this clause. I do not think I need take up the time of the Council, but I do think that any attempt to pass this measure will create great agitation, and I trust that your Excellency's Government will carefully consider the situation."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"My Lord, I beg to move the amendment* which stands against my name But before I do so, Your Excellency will permit me to recognise on my behalf as well as on behalf of my colleagues here . . . ." 11-29 A.M.

His Excellency the President:—"Mr. Banerjea, you cannot move your amendment until this amendment has been disposed of. I know there is an amendment down in your name, but you must wait till the present amendment is disposed of."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"I was following the liberty that was given to me on the last occason . . . ."

His Excellency the President:—"Yes, to mention it and to say that you will not make another speech."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"It will be a very short one. I will not take up more than five or six minutes if your Excellency will grant that permission."

His Excellency the President:—"Yes."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"My Lord, before I address myself to the amendment which stands against my name, I desire to acknowledge on my behalf as well as on behalf of my colleagues here, the fact, and gratefully acknowledge the fact, that the Government has shown some deference to public opinion by making the Bill which has been referred to the Select Committee temporary. But, my Lord, our objections to the Bill,

* That in the motion for referring the Bill to Select Committee, for the words 'on or before the 6th of March, 1919' the words 'within six weeks after the passing in Parliament of the Reform Bill to be introduced to give effect to the Montagu-Chelmsford Report' be substituted.'

[*Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea; Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru.*] [10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

however, will remain and our attitude will be largely determined by the form and the shape in which the Bill emerges from the Select Committee.

"My Lord, I can only hope that the Government, acting in the spirit which it has displayed to-day, will recognise the clear pronouncement of public opinion and modify the Bill which has already been referred to Select Committee and this one in such a way as to remove the alarm and anxiety which these Bills have created in the public mind. I desire to put one question to my Hon'ble friend the Home Member, and I hope he will be able to give me a specific answer in regard to it, that is, whether he will not consent to put in the Bill a specific statement to the effect that it is to be confined only to anarchical and revolutionary crimes. My Lord, I trust that this Bill, the one which we are just considering, will be only temporary, or that it will be altogether dropped. There are only two matters to which I desire to call your Excellency's attention, namely, clause 2 of the Bill which says :—

'Whoever has in his possession any seditious document intending that the same shall be published or circulated shall, unless he proves that he had such document in his possession for a lawful purpose, be punishable, etc.'

"My Lord, this is a new and, I say, a dangerous innovation in the present law. We are all here familiar with the conditions of village life. Village life is often apt to be disturbed by party and sectarian feuds. An enemy of mine may take it into his head to send me by post a seditious leaflet, and it may remain on my table and immediately he may give information to the police. The police search my house and find this leaflet on my table. I had not paid the slightest attention to the matter, but the burden of proof is thrown on me. My Lord, it will be a serious matter, a grave cause for anxiety, if a provision of this kind is enacted into law.

"My Lord, there is one other matter to which I desire to refer; and that is section 5, clause (*b*) :—

'That such person has habitually and voluntarily associated with any person who has been convicted of an offence under that Chapter.'

Now in the case of the joint-family, it is a very serious matter. Take the case of a brother who has been convicted and comes to his family, lives with his relations; are they to be liable to the provisions of this section? My Lord, this is a matter which may well create uneasiness in the public mind. There are other matters to which my friend has called attention. I do think that a Bill of this kind is necessary; I do hope and trust that it will be made temporary or altogether dropped. I prefer the latter. It is a Bill which has excited alarm and apprehension in the public mind, and it seems to me that it does not stand upon the same footing as the other Bill, and therefore I appeal to your Excellency's Government to drop it altogether."

11-34 A.M. **The Hon'ble Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru** :—"My Lord, in speaking to the motion which has been put before the Council by my Hon'ble friend, Mr Patel, I do not wish to cover the same ground as was covered by myself and many of my colleagues on the last occasion when the first Bill was moved by the Hon'ble the Home Member. My Lord, so far as questions of policy or expediency are concerned, they were dealt with at great length by many of us on the last occasion, and I would submit respectfully that the same considerations apply to this Bill as do to the last Bill, but there are just one or two matters with special reference to this Bill which I should like to place before your Lordship and before the Hon'ble Council. My Lord, after the announcement which has just been made by the Hon'ble the Home Member, we find that the first Bill is going to be of a temporary character. Now, so far as this Bill is concerned, it is going to be, at any rate that is what has just been stated by the Hon'ble the Home Member, to be a permanent addition to the Statute-book. But, my Lord, quite apart from that distinction, I will beg the Council to consider whether this Bill is not one which requires to be treated on a footing of its own. My Lord, the leading feature of this Bill is that it creates

[10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru.*]

an absolutely new offence which is to be found in clause 2 of this Bill. It says :—

'Whoever has in his possession any seditious document intending that the same shall be published or circulated shall, unless he proves that he had such document in his possession for a lawful purpose, be punishable with imprisonment, which may extend to two years, or with fine or with both.'

Now there are two points which arise with regard to this clause. In the first place, it makes it penal to possess a seditious document. In the next place, it casts the burden of proving that the possession was for a lawful purpose upon the accused. Now, my Lord, I do not think that any one of us, howsoever high his position may be, would be safe from molestation under the provisions of this section. I venture to submit, my Lord, that not even the Hon'ble the Home Member would be safe. Every day he has got to deal with seditious documents, and I have found him bringing seditious documents to this Council to read to us and warn us against. If there is some enterprising policeman somewhere about this Council Chamber, my Lord, he can make himself immortal in the history of this country by laying hands on the Home Member, and then it will be for Sir William to call your Lordship and every one of us in evidence to show that he was holding these documents for a lawful purpose. Of course we shall be prepared to swear that he was holding them for a lawful purpose, but until that is proved, the presumption will be that the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent was holding those documents for an unlawful purpose. My Lord, I ask you to imagine a position like that. Therefore, my Lord, I submit that this is a most vital and a most far-reaching change, and I will beg your Lordship and your Lordship's Government to consider whether it is wise to rush a measure like this through without giving the country sufficient time to consider its consequences. Where is the hurry for a measure like this? Why not circulate it among the Local Governments? Why not invite criticism from Judges of the High Court? Why not invite criticism from the public? My Lord, I would submit that the least that the Government can do is, that they should republish this Bill and circulate it among the Local Governments and the High Courts and invite public opinion freely. I do not think this Bill stands on the same footing as the former Bill does. My Lord, the last Bill was intended to cope with certain emergencies which, it is urged, have arisen or which may arise in the near future, and it was considered desirable from the point of view of the State that there should be a more speedy and a more summary procedure available to Courts of law or to other bodies in dealing with cases of that character. My Lord, those considerations do not apply to a Bill like this. Here you are making a permanent addition to the Statute-book and creating a new offence. I think the country is entitled to ask your Lordship to give it time to consider the consequences of a measure like this.

" My Lord, I will also refer to one other important circumstance which is common to both these Bills. In his speech on the last occasion, the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent, if I remember him rightly,—I speak subject to correction by him—told us that it was not the intention of the Government to strike at political movements, that it was really intended to grapple with anarchical or revolutionary movement.

" Well, my Lord, if that be so, why not make it clear in the preamble, which, as the lawyers say, is the key to an Act? My Lord, the preamble to this Bill runs as follows :—

'Whereas it is expedient to amend the Indian Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, in order to deal more effectively with certain acts dangerous to the State.'

" My Lord, I would much rather that you were more definite about those certain acts which are dangerous to the State in your view and said plainly that those acts really are acts of an anarchical or revolutionary character. That will enable the Courts of law in any case to interpret this Bill in the manner in which it should be interpreted.

" My Lord, I do not wish to take up the time of the Council unnecessarily by referring to clauses 5 and 6, which have been fully dealt with by my

Hon'ble friend, Mr. Patel, and my Hon'ble friend Mr. Banerjea; but I do say that these are novel provisions of very far-reaching consequences, and they require very careful consideration. In fact, the more one considers them, the more is one inclined to think that the Bill has been conceived in a hurry, although it may be that it is the result of the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee.

"My Lord, on these grounds, I will strongly support the motion of my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Patel and urge upon your Lordship and your Lordship's Government out of deference to public opinion in the whole country which has been very much agitated on this question, to republish this Bill at least, if you are not prepared to drop it as I would like you very much to do."

11-42 A.M. **The Hon'ble the Raja of Kanika:**—"My Lord, the Bill before us seeks to create a new offence and to introduce some peculiar innovations in the administration of criminal law. Its main provisions cannot be reconciled with the basic principle of modern jurisprudence. It is therefore that I view this Bill with grave misgivings. It has always been an accepted principle of law that the State should punish only those acts which are criminal in themselves. I venture to think that the mere possession of a seditious document should not be an offence in itself. Even if the possession be coupled with an intention to publish it, I think the State would not necessarily be justified in punishing the possessor. Suppose, my Lord, in an unguarded moment, when one's feelings have been deeply stirred, one writes a strong invective against the State with a view to publication. When calm returns, he realises his folly and seeks to destroy it. But in the meantime somebody has informed the Criminal Investigation Department, who launch a prosecution under the new law, that can only end in a conviction. The law, in other words, would punish a passing idea in a man's mind which does no harm to anybody at all. That would be a sure way to turn a loyal citizen into an enemy of the State.

"Again the protection of the innocent is a duty of the State, not less sacred than the punishment of the wrong-doer. It is therefore an accepted principle of law that the prosecution must prove a charge to the hilt before an accused person can be convicted of it. It is often impossible to prove a negative, and so the burden of proof has been wisely laid on the prosecution. It is difficult to conceive how it could be otherwise. But, my Lord, this Bill has openly violated even this fundamental rule, in providing for the insertion in the Penal Code of the proposed section 124-B. No one would be safe from its wide operation. As Mr. Banerjea has said, somebody sends a bit of seditious paper to another by post and drops an anonymous letter to the Criminal Investigation Department. The postman's visit is followed by another from the Criminal Investigation Department. And then a prosecution followed by a conviction would be a matter of course. How would the accused person be able to prove that he had 'a lawful purpose' when possessing the document? An innovation like this is bold in conception but dangerous in operation.

"I leave to my lawyer friends the discussion of details, and only wish to add that I regret I cannot lend my support to the motion before us."

1-45 A.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda:**—"My Lord, I would like to say just two words on this occasion. In the first place, I thank the Hon'ble the Home Member for the announcement he has made this morning. I thank him not so much for the concession itself, but for the fact that it shows that Government is responsive.

"My Lord, I associate myself with the suggestion that has been made by the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea and the Hon'ble Dr. Sapru that it ought to be made to appear in the measure that it is only anarchical crimes that are aimed at and will be covered by it. I say, so, my Lord, for a particular reason. There

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is, unfortunately, an impression gaining ground in the country—I know it is absolutely unfounded but there is a suspicion—that the object of this measure is to put down political agitation. That was put forward by one of the speakers at the public meeting that was held in Madras the other day. It was said there that the measure of reform that would be granted to the country will fall far short of the expectations of the country, and there would be agitation, and it was with a view to put that down that this section was introduced at this moment, otherwise there would be no necessity for a measure like this when the Hon'ble the Home Member stated the other day that there had been so much improvement in the situation to-day that the Government of Bengal felt able to release more than 1,000 young men who had been detained, more than two-thirds of the total number who were proceeded against. Therefore, it was clear that there was no necessity for such a law on that ground. But, if it is put in black and white, in clear terms in that measure that it is only anarchical crimes which will come under the purview of that Act, I think it will go a long way in allaying suspicion.

" My Lord, so far as the present Bill is concerned, which we are discussing to-day, I shall not repeat the arguments which I stated the other day on which I oppose both these Bills, or in fact any repressive legislation at this moment. I shall, with the leave of the Council, just like to put before it one piece of documentary evidence which has come into my possession since I spoke last. My Lord, I received a copy of a letter that one of the prisoners in the Andamans, who, I believe, was one of the principal accused in the Benares Conspiracy Case, sent through the jail authorities, and I am told that the jail authorities deleted 46 lines from that letter. It is dated the 27th of October last. It deals with many matters which are domestic concerns. I shall not trouble the Council by reading the whole of it, but I shall just read one extract from it. I ought to have said that the original letter has been sent, I am informed by a responsible person, to a high official, but my informant guarantees the authenticity of the copy which has been given to me and the Council can take it from me that it is correct. This is what the young man writes to his brothers :—

'I have another request to make to you and this is about our future. One of us, Mr. Savarkar, has submitted a petition to the Government of India praying for a general amnesty for all the political prisoners including exiles.

'He sent a similar petition a few years ago to His Excellency Lord Hardinge, and he got the reply from His Excellency Lord Hardinge that the amnesty was not possible under the then circumstances. But the circumstances have changed when India is going to have substantial . ...' some word is omitted here probably 'share' 'in its own government as a first step towards the final self-government. Under these circumstances, Mr. Savarkar submitted another petition and he has got the reply that his petition is under consideration.'

Then I leave out one portion.

'We are supposed to be revolutionaries, and so we have been punished; but when it is the declared policy of the British Government to grant self-government to India within a limited period, the work of revolutionaries is finished. None wants revolution for revolution's sake, and when India gets all the opportunity to develop itself in all its capacities as a nation, her sons will not plunge in fire and accept all the hardships and sufferings that necessarily follow this path. For who is there to accept suffering for suffering's sake; who is there to accept prison and gallows for their own sake ?.'

" I submit, my Lord, that with all the evidence which I placed before the Council the other day, this letter goes a long way to show that there is no necessity for any repressive legislation at this moment. There is no allegation; nobody says or can say or point to any crime in the country that shows that at the present moment there is any revolutionary activity.

" My Lord, I will now turn to the Bill itself. It is a short one and contains only 5 or 6 clauses. The more salient features of it have already been dealt with by my Hon'ble friends Mr. Patel and Dr. Sapru. I would just like to point out, my Lord, that the Bill marks a further and perhaps final step in the process of expansion, or shall, I say, evolution of the criminal liability of the people of this country for sedition. We all know that in the Indian Penal Code, as it was passed in 1860, two years after the suppression of the Mutiny,

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there was no provision against sedition. I think my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel was a little inaccurate when he said there was nothing in the draft Code. I believe there was some provision in the draft Code, but when the Code was passed, it was not there. At any rate, for ten years there was no provision about sedition in the Penal Code; but in 1870, the then Law Member, Sir James Fitz James Stephen, by Act XXVII of 1870, introduced a provision which has now become 124 A. But, my Lord, he then stated distinctly on behalf of the Government—I will read out the passage from his speech—

'Nothing could be further from the wish of the Government of India than to check in the least degree any criticism of their measures, however severe and hostile—nay, however, disingenuous, unfair and ill-informed it might be. So long as the writer or speaker neither directly nor indirectly suggested or intended to produce the use of force, he did not fall within this section.'

So, in the words of the then Law Member, it was necessary absolutely to prove not only that the words were intended to provoke hatred against the Government, but meant to incite the use of force.

"My Lord, 28 years later, in 1898, this law was again amended. I do not complain of the amendment, but I complain of the manner in which this assurance which was given by Sir James Fitz James Stephen was whittled down, ignored. In introducing the new Bill, the then Law Member, Mr. Chalmers, said this on 25th November, 1898:—

'It is alleged that in the new section 124A, we are altering and extending the existing law under the existing section, section 124A. This criticism is mainly based on some remarks made by Sir James Fitz James Stephen, when introducing the Act of 1870. I agree that it might be inferred from some passages in his speech that he considered an appeal to force to be an element in seditious utterances. But it is a familiar rule of law that proceedings in the Legislature cannot be resorted to to interpret an Act.'

"My Lord, if I allude to this circumstance it is for the unfortunate fact that we find every now and again, that whenever a concession is made or an assurance given to the people of this country, the next moment it is attempted to take away the concession or to whittle down the assurance. But what have we in this case? Sir James Fitz James Stephen in this Council on behalf of the Government of India made a statement that to complete the offence there should be incitement and an appeal to force. But what did Mr. Chalmers say? 'It might be inferred from certain passages in his speech.' Is that a fair statement of the speech, just quoted, of Sir James Fitz James Stephen? In the second place, it is quite true that in accordance with a decision of the Privy Council references to the proceedings of the Council are not allowed in interpreting any Act. But is this Council a Court of law? Is it not the very function of this Council to look into and to decide and consider the policy of any law? Of course there would be nothing wrong if Mr. Chalmers had said 'It was the policy of 1870 to lay it down that unless there is an appeal to force the offence will not be complete; but we are going to revise that policy.' But Mr. Chalmers tries to go behind that. That is what I complain of. That is what I am afraid the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent did the other day. My Hon'ble friend Pandit Malaviya pointed out that when the Defence of India Act was passed, there was an assurance given by Sir Reginald Craddock that it was a war measure, and that after the war it would automatically expire. But it was not the war merely which induced the Government to introduce that measure. Side by side with the war—there was in existence—it was proved there was a revolutionary movement; and it was in consequence of these two facts—in consequence of the war and the existence of a revolutionary party—that that law was passed. Still, the then Home Member gave us an assurance that when the war would be over, this law would expire . . . . .

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"So it will."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda:—"But the Hon'ble the Home Member did not say anything about the revolutionary party.

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What are you going to do to-day ? You are going to perpetuate the law in another form, and when the Hon'ble Pandit Malaviya raises the question, the Hon'ble the Home Member gives no satisfactory answer, but says this Council has the power to pass the law. Nobody denies that. This Council can indeed pass any law; but the question is, whether in view of the assurance given to us it was right and proper to introduce this legislation. To come back to the Bill. In 1898, you still had to prove those two facts,—you had to prove that there was an intention to bring Her Majesty's Government into contempt. I will quote the words of the section :—

"brings or attempts to bring into hatred or contempt, or excites or attempts to excite, disaffection towards Her Majesty or the Government established by law in British India"

You had to prove intention, you had to prove publication. These two facts had to be proved. That was in 1898. But the Bill which we are asked to pass in this Council to-day ignores both these two considerations. It is not necessary to prove publication, and it is not necessary to prove the object. The object might be quite honest, but if the document is found in my house, if it is considered to come within the meaning of this section, then I am guilty.

"Never mind what my object is : I am guilty even if I do not publish it : Not only that, my Lord. In 1870 as well as in 1898 this offence was confined to utterances against the Government only, but in the present Bill we go further : Even an ordinary policeman becomes raised to the status of Government : Even anything which might incite to criminal force against a constable becomes a State offence. Suppose a policeman comes into my house and attempts to levy blackmail or extort money and I advise that he be held by the neck and turned out, that would bring me under the new section. That is my complaint that you are extending dangerously the law in this country.

"There is another step which was referred to by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel, namely, are you going to enact a law for thinking sedition ? Well, I wish to point out that there is still another stage in the process : a man might not only think but might dream of sedition : In that event will the Hon'ble the Home Member attempt to put down not only thinking but dreaming also ? I think, my Lord, this section is very dangerously wide, and as my Hon'ble friend Dr. Sapru has pointed out, nobody would be safe, no, not even the Hon'ble the Home Member, under the strict interpretation of the Law. It is absolutely new; it is not known in any country : I respectfully invite the Hon'ble the Law Member to tell this Council whether there is such a law in any country in the world. It is very necessary that this should be completely modified if not absolutely abandoned.

"I shall refer to two other provisions in the Bill. Under clause 3 a new section is inserted in the Criminal Procedure Code, that is to say, a District Magistrate or the Chief Presidency Magistrate may, notwithstanding anything contained in those sections or in any other part of this Code, order a preliminary inquiry by a police-officer not below the rank of an Inspector. Now, we know that this Bill is based on the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee. But, my Lord, I speak subject to correction, I find that they do not go so far. If we read the last sentence in the Statement of Objects and Reasons, which is quoted from paragraph 186 of the Report, we find it is said 'It has been suggested to us that the powers should extend to Superintendents and even Inspectors of Police. But we cannot endorse this.' In spite of that recommendation we find in the Bill, it is stated that District Magistrates might order an inquiry by even an Inspector of Police.

"The other provision which I need refer to is clause 5, about criminal association, and the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea's speech amply illustrates the dangers which are likely to accrue from this clause.

"For all these reasons, my Lord, I respectfully support the amendment moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel."

[*Mr. G. S. Khaparde.*] [10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

12-4 P.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:**—" It is said, my Lord, that possession is nine points of law. This possession is at any rate enough to prove a man guilty very successfully any where. The section that occurred to me on reading this section was the section dealing with persons found in possession of stolen property. There it is set out that when a man is found in possession of stolen property, he is not guilty unless he knows that it is stolen property. A man may be innocent in possession of stolen property; a servant may have stolen it; he may have exposed it for sale in the market, and going there I may purchase it without knowing that it is stolen. In that case the law says a man is not to be punished unless he knows that the property is stolen. But here mere possession of a seditious document is punishable; the knowledge of the person as to whether it is seditious or not is made apparently unimportant. This, I think, is very difficult and, if your Excellency will permit me to say so, rather dangerous. Sedition is a very difficult crime to define. In fact I have read some text books which say that sedition is so difficult to define that the best that can be said is that you can say or write what you please if any thirteen persons in England or nine persons in India will approve of it. It is not seditious, and if those thirteen or nine do not approve of it, then it is seditious. So this crime of sedition is very very difficult to define: specially this portion which has the words 'instigates or is likely to instigate.' How is a man to know that it is likely to instigate? It will depend upon the personal equation of each person. I may think that this will not instigate or is not likely to instigate, and if the jury take the other view or, as in India, there are not always juries to try, the presiding Judge says it is likely to instigate, there is an end of the matter. So this offence has been found to be very difficult to define. In the case of stolen property it has to be proved; the knowledge has to be brought home to the man, either by inference or by positive evidence, that he knows the property is stolen before he can be convicted. But in this case it is not necessary that the possessor should know that a document is seditious, and it is difficult to know this. As an example of it I may say that the District Magistrate of Poona thought that a certain speech was seditious and was likely to incite people to commit crime or something of the kind, and then the High Court said, 'No, this is merely legitimate criticism; there is nothing more in it.' Now, we come to this, that a person does not know and very likely will not know, because everybody, or at any rate I suppose the majority of mankind, read their own thoughts into the papers they read; the innocent man will look upon it as innocent, whereas a policeman might look into it and say 'Oh, there is a great deal more in it than appears on the surface,' and so on. Taking these two things together, I think that this clause 2 of the present Bill makes an advance which is rather dangerous.

" Clause 5 of the Bill to me appears to go against all probabilities. Under that the fact that a person has been convicted previously of an offence is said to be relevant under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code; that is to say, if a man committed crime A, therefore it is very likely that he committed crime B, and by the same process of reasoning one could say that he committed all the offences in the Indian Penal Code. Ordinarily, it is believed, that when a man has committed an offence and it is brought home to him and he is punished, then the offence has been wiped out; he has endured the punishment and the presumption is that he has come out of jail a wiser man, a more law-abiding man than he was before and so on. But here notwithstanding that the man may have undergone the sentence, the stigma still taints him, and because at one time in his life he committed an offence it is held probable that he committed another. The sub-section carries it a great deal further; it says 'you may not have committed the offence, but your friend with whom you associate committed this offence. Therefore it is very likely that you will commit this offence.' This reminds me of the old stories in which, if a man committed a crime, his whole family was ordered to be punished for it. As we read in our ancient books, there was a Brahmin whose wife a cobra bit and thereupon he vowed to kill every creeping animal on earth. This Bill, like the Bill which we

[10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Mr. G. S. Khaparde; Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya; His Excellency the President.*]

discussed on Friday last, carries us back to the old law of vicarious punishment. He may be a member of a family or he may be a member of a club; other people may associate with him and for one who is guilty of an offence others must suffer. I think that section 6 really defeats itself. What is the end of punishment? The end of punishment is that a man may improve. You punish a person in order that, after he has endured punishment, he may become a better citizen and in order that he may not break the law again. But this section defeats the purpose for which it is enacted. You say he shall do certain things and he shall not do certain things; there are restrictions, judicial and otherwise; his place of residence is notified, he is watched by the police, he is known to everybody; what is he to do? There is nothing for him to do but to swell the ranks of the criminals. This law really defeats the purpose of all criminal enactments. Taking all these facts together and looking at the matter in this way, I cannot help thinking that when the Reforms come in what will happen will be this; they will be celebrated by illuminations. In Rome, they granted a triumphal entry to armies after victory; they, I suppose, marched past and the hero came last in great pomp, but in the chariot of the hero there was always a slave, and his business was to tell the hero that he was a mere man. I suppose the object was to prevent the hero from being overjoyed; I do not know what the object was, but there used to be a slave in the chariot. When the Reforms come there will be these two slaves, this Bill and its sister Bill, and the object will be a warning to this effect, 'take care, you do not do this or that or the other'. That will reduce the joy derived from the situation. I submit, my Lord, that this is a dangerous Bill, and I whole-heartedly support the amendment proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"My 12-13 P
Lord, with reference to the statement made by the Hon'ble the Home Member, to which other Hon'ble Members have also referred, I will, with your Lordship's permission, make just one observation. The Hon'ble the Home Member has told us that the Government have decided to limit the duration of the Bill which was referred to a Select Committee the other day, to a period of three years. This is a fact on which the Government have to be congratulated, but I hope that the Government will further consider the matter and see their way to withdraw this Bill altogether. The statement which has been made by the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent that this will be a temporary measure.....

His Excellency the President:—"Order, order. The Hon'ble Member cannot debate the procedure in regard to the other Bill on this Bill."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"Thank you, my Lord, I did not intend to do so. I was referring to it merely to the extent to which it was referred to by the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea. My point was that the Seditious Meetings Act was passed in 1907 as a temporary measure, but it was made permanent in 1911; that is a fact I wished to bring to your Excellency's notice as showing a difficulty in the way of our agreeing to the Bill, even as a temporary measure, and I hope the Government will take note of it and consider it. My Lord, with regard to this Bill now before us, I would draw attention to what your Excellency and your colleague, the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, said in your Report, it will facilitate discussion on the Bill before the Council. This is what is said in paragraph 150 of your Report:—

'There exists a small revolutionary party deluded by hatred of British rule and desire for the elimination of the Englishman into the belief that the path to independence or constitutional liberty lies through anarchical crime. Now it may be that such persons will see for themselves the wisdom of abandoning methods which are as futile as criminal; though if they do not, the powers of the law are, or can be made, sufficient for the maintenance of order.'

Now, my Lord, I submit that, in pursuance of this wise advice, the Government might yet withhold its hand from the Bill before the Council. There is no

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occasion for hurry. Your Lordship and your colleague rightly hoped that men who were violent, who were misguided might be diverted from crime and see the futility of such acts, and that when a better atmosphere had been created, it would be possible for us to deal with these matters with a greater chance of arriving at correct conclusions. My Lord, in so far as this particular Bill is concerned, the request comes not to legislate in a hurry, if anything with greater force, because here it is proposed to make a permanent alteration in the Statute-book, and the alteration proposed is of a very novel and dangerous character as several speakers have pointed out. In the Statement of Objects and Reasons, there is a quotation from the Rowlatt Committee's Report which says, 'In the first place, we think that a permanent enactment on the lines of Rule 25A. under the Defence of India Act is required. That rule provides for the punishment of persons having prohibited documents . . . . in their possession or control with . . . .intent to publish or circulate them.' Now, my Lord, the Defence of India Act was admittedly a war measure. When under that measure the Government found it necessary to prohibit the possession of certain documents, there was one very important guarantee and that was that the documents, the possession of which was regarded as criminal, were proclaimed and notified. Then everybody was expected to know what the document was, and it was easy for people to avoid these documents. The Bill before the Council does not define what a seditious document is except in very general terms, and every individual is expected to decide whether a document is seditious or not. Everybody knows that it is not unoften difficult to decide whether a document is seditious or not; even the Courts have differed on this point. Mr. Khaparde referred to one instance, it is probably the one to which I referred the other day. A District Magistrate arrived at the conclusion that a certain speech was seditious; the High Court corrected him and told him that it was not seditious. We also remember the cases that were considered in the Calcutta High Court in relation to the Press Act. We must not ignore the difficulty of arriving at a conclusion as to whether a document is seditious or not. It is rather hard, it is unfair, if I may say so without disrespect, to the ordinary citizen that the mere possession of a document which may be interpreted as seditious should be made penal. And, my Lord, I would ask the Government to bear in mind who are the classes of persons who are likely to fall victims to this law. They are the youthful students. Seditious documents are circulated among these poor students. If the Bill is passed, they will be expected to judge whether these documents are to be regarded as instigating the use of criminal force against any individual. Are they likely to find it easier than trained Judges to judge that the document is of a seditious character, and that it should be avoided like poison? I say not, and I apprehend that innocent students will fall victims to this very comprehensive provision of the law.

"Then, my Lord, there are paper boys selling papers and books in streets in Calcutta, Bombay and other places. A man for his own purposes wants these boys to sell or distribute documents which may come within the definition of seditious documents, and he puts them into their hands. The poor boys do not know what the documents are, and they go about selling the documents. When they are hauled up, they must prove that they possessed them for a lawful purpose. But the purpose, namely, the selling or distributing of the document could not be lawful, and the poor boys would find it very hard under this section to defend themselves. The remedy which the Bill seeks to provide against the circulation of seditious literature is not the right remedy. I would much rather that the circulation of seditious literature went unchecked among a few than that a large number of persons should be exposed to the danger of annoyance and injustice. We all agree that it is a very reasonable desire to restrict the circulation of such papers as much as possible, and to punish the offenders, so far as it could be done. But a better means should be found for doing so than the one that has been proposed. Besides, it has often happened, as some Hon'ble Members have pointed out, that seditious papers have been sent in by those who want to circulate

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them by the mail to persons who do not want to have anything to do with them. During the last few years, since 1906 or 1907, a number of seditious papers have come to many of us. Many times we have sent them on to the Magistrate or to the Chief Secretary to Government; at times we may have thrown them aside, without noticing their contents fully. Do you expect a man who gets a large dâk, which some of us have the good or bad fortune of receiving, to read every document he may receive to see if it is of an objectionable character? If such a document is allowed to lie in his office or somebody picks it up, the mere possession of that document will expose him to a prosecution and punishment. My Lord, the proposed law goes much beyond what is reasonable. I submit that there should be some other means considered and adopted by which the circulation of seditious literature should be checked. We should try to enlist the co-operation of schoolmasters and teachers and parents of boys in this work. We should do so by adopting measures which will have public sympathy and support, and not by passing a drastic legislation, by the votes of official Members, which antagonises public feeling. A disregard of public feeling is the last course which should be adopted by a Government anxious to promote peace and contentment among the people which can only be done by enlisting public sympathy. I submit, therefore, that some other measure should be considered and introduced, and that the present proposal should be dropped.

"Then, my Lord, the provision in section 4 regarding a promise of protection to an accused person again is a matter which requires consideration. The proviso reads: 'Provided that a promise of protection to an accused person against criminal force or any promise properly incidental to a promise of such protection, shall not be deemed to be the use of influence within the meaning of the section, namely section 343 of the Criminal Procedure Code.'

Now the Committee say in their Report :—

> 'We think, however, that no harm can be done by amending section 343 of the Criminal Procedure Code.'

That is a very mild way of putting it 'no harm can be done.' They say 'we do not think that it is necessary to alter the section at all. Such a promise as is referred to is only an assurance that he will get what he would be entitled to in any case.' If so, why enact this provision in the Bill to make it legal that such a promise of protection may be made? It is feared that protection like that may go beyond what may be safe and right, and that it may lead some persons to wrongly implicate others or give testimony which may not be of the right character, which may not be truthful and just.

"Then, my Lord, section 5 of the Bill again is very wide and very dangerous. Here, my Lord, it is proposed to enact that 'On the trial of an offence under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, the following facts shall be relevant, namely—

(*a*) that the person accused has previously been convicted of an offence under that Chapter, and

(*b*) that such person has habitually and voluntarily associated with any person who has been convicted of an offence under that Chapter.'

"Now, my Lord, I want the Government to realise what this would mean. There may be a person who has been convicted of one of the offences mentioned in Chapter VI of the Penal Code, say of having made a seditious speech or of having published an article which is held to be seditious. [illegible] every person who may habitually and voluntarily associate with such a person is to be penalised. Therefore, he is to be treated as a moral leper in society, people are not to go near him. You will thus create a class of men who will be condemned to isolation. These men will stand by themselves; association with them will be penalised. A feeling of bitterness will thus be fostered and perpetuated in their minds, which is certainly not likely to promote peace and contentment. If it is shown that the man has again been guilty of a similar offence, he will be punished for it. But a provision like the one proposed is unjust and is likely to operate to the prejudice of the peace and contentment which

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you want to promote. Let us now look at section 6 relating to an order for security on conviction for an offence under Chapter VI of the Penal Code. Punishments in this country are unconscionably heavy in many cases. Punishments in this country compare very unfavourably with sentences passed in other countries for similar crimes Now if you are going to add to a sentence which a Court may inflict upon a particular person by a provision of the kind proposed, you are proceeding in a wrong way. The Court will pass such a sentence upon a man found to be guilty as it thinks that it should. After that sentence has been undergone by the unfortunate man, let him have a chance of behaving better; let him have an opportunity of avoiding doing that which brought him into trouble. After he has suffered the punishment which was inflicted on him, give him a clean slate to write upon. Let him have a fresh start in life and breathe free.

"My Lord, a further provision in the same section says that, if a person who may be ordered to give security fails to do so, he shall have to notify his residence and any change of residence, and that in such a case he may be shut up by order of the Local Government in certain places and may be prevented from discussing any political subject. All this is calculated to create a feeling of bitterness, to create an atmosphere of non-contentment, and, I submit, that it is not right that this should be so. Let us wait. We are sure that the reforms are coming. The times have changed and will change further when the reforms have come. Of course no one can say that there shall be no anarchical or revolutionary crime after that. We can rightly hope that there will not be. But if there is, as your Lordship and Mr. Montagu have pointed out in your Report, the law is sufficient, and if it is not sufficient, when the need is found, legislation could be undertaken to meet it. For all these reasons I oppose the motion that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee.

"I request the Government to drop this measure for the present or, at any rate, to postpone it, in order that the matter may be taken up and considered in a better atmosphere. I hope the Government will consider this and deal with this Bill in a larger spirit than it did with the previous Bill which we discussed the other day.

"There is only one other matter to which I would invite attention. At page 28, paragraph 35 of their Report, the Rowlatt Committee say:—

'Lastly, we have had placed before us a number of statements. In some cases these have been made by approvers, who have been willing to give evidence, but in most cases they were made by persons, in custody, who are not so disposed. There are a very few statements and those only as to particular incidents, made by police agents and members of the public. The great mass of the statements are by persons in custody other than approvers, and as to these we must offer some comment and explanation. Unfortunately, with few exceptions, we have felt bound to treat these statements as confidential'.

"My Lord, later on in the paragraph they point out how they were hampered by this fact.

'The above considerations have hampered us considerably in fortifying, by way of reasoning upon evidence disclosed upon the face of this Report, the conclusions at which we have arrived. They have robbed us of the power to cite particular deponents by name, to set forth the circumstances of the making of the statement, to discuss his means of knowledge and the corroboration which he receives from independent statements or ascertained facts.'

"Now [illegible] my Lord, that if these statements are not placed before the general [illegible] they [illegible] at any rate, be available to the Members of this Council [illegible] have to vote upon the Bills passed here, and I made the request when speaking on the other Bill that these papers may be supplied to Members of this Council. Finally, I submit that the ordinary procedure which is prescribed for dealing with Bills should be followed in the case of this Bill, namely, that the motion to-day should be limited to the introduction of the Bill, that the Hon'ble the Home Member should drop the latter part of the proposal, namely, that it should be referred to a Select Committee, and that the Bill should be circulated for opinions; that when these have been obtained, the Bill should be taken up at the next meeting of the Council in Simla, and the question of referring it to a Select Committee may then be decided".

[10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]   [*Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma.*]

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma :—" My Lord, I heartily join the other Hon'ble Members, who have congratulated the Government for being responsive to public opinion in the matter of the Emergency Powers Bill. I only hope that at the Select Committee stage it will be possible so to modify the Bill as to obtain the general approval of the public at large. 12-30 P.M.

" Now coming to this Bill, my Lord, I only wish to add a few remarks to what have fallen already from Hon'ble Members on this side of the Council. I think, taking the first section, it is widely enlarging the scope of Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code. Hon'ble Members will see that at present under Chapter VI it is only the assaulting or threatening to assault certain august members of His Majesty's Government, the Viceroy, Members of Council and so on, with a view to prevent them from exercising their functions, that is made an offence of State. Now sedition has been defined of course generally in the next section, and the Government have wisely seen their way to limit the operation of that clause by confining it only to such documents as instigate the use of criminal force. I understand and appreciate therefore the limitation imposed by this clause in the definition of seditious document. But, my Lord, the danger is that, in trying to protect honest police-officers in the discharge of their duty, the Government have so enlarged the definition of a seditious document and so enlarged the scope of Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code as to bring within the meaning of the word ' sedition ' a new class of offence altogether. For instance, the section says ' that any person who publishes a document which instigates directly or indirectly, or is likely to instigate the use of criminal force against His Majesty or the Government established by law in British India, or against public servants generally or any class of public servants or any individual public servant,' will be considered guilty of publishing a seditious document. But supposing a public servant has a private quarrel and persons aggrieved by the conduct of that public servant write to one another asking whether it would be advisable to give a sound thrashing to that public servant, not in relation to the discharge of his public duty, not with a view to commit any offence under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, but for a different purpose altogether. Well a document of that description would certainly be a seditious document within the meaning of clause 2, although nothing may be done in pursuance of the communication. I therefore respectfully submit that, in trying to protect police-officers and others who, in the arduous discharge of their public duties, expose themselves to imminent risk, in trying to protect them, the Government have so widely enlarged the scope of the section as to make it perfectly dangerous. Therefore, I respectfully submit that it would be impossible for this Council to accept that definition of a seditious document. I think, therefore, that there should be a certain restriction to cases instigating the use of criminal force for the purpose of committing any offence under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, and that might perhaps meet the situation to a certain extent. Then the other observation I would make, my Lord, is this. We have in the Explosive Substances Act made the possession of an explosive substance an offence under certain circumstances, but it is there indicated that it is only the making of explosive substances, or knowingly having in possession or control such explosive substances as to give rise to a reasonable suspicion, that it is not for a lawful object, would be an offence, unless the person accused can show that he made it or had it in [illegible] possession for a lawful purpose. The words used in dealing [illegible] the [illegible] Substances Act are much more elastic for the benefit of the accused person than the words employed in this clause. Here the possession of a document, I take it, would be an offence only if it was intended that it should be published or circulated. The mere possession would not be any offence whatsoever. If it was with an intent to publish or circulate it, unless it be for a lawful purpose, it might be an offence. But then you throw the onus on the wrong individual in establishing the offence which is created by this section. You do not say that where the intention to publish or circulate is proved affirmatively by the prosecution. In order to escape from the charge the man has to

[*Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma; Sir George Lowndes.*] [10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

prove that the publication or circulation is intended for a lawful purpose. The onus is not thrown for that purpose upon the accused person, but as I take it, the offence sought to be created by this section makes such possession by itself penal, unless the man can prove a lawful purpose. If it is not so I hope it will be made clear. As it stands there is a grave danger of mere possession itself being a presumptive evidence of guilt under this Chapter. I hope therefore that section 2 will be so modified, if the section is ever to be placed upon the Statute-book, (which I see no reason to endorse), as not to create a new kind of crime enlarging the scope of the word sedition, and further safeguarding the presumption of innocence at least to the extent provided in the case of the Explosive Substances Act.

"Then I have only one or two remarks to make with reference to clause 4. With reference to this clause I certainly see that the promise of protection itself should not render any statement made by the person inadmissible, but the question would be as to whether an offer of money, a pension or a gratuity in case a person is injured or in case he is killed, a pension to his family, would come within section 4. That is a matter of doubt. If it is intended that a person should be offered a pension or gratuity under such circumstances there is grave danger, I submit, in enlarging the scope of the present law. I do not think the Rowlatt Committee intended to enlarge the scope of the present law. Of course they say to make the present law clearer would be a perfectly innocuous proceeding and might lead to the clearing up of various doubts and difficulties which are felt in the actual administration of the law as it stands.

"Then, my Lord, I entirely associate myself with the observations made by Hon'ble Members with regard to clause 510-A. It would be absolutely dangerous to enact that a person who has been unfortunately convicted of an offence under section 4 should be boycotted. I do not see there is much danger in the case of the undivided family, because I do not think it will be voluntary association, it will be an involuntary association within the meaning of the clause; members of the family have naturally to associate with other members of the family. But apart from that, I think there is a grave danger in this boycott movement being inaugurated under Government auspices, because, as has been pointed out, it would render the convicts desperate, and it might lead to more harmful consequences than can at present be imagined.

"Then turning to the last clause, I am doubtful as to what was meant by the scope of this clause. If a person gives security as he may be directed to do by the Court which convicts him, is he still to be asked by the Government not to publish, not to do this or not to do that as is provided for in clause 6. The Rowlatt Committee does not seem to contemplate that at all. It is only in case he is not able to furnish the security that he is asked to furnish that such a thing should be done. I take it that if you say that where a person is under an obligation to notify, it is meant clearly that that obligation to notify does not arise as soon as the security is offered. If that is so, that would be something, but as the section stands it seems to be absolutely indefensible.

"Then, as has been pointed out, apart from this technical objection, to ask a person not to connect himself with any political subject, not to speak at all, would be going too far and is absolutely unnecessary.

"I hope [illegible]ore, [illegible] before a Bill of this description is placed upon the Statute[illegible]ider [illegible], greater time and opportunity, will be given for the publi[illegible] comprehend the provisions of this Bill, and that legislation should not [illegible]ushed through. In any event, I join those who say that it should be dropped for the present."

3 P.M. **The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:**—"My Lord, a great deal that has passed in this very interesting debate would, I venture to think, have been much better put in Select Committee.

"Take the clause with which so many Members have dealt, regarding the possession of incriminating documents. I can only say that, so far as my

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responsibility for the drafting of this Bill is concerned, I have attempted to put it in as plain English as I have at my command, that the gist of the offence is possession *plus* intent to publish. Yet, I have heard more than one Hon'ble Member, learned lawyers like the Hon'ble Mr. Sarma, suggesting that the gist of the offence is mere possession . . . .

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma:—"May I make an observation? I did not say that the mere possession would be construed as an offence, but possession would be considered presumptive evidence of intention to publish or to circulate."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"My Hon'ble friend used so many words that I may not have caught that, but I certainly picked out from them the statement that he was afraid it might be held that the gist of the offence was mere possession. If it is not so, I welcome it. Frankly, I have tried to make the language as plain English as is possible, and if my Hon'ble friend can mistake it, I can only say that the ingenuity of lawyers is unbounded. But at most this is a question for Select Committee. Then it is said that the possessor of the documents may not know that they are seditious. At present publication of seditious documents is an offence. The suggestion that the "poor people" who do these things may not know whether the documents are seditious or not equally applies to the present law. If a man publishes a thing of this sort, he does it at his own risk. One Hon'ble Member has referred to the Tilak case where Mr. Tilak published certain things which the Magistrate thought were objectionable and which the High Court thought were not. Well, people who publish things which are very much on the line. . . . . .

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khapardes:—"I had other cases in view; the case of Narayan Row Vaidya of Nagpur who made a speech; the Magistrate convicted him of being seditious and the Judicial Commissioner acquitted him."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"The only point of my remarks was that this same difficulty as to whether a document is seditious or not, in fact occurs just as much under the present law. If any one publishes a document which, as I said is on the line—so that one man may think it is seditious while another may not—he must take the risk of a prosecution. He may come out all right because the first Court before whom the case comes thinks it is not seditious or on appeal the High Court thinks it is not seditious, but he has to take that risk, if he deals with doubtful matters like possibly seditious documents. All I say is that the same difficulty arises under the present law, and that therefore we are not creating any new difficulties under this clause of the Bill. The object of the section is this Even, now, if a man publishes seditious documents, he can be prosecuted, but then the mischief is done and the seditious documents may have been scattered broadcast. I think my Hon'ble friend the Pandit would prefer that a few documents of this nature should get into the hands of a few people rather than that trouble should be caused to the many. But really the boot is on the other leg. It is the danger of a great many undesirable documents being scattered abroad as against the possibility of trouble to a very small number of possibly innocent persons. What we want to try and prevent [illegible]. Once these documents get out and fall into the [illegible] of a [illegible]pressionable and youthful public, the mischief is done. [illegible] and prevent their getting out. The Hon'ble Pandit Mada[illegible] Ma[illegible]viya says he also wishes to do that. Indeed, the devising of means by which we can prevent this result is a matter which will commend itself to every Member of this Council. The Hon'ble Pandit says we have not adopted the best method of doing it. But we all want the same thing. Let us discuss in Committee how we can best effect it, how we can amend this section so as to get rid of the difficulties that Hon'ble Members have referred to. We all want to

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prevent seditious documents being published, and when we are sitting round the table in Committee, a Committee on which, I believe, my Hon'ble lawyer friends will be strongly represented, we shall no doubt be able to redraft the section satisfactorily, but it is rather a matter for Committee than one to be dealt with by the Council now.

"Then we come to section 3. My Hon'ble friend Mr. Chanda made a suggestion here that we had gone beyond or had misinterpreted paragraph 186 of the Report. I think that, if he will allow me to say so, that is only a confusion of language. What the Commission says is that the District Magistrate should be empowered to order an inquiry. They go on to say, in the words which he read out, 'that it has been suggested that this power (that is the power to order an inquiry), should also be given to Superintendents and Inspectors of Police', and the Report says 'we do not agree with this; we think the power ought not to be given to them'. But my Hon'ble friend reading that into clause 3 says 'you have given it to Superintendents and Inspectors of Police'. But, if I may say so, that is an absolute misinterpretation of the clause. The two things are quite separate in clause 3. It is the District Magistrate who is empowered to give orders, and the Inspector of Police is only to make inquiries under those orders. The Hon'ble Member will, I think, agree with me that there was a slight confusion in his mind between the language used in the clause and in the paragraph of the Report.

"Then my Hon'ble friend referred to a speech of Sir James FitzJames Stephen in this Council. I did not hear him very distinctly, but I think he was referring to the speech of Sir James FitzJames Stephen in this Council when the Penal Code was amended and the sedition sections were put into it and I understood my Hon'ble friend to say—I am sure he will correct me if I am wrong—that we had gone contrary to the policy which was announced by Sir James FitzJames Stephen in that speech, and that we had violated the principle which he announced as follows—I am not sure whether this is the paragraph, I have the speech before me and I hope my Hon'ble friend will tell me if I am wrong—he said:—

'Nothing could be further from the wish of the Government of India than to check in the least degree any criticism of their measures, however severe and hostile—nay, however disingenuous, unfair and ill-informed it might be. So long as the writer or speaker neither directly nor indirectly suggested or intended to produce the use of force, he did not fall within this section.'

Am I right in supposing that is the passage to which the Hon'ble Member referred?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda:—"That is the passage I referred to."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"Well, if the Hon'ble Member will check this by the Bill, he will see that we have made the definition of a 'seditious document.'

'Any document containing any words, signs or visible representations which instigate or are likely to instigate, whether directly or indirectly, the use of criminal force, etc.?'"

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda:—"May I point out, my Lord, that I was referring to what Mr. Chalmers said about that passage in 189[illegible] [illegible]fore, [illegible] [illegible]ider [illegible]

The Ho[illegible] [illegible]eorge Lowndes:—"I frankly admit that I could not hear a great de[illegible] what the Hon'ble Member said; but if that was the passage the Hon'ble Member referred to, I submit that he was not justified in his criticism. It does however seem to me almost extraordinary that the Hon'ble Member, with the speech of Sir James FitzJames Stephen before him, should have solemnly told the Council, without any explanation, that there was no provision for seditious offences in the original Penal Code of 1860. Only a

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paragraph or two before the passage which I read just now, Sir James FitzJames Stephen says that the omission from the Penal Code in 1860 of a section dealing with sedition was purely by mistake.........

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda :—"I beg pardon, I said so. I said it was in the draft but not in the Code as it was passed"

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"The Hon'ble Member said nothing about the mistake. The papers show clearly that when the Penal Code was before the Council, there was a reference to a provision which had been re-drafted dealing with sedition, which purely by oversight was omitted from the Bill when it was passed, and that is what Sir James FitzJames Stephen was referring to. I think it would have been better if the Hon'ble Mr. Chanda had told us that it was a mere omission, a mere slip, in 1860. He desired the Council to draw some inference from the fact that in 1860 the Government of India did not find it necessary to make any provision for this purpose.........

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda :—"I did try to correct my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel. I said it was in the draft, but not in the Code as it was passed."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"The Hon'ble Member did not allude to the fact that the omission from the Bill was purely an oversight.

"Then we come on to the clause dealing with association. That has been attacked by various Hon'ble Members here. It is clause 5 of the Bill, and my Hon'ble friend, Mr. Banerjea, began by pointing out the difficulties of the joint, family, that if one member of a joint-family were convicted it would not be fair to penalise other members of the family because they associated with him. My Hon'ble friend Mr. Sarma, on the other hand, had a most ingenious answer to that. He told us that members of a joint-family did not associate voluntarily, that they only associated involuntarily. I am afraid it is news to me that the members of a joint-family do not associate voluntarily, but perhaps it is so in the South of India. There must be, however, cases in other parts of the country in which members of a joint-family do associate voluntarily, brothers and sisters, fathers and mothers. So that is no answer to the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea. The real answer to the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea is one which, as he is not a lawyer, will possibly not appeal to him, but which appeals to me and which will also, I think, appeal to the Hon'ble Mr. Sarma. The Hon'ble Member was, I venture to think, confusing relevancy, that is admissibility, of evidence, with weight. That is a confusion which all of us who have practised in the Courts know is frequently made by ordinary people though not in the minds of Judges. There are many things which are admissible in evidence, but which have no weight whatever when proved; and that is the case with this suggestion as to joint-families. It would be admissible to prove where A had been convicted of sedition and B was charged with a seditious offence; that B lived with A, and it might be reasonable to ask the Court to draw a presumption against B on this account. But where A and B were brothers such a piece of evidence would have no weight whatsoever, and I do not think any of our Courts in India would [illegible] any unfavourable inference from it. I venture to think that [illegible] lawyer will agree with me in this. [illegible] of a [illegible]

"I have only one other word to say, and that is [illegible] t [illegible] Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde's speech. My Hon'ble friend seem[illegible] very much in love with the metaphor of the rose and the thorn. We had it the other day and we have had it again to day. I am almost more pleased to meet my Hon'ble friend on the horticultural platform than on the legal platform, and I venture to remind him that there *is* no rose without a thorn; and, going a little further, that the thorn is a provision of nature in order that the beauty of the rose may not be despoiled".

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The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"The thorn does not increase the beauty of the rose whatever else it might do."

12-55 P.M. **The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:**—"My Lord, I am not quite sure whether it would be more convenient to the Council if I replied merely on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Patel, or if I replied on the main motion. I think that I had better, perhaps, take the Bill as a whole, and, if necessary, I can add any remarks later.

"The first point on which I was asked for an assurance by certain Members of this Council was as to the scope and intention of these two Bills which have been brought before this Council. There is still, I understand, in the minds of some an apprehension that these Bills are intended or are framed so that they can be used for the suppression of political movements, and that they are not confined to revolutionary and anarchical movements; and I have been specifically asked—I think it was by my Hon'ble friend Dr. Sapru—to make such modifications in the preamble and in other parts of the Bills as will make it perfectly clear that they are only intended to deal with anarchical or revolutionary crime. Well, my Lord, as regards the main Bill—the Emergency Powers Bill—which really contains the clauses to which most objection has been taken, I am quite prepared to give that assurance, and if any further alterations are necessary in the particular Bill which is under discussion to-day, we shall be prepared to consider them also. I hope that will relieve the mind of my Hon'ble friend.

"Turning to criticisms of individual clauses, I will begin, if I may, with clause 2. There seems to me to be considerable misapprehension as to the scope of this clause. It was suggested, for instance, that the possession alone of a seditious document was sufficient to make a man liable to punishment. That point has been fully explained by my Hon'ble colleague, the Law Member, and it is quite clear now, I think, to everyone in this Council that the possession of a seditious document is only an offence when it is coupled with an intention to publish or circulate, the onus in such a case being, as in all criminal cases, on the prosecution to prove this intent, and not on the accused, as was suggested by at least one Hon'ble Member. Surely, my Lord, in these circumstances, it cannot be said with any justice that under this clause thinking sedition is an offence, as was suggested by one Hon'ble Member. I am told, again, that the provisions of this clause are very dangerous, and that it will create the greatest apprehension, and, finally, that it proceeds further than rule 25A of the Defence of India Rules. Well, my Lord, I want to show first that the wording of the clause is based on rule 25A of the Defence of India Rules. Prohibited documents under that rule are 'documents containing words, signs or visible representations which instigate or are likely to instigate (*a*) the use of criminal force against His Majesty or the Government established by law in British India, or against public servants generally, or any class of public servants or any individual public servant; or (*b*) the commission or abetment of anything which is an offence against sections 121, 121A, 122, 131, 435 and 436 of the Indian Penal Code or of the offence of robbery and dacoity and certain other offences.' Although, therefore, the present clause is based on the Defence of India rule, it is less extensive, and there is no more difficulty in understanding the meaning of this clause than there is in understanding the meaning of the rule, because prohibited document is defined in the same way as a seditious document is defined in [illegible] fore, Rule 25A, my Lord, has been in force for some time, and we have [illegible] ider [illegible] far as I am aware, that the rule has operated harshly or [illegible] iti[illegible] prejudice of any law-abiding citizen . . . . .

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"Under that Act a document was proclaimed and then the public knew what it was. That was my point. That makes it easy for people to avoid the document."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"Well, I have tried to explain, as far as I understand them, that the provisions of the present law are

not less definite than the provisions of rule 25A, but I am quite prepared to examine the matter further in Select Committee.

"As to clause 5 more has been made, I think, of the provisions relating to habitual and voluntary association with persons convicted of revolutionary crime than is reasonable. The principle on which the clause is based is much the same as that which underlies section 14 of the Evidence Act. Where a man associates voluntarily and habitually with persons convicted of offences against the State, his state of mind, his faith and good-will towards the Government may be inferred. *Noscitur a sociis.* But the weight to be attached to the evidence will, of course, vary in each particular case. This clause also is, however, one that will have to be examined in greater detail before the Select Committee. What we have attempted to do at present is to put forward all these recommendations of a very powerful Committee for the *primâ facie* consideration of the Council.

"There is only one other clause to which I should like to refer, and that is clause 6. It was suggested by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel that though the modern tendency is to deal with first offenders leniently, this Bill makes it obligatory on Courts to proceed more severely. The Hon'ble Member proceeded to quote section 562 of the Criminal Procedure Code in support of this view, and he says that that provides for first offenders being warned and discharged. My contention is that the exact contrary is the case, and that the Bill will enable Courts, where such a course is advisable, to deal lightly with these offenders whom my Hon'ble friend Mr. Malaviya with his usual charity describes as 'poor fellows.' Our intention is not to force the Courts to keep these men longer than is necessary in jail, but rather to impose shorter sentences of imprisonment and then subject them to lighter punishment when they come out of jail in order to reform them. We hope by these means to secure in many cases the reformation of some of these offenders.

"There is only one other point to which I wish to advert, and that is the question which is directly before the Council, of postponing the reference to this Bill to Select Committee. On this point I am afraid I am unable to meet the Hon'ble mover. The provisions of the Bill and of the report have been before the public for some time and have been criticised at great length in many of the papers, and no useful purpose would be served by republishing the Bill and delaying the reference to Select Committee. At the same time, I realise that this Bill stands on a different footing from the emergency measure with which we were dealing on Friday. The most convenient and advantageous course, as it seems to me, is to refer this Bill to Select Committee at once, and let the details be then examined. If there are considerable changes, then we can consider the necessity for further postponement. But let us see first what the Select Committee do in the way of modifying the details.

"My Lord, with these words, I oppose the motion for postponement."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel:—"My Lord, I have nothing to say."

The Hon'ble Mr. Patel's amendment was put and negatived.

His Excellency the President:—"[illegible] of a [illegible] amendment 1-8 P.M.
which stands in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. Baner[illegible]erjea could not of course move his amendment while Mr. Patel[illegible]ment was before the Council. He happens to be absent in connection with the Franchise Committee, and I said I would allow Mr. Banerjea's amendment to be put in his absence. I propose to take the speech he made on the first amendment as moving that amendment. Mr. Banerjea's amendment is now before the Council."

See page 557 *supra.*

[*Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya; Sir George Lowndes; Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda; The President; Sir William Vincent; Sir C. Sankaran Nair.*] [10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

1-9 P.M. **The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya**:—"My Lord, there is only one word I should like to say with reference to what has fallen from the Hon'ble the Home Member. I quite realise that this is a better procedure than it was apprehended would be followed But would it not be better still if this Bill is circulated for opinion before it goes to a Select Committee. The Government will then have the opinions of High Court Judges, Sessions Judges and of District Magistrates and other Judicial and public bodies all over the country. We shall then in Simla deal with the Bill with the help of the views of many experienced officers. I suggest this for the consideration of the Government."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"It is open to the Select Committee to recommend republication if they change the Bill to such an extent that it is in no sense the same Bill, but that is really a question for the Select Committee."

The Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea's amendment was put and negatived.

1-10 P.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda**:—"My Lord, I will not make a speech. I simply move the amendment that stands in my name, namely, 'that the motion for referring the Bill to a Select Committee do stand over till the Simla Session of the Council.'"

His Excellency the President:—"Mr. Chanda has moved his amendment which is now before the Council."

The amendment was put and negatived.

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda:—"My Lord, I beg to withdraw the next amendment which stands in my name, namely, 'that the Select Committee do report to the Council during the Simla Session.'"

His Excellency the President:—"Mr. Chanda's amendment is before the Council that the Select Committee do report to the Council during the Simla Session."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"I understood that the Hon'ble Member withdrew his amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda:—"I have already withdrawn my amendment."

The amendment was by leave withdrawn.

[At this stage the Council adjourned for lunch.]

LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES BILL.

2-30 P.M. **The Hon'ble Sir C. Sankaran Nair**:—"My Lord, I beg leave to introduce a Bill to extend the powers of local authorities in regard to the granting of pensions and gratuities. The intention of this measure is explained in the Statement of Objects and Reasons, and I have really nothing to add. A local authority will be permitted if it chooses to give a pension or a gratuity to a person or to his family if he has been incapacitated or has lost his life in the service of the State, having previously been in the employ of that authority. The measure will be of particular value in dealing with hard cases

[10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.] [*Sir C. Sankaran Nair; Sir George Lowndes.*]

arising from the Great War, where, let us say, a man has volunteered and been seriously wounded, injured or killed during active service. I am sure that this aspect of the case will appeal to all. But the measure is not intended merely as a war measure. It will be useful to place it permanently on the Statute-book. There is no compulsion about it. It is a permissive measure, and no local authority is required to give any such concession unless it desires and is satisfied that the case is a deserving one. Provision is also made against the abuse of the measure by any local authority by making it obligatory to obtain the sanction of the Local Government in each case. I accordingly move for leave to introduce the Bill."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir C. Sankaran Nair:—"My Lord, I beg to introduce the Bill, and to move that the Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, be published in the Gazette of India in English."

The motion was put and agreed to.

PROVINCIAL INSOLVENCY (AMENDMENT) BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes:—"My Lord, the Bill to 2.31
amend the Provincial Insolvency Act was introduced in this Council on the 4th September last. Since then it has been published in the ordinary way for opinion. A number of comments have been received and there are still more, I believe, to come. The opinions expressed are unanimously in favour of the Bill, which, it is thought, will affect a great improvement in the law. Various criticisms of details have been received which will be tabled for consideration in the Select Committee. There were two points of special difficulty which were referred. The first was as to whether the Insolvency Court ought to have the power of deciding questions of law and fact. When I was introducing the Bill, I pointed out the difficulties with regard to this question, and suggested that the best solution was that which we have inserted in the Bill, namely, that the Court should have power to do this, but should not be bound to do it. That is, it may, if thought desirable, refer the parties to a separate suit. On the whole the opinions received seem to favour this course, but it has been suggested, and, I think, with considerable force, that if the Insolvency Court is to have power to decide these facts, they should not be open to contest over again in the ordinary Courts. That is to say the effect of a decision of the Insolvency Court on any question of this sort should be *res judicata*. It has also been suggested that if this power is to be given to the Insolvency Court, inasmuch as the appeal from the Insolvency Court may be to the district Court, it may be desirable to provide for the possibility of a second appeal to the High Court in important cases, as there may, of course, be some cases of far-reaching importance, cases which may come up before the Insolvency Court. That again is a question which will have to be considered in Select Committee. The second point of difficulty, as Hon'ble Members may remember, was as to the limit of summary jurisdiction. Under the Act as it now stands the limit of summary jurisdiction is where the estate is expected to realise Rs. 500. We have sugg[illegible] that, if we are going to make the procedure more summar[illegible] may be desirable to confine its operation to smaller estates [illegible] of a [illegible] suggested in the Bill the limit of Rs. 200 instead of Rs 500. [illegible] introducing the Bill, I pointed out to the Council that the [illegible] be [illegible]ken that instead of lowering the limit, it might be desirable to ra[illegible] and include larger estates with regard to which I suggested a possible limit of Rs. 2,000. Therefore the two opposite possibilities were put before the Council and were dealt with in our letter referring the Bill to Local Governments. Opinion is curiously divided on this point. Many people say reduction to Rs. 200 would be advantageous; other people say that we had better stick to Rs. 500 as it is now;

[*Sir George Lowndes.*] [10TH FEBRUARY, 1919.]

others again say, raise it to Rs. 1,000, and some say raise it to Rs. 2,000. We have not therefore any clear counsel at present and the matter will be again one for the Select Committee to consider.

"I dealt with the Bill in some detail in introducing it, and I do not think anything would be gained by going over the points again. I therefore move that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent, the Hon'ble Mr. Kesteven, the Hon'ble Mr. Moncrieff Smith, the Hon'ble Sardar Sunder Singh Majithia, the Hon'ble Mr. Chanda, the Hon'ble Mr. B. N. Sarma, the Hon'ble Mr. Krishna Sahay, the Hon'ble Mr. B. D. Shukul, the Hon'ble Mr. Kincaid, the Hon'ble Mr. Rice and myself."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Wednesday, the 19th February 1919, at 11 A.M.

DELHI;
The 18th February 1919.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 20th February 1919, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. During the week a disturbance from the west passed across northern India, and produced heavy snow in Kashmir and widespread rain in Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab, the United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa, with local falls in north Rajputana, Central India East, Bengal and north Assam. There was some rain also in Lower Burma, the Central Provinces, Hyderabad and on the north Madras coast.

2. *Burma.*—Weather was dry except for moderate falls of rain at Mergui and for a light fall at Bhamo.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Nearly general rain fell in Chota Nagpur on the 17th; local falls occurred in Bengal and Orissa on the same date, in Bihar on the 16th and 17th and in north Assam on the 18th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—There was nearly general snow or rain in the Kumaon hills on the 15th, 16th and 17th, and local rain in Central India East, in the plains of the United Provinces on the 16th, and in the east of the Central Provinces on the 14th and 16th

Northwest India.—Nearly general snow or rain fell in Baluchistan on the 14th, in the North-West Frontier Province on the 14th and 15th, in Kashmir on the 15th and 16th, in the southwest Punjab on the 15th, in the north and east Punjab on the 16th. Rain fell locally in north Rajputana on the 16th

The Peninsula.—There were a few falls in Hyderabad, Malabar and on the north Madras coast

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

February 13th. Dalbandin 0·21".

„ 14th. Mergui 1 40", Seoni 0·22", Nagpur and Raipur each 0·35", Jagdalpur 1·26", Fort Sandeman 0 48", Quetta 0 60", Chaman 0 54", Kalat 0·61", Dalbandin 0 38", Mustang 1·00", Murgha 1·09", Musakhel 0·67", Pishin 0·85", Panjgur 0 39", Pasni 1·67", Cherat 0 60", Parachinar 2·00" and Drosh 0 34".

„ 15th. Chakrata 0·91", Sialkot [illegible]2", Rawalpindi 0·80", Khushab 0·68", Multan 0 35", [illegible]urree 0 94", Srinagar 0·84", Sonamarg 1·40", Dras 0·42", Peshawar 0·53", Cherat 1·00", Kohat 0·57", Parachinar 0·32", Drosh 0 78", Malakand 1·50" and Vizagapatam 0·90".

„ 16th. Ranchi 0·62", Gaya 0·44", Allahabad 0·37", Dehra Dun 1·35", Mukteswar 0 80", Mussooree 1·10", Chakrata 1·95", Jagdalpur 0 33", Simla 1·09", Ambala 0·67", Ludhiana 0 40", Lahore 0·65", Sialkot 0·71", Murree 0·86", Srinagar 1·81", Sonamarg 4·70" and Dras 2·02".

„ 17th. Jessore 0·66", Calcutta 1 10", Saugor Island 0·90", Burdwan 1·16", Berhampore 0·75", Balasore 1·50", Chaibasa 0 56", H[illegible]gh 0·50", Naya Dumka 0·83", Dehra Dun [illegible] [illegible]ssooree 0·98" and Chakrata 0·66".

„ 18th. Mergui 0·80", Dibrugarh 0 99" an[illegible]

„ 19th. Port Blair 0·58" and Cochin 0·43".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, the Central Provinces East, Malabar and the Madras Coast North; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, Sind, Rajputana

East, Central India East, Berar, Mysore and Madras Southeast. It was normal in Rajputana West, the Central Provinces West and Hyderabad. No rain usually falls at this time of year in Gujarat, Central India West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and the Madras Deccan.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma and Assam; and is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar and the Madras Coast North. It was within 20 per cent of the normal in the remaining divisions.

Division.	Rainfall data for week ending on 20th February 1919.			Rainfall data from 20th November 1918 to 20th February 1919.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Percentage departure from normal. This week.	Percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0·7	0·2	+0·5	8·3	10·1	—1·8	—18	—23
Lower Burma	0·3	0·1	+0·2	2·5	1·2	+1·3	+108	+100
Upper Burma	0	0·1	—0·1	0·4	1·0	—0·6	—60	—56
Assam	0·3	0·5	—0·2	0·8	2·4	—1·6	—67	—74
Bengal	0·4	0·3	+0·1	1·2	1·3	—0·1	—8	—20
Orissa	0·5	0·4	+0·1	4·0	1·6	+2·4	+150	+192
Chota Nagpur	0·6	0·5	+0·1	5·1	1·9	+3·2	+168	+221
Bihar	0·4	0·2	+0·2	2·4	1·2	+1·2	+100	+100
United Provinces, East	0·2	0·1	+0·1	2·1	1·6	+0·5	+31	+27
United Provinces, West	0·5	0·3	+0·2	4·0	2·5	+1·5	+60	+59
Punjab, East and North	0·7	0·3	+0·4	4·0	3·2	+0·8	+25	+14
Punjab, South-West	0·5	0·2	+0·3	1·9	1·6	+0·3	+19	0
Kashmir	2·0	0·6	+1·4	8·6	6·6	+2·0	+30	+10
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·5	0·3	+0·2	2·5	2·3	+0·2	+9	0
Baluchistan	0·6	0·4	+0·2	3·8	3·3	+0·5	+15	+10
Sind	0	0·1	—0·1	0·6	0·6	0	0	+20
Rajputana, West	0·1	0·1	0	0·8	0·8	0	0	0
Rajputana, East	0	0·1	—0·1	0·9	0·8	+0·1	+13	+29
Gujarat	0	0	0	0·3	0·1	+0·2	+200	+200
Central India, West	0	0	0	1·9	0·4	+1·5	+375	+375
Central India, East	0·1	0·2	—0·1	4·3	1·9	+2·4	+126	+147
Berar	0	0·1	—0·1	2·9	1·2	+1·7	+142	+164
Central Provinces, West	0·1	0·1	0	6·0	1·3	+4·7	+362	+392
Central Provinces, East	0·6	[illegible]	+0·3	6·7	1·6	+5·1	+319	+369
Konkan	0	0	0	0·3	0·1	+0·2	+200	+200
Bombay Deccan	0	0	0	0·5	0·4	+0·1	+25	+25
Hyderabad, North	0·1	0·1	0	2·1	0·5	+1·6	+320	+400
Hyderabad, South	0·1	0·1	0	2·3	0·5	+1·8	+360	+450
Mysore	0	0·1	—0·1	1·3	0·8	+0·5	+63	+86
Malabar	0·2	0·1	+0·1	4·6	2·3	+2·3	+100	[illegible]
Madras, South-East	0	0·3	—0·3	7·3	6·8	[illegible]	[illegible]	+12
Madras Deccan	0	0	0	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	+14	+14
Madras Coast, North	0·3	0·1	+0·2	3·6	[illegible]	[illegible]	+57	+50

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 20th February 1919.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

A 2

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 15th February 1919.

Burma.—The week was practically rainless except for a fall of 3/60 inches in Mergui, Lower Burma. Threshing and winnowing of winter rice are nearing completion in Upper Burma. Harvesting of gram, peas, beans and wheat is proceeding. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has risen slightly to Rs. 122 per hundred baskets and is above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 307 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. More rain is wanted in places for agricultural operations. Harvesting of pulses and mustard and transplanting of spring rice are nearing completion. Plucking of cotton is finished. Pressing of sugarcane, pruning of tea and ploughing for autumn rice and jute continue. The outturn of mustard is indifferent but that of other crops is fair. Cattle disease is reported in two districts. Price of common rice is stationary.

Bengal.—Light rain fell in a number of places. More rain is urgently wanted all over the province. Spring sowings are practically over. Harvesting of oilseeds, pulses and potatoes continues. The outturn is reported to be fair. Preparation of lands for next autumn crops is in progress. Drought is hampering operations. Distress prevails in Bankura and Bramhanbaria sub-division, Tipperah. Gratuitous relief and agricultural loans are being distributed. Test works have also been opened. Price of rice has fallen.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain was general over Orissa and scattered in the rest of the province. Pressing of sugarcane continues. Harvesting of oilseeds has commenced in some districts. The standing spring crops are on the whole doing well. Test works continue in Angul. One test work has been opened in Ranchi. The daily average number of persons attending such works was 819 in Angul and 255 in Ranchi. Gratuitous relief was given to 1,969 persons in the former district. The price of common rice has risen in seven districts, fallen in three and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from fifteen districts.

United Provinces.—There was no rain during the week. No damage to crops is reported. Preparation of land for and sowing of extra crops and sugarcane, irrigation of spring crops and poppy and pressing of sugarcane continue. Condition of standing crops is good. Prospects are favourable. Agricultural stock is fair. Cattle disease still prevails in parts of certain districts. Fodder continues to be scarce and dear in some districts and demand for Government hay is strong. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Prices are generally stationary with a tendency to rise in some districts and a tendency to fall in others.

The weekly report on scarcity is as follows.—No rain fell during the week but some rain has fallen at the close of the week. Slight damage by floods is reported from Hamirpur. Preparation of land for extra crops and sugarcane continues in Benares. Harvesting of spring crops has commenced in Jalaun. Irrigation of spring crops continues in Etawah and Jhansi. Standing crops are flourishing. Prospects are favourable. Agricultural stock is good but some cattle disease prevails in Bundelkhand. Fodder scarcity is still being felt in the affected tracts. Forest hay is being supplied. Water is sufficient. Markets are generally well stocked. Distress is acute and is increasing in Etawah. Public health is good on the whole, but influenza has reappeared in Garhwal. Smallpox is reported in one village of tahsil Chand[illegible] Benares. No wandering or emaciation is noticeable but general increase in petty crime [illegible] rore, [illegible] Banda. Condition of people on relief works is fair. There is a general d[illegible] ider [illegible] Banda. Numbers gratuitously relieved :—Garhwal 787, Etaw[illegible] iti[illegible] Jalaun 718, Jhansi 10, Hamirpur 2,090, Banda 6,603. Numbers on works :—[illegible] 2,581, forest works 5,462, aided works 101, private works 428, total 8,572, Jala[illegible] 674, [illegible] 846, Hamirpur 1,686, Banda 6,621. Numbers relieved in poor houses :—Jalaun 87, Jhansi 13, Hamirpur 214, Banda 79. The price basis in Garhwal is 4¼, Benares 6¼, Etawah and Bundelkhand districts 7 seers per rupee. Advances are being granted. Test works have been opened in Agra and Fatehpur districts. Numbers relieved in Agra from 8th to 15th was 1,764, Fatehpur 278, Allahabad 239.

Punjab.—Light rain fell in parts of nearly all the reporting districts. It has greatly benefited the standing crops, but more rain is still wanted in parts of the south, east and west. Condition and prospects of wheat and other standing crops are average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sugarcane is being pressed in some districts. The yield is generally below normal. Sowings of extra spring crops continue and are below normal. Cattle are generally healthy. Fodder is scarce in most districts but recent rains have done much to relieve the situation. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat :—Lahore and Lyallpur 5¼, Ambala, Ferozpore and Rawalpindi 5⅝ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rain fell throughout the province and was beneficial to standing crops but more rain is still required. Prospects of standing crops both on irrigated and unirrigated lands are generally average in Peshawar and Bannu and below average in Dera Ismail Khan. Pressing of sugarcane continued. The outturn was average Prices of wheat :—Peshawar 7 1/16 and Dera Ismail Khan 6 1/8 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—There was sufficient rain during the week. Prices are stationary. Fodder is insufficient.

Kashmir.—The week was generally wet and cold. Standing spring crops are in fair condition. Cattle disease is reported in Muzaffarabad. Prices are fluctuating.

Rajputana.—The weather was clear. Irrigation of spring crops continues. Cattle disease is still prevailing in places. Water is sufficient. Fodder is insufficient in places. Grass takavi in Merwara and takavi advances in Bharatpur for fodder are being issued. Prices are rising in places. Gratuitous relief was distributed to 71 persons in Todgarh tahsil in Merwara.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. Spring crops are being arranged in Indore and the Southern States and harvested in Gwalior, Malwa and the Southern States. Cotton is being picked in Bhopal. Sugarcane is being pressed in Gwalior. Threshing and winnowing of autumn crops are in progress in Malwa. Standing crops and probable outturn are fair except in parts of Gwalior, Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana. Crops have been damaged in Jaora and Manpur. Agricultural stock is bad in the northern districts of Gwalior and fair elsewhere except for cattle disease in parts of Bhopal and the Southern States. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand and in parts of Malwa and the Southern States. Prices are high but stationary. Opium is fair in Indore and Piploda, and is being irrigated and weeded in Gwalior. Number on relief on Bundelkhand works 3,042 and on gratuitous relief 4,600, total 7,642.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been cool and occasionally cloudy. Eight districts received light showers ranging from 15 to 20 cents. Several districts report damage from hail, the most extensive being in Nagpur. Damage from rust is very slight. Spring crops are doing well, the prospects varying from fair to good Harvesting of minor crops continues. Cutting of wheat and linseed has also begun in places. Fodder is dear or scarce in Hoshangabad and Berar. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition Relief measures are proceeding in parts of Damoh, Jubbulpore, Betul and Chanda. Rice and *juar* in Nimar, gram in Drug and wheat in Yeotmal rose while wheat in Bhandara and Buldana fell by 1 to 2 seers per rupee. Other variations were irregular and unimportant.

The weekly report on scarcity is as follows :—General health is good in all affected districts except for local influenza in Betul. Distress has intensified in Murwara tahsil of Jubbulpore where declaration of famine may be necessary. Spring harvest is affording employment in Sironcha and the Damoh and Betul districts. Prices of food grains are high but stationary. Numbers on works :—Seoni 2,032, Damoh 1,325, Jubbulpore 2,312, Saugor 233, Betul 3,045, Chanda *nil*, total 8,947. Numbers on gratuitous relief :—Seoni 929, Damoh 2,964, Jubbulpore 8,889, Saugor 155, Betul 1,002, Chanda 3,850, total 14,324.

Feudatory States :—There was good rain in the States. Spring crops are faring well.

Bombay.—Slight beneficial rain fell in parts of Sind and Bijapur. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of spring crops has commenced in parts of the Deccan and Karnatak. Cotton picking is nearing completion. Fodder supply [illegible] rally insufficient but supplies continue to be moved to worst affected [illegible] ent arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle [illegible] in Konkan. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are [illegible] steady.

The weekly report on scarcity is as follows :—No rain [illegible] the week. Scarcity has been declared in Karmala and Malsiras talukas of Sholapur and Bhusaval taluka and Edalabad *petha* of East Khandesh. Relief works continue in Ahmednagar, parts of Poona and Panch Mahals and public works programme is being extended in most districts to afford work. Distress is deepening in Ahmednagar and Kathiawar. Test works have been opened in Panch Mahals, Kaira, Broach, Poona and Satara. One poor house has been opened in

Thana for destitute immigrants into Bombay. Numbers of persons including dependants on last day of week ending 8th instant were: Works: Panch Mahals 4,859, Ahmednagar 9,500, Poona 2,248, total 16,607. Numbers on gratuitous relief: Panch Mahals 1,028, Kaira 5,678, Kathiawar 1,163, West Khandesh 212, Ahmednagar 5,667, Poona 1,749, Satara 2,021, Bijapur 1,781, Belgaum 1,100, total 20,399. Numbers in poor house:—Thana 496. Numbers of persons on test works on same date were:—Panch Mahals 41, Kaira 77, Poona 1,814, Satara 257, total 2,189. Numbers on works are increasing. Emigration continues in Satara. Numbers of cattle are being exported from Satara. Public health is generally good. There is no wandering or emaciation except for some wandering among beggars in West Khandesh. Liberal suspensions of land revenue have been granted and takavi is being freely advanced. Cheap grain shops continue working in Panch Mahals, West Khandesh and Kathiawar. Fodder and water are scarce. Fodder is being supplied to affected areas under Government arrangements. Private charity is active in most districts and Presidency Relief Fund is co-operating in fodder supply and other forms of relief.

Hyderabad.—There were slight showers in three districts, the average being 6 cents. Rabi harvesting of spring crops continues. Crop is fair to good except in Aurangabad, Bir and Warangal districts. Late rice crop is fair and is being weeded. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. Wheat is selling at 3, coarse rice at 3¼ and *juar* at 5¼ seers per rupee. Highest price of *juar* is three seers per rupee in the Gulbarga district.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi*, rice and sugarcane outturn is poor to fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available. Prices are high and fluctuating. Prospects of season are fair.

Coorg.—The weather was rainless. Picking of coffee and threshing of rice continue. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Cattle disease prevails in parts. Prices of food grains are high. Public health is fair.

Madras.—Rainfall was good in Ganjam, light in Vizagapatam and Pudukkottai and *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been damaged or are withering in parts of Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem and Tanjore. *Cholam* has been affected by disease in parts of the Deccan. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of sixteen districts. Late sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding under wells and tanks to a small extent. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Kistna, Vellore, Chingleput, West Coast and the Hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of seven districts. Fodder is insufficient in parts of five districts. Prices of rice are generally stationary but those of dry grains are rising. Prospects are fair generally but bad in parts of Ganjam, Bellary, Chittoor, North Arcot and Salem. Total attendance in Ganjam, on nine test works in Gumsur and five in Udayagiri Agency:—15,837. Numbers on gratuitous relief:—4,288.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 25th January 1919.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. — Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				BRITISH PROVINCES.						
	UNITED PROVINCES.									
1	Garhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	614
2	Etawah	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	5,969	...
3	Jalaun	1,565	409,082	...	...	...	...	...	784	822
4	Jhansi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	897	13
5	Hamirpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,067	104
6	Banda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,856	73
7	Allahabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	285	...
	Total, United Provinces	1,860	491,001	...	...	...	...	...	14,858	1,626
	BIHAR AND ORISSA.									
1	Angul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,221	1,578
	Total, Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,221	1,578
	BOMBAY.									
1	Panch Mahals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,138 (rows 1–7)
2	Kaira	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Poona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Satara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	West Khandesh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Kathiawar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Ahmednagar	...	...	761	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total, Bombay	...	...	761	...	...	...	...	...	9,138
	CENTRAL PROVINCES.									
1	Jubbulpore	3,912	745,892	...	...	...	...	...	1,181	5,090
2	Saugor	704	81,835	...	...	...	...	...	146	94
3	Damoh	2,816	333,047	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]
4	Chanda	3,089	69,774	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*Nil*	606
5	Seoni	1,459	154,810	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	540	822
	Total, Central Provinces	11,980	1,385,358	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8,512
				NATIVE STATES.						
	CENTRAL INDIA.									
1	Bundelkhand	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	149	...
	Total, Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	149	...

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 21st February 1919.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 8th February 1919 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	1	1
		Broach District	18	4
		Surat District	1	1
		Thana District	2	2
	Central	Ahmednagar District	2	2
		Satara District	56	56
		Poona Town	1	1
		Poona District	5	2
		Sholapur Town	8	8
		Sholapur District	9	2
	Southern	Ratnagiri Port	10	6
		Belgaum District	48	27
		Dharwar District	183	58
		Bijapur District	13	10
	Political Charges.	Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	131	108
		Mangrol Port	1	1
		Kathiawar Agency	4	1
		TOTAL	479	280
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	2	1
		Anantapur District	7	3
		Coimbatore District	121	93
		North Arcot District	41	20
		Cuddapah District	5	4
		Bellary District	58 (a)	44 (a)
		Malabar District	4	1
		Chittoor District	2	...
		Kurnool District	52	26
		Salem District	39	19
		Guntur District	49	45
		Trichinopoly District	89	32
		Nellore District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Nilgiris District	...	1 (a)
		TOTAL	420	295
BENGAL.	Presi[illegible]	[illegible]cutta	2	2
		[illegible]Par[illegible]ict	5	5
	Rajshahi	Rajshahi Dist[illegible]	2	1
		TOTAL	9	8

(a) One imported.

In the return for the week ending 1st February 1919, the following correction should be made :—
Bengal Presidency—24 Parganas District, *read* 32 cases, 22 deaths *for* 26 cases, 19 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 20,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna District	16	16
		Gaya District	88	26
		Shahabad District	81	20
	Tirhut	Saran District	93	78
		Champaran District	10	10
		Muzaffarpur District	85	82
		Darbhanga District	178	157
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur Town	10	6
		Bhagalpur District	20	16
		Monghyr District	200	168
		TOTAL	681	578
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Bulandshahr District	28	4
	Agra	Muttra District	1	1
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District	2	2
		Cawnpore District	15	15
		Fatehpur District	7	7
	Benares	Benares District	10	8
		Jaunpur District	10	8
		Ghazipur District	5	7
		Ballia District	115	95
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	231	153
		Basti District	20	15
		Azamgarh District	83	74
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	1	1
		Rae Bareli District	25	19
		Sitapur District	9	8
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	21	14
		Bara Banki District	8	8
		TOTAL	586	488
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Hissar District	2	4
		Rohtak District	42	54
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	2	1
	Lahore	Lahore District	36	24
		Gurdaspur District	1	1
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	3*	3*
		Jhelum District	...	1
	Multan	Montgomery District	11	8
		Lyallpur District	8	[illegible]
		Jhang District	[illegible]	1*
		Multan District	[illegible]	3
	Native States	Patiala State	[illegible]	11
		Jind State	[illegible]	9
		Bahawalpur State	1	1
		TOTAL	137	126

* Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 30,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Burma	Pegu	Rangoon Town	9	10
		Insein District	18	14
		Tharrawaddy District	40	40
		Pegu District	3	3
		Prome District	18	17
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	1
		Henzada District	3	3
		Myaungmya District	1	1
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	2	2
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	11	10
		Mandalay District	1	1
		Bhamo District	5	4
		Katha District	[illegible]	5
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	33	31
		Sagaing District	11	14
		Lower Chindwin District	21	18
	Magwe	Minbu District	10	10
		Magwe District	13	11
	Meiktila	Kyaukse District	6	6
		Myingyan District	[illegible]	25
		Meiktila District	6	6
		Yamethin District	6	4
	Native States	Northern Shan States	..	1
		TOTAL	254	227
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur District	7	4
		Bhandara District	15	13
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	2	2
		Jubbulpore District	2	1
		Seoni District	9	7
		TOTAL	35	26
Mysore State		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	40	31
		Bangalore District	29	21
		Mysore City	10	5
		Mysore District	28	22
		[illegible] District	17	14
		[illegible]hoga Dis[illegible]	19	16
		[illegible]	20	18
		[illegible]mkur	1	..
		Kolar District	38	22
		TOTAL	202	144

In the return for the week ending 1st February 1919 the following additions and corrections should be made:—

Burma . . Myingyan District *read* 40 cases *for* 30 cases.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Gulburgah District	5	5
		Usmanabad District	23	19
		Bidar District	4	4
		Medak District	9	4
		Mahbubnagar District	3	1
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	187	123
		Secunderabad	3	1
		Hyderabad Residency Bazars	8	5
		Atrafibaldah Sarfikhas District	36	29
		TOTAL	278*	191*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	20	10
		TOTAL	20	10
RAJPUTANA.	...	Bharatpur State	39	27
		TOTAL	39	27
		GRAND TOTAL	3,140	2,350

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending February 8th were 298 and 154, respectively.

DELHI:
The 21st February 1919.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

H. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week during official year 1917-18.	Mean mileage worked. 1914.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings for week ending 6th February 1914.	8th February 1918.	8th February 1919.	Earnings per mean mile worked for week 1914.	1918.	1919.	Total earnings from 1st April to— 6th February 1914.	18th February 1918.	8th February 1919.	Compared with corresponding period, 1913-14, +2 days. Increase.	Decrease.	Compared with corresponding period, 1917-18. Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
State Railways.																	
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,596	2,695	8,86,219	10,58,674	12,20,000	332	393	453	3,50,89,191	4,71,65,839	5,04,51,000	1,53,61,809	...	32,85,161	...
Bezwada Extension	479	21	21	21	9,831	9,272	10,700	468	441	510	3,26,238	4,34,994	4,23,000	94,762	...	...	11,994
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	998	1,008	1,002	7,34,372	9,56,263	11,56,000	736	953	1,154	2,95,73,514	3,89,28,756	4,41,92,000	1,46,18,486	...	52,63,244	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3⅜" and 2' gauge lines)	422	1,576	1,589	1,581	6,86,761	6,64,444	8,08,000	436	420	511	3,24,61,289	2,97,57,610	3,27,24,000	2,62,711	...	29,66,390	...
East Indian	865	2,571	2,618	2,612	20,48,670	23,67,178	26,17,000	797	904	1,002	8,78,28,493	10,00,49,022	11,19,50,000	2,41,21,507	...	1,19,00,978	...
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	20,73,111	19,75,579	22,95,000	817	756	879	7,05,00,799	8,89,66,948	9,98,32,000	2,93,31,201	...	1,08,95,053	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	46,337	80,288	82,500	368	637	655	19,26,599	27,43,096	36,50,000	17,23,401	...	9,06,904	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	4,369	1,536	4,700	108	38	117	1,42,594	1,46,351	1,69,000	26,408	...	22,649	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (British Section)	1,594	*57	12	12	*31,135	23,962	24,000	549	1,997	2,000	*13,78,681	8,11,260	9,56,000	...	4,22,681	1,44,740	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	1,610	5,558	6,500	49	73	86	52,620	2,63,009	2,66,000	2,13,380	...	2,991	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3⅜" gauge lines)	387	2,553	2,551	[illegible]	7,42,411	10,29,520	10,02,000	291	404	393	3,11,27,806	4,35,39,182	4,60,98,000	1,49,70,194	...	25,58,818	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,035	[illegible]	19,32,566	22,54,199	21,90,000	482	556	547	7,41,02,274	10,22,62,583	10,70,85,000	3,29,82,726	...	48,22,417	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3⅜" link)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,74,722	5,87,954	6,30,000	297	370	396	2,01,97,961	2,39,28,093	2,84,65,000	82,67,039	...	25,36,907	...
Assam-Bengal	159	812	893	893	1,55,843	1,59,060	1,57,000	193	177	176	58,35,119	61,57,010	63,62,000	5,26,881	...	2,04,990	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,826	1,840	1,839	6,98,733	7,72,515	8,72,000	382	420	474	2,43,28,433	2,91,86,754	3,59,94,000	1,11,65,567	...	68,07,246	...
Burma	319	1,342	1,342	1,342	5,76,744	5,28,807	5,76,000	430	394	429	1,82,59,485	1,88,70,116	2,19,05,000	36,45,515	...	30,34,884	...
Burma Extensions	212	187	187	187	52,890	49,531	52,000	263	265	279	17,02,273	16,54,626	20,65,000	3,62,727	...	4,10,374	...
Southern Shan States	121	23	70	70	826	8,091	9,000	36	116	129	25,229	3,78,906	4,10,000	3,84,771	...	31,094	...
Dhone-Kurnool	72	32	32	32	2,698	1,763	2,600	81	55	81	1,03,030	1,04,165	1,21,000	17,970	...	16,835	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	22,451	44,238	31,000	181	367	255	11,27,330	17,06,559	16,51,000	5,23,670	...	...	57,559
Lucknow-Bareilly	166	304	313	305	39,678	62,248	61,200	131	199	201	18,25,543	22,22,776	27,27,000	9,01,457	...	5,04,224	...
Mysore	191	*411	401	401	*71,739	75,492	82,000	175	188	204	*32,34,250	33,64,175	36,09,000	3,74,750	...	2,44,825	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,454	1,587	1,587	5,49,254	6,84,562	7,28,000	378	431	456	2,38,48,733	3,03,09,898	3,03,35,000	64,86,267	...	25,102	...
Travancore Branch	151	108	146	146	16,865	26,975	34,300	156	185	235	7,73,512	9,54,486	12,85,000	5,11,488	...	3,30,514	...
Tirhoot	223	785	804	804	2,25,877	2,11,858	2,39,000	288	263	297	86,00,425	77,44,071	90,39,000	4,38,575	...	12,94,929	...
* Broach-Jambusar	90	...	30	30	...	2,891	1,900	...	96	63	...	1,14,394	1,13,000	1,13,000	...	...	1,394
* Jorhat (Provincial)	83	33	33	33	3,204	2,787	1,700	100	84	52	1,09,770	1,28,769	1,01,000	...	8,770	...	22,769
TOTAL	496	26,285	26,786	26,712	1,20,38,799	1,36,45,240	1,48,89,700	461	509	557	47,49,83,141	58,14,10,448	64,40,08,000	16,90,24,859	...	6,25,97,552	...
All other Railways.																	
Amritsar-Patti	171	56	56	56	11,539	9,929	9,400	206	177	168	6,39,726	4,05,582	4,31,000	...	2,08,726	25,418	...
Bhopal-Itarsi (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	29,193	29,000	...	649	644	...	9,90,718	11,80,000	11,80,000	...	1,89,282	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	26,408	19,693	25,500	231	172	224	9,18,189	7,42,098	9,98,000	79,811	...	2,55,902	...
[illegible]	60	148	149	149	15,266	6,675	10,500	103	45	70	4,92,701	3,94,670	4,13,000	...	79,701	18,330	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	55,421	86,321	[illegible]	388	361	314	27,02,911	37,86,161	38,70,000	11,67,089	...	88,839	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	98,548	[illegible]
Nagda-Ujjain	164	[illegible]	33	33	8,381	7,399	[illegible]	241	224	168	3,54,576	2,11,617	2,57,000	2,135	...	45,383	...
Nizam's Guaranteed State	416	334	334	334	1,48,715	1,40,143	[illegible]	445	420	437	52,94,706	57,83,115	64,27,000	11,32,294	...	6,43,885	...
Petlad-Cambay	192	34	34	33	6,266	6,041	8,100	184	178	245	2,50,853	2,94,786	3,28,000	77,147	...	33,214	...
Phagwara-Rahon	79	...	47	47	...	2,215	5,800	...	47	123	...	1,70,091	2,17,000	2,17,000	...	46,909	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	385	108	108	108	45,356	42,594	45,000	419	394	417	16,62,168	18,23,711	23,94,000	7,31,832	...	5,70,289	...
Salem District Board	65	...	4	4	...	466	600	...	117	150	...	(a)9,846	23,400	23,500	...	13,554	...
Sara-Sirajganj	97	...	53	53	...	4,313	11,800	...	81	223	...	2,35,143	3,42,000	3,42,000	...	1,06,857	...
Sialkot-Narwal	114	...	38	38	...	3,220	4,800	...	85	126	...	1,93,497	1,88,000	1,88,000	...	...	5,497
Southern Punjab (Main Line)	339	428	428	428	1,20,891	1,32,976	1,42,000	284	311	332	47,79,002	61,44,932	80,44,000	32,64,998	...	18,99,068	...
Jullundur-Doab	60	108	133	133	4,508	8,129	12,000	44	61	90	2,17,050	3,64,519	3,60,000	1,42,950	...	...	4,519
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	25,756	18,760	24,400	166	121	157	11,32,729	11,16,744	11,51,000	18,271	...	34,256	...
Tapti Valley	194	155	156	156	42,344	30,828	34,600	273	198	222	12,85,968	13,11,236	15,25,000	2,39,032	...	2,13,764	...
Tenali-Repalli	96	...	22	22	...	1,704	1,800	...	77	82	...	96,695	80,700	80,700	...	...	15,995
Ahmedabad-Dholka	84	34	34	34	2,223	2,121	3,100	66	62	91	1,07,089	1,29,345	1,24,000	16,911	...	...	5,345
Ahmedabad-Parantij	78	89	89	89	8,594	6,692	6,300	97	75	71	3,28,473	3,08,392	3,62,000	33,527	...	53,608	...
Bengal and North-Western	188	1,239	1,244	1,248	2,01,735	3,04,047	2,88,000	163	244	231	90,82,536	99,95,244	1,24,45,000	33,62,464	...	24,49,756	...
Bengal-Dooars	215	153	153	158	24,530	29,165	23,200	160	191	147	14,38,003	15,26,043	16,16,000	1,77,997	...	89,957	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	137	52	52	52	7,196	6,639	7,600	138	128	146	2,97,617	3,19,347	3,08,000	10,383	...	...	11,347
Bhavnagar State	148	227	249	249	33,837	41,069	53,100	149	165	213	12,58,511	15,91,955	22,58,000	999,489	...	6,66,045	...
Cooch Behar State	157	33	33	33	6,341	5,612	5,900	192	170	179	2,47,457	2,30,166	2,47,000	...	457	16,834	...
Dibru-Sadiya	332	86	86	86	24,734	37,479	28,400	288	436	330	11,46,926	12,11,786	11,36,000	...	10,926	...	75,786
Gaekwar's Mehsana (incldg. Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	90	184	209	209	16,531	20,153	18,400	90	96	88	6,63,518	8,32,782	11,41,000	4,77,382	...	3,08,218	...
Gondal-Porbandar State	150	211	231	231	27,506	36,083	39,700	130	156	172	11,49,000	14,95,530	20,43,000	8,94,000	...	5,47,470	...
Hyd.-Godavari Valley (incldg. Hingoli Branch)	179	443	441	441	1,21,286	95,478	1,19,000	274	217	270	35,17,756	34,50,260	41,57,000	6,39,244	...	7,06,740	...
Jaipur State	69	73	107	122	7,278	7,386	7,800	100	69	64	2,57,113	3,24,669	3,82,000	1,24,887	...	57,331	...
Jamnagar	183	54	54	54	5,102	6,970	9,200	94	129	170	2,42,615	3,18,181	4,18,000	1,75,385	...	99,819	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	139	1,030	1,106	1,106	99,411	1,68,119	1,50,000	96	152	136	46,26,272	61,57,247	70,40,000	24,13,728	...	8,82,753	...
Junagad State	129	113	121	136	13,383	17,519	17,800	118	145	131	5,01,202	6,67,676	7,93,000	2,91,798	...	1,25,324	...
Kolhapur State	242	29	29	29	8,381	8,844	7,700	289	305	266	2,75,596	2,97,673	3,42,000	66,404	...	44,327	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (incldg. Khadro Section)	52	100	100	[illegible]	4,843	5,539	8,000	48	55	80	1,87,207	2,26,470	2,57,000	69,793	...	30,530	...
Morvi (incldg. Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	202	93	93	[illegible]	14,913	22,561	18,600	160	243	200	6,62,258	8,20,741	11,73,000	5,10,742	...	3,52,259	...
Mymensingh-Bhairab Bazar	68	...	88	100	...	15,083	14,000	...	171	140	...	(b)2,22,309	5,17,000	5,17,000	...	2,94,691	...
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	219	55	56	56	10,049	9,804	13,500	182	175	241	4,30,521	5,52,268	5,36,000	1,05,479	...	...	16,268
Mysore-Arsikere	49	...	103	103	...	4,916	7,900	...	48	77	...	(c)25,574	3,02,000	3,02,000	...	2,76,426	...
Podanur-Pollachi	139	...	25	25	...	3,698	3,700	...	148	148	...	1,55,034	1,62,000	1,62,000	...	6,965	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	176	268	270	270	41,473	42,808	37,300	154	159	138	17,60,183	20,70,784	22,78,000	5,17,817	...	2,07,216	...
Sangli State	189	5	5	5	795	1,108	1,300	159	222	260	32,174	40,762	52,400	20,226	...	11,638	...
Secunderabad-Gadwal	71	...	103	103	...	7,500	5,800	...	73	56	...	3,18,354	2,94,000	2,94,000	...	...	24,354
Shoranur-Cochin	263	65	65	65	13,623	17,770	18,700	210	273	288	5,53,927	7,55,156	7,59,000	2,05,073	...	3,844	...
Tanjore District Board	*162	103	112	112	18,036	16,641	17,800	175	149	159	8,40,166	8,18,779	7,75,000	...	65,166	...	43,779
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	79	67	67	67	7,380	3,724	4,700	110	55	70	2,55,248	2,44,044	2,59,000	3,752	...	14,956	...
Barsi	141	116	117	118	36,694	16,547	23,200	317	141	197	10,32,996	7,52,512	8,10,000	...	2,22,996	57,488	...
Bilimora-Kalamba	34	...	35	35	...	1,638	1,400	...	47	40	...	49,310	67,900	67,900	...	18,590	...
Bodeli-Chhota Udaipur	52	...	22	23	...	1,050	1,000	...	48	43	...	(d)10,653	44,900	44,900	...	34,247	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	76	20	32	32	1,833	3,003	1,200	92	94	37	74,233	1,05,828	87,800	13,567	...	...	18,028
Dhond-Baramati	68	...	27	27	...	1,415	2,900	...	52	107	...	80,391	1,05,000	1,05,000	...	24,609	...
Ellichpur-Yeotmal	92	48	139	139	4,447	14,290	24,100	93	103	173	40,719	5,37,633	7,20,000	6,79,281	...	1,82,367	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	97	*142	154	188	14,733	14,189	21,300	104	92	113	5,40,488	6,63,724	8,16,000	2,75,512	...	1,52,276	...
Godhra-Lunavada	42	24	25	25	777	826	1,100	32	33	44	5,904	47,417	57,300	51,396	...	9,883	...
Jacobabad-Kashmor	34	...	76	76	...	1,975	2,800	...	26	37	...	1,15,465	1,13,000	1,13,000	...	...	2,465
Khulna-Bagerhaut (e)	...	...	...	20	...	...	2,300	...	...	115	...	...	45,100	45,100	...	45,100	...
Kolar Dist. (incldg. Bangalore-Chik Ballapur)	49	11	102	102	373	5,679	6,000	34	55	59	2,933	2,17,914	2,54,000	2,51,067	...	36,086	...
Kosamba-Zankhvav	27	26	26	26	464	889	1,400	18	34	54	21,401	29,817	38,600	17,199	...	8,783	...
Nadiad Kapadvanj	108	28	28	28	2,262	2,660	3,900	81	95	140	84,663	1,34,459	1,68,000	83,337	...	33,541	...
Pachora-Jamner (f)	...	...	...	25	...	...	2,800	...	...	112	...	...	46,300	46,300	...	46,300	...
Petlad-Vaso	66	...	19	19	...	770	1,600	...	41	84	...	57,277	73,000	73,000	...	15,723	...
Rajpipla State	67	37	37	39	3,157	2,520	3,000	84	68	77	1,02,032	1,13,273	1,32,000	29,968	...	18,727	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	85	51	51	51	17,490	17,748	19,200	343	348	376	10,25,421	11,37,455	11,99,000	1,73,579	...	61,535	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan Extensions	72	...	100	100	...	8,571	10,300	...	86	103	...	3,07,145	3,45,000	3,45,000	...	37,855	...
Pipar-Bilara	15	25	25	25	438	595	800	17	24	32	22,444	15,365	26,100	3,656	...	10,735	...
TOTAL	174	7,340	8,739	8,872	13,41,103	16,24,278	16,98,400	183	186	191	5,37,52,314	6,52,46,913	7,73,00,700	2,35,48,386	...	1,20,53,787	...
GRAND TOTAL	417	33,575	35,525	35,584	1,34,29,902	1,52,69,518	1,65,88,100	400	430	466	52,87,35,455	64,66,57,361	72,13,08,700	19,25,73,245	...	7,46,51,339	...

* Include figures for Native State Section.

(a) From 1st June 1917.

(b) From 15th August 1917.

(c) From 3rd January 1918.

(d) From 1st December 1917.

(e) Opened from 10th June 1918.

(f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

S. TOMKINS,

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REGISTERED No. L. 848.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1919.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 21st February 1919.

No. 1363-C.—A temporary vacancy having occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, by the departure on leave of the Honourable Sir George Stapylton Barnes, K.C.B., the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint, under the provisions of section 92 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), Sir Thomas Holland, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., to act temporarily as an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.

The Honourable Sir Thomas Holland has, on this day, taken upon himself the execution of his office under the usual salute.

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, *by the* SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, *Delhi*

REGISTERED No. C. 696



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 22nd February 1919.

CORRIGENDUM.

The following entry which appeared in the notification published by this office in Part II of the *Gazette of India,* dated the 30th November 1918, under the heading "Cessation of Exclusive Privileges" is hereby cancelled :—

1910—98, (Societe Anonyme Electrometallurgique Procedes Paul Girod.)

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 8.

February 7.

4210. G. H. Sheffield and F. R. Band & Co., Ld. *Improvements in draw gear for railway and other rolling stock.*

February 10.

4211. M. A. Rahman. *Improvement in punkha pulling machines.*
4212. C. E Hodson. *Improvements relating to clasp knives, pocket knives, and the like.*
4213. W. P. Schuck. *Improvements in the production of a nickel catalyzer.*
4214. H. Westcott and A. J. Tetley. *Improvements in portable lock stitch sewing machines.*
4215. A. P. Rutherford. *Electric lamp holders.*
4216. P. Sharp. *Improvements in and relating to means for stopping the delivery of roving in spinning machines.*
4217. F. W. McNear and P. E. Bowles (Jr.). *Apparatus for dehydrating oil.*
4218. W. J. Wilson and F. A. Markham. *Improvements in artificial hands.*
4219. W. J. Wilson and F. A. Markham. *Improvements in the wrist and elbow joints of artificial arms.*
4220. G. S. Morison. *Automatically adjusting speed or revolution change gear.*
4221. W. L. H. Roberts. *Improvements in furnaces.*
4222. A. E. Woodhouse. *Improvements in clutches.*

February 12.

4223. S. Singh and R. M. Hughes. *Rotary water boiler.*
4224. The Hoover Suction Sweeper Co. *Improvements in suction sweepers.*
4225. The Hoover Suction Sweeper Co. *Suction sweepers.*
4226. O. Valeri. *Improvements in and relating to anchorages for railway and like tracks.*

February 13.

4227. West End Watch Co. *Improvements in adjustable bands for attaching wrist watches to the wrist.*

February 14.

4228. C. A. Collett. *Improvements in vacuum brake gear for railway rolling stock and the like.*
4229. J. Muro. *Wooden stave pipe banding machine.*
4230. E. V. Espenhahn. *Improvements in the treatment of gases containing sulphur dioxide.*
4231. R. J. Dennett. *Metre lock.*

February 15

4232. K. B. Kariappa. *Coconut shell button making or coconut gems.*
4233. J. B. Graham. *Machine for making hollow glassware.*
4234. J. B. Graham. *Method of and means for manipulating glass.*
4235. H. C. Jenkins and H. Woolner. *An improved process for the manufacture of permanganates.*
4236. F. E. Berry. *Improvements in or relating to electrical transformers for regulating or varying the voltage of the current supplied therefrom.*
4237. W. Tice and W. B. Monk. *Improved filtering arrangement for septic tanks.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India,* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specification in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3572. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ld. *Improvements in or relating to fluid pressure apparatus.*
3808. L. Coatalen and Sunbeam Motor Car Co., Ld. *Improvements relating to the lubrication of cam-shafts for internal combustion engines.*
3901. F. A. Hill. *Improved weighing machine with recording gear.*
4005. S. A. Winsor. *Fibre extracting machine.*
4074. T. Pettigrew. *Improved circuit arrangements for operating the selecting devices of telephone installations by number impulses.*
4077. S. S. Sayad and Timber and Shuttle Loom Co. *Seamless automatic shuttle loom.*
4078. A Newton-Smith. *Improvements in the pickers of looms.*
4079. A Newton-Smith. *Improvements in shuttle buffers for pickers of looms.*
4081. G. T. Macfarlane. *Improvements in winches.*
4082. G. T. Macfarlane. *Improvements in winches.*
4085. S. H. Menzies. *Improvements in apparatus for use in treating liquids with gases.*
4086. A. Kerr. *Improvements relating to train and like control systems.*
4087. Sir C. A. Parsons. *An improved turbine blade attachment.*
4091. Luckenbach Processes, Incorporated. *Mineral selective and frothing agent and processes or methods of producing and using the same.*
4092. Luckenbach Processes, Incorporated. *Mineral selective and frothing agent and processes or methods of producing and using the same.*
4094. W. E. Kimber. *Improved lifting truck or trolley.*
4095. J. H. Green. *An improved metallic non-skidding and protecting device for pneumatic tyres.*
4096. J. C. Gordon. *A new or improved socket or device for receiving or bearing screws such as are employed for fastening purposes.*
4097. Kohler Co. *Improvements in the process of producing cast metal objects.*
4098. R. E. B. James and C. W. James. *An improved combination of plough and motor tractor.*
4099. W. E. Windsor-Richards. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of moulded articles from cement.*
4100. R. S. Portham. *Improvements in and relating to condensers and coolers.*
4101. J. R. Partington and G. J. Jones. *Improvements in the manufacture of ammonium nitrate*
4102. J. R Partington and L. H. Parker. *Improvements in and relating to fertilisers.*
4103. J. R. Partington and E. K. Rideal. *Improvements in the production of nitrates.*
4104. J. R. Partington, G. J. Jones and T. K. Brownson. *Improvements in and relating to the production of ammonium nitrate.*
4105. Morgan Crucible Co., Ld. *Improvements in or connected with carbon brushes for dynamo-electric machines.*
4106. S. S. Ghodke. *Telescopic portable Vina.*
4107. H. E. Wilkinson. *An improved ventilator.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3431. Roy.
3670. Dubern.
3790. O'Donnell.
3922. Simpson and Simpson.
3923. American Linseed Co.
3924. American Linseed Co.
3925. Tingogen Products Co., Ld.
3928. Newton-Smith.
3929. Newton-Smith.
3930. Society of Chemical Industry in Basle.
3933. Raye.
3935. Wallace.
3939. Stent.
3940. Stent.
3941. Addis.
3942. Kenny.
39[illegible]. Roberts.

PATENTS SEALED.

3199. Nicholas.
3414. J. M. Shanker, K. Lall and P. Lall.
3692. Gaillard.
3726. Schofield.
3883. Ritchie.
3884. Saccaggio and Lagrange.
3890. Dean and The Chloride Electrical Storage Co., Ld.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

338 of 1905. Marconis Wireless Telegraph Co., Ld. (To 14 February 1920.)
322 of 1909. Murex Magnetic Co., Ld. (To 11 February 1920.)
323 of 1909. Garratt. (To 11 February 1920.)
98 of 1910. Societe Anonyme Electrometallurgique Procedes Paul Girod. (To 22 August 1919.)
141 of 1910. Pavia & anr. (To 27 April 1920.)
279 of 1910. Nance. (To 11 February 1920.)
347 of 1911. Graaff. (To 29 December 1919.)
80 of 1912. Simmons Sugar Co. (To 12 February 1920.)
89 of 1912. Gilbert-Stringer & anr. (To 21 February 1920.)
90 of 1912. Druitt. (To 21 February 1920.)
180 of 1912. Corthesy & ors. (To 11 April 1920.)
741 of 1913. Morriss. (To 10 February 1920.)
755 of 1913. Automatic Telephone Manufacturing Co., Ld. (To 17 February 1920.)
767 of 1913. Terry & ors. (To 21 February 1920.)
787 of 1913. Siemens Brothers & Co., Ld. (To 25 February 1920.)
823 of 1913. Vaughan. (To 10 March 1920.)
908 of 1913. Compagnie Generale Radiotelegraphique. (To 21 April 1920.)
1528 of 1914. Gresham. (To 16 March 1920.)
1542 of 1914. Lidholm. (To 23 March 1920.)
1543 of 1914. Lidholm. (To 23 March 1920.)
1592 of 1914. Harrison. (To 14 April 1920.)
1600 of 1914. Bell. (To 15 April 1920.)
1612 of 1914. Whitehead Morris & Co., Ld., & anr. (To 22 April 1920.)
1621 of 1914. Purser. (To 27 April 1920.)
1984 of 1915. Farr. (To 7 January 1920.)
2019 of 1915. Standard Oil Co. (To 11 February 1920.)
2020 of 1915. Gardner. (To 11 February 1920.)
2021 of 1915. Kitchen & anr. (To 11 February 1920.)
2028 of 1915. Sen. (To 15 February 1920.)
2031 of 1915. Thompson. (To 19 February 1920.)
2041 of 1915. Sparling. (To 23 February 1920.)
2067 of 1915. Hey. (To 16 March 1920.)
2069 of 1915. Terrell. (To 17 March 1920.)
2232 of 1915. Scanes. (To 28 July 1920.)
2241 of 1915. Gresham. (To 4 August 1920.)
2242 of 1915. Gresham. (To 4 August 1920.)

APPLICATION FOR RESTORATION OF LAPSED PATENT UNDER SECTION 16.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made under Section 16 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, for the restoration of the following patent granted to F. A. Sheehan :—

No. 1454 of 1914. Improvements in and relating to portable water tanks or pakhals for animal transport.

This patent ceased on the 10th February 1918, owing to non-payment of the prescribed renewal fee, and its cessation was notified in the *Gazette of India*, dated 18th May 1918. Any person may give notice of opposition to restoration by leaving patent form No. 5 at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on or before the 8th April 1919.

REVOCATION OF LICENSE GRANTED UNDER THE INDIAN PATENTS AND DESIGNS (TEMPORARY) RULES, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that the license granted to the Calder & Mersey Extract Co., Ld., has been determined and the suspension order revoked in respect of patents Nos. 249 and 250 of 1912.

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

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1914.

1919, (Reinohl). 1920, (Ed. Kummer A. G). 1922, (Whittington). 1923, (Miller). 1928, (Woodhead). 1934, (Aranha).

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

From 10th to 15th February 1919.

Class 3, No. 8280. Societe Generale des Etablis-ements Bergougnan, Clermont Ferrand, Puy de Dome, France. February 4.

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Camp Ajmer, the 13th February 1919.

No. 498-*C.s.*—Whereas the land designated below is required for a public purpose, this declaration is made accordingly under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894.

District.	Pargana.	Mauza.	Approximate area.	For what purpose.	REMARKS.
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The 23rd January 1919. Offg. *Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.*

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Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

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Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.
Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Re.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 18th February 1919

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th February 1919.

	Total amount of notes in circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.	In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Securities (purchase price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.		Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	41,24,066	37,78,27,257	38,19,51,323	3,48,87,205	2,36,48,617	5,51,81,120	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	9,97,79,185	(a) 16,07,99,946	(b) (c) 82,49,93,385	1,19,05,24,323	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500 of rupee paper & R6,40,00,000 Indian Treasury Bills.
Cawnpore	...	11,60,35,943	11,60,35,943	73,18,039	52,34,775				...			...	...	...	1,25,52,814	
Lahore	...	12,32,81,111	12,32,81,111	76,40,255	1,80,18,899				...	...		...			2,56,59,154	
Bombay	51,54,510	48,13,93,375	48,65,47,885	5,67,37,643	12,48,68,293	6,41,35,231			...		...	...		...	24,77,41,167	(b) Nominal value—R84,11,25,001.
Karachi		6,79,59,141	6,79,59,141	20,18,476	21,38,700	...			...	...		...			41,57,176	(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918 and Ordinance III of 1918.
Madras	16,64,325	19,97,42,609	20,14,06,934	1,34,58,497	40,40,648				...		...	...	...		1,75,29,145	
Rangoon	...	14,87,15,430	14,87,15,430	71,81,003	34,67,160	...			...			...		...	1,06,48,163	
	1,09,42,901	1,51,49,54,866	1,52,58,97,767	12,92,71,118	18,14,17,092	11,93,16,351	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	9,97,79,185	16,07,99,946	82,49,93,385	1,50,68,11,942	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			1,90,85,825	*Deduct*—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											...	
Total Circulation R			1,50,68,11,942											Total Reserve R	1,50,68,11,942	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th February 1919.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 15th February 1919.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1918 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1918-19

Revenue and Receipts.	Budget Estimate for 1918-19.			Receipts in August 1918.	Receipts from 1st April 1918 to 31st August 1918.		
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Imperial.	Special.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	3,000	23,44,000	23,47,000	2,96,648	...	11,65,929	11,65,929
II.—Opium	...	64,000	64,000	6,734	...	32,857	32,857
IV.—Stamps	...	7,47,000	7,47,000	65,023	...	3,13,321	3,13,321
V.—Excise	...	4,70,000	4,70,000	40,271	...	2,13,943	2,13,943
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...
VII.—Customs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII.—Income Tax	6,000	2,94,000	3,00,000	14,657	1,617	69,663	71,280
IX.—Forest	...	3,75,000	3,75,000	42,202	...	1,18,387	1,18,387
X.—Registration	...	50,000	50,000	4,656	...	22,529	22,529
XI.—Tribute from Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII.—Interest	47,000	...	47,000	2,780	22,184	...	22,184
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	2,28,000	2,28,000	22,949	...	96,212	96,212
XVIB.— Ditto —Jails	...	39,000	39,000	2,552	...	14,427	14,427
XVII.—Police	...	32,000	32,000	1,181	...	6,285	6,285
XIX.—Education	...	25,000	25,000	345	...	10,570	10,570
XXA.—Medical	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	56	56
XXB.—Sanitation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXIA.—Agriculture	...	11,000	11,000	25	...	234	224
XXIB.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	...	...	...	12	...	148	148
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	...	28,000	28,000	2,908	...	12,401	12,401
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	29,000	29,000	40	...	4,662	4,662
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	1,54,000	1,54,000	6,557	...	31,302	31,302
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	9,13,000	4,21,000	13,34,000	2,12,969	1,92,879	1,92,850	3,85,759
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXXI.—Civil Works	...	1,74,000	1,74,000	10,821	...	47,363	47,363
Total Revenue and Receipts	9,69,000	54,87,000	64,56,000	7,33,330	2,16,680	28,53,159	25,69,839
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	91,21,178	...	...	5,54,95,635
Total	...	...	...	98,54,508	...	...	5,80,65,474
Opening Cash Balance	...	...	...	(b)19,55,296	...	...	(a)21,55,206
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	1,18,09,804	...	...	6,02,20,680

(a) On 1st April 1918. (b) On 1st August 1918.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 13th February 1919.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1918 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1918-19.

EXPENDITURE.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1918-19.			Disbursement in August 1918.	DISBURSEMENT FROM 1ST APRIL 1918 TO 31ST AUGUST 1918.		
	Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.		Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	13,000	26,000	1,627	5,910	5,910	11,820
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	9,000	18,000	173	5,293	5,292	10,585
3.—Land Revenue	4,26,000	3,01,000	7,27,000	43,443	1,65,896	1,18,944	2,84,840
6.—Stamps	14,000	15,000	29,000	1,587	3,803	3,803	7,606
7.—Excise	8,000	8,000	16,000	1,295	3,500	3,499	6,999
10.—Income Tax	2,000	2,000	4,000	122	244	244	488
11.—Forest	87,000	87,000	1,74,000	16,610	27,457	27,457	54,914
12.—Registration	6,000	7,000	13,000	1,733	3,269	3,270	6,539
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	2,75,000	1,40,000	4,15,000	32,402	1,08,359	52,845	1,61,204
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	4,77,000	2,39,000	7,16,000	61,857	1,96,784	94,070	2,90,854
19B.— Ditto —Jails	1,64,000	1,65,000	3,29,000	25,449	73,633	73,633	1,47,266
20.—Police	14,12,000	14,11,000	28,23,000	2,02,925	5,34,646	5,34,646	10,69,292
22.—Education	3,49,000	3,48,000	6,97,000	21,634	1,74,292	1,74,292	3,48,584
23.—Ecclesiastical	65,000	...	65,000	5,511	29,141	...	29,141
24A.—Medical	96,000	96,000	1,92,000	11,644	34,305	26,913	61,218
24B.—Sanitation	79,000	78,000	1,57,000	1,075	5,123	5,124	10,247
25.—Political	24,78,000	23,07,000	47,85,000	4,83,365	10,18,408	9,53,671	19,72,079
26A.—Agriculture	72,000	72,000	1,44,000	8,051	17,320	17,320	34,640
26B.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	5,000	6,000	11,000	826	2,118	2,117	4,235
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	61,000	...	61,000	3,893	45,557	...	45,557
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	98,000	97,000	1,95,000	13,710	41,151	41,151	82,302
30.—Stationery and Printing	68,000	67,000	1,35,000	7,960	18,364	18,363	36,727
32.—Miscellaneous	27,000	28,000	55,000	4,810	9,629	9,630	19,259
33.—Famine Relief	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	12,34,000	3,06,000	15,40,000	66,582	1,17,947	1,17,947	2,35,894
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	25,000	25,000	50,000	1,457	12,695	12,695	25,390
45.—Civil Works	12,98,000	12,92,000	25,90,000	96,097	1,15,102	1,15,101	2,30,203
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	88,48,000	71,19,000	1,59,67,000	11,15,837	27,69,946	24,17,937	51,87,883
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	90,92,435	...	...	5,34,31,265
TOTAL	...	...	...	1,02,08,272	...	...	5,86,19,148
Balance on 31st August 1918	...	...	...	16,01,532	...	...	16,01,532
GRAND TOTAL	...	..	...	1,18,09,804	...	...	6,02,20,680

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB;
LAHORE,
The 13th February 1919.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for September 1918 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1918-19.

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	Budget Estimate for 1918-19. Imperial.	Budget Estimate for 1918-19. Special.	Budget Estimate for 1918-19. Total.	Receipts in September 1918	Receipts from 1st April 1918 to 30th September 1918. Imperial.	Receipts from 1st April 1918 to 30th September 1918. Special.	Receipts from 1st April 1918 to 30th September 1918. Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	3,000	23,44,000	23,47,000	47,360	...	12,13,290	12,13,290
II.—Opium	...	64,000	64,000	7,059	...	39,917	39,917
IV.—Stamps	...	7,47,000	7,47,000	39,779	...	3,53,100	3,53,100
V.—Excise	...	4,70,000	4,70,000	43,914	...	2,57,857	2,57,857
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...
VII.—Customs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII.—Income Tax	6,000	2,94,000	3,00,000	13,273	1,616	82,937	84,553
IX.—Forest	...	3,75,000	3,75,000	5,768	...	1,24,154	1,24,151
X.—Registration	...	50,000	50,000	4,045	...	26,574	26,574
XI.—Tribute from Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII.—Interest	47,000	...	47,000	1,049	23,233	...	23,233
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	2,28,000	2,28,000	18,000	...	1,14,212	1,14,212
XVIB.— Ditto Jails	...	39,000	39,000	1,176	...	15,603	15,603
XVII.—Police	...	32,000	32,000	1,692	...	7,977	7,977
XIX.—Education	...	25,000	25,000	1,955	...	12,525	12,525
XXA.—Medical	...	1,000	1,000	8,207	...	8,263	8,263
XXB.—Sanitation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXIA.—Agriculture	...	11,000	11,000	2	...	223	223
XXIB.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	...	...	...	...	...	148	148
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	...	28,000	28,000	1,795	...	14,196	14,196
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	29,000	29,000	80	...	4,742	4,742
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	1,54,000	1,54,000	6,649	...	37,951	37,951
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	9,13,000	4,21,000	13,34,000	2,45,718	3,15,739	3,15,738	6,31,477
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXXI.—Civil Works	...	1,74,000	1,74,000	12,403	...	59,766	59,766
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS	9,69,000	54,87,000	64,56,000	4,59,924	3,40,588	26,89,176	30,29,764
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	1,20,23,552	...	...	6,75,19,186
TOTAL	.	...	...	1,24,83,476	...	...	7,05,48,950
Opening Cash Balance	...	...	... (b)	16,01,532	...	... (a)	21,55,206
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	1,40,85,008	...	...	7,27,04,156

(a) On 1st April 1918 (b) On 1st September 1918

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB:
LAHORE,
The 13th February 1919.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for September 1918 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1918-19.

Expenditure.	Budget Estimate for 1918-19.			Disbursement in September 1918.	Disbursement from 1st April 1918 to 30th September 1918.		
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Imperial.	Special.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	13,000	26,000	1,544	6,681	6,682	13,363
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	9,000	18,000	—43	5,271	5,271	10,542
3.—Land Revenue	4,26,000	3,01,000	7,27,000	44,645	1,92,897	1,36,588	3,29,485
6.—Stamps	14,000	15,000	29,000	1,213	4,410	4,409	8,819
7.—Excise	8,000	8,000	16,000	1,231	4,115	4,115	8,230
10.—Income Tax	2,000	2,000	4,000	70	279	279	558
11.—Forest	87,000	87,000	1,74,000	10,244	32,578	32,579	65,157
12.—Registration	6,000	7,000	13,000	1,168	3,854	3,853	7,707
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...			...	...	..	...
14.—Interest on other obligations		...	...	...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	2,75,000	1,40,000	4,15,000	30,583	1,29,474	62,313	1,91,787
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	4,77,000	2,39,000	7,16,000	57,674	2,36,028	1,12,500	3,48,528
19B.— Ditto —Jails	1,64,000	1,65,000	3,29,000	26,443	86,855	86,854	1,73,709
20.—Police	14,12,000	14,11,000	28,23,000	1,95,070	6,32,181	6,32,181	12,64,362
22.—Education	3,49,000	3,48,000	6,97,000	25,535	1,87,060	1,87,060	3,74,120
23.—Ecclesiastical	65,000	...	65,000	5,021	34,163	...	34,163
24A.—Medical	96,000	96,000	1,92,000	12,049	41,059	32,208	73,267
24B.—Sanitation	79,000	78,000	1,57,000	7,059	8,653	8,653	17,306
25.—Political	24,78,000	23,07,000	47,85,000	3,21,646	11,86,077	11,07,648	22,93,725
26A.—Agriculture	72,000	72,000	1,44,000	3,702	19,171	19,171	38,342
26B.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	5,000	6,000	11,000	6.9	2,466	2,467	4,933
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	61,000	..	61,000	3,341	48,898	...	48,898
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	...	...		...	...	...	...
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	98,000	97,000	1,95,000	18,164	50,233	50,233	1,00,466
30.—Stationery and Printing	68,000	67,000	1,35,000	8,665	22,696	22,696	45,392
32.—Miscellaneous	27,000	28,000	55,000	3,760	11,510	11,510	23,020
33.—Famine Relief	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	12,34,000	3,06,000	15,40,000	65,094	1,50,494	1,50,494	3,00,988
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	25,000	25,000	50,000	1,211	13,301	13,301	26,602
45.—Civil Works	12,98,000	12,92,000	25,90,000	90,149	1,60,175	1,60,176	3,20,351
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	88,48,000	71,19,000	1,59,67,000	9,35,937	32,70,579	28,53,241	61,23,820
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	1,11,98,354	...	...	6,46,29,619
TOTAL	...	...	...	1,21,34,291	...	...	7,07,53,439
Balance on 30th September 1918	...	...	...	19,50,717	...	...	19,50,717
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	1,40,85,008	...	...	7,27,04,156

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB;
LAHORE,
The 13th February 1919.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for October 1918 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1918-19.

Revenue and Receipts.	Budget Estimate for 1918-19. Imperial.	Special.	Total.	Receipts in October 1918.	Receipts from 1st April 1918 to 31st October 1918. Imperial.	Special.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	3,000	23,44,000	23,47,000	7,718	...	12,21,008	12,21,008
II.—Opium	...	64,000	64,000	8,294	...	48,210	48,210
IV.—Stamps	...	7,47,000	7,47,000	46,624	...	3,99,724	3,99,724
V.—Excise	...	4,70,000	4,70,000	44,239	...	3,02,096	3,02,096
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...
VII.—Customs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII.—Income Tax	6,000	2,94,000	3,00,000	14,827	1,616	97,764	99,380
IX.—Forest	...	3,75,000	3,75,000	80,037	...	2,04,191	2,04,191
X.—Registration	...	50,000	50,000	3,065	...	29,639	29,639
XI.—Tribute from Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII.—Interest	47,000	...	47,000	349	23,582	...	23,582
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	2,28,000	2,28,000	21,878	...	1,36,090	1,36,090
XVIB.— Ditto —Jails	...	39,000	39,000	847	...	16,450	16,450
XVII.—Police	...	32,000	32,000	1,353	...	9,330	9,330
XIX.—Education	...	25,000	25,000	1,578	...	14,103	14,103
XXA.—Medical	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	8,263	8,263
XXB.—Sanitation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXIA.—Agriculture	...	11,000	11,000	3	...	229	229
XXIB.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	...	...	...	...	...	148	148
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	...	28,000	28,000	2,418	...	16,614	16,614
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	29,000	29,000	2,349	...	7,091	7,091
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	1,54,000	1,54,000	13,929	...	51,880	51,880
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	9,13,000	4,21,000	13,34,000	1,10,242	3,70,859	3,70,860	7,41,719
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXXI.—Civil Works	...	1,74,000	1,74,000	8,872	...	68,638	68,638
Total Revenue and Receipts	9,69,000	54,87,000	64,56,000	3,68,622	3,96,057	30,02,328	33,98,385
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	95,70,951	...	...	7,70,90,139
Total	...		...	99,39,573	...	...	8,04,88,524
Opening Cash Balance	...	...	... (b)	19,50,717	...	... (a)	21,55,206
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	1,18,90,290	...	...	8,26,43,730

(a) On 1st April 1918. (b) On 1st October 1918.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

Office of the Accountant-General, Punjab,
Lahore;
The 14th February 1919.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for October 1918 and of the Budget Estimates for the year 1918-19.

EXPENDITURE.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1918-19.			Disbursement in October 1918.	DISBURSEMENT FROM 1ST APRIL 1918 TO 31ST OCTOBER 1918.		
	Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.		Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	13,000	26,000	2,158	7,761	7,761	15,522
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	9,000	18,000	173	5,357	5,358	10,715
3.—Land Revenue	4,26,000	3,01,000	7,27,000	69,369	2,32,289	1,66,565	3,98,854
6.—Stamps	14,000	15,000	29,000	1,463	5,141	5,141	10,282
7.—Excise	8,000	8,000	16,000	1,233	4,732	4,731	9,463
10.—Income Tax	2,000	2,000	4,000	62	310	310	620
11.—Forest	87,000	87,000	1,74,000	11,087	38,122	38,122	76 244
12.—Registration	6,000	7,000	13,000	833	4,270	4,270	8,540
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	2,75,000	1,40,000	4,15,000	27,746	1,49,157	70,376	2,19,533
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	4,77,000	2,39,000	7,16,000	57,653	2,75,339	1,30,852	4,06,191
19B.— Ditto —Jails	1,64,000	1,65,000	3,29,000	22,146	97,927	97,927	1,95,854
20.—Police	14,12,000	14,11,000	28,23,000	2,03,675	7,34,019	7,34,018	14,68,037
22.—Education	3,49,000	3,48,000	6,97,000	1,40,449	2,57,285	2,57,284	5,14,569
23.—Ecclesiastical	65,000	...	65,000	4,753	38,916	...	38,916
24A.—Medical	96,000	96,000	1,92,000	39,045	61,531	50,781	1,12,312
24B.—Sanitation	79,000	78,000	1,57,000	989	9,147	9,148	18,295
25.—Political	24,78,000	23,07,000	47,85,000	3,70,331	13,77,999	12,86,057	26,64,056
26A.—Agriculture	72,000	72,000	1,44,000	7,628	22,985	22,985	45,970
26B.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	5,000	6,000	11,000	952	2,943	2,943	5,886
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	61,000	...	61,000	3,536	52,434	...	52,434
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	98,000	97,000	1,95,000	13,601	57,034	57,034	1,14,068
30.—Stationery and Printing	68,000	67,000	1,35,000	12,085	28,738	28,738	57,476
32.—Miscellaneous	27,000	28 000	55,000	3,572	13,296	13,296	26,592
33.—Famine Relief	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	12,34,000	3,06,000	15,40,000	57,438	1,79,213	1,79,213	3,58,426
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	25,000	25,000	50,000	951	13,776	13,777	27,553
45.—Civil Works	12,98,000	12,92,000	25,90,000	—27,022	1,46,665	1,46,664	2,93,329
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	88,48,000	71,19,000	1,59,67,000	10,25,916	38,16,386	33,33,351	71,49,737
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	96,30,171	...	...	7,42,59,790
TOTAL	...	...	...	1,06,56 087	...	...	8,14 09,527
Balance on 31st October 1918	...	...	...	12,34,203	...	...	12,34,203
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	1,18,90,290	...	...	8,26,43,730

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB;
LAHORE.
The 14th February 1919.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

II O

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS, ACCOUNTS SECTION, 1ST (PESHAWAR) DIVISION.

List of Government Promissory Notes and other Securities remaining in deposit with the Controller of Military Accounts, 1st (Peshawar) Division, on the 31st December 1918, on account of security deposits of Contractors, etc.

No.	Designation of officer from whom received and to whom interest is sent.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.											
		3½ per cent. 1842-43.	3½ per cent. 1854-55.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3½ per cent. 1879.	3½ per cent. 1900-01.	3 per cent. 1896-97.	4 per cent. 1915-16.	4 per cent. 1916-17.	Debentures and Bonds.	Post Office 5 years Cash Certificates.	Bank deposit receipts.	TOTAL.
	On which interest is drawn.												
1	Divisional Disbursing Officer, 1st (Peshawar) Division, Peshawar.	...	1,000	12,500	...	...	2,100	...	...	...	...	...	15,600
	Total Rs.	...	1,000	12,500	...	...	2,100	...	...	...	...	...	15,600
	Safe Custody.											Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
2	Divisional Disbursing Officer, 1st (Peshawar) Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,560	18,905 12 3	20,465 12 3
	TOTAL Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,560	18,905 12 3	20,465 12 3

PESHAWAR ;
Dated the 13th February 1919.

K. H. JACKSON, Lt.-Col.,
Controller of Military Accounts, 1st Division.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS 8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION.

List of Government promissory notes and other securities remaining in deposit with the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, on 31st December 1918, on account of security deposits of contractors, etc.

No.	Designation of officer from whom received and to whom interest is sent.	AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT.									
		5 per cent. 1929-47.	3½ per cent. 1854-55.	3½ per cent. 1842-43.	3½ per cent. 1865.	3½ per cent. 1900-01.	3 per cent. 1896-97.	Debentures and bonds.	Bank deposit receipts.	Treasury Bills.	TOTAL.
	On which interest is drawn.										
	Divisional Disbursing Officer, 8th (Lucknow) Division	700	300	...	17,800	...	6,300	...	...	...	25,100
	Allahabad Bank Ltd.	...	...	...	..	...	...	2,17,000	...	...	2,17,000
	Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta	1,04,000	..	...	...	...	...	...	1,00,000	1,00,000	3,04,000
	Messrs. King, Hamilton & Co., Calcutta	...	...	11,000	1,21,000	12,000	...	...	...	...	1,44,000
	Total	1,04,700	300	11,000	1,28,800	12,000	6,300	2,17,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	6,90,100
		3 per cent. loan.					Trust of India certificate.	Trust of India fraction.	Bank deposit receipts.		TOTAL.
	Safe Custody.										
	Divisional Disbursing Officer, 8th (Lucknow) Division	500	...	...	..	...	3,100	140	Rs. A. P. 22,362 6 8		26,102 6 8
	TOTAL	500	...	...	...	...	3,100	140	22,362 6 8		26,102 6 8

LUCKNOW;
Dated the 12th February 1919.

D. A. E. WILL, MAJOR,
Controller of Military Account, 8th Lucknow Division.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 8TH TO 15TH FEBRUARY 1919.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage for Egyptian Government.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta . . .	(a)[illegible]2	...	...	72	80	...	80	12	(b)165	10	...	187	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	117	...	...	117	84	...	84	21	(c)107	1	...	129	...	...	...	1	1	54

(a) Includes 31 received from Bombay Mint.
(b) Exclusive of 382 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received (also includes 53 received from Bombay Mint).
(c) Exclusive of 258 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received and 141 transferred to Calcutta Mint.

His Majesty's Mint;
Calcutta, the 20th Feb. 1919.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-Col., I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that Mr. Crookshrank, Forest Range Officer at Malkangiu in the Vizagapatam District, died about ten years ago and that there exists a tomb of his at that place. Unless his friends or relations make arrangements for the proper upkeep of the tomb it will be levelled to the ground under B. S. O. 203.

KORAPUT,

13th December 1918.

F. G. BUTLER,
Special Assistant Agent.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 29th January 1919.

No. 285.—The following promotions and reversions of officers in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department are ordered during the month of December 1918.

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	With effect from
1. In the vacancy caused by the absence on one year, eleven months and 21 days combined leave of Mr. W. O. Davey, Superintendent, 4th grade (substantively promoted to 3rd grade from 11th August 1918 but the promotion to take effect on his return from leave) (leave without pay begins from 31st December 1918) from 10th July 1917.				
Mr. E. R. Goodwin	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade, sub. *pro tem.*	Promotion	31st.
Mr. Kasim Husain	Inspector on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do.	4th to 30th.
Mr. Abdus Samad	Inspector on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. *pro tem.*	Do.	31st.
2. In the vacancy caused by the absence on combined leave for one year of Mr. E. D. Wilson, Superintendent, 1st grade from 18th October 1918.				
Mr. Bhagirath Lal Jha	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector on Rs. 125	Reversion	31st.
Mr. Kasim Husain	Inspector on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Promotion	31st.
3. In the vacancy caused by the absence on Military duty of Mr. R. N. Haygarth, Superintendent, 4th grade, from 24th October 1918.				
Mr. Abdus Samad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade sub. *pro tem.*	Inspector on Rs. 125	Reversion	31st.
Mr. Bhagirath Lal Jha	Inspector on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, sub. *pro tem.*	Promotion	31st.
4. In the vacancy caused by the absence on one month's privilege leave of Mr. Harnam Singh, Superintendent, 3rd grade, from 7th December 1918.				
Mr. Mahmud Hasan	Inspector on Rs. 76	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Promotion	7th.

The 11th February 1919.

No. 296.—Mr. N. Daly, Superintendent, Malgin Circle, Kohat Mines Division, is granted leave on Medical Certificate for one month in extension of the period sanctioned in notification No. 247, dated the 28th December 1918.

(618 P. of 1919.)

J. C. FERGUSSON,
Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

The 10th February 1918.

No. 294.—M. Abdul Ghafur, clerk, is appointed to officiate as an inspector and is posted to the Sambhar Lake Division (51 P. of 1919).

D. M. SMITH, Personal Assistant,
for Commissioner, N. I. Salt Revenue.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 18th February 1919.

No. 8024-*G-Camp*.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Mr. N. Mason, B. A., Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, for four months on medical certificate.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th February 1919.

No. 2.—No. 1053, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Khuda-baksh, I. M. D., attached to the Medical Store Depôt, Calcutta, is granted, under the terms of paragraph 269, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, 60 days' leave on full pay combined with 1 month and 10 days leave on ¼th pay, with effect from the 24th June 1918.

(This office Notification No. 17, dated the 3rd October 1918, is hereby cancelled.)

H. ROSS, Lt.-Colonel,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 11th February 1919.

No. 3.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India on medical certificate with effect from the date and for the period specified against his name.

Temporary Lieutenant T. Lincoln, R. I. M., 6 months, with effect from the 10th February 1919.

B. H. JONES,
for Offg. Director, Royal Indian Marine.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 12th February 1919.

No. 6.—Mr. F. R. B. August, District Traffic Superintendent in class II, grade 4 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways is granted under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 308 of the Civil Service Regulations combined leave for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 15th April 1919, or the subsequent date.

Lahore, the 13th February 1919.

No. 7.—Mr. G. J. Eades, Assistant Signal Engineer, is granted under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period, with effect from the 12th March 1919.

J. H. WHITE,
for Agent, North Western Railway.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 13th February 1919.

No. 949-*Home*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 12, Sub-section (*i*) of he Indian Press Act, 1910, (I of 1910), the Chief Commissioner declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies wherever found of a vernacular pamphlet entitled "Notice" issued n behalf of the Anjuman-Fidaiyani-Islam, India, beginning with the words "Musalmans, pen your eyes, awake from slumber, etc.", and ending with the words "Say Bismillah (*i.e*, ommence), utter the cry of Allaho Akbar, (God is the greatest of all) and be ready for the st decision", and all copies of all other documents containing the matter of the said leaflet, n the ground that the said leaflet contains words which have a tendency to bring into hatred nd contempt the Government established by law in British India, and appears to the Chief Commissioner to contain words which are of the nature described in Section (4), Sub-section i), clauses (*a*), (*c*) and (*e*) of the said Act.

No. 957-*Home*.—Mr. C. B. Barry, I.C.S., Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, elinquished charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 8th February 1919.

No. 972-*Education*.—Under the provisions of section 212(1) clauses (*d*) and (*e*) of ie Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, and in supersession of Notification No. 423, dated the 6th January 1913, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint the following committee, ith effect from the date of this notification, to provide for the assessment, recovery and expenditure of the taxation levied in the Notified Area of Delhi Civil Station in the Province of elhi and for the preparation and maintenance of proper account of the same :—

(i) *Members appointed by name.*

(1) Mr. H. T. Keeling, C.S.I., President.

(2) Major F. C. Waller.

(3) Rai Sahib Raj Narain, Bar-at-Law.

(4) Mr. Grant Govan.

(ii) *Members appointed* ex-officio.

(5) The Officer Commanding the Station.

(6) The Health Officer, Notified Area Committee.

(7) The City Magistrate as Secretary.

The term of office of the President and such members as are not appointed *ex-officio* will . three years.

The 15th February 1919.

No. 1033-*Education*.—Whereas the District Board of Delhi has applied to the Chief ommissioner, Delhi Province, under the provisions of section 61 of the Act XX of 1883 (The njab District Board Act), and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner of the Delhi ovince that the land is required by the said District Board for a public purpose, namely for e construction of Puth Kalan drain in the Delhi Province, it is hereby declared that the dermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 94, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Delhi Province is hereby direc- l to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

1 rovince.	2 Tahsil.	3 Mouza.	4 Area in acres.	5 Boundaries.	6 Place where the plan may be inspected.
lhi .	Delhi .	Puth Kalan Kirari Sulaman Nagar Mundka.	2·24 5·44 3·72	A strip of land 3 miles, 4,010 ft. long [illegible] ft. wide from R. D. O. to R. D. [illegible]20 between Puth Kalan and Mundka villages from north to south.	District Board office, Delhi.

No. 1035-*Education.*—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government under the provisions of Section 58 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act) and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the land is required for a public purpose, namely, shifting a latrine in Gali Daootan, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act 1 of 1894 and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

SPECIFICATION.

District.	Tahsil.	Mouza.	Area.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi .	Delhi .	Delhi .	43·2 square yards.	*North.*—Hargopal's property. *South.*— Do. do. *East.*— Do. do. *West.*—Public lane	Deputy Commissioner's Office, Delhi.

The 17th February 1919.

No. 1088-*Home.*—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 8th February 1919, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
			Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.				
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
	Delhi . .	225,471	103	86	189	93	72	165	...	2	...	77	4	63	...	19	...	34	18	52	43·59	38·05
	Notified Area	3,673	...	2	2	3	2	5	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	28·31	70·78
	Total .	229,144	103	88	191	96	74	170	...	2	...	81	4	63	...	20	...	35	18	53	43·34	38·57

The 18th February 1919.

No. 1095-*Education.*—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of Act III of 1911, Punjab Municipal Act, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Ghyas-ud-din, son of Chaudhri Nasir-ud-din has been elected, under section 17 (1) of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee, Delhi, in the Province of Delhi, in the vacancy caused by the death of the late Chaudhri Nasir-ud-din.

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Sibi, the 15th February 1919.

No. 793-*S.*—Reverend E. A. Storrs Fox is appointed as Assistant Chaplain of Quetta with effect from the afternoon of 4th of February 1919.

By order,
G. HARRIS, Major,
First Assistant.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 18th February 1919.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,89,00,000	0	0			
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, *see below* .	25,00,000	0	0			
				1,64,00,000	0	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments				25,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	1,99,11,996	13	1			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,26,53,420	5	6	3,25,65,417	2	7
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				26,03,12,870	6	2
Bank Post Bills, etc. . . .				13,60,536	3	2
Sundries				13,51,695	9	4
RUPEES .				33,44,90,519	5	3

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities . .				6,15,24,682	0	0
Other authorized Investments .				1,40,93,534	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .				9,52,60,555	8	4
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				5,39,71,029	13	9
Bills discounted and purchased .				1,72,56,823	12	8
Balances with other Banks .				46,21,357	9	6
Bullion						
Dead Stock				28,38,958	1	8
Stamps				11,553	0	9
Sundries . . .				10,53,819	5	5
				25,06,32,263	4	1
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	3,40,77,956	9	0			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	4,97,80,299	8	2	8,38,58,256	1	2
RUPEES .				33,44,90,519	5	3

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,76,650 0 0
† Do. do. do. ,, 5,31,840 0 0

Rs. 9,08,490 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL.
Calcutta, 20th February 1919.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 28·36.

CURRENCY NOTE.

The following Currency Note of the Cawnpore Circle is stated to have been destroyed and payment of its value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number. Any other person claiming a right to it is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant
H-161 of 1918-19 . . .	DB/75 00194 . .	Rs. 10	Thotha, sweet maker, Bazar and Post Office, Bishnathgunj, District Partabgarh.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT:
Cawnpore, the 13th February 1919.

N. N. MAZUMDAR,
Currency Officer.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) :—

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description	Date of presentation of petitions			Date of the adjudication		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
87—1919	Atmaram Pandurang Amre	Hindu	No. 1, Kakadwadi, Girgaum Back Road.	Lately doing business as tailor under the style of West End Tailoring Co., and now clerk in the service of the Hardware and Sundries Importing Agency.	10th	February	1919	10th	February	1919
88—1919	Mulji Morarji Thacker and Damodar Morarji Thacker.	"	Lower Parel	Lately trading in partnership as Commission Agents under the name, style and firm of Mulji Morarji and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
86—1919	Vasanji Khandubhai Desai and Krishnaji Vithoo Sinde.	"	Chikalwadi and Matunga, respectively.	Lately doing partnership business at Matunga as Contractors for supplying stores with Nichalbhai Haribhai Desai and Krishnaji Muiloo under the name and style of Vasanji Krishnaji & Co., and now 1st debtor teacher in the Municipal Fort Gujarathi School and the 2nd debtor unemployed.	"	"	"	11th	"	"
89—1919	Narandas Dharamsi Joshi	"	Holi Chakla, Fort	Lately cotton and sugar speculator and now unemployed.	12th	"	"	12th	"	"
90—1919	[illegible]uralli Rasulbeg Mistry	Mahomedan	Chor Bazar	Lately petty dealer in marble tables and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
91—1919	Ranchhod Bechardas Koovaria	Hindu	Girgaum	Lately proprietor of the R. B. Koovarda Washing Company and now clerk in the employ of the new Railway Washing Company.	13th	"	"	13th	"	"
92—1919	Ramji Sovco Savinkar	"	Arthur Road	Fitter in the G. I. P. Railway at Victoria Terminus.	14th	"	"	14th	"	"
93—1919	Mahomed Haji Joosab Memon	Mahomedan	Kolsa Molla	Formerly carrying on business at Bhoji pala Street as perfumery and provision merchant in the name of M. H. Joosab and now unemployed.	15th	"	"	15th	"	"
94—1919	Dashrath Ramji Nakwa and Mukabai, wife of Dashrath Ramji Nakwa.	Hindu	Sovapur Lane	Fishermen	17th	"	"	17th	"	"
95—1919	Ayub Arab Memon	Mahomedan	Bhownagri Molla	Lately pearl merchant and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
96—1919	Dominic Ambrosta *alias* Bosta	Portuguese	No. 53, Mazagon	Fitter in the Bombay Port Trust.	"	"	"	"	"	"
97—1919	Mahomedalli Gulamhusein Khoja	Mahomedan	Samuel Street	Servant in the employ of A. M. Somji	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 17th day of February 1919.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Ag. Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 19 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 4th February 1919.

In the matter of Shaik Ismail, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Shaik Ismail, unemployed, residing at No. 3, 131st Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Shaik Ismail.

CASE No. 20 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 6th February 1919.

In the matter of Thakurdeen Tewari, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Thakurdeen Tewari, of 43rd Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Thakurdeen Tewari.

CASE No. 21 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 5th February 1919.

In the matter of Chidambra Achary, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chidambra Achary, Native Doctor, No. 14, 60th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chidambra Achary.

CASE No. 22 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 6th February 1919.

In the matter of Maung Mu, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Mu, Clerk, Municipal Office, residing at Nos. 54-55, Sparks Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Mu.

CASE No. 60 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 11th February 1919.

In the matter of Maung Nyoon, Clerk, residing at No. 30, Commissioner Road, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Maung Nyoon, an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 10th day of February 1919.

CASE No. 146 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 11th February 1919.

In the matter of Ee Kyat, Trader, residing at No. 19, 15th Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Ee Kyat an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 22nd day of January 1919.

CASE No. 167 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 11th February 1919.

In the matter of Rene Piere De'Clozete, Foreman, residing at Fire Brigade, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Rene Piere De'Clozete an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 17th day of January 1919.

CASE No. 23 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 7th February 1919.

In the matter of Jinkala Chengabraya Naidu, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Jinkala Chengabraya Naidu, Clerk, residing at No. 35, 37th Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Jinkala Chengabraya Naidu.

CASE No. 24 OF 1919.

Rangoon, the 11th February 1919.

In the matter of Ranjit Chowdhury, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ranjit Chowdhury Durwan, Burma Oil Company, Ltd., Daneedaw, Rangoon, on the 10th day of February 1919, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ranjit Chowdhury.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

In Insolvency.

No. 31 OF 1911.

Dated the 12th February 1919.

Re Basturam Acharjee.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of Court, dated the 7th day of April 1914, the order of adjudication made herein on the 2nd day of February 1911, was annulled.

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 18 OF 1919.

Dated the 12th February 1919.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Messrs. N. C. Gupta & Co.—Debtor's Solicitors.

Re Hari Pado Dass, residing at No. 34, Ramtonoo Bose Lane, in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on a goldsmith's business at No. 9-1, Ramtonoo Bose Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, but now a service holder.

On the 10th day of February 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 19 OF 1919.

Dated the 17th February 1919.

Ex parte the Debtor.

Banerjee and Banerjee—Insolvent's Solicitor.

Re Balraj Mahata, at present residing at No. 12, Chitpore Road, in the town of Calcutta, and lately residing at No. 69, Burtolla Street, in Calcutta aforesaid, and carrying on business at No. 46, Strand Road, Calcutta, in jute and piecegoods, formerly under the name and style of Balraj Mahata and at present under the name and style of Balraj Sher Sing.

On the 10th day of February 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 20 OF 1919.

Dated the 17th February 1919.

Ex parte the Debtor.

N. C. Gupta & Co.—Insolvent's Solicitors.

Re Chatoo Lall Moondra, residing and carrying on business in piecegoods under his own name and style at No. 21, Nurmull Lohia Lane, in the town of Calcutta.

On the 13th day of February, 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 22 OF 1919.

Dated, the 17th February 1919.

Ex parte the Debtor.

M. N. Mitter—Insolvent's Solicitor.

Re Mansookrai, residing at No. 94-3, Lower Chitpore Road, in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business in piecegoods under the name and style of Premsookdas Mansookroy, at No. 201, Harrison Road, in Calcutta aforesaid, but at present without any employment.

On the 14th day of February 1919, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment, dated at Burhan, this 11th day of February 1919.

Number, Rank and Name—9711, Private W Wade.
Age—28 years 9 months.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.

Date of Enlistment—24th July 1909
Place of Enlistment—Halifax, Yorkshire.
Parish and county in which born—Leeds, Yorkshire.
Date of desertion or absence—10th February 1919.
Place of desertion or absence—Burhan.
Under 10 years' service.

A. O. L. DAVIS, Captain, *for* Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 17th February 1919.

No. 799.—[illegible] H. B. Hanby, Deputy Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 30 days under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 18th February 1919 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 17th February 1919.

No. 755-*E.-E.*—Mr. M. H. Reynolds, Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for one year and six months with effect from the 24th January 1919.

The 18th February 1919.

No. 783-*E.-E.*—Mr. R. Robertson, Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 5th February 1919.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(POST OFFICE.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 15th February 1919.

No. 558-*Ap.*—Mr. A. F. Slater, A. M. I. M. E., Superintendent, Postal Workshop and Press, Aligarh, pay Rs. 600—700, is granted privilege leave for forty-one days with effect from the 17th February 1919, or from any subsequent day on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. F. F. Pike, Assistant Superintendent, Postal Press, Aligarh, pay Rs. 300—400, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Postal Workshop and Press, Aligarh, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. A. F. Slater or until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 17th February 1919.

No. 1293-*T.*—Mr. W. J. Benson, Officiating Superintendent of Post Offices, Traffic, Bengal and Assam Circle, was granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 25th September 1918.

The 18th February 1919.

No. 1308-*T.*—Mr. A. H. Raikes, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, has been granted privilege leave for one month, in extension of the leave sanctioned in Notification No. 7046-T., dated the 20th December 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 20th February 1919.

No. 1359-*T.*—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 13th February 1919 to 19th February 1919.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Calcutta Elliott Road	Calcutta	17th January 1919	Opened.
Port Albert Victor	Bombay	23rd November 1918	Closed.
Prabhas Patan	,,	21st January 1919	Opened.
Rajkot City	,,	4th January 1919	Do.

The following alteration in the name of a Government telegraph office is notified :—

"Mohammadabad (Ghazipur)" instead of "Mehmmodabad (Ghazipur)".

The following alteration in the name of a Railway telegraph office is notified :—

On the North Western Railway.

"Jaurah Karnana" instead of "Jaurah [illegible]."

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

REGISTERED No. C. 696



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations

—

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 058921 of the 5½ per cent War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 200, originally standing in the name of the Bapuji Atmaram Mokasi and last endorsed to K P Deshpande, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser K. P DESHPANDE

Residence—Nagothna, District Kolaba

Dated the 2nd February 1919

LOST.

The No $\frac{785\ B}{F.\ I.}$ of the 5½ per cent. War bond 1920 for Rs 200, originally issued in the name of Hari Prasanna Mukerjee, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—HARI PRASANNA MUKERJEE,

Residence—Bhadiswar, P O. Muiarai

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{4456}{F\text{-}1}$ B. U. of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Maung Maung, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MAUNG MAUNG.

Residence—Mondaw, Amarapura Township, Mandalay District.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. B068705 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 100, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to the Agent and Chief Engineer, H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway by the proprietors the Standard Oil Co. of New York, Bombay, as earnest money but was stolen before reaching the Agent and Chief Engineer, H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above security.

Name of the Advertiser—STANDARD OIL Co. OF NEW YORK, Attorney.

Residence—Ballard Road, Bombay.

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 160253 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 5,000, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to O. B. Payne, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—O. B. PAYNE.

Residence—Shipping Controller's Office, Ballard Road, Bombay.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 014873, 014874, 014875, and 014876 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1921, for Rs. 4,000, *i.e.*, Rs. 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Nawab Tasudduq Hussein, Khan Saheb, Rais and Honorary Magistrate of Aurangabad, District Kheri, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—NAWAB TASUDD[illegible]EIN, Khan Saheb,

Residence—Rais and Hony. Magistrate, Aurangabad, District Kheri.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No 058123 of the 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Sardar Mahal Sardar Begam, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—MOHAMMAD ASGHAR ALI KHAN,

Agent of Sardar Mahal Sardar Begam,

20, Raja Bazar, Lucknow.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. J002617 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928 for Rs. 10,000, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Bombay, and last endorsed to Gordhandas Keshavji, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN, Attorneys
for Mr. GORDHANDAS, KESHAVJI,
109, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 183729, dated 5th November 1918 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of $\frac{\text{No. 175712}}{\text{C. No. 4984—122656}}$ of 1854 G. P. Notes, for Rs. 26-4. The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—PANKAJ KUMAR CHATTERJEE.
Address—Sub-Inspector of Police, Burdwan Police Station, District Burdwan.

Hindu Family Annuity Fund Office.

Resolution of the Subscribers to the Hindu Family Annuity Fund adopted at their meeting held on the 26th January 1919.

That the Directors be authorised to draw in the manner laid down in Rule 73 Rupees 86,900 only from the Deposit Account with the Government of India to meet expenditure provided for in the Budget Estimate for 1919-20.

H. D. BASU, Secretary.

REGISTERED No. C. 696.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 8. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 8 OF 1918-19

PREFATORY NOTE.

THE COTTON SEASON, 1918-19.

In the Third Cotton Forecast, published on the 18th December, 1918, the yield of the [illegible] provisionally estimated at 3,282,000 bales on an area of 19,677,000 acres, as compared with 4,035,000* bales on an area of 24,781,000 acres, the final estimates of last year, a decrease of 19 per cent in the outturn. There were 535,000 bales of cotton pressed in the pressing factories, and 133,000 bales of unpressed cotton received in the spinning mills, from 1st September to 31st December, 1918, as against 159,000 bales and 155,000 bales, respectively, during the corresponding period of last year, showing an increase of 17 per cent in the case of presses, but a decrease of 11 per cent in the case of mills. Too much stress should not be laid on the accuracy of these returns as a means of checking the forecast estimates of outturn, as there is at present no system in vogue of furnishing complete returns from all the presses and mills in India. The figures for the States of Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore are, as will be seen from the footnotes to the tables, mostly incomplete and have been excluded for the purpose of comparison.

* The trade estimate is, however, 3,860,000 bales (Net exports 1,409,000 bales, mill consumption 1,701,000 bales and extra-factory consumption 750,000 bales.) The estimate of mill consumption is based on the statistics of yarn produced by the mills, and excludes the quantity of waste cotton sold by the mills, which is included partly in "Net exports" and partly in "extra-factory consumption."

I.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 31st December, 1918.
(Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total quantity pressed from 1st September to 31st December (bales of 400 lbs each) — Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	630,000	19·2	198	25	19,004	44,349	89,209
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	789,000	24·0	162	91	107,831	269,674	(f) 168,406
Madras	519,000	15·8	58	49	(b) 2,646	54,722	(f) 58,327
Punjab (including Indian States)	501,000	15·3	92	12	10,743	27,792	20,621
United Provinces	175,000	5·3	85	32	20,712	80,556	86,798
Sind	98,000	3·0	15	5	7,744	29,094	9,714
Burma	70,000	2·1	(g) 19	5	4,968	26,766	(f) 25,885
Bihar and Orissa	19,000	·6	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	26,000	·8	3	2	141	222	69
Assam	12,000	·4	...	...	...	...	...
North-West Frontier Province	9,000	·3	1	1	137	637	2,831
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	·4	5	2	628	1,410	2,036
Delhi	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)	2,862,000	87·2	639	224	174,554	535,222	458,846
Hyderabad	200,000	6·1	41	(e)	(e)	...	...
Central India	133,000	4·0	32	(e)	(e)	...	...
Rajputana	61,000	1·9	10	1	108	698	1,727
Mysore	26,000	·8	3	2	29	1,722	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (d)	420,000	12·8	86	3	137	2,420	1,727
GRAND TOTAL	3,282,000	100	725	227	174,691	537,642	460,573

(a) The figures in column 2 are the provisional estimates for 1918-19, as published in the Third Forecast, dated the 18th December, 1918. Final estimates for 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of February, 1919.
(b) Figures to the weeks ending 21st and 28th December, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.
(c) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.
(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.
(f) Revised figure.
(g) Of this number 8 presses worked during the half-month.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 31st December, 1918.
(Season 1918-19, *i.e.*, from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total quantity received from 1st September to 31st December (bales of 400 lbs each) — Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	165	43	14,462	70,866	90,744
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	10	7	8,651	29,165	16,074
Madras	12	12	(a) 146	4,929	(d) 7,761
Punjab	3	...	...	476	4,147
United Provinces	15	4	182	1,678	8,427
Sind	1	...	...	...	...
Bengal	10	9	3,921	21,801	(d) 23,088
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	960	2,645	3,479
Delhi	3	2	197	1,459	1,190
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (b)	221	79	28,819	133,019	154,910
Hyderabad	3	1	500	1,402	1,551
Central India	3	2	2,048	4,856	6,417
Mysore	2	2	78	318	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (c)	8	5	2,626	6,576	7,068
GRAND TOTAL	229	84	31,445	139,595	162,878

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of *unpressed* cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 21st and 28th December, 1918. [See footnote (b) on preceding page.]
(b) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.
(c) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(d) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 31st December, 1918, in *British Provinces (including Indian States within provincial boundaries).*

Province	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 31st December, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 31st December, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	630,000	14,849	70,866	115,215	18·3
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	789,000	269,674	29,165	298,839	37·9
Madras	519,000	54,722	4,929	59,651	11·5
Punjab (including Indian States), North-West Frontier Province, Delhi	510,000	28,429	1,935	30,364	6·0
United Provinces	175,000	80,556	1,678	82,284	47·0
Sind	98,000	29,094	...	29,094	29·7
Burma	70,000	26,766	...	26,766	38·2
Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Assam	57,000	222	21,801	22,028	38·6
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	1,410	2,645	4,055	29·0
TOTAL	2,862,000	535,232	133,019	668,241	23·3

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore. See footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA,
February 13, 1919.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule II (except molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *first*, the total imports into India in the month of January 1919, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1920:—

Description of sugar.	Imported during the month of January 1919.		Imported since 1st October 1918.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
	Cwt.	R a.	Cwt.	R a.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	...	...	6	18 8
" " and soft, refined in China	10,835	24 12	25,722	25 0
" " " " from Egypt	...	...	...	...
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 23 Dutch Standard and above.	844,850	15 8	2,702,799	15 4
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 16 to 22 Dutch Standard.	80,952	14 8	478,854	16 12
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 15 Dutch Standard and under.	..	.	...	...
" " " " from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over.	201,134	16 12	736,383	16 0

* This revised classification has been adopted with effect from January 1018, in accordance with the classification of Japanese Sugar in item No. 18 of the Import Tariff Schedule prescribed by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 1547-D., dated the 15th December 1917.

The imports of Sugar from Japan during the three months, October to December 1917, were 2,691 cwt. and the average value per cwt. was R17-8.

H. A. F. LINDSAY,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA:
The 19th February 1919.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

Joint Stock Companies.

JANUARY, 1919.

During the month under report, 32 companies were registered with an aggregate authorised capital of about R1,97 lakhs, as against 21 companies with an aggregate authorised capital of R1,24 lakhs in the corresponding month of the preceding year. Bengal alone accounted for 19 companies (R64 lakhs). For the ten months, April, 1918, to January, 1919, the number of companies registered was 219 with an authorised capital of R9,90 lakhs, as against 204 companies with R23,58 lakhs of authorised capital in the corresponding period of the preceding year. The largest flotation in January was that of the Indian Industries, Bombay (R1,00 lakhs).

Table 1.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of January, 1919, and in the corresponding month of 1918.

Classification of Companies	January, 1918		January, 1919	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital
		R(1,000)		R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	3	1,70	2	1,01
Insurance	1	50,00	...	...
Trading—				
Navigation	1	3,50	...	...
Others	8	14,41	15	1,81,65
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton mills	...	...	2	19,25
Cotton and jute screw and press	...	...	1	75
Rice mill	...	...	1	75
Saw and timber mill	...	...	1	2,50
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	2	5,50	1	1,00
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	2	3,00	8	36,80
Others	1	1,00	1	3,00
Companies other than those specified above	3	45,20	...	...
TOTAL	21	1,24,31	32	1,96,71

Table 2.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the ten months, April, 1918, to January, 1919, and in the corresponding period of 1917-18.

Classification of Companies	April, 1917, to January, 1918		April, 1918, to January, 1919	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital
		R(1,000)		R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	32	12,26,75	19	31,14
Insurance	1	50,00	2	10,20
Trading—				
Navigation	1	3,50	1	3,00
Railways and tramways	3	28,00	...	...
Co-operative association	1	2,50	1	20
Shipping, landing, and warehousing	1	5,00	...	...
Printing, publishing, and stationery	12	20,30	9	8,69
Others	76	5,72,51	97	4,84,45
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton mills	2	47,00	5	70,25
Mill for wool, silk, hemp, etc.	1	1,00	...	...
Cotton and jute screws and presses	8	6,50	3	11,75
Paper mill	1	2,00	...	...
Rice mills	2	1,70	8	90,75
Saw and timber mill	...	...	2	12,50
Other mills and presses	3	1,16,60	5	11,00
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	27	72,63	21	50,60
Coffee and cinchona	1	3,00	...	...
Others	6	6,98	7	25,90
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	[illegible]	19,50	22	72,80
Others	7	59,50	11	41,18
Land and building	2	1,10	1	6,00
Breweries	1	6,88	2	1,72
Ice manufacturing	1	60	...	...
Sugar manufacturing	...	...	2	19,00
Companies other than those specified above	19	1,04,05	6	38,55
TOTAL	204	23,57,60	219	9,89,68

Table 3.

Detailed statement showing particulars of Joint Stock Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of January, 1919.

No.	Class and Name	Situation of Registered Office	Objects	Authorized capital
	I.—Banking, Loan, and Insurance			Rs.
1	Kshatrias' Fund *	Madras	Banking and loan	1,000
2	Narayani Bank	Mettupalayam, District Coimbatore, Madras.	„ „	1,00,000
	Total, Banking, Loan, and Insurance.	......	....	1,01,000
	II.—Trading.			
3	English Electric Co.*	6, Hastings Street, Calcutta.	Electrical and mechanical engineering, etc.	1,00,000
4	Nainital Motor Transport Co.*	8, Strand Road, Calcutta	Carrying on business of running motor cars, etc.	2,00,000
5	International Engineering and Motor Works.*	48-3, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	General merchants	20,000
6	Buxa Forest Bye Products	8-1, Council House Street, Calcutta.	Manufacturing tannin extracts, cutch, etc.	10,00,000
7	B. A. S.	15, Clive Row, Calcutta	Manufacturing bricks, tiles, sewer pipes, etc.	3,00,000
8	Gunjur Febre Co.*	3, Fairlie Place, Calcutta	Growing and preparing fibres from various plants for ropes, etc.	1,00,000
9	Industrial Analytical Laboratory.*	Bengal	Establishing an analytical laboratory.	20,000
10	Frank Ross & Co.	15-7, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	Chemists, druggists, etc.	5,50,000
11	National Ware-house	Madras	General trade	20,000
12	Webbing Manufacturing Co.	„	Manufacturing cotton tape	1,00,000
13	New Era Industries*	Bombay	General traders and commission agents.	5,00,000
14	Indian Industries*	121, Esplanade Road, Bombay.	„ „	1,00,00,000
15	General Trading and Banking Co.	122, Dodpet, Bangalore City, Mysore.	Dealing in cloths, provision, etc.	55,000
16	Bavasar Kshatria Co.	Gurubasabha Building, Bangalore City, Mysore.	General traders and agents	1,00,000
17	Metallic Filaments Co.	55, Basettipet, Bangalore City, Mysore.	Manufacturing and dealing in filaments, threads, etc.	1,00,000
	Total, Trading	......	......	1,31,65,000
	III.—Mills and Presses			
	(a) Cotton Mills.			
18	Birla Mills*	Oriental Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.	Spinning and weaving cotton, etc.	12,25,000
19	Ahmedabad Fine Spinning and Weaving Company†.	Ahmedabad	„	7,00,000
	Total, Cotton Mills	......		19,25,000
	(b) Cotton and Jute Screw and Press.			
20	Rahmania Co.	Paramakudi, Ramnad District, Madras.	Ginning cotton	75,000
	(c) Rice Mill.			
21	Eastern Rice Mill Co.	26, Strand Road, Calcutta	Milling and dealing in grain, rice, etc.	75,000
	(d) Saw and Timber Mills.			
22	Forkating Saw Mills	12, Mission Row, Calcutta	Timber merchants, saw mill proprietors, etc.	2,50,000
	Total, Mills and Presses	......	......	23,25,000

* Registered as a private company

† Revived by an order of the Court on the 21st January 1919

Table 3—*contd.*

Detailed statement showing particulars of Joint Stock Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of January, 1919—*contd.*

No.	Class and Name	Situation of Registered Office	Objects	Authorised capital
	IV.—Tea and other Planting Companies			Rs.
23	Meghlibundh Tea Co.	7, Swallow Lane, Calcutta.	Cultivation of tea, etc.	1,00,000
	V.—Mining and Quarrying			
	(*a*) *Coal.*			
24	Tori Coal and Minerals Prospecting Co.*	7, Hastings Street, Calcutta	Mining coal, etc.	2,00,000
25	Khudika Colliery*	5, Clive Row, Calcutta	" "	50,000
26	Patmohua Collieries	Chartered Bank Buildings, Calcutta.	" "	25,00,000
27	New Dharmaband Coal Co.*	33, Canning Street, Calcutta.	" "	1,00,000
28	West Jambad Colliery*	" "	" "	1,50,000
29	Central Jamdhia Collieries*	" "	" "	1,00,000
30	Rampur Colliery	C.-6, Clive Buildings, Calcutta.	" "	5,00,000
31	Indian Mining Syndicate*	Bengal	Miners and colliery proprietors.	30,000
	Total, Coal	......	......	36,80,000
	(*b*) *Others.*			
32	Hlaygadaung concessions*	Cook's Buildings, Rangoon, Burma.	Miners, smelters, engineers, etc.	3,00,000
	Total, Mining and Quarrying	......	......	39,80,000
	GRAND TOTAL	......	......	1,96,71,000

* Registered as a private company.

CALCUTTA:
February 19, 1919

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

IMPORTS INTO CHIEF PORTS DURING DECEMBER, 1918

RETURN SHOWING the QUANTITIES of the PRINCIPAL STAPLES of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE IMPORTED into CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, KARACHI, and MADRAS PORTS by RAIL, RIVER, and SEA during DECEMBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA
February 21, 1919

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN SELECTED ARTICLES IN DECEMBER, 1918.

The object of the tables appended is to show the quantities of the principal staples of agricultural produce imported from the various provinces, etc., and from foreign countries into the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, and Karachi, and into the Madras ports during the month of December, 1918, and for the nine months, April to December, 1918, as compared with the corresponding periods of 1917. The statistics include sea-borne foreign and coasting trade as well as inland (rail and river-borne) trade. They have been furnished by Collectors of Customs, Steamer Companies, Railway Audit Officers, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, etc.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN DECEMBER, 1917 AND 1918.

It will be seen from Table I that the imports by rail, river, and sea in December, 1918, as against the corresponding month of 1917, show (in round numbers) a decrease of—

67 per cent in gram and pulse
(30,300 tons as against 92,000 tons last year),
62 per cent in tea
(17,056,200 lbs as against 45,114,400 lbs last year),
44 per cent in wheat (excluding wheat flour)
(35,500 tons as against 63,500 tons last year),
26 per cent in jute
(484,800 bales as against 651,100 bales last year), and
21 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(86,800 tons as against 109,800 tons last year).

The imports of linseed by rail, river, and sea into ports show an increase of 371 per cent (40,000 tons as against 8,500 tons last year), due mainly to larger exports from Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Central Provinces and Berar, and Rajputana and Central India. The increase of 79 per cent (12,500 tons as against 7,000 tons last year) in the [illegible]ts of rape and mustard seed is accounted for by larger receipts mai[illegible]mbay and the Punjab. The rise of 16 per cent (317,300 bales as [illegible]00 bales last year) in the imports of raw cotton is due to an increase in the exports mainly from the Punjab and the Central Provinces and Berar.

It will be seen from Table IV (wheat, excluding wheat flour) that the principal sources of the imports in December, 1917, were the Punjab, the United Provinces, and the Central Provinces and Berar. During December, 1918, the Punjab sent 56 per cent, and the United Provinces 25 per cent, of the total. There was a considerable decrease in December, 1918, in the imports from the Central Provinces and Berar. Table XI shows the *exports* from India by sea of wheat (including wheat flour) month by month during the last six years.

NOTE.—One bale of cotton or jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.
One maund is equivalent to 82¼ lbs.
One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 26 seers of rice.

GENERAL RESULTS—NINE MONTHS' IMPORTS INTO THE PORTS FROM UP-COUNTRY, ETC., THIS YEAR AND LAST YEAR.

The nine months' figures in table I show (in round numbers) an increase of—

137 per cent in linseed
(292,000 tons as against 123,100 tons last year),

23 per cent in jute
(3,950,100 bales as against 3,217,700 bales last year),

3 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(777,000 tons as against 755,200 tons last year),

2 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(101,100 tons as against 98,700 tons last year), and

2 per cent in gram and pulse
(646,700 tons as against 633,500 tons last year).

The imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) by rail, river, and sea into ports show a decrease of 52 per cent (806,500 tons as against 1,674,500 tons last year), mainly on account of smaller exports from the Punjab, Sind and British Baluchistan, Rajputana and Central India, and the Central Provinces and Berar. The decrease of 17 per cent (1,884,100 bales as against 2,279,900 bales last year) in the imports of raw cotton is accounted for by smaller receipts chiefly from Bombay, Rajputana and Central India, Madras, and the Central Provinces and Berar. The fall of 9 per cent (213,557,700 lbs as against 235,047,900 lbs last year) in the imports of tea into ports is due to smaller exports from Assam and Bengal.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN DECEMBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS MONTH.

As compared with November, 1918, the imports in December, 1918, into the ports referred to above show (in round numbers) a decrease of—

42 per cent in tea
(17,056,200 lbs as against 29,432,500 lbs previous month),

34 per cent in linseed
(40,000 tons as against 61,200 tons previous month),

19 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(86,800 tons as against 106,900 tons previous month),

13 p[illegible] cent in jute
(484,300 bale[illegible] against 554,600 bales previous month),

12[illegible]am and pulse
[illegible]as against 34,300 tons previous month), and

3 per cent in wheat (excluding wheat flour)
(35,500 tons as against 36,500 tons previous month),

and an increase of—

88 per cent in raw cotton
(317,300 bales as against 168,600 bales previous month) and

8 per cent in rape and must[illegible]eed
(12,500 tons as against 11,[illegible] tons previous month).

The Statistics for December, 1917 and 1918, as also for the nine months ending December, 1917 and 1918, together with those for November and December, 1918, are summarised below :—

SUMMARY TABLE I.

(1) Articles	(2) Imports, December, 1917	(3) Imports, December, 1918	(4) Imports, April to December, 1917	(5) Imports, April to December, 1918	(6) Increase (+) or decrease (—) of imports in December, 1918, as compared with December, 1917	(7) Increase (+) or decrease (—) of imports in nine months, April to December 1918, as compared with nine months, April to December 1917
	bales	bales	bales	bales	Per cent	Per cent
Cotton, raw . . .	273,678	317,265	2,279,831	1,884,098	+16	—17
	tons	tons	tons	tons		
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	63,454	35,537	1,674,516	806,513	—44	—52
Rice (including paddy) .	109,843	86,846	755,201	776,966	—21	+3
Gram and Pulse . .	92,046	30,273	633,488	646,662	—67	+2
Linseed . . .	8,493	40,044	123,084	291,955	+371	+137
Rape and Mustard seed .	6,978	12,480	98,669	101,115	+79	+2
	bales	bales	bales	bales		
Jute	654,104	484,321	3,217,716	3,950,126	—26	+23
	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs		
Tea	45,114,862	17,056,186	235,047,861	213,557,705	—62	—9

SUMMARY TABLE II.

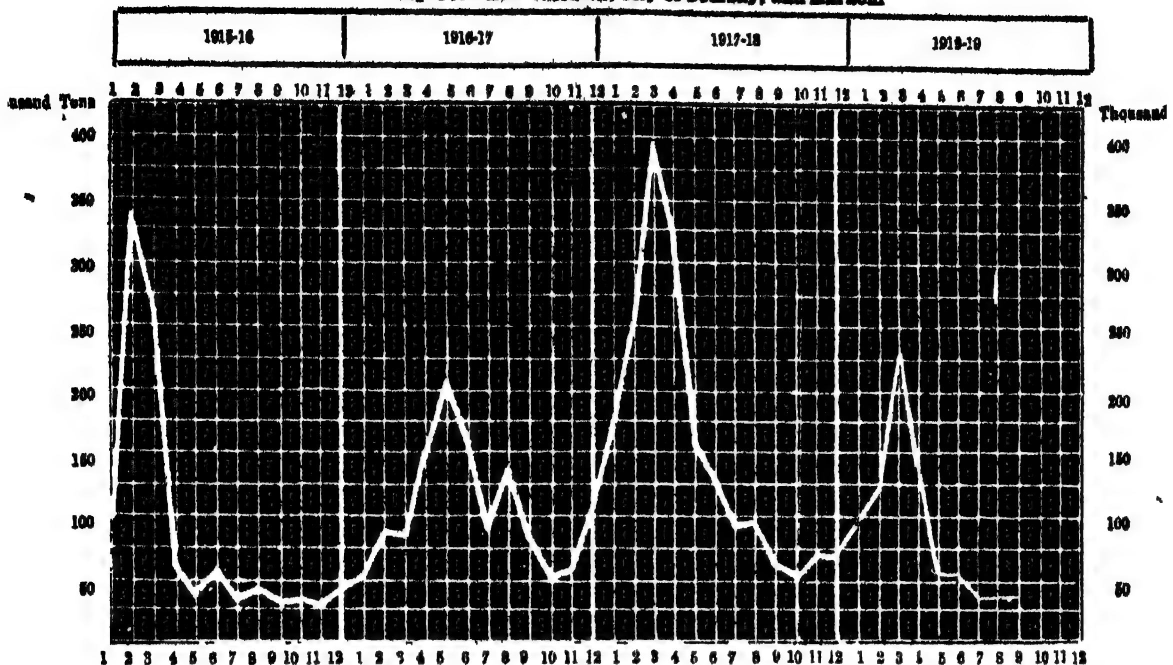
Articles	Imports, November 1918	Imports, December, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) of imports in December, 1918 as compared with November, 1918,
	bales	bales	Per cent
Cotton, raw	168,597	317,265	+88
	tons	tons	
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	36,467	[illegible]	—3
Rice (including paddy)	106,89[illegible]	[illegible]	—19
Gram and Pulse	34,281	30,273	—12
Linseed	61,181	40,044	—34
Rape and Mustard seed	11,591	12,480	+8
	bales	bales	
Jute	554,635	484,321	—13
	lbs	lbs	
Tea	29,432,512	17,056,186	—42

The annexed charts show the course of the monthly imports of wheat cotton, and jute from April, 1915, to December, 1918 :—

IMPORTS BY RAIL, RIVER, AND SEA OF WHEAT, COTTON, AND JUTE FROM APRIL, 1915, TO DECEMBER, 1918

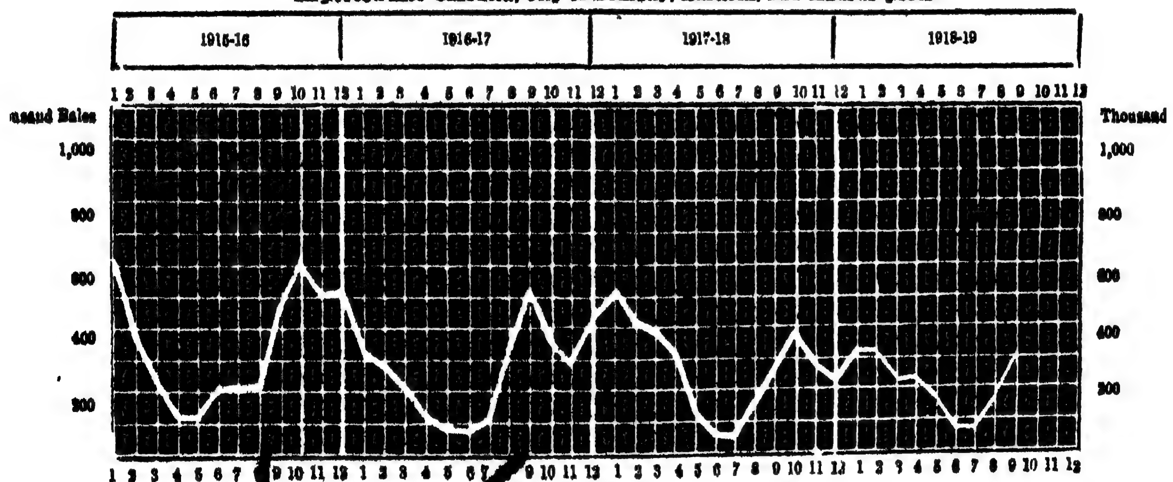
WHEAT

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, and Karachi



COTTON (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, Karachi, and Madras ports



JUTE (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta

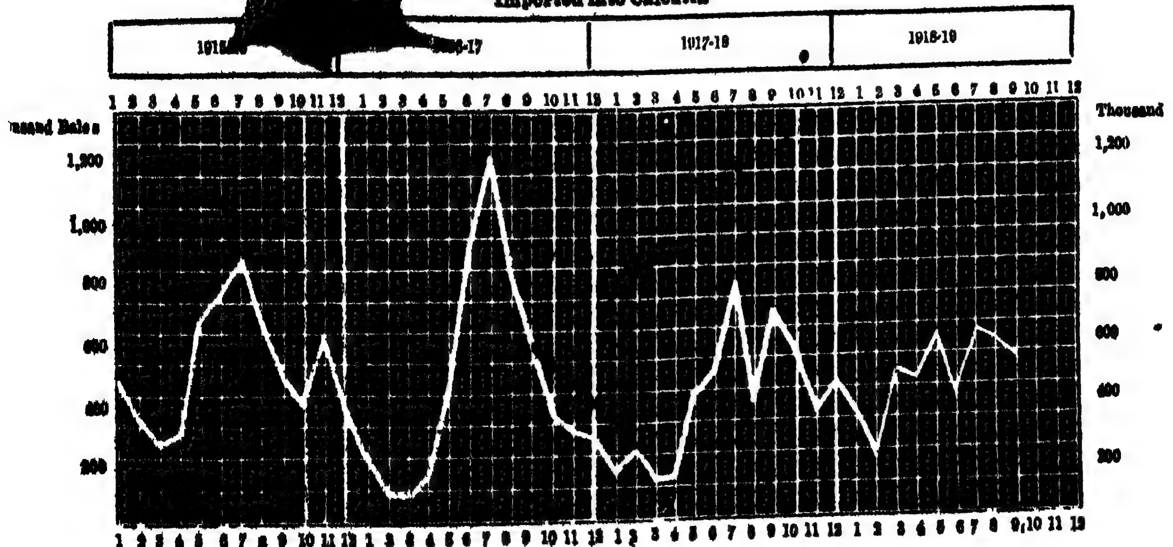


TABLE III.—Cotton, raw

Whence exported.	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
	Imports in December									
	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
By Rail and River—										
Assam	215	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	215	...
Bengal	1,538	428	...	20	...	...	...	6	1,538	454
Bihar and Orissa	14	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	4
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,588	1,363	27,605	19,547	...	...	1	...	29,189	20,910
Punjab	2,277	191	21,784	57,175	...	320	...	...	24,061	57,686
Sind and British Baluchistan	85	...	...	22	16,913	24,467	...	...	16,998	24,489
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	6,561	5,873	...	125	...	...	6,561	5,998
Bombay	2,318	918	78,743	35,224	...	...	426	196	81,482	36,338
Central Provinces and Berar	2,966	4,025	56,179	102,322	...	...	...	...	59,145	106,347
Nizam's Territory	109	92	18,570	24,874	...	...	200	518	18,879	25,484
Madras	531	88	11,196	5,034	...	...	6,752	3,177	18,479	8,299
Mysore	...	...	1,308	33	...	...	3	78	1,311	111
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	11,631	7,109	221,940	250,124	16,913	24,912	7,382	3,975	257,873	286,120
By Sea—										
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	7,527	22,642	...	...	...	...	7,527	22,642
Madras	192	...	333	1,420	...	...	1	...	526	1,420
Burma	1,227	2,246	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,227	2,246
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	4,481	3,881	...	...	...	...	4,481	3,881
Foreign Countries	...	...	2,045	955	...	...	...	...	2,045	955
TOTAL	1,419	2,246	14,386	28,898	...	...	1	1	15,806	31,145
TOTAL IMPORTS	13,050	9,355	236,332	279,022	16,913	24,912	7,383	3,976	273,678	317,265
	Imports from April to December									
By Rail and River—										
Assam	1,539	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,539	90
Bengal	24,328	14,290	4,233	2,897	...	...	1	101	28,962	17,288
Bihar and Orissa	956	456	...	...	...	...	...	...	956	456
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	8,467	3,515	74,724	59,983	...	4	1	89	83,192	63,591
Punjab	4,065	3,341	60,545	181,056	17,251	2,080	...	...	82,461	186,477
Sind and British Baluchistan	85	...	...	22	45,069	48,923	...	...	45,154	48,945
Rajputana and Central India	188	63	143,078	34,760	...	125	...	...	143,266	34,948
Bombay	25,565	8,616	759,737	521,996	...	...	10,828	4,384	793,630	584,996
Central Provinces and Berar	17,066	7,662	250,637	188,162	...	...	...	[illegible]	267,703	195,824
Nizam's Territory	109	213	69,469	65,050	...	...	3,062	[illegible]328	72,640	69,886
Madras	7,682	5,414	124,030	173,071	...	...	210,612	10[illegible]393	342,324	287,878
Mysore	...	...	15,919	5,854	...	...	3,04[illegible]	[illegible]86	18,961	6,340
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...	...
TOTAL	89,050	48,660	1,502,372	1,232,851	62,320	51,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,880,788	1,446,719
By Sea—										
Bengal	...	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	380
Bihar and Orissa	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
Bombay	20	1,874	2,669	21	...	259	1	3,138	2,690	5,292
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	92,580	57,618	1	24	...	...	92,581	57,642
Madras	12,613	7,844	37,618	30,176	...	...	12	18	50,243	38,038
Burma	8,724	20,444	79	...	...	...	...	...	8,803	20,444
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	235,786	[illegible]67	...	...	...	1	235,786	292,368
Foreign Countries	664	...	8,409	22,[illegible]	...	24	15	5	9,088	23,017
TOTAL	22,023	30,545	377,091	403,370	1	307	28	3,157	399,143	437,379
TOTAL IMPORTS	111,073	74,205	1,879,463	1,636,22[illegible]	62,321	51,439	227,074	128,233	2,279,931	1,884,098

NOTE.—(1) Provinces named in the first column include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the port of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry with its suburbs Villianur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, Badagara, and Dhanushkodi.

(2) For the purpose of rail and river borne trade the North-West Frontier Province and the Delhi Province are included in the Punjab.

(3) One bale of cotton is equivalent to 400 lb.

TABLE IV.—Wheat (excluding wheat flour)*

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918	City of Bombay 1917	City of Bombay 1918	Karachi 1917	Karachi 1918	TOTAL 1917	TOTAL 1918
Imports in December								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	214	1,484	...	...	...	...	214	1,484
Bihar and Orissa	6,368	3,963	7	...	20	124	6,395	4,087
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	11,483	7,136	6,749	1,629	4,129	161	22,361	8,926
Punjab	...	2,890	2,080	10,498	10,871	6,609	12,951	19,997
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	8,799	25	8,799	25
Rajputana and Central India	220	...	4,151	1	555	24	4,926	25
Bombay	...	...	1,690	94	...	...	1,690	94
Central Provinces and Berar	3,583	91	6,591	789	...	...	10,174	880
Nizam's Territory	...	...	8	...	...	...	8	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	21,868	15,564	21,476	13,011	19,374	6,943	62,718	35,518
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	21	...	3	...	24	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	19
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	712	...	...	...	712	...
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	733	19	3	...	736	19
TOTAL IMPORTS	21,868	15,564	22,209	13,030	19,377	6,943	63,454	35,537
Imports from April to December								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	2	116	...	...	...	...	2	116
Bengal	10,460	17,496	...	79	...	...	10,460	17,575
Bihar and Orissa	62,322	63,276	7	1,674	135	1,822	62,464	65,702
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	142,550	73,873	44,508	79,959	132,844	151,139	319,902	304,971
Punjab	597	6,480	27,801	54,781	809,196	295,974	837,594	356,235
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	76,141	9,066	76,141	9,066
Rajputana and Central India	4,889	171	108,060	13,194	9,292	1,718	123,241	15,083
Bombay	71	3	33,726	4,855	...	49	33,797	4,907
Central Provinces and Berar	53,941	2,425	141,156	27,955	98	12	195,195	30,392
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,421	4	...	...	1,421	4
Madras	29	...	1	11	...	...	30	11
Mysore	...	...	50	...	...	...	50	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	275,861	16[illegible]70	356,780	181,512	1,027,706	459,780	1,660,297	804,062
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	49	126	66	263	115	389
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	3	931	...	...	3	931
Madras	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	11,052	1,125	3,044	...	14,096	1,125
Foreign Countries	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	6
TOTAL	...	6	11,[illegible]	2,182	3,110	263	14,219	2,451
TOTAL IMPORTS	275,861	162,776	367,889	183,694	1,030,816	460,043	1,674,516	806,513

* See also Table XI.

TABLE V.—Rice (including paddy)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
	Imports in December							
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	57	1,005	...	...	...	...	57	1,005
Bengal	26,164	45,833	600	400	5,888	5,850	32,652	52,083
Bihar and Orissa	1,201	106	...	120	3,786	39	4,987	265
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3	...	35	8	...	...	38	8
Punjab	19	157	1,484	...	...	...	1,503	157
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	11,864	374	...	...	11,864	374
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	1	509	1	509
Central Provinces and Berar	5	...	...	246	60	...	65	246
Nizam's Territory	...	...	...	...	18	...	18	...
Madras	9	116	...	17	40,322	9,212	40,331	9,345
Mysore	...	...	...	...	240	2	240	2
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	27,458	47,217	13,983	1,165	50,310	15,612	91,751	63,994
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	204	...	204	...
Bihar and Orissa	103	289	...	...	...	...	103	289
Bombay	...	...	94	441	879	1,927	973	2,368
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	368	22	94	197	462	219
Madras	...	...	...	...	189	...	189	...
Burma	12,959	8,171	...	...	3,201	11,801	16,160	19,972
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foreign Countries	1	1	...	...	...	3	1	4
TOTAL	13,063	8,461	462	463	4,567	13,928	18,092	22,852
TOTAL IMPORTS	40,521	55,678	14,445	1,628	54,877	29,540	109,843	86,846
	Imports from April to December							
By Rail and River—								
Assam	64	2,119	...	...	...	...	64	2,119
Bengal	151,394	295,080	600	23,109	17,655	20,848	169,649	339,087
Bihar and Orissa	14,884	7,009	10	605	22,181	33,399	37,075	41,013
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	211	68	39	956	...	84	250	1,108
Punjab	405	549	7,558	3,395	...	39	7,963	3,983
Sind and British Baluchistan	3	...	82,768	28,302	...	...	82,765	28,392
Rajputana and Central India	90	10	...	...	...	...	90	10
Bombay	...	511	...	...	22	1,773	22	2,284
Central Provinces and Berar	1,147	98	...	849	180	38	1,327	985
Nizam's Territory	2	...	...	...	363	31	365	31
Madras	1,868	237	...	[illegible]	225,701	148,864	227,569	149,118
Mysore	...	...	...	...	1,832	[illegible]	1,832	338
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	...
TOTAL	170,067	305,681	90,970	57,823	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	568,418
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	1,541	7,453	1,541	7,453
Bihar and Orissa	2,014	625	...	...	...	...	2,014	625
Bombay	2	...	256	2,263	1,962	2,264	[illegible]	4,527
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	2,756	2,532	181	197	2,937	2,729
Madras	...	...	1	1	315	1,588	316	1,589
Burma	134,806	71,523	[illegible]	...	81,247	119,951	216,053	191,544
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	8
Foreign Countries	163	51	...	3	986	19	1,149	73
TOTAL	136,985	72,269	3,013	4,807	86,232	131,472	226,230	208,548
TOTAL IMPORTS	307,052	377,950	93,983	62,130	354,166	336,836	755,201	776,966

*One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

TABLE VI.—Gram and Pulse

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Total	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in December								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	1				.		1	
Bengal	5 406	8,051	.	228			5,406	8 309
Bihar and Orissa	5,578	2,259	4 061	145	2,592	10	12,381	2 414
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	5,903	2,868	10 859	1 170	23 772	165	40 534	4,203
Punjab	200	39	214	1 734	19,768	10 831	20 182	12,096
Sind and British Baluchistan		.	..		610	67	610	67
Rajputana and Central India	44	5	3,381	37	1 974	18	5 399	60
Bombay	14	.	1,951	316	1	.	1 965	316
Central Provinces and Berar	238	88	4,377	1 089			4 615	1,077
Nizam's Territory	146	44	100	279			246	323
Madras	143	84	16	156			159	240
Mysore		..		483				483
Kashmir			.				.	
TOTAL	17,672	13,408	24,959	5,587	48,717	10,593	91,348	29,583
By Sea—								
Bengal		.	...			.	.	
Bihar and Orissa								
Bombay			19	1	18	9	37	10
Sind and British Baluchistan	.	.	41	289	43	18	84	302
Madras	...	..	...		...		...	
Burma	17	309					17	309
Non-British Ports in India			555	39			555	39
Foreign Countries	1	1	4	24		..	5	25
TOTAL	18	310	619	353	61	22	698	685
TOTAL IMPORTS	17,690	13,718	25,578	5,940	48,7[illegible]8	10,615	92 046	30,273
Imports from April to December								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	86	20					86	20
Bengal	42,377	58 944	829	386		715	43 208	60 075
Bihar and Orissa	49,883	41,700	12,380	7,292	5 578	3,754	67,341	55,346
U P of Agra and Oudh	59,627	24,182	68,440	60,761	66,778	25 220	194 845	110,168
Punjab	562	900	22 156	55 504	178 929	283 68[illegible]	201 647	339 149
Sind and British Baluchistan	3	.	8	10	14 589	8,331	14 600	8 344
Rajputana and Central India	1,371	150	26,416	10 185	25 056	24,010	53,743	34,851
Bombay	13	7	12 925	9 717	48		12 986	9,724
Central Provinces and Berar	3,173	2,013	36,187	16 989	40	15	39 400	19,017
Nizam's Territory	451	44	412	819	.		863	857
Madras	897	[illegible]5	[illegible]9	501			926	736
Mysore			.	712				712
Kashmir			.					
TOTAL	[illegible]7,793	130,195	179,782	163 580	291,018	344,769	628,593	638,494
By Sea—								
Bengal		1	..	28	...		...	24
Bihar and Orissa	..	47	..			..		47
Bombay	...	..	111	441	897	280	508	721
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	..	1,188	3,280	654	768	1,887	3,908
Madras	.	..	59		...	.	59	
Burma	566	2,106	15	79			581	2,185
Non-British Ports in India	.	...	1,[illegible]	1,004	9	110	1 826	1,114
Foreign Countries	31	8	30	70	28	1	84	79
TOTAL	597	2,162	3,215	4 847	1,083	1,159	4,895	8,168
TOTAL IMPORTS	158,390	132,357	182,99[illegible]	168,377	292,101	345,928	633 488	646,662

TABLE VII.—Linseed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1917	1916	1917	1916	1917	1916
	Imports in December					
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—						
Assam	51		...		51	..
Bengal	118	974			118	974
Bihar and Orissa	1,739	12,925	2,716	85	4,455	13,010
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	112	7,102	2,181	3,355	2,293	10,457
Punjab	...	...	...	20	...	20
Sind and British Baluchistan				..	...	...
Rajputana and Central India		141	785	5,887	785	6,028
Bombay			114	1 120	114	1,120
Central Provinces and Berar		944	324	4,943	324	5,887
Nizam's Territory		...	319	2,187	319	2,187
Madras		24	18	100	18	124
Mysore		..		31	...	32
TOTAL	2,015	22,110	6,457	17,729	8,472	39 839
By Sea—						
Bengal		...		...		
Bihar and Orissa			...	...	...	
Bombay		...	..	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan			...	...		..
Madras		...	..	..		..
Burma	..			..		...
Non-British Ports in India			21	205	21	205
Foreign Countries	..			...		
TOTAL	...	...	21	205	21	205
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,015	22,110	6,478	17,934	8,493	40,044
	Imports from April to December					
By Rail and River—						
Assam	684	19			684	19
Bengal	3,517	6,602	66	119	3 583	6,811
Bihar and Orissa	26,853	94,222	11 230	16,794	38,088	111,016
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,794	32,181	34,740	42,238	39,534	74 419
Punjab		22	1	93	1	115
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	...		..		...
Rajputana and Central India	57	401	15 349	30,451	15 406	30 852
Bombay	..	..	3 682	12,035	3 682	17,083
Central Provinces and Berar	54	1,830	11,584	81,382	11,638	83 212
Nizam's Territory	..		9,051	21,336	9,051	21,336
Madras	85	539	238	818	323	1,357
Mysore	...	..	4	42	4	42
TOTAL	36,044	134,806	[illegible]	[illegible]	121,959	291,314
By Sea—						
Bengal		...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	8	...	...	...	8	...
Bombay		...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	357	...	357	...
Madras	...		..	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India		...	694	642	694	642
Foreign Countries	...	..	36	...	36	...
TOTAL	8	...	1,087	642	1,095	642
TOTAL IMPORTS	36,052	134,806	87,082	156,050	123,084	291,956

TABLE VIII.—Rape and Mustard Seed

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918	City of Bombay 1917	City of Bombay 1918	Total 1917	Total 1918
Imports in December						
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—						
Assam	...	2	...	...	...	2
Bengal	37	90	10	...	47	90
Bihar and Orissa	277	865	...	...	277	865
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	2,647	1,518	5	681	2,652	2,199
Punjab	1,618	3,327	...	522	1,618	3,849
Sind and British Baluchistan	246	...	...	...	268	...
Rajputana and Central India	791	1,244	93	224	884	1,468
Bombay	988	1,704	118	2,255	1,106	3,959
Central Provinces and Berar	44	20	18	...	62	20
Nizam's Territory	...	...	2	...	2	...
Madras	43	12	...	...	43	12
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	6,711	8,782	246	3,682	6,957	12,404
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	17	...	17	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	4	16	4	16
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	21	16	21	16
TOTAL IMPORTS	6,711	8,782	267	3,698	6,978	12,480
Imports from April to December						
By Rail and River—						
Assam	2,456	184	...	...	2,456	184
Bengal	587	360	10	14	597	374
Bihar and Orissa	4,086	4,458	...	...	4,086	4,458
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	42,867	12,012	547	2,308	42,914	14,320
Punjab	19,446	49,288	59	836	19,505	50,124
Sind and British Baluchistan	2,350	1,878	...	2	2,350	1,880
Rajputana and Central India	8,078	4,040	2,293	2,359	10,371	6,399
Bombay	2,162	6,020	7,285	10,386	9,447	16,406
Central Provinces and Berar	4,193	1,782	383	271	4,576	2,053
Nizam's Territory	...	...	75	35	75	35
Madras	1,633	819	...	22	1,633	841
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	87,358	82,841	10,602	16,233	97,960	99,074
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	15	...	...	...	1[illegible]
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	657	1,892	657	1,892
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	52	134	52	134
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	15	709	2,026	709	2,04[illegible]
TOTAL IMPORTS	87,358	82,856	11,311	18,259	98,669	101,11[illegible]

TABLE IX.—Jute

Whence exported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918
	Imports in December	
	bales	bales
By Rail and River—		
Assam	28,136	28,790
Bengal	582,568	3,88,350
Bihar and Orissa	47,158	66,027
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	...	...
Punjab	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay		...
Central Provinces and Berar	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	...	
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	652,872	483,167
By Sea—		
Bengal		
Bihar and Orissa	1,233	1,154
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	...	...
TOTAL	1,232	1,154
TOTAL IMPORTS	654,104	484,321
	Imports from April to December	
By Rail and River—		
Assam	90,491	145,792
Bengal	2,899,140	3,448,107
Bihar and Orissa	212,129	344,897
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh		...
Punjab	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay		...
Central Provinces and Berar	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	...	...
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	3,201,760	3,938,796
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	9,365	16,330
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	6,591	...
TOTAL	15,956	16,330
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,217,716	3,955,126

NOTE.—One bale of jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

By "Calcutta" is meant the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks. The imports exclude, therefore, imports into those jute mills which are outside this area. Such mills form the large majority of the total number of mills manufacturing jute.

TABLE X.—Tea

Whence imported	Calcutta 1917	Calcutta 1918
	Imports in December	
	lbs.	lbs.
By Rail and River—		
Assam	25,998,830	14,040,165
Bengal	18,854,372	2,756,730
Bihar and Orissa	24,1[illegible]3	10,203
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,279	10,286
Punjab	165	6,388
Sind and British Baluchistan		...
Rajputana and Central India		
Bombay	18,103	..
Central Provinces and Berar	82	
Nizam's Territory		
Madras	69,198	411
Mysore		
Kashmir		
TOTAL	44,989,221	16,824,384
By Sea—		
Bengal		12,500
Bihar and Orissa	..	...
Bombay	.	
Sind and British Baluchistan	.	
Madras	860	
Burma	..	120
Non-British Ports in India		...
Foreign Countries	124,781	219,182
TOTAL	125,141	231,802
TOTAL IMPORTS	45,114,302	17,056,186
	Imports from April to December	
By Rail and River—		
Assam	186,1[illegible]5,1[illegible]8	126,490,424
Bengal	97,696,518	85,132,635
Bihar and Orissa	2[illegible]5,584	205,188
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	21,312	143,672
Punjab	14,154	80,609
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..
Rajputana and Central India	657	905
Bombay	21,147	18,021
Central Provinces and Berar	657	1,399
Nizam's Territory	...	1,152
Madras	423,448	143,094
Mysore	..	...
Kashmir	.	...
TOTAL	284,609,655	212,167,019
By Sea—		
Bengal		42,690
Bihar and Orissa	...	234
Bombay	..	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	..
Madras	600	1,2[illegible]0
Burma	9,846	5,815
Non-British Ports in India	.	..
Foreign Countries	427,760	1,340,667
TOTAL	438,206	1,390,656
TOTAL IMPORTS	285,047,861	213,557,705

TABLE XI.

The following statements show the exports of (1) wheat, (2) wheat flour, and (3) Total (wheat and wheat flour) from British India by sea to foreign countries during each month of the six official years, 1912-13 to 1917-18, and April to December, 1918. The figures are in thousands of tons :—

1.—Wheat.

Months.	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.
April	69	27	9	11	3	99	48
May	107	166	24	105	2	167	72
June	244	260	169	292	42	146	95
July	328	318	169	187	44	212	77
August	153	135	43	48	75	149	130
September	232	135	56	6	139	150	47
October	148	53	88	... (a)	151	229	17
November	114	47	55	... (a)	79	140	8
December	80	22	37	... (a)	99	47	3
January	99	20	25	... (a)	52	25	...
February	51	10	22	2	15	15	...
March	35	9	9	1	33	54	...
TOTAL	1,660	1,202	706	652	734	1,433	...
	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
Production (in 1,000 tons)	9,924	9,853	8,358	10,087	8,518	10,234	10,162

NOTE.—In this statement the figures of production for one year have been placed below those of export of the next year, because the production of one year is usually exported in the next year.

(a) Exports were below 1,000 tons in these months.

2.—Wheat flour.

Months.	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.
April	4	6	6	5	[illegible]	3	2
May	4	9	3	2	[illegible]	[illegible]	2
June	6	10	5	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	1
July	5	8	8	6	4	5	2
August	6	4	6	4	4	9	2
September	5	7	4	6	6	7	2
October	9	9	4	4	8	6	4
November	5	6	4	7	7	11	3
December	6	4	3	3	6	3	3
January	7	6	5	9	5	4	...
February	5	4	4	4	7	3	...
March	6	6	2	4	3	6	...
TOTAL	63	79	54	58	69	68	...

3.—Total (wheat including wheat flour converted into wheat).†

Months.	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons	000's of tons.	000's of tons.	000's of tons.
April	74	36	17	17	6	103	51
May	113	179	29	108	12	176	75
June	252	274	176	298	49	153	96
July	335	329	181	196	50	219	80
August	161	141	52	54	81	162	138
September	239	145	61	15	148	160	50
October	161	66	94	6	162	238	*23
November	122	55	61	10	89	156	12
December	89	27	42	4	108	51	7
January	109	29	32	13	60	81	.
February	59	16	28	6	25	19	
March	44	18	11	7	44	63	...
TOTAL	1,758	1,315	784	734	834	1,581	
	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
Production of wheat (in 1,000 tons).	9,924	9,853	8,358	10,087	8,518	10,284	10,162

† Ten tons of wheat are taken as equivalent to seven tons of wheat flour.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 15, 1919.

Final General Memorandum on the GROUNDNUT crop of the season 1918-19.

This memorandum is based upon reports received from the three provinces of Madras, Burma, and Bombay, which comprise 99·2 per cent of the entire groundnut area of British India.

The total area returned is 1,312,000 acres, as compared with 1,933,000 acres in 1917-18, or a decrease of 32 per cent. The total yield is estimated at 490,000 tons of nuts in shell as against 1,083,000 tons, the final figure of last year, or a decrease of 55 per cent. Climatic conditions have not, on the whole, been favourable for the crop. The failure of rains at sowing time considerably restricted the area sown, and the crop has since then suffered from drought in Madras and Bombay.

The details for the provinces are given below :—

Final Estimate

Province	Estimated total yield		Area		Average yield per acre	
	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18
	tons	tons	acres	acres	lbs	lbs
Madras . .	331,000	707,000	952,000	1,412,000	779	1,122
Burma . . .	98,000	104,000	244,000	249,000	900	936
Bombay (including Indian States)	61,000	272,000	116,000	272,000	1,178	2,240
Total .	490,000	1,083,000	1,312,000	1,933,000	837	1,255

The provincial reports are summarised below :—

Madras (77·1 per cent of the total area under groundnut in British India).—The total area up to the end of January is estimated at 952,000 acres, as against 1,412,000 acres, sown last year, or a decrease of 33 per cent. The total yield is estimated at 331,000 tons, as against 707,000 tons reported last year, or a decrease of 53 per cent. The decrease in area is greatest in the Deccan where the failure of the south west monsoon in July and August reduced the sowings by 25 per cent as compared with last year. There is also a general decrease in the south, chiefly in Coimbatore, Salem, and Chingleput. The crop in the Deccan was sown late owing to the failure of rains in July and August, and thereafter it suffered from a further drought. In south Arcot, and in the south generally, the crop suffered seriously from the dry spell in September and October.

Burma (12 per cent of the total area under groundnut in British India).—The total area is estimated at 244,000 acres, which is 2 per cent below the final estimate of last year. The total yield is estimated at 98,000 tons as against 104,000 tons, the final figure of last year, or a decrease of 6 per cent. Almost all the districts show decreases as compared with the area actually sown last year, notably in Myingyan, Pakokku, and Magwe. The time of harvesting was generally normal. The crop in Magwe is estimated at 94 per cent of the normal and that in Pakokku and Myingyan at 88 per cent each.

Bombay (10·1 per cent of the total area under groundnut in British India).—The total area is reported to be 116,000 acres (21,000 acres being in Indian States), which is 57 per cent below the area of last year. The total yield is estimated at 61,000 tons (9,000 tons being in Indian States), which is 78 per cent less than last year's yield. Sowings were curtailed throughout the Presidency owing to want of timely and sufficient rain, except in east Khandesh, where the area expanded owing to high prices fetched by the foreign variety, which has recently become popular there. In Gujarat the crop suffered everywhere from want of rain, except in the western parts of the Panch Mahals, and is reported to be poor owing to want of later rains except in parts of Surat where it is fair. In the Deccan and the Karnatak the crop suffered through the absence of rain after sowing, although the rain in August and September benefited the crop in places. In the Deccan the crop is poor in Sholapur and Poona, and fair elsewhere. The irrigated crop is fair to good in Sholapur district. In the Karnatak the condition of the crop is from poor to fair, while it is reported to be fair in the Konkan.

Exports.—The quantities exported by sea to foreign countries during the ten months (April to January) of the official years 1917-18 and 1918-19, and during the whole of the preceding five official years have been as follows :—

	From Madras	From Bombay	From Burma	From other provinces	Total
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
1913-14 . .	197,300	53,700	26,900	.	277,900
1914-15 .	115,200	21,100	1,900	100	138,300
1915-16 . .	151,200	24,100	.	100	175,400
1916-17 . .	66,900	78,100	2,200	800	147,600
1917-18 . .	63,300	43,000	1,000	8,000	115,300
1917-18 (ten months) *	46,100	46,600	700	3,000	96,200
1918-19 (ten months).*	6,300	5,600	200	2,700	14,800

Prices and Freights.—The figures below show the prices (per cwt) of groundnut at the end of January, 1919, and at the same date in the five preceding years. Prices ruled unusually high during the year and were in fact more than double the rates that prevailed in the preceding year.

I.—Prices

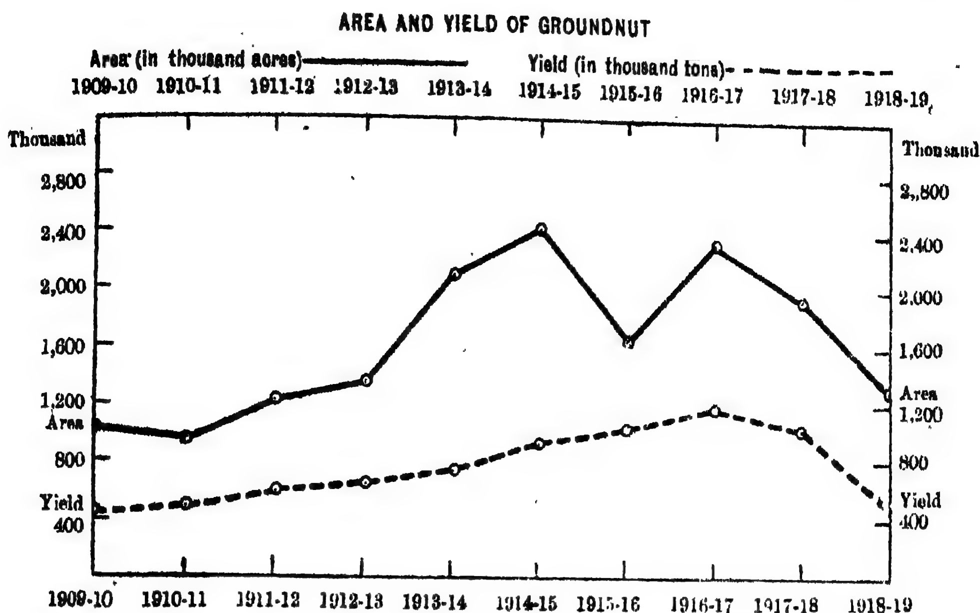
End of January	Madras per cwt.			Bombay per cwt.			Rangoon per cwt.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1914 (pre-war year)	9	0	[illegible]	[illegible]	13	6	6	15	1
1915 . . .	5	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	6	0	4	13	0
1916 . . .	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	13	0	6	0	9
1917 . . .	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	0	*5	6	0
1918 . . .	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	0	5	12	1
1919 . . .	13	5	[illegible]	19	12	0	12	12	8

II.—Freights

Freights per ton from Madras to Marseilles (which receives nearly four-fifths of the total exports) were £16-0-0 in January 1918, against £12-5-0 and £8-0-0 in the same months of 1917 and 1916, respectively. The quotations have since been nominal, owing to want of shipments on account of scarcity of tonnage.

Chart.—The chart on next page shows the present figures of area and yield, as compared with the finally revised figures of the preceding nine years.

* These figures are subject to correction.



G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

Final Estimate of the Groundnut crop of 1918-19

Provinces	Area (in acres): Current year (1918-19)	Area (in acres): Previous year (1917-18)	Area (in acres): Average of preceding five years	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year over: Previous year (1917-18)	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year over: Average of preceding five years
				Per cent	Per cent
Madras	952,000	1,412,000	1,467,000	—32·6	—35·1
Burma	244,000	249,000	248,000	—2·0	—1·6
Bombay (including Indian States)	116,000	272,000	264,000	—57·4	—56·1
TOTAL	1,312,000	1,933,000	1,979,000	—32·1	—33·7

Provinces	Yield (in tons) of Nuts in Shell: Current year (1918-19)	Yield (in tons) of Nuts in Shell: Previous year (1917-18)	Yield (in tons) of Nuts in Shell: Average of preceding five years	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year over: Previous year (1917-18)	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year over: Average of preceding five years
				Per cent	Per cent
Madras	331,000	707,000	558,000	—53·2	—40·7
Burma	98,000	104,000	98,000	—5·8	...
Bombay (including Indian States)	61,000	272,000	259,000	—77·6	—76·4
TOTAL	490,000	1,083,000	915,000	—54·8	—46·4

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 19, 1919.

Final General Memorandum on the COTTON crop of 1918-19.

THIS memorandum is based on reports furnished by provinces, and refers to the entire cotton area of India. It deals with the final reports on both the early and the late crops of the season.

The total area reported is 20,497,000 acres, which is 4,691,000 acres, or nearly 19 per cent below the revised figure of last year. The total estimated yield is 3,671,000 bales of 400 lbs each, which is 8 per cent below the revised yield of last year. The present estimate of outturn as compared with the sum of actual exports (net) abroad, mill consumption, and extra-factory consumption in 1917-18 (4,204,000 bales) shows a decrease of 13 per cent. The detailed figures for each of the provinces are stated below (in thousands) :—

Provinces and States	Acres (thousands)		Bales of 400 lbs. (thousands)		Yield per acre lbs	
	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18
Bombay (a)	5,036	7,607	573	1,403	46	73
Central Provinces and Berar	4,211	4,582	789	591	75	52
Madras (a)	3,118	2,592	633	450	81	69
Punjab (a)	1,541	1,800	493	307	128	68
United Provinces (a)	863	1,315	175	198	81	60
Sind (a)	299	267	108	53	144	79
Burma	347	247	78	48	90	78
Bengal (a)	73	71	32	19	175	107
Bihar and Orissa	70	69	17	17	86	99
North-West Frontier	39	38	10	5	103	[illegible]
Assam	33	32	12	13	145	162
Ajmer-Merwara	30	70	14	14	197	80
Hyderabad	2,406	3,451	350	450	58	52
Central India	1,233	1,454	216	116	70	32
Baroda	815	914	85	239	42	105
Rajputana	250	435	55	54	88	50
Mysore	124	151	31	23	100	60
Total	20,497	25,188	3,671	4,000	72	64

A statement showing the present estimates of area and yield according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton as compared with the preceding year is given below. Of the total yield Oomras represent 41 per cent, Bengal-Sind 24 per cent, Salems and Cambodias 7 per cent, Coompta-Dharwars and Westerns and Northerns 6 per cent each, Broach 4 per cent and Dholleras and Tinnevellys 3 per cent each.

Trade descriptions

Descriptions of Cotton	Acres (thousands)		Bales of 400 lbs (thousands)		Yield per acre lbs	
	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18
Oomras—						
Khandesh	1,307	1,441	142	102	43	53
Central India	1,233	1,454	216	116	70	32
Barsi and Nagar (b)	2,458	3,613	353	474	57	53
Berar	2,887	3,214	494	428	68	53
Central Provinces	1,324	1,368	295	163	90	48
Total	9,209	11,120	1,500	1,373	65	49
Dholleras	1,027	3,413	100	690	27	80
Bengal Sind—						
United Provinces	863	1,315	175	198	81	60
Rajputana	294	573	71	88	97	61
Sind-Punjab (c)	1,879	2,108	611	365	130	69
Others	84	73	18	18	86	99
Total	3,120	4,069	875	669	112	66
Broach	1,323	1,346	161	314	49	93
Westerns and Northerns	1,693	1,896	231	169	55	42
Cocanadas	268	261	55	29	83	44
Tinnevellys	1,431	577	128	99	108	69
Salems and Cambodias		649	258	217		134
Coompta-Dharwars	1,341	1,781	227	350	68	80
Comillas, Burmas and other sorts	486	379	127	94	105	90
GRAND TOTAL	20,497	25,188	3,671	[illegible]00	72	64

The provincial reports are summarised below :—

Bombay (27·2 per cent o[illegible]al area under cotton in India).—The latest [illegible]ow the total area under both early and late [illegible]be 5,036,000 acres (1,569,000 acres being [illegible] States excluding Baroda), which is 34 per cent below the area of last year. Increased area was placed under the crop in a few places in Gujarat and Khandesh under the incentive of high prices, but elsewhere the area was largely restricted owing partly to the insufficiency of sowing rains and partly to the devotion of larger area to food and fodder crops for which there was pressing demand. The total yield is estimated at [illegible]3,000 bales (110,000 bales being in the Indian States excluding Baroda), which is 59 per cent

(a) Including Indian States.

(b) Includes Hyderabad. A revised classification of Hyderabad cotton is still under consideration.

(c) Includes Punjab-American cotton grown in the Punjab.

below last year's yield. Since the publication of the December report the crop has improved to some extent in the inland tracts of South Gujarat, where it was helped by favourable cold and dew; elsewhere the dry climate of the year has further adversely affected it. In the Deccan the crop has almost totally failed in Nasik, Ahmednagar, and Poona, except where helped by irrigation. In Satara the crop is in flower and bolls, but stunted in growth. The Karnatak crop is progressing fairly well at present. The early crop has been picked and the late one is in flowers. Bolls have just begun to set in places. The area and outturn of cotton by the different trade descriptions in the Bombay Presidency (including Baroda but excluding Sind) are :—

		Acres	Bales
Oomras	Khandesh	1,307,000	142,000
	Barsi and Nagar	52,000	3,000
Dholleras		1,627,000	109,000
Bengal-Sind (Rajputana)		14,000	2,000
Broach		1,322,000	161,000
Coompta-Dharwars		1,236,000	202,000
Westerns		293,000	39,000

Central Provinces and Berar (20·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown is reported to be 4,211,000 acres (2,887,000 acres being in Berar), which is 8 per cent below the area of last year. The yield is estimated at 789,000 bales (494,000 bales being in Berar), which is 33 per cent above last year's yield. The condition of the crop was described in the third forecast published by this Department on 18th December last, where it was pointed out that the prospects of the crop were quite satisfactory over the greater part of the heavy cotton tract and that bumper yields were expected with favourable September rains.

Madras (10·3 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown up to 1st February is estimated at 3,118,000 acres as compared with 2,592,000 acres, the final figure of last year—an increase of 20 per cent. The high price of cotton and the unequal distribution of the south-west monsoon rains, which prevented the sowing of groundnut and other crops, have led to increased sowings of cotton in all the main cotton tracts. The total yield is estimated at 633,000 bales, which is 41 per cent above the revised figure of last year. The "Cocanadas" crop is in good condition and is expected to give a yield slightly above the average. The 'Northerns and Westerns' crops are in very good condition and bumper yields are expected in many tracts. The yield will be poor only in the western taluks of Bellary. In the south the crop, although late, has so far done fairly well and a fair yield is expected. It is now too early to make a final estimate of yield as there is still time for unseasonable heavy rain[illegible]age the crop severely as in past years. Th[illegible]d outturn of cotton according to trade de[illegible]s are as follows :—

	Acres	Bales
Tinnevellys	1,436,000	128,000
Salems		18,000
Cambodias		243,000
Northerns and Westerns	1,400,000	192,000
Cocanadas	268,000	65,000
Others	24,000	2,000

Punjab (6·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is now reported to be 1,541,000 acres (132,000 acres being in the Indian States), which is 14 per cent below that of last year. The total yield is estimated at 4[illegible]3,000 bales (including 62,000 bales in the Indian States), which is 61 per cent above last year's yield.

United Provinces (5·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown is reported to be 863,000 acres (11,000 acres being in the Rampur State), which is 34 per cent below the area of last year. The total yield is estimated at 175,000 bales (including 3,000 bales in the Rampur State), which is 12 per cent below last year's yield.

Sind (1·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown is reported to be 299,000 acres (8,000 acres being in the Khairpur State), which is 12 per cent above that of last year. The area extended under the incentive of high prices, except in Nawabshah which showed a decline due to low inundation. The yield is estimated at 108,000 bales (including 2,000 bales in the Khairpur State), which is more than double that of last year. The crop was damaged to some extent owing to deficiency of water supply in Hyderabad. Elsewhere it did fairly well.

Burma (1·1 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is now reported to be 347,000 acres, which is 41 per cent above that of last year. The high price obtained during the last two years contributed to extended cultivation. The total yield of cleaned cotton is estimated at 78,000 bales, which is 62 per cent above last year's yield.

Bengal (0·4 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown with both early and late crops is estimated at 73,000 bales, which is 3 per cent above that of last year. The yield is estimated at 32,000 bales, which is 68 per cent above that of last year. The continued drought has further affected the outturn in Bankura and in parts of the Hill Tippera State. In the Chittagong Hill Tracts, however, the weather has not been unfavourable for the early crop. The area and outturn of cotton according to trade descriptions are :—

	Acres	Bales
Bengal-Sind	5,000	1,000
Comillas	68,000	31,000

Bihar and Orissa (0·3 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area under both early and late crops is estimated at 79,000 acres which is 14 per cent above the area of last year. The increase is attributed to high prices of cotton and cotton yarn and piece-goods. The yield is estimated at 17,000 bales, being the same as last year's yield. For the early crop the weather conditions were generally favourable in the early part of the season, but unfavourable in the latter part owing to insufficient rainfall. The late crop also was affected by the defective rainfall in the latter part of the season.

North-West Frontier Province (0·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is reported to be 39,000 acres which is 3 per cent above that of last year. The yield is estimated at 10,000 bales, which is nearly double the yield of last year.

Assam (0·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown is estimated at 33,000 acres, which is 3 per cent above that of last year. The yield is estimated at 12,000 bales, which is 8 per cent below last year's yield. The crop was affected by excessive rain in August and September in the Garo Hills and Lushai Hills.

Ajmer-Merwara (0·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown is reported to be 30,000 acres, which is 57 per cent below that of last year. The decrease is attributed to the failure of rains. The yield is estimated at 14,000 bales, being the same as last year, the crop was damaged by heavy rain.

Hyderabad (14·7 per cent of the total under cotton in India).—The total area is r[illegible]ted to be 2,406,000 acres, which is 30 per c[illegible] below that

of last year's. The contraction is attributed to unfavourable season at the time of sowing. The estimate of the yield stands at 350,000 bales, which is 22 per cent below last year's yield. The detailed district figures of area are as follows:—

	1918-19 Acres	1917-18 Acres
Aurangabad	209,925	417,836
Bir	109,620	342,194
Parbhani	607,442	705,692
Nander	312,336	412,413
Gulbarga	15,306	34,467
Raichur	362,909	385,915
Usmanabad	18,264	36,605
Bidar	106,077	124,788
Medak	1,891	3,286
Mahbubnagar	4,744	8,551
Nalgunda	4,295	10,477
Nizamabad	21,115	24,079
Warangal	33,858	25,135
Adilabad	111,196	197,873
Karimnagar	43,889	48,126
Non-Government Estates	442,869	676,363
Total	2,405,736	3,451,310

Central India (6 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total yield is estimated at 216,000 bales on an area of 1,233,000 acres. These figures indicate an increase of 86 per cent in yield with a decrease of 15 per cent in area as compared with last year. The detailed figures of area are:—

	1918-19 Acres	1917-18 Acres
Gwalior	406,499	553,036
Indore	445,385	487,694
Bhopal	145,466	127,468
Baghelkhand	23,454	24,239
Bundelkhand	15,109	24,133
Malwa	78,108	114,422
Southern States	118,663	123,140
Total	1,232,684	1,454,132

Baroda (3·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India) reports 815,000 acres, which is 11 per cent below that of last year. The yield is estimated at 85,000 bales, which is 64 per cent below last year's yield. Of this yield, 24,000 bales represent Dholleras and 61,000 bales Broach cotton.

Rajputana (1·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area and yield are estimated at 250,000 acres and 55,000 bales as against 435,000 acres and 54,000 bales last year. There is thus a decrease of 42 per cent in area, but an increase of 2 per cent in yield. The detailed figures of area are:—

	1918-19 Acres	1917-18 Acres
Bikaner	...	70
Jaisalmer	...	...
Marwar	28,898	37,006
Sirohi	295	300
Mewar	70,000	115,000
Dungarpur	338	103
Banswara	...	551
Partabgarh	3,782	5,688
Kushalgarh	88	400
Shahpura	10,095	8,914
Tonk	32,6[illegible]1	34,411
Bundi	1,800	5,500
Kotah	18,586	30,810
Jhalawar	14,821	14,680
Kishangarh	[illegible] 118	8,820
Jaipur	38,082	50,633
Alwar	9,130	54,545
Karauli	2,[illegible]93	4,481
Bharatpur	10,741	40,360
Dholpur	10,537	22,961
Total	250,085	436,233

Mysore (0·8 per cent of the total area under cotton in India) reports 124,000 acres as against 154,000 acres last year. The yield is estimated at 31,000 bales, which is 35 per cent above that of last year. The area and outturn of cotton according to trade descriptions are:—

	Acres	Bales
Coompta-Dharwars	105,000	25,000
Salems (including Cambodias)	5,000	2,000
Other sorts	14,000	4,000

Production and Consumption, etc.—The following statement compares the estimates of the total outturn of cotton in India for the last two years with the sum of net exports and internal consumption, this latter being arrived at in agreement with the Bombay Cotton Trade Association and the Bombay Mill Owners' Association (the figures are in thousands of bales of 400 lbs. each):—

Estimates of the 'carry over' from one year to another are not taken into account.

APPROXIMATE CROPS

	Year ending 31st August	
	1918	1917
	Thousand bales (400 lbs)	Thousand bales (400 lbs)
Exports to United Kingdom	266	203
" to Continent	98	366
" to Far East	1,047	1,510
" to Other Countries	25	13
Total(a)	1,436	2,092
Home Consumption—		
Mills (b)	2,044	2,154
Extra-Factory or Local	750	750
Total	2,794	2,904
GRAND TOTAL	4,230	4,996
Less imports	26	11
Approximate crop	4,204	4,985
Estimated in forecast	4,000	4,489
Excess (neglecting 'carry over')	204 5·1 per cent	496 11·0 per cent

Exports.—The exports of raw cotton from India by sea to foreign countries in the last five cotton years (September to August) have been as follows (in thousand bales of 400 lbs each):—

Countries	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17 (a)	1917-18 (a)
	bales (1,000)	bales (1,000)	[illegible]	bales (1,000)	bales (1,000)
United Kingdom	162	[illegible]	232	203	266
Germany	647	...	...	...	...
Belgium	427	1	...	...	...
France	218	68	56	60	23
Spain	71	52	64	43	1
Italy	322	314	323	237	74
Austria-Hungary	297	...	...	...	...
China	53	90	125	53	17
Japan	1,392	1,351	1,674	1,457	1,030
Other countries	53	56	15	39	25
Total	3,642	2,130	2,488	2,092	1,436

The exports for five months of the season 1918-19, i.e., from September 1918 to January 1919, are

(a) The figures are subject to revision

(b) Mill Owners' figures. The previous method of calculating mill consumption from the yarn produced by mills and furnished under the Cotton Excise Duties Act has been discarded in favour of the Mill Owners' returns.